韓英字典

A

KOREAN—ENGLISH DICTIONARY

BY

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FOREWORD.

The order of words in this edition of the Dictionary is changed from that of the order of the first edition. There the Western alphabet served as guide, here the Korean order rules.

Consonants: ㄱㄴㄷㄹㅁㅂㅅㅇㅈㅊㅋㅌㅍㅎ
Vowels: ㅏㅑㅓㅕㅗㅛㅜㅠㅡㅣㅐㅒㅔㅖ

Many new words have been added and as far as possible the book has been brought up to date. Geographical places are marked according to the Manual of Names prepared by the British Legation authorities some years ago. This locating of places is only approximately correct.

J. S. GALE.

Seoul May 3rd, 1911.

PREFACE TO FIRST EDITION.

At this stage in the study of Korean, the work of preparing a dictionary is attended by a long series of discouragements. There being no written record of colloquial the labor of finding words to begin with, quenches any desire for further effort. Japanese scholars have had similar difficulties to contend with, and how great these are is proven by the fact, that notwithstanding so many years of study and preparation, an unabridged dictionary published in the autumn of last year (1896), is found to lack many of the common words of the language. This defect is certainly not due to insufficient scholarship on the part of the compilers, but to the impossibility of finding words, even simple ones, without something to suggest them.

In the work of preparing the dictionary, the list of words compiled by the French Fathers has been used as a basis. During the six years of preparation, several thousand more have been added from available sources, and yet the dictionary makes no pretensions to being unabridged, as such is an impossibility at this stage in the language.

Another discouragement is the fact that there are no natives prepared as yet for the task of lexicography. One thing all educated Koreans know is the use of a word in its proper connection, but when it comes to taking it independently, and defining it by other terms, the conditions and requirements are entirely foreign to their mode of thought. The only way to arrive at a definition is by comparing sentences that show the possible ways in which it is used by trustworthy speakers of the Capital. This has been the aim in the prosecution of the work. Of course it will be seen that there is here also the same difficulty that there was in finding words, for how is the clew to be suggested by which all the uses may be thought of.

When it comes to defining so many thousands of words, more or less important, the time at one's disposal has to be apportioned carefully to bring the work within reasonable limits, for an unlimited time may be spent and still leave portions incomplete and insufficiently tested.

Another discouragement is the difference between the sound of the colloquial, and the book-form system of spelling. It is quite easy to suggest that the colloquial be followed throughout, but there are innumerable obstacles in the way of such a course. The *Okp'yŏn* has fixed the readings of the characters, though these readings do not in every case agree with the sound of the colloquial. There are also book-forms of the vernacular, that are already in everyday use. These and other conditions have contributed to form a question, that we had no desire to sit in judgment on. As it is, a middle course has been chosen, so as to avoid as far as possible extreme book-forms and also a too literal rendering of the colloquial.

It seemed in accordance with the wishes of those most interested, that the alphabetical order of the French Dictionary be followed. The order is: ㅏ *a*, ㅑ *ya*, ㅇ *a*, ㅓ *ŏ* or *u*, ㅕ *yŏ* or *yu*, ㅗ *eu*, ㅣ *i*, ㅗ *o*, ㅛ *yo*, ㅜ *u*, ㅠ *yu*, ㅎ *h*, ㄱ *k* or *g*, ㅋ *k'*, ㅁ *m*, ㄴ *n*, ㅇ *ng*, ㅂ *p* or *b*, ㅍ *p'*, ㄹ *l* or *r*, ㅅ *s* or *t*, ㄷ *t* or *d*, ㅌ *t'*, ㅈ *ch* or *j*, ㅊ *ch'*. A slight change or two will be noticed, whereas in the French Dictionary the ㅅ and ㄷ, and ㄴ and ㄹ are in some cases regarded as one letter, and so appear side by side, in the present work they are separated entirely, and the order of the list given above is adhered to strictly, regardless of variations in the sounds of the letters.

I take pleasure here in acknowledging assistance received from the *Dictionnaire coréen-français*, also from the labors of Dr. Underwood and Mr. Scott. The concise definitions found in Giles' Chinese Dictionary are quite as helpful to a Korean student as to a student in China.

But more than from any other has the work gathered whatever merit in form it possesses from the valuable suggestions and emendations of the Rev. T.M. MacNair M.A. of Tokyo, whose proof reading and assistance throughout have been given as a voluntary offering in the midst of clerical and literary work that already more than occupied his time.

Mention is made of the names of Koreans who have been

associated with me, not without the regret that one experiences in parting from intimate friends, who have won your confidence and respect, and with the remembrance of whom you associate the charms and absurdities of the Far East: 鄭東鳴, 梁時英, 李昌稙, 李得秀, 李謙來, 梁宜鈺, 趙鎭甲, 申冕休.

How far my desire to provide something that will be of assistance to fellow students in the language will be realized, remains to be seen. I am aware of many defects in the work. Typographical errors alone that remain, in spite of careful proof reading, are numerous and are one of the disappointments, unavoidable it seems, where printers have to work as in this case with unknown languages. Notwithstanding defects, it is offered as an honest effort, and as the best that I could do under the circumstances and with the means at my disposal.

JAMES S. GALE.

Yokohama, January 21st, 1897.

INTRODUCTION.

If language is rightly defined as the expression of thoughts by means of written words or articulate sounds, Korea like Japan, has virtually three languages, the colloquial, the book-form, and the character, book-form being written in the native script, and the character in Chinese.

It is still a matter of conjecture, as to whether Korean is allied to any other language of Eastern Asia. It is still in the agglutinative stage, and in this respect resembles Japanese, but the proofs thus far adduced as to its origin are exceedingly vague.

The colloquial. The colloquial is a language almost without a literature, or written correspondent of any kind whatever. It has been handed down from antiquity by the sound only, which accounts for its present indefiniteness Different parts of the country show variations in pronunciation, that increase in proportion to the distance of the place from the capital, the language of which is regarded as the standard.

The order of words in the Korean colloquial differs widely from that of the Chinese, so much so in fact, that every written communication has to be translated into the speech of the people, before it can be heard intelligibly, the character exhibiting an order that is correct for the eye but incorrect for the ear. The following sentence will illustrate this fact: *We cover ourselves with grass-clothes, as a protection against the rain.* The order of the Chinese is: *We cover with grass clothes ourselves, as a protection against the rain.* Whereas that of the colloquial is: *Rain for protection against with grass-clothes ourselves we cover.* Generally speaking, the order of the colloquial is, first the subject, preceded by its qualifiers, then the adverbs or adverbial clauses, frequently interchangeable with the object, while the verb completes the sentence.

A TABLE OF THE NATIVE SCRIPT (*Unmun*) WITH EQUIVALENTS.

아 a	사 sa	바 pa, *ba	마 ma	라 la	다 ta, *da	나 na	가 ka, *ga	ㄱ k, *g.
야 ya	샤 sa	뱌 pya, bya	먀 mya	랴 lya	댜 tya, dya	냐 nya	갸 kya, gya	ㄴ n, l.
어 yŏ, ŭ	서 sŏ, sŭ	버 pŏ, pŭ, bŏ, bŭ	머 mŏ, mŭ	러 lŏ, lŭ	더 tŏ, tŭ, dŏ, dŭ	너 no, nŭ	거 kŏ, kŭ, gŏ, gŭ	ㄷ t, d.
여 yŏ, yŭ	셔 sŏ, sŭ	벼 pyo, pyŭ, byŏ, byŭ	며 myŏ, myŭ	려 lyo, lyŭ	뎌 tyŏ, tyŭ, dyŏ, dyŭ	녀 nyo, nyŭ	겨 kyŏ, kyŭ, gyŏ, gyŭ	ㄹ l, n. r.
오 o	소 so	보 po, bo	모 mo	로 lo	도 to, do	노 no	고 ko, go	ㅁ m.
요 yo	쇼 so	뵤 pyo, byo	묘 myo	료 lyo	됴 tyo, dyo	뇨 nyo	교 kyo, gyo	ㅂ p, b.
우 yu	수 su	부 pu, bu	무 mu	루 lu	두 tu, dyu	누 nu	구 ku, gu	ㅅ s, t.
유 yu	슈 su	뷰 pyu, byu	뮤 myu	류 lyu	듀 tyu, dyu	뉴 ny.u	규 kyu, gyu	ㅇ , ng.
으 eu	스 seu	브 peu, beu	므 meu	르 leu	드 teu, deu	느 neu	그 keu, geu	
이 i	시 si	비 pi, bi	미 mi	리 li	디 ti, di chu, ji	니 ni	기 k , gi	
우 u	스 sa	부 pa, ba	무 ma	루 la	두 ta, da	누 na	구 ka, ga	

콰 kwa	꽈 kwa	하 ha	파 p'a	타 t'a	카 k'a	차 ch'a	자 chu, *ja	
궈 k'wŏ, k'wŭ	궈 kwo, kwŭ, gwŏ, gwŭ	햐 hya	퍄 p'ya	탸 t'ya	캬 k'ya	챠 ch'a	쟈 chu, ja	
톼 t'wa	돠 tawa, dwa	허 hŏ, hŭ	퍼 p'ŏ, p'ŭ	터 t'ŏ, t'ŭ	커 k'ŏ, k'ŭ	쳐 ch'ŏ, ch'ŭ	저 chŏ, chŭ, jo, jŭ	
화 hwa	솨 swa	혀 hyŏ, hyu	펴 p'yŏ, p'yŭ	텨 t'y , tyŭ	켜 k'y , k'yu	쳐 ch'o, ch'ŭ	져 chŭ, ch ŭ, jŏ, jŭ	
훠 hwo, hwŭ	쉬 swŏ, swŭ	호 ho	포 p'o	토 t'o	코 k'o	초 ch'o	조 cho, jo	
서 g, tg	와 wa	효 hyo	표 p'yo	툐 t'yo	쿄 k'yŏ	쵸 ch'o	죠 cho, jo	
써 d, td	워 wŏ, wŭ	후 hu	푸 p'u	투 t'u	쿠 k'u	추 ch'u	주 chu, ju	
쌔 b, tb	좌 chwa, jwa	휴 hyu	퓨 p'yu	튜 t'yu	큐 k'yu	츄 ch'u	쥬 chu, ju	
써 s, ts	줘 chwo, chwŭ, jwŏ, jwŭ	흐 heu	프 p'eu	트 t'eu	크 k'eu	츠 ch'eu	즈 cheu, jeu	
써 j, tj	촤 ch'wa	히 hi	피 p'i	티 t'i	키 k'i	치 ch'i	지 chi, ji	
	춰 ch'wŏ, ch'wŭ	흥 ha	푸 p'a	투 t'a	쿠 k'a	촤 ch'a	조 cha, ja	

* In Korean the sounds of *k*, *t*, *p* and *ch* when occurring in the body of the word and at the beginning of a syllable are usually changed to g, d, b, and j.

Book Language. In the order of the sentence book-language resembles the colloquial, but it has a much larger admixture of Chinese forms, and is cumbered with *ojosa*, or decorative words, that have no meaning, and are simply thrown in for the sake of the sound, or to emphasize the manner of expression rather than the thought expressed. The literature of this class is very limited, and what there is, is confined chiefly to renderings of the Classics, and to a few books on filial piety and relationship.

In the Philological Essay prefacing Giles' Chinese Dictionary we find this statement regarding the Korean native script. "'The educated Koreans seem ashamed to confess any knowledge of their own written character, which they call *Unmun*, or 'vulgar script'; but as the most ignorant of both sexes can read it, there can be little doubt that the most highly educated can do so too, especially seeing that any European can learn to read it in an hour, yet there are some very good works including histories in the native Korean, and it is too early to speak positively upon the literary possibilities of the vulgar character. Its great defect is that it is usually written in detached monosyllables, without anything to show where each word begins and ends; with an entire absence of punctuation, capital letters, hyphens, inverted commas or any other facilitating marks, whatever."

This statement is misleading Chinese is quite as much the written language of Korea as of China itself, just as English is associated with the American continent quite as much as with England. It is, in fact, the native written language and was in existence as such centuries before the origin of the "vulgar" script. or other Chinese compositions, that have been published in this form As for defects there are undoubtedly many, but the one mentioned does not exist. Though written in detached monosyllables, the Korean Script possesses case and verbal endings, connectives, paragraph marks, the spacing of certain words etc. that take the place of punctuation, capital letters, inverted commas and other facilitating marks

The writer is also quite astray in his account of the origin and authorship of the *Unmun* Soljong, to whom he ascribes it, was a Buddhist of ancient Silla, and *Unmun* was not invented till 1446 A.D. or during the last dynasty. His conclusions too, as to its being formed from Sanscrit, seem quite as vague. There is no

conclusive evidence from historical records as to the origin of the *Unmun*. Some say it was modelled after Brahmin writing as well as after the ancient "seal" characters of China. The *Kuk Cho Po Kam* referred to by Mr. Scott in the Introduction to his English-Korean Dictionary mentions only the latter. It says, "His Majesty (King Sejong) formed the twenty-eight letters of the *Unmun*, from the ancient "seal" character (of the Chinese) and divided them into first, middle and final sounds." It goes on to describe how, in shape and sound, they conform throughout to Confucian philosophy, without a word of mention as to Buddhism.

Chinese Characters From the most ancient times Chinese seems to have been associated with Korea. At an early date it became the written language for the state, and has continued to hold this place of importance down to the present, *mulli* (文理) the "classical style," being still the only official means of written communication. While preserving closely the original sounds of the character, Korean has lost the tones, though the fact remains, that a character having the "even" (平) tone in China, is usually marked by a short sound in Korea; while those having the "rising," (上), "sinking," (去), and "entering" (入) tones, are characterized by long sounds.

When Koreans read Chinese, they insert the vernacular connectives and endings here and there as the sense requires, the correct insertion of these, affording proof that the reader understands the thought. The acquiring of this art is attended with much labor and study, and so ancient scholars composed a system by which these connectives and endings were expressed by characters written alongside the text. Later on, these were abbreviated, much as is the case with the Japanese Kana, until they took on the forms that are now no use.

A TABLE OF CONNECTIVES AND ENDINGS.

아	牙	牙	을	乙	乙	히	屎	屎	며	旀	尓	라	罗	罗	더	代	弋
야	也	弓	이	是	丶	호	爭	爭	연	而	宀	로	奴	又	더	加	加
어	匡	厂	이	伊	丶	가	可	可	나	那	卉	사	舍	舍	뎡	丁	丁
어	於	冬	인	印	印	거	巨	巨	누	那	卉	사	士	士	등	等	朱
언	言	言	엇	叱	叱	고	古	口	니	尼	匕	서	西	西	도	卜	卜
여	余	余	오	五	五	과	巨	果	노	奴	又	시	寸	寸	도	刀	刀
여	亦	亦	와	臥	卜	저	渠	臣	라	羅	尸	신	申	申	저	底	底
외	夂	厶	운	昷	昷	고	昷	昷	러	尾	尗	소	小	小			
온	昷	卡	亇	爲	丶	마	馬	馬	리	日	日	다	多	夕			

Sol ong mentioned above as a Buddhist of Silla, living toward the close of the seventh century A D, invented still another system called the *Nit'u* for the use of the *yamen* writers class It is still in vogue.

Examples:—

이 고 .. .. 是遣
이 되 ... . 是支
ᄒᆞ 온 바 . . .. 爲乎所
이 오 며 .. .. 是乎旀
ᄒᆞ 샹 온 바 .. . . 爲白乎所

EXPLANATIONS OF MARKS, CONTRACTIONS ETC.

(1) The asterisk* indicates the reading of a Chinese character.

(2) The mark *l* following a word shows that the first syllable is long in sound, while *s.* shows that it is short.

(3) *See* refers to a synonym or word related in use. *Also* refers to different from of spelling the same word. *Opp.* refers to a word used as an opposite or in contrast.

(4) (Prov) indicates that the word is a provincialism.
(Comp.) „ „ „ „ „ used only in composition or as a book-from.
(Dim.) indicates that the word is used as a dimunitive or with reference to small things.
(Respect) indicates that the world is a respectful form.
(Hon.) „ „ „ „ „ used as an honorific.
(Low) „ „ „ „ „ to or of an inferior.

(5) A word in brackets after a definition shows that it is one ordinarily used with the one in question.

(6) (B.O.) refers to the 詩傳 or Book of Odes.
(B.H.) „ „ „ 書傳 „ Book of History.
(A.) „ „ „ 論語 „ Analects.
(M.) „ „ „ 孟子 „ Mencius.
(C.C.) „ „ „ 周易 „ Canon of Changes.
(D M.) „ „ „ 中庸 „ Doctrine of the Mean.

AN

UNABRIDGED

KOREAN—ENGLISH

DICTIONARY.

ㄱ

ㄱ The first letter of the alphabet or syllabary corresponding to K.

가 *s.* The nominative case ending for nouns ending in a vowel sound.

가 *s.* 邊 (가—*변) A side; an edge; a border; a bank; a margin *See* 가장자리.

***가** *s.* 加 (더홀) Adding; addition

가가 *l.* 商店 (장소—*상) (장소집 *뎜) A stall; a street stand. (내다) (드리다). *See* 전.

***가가대쇼ᄒᆞ다** *v.* 呵呵大笑 (우슬, (우슬) (큰) (우슴) To burst out laughing, to laugh "ha, ha."

***가가레** *s.* 家家禮 (집) (집) (례도) Each family's sacrificial ceremonies.

***가가호호** *s.* 家家戶戶 (집) (집) (집) (집) Each house; house by house *See* 집집이

***가감** *s.* 加減 (더홀) (덜) Addition and subtraction. Temperament Proportion of ingredients in a compound. Favouring, one's health.

***가감승제** *s.* 加減乘除 (더홀) (덜) (곱) (나홀) Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. *See* 소죽.

***가감승합메** *s.* 加減乘合題 더홀) (덜) (곱) (모돌) (셈) Questions including addition subtraction and multiplication

***가감지인** *l.* 可堪之人 (옳흠) (견딜) (갈, 사롬) A serviceable person; one who is capable of. *See* 가용지인

***가감합메** *s.* 加減合題 (더홀) (덜) 모돌) (셈) Questions including addition and subtraction

***가감ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 加減 (더홀) (덜) To alter by adding to or taking away from, to arrange; to adjust; to observe a right proportion in regard to.

***가개도** *s.* 加介島 (더홀) (낫) (셤) An island in Cho-la do Lat 35.08, Long. 126.25.

***가격** *l.* 價格 (갑) (격시) Value; worth.

***가결** *l.* 可決 (올흠) (결단) An affirmative decision as in a vote taken.

***가결** *s.* 加結 (더홀) (밋 질) Extra taxation on fields.

***가결안** *l.* 可決案 (올흠) (결단) (칙상) An affirmative question or motion.

***가결ᄒᆞ다** *l* 可決 (올흠) (결단) To decide in favour of; to adopt—as one out of several resolutions.

***가계** *s.* 家計 (집) (계교) Means of living; plans for a livelihood. *See* 가산.

***가계** *s.* 加計 (더홀) (계교) Extra plans; extra purposes.

***가계** *s.* 家系 (집) (일) Family descent; genealogy.

***가게쥬** *l* A kind of silk.

***가경** *s.* 嘉慶 (아롬다올) (경소) The title of the reign of the Emperor who ruled from 1796 to 1821 Good fortune; favorable circumstances.

***가경** *s.* 佳境 (아롬다올) (디경) A fine place, a pleasant spot, an amusing passage in a book.

***가경** *s.* 佳景 (아롬다올) (경치) A fine prospect, a charming view.

***가고** *s.* 家故 (집) (연고) Domestic matters; home anxieties from sickness etc *See* 가환

***가곡** *s.* 歌曲 (노래, (곡도) A tune, a piece of music *See* 곡도

***가괴ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 可怪 (올흠) (괴이홀) To be strange, to be mysterious.

***가교** *l* 駕轎 (멍에) (보교) The royal palanquin borne by horses. *See* 련.

***가교** *l* 架橋 (시렁) (다리) A bridge.

*가구 s. 家口 (집) (입) The inmates of a home. The number of houses. *See* 호구.

*가구 s. 街衢 (거리) (거리) The town—as opposed to the country.

*가구 s. 家具 (집) (갖출) Household goods, furniture.

*가군 s. 家君 (집) (님군) A father. *See* 가친.

*가규 s. 家規 (집) (법) Family customs. *See* 가도

*가규 h. 賈逵 (성) (거리) A.D. 30-101. A famous scholar and contemporary of Pan Ku (班固).

*가극호다 s. 加棘 (더홀) (가시) To surround with thorns—to imprison closely. *See* 위리안치호다.

*가기 s. 佳期 (아름다울) (긔약) A favourable time; an auspicious occasion.

*가기 s. 嫁期 (시집갈) (긔약) A marriageable age—of women.

*가기 s. 家基 (집) (터) A house's foundation site; a homestead.

*가기 h. The name of a game of cards.

*가긍히넉이다 h. 可矜 (올흘) (불상홀) 넉여; 인 To pity; to commiserate; to feel sympathy for. *See* 불상히넉이다.

*가긍호다 h. 可矜 (올흘) (불상홀) To be pitiable; to be worthy of pity or commiseration. *See* 가긍히넉이다, 가련호다.

*가기 s. 歌妓 (노래) (기성) A singing girl.

*가긱 s. 歌客 (노래) (손) A singer; one skilled in song.

*가긱 s. 佳客 (아름다울) (손) A distinguished guest. *See* 가빈.

*가관 h. 可觀 (올흘) (볼) A wonderful sight; what is worth seeing. *See* 장관

*가관호다 s. 加冠 (더홀) (갓) To invest a boy with the top-knot and hat of manhood. *See* 셩관호다.

*가권 s. 家眷 (집) (도라볼) The members of a household. *See* 권구.

*가나무 h. 櫃 (*가) A tough scrubby oak with large leaves.

*가나라 s. 加奈陀 (더홀) (엇지) (언덕) Canada. *See* 감나대.

*가납기언호다 s. 嘉納其言, 아름다올 ᄂᆞ릴) (그) (말숨) To receive with pleasure; to assent to his words, of high personages.

가납산이 h. A brawler; a wind-bag

*가납호다 h. 可納 (올흘) (드릴) To decide in favor of and to receive—as a report.

*가납호다 s. 嘉納 (아름다올) (드릴) To receive or assent to, with pleasure; to approve—said only of high personages.

가느다 s. 細 (가늘 *셰) 느러; 는 To be fine, to be small; to be delicate, to be soft. *Opp.* 굵다

가늘다 s. 細 (가늘—*셰) 느러; 는 *See* 가느다.

가늠보다 s. 보아; 본 To aim; to sight. *See* 다림보다.

가늠쇠 s. A gunsight. *See* 몸은쇠

가닉 家內 (집) (안) The members of a household. *See* 권솔.

가다 s. 去 (갈 *거) 가; 간 To go—often used as 'to come' in English. To die. To be crooked, to warp. To break, crack etc. (돌) (금) (허) *Opp.* 오다.

까다 여 껍 f shell; to peel. To ... less, ... dry up. To hatch. To confess; to acknowledge.

가다듬다 s. 厲 (가다듬을—*려) 들여; 은 To arrange; to put in order; to collect one's senses.

*가다밤 s. 乾菓子 (무를—*건) (과즈—*과) (아홉—*구) Japanese cake.

까까까 ... making; moving; bobbing ...

가단소 加羅山 더홀) (뫼) A ... Lat. 35.48 ...

가달 假達 (거짓) (통달) A race of barbarians—the Mongols.

가달박 s. A large gourd dish; a large calabash.

가당호다 마땅 ... 당 ... be suitable; to be worthy *See* 합당호다.

가덕 加德 더홀) (큰) A village in Ko... Lat. 35.04 Long. 128.48.

가덕 加德的 (더홀) (큰) (역실—*덕) Horsehair caps made in 가덕.

*가뎨 s. 家弟 (집) (아오) My younger brother. I (a younger brother) (Epist.)

*가뎡 s. 家丁 (집) (장뎡) A servant, a retainer;

*가뎡 s. 家庭 집) (뜰) Literally, 'the garden of a house';

*가뎡교육 s. 家庭教育 (집) (뜰) (구르칠) (칠) Home education.

가뎡오랑캐 s. The runners and servants who formerly attended the Chinese envoy.

가졍ᄉᆞ적 家庭之學 (집) (뜰) (갈) (비홀) The teaching peculiar to a family or clan. *See* 가뎡교육.

*가명학 s. 家庭學 (집) (뜰) (비홀) Home education.

*가도 s. 家道 (집 (길 Domestic customs; household manners. *See* 가풍.

*가도 l. 假道 (거짓) (길) Heretical teaching—that which does not conform to Confucianism.

*가도멸괵 l. 假途滅虢 (빌) (길) (멸홀) (나라) Asking the right of way and then conquering the state.

가도다 s. (—두) 囚 (가둘 *슈) 도어; 든 To put in prison; to lock up. *See* 슈금ᄒᆞ다.

*가돈 s. 家豚 (집) (도야지) My son. (Epist.) *See* 주식.

*가동 s. 家僮 (집) (동) A page.

가동가동ᄒᆞ다 s. To kick helplessly—as a child. *See* 가동이치다

가동이치다 s. 쳐; 친 To kick helplessly—as a child. *See* 가동질ᄒᆞ다.

가동질ᄒᆞ다 s. To kick helplessly—as a child. *See* 가동가동ᄒᆞ다

가드락가드락ᄒᆞ다 s. To show off; to shake.

가드락더다 s. 더여, 든 To show off

가드러거리다 s. 거려; 린 To dance about; to show off. *See* 가들거리다.

가든가든ᄒᆞ다 s. To be light; to lack weight.

가든ᄒᆞ다 s To be light; to lack weight. *Opp.* 묵직ᄒᆞ다. *See* 가볍압다.

가들가들ᄒᆞ다 s. To strut about; to show off. *See* 가드러거리다.

가들거리다 s. 거려; 린 To put on airs; to strut about; to show off.

가되약질ᄒᆞ다 s. To jest; to sport; to poke fun at. *See* 희학질ᄒᆞ다.

*가등 s. 街燈 (거리) (등) Street-lamps. *See* 장명등.

*가려 s. 家墅 (집) (마) A homestead; house and fields *See* 가지.

*가라산 s. 加那山 (더홀) (엇지—*나) (외) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.50 Long. 128 11.

가라안다 s. 下沉 (아래 하, (ᄉᆞᆷ길 *침) 안져; 진 To sink; to settle to the bottom. *Opp.* 뜨다.

가라지 s. 稊 (*메) Tares; a kind of panic grass

가락 s. 指 (손가락 -*지) Finger; toe; numerative of small objects—as candy etc. A tune

가락 s. A spindle; a distaff. A pole by which two persons carry a weight

가락ᄒᆞ다 s. 더여; 텬 To play a tune.

가락머리 s. Hair plaited in two queues—one on each side. *Also* 가래머리. The legs.

가락잡이 s. A maker of spindles. A one-eyed fellow—a term of contempt. *See* 왁구

가락지 s. 指環 (손가락 *지) (고리 *환) A finger ring. . (서다). *See* 지환.

가락지밑 s. The largest fold around a topknot.

가래 s. 鍤 (*삽) A shovel: a spade. (질ᄒᆞ다). *See* 삽.

가래 s. 楸 (*츄) A forest tree—the *Catalpa Kaempferi* or the seeds.

가래 s. 痰 (담—*담) Phlegm. *See* 담.

가래 s An insect—used as a medicine against hydrophobia. Paddy-field grass—found on poor land.

가래나무 s. 楸木 (가래—*츄) (나무 *목, The *Catalpa Kaempferi*. *See* 츄목

가래다 s. 래여, 랜 To hurt, to injure to destroy.

가래장부 s. (— —짱—) 鍤柄 (가래 *츄) (자루—*병) A spade handle; a shovel handle

가래침 s. 痰涎 (담—*담) (침—*연) Phlegm (빈앗다). *See* 담.

가래머리 s A child's hair plaited in two queues. (짝다).

가래톳 s. An enlargement of the glands in the groin. 서다.

가랭질ᄒᆞ다 s. To jostle; to pull and haul—in sport. *See* 롱ᄒᆞ다.

가랑가랑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin To be tearful. *See* 카랑카랑ᄒᆞ다.

가랑무 s. Radish rootlets.

가랑비 s. 細雨 (가늘 —*셰) (비 *우, A fine rain; a drizzle. *See* 는개.

가랑이 s A crotch, a fork. *See* 샅바기

*가량 l. 可量 (올홀) (헤아릴) Approximation; estimate; guess.

*가량 l. 假量 (거짓) (헤아릴) Supposing that; for example.

가량가량ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin; to be emaciated. *See* 파리ᄒᆞ다.

*가량ᄒᆞ다 l. 可量 (올홀) (헤아릴) To make an approximation; to guess at *See* 마련ᄒᆞ다.

*가려ᄒᆞ다 s 佳麗 (아름다울) (고울) To be fine, to be splendid; to be beautiful.

*가력되다 s. 되여; 된 To be buried; to be covered up—as by a land slide.

*가련ᄒᆞ다 / 可憐 (올흘) (어엿블) To be pitiful, to be worthy of pity. *See* 불상ᄒᆞ다

가렵다 *s.* 癢 (가려울—*양) 러워; 운 To itch; to feel an itching sensation.

*가례 *s.* 家禮 (집) (례도) Ceremonies established by *Chu-jo* Family ceremonial writings.

*가례 、 嘉禮 아름다울, 례도) \ happy occasion—as of a national wedding *Opp.* 인산.

*가령 假令 거짓 ᄒᆞ여곰 \nexample, by way of comparison. *See* 닐올ᄒᆞ이면; 가소.

가로 *s.* 橫 (빗길—*힐) Horizontally; on the side. *Opp.* 세로.

가로 *s.* (—루) 屢 (*셜) Flour. *Sy* 무거리.

가로다지 *s.* Inner sliding doors. *Sy* 미다지.

가로엇걸 *s.* A trip up—in wrestling.

가로ᄃᆞᆫ다 *s.* 다라; 틈 To go by a roundabout way; to be crooked —as a furrow

가로막다 *s.* 아; 은 To close up; to stop —as with outstretched arms. *See* 방칙ᄒᆞ다.

가로맛다 *s.* 하; 흔 To oppose—in the place of another; to take another's part *See* 담당ᄒᆞ다.

가로새다 *s.* 새여; 샌 To escape—as one arrested; to run away. *See* 도망ᄒᆞ다.

*가로상 *s.* 街路上 (거리) (길) (웃) (On) the road; (on) a journey.

가로지 *s.* Horizontal lines—in writing. *Opp.* 세로지.

가로지르다 *s.* 、—루) 질너; 지른 To put a bar across; to stop up the way as by a cross pole.

가로획 *s.* Horizontal lines—in writing. *Opp.* 선획.

*가루 *s.* 家屬 집 더러울 뉴 Domestic attaches \ 가소. The members of a family, dependants; hangers on

*가루약 *s.* Medicinal powder, pulverized medicine. *Opp.* 환약.

가르다 *s.* 分析 (논홀 *분) (쪽힐 *석) 갈나; 가로 To divide; to cut into parts. *See* ᄂᆞᆫ다.

가르랑가르랑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wheeze, to purr. *See* 갈근갈근ᄒᆞ다.

가름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To divide up. *See* 분ᄒᆞ다.

*가리 *s.* 加里 (더홀) (마을) A post station in Chol-la-do.

*가리 *s.* 加利 (더홀) (리홀) Interest; profit. *See* 벌리.

가리 *s.* An obstructing devil; an evil spirit that causes failure

*가리 / 假吏 (거짓) (아젼) A *yamen* writer or clerk from another District.

가리 *s.* 肋 (갈비대 *륵) The ribs. *See* 가리대

가리다 *s.* 揀 (가릴—*혁) 려; 린 To choose; to select. *See* 찰ᄒᆞ다. To comb—the hair

가리대 *s.* The ribs.

가리마 *s.* A part—in the hair. \ 다

가리박 *s.* A round wooden dish. *See.* 힘지박.

*가리산 *s.* 加里山 (더홀) (마을) (외) \ mountain in Kang-won-do Lat. 37° 45' Long. 127° 7'

가리산이 *s.* Decision; judgment; sense. (법다).

가리산지리산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To do in this way and that; to be unsettled

가리새 *s.* Opportunity. (Prov.)

가리새 *s.* \ species of bird with a long beak

가리장이 *s.* A turner.

가리칼 *s.* A turner's knife

가리르다 *s.* 리여; 른 To share in stolen goods; to have part in plunder.

가리틀 *s.* A turning lathe

가리틀다 *s.* 틀어; 른. *See* 가리르다.

*가리포 *s.* 加里浦 (더홀) 마을) (개) A naval station in Chol-la

*가림 *s.* 加林 (더홀) (수풀) A post station in Chol-la-do.

가림 *s.* A part—in the hair. (ᄂᆞᆫ다)

가림ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 두; 른 To part the hair.

가마 *s.* 釜 (*부) A large kitchen kettle (걸다) (붓지다). *See* 솥.

가마 *s.* 窯 (*요) A brick-kiln; a furnace for baking pottery

가마 / 轎 (보교 *교) A kind of sedan chair. *See* 승교

가마 *s* The crown of the head. *See* 뵈ᄃᆞᆫ A numerative of one hundred pieces—of string, cord etc.

가마귀 *s.* 烏 (*오) A crow; a raven. (짓다) (울다).

가마솥 *s.* *See* 덜솥.

가마ᄌᆞᆷ이 *s.* Common nightshade. *Solanum nigrum*

가막까치 *s.* 烏鵲 (가마귀 *오) (까치—*작) Crows and magpies.

가막쇠 *s.* The hook—on the end of a detective's red rope or on a double drum.

가막잡기 *s.* Blind-man's-buff.

'가망 *l.* 可望 (올흘) (부랄) Chance of success; cause for hope. *See* 소망

*가물다 *s.* 어; 은 To forget; to lose track of.

*가모 *s.* 嘉謀 (아름다올) (외) A wise plan.

'가모 *s.* 家母 (집) (어미) A wife; a mistress of a house. *See* 유체.

*가무 *s.* 歌舞 (노래) (춤출) Singing and dancing *See* 춤류.

*가무별감 *s.* 歌舞別監 (노래) (출출) (감) (불) The office in charge of music and dancing.

*가문 *s.* 家門 (집) (문) A family; a household. *See* 문벌.

*가문서 *l.* 假文書 (거짓) (글) (글) A forged deed; a false document. (쓸이다).

가문설화 *l.* 可聞說話 (올흘 (드를) 말숨) (말숨) Words worthy of being heard.

가미 *s.* Powdered glass used on kite strings.

가리호다 *l.* 假睡 (거짓) (잘) To take a nap; to sleep in one's clothes; to pretend to sleep.

가방 *l.* A leather valise; a satchel.

*가방 *s.* 家邦 (집) (나라) Home and country. (B. O.)

*가방 *l.* 假房 (거짓) (방) An inner room; an inside paper room.

*가법 *s.* 家法 (집) (법) Domestic discipline. *See* 가풍.

*가법 *s.* —법 加法 (더홀) (법) Multiplication *See* 합법.

가법 *s.* 苛法 (가다로올) (법) Oppressive laws.

*가변 *s.* 家變 (집) (변홀) Domestic misfortune. *See* 가화.

*가보 *s.* 家譜 (집) (족보) A family record; chronicles.

*가복 *s.* 加卜 (더홀) (졀복) Extra taxation. *See* 가렴.

가복 *s.* 家僕 (집) (종) A servant; a retainer.

*가봉 *s.* 加捧 (더홀) (밧을) Extra interest —as on a debt; compound interest.

*가봉조 *s.* 加捧子 (더홀) (밧을) (아들) A child by the first husband *See* 뎜바지조식.

*가부 *s.* 家父 (집) (아비) Father—used only in the written language.

*가부 *s.* 家夫 (집) (지아비) A husband. *See* 남편.

*가부 *l.* 可否 (올흘) (아니) The true and the false; true or false. Yea and nay in debate. *See* 시비.

*가부간 *l.* 可否間 (올흘) 아니) (소이) Truth or falsehood—the truth. The yeas and nays. Whether so or not. *See* 위불위간.

*가부취결호다 *l.* 可否取決 (올흘) (아니) (가질) (결단) To put the question and take the vote.

*가부편 *l.* 可否編 (올흘) (아닐, 편홀) The yeas and nays. *See* 가부간.

가분가분호다 *s.* To be light; to lack weight. *Opp.* 묵직묵직호다.

*가분수 *l.* 假分數 (거짓) (논홀) (두어) An improper fraction.

*가분호다 *l.* 假分 (거짓) (쓰일, To disguise.

가분호다 *s.* 輕 (가벼올—*경) To be light, to lack weight *Opp.* 묵직호다.

*가빈 *s.* 嘉賓 (아름다올) (손 \ distinguished guest or visitor. *See* 가직.

*가빈 (애) 스현처 *s.* 家貧思賢妻 (집) (간난) (성각) (어딤 (얀히, When the family is poor look out for a good wife. *See* 국란에스랑삼.

*가빈호다 *s.* 家殯 (집) (빈소—*빈) To keep a body in a room—until a propitious site be found for burial. *See* 졸빈호다.

*가빙호다 *s.* 加氷 (더홀) (어름) To thicken ice—by letting water on it. To pack ice

가볍다 *s.* 輕 (가벼올—*경) 아외; 온 To be light, to lack weight *Opp.* 무겁다

*가비량 *s.* 加背梁 (더홀) (등) (들치) An anchorage in Ko-jé Island Lat. 34.49 Long. 128.03.

*가사 *s.* 袈裟 (가사) (가사) A Buddhist ceremonial sash. (에다).

가사목 *s.* A kind of oak used in making chairs, handles etc.

*가산 *s.* 家山 (집) (외) One's native place. *See* 고향.

*가산 *s.* 加算 (더홀) (산풀) Addition.

*가산 *s.* 嘉山 (아름다올) (외) A prefect in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.35 Long 125.31.

*가산 *s.* 家産 집) (날) Household goods, family property. *See* 세간.

가살이 *l.* A narrow-minded person; a cunning knave.

가살지다 *s.* 져; 진 To be dry.

가세 *s.* 剪刀 (갈날—*편) (칼 -*도) A scissors. *See* 가위.

가새렬 *n.* The arrangement of characters in double couplets according as they are high or low.

가새쥬리 *n.* An instrument of official torture like a huge scissors.

***가샤** *n.* 家舍 (집) (집) A house. *See* 집.

***가쌀** *n.* 街上 (거리) (웃) (In) the street. *See* 거리.

***가쌀** *n.* 加薩 (더홀) (산서) A village in Kyong-sang-do Lat 35.48 Long 128.1.

***가샹존호다** *v.* 加上尊號 더홀 (높은) (일홈) To add honorifics to the title of a royal personage

***가샹호다** *v.* 嘉尙 아름다올 오히려 To praise; to commend. *See* 긔특호다

***가서** *n.* 家舍 집 (곧 \ [illegible] on home. *See* 항신

***가셕호다** *f.* 可惜 옳 [illegible] 안길 To be pitiful; to be sad. *See* 앗갑다

***가션** *n.* 嘉善 (아름다올) (착홀) [illegible] degree, rear rank, wearing gold buttons.

***가션대부** *n.* 嘉善大夫 (아름다올) (착홀) (뭇) (지아비) The 2nd degree, rear rank.

***가셜** *n.* 街說 (거리) (말숨) Street talk, rumour; the gossip of the town. *See* 소문.

***가셜** *n.* 加設 (더홀) (베플) Extra relays—of officials etc *Opp.* 현임.

***가셜호다** *v.* 加設 (더홀) (베플) To add extra relays—of officials etc.

***가셜호다** *f.* 假設 (거짓) (베플) To erect temporarily—as a bridge or embankment etc.

***가셰** *n.* 家勢 집 (형세) Domestic standing, family fortune; worldly prospects. *See* 가계.

***가셰** *n.* 家稅 (집) (무세) House-tax; house-rent.

***가셤** *n.* 苛性 (어려로올) (성품) Caustic.

***가셩** *n.* [illegible]셩 (노래) (소리) Singing; voice [illegible]

***가셩소다** *n.* 苛性素多 (어려로올) (성품) (흴) (만홀) Caustic Soda. *Opp.* 결연소다.

***가속도** *n.* 加速度 (더홀) (속홀) (지날) Acceleration

***가속운동** 加速運動 더 [illegible] 옴길 움직일) Accelerated motion.

***가숀** *n.* 家孫 집 [illegible] of a household. *See* 가숙

***가쇼롭다** *f.* 可笑 (올홀) (우슴) 로쇡, 온 To be laughable; to be ridiculous. *See* 우숩다

***가숙** *n.* 家塾 (집) (붓칠) The members of a household. *See* 가신

***가슈호다** 囚囚 (갈 가둘 To [illegible] with the cangue and imprisoned.

***가숙** *n.* 家塾 (집) (글방) A private school. *See* 소숙.

***가스셔** *n.* The horizontal [illegible] a wall—to which the lath is tied.

가스셔 *n.* 洗 (씨슬 *쳑) Cleaning; washing—dishes etc

가슬가슬호다 *n.* To be rough, to be bristly; to be sharp. *See* 깔깔갈갈호다

가시다 *n.* 시어; 쉴 To wash; to rinse. To wear away—of a scar etc.

가시아비 *n.* 聘父 (빙문 *빙) (아비 *부) A father-in-law of the husband. *See* 악부.

가시어미 *n.* 聘母 (빙문 *빙) (어미 – 모 A mother in-law of the husband. *See* 악모.

***가승** *n.* 家乘 (집) (올홀) The record of a family; family chronicles.

가슨 *n.* 加升 (더홀) (되) A small dry-measure

가시 *n.* 刺 (*쳔) (*구) Thorns; spikes; fish bones (물고기).

***가식지물** *f.* 可食之物 (올홀) (먹을) (갈) (만홀) Something worth eating; delicious fare

가신 *n.* 家臣 집 (신하) A steward; an [illegible] of a house. *See* 청직이.

***가신** *n.* 家信 (집) (의올) A letter from home.

가신 家神 (집) (귀신) The guardian [illegible] of the house

***가신** 佳辰 (아름다올) (때) A lucky or auspicious time.

***가신** *f.* 可申 (올홀) (펼) A post station in Chol la-do.

가신이 *n.* A girl; a maid. (Prov.) *See* 계집우희. *Opp.* 머슴이

***가신호다** *f.* 可信 (올홀) (밋을) To be trustworthy; to be worthy of confidence. [illegible]

***가소** *f.* 假使 (거짓) (호여곰) Supposing that, for example. *See* 설혹.

***가소** *n.* 家事 (집) (일) Domestic affairs, household matters. *See* 가무.

***가소** *n.* 歌詞 (노래) (글) A kind of song

***가소** *n.* 嘉事 (아름다올) (일) A happy event; a matter for rejoicing; a fortunate or auspicious circumstance

***가소** *n.* 稼事 (심을) (일) Agriculture, husbandry.

*가소도 n. 賈似道 (성) (고을, 이름) D. A. D. 1276 A minister of To-jong (度宗) to whom is said to be due the fall of the Song (宋) Dynasty.

*가소도 n. 加士島 (땅 이름) (섬) An island in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 34.21 Long. 125.22.

가소리 n. A kind of seaweed from which food is prepared.

*가소산 n. 加士山 (땅 이름) (산비) (외) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35 Long. 128.38.

*가소지인 / 可使之人 옳을, 하여금 (갈) (사람) A serviceable man; a person likely to be useful *See* 가긍지인.

*가숨 n. 家蔘 (집) (숨) Cultivated ginseng. *Opp.* 산숨

가슴 n. (—심) 膏 (*품) The breast. *See* 가슴과기.

가슴과기 n. 膏 (가슴 —*품) The breast. *See* 품팡.

가시당뽓 n. The rose. (Prov.) *See* 히당화.

가시지르다 n. 질너; 른 To shuffle; to mix. To strike out; to mark off. *See* 어금막기다.

*가식 n. 稼穡 (심을) (거둘) Literally sowing and reaping; agriculture; husbandry

*가식지간난 n. 稼穡之艱難 (심을, 거둘) (갈 (간난, 어려울 The labor of sowing and reaping.

*가야고 n. 伽倻琴 (가야) (가야) (거문고—*금) A small harp with twelve strings. (루다) *See* 거문고.

*가야산 n. 伽耶山 (가야) (어조사) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do Lat. 36.49 Long. 126.57.

가알도르다 n. 돌라; 도른 To vomit up the cotton wad that has been mixed with blood—of a falcon

가알지르다 n. 질너; 지른 To feed a falcon on cotton wads dipped in blood —which he vomits up and so becomes hungry for the chase.

*가양 n. 家釀 (집) (비질) Home-brewed or distilled liquor *Opp.* 매쥬.

*가어사 / 假御使 (거짓) (모실) (하여곰) One pretending to be the king's *ösa*.

*가언 n. 嘉言 (아름다울) (말숨) Wise sayings, words of wisdom; instructive talk.

*가언선힝 n. 嘉言善行 (아름다울) (말숨) (착홀) (힝홀) Wise sayings and good conduct—as of the ancients.

*가업 n. 家業 (집) (업홀) My father. *See* 업천.

*가업, 家業 (집) (업) Business trade; work. *See* 싱애

*가업ᄒᆞ다 v. 家業 (집) (업. To carry on trade; to buy and sell. *See* 싱애ᄒᆞ다.

*가여 / 駕輿 멍에 (수레) A palanquin or state chair—used by the Emperor or distinguished personages.

*가역 n. 家役 (집) (역소) House repairing.

*가연물 n. 可燃物 (옳을) (붙을) (물건) Combustible matter.

*가연셩 n. 可燃性 옳을) (붙을) (셩품) That which will burn; what is combustible.

*가연셩와스 / 可燃性瓦斯 (옳을) (붙을) 셩품) 기와) (이 Gas that will burn.

가오리 n The stinging ray. *Pastinaca hastata*.

*가옥 n. 家屋 (집) (집) Houses.

*가옥세 n 家屋稅 (집) (집) (부세) The house-tax.

가온ᄃᆡ n. 中 (*듕) Between. The middle. *See* 듕.

가옷 n. 半 (반—*반) Half—used with measures. *See* 아옷.

가외 / 可畏 옳을) 두려울) What is to be feared. *See* 가외지소.

가외 *l.* Besides; over and above.

*가외도 n. 加外島 (더홀) (밧) (섬) An island in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do Lat. 36.42 Long. 126 13.

*가외지소 / 可畏之事 (옳을) (두려울) (갈) (일) A matter to be feared; things to be dreaded. *See* 가외.

*가용 n 家用 (집) (쓸) Domestic expenses. (쓰다) *See* 일용

*가용지물 n. 可用之物 (옳을), 쓸) (갈) (물건) A useful or serviceable thing. *Opp.* 무용지물.

*가용지인 / 可用之人 (옳을) 쓸) 갈) (사롬) A useful man; a serviceable person. *See* 가긍지인. *Opp.* 무용지인.

*가운 n 家運 (집) (운수) The family luck; the future of the house. *See* 문운.

*가위 / 可謂 (옳을) 닐을 Worthy of mention. Truly; assuredly. *See* 소위

가위 n. 剪刀 (갈길—*전) (갈—*도) A scissors. (질ᄒᆞ다) *See* 가새.

가위눌니다 n. 夢魘 (꿈 *몽) (눌을 —*압) 눌녀, 닌 To have nightmare; to be possessed of a demon when asleep. *See* 흠몽

가위렴 *s.* The arrangement of verses in couplets according to the position of "high" and "low" characters. *Opp.* 양판렴

가위쥬뢰 *s.* An instrument of official torture—like a large scissors. (쥴다). *See* 가새쥬뢰

가위춤 *s.* Opening and shutting—of a scissors. (주이다).

가을 *s.* 秋 (*츄) Autumn. *See* 츄절.

가을ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 秋收 (가을 *츄) (거둘 *슈) To harvest; to gather in the grain in autumn. *See* 하작ᄒᆞ다

***가음** *s.* 佳音 (아름다울) (소래) Glad tidings, good news

가음 *l.* 資料 (주로 -*조) (헤아릴 -*료) Material—for making clothes, food etc. *See* 지료.

가음알다 *l.* 司 (맛흘—*소) 알아; 안 To administer; to have direction of; to be responsible for.

가음열다 *l.* 富 (가음열—*부) 열어; 언 To be rich; to be opulent; to be affluent. *Opp.* 간난ᄒᆞ다; 구차ᄒᆞ다.

***가이** *s.* 嘉禮 (아름다울 거동 A form of ceremony—congratulation.

***가이** *l.* 賈誼 (셩) (경화) Circa B. C. 200 A celebrated scholar of China who early to attained private counsellor

***가이대부** *s.* 嘉義大夫 (아름다울) (올흘 ᄃᆞᆫ 이아비 The second degree rear rank

***가이동가이셔** *l.* 可以東可以西 (올흘) (써) (동녁) (올흘) (써) (셔녁) What suits either way.

***가인** *s.* 家人 (집) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A wife; *See* 처

***가인** *s.* 佳人 (아름다울) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A beautiful woman.

***가인지조** *s.* 佳人才子 (아름다울) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (지조) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A pretty woman and a clever man.

***가일** *s.* 佳日 (아름다울) (날) A lucky or auspicious day; an occasion of rejoicing.

***가일** *l.* 暇日 (겨를) (날) A day of leisure; a holiday. (Comp.)

***가일년ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 加一年 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (히) To have an extra year of office.

***가입** *s.* 加入 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (들) Extra as of ingredients or expense.

***가이ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 可哀 (올흘) (슬흘) To be sad; to be sorry; to be lamentable; to be mournful

***가장** *s.* 家王 (집) (님금) A husband. *See* 가쟝.

가ᄀᆞᆷ나롯 *s.* 美髯 (아름다울 *미 수염 *슈) A handsome beard; wide spreading whiskers.

가ᄌᆡ미 *s.* 比目魚 (견줄 *비) (눈 -*목) (고기—*어) A flounder; a dab; a plaice

***가장즙물** *s.* (*집) 家藏什物 (집) (감출) (즙물) (만물) Household furniture. *See* 가산.

***가장** *s.* 家長 (집) (어른) The head of a family; a master of a house; patriarch.

가장ᄀᆡ *s.* A branch; a limb—of a tree. *See* 가지

***가장정치** *s.* 家長政治 (집) (어른) (정ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞᆯ) Government by a patriarch; patriarchism.

가장질ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To cheat in playing cards.

가지가다 *v.* 持去 (가질 *지) (갈—*거) 가; 간 To take away.

가지오다 *v.* 持來 (가질—*지) (올—*ᄅᆡ) 지워; 온 To bring

***가전** *s.* 家傳 (집) (전ᄒᆞᆯ) Any article, method or formula handed down in a family from one generation to another.

***가전** *l.* 駕前 (멍에) (앞) An advance guard—which attends the king.

***가전가후** *l.* 駕前駕後 (멍에) (앞) (멍에) (뒤) Front and rear mounted guards—who attend the king.

***가전성** *l.* 可展性 (올흘) (펼) (셩품) Malleability.

가절 *s.* 佳節 (아름다울) (절긔) A happy occasion; a festive time. *See* 명절.

가졀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 價折 (갑) (썩글) To fix on a price.

가졍 *l.* 苛政 (ᄀᆞ혹ᄒᆞᆯ) (정ᄉᆞ) Tyranny; a harsh or despotic government.

가졍 *s.* 家政 (집) (정ᄉᆞ) The management of the affairs of a household.

가졍자리 *l.* 邊 (가—*변) The border; an edge; a beach; a shore. *See* 변두리.

가조 *l.* 假造 거짓 지을 ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ t, a forged article. *See* 위조.

***가족** *s.* 家族 (집) (일가) The members of a household; a family

***가조긔** *l.* 假石魚 (거짓) (돌—*석) (고기 *어) The dried *Sciena.*

가죡 *s.* 皮 (*피) A skin; leather; hide (다르다) *See* 셥질.

가죡부ᄃᆡ *s.* 革靴 (가죡—*혁) (쥬머니—ᄇᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ bluchers

가주 *s.* 家主 (집) (님ᄌᆞᆷ) The master of a house; the owner. *See* 쥬인

***가ᄌᆞᆷ** 家中 ᄃᆞᆷ 가온ᄃᆡ, The house, the home. *See* 문ᄂᆡ.

*가즐 s. 加里 (더할)(무거울) Quality—of Chinese silk, girdles etc.

*가즐나모 s. 檟 (*자) The *Alianthus glandidosa.*

*가즐ᄒᆞ다 s. 加重 (더할) (무거울) To aggravate.

*가즐스럽다 l. 可憎 (올흘) (뮈울) 러워; 운 To be hateful, to be ugly. *See* 럽다

*가즐ᄒᆞ다 l. 可憎 (올흘 (뮈울) To be hateful; to be abominable *See* 가즐스럽다.

*가즘ᄒᆞ다 s. 加增 (더할) (더할) To increase, or add to the amount.

가지 s. 枝 (*지) A branch; a limb. (처다). *See* 가장귀.

가지 s 茄 (*가) The eggplant; the brinjal. *Solanum melongena.*

가지 s. Kind; sort.

가지가지 s. 枝枝 (가지—*지) (가지—*지) Branch by branch; each limb; each kind.

가지갈식 s. Each kind and sort; every variety.

가지다 s. 取 (가질—*취) 가지; 진 To take; to possess.

*가지산 s. 加知山 (더할) (알) (뫼) A mountain in Chol-la-do Lat 34.48 Long. 126.49.

*가지젹 s. 茄炙 (가지) (지질—*젹) Fried eggplant.

가지쳐다 s. 처; 천 To sprout—of branches. To trim—of branches

가지이 s. A mistress taken by a widower who is too poor to marry again. *See* 첩.

가지ᄒᆞ다 s 齊 (가즐—*재) To be even; to be equal. To adjust; to set in order.

가질 s. A menstrual cloth. (처다). *See* 셔답.

*가ᄯᅩ l. 假的 (거짓) (젹실—*뎍) A forged article; a false document. *Opp.* 진쏘.

*가즈 l. 訶子 (*무지질) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The fruit of the *Terminalia chebula* used as a medicine for diarrhoea.

*가즈 s. 加資 (더할) (즈로) The 3rd degree, rear rank, wearing jade buttons. *See* 가선.

*가즈해 s. 加資帖 (더할) (즈로) (해- *뎝) A diploma given to an officer on the occasion of his promotion. *See* 교지.

*가좌젼 s. 家坐錢 (집) (안질) (돈) A house-site tax. *See* 호뚜.

*가쳔 s. 加川 (더할) (내) A post station in Kyong-keui-do; a village in Kyŏng-sang-do Lat. 35.48 Long 128.11.

*가츅 s. 家畜 (집) (기를) A general term for all domesticated aminals.

가츅ᄒᆞ다 s. To care for; to see to; to look after. *See* 간지ᄒᆞ다.

*가취 s. 佳趣 아름다올) (지취) Good or refined taste; elegant style

*가취 s. 嫁娶 (싀집갈) (장가들) Marriage.

*가취지례 s. 嫁娶之禮 (싀집갈) (장가들) (갈) (례도) Marriage, the ceremony of marriage.

*가취ᄒᆞ다 s 嫁娶 (싀집갈) (장가들) To be married. *See* 혼인ᄒᆞ다.

가치 l. (까) 鵲 (*작) A magpie. (짓다).

*가치 s. 價直 (갑) (갑) Value; worth; price.

가치다 s. 禁囚 (닝을—*피) (가ᄃᆞᆯ—*슈) 가쳐; 천 To be imprisoned. *See* 가도다.

*가친 s. 家親 (집) (어버이) Father—so called by the children. *See* 모친.

*가ᄐᆞ s 加次 (더할) (버금) An island in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 42.12 Long. 130.15, in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 34.22 Long. 126.00.

*가칙ᄉᆞ l 假借使 (거짓) (빌릴) (ᄒᆞ여ᄲᅳᆷ) Unjust acts of *yamen* runners, committed on their own authority. *See* 가슴검

*가쾌 s. 家儈 (집), 집쥬ᄅᆞᆷ — 괴) A house-broker. *See* 집쥬ᄅᆞᆷ

*가탁ᄒᆞ다 l. 假託 (거짓) (부탁) To make excuses; to invent a pretext.

*가ᄐᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 s. 加添 (더할) (더할) To add to. *See* 더ᄒᆞ다.

*가ᄐᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 l. 可痛 (올흘) (압흘) To be pitiful; to be painful; to be a matter of regret. *See* 어석ᄒᆞ다.

*가투리 s. 雌雉 (암컷—*지) (뀡—*치) A hen pheasant. *Opp.* 장끼.

가파르다 s. 팔나; 과른 To be steep; to be precipitous.

*가편 l. 可偏 (올흘) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) The affirmative side. *Opp.* 부편.

*가편언의 l. 可便議義 (올흘) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) (부ᄅᆞᆯ) (올흘) The affirmative side—in a debate. *Opp.* 부.

*가평 s. 加平 (더할) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do Lat 37 39 Long. 127 34.

*가평 s. 嘉平 (아ᄅᆞᆷ다올) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A post station in Pyŏng-an-do.

*가포교 l. 假捕校 (거짓) (잡을) (장교) A pretended constable or policeman—a thief. *See* 가슴검.

*가표 s. 加票 (더홀) (표) Sign of addition; plus. (지르다).

가풀 s. 皮 (가족—*피) The skin; covering; peel; coating. *See* 가죽.

*가풍 s. 家風 (집) (바람) The customs or peculiarities of a family. *See* 가품

*가품 s. 家品 (집) (품수) The character or disposition of a family. *See* 가규.

*가품 s. 佳品 (아름다울) (품수) A valuable thing; a rare article.

*가피 s. 加皮 (더홀) (가족) Coffee.

*가피나무 s. 加皮樹 (더홀) (가족) (나무—*슈) Coffee tree.

*가하 s. 加下 (더홀) (아래) Extra funds—over and above original appropriations. (나다).

*가하 s. 加賀 (더홀) (하례) Kago in Japan.

*가하지다 s. 加下 (더홀) (아래) 하지; Extras extra funds over and above the original salary or appropriation.

*가학 s. 歌學 (노래) (배홀) The study of poetry; the art of versification.

*가할산 s. 加耶山 (더홀) (야) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.3, Long. 128.10.

*가합호다 *l.* 可合 (올홀) (모홀) To be suitable; to be acceptable, to be allowable. *See* 맛당호다.

*가향 s. 家鄉 (집) (싀골) Home; one's native place. *See* 고향.

*가형 s. 家兄 (집) (맛) Elder brother "I"—of an elder brother (Epist.)

*가형호다 s. 加刑 (더홀) (형벌) To inflict extra punishment on.

*가혹호다 s. 苛酷 (셔다로올) (사오나올) To be cruel; to be harsh; to be unduly severe.

*가회 s. 嘉會 (아름다올) (모홀) A festive gathering; a glad occasion.

*가효 s. 佳肴 (아름다올) (안쥬) Delicious food; savory meat.

*가후 *l.* 駕後 (멍에) (뒤) Rear cavalry troops—who attend the king. *Opp.* 가전.

*가훈 s. 家訓 (집) (구르칠) Home teaching; domestic instruction. *See* 가명교육.

*가흥 s. 佳興 (아름다올) (흥치) Gladness; great joy.

*가흥 s. 可興 (올홀) (닐) A post station in Ch[illegible] [illegible] Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

*가히 s. 可 (올홀) Suitably; fitly; possibly; what ought to be. *See* 맛당히.

*가호다 *l.* 可 (올홀) To be suitable; to be practicable; to be possible; to be right. *See* 올타

*가호다 s. 加 (더홀) To add one thing to another; to unite; to combine; to increase or augment. *Opp.* 감호다.

*가힝 s. 嘉行 (아름다올) (힝호) Good deeds; admirable conduct.

*가화 *l.* 假花 (거짓) (꽃) Artificial paper flowers.

*가화류 *l.* 假樺榴 (거짓) (화류) (셕류) Artificial rosewood.

*가화만스셩 s. 家和萬事成 (집) (고로) (일만) (일) (일울) A family must agree in order to have all things turn out favorably.

*가환 s. 家患 (집) (근심) Domestic misfortune; family disaster or loss. *See* 우환

*각 s. 脚 (드리) The leg—of a slaughtered animal. (쁘다).

각 s. 各 (*각) Each; every.

*각 s. 刻 (삭일) Carving. A division of a Korean hour, equal to 15 minutes.

*각 s. 角 (쁠) A horn; small silver money; change, a ten cent piece. An angle.

걱 s. Hard; with force—as in pressing etc. *See* 꼭.

*각각 s. 各各 (각) (각) Each; one by one; singly. *See* 짜로.

깍깍 s. Cawing—as a crow.

*각감청 s. 閣監廳 (집) (볼) (청) The office of supplies—in the palace.

*각거호다 s. 各居 (각) (살) To live apart. *See* 짜로살다.

각게슈리 s. A [illegible]

각골난망 s. 刻骨難忘 (삭일) (뼈) (어려올) (니즐) What [illegible] so as not to be forgotten—what is written on the heart. *See* 결초보은.

*각골지통 s. 刻骨之痛 (삭일) (뼈) (갈) (알흘) Injuries engraven on one's bones—not to be forgotten. *See* 결치부심.

*각국 s. 各國 (각) (나라) Each kingdom; every state. *See* 제국.

*각국 s. 各局 (각) (판) Various bureaux in a Department of State.

*각국공스 s. 各國公使 (각) (나라) (공변될) (호이쯤) Foreign [illegible] foreign ministers or ambassadors.

*각국공령스 s. 各國公領使 (각) (나라) (공변될) (거느릴) (호이쯤) The various foreign ministers and consuls.

*각국영소 s. 各國領使 (각)(나라)(거느릴)(ᄒᆞ여곰) The Consular Body, foreign consuls.

*각군 s. 各郡 (각)(고을) Each rural district; various prefects.

각귀 l. An adze.

*각귀기가ᄒᆞ다 s. 各歸其家 (각)(도라갈)(그)(집) To return each to his own house.

*각궁 s. 角弓 (쁠)(활) A bow ornamented with horn.

*각궁반장 s. 角弓反張 (쁠)(활)(도라올)(베풀) A hopeless cripple—doubled up like a horn bow. *Sy* 전근딱란

*각근히 s. 恪勤 (정성)(부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) Reverently, respectfully; carefully. *See* 각별ᄒᆞ.

*각근ᄒᆞ다 s. 恪謹 (정성)(삼갈) To be faithful; to be loyal.

*각근봉공ᄒᆞ다 s. 恪勤奉公 (정성)(부지런ᄒᆞᆯ 밧들)(공번될) To carry on one's official duties with fidelity.

각금 s. Often; frequently. *See* 잔흑.

*각긔 s. 脚氣 (두리) (의운) Beri-beri.

*각기 s. 各其 (각) (그) Each one; every person—taken singly. *See* 여마다.

*각기 s. 各技 (각) (지조) Each talent; every excellency for work.

쌕기다 s. 쌕겨; 긴 To lose—face; to be humiliated. To be sharpened or worn down. To lower.

*각기소원 s. 各其所願 (각) (그) (바) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) Each according to his desires.

*각기소장 s. 各其所長 (각) (그) (바) (긴) Each according to his ability. *See* 각유소장.

*각과 s. 各課 (각) (일과) Various sections —in an exhibition or museum; different sub-bureaux -in a department of state. Each department of study.

*각관 s. 各款 (각) (됴목) Every article or clause—of a treaty or agreement, etc.; every paragraph—of a written document; each item—of a bill

쌕다 s. 削 (쌕글—*쌕) 가; 근 To cut down; to diminish.

각다귀 s. A large variety of mosquito. An annoying person.

쌕닥이 s. 莢 (쌕지 —*긔) The peel; the shell; a covering. (Dim.) *See* 쌕지.

쌕대 s. 莢 (쌕지—*긔) A pod; a shell; peel. *See* 쌕지

*각뎌 s. 角觝 (쁠) (ᄎᆡ물) A wrestling bout. *See* 쓰름; 각력.

*각도 s. 角度 (쁠) (지날) A corner; an angle.

*각도 s. 各道 (각) (길) Each province; all the (thirteen) provinces

*각도 s. 閣道 (집) (길) Galleries or corridors. *See* 복도.

*각도 s. 刻刀 (ᄉᆡᆨ일) (칼) An engraver's knife.

*각도각읍 s 各道各邑 (각) (길) (각) (고을) Each province and each district; every province and district

*각동 s. 各洞 (각) (고을) Each village; every hamlet. *See* 각편.

*각됴 s. 各條 (각) (가지) Every article or clause—of a treaty or agreement etc.; various articles or clauses, various points; each point. *See* 각관.

쌕두거리다 s. 거려; 린 To cut up.

쌕뚝이 s. Dried pieces of radishes, carrots, turnips etc.

각뜨다 l. 각여; 뜬 To cut up—a slaughtered animal.

각ᄉᆞᆺ시 s. Politely; civilly; reverently. *See* 각별히.

각ᄉᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be careful, to be polite; to be civil. *See* 각별ᄒᆞ다.

*각띄 s. 角帶 (쁠) (ᄯᅴ—*ᄃᆡ) A horn belt—of court dress. (ᄯᅴ다). *See* 각ᄃᆡ.

*각디 s. 各地 (각) (짜) Everywhere; throughout the country; in various localities.

*각디방 s. 各地方 (각) (짜) (모) Every place; each region; various districts.

*각뎌 s. 角錐 (쁠) (ᄎᆡᆨ) A truncated pyramid.

*각ᄃᆡ s. 角帶 (쁠) (ᄯᅴ) A horn belt—of court dress. *See* 각띄.

*각덕 s. 各宅 (각) (집—*ᄃᆡᆨ) Each official residence. (Hon.)

각랑이 s. 薤 (*총) Maize. *See* 옥슈슈.

*각력 s. 角力 (쁠) (힘) A wrestling bout, *See* 쓰름

*각력 s. 脚力 (두리) (힘) A courier; a coolie

*각로 s. 閣老 (집) (늙을) A cabinet elder a Secretary of State under the *Myong* dynasty. *See* 일각로.

*각류 s. 各類 (각) (죵류) Each kind; every species; all sorts of. *See* 각죵.

*각리 s. 各里 (각) (마을) Each ward —of a township. *See* 각동.

*각리ᄒᆞ다 s. 各離 (각) (ᄯᅥ날) To separate; to disperse; to go each his own way. *See* 각산ᄒᆞ다.

*각립ᄒᆞ다 s. 各立(각)(립) To be disunited; to lack unanimity. *See* 분당ᄒᆞ다

*각마 s. 脚麻(다리)(삼) Numbness; palsy; stupor

*각면 s. 各面(각)(낯) Each township—a political division of a district. *See* 각방

*각명 s. 各名(각)(일홈) Each name; every man. *See* 각인.

*각명하에 s. 各名下(각)(일홈)(아래) Under each name—to indicate how much. *See* 각인씨에.

*각물 s. 各物(각)(만물) All kinds of things; every thing.

*각물품 s. 各物品(각)(만물)(씨) All kinds of things; every thing. *See* 각물

*각박선재ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻薄成家 삭일 엷을)(일울)(집) To make a fortune by avarice and greed.

*각박ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻薄(삭일)(엷을) To be severe; to be mean; to be miserly. *See* 린석ᄒᆞ다

*각반 s. 各般(각)(가지) Various; several; all sorts of.

*각반 s. 脚絆(다리)(얽을) Leggings; gaiters. *See* 힝젼.

*각방 s. 各坊 각 (방) Each township—a political division of a district. *See* 각면

*각방 s. 各房(각)(방) Each room; every room.

*각방 s. 各邦(각)(나라) Each country; all countries; various countries

*각방 s. 各方(각)(모) Everywhere; throughout the country; in various localities. All kinds of plans.

*각별히 s. 刻別 삭일 분별 ᄒᆞ다 adv., particularly; exactly. *See* 각쏫시.

*각별ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻別(삭일)(분별) To be careful; to be particular; to be exact. *See* 각쏫ᄒᆞ다.

*각부 s. 各部(각)(떼) Each office—formerly used of the government. *See* 각ᄉᆞ.

*각산 s. 角山(쓸)(뫼) A post station in Kyong-sang do; in Whang-hai-do Lat. 37.38 Long. 126.55

*각산진ᄒᆞ다 各散進飛 각 흣ᄒᆞᆫ 다 흘)(놀) To separate, each flying off his own way. *See* 각산ᄒᆞ다.

*각산ᄒᆞ다 s. 各散(각)(흣흘) To separate; to disperse; to go each his own way. *See* 각산진비ᄒᆞ다.

*각상 s. 閣上 (집)(웃) Any room in the upper storey of a house.

*각서 s. 覺書 (깨두를)(글) Memorandum.

*각섹도 s. 角石島(쓸)(돌)(셤) An island in Ch'i. Lat. 34.27 Long. 127.04

*각설 s. 却說 (물ᄅᆞ)(말ᄉᆞᆷ) Let us proceed to tell—of a digression in a story. *See* 화설

*각섭석 s. 角閃石(쓸)(번득일)(돌) Amphibole.

*각셩 s. 角星 (쓸)(별) The first of the Constellations comprising the Stars α Spica and α Virgo. 201°, 3′, 0″.

각셩 各姓 각 ᄉᆞᆼ Each, sara a character; every man. *See* 각셩, 각인 각셩

*각소 s. 各所 (각)(바) All places; each spot; everywhere; various localities.

*각쇼 s. 角韶 (쓸)(풍류) The name of a class of tunes sung to king and courtiers. (M)

각슈 s. 刻手 (삭일)(손) An engraver; a wood-carver

*각슈염ᄒᆞ다 s. 各收斂 (각)(거둘)(거둘) To collect; to take up a subscription.

*각슈장이 s. 刻手匠 (삭일)(손)(장인) An engraver; a wood-carver

*각슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 角勝(쓸)(이길) To butt with the horns; to compete with.

각시 s. 新婦 (새—*신)(며느리 *부) A bride. *See* 신인. A doll.

*각시게 s. 角時計 (쓸)(때)(계교) An instrument for measuring angles; a goniometer.

*각신 s. 閣臣 (집)(신하) Rank belonging to the College of Literature. *See* 학각.

*각심 s. 各心 (각)(ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Each opinion; every mind. *See* 각즈위심.

*각심소위 s. 各心所爲 (각)(ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ)(바)(ᄒᆞ) Each acting according to his own mind. *See* 각심소원.

*각심소원 s. 各心所願 (각 (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ)(바)(원ᄒᆞᆯ) Each according to his wishes.

*각ᄉᆞ s. 各事 (각)(일) Each thing; all things; various matters.

*각ᄉᆞ s. 各司 (각)(맛흘) Each government office; every law office. *See* 각부.

*각식 s. 各色 (각)(빗) Every kind; all sorts of. *See* 각양.

*각쉽ᄒᆞ다 s. 各捨 (각)(놀) To leave each untaken—as pieces equally in danger on a draught-board.

*각아문 s. 各衙門 (각)(아문)(문) Various public offices; different departments of State.

*각양 s. 各樣 (각) (모양) Every thing; each sort of thing. *See* 각석.

*각영각수 s. 各營各帥 (각) (영문) (각) (맛흠) Each government headquarters and each inferior office.

*각오ᄒᆞ다 s. 覺悟 (깨도를) (깨도를) To make up one's mind; to be prepared.

*각우 s. 角隅 (쓸) (모퉁이) The inside corner—of anything.

*각위 s. 各位 (각) (벼슬) Each rank; a term used in addressing several persons collectively; gentlemen; sirs.

*각유소장 s. 各有所長 (각) (잇슬) (바) (긴) Every man has his useful points. *See* 인각유일능.

*각읍 s. 各邑 (각) (고을) Each official district.

*각의 s. 閣議 (집) (의론) A meeting of the Ministry in the *Na-kak*.

*각의ᄒᆞ다 s. 閣議 (집) (의론) To assemble —of the Ministry.

*각이ᄒᆞ다 s. 各異 (각) (다를) To be each different from the other.

*각인 s. 各人 (각) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Each person

*각인각성 s. 各人各姓 (각) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (각) (성) Each man with a different clan name. A mixed crowd; a mob.

*각인각에 s. 各人各處 (각) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (곳) Under each name—to indicate how much. *See* 각명하에.

각자거리다 s. 거려, 린 To scratch. To stir up; to anger; to tease. *See* 극져거리다.

각작각작 s. Teasing, angering; stirring up. *See* 극젹극젹.

각장 s. Thick oiled paper used for floor covering. *See* 각장장판.

석장이 s. A vagrant; a tramp. *See* 거지.

각지거리다 s. 거려; 린 To scratch. To anger; to stir up; to tease.

각젹각젹ᄒᆞ다 s. To scratch; to grate. To tease; to anger.

*각전 s. 角錢 (쓸) (돈) Small change—in silver money. *Opp.* 원

*각전 s. 各廛 (각) (젼) Each shop; each store. *See* 시젼.

*각종 s. 各種 (각) (죵류) Every variety; each species. *See* 각ᄆᆞᆷ

*각종취합 s. 各種取合 (각) (종류) (취홀) (모둘) An assortment.

*각쥬 s. 角柱 (쓸) (기동) A prison.

석지 s. 莢 (*껴) A pod; a shell; a covering. (열다).

*각지 s. 角指 (쓸) (손가락) A horn ring for the thumb in archery. (셔다).

석지셔다 s. To clasp the hands firmly

석지동 s. A thatched bin for bean-chaff —used to describe fat people.

*각지불공 s. 卻之不恭 (물니칠) (갈) (아닐) (공슌) (To) decline it would be disrespectful.

각지손 s. The hand wearing the horn ring. Obstinacy, whatever is headstrong

*각조 s. 各自 (각) (스스리) Every one; each person.

*각조위심 s. 各自爲心 (각) (스스리) (ᄒᆞ) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Each according to his own mind —in a wrong sense.

*각조도신 s. 各自圖生 (각) (스스리) (도모홀) (날) Every man for himself—in gaining a living.

*각조ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻字 (삭일) (글ᄌᆞ) To engrave characters.

*각쳐 s. 各處 (각) (곳) Every place; each spot. *See* 쳐쳐.

각촌 s. 各村 (각) (마을) Every village; various villages.

*각츄 s. 角錐 (쓸) (송곳) A pyramid.

*각출물 s. 略出物 (비얏흘) (날) (물건) Sputum.

*각침 s. 刻針 (삭일) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) The minute hand—of a clock. *Opp.* 시침.

*각톄 s. 各體 (각) (몸) Every style—of writing or of composition. *See* 각양.

*각풍 s. 脚痛 (ᄃᆞ리) (압흠) Disease of the legs—as rheumatism. (나다). *See* 각긔

*각파 s. 各派 (각) (갈내) Each branch; every division. *Opp.* 온파.

*각판ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻板 (삭일) (판ᄌᆞ) To engrave plates—for printing.

*각패 s. 角牌 (쓸) (패) A horn tablet carried by graduates—on which is the name etc. of the bearer. *Opp.* 온패.

*각품 s. 各品 (각) (품수) Each degree—in rank. *See* 각품.

*각필 s. 閣筆 (집) (붓) Literally 'laying down the pen'; 'I now conclude; I lay down my pen.'

*각하 s. 閣下 (집) (아래) Sir. Your Excellency. (Epist). *See* 합하.

*각항 s. 各項 (각) (목) All kinds; each kind of. *See* 각품.

*각항 s. 各港 (각) (항구) Every port or harbour, various ports.

*각혈 s. 咯血 (비얏흘) (필) Hemoptisis.

*각형 n. 角形 (뿔)(형상) A square shape; square, rectangular

*각혼 n. 覺魂 (깨닫을)(혼) The senses—common to man and beast. *Opp.* 심혼

*각호다 a. 刻 (새길) To carve; to engrave. *See* 삭이다.

간 n. 肝 (*간) The liver. (골다) (녹다) (두다)

*간 n. 奸 (간사) Wickedness; treachery, malice. *See* 악.

*간 n. 間 (소이) An interval; a space. A space eight feet by eight in the measurement of a house.

간 n. 鹽醬 (소곰—*염)(장 *장) Seasoning, side dishes. *See* 간장.

간각 n. Perception; ability to see through.

*간각 n. 間刻 소이 (새길) an interval. (고토다). *See* 간살

*간각호다 刻해 삭인 삭일 To grave.

*간간대소호다 肝肝大笑 (간간) (큰 웃음 To burst with laughter; to split one's sides laughing. *See* 쌀쌀웃다.

*간간히 l. 間間 (소이) (소이) From time to time; at intervals; in places. *See* 소이소이

간간히 a. Carefully, exactly—as in cross questioning. *See* 쌀쌀히.

간간호다 a. To be salty; to have flavor. *See* 쌀쌀호다. To be bright.

간간호다 To be careful, to be exact, to be persistent *See* 쌀쌀호다.

간거르다 n. 間 (소이) 거른 To take every other one, to do every other time. *See* 간일호다

*간기리 n. 間 (소이) An interval; a space.

간거리장사 n. A house-broker.

*간검호다 n. 看檢 (볼)(상고홀) To oversee; to guard; to look after.

간격호다 l. 間隔 (소이 (막힐) To be divided; to be separated; to be apart

*간계 n. 奸計 (간사) (계교) A trick; a fraud; a deception. *See* 흉계.

*간계호다 l. 諫戒 (간홀) (경계) To expostulate.

*간경 n. 肝經 (간) (지날) The liver bloodvessels; the liver.

*간경에 l. 間頃 (소이) (이랑) During the interval. *See* 간잣에.

*간경풍 n. 肝經風 간 (지날 바람 Wind on the liver; epilepsy. *See* 경풍.

*간고 n. 艱苦 (간난) (괴로울) Distress; affliction; suffering; misery. *See* 신고

*간곡 n. 肝谷 (간) (골) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*간곤호다 a. 艱困 (간난) (곤홀) To be difficult; to be distressing, to be hard—as from poverty

*간공일 l. 間空日 소이 (빌 날) Wednesday. *See* 반공일; 슈요일.

*간교호다 a. 奸巧 (간사) (공교) To be crafty; to be cunning; to be deceitful. *See* 간특호다.

*간구호다 a. 艱窮 (간난) (구차홀) To be poor; to be needy; to be in poverty. *See* 구간호다

간국 n. (—쑥) Brine; salty water—as used in pickle. *See* 젓국.

*간극 l. 間隙 (소이) (틈) An interval of time or space; a crack, crevice, or fissure. Breach or rupture of friendship; estrangement. *See* 틈.

*간긔 n. 癎氣 (간질) (긔운) Fits; epilepsy. *See* 경풍.

*간긔 n. 肝已 (간) (몸) A post station in Whang-hai-do Lat 38.35 Long 126.

*간긔호다 l. 間氣 (소이) (긔운) To be rare; to be gifted; to be superior. *See* 간세호다.

*간과 n. 干戈 (방패) (창) Shields and spears; arms. *See* 병긔.

간관 諫官 (간홀) 벼슬 officials whose duty it is to remonstrate with the sovereign. *See* 소간.

간나히 n. 姦女 (간직—*창) (계집 *녀) A prostitute; a harlot. *See* 화랑년.

*간난 (이) 연슈 n. 艱難勞苦 (간난) (어려울 연슈 Distress; poverty

*간난호다 艱難 간난, 어려울 To be poor; to be needy; to be indigent. *See* 간궁호다

*간녕호다 n. 姦佞 (간악) (지조) To be wicked and servile; to be corrupt and cringing

*간뇌 n. 肝腦 (간) (뇌두) The liver and brain.

간뇌도디호다 肝腦塗地 간 뇌두 (바를 짜) To strew one's brains on the ground; to lay dead.

*간능 n. 幹能 (줄기) (능홀) Shrewdness brightness; cleverness.

*간능호다 n. 幹能 (줄기) (능홀) To be shrewd; to be sharp; to be bright.

간닙 l. A lobe of the liver

간닥간닥호다 n. To fit loosely; to shake. *See* 간들간들호다.

*간단 s. 間斷 (소이) (문홀) An interval of rest; cessation of motion or work; interruption. (업시).

간단업시 l. 無間斷 (업슬—*무) (소이—*간) (문홀—*단) Without cessation; constantly; uncessingly.

*간단ᄒᆞ다 l. 簡短 (간단홀) (랄을) To be abbreviated; to be lessened. *See* 간략ᄒᆞ다.

*간단ᄒᆞ다 l 間斷 (소이) (문홀) To have vacant intervals.

*간담 s. 肝膽 (간) (담) Liver and gall—heart; affection. *See* 간장.

*간당 s. 奸黨 (간사) (무리) A company of traitors.

간당간당ᄒᆞ다 s. To fit loosely; to shake back and forth *See* 간닥간닥ᄒᆞ다.

간당거리다 s. 거려; 린 To shake back and forth; to fit loosely. *See* 간들거리다.

*간도 l. 間道 (소이) (길) A secret path.

*간독 l. 簡牘 (편지) (편지) A book of letter forms or models. *See* 편지투.

*간두 s. 竿頭 (대) (머리) The end of a pole,—the very end; the conclusion.

간두루 s. An ending meaning *Since, because*

간드러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be bright and handsome. *See* 산드러지다.

간들간들ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake; to rattle; to fit loosely. *See* 간닥간닥ᄒᆞ다. To be thin and lanky

간들거리다 s. 거려; 린 To shake; to rattle. *See* 간당거리다. To be thin and lanky

간들이다 s. 듸여; 딘 To brag; to swagger; to bluster. *See* 남신거리다.

간듯잔듯 s. Lightly; gently—as of the wind blowing. Quickly; speedily. *See* 남신남신.

간듸로 s. So much; so great? *See* 그듸지.

간딩간딩ᄒᆞ다. s. To shake; to rattle; to fit loosely. *See* 흔들흔들ᄒᆞ다.

*간략ᄒᆞ다 l 簡畧 (간략) (간략) To be abridged; to be shortened; to be lacking. *See* 간단ᄒᆞ다.

*간리 s. 奸吏 (간사) (아젼) A cunning yamen clerk; a crafty *ajon*.

*간리ᄒᆞ다 s. 幹理 (간셥홀) (다스릴) To direct; to manage, to control.

간린스럽다 s. 慳吝 (앗길) (린석홀) 러워; 온 To be stingy; to be close; to be parsimonious.

*간린ᄒᆞ다 s. 慳吝 (앗길) (린석홀) To be stingy; to be parsimonious.

간막이 s. An animal's viscera. A partition; a screen.

*간망ᄒᆞ다 s. 渴望 (불) (부랄) To hope; to wish.

*간명 s. 簡命 (편지) (명홀) An application.

*간목 s. 乾木 (무를) (나무) Dry wood.

간물 s. 鹽水 (소금 *염) (물—*슈) Brine; salty water as used in pickle. *See* 젓국.

*간물 s. 奸物 (간사) (만물) A hypocrite, a knave; a scoundrel. *See* 요린.

*간방 l 間方 (소이) (오) The divisions between the cardinal points.

*간범 s. 干犯 (간셥홀) (범홀) An accomplice. *Opp.* 원범

*간범ᄒᆞ다 s. 干犯 (간셥홀) (범홀) To offend against; to break—as a law; to transgress; to violate

*간병자 s. 看病者 (볼) (병들) (놈) A sick-nurse.

*간병졸 s. 看病卒 (볼) (병들) (군사) Soldier-nurses.

*간병ᄒᆞ다 s. 看病 (볼) (병들) To nurse; to attend on the sick.

간보다 s. 야; 본 To despise; to treat with contempt. *See* 업시ᄒᆞ다.

*간부 s. 姦婦 (간악) (지어미) An adulteress.

*간부 l 間夫 (소이) (지아비) A paramour; one who comes between husband and wife. *See* 외부.

*간부 s. 姦夫 (간악) (지아비) An adulter.

간사스럽다 s. 러워; 온 To be deceitful; to be cunning; to be fraudulent.

*간사ᄒᆞ다 s. 奸詐 (간사) (간사) To be deceitful; to be cunning; to be fraudulent. *See* 간교; 간악ᄒᆞ다.

*간상 s. 間廂 (소이) (샹방 *각 A space; an interval. *See* 간각.

*간상 s. 奸商 (간사) (장소) Illicit traders, a dishonest merchant.

*간상비 s. 奸商輩 (간사) (장소) (무리) Illicit traders; dishonest dealers.

*간셥ᄒᆞ다 s. 幹旋 (간셥홀) (도리킬) To render assistance; to help; to labour to; to promote the interest of another.

*간셥 s. 干涉 (간셥홀) (건널) Interference.

*간셥굴절계 s. 干涉屈折計 (간셥홀) (건널) (굴홀) (썩글 (계교 Interference refractometer.

*간셥ᄒᆞ다 s. 干涉 (간셥홀) (건널) To in-

terfere; to meddle. To take part in. *See* 참예ᄒᆞ다.

*간세ᄒᆞ다 *f.* 間世 (간세) 인간) To be rare; to be gifted; to be superior. *See* 간지ᄒᆞ다.

*간성 *f.* 杆城 (나무) (재) A prefect in Kang wondo Lat 38 10 Long 128 20

*간성 *s.* 干城 (방패) (재) A defence, a protection,—as of a country.

*간성지장 *s.* 干城之將 (방패 성) 갈) (장슈) A general who is wall and shield—a great general.

*간수 *s.* 間數 (소이) 두어 The number of *kan*—a lineal measure equal to eight feet

간슈 *s.* 酸水 (소금—*열) (물—*슈) Drippings from salt.

*간슈장 *s.* 看守長, (볼) (직힐) (어룬) A chief inspector—of the prison or jail.

*간슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 看守 (볼) (직힐) To take charge of; to oversee; to guard or watch—prisoners. *See* 간직ᄒᆞ다.

*간슈계 *s.* 乾濕計 (ᄆᆞᆯᆞᆯ) (저질) (게교) A barometer.

*간슈법 *f.* 簡乘法 (간략) (곱) (법) Contracted multiplication.

*간ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *f.* 間隔 (소이) (ᄯᅥ) To be at intervals, to be from time to time. *See* 간일ᄒᆞ다.

*간시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 看視 (볼) (볼) To see; to observe

*간신 *s.* 艱食 (간난) (밥) Food earned by the sweat of the brow. (B.H.)

*간신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 旰食 (느질) (밥) To be late in eating one's meals; to be busy of the King or Emperor.

*간신 *s.* 奸臣 (간사) (신하) A treacherous minister—one who betrays his trust. *See* 역신

*간신 *f.* 諫臣 (간ᄒᆞᆯ) (신하) A retainer who has remonstrated with his lord.

*간신히 *s.* 艱辛 (간난) (ᄆᆡ울 With difficulty; hardly. *Opp.* 용이히.

*간신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 艱辛 간난 ᄀᆡ울 To be arduous; to be distressing; to be difficult ᄂᆞᆺ 어렵다.

간질간질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To tickle; to cause a tickling sensation. *See* 간질간질ᄒᆞ다

간ᄉᆞ위 *f.* 智覺 (슬긔—*지) (ᄭᅴ닷ᄅᆞᆯ *각) Intelligence; ability; judgment.

*간ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 幹事 간사ᄒᆞᆯ ᄉᆞᆯ To transact business affairs; to have the direction of matters.

*간소ᄒᆞ다 *f.* 簡易 (간략ᄒᆞᆯ) (쉽ᄒᆞᆯ To be easy; to be convenient.

*간ᄉᆡ *s.* 間隔 (소이) (슈이ᄒᆞᆯ) A space, an interval (고로다). *See* 간셥.

*간ᄉᆡᆨ *s.* 看色 (볼 ᄇᆡᆺ Samples of—as rice, silk. (보다).

*간ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *s.* 看色 (볼) (ᄇᆡᆺ) To examine the quality—as of rice, silk etc *See* 간품ᄒᆞ다.

*간악ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 奸惡 (간사) (모질) To be bad, to be wicked. To be malicious. *See* 간교ᄒᆞ다

*간애ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 干礙 (간셥ᄒᆞᆯ) (걸닐) To hinder; to impede; to obstruct.

*간여제초ᄒᆞ다 *f.* 間於齊楚 (소이) (놀) (나라) (나라) To be between the *Cho* Kingdom and the *Cho* Kingdom—to be between Scylla and Charybdis. To be changeable.

*간언 *s.* 諫言 (간ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Remonstrance; reproof; advice addressed to a superior.

*간언ᄂᆞᆨ다 *f.* 間言 (소이) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) ᄂᆞᆨ다; 흔 To intercept; to break off. *See* 반간ᄂᆞᆨ다.

*간언들다 *f.* 間言 (소이) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) 드러; 른 To be intercepted; to be broken off.

*간여ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 干與 (간셥ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆡᆺᄇᆞᆯ) To be concerned in; to take part in; to meddle in

*간역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 看役 (볼) (역ᄉᆞ) To oversee; to take charge of. *See* 감역ᄒᆞ다.

*간예국ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 干預國事 간셥ᄒᆞᆯ) (참예ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라 일 To take part in as state affairs.

*간예ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 干與 (간셥ᄒᆞᆯ (참예ᄒᆞᆯ) To take part in, to be mixed up in *See* 참셥ᄒᆞ다

*간요ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 奸妖 (간사) (요괴로울) To be deceitful; to be cunning; to be crafty. *See* 간ᄒᆞᆯᄒᆞ다.

*간웅 *s.* 奸雄 (간사) (슈컷) A clever hypocrite; a crafty character. *See* 간인.

*간유 *f.* 肝油 (간) (기ᄅᆞᆷ) Cod-liver oil.

*간음 *s.* 奸淫 (간사) (음란) Fornication; adultery. *See* ᄆᆞᆯ힘.

간이ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *f.* 諫而死 간ᄒᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆯ이) (죽을) To enforce one's advice to a superior with ones life.

*간이ᄒᆞ다 *f.* 簡易 (간략ᄒᆞᆯ) (쉬울) To be simple; to be easy; to be short.

*간인 *s.* 奸人 (간사) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A cheat; a knave; a deceitful person. *See* 쇼인.

*간일ᄒᆞ다 *f.* 間日 (소이) (날) To be every other day; to take place every other day. *Opp.* 연일.

간자거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To rate; to scold, to growl at. To tickle. (v. t.) (Prov.)

간작간작하다 *s.* To rate; to scold; to tongue-lash.

간잔지런하다 *s.* To be even; to be in order, to be arranged *See* 간지런하다.

*간잠에 *l.* 間暫 (소이) (놈) During the interval.

간장 *s.* 甘醬 (돌—*강) (장—*장) Sov. (처다) *Opp.* 로장.

*간장 *s.* 肝腸 (간) (창조) Liver and bowels—the seat of sorrow, distress etc. (녹다). *See* 간담.

*간적 *s.* 奸迹 (간사) (자최) Evidence of adultery.

*간접 *s.* 間接 (소이 붓흘) Indirect, not direct, by remote means. *Opp* 직접

*간접소권 *l.* 間接訴權 (소이) (붓흘) (알원) (권세) Indirect right of prosecution.

간접이 *s.* A portfolio.

*간세법 *l.* 簡除法 (간략) (덜) (법) Contracted division.

*간정 *s.* 姦情 (간악) (뜻) Adultery.

*간정되다 *s.* 乾淨 무를 (깡호) 되여, 된 To be clean; to be well; to quiet down. *See* 마침하다.

*간정하다 *s.* 乾淨 (무를) (깡호) To be clean; to be well; to quiet down

*간조관 *s.* 乾燥管 (무를) (무를) (대쪽) Drying tube.

*간조증 *s.* 乾燥症 (무를) (무를) (병) Worry; impatience.

*간조하다 *s.* 乾燥 (무를) (무를) To be thirsty; to be dry; to be parched; to be feverish.

*간죽 *l.* 竿竹 (대) (대) A long bamboo pipe-stem. *See* 설대.

간즈런하다 *s.* To be even; to be in order. *See* 간잔즈런하다.

*간증 *s.* 幹證 (간섭홀) (증거) An eyewitness.

*간지 *s.* 干支 (방패) (지열) The term given to the names by which the years and months are distinguished in reckoning time according to the cycle of sixty years, the 간, or 'heavenly stems,' which are ten in number, corresponding with the denary cycle, and the twelve 지 with the months.

*간지 *l.* 簡紙 (편지) (조희) Letter paper

간지럼두다 *s.* 둔; 둘 To be ticklish; to be easily tickled.

간지럼다 *s.* 러워; 운 To tickle; to be ticklish

간지르다 *s.* 질 (가려울 *양) 질너, 지른 To tickle (v. t.). *Opp.* 긁다.

간직하다 *s.* 織 (조촐 *장) To look after; to put aside carefully. *See* 간수하다.

*간질 *l.* 癎疾 (간질) (병) Epilepsy; fits. *See* 간질증.

간질간질하다 *l.* To tickle; to feel a tickling sensation. *See* 간실간실하다.

*간쟁하다 *l.* 諫諍 (간호) (간호) To remonstrate with; to offer advice to one's superior; to argue with his lord—of a retainer

*간편하다 *l.* 簡便 (간략) (편홀) To be light; to be convenient, to be handy. *See* 경첩하다.

*간유하다 *s.* 看守 (볼), (가올) To oversee the harvests. *See* 추수하다.

*간지 *l.* 簡紙 (편지) (조) Letter-paper, a file of letters. *See* 간지.

간치다 *s.* 쳐; 친 To salt down. *See* 간하다.

간절추추 *s.* An autumn as barren as spring

*간찰 *s.* 間札 (소이) (편지) A secret letter; to-egled correspondence.

*간통하다 *s.* 姦通 (간악) (통홀) To have illicit intercourse with; to commit adultery.

*간투사 *s.* 間投詞 (소이) (던질) (말솜) Interjection.

*간특하다 *s.* 奸慝 (간사) (사특홀) To be cunning; to be crafty; to be slippery. *See* 흉악하다.

*간택하다 *l.* 揀擇 (갈힐) (덕홀) To choose; to select—as a wife for a royal personage.

간편 *l* The heart—the seat of judgment or perception.

*간편하다 *l.* 簡便 (간략) (편홀) To be simple; to be convenient; to be handy *See* 경첩하다.

*간품하다 *s.* 看品 (볼) (품수) To examine in to the quality to examine *See* 간식하다.

*간필 *l.* 簡筆 (편지) (붓) Letter pens. *See* 초필.

*간호부 *s.* 看護婦 (볼) (두호) (지어미) A sick-nurse.

*간호원 *s.* 看護員 (볼) (두호) (인원) A sick-nurse.

*간호학 *s.* 看護學 (볼) (두호) (비홀) The science of nursing.

*간호ᄒᆞ다 s. 看護 (볼) 호 (호) To take charge of; to watch over, to nurse.

*간혹 s. 間或 (소이) (혹) From time to time; at intervals; in places. *See* 잇다감.

*간휼ᄒᆞ다 s. 奸譎 간사 (휼) To be cunning; to be crafty. *See* 간교ᄒᆞ다.

*간흉ᄒᆞ다 s. 奸凶 (간사) (흉) To be cunning; to be crafty. *See* 간사ᄒᆞ다.

간힘쓰다 s. 힘써 쓴 To strain, to put forth an effort; to groan—in labor.

*간ᄒᆞ다 s. 乾 (모를) To dry to be dry. *See* 죽ᄒᆞ다.

간ᄒᆞ다 s. To salt down.

*간ᄒᆞ다 l. 諫 (간홀) To remonstrate with; to counsel; to correct.

*간ᄒᆞ다 s. 奸 (간사) To be malicious; to be deceitful; to be treacherous. *See* 간사ᄒᆞ다

*간행ᄒᆞ다 s. 刊行 (삭일) (힝홀) To print; to publish.

*간활ᄒᆞ다 s. 奸猾 (간사) (사오나올) To be crafty; to be cunning; to be malicious. *See* 잔인ᄒᆞ다.

갈 l. 蘆 (*호) Reeds.

갈 s. 蝎女 (게집—*녀) A prostitute; a low woman. *See* 갈보.

갈 l. 櫪 (가나무 *가) Oak leaves—used as fertilizer

갈 l. 色 (빗—*식) Color; material *See* 빗ᄎᆞᆯ.

갈가마귀 s. 鴉 (*여) The white-necked crow, *Corvus torquatus;* the eastern jackdaw, *Lycos dauricus.*

갈가먹다. s. 먹어; 은 To gnaw.

갈가지 s. 豹虎 (표범—*표) (범—*호) A leopard. (Prov.) *See* 개호쥬.

갈갈웃다. s. 우셔; 슨 To roar with laughter. (Dim.) *See* 벌벌웃다

갈갈히 s. In shreds; in confusion; pell-mell.

갈갈ᄒᆞ다 s. To be exhausted; to be worn out.

갈갈ᄒᆞ다. s. To be rough to the touch; to be prickly. *Opp.* 밋근밋근ᄒᆞ다. To have a disagreeable taste in the mouth.

갈개군 s. A bark stripper—in making paper

갈개다 s. 개여, 갠 To tear, to mangle; to eat up; to injure. (Prov.) *See* 가래다.

갈강갈강ᄒᆞ다 s. To wheeze; to rasp; to grate.

*갈건 s. 葛巾 (칡) (슈건) A cap made of the fibre of *Pueraria thunbergiana.*

*갈건야복 葛巾野服 칡 슈건 들 옷) A coarse dress and fibre-hat—of a hermit or sage.

*갈게 s. 蝲蛄 (칡) (게 *히) A kind of crab

갈겨먹다 s. 어; 은 To 'squeeze.' *See* 쎄여먹다.

갈경갈경ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin, to be slight.

갈고랑이 s. 鉤 (갈고리—*구) A hook. (Prov.) Insinuating speech. *See* 갈고리.

갈고리 s. 鉤 (갈고리 -*구) A hook; a curved stick

갈고랑이 s. 鉤 (갈고리 *구) A hook.

*갈분ᄒᆞ다 s. 渴忿 (목무를) (분홀) To be in a hurry; to be in haste. (Prov.)

갈구슬 s. The berries of the *Pueraria thunbergiana.*

갈그랑갈그랑ᄒᆞ다 s. To wheeze; to pant. *See* 갈강갈강ᄒᆞ다.

*갈근 s. 葛根 칡 (쎄리) The root of the *Pueraria thunbergiana.*

갈근갈근ᄒᆞ다 s. To wheeze; to pant.

갈근거리다 s. 려; 린 To wheeze; to pant.

갈끈갈끔ᄒᆞ다 s. To be rough—to the touch; to be bristly. To be brusque. *Opp.* 밋근밋근ᄒᆞ다.

*갈급ᄒᆞ다 s. 渴急 (목무를) (급홀) To be in straits; to be badly off

갈기 l. 鬣 (*렵) The mane.

갈기 s. A turner's chisel.

갈기다 s. 기; 긴 (갈길—*전) 갈겨; 긴 To cut [illegible], to shave off.

*갈끈방 s. 葛覓幇 (잡방이) 너그러울; 너를) Beggars; vagrants. (M.)

갈나서다 s. 나셔; 선 To stand apart; to separate. (v. i.)

갈낭 l. A dish of meat and eggs. (붓치다). *See* 전유어.

갈내 s. 派 (*파) Divisions; branches; ramifications; streams. *See* 줄기.

갈니다 s. 分離 (논홀 *분) (떠날 -*리) 갈녀; 닌 To be separated. To be changed.

갈니다 s. 遞代 (갈닐—*뎨) (뒤신—*딕) 갈녀; 닌 To be replaced, to be refilled. To be re-soled—of wooden clogs.

갈니다 s. 磨 (갈 *아) 갈녀; 닌 To be ground; to be reduced to powder. To be hurt.

갈니이다 s. 分離 (논홀—*분) (떠날—*리)

이여; 인 To be separated To be changed—as the voice; to be hoarse.

갈닙 *l.* 葛葉 (가나모—*가) (닙—*엽) Leaves of the scrubby oak—used for fertilizing paddy-fields.

갈다 *s.* 磨 (갈—*마) 아; 간 To grind; to file; to rub; to polish.

갈다 *s.* 耕 (밧갈—*경) 아; 간 To plough.

갈다 *s.* 替 (갈—*체) 아; 간 To change—as office. To renew.

갈다 *s.* 아; 간 To spread out—as a mat *See* 펴다.

갈다귀 *s.* A gnat.

갈짜기 *s.* A kind of helmet worn by servants of the official prison runners. A funnel for pouring liquids through.

갈딱 *s.* With a gulp. (Dim.) *See* 꼴딱.

갈딱갈딱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To gulp; to swallow down repeatedly. *See* 꼴딱꼴딱ᄒᆞ다.

*갈담 *s.* 葛站 (칡) (뎃참) A post station in Chöl-la-do.

갈대 *s.* (—싸) Reeds.

*갈등 *s.* 葛藤 (칡) (등) Creepers (*Pueraria thunbergiana*, and rattans—supposed to be mutually opposed, hence disagreement; enmity. (나다). *See* 빙판.

*갈등나다 *s.* 葛藤 (칡ㅅ 등) 등나; 난 To be opposed; to disagree. *See* 가라나다.

*갈력ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 竭力 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘) To put forth all one's strength; to make every effort. *See* 진력ᄒᆞ다.

갈마들다 *s.* 替入 (갈—*체) (들 —*입) 들어; 든 To try one and then another; to employ by turns. *See* 헤번ᄒᆞ다.

갈막이 *s.* 鷗 (*구) A sea-gull. *See* 뵉구.

갈매 *s.* 紺青 (물드릴—*엽) (푸를—*청) A blue color—obtained from the *Kalmä*. (드리다,

갈매나무 *s.* 紺青木 (물드릴—*엽) (푸를—*청) (나무—*목) A tree from which blue dye is obtained.

*갈망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 渴望 (목무를) (바랄) To earnestly desire

갈망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To answer an objection; to provide for.

갈물 *l.* 檞水 (가나무—*가) (물—*슈) Red dye obtained from the bark of the *Kal* tree.

갈바람 *s.* A southwest wind. *See* 서남풍.

*갈범 *s.* 葛虎 (칡) (범 —*호) A large striped tiger. *See* 칡범.

갈보 *s.* A prostitute; a low woman. *See* 은군자.

쌀보다 *s.* 보아; 본 To look at askance; to treat with contempt. *See* 업수히넉이다.

*갈분 *s.* 葛粉 (칡) (분) Flour obtained from the root of the *Pueraria thunbergiana*

갈비 *s.* 脇 (*현) The ribs.

갈삿갓 *s.* 蘆笠 (갈—*로) (삿갓—*립) A large reed hat.

갈새 *s.* The reed bird—a variety of the bobolink having a harsh chattering note.

*갈석 *s.* 褐色 (잠방이) (빗) A brown colour.

*갈석고이 *s.* 褐色苦味 (잠방이) (빗) (쓸) (맛) Beer-bread.

*갈연광 *s.* 褐鉛鑛 (잠방이) (납) (쇠돌) Vanadinte.

갈이 *s.* 改造 (못첨 *귀) (지을 —*조) A half sole; a part patched on.

갈이 *s.* A hen-coop. (Prov.) *See* 어리 A pile—of wood, rice etc.

갈이 *l.* A street vagrant.

갈이다 *s.* 積 (싹흠 *쎡) 여; 인 To heap up; to pile up. *See* 로적ᄒᆞ다.

갈인스럽다 *s.* 리워; 운 To be stingy; to be parsimonious. (Prov.)

갈짝갈짝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rustle; to crackle. To be bristly.

갈쭝잡다 *s.* 아; 온 To add extra metal in order to provide against loss caused by polishing etc. To have personal designs; to make one's plans to suit.

갈쭉갈쭉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be rough; to be uneven. *See* 업쭉벌쭉.

*갈파보 *s.* 葛州堡 (칡ㅅ) (고을) (작을) A fort in Pyöng-an-do Lat. 40.17 Long. 125.20.

*갈증나다 *s.* (—쭝) 渴症 (목무를) (증세) 나; 난 To be thirsty; to become thirsty. *See* 갈ᄒᆞ다.

갈지 *s.* (—찌) Paper spread out to catch what falls.

*갈진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 竭盡 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be exhausted; to be finished; to be spent.

갈청 *s.* 茎 (*부) The inner bark of a reed.

갈초 *l.* Dried grass fuel etc.

*갈충보국ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 竭忠報國 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (충성) (갚을) (나라) To serve one's country faithfully.

갈충이 *l.* 檞虫 (가나무—*가) (버레—*충) A parasite found on the leaves of the *Kal* tree.

갈치 s. The gar pike. *Belone truncata.*

*갈치호다 s. 稱來 (부지질) (칭찌) To praise; to commend, to extol.

갈키 s. A rake.

*갈딜광 s. 褐鐵礦 (갈방이) (쇠) (쇠돌) Brown hematite limonite

*갈딜립 s. 褐鐵粒 (갈방이) (쇠) (쌀알) Pisolitic limonite.

갈줌 s. 匣筒 (갈 *로) (줌 *줌) A case made of a large reed stem.

*갈-: 碣隅 (*) (언덕 \ post station i Hang-kyŏng-do Lat. 41.23 Long. 127.27.

*갈마지 s. 갈방지 (싸) (언덕) (알) A military station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 41.27 Lon 127 (

갈팡질팡호다 s. To go hither and thither; to try this and that; to dabble *See* 엄벙덤벙호다.

*갈포 s. 葛布 (칡 *베) Cloth made from the fibre of the *Pueraria thunbergiana*

*갈곶 s. 갈곶 (싸) (개) A naval station i Whang-hai-do Lat. 37.44 Lon 125 (

갈쭌 s. 葛峯 (칡) (쭌년) A post station n Kang-won do.

갈픈 s. 蘆花 (갈 *로) (풋 -*화) Reed blossoms.

*갈피 s. 葛皮 (칡) (가죽) Bark of the *Pueraria thunbergiana.*

갈피 s. 區 (*구) A space; a ply; a division.

*갈현동 s. 碣峴洞 (싸) (마루) (골) A military station in Pyong an-do Lat. 40.45 Long. 125 50

갈히다 s. 揀 (갈힘 -*힉) 갈혀, 힌 To choose; to select. *See* 엑호다

*갈호다 s. 渴 (목무를) To be thirsty—used with the word 목. *See* 목무르다.

*갈화 s. 葛花 (칡) (쏫) The flowers of the creeper *Pueraria thunbergiana*

갉다 s. 去皮 (부릴 *거) (가죽 -*피) 갉아; 은 To scrape; to peel; to smooth off. *See* 갉아.

갑 *l.* The turn of the tide. Stuff material

갑 *l.* 柿 (*시) A persimmon. *See* 연시.

*갑가호다 *l.* 減價 (덜) (갑) To lower the price; to cut down the cost.

*갑각 *l.* 感覺 (갑동) (헤두를) Sensibility sensation; feeling; perception; intelligence.

*갑각심 *l.* 感覺心 (갑동) (헤두를) (모음) *See* 갑각.

*갑각호다 *l.* 感覺 (갑동) (헤두를) To feel; to be sensible of; to perceive; to understand; to comprehend.

갑갑호다 s. 悶鬱 (아득홀—*묘) (그럴—*연) To be silent; to be lonely. *See* 중즘호다.

*갑갑호다 s. 黑暗 (검을—*도) (어두울—*음) To be dark To be obscure To be dim. *See* 어둡다.

*감격호다 *l.* 感激 (감동) 격동홀) To be grateful to be grateful to state to *See* 감사호다.

*감결 *l.* 甘結 (돌) (뎨길) An official despatch—from a governor to a lower officer. *See* 하답.

*감고 s. 甘苦 (돌) (쓸) The sweet and the bitter. Prosperity and adversity.

*감고 s. 監考 (볼) (상고) A collector of customs or toll. A jailer.

*감곡산 s. 甘谷山 (돌) 곡 (뫼 \ mountain in Kyong-sang do Lat 128 44

*감공 s. 嵌工 (굴) (장인) Inlaid work; also one skilled in doing inlaid work.

*감국 s. 甘菊 (돌) (국화) The yellow chrysanthemum.

*감군 s. 監軍 (볼) (군소) An officer who is appointed to keep his eye on the conduct of soldiers and their leaders and to report it to the commander-in-chief.

*감금 s. 監禁 (볼 금돌) Imprisonment; confinement; detention

*감금호다 s. 監禁 (볼) (금돌) To imprison; to put into jail

*감긔 *l.* 感氣 (감동) (긔운) A cold. (돌다). *See* 감환, 곳봄.

감기다 s. 감겨; 긴 To coil around. To wash; to bathe To shut the To cling to—as wet clothes. To be unable to; to be insufficient for To be injured by.

*감닥 s. 甘苔 돌 이끼 \ weed. *See* 히닥.

감판 s. 監官 (볼) (벼슬) An overseer of public work. *See* 감고.

*감나대 s. 坎拿大 (북방) (잡을) (큰) Canada.

*감농호다 s. 監農 (볼) (농소) To oversee agriculture; to take charge of work in the fields. *See* 권농호다.

감다 *l.* 호 (감을—*현) 아; 은 To be black. *See* 샛감아뎌.

감다 *l* 호 (감을—*현) 아, 은 To be black; to be inky. *See* 검다.

감다 *l* 閉目 (감을—*합) (눈 -*목) 아; 은 To close—the eyes.

감다 *l.* 아; 은 To wind.

감다 *l.* 沐浴 (메역감을—*목) (메역감을—*욕) 아, 은 To take—a bath.

*감당 *s.* 甘棠 (돌) (아가위) Metaphor for the veneration expressed toward a beneficent ruler, and associated with So-Kong (召公).

*감당ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堪當 (견딜) (맛당) To bear; to sustain; to endure. *See* 저당ᄒᆞ다.

*감력관 *s.* 監的官 (볼) (관혁) (벼슬) An officer in charge of the target—in archery.

*감력ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 監的, (볼) (관혁) To examine the target after a shot.

*감명 *s.* 鑑定, 거울 (명홀) Appraisement.

*감명서 *s.* 勘定書 (헴쓸) (명홀) (글) A written account or bill.

*감명장 *s.* 勘定帳 (헴쓸) (명홀) (장막) An account-book.

*감명표 *s.* 勘定表 (헴쓸) (명홀) (표ᄌᆞ) A balance sheet.

*감명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勘定 (헴쓸) (명홀) To count; to make a calculation.

감도리 *l.* Black nightshade. (Prov.).

*감독 *s.* 監督 (볼) (거누릴) A superintendent; an overseer. A protestant bishop.

감돌다 *l.* 盤回 (소반 *반) (돌—회) 아; 은 To return; to circle round, to go and come.

*감동 *s.* 監董 (볼) (동독홀) An overseer of telegraphs

*감동관 *s.* 監董官 (볼) (동독홀) (벼슬) An overseer of tax receipts in the Government Registry.

*감독력 *s.* 感動力 (감동) (움직일) (힘) Power to move; ability to influence.

*감동ᄉᆞ *l.* 感動詞 (감동) (움직일) (말) Interjection.

감동젓 *l.* Prawn pickle. (Prov.) *See* 곤장이젓.

감동지 *l.* Prawn pickle.

*감동ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 感動 (감동) (움직일) To influence; to rouse; to excite. *See* 감화ᄒᆞ다.

*감등ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 減等 (덜) (무리) To reduce the number of classes into which things are divided—of rank; to be reduced; to lessen; to mitigate—of punishments. (되다)

*감람 *l.* 橄欖 (감람) (감람) The Java almond, *canarium.*

*감람과 *l.* 橄欖菓 (감람) (감람) (실과) The fruit of the Java almond. *See* 육과.

*감람산 *l.* 橄欖山 (감람) (감람) (뫼) The Mount of Olives.

*감람석 *l.* 橄欖石 (감람) (감람) (돌) Peridote.

*감람수 *l.* 橄欖樹 (감람) (감람) (나무) The olive tree.

*감람ᄉᆡᆨ *l.* 橄欖色 (감람) (감람) (빗) Olive colour.

*감람유 *l.* 橄欖油 (감람) (감람) (기름) Oleum oliva.

*감람원 *l.* 橄欖園 (감람) (감람) (동산) A garden of olives.

*감로 *s.* 甘露 (돌) (이슬) A refreshing dew. *See* 감로수.

*감로수 *s.* 甘露水 (돌) (이슬) (물) A refreshing dew.

*감리 *s.* 監理 (볼) (다ᄉᆞ릴) The Superintendent of Trade—an officer of the 3rd degree. *See* 감리ᄉᆞ.

*감리서 *s.* 監理署 (볼) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (마을) The office of the Superintendent of Trade.

*감리ᄉᆞ *s.* 監理使 (볼) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (하여금) The Superintendent of Trade. *See* 감리.

*감리영 *s.* 監理營 (볼) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (영문) The office or headquarters of a Port Superintendent.

*감마암 *s.* 監馬岩 볼, 말 (바회) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.39 Long. 129.07.

*감명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 感銘 (감동) (삭일) To thank; to express gratitude; to feel grateful.

*감목관 *s.* 監牧官 (볼) (칠) (벼슬) An officer in charge of the government ponies.

*감미 *s.* 甘味 (돌) (맛) A sweet taste. (풀다.)

*감미들다 *s.* 甘味 (돌) (맛) 아; 은 To take on a sweet flavor. *See* 돌곰ᄒᆞ다.

감쌕 *s.* For an instant; of a sudden.

감박쌉박ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rock; to pitch to and fro, to nod. *See* 왓득왓득ᄒᆞ다.

감발 *l.* 裹足 (쌀—*과) (발—*족) Feet wraps—used by those on a journey. *See* 감목.

감빨다 *l.* 아; 빤 To suck.

*감쌀니가다 *l.* 甘味 (돌) (빨—*련) 쌀녀; 닌 To be savory; to be sweet to the taste.

*감발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 感發 (감동) (찔) To move to admiration; to excite the wonder of; to win the approval of.

*감법 *l.* 減法 (덜) (법) Subtraction.

*감보호다 ᵛ 勘報 (마감홀) (감홀) To pay a debt; to pay up. *See* 마감호다

*감복 ᴵ 感服 감동) 항복) Admiration appreciation.

*감복호다 ᴵ 感服 (감동) (항복) To admire, to approve; to feel admiration for to appreciate.

쌈북이 쩌먹은 김을 ᵉ 흑 (버일 허) (이삭 ᵉ슈) A blasted ear of grain turned to stunt.

*감불성심 ᴵ 敢不生心 (굿히) (아닐) (날) (모옴) What one would not venture to think of. *See* 언감성심

*감불성의 ᴵ 敢不生意 (굿히) (아닐) (날) (뜻) What one would not dare to think. *See* 언감성심.

감사당다 ᴵ 나와; 온 To be coarse; to be rough, to be inferior. *See* 우악호다

*감사부디 ᴵ 感謝無地 감동ᵛ 샤례 (업슨 (짜) No place for thanks—impossible to express one's gratitude

*감사호다 ᴵ 感謝 (감동) (샤례) To thank; to give thanks. (Hon.). *See* 감츅호다.

*감상 ᴵ 感想 (감동) (성각) A notion.

*감석 ᴵ 紺石 (청직식) (돌) Lazulite.

*감세 ᴵ 減稅 (덜) (구실) Decrease in the ordinary taxation.

*감속운동 ᴵ 減速運動 덧 (속ᵉ 옴길) (움직일) Retarded motion. *Opp.* 가속운동

*감손호다 ᴵ 減損 (덜) (덜) To reduce, to curtail; to decrease; to become less.

*감쇼호다 ᴵ 減少 (덜) (적을) To reduce; to curtail; to lessen; to decrease

*감수 ᴵ 減數 (덜) (두어) The subtrahend.

*감슈 ᵉ 甘藪 (돌) (드뭘) A variety of dock.

*감슈 ᴵ 減驛 (덜) (쑥물) A post station in Pyong-an-do

*감수귀찬 ᵉ 甘受其責 돌ᵛ 밧을 그ᵛ 꾸지질) A willing submission; bearing rebuke submissively.

*감슈인 ᵉ 監守人 (볼) (직힐) (사름) A goaler; warder, or keeper.

*감슈호다 ᵉ 甘受 (돌) (밧을) To receive gladly; to take with pleasure—hardship, difficulties etc.

*감슈호다 ᴵ 減壽 (덜) (목숨) To shorten one's days.

*감슈호다 ᵉ 監守 (볼) (직힐) To guard; to look after; to keep a watch upon, to take care of; to have custody of.

*감슉셩 ᵉ 甘肅省 (돌) 엄슉 (직힐) Province of Kan-su in China.

감숭감숭호다 ᵉ 호 (감을 *현) To be darkish; to be marked here and there with black. *See* 감다.

감을호다 ᵉ 호 (감을—*현) To be darkish; to be clouded. *See* 감숭감숭호다

*감시 ᵉ 監試 (볼) (시험) A special examination held every three years. *Opp.* 뎡시.

*감시호다 ᵉ 監視 (볼) (볼) To inspect; to watch; to examine; to exercise surveillance.

*감식호다 ᵉ 甘食 (돌) (밥) To eat with relish. *See* 조식호다.

*감실 ᴵ 龕室 (감실) (집) A tablet house.

감실감실호다 ᵉ To be distant and indistinct. *See* 감숫감숫호다

*감심 ᵉ 甘心 (돌) (모옴) A willing mind.

*감심 ᴵ 感心 (감동) (모옴) Admiration, wonder, appreciation.

감심호다 ᴵ 感心 (감동) (모옴) To admire; to approve, to appreciate.

*감심호다 ᵉ 甘心 (돌) (모옴) To be willing, to do gladly

*감ᄉᆞ ᵉ 監使 (볼) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A provincial governor—an officer of the new rank, 2nd degree. *See* 슌ᄉᆞ.

*감ᄉᆞ ᵉ 監司 (볼) (맛흘) A term applied to the priest in charge of the finances of a monastery, or whose duty it is to collect funds for its maintenance

*감ᄉᆞ자 ᴵ 敢死者 (굿히) (죽을) (놈) Men who fight till they die.

*감ᄉᆞ지졸 ᴵ 敢死之卒 (굿히) (죽을) (갈 ᄉᆞ) Soldiers who never surrend soldiers who fight till they die.

*감ᄉᆞ호다 ᵉ 甘死 (돌) (죽을) To die gladly; to welcome death.

*감식 ᵉ 監色 (볼) (빗) Special work or oversight entrusted to a writer, clerk etc.

*감식호다 ᵉ 監色 (볼) (빗) To examine the color and quality of goods, etc. *See* 간식호다.

*감식호다 ᴵ 減色 (덜) (빗) To fade, to change color. *See* 후식호다.

*감신청 ᴵ 減膳廳 덜 뎔 청 A body whose duty is the suppression of government abuse

*감ᄉᆞᆼ호다 ᴵ 減縱 (덜) (덜) To reduce; to diminish, to lessen; to curtail, to decrease.

쌈아아득호다 ᵉ To be indistinct; to be dim; to be indefinite. *See* 묘연호다

쌈아하다 *l.* 黑 (검을—*흑) 쌈아; 안 To be black. *See* 쌤어하다.

갑악관조 *s.* Head-band rings made of horn. (뿔처다). *Opp.* 옥관조.

쌈어아득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be indistinct; to be dim; to lack clearness. *Also* 쌈아아득ᄒᆞ다

*감언 *s.* 甘言 (달) 말솜) Soft phrases; seductive language.

*감언녕셜 *s.* 甘言佞說 (달) 말솜 지조) (말솜). *See* 감언리셜

*감언리셜 *s.* 甘言利說 (달 말솜 리로) (말솜) Seductive speeches; flattery. *See* 협견정요.

*감역 *s.* 監役 (볼) (역소) An overseer of public works; formerly an officer of the rear rank, 9th degree.

*감역관 *s.* 監役官 (볼) (역소) (버슬) An overseer of public works; formerly an officer of the rear rank, 9th degree.

*감역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 監役 (볼) (역소) To over-see a work; to take charge—of building etc.

*감영 *s.* 監營 (볼) (영문) The headquarters of a provincial governor, the official capital of a province. *See* 슌영.

*감영도 *s.* 監營道 (볼) (영문) (길). *See* 감영.

*감옥 *s.* 監獄 (볼) (옥) A jail or prison.

*감옥셔 *s.* 監獄署 (볼) (옥) (마을) A jail or prison.

*감옥셔장 *s.* 監獄署長 (볼) (옥) (마을) (어른) A jailer; the head of a prison.

*감옥의 *s.* 監獄醫 (볼) (옥) (의원) A prison physician.

*감우 *s.* 甘雨 (달) (비) Sweet or fertilizing rain; a refreshing shower.

감위다 *s.* 入匱 (들 *합) (거울 갑) 위여; 인 To show; to cause to see (Hon.)

*감유 *s.* 甘乳 (달) (젓) Vaccine lymph. *Sa.* 우두약

*감유 *s.* 甘油 (달) (기름) Glycerinum

*감유제 *s.* 甘油劑 (달) (기름) (약제) Glycerine preparations.

감으다 *s.* 旱 (감을 *한) 으러; 은 To be dry; to suffer from drought. *Opp.* 장마지다.

감으럿더러디다 *s.* 窒氣 (막힐 -*질) (긔운 —*긔) 더러; 린 To be unconscious; to be insensible. *See* 긔졀ᄒᆞ다.

감으러치다 *s.* 窒氣 (막힐 -*질) (긔운 -*긔) 러져, 친 To be unconscious, to swoon. To die out—as fire.

감으스렁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be darkish; to be blackish.

감은그루 *s.* 乾根 (갈을—*한) (뿌리 —*근) Second crops—future profits or rewards. (드리다). *Opp.* 흰그루.

감을 *s.* 旱 (감을—*한) Drought; dry weather. *See* 한지.

감을감을ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flicker *See* 아득아득ᄒᆞ다.

감을다 *s.* 旱 (감을—*한) 으러; 은 To be dry; to suffer from drought. *Opp.* 장마지다.

감을들다 *s.* 旱 (감을 —*한) 드러; 든 To be dried up; to suffer from drought.

감을치 *s.* 蟾 (*쳑) The snake-fish, *Ophicephalus argus* The mullet.

감을ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 旱; 흔 To be subject to drought.

*감읍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 感泣 (감동) (울) To be moved to tears; to be deeply impressed.

감옷감옷ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be marked with black. *Opp.* 희긋희긋ᄒᆞ다.

*감응 *l.* 感應 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) An approving answer—to a prayer; favourable response; divine praise. Induction.

*감응긔 *l.* 感應機 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (틀) Induction apparatus.

*감응긔게 / 感應機械 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (틀) (틀) An induction machine.

*감응뎐류 *l.* 感應電流 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (번기) (흐를) Induction current.

*감응편 *l.* 感應篇 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (책) A book that has to do with the God of War (관우).

*감응ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 感應 (감동) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) To answer the prayers; to requite a favour.

갑이상토 *s.* A loose style of topknot.

*감입ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嵌入 (쥴) (들) To do inlaying work of any kind; to inlay; to set—as jewels.

*감원ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 減額 (멸) (너마) To cut down; to decrease—the number of public offices. *See* 감하되다.

*감원 / 監院 (보방) (언덕) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

쌈작 *s.* Of a sudden; with a start.

갑작갑작ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flicker. To wink.

쌈짝쌈짝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wink repeatedly. To be startled. *See* 쌈작이다.

갑싹ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 하; 흔 To be undamaged; to be as good as new.

쌈작이다 *s.* 瞬 (쌈작일—*슌) 작여; 인 To wink. *See* 쌈짝쌈짝ᄒᆞ다.

*감장하다 s. 監葬 (봄) (장소) To see to a burial; to carry out a funeral service. *See* 회장하다.

감절이 *l.* The edge; the border. *See* 휘갑.

감직감직하다 *s.* To be speckled with black.

*감전하다 *s.* 酣戰 (취홀) (싸홈) To fight furiously.

*감[illegible]리 *s.* 甘[illegible] (돌) (근걸 이에 마을) An island in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.15 Long. 126.20.

감정 *s.* 黑 (검을—*흑) Black—used of animals, clothes etc.

*감정 *l.* 感情 (감동) (뜻) A feeling of admiration; a sentiment of wonder.

*감정 *l.* 感情 (한홀) (뜻) Regret; remorse; vexation (나다).

감정관조 *s.* The ordinary head-band rings worn by the unofficial classes.

감정콩알 *s.* A black bean. A bullet. (먹다). *See* 콩알.

*감주 *s.* 甘酒 (돌) (술) Sweet spirit. [illegible]

*감[illegible]러 *l.* 坎中連 (북방) (가온더) (련홀) The connected line in the middle of the Eight Diagrams—descriptive of the altitude of Buddha.

*감질 *s.* 疳症 (병) (증세) Marasmus.

*감지덕지하다 *l.* 感之德之 (감동) (갈) (른) (갈) To feel grateful for; to be thankful. *See* 감사하다

*감[illegible]하다 *l.* 減之又減 (덜 [illegible]) (멀) To make less and less.

살벅하다 *s.* To be horrible; to be ugly; to be unpleasant to the sight. *See* 흉하다. To be very small; to be microscopic.

*감질 *s.* 疳疾 (병) (병) A disease marked by insatiable hunger—usually of children. A depraved appetite.

감질 *s.* A nuisance; a vexation (Prov.).

감자 *s.* 薯 (*셔) Potatoes.

*감조 *s.* 柑子 (감조) (아돌) The loose jacket or mandarin orange. *Citrus nobilis.* *See* 유조.

*감찰 *s.* 監察 (봄) (술칠) Formerly the 6th Justice of the Supreme Court—an officer of the front rank, 6th degree.

*감창 *s.* 疳瘡 (병) (헌데) Ulcers in the mouth.

*감창하다 感愴 감동 상심홀 To be grieved; to be sorrowful; to be melancholy. *See* 창연하다.

*감천 *s.* 甘泉 (돌) (심) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*감천궁 *s.* 甘泉宮 (돌) (심) (집) A celebrated palace of the Han Dynasty.

*감청하다 *l.* 敢請 (구히) (청홀) To persist in a request; to persevere in asking a favour.

*감초 *s.* 甘草 (돌) (풀) Liquorice-root.

*감초 *s.* 甘蕉 (돌) (파초) Bananas.

*감초석정 *s.* 甘硝石精 (돌) (염초) (물) (정일) Sweet Spirits of Nitre

감[illegible]나다 減縮 덜 우무러질 [illegible]; to lessen; to decrease. [illegible]

*감축하다 *l.* 感祝 (감동) (빌) To thank; to feel grateful for. *See* 감사하다.

감치다 *l.* 감쳐 : 치 To hem. To wipe in—as the contents of a dish that are [illegible] To brush—a mat

감칠맛 \ taste for; a desire for; a longing for.

*감탄사 *l.* 感嘆詞 (감동) (한식) (말숨) Interjection; an exclamation.

*감하하다 *l.* 感荷 (감동) (한식) To sigh one's thanks; to assent in sorrow.

감[illegible] : 減等 (감홀—*너) (감홀—*녕) [illegible] *See* 감등.

*감헌 *s.* 甘泉 (돌) (샘물) Candy water.

감두 *s.* 紺巾 (너출 *당) (슈건—*건) A horsehair cap worn by officials. *See* 당건.

*감[illegible]삼호 *s.* 甘[illegible]呑虎 (돌) (삼킬) ([illegible] (범) (비한홀) Swallow the sweet and put out the butter.

*감[illegible]하다 *l.* 感[illegible] (감동) (절) To thank; to express gratitude, or to feel grateful for.

깜정이 *l.* A chip from a broken earthen ware dish.

*감편 *s.* 甘片 (돌) (조각) A medicine used as a vermifuge.

감[illegible] 甘[illegible] (돌) (개) A naval station in Ky[illegible]-sang-do Lat. 35.40 Long. [illegible]

*감표 *l.* 減票 (멀) (표) Sign of subtraction; minus.

감[illegible]누루잡잡하다 *l.* To be dark and yellow in complexion. *See* 감우루숙숙하다.

감우루숙숙하다 *l.* To be dark and yellow in spots. *See* 감우루잡잡하다.

감클 *l.* Flats left bare at low tide.

*감하되다 *l.* 減下 (멀) (아래) 되여; 될 To cut down the number of public offices. *See* 감하하다.

*감하ᄒᆞ다 / 感荷 (감하) (메일) To thank; to express gratitude; to feel grateful.

*감홍 s. 甘汞 (감) (슈은) Mercurial chloride, calomel.

*감히 /. 敢 (감헤) Boldly; fearlessly; daringly.

*감ᄒᆞ다 /. 減 (멸 To diminish; to abridge; to make less. *See* 멸ᄒᆞ다.

*감화 /. 感化 (감동) (됭) An influence for good; a change of heart 시ᄒᆞ다), 밧다) (되다).

*감화력 /. 感化力 (감동) (릭) (힘) Power to influence and convert.

*감화ᄒᆞ다 /. 感化 (감동) (됭) To be influenced, to be converted *See* 감동ᄒᆞ다

*감환 / 感患 (감동) (근심) A cold. (Hon.) *See* 감긔.

갑 s. 匣 (*갑) A cover, a case. *See* 집.

갑 s. 價 (*가) A price; the value. (치다) (히다) (지다).

*갑 s. 甲 (갑옷) The first; the best.

갑가다 s. 值價 (맛볼—*치) (갑—*가) 갑가; 곤 To bring a good price. *See* 갑지다

갑갑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be uncomfortable, to be uneasy. *See* 답답ᄒᆞ다.

*갑골 胛骨 (껍골) (뼈) The shoulder-blade; the scapula.

*갑과 s. 甲科 (갑) (과거) Formerly the 1st class of graduates in contrast to 을과 and 병. *See* 장원.

*갑년 s. 甲年 (갑) (히) The 60th anniversary. *See* 환갑.

갑다. s. 報 (갑흘—*보) 하; 흔 To pay, to settle up; to liquidate debts. *See* 주다.

갑닙기 s. 甲 (*갑) The covering; the shell; the back; the skin—used also for clothes, dress. (Dim.) *See* 껍질.

갑ᄯᅡ락 s. 다하; 단 To be worth the price.

*갑ᄯᅢ s. 甲第 (갑) (집) A mansion; a castle.

*갑반 s 甲班 (갑) (반열) A noble of the first rank. *See* 갑족. First class; form 1—of a school. *See* 일반 *Opp.* 을반.

*갑반 s. 甲盤 (갑) (소반) Dishes of fine porcelain.

*갑번 s 甲番 (갑옷) (번들) Number one; the first turn.

*갑병 s. 甲兵 (갑옷) (군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers; troops.

*갑부 s. 甲富 (갑) (가음열) The wealthiest; the richest in the land. *See* 슈부

*갑부 s. 甲府 (갑옷) (마을) Kofu in Japan.

*갑비 s. 甲斐 (갑옷) (빗날) Koshu in Japan.

*갑사 s. 甲紗 (갑) (깁) A kind of thin figured silk.

갑산 s 甲山 (갑옷) (뫼) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 41.08 Long. 127.54.

갑산ᄃᆞᆫ피 甲山狍皮 (갑옷) (뫼) (돈피—*됴) (가죽) A *Kapsan* sable—a rich-man; a dear thing.

갑ᄉᆞᆯ니다 s. 녀; 닌 To send away; to get rid of.

*갑삼팔 s. 甲三八 (갑옷) (석) (여덟) A superior kind of white silk.

*갑상선 s. 甲狀線 (갑옷) (얼골) (실) Glandula thigreoid,e

*갑술 s. 甲戌 (갑) (개) The 11th year of the cycle. 1814; 1874; 1934.

*갑신 s. 甲申 (갑) (남) The 21st year of the cycle. 1824; 1884; 1944.

갑신갑신ᄒᆞ다 s. To be light; to be frivolous, to be giddy. *See* 남신남신ᄒᆞ다.

갑신거리다 s. 거려; 린 To be light; to be frivolous; to be giddy. *See* 남신거리다.

*갑신년시월지변 s. 甲申年十月之變 (갑옷) (남) (히) (열—*십) 월 (갈) (변ᄉᆞ) The political disturbances of the 10th moon of 1884.

*갑ᄉᆞ s. 甲士 (갑옷) (선비) A soldier wearing a coat of mail. The first of the literati. *See* 거벽.

*갑양 s. 甲陽 (갑옷) (볕히) A village in Kyong an-do Lat. 40.09 Long. 125.15.

*갑오 s. 甲午 (갑) (낫) The 31st year of the cycle. 1834; 1894; 1954.

갑오 s. Nine points—in cards. (잡다). 끗. 무ᄃᆡ.

갑오낭청 s. A call by the player making "nine points"—in cards.

갑옷 s. 甲 (*갑) A coat of mail; armor *See* 덥갑

갑으다 s. 러; 은 To winnow. *Also* 쌉을다.

갑으러지다 s. 러져; 진 To wither; to settle down; to decline.

갑은갑은ᄒᆞ다 s. To feel light and airy. *Opp.* 묵직묵직ᄒᆞ다.

갑온ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To feel light as when freed from a load. *Opp.* 묵직ᄒᆞ다.

*갑을 *s.* 甲乙 (갑올) (새) The one and the other, first and second, superior and inferior; A and B

갑을갑을ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bob up and down. *See* 갑죽갑죽ᄒᆞ다.

갑을다 *s.* 玩 갑을 *파) 울어; 운 To wail; to talk absurdly; to rave. *See* 방정맞다.

*갑을반 *s.* 甲乙班 (갑올) (새) (반럴) First and second classes.

*갑을번 *s.* 甲乙番 (갑올) (새) (번들) First and second turn

갑을질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To winnow.

*갑인 *s.* 甲寅 (갑) (동방) The 51st year of the cycle. 1794; 1854; 1914.

*갑현쏨 *s.* 甲峴洞 (갑올) (언덕) (실골) A village in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 41.23 Long 127.28.

갑삭갑삭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bob up and down. *See* 갑을갑을ᄒᆞ다.

갑작꼬리 *s.* A special game of cards. *See* 엇방아이.

갑작쓰레 *s.* 猝 (갑작이—*즐) Suddenly; in an instant, all at once. *See* 졸디에.

갑작이 *s.* 猝 (*즐) Suddenly; all at once. *See* 별안간.

*갑장 *s.* 甲長 (갑) (어룬) One born during the same year; a contemporary. *See* 동갑.

갑절 *s.* 倍 (곱—*밤) The double; twice the amount; as much again. *See* 비삽

*갑족 *s.* 甲族 (갑) (겨레) A noble of high rank. *See* 소부.

*갑쥬 *s.* 甲紬 (갑) (면쥬) A kind of silk made from double thread; a variety of thick silk

*갑쥬 *s.* 甲冑 (갑옷) (투구) Buff coats and helmets. *See* 투구.

갑쥭거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To bob up and down; to wabble. *See* 갑을거리다.

갑쥭갑쥭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bob up and down. *See* 갑을갑을ᄒᆞ다.

갑쥭새 *s.* The killdeer. *Aegialitis vociferus.* *See* 합미새.

갑쥭ᄃᆡ다 *s.* 뒤여; 린 To wag up and down. *See* 갑신ᄃᆡ다.

*갑즁 *s.* 匣中 (갑) (가온ᄃᆡ) Inside of a box; the interior of a box.

갑치다 *s.* 値價 (갑—*치) (갑—*가) 져; 진 To bring a good price; to be dear. *See* 갑가다.

*갑진 *s.* 甲辰 (갑) (별) The 41st year of the cycle. 1844; 1904; 1964

갑진것 *s.* 高價品 (놉흘—*표) (갑—*가) (픔수 ᄀᆞᆺ Valuable things.

*갑즈 *s.* 甲子 (갑) (아들) The 1st year of the cycle. 1864, 1924; 1984

*갑닥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 甲坼 (갑옷) 허질다 To sprout; to bud.

*갑렬슌양함 *s.* 甲裂巡洋艦 (갑옷 ᄯᅴ) 슌ᄒᆞᆯ 바다ᄂᆡ 다ᄂᆞᆫ An armored cruiser

*갑렬 함 *s.* 甲鐵艦 (갑옷) (쇠) (비) An iron-clad ship

갑ᄎᆡ *s.* A double small paddle—for culinal purposes

갑픔 *s.* 匣 (*표) (ᄒᆞᆫ made from ox-hide. *See* 야표

갑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To show one's nature; to come out—of evil or natural depravity. *See* 의ᄒᆞ다.

갑화 *s.* 鬼火 (귀신—*귀) (불—*화) A will-o'-the-wisp.

갓 *s.* A species of horse-radish. (갑치).

갓 *s.* 今始 (이제—*금) (비로솔—*시) Just now; a moment ago; recently. *See* 처음

갓 *s.* 笠 (*립) A hat. (쓰다).

갓가스로 *s.* (갑) Scarcely; barely; hardly. *See* 겨우.

갓가ᄒᆡ ᄒᆞ *s.* 各樣 (각—*각) (모양—*양) Every kind; with every sort.

갓갑다 *s.* 近 (갓가올—*근) 가와; 온 To be near; to be close to; to be nigh. *See* 압근ᄒᆞ다.

갓갓시 *s.* Every kind; each sort. Scarcely; barely.

갓갓ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To quack—as a magpie.

갓거리 *s.* A hat cover with bamboo frame underneath. (맛치다).

갓골 *s.* The opening for the crown in an ordinary black hat. (내다).

갓끈 *s.* 纓 (*영) A hat-string (달다).

갓다가거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To shake up and down. To answer back with a nod.

갓다주다 *s.* 어; 운 To go and give.

갓닥갓닥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To shake up and down. *See* 흔들흔들ᄒᆞ다

갓닥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To shake; to move. *See* 요ᄃᆡ ᄒᆞ다.

갓닥ᄒᆞ면 *s.* If you move, with the slightest pretext.

갓도래 *s.* The rim of a hat.

갓드그나 *s.* Still more.

갓득에 *s.* Still more; how indeed? *See* 갓득이며.

갓듣ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be light; to be easy. *Opp.* 묵직ᄒᆞ다.

갓동거리 *s.* A fur sleeveless coat. *See* 비조.

갓랑 *s.* 笠兩 (갓—*립) (두—*량) A hat-rim.

갓랑테 *s.* The rim of a hat. *See* 갓랑.

갓머리 *s.* The name of the 40th radical ⺮. *See* 대갓머리

갓모 *s.* 笠 (*등) An oil-paper cover for the hat.

갓모ᄌᆞ *s.* The crown of a hat (박다).

갓모테 *s.* An umbrella-shaped oil-paper hat—worn by boys in the rain.

갓바치 *s.* A cobbler; a shoemaker.

갓방 *s.* 笠房 (갓 *립) (방—*방) A hat manufactory

갓버섯 *s.* A hat-shaped mushroom.

갓벙거지 *s.* A round topped lacquer hat worn by military officers or monks. *See* 전립.

갓부다 *s.* 腫 (갓붇—*비) 갓버; 분 To feel oppressed; to be wearied; to be uncomfortable. *See* 거북ᄒᆞ다.

갓싸기 *s.* Grass cloth used for covering hats.

갓신 *s.* Leather shoes. (Prov.) (겟다) (신다). *See* 신.

갓옷 *s* 裘 (*구) Fur clothing.

갓장이 *s.* 笠工 (갓—*립) (장인 -*공) A hatter

갓저고리 *s.* 皮褙 (가죽—*피) (재고리—*유) A fur coat.

갓젼 *s.* A hat shop.

갓짐ᄎᆡ *s.* Pickle mixed with horse-radish. (다무다).

갓집 *s.* A hat-case.

갓칫갓칫ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be rough; to be uneven. *See* 쌀쯕쌀쯕ᄒᆞ다

갓탈 *s.* A rough trot. (지디).

갓탈거름 *s.* A rough trotting gait.

갓탈지다 *s.* 저; 진 To slope; to be askew. *See* 빗탈지다.

갓판 *s.* A round board on which hats are made.

개 *s.* 浦 (*포) An arm of the sea; a lagoon. *See* 개펄.

개 *l.* 犬 (*견) A dog. Prefixed to certain names of plants that are not edible to distinguish them from varieties that are.

*개 *s.* 盖 (원판) A circle of hanging pictures used in Buddhistic ceremonies.

개 *s.* Honey-comb—medicinal

개ᄀᆞ *s.* 浦口 (물가—*포) (입—*구) A harbor; a ferry landing. *See* 포구.

*개가 *l* 凱歌 (화호) (노래) A cry of trumple; songs of victory. *See* 승젼가.

*개가부르다 *l* 凱歌 (화호) 노래 불너; 분 To sing songs of victory.

*개갑 *l.* 介甲 (낫) (갑옷) The shell of a crustacean. Armor cuirass.

개개다 *s.* 개여; 겐 To rub; to wear into. To annoy *See* 해롭다.

*개걸ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 먹을 (빌) (빌) To beg for alms. *See* 빌어먹다.

개고리 *s.* 蛙 (*와) A frog. *See* 머구리.

개골내다 *l.* 내여; 낸 To snarl at; to snap at; to fly into a rage.

개골창 *s.* A small creek or brook. *See* 개천.

개금 *s.* The hazel-nut or filbert tree. (Prov.) *See* 개암. Hopping.

개금질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hop. *See* 임금질ᄒᆞ다.

개ᄀᆞ재 *s.* Dog-lobster.

개나리 *l.* The golden banded lily (*Filium auratum*). The yellow jasmine (?).

개떡 *l.* Bread made of buckwheat shorts.

*개대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 愷悌 (공경) (공경) To be kind; to be courteous.

개똥버레 *l.* 螢 (반듸—*형) A firefly. *See* 반듸불.

개똥ᄎᆡ외 *l.* Wild melons.

*개두보 *l.* 盖頭袍 (덥흘) (머리) (도포 *포) An amice. (Rom. Cath.)

개마늘 *l* 假蒜 (거짓 *가) (마늘 *산) Wild garlic.

개맛 *s* 浦口 (개—*포) (입 *구) A lagoon district; a port. *See* 개ᄀᆞ.

개머리 *l.* The butt end of a gun. *Opp.* 열.

*개몬ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 概開 (대강) (드를) To learn the bare outline of; to obtain a rough idea of.

개물 *s.* (것) 浦水 (개 -*포) (물—*슈) A lagoon. Salt-water. *Opp.* 강물.

개미허리 *l.* The name of the 47th Chinese radical. 巛

개밥보라기 *l.* 晨庚星 (긴 —*장) (별—*경) (별—*셩) The evening star. *See* 장경셩.

개밥ᄋᆡ도ᄐᆞ리 *l.* An acorn in the dog's feed—an outcast; a waif; a useless object.

개버들 *s.* Brook willows.

개상반 *l.* A rough square dining table. *See* 두리반.

개살구 *l.* 假杏 (거짓—*가) (살구—*행) Bitter apricots.

*개선ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 凱旋 (화홀) (돌) To return from a victorious campaign.

개숨물 *s.* Dish-water. *See* 가슈물.

개소슴록변 *s.* A name given to the 94th. Chinese radical.

개아지 *l.* 狗 (개 *구) A dog; a puppy. *See* 강아지.

개앙드다 *s.* 드러; 든 To be sick—as women after confinement.

개암이 *l.* 蟻 (*의) An ant.

개암 *s.* 榛 (*진) The hazel-nut or filbert tree. (*Corylus heterophylla*).

*개의ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 介意 (낫) (옷) To pay attention to; to bear in mind; to feel concerned about

개울 *s.* 川 (내—*천) A creek; a brook; a small stream. *See* 개천.

*개와 *l.* 盖瓦 (덥홀) (기와) Tiles for roofing. *See* 기와.

*개와장이 *l.* 盖瓦匠 (덥홀) (기와) (장인) A tile-layer. *See* 기와장이.

*개와ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 盖瓦 (덥홀) (기와) To lay tiles. *Opp.* 개초ᄒᆞ다.

개장 *s.* Dog's flesh soup.

*개정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 介淨 (낫) (몸을) To be bright; to be pretty; to be neat. *See* 개조ᄒᆞ다.

개지 *l.* 絮 (*서) Willow blossoms.

개지네 *l.* 石蜈蚣 (돌 -*석) (지네—*오) (지네—*룡) A small species of centipede.

*개진 *l.* 凱陣 (화홀) (진칠) A successful war; a victorious campaign.

개짐 *s.* A menstrual cloth. (싸다). *See* 서답

*개자 *s.* 芥子 (겨자) (아들, Mustard. *See* 겨자.

*개자니 *l.* 芥子泥 (겨자) (아들) (진흙) A mustard plaster; sinapism

*개자추 *l.* 介子推 (낫) (아들) (밀 A faithful Chinese courtier who lived in the 7th century B. C. He died in a burning forest rather than come forth and compromise his honor. His fete is celebrated stud.

개조ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be clean; to be neat; to be pretty. *See* 정갈ᄒᆞ다.

개천 *s.* 溪 (*구) A brook; a creek. (치다). *See* 내.

*개천 *l.* 价川 (클) (내) A prefect in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.37 Long. 126.27.

*개초ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 盖草 (덥홀) (풀) To thatch a house. *Opp.* 개와ᄒᆞ다.

*개탄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 慨嘆 (슬홀) (탄식) To be mournful; to be melancholy; to be sad. *See* 한탄ᄒᆞ다

개판 *s.* An earthern mould in which to cast metal. The front of a harp over which the strings pass.

개펄 *s.* A marsh.

개풀 *s* Reed grass; lagoon grass.

개피떡 *s.* Crescents of rice bread filled with beans.

개호쥬 *l.* A small variety of leopard or tiger. *See* 갈가지.

갱생 A word expressive of the whining of a puppy.

*강 *s.* 江 (물) A river.

*강간ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强姦 (강홀) (간악) To outrage, to commit rape.

*강간ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强諫 (강홀) (간홀) To address an earnest remonstrance; to warn earnestly.

*강개지심 *l.* 慷慨之心 (슬홀) (슬홀) (갈 (무옴) A sad heart; mournful thoughts.

*강개ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 慷慨 (슬홀) (슬홀) To be sad; to feel sorrow for; to be mournful. *See* 비참ᄒᆞ다.

*강강ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 剛剛 (굿을) (굿을) To be hard; to be unyielding.

*강건ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 强健 (강홀) (건장) To be strong, to be vigorous; to be robust. *Opp.* 쇠약ᄒᆞ다.

*강게 *s.* 江蝘 (물) (돈) Female of a dragonfly. *Shokaradoniba.*

*강계 *s.* 江界 (물) (디경) A prefect in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.44 Long. 126

*강경과 *l.* 講經科 (외올) (경서) (과거) An oral examination of the *Kun-go.*

강경급제 *l.* 講經及第 (강홀) (경서) ([illegible] by oral examination. *Opp.* 일셩강경.

*강경반항 *s.* 强硬反抗 (강홀) (굿셀) (도리질) A strong protest.

*강경싱 *s.* 講經生 (강홀) (경서) (날 Formerly a candidate for oral examination the former *Kun-go.* *Opp* 제술긱.

*강경이 *s.* 江界 (물) (밧갈) A naval station in Chol-la-do.

*강경ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强硬 (강홀) (굿셀) To be resolute; to be steadfast.

*강경ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講經 (강ᄒᆞᆼ)(경셔) To read for examinations of the former *Kwago.* *Opp.* 제술ᄒᆞ다.

*강골 *s.* 剛骨 (강ᄒᆞᆼ)(골) A vigorous person; a strong fellow. *Opp.* 약골.

강교 *s.* 江郊 (강)(교) The neighborhood of a river.

*강구 *s.* 江口 (강)(입) The mouth of a river. A military station in Pyong-an-do.

*강구 *s.* 康衢 (평안)(거리) The name of a district in the 당 Empire B. C. 2255.

*강구손 *s.* 姜龜孫 (셩)(거북)(손ᄌᆞ) F. S. 황州 A courtier of Yon San-Kun. (1494-1506)

*강구ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强求 (강ᄒᆞᆼ)(구ᄒᆞᆯ) To urgently demand.

*강구ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講究 (외울) (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) To study; to investigate.

강굴 *s.* 石花 (돌—*셕)(굿—*화) Oysters. *See* 굴.

강귀 *s.* A cockroach. *See* 박귀.

강그리 *s.* 一齊 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (가즉—*제) All; every one. *See* 모도

*강긔 *s.* 剛氣 (강ᄒᆞᆼ, 긔운) Strength; endurance; vigor *Opp.* 약질.

*강과염화덕익 *s.* 强過鹽化鐵液 (강ᄒᆞᆼ)(지날)(소곰)(될)(쇠)(진) Liquor Ferri; Perchloridi Fortior.

*강권ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强勸 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (권ᄒᆞᆯ) To urge strongly; to push on.

*강남 *s.* 江南 (물) (남녁) A province of China, *Kiangnan.* The south bank of a river.

강남콩 *s.* Foxtail

*강남콩 *s.* 江南太 (물) (남녁) (콩—*태) A large kind of bean.

강다리 *s.* A small mussel or crab. A cheap kind of fan. (Prov.)

강다짐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乾食 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*간) (밥—*식) To eat rice dry—it being customary to eat it with rice-water.

*강단 *s.* 剛斷 (굿셀)(먼흘) A wiry physique. Determination.

*강단 *l.* 講壇 (외울) (단) A pulpit; a speaker's platform.

*강단성 *s.* 强斷性 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (먼흘) (셩픔) Determination; force of character.

*강대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强大 (강ᄒᆞᆼ)(큰) To be great and powerful of countries.

*강당 *l.* 講堂 (외울) (집) Any building used for the purpose of lectures; a church.

*강력 *s.* 强敵 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (딕딕) A powerful enemy.

*강령 *s.* 江亭 (물) (명ᄌᆞ) A summer-house —on the river side.

*강등ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 降等 (누릴) (무리) To be degraded, to be placed lower down. *See* 락등ᄒᆞ다.

*강도 *l.* 强盜 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (도젹) A brigand, a highway robber *See* 도젹.

*강도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講道 강ᄒᆞᆼ) 길 To expound the Scriptures. *See* 연셜ᄒᆞ다

*강독ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講讀 (외울) (닑을) To study; to learn; to practise; to conduct researches.

*강동 *s.* 江東 (물) 동녁) A prefect in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39 03 Long. 126.16.

강동강동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To jump up and down. To be busy. To be short.

강동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short.

강똥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short

강뚱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short.

강쯩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short.

*강력 *s.* 强力 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (힘) Strength; vigor; endurance; *See* 강단.

*강령 *s.* 綱領 (벼리) 옷깃 The idea that runs through and connects all parts; the main idea. *See* 대강령.

*강령 *s.* 江寧 (편안) (싀) A prefect in Whang-hai-do Lat. 37.47 Long. 125.41.

*강론회 *l.* 講論會 (외울) (의론) (모흘) A meeting for preaching or teaching.

*강론ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講論 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (의론) To discuss; to talk over.

*강류석부전 *s.* 江流石不轉 (물) (흐를) (돌) (아닐 *불) (굴) The water flows but the stones remain stationary.

*강릉 *s.* 民陵 (빅) (언덕) A hill; a mound.

*강릉 *s.* 江陵 (물) (언덕) A prefect in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.38 Long. 128.47.

*강린산 *s.* 强燐酸 (강ᄒᆞᆼ, (린화) (싼) Acidum Phosphoricum Concentratum.

*강림ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 降臨 (누릴) (림ᄒᆞᆯ) To descend; to come down. (Hon.) To become incarnate of Christ.

*강만 *s.* 岡巒 (뫼) (봉오리) A range of mountains; a ridge of hills, a row of peaks.

*강매ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强賣 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (팔) To sell by force; to force a person to buy anything against his will.

*강막 *s.* 剛膜 (강ᄒᆞᆼ) (쩝흘) The sclerotic coat of the eye.

*강력급수 *l.* 降羅級數 (누릴) (버릴) (흘) (ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (두어) Descending series.

*강명 *l.* 强鳴(강ᄒᆞᆯ,울) Resonance.

*강명ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 剛明 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆰ을) To be strong; to be upright; to have strength of character. *Opp.* 암약ᄒᆞ다

*강명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講明 (외올) (ᄇᆞᆰ을) To explain clearly; to elucidate.

강목 *n.* 乾木 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) (나무 *목) Dry wood. Destitution. (치다).

*강목 *n.* 綱目 (벼리) (눈) A preface; an introduction; a table of contents; a list of headings; the leading features; mainpoints; gist; general argument.

*강목수생 *n.* 乾木水生 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ *간) (나모) [illegible] of impossibilities etc.

강목치다 *n.* 목쳐; 친 To be out of work.

*강무ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講武 (외올) (호반) To study fencing, riding etc.

*강물 *n.* 江水 (물) (물—*수) River water, fresh water. *Opp.* 짠물.

*강미ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强買 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (살) To buy by force. *See* 강매ᄒᆞ다.

*강맹경 *n.* 姜孟卿 (성) (맛) (벼슬) A. D. [illegible] prime minister 1455-1468.

*강박ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 强薄 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (엷을) To be hard and close; to be stingy and mean. *Opp* 관후ᄒᆞ다.

*강박ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 强迫 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) 갓가올) To use force; to employ pressure; to put pressure upon; to compel.

*강반 *n.* 江畔 (물) (밧두둑) The bank of a river; the edge of a stream.

강밥 *n.* 乾飯 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) (밥 —*반) Dried rice. *See* 강졍.

강밧다 *a.* 試講 (시험 *시) (외올—*강 밧아 [illegible]

강밧다 *a.* 밧하; 흔 To be hard; to be close; to be stingy. *See* 린색ᄒᆞ다.

*강벽 *n.* 强癖 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (엄지가락) A mind to conquer; power to win.

*강변 *n.* 江邊 (물) (가) The river side; the bank of the river. *See* 포변.

*강병 *n.* 强兵 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) A brave soldier; victorious soldiers. *See* 막강지병

강병 *n.* 乾病 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) (병들 —*병) Pretended sickness. *See* 써병.

*강보 *n.* 襁褓 (기저귀) (기저귀) The cloth in which children are wrapped and carried on the back.

*강복 *n.* 康福 (편안 (복) A post station in Kyeng-keui-do.

*강분환 *n.* 薑粉丸 (싱강) (분) (환조) A ginger pill—used as sweetmeats and [illegible]

*강산 *n.* 岡山 (뫼) (뫼) Okayama in Japan.

*강산 *n.* 江山 (물) (뫼) Mountains and rivers—beautiful scenery. *See* 강호.

*강산풍월 *n.* 江山風月 (물) (뫼) (바람) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Rivers and mountains, breezes and moonlight. A beautiful landscape.

강새암ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be jealous on the part of the wife. *See* 강ᄶᆞᄒᆞ다

*강상 *n.* 綱常 (벼리) (쩟쩟) The bonds and virtues of faithfulness between sovereign and subject, father and son, husband and wife. Any violation of these bonds. *See* 오륜.

*강상 *n.* 綱傷 (벼리) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) A violation of the five natural laws. (나다).

*강상 *n.* 江上 (물) (웃) (On) the river.

*강상지변 *n.* 綱常之變 (벼리) (쩟쩟) (갈) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) A violation of the Five Principles—as rebellion against the king.

*강서 *n.* 江西 (물) (서녁) A prefect in Pyeng-an-do Lat. 38.49 Long. 125.48.

*강서성 *n.* 江西省 (물) (서녁) (숣필) Province of Kiang-si in China.

*강석 *l.* 講席 (외올) (돗) A hall where discourses are delivered, or stories are told; an auditory.

*강석긔 *n.* 姜碩期 (성) (클) (긔약) F. N. [illegible] 月塘 A noted courtier of [illegible]-1649).

*강석ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講釋 (외올) (노흘) To expound; to explain; to lecture; to deliver a discourse; to lecture on literature

*강설 *n.* 講說 (외올) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A lecture; a discourse.

*강설ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講說 (외올) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To lecture; to expound; to explain.

*강세황 *n.* 姜世晃 (성) (인간) (빗날) N. [illegible] of In-jo (A. D. 1623-1649).

*강세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 降世 (ᄂᆞ릴) (인간) To be born into the world—as Christ. *See* 강림ᄒᆞ다.

*강셩 *l.* 講聲 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (소ᄅᆡ) Reciting aloud; the sound of the reading of characters; intoning. *Opp.* 사졍.

*강셩ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 强盛 (강ᄒᆞᆯ) (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strong; to be powerful; to flourish. *Opp.* 쇠약ᄒᆞ다.

*강소셩 *n.* 江蘇省 (물) (차조기) (숣필) Province of Kiang-su in China.

*강송ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 講誦 (외올) (외온) [illegible]

*강슈 s. 江水 (물) (물) River water. *Opp.* 히슈. *See* 강물.

*강슌 s. 康純 (강슌) (슌박) F. S. 信川 A noted minister of Sé-jo (A.D. 1455-1468).

*강습소 / 講習所 (외울) (닉힐) (바) A place where instructions in a particular science or art are given; an educational institution

*강습싱 / 講習生 (외울) (닉힐) (날) A student; an under-graduate.

*강습ᄒᆞ다 / 講習 (외울) (닉힐) To study; to learn; to practise; to conduct researches.

*강시 / 殭尸 (죽을) (죽엄) A dead body—by the roadside. (나다)

강신차 / 降神茶 (누릴) (귀신) (찰지) A kind of incense which when burnt brings down a spirit. *See* 강신ᄒᆞ

*강신ᄒᆞ다 / 降神 (누릴) (귀신) To come down—as the spirit at ancestral worship.

강실살이 s. 孤生 (살—*고) (날—*싱) A destitute person. (Prov.)

*강심슈 s. 江心水 (물) (모음, 물) Water from the middle of the river.

*강소 / 講師 (외울) (스승) An expounder—of Bible or ancient books; a lecturer.

*강소상 s. 姜士尙 (셩) (션비) (오히려) A. D. 1719 F. S. 晉州 A minister of the Regent in the reign of Sun-jo (A. D. 1667-1608).

*강숨 s. 江蔘 (물) (숨) Ginseng from *Kang wŏn* province. *See* 숨숨.

*강싱 / 講生 (강홀) (날) A candidate for oral examination. *Opp.* 시직.

*강싱강연긔 s. 强生薑丁設 (강홀) (날) (싱강) (고이ᄒᆞ) (긧) Tinctura Zingiberis Fortior.

*강싱ᄒᆞ다 / 降生 (누릴) (날) To become incarnate—as a sage. *See* 한강ᄒᆞ다.

강아지 s. A pup. *Also* 개아지.

*강악ᄒᆞ다 s. 剛惡 (굿을) (모질) To be hardened; to be wicked; to be bad. *Opp.* 유슌ᄒᆞ다.

*강약 s. 强弱 (강홀) (약홀) The strong and the weak.

*강약 (이) 부동 s. 强弱不同 (강홀) (약홀) (아닐) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) The strong and the weak are unequal.

*강양 s. 江陽 (물) (볏) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*강어 / 羅織 (굿셀) (막을) Wicked counsellors of the king. (B. H.)

*강역 s. 疆域 (디경) (디경) Borders; frontier.

*강역고 s. 疆域考 (디경) (디경) (샹고, A noted work on geography by Chung Yak yong.

*강엿 s. 剛飴 (굿을) (엿—*이) Black candy

*강옥 s. 鋼玉 (강홀) (구슬) Corundum.

*강옥셕 s. 鋼玉石 (강홀) (구슬) (돌) Diamond spar.

강요조 s. 全鞭甲 (온젼 *젼) 전부 *부) (갑 *갑) The shell of the *Halotis*.

*강운 s. 江韻 (물) (운) The *Kang* rhyme, a hard one to select from—hence a difficulty, a hard task. (나다).

강유 s. 剛柔 (강홀) (유홀) Hardness and elasticity.

*강유겸젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 剛柔兼全 (강홀) (유홀) (겸홀) (온젼) To combine strength and elasticity.

*강읍 s. 江陰 (물) (그늘) A post station in Whang-hai-do Lat. 38 08 Long. 126.32.

*강음ᄒᆞ다 s. 强飮 (강홀) (마실) To drink intoxicating liquors under compulsion.

*강의 / 講義 (외울) (올흘) A lecture; a sermon; preaching.

*강의ᄒᆞ다 s. 剛毅 (강홀) (굿셀) To be steadfast; to be sturdy—in heart.

*강의ᄒᆞ다 / 講義 (외울) (올흘) To expound the meaning of a word or phrase.

강의ᄒᆞ다 / 强 (강잉홀—*강) To go against one's will; to be contrary to one's inclinations. *See* 억지로

*강원도 s. 江原道 (물) (언덕) (길) The east central province of Korea.

*강작ᄒᆞ다 / 强作 (강잉홀) (지을) To force oneself into; to be constrained; to be coerced.

*강장ᄒᆞ다 s. 强壯 (강홀) (장홀) To be robust; to be strong; to be powerful.

*강전 / 講錢 (강홀) (돈) Fees for teaching. *See* 강미.

*강제 / 强制 (강홀) (법) Tyranny; oppression; harshness.

*강제교육ᄒᆞ다 / 强制教育 (강홀) (법) (ᄀᆞ르칠) (기를) To govern harshly; to rule with tyranny.

*강제ᄒᆞ다 / 强制 (강홀) (법) To behave tyrannically; to oppress; to treat with harshness.

강졍 s. A kind of cake or candy made from rice. *See* 강밥.

강졍밥 s. A dish prepared from rice.

*강조산암액 s. 强酸酸鐵液(강호) (초) (설) (쇠) (진) Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Fortior.

*감즙 s. 薑汁 (생강) (즙) (냉) (내다) Ginger syrup.

*강직하다 s. 剛直 (굳셀) (곧을) To be strong; to be resolute; to be upright. *See* 정직하다.

*강직하다 降職 (내릴) (직업) To degraded in rank. *See* 떠러지다

*강진 s. 降津 (내릴) (나루) A prefecture in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.28 Long 126.46

*강진향 s. 降眞香 (누릴) (참) (향피) Incense which when burnt brings down a spirit. *See* 강선향.

*강조아 s. 姜子牙 (성) (아들) (어금니) 12th century B. C. A famous counsellor of Sŏ P'ak (백伯) who is to-day revered as one of China's greatest sages.

강쓰하다 s. To be jealous—as a wife of her husband. *See* 강샤하다

강처리 s. 薑瓶 (독호—*독) (물—*물) A bottle [illegible] disaster.

*강청하다 / 强請 (강호) (청호) To make an importunate request; to clamour for; to press for.

*강촌 s. 江村 (물) (마을) A river village.

*강탈 / 强奪 (강호) (빼아슬) Blackmail.

*강탈하다 强奪 강호 [illegible] with violence, to seize; to carry off forcibly.

*강태공 s. 姜太公 (성) (클) (귀인) A famous angler of the 12th century B. C. who became Counsellor of the Emperor. *See* 강조아

*강철 s. 剛鐵 (굳을) (쇠) Steel; highly tempered metal.

강철이 /. A meteor -an evil omen. A creature that has failed to become a dragon and that falls, causing disaster.

강파르하다 s. To be thin and sallow—of the face.

강파리하다 s. To be thin; to be emaciated.

*강판 /. 講板 (강호) (판조) A bulletin board hung before a *yamen* gate.

*강판 s. 薑板 (생강 (판조) A ginger grater

강판 s 乾局 (건물 -*판) (판 -*국) No resource; a lack of means.

*강악하다 强惡 강호 악호 To be malignant; to be ugly; to be vicious. *See* 강포하다.

*강포하다 s. 强暴 (강호) 사오나울) To be brutal; to be violent; to be overbearing. *See* 강악하다

강물 s. Thick paste

*강풍 s. 江風 (물) (바람) A river breeze.

강피 [illegible] s —*적) A variety of millet —unsocked.

*강하 s. 江河 (물) (물) Gulfs and rivers; a large river.

*강항 s. 姜沆 (성) (물) F. S. 晉州 N. P 睡陽 [illegible] taken prisoner to Japan in the Japan War of A.D. 1591

*강호 s. 江湖 (물) (호수) Rivers and lakes —beautiful scenery. *See* 강산

*강호군조 s. 江湖君子 (물) (물) (님군) (아들) Gentlemen of leisure.

강호령하다 s. 剛虎令 강호 [illegible] 령) To threaten; to reprimand wrongly.

*강호제군조 s. 江湖諸君子 (물) (물) (모둔) (님군) (아들) All the ladies and gentlemen of the world.

*강호하다 /. 降婚 (누릴) (혼인) To marry with one of lower rank. *See* 악혼하다

강석 剛石 (굳셀) (저) Unslaked lime; [illegible] lime

강회 s. A dish prepared from boiled celery.

*강흥립 s. 姜弘立 (성) (클) (설) F. S. 晉州 A general who went to help the *Mings* and later yielded to the *Chungs* which brought on the China war A.D. (1637).

*강희 s. 康熙 (평안) (빗날) The title of the reign of the Emperor *Sŏng cho* 1662-1723 A. D

강희자전 康熙字典 (평안) 빗날 (글조) (법) The famous Dictionary of the reign of *Sŏng c*

*강호다 /. 講 (강호) To recite. *See* 외오다.

*강하다 s. 强 (강호) To be strong; to be vigorous; to be firm. *See* 건강하다. *Opp.* 약하다

*강히 s. 江海 (물) 바다) Rivers and seas.

*강히하다 / 講解 (외울) (물) To explain; to elucidate; to make clear; to expound

*강화 / 講和 (강호) (고로) An amicable settlement; peace, reconciliation.

강화 江華 (물) (빗날) A prefect (Island) [illegible] kyŏ keui-do Lat. 37.46 Long. 126

*강화담판 /. 講和談判 (강호)(담)(팔슴) (관단) Negotiations for peace.

*강화됴건 /. 講和條件 (강홀)(됴)(가지) (수건 Conditions of peace.

*강화됴약 /. 講和條約 (강홀)(됴)(가지) (연약) A treaty of peace.

*강화ᄒᆞ다 /. 講和 (강홀) (ᄒᆞ로) To make a treaty of peace. *See* 화친ᄒᆞ다.

*강활 /. 羌活 (오랑캐)(살) The *Pæcdanum decursivum*—a medicinal plant with red flowers.

*강황 s. 薑黃 (제비) (누루) The turmeric. *Curcuma longa.*

가륵ᄒᆞ다 s. To be true; to be just; to be righteous. (Dim.) *See* 무던ᄒᆞ다.

가룸ᄒᆞ다 s. To be long. *See* 기룸ᄒᆞ다

가슈 s. Dish washing.

가슈물 s. Dish-water.

가슈ᄇᆞᆯ s. A basin—in which to wash dishes.

가우뚱거리다 s. 기러 ; 린 To rock from side to side.

가우듭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be on edge; to rest cornerwise; to slope. (Dim.) *See* 가우뚱ᄒᆞ다.

가웃가웃ᄒᆞ다 s. To look in; to peek out. (Dim) *See* 넘상납상ᄒᆞ다.

가웃거리다 s. 기러 ; 린 To peek out; to look over.

가우뚱가우뚱ᄒᆞ다 s. To rock from side to side—as a boat. (Dim.) *See* 가웃가웃ᄒᆞ다.

가웃ᄒᆞ다 s. To be on edge; to rest cornerwise.

가즈 s. A falcon cage.

갹갹 /. Squawking.

갹갹 /. Squawking; crying.

갹ᄒᆞ다 s. To squawk—as a chicken. To be full; to be satiated.

갈갈 /. Cackling; squawking.

갈갈 /. Cackling; squawking. *See* 갹갹.

갈쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be long. *See* 기룸ᄒᆞ다.

갉ᄒᆞ다 s. To be full; to be satiated.

*거가 s. 居家 (살) (집) A dwelling-house.

*거가 /. 擧家 (들) (집) All the household. *See* 온가.

*거가에 s. 居家 (살) (집) At home; when at home. (Comp.)

*거가지락 s. 居家之樂 (살) (집) (갈) (즐거울) The joy of family life—where all live together.

*거각소권 /. 拒却訴權 (막을) (물니칠) (알 ᄇᆞᆯ, (권세 Right of refusal.

*거간 s. 居間 (살) (ᄉᆞ이) A broker, a go-between. *See* 거간군

*거간군 s. 居間軍 (살) (ᄉᆞ이) 군ᄉᆞ, A broker; a go-between. *See* 어정군

*거간ᄒᆞ다 s. 居間 (살) (ᄉᆞ이) To act as broker.

*거갈 s. 居甲 (살) (맛) The first; the best; the chief; the principal. *See* 맹일.

거거 /. 哥哥 (형 —*가) (형—*가) "Elder brother." (Comp.)

*거거익심 /. 去去益甚 갈 (갈) 더ᄒᆞᆯ, (심ᄒᆞᆯ) Gradually growing worse and worse.

*거괴 /. 巨魁 (클) (괴슈) A ringleader; a chief; a leader; used only in a bad sense

꺼꾸러지다 s. 지 ; 진 To tumble forward; to be upset. *See* 곤두박질ᄒᆞ다.

꺼꾸로 s. End for end; upside down; reversed in order.

*거국 /. 擧國 (들) (나라) The whole country.

*거근ᄒᆞ다 /. 去根 (ᄇᆞ릴) (ᄲᅮ리) To uproot; to cut out by the roots; to destroy.

*거금 s. 醵金 (술추렴) (쇠) The collection of money by means of individual subscriptions; contributions; subscriptions; donations.

*거금ᄒᆞ다 s. 醵金 (술추렴) (쇠) To raise subscriptions; to collect funds by means of individual contributions.

거기 s. 彼處 (여—*피) (곳—*쳐) There; yonder. *See* 게.

*거기즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 居其中 (살) (그) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be in the middle; to be between; to be moderate. *See* 어상반ᄒᆞ다.

*거만 /. 巨萬 (클) (가지) Great wealth; immense riches. *See* 거ᄋᆡᆨ.

*거관ᄒᆞ다 s. 居官 (살) (벼슬) To possess rank.

*거관ᄒᆞ다 /. 擧棺 (들) (관) To raise a coffin—in preparation for moving in funeral procession.

*거년 /. 去年 (갈) (히) Last year; the past year. *See* 작년.

거녹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be almost complete; to be just finished. (Prov.)

거느리다 s. 率 (거느릴 *솔) 려 ; 린 To command; to have under one's authority; to guard; to have care of. *See* 드리다.

거다 /. 揭 (걸—*게) 걸어 ; 진 To lock; to

fasten; to hang up. *See* 달다. To strike first.

거다 *l.* 沃(기름질—*옥) 걸어; 집 To be fertile; to be rich—of land. To be a brawler; to be rough tongued.

*거대호다 *l.* 巨大(클)(큰) To be large; to be great.

거덕거덕호다 *s.* To be dryish; to dry.

거덜나다 *s.* 敗(패할—*패) 나; 난 To be ruined; to be bankrupt. *See* 판나다.

*거둑호다 *l.* 去毒 (보릴) (독홀) To neutralize; to deprive of poisonous effects. *See* 제독호다.

*거동 *l.* 擧行 (거동 *힝) (도닐—*힘) A royal procession. *See* 순슈.

*거동 *l.* 擧動 (듕) (움직일) Conduct; behaviour; manner. *See* 힝지

*거동궤 *s.* 車同軌 수레) (호가지) (밖회) "Cart wheels all the same" All are alike; the world is the same.

거동호다 *l.* 擧行 (거동 -*힝 (도닐 *힘) To make a royal progress.

거두다 *s.* 收 (거둘—*슈) 어; 둔 To gather; to harvest: to manage a household. *See* 슈렴호다. To receive, to accept.

*거두절미호다 *l.* 去頭折尾 (보릴) (머리) (쎡글) (꼬리) To cut off the head and the tail.

*거두호다 *l.* 擧頭 (들) (머리) To lift up one's head as when not ashamed.

거드러거리다 *s.* 거러 린. To be extravagant; to make a display. *See* 거드럭덕다.

거드럭덕다 *s.* 여; 린 To be extravagant; to put on airs; to make a display.

거드름 *l.* Self-complacency; self-importance; conceited composure. (희우다).

거드름부리다 *l.* 부려; 린 To be self-complacent; to be self-important.

거든거든호다 *s.* 輕 (가벼울—*경) To feel light and easy. *See* 거분거분호다.

거들거들호다 *s.* To be extravagant; to make a display. *See* 거드럭덕다.

거들다 *l.* 扶助 (붓들 *부), (도울 *조) 들여; 든 To lend a hand; to aid; to help. *See* 조역호다.

거들마 *s.* Horses kept simply for show in royal processions.

거들머거리다 *s.* 거러; 린 To act extravagantly; to make a display. *See* 거드러거리다

거듭 *s.* 重 (*중) A second time; again; anew. *Also* 거돕. *See* 겨호.

*거디 *s.* 居地 (살) (짜) Dwelling place; place of habitation. *See* 거쥬.

거돕 *s.* 重 (*중) A second time; again; anew. *See* 다시.

거란지 *l.* 髖 (*판) The lower part of the back; the rump.

*거랑 *l.* 巨量 (큰) (헤아릴) A glutton.

거러가다 *s.* 步行 (거름—*보), (드닐 -*힝) 가; 간 To go on foot; to walk. *Opp.* 등교가다.

거러안짜 *l.* 踞 (거러안질—*거) 져; 진 To seat oneself on a raised platform or a chair.

*거로 *l.* 去路 (갈) (길) Direction; course.

거룩호다 *l.* 偉 (거룩홀 -*위) To be respectable; to be just; to be dignified. *See* 가룩호다.

*거론호다 *l.* 擧論 (들) 의론) To discuss; to talk over. *See* 론난호다.

거루 *s.* 小艇 (작을—*쇼) (비—*명) A small boat, attached to a junk. *See* 비.

거루다 *s.* 어; 룬 To fertilize; to manure.

거루다 *s.* 어; 룬 To beach—a boat. (Prov.) *See* 대다

*거쥬 *l.* 去留 (갈, 머물 Going away and staying.

*거류호다 *l.* 去留 (갈) (머므를) To go and stay.

거룩호다 *l.* 聖 (거룩홀—*셩) To be righteous; to be just; to be upright; to be holy.

거름 *s.* 步 (*보) A step; a pace. (것다).

거름 *s.* Manure; fertilizer. (주다). *See* 두업.

*거리 *l.* 距離 (상거) (떠날) Distance—between places.

*거리 *l.* 巨利 (클) (리홀) A large profit.

거리 *s.* 街 (*가) A street; a road; a thoroughfare. *See* 길거리.

거리 *s.* The tides. The numerative of head band strings. *See* 겨리.

거리씨다 *s.* 拘束 (거리씰—*구) (걸닐 -*애), 리쩌 린 To be restrained, to be kept back; to be hindered from.

거리다 *s.* 려; 린 A termination—having the force of to do; to act; to commit.

꺼리다 *l.* 忌 (꺼릴—*긔) 려; 린 To avoid; to shun; to dread; to hate.

꺼림호다 *s.* To feel disappointed.

*거리호다 *l.* 去來 갈 (을) To exchange; to buy and sell—as in commerce. *See* 여슈호다. To announce—a guest.

*거팅ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 土冷 (부릴) (쌀) To heat, to warm up. *See* 데우다.

*거마 *n.* 車馬 (수레) (물) Horse and cart.

*거만 *l.* 巨萬 (클) (일만) Literally, many tens of thousands; much; innumerable.

*거만지ᄉᆡ *l.* 巨萬財 (클) (일만) (지물) Great wealth; innumerable possessions. *See* 부거만지.

*거만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 倨慢 거만ᄒᆞᆷ (거만ᄒᆞᆷ) To be proud; to be arrogant; to be self-sufficient. *See* 오만ᄒᆞ다.

거무하에 *n.* 居無何 (살 (업슬) (엿지) In a little; shortly. (Comp.) *See* 어언간에.

거문고 *n.* 琴 (금 \ Korean harp of seven strings. *See* 오현금.

*거문도 / 巨文島 (클) (글) (셤) Port Hamilton. Kore

*거문셩 *l.* 巨文星 (클 (글, (별) The name of a star in the Great Bear.

거물거물ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be dark; to be cloudy, to be indistinct. *Opp* 희ᄉᆞᆺ희ᄉᆞᆺᄒᆞ다.

*거민 *n.* 居民 (살) (빅셩) The natives; people; inhabitants. (Comp.) *See* 토민

*거반 *n.* 居半 (살) (반) About half; about; nearly all. *See* 거진.

거밤지다 / 밤져 진 To be large; to be giant like—of persons. *See* 엄밤지다.

*거번 *l.* 去番 (갈 (번) Then; at that time. *See* 뎝ᄲᅢ.

*거벽 / 巨擘 (클) 엄지가락) The thumb. A great scholar, a renowned literati *See* 션비

*거병문죄ᄒᆞ다 擧兵問罪 (들, (군ᄉᆞ) (무를) (허물, To raise an army and demand an explanation -from another state.

*거병ᄒᆞ다 擧兵 (들) (군ᄉᆞ) To draw up soldiers; to marshal troops. *See* 긔병ᄒᆞ다.

*거보 *l.* 去報 (갈) (갑흠) A telegraphic despatch.

*거부 *l.* 巨富 (클) (가음열) A wealthy man; a rich fellow. *See* 잔쟈.

*거부영ᄒᆞ다 / 擧父兄 (들) (아비) (맛) To curse one by his father.

거북 *n.* 龜 (귀) \ large kind of tortoise. *See* 남성이.

거북졈 *n.* 龜占 거북 (귀) (졈칠—*졍) Divination in which a tortoise shaped cup is used for throwing the dice. (치다). *Opp.* 시초졈.

거북ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be uncomfortable; to be uneasy. *See* 미안ᄒᆞ다; 갑부다.

거분거분ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be light; to have little weight. *See* 가분압다.

거샌ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 輕 (가분아올—*경) To be light; to lack weight. *See* 가분압다.

거분압다 *v.* 輕 (가분아올—*경 여워, 온 To be light, to lack weight. *See* 거샌ᄒᆞ다.

*거ᄇᆡ *l.* 渠輩 (저희) (무리) They.

*거산 *n.* 居山 (살) (뫼) Post stations in Chol-la do and Hoe-kyung-do

*거산ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧散 (들) (흣흠) To scatter; to separate; to be ruined. *See* 거관ᄒᆞ다

*거산ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 居山 (살) (뫼) To live in the mountains. (Comp.)

*거상 *n.* 居喪 (살) (상ᄉᆞ) Mourning; mourning dress. (넙다). *See* 지상ᄒᆞ다.

*거상닙다 *v.* 居喪 (살) (상ᄉᆞ) 어; 온 To put on mourning. *See* 상제되다.

거상치다 *v.* 상치; 친 To have music and feasting.

*거상 *l.* 巨商 (클) (장ᄉᆞ) A wealthy merchant. *See* 대고.

거상 *l.* A large saw. (Prov.)

*거상에 *n.* 居常 (살) (엣뎃) Always; continually. *See* 평상에

*거석이홍면 / 擧石而紅面 (들) (돌) (말이) (붉을) (낫) One must lift a stone to become red in the face—one must work to receive pay.

*거셜 *l.* 拒柴 (막을) (셜 —*싀) Branches; dry limbs. *See* 가지

*거세 / 巨細 (클 (가늘) The great and the small.

*거세 *l.* 去歲 (갈) (히) Last year.

*거세 / 擧世 (들) (인간) All the world; the whole earth. *See* 텰세.

거세다 *v.* 强 (강홀—*강) 어; 센 To be coarse, to be rude; to be rough. *See* 강ᄒᆞ다. To be hard—of water.

*거셩 *l.* 去聲 (갈) (소리) The "sinking" or "departing" tone. (High). *See* 입셩.

*거셩 *l.* 拒性 (막을) (셩픔) Impenetrability.

*거셩명ᄒᆞ다 / 擧姓名 (들) (셩) (일홈) To call by name.

*거셩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 祛姓 (부릴) (셩) To cut off the surname—of criminals.

*거슈 *n.* 渠首 (개쳔) (머리) A chief; a leader. *See* 괴슈.

거스러미 *s.* Splinters; loose hairs; ragnails. *See* 진껍이

거슬거슬하다 *a.* To be rough; to be blunt; to be outspoken. *See* 뻣뻣하다.

거시 *s.* Intestinal worms. ㅅ 회

*거시기 *s.* 居間其所現 (살) (볼) (그) (바) (천홈) Seeing the company he keeps—as a means of judging of a man's character

거시키 *s.* 居間其 (살 (서넉—*셔) (방해—*간) A word without meaning used simply as a voice rest or to emphasize what follows. *Also* 거시기.

*거실 *l.* 巨室 (클) (집) A grand house; a mansion. (M.)

*거심하다 / 去心 (보릴) (무옴) To remove the heart or core.

*거사 *l.* 巨事 (큰) (일) A great matter; an affair of importance. *See* 대사.

*거사 *s.* and *l.* 居士 (살) (선비) A renowned scholar. A prostitute master.

거스리다 *s.* 逆 (거스릴—*역) 스리, 린 To transgress; to disobey, to oppose, to go contrary to. *See* 거역하다.

*거소하다 / 擧手 들, 일 ㄱ undertake, to enter on ㅅ< 기오하다

*거역 / 巨役 (큰) (역사) ㅅ large undertaking; an important work. *See* 대사

*거역하다 拒絕 막을 거스릴 ㄱ disobey—a superior. *See* 거스리다.

*거연히 *s.* 居然 (살) (그릴) Uncon sciously; of itself, simply. *See* 홀연이.

*거옥 *s.* 居屋 (살) (집) A dwelling house; a residence.

거우다 *s.* 러; 운 To be leaning; to be oblique; to be inclined

거우둘하다 *s.* To slope; to be leaning. *See* 기울하다.

거운 *s.* 庶 (거의 -*셔) About; nearly. *See* 거반.

거운거운 *s.* About; nearly. *See* 거진거진.

거울 *s.* 鏡 (*경) A mirror; a looking-glass. *See* 면경.

거웃 *s.* Hair; bristles; prickles; spikes.

거웃하다 *s.* To slope; to be leaning. *See* 비슥하다.

거위 *s.* 幾우 (거의—*긔) (오노—*호) About; nearly; almost. *See* 거진.

거위 *s.* 鵝 (*아) The domestic goose.

*거유하다 *l.* 去油 (보릴) (기름) To tan, to remove the oil from—a skin.

*거융하다 *s.* 醵飮 (슈슈럼) (마실) To club together and organize a drinking party, to subscribe funds for a carousal

거의 *s.* 庶幾 (거의—*셔) (거의 -*긔) Almost, nearly; within a little. *See* 거반

거의 *s.* 蛔 (*회) Intestinal worms. *See* 회충.

거의비 *s.* 蛔腹 (거의—*회) (비—*복) Sickness caused by intestinal worms. ㅅ 회비앙이

*거인 *s.* 居人 (살) (사롬) Inhabitants, residents; occupants.

*거인 *l.* 巨人 (큰) (사롬) A big person; a ㅅ ㅅ

ㅅ거ㅎ ㅣ (큰) (의수) A large amount; ㅅ much—of money, rice etc.

*거옥심신하다 / 去腹中新 (보릴) (진) (날) (새) To ㅅ ㅅ te an abscess and have it heal ㅅ 거익하다.

*거외하다 / 去液 (보릴) (진) To mediate an abscess or sor

*거월 / 去月 (갈) (돔) Last month; the past month. *See* 일전

거잡머리하다 *s.* To guess; to suppose—from having seen. *See* 눈거채다.

*거자물막ㅎ ㅅ 去來莫逆 (갈 놈 말 (ㅁ몰) Do not delay one who is going. *See* 거자물붓거.

거저 *s.* 徒然 (호갓 -*도) (그럴—*연) Thus; so us, it is; without change.

거적 *s.* 空石 (뷘—*공) (돌—*석) An empty rice bag. *See* 공석.

기진눈 ㅅ ㅅ diseased condition of the eyelids in which they only partially open. *See* 밤쭐눈이.

거적문 *s.* A door with an empty rice sack hung over it. (서다) (달다).

거적송장 *s.* A dead body wrapped in a bag.

거적자리 *s.* 苫 (*점) A rough mat—used by mourners etc.

거적턱이 *s.* A case in which all seated on the same mat at *Kwa-go* were equally successful in taking a degree. *See* 접턱이.

*거절하다 *l.* 拒絕 (막을) (끈흘) To cut off communication with; to withdraw from. *See* 끈다.

*거접 *l.* 巨接 (클) (못흘) A large company of those studying together for examinations.

*거접ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居接 (살) (못흘) To enter a Confucian college—a privilege reserved for successful undergraduates. (Prov.). *See* 거지ᄒᆞ다.

*거제 *s.* 蓬蔡 (삿자리) (삿자리) An invalid who cannot bend forward. (B. O.)

*거제 *l.* 擧祭 (들) (제ᄉᆞ) A heave offering.

*거제 *l.* 巨濟 (클 건넘, A prefect (Island) in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 34 54 Long. 128.30.

*거조 *l.* 擧措 (들) (둘) A great undertaking; important measures. A disturbance.

*거조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧措 (들) (둘) To undertake; to carry out—of a great work. *See* 거ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다. To make a disturbance. *See* 야단ᄒᆞ다. (내다).

*거족 *l.* 巨族 (클 겨레) A large clan, a numerous family. *See* 대성.

거죽 *s.* 겉 (밧—*표) The outside; the exterior. *Opp.* 안.

*거쥬 *s.* 居住 (살) (머므를) A residence; a place of habitation. *See* 거쳐.

*거쥬셩명 *s.* 居住姓名 (살, 머므를) (셩) (일홈) Place of residence; clan and given names; one's address.

*거즁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居中 (살) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be medium; to be moderate. *See* 거기즁ᄒᆞ다.

*거지 *l.* 擧止 (들) (긋칠) Undertaking or refraining from work—behaviour; actions. *See* 힝동.

거지 *l.* 乞人 (빌—*걸) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A beggar; a vagrant; a tramp. *See* 락장이.

*거지다 *l.* 裂져 ; 진 To break through—of ice. To go out—as a light. To be empty—of the stomach.

거지쥬머니 *l.* Diseased fruit—which puffs up like a pocket.

거진 *s.* 幾乎 (거의—*긔) (오노—*호) About; nearly. *See* 어지간히.

거진거진 *s.* 幾乎幾乎 (거의 *긔) (오노 *호) About, nearly. *See* 거위.

거짓 *l.* 假 (*가) False, untrue. *See* 공연ᄒᆡ. *Opp.* 참.

거짓말 *l.* 謊言 (거짓 *황) (말ᄉᆞᆷ *언) Lies, falsehoods. *See* 거짓말이.

거짓말쟁이 *l.* 謊言 (거짓—*황) (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*언) Lies, falsehoods. *See* 헛말.

*거지두랑 *s.* 車載斗量 (수레) (시를) (말) (헤아릴) What is abundant, many.

*거지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 去滓 (ᄇᆞ릴) (찌끼) To remove the solid parts; to strain off the dregs.

*거지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居接 (살) (접) To study at a Confucian college.

*거좌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 踞坐 (거러안질) (안질) To sit with the legs crossed tailor fashion.

*거찰 *l.* 巨刹 (클) 절) A large Buddhist temple.

*거창 *s.* 居昌 (살) (챵셩) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.68 Long. 125.09.

*거창스럽다 *l.* 巨敞 (클) (거창ᄒᆞᆯ). *See* 거창ᄒᆞ다.

*거창ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 巨敞 (클) (거창ᄒᆞᆯ) To be great; to be important; to be large—as a work. *See* 크다.

*거쳐 *l.* 去處 (갈) (곳) A place to which one may go. *See* 힝쳐.

*거쳐 *s.* 居處 (살) (곳) Condition, circumstances; abode. *See* 거쥬.

*거쳐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居處 (살) (곳) To live; to dwell in. *See* 우거ᄒᆞ다.

*거쳔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧薦 (들) (쳔거) To recommend—for rank etc. *See* 쳔거ᄒᆞ다.

*거촌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居村 (살) (마을) To live in a village. *See* 퇴촌ᄒᆞ다.

*거ᄒᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧燭 (들) (촛ᄇᆞᆯ) To light lanterns—as an official on a journey.

거ᄉᆞᆷ거ᄉᆞᆷ *s.* Quickly; roughly; speedily.

거ᄉᆞᆷ군 *s.* An agent; an assistant; one who aids.

거ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞ다 *s.* To act as an agent; to lend a hand. *See* 노릭서ᄒᆞ다.

*거ᄉᆡ *l.* 去就 (갈) (나아갈) Going and coming; movements; actions. *See* 힝지. (운명ᄒᆞ다).

거치다 *s.* 거ᄎᆡ ; 친 To turn aside; to call—as when on the way.

거치레 *s.* A kind of caterpillar that eats horsehair—and so is destructive to head-bands. (Prov.) *See* 그립아.

거치장스럽다 *l.* 러워 ; 은 To be pressing; to be burdensome.

거침업다 *s.* 서 ; 슨 To have no asperities; to be without difficulties.

꺼더리다 *l.* 滅 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ -*멸) 덕더 ; 린 To put out—a light. To flatten out—an elevation.

*거련산 *l.* 巨元山 (클) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (뫼) A Mountain in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.39 Long. 126.49.

거룽 *l.* Body; form. Also used for pride, vanity. 거드름.

*거ᄒᆡ *s.* 居宅 (살) (집) A dwelling house.

거판지다 *l.* 판져 ; 진 To be heavy; to be stout *See* 거방지다.

*거판ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧板 (들) (판ᄌᆞ) To be bankrupt; to be ruined. *See* 패가ᄒᆞ다.

*거폐 / 巨弊 (클) (해여질) A public evil; a universal abuse.

*거폐ᄒᆞ다 / 去弊 (ᄇᆞ릴 해여질) To rid of abuse or evil. *See* 제폐ᄒᆞ다

*거포 / 巨砲 (클) (대포) A big gun, cannon.

거푼거리다 *s.* 거려 ; 린 To flap up and down; to toss (v.t.). *See* 너푼거리다.

거풋거리다 *s.* 거려 ; 린 To toss; to shake —as a quilt or a sheet.

거풋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To toss; to shake. (거풋ᄒᆞ면).

*거풉 巨驛 (큰) (정ᄉᆞᆫ) A post station in Kang won-do.

*거풍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧風 (들) (바람) To air; to expose to the atmosphere.

거품 *s.* 泡 (*포) Foam; froth; scum. (지다).

*거피ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 去皮 (ᄇᆞ릴) (가족) To skin; to peel; to flay.

*거함 / 巨艦 (큰) (비) A big man-of-war.

*거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 巨 (클) To be wooded; to be covered with timber.

*거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 居 (살) To reside; to dwell; to live. *See* 사다.

*거핵 *l.* 去核 (ᄇᆞ릴) (씨) Cotton. *See* 면화.

*거핵ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 去核 (ᄇᆞ릴) (씨) To remove seed from the cotton; to remove the core or seed.

*거행 *l.* 擧行 (들) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) Acting according to orders. *See* 거힝ᄉᆞ.

*거행ᄉᆞ *l.* 擧行ᄉᆞ (들) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ 일) Obedience to official orders. *See* 거행.

*거행ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擧行 (들) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To act according to orders; to execute orders.

걱 *s.* With a grip; with a nip or bite.

걱걱 *s.* The call of the pheasant.

걱껑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sticky; to be gluey. *See* 끈끈ᄒᆞ다.

걱기고깝을다 *s.* 으려 ; 은 To grind in the mortar and to winnow to say this and that; to wrangle; to affirm and deny.

걱기다 *s.* 걱겨 ; 긴 To stop up; to prevent. To be outdone; to fail. To fold back.

걱다 *s.* 折 (ᄭᆞᆯ—*꺾) 걱거 ; 근 To break —as a stick. (v.t.) To silence in argument. *See* 부러뜨리다

걱독이 *s.* 屐 (나막신 *극) Children's ornamented shoes. Wooden shoes. (Prov.) (파다) (신다)

걱쇠 *s.* A cramp-iron; a hook. A ㄱ shaped mark written at the close of a deed. (쳐다).

걱정 *s.* 憂 (근심—*우) Anxiety; uneasiness; worry. *See* 근심.

걱정구럭이 *s.* A cause for anxiety; objects of care. An anxious person.

걱정스럽다 *s.* 러워 ; 은 To be uneasy; to be anxious; to be fearful. *See* 근심스럽다.

걱정이 *s.* A kind of fresh-water fish.

걱정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 憂 (근심—*우) To be uneasy; to be anxious; to be worried. To scold; to grumble

걱지다 *s.* 强 (강ᄒᆞᆯ *강) 걱지 ; 진 To have weight; to have influence; to have character. *See* 걱줄지다.

걱즈치다 *s.* To mark thus ㄱ at the close of a deed

걱줄지다 *s.* 줄지 ; ᄒᆞ To have weight; to have influence, to have character. *See* 세차다.

걱허동다 *s.* 동아 ; 은 To climb up on hands and feet; to scramble up. (Prov.)

*건 *s.* 巾 (슈건) A linen cap worn by mourners.

건가 *s.* 乾價 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*까) (갑—*가) The 'dry price'—money instead of spirit taken by one of a party who cannot drink. *See* 디젼.

건갈 *s.* 乾葛 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*깐) 취 (*갈) Dried *Pueraria thunbergiana*—used as a medicine.

건갈이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乾耕 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*깐) (ᄇᆞᆺ갈—*경) To plough up dry paddyfields. *Opp.* 물갈이ᄒᆞ다.

건강 *s.* 乾薑 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*깐) (싱강 —*강) Dry ginger. *Opp.* 싱강.

*건강ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 健康 (건장) (편안) To be healthy, vigorous, or sound.

건건이 *s.* 饌 (반찬 *찬) Side-dishes; seasoning. (치다). *See* 반찬.

건건찝질ᄒᆞ다 *s* To be salty; to be saltish.

*건건ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乾乾 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To be watchful and vigilant. (C. C.)

건건ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鹹 (짤 *함) To be salty. *See* 짭질ᄒᆞ다.

*건고 *s.* 乾膏 (ᄆᆞᆯ, (기름) Dry Extract.

건곡 *s.* 乾谷 (마를—*짠)(골—*꼭) A dry valley—unsuited for paddy fields. *See* 논드리.

건곡 *s.* 乾穀 (마를—*짠) (곡식—*꼭) Dry grain.

***건곤** *s.* 乾坤 (하눌) (짜) The male and female elements in the universe. Heaven and earth; man and woman; day and night etc.

건골 *s.* The triangular rush. Reed grass—growing on dry ground. A tough hardy fellow. (Prov.)

***건공** *s.* 乾空 (하눌) (빈) The air; the heavens. *See* 공중.

***건공지신** *l.* 建功之臣 (세울) (공) (갈) (신하) Persons who have rendered eminent service to the country.

***건공ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 建功 (세울) (공) To render good service to the state.

***건국이리로** *l.* 建國以來 (세울) (나라) (써) (브터) Since the establishment of the country.

***건국ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 建國 (세울) (나라) To found a state.

***건기ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 愆期 (허물) (긔약) To defer the fulfilment of a promise; to fail to keep an agreement. *See* 위긔ᄒᆞ다.

***건과** *s.* 愆過 (허물, (허물) A fault. (잡다) (잡히다).

건너 *l.* 越 (건널—*월) Across; on the other side—as of water, a valley etc. *See* 넘어.

건너ᄀᆞᆺ다 *l.* 劃一 (그을 *획) (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) 그어; 근 To write a horizontal stroke—from left to right. *Opp.* 누려ᄀᆞᆺ다.

건너다 *l.* 渡 (건널—*도) 너; 넌 To cross over; to go to the other side—of water etc. To pay up; to settle.

건너말 *l.* 越村 (건널—*월) (마을—*촌) The opposite town.

건너집 *l.* 越家 (건널—*월) (집—*가) The opposite house.

건너편 *l.* 越便 (건널—*월) (편ᄒᆞᆯ—*편) The opposite side.

건넌방 *s.* 越房 (건널—*월) (방 -*방) The opposite room—across the court; woman's quarters. *Opp.* 한방.

건넌산바ᄅᆞ보기 *s.* Scolding one person over the head of another.

건달 *s.* A penniless rake; a dissipated character who lacks means. *See* 달보.

건답 *s.* 乾畓 (마를 *짠) (논 -*답) Dry paddy fields—that depend on rain for water supply. *Opp.* 슈답.

건더리다 *l.* 더려; 린 To push; to bother; to disturb.

건더이 *s.* Solid—as opposed to liquid; matter; material. *See* 건지.

***건도ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 建都 (세울) (도읍) To establish or found a capital.

건드러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be beaten down; to fall. *See* 문드러지다. To be extravagant.

건드레ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be half drunk. *See* 얼큰ᄒᆞ다.

건들거리다 *s.* 거러; 린 To be dissipated; to be fast. *See* 산들거리다.

건들건들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fast; to be extravagant. *See* 산들산들ᄒᆞ다.

건듯건듯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swing along; to stride along.

건쑷건쑷ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swing along—a one walking with long strides.

***건ᄃᆡ** *s.* 巾帶 (슈건) (ᄃᆡ) A mourner's cap and belt.

건락충 *l.* 乾酪蟲 (마ᄅᆞᆨ—*짠) (술) (버레) The cheese mite, *Acarus siro.*

건량 *s.* 乾糧 (마를—*짠) (탕식—*량) Dried food.

***건량** *s.* 間兩 (소이—*간) (두) Marks on a string of cash show the number of *yang.* (집다). *See* 작패ᄒᆞ다.

***건량집다** *s.* 間兩 (소이—*간) (두) 집허; 픈 To count the number of *yang* by the marks on a string of cash. *See* 작패ᄒᆞ다.

***건령슈** *l.* 建瓴水 (세울) (병) (믈) Water running from a bottle—used of what is easy.

***건륭** *s.* 乾隆 (하눌) (높흘) The title of the Emperor's reign—from 1736 to 1796. A.D.

***건립ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 建立 (세울) (셜) To establish—of countries; to construct; or erect—of buildings etc.

***건망증** *l.* 愆忘症 (허믈) (니질) (증셰) Forgetfulness; loss of memory. *Opp.* 총명.

건망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乾網 (마를—*짠)(그믈—*망) To tie on the head-band without washing. *See* 건과ᄒᆞ다.

***건망ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 愆忘 (허믈) (니질) To be stupid, to be forgetful. *See* 혼망ᄒᆞ다.

건면 *s.* 乾麵 (마를 *짠) (국슈—*면) Dried vermicelli.

***건명** *s.* 乾命 (하눌) (목숨) A male; a man—a term used by sorcerers etc. *Opp.* 곤명.

건목 A rough outline. (치다)

건물잡전호다 s. 乾沒作錢 모물 *간 싸홀 사물 (도 To confiscate and sell. 스 국고만매호다

건몰호다 s. 乾沒 모물 *간 싸홀 To confiscate; to seize. *See* 욕공호다.

건물 s. 乾物 (모물—*간) (만물—*물) A useless object; a worthless thing.

건물노 s. Uselessly; to no purpose. *See* 심관으로.

건방지다 s. 방지; 진 To make pretenses to learning or arts. 스 서근놀호다

건부등호다 乾浮騰 모물—*간) (보셜 씨 To sow on [illegible] 스 건파호다.

*건뵉셔 l. 建白書 (세울) (흰) (글) A memorial; a petition.

*건뵉호다 l. 建白 (세울) (흰) To address a memorial to the Emperor or the Government.

*건산모면 乾山母面 스는 신션 모숨 Death; decease—of man. *Opp.* 곤션명.

건셜방 s. An idler; a loafer; a hanger on

*건립호다 l. 建立 (세울) (셜립) To establish; to institute; to create; to found. 스 건호다

건시 s. 乾柿 (모를—*간) (감—*시) Dried persimmons. *See* 곳감.

건숨 s. 乾蔘 모를 *간 숨 Dried ginseng. *Opp.* 슈숨

건어 s. 乾魚 모를 *간) (고기—*어) Dried fi

*건언셔 l. 建言書 (세울) (말숨) (글) A written petition presented to the Government; A memorial addressed to the authorities.

*건언호다 l. 建言 (세울) (말숨) To address a memorial—to the Emperor or the Government

*건위제 l. 健胃劑 (건장) (비위) (약지) A medicine for strengthening the stomach, or for promoting digestion; a peptic

*건의셔 l. 建議書 (세울) (의론) (글) An address or statement of views made to the Government.

*건의소 l. 建議所 (세울) (의론) (바) An office that has to do with preparing petitions to the Government.

*건의호다 l. 建議 (세울) (의론) To submit one's views to the Government.

건이치다 s. 여; 진 To anticipate; to guess; to surmise. *See* 눈치치다

건일다 / 새끼 건질 *비 건질 *회 To [illegible] and to sell or [illegible] and forth

건전 s. 乾田 모를 *간 연덕 A fertile Hamkyong-do Lat. 42.38 Lon. 129 20

건좀 s. A parasite that destroys the roots of the standing grain. A blasted ear of grain

*건장호다 l. 健壯 (건장) (장홀) To be powerful, sturdy; to be strong, or able-bodied. *See* 셰차다

건저 s. 底 (거의—*셔) About; nearly (Prov.) *See* 건경.

건지다 s. 搖 (건질—*중) 여; 낸 To pull out; to [illegible] to save from. *See* 구원호다.

건정건정호다 s. To be careless; to be easy going. *See* 건즘건즘호다.

건정호다 乾淨 모를 [illegible] 몸 To clean; to purify; to make tidy; to put in order.

건조연쥬 s. 乾燥電柱 (모를—*간) (모를) (번지) (가동) Dry piles.

건조호다 s. 乾燥 (모를—*간) (모를) To be parched; to be dry; to be dried up; to become caked.

*건졸 / 健卒 (건장) (군소) Able-bodied soldiers; sturdy troops.

건즘건즘호다 s. To be lively; to be entertaining. To be careless. *See* 건정건정호다

건지 s. Solid—as opposed to liquid material, matter. *See* 건덕어.

건짐 s. 底 (거의—*셔) Almost; about; nearly *See* 거진.

건지다 s. 건져; 진 To dip out; to pull out; to rescue; to save from.

건지산 乾芝山 모를 *간 [illegible] 외, A mountain in Chol-la-d Lat. [illegible]50 Long. 127 28.

건짐뜨다 l. 짐떠; 뜬 To beat about-in order to get at another's ideas. *See* 변죽치다

건칙국 s. 乾鮮局 (모를—*간) (지목—*국) [illegible] 조 스 wholesale provision-store. 스 세닥국

건천 [illegible]내 모를 *간 [illegible] *천) A dried up stream. A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

건초 s. 乾棗 (모를—*간) (대조—*조) Dried dates. *Opp.* 풋초.

*건축 l. 建築 (세울) (싹홀) Construction; building.

*건축가 建築家 세울 [illegible] 집 An architect, a builder. 스 건슈스

*건축공사 / 建築工師 (세울) (짓출) (장인) (스승) An architect; a builder.

*건축국 / 建築局 (세울) (짓출) (판) The Bureau of Public Works.

*건축비 / 建築費 (세울) (짓출) (허비) Building expenses.

*건축소 / 建築所 (세울) (짓출) (바) The place where a building is being erected.

건축술 / 建築術 (세울) (짓출) (술법) Architecture. *See* 건축학

*건축사 / 建築師 (세울) (짓출) (스승) An architect; a builder.

건축사무 / 建築事務 (세울) (짓출) (일) (힘쓸) The work of building.

*건축학 / 建築學 (세울) (짓출) (비홀) Architecture. *See* 건축술.

*건축하다 / 建築 (세울) (짓출) To build; to construct, to erect.

건치 s. 乾雉 (마를—*꿩) (꿩—*치) Pheasant plucked and dried—used at wedding ceremonies.

건치 s. 乾菜 (마를—*채) (나물—*치) Dried herbs or vegetables.

건덕 s. 岸 (언덕 - 안) An embankment—a means of support; a livelihood. Prov.)

건파하다 s. 乾播 (마를—*뿌) (뿌릴) To sow dry paddy-fields. *See* 건부종하다. To tie on the head-band without washing the face. *See* 건망하다.

*건포 s. 巾布 (수건) (포) Linen for mourner's caps.

건포 s. 乾脯 (마를—*포) (포육—*포) Dried meat—beef or fish.

건흔나다 s. 나; 난 To be foolishly alarmed; to be frightened at nothing. *See* 흔나다.

*건흥산 s. 乾興山 (하늘) (일) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.48 Long. 127.56.

건하다 s. To dry. (v.t.) *See* 말니다.

*걸 s. 桀 (사오나올) B. C. 1766. An abandoned tyrant whose name today is a synonym for all that is evil in officialdom.

걸 s. A term used in a game of pitch and toss. (자다).

걸싸리지다 s. 리져; 진 To be tall and strong.

걸거의다 s. 의여, 뒨 To scratch; to wound; to tear. *See* 찌어러리다.

껄껄 s. Loudly; noisily—as laughter. *See* 껄껄.

껄껄이 s. Prickles; spikes; awns.

걸걸호다 l. To wander here and there. *See* 쌩쌩리다.

걸걸호다 s. To be liberal-minded; to be free; to be lively. *See* 식식하다.

껄껄호다 l. To be rough; to be lumpy—to the touch. *Opp.* 핫근핫근하다.

*걸군호다 s. 乞郡 (빌) (고을) To beg an official position.

걸귀 s. A sow. A glutton.

걸군걸근호다 s. To look greedily at; to covet.

껄끌끌금호다 s. To be rough—to the touch

*걸믹 s. 乞客 (빌) (손) A beggar. *See* 걸엉이.

*걸과 s. 乞科 (빌) (과거) A makeshift degree as given to an old *Sinpu.*

걸너뚬 s. Omit one; every other one.

껄넉껄넉 s. Coughing; wheezing. *See* 콜독콜독하다.

걸레 s. A cloth duster; a wash-rag; a napkin. (치다). *See* 기제귀.

걸느다 s. 漉 (걸을—*록) 걸너; 는 To strain off, to filter. *See* 걸으다.

걸니다 s. 罹 (걸닐—*리) 걸녀; 닌 To be caught in; to be taken—as in a net. To be overtaken—by a fault.

걸니다 s. 掛 (걸—*패) 걸녀; 닌 To be hooked to, to be fastened to.

걸니다 s. 걸녀; 닌 To lead; to conduct.

걸다 l and s. 掛 (걸—*패) 거러; 건 To hook; to fasten; to hang up; to contract.

걸다 l. 어; 건 To be fertile; to be rich—of land. To be thick of gruel, spirit etc.

걸떼 s. Capacity—for eating and drinking; appearance; shape. *See* 멍지.

껄떽 s. With a gulp.

껄떽껄떽호다 s. To gulp repeatedly. To be fast.

걸룡고 s 指南鼓 (가르칠—*지) (남녘—*남) (쇠 *얼) A mariner's campass. *See* 지남덩.

*걸립호다 l. 乞粒 (빌) (쌀) To beg rice—as Buddhist comedians or fortune tellers. *See* 굿즘.

걸맞다 l. 相適 (서로—*상) (마질—*뎍) 마자; 진 To be mated; to be properly matched. *See* 뎍당호다.

걸머지다 s. 負 (질—*부) 머져; 진 To carry on the back. *See* 메다 To contract—a debt.

걸메다 *s.* 負 (짊—*부) 어; 멘 To carry on the back. *See* 걸머지다.

*걸불행 *s.* 乞不行 (빌)(아닐)(아오를) (돈닐 Beggars never travel together.

걸싹다 *l.* 健壯 (건장—*건)(장할—*장)하; 다 To be strong; to be vigorous; to be agile; to be active. *See* 강하다.

걸삼스럽다 *s.* 러워; 은 To be strong; to be vigorous.

걸상 *l.* A table on which to sit; a bench; a chair. *See* 교의.

걸시하다 *l.* To be quick; to be swift. (Prov.) *See* 잘잔.

*걸식하다 *s.* 乞食 (빌)(밥) To beg food. *See* 빌엑질하다.

*걸신 *s.* 乞神 (빌)(귀신) A hungry demon (said to possess a glutton. 들나다)

걸신 *s.* Quickly; easily; frequently; in a twinkle. (숙면).

걸신들니다 *s.* 들녀; 닌 To be possessed of a hungry demon.

걸신장이 *s.* A beggar. *See* 거지.

걸쇠 *l.* 鐍 (*건) A hook; a door fastening. *See* 비목.

걸엉방이 *s.* A beggar. *See* 걸신장이.

걸엉이 *s.* A beggar; a mendicant. *See* 걸엉방이.

걸으다 *s.* 걸너; 은 To omit; to skip over. *See* 건너다.

걸으다 *s.* 漉 (갈을—*록) 걸너; 은 To strain; to filter. *See* 걸느다.

걸이 *s.* 材料 (지목—*지)(헤아릴—*료) Supplies etc. from which food is prepared. *See* 가을.

걸이 *s.* Beauty; form. *See* 립시.

*걸인 *s.* 乞人 (빌) (사롬) A beggar; a mendicant. *See* 걸직.

걸쩍걸쩍 *s.* Bright; intelligent; lively. *See* 씩억씩억.

걸쩍설쩍하다 *s.* To rattle; to rustle.

*걸쥬 *s.* 桀紂 (사오나올) (사오나올) The last king of the *Ha* kingdom (1818 B.C.) and the last of the *Songs* (1154 B.C.) Their names are joined together to express infamy and unrighteousness in ruling.

걸쭈 *s.* A sow.

*걸출하다 *s.* 傑出 (호걸) (날) To excel; to be pre-eminent; to surpass others in merit or talent.

걸해하다 *s.* 求乞 (구할 —*구) (빌—*걸) To ask help—as food and clothing.

걸터안다 *l.* 저; 진 To sit as in a chair with the knees at right angles.

걸뜻 *s.* Quickly; suddenly. A single move; every time. In a trice. (숙면). *See* 얼는.

*걸해하다 *s.* 乞骸 (빌) (뼈) To beg for one's bones; to resign one's office on account of old age.

*검 *l.* 劍 (칼) A large curved sabre. *See* 칼.

검댕하다 *s.* 暗 (어두울—*암) To be dark, to be obscure. *See* 침침하다.

*검극 *l.* 劍戟 (칼) (창) Swords and spears.

검금 *s.* 黑錦 (검을—*흑) (빅반—*반) Powder from which black leaves are made. *See* 흑반.

검기다 *s.* 검게; 긴 To dye black; to blacken.

*검술 *l.* 劍術 (칼) (손) One versed in the art of fencing.

*검광 *l.* 劍光 (칼) (빛) The flashing of a sword blade.

*검뇨경 *l.* 檢尿鏡 (상고홀) (오쥬) (그롯) An instrument for examining the urine.

검다 *l.* 黑 (검을—*흑) 어; 은 To be black. *See* 검울하다.

검덕귀신 *s.* A black devil—an abusive expression.

*검독 *l.* 檢督 (상고홀) (거누릴) An overseer. *See* 주현.

검댕 *s.* 煤 (검을—*미) Soot. *See* 검의양.

*검력귀 *l.* 檢力器 (상고홀) (긔) (그롯) An instrument for measuring man's physical strength.

*검률 *l.* 檢律 (상고홀) (법) An underofficer of justice stationed at a government headquarters.

*검률단 *l.* 檢律單 (상고홀) (법) (단조) A written statement of a case as presented to the governor by the *kumnyul*.

*검마산 *l.* 劍磨山 (칼) (갈) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do Lat. 36,48 Long. 128,55.

*검무 *l.* 劍舞 (칼) (춤출) A sword-dance. (추다). *See* 협장무.

*검박하다 *l.* 儉朴 (검박) (검박) To be careful; to be frugal; to be economical. *See* 검소하다.

검버셧 *l.* 黑點 (검을—*흑) (표기—*뎜) Dark spots on the face, dot hes on the skin. (돗다)

*검봉 *l.* 劍鋒 (칼) (날) The point of a sword.

검부나무 *s.* Grass; weeds; rubbish—used for fuel

검불 *s.* 草芥 (풀—*초) (겨조—*개) Rubbish—of straw, grass etc. *See* 허섭.

*검사관 / 檢查官 (삼고홀) (사실홀) (벼슬) An inspector; an examiner.

*검사소 / 檢查所 (삼고홀) (사실홀, (바) An inspecting office.

*검사역 / 檢查役 (간검) (사실홀) (역소) An examiner.

*검사ᄒᆞ다 / 檢查 (솜힘) (사실홀) To inspect; to examine; to enquire into; to investigate.

*검산 / 檢山 (간검) 뫼) A mountain in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.19 Long. 126.14; a military station in Pyong an-do.

*검상 / 檢詳 (삼고홀) (조세) Formerly an associate or officer attached to the Ministers of State.

검세다 *s.* 세여; 센 To be strong; to be rank; to be powerful. *See* 세차다.

검성듬웃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be few; to be scattered here and there.

*검소ᄒᆞ다 / 儉素 (검박) (힘) To be thrifty; to be economical; to be frugal. *See* 검박ᄒᆞ다.

*검수 / 黔首 (검을) (머리) The mass of the people, common people; the nation.

*검수 / 劍水 (칼) (물) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*검술 / 劍術 (칼) (술업) The art of swordsmanship. *See* 견검

검숭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be darkish; to be blackish. *See* 샛갑아다.

*검시관 / 檢尸官 (삼고홀) (죽업) (벼슬) An official who inspects and certifies to a death; a coroner.

*검시장 / 檢尸場 (삼고홀) (죽업) (마당) A place where an inquest takes place.

*검시ᄒᆞ다 / 檢尸 (삼고홀) (죽업) To hold a post-mortem.

검실검실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dark spotted. To be indistinct.

*검사국장 / 檢事局長 (삼고홀) (일) (관) (어른) A Chief of Examiner's Office.

*검사관 / 檢事官 (삼고홀) (일) (벼슬) A public prosecutor; an examiner.

*검사 / 檢事 (솜힘) (일) The public prosecutor attached to a court of justice.

*검약ᄒᆞ다 / 儉約 (검박) (헌약) To economize; to be frugal; to be thrifty.

검역 *s.* 黑 (검을—*흑) Black. *See* 감은.

검얼 *s.* A cramp-iron; a clamp. *See* 쇠.

검얼못 / A cramp-iron fastening—used on corners or places likely to separate. (치다).

검얼이 / 蛭 (*질) A leech; a bloodsucker. One who is hard to shake off; a nuisance

검얼장식 / Metal corner fastenings—for boxes etc.

*검역 / 檢疫 (솜힘) (병) Quarantine.

*검역료 / 檢疫料 (솜힘) (병) (헤아릴) Quarantine fees.

*검역ᄒᆞ다 / 檢疫 (삼고홀) (병) To examine ships or persons suspected of being infected with malignant or contagious diseases.

*검열자 / 檢閱者 (솜힘) (지날) (놈) An inspector

*검열ᄒᆞ다 / 檢閱 (솜힘) (지날) To examine; to inspect; to scrutinize.

*검온긔 / 驗溫器 (삼고홀) (더울) (그릇) Thermometer.

검으스렁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be darkish; to be blackish. *See* 검으숙숙ᄒᆞ다.

검으숙숙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be blackish; to be darkish. *See* 검웃검웃ᄒᆞ다.

검은약 *s.* 烏藥 (까마귀 -*요) (약 *약) A black ointment prepared from spiders, centipeds etc., used for boils. (요다). *See* 요약.

검은엿 *s.* Black candy.

검은조위 *s.* 黑睛 (검을—*흑) (눈조위—*정) The iris of the eye. *Opp.* 흰조위.

검웃검웃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be marked or spotted with black *See* 검웃ᄒᆞ다.

검웃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be darkish; to be blackish. *See* 검으스렁ᄒᆞ다.

검의 *s.* 蜘蛛 (*지) (*쥬) A spider.

검의양 *s.* 煤 (철미—*미) Soot. *See* 거를.

검의치밀다 *s.* 밀어; 민 To look on with envy; to covet (Prov.) *See* 욱심나다.

검장 *s.* 煤 (철미—*미) Soot. (한다). *See* 검의양.

검저리 / 蛭 (*질) A leech; a bloodsucker; a nuisance; an extortioner. (Prov.) *See* 검얼이.

검적검적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be spotted black. To wink repeatedly.

*검전ᄒᆞ다 / 鈐接 (범홀—*범) (붓홀—*접) To attach oneself to; to take hold of; to disturb. *See* 검드리다.

검정 *s.* 黑 (검을—*흑) Black color.

*검진긔 /. 檢震器 (검진긔) (우뢰) (그릇) A seismometer.

검질 ᄉ. 草芥 (풀 —초) (겨조 —개) Rubbish—of straw, leaves etc. *See* 검불.

검질기다 /. 질겨; 긴 To be tedious; to be wearisome; to be tiresome. *See* 싹지다

검차다 /. 차; 찬 To be firm; to be tough; to be solid.

*검찰판 /. 檢察官 (검찰관) (츄정) (벼슬) A prosecuting official; a prosecutor. *See* 검소관.

*검첨 /. 劍尖 (칼) (뼈쪽) The point of a sword. *See* 검봉.

검츄ᄒᆞ다 s. To be black; to be dark; to be foul. *See* 검울ᄒᆞ다.

검칙스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be deceitful; to be wicked. *See* 음악스럽다.

검칙ᄒᆞ다 s. To be deceitful; to be dark. *See* 음침ᄒᆞ다.

*검침ᄒᆞ다 s. 黔沈 (검울) (종긜) To be gloomy; to be horrible. *See* 음녹ᄒᆞ다

*검ᄐᆞ 黔炭 (검울) (숫) Fine charcoal; soft wood charcoal. *Opp.* 뵉탄.

검탁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be covetous; to be avaricious; to be envious. *See* 음욕ᄒᆞ다.

*검파 /. 劍把 (칼) (자로) The handle of a sword.

검푸르다 /. 르러; 른 To be greenish; to be sallow.

*검학산 /. 劍鶴山 (칼) (학) (뫼) A mountain in P'yong-an-do Lat. 39.08 Long. 126.41.

검흐르다 /. 檢漏 (넘칠 —샐) (샐—*루) 홀너; 흐른 To run over, to overflow *See* 넘치다.

*겁 s. 怯 (겁홀) Fear; cowardice; terror. *Opp.* 담.

겁긥ᄒᆞ다 s. To be hasty; to be quick tempered.

겁결에 s. In one's fright; in the terror of the moment.

겁쑤럭이 s. A coward; a poltroon. *See* 겁장이.

겁나다 s. 나; 난 To become frightened; to act the coward. *See* 겁츈ᄂᆞ다.

*겁년 s. 劫年 (겁홀) (흑) A year of disaster. *See* 흑년.

겁더이 s. 皮 (가죽—*피) The skin; the bark; the covering; the chaff. (벗기다). *See* 겁질.

*겁략ᄒᆞ다 s. 劫掠 겁탈홀; 로략홀) To take by force; to seize; to rob; to plunder.

*겁박ᄒᆞ다 s. 劫迫 겁탈홀) 핍박) To ravish; to spoil. *See* 핍박ᄒᆞ다.

겁설거리다 s. 거려; 린 To move up and down To interfere. *See* 겁저거리다.

*겁심 s. 怯心 (겁홀) (모음) A timorous mind; timidity; cowardise

겁울거리다 s. 거려; 린 To move up and down, to swing up and down *See* 겁울거리다

겁울겁울ᄒᆞ다 s. To bob up and down; to move up and down *See* 겁쑥겁쑥ᄒᆞ다

겁장이 s. A coward; a poltroon. *See* 겁쑤럭이

겁저거리다 s. 거려; 린 To bob up and down; to swing up and down. To interfere. *See* 겁신거리다.

겁적겁적 s. Bobbing up and down; moving up and down. Interfering

겁질 s. 皮 (가죽—*피) The skin; the bark, the covering; the chaff. *See* 겁더이

겁츅ᄒᆞ다 s To commit rape; to ravish; to take by force. *See* 겁박ᄒᆞ다.

*겁탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 劫奪 (겁탈홀) (쌔아슬) To rob; to plunder; to ravish; to commit rape. *See* 겁츅ᄒᆞ다

겁프 s. A second time. *See* 지초.

겁흐집 s. 型 (*형) An earthen mould for casting

겁흠 ᄉ. 殼 (*각) Chaff, the shell; the husk. (Prov.) *Opp.* 알맹이.

겻 ᄉ. A flatter or kind of barrow for carrying.

겻 s. 表 (밧—*표) The exterior; the outside. *See* 겁더이.

것 s. 件 (물—*건) A thing; an affair; an object -a word much used with present and past participial adjectives to express a subordinate clause in a noun form.

것 s. Until; as far as. (입 제). *See* 지것.

것곡 s. Grain in the chaff. *Opp.* 알곡.

것구러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be upset; to be turned upside down. *See* 곤두박이다.

것구러치다 s. 러쳐; 친 To turn upside down; to upset. *See* 업드러치다.

것구로 ᄉ. 倒 것구러질 *도, Upside down; invertedly. *Opp.* 바로.

것쇠리다 s. 쇠려; 린 To pretend; to make pretensions. (Prov.)

것다 *l.* 步 (거름—*보) 거러; 른 To go on foot; to walk. *Opp.* 투다

것다 *s.* 如 (又흠—*여) 허; 흔 To be alike; to be the same. (Prov.) *See* 又다.

것다 *s.* 捲 (것을—*권) 어; 은 To gather up; to fold up; to roll back.

것다 *s.* 經 (것을—*칠) 어; 은 To finish up; to complete. *See* 칠마ᄒᆞ다.

것더거리다 *s.* 거러; 린 To be extravagant; to be pretentious.

것덕것덕 *s.* Putting on airs; pretentions.

것덕더다 *s.* 어; 린 To make pretensions; to put on airs. *See* 우쭈더다.

것도다 *s.* 물아; 돈 To be uncongenial; to not mix freely.

것맛치다 *s.* 맛쳐; 친 To seem to be favorable; to be outwardly friendly. *See* 엄니맛시다.

것면 *s.* Appearances; looks; outward form. *See* 외면.

것몰다 *s.* 물아; 른 To hasten; to hurry *See* 취몰다. *Also* 것모다

것물도다 *s.* 물아; 돈 To be watery; to be watered.

것뭇어 *s.* Chasing hard after.

것바르다 *s.* 발나; 바른 To have a fair appearance; to flatter. *Also* 것발나님기다.

것발나님기다 *s.* 넘겨; 긴 To be all on the ontside; to be showy.

것보리 *s.* Barley in the chaff. *Opp.* 쵤보리.

것볼한 *s.* Seeing the outside, one judges of the heart. (알다).

것봉 *s.* 外封 (밧—*외) (봉홀—*봉) An outside envelope *See* 봉투.

것어지르다 *s.* 질너, 지른 To fasten up; to fix.

것오치다 *s.* 撤 (것오칠 -*철) 쳐; 친 To remove; to pile up—as goods exposed for sale.

것장다 *s.* 아; 은 To restrain; to moderate; to temper.

것져고리 *s.* An outside coat or skirt.

것치 *s.* A straw bag or mat used as a blanket for an animal. *See* 언치.

것치다 *s.* 捲 (것을—*권) 것쳐; 친 To be rolled up; to pass away—as clouds.

것치다 *s.* 荒 (것칠 -*황) 칠어; 친 To be rough; to be mixed; to be badly done—as writing.

것치레ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外飾 (밧 -*외) (쑤밀—*식) To be all on the outside; to be outwardly showy. *See* 외양내다.

것치름다 *s.* 荒 (것칠 —*황) 로와; 은 To be rough; to be uneven. *Opp.* 반지름다.

것칠것칠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 荒 (것칠—*황) To be rough; to be uneven. *Opp.* 반질반질ᄒᆞ다

것칠다 *s.* 荒 (것칠—*황) 어; 친 To be rough; to be uneven.

것칫거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be barbed; to be prickly. To meet an obstruction. To cause delay or disturbance.

것칫것칫ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be prickly; to be barbed.

것칫ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To meet an obstruction—on a surface.

게 *l.* 蟹 (*헤) A crab; a crawfish.

개 *s.* 你 (너—*이) You—a low form. *See* 게네.

게 *s.* 彼處 (뎌—*피) (곳—*쳐) Yonder; there. *See* 거긔.

게걷 *s.* 慳 (함홀—*도) An insatiable appetite. (들니다). *See* 걷신.

게걸게걸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To threaten; to murmur against.

게걸장이 *s.* A grumbler. A glutton.

게걸스럽다 *s.* 慳 (함홀—*도) 러워; 은 To be greedy.

게믄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To feel pity for. To be dirty. *See* 미럽다.

게나예나 *s.* Here or there. *See* 어ᄎᆞ어피.

게네 *s.* You—plural of 개. *See* 일쟈.

*게명 *l.* 憩亭 (쉬일) (명조) A rest-house.

게무덕이 *s.* A pimple on the eyelid. *See* 쥐젓.

게목 *s.* A kind of herb; asparagus. *See* 고불박이.

*게방ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 揭榜 (걸) (방) To post up a proclamation. *See* 고시ᄒᆞ다.

게산이 *s.* 鵝 (게우—*아) A goose. *See* 게우.

게셜그르다 *s.* 그러; 른 To be unbearable; to be unsupportable; to be unpleasant. (Prov.)

*게시 *l.* 揭示 (걸) (보일) Posting up—as a public notice; a notification.

*게시장 *l.* 揭示場 (걸) (보일) (마당) A place where Government notifications are posted.

*게시판 *l.* 揭示板 (걸) (보일) (판조) A

board on which notices are written and hung up; a bulletin board.

*게시ᄒᆞ다 s. 揭示 (게시) To post up a notice; to notify.

*게식ᄒᆞ다 s. 憩息 (게식) (게실) To rest; to repose.

게심이 s. Very much; extremely. (Prov.)

헤어뎐 다 s. 懈怠 (해—*대) (해—*태) 민여; 믠 To neglect; to slight (from ... See 헤어딘다.

게우 s. 鵝 (*아) A goose. See 게산이.

게우다 s. 吐 (*토) 거워, 운 To vomit; to have nausea. See 토ᄒᆞ다.

게으르다 懶 (게스를 *라) 을너, 으른 To be idle; to be lazy; to be indolent.

게으름 s. Laziness; indolence.

게으름장이 s. An indolent fellow; a lazy character.

게으릐다 s. 희여; 쳔 To be lazy; to be idle; to be indolent.

게겸군 s. An overbearing person; one who is arrogant.

게경먹다 s. 어; 온 To be jealous; to be overbearing; to turn against one. See 패밤치다.

게줄 s. A tug-of-war.

게짇게짇ᄒᆞ다 s. To be troublesome; to be annoying; to be overbearing.

*게지ᄒᆞ다 s. 揭載 (걸) (시를) To publish—as a statement in a news-paper; to state, or record—as a fact in a book.

게드림 s. Beleiching. See 심목.

쎙챙 s. Whining; howling.

쎙 s. Whining; howling.

쎙거리 s. The breeching of a harness.

쎙쎙 s. Whining; groaning. See 응응.

검금 s. 黑錦 (검을—*흑) (릭반—*반) A black dye powder.

검둥검둥대다 s. 어; 쳔 To skip about; to jump up and down.

검셩드릇ᄒᆞ다 s. To be frequent; to be common; to be met with frequently.

검정검정 s. Leaping; jumping; skipping. Opp 문칫문칫.

검청거리다 s. 기려; 린 To be free and easy; to give loose rein to; to be without restraint.

검청검청ᄒᆞ다 s. To stride, to jump along; to move with long paces.

쎙치 s. 襠 (영정이—*둔) The breeching. The back of the hips. See 쎙거리.

쎙치되다 s. 긴쇠 (망ᄒᆞ -*망) (롭—*신)

여; 린 To be ... See 엄세판되다.

쎙ᄒᆞ다 s. To whine; to howl; to yell.

겨 s. 糠 (*강) Chaff; husks. Opp. 쌀.

겨누다 s. 누어; 눈 To aim or point at. See 다림보다. To take dimensions.

겨드랑이 s. 腋 (*익) The armpits.

겨레 s. 族 (*족) Relatives; relations. See 일문; 척분.

겨루다 s. 어; 룬 To oil; to mix in oil. ...

겨를 뗙 (*가) Leisure; spare time. See 한가.

겨름 s. Oiling; coating with oil.

겨름ᄒᆞ다 s. To try odds.

겨리 s. 隻 (*우) Numerative of animals ... shoes etc.

겨리반나다 s. 나; 난 To be decided; to be settled—wrongly.

겨우 s. 僅 (*근) Barely; scarcely; hardly. See 갓가스로.

겨우살이 ... 겨울 ... (*외) Winter clothes. ... See 솜ᄒᆞ.

겨우살이 s. 寄 (*기) The mistletoe. Parasitic plants on trees including *Viscum* and *Loranthus*. (달니다).

겨울 s. 冬 (*동) Winter. See 삼동.

겨울다 s. 耐 (을동 *염) 워; 운 To be excessive; to be more than desired.

겨울 s. 冬 (*동) Winter. Also 겨울. See 엄동.

겨조 s. 芥 (*개) Mustard. See 겨오.

*격 s. 格 (격식) A rule; a pattern.

*격강(이)천리 s. 隔江千里 (막힐) 물 ... 강을 ... the width of a barrier for a thousand li.

*격검 s. 擊劍 (칠) (칼) Sword practice; fencing. See 검술.

*격검ᄒᆞ다 擊劍 ... with swords; to fence.

*격고ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊鼓 (칠) (북) To strike the large drum at the palace gate in order to bring a matter to the attention of the king. See 기봉ᄒᆞ다.

격남하기 ... See 변갈다

격기ᄒᆞ다 ... (*역) To entertain; to feast. See 격디

격나다 ... at variance. See 올니다.

*격년 s. 隔年 (막힐) (년) Every other year; alternate years.

*격년렬새ᄒᆞ다 s. 隔年間隧 (막힐) (히) (지날) (히) To occur every other year; to occur in alternate years.

*격년ᄒᆞ다 s. 隔年 (막힐) (히) To occur every other year.

*격노ᄒᆞ다 s. 激怒 (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) (노ᄒᆞᆯ) To stir up; to anger; to excite. *See* 격분ᄒᆞ다.

격다 s. 겨; 근 To experience; to suffer; to undergo. To entertain; to feast; *See* 겨지ᄒᆞ다. To surpass, to outdo.

*격담 s. 格談 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A wise saying; a maxim; a theorem; an aphorism. *See* 격언.

*격도 s. 隔島 (막힐) (셤) An island in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. 36 39 Long. 126.16.

*격동ᄒᆞ다 s. 激動 (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) To anger; to stir up; to excite to pleasure.

*격로오 s. 格魯母 (칠) (나라) (어미) Chrome or chromium

*격로오산 s. 格魯母酸 (칠) (나라) (어미) (실) Chromic acid.

*격로오산염 s. 格魯母酸鹽 (칠) (나라) (어미) (실) (소곰 Salts of chromium; chromate.

*격로오딘광 s. 格魯母鐵礦 (칠) (나라) (어미) (쇠) (쇠ᄆᆞᆯ) Chrome iron ore, chromite.

*격로오황 s. 格魯母黃 (칠) (나라) (어미) (누루) Chromium and yellow.

*격로우 s. 格魯兒 (칠) (나라) (우히) Chlorine.

*격린 s. (一닌) 隔隣 (막힐) (리웃) Next neighbors. *See* 격장.

*격막 s. 隔膜 (가ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄭᅧᆸᄒᆞᆯ) The diaphragm; the midriff.

*격면ᄒᆞ다 s. 隔面 (막힐) (낫) To be separated as friends. *See* 절교ᄒᆞ다.

*격문 s. 檄文 (격셔) (글) A despatch; an official communication.

*격물치지ᄒᆞ다 s. 格物致知 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (물건) (일울) (알) To investigate and bring to perfection.

*격물학 s. 格物學 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (물건) (비홀) Philosophy; natural science.

*격물ᄒᆞ다 s. 格物 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (물건) To inquire into the nature of things; to understand natural science.

*격발ᄒᆞ다 s. 激發 (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) (필) To send out or discharge in large quantities or in a violent manner.

*격분ᄒᆞ다 s. 激忿 (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) (분ᄒᆞᆯ) To stir up; to anger; to excite. *See* 격노ᄒᆞ다.

*격서 s. 檄書 (격셔) (글) A declaration of war. (천ᄒᆞ다).

*격설 s. 鴃舌 (새) (혀) Barbarous speech; jargon; gibberish.

*격식 s. 格式 (격식) (법) A pattern; a rule. *See* 법.

*격야 s. 隔夜 (막힐) (밤) Every other night; alternate nights.

*격양가 s. 擊壤歌 (칠) (흙덩이) (노래) A song celebrating national prosperity. (부르다). *See* 태평 가.

*격언 s. 格言 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A wise saying; a maxim; a theorem; an aphorism.

*격외 s. 格外 (전식) (밧) An exception; what is outside of the ordinary rule. *See* 비격.

*격일 s. 隔日 (막힐) (날) Every other day; alternate days.

*격원ᄒᆞ다 s. 隔遠 (막힐) (멀) To be distant; to be remote.

*격월 s. 隔月 (막힐) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Every other month; alternate months.

*격장 s. 隔墻 (막힐) (담) Dividing walls—next neighbors. *See* 격린.

*격장가 s. 隔墻家 (막힐) (담) (집) Houses beyond the walls—next neighbors. *See* 격장.

*격전ᄒᆞ다 s. 激戰 (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) (싸홀) To fight furiously.

*격절ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊節 (칠) (마듸) To beat time,—as to music.

*격절ᄒᆞ다 s. 隔絕 (막힐) (끈흘) To be distantly separated—one thing from another

격지 s. 匹 (갈피—*구) A ply; a leaf. (닐다). *See* 갈피.

*격질 s. 膈疾 (가ᄉᆞᆷ) (병) A disease of the stomach characterized by vomiting.

*격징ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊錚 (칠) (징—*정). *See* 격정ᄒᆞ다.

*격조ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊刺 (칠) (찌를) To strike and thrust; to cut and stab; to kill.

*격정ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊錚 (칠) (징) To beat a gong before the king in a royal procession in order to bring a matter to his attention. *See* 격징ᄒᆞ다.

*격타ᄒᆞ다 s. 擊打 (칠) (칠) To strike; to beat.

*격포 s. 格浦 (다다ᄅᆞᆯ) (개) A naval station in Chol-la-do.

*격회 s. 隔灰 (막힐) (지) A coating of mortar—about a coffin. *See* 축회.

*견갑 s. 肩甲 (엇게) (갑옷) The shoulders. The sides—of a grave.

*건갑 s. 堅甲 (굳을) (갑옷) Strong or tough armour.

*건갑리병 s. 堅甲利兵 굳을 (갑옷) (이할) (군사) Strong armour and sharp weapons; a powerful army; formidable troops.

*건갑충 s. 堅甲蟲 (굳을) (갑옷) (버레) A crustaceous creature.

*건강호다 s. 堅剛 (굳을) (강할) To be hard; to be steady; to be firm. See 든든호다.

건곤도 / 乾坤島 (볼) (짱) Kŏn Island Lat 34.38 Long 125.24

*건고호다 s. 堅固 (굳을) (굳을) To be strong; to be solid; to be firm; to be durable. See 견실호다.

*건골 s. 肩骨 (엇게) (뼈) The shoulder blade; scapula.

*건긔이지호다 / 乾機而作 (말릴) 긔틀) (말이) (지을) To seize the opportunity and act accordingly. See 립시쳐변호다.

*건긔호다 / 乾機 (말릴) 긔틀) To seize the opportunity. See 눈치쳐다.

*건련지졍 s. 繾綣之情 (얽힐) (얽힐) (갈) (뜻) Bonds of love; affection. See 졍.

*건노 / 譴怒 꾸지람) (노홀) To be angry at; to reprove. See 견칙.

*건노호다 s. 譴怒 (꾸지질) (노홀) To be angry; to become wroth; to feel indignation.

건달다 / 아; 단 To take down the name of a witness. See 보서다.

건대미 s. A kind of spool on which thread is wound.

*건두 s. 肩頭 (엇게) (머리) The shoulder.

건듸다 s. 捐 (건질—*내) 여; 단 To endure; to support; to bear; to be equal to. See 감다.

건딜셩 s Patience; endurance; coolness. (ᄉᆞ르다). See 춤을셩.

*건마 / 犬馬 (개) (말) Dog and horse — examples of faithfulness and devotion.

*건마지로 / 犬馬之勞 (개) (말) (갈) (슈고로올) Very hard work.

*건마지류 / 犬馬之類 (개) (말) (갈) (죵류) A brood of dogs and horses; a low rabble.

*건마지츙 / 犬馬之忠 (개) (말) (갈) (충셩) The faithfulness of dogs and horses.

*건마지치 / 犬馬之齒 (개) (말) (갈) (니) The teeth of dogs and horses—"my low birth" "my inferior age."

*건만호다 s. 牽挽 (쓰을) (당길) To pull with the hand; to lead; to guide.

*건모호다 / 見侮 (볼) (업수히녁일) To be disgraced; to be insulted; to be covered with confusion. See 업수히봇다.

*건묘 s. 獃畝 (이랑) (이랑) Rice-fields.

*견문 / 見聞 (볼) (드를) Seeing and hearing, observation [illegible]

*견문발검 / 見蚊拔劍 (볼) (모긔) (쌜) (갈) [illegible] to be disturbed over trifles. See 소승슬장.

*견문일치호다 / 見聞一致 (볼) (드를) (한일) (니를) To be the same. Hearing and seeing

*견문호다 / 見聞 (볼) (드를) To observe; to form impressions.

*견물성심 / 見物生心 (볼) (만물) (날) (모음) Seeing the thing gives rise to the desire to obtain it.

*견박 s. 肩膊 (엇게) (엇게) The shoulder-bone

*견벽불출호다 s. 堅壁不出 (굳을) (바람) (아닐) (날) To withdraw into defences; to fortify oneself.

*견빙 s. 堅氷 (굳을) (어름) Hard or thick ice.

*견산 / 見山 (볼) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do Lat. 35.29 Long. 128.39.

*견슈 / 犬水 (개) (물) A post station in Kyŏng-keui-do Lat. 37.56 Long. 126.5.

*견순증 s. 繭唇症 (곳치) (입설) (증셰) Fever blisters on the lips.

*견실호다 s. 堅實 굳을 (실호) To be solid; to be substantial; to be strong. See 굿다.

*견실호다 / 見失 볼 (일을) To lose, to miss; to forfeit. See 셰실호다.

*견소 s. 絹絲 (비단) (실) Raw silk.

*견아 / 犬牙 (개) (어금니) A dog's teeth.

*견아상졔 / 犬牙相制 (개 어금니) (서로) (제어홀) What fits together as a dog's teeth—international complications.

*견양 / 見樣 (볼) (모양) The dimensions. (내다).

견양대 / A yard stick; a measuring bamboo

견양호다 / 見樣 (볼) (모양) To take the dimensions; to measure off the size. See 견양내다.

*견여금셕 s. 堅如金石 굳을 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (쇠) (돌) Firm as a rock—of a contract, treaty etc.

*견욕호다 / 見辱 (볼) (욕홀) To be insulted, to be outraged See 봉욕호다

*견우 s. 牽牛 (쇼울) (소) *Ipomaea hederacea*—a medicine

*견우성 s. 牽牛星 (쇼울) (소) (별) The Herdsman star in Aquila said to cross the Milky-way on the 7th of the 7th moon. *Opp.* 직녀성.

*견우화 s. 牽牛花 (쇼울) (소) (꼿) The morning glory, the convolvulus.

*견지지식ᄒᆞ다 / 見之知識ᄒᆞ다 (볼) (말ᄒᆞ, 을) (알) To see and understand. *See* 학이지지ᄒᆞ다

*견통 s. 牽痛 (쇼울) (쇼울) A stitch in the side. (나다).

*견통증 s. 牽痛症 (쇼울) (쇼울) (증세) A stitch in the side. (나다).

*견인지종ᄒᆞ다 s. 堅忍至終 (굿울) (춤울) (니를) (맛춤) To endure to the end; to remain steadfast to the end

*견인ᄒᆞ다 s. 堅忍 (굿울) (춤울) To endure, to remain steadfast

*견현산 / 見峴山 (볼) (멸) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do Lat. 37.42 Long. 126.7.

*견제ᄒᆞ다 s. 牽制 (쇼울) (제어ᄒᆞᆯ) To hold the reins; to preside over; to check; to restrain.

견주다 比 (견줄—*비) 어; 순 To compare. (Com.) To aim. *See* 겨누다.

견지살 s. The white flesh of a chicken.

*견집ᄒᆞ다 s. 堅執 (굿울) (잡울) To be obstinate, to be pig-headed. *See* 고집ᄒᆞ다.

*견축ᄒᆞ다 / 見逐 (볼) (쪽칠) To be driven away; to be expelled. *See* 쯧기다.

*견책 h. 譴責 (무지람) (무지질) Reprimand; censure; blame.

*견책ᄒᆞ다 h. 譴責 (무지질) (무지질) To reprimand, to reprove; to censure; to blame; to find fault with.

*견달산 / 見達山 (볼) (통달) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do (Koyang).

*견포석 s. 絹布石 (비단) (뵈) (돌) Schillerspar.

*견합ᄒᆞ다 s. 牽合 (쇼울) (모돌) To join; to unite; to combine.

*견해ᄒᆞ다 h. 見害 (볼) (해ᄒᆞᆯ) To suffer loss. *See* 해롭다.

*결 s. 結 (미질) A numerative of tax contributions—100 coolie loads.

결 s. 波 (물결—*파) A wave; disposition; temper. (소오납다).

결 s. 紋 (문의 *문) The grain—of wood, stone etc

*결가ᄒᆞ다 s. 結價 (미질) (갑) To fix a price. *See* 결가ᄒᆞ다.

결결히 s. From time to time. *See* 시시로.

*결곡ᄒᆞ다 s. 結曲 (미질) (곱울) To be strong, to be firm; to be solid *See* 든든ᄒᆞ다

*결곤 s. 結棍 (미질) (곤장) Beating with the long paddle. *See* 곤장.

*결교지인 s. 結交之人 (미질) (사괼) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A person with whom one has intercourse.

*결교ᄒᆞ다 s. 結交 (미질) (사괼) To have dealings with; to associate with; to have relations with.

*결구 s. 結句 (미질) (글귀) The concluding sentence or clause of any written document or book

*결구ᄒᆞ다 s. 結構 (미질) (얽울) To build; to construct.

*결국 s. 結局 (미질) (판) Conclusion; consequence; result In the end; finally; after all

*결국ᄒᆞ다 s. 結局 (미질) (판) To finish; to bring to a conclusion *See* 결말내다 To decide on a burial site.

*결과 s. 結果 (미질) (실과) Consequence; conclusion; result.

*결과ᄒᆞ다 s. 結科 (미질) (과거) To graduate. *See* 등과ᄒᆞ다. To establish a law

*결과ᄒᆞ다 s. 結果 (미질) (과실) To arrive at a result; to be finished.

결나다 s. 결녀; 닌 To have a pain; to feel a stitch—in the side. To fight. (Prov.)

결닥어 s. Temper; disposition. (사오납다). *See* 결머리.

*결단 s. 決斷 (결단) (끈흘) Decision; force of mind. Destruction; death. (나다).

*결단나다 s. 決斷 (결단) (끈흘) 나; 난 To be bankrupt; to go to pieces, to meet destruction.

*결단성 s. 決斷性 (결단) (결단) (셩품) Decision; firmness of character. *See* 과단성.

결단코 s. Assuredly; certainly; without doubt. *See* 단연코; 과연코.

*결단ᄒᆞ다 s. 決斷 (결단) (결단) To decide; to settle; to determine *See* 작정ᄒᆞ다

*결당 s. 結黨 (미질) (무리) A conspiracy.

*결당ᄒᆞ다 s. 結黨 (미질) (무리) To form an association; to establish a party.

*결뎜 s. 缺點 (이지러질) (뎜칠) A flaw; a defect; a weak spot; a stroke wanting in a character.

*결단ᄒᆞ다 s. 決定 (결단) (명호) To settle; to determine; to fix; to decide; to be settled; to be determined

결덕젼 s. 結代錢 (뎨질) (뎨산) (돈) Payment in kind; grain accepted instead of money.

결연보다 s. 아; 은 To regard with enmity; to oppose. *See* 결원ᄒᆞ다.

*결련ᄒᆞ다 s. 結連 (뎨질) (니을) To be connected; to be joined; to be banded together. *See* 련결ᄒᆞ다.

*결료ᄒᆞ다 s. 結了 (뎨질) (모칠) To complete; to conclude; to bring to an end; to terminate; to finish; to reach a conclusion; to be finished

*결루처 s. 缺漏處 (이지러질) (샐) (곳) A leak; a weak damaged spot.

*결륜 s. 結輪 (뎨질) (구술) The man in the moon—of China, called also Wăl-lo (月老).

결린 s. 切隣 (근절—*절) (리웃 *린) The witness of a murder etc.

*결막 s. 結膜 (뎨질) (법풀) The conjunctiva.

*결말 s. 結末 (뎨질) (끗) End; conclusion; termination.

*결말나다 s. 結末 (뎨질) (끗) 나; 난 To be finally settled. To be used up; to be worn out

*결말내다 s. 結末 (뎨질) (끗) 어; 낸 To bring to a final settlement. *See* 결국ᄒᆞ다.

결머리 s. A hasty disposition; impetuosity. *See* 결닥이.

*결명 s. 決明 (결단) (붉을) The seeds of *Cassia tora*.

*결목 s. 結木 (뎨질) (나모) A tax contribution—in cotton. *See* 대동목.

*결밍ᄒᆞ다 s. 結盟 (뎨질) (밍셰) To conclude a covenant; to be bound by treaties of countries.

*결박ᄒᆞ다 s. 結縛 (뎨질) (얽을) To bind; to tie; to fasten; to tie up; to bind hand and foot; 얽어 다.

*결발부부 s. 結髮夫婦 (뎨질) (터럭) (지아비) (며느리, husband and wife were betrothed in childhood.

*결발ᄒᆞ다 s. 結髮 (뎨질) (터럭) To bind up the hair -as a bride

*결별ᄒᆞ다 s. 訣別 (믄풀) (리별) To part; to take leave

*결복 s. 結卜 (뎨질) (졍복) Land taxes. *See* 구실.

*결복ᄒᆞ다 s. 闋服 (뭇칠) (옷) To put off mourning—at the end of 27 months. *See* 탈상ᄒᆞ다.

*결빙 s. 結氷 (뎨질) (어름) Hard ice; firm ice. *Opp.* 히빙.

*결빙구 s. 結氷球 (뎨질) (어름) (구술) Cryophorus.

결빙ᄒᆞ다 s. 結氷 (뎨질) (어름) To freeze; to be frozen over. *Opp.* 히빙ᄒᆞ다.

*결빅ᄒᆞ다 s. 潔白 (물을) (흰) To be pure; to be undefiled; to be honest; to be frank. *See* 쇄결ᄒᆞ다.

결산 s. 決算 (결단) (산풀) The settling [illegible]ing of an account.

결산표 s. 決算表 (결단) (산풀) (표표) A table showing the account of actual expenditures and receipts in the national budget; a financial statement.

*결산ᄒᆞ다 s. 決算 (결단) (산풀) To settle or balance an account.

*결석원 s. 缺席員 (이지러질) (지리) (인원) A vacancy—of a meeting or assembly.

*결석재판 s. 缺席裁判 (이지러질) (뜻) (마를) (판단) Judgment by default.

*결석ᄒᆞ다 s. 缺席 (이지러질) (자리) To fail; to be absent—of a meeting or assembly.

*결선ᄒᆞ다 s. 結船 (뎨질) (비) To lash boats together.

*결세 / 季世 (말째 .인간) The latter days, the present time; after generations years to come.

*결성 s. 結城 (뎨질) (재) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. [illegible] Long. 126 46.

*결속ᄒᆞ다 s. 結束 (뎨질) (묵글) To fasten together—with rope; to bind together; to tie.

결송ᄒᆞ다 s. 決訟 (결단) (숑ᄉᆞ) To decide a lawsuit; to pronounce sentence.

*결수 s. 結數 (뎨질) (두어) The amount of tax contributions.

*결슌 s. 缺脣 (이지러질) (입설) A harelip; a person with a harelip. *See* 세보.

*결승 s. 結繩 (뎨질) (노) A term applied to an ancient Chinese method of recording events by means of knots tied in a ro

*결승지졍 s. 結繩之政 (뎨질) (노) (갈) (졍ᄉᆞ) A very simple or primitive mode of governmental.

결승젼리 s. 決勝戰利 (결단) (이길) (싸홈) (리할 Deciding victories at one

thousand *li* distance; plans for a campaign.

*결실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結實 (ᄆᆡ질) (열ᄆᆡ) To fill out; to come to maturity.

*결심 *s.* 結審 (ᄆᆡ질) (ᄉᆞᆷ) Final judgment

*결심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決心 (결단) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To make up one's mind; to be determined; to form a resolution.

*결사ᄃᆡ *s.* 決死隊 (결단) (죽을) (ᄃᆡ) A troop of soldiers resolved to fight until death.

*결사ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決死 (결단) (죽을) To brave death; to make up one's mind to die.

*결안 *s.* 結案 (ᄆᆡ질) (처상) A government record of tax contributions.

*결안ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結案 (ᄆᆡ질) (처상) To conclude an investigation, to decide a case; to complete the draft of any document. To sentence—as to death.

*결약ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結約 (ᄆᆡ질) (언약) To determine on; to decide on. *See* 작뎡ᄒᆞ다.

결에 *s.* Along with; in; by means of. (ᄉᆞᆷ), (갈), (바ᄅᆞᆯ).

결역 *s.* 結役 (ᄆᆡ질) 역ᄉᆞ Tax contributions—paid on the land.

*결연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 缺然 (이지러질) (그럴) To be upset; to feel out of sorts; to be sorry. *See* 섭섭ᄒᆞ다.

*결옥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決獄 (결단) (옥) To pass sentence upon; to deliver judgment. *See* 결안ᄒᆞ다.

결우다 *s.* 抗衡 (ᄃᆞᆯᆞᆷ 'ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄆᆞᆨᄋᆞᆫ 'ᄀᆞᆨ) (어); 운 To match; to oppose. *See* 맛셔다.

*결의안 *s.* 決議案 (결단) (의론) (처상) A resolution passed by one House of the Diet.

결의형메ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結義兄弟 (ᄆᆡ질) (올흠) (맛) (아오) To take an oath of brotherhood.

*결의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結義 (ᄆᆡ질) (올흠) To take an oath of brotherhood. *See* 결의형메ᄒᆞ다.

*결의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決意 (결단) (뜻) To make up one's mind; to be determined on, to form a resolution.

*결의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決議 (결단) (의론) To discuss and settle; to deliberate over and decide.

*결원 *s.* 缺員 (이지러질) (인원) A vacancy.

*결자해지 *s.* 結者解之 (ᄆᆡ질) (놈) (풀) (갈) He who begins should finish.—used of one being responsible for his own sins.

*결전 *s.* 結錢 (ᄆᆡ질) (돈) Land taxes. *See* 세납.

*결전ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決戰 (결단) (싸홈) To fight a decisive battle; to stake all on the issue of one battle.

*결정 *s.* 結晶 (ᄆᆡ질) (슈정) Crystallization; crystals.

*결정석탄산 *s.* 結晶石炭酸 (ᄆᆡ질) (슈정) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (ᄉᆞᆯ) Crystallized arbunic acid

*결정슈 *s.* 結晶水 (ᄆᆡ질) (슈정) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Water of crystallization.

결정초산은 *s.* 結晶硝酸銀 (ᄆᆡ질) (슈정) (염초) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (은 Silver nitrate, crystallized, *Nitras argenticus crystallizatus.*

결정ᄒᆞ다 × 結淨 (ᄆᆞᆯᆞᆫ) (ᄆᆞᆯᆞᆫ) To be pure; to be single minded. To be honest. To be clear. To be [illegible]

결증 *s.* A quick temper; a fiery disposition. (ᄇᆞᆨ다). *See* 결단이.

결진ᄒᆞ다 × 結陣 (ᄒᆡ여 ᄆᆡᆫ다, 잘) To draw up troops; to marshal an army; to assemble. *See* 위진ᄒᆞ다.

*결초보은 *s.* 結草報恩 (ᄆᆡ질) (풀) (갑흠) (은혜) Tying the grass as a reward of favor—an expression taken from the legend of *Wi-Kuo.* *See* 각골난망.

결초충 *s.* 結草蟲 (ᄆᆡ질) (풀) (버레) Moth larvae living in cases built of twigs, etc.

결친ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結親 (ᄆᆡ질) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) To establish relations; to become connected.

*결칙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 決策 (결단) (ᄭᅥᆨ) To decide upon a plan.

*결코 *s.* 決 (결단—*결) Assuredly; truly. *See* 결단코.

*결포 *s.* 結布 (ᄆᆡ질) (ᄇᆡ) Tax contributions paid in linen. *See* 대동목.

*결핍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 缺乏 (이지러질) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be insufficient; to run short—of supplies.

*결합 *s.* 結合 (ᄆᆡ질, (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Consolidation.

결합력 *s.* 結合力 (ᄆᆡ질) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (힘) Cohesive power; a united force.

*결합ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結合 (ᄆᆡ질) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To unite; to combine; to amalgamate; to form; to establish

결ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 結好 (ᄆᆡ질) (ᄑᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) To establish friendly relations with, to become intimate with.

*결혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 結婚 (미질) (혼인) To decide a marriage. *See* 정혼ᄒᆞ다.

*결후 s. 結喉 (미질) (목구멍) Adam's apple.

*결흉증 s. 結胸症 (미질) (가슴) (증세) Pains in the chest.

*결히 s. 結核 (미질) (씨) A germ disease—as tuberculosis.

*결히병 s. 結核病 (미질) (씨) (병) A germ disease—as tuberculosis.

*결힉 s. 結核 (미질) (씨). *See* 결히.

*결힉병 s. 結核病 (미질) (씨) (병들). *See* 결히병

*겹찬 s. 給還 (미질) (도라올) A distribution of government rice according to the land owned by each beneficiary

겹황 s. 兼行 (게—*게) (니를—*황) Living; working, eating and sleeping (B. O.)

*겹 s. 兼 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) At the same time, as well; also. *See* 아오르다.

*겹공ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼恭 (겸손) (온공) To shew respect.

*겹근ᄒᆞ다 s. 謙謹 (겸손) (삼갈) To shew respect.

*겹금 s. 兼金 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (쇠) Refined gold (M.)

*겹관 s. 兼官 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (벼슬) A magistrate who holds two offices at the same time.

*겹년 s. 歉年 (흉년) (히) A year of dearth. (흉다). *See* 흉년.

*겹노상뎐 s. 兼奴上殿 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄂᆞᆞᆫ) (웃ᄉᆞᆷ) Master and slave in one. *See* 신겸노욕.

겹뎍히 s. 兼內吹 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄋᆞᆞ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) The leader of the band that plays as the king ascends the chair for a royal procession.

겹두겸두ᄒᆞ다 s. To do at the same time; to do together. *See* 겸스겸스.

*겹뎌ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼帶 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (띠) To unite in one; to perform at the same time.

*겹비ᄒᆞ다 s. 謙卑 (겸손) (낫갈) To be modest; to be retiring; to be humble. *See* 겸손ᄒᆞ다.

겹비ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼備 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ) To possess all; to unite in one. *See* 구비ᄒᆞ다.

겹상ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼床 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (상) To unite in pairs; to sit two at a table. *See* 맛상ᄒᆞ다.

*겹손ᄒᆞ다 s. 謙遜 (겸손) (소양) To be modest; to be retiring; to be humble. *See* 겸비ᄒᆞ다

겹소겸소 s. 兼所兼所 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (일) Several objects. *See* 련비련비.

겹소ᄒᆞ다 s. 謙讓 (겸손) (소양) To delight to yield; to give way to others. *See* 소양ᄒᆞ다.

겹양ᄒᆞ다 s. 謙讓 (겸손) (소양) To disclaim merit; to yield; to give way to others. *See* 소양ᄒᆞ다.

*겹연젹다 s. 歉然 (겸연ᄒᆞᆫ) (그릴) 어; 은 To feel ashamed, to be dissatisfied to be ashamed. *See* 참괴ᄒᆞ다.

겹영장 s. 兼領將 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (영군) (장슈) A colonel—who holds another office at the same time.

*겹용ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼用 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) To use in two or more ways; to employ for more than one purpose.

*겹인 s. 傔人 (겸인) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An official's house 'boy.' *See* 갱직이.

겹인ᄀᆞᆺ 兼人 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈) The strength of two men.

*겹인지용 s. 兼人之勇 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈) (용맹) Powerful enough for two men. *See* 겹인지력.

*겹임 s. 兼任 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (맛흠) Appointing to two offices at the same time.

*겹임ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼任 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (맛길) To hold two appointments at the same time.

겹인 s. 兼愛 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (소랑) Universal love; philanthropy.

*겹인ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼愛 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (소랑) To love equally; to regard with impartial affection.

겹장 s. A double 'check'—in chess.

겹젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼全 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) (온젼) To unite in one. *See* 겸비ᄒᆞ다.

*겹죵 s. 傔從 (겸인) (죵) A house 'boy.'

*겹ᄒᆞ다 s. 兼 (겸ᄒᆞᆫ) To unite in one. *See* 아오르다.

겹확지년 s. 歉荒之年 (흉년) (거칠) (갈) (히) An unfruitful year; a bad or unlucky year; a year of scarcity.

겹 s. 匝 (*잡) A ply; a layer. Two. *See* 겹.

겹것 s. Two-ply of clothes. *Opp.* 홑것

겹겹이 s. 匝匝 (겹—*잡) (겹—*잡) Ply on ply; row on row; rank upon rank.

겹말 s. A redundancy; a pleonasm. (쓰다).

겹옷 s. Two-ply clothes; lined clothes. *Opp.* 홑옷.

겹간 *s.* 匣幔 (겹 *잡, (장막—*장) A double tent.

겻 *s.* 傍 (*방) The side. *See* 녑. A support; a friend.

겻가리 *s.* The side.

겻가지 *s.* A side branch. (치다)

겻간 *s.* 夾室 (졉울—*방) (집—*실) A side room. *See* 협실.

겻거니졋거니ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To dispute; to vie with one another. *Opp.* 주거니밧거니ᄒᆞ다.

겻고들다 *l.* 흐려; 흔 To be at variance; to vie with one another.

겻군 *s.* A servant, a helper.

겻글나기ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 踵繼 (갈 -*데) (뒨 -*뒨) To succeed one another; to follow in order. *See* 들고나기

겻누리 *s.* A lunch. *See* 소이먹다

겻눈 側目 (겻 *측) (눈 *목) A side glance. (주다)

겻눈주다 *s.* 주어; 준 To glance at sideways, to suggest by a glance.

겻눈질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To glance at sideways, to look askance at. *See* 겻눈주다.

겻다 *l.* 抗 (결울 *항) 겨러; 른 To weave; to clinch; to bind together. To oppose. *See* 맛서다

겻다 *l.* 겨러; 른 To sing—as a hen before laying.

겻드다 *s.* 러; 겻든 To assist; to aid; to take the part of. *Also* 겻들다

겻드리 *s.* A lunch. *See* 겻누리.

겻들다 *s.* 어; 겻든 To assist; to aid; to take the part of. *See* 조역ᄒᆞ다.

겻마 *s.* An extra horse.

겻마부 *s.* An extra groom,—as on special occasions.

겻매 *s.* A side attack.

겻방 *s.* 夾房 (졉울—*협) (방—*방) A side chamber; a closet.

겻벗다 *s.* 어; 벋 To be without friends or aquaintance.

겻질니다 *s.* 길녀; 닌 To be overcome; to be unable for.

겻히 *s.* 傍 (겻—*방) At the side; beside; near. *See* 녑희.

계 *l.* 契 (*계) A guild; a business company a lottery. (모다).

*계개ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 計家 (계교) (집) To count the 'houses' or enclosed squares—at the close of a game of draughts (바둑).

*계간 *s.* 鷄姦 (돍) (간악) Sodomy.

계강유 *l.* 桂薑酒 (계슈나모) (생강 -술) Spirit flavored with cinnamon and ginger.

계강환 *l.* 桂薑丸 계슈나모, 생강 (환조) Pills made from ground cinnamon and ginger

*계거조 *s.* 鷄距子 (돍) (살거) (아돌) Hovenia dulcis.

*계견 *s.* 鷄犬 (돍) (개) Dogs and fowls. *See* 돍개.

*계견셩 *s.* 鷄犬聲 (돍) (개) (소리) The sound of dogs and fowls.

계견셩부도쳐 *s.* 鷄犬聲不到處 (돍) (개) (소리) (아닐 붇) (니를) (곳 처) A spot free from the sounds of dogs and fowls; an uninhabited region. *See* 인적무도쳐.

계경 *s.* 界境 (디경), (디경) Judgment, decorum, good sense. (붉다) (소리다). *See* 경계.

*계교 *l.* 稽古 (샹고홀) (녜) Practice; exercise, study; lessons.

*계교ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 稽考 (샹고홀) (샹고홀) To consider; to think; to reflect; to deliberate.

*계교ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 稽古 (샹고홀) (녜) To practise or drill; to study; to learn.

*계교 *l.* 計較 (*계) *교) Plans, strategies; schemes. (쓰다). *See* 계.

계교ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To lay plans; to design; to deliberate *See* 셰ᄒᆞ다.

*계궁력진ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 計窮力盡 (계교) (다홀) (힘) (다홀) To come to an end of plans and strength. *See* 셰궁력진ᄒᆞ다.

*계급 *l.* 階級 (섬돌) (드를) Rank; degree; step; grade, extent—as of learning or ability

*계관 *s.* 係關 (믤) (계관홀) Importance; interest; consideration; concern. *See* 상관.

*계관 *s.* 鷄冠 (돍) (갓) The comb or crest of a cock.

*계관셕 *s.* 鷄冠石 (돍) (갓) (돌) Realgar red orpiment.

*계관화 *s.* 鷄冠花 (돍) (갓) (곳) The cockscomb flower, *Celosia cristata.* *See* 민드랑이

*계관초 *s.* 鷄冠草 (돍) (갓) (플) Cockscomb; celosia cristata.

계녜 *s.* You—a low form. *See* 즁녜.

*계농 *s.* (—동) 鷄農 (돍) (농ᄉᆞ) Keeping fowls; fowl culture.

*계당쥬 *l.* 桂糖酒 계슈나모 (엿) (술) Spirit mixed with cinnamon and sugar.

*계달ᄒᆞ다 / 啓達 (열) (통달) To have the honor of informing (you); to address (with respect). *See* 품주ᄒᆞ다.

*계덕ᄒᆞ다 / 啓迪 (열) (슐효) To give counsel; to instruct.

*계애 ᄉᆞ. 階梯 (셜) (사ᄃᆞ리) Promotion; rank; cuspition. *See* 리현.

*계도셩 / 計度星 (계교, (지날) (별) One of the three evil stars of ancient astronomers.

*계도ᄒᆞ다 / 啓導 열 (인도) To lead; to conduct; to guide.

*계동 / 季冬 짤째 (겨울, The last month of winter—the 12th moon. (Comp.). *See* 셧둘.

*계뎨ᄒᆞ다 / 繼代 (니을) (ᄃᆡ신) To follow from generation to generation.

*계뎨ᄒᆞ다 / 計代 계교 (ᄃᆡ신) To reckon up a genealogical line.

*계란 ᄉᆞ. 鷄卵 ᄃᆞᆰ (알) Hens' eggs. *See* ᄃᆞᆰ알.

계란 (에 유골 ᄉᆞ. 鷄卵有骨 (ᄃᆞᆰ) (알) 잇 ᄂᆞᆯ (씩) Bones in a hen's egg—difficulties arising in unexpected places. *See* 옹이외ᄃᆡ다 (Ad.)

*계량ᄒᆞ다 / 繼糧 (니을) (량식) To last the year out, to be sufficient for the year.

*계룡산 ᄉᆞ. 鷄龍山 ᄃᆞᆰ) (룡) (외) Mountains in Ko-jé Island Lat. 34.51 Long. [illegible] and in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

*계류ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 係累 (ᄆᆞᆯ (밀, To arrest and bind. (M.)

*계림 ᄉᆞ. 鷄林 ᄃᆞᆰ) (수플) Korea.

계면 ᄉᆞ. A kind of song.

계면들다 / 도라; 돈 To solicit contributions in behalf of an exorcist or sorceress.

*계명 / 誡命 (경계) (명홀) An order; a command.

*계명 / 啓明 (열) (ᄆᆞᆰ을) Ability [illegible] talents. (B.H.)

*계명 / 戒名 (경계) (일홈) The name given after their decease to persons of the Buddhist faith, a post-humous name.

*계명셩 / 啓明星 (열) (ᄆᆞᆰ을) 별 The morning-star.

*계명시 ᄉᆞ. 鷄鳴丑時 (ᄃᆞᆰ) (울) 소 (때) The *Chi'ul* hour (1 to 3 A.M.); cock-crowing.

*계모 / 繼母 니을 어마 A stepmother. *Opp.* 외붓어ᄆᆡ.

*계목 ᄉᆞ. 芥 (계즈—*겨*) Mustard. (처다) *See* 계즈.

*계몽편 / 啓蒙篇 (열 어릴) (책) The name of a [illegible] for children, a primer.

*계몽ᄒᆞ다 / 啓蒙 (열) (어릴) To instruct the ignorant; to teach the young.

*계묘 / 癸卯 (북방) (토가) The 40th year of the cycle. 1843; 1903; 1963.

*계문 / 啓聞 (열) (ᄃᆞᆯᄅᆞᆯ) A report from a provincial governor to the king. *See* 계담.

계문ᄒᆞ다 / 啓聞 열 ᄃᆞᆯᄅᆞᆯ) To report to the [illegible]—as a provincial governor.

*계미 / 癸未 (북방) (못호) The 20th year of the cycle. 1823; 1883; 1943.

*계발ᄒᆞ다 / 啓發 (열) (쒁) To open or reveal; to disclose.

가보 ᄌᆞ계 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (족보 Family records genea[illegible] pedigree, lineage.

제[illegible] 셤 [illegible] 셔 A island in Ch'[illegible] Lat. 36.24 Long. 125 [illegible]

*계부 / 繼父 (니을) (아비) A stepfather.

*계부 / 季父 (ᄆᆞᆨ막) (아비) A paternal uncle—younger than the father. *See* 삼촌.

*계분 鷄糞 (ᄃᆞᆰ) (ᄯᅩᆼ) The excrement of barn-yard fowls.

*계불입량 / 計不入量 (계교) (알닐) (돌) (헤아릴) Plans that fail. *See* 소불여의.

*계산ᄒᆞ다 計劃 (계교 (ᄎᆞᆫ호로) To run monthly accounts; to reckon by the month. *See* 계월ᄒᆞ다.

*계산 / 計算 (계교 (산플) Calculation, computation, reckoning; account

*계산정주 / 計算貨主 (계교) (산플) (ᄃᆞᆫ 임ᄌᆞ [illegible] 주인

*계산ᄒᆞ다 / 計算 (계교) (산플) To make a calculation; to compute; to reckon; to count.

계상비언ᄒᆞ다 / 稽顙拜言 (조올) (니마 ᄉᆞᆫ 아ᄅᆞᆷ [illegible] by mourners in letters.

*계상지비ᄒᆞ다 / 稽顙再拜 (조올) (니마) 두 [illegible] used by a mourner in a letter. *See* 계상비언.

*계서영린 / 啓書領印 (열 글 (영문) (아젼) The writer who formerly had charge of the provincial report that was forwarded to the king.

*계석 h. 界石 (디경) (돌) A boundary stone. (세우다). *See* 표석.

*계세 s. 季世 (말세) (인간) The closing age, the end of the world.

*계속 h. 繼續 (니을) (니을) Pieces: fragments, scraps.

*계속하다 h. 繼續 (니을) (니을) To continue; to succeed; to inherit

*계속하다 h. 繼續 (니을) (니을) To succeed as heir; to inherit.

*계수 h. 計數 (계교) (두어) A calculation; an account, a sum

*계수 h. 季嫂 (막지막) (아즈미) A younger brother's wife. *See* 아즈머니.

계수하다 / 計數 (계교) 두어 To reckon up the amount. *See* 회계하다

*계슈 / 契首 (겨 (머리) A guild chief, the chairman of a company. *See* 계장

*계슈나모 n. 桂樹 (계슈나모) (나모) The cassia or cinnamon tree. *Cinnamomum cassia.*

*계슈쥬인 h. 界首主人 (디경) (머리) (쥬장) (사롬) The one in charge of a provincial magistrate or governor's office in the capital.

*계슈지비하다 / 稽首再拜 (조은) (머리) (두) (졀) To bow the head and *kowtow* twice—as in memorials, or before the great.

*계슈하다 h. 稽首 (조을) (머리) To bow down the head an expression used only in memorials and at the end of letters.

*계승쟈 h. 繼承者 (니을) (니을) (놈) Successor *See* 후임쟈.

*계승하다 h. 繼續 (니을) (엄슴) To continue or carry on work; to succeed to.

*계씨 h. 季氏 (말쇠) (각씨—*사) Your younger brother. (Hon.) *See* 동생.

계시다 h. 계셔; 신 To be; to remain; to dwell. (Hon.) *See* 잇다 (Low.)

*계심 h. 戒心 (경계) (무옴) A careful heart. An anxious heart. (M.)

*계심 h. 杜心 (계슈나모) (무옴) The heart of cassia stalks.

*계사 h. 癸巳 (복방) (비얌) The 30th year of the cycle. 1833; 1893; 1953

*계사 h. 計士 (계교) (션비) The officer who makes estimates and appropriations for the government.

*계사하다 h. 繼嗣 (니을) (니을) To adopt a son. *See* 양조하다.

*계안초 s. 鷄眼草 (돍) (눈) (풀) *Lespedeza striata.*

*계약 h. 契約 (글) (언약) A covenant; a contract; a promise; an agreement.

*계약리힝 / 契約履行 (글) (언약) (볼을) (힝홀) Fulfillment of a contract.

*계약법 h. 契約法 (글) (언약) (법) Law of contract.

계약상의무 / 契約上義務 (글) (언약) (웃) (올을) (힘쓸) The obligations implied in a treaty.

계약셔 / 契約書 (글) (언약) (글) A treaty; a treaty document.

*계약양여 / 契約讓與 (글) (언약) (소양) (줄) Transfer of a contract.

*계약집힝 / 契約執行 (글) (언약) (잡을) (힝홀) Execution of a contract.

계약창조 / 契約創造 (글) 언약) (비로소) (지을) Creation of a contract.

*계약하다 h. 契約 (게) (언약) To make an agreement; to enter into an engagement.

계약히제 h. 契約解除 (글) (언약) (플) (제호) Dissolution of a contract.

*계양하다 / 繼養 니을) (기를) To adopt a son. *See* 양조하다.

*계엄 h. 戒嚴 (경계) (엄홀) Guarding against a threatening danger; exercising vigilance.

*계엄령 h. 戒嚴令 (경계) (엄홀) (호여금) The Law of Siege.

*계엄하다 s. 戒嚴 (경계) (엄홀) To be severe; to be rigorous; to be strict.

계옥중에 h. 繫獄中 (밀) (옥) (가온딕) While in prison.

*계옥하다 h. 繫獄 (밀) (옥) To confine in a prison; to put in a jail; to be imprisoned.

*계회가 h. 繼外家 (니을) (밧) (집) A stepmother's family or home.

계우 s. 僅 (*근) With difficulty; hardly; scarcely *See* 근근히.

계울다 s. 계워; 운 To be unable for; to lack capacity for.

*계유 s. 鷄油 (돍) (기름) Hen-oil.

*계유 / 癸酉 (복방) 닭) The 10th year of the cycle. 1813; 1873; 1933

*계육 s. 鷄肉 (돍) (고가) The flesh of fowls

*계일하다 / 計日 (계교) (날) To count the days. *Opp.* 계월하다

*계왕개래하다 h. 繼往開來 (니을) (갈) (열) (올) To receive from the Sages and pass on to posterity.

*계왕성래리학하다 h. 繼往聖開來學 (니을) (갈) (셩인) (열) (올) (비홀) To receive

from the Sages and teach posterity or pass on to the future.

*계원 / 會員 (계) (원원) The members of a guild or company. *Opp.* 계 .

*계산하다 / 計算 (계교) (산) To reckon up the number of months as on the payment of a debt etc. *Opp.* 계월하다. *See* 계삭하다.

*계장하다 / 葬 (나올) (장소) To bury in order.

*계장 / 契長 (계) (어른) A guild chief. *See* 계슈.

계장초 *n.* 鶴虱草 (돈) (창조) (풀) *Erichrum pedunculare. Trigonotis pedunculata.*

*계저유면 *n.* 鷄猪酒麵 (돈) (되아지) (술) (국수) Chicken, pork, wine and vermicelli.

*계적하다 / 繼續 (니을) (끈) To be like; to resemble

계전 契錢 계 돈 money. *See* 계돈.

*계절 / 季節 (말재) (마디) The last season of the four, of the year; winter.

*계절존망하다 / 繼絕存亡 (니을 끈흘 (잇흘 망흘 To ... 조하다

*계제 / 階梯 섬돌 steps; a staircase; a ladder;

*계주하다 / 啓奏 (열) (알뵐) To present a memorial; to report to the Emperor. *See* 계달하다.

계주 / 繫舟 (맬) 비 A boat fastened by moorings.

*계주연회 / 戒酒姻會 (경계) (술) (연회) (모돌) A society that renounces drink and tobacco.

*계주하다 / 戒酒 (경계) (술) To abstain from wine.

*계중 / 稧中 (계) (가온디) A guild; a company. *See* 계.

*계지 / 罫紙 (줄) (조히) Ruled paper.

*계지 / 桂枝 (계슈나모) (가지) Cassia twigs.

계직해 / Yawning and stretching. (커다).

계집 / 女 (*녀) A woman. (Low.) Used before nouns as—female, she. *See* 부인.

계집우희 / 女兒 (계집 ... 우희 ... A girl. *See* 갈벽.

계집질하다 / To play the prostitute.

계집조식 / A wife and child; a girl. *See* 쏠조식.

*계조 / 季子 (말재) (아돌) The youngest child in a family

계조 *v.* 芥 *개 Mustard (치다). *See* 계모

계질 / 系秩 말재 (편지) R.C. 585. A descendant in the 20th degree of Yi Tu-pak (리두빅) noted for faithfulness and unselfishness.

*계촌하다 / 計寸 (헤아릴) (마디 To ... up the degrees—of relationship. ... 수하다

*계추 / 季秋 (말재) (가을) The end of autumn (the 9th moon).

계츅 / 癸丑 (북방 (소) The 50th year of the cycle. 1853, 1913; 1973.

*계춘 / 孟春 (말재, 봄) The last month of the spring quarter—the 3rd moon. *See* 삼월

계츌이 / A bright red kind of linen. *See* 뵈

... 次 (넘을 (버금) Rank; degree ... grade; extent of learning or ...

계칙 / 計策 계교 (묘칙) A scheme; a stratagem; a plan. *See* 모칙.

계칙하다 / 戒飭 (경계) (무지질) To warn; to caution, to reprimand. *See* 경계하다

... / 系統 ... lineage, pedigree, family line; descent.

계통하다 / 繼統 (니을) (거느릴) To succeed to the throne.

계통하다 / 繼痛 (니을) (압흘) To experience an epidemic.

계품하다 / 啓稟 (열) (품홀) To report verbally to the king. *See* 계문하다.

*계피 / 桂皮 (계슈나모) (가죽) Cinnamon bark; *cassia lignea.* *See* 관계.

계피쥬제 / 桂皮酒劑 (계슈나모) (술) ... 약 ...

계하 / 季夏 (말재, (녀름) The last summer month (the 6th moon). *See* ... 월.

*계하 / 階下 (섬 (아래) Under the steps leading to the ... the magistrate, where a criminal is beaten.

*계하 / 啓下 (열 (아래) Written orders or documents from the king. *See* 판하.

*계하죄인 / 啓下罪人 (열) (아래) (허물) (사롬) ... prisoner awaiting the orders of the ...

계학 / 鷄骨 (시내) (구덩이) A deep chasm; an abyss; a gorge

*계학지욕 s. 谿壑之慾 (시내) (구렁) (갈) (욕심) Insatiable greed. *See* 무염지욕.

*계한 s. 界限 (디경) (한명) A limit—of time or place; restrictions.

*계합ᄒᆞ다 l. 契合 (계) (모들) To combine; to unite.

*계회ᄒᆞ다 l. 會會 (회) (모들) To meet as a guild or company.

*계획 l. 計劃 (계교) (그을) A plan; a contrivance; a scheme; a project; a design.

*계획 / 計畫 (계교) (그을) Contemplation.

*계획ᄒᆞ다 l. 計畫 (계교) (그을) To draw up a plan for, to devise a scheme for; to frame a project for.

*계히 l. 癸亥 (북방) (돗) The 60th year of the cycle. 1863; 1923; 1983.

*계힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 啓行 (열) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To set out on a journey; to depart.

*계화 l. 桂花 (계슈나모) (곶) The *Osmanthus fragrans.*

*계환조 l. 季桓子 (막째) (굿셀) (아들) A contemporary of Confucius and chief of the powerful clan of No (로).

*경 s. 黥 (실경) Punishment; official torture—of thieves in the 조행. *See* 주리.

*경 s. 經 (글) The 'Canon' of Confucianism n. The *Sûtras* of Buddhism and Taoism. Prayers of sorcerers. (뷝교).

*경 s. 卿 (벼슬) You—used by the king or emperor to his officers. An officer of the 2nd or 3nd degree.

경 s. 景 (볏) A view; a vista; an outlook. *See* 경치.

*경 s. 慶 (경ᄉᆞ) Good luck; a happy event.

*경 s. 京 (셔울) Ten millions.

*경 s. 更 (밤) A watch of the night.

*경 s. 頃 (이랑) A measure of area. (에).

*경가 s. 耕稼 (갈) (심울) Ploughing and sowing. (M.)

*경가 s. 耕稼 (밧갈) (심울) Hoeing up and sowing; cultivation; the act of farming.

*경가파산ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾家破産 (기우러질) (집) (셔여질) (낼) To ruin one's family; to squander one's patrimony. *See* 탕패가산ᄒᆞ다.

*경각 s. 頃刻 (잠간) (삭일) An instant; a moment. *See* 시각.

*경각 s. 傾角 (기우러질) (쓸) Inclination.

*경각간 s. 頃刻間 (잠간) (삭일 ᄉᆞ이) In a moment; in an instant. (에).

*경각계 s. 傾角計 (기우러질) (쓸) (계교) Inclinometer.

*경감ᄒᆞ다 . 輕減 가ᄇᆞ야올) (덜) To mitigate

*경개 . 景槪 (볏) (대개) Scenery, the view; the landscape. *See* 경치

*경강 s. 京江 셔울) (물 The river of the capital—the *Han*. *See* 한강.

*경강션 s. 京江船 (셔울) (물 비) Boats on the *Han*, junks for the capital.

*경거 s. 輕擧 (가ᄇᆞ야올) (들) A rash attempt; an inconsiderate or precipitate action. *See* 망거.

경거ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕擧 가ᄇᆞ야올 들) To act heedlessly; to behave carelessly.

*경건자 / 敬虔者 (공경) (공경) (놈) A pious person.

경건ᄒᆞ다 l. 敬虔 (공경 (공경 To be pious; to be religious; to be godly.

*경계 s. 境界 (갈) (디경) A boundary; frontier; a parenthesis; brackets.

경계 s. 境界 (디경) (디경) Judgment; decorum; sense. *See* 계경.

경계문데 s. 境界問題 (디경) (디경) (무롬) (글제) Boundary question.

경계석 s. 境界石 (디경) (디경) (돌) A boundary stone.

경계션 s. 境界線 (디경 (디경) (줄 A boundary line

*경계칙명 s. 境界正定 (디경) (디경) (그을) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) Demarcation.

경계ᄒᆞ다 / 警戒 (놀애올) 경계) To caution; to warn. *See* 훈ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*경경ᄒᆞ다 l. 耿耿 (반득거릴) (반득거릴) To flash, to shine. To be disturbed; to be wakeful.

*경고 s. 硬膏 (굿ᄒᆞᆯ) (기ᄅᆞᆷ) Emplastrum.

경골 s. 鯨骨 (고래) (쎄) Whalebone.

경골 s. 脛骨 (종아리) (쎄) The shinbone; the thigh-bone.

경ᄉᆞ s. 經史 경셔, 공부) Study in preparation for oral examinations. *Opp.* 제술.

*경교비 l. 景教碑 (볏) (구무츨) (비셕) A stone on which an emperor of the *Tang* dynasty inscribed the important facts of the Christian religion.

*경국경륜 s. 經國手段 (경영ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라 ᄉᆞᆫ) (조각) Skill as a statesman. *See* 제세경륜.

*경국지색 s. 傾國之色 (기우러질) (나라) (갈) (빗) A beauty charming enough to upset a kingdom. *See* 절색.

*경국지재 n. 經國之才 (경궉지) (나라) (갈) (지조) Administrative talent; capacity of a statesman.

*경국하다 v. 經國 (경궉) (나라) To govern a country.

*경국하다 v. 傾國 기우리질 (나라) To ruin a country—by the power of her beauty

*경군 n. 京軍 (서울) 군수) Metropolitan soldiers. *Opp.* 향군

*경금고 n. 輕禁錮 (가븨야울) (금호) (줄외) Minor imprisonment. *Opp.* 중금고.

*경금옥 n. 輕禁獄 (가븨야운 금호) 옥 Minor detention *Opp.* 중금옥

*경기 n. 經紀 지날, 버리 Regular motion; trade.

*경과 n. 京畿 (서울) (지닉) The capital province *Kyŏng-keu.* *See* 크닉

*경기 n. 輕騎 가븨야운 물노 Cavalry soldier. *See* 마병.

*경기싸두리 n. A *Kyŏng-keui* hen pheasant —a cunning rascal.

*경기구 n. 輕氣球 (가븨야울) (긔운) (구술) A balloon.

*경기도 n. 京畿道 서울 지닉 길 The province of *Kyŏng-keu.*

*경기하다 v. 驚氣 (놀날) (긔운) To have convulsions; to be taken with fits. *See* 경풍하다.

*경기하다 v. 經紀 (지날) (버리) To progress with a regular motion; to carry on commerce; to lend assistance.

*경곤하다 v. 耕墾 (밧갈) 싸뷔 To prepare land for sowing; to prepare land for sowing a crop.

*경곤하다 v. 耕墾 (밧갈) 밧일울 To plow up; to cultivate.

*경기하다 v. 更改 (곳칠) (곳칠) To change; to alter; to revise; to renovate.

*경과 n. 慶科 (경소) (과거 ᄂᆞᆫ 과거) An examination held in consequence of a national triumph etc (뵈이다). *See* 증광.

*경과 n. 京科 (서울) (과거) Metropolitan examinations. *Opp.* 향시

*경과하다 v. 經過 지날 나날 To pass (time); to travel through; to traverse; to pass by—of time.

*경난하다 v. 經難 (지날) (어려울) To experience; to undergo; to pass through. *See* 박람하다.

*경년 n. 積年 (저젓쳐) (히) For years past; a few years since.

*경년월세하다 v. 經年閱歲 (지날) (히) (지날) (히) To be several years; to be long—of time. *See* 년부년.

경년하다 v. 經年 (지날) (히) To pass the year; to be a year. *See* 적년하다

경남다 v. 讀經 글 읽을 줄 (경) 경어; 은 To read prayers; to recite orisons as a blind sorcerer. *Opp.* 궁하다.

*경내 n. 境內 (디경) (안) The limits of a place; a locality; a place. *See* 디경

경단 n. A kind of rice-flour cake.

*경답 n. 京畓 (서울) (논) Paddy-fields owned by one living in Seoul.

*경대부 n. 卿大夫 (벼슬) (른) (지아비) High court officials.

경아리 京衙吏 서울 ᄉᆞᄂᆞᆨ (아젼) The writer or clerk in charge of a country magistrate's office in Seoul *See* 경쥬인.

*경역 n. 勁敵 (굿셀) (대젹) A powerful enemy.

*경역이필패 n. 輕敵而必敗 (가븨야울) (더젹호) (말이) (반도) (패호) If one despise the enemy one is sure to fail in the fight.

*경역하다 v. 輕敵 (가븨야울) (더젹호) To treat an enemy with contempt; to regard an opponent with scorn.

*경연 n. 經典 (글) (법) The Chinese classic.

*경연 n. 京田 (서울) (밧) Fields—the owner of which lives in Seoul.

*경점 n. 更點 (경) (뎜) The watches and divisions of the night as marked by the clepsydra. (치다).

*경도 n. 京都 (서울) (도읍) The capital; the residence of the Emperor. Kioto in Japan.

*경도 n. 硬度 굿을 (지날) Hardness.

*경도 n. 經度 (지날) (도수) Longitude, or degrees of longitude.

*경도하다 v. 傾倒 (기우러질) (것구러질) To overturn; to overthrow, or upset; to fall down; to be overturned; to be overthrown.

*경독 n. 煢獨 (경독호) (홀노) Widows and orphans. (B. O.)

*경동하다 v. 驚動 (놀날) (움직일) To be startled; to be frightened; to be terrified.

*경더 n. 鏡臺 (거울) (집) A small toilet case with glass.

경더석경 n. A toilet case mirror.

*경덕ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 敬待 (공경) (대접) To treat with respect; to be polite to. *See* 삼경ᄒᆞ다

경락 ㅅ. 京洛 (서울) (락슈) The capital; the metropolis. *See* 경셩.

*경략 ㅅ. 經略 (날) (닐할) The greater and lesser blood vessels. *See* 락락.

*경락이 ㅅ. 京落 (서울) (떠러질) A native of the capital. *See* 서울락이.

*경략ᄉᆞ ㅅ. 經略使 (경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (지략) (ᄒᆞ여 음) The name of an official rank; an overseer.

*경력 ㅅ. 經歷 (경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (지날) Experience. *See* 리력. The mayor of a city —an officer of the rear rank, 4th degree.

*경례 ㅣ. 敬禮 (공경) (례도) Respectful salutation.

*경례ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 敬禮 (공경) (례도) To salute respectfully; to salute; to present arms.

*경루 ㅅ. 經漏 (지날) (샐) Menorrhagia.

*경루 ㅅ. 瓊樓 (구슬) (다락) A splendid house.

*경륜 ㅅ. 經綸 (경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (실마리) Threads; principles. *See* 경영.

*경륜ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 經綸 (경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (실마리) To classify; to manage; to understand. *See* 경영ᄒᆞ다.

*경리소 ㅅ. 經理所 (경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (ᄒᆞ여ᄉᆞᆷ) Formerly the chief officer of the 경리 barracks.

*경리청 ㅅ. 經理廳 경영ᄒᆞᆫ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (청) Formerly the 경리 barracks—of the capital.

경마 ㅅ. 牽馬 (쓰을—*견) (몰—*아) A horse's halter. (끌다) (잡다).

*경마 ㅣ. 競馬 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (몰) A horse-race.

경마ᄃᆞᆯ다 ㅅ. 드러; 든 To lead by the halter.

경마운ᄃᆞᆼ ㅣ. 競馬運動 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (몰) (옴길 움ᄌᆡ일) A horse-race, horse-racing.

*경마장 ㅣ. 競馬場 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (몰) (마당) A race-course.

*경마희 ㅣ. 競馬戲 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (몰) (희롱) Horse-racing, the pleasures of the race course.

*경마ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 競馬 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (몰) To have a horse-race.

*경매 ㅣ. 競賣 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (팔) An auction. *See* 박매

*경매장 ㅣ. 競賣場 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (팔) (마당) A place of auction.

*경매ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 競賣 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (팔) To sell goods by auction. *See* 박매ᄒᆞ다.

경망ᄉᆞ럽다 ㅅ. 러워; 운 To be rash; to be frivolous; to be reckless.

*경망ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 輕妄 (가부야올) (망녕) To be light; to be rash; to be reckless. *See* 요망ᄒᆞ다.

*경면쥬사 ㅣ. 鏡面朱砂 (거울) (낫) (붉을) (쥬사) Crystallized cinnabar.

*경멸ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 輕蔑 (가부야올 업슈ᄉᆞᆯ) To despise; to look down upon

*경모 ㅅ. 京耗 (서울) (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) Paddy sent as taxes to the capital.

*경모 ㅅ. 京耗 (서울) (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) Rumors from the capital *See* 소식.

●*경모ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 景慕 (볏) (ᄉᆞᆯ모) To have an affection for; to be fond of; to be attached to.

*경모ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 輕侮 (가부야올) (업슈히녁일) To despise; to look down upon.

*경모ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 敬慕 (공경) (ᄉᆞᆯ모) To love and respect; to honour and respect.

*경무관 ㅣ. 警務官 (경동ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘쓸) (벼슬) A police magistrate.

*경무ᄉᆞ ㅣ. 警務使 (경동ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘쓸 ᄒᆞ여ᄆᆞᆨ) A Minister of Justice

*경무청 ㅣ. 警務廳 (경동ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘쓸) 대청) A police office.

경문 ㅅ. Luck to be beaten—as a criminal. (얼니다).

*경문 ㅅ. 經文 (글) (글) Prayers, crosons—as used by Buddhists etc.

*경물 ㅅ. 景物 (볏) (만물) Anything given to customers on opening a new shop, a premium.

*경미 ㅣ. 粳米 (ᄆᆡᆼ쌀) (쌀) Husked rice—used as a medicine. *See* 찹쌀

*경박쇼년 ㅅ. 輕薄少年 (가부야올) (엷을) (젊을) (히) A worthless youth. *See* 경박ᄌᆞ.

*경박ᄌᆞ ㅅ. 輕薄子 (가부야올) (엷을) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A worthless character; a frivolous fellow. *See* 경박쇼년.

*경박지ᄌᆞ ㅅ. 輕薄才子 (가부야올) (엷을) (지조) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A clever but false-hearted person.

*경박ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 輕薄 (가부야올 엷을 To be insincere; to be unkind; to be false-hearted; to be perfidious.

*경박ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 輕薄 (가부야올) 엷을) To be frivolous; to be worthless. *Opp.* 진즁ᄒᆞ다.

*경방ᄌᆞ ㅅ. 京榜子 (서울) (방) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A despatch courier.

*경변 s. 輕邊 (가부야울) (가) Low interest. (내다). *Opp.* 중변.

*경변 s. 硬便 (굿울) (똥) Constipation. *Opp.* 활변.

*경병 s. 勁兵 (굿셀) (군사) A strong soldier; a powerful army.

*경보 s. 輕寶 (가부야울) (보배) A light but costly treasure.

*경보 l. 警報 (날쎌) (갑흠) An alarm.

*경보덧기 l. 警報電機 (날쎌) (갑흠) (번기) (흘) An electric alarm.

*경복 l. 慶福 (경소) (복) Good fortune; luck; happiness; blessings.

*경복 l. 景福 (볏) (복) Great good-fortune; an immense blessing.

경복궁 l. 景福宮 볏 복 궁 The name of the North Palace. *See* 사진.

경복자는 [illegible] 다시 즌 "I have the honour to make this reply."

*경복ᄒᆞ다 l. 敬復 (공경) (다시) To write a respectful reply.

*경복ᄒᆞ다 l. 敬服 (공경) (복종홀) To yield to with respect; to admire.

*경복ᄒᆞ다 s. 仰覆 (가우리질) (회복) To fall down; to be overturned; to be prostrated.

*경본 s. 京本 (서울) (멋) Seoul fashions —in dress etc. *See* 경조.

*경부 l. 警部 (날써울) (쎄) A [illegible] of police. *See* 총슌.

*경부보 l. 警部補 (날쎌) (쎄) (기울) An assistant police sergeant.

*경부장 l. 警部長 (날쎌) (쎄) (어든) A chief of police; a high constable.

경분 s. 輕粉 (가부야울) (분) Light powders— calomel.

*경비 s. 經費 (경영) (허비홀) Outlay of money. (쓸디).

*경비덕 l. 警備隊 (날써울) (又홀) (쎄) A national guard of soldiers.

*경비함 l. 警備艦 (날써울) (又홀) (비) A defense ship—a man of war.

*경비ᄒᆞ다 l. 警備 (날써울) (又홀) To make preparations for defence; to take precautions for safety; to guard against.

*경비 s. 輕婢 (가부야울) (부리) Inferior class of people; a low person.

*경비ᄒᆞ다 l. 敬拜 (공경) (절) To worship; to reverence.

*경빅 l. 敬白 (공경) (흰) Literally 'respectful communication'; a polite or respectful term used at the end of a letter

*경산 s. 京山 (서울) (외) The mountains about Seoul.

*경산 l. 慶山 (경소) (외) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. 128.4[illegible]

경쇠 s. A lord that marks the watches of the night.

*경상 s. 景狀 (볏) (얼굔) Prospects; outlook; circumstances. *See* 경경.

*경사개친 본 s. 傾斜計測盤 (기우러질) (뵈길) (게교) (긋) (소반) Inclinatorium.

*경사ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾斜 (기우러질) (빗길) To be inclined to one side; to have a tendency in the direction of; to lean towards. *See* 경향ᄒᆞ다.

*경상 s. 卿相 (버슬) (정승) Ministers of state.

*경샹도 l. 慶尙道 (경소) (오히려) (길) The provinces of *Kyongsong*. *See* 팔도.

*경서 s. 經書 (글) (글) The Confucian Canon; the Chinese classics. *See* 셩경현젼.

*경션 s. 經線 (날) (십 lines of longitude; a meridian. *See* 위션.

*경션부 l. 艦船浮 (경계) (비) (쓸) A warn-ship-float —a buoy.

경셰 [illegible] (지조) Ability to govern; skill as a statesman. *See* 제세지지.

*경세ᄒᆞ다 s. 經世 (경뎡홀) (인간) To govern a country.

*경세ᄒᆞ다 l. 警世 (날써울) (인간) To warn the world; to arouse the people.

*경셩 s. 經星 (날) (별) Fixed stars. *Opp.* 위셩.

*경[illegible] Seoul. *See* 셔울.

*경셩 l. 景星 (볏) (별) The name of a lucky star.

경[illegible] Hun-kyong-do. Lat. 41.48 Long. 129.40.

*경셩지칙 s. 傾城之色 (기우러질) (재) [illegible] to upset a city. *See* 경국지칙.

*경솔ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕率 (가부야울) (거누릴) To be light, to be frivolous; to be worthless. *See* 요망ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 묵즁ᄒᆞ다.

*경쇠 l. 磬 (*경) A bell; a rattle—used by blind sorcerers to call the spirits. (치다).

경쑤 *s.* The misfortune to be beaten—of a criminal. (닷다).

*경슈 *s.* 硬水 (굿울) (물) Hard water.

*경슈 *s.* 鯨鬚 (고래) (슈염) Whale-whiskers—whalebone.

*경슈. *s.* 經水 (지날) (물) The *menses.* *See* 월후.

*경슐 *s.* 庚戌 (셔방) (게) The 47th year of the cycle. 1850; 1910; 1970.

*경승지디 *s.* 景勝之地 (경치) (이럼) (짤) (짜) A beautiful landscape; a picturesque place.

*경승ᄒᆞ다 景勝 (경치) (이럼) To be beautiful; to be picturesque—of places.

*경쓩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敬承 (공경) (나올) To hear or assent to, with respect.

*경시 *l.* 警視 (닐별) (볼) A police inspector.

*경시 *s.* 京試 (셔울 시험) Metropolitan examinations. *Opp.* 향시

*경시관 *s.* 京試官 (셔울) (시험) (벼슬) Formerly an officer sent from the capital to assist a provincial governor in presiding over examinations.

경시등 *l.* 警時燈 닐셔울 (뎨) 쇠북) An alarum clock. *See* 조명종

경시청 *l.* 警視廳 닐별 (볼) 청 The Metropolitan Police Board

*경시총감 *l.* 警視總監 (닐별) (볼) (거누릴) (볼) The Chief of the Metropolitan Police Board.

*경시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 輕視 (가부야울) (볼) To look down upon with contempt; to disdain; to scorn; to slight.

*경신 *l.* 慶信 (경ᄉᆞ) (맛을) A post station in Kyŏng-keui-do.

*경신 *s.* 景申 (볏) (납) A past station in Chŏl-la-do.

*경신 *s.* 景申 서방) (납) The 57th year of the cycle. 1860; 1920, 1980. A special day—that occurs six times a year. (새다).

*경신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敬神 (공경) (귀신) To fear spirits; to respect God.

경ᄉᆞ *l.* 慶事 (경ᄉᆞ) (일) A happy event; an occasion for congratulations.

*경ᄉᆞ *s.* 京師 (셔울) (스승) The capital —Seoul. *See* 도성.

*경ᄉᆞ *s.* 經史 (글) (ᄉᆞ긔) Chinese classics and histories.

*경ᄉᆞ롭다 *l.* 慶事 (경ᄉᆞ) (일) 로아; 온 To be happy; to be worthy of congratulation.

*경ᄉᆞ부 *s.* 京士夫 (셔울) (션비) (지아비) A gentleman from the capital. *See* 소대부.

*경숨 *s.* 驚魂 (놀날) (숨) Diseased ginseng—injured by fear, as from a landslide or near approach of man.

*경식 *s.* 景色 (경치) (빗) A view; a landscape; prospect; scenery.

*경악ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 驚愕 (놀낼) (놀랠) To be astonished or dumfounded at; to be horror-struck

*경안 *l.* 慶安 (경ᄉᆞ) (편안) A post station in Kyŏng-keui-do.

*경야 *s.* 竟夜 (모칠) (밤) All night; during the whole night. (토록) *See* 종야.

*경야토록 *s.* 竟夜 (모칠) (밤) All the night; during the whole night.

*경야ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 經夜 (지날) (밤) To pass the night, to watch through the night. *See* 밤새다.

*경양 *s.* 景陽 (볏) (볏) A post station in Chŏl-la-do Lat 35.05 Long 126.50

*경언 *s.* 京言 (셔울) (말숨) The Seoul language; the speech of the capital. *Opp.* 방언.

*경업 *s.* 耕業 (밧갈) (업) The occupation of a farmer, farming, husbandry

*경역 *l.* 鏡驛 (거울) (과발) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*경연 *s.* 經筵 (글) (자리) Formerly the King's Reader—an officer of the 1st degree.

*경염 *s.* 硬鹽 (굿울) (소곰) Hard or rock salt.

*경예 *s.* 鯨鯢 (고래) (고래) The male and female of whales; whales.

*경영ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 經營 (경영ᄒᆞᆯ) (경영ᄒᆞᆯ) To lay plans for; to make preparations for. *See* 상량ᄒᆞ다

*경오 *s.* 庚午 (셔방) (낫) The 7th year, day etc of the cycle. 1870; 1930, 1990.

*경외 *s.* 境外 (디경) (밧) Outside of the limits; beyond the boundaries or frontier.

*경우 *s.* 境遇 (디경) (맛날) Condition state, or circumstances—of persons.

*경운 *l.* 景雲 (볏) (구룸) Lucky clouds

*경위 *s.* 經緯 (날) (씨) The warp and the woof—the right and the wrong; the right principle; judgment; decorum. *See* 체경.

*경위도 *s.* 經緯度 (날) (씨) (도수) Longitude and latitude.

*경위병 s. 警衛兵 (닐쎄울) (호위) (군사) A military escort or guard.

*경위선 s. 經緯線 (날) (씨) (선) Lines of warp and woof.

*경위사 s. 經緯師 (날) (씨) (스승) A weaver.

*경위원 s. 警衛院 (닐쎄) (호위홀) (집) A police guard office -for the palace.

*경위하다 v. 警衛 (닐쎄울) (호위) To guard to keep watch over; to escort—of persons.

*경유 s. 鯨油 (고래) (기름) Whale oil.

*경육 s. 鯨肉 (고래) (고기) Whale flesh.

*경의 s. 脛衣 (종아리) (옷) Leggings, gaiters. *See* 힝전; 각반.

*경이원지하다 v. 敬而遠之 (공경) (말이) (닐) 같) To dislike and keep at a distance.

*경이하다 s. 輕易 (가븐야울) (쉬울) To be easy; to be light. (Comp.)

*경인 s. 庚寅 (서방) (동방) The 27th. year, day etc. of the cycle. 1890, 1850, 1910

*경인 s. 昨日 (작간) (날) Recently, for some time past; of late.

*경하하다 v. 敬賀 (공경) (스랑) To love and respect; to honour and respect.

경원 陵源 경스 군원) A prefecture in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.44 Long. 130.15

*경작하다 s. 耕作 (밧갈) (지을) To cultivate land; to carry on farming.

*경장 s. 輕裝 (가븐야울) (힝장) A light outfit; a light dress—as for a journey.

*경장 s. 京庄 (서울) (장화) A farm-stead owned by a resident of Seoul.

*경장하다 v. 輕裝 가븐야울 (힝장) To make only slight preparations—for a journey; to dress one's self lightly

*경작해 s. 頃者 (저짐쌔) (놈) Of late; lately.

경장 v. 更張 (곳칠) (베플) A reconstruction of the laws of a state.

경장지초 更張之初 곳칠 (베픈) (갈) (처음) The beginning of political reform.

경적하다 s. 여; 은 To be out of season; to be unsuited to the time; to be bothersome. *See* 경업다.

*경전 s. 京錢 (서울) (돈) Seoul money.

*경전 s. 經傳 (글) (젼홀) Canon and commentary—of the classics. *See* 셩경젼젼.

*경제 s. 經濟 (경영홀) (건널) Finance; economy.

*경제광물학 s. 經濟鑛物學 (지날) (건널) (쇠돌) (물건) (비홀) Lithargy.

*경제상 s. 經濟上 (경영홀) (건널) (웃) In finance; financial matters.

*경제학 s. 經濟學 (지날) (건널) (비홀) Economic science; political economy

*경제학박사 s. 經濟學博士 (지날) (건널) (비홀) (션비) A doctor of political economy.

*경제하다 s. 經濟 (경영홀) (건널) To direct the finances of.

경경하다 v. 敬虔 (공경) (드릴) To reverently present.

*경조 s. 京造 (서울) (지을) Manufactured articles from Seoul.

*경조하다 s. 輕躁 (가븐야울) (조급홀) To be flippant, to be volatile; to be rash.

*경죄 s. 輕罪 (가븐야울) (죄) A minor offence

*경죄재판소 s. 輕罪裁判所 (가븐야울) (죄) (마로질) (판단) (바) A court for the trial of minor offences.

*경조 v. 鏡照 (거울) (빗칠) A [illegible] station in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.23 Long. 128.01

경조 s. 京兆 (서울) (억조) Formerly the Chief Office of Justice—of the capital. *See* 한셩부

*경조윤 s. 京兆尹 (서울) 억조 (마을 맛) Formerly Master of the Ceremonies, the head of Department of the 1st rank 2nd degree. *See* 한셩부윤

경종 s. 京種 (서울) (씨) Seed or grain from the capital.

*경종하다 s. 耕種 (밧갈) (심을) To hoe up and sow seeds; to cultivate; to farm.

*경주 v. 競走 (다톨) (달닐) A race.

*경주하다 v. 競走 (다톨) (달닐) To have a race.

경쥬 v. 慶州 (경스) (고을) A prefecture in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. 129.09.

*경쥬 v. 競舟 (다톨) (비) A boat-race.

*경쥬인 s. 京主人 (서울) (님) (사톰) Formerly the one in charge of a [illegible] of the capital. *See* 경뎌리

경쥬하다 v. 競舟 (다톨) (비) To have a boat race.

*경중 s. 輕重 (가븐야울) (무거울) The light and the heavy—weight; importance, seriousness. *See* 대쇼.

*경즁히녁이다 /. 敬重 (공경) (무거울) 녁여, 인 To reverence; to regard seriously.

*경즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 警衆 (닐위울) (무리) To caution or warn the people.

*경진 s. 庚辰 (셔방) (별) The 17th year, day etc. of the cycle. 1880; 1940; 2000.

*경질 s. 勁質 (구샐) (바탕) A strong constitution; a good physique; robust health

*경조 s. 庚子 (셔방) (아돌) The 37th year, day etc. of the cycle. 1840, 1900, 1960.

경조나모 s. A shade tree.

*경진 /. 競爭 (다톨) (다톨) Competition.

*경진시ᄃᆡ / 競爭時代 (다톨) (다돌) (때) (디신) An age of competition.

*경진시험 / 競爭試驗 (다톨) (다톨) (시험) (시힘) Competitive examination —as of school children.

*경진ᄒᆞ다 s. 競爭 (다톨) (다톨) To compete; to contest; to struggle for supremacy.

*경찰 /. 警察 (닐위울) (숣힐) Police supervision.

*경찰관 / 警察官 (닐위울) (숣힐) (버술) A chief of police—of the open ports. *See* 경무관.

*경찰관리 / 警察官吏 (닐위울) (숣힐) (벼술) (아젼) A police officer. *See* 경찰관.

경찰셔 / 警察署 (닐위울) (숣힐) (마울) An office of the chief of police.

*경찰소 /. 警察所 (닐위울) (숣힐) (바) A police station.

*경찰ᄒᆞ다 /. 警察 (닐위울) (숣힐) To exercise police supervision.

*경채 s. 京債 (셔울) (빗) A debt in the capital—as paid by the 경주인. (내다.

*경창 s. 京倉 (셔울) (창고) Public storehouses—in the capital.

*경치 s. 景致 (볏) (곳) Scenery; a view; vista. *See* 젼망지ᄃᆡ

경첩 s. Flat hinges of a box.

*경쳡ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕捷 (가ᄇᆞ야울) (ᄲᆞᆯᆯ) To be light and easy; to be neat and delicate. *See* 홀가분ᄒᆞ다.

*경청 s. 京唱 (셔울) (부ᄅᆞᆯ *창) A Seoul accent—in singing. (Prov.)

*경쳥 s. 京請 (셔울) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) A recommendation from Seoul. (보처다).

*경츌증 s. 驚忡症 (놀날) (ᄲᆡᄅᆞᆯ) (증세) Palpitation of the heart.

*경측ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾側 (기우러질) (졋) To be inclined to one side; to have a tendency in the direction of. *See* 경칠ᄒᆞ다.

*경치 s. 景致 (경치) (일월) The view the vista; the scenery. *See* 풍광.

경치다 s. 치; 젼 To beat; to torture.

경칠놈 s. A rascal fit to be put to the torture—an abusive expression. *See* 쥬리ᄅᆞᆯ놈.

*경칩 s. 驚蟄 (놀날) (버레) 'Excited insects'—the third solar term from Mar. 5th to 20th when animals rouse from their torpor.

*경쾌ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕快 (가ᄇᆞ야울) (쾌ᄒᆞᆯ) To be nimble, quick, to be easy and skilful.

*경텬 / 敬天 (공경) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Post stations in Ch'ung-chong-do and Whang-hai-do.

*경텬위디ᄒᆞ다 s. 經天緯地 (날) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (씨) (짜) To make warp of heaven and woof of earth—said of those of superior intellect, bravery etc.

*경텽ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾聽 (기우릴) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) To listen to; to give a hearing to.

*경도 s. 境土 (디경) (짱) Territory; region.

*경ᄒᆡ도ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾覆 (기우러짐) (문허질) To be ruined—of a country; to be overthrown or destroyed—of a castle or city.

*경파 s. 鯨波 (고래) (물결) Big waves; a battle cry; a shout of triumph.

*경파 s. 輕波 (가ᄇᆞ야울) (물결) Small waves.

*경판 s. 京板 (셔울) (판ᄌᆞ) A Seoul edition of a book A Seoul accent—in singing.

*경판각 s. 經板閣 (글) (판ᄌᆞ) (집) Formerly the Government Office where the printing plates for the Sacred Books were kept.

*경편위쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕便爲主 (가ᄇᆞ야울) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞ) (쥬장) To do what is easy and convenient; to take the most convenient way. *See* 종편위지ᄒᆞ다.

*경편ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕便 (가ᄇᆞ야울) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) To be light and easy; to be convenient.

*경포 s. 京捕 (셔울) (잡을) Formerly the metropolitan police.

*경포 /. 警砲 (닐ᄭᅥᆯ) (총) An alarm gun.

*경포교 s. 京捕校 (셔울, (잡을) (장교) Formerly metropolitan constables.

*경포ᄒᆞ다 f. 驚怖 (놀날) (두려울) To be alarmed, to be terrified

*경풍 s. 驚風 (놀날) (바람) Convulsions; fits. (날다). *See* 간질.

*경풍 s. 勁風 (굿셀) (바람) A strong wind; a gale.

*경풍 s. 輕風 (가븨야울) (바람) A soft wind; a gentle breeze.

*경ᄉᆞ ᄀᆡ . 慶[京 (셔울) 州, 집 A village in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.39 Long. 128.42.

*경하 f. 慶賀 (경ᄉᆞ) (하례) Congratulation; felicitation.

*경하ᄒᆞ다 f. 敬賀 공경, ᄉᆞᄆᆡ) To congratulate; to offer felicitations

*경학 s. 經學 (글) (비홀) The Chinese classical literature.

*경한ᄒᆞ다 s. 勁悍 (굿셀) (사오나올) To be strong, to be powerful; to be steady

*경황 s. 景況 (볏) (ᄒᆞᆫ물며) Appearance; aspect; condition; state; circumstances. *See* 경상.

*경향 s. 京鄕 (셔울) The capital and the country.

*경향 s. 傾向 (기우러질) (향ᄒᆞᆯ) Inclination; tendency. (숣니다

*경향간 s. 京鄕間 (셔울 ᄉᆡ골) (ᄉᆞ이) Between the capital and the country.

*경향무론 s. 京鄕毋論 (셔울) (ᄉᆡ골) (업슬) (의론) Whether in capital or country. (ᄒᆞ고)

*경향이 ᄀᆞᆺ슈ᄒᆞ다 京鄕路殊 셔울 (ᄉᆞ골 길 ᄃᆞ름 The ways of the capital and those of the country differ.

*경향츌몰ᄒᆞ다 s. 京鄕出沒 (셔울) (ᄉᆡ골) (날) (빠질) To wander about through the country and the capital; to rush here and there. *See* 츌몰무가ᄒᆞ다.

*경향ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾向 (기우러질) (향ᄒᆞᆯ) To tend or dispose; to incline; to lean. *See* 숣니다.

*경험 s. 經驗 (지날) (증험) Experience; practice.

*경험방 s. 經驗方 (지날) (증험) (방도) Tested prescriptions -in medicine.

*경험ᄒᆞ다 s. 經驗 (지날) (증험) To test; to prove; to try by experiment

*경홀ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕忽 (가븨야울) (문득) To be light; to be careless; to be rash

*경흥 f. 慶興 (경ᄉᆞ) (날) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 42.25 Long. 130.25.

*경히 s. 輕 (가븨야울) Lightly; carelessly; of no account *Opp.* 즁히.

*경ᄒᆞ다 s. 輕 (가븨야울) To be light; to lack weight *Opp.* 즁ᄒᆞ다 *See* 가ᄇᆞᆸ ᄒᆞ다.

*경히ᄒᆞ다 s. 驚駭 (놀낼) (놀낼) To be surprised and startled at; to wonder; to be astonished; to be amazed or frightened.

*경힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 京行 (셔울) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To go up to the capital.

경하 ᄉᆞ 慶[ᄀᆞᆫ (ᄇᆡᆺ날, Sparkling jade (B. O.)—a noted composition.

경 . 京 (셔울) (빗날) The capital. ᄉᆞᄂᆞᆫ 셔울.

*경화ᄌᆞ뎨 s. 京華子弟 (셔울) (빗날) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (야오) Gentlemen of the capital.

*경환 s. 京換 (셔울) (밧ᄭᆞᆯ) A note of exchange—to be cashed in the capital.

*경황 s. 景況 (볏) (ᄒᆞᆫ물며) Cause for congratulation; occasion for gladness.

*경화우 ᄉᆞ 京商貝 (셔울) (에원—*차) (보차- 화 Dress goods and ornaments from the capital

*경황중 驚惶中 놀날 (두려울) 가온ᄃᆡ) Fear; anxiety; alarm.

*고 s. 孤 (외로올) An orphan. (Comp.) I—used by the king of himself when addressing those of another nation.

*고 s. 庫 (고짐) A storehouse; a treasury; a granary; an amory. *See* 고ᄯᅡᆨ.

*고 s. 뭄 (그믐) A loop—as of a string.

*고 s. 膏 (기ᄆᆞᆷ) A thick paste—as used in medicines.

고 *f.* All right—used only to a child *See* 올치.

고 s. 彼 (여 -*피) That; that person. (Dim.) *See* 요

*고 s. 高 (ᄂᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ) The height—in contrast to the length and breadth. *Opp.* 광.

*고가 s. (—ᄇᆞᆨ) 高價 (ᄂᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ) (갑) High price; a premium.

*고가 f. 古歌 (녜) (노래) Old songs or poems.

*고가대족 f. 古家大族 (녜) (집) (큰) (겨레) Old families; ancient houses.

*고가식 s. 高加索 (ᄂᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆨ질) Caucasia.

*고가식인죵 s. 高加索人種 (ᄂᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆨ질) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (씨) Caucasian race.

*고가품 s. 高價品 (ᄂᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ) (갑) (ᄆᆞᆯ수) Valuables. *See* 갑진것.

*고각 s. 高閣 (높홀) (집) A large mansion, a gorgeous building.

*고각함성 s. 鼓角喊聲 (북) (뿔) (함성) (소리) Martial music and shouting.

*고간 s. (一칸) 庫間 (고집) (소이) A granary; a storehouse. *See* 광.

*고간호다 s. 苦諫 (퍼로울) (간홀) To remonstrate earnestly with a superior.

고깔 s. 弁 (*납) A cornered hat—worn by Buddhists. *See* 송낙.

*고개 l. 古介 (네) (낫) A village in Ham-kyŏng-do Lat. 41.40 Long. 128.11.

*고강 s. 高岡 (놉풀) (외) Takaoka in Japan.

*고강호다 s. 高强 (놉홀) (강홀) To be prosperous and powerful; to have authority.

*고거제 l. 古巨濟 (네) (클) (건널) A village in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.28 Long. 128.61.

*고견 s. 高見 (놉풀) (볼) "Your august opinion."

*고정호다 l. 告更 (고홀) (방) To call out the watches of the night.

고고덕 s. Cackling—as a hen on laying.

*고공 s. 雇工 (품팔) (장인) A hired servant. *See* 품팔이.

*고굉 l. 股肱 (두리) (팔) Courtiers in contrast to the king (천슈). (B. H.)

*고공단부 l. 古公亶父 (네) (귀인) (진실노) (아비) The name of king 태, the ancestor of the 쥬 Kingdom, China.

*고공살이 s. 雇工 (품팔) (장인) Work of a hired servant. *See* 머슴살이.

*고공호다 s. 雇工 (품팔) (장인) To engage workmen; to employ skilled labour.

*고교 l. 故敎 (네) (구로칠) The Mosaic Law. (Rom. Cath.)

*고구 l. 故舊 (네) (네) An old acquaintance.

*고구려 s. 高句麗 (놉홀) (글귀) (빗날) An ancient Kingdom in north Korea with Capital at *Sŏng-ch'ŏn* existing from 37 B.C. to 668 A.D. *See* 조선.

*고국 l. 故國 (네) (나라) One's native country; the land of one's birth. *See* 고향.

*고군 s. 孤軍 (외로울) (군소) An army without supports.

*고군산 l. 古郡山 (네) (고을) (외) An island in Chŏl-la-do.

*고군약졸 s. 孤軍弱卒 (외로울) (군소) (약홀) (군소) An army without supports; an isolated army.

*고규 l. 古規 (네) (법) An old law; ancient statute.

고그마 s. Sweet potatoes.

*고극호다 s. 苦劇 (괴로올) (극홀) To be severe; to be heavy. *See* 공극호다.

*고금 l. 古今 (네) (이제) Time past or present; all time.

*고금 s. 痼疾 (학질) 병) Ague; intermittant fever. *See* 학질.

*고금도 l. 古今島 (네) (이제) (셤) An island in Chŏ-la-do. Lat 34.21 Long. 127.04.

*고금부동호다 l. 古今不同 (네) (이제) (아닐) (홀가지) To be always different; to be not the same before or since.

*고금이동연호다 l. 古今同然 (네) (이제) (홀가지) (그럴) To be the same always, to never change.

*고급호다 l. 告急 (고홀) (급홀) To announce in haste—as official tidings.

고긔 s. Yonder; there.

*고긔 l. 古器 (네) (그릇) Ancient pottery.

고긔양 s. Pith—of wood and plants. *See* 고짐이.

고기 s. 魚 (*어) Fish. *See* 성션.

고기 s. 肉 (*육) Meat. *See* 황육.

고기낙다 s. 漁 (고기잡을—*어) 가; 근 To catch fish. *See* 고기잡다.

고기잡다 s. 漁 (고기잡을—*어) 아; 은 To catch fish. *See* 고기낙다.

고긔 s. 峙 (*치) A pass; the peak of a hill road. *See* 재.

고긔 s. 項 (목—*항) The back of the neck. *See* 목.

고짐이 s. The inside leaves of a cabbage; the inner straw of paddy. *Opp.* 알양이.

*고파호다 l. 告罷 (고홀) (끔부) To announce; to make known—officially. *See* 엿줍다.

*고판 s. 高官 (놉홀) (벼슬) A high office; important post.

*고판대작 s. 高官大爵 (놉홀) (벼슬) (클) (벼슬) Rank of the highest degree, high rank.

*고판호다 l. 告官 (고홀) (벼슬) To bring a case before an official. *See* 정소호다.

고낙 *s.* The head of the poulpe fish, (*Octopus vulgaris*).

*고난 *s.* (곤) 苦難 괴로울 어려울 Sufferings; hardship. *Syn.* 고초.

고내 *s.* 螺 (달팡이—*와) A snail; a periwinkle. *See* 달팡이.

고녁이 *s.* A pickle jar. *See* 종두러

고냥 *s.* As it is; without change.

*고녀 *s.* 高女 (높흘) (계집) A human hermaphrodite.

*고녀 *s.* 瞽女 (소경) (계집) A blind woman.

*고년 *s.* 高年 (높흘) (히) Aged people.

*고념ᄒᆞ다 *s.* (념) 顧念 (도라볼) (싱각) To aid; to assist; to lend a hand. *See* 두호ᄒᆞ다.

고노 *s.* A game played on a board marked in squares.

고노두다 *s.* 허; 둔 To play a game of *kono*.

고느다 *s.* 나; 는 To examine compositions. To try the strength—by lifting an object from the small end.

고다 *s.* 捲 (삭기—*도) 아; 은 To twist.

고닥이다 *s.* 닥여; 인 To incite; to urge on; to stir up. *See* 쎄이다. To cluck.

*고단 *s.* 高丹 (높흘) (붉을) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*고단 *s.* 高緞 (높흘) (비단) Figured silk.

*고단ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 苦煖 (괴로울) (따를) To be fatigued; to be weary—as after poor sleep. *See* 곤ᄒᆞ다.

*고단ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 孤單 (외로울) (홀) To be solitary; to be alone; to be friendless. *See* 고독ᄒᆞ다.

*고달 *s.* A point; a knot at the end. Obstinacy. (뵈우다).

*고달산 *s.* 高達山 (높흘) (통달) (외) Mountains in Whang-hai-do Lat. 38.39 Long. 127.57, and Kang-won-do.

고달프다 *s.* 疲困 (갓볶 *ㅍ) (곤홀—*곤) 달파; 곤 To be worried to death; to be worn out. *See* 피곤ᄒᆞ다.

*고담 *l.* 古譚 (네) (말숨) Ancient stories—as written in the *Unmun*. *See* 니야기.

*고담준론 *s.* 高談峻論 (높흘) (말숨) (높흘) (의론홀) Stories of great weight; learning. *Syn.* 양이대담

*고대ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 高大 (높흘) (큰) To be great; to be vast; to be lofty; to be spacious; to be wide-spreading.

*고뎌 *s.* 高低 (높흘) (낮갈) High and low—as distinguishes characters or musical notes. *See* 고하.

*고뎡쥬 *l.* 古定州 (네) (뎡홀) (고을) A town in Pyeng-an-do Lat. 39.42 Long. 125.24.

*고뎡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 固定 (굿을) (뎡홀) To be fixed; to be established.

*고도 *s.* 高跳 (높흘) (뛸) High-jump. *See* 광도.

*고도 *l.* 古都 (네) (도읍) An ancient capital; old city.

*고도 *l.* 古渡 (네) (건널) An ancient ferry. Brought or imported from remote times—as from foreign countries.

*고도 *l.* 古刀 (네) (갈) An old sword.

*고도 *s.* 孤島 (외로울) (셤) An island standing alone by itself; a solitary islet.

*고도 *s.* 高度 (높흘) (지날) Altitude.

고도리 *s.* A blunt pointed object.

고도리뼈 *s.* The hip-bone.

*고독단신 *s.* 孤獨單身 (외로울) (홀노) (홀) (몸) A solitary person; one who is friendless and alone. *See* 혈혈단신.

*고독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 孤獨 (외로울) (홀노) To be solitary; to be alone; to be friendless. *See* 외롭다.

고되다 *s.* 여; 된 To accumulate—of work; to be overwhelming.

고동 *s.* A steam whistle; a horn. A joint; a hinge. The turning point; the important matter.

*고동 *s.* 高洞 (높흘) (골) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.03 Long. 123.48.

*고동색 *l.* 古銅色 (네) (구리) (빗) Bronze color.

*고동석 *l.* 古銅石 (네) (구리) (돌) Bronzite.

*고동식히다 *s.* 鼓動 (북) (움직일) 식혀; 힌 To incite; to stir up; to arouse.

고동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鼓動 북 (움직일) To encourage; to stimulate; to incite; to stir up; to instigate.

*고됴 *l.* 古調 (네) (곡됴) Ancient fashions; ancient ways.

*고두뎡례ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 叩頭敬禮 (두두릴) (머리) 공경 례도 To make a low bow.

고두름 *s.* A icicle.

고두머리 s. A curly head. The extremity. *See* 고슈머리.

고두밥 s Thick boiled rice. *See* 술밥.

*고두사죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 叩頭謝罪 (두드릴) (머리) (샤례) (허물) To *kotow* and confess one's faults.

고두쇠 s. 砧刀幅 (쌱칼—*작) (칼 *도) (치도리 *츄) A pivot; an axil.

*고두ᄒᆞ다 s. 叩頭 (두드릴) (머리) To bow to the ground; to make a deep obeisance.

고들고들ᄒᆞ다 s To be curly; to be wavy. To be dry; to be hard.

고들매편 s. A whip with iron rings fastened to the lash

고들빼기 s. 菜 (*도) The sowthistle. *Sonchus oleraceus.*

고드리 s. Weights to hold the strings of the warp in the weaving of mats. A whip with a knotted lash. (제쥑).

고들기 s. A thatch frame—for a boat. A whip with a knotted lash. *See* 고드리

*고등 s. 孤燈 (외로울) (등불) A solitary light; a single lantern.

*고등 s. 高等 (놉흘) (무리) The first or highest class or degree of excellence; highest rank; first class; of the best quality.

고등관 . 高等官 (놉흘 무리 벼슬 The higher officials. *See* 칙주임관

*고등반 s. 高等班 (놉흘 (무리) (반열) High class.

*고등법원 s. 高等法院 (놉흘) (무리) (법) (집) The High Criminal Court; a supreme court. *See* 대심원.

*고등법원 s. 高等法院 (놉흘) (무리 (법) (집) The High Criminal Court for the trial of political offences.

*고등상업학교 s. 高等商業學校 (놉흘) (무리) (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (비ᄒᆞᆫ) (학교) The High Mercantile Academy.

*고등쇼학교 s. 高等小學校 (놉흘) (무리 (적을 (배울 학교 High School

*고등ᄉᆞ범학교 s. 高等師範學校 (놉흘) (무리 ᄉᆞ범 (법 (배울 학교) An advanced Normal School

*고등어 s. 高登魚 (놉흘) (오를) (고기) The mackerel.

*고등중학교 s. 高等中學校 (놉흘) (무리) (가온디) (비흘) (학교).

*고등학교 s. 高等學校 (놉흘) (무리) (비흘) (학교) A high school. *See* 대학교.

*고등학과 s. 高等學課 (놉흘) (무리) (비흘) (공부) High class lessons.

고등회 高等會 놉흘 무리 모들 A high class of the Imperial Council. *See* 귀족원.

*고등ᄒᆞ다 s. 高騰 (놉흘) (놀) To become dear; to go up in price.

*고디 s. 高地 (놉흘) (짱) High ground.

고디 s. Just now; a moment ago. Near by. (Prov.)

*고디 *l.* 古代 (예) (녀신 Ancient times; antiquity. *See* 즁ᄃᆡ, 근ᄃᆡ.

고디장실 高廣廣室 놉흘 (집 (너를) (집) High and roomy dwellings. *See* 고루거각.

*고디ᄒᆞ다 s. 苦待 (괴로울) (기ᄃᆞ릴) To wait with impatience.

쏘라군이 s. Appearance; face—used in contempt. *See* 쏘락선이.

고라마 s. A gray horse.

*고락 s. 苦樂 (괴로울) (즐길) Pain and pleasure; suffering and enjoyment.

*고락간 s. 苦樂間 (괴로울) (즐길) (ᄉᆞ이) In joy and sorrow.

쏘락선이 s. Appearance; face—used in contempt. *See* 모양.

고락이 s. Moss. A large earthenware dish. (Prov.)

*고락(이)병힘 s. 苦樂並行 (괴로울) (즐길) (아오를 ᄃᆞᆯ. Pain and pleasure go together.

고래 s. 鯨 (*경) A whale. An intemperate man.

고래실 s. 永畓 (물—*슈) (논—*답) Fertile rice-fields. *See* 슈답.

고랑 *l.* 畝 (이랑—*무) A furrow. *See* 두둑

고랑 s. 桎梏 (*질) *곡) Fetters; shackles; stocks. A rope to bind a criminal. *See* 샷바.

쏘랑이 s. The tail. *See* 쑝지; 쑝ᄃᆡ이.

고랑이 *l.* 谷畓 (골—*곡) (논—*답) Valley paddy-fields.

*고랑쳐 s. 姑娘柔 (할미) (게집) (나물) The winter cherry.

고랑틀 s. 桎梏 (*질) (*곡) Stocks in which the feet of a criminal are fastened.

고랴셔 s. Indeed! Can that be so! (Dim.)

*고량 s. 膏粱 (기름) (기장) Rich fare; luxuriant viands. *See* 고량진미.

*고랑기 s. 高鄙岐 (놉흘) (잔나희) (죄)

A village in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.16 Long. 130.01.

*고량진미 s. 膏粱珍味 (기름) (기장) (보배) (맛) Dainties; rich viands. *Se* 고량.

고러케 s. Thus: in that way used in contempt. *See* 요러케

고런 s. That; such a—used in contempt *See* 요런

*고려국 s. 高麗國 (높을) (빛날) (나라) Korea the name of the last dynasty that was established in 918 A.D. and fell in 1392 A.D. *See* 조선.

*고려명 s. 古驪明 (네) (법) (조명) A post station in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 41.38 Long. 126.2—

*고려석 s. 高麗石 (높을) (빛날) (돌) Stones from the walls of the ancient palace of *Kokuryo.*

*고려장 s. 高麗葬 (높을) (빛날) (장소) A burial custom of the last dynasty by which old people were shut up in a cave and left to die.

*고려하다 s. 苦慮 (괴로울) (생각) To be anxious; to feel solicitude.

*고려하다 s. 顧慮 (도라볼) (생각) To consider; to reflect upon; to think about.

*고력사 s. 高力士 (높을) (힘) (선비) A. D. 684-762. A celebrated eunuch and privy counsellor of 당현종.

*고련근 l. 苦楝根 (쓸) (나모) (뿌리) The root of the pomegranate—used as a medicine. *Melia azederach.*

*고례 l. 古禮 (네) 례도) Ancient ceremonies. *See* 고제.

*고령 s. 高嶺 (높을) (고개) A high mountain pass. *See* 준령.

*고령 s. 高齡 (높을) (나) Aged people.

*고령 s. 高靈 (높을) (신령) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.41 Long. 128.11

*고령 s. 高嶺 (높을) (고개) A port in Ham-kyŏng-do Lat. 42.39 Long. 129.31

*고령녕 l. 古定寧 네) (멸할) (편안) A town in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.10 Long. 124.59

*고령산 l. 古靈山 네) (신령) (외) A mountain in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39 Long. 125.28.

*고령석 l. 古靈石 네) (신령) (돌) An ancient spirit stone.

고로 s. 故 (연고—*고) Because of; for this reason.

고로 s. 좌 (고를—*균) Equally; all alike.

*고로 l. 故老 (네) (늙은이) Old people; elders

고로다 s. 調 (고로—*됴) 화; 론 To adjust; to harmonize; to blend. To be even; to be a— *See* 평균하다.

고루로 s. 좌 고를 균) Impartially, equally, all alike *See* 골고로.

고로히 s. 좌 고를 균) Equally; all alike

*고론 s. 高論 (높을) 의론) Lofty views; elevated sentiments; a noble argument.

고롭다 s. 苦 (괴로울—*고) 로와; 온 To be annoying; to be troublesome; to be bothersome.

고롭고롭다 s. To be little by little; to be in this way and that way.

*고룡진 l. 古龍津 (네) (룡) (나루) An anchorage in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 39.07 Long. 12—.61.

*고루 s. 高樓 (높을) (다락) A large two-storeyed building.

고루거각 s. 高樓巨閣 (높을) (다락) (클) (집) Handsome spacious halls a mansion; a castle.

*고루하다 s. 孤陋 (외로울) (더러울) To be inexperienced; to lack knowledge. *See* 미거하다.

*고류 s. 膏類 (기름) 종류) Extracts.

*고류산염 s. 枯硫酸鹽 (마를) (류황) (산) (염) Fevri sulphas exsiccata.

고르다 l. 擇 가릴—*럭) 골너; 고른 To chose; to select; to pick out. *See* 가리다.

쇼로들 s. Bubbling.

고름 s. (—름) 膿汁 (고름—*농) (즙—*즙) Pus. *See* 농.

고름 s. (—름) 襬 (*반) Coat strings.

고름집 s. 膿濆 (고름—*농) (분허질—*궤) The body Pus abscess. *See* 종긔

고리 s. 環 (*환) A metal ring.

고리 l. 罐 (*로) A still for preparing liquors.

쇠리 s. 尾 (*미) The tail. *See* 쇠랑이.

*고리 l. 古里 (네) (마을) A post station in Pyong-an-do.

고리눈 s. 環目 (고리 환 (눈—*목) Glaring or big round eye in which the iris is streaked with white.

고리다 s. 고려 린 To stink; to emit a foul odor. *See* 구리다.

고리짝 *s.* 柳箱 (버들—*류) (고리짝 *소) A hamper made of strings and willow

고리장이 *s.* 柳箱匠 (버들—*류) (고리짝—*소 장인 *장) A basket maker —one of the four lowest classes. *See* 뷕명.

*고림 *s.* 痔淋 (기름) (림질) Gonorrhea.

고림 *s.* 高林 (높을, 수풀) A post station in Chöl-la-do Lat. 34.49 Long. 126.35.

*고립군소 *s.* 孤立軍士 (홀로) (설) (군소—*군) Palace soldiers.

*고립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 孤立 (외로울) (설) To stand alone; to stand apart—of others; to be isolated; to occupy a solitary position.

*고릐 *l.* 古來 (녜) (올) From ancient times; the past and the present.

*고릐지풍 *l.* 古來之風 (녜) (올) (갈) (바람) Customs handed down from ancient times.

*고마 *s.* 顧馬 (품팔) (물) Official ponies belonging to a governor's office.

*고마청 *s.* 雇馬廳 (품팔) (물) (청) The office of post horses—attached to a government headquarters.

*고막 *s.* 鼓膜 (북) (껍질) The tympanum

고만 *s.* Enough.

고만 고만ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be about the same; to be so much.

고맙다 *l.* 마ᄋᆞᆨ; 온 To thank; to be glad. *See* 감사ᄒᆞ다.

*고면ᄒᆞ다. *s.* 顧眄 (도라볼) (볼) To glance back; to look behind; to look back at.

*고명 *s.* 高名 (높을) (일홈) Fame; renown; distinction; reputation.

*고명 *l.* 顧命 (도라볼) (목숨) An order or instruction left by a dying person; verbal will. *See* 유조.

*고명 *l.* 古名 (녜) (일홈) Ancient name. *See* 고호.

고명 *s.* Seasoning, spices. *See* 양념.

고명딸 *s.* One daughter among many sons.

고명치다 *s.* 쳐; 친 To season; to flavor. *See* 양념ᄒᆞ다.

*고명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 高明 (높을) (붉을) To be great and wise; to be renowned. *See* 단정ᄒᆞ다

*고명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 顧命 (도라볼) (목숨) To give his last commands—of the sovereign at death.

*고모 *s.* 姑母 (할미) (어미) A paternal aunt

*고모부 *s.* 姑母夫 (할미) (어미 지아비) An uncle by marriage—the husband of a paternal aunt.

*고목 *l.* 告目 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (눈) A letter to an official or superior. *See* 상셔

*고목 *l.* 古木 (녜) (나모) An old tree.

*고목 *s.* 高木 (높을) (나모) A lofty tree.

*고목 *l.* 枯木 (무를) (나모) A dead tree.

*고목생화 *l.* 古木生花 (녜) (나모) (날) (꼿) An old tree bearing blossoms—as applied to a return of prosperity.

*고묘 *l.* 古墓 (녜) (무덤) Old tomb.

*고무창 *l.* 古茂昌 (녜) (성ᄒᆞᆯ) (창성) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 41.29 Long. 126.52.

*고무ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鼓舞 (북) (춤출) To encourage; to instigate or stir up.

*고문 *l.* 古文 (녜) (글) Ancient writing.

*고문 *l.* 顧問 (도라볼) (무를) Advice; counsel.

*고문관 *s.* 顧問官 (도라볼) (무를) (벼슬) An adviser—to the Government.

*고문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拷問 (칠) (무를) To examine a person by torture.

고문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 叩門 (두드릴) (문) To ask carefully about; to inquire minutely concerning.

*고문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 顧問 (도라볼) (무를) To ask advice from; to refer to; to consult.

고물 *s.* 舵 (*츄) The stern—of a junk. *Opp.* 나발.

*고물 *l.* 故物 (녜) (물건) Curios.

*고물가 *l.* 古物家 (녜) (물건) (집) An antiquarian.

*고물학 *l.* 古物學 (녜) (물건) (비홀) Archaeology.

*고물학ᄉᆞ *l.* 古物學士 (녜) (물건) (비홀) (션비) An archeologist; an antiquarian.

쇼물 *s.* Bean coating—for rice bread etc. Crumbs, fragments.

쇼물쇼물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bob up and down; to move indifferently. *See* 쌈작쌈작ᄒᆞ다. To be narrow-minded. (Prov.)

쇼물아기 *s.* Bean crumbs—for coating rice bread etc. *See* 부스럭이.

쇼미래 *s.* A wooden scraper. *See* 쇼밀개.

쇼밀개 *s.* A wooden scraper. *See* 쇼미래.

*고밍산 *l.* 古孟山 (녜) (맛) (뫼) A

mountain in Pyŏng-an-do Lat. 39.35 Long. 126.09.

고박고박 *s.* Nodding—as one sleepy. Overloaded

***고박ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 古朴 (네) (겁박) To be simple; to be guileless, to be old fashioned *See* 숨후ᄒᆞ다.

***고발** *l.* 告發 (고홀) 췰 The act of informing against; government prosecution.

***고발인** *l.* 告發人 (고홀) (췰) (사롬) An informer

***고발장이** *l.* 告發 (고홀) (췰) An informer.

***고발ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 告發 (고홀) (췰) To inform against.

***고법** *l.* 古法 (네) (법) An old method; a hackneyed formula; old law. *See* 고도.

***고봉산** *s.* 高峯山 (높흘) (가죽—*석) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.01 Long. 129.07.

***고빈ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 告頻 (고홀) (빈홀) To announce trouble—to a magistrate.

***고변** *s.* 高辨 (높흘) (본변) An eloquent dissertation; eloquently; fluently.

***고별ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 告別 (고홀) (리별) To take leave of a person; to bid farewell.

***고복다짐** / 考服侤ᄌᆡ 삼고 엽ᄂᆞ 다짐—*고) (소리 —*음) The signing of a document by which a prisoner pleads guilty of death.

***고복ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 鼓腹 (북칠) (배) To be contented; to be satisfied or happy.

***고본** *s.* 藁本 (집) (못) *Nothosmyrnium Japonicum.*

***고본** *s.* 股本 (두리) (못) Stocks.

***고본전** *s.* 股本錢 (두리) (못) (돈) Capital stock.

***고본쥬** *s.* 股本主 (두리) (못) (쥬인) A stock holder.

***고본표** *s.* 股本票 (두리) (못) (표) Stock certificates.

***고봉** *s.* 高峯 (높흘) (봉오리) A high mountain.

***고봉** *s.* 孤峯 (외로올) (봉오리) A solitary peak.

***고봉쯔릉** *s.* 高峯頭上 높흘 봉오리 즁 (고시 His rank is at the top) *S.* 데산주령.

***고봉ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 庫封 (고집) (봉홀) To lock and seal the government granaries.

***고부** *l.* 古阜 (네) (언덕) A prefect in [illegible]-do Lat. 35.37 Long. 126.56.

고부 舅姑 (어미 아ᄂᆞ이) Mother-in-law and daughter-in-law.

***고부간** *s.* 姑婦間 (시어미) (며ᄂᆞ리) (소이) Between mother-in-law and daughter-in-law.

***고부량삼성** *s.* 高夫梁三姓 (높흘) (지아비) (들ᄎᆡ) (셕) (셩) The three surnames of 고, 부 and 량—clans supposed to have sprung from a rock in [illegible]

고ᄇᆡ소 告訃使 (고홀) (부고) (ᄒᆞ여곰) [illegible] the official who carried the announcement of the king's death to the Emperor of China.

고부ᄭᅳᆺ다 *s.* 붓쳐 (천) To be extreme to reach a critical point.

***고불여금ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 古不如今 (네) (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ홀) (이제) To be unlike—of ancient and modern. *Opp.* 금불여고.

고분통 *s.* A pipe with an earthenware bowl. *See* 물ᄲᅮᆷ이.

고붓 *s.* A loop. A crisis; a turn; an extreme point.

고붓ᄒᆞ이 *s.* To turn—in a loop. *See* 고붓.

고비 *s.* Crisis in a sickness; the critical moment. (치다).

고비 *s.* A case; a portfolio.

고비 *s.* 蕨 (*풀) Bracken. *Pteris aquilina.*

***고비** . 考妣 (아비) (어미) Deceased parents. (Comp.) *See* 부모.

***고비** *l.* 古碑 (네) (비셕) An old monument.

***고비원쥬ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 高飛遠走 높흘 (놀) 멀 다ᄅᆞ날 ᄃᆡ ᄃᆞᆫ, to escape, to leave.

***고빅ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 高排 (높흘) (비포홀) To heap up food on a plate.

***고빅** *l.* 告白 (고홀) (흰) Statement; information; a report.

***고빅반** *s.* 枯白礬 (무를) (흰) (빅반) Burnt alum.

***고빅ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 告白 (고홀) (알욀) To announce; to relate; to communicate.

***고빅ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 告白 (고홀) (흰) To state, or inform.

고사리 *s.* 蕨 (*이) Bracken; *Pteris aquilina.*

고사반 *l.* Rice or money given to Buddhist comedians.

고사풍 *s.* 馬病 (말 *마) (병—뼝) Horse cholera.

고삭부리 *s.* A poor appetite.

*고산 *l.* 故山 (네) (외) Native place; province, or country.

*고산 *s.* 高山 (높흘) (와) A high mountain.

*고산 *s.* 高山 (높흘) (와) Takayama in Japan.

*고산 *s.* 高山 (높흘) (와) Mountains in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.04 Long. 127.09 and, Kang-wan Lat. 38.48 Long. 127.34, a post station Hamhung do Lat. 38.48 Long. 127.50 a prefect in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.55 Long. 127.30.

*고산리 *s.* 高山里 (높흘) (와) (마을) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.56 Long. 126.02.

*고살 *l.* 故殺 (짐짓) (죽일) Premeditated murder, manslaughter.

*고살ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 故殺 (짐짓) (죽일) To kill another intentionally

*고샤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 叩謝 (두드릴) (샤례) To apologize; to tender excuses; to express regret; to confess one's faults

*고샤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 姑捨 (아직) (노흘) To let alone yet a while, to wait a little.

*고상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 高尙 (높흘) (오히려) To be pure; to be noble; to be superior; to be patriotic. *See* 청고ᄒᆞ다.

*고서 *l.* 古書 (네) (글) Ancient writings. *See* 고문.

*고석 *l.* 古昔 (네) (녜) Ancient times; antiquity.

*고석 *l.* 蠹石 (좀) (돌) Honeycombed stone.

*고섭 *s.* 枯葉 (무를) (섭—*셥) Dry branches—firewood.

*고세 *l.* 古世 (네) (인간) Antiquity; past ages. *See* 이관.

*고셩 *s.* 鼓聲 (북) (소리) The sound of a drum

*고셩 *s.* 高聲 (높흘) (소리) A loud voice.

*고셩 *s.* 固性 (굿을) (셩품) Rigidity

*고셩 *l.* 古城 (네) (지) An old castle. A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.31 Long. 125.35.

*고셩 *s.* 固城 (굿을) (재) A prefect in Kyung-sang-do Lat. 34.57 Long. 128.12.

*고셩 *s.* 高城 (높흘) (재) A prefect in Kang-won-do 38.36 Long. 129.13.

*고셩탁일 *s.* 孤城落日 (외로흘) (재) (써러질) (날) The evening scene of a solitary castle—the end; the finish.

*고셩산 古城山 (할미) (재) (뫼) A mountain in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.12 Long. 126.46.

*고셩유 *s.* 固性油 (굿을) (셩품) (기름) Solid fat.

*고셩률 *s.* 固性率 (굿을) (셩품) (률) Modulus of rigidity

*고셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 高聲 (높흘) (소리) To call loudly, to speak with a loud voice. *See* 떠들다.

*고소 *l.* 告訴 (고홀) (알필) A complaint or appeal to a magistrate; a accusation.

*고소뎡 *s.* 姑蘇臺 (할미) (차죽이) (집) A famous palace in ancient *Kangnam* China—now used of pride or magnificence generally.

*고소인 *l.* 告訴人 (고홀) (알필) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A complainant; an appellant.

*고소원 、 固所願 (진실노, 바) (원홀) What is according to one's wishes; one's sentiments.

고소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 美味 (아름다울 *미) (맛—*미) To be savory; to be fragrant; to be inviting.

*고소ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 告訴 (고홀) (알필) To appeal or complain.

*고숑 *l.* 古松 (네) (소나모) An ancient pine.

*고숑 *s.* 高松 (높흘) (솔) Takamatsu in Japan.

*고수 *s.* 鼓手 (북) (소경) The father of great emperor 순, B. C 2255.

*고슈 *s.* 鼓手 (북) (손 A drummer in a theatical show

*고슈덕 *l.* 古樹德 (네) (나모) (큰) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.00 Long. 126.38.

고슈머리 *s.* Wavy hair; a curly head. *See* 고두머리.

*고슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 固守 (굿을) (직힐) To guard strictly; to protect carefully; to maintain firmly.

고슈레 *s.* A call repeated before eating, accompanied by a spoonful of rice thrown to the spirits.

고슘도치 *s.* 蝟 (*위) A hedgehog; a porcupine.

고슘돗 *s.* 蝟 (*위) A hedgehog; a porcupine

고스락 *s.* The highest point; the climax; the crisis.

고스락고스락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be curly; to be wavy. *See* 곱슬곱슬ᄒᆞ다.

고스락이 *s.* A curly head.

고슬고슬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be curly; to be wavy. *See* 곱슬곱슬ᄒᆞ다.

*고승 *s.* 高僧 (높흘) (중) A virtuous priest; a high priest.

*고시 *l.* 古詩 (네) (글) Ancient writings. Verses written without reference to high or low characters. *Opp.* 한시.

*고시 *l.* 古時 (네) (때) Ancient times; years gone by.

*고시 *l.* 告示 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (뵈일) A bulletin.

*고시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 顧視 (도라볼) (볼) To look back at.

*고시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 告示 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (뵈일) To post up a proclamation. *See* 게방ᄒᆞ다.

*고식 *l.* 古式 (녜) (법) An ancient custom or fashion *See* 고풍.

*고식지계 *s.* 姑息之計 (아직) (꾀할) (계교) Living from hand to mouth.

*고식지계 *s.* 姑息之計 아직 생활 꾀 (계교) A temporizing plan. *See* 임시 고식.

*고심 *s.* 苦心 (괴로올) (모음) Anxiety; trouble, distress; suffering; grief.

*고승 *s.* 高士 (높흘) (션비) An eminent person; a virtuous scholar.

*고ᄉᆞ *l.* 古史 (녜) (스긔) Ancient history; an old chronicle; old records; an old book

*고ᄉᆞ *s.* 篙師 (사ᄉᆞᆼ대) (스슝) A boatman

*고ᄉᆞ *l.* 古寺 (녜) (졀) An old Buddhist temple; an ancient monastery. *See* 고찰.

*고ᄉᆞ *l.* 古事 (녜) (일) The deeds of the past.

*고ᄉᆞ *l.* 告祀 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice to spirits. (지내다) (ᄒᆞ다). *See* 제.

*고ᄉᆞ *l.* 古祠 (녜) (ᄉᆞᆼ당) An ancient spirit shrine or temple.

고ᄉᆞ지내다 *l* 여; 낸 To offer sacrifices —to guardian spirits.

*고ᄉᆞ긔 高士奇 (높흘) (션비) (긔ᄀᆞ) A. D. 1645–1704. A miscellaneous writer—of China.

*고ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 固辭 (굿을) (ᄉᆞᆼ양) To refuse firmly; to decline in a positive manner.

*고ᄉᆞᆷ *s.* 苦蔘 (쓸) (숨) *Sophora flavescens* —used as medicine. *See* 너ᄉᆞᆷ.

*고ᄉᆞᆷ즈 *s.* 苦蔘子 (쓸) (숨) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Seeds of the *Kosam.*

고ᄉᆞᆺ *s.* A valley; a nook. *See* 구석.

고ᄉᆞᆺ고ᄉᆞᆺ *s.* Every valley; every nook.

*고ᄉᆡᆼᄒᆞ다 *s.* 苦生 (괴로올) (날) To suffer; to have a hard time. *See* 고초ᄒᆞ다.

ᄉᆞᆫ아리 *s.* A ground cherry.

*고악 *s.* 高嶽 (높흘) (뫼부리) A high mountain.

*고안 *s.* 孤雁 (외로올) (기러기) A solitary wild goose.

*고야왕 姤野王 (도라볼) (들) (님금) A.D. 519–581. Celebrated as a scholar of almost universal learning. Was author of the dictionary called 玉篇, and of sundry historical commentaries.

*고약 *s.* 膏藥 (기름) (약) A plaster; an ointment for boils etc.

고약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be bad; to be evil; to be wicked. *See* 패ᄉᆡᆼᄒᆞ다.

*고양 *s.* 膏壤 (기름) (흙덩이) Fertile land; a rich district.

*고양 高陽 (높흘) (볕) A prefecture in Kyŏng-an-do Lat. 37.37 Long 126.59.

고양ᄂᆡ모 古香木 (녜) 고, ᄉᆞᆼ거ᄒᆞᆷ (나모—*목) An ancient incense tree with a hollow centre.

고양이 *s.* 猫 (*묘) A cat. *See* 괴.

고양쥬 *s.* 僕童主 (아바지—*공) 칠 님 [illegible] monastery. *Also* 공양쥬

*고어 *l.* 古語 (녜) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) An ancient saying

*고언 *l.* 古言 (녜) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Ancient language; old words or phrases.

*고언 *l.* 古諺 (녜) (언문) An old proverb; ancient maxims.

*고여금 古如今 (녜) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘 이제) Past or present just the same. *See* 금여고.

*고여시금여시 古如是今如是 (녜) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) (이제) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) Past or present it is just the same. *See* 금여시고여시.

*고역 *s.* 苦役 (괴로올) (역ᄉᆞ) Difficult labor, an ardu[illegible] *See* 고됨.

*고연 *l.* 古延 (네) (마질) A post station in Pyong-an-do.

*고열 *s.* 苦熱 (괴로울) (더울) Oppressive heat.

*고열ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 苦熱 (괴로울) (더울) To suffer from the heat.

*고염 *s.* 苦炎 (괴로울) (더울) Oppressive heat. *See* 고열.

*고염무 *s.* 顧炎武 도라볼 (불꽃) (호반) A. D. 1613-1682 One of the most distinguished scholars and authors of the present dynasty. His commentaries on classical and historical subjects are highly prized.

*고옥 *l.* 古屋 (네) (집) An old house.

*고옥 *s.* 孤屋 (외로울) (집) A solitary house; a lonesome cot.

*고온계 *s.* 高溫計 (높흘) (다술) (계교) Pyrometer.

*고온포 *l.* 古溫浦 (네) (다술) (개) An anchorage in Kyong-keui-do Lat. 37.03 Long. 126.45.

*고요 *s.* 皐陶 (언덕) (일홈) B. C. 2255 A celebrated minister of Emperor Sun (슌).

고요ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 寥 (고요—*료) To be quiet; to be solitary; to be silent. *See* 적적ᄒᆞ다.

*고욕 *s.* 苦辱 (괴로울) (욕홀) Suffering; trouble; hardship. *See* 곤욕.

고욤 *s.* 柿 (감—*시) Small natural growth persimmons.

*고용 *s.* 雇傭 (품팔) (품팔) Employees. Employment.

*고용계약 *s.* 雇傭契約 (품팔) (품팔) (글) (언약 To let : res

*고용ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 雇用 (품팔) (쓸) To employ; to engage; to hire.

*고위 *s.* 高位 (높흘) (벼슬) High rank.

*고위쟈 *s.* 高位者 (높흘) (벼슬) (놈) Dignitary.

*고유명ᄉᆞ *s.* 固有名詞 (진실노) (잇슬) (일홈) (말) Proper noun.

*고유지디 *s.* 膏腴之地 (기름) (기름질) (갈) (짜) Fertile ground, rich earth. *See* 옥도.

*고유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 告諭 (고홀) (부를) To invoke—the spirits. *See* 고츙ᄒᆞ다.

*고유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 固有 (진실노) (잇슬) To be peculiar; to be inherent; to be innate or characteristic. To hold firmly; to cling to; to adhere to tenaciously; to possess from times past.

고으다 *s.* 煮飮 (기름—*고) (마실 *음) 고와, 온 To distil, to parboil; to boil down.

고을 *s.* 州 (*쥬) An official district. *See* 읍.

고을모듬 *s.* A contest consisting of writing as many district names as possible from the characters on a given page.

*고음 *s.* 告音 (다짐) (소리) Pleading guilty—before a magistrate. *See* 다짐.

*고읍 *l.* 古邑 (네) (고을) An ancient district.

고의 *s.* 袴 (*과) Thin trousers worn in summer. *See* 중의.

*고의 *l.* 故誼 (네) (의로울) Friendship of long standing.

*고의 *s.* 高誼 (높흘) (정의) Kindness; benevolence.

고이목 *s.* 撐木 (버틸—*팅) (나모—*목) A support block; a prop. *See* 나설개.

꼬이다 *s.* 쑈여; 인 To be twisted; to be entangled; to be mixed up.

*고인 *s.* 雇人 (품팔) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A hired workman or coolie, an employee.

*고인 *s.* 瞽人 (쇼경) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A blind man.

*고인 *l.* 古人 (네) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An ancient character; one resembling the ancients in excellence.

*고임 *s.* 苦任 괴로울 (맛흘) A difficult office; an arduous duty. *See* 고역.

*고ᄋᆞ *s.* 孤兒 (외로울) (ᄋᆞ희) A helpless child; an orphan.

*고ᄋᆞ원 *s.* 孤兒院 (외로울) (ᄋᆞ희) (집) An orphanage.

*고와 *l.* 古瓦 (네) (기와) Ancient tiles.

*고왕금래 *l.* 古往今來 (네) (갈) (이제) (올) From ancient times down to the present. *See* 주고급금.

*고원 *s.* 高原 (높흘) (언덕) A prefect in Hamkyong do Lat. 39.12 Long. 127.10.

*고원 *l.* 古園 (네) (동산) An old garden.

*고원난힝지ᄉᆞ *s.* 高遠難行之事 (높흘) (멀) (어려울) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ), (갈) (일) What is high and far off and hard to accomplish.

고작 *s.* The best; the highest. Very; exceedingly.

고장 *s.* A place; a locality. *See* 곳.

쇼장쇼장ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be straight and vigorous—of an old person *See* 쇼정쇼정ᄒᆞ다.

고장이 *s.* 袴 (고와—*코) Women's trousers.

고장이 *s.* 弦 (*구) The ends of a bow to which the string is fastened.

쇼장이 *s.* A stick; a switch.

*고자 *s.* 瞽者 (고쟝) (놈) A blind man.

*고자 *l.* 告者 (고쟈) (놈) An informer.

*고자질ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 告者 (고쟈) (놈) To inform on; to tattle. *See* 알소ᄒᆞ다.

*고작산 *l.* 孤雀山 구명) (새) (외 \ [illegible] in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.42 L. [illegible] 8.05

*고장난명 *s.* 孤掌難鳴 외로울) (손바닥) (어려울) (울) One hand cannot clap—of what cannot be done alone.

*고장동 *l.* 古長興 (네) (긴) (널) A village in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.26 Long. 126.51.

*고적 *l.* 古蹟 (네) 자최) Ancient documents; former traces; old landmarks.

*고적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 孤寂 (외로울) (고요) To be lonely; to be solitary. *See* 심심ᄒᆞ다.

*고전 *s.* 雇錢 (품갈) (돈) Price of labour; wages; hire.

*고전장 *l.* 古戰場 (네) (싸홈) (마당) The site of an ancient battle.

*고젼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 苦戰 (괴로울) (싸홈) To be engaged in a severe battle; to fight under difficulties; to be hard pressed.

*고절 *s.* 高節 (놉흘) (아ᄃᆡ) Chastity.

*고제 *l.* 古制 (네) (법) An old law; an ancient statute.

*고정 *s.* 苦情 (쓸) (뜻) Complaint.

*고정 *l.* 故情 (네) (뜻) Old friendship.

고정고정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pure; to be clean; to be neat. *See* 아담ᄒᆞ다.

쇼정쇼정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be strong; to be vigorous—of an old person. *See* 쇼장쇼장ᄒᆞ다

*고정의 古[illegible] 거 [illegible] A post station in Quelpaert Lat. 33.2[illegible] Long. 126.54.

고졍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be pure; to be clean; to be chaste. *See* 고정고정ᄒᆞ다.

*고조 *s.* 高祖 (놉흘) (할아비) A great great grandfather.

*고조모 高祖母 놉 할아비 어미 A great great grandmother

*고조부 *s.* 高祖父 (놉흘) (할아비 아비, A great great grandfather

*고조ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鼓噪 (붓) (짓거릴) To make a noise; to shout; to yell; to create an uproar

고족대가 [illegible] (집) Ancient families.

고종질 *s.* 姑從姪 (홀미) (조칠) (누의) A female cousin—by a paternal aunt.

*고종질 *s.* 姑從姪 (홀미) (조칠) (각씨—*시) A male cousin—by a paternal aunt.

*고쥬 *s.* 孤舟 (외로울) (비) A small boat.

*고준 *s.* 高峻 (놉흘) (놉흘) Steep; precipitous.

고지 *s.* Dried strips of pumpkin, squash, melon etc.

*고지 *s.* 高志 (놉흘) (뜻) A noble purpose; a high-minded intention.

*고지 *s.* 高知 (놉흘) (알) Kochi in Japan.

고지곳대로 *s.* Sincerely; openly; unreservedly.

고지듯다 *s.* 드러; 듯 To be credulous; to be unsuspecting. *See* 신행ᄒᆞ다.

고지식ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To sincere; to be open; to be true. *See* 청렴ᄒᆞ다.

*고지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 告知 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (알) To announce to communicate

고ᄀᆞ이 [illegible] 고 [illegible] ment storehouse servant. *See* 고조.

*고진감ᄂᆡ [illegible] 고 [illegible] 다ᄒᆞᆫ 그 [illegible] tic of life. *See* 흥진비ᄅᆡ.

*고진강 *l.* 古津江 (네) (나루) (물) A river in Pyong-an-do.

*고질 *s.* 痼疾 (병) (병) A chronic disease. A persistent character; a nuisance

고찜 *s.* 倉庫 (창고—*창) (고집—*고) A government storehouse; a public granary; a barn. *See* 고간.

*고집 *s.* 固執 (굿을) (잡을) Stubbornness; obstina \

*고집불통 *s.* 固執不通 (굿을) (잡을) (아닐 [illegible] Pure [illegible] obstinate; to be stubborn. *See* 견집ᄒᆞ다.

*고ᄌᆞ *l.* 古字 (네) (글ᄌᆞ) Ancient forms of characters.

*고조 *l.* 告子 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A contemporary of Mencius who held unorthodox views on ethics.

*고조 s. 庫子 (고집) (아둘) A government storehouse servant. *See* 고직이

*고조 s. 高子 (높흘) (아둘) A eunuch. *See* 뇌시.

고조 s. 鞘 (고장이 "구) The ends of a bow to which the string is fastened. *See* 고장이.

*고조셩 l. 古慈城 (네) (소방) (제) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 41.14 Long. 126 12

*고줌 s. 高音 (높흠) (와부리) A post station Kong-won-do.

*고지 s. 高才 (높흘) (지죠) Distinguished ability, great talent.

*고질초 s. 鼓芽草 (북) (비파) (플) Lawn grass of fine quality

*고짜 s. 高座 (높흘) (자리) A pulpit, a high seat, a rostrum; the chief seat—for guests.

*고좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 孤坐 (외로올) (안질) To sit alone; to be lonely.

*고찰 l. 古刹 (네) (졀) An old Buddhist temple.

*고찰ᄒᆞ다 l. 考察 (샹고) (술필) To investigate; to inquire into

*고창 s. 鼓脹 (북) (고창) Abdominal dropsy *See* 단복.

*고창 s. 高敞 (높흘) (너를) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 35.24 Long. 126.48.

*고창무즁 s. 鼓脹浮症 (북) (고창) (쩔) (헌덕) Dropsy.

*고초 s. 苦楚 (괴로올) (압흘) Suffering; pain; hardship. *See* 고셩.

고초ᄒᆞ다 s. 苦楚 (괴로올) (압흘) To be hard; to be difficult; to be oppressive. *See* 귀찬타

*고촌 s. 孤村 (외로올) (마을) An isolated village.

고쵸 s. (一ᄉᆞ) 藩椒 (울—*번) (호쵸—*쵸) Chilis, red pepper.

고쵸장 s. Chilli soy.

*고총 l. 古塚 (네) (무덤) Old graves an old tomb.

*고츅ᄒᆞ다 l. 告祝 (고ᄒᆞᆫ) (빌) To invoke—as the spirits. *See* 고유ᄒᆞ다

*고취ᄒᆞ다 s. 鼓吹 (북) (불) To make music with drums and flutes.

고치고치 s. An intensive used with 무르다.

*고침단명 s. 高枕短命 (높흘) (벼기) (쩔을) (목숨 A high pillow means a short life.

고쿨 s. A fireplace in the corner of the room—for holding live coals.

*고탑 s. 高塔 (높흘) (탑) A pagoda; a pagoda-shaped roof.

*고톄 s. 固體 (굿을) (몸) A solid body; a solid.

*고톄 l. 古體 (네) (몸) Ancient custom; old fashion.

고토 l. 故土 (네) (흙) One's native place; one's own land. *See* 고향.

*고ᄒᆞᆫ s. 沃土 (기름) (흙) Fertile land, a rich district.

고토리 s. A pod; a shell.

*고통ᄒᆞ다 s. 苦痛 (괴로올) (압흘) To be very sick; to be dangerously ill.

*고틱 l. 古態 (네) (ᄃᆡ도) Ancient customs; old usage or manners, antiquated of persons and things.

*고틱 l. 古宅 (네) (집) An old house; former residence.

*고ᄒᆞᆫ s. 膏澤 (기름) (못) Grace; favor of Heaven. (M.)

*고평 s. 高評 (높흘) (평론) An august judgment.

*고팽 s. 高平 (높흘) (평흘) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

고풍 s. The critical moment; the crisis. *See* 고붓.

*고풍 l. 古風 (네) (바람) Ancient custom. *See* 고쿠. Lessons in poetic composition

*고풍산 l. 古豊山 (네) (풍년) (뫼) A fort in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 42.19 Long. 129.36.

고피차 s. Coffee.

*고필 l. 古筆 (네) (붓) An old pen; old writing or painting.

*고하 s. 高下 (높흘) (아래) High and low—in distinguishing characters. *See* 고뎌

*고하간 s. 高下間 (높흘) (아래) (ᄉᆞ이) High or low *See* 고뎌간.

*고하조 s. 高下字 (높흘) (아래) (글조) High and low characters. *See* 조고져.

*고학 s. 苦學 (괴로올) (비홀) To study with unremitting diligence.

*고한 s. 拷限 (죄) (한명) The limit fixed—as in a case of assault.

*고한 s. 栲限 (다짐) (한명) Formerly the space of five days—allowed between each infliction of the *Hyŏngmun* torture.

*고한ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 苦寒 (괴로올) (칠) To suffer from the cold. *See* 고열ᄒᆞ다.

*고함ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鼓喊 (북) (고함) 질너; 지른 To yell; to roar; to call loudly.

*고향 *s.* 故鄕 (녜) (시골) Ones native place; original country-seat. *See* 본향

고향나모 *s.* A dry incense tree.

*고하간 *s.* 高歇間 (놉흘) (헐흘) (소이) High or low; dear or cheap. *See* 고하간.

*고혈 *s.* 膏血 (기름) (피) Sweat and blood.

*고형체 *s* 固形體 (굿을) (형상) (몸) A solid body; a solid.

*고호 *h.* 古號 (녜) (일흠) Ancient name. *See* 고명.

*고호ᄒᆞ다 *h.* 叩護 (두드릴) (호위홀) To aid; to lend a helping hand. *See* 두호ᄒᆞ다.

*고혹 *s.* 蠱惑 (좀) (혹홀) A delusion; a snare.

*고혹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蠱惑 (좀) (혹홀) To be deluded; to be led astray; to be fascinated. *See* 현혹ᄒᆞ다.

*고혼 *s.* 孤魂 (외로울) (혼) Orphan ghosts—who have no one to care for their spiritual needs. Dead spirits. *See* 원혼.

*고훈 *h.* 古訓 (녜) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) The ancient teaching or reading of a character.

*고흥 *s.* 高興 (놉흘) (일) A village in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.27 Long. 127.09.

고히 *h.* Well; carefully. *See* 잘.

*고ᄒᆞ다 *h.* 告 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To confess; to make known—to a superior. *See* 알외다

*고해 *s* 苦海 (쓸) (바다) A sea of trouble—this world. (Buddhistic.)

*고해ᄒᆞ다 *h.* 告解 (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (풀) To confess. (Rom. Cath.)

*고행ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鼓行 (북) (도닐) To march to the sound of a drum.

*고화 *h.* 古畵 (녜) (그림) Ancient paintings; an old picture.

*고황 *s.* 膏肓 (기름) (가슴) The marrow; the inside.

*고황지질 *s* 膏肓之疾 (기름) (가슴) (갈) (병) An internal disease. *See* 무하지중.

곡 *s.* Just; exactly. Firmly; hard. *See* 돈돈히.

*곡가 *s* 穀價 (곡식) (갑) The price of grain. *See* 시가.

*곡간 *s* 穀間 (곡식) (칸이) A granary; a grain storehouse (Prov.) *See* 광.

곡갑다 *s* 가왁, 온 To be worked up; to feel offended; to feel insulted. *See* 노엽다.

*곡경 *s.* 曲逕 (굽을) (길) A round-about way. (Fig.) 지엽길. A crooked path, a winding road

곡경 *s.* 困境 (괴로올—*고) (디경—*경) A hapless position, circumstances of hardship; trouble; affliction. 칠우다, 겪다. *See* 곤경.

곡경에빠지다 *s.* 困境 (괴로올—*고) (디경—*경) 빠져; 진 To fall into an evil plight.

곡고마리 *s.* 穀毛 (고기리—*상) (터럭—*모) A red tassel on a *yamen* runner's hat. *See* 상모.

곡곡ᄒᆞ다 *h.* To be firm; to be tight; to be well done.

곡곡쇼 *s.* A sound expressive of the crowing of a cock.

*곡긔 *s.* 穀氣 (곡식) (긔운) Strength derived from farinaceous food.

*곡구 *s.* 谷口 (골) (입) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

곡닥이 *s.* 上 (웃 *상) The peak; the summit; the top; *See* 우.

*곡됴 *s.* 曲調 (굽을) (곡됴) A tune; an air.

곡두각씨 *s.* (--싹) An actor dressed as a woman

곡두놀니다 *s.* 놀너; 닌 To act on the stage.

곡두머리 *s* A temporary doing up of the hair on the back of the head.

곡두선이 *s.* Scarlet dye.

곡뒤 *s.* The nape of the neck. *See* 멀미.

곡뒤지르다 *s.* 질너; 지른 To lead by the nape of the neck. *See* 멀미짐다.

*곡량슉 *s.* 穀梁淑 (곡식) (둘ᄎᆡ) (몸을) A great scholar who is said to have had consigned to him the *Ch'un ch'u* (春秋).

*곡류 *s.* 穀類 (곡식) (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ) Various kinds of grain; cereals.

*곡률 *s.* 曲率 (굽) (법) Corvature.

*곡률션 *s.* 曲率線 (굽을) (법) (실) Line of curvature.

*곡률원 s. 曲率圓 곡율 (법) (동글) Circle of curvature.

*곡면 s. 曲面 (곡율) (낯) A curved surface.

*곡물 s. 穀物 (곡식) (물건) The various kinds of grains.

*곡비 s. 哭婢 (울) (종) An attendent woman-slave who goes ahead of a funeral procession weeping.

*곡산 s. 谷山 (골) (뫼) A prefect in Whang hai-do Lat. 38.46 Long. 126.40.

곡생 s. Mr. the Cook—a word of Japanese origin.

*곡선 s. 曲線 (곱을) (실) A curved line; a crooked course; a winding channel; a tortuous way.

*곡선동 s. 曲線動 (곱을) (실) (움직일) Curve motion.

*곡선지 s. 曲線枝 (곱을) (실) (가지) Branch of a curve.

*곡성 s. 哭聲 (울) (소리) The sound of weeping

*곡성 s. 曲城 (곱을) (재) A quadrangular wall about an official grave

*곡성 s. 谷城 (골) (재) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 35.02 Long. 127.21.

*곡속 s. 觳觫 (떨, 떨) Trembling—of an ox led to the slaughter. (M.)

곡쇠 s. 曲鐵 (곱을 *곡) (쇠—*철) The key of a musical instrument.

*곡수 s. 穀數 (곡식) (두어) Yield of grain.

*곡식 s. 穀食 (곡식) (밥) Grain. *See* 낟알

*곡우 s. 穀雨 (곡식) (비) 'Seed rains'—one of the twenty four solar periods, occurring about April 20th.

*곡읍하다 s. 哭泣 (울) (울) To cry aloud; to weep; to groan.

*곡자 s. 曲尺 (곱을) (자—*척) A right-angled square. *See* 곡척.

*곡장 s. 曲墻 (곱을) (담) A quadrangular wall about an official grave. *See* 면장.

*곡절 s. 曲折 (곱을) (꺾글) A twist; a turn; a reason; a cause. *See* 워절.

곡지 s. 巷 (*체) A handle; a peduncle; a knot; a nipple.

곡지 s. 最上 (구장—*최) (웃—*상) The best; the first; the chief.

곡지쇠 s. The chief; the head. *See* 곡지장.

곡지장 s. The leader of a band of vagrants. *See* 곡지쇠.

*곡직분하다 s. 哭之痛 (울) (같) (압흘) To weep for sorrow.

곡지표 s. A stem-winding watch. *Opp.* 열쇠표

*곡직 s. 曲直 (곱을) (곳을) The straight and the crooked; the right and the wrong. *See* 시비.

*곡진기정하다 s. 曲盡其情 (곱을) (다할) (그) (뜻) To act with all one's might. *See* 도진관급.

*곡조 s. 麴子 (누룩) (아들) Balls of leaven; malt; yeast—a preparation of wheat used in making spirituous liquors. *See* 누룩.

*곡직피 s. 曲在彼 (곱을) (있을) (더) He is the one who is wrong; he is the offender.

*곡차 s. 穀茶 (곡식) (차—*다) Spirituous liquor so called by the Buddhists. *See* 술

*곡척 s. 曲尺 (곱을) (자) A carpenter's square; linear measure equivalent to 11⅓ in. Eng.

*곡척형 s. 曲尺形 (곱을) (자) (형상) A right angle.

*곡초 s. 穀草 (곡식) (풀) Grain straw.

*곡포 s. 曲浦 (곱을) (개) A naval station in Kyong-sang-do.

*곡풍 s. 谷風 (골) (바람) The east wind. (B.O.)

*곡학 s. 曲學 (곱을) (배홀) Misunderstanding—arising from too searching a study *See* 석은밥피.

곡육하다 v. 穀肉 (곡식) (먹을) To eat meat—with rice

*곡하다 s. 曲 (곱을) To be crooked; to be bent, to be biassed—as the mind. *Opp.* 직하다.

*곡하다 s. 哭 (*울) To weep—ceremonially at funerals etc. *See* 울다.

곡하다 s. To be just; to be firm; to be true.

*곤경 / 困境 (곤홀) (디경) Extremity, a condition of want *See* 궁도

*곤고하다 / 困苦 (곤홀) (파로울) To be weary and sore; to be fatigued and suffering. *See* 고생하다.

*곤곤하다 /. 困困 (곤홀) (곤홀) To be poor; to be hard up. *See* 곤고하다.

*곤궁하다 /. 困窮 (곤홀) (다할) To be reduced; to be in hard circumstances. *See* 곤고하다.

*곤난 l. (란) 困難 (곤난) (어려울) Hardship; suffering. *See* 곤욕.

곤난ᄒᆞ다 l. 困難 곤난 어려울 To be hard; to be full of suffering.

*곤뎨 s. 昆弟 (뎨) (오) Brothers. *See* 형제.

곤드랑이 s. A kind of cake. An axle; a pivot.

곤드레만드레ᄒᆞ다 s. To stagger; to be unsteady. *See* 콩팔칠팔ᄒᆞ다.

곤두박이다 s. To be wrong end up; to be upside down

곤두박질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tumble forward; to fall heels over head.

*곤룡포 l. 袞龍袍 (곤룡포) (룡) (도포) An imperial or royal robe.

곤륜산 s. 昆崙山 (륜) (산) A famous mountain in Thibet.

곤마 l. 困馬 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (말) A used up pony.

*곤마 l. 袞馬 (곤룡포) (말) A pony in the service of the king.

*곤면 l. 袞冕 (곤룡포) (면류관) The Imperial robes and crown.

*곤뎨 s. 坤命 (짜) (목숨) A woman. *Opp.* 건명.

*곤박ᄒᆞ다 l. 困迫 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (핍박ᄒᆞᆯ) To be reduced to extremities.

*곤보 l. 困步 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (거름) A poor walker. *See* 둔보.

*곤보 l. 袞寶 (곤룡포) (보비) The king's seal

*곤복 l. 袞服 (곤룡포) (옷) The king's ceremonial robes.

*곤비ᄒᆞ다 l. 困憊 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) To be wearied; to be fatigued. *See* 고단ᄒᆞ다

*곤선명 s. 坤仙命 (짜) (신선) (목숨) Death; decease—of a woman. *Opp.* 건선명.

*곤왕 s. 昆陽 (땅) (볕) A prefect in Kyong sang-do Lat. 35.00 Long. 127.59.

*곤욕 l. 困辱 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (욕ᄒᆞᆯ) Injury; insult; suffering. *See* 곤난

*곤이 s. 昆夷 (땅) (오랑캐) North-western barbarians of the 12th century B.C.

곤이 s. 鯤 (곤) A swan

*곤이지지 l. 困而知之 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (말이) (알) (갈) Knowledge obtained after hard study. *See* 학이지지ᄒᆞ다.

*곤욕 l. 困厄 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (액) Difficulty; distress; hardship. *See* 액회.

곤장 s. 棍杖 곤장 짓는이 A [illegible] for beating criminals. *See* 결곤.

곤장이젓 s. Prawn pickle

곤조손이 s. The inner flesh—of a beef. *See* 걸안지.

*곤충 s. 昆蟲 (맛) (벌레) Crawling insects.

*곤충잡쇠 s. 昆蟲雜屑 (맛) (벌레) (나모) (셔두) Moth camphor.

*곤충초목 s. 昆虫草木 (맛) (벌레) (풀) (나모) Insects, grass and trees.

*곤포 s. 鯤脯 (고기) (포육) Seaweed. *See* 다시마.

*곤핍ᄒᆞ다 l. 困乏 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) (핍ᄒᆞᆯ) To be wearied; to be exhausted.

*곤히 l. 困 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) Wearily; tired out.

*곤ᄒᆞ다 l. 困 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) To be tired; to be wearied; to be fatigued. *See* 로곤ᄒᆞ다

골 l. A kind of tall grass; reeds.

골 l. 谷 (*곡) A valley; a hollow; a street; a lane. *See* 골목.

*골 s. 骨 (짜) Marrow; pith, the brain; the spine. A last; a frame on which head-bands are made.

*골 s. Face; countenance—used in expressions of contempt. *See* 모양.

*골 s. 牧 (*쥬) Pasture; forage. *See* 풀.

골거리 s. Drills sown with different grains.

*골검 s. 骨檢 (짜) (샹고ᄒᆞᆯ) An official inquest over the bones of one long buried.

*골격 s. 骨格 (짜) (격식) The frame—of the body; the skeleton.

*골격 s. 骨格 (짜) (격식) Physical form; appearance. *See* 긔샹.

골고로 s. Equally; alike. *See* 평균히.

골공이 s. The poor gentry.

*골골 s. The call of a mother hen to her chickens. Bubbling; babbling. *See* 꼴꼴

골골ᄒᆞ다 l. To be helpless; to be weak; to be quiet.

*골골ᄒᆞ다 s. To rattle—as thick paper.

*골군 s. 骨筋 (짜) (힘줄) Bones and sinews.

골김에 Anger, passion; temper. *See* 화김에.

*골궤창 s. 骨潰瘡 (짜) (문허질) (헌ᄃᆡ) Caries of a bone.

골내다 *s.* 여; 낸 To become angry; to fly into a passion.

골너다 *s.* 골녀; 닌 To soften; to take the strength out of.

골다 *s.* 아; 곤 To diminish; to grow less; to become hollow. To snore. *Also* 고다.

*골딱골딱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To gurgle; to rattle. *See* 골떡골떡ᄒᆞ다.

골딱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swallow; to gurgle. *See* 골딱ᄒᆞ다. To be angry.

골단 *s.* One's custom—in trade.

골답 *l.* 上畓 (웃—*삳) (논—*답) Superior paddy-fields. *See* 슈답.

골쌍쌍이 *s* A game of dominoes. *See* 골여서.

*골독ᄒᆞ다 *s* 頓痘 (와로올) (홍노) To be absorbed in; to be taken up with.

*골동 *s.* 骨董 (뼈) (동독홀) Curios.

골동당이 *s.* A game played with dominoes. *Also* 골쌍쌍이.

*골동물 *s.* 骨董物 (뼈) (동독홀) (물건) Curios.

*골동반 *s.* 骨董飯 (뼈) (똘) (밥) A mixed dish. *Comp.* *See* 부빔밥

*골동뎜 *s.* 骨董舖 (뼈) (똘) (저조) A curio-shop.

*골뚝이 *s.* 骨鰂魚 (뼈—*꼴) (홍노 *독) (고기—*어) The squid. *Loligo vulgaris.*

골뚝젓 *s.* Pickled squids.

골뚱이 *s.* An irritable disposition. *See* 골뚱이.

*골류 *s.* 骨瘤 (뼈) (혹) Tumour of the bone.

*골막 *s.* 骨膜 (뼈) (멉홀) The membranes which cover the bones.

골막선이 *s.* Appearance—used in contempt. *See* 골아군이.

골머리 *s.* The brow. *See* 니마.

*골모 *s.* 骨帽 (뼈) (무릅쌀) A thimble—worn on first finger of the right hand.

골목 *l.* 洞 (골—*목) A side street. *See* 동구.

*골몰무가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 汨沒無暇 (골몰홀) (무질) (업슬) (겨를) To be overwhelmed with work and have no leisure. *See* 밧부다.

*골몰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 汨沒 (골몰홀) (무질) To be overwhelmed with work. *See* 분주ᄒᆞ다.

골무떡 *s.* A kind of rice bread.

골무쥐 *s.* A small variety of house mouse. *See* 새앙쥐.

골미리 *l.* A moulding plane.

골박다 *s.* 아; 은 To fit shoes over a last. To become second nature of something to which one is long accustomed. *See* 골치다.

골방 *l.* 洞房 (골—*동) (방 —*방) A side room; a closet

골병드다 *s.* 러; 든 To be hurt; to be injured internally. *See* 온골드다.

*골부 *s.* 骨賦 (뼈) (글) One accustomed from childhood to writing six character verses.

골불견 *s.* One who does his work well though unprepossessing in appearance.

*골상학 *s.* 骨相學 (뼈) (서로) (비홀) Phrenology.

*골슈 *s.* 〔 슈〕 骨髓 (뼈) (골) The bones —used in reference to sickness.

*골슝 *s.* 骨濕 (뼈) (저질) Rheumatism. *See* 풍슝.

*골싱원 *s.* 骨生員 (뼈) (날) (싱원) The poor and unmfluential gentry.

골안기 *l.* Light mists on the mountains. (셔이다).

골여서 *s.* A game of dominoes. *See* 골패.

*골육 *s.* 骨肉 (뼈) (고기) Bone and flesh —blood relationship; kith and kin. *See* 부조형뎨.

*골육상젼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 骨肉相戰 (뼈) (고기) (서로) (싸홀) To quarrel — among blood relations.

*골육상징 *s.* 骨肉相爭 (뼈) (고기) (서로) (다톨) Quarrels between those of the same flesh and blood. *See* 쇼장지변.

*골육지친 *s.* 骨肉之親 (뼈) (고기) (갈) (친홀) Relatives of the same flesh and blood. *See* 부조형뎨.

골싸구니 *s* 谷 (골 *꼭) A valley; a side-street. *See* 골짝이

*골짝갈짝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 거러, 린 To lap. To cry

*골짝골짝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To lap. To cry. *See* 골적골적ᄒᆞ다.

골짝이 *s.* 谷 (골—*꼭) A valley; a side-street.

골저리다 *l* 져려; 린 To be contemptible, to be hateful *See* 고들니다.

*골졀 *s* 骨節 (뼈) (마듸) Joints—of the bodey

*골졀풍 *s* 骨節痛 (뼈 마다) (홍업) Rheumatism *see* 치질풍.

*골조직 *s.* 骨組織 (뼈 (얽문) (짤) Bony tissue.

골쌈 s. Sausages.

골체 l. A rice sieve—made from grass. *See* 어름이.

*골초 s. 骨草 (*쵀) (풀) Dried refuse tobacco.

골치 s. The brain; the head.

골치다 s. 골쳐; 친 To fit as a shoe over a last. *See* 볼박다.

골치 l. Valley paddy-fields—consequently well watered. *See* 슈답.

골다 s. 하; 흔 To diminish; to grow less; to become hollow.

골당 s. A groove plane.

골탕먹다 s. 어; 은 To be injured; to be hurt; to be cheated. *See* 골뱀드다.

골통 s. The head *See* 다가리.

골통 l. 洞 (골 *통) A side-street.

골통대 l. A pipe with an earthenware bowl. *See* 고놀통.

골통이 l. A pipe with an earthenware bowl. *See* 골통대.

골퉁니다 s. 퉁녀; 닌 To be displeased; to look on with contempt. *See* 골사오납다.

*골패 s. 骨牌 (*쵀) (패) Dominoes—thirty-two in number.

골풀 l. Pasture grass; forage. *See* 꼴.

*골회 s. 骨膾 (*쵀) (회) A salad made of fish bones

*골회 s. 骨灰 (*쵀) (지) Bone ash.

곪다 s. 成膿 (일울—*셩) (고름—*농) To gather—as a boil or abscess. 곪은, 곪아

곰 l. 熊 (*웅) A bear. *See* 능손이.

곰 l. 膏 (기름 —*고) Meat—in soup.

곰곰 l. Thinking over; meditating on.

샘샘ᄒᆞ다 s. To act carefully; to look carefully into. *See* 찬찬ᄒᆞ다.

곰기다 s 곰겨; 긴 To gather; to come to a head. *See* 곰다

곰다 l. 곪아, 은 To gather; to come to a head of a boil. *See* 곰기다.

쏨바르다 s. 발아; 바른 To be stingy; to be close; to be tight fisted. *See* 박ᄒᆞ다.

쏨바리 l. A miser, a stingy person.

곰바지런ᄒᆞ다 l. 勤 (부지런홀—*근) To be busy, to be diligent, to be pressed with work

곰방대 s. A short pipe.

곰보 l. A pockmarked person. *See* 억둑박이.

곰뷔임뷔 s. Without ceasing; time and again. (Prov.) *See* 자조자조.

곰뷔 s. A one-armed man. A mallet; a hammer.

곰비물 s. A horse with a curved spine.

곰비팔이 s. A deformed or withered arm.

곰삭다 l. 아; 은 To become seasoned; to ferment.

곰상갑다 l. 가워; 운 To be capacious; to be large-hearted.

곰실곰실ᄒᆞ다 s To swarm; to congregate

쏨짝 s. With a start; suddenly.

곰작ᄒᆞ다 s. To move; to stir.

쏨작쏨작ᄒᆞ다 s. To move slightly, to shake; to act indifferently.

쏨쥐 s. Moths. A miser. *See* 쏨바리.

쏨쥐스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be stingy; to be close; to be miserly. *See* 쏨바르다.

곰취 s 香蒜 (향긔—*향) (나물—*소) A kind of flowerless herb used for food.

쏨질쏨질ᄒᆞ다 s. To creep along; to move slowly. *See* 쏨작쏨작ᄒᆞ다.

곰팡쓸다 l. 어; 쓴 To be mouldy; to be musty.

굼틀쏨틀ᄒᆞ다 To be curved; to wave from side to side; to wriggle. *See* 쏨틀쏨틀ᄒᆞ다.

곰파다 l. 곰파; 관 To search into; to pry into; to make a study of.

곰팡이 l. Mould. *See* 곰팡.

곰팡이쓰다 l. 러; 쓴 To mould; to become musty. *See* 곰나다.

곰퍼다 l. 여; 현 To be mildewed; to be mouldy.

곱 s Proud flesh 서이다. *See* 추육

곱 s. 倍 (*베) As much again; (so many) times. *See* 비.

곱 s. 痢 (리질—*리) White stools—in dysentery. *See* 적리, 빅리.

곱겨다 s. 거러; 건 To wind a second time—of a string. (v. t.)

곱걸니다 s. 걸녀, 닌 To twist round and round; to be complicated.

쏩뚤장이 s. A miser; a stingy person. (Prov.)

쏩랑이 s. A large pick.

곱아드다 s. 드러; 나든 To gather repeatedly—of an abscess.

곱다 s. 屈指 (굴홀—*굴) (손가락—*지) 아; 은 To count on the fingers. *See* 혜다.

곱다 *l.* 妍 (고울—*면) 고아; 은 To be pretty; to be smooth, to be beautiful.

곱다 *s.* 曲 (곱을—*곡) 아; 은 To be curved; to be crooked. *See* 굽다. To be benumbed. To be outdone; to fail.

곱돌 *s.* Stones from the seashore; a soft kind of stone.

곱똘 *s.* Watery stools—in dysentery. (누다).

곱드되다 *s.* 되어; 된 To sprain; to strain; to twist. *See* 삣드되다.

곱살스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be disgusting; to be nauseating. *See* 아니꼽다.

곱새 *s.* The ridge or peak of a house.

곱새치기 *s.* A game played with cards.

곱슬이 *s.* Elephant's hair—for headbands etc.

곱실곱실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be curly; to be wavy. *See* 굽실굽실ᄒᆞ다.

곱사등이 *s.* 傴僂 (*꺼, (*재) A curved spine; a hunchback. *See* 곱추.

꼽으방이 *s.* A crooked backed person. A faultfinding disposition. A knowledge of characters.

곱으랑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be curved; to be crooked.

곱으러지다 *s.* 曲 (곱을—*곡) 러져; 진 To be curved; to be crooked. *See* 꼽오ᄒᆞ다.

곱을곱을ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be in curves; to be twisted here and there, to be zigzag.

곱오ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 曲 (곱을—*곡) To be curved; to be crooked. *See* 곱다.

꼽작이 *s.* Sediment; refuse. A miser; a greedy person.

곱잡굽 *s.* Leather shoes with pointed toes.

꼽장선 *s.* 曲頭扇 (곱을—*곡) (머리—*두) (붓치—*선) A fan with a curved end.

꼽장쇠 *s.* A hook.

곱절 *s.* 倍 (곱 —*배) As much again; double. *See* 갑절.

곱질나다 *s.* 질녀; 닌 To sprain; to strain; to twist. *See* 곱드되다.

곱창 *s.* The small intestines.

곱추 *s.* A hunchback. *See* 곱사등이.

곱패 *s.* The top; the climax. A pulley. A numerative of torture (쥬리).

곱패여러허리다 *s.* 허려; 린 To bow before; to prostrate oneself before.

곱패줄 *s.* A pulley rope.

곱호리다 *s.* 曲 (곱을—*곡) 려; 린 To bend; to curve. *See* 굽호리다.

곳 *s.* 處 (*처) A place; a spot.

곳 *s.* 卽 (*즉) At once; immediately. *See* 즉시.

곳 *s.* 串 (곶처—*관) An eddy; a whirlpool.

꽂 *s.* 串 (곶처—*관) A numerative of strings of fish, persimmons etc. *See* 곶처.

꽃 *s.* 花 (*화) Flowers; blossoms.

곶감 *s.* 乾柿 (말릴—*간) (감 -*시) Dried persimmons. *See* 건시.

곶게 *s.* 花蟹 (곶 *화, 게 -*히) A sea-crab.

곶고딘 *s.* Cackling

꽂꽂 *s.* 直直 (곳을—*직) (곳을—*직) Straight; perpendicular. *See* 쌀쌀.

곳곳시 *s.* 處處 (곳—*처) (곳—*처) Place to place; every place. *See* 처처이.

꽂꽂ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be distended, to be stretched. To be honest; to be upright. *See* 곳다.

곳광이 *s.* A kind of pick.

곳다 *l.* 아; 곤 To boil; to decoct; to prepare. To snore

곳다 *s.* 直 (곳을—*직) 아; 은 To be straight; to be perpendicular. *See* 바르다.

꽂다 *s.* 揷 (꼬질—*삽) 자; 진 To drive in; to fix; to stand.

꽂단다 *s.* 芳菲 (꽃다울—*방) (꽃다울 *비) 다와; 온 To be fresh; to be green; to be fragrant.

꽂바다 *s.* 蕚 (*오) The seed vessels or disc of a flower.

곳비 *s.* 勒 (*비) A halter.

꽂술이 *s.* 蕊 (*예) The heart of the flower—containing pistils, stamens etc.

곳불 *s.* 感氣 (감동 -*감) (기운 -*긔, A cold of a child. *See* 감기.

꽂송이 *s.* The ball of a flower.

꽂수염 *s.* 花鬚 (꽃—*화) (수염—*수) The stamens and pistils of a flower.

꽂술 *s.* The stamens and pistils of a flower. *See* 꽃수염

꽂셤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be smoky; to be cloudy.

꽂어름 *l.* Icicles.

곳은색리 *s.* 直根 (곳을 *직) (색리 *근) The tap-root. *See* 직근.

꽂창이 *s.* A handspike; a pry. *See* 말둑. A stick.

곳추 *s.* Upright; perpendicular.

곳치 *s.* 繭 (*견) Cocoon of the silk worm.

곳치 *s.* 串 (*관) A numerative of strings of fish, persimmons etc.

곳치다 *s.* (끈) 攺 (곳칠—*러) 곳쳐; 천 To repair, to mend, to fix. *See* 다시 ᄒᆞ다; 뒤조ᄒᆞ다; 뒤망ᄒᆞ다.

곳처다 *s.* 揷 (쏘질—*살) 곳처; 천 To stick in; to be planted; to be driven in

괴 *l.* 貓 (*묘) A cat. *See* 고양이.

*괴 *s.* 塊 (흙덩이) A ball in the stomach —*Globus hystericus.* *See* 성괴.

괴 *l.* What is placed below to lift an object from the ground. *See* 니설개.

괴 *s.* 謀 (*모) A trick; a plan; a stratagem. *See* 계칙.

괴꼬리 *s.* 鶯 (*잉) An oriole. *See* 황됴.

괴괴 *s.* Dry; shrivelled up.

괴괴로 *s.* By hook or crook; by every means.

*괴괴망측ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪怪罔測 (괴이ᄒᆞᆫ) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슬) (헤아릴) To be evil; to be uncanny; to be fearful. *See* 이상 ᄒᆡ괴ᄒᆞ다

괴괴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 寂寂 (고요—*직 (고요—*젹) To be tranquil; to be quiet; to be silent. *See* 즘즘ᄒᆞ다.

*괴괴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪怪 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ, (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strange; to be uncanny; to be supernatural

괴다 *l.* 여, 인 To swarm

괴덕부리다 *s.* 부려; 린 To cut capers; to frolic.

괴덕스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be spoiled; to be mischievous.

*괴됴 *l.* 怪鳥 (괴ᄒᆞᆯ) (새) A monstrous bird.

괴뚜덩이 *s.* A squint eye. *See* 밤쑬눈이.

괴뚤다 *s.* 허; 흔 To run through; to pierce through.

*괴란ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 愧赧 (붓그러울) (붉을) To be ashamed; to blush at; to be ashamed for.

*괴려ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乖戾 (어그러질) (사오나올) To contradict; to gainsay; to disobey.

괴로옴 *s.* 苦 (괴로올—*고) Trouble; annoyance.

괴롭다 *s.* 苦 (괴로올—*고) 로와; 온 To be troublesome; to be annoying. *See* 곤고ᄒᆞ다.

*괴망ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪妄 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (망녕) To be odd; to be fastidious; to be squeamish.

괴머리 *s.* The block to which the spindle of a spinning wheel is fastened.

*괴목 *s.* 槐木 (느틔) (나모) The *Sophora japonica*

*괴물 *l.* 怪物 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (만물) An odd object; a mysterious creature.

괴바르다 *s.* 발나; 바른 To be up to tricks; to be mischievous. *See* 괴부리다.

*괴벽ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪僻 괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (성벽) To be fastidious; to be overnice; to be squeamish.

*괴변 *l.* 怪變 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) An uncanny turn in affairs; strange misfortunes.

괴병 *s.* A pretended sickness. *See* 양병.

괴부리다 *s.* 부려; 린 To pretend; to make excuses.

괴불쥬머니 *l.* A three-cornered ornament made of silk and hung to the pocket.

괴병알다 *s.* 아; 은 To pretend sickness. *See* 괴병.

*괴상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乖常 (어그러질) (ᄯᅳᆺ) To be odd; to be strange; to be uncanny. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다.

*괴석 *l.* 怪石 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (돌) Oddly shaped stones—piled up as a flower stand.

*괴슈 *s.* 魁首 (괴슈) (머리) Chief; leader; head. *See* 거슈

괴쓰다 *s.* 用謀 (쓸—*용) (ᄭᅬ—*모) 괴쳐 · 쓴 To make excuses, to pretend.

괴싱아 *l.* Wild sorrel.

*괴악망측ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪惡罔測 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (모질) (업슬 헤아릴) To be wicked; to be bad; to be evil. *See* 흉ᄒᆞ다.

*괴악ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪惡 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (악ᄒᆞᆯ) To be bad; to be wicked; to be evil. *See* 괴악망측ᄒᆞ다

*괴엽반 *s.* 槐葉蘋 (느틔) (닙) (ᄇᆞᆯ) *Salvinia vulgaris.*

괴여오르다 *s.* 醱酵 (고일 —*발) (고일—*ᄒᆡ) 괴여, 올너, 른 To rise; to ferment.

괴이다 *s.* 醱酵 (고일 *발) (고일—*ᄒᆡ) 괴여, 인 To ferment.

괴이다 *s.* 寵 (괴일—*총) 괴여; 인 To love; to cherish; to regard with favor. *See* 총ᄒᆞ다.

괴이다 *s.* 撐 괴일 *령) 괴여; 인 To prop; to support; to care for. *See* 밧치다.

쐐이다 *s.* 誘 (쐐일—*유) 쐐여; 인 To allure; to seduce; to lead astray; to tempt. *See* 유인ᄒᆞ다.

*괴이쩍다 *s.* 怪異 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (다를) 쩍어; 은 To be uncanny; to be supernatural; to be evil.

*괴이ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪異 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (다를) To be evil; to be uncanny; to be supernatural. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다.

괴자누룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be quiet; to be retiring. *See* 아리잠직ᄒᆞ다.

쐐작이 *s.* A schemer; a knave.

쐐죄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be draggled; to be soaked; to be wet.

괴질 *l.* 怪疾 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (병) Cholera. *See* 쥐울.

쐐집다 *s.* 어; 은 To pinch. *See* 할퀴다.

괴찮다 *l.* 不怪 (아닐—*불) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ *괴) 야; 은 To be not bad; to be not surprising.

괴춤 *l.* The clothes about the waist. *See* 허리춤.

*괴패ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 瓌敗 (문허질) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) To be entirely defeated; to be completely overthrown.

*괴팍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪愎 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (팍ᄒᆞᆯ) To be finicky; to be obstinate; to be perverse. *See* 괴벽ᄒᆞ다.

쐐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 謀 (쐐—*모) To design; to lay a plan; to scheme. *See* 계교ᄒᆞ다.

*괴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怪 (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strange; to be mysterious; to be supernatural. *See* 이ᄉᆞᆯ스럽다.

*괴화 *s.* 槐花 (느틔) (꽃) The blossoms of the *Sophora japonica*. From which a yellow dye is made. *See* 회화.

*괵절 *s.* 虢傑 (성) (사ᄅᆞᆷ칠) A politician of the era preceding the foundation of the Han dynasty, and counsellor, among others, of 韓信, who relied greatly upon his sagacity and prudence.

*굉굉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 轟轟 (우뢰소리) (우뢰소리) To be noisy; to be clamorous.

*굉대ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宏大 (클) (큰, To be vast; to be wide; to be spacious; to be immense; to be profound—of learning.

*굉려ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宏麗 (클) (빛날) To be grand; to be magnificent.

*굉모 *s.* 宏謀 (클) (법) A great scheme; a comprehensive design; a large plan.

*굉업 *s.* 宏業 (클) (업) A great enterprise; an illustrious deed.

*굉원ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宏遠 (클) (멀) To be wide; to be spacious; to be vast.

*굉장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宏壯 (클) (장ᄒᆞᆯ) To be grand; to be imposing; to be majestic. *See* 화려ᄒᆞ다

굥 *l.* A ball. (치다). 차다.

굥 *s.* 功 (*공) Merit.

*굥 *s.* 公 (귀인) The first of the five ancient degrees of nobility—a, duke. A character used as a title af respect in writing. A form of address, Mr. A posthumous *honorary title. *See* 씨.

*굥 *s.* 空 (뷘) An empty thing; what costs nothing; zero. (그리다)(치다)(자리).

*굥 *l.* 貢 (공밧칠) Taxes; duty. (밧치다).

*굥가 *s.* 空家 (뷘) (집) A vacant house.

*굥가 *s.* 工價 (장인) (갑) Price of labour; wages; hire.

*굥각 *s.* 空殼 (뷘) (겁질) An empty shell; an empty ear.

*굥간 *s.* 空間 (빌) (스이) Empty space; vacancy; the air.

*굥갈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 恐喝 (두려울) (쑤지질) To threaten; to terrify; to intimidate. *See* 쑤짓다.

*굥건 *s.* (젼) 空件 (뷘) (벌) An extra copy

*굥것 *s.* (것) 空件 (뷘) (벌 *건) An article obtained without cost. *See* 공득지물.

*굥검ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 恭儉 (공슌) (검박ᄒᆞᆯ) To be respectful; to be moderate—in behaviour *See* 온량ᄒᆞ다.

*굥격디 *s.* 攻擊隊 (칠) (칠) (뒤) Attacking forces; an army of attack. *See* 로발디.

*굥격목뎍 *l.* 攻擊目的 (칠) (칠) (눈) (뎍실) Object of attack.

*굥격ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 攻擊 (칠), (칠) To attack; to assail; to assault; to invade.

*굥경 *s.* 公卿 (귀인) (벼슬) A *minister of state.

*굥경대부 *l.* 公卿大夫 (귀인) (벼슬) (큰) (지아비) Princes and high officials.

*굥경ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 恭敬 (공슌) (공경) To respect; to venerate; to honor; to revere. *See* 공슌ᄒᆞ다.

*굥고 *s.* 公故 (귀인) (연고) A general meeting—of officials. (치르다).

*굥고 *s.* 工庫 (장인) (고집) A storehouse for public implements etc.

*공고 s. 共鼓 (호가지) (북) One of the Assistants of the Emperor 황제 Reputed as the first constructor of boats.

*공고 s. 控告 (다릴) (고호) To prefer an appeal; to appeal against the decision of a court

*공고하다 s. 公故 (귀인) (연고) 처러, 른 To hold a public assembly—of officials

*공고하다 l. 鞏固 (굿을) (굿을) To be hard; to be strong; to be firm; to be tough

공골차다 s. 곧차; 찬 To be hard and round. *See* 둔둔하다.

굉굉 l. Groaning; moaning

*공공대로 s. 共公 (호가지) (공번될) Impartially; with justice.

*공공시 l. 共工氏 (호가지) (장인) (각시) BC. 2357 A legendary being who is said to have almost overwhelmed the earth with a delug

*공공소소 s. 公公私私 (공번될) (공번될) (소소로울) (소소로울) Public interests are public, private interests, private.

*공공지론 s. 公共之論 (공번될) (호가지) (갈) (의론) The consensus of opinion; public opinion. *See* 여론.

*공공지재 s. 公共之財 (공번된) (호가지) (갈) (지물) Public moneys; contributions of the many.

*공공조금 s. 公共資金 (공번될) (호가지) (조모) (쇠) Public funds.

*공공호다 s. 公共 (공번될) (호가지) To unite; to combin

공교히 s. 巧 (공교—교) Cleverly; skillfully; as luck would have it

공교호다 s. 巧 (공교—*교) To be clever, to be skilful; to be cunning. *See* 교호다.

*공구 l. 孔丘 (구멍) (언덕) BC. 551—479. Another name for Confucius.

*공구호다 l. 恐懼 (두려울) (두려울) To fear; to feel alarm; to be frightened.

*공국 s. 公國 (귀인) (나라) A duchy.

*공규 s. 空閨 (뷘) (집) An empty or unoccupied room.

*공극 s. 空隙 (뷘) (틈) A vacant space; an opening; a crevice; a chink.

*공극호다 l. 孔劇 (심홀) (급홀) To be very urgent; to be a time of great need as when parents fall ill.

*공금 s. 公金 (공번될) (쇠) Public funds; government money.

*공급호다 l. 供給 (이바지) (줄) To provide with, as necessaries. *See* 공궤호다.

*공긔 s. 空器 (뷘) (그릇) An empty dish.

공긔 l. 돌 (쥬방울—*구) Marbles used for pitching and tossing. (놀다).

*공긔 s. 空氣 (뷘) (긔운) Empty air; the atmosphere.

*공긔경영 s. 空氣鏡映 (뷘) (긔운) (거울) (빅칠) A mirage. *See* 신루.

*공긔구 s. 空氣毬 (뷘) (긔운) (쥬방울) A rubber ball inflated with air; an air-ball.

공긔긔관 s. 空氣機關 (뷘) (긔운) (틀) (집) An air engine.

공긔놀다 l. 아; 논 To play marbles—tossing and catching them.

*공긔실 s. 空氣室 (뷘) (긔운) (집) An air chamber.

*공긔압 s. 空氣壓 (뷘) (긔운) (누를) Atmospheric pressure.

*공긔추돌 s. 空氣唧筒 (뷘) (긔운) (올) (통) An air-pump.

*공긔침 s. 空氣枕 (뷘) (긔운) (벼기) An air-cushion

*공긔포 s. 空氣砲 (뷘) (긔운) (총) An air-gun

*공긔지관 s. 公開裁判 (공번될) (열) (마르질) (판단) A public trial

*공과 s. 工課 (장인) (일과) Lessons.

*공과대학교 s. 工科大學校 (장인) 과거) (큰) 비호) 학교 A technological college.

*공관 s. 空館 (뷘) (직샤) A term applied to an official residence when temporarily unoccupied.

*공관 s. 空官 (뷘) (벼슬) A vacancy in a district.

*공관 s. 公館 (귀인) (직샤) A legation; a consulate. *See* 공소관.

*공권 s. 空拳 (뷘) (쥬먹) The fist. An empty hand—without means. *See* 적수.

*공궐 s. 空闕 (뷘) (대궐) An empty Palace

*공궤 s. 空櫃 (뷘) (궤) An empty box or chest.

*공궤호다 l. 供饋 (이바지) (먹일) To prepare food for; to provide for. *See* 이바지하다.

*공납 s. 公納 (귀인) (드릴) Taxes. *See* 세납.

*공납 l. 貢納 (공밧칠) (드릴) Paying tribute; taxes.

*공단 *l.* 貢緞 (공봇칠) (비단) A smooth kind of close woven silk; satin.

공달이 *s.* The terminal stem—of carrots, turnips etc.

*공담 *s.* 公談 (공번될) (말숨) Just speeches; impartial sayings. *Opp.* 소담.

*공담 *s.* 空談 (뷘) (말숨) Useless words; words to no purpose.

*공담의무 *l.* 共擔義務 (홈가지) (예일) (올흘) (힘쓸) Joint obligation.

*공답 *s.* 公畓 (공번될) (논) Public paddy-fields. *Opp.* 소답.

*공당 *s.* 空堂 (뷘) (집) An empty or unoccupied hall.

*공당 *s.* 公堂 (공번될) (집) A government office.

꽁당이 *s.* 尾 (꼬리—*마) A tail. *See* 꼬리, 꽁지; 꼬랑이.

*공덕 *s.* 空德 (뷘) (큰) A village in Hamkyong-do Lat. 39.29 Long. 127.19.

*공덕 *s.* 功德 (공) (큰) Merit and virtue. *See* 소업.

*공덕분 *s.* 功德分 (공) (큰) (난) A paper bag carried by begging Buddhists. (길다).

*공덕산 *s.* 功德山 (공) (큰) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chŏng-do Lat. 36.50 Long. 128.06.

*공뎐 *s.* 公田 (공번될) (밧) Government fields, a farm belonging to the government. *See* 공답.

*공뎐 *s.* 空殿 (뷘) (집) An empty or unoccupied guest-chamber; an empty hall.

*공뎐공답 *s.* 公田公畓 (거인) (밧, (거인 논) Government paddy fields and farm lands.

*공뎡 *s.* 公庭 (공번될) (뜰) An official court; a public square before a *yamen.* *See* 판졍.

*공뎡 *s.* 空庭 (뷘) (뜰) A spacious garden.

*공도 *s.* 公道 (공번될) (길) Justice; impartiality. *Opp.* 소졍.

*공도 *s.* 公度 (거인) (지날) Common measure.

*공돈 *s.* (—존) 空錢 (뷘, (돈—*전) Money gained without work. *See* 공것.

*공동 *s.* 空洞 (뷘) (골) An empty cave.

*공동 *l.* 共同 (홈가지) (홈가지) Union; combination; amalgamation.

*공동경마회샤 *l.* 共同競馬社會 (홈가지) (홈가지) (다톨) (물) (샤틱) (모물) A union horse-race club.

*공동관지인 *l.* 共同管財人 (홈가지) (홈가지) (직홀) (지물) (사룸) A co-administrator; a co-executor

*공동상속인 *l.* 共同相續人 (홈가지 相홈가지) (서로) (니을) 사룸) Co-partners.

*공동소송인 *l.* 共同訴訟人 (홈가지) (홈가지) (알원) (송스ㅣ사룸) A commoner in a law-suit.

*공동양슈인 *l.* 共同讓受人 (홈가지) (홈가지) (스양 (밧을 (사룸) Co-assignee.

*공동의무쟈 *l.* 共同義務者 (홈가지) (홈가지) (올흘) (힘쓸) (눔) Co-obliger.

*공동ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 恐動 (두려울) (움직일) To incite; to stir up; to alarm; to intimidate *See* 겁동ᄒᆞ다.

*공동ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 共同 (홈가지) (홈가지) To unite; to combine; to be associated; to act in combination; to act together.

*공뚜 *s.* 工頭 (갈인) (머리) A telegraph-wire hanger.

*공득지물 *s.* 空得之物 (뷘) (얻을) (갈) (물건) What is obtained gratis. *See* 공것.

*공디 *s.* 空地 (뷘) (짜) Waste land. *See* 한디.

*공디ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 恭待 (공슌) (딕접) To address with respect. *See* 경디ᄒᆞ다.

*공력 *s.* (—녁) 工力 (공부) (힘) Labor; work; effort. *See* 정력.

*공렬 *s.* 功烈 (공) (미울) Merit; excellence. *See* 공로.

*공령스 *s.* 公領事 (공번될) (거느릴) (일) Ministers and consuls.

*공령스관 *s.* 公領事館 (거인) (거느릴) (일) (집샤) Legations and consulates.

*공로 *s.* (—뇌) 功勞 (공) (슈고로울) Merit. *See* 공.

*공로 *s* 公路 (거인) (길) Public carts. (B. O.)

*공록 *s.* (—녹) 空麓 (뷘) (뫼발) A vacant mountain spur—having no graves on it.

*공론 *s.* 公論 (공번될) (의론) Public opinion.

*공론ᄒᆞ다 *s.* (—논) 公論 (공번될) (의론) To discuss publicly; to consider impartially. *See* 공의ᄒᆞ다.

*공류 *s.* 公劉 (공번될) (묘금도) The name of an ancestor of the *Chu* dynasty, China. (M.; B. O.)

*공리 s. 功利 (공) (리흘) Advantage; gain; profit.

*공리 s. 公理 (공번될) (리치) An axiom.

*공리지학 s. 功利之學 (공) (리흘) (갈) (비흘) The study of gain; lines of study that have to do with personal gain or advantage.

*공립 s. 公立 (공번될) (설) Public; common

*공립병원 s. 公立病院 (공번될) (설) (병들) (집) A public hospital

*공립소학교 s. 公立小學校 (공번될) (설) (적을) (비흘) (학교) A public school

*공매ᄒᆞ다 s. 公賣 (공번될, 팜) To sell publicly; to sell by auction.

*공명 s. 共鳴 (ᄒᆞᆼ가지) (울) Consonance.

*공명 h. 孔明 (구멍) (붉을) The style of the famous Chu-ko-liang, A.D.

*공명 s. 功名 (공) (일흠) Rank or office—given as a reward of merit.

*공명골 s. 功名骨 (공) (일흠) (뼈) The temple bones—the seat of merit.

*공명부귀 s. 功名富貴 (공) (일흠) (부자) (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) Fame and wealth; honour and riches.

*공명지 s. 空明紙 (뷘) (붉을) (조히) Extra sheets of paper—for use in examination.

*공모 h. 共謀 (ᄒᆞᆼ가지) (꾀) A conspiracy.

*공모ᄒᆞ다 h. 共謀 (ᄒᆞᆼ가지) (꾀) To concert plans; to devise measures.

*공목 s. 空木 (뷘) (나모) Printer's leads for placing between letters.

*공무 s. 公務 (귀인) (힘쓸) Public business; public affairs. *See* 공고.

*공무 s. 工務 (장인) (힘쓸) Work; skilled labor.

*공무소장 s. 公務所長 (공번될) (힘쓸) (맛ᄒᆞᆯ) 어른 A bureau chief.

*공문 h. 孔門 (구멍) (문) Confucianism; a disciple of Confucius.

*공문 s. 公文 (귀인 글월) Passports; government papers. *See* 조회.

*공문이 s. 肛門 (항문이—*항) (문—*문) The lower end of the spine. *See* 항문이.

*공문이바람 s. (—빠) A fair wind; a wind from the rear

*공물 h. 貢物 (공밧칠) (물건) Tax contributions—paid in kind. *See* 진상.

*공물지 h. 貢物紙 (공밧칠) (물건) (조히) Tax contributions of paper.

*공미 h. 貢米 (공밧칠) (쌀) Rice contributions—paid as taxes. *See* 세미.

*공민권 s. 公民權 (공번될) (빅성) (권세) The rights of an elector.

*공맹 h. 孔孟 (구멍) (맛) Confucius and Mencius.

*공맹지도 h. 孔孟之道 구멍 맛 갈) (갈, The doctrine of Confucius and Mencius—Confucianism. *See* 유도.

*공발ᄒᆞ다 s. 公發 (공번될) 발ᄒᆞᆯ) To make public, to publish, to notify publicly.

*공발ᄒᆞ다 h. 攻拔 (칠) (쌔) To seize; to capture; to take by storm—as a fortress.

*공밧치다 h. 貢 (공밧칠) 밧치 To pay tribute; to pay taxes. *See* 조공ᄒᆞ다; 세밧치다.

*공방 s. 工房 (장인) (방) An office connected with that of Public Works.

*공방 s. 空房 (뷘) (방) An empty chamber; an unoccupied room.

공번되다 s. 公 (공번될 *군) 여 되 To be just; to be impartial. To be public. *Opp.* 소ᄉᆞᆞᆷ다.

*공벌ᄒᆞ다 h. 攻伐 (칠) (칠) To attack; to assail; to assault; to invade.

*공법 s. 公法 (공번될) (법) Public law.

*공법학ᄉᆞ s. 公法學士 (공번될) (법) (비흘) (션비) One versed in public law.

*공병 s. 空瓶 (뷘) (병) An empty bottle.

*공병 s. 工兵 (장인) (군ᄉᆞ) Sappers.

*공병ᄃᆡ s. 工兵隊 (장인) (군ᄉᆞ) (때) A company of sappers.

*공보 s. 公報 (공번될) 갑흘 A report issued by the government to the public; public reports or announcements.

*공복 s. 公服 (공번될) (옷) Garments worn on public occasions; holiday clothes.

*공복 s. 空腹 (뷘) (비) An empty stomach. *See* 공장.

*공부 s. 工夫 (장인) (지아비) Work; study; labor. *See* 공파.

*공부 s. 工部 (장인) (때) Public works Department.

*공부대학교 s. 工部大學校 (장인) (때) 큰 비흘, 학교 Engineering College.

*공부방 s. 工夫房 (장인) (지아비) (방) A school room; a working room *See* 학당.

*공부슌 s. 工夫僧 (장인) (지아비) (중) A learned Buddhist. *See* 도슌.

*공부즈 l. 孔夫子 (구멍) (지아비) (아돌) *Kong* the Master—latinized by the Jesuits into Confucius.

*공부ᄒᆞ다 s. 工夫 (장인) (지아비) To work; to study; to labor.

*공분모 s. 公分母 (공번될) (논홀) (어미) Common denominator.

*공비 s. 公費 (공번될) (허비) Public expenses. *See* 공용.

*공비수 s. 公倍數 (공번될) (갑졀) (두어) Common multiple.

*공산 s. 空山 (뷘) (뫼) An unclaimed mountain.

*공산 s. 公山 (귀인) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.56 Long. 128.42.

*공산불요 s. 公山弗擾 (귀인) (뫼) (아닐) (흔들) 6th century B. C. A noted contemporary of Confucius.

*공산상업조합 s. 共算商業組合 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (산물) (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (인연) (모물) Joint trade association.

*공상 s. 空床 (뷘) (상) A bench; a scaffold. *See* 등상; 발판.

*공샤 s. 公舍 (공번될) (집) A government house or building.

*공샹 s. 工商 (장인) (장ᄉᆞ) Industries and commerce; artizans and merchants.

*공샹 s. 空想 (뷘) (상각) An idle opnion; foolish thoughts; empty views.

공샹불기 s. A paddling—given in sport.

*공샹쵸ᄉᆞ / 貢上草使 공밧칠 (초) (ᄉᆞ명ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆞ여ᄒᆞᆯ) An officer in charge of tax contributions.

*공샹ᄒᆞ다 s. 空想 (뷘) (상각) To hold ridiculous opinions; to entertain foolish thoughts or views.

*공셕 s. 空石 (뷘) (돌) An empty rice bag. *See* 거젹.

*공션 s. 公選 (공번될) (ᄀᆞᆯ) A public election.

*공셰 s. 貢稅 (공밧칠) (부세) Taxes paid to the government—in money.

*공셩 s. 功成 (공) (일울) A village in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.08 Long. 128.14.

*공셩 s. 公姓 (귀인) (셩) The royal clan name. (B. O.) Relatives of the king. *See* 국족.

*공셩 s. 空城 (뷘) (재) A deserted city or castle.

*공셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 攻城略地 (칠) (재) (로ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) To conquer the capital and annex the territory.

*공셩신퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 功成身退 (공) (일울) (몸) (물너갈, To gain merit and retire from active service.

*공소 s. 公訴 (공번될) (알릴) A suit at law; a criminal action.

*공소 s. 控訴 (당길) (알릴) An appeal to a superior court.

*공소 s. 公訴 (공번될) (바, A public office; a government office. A chapel. (Rom. Cath.)

*공소인 s. 控訴人 (당길) (알릴) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An appellant.

*공소원 s. 控訴院 (당길) (알릴) (집) A Court of Appeal

*공소장 s. 控訴狀 (당길) (알릴, (글월) A letter of appeal.

*공소재판소 s. 控訴裁判所 (당길) (알릴) (마ᄅᆞ질) (관난) (바) An Appellate Court.

*공소ᄒᆞ다 s. 控訴 (당길) (알릴, To prefer an appeal, to appeal against the decision of a court.

*공손양 s. 公孫鞅 (귀인) (손ᄌᆞ) (같배) B. C. 370 A great counsellor and judge in his day lawlessness disappeared

*공손추 s. 公孫丑 (공번될) (손ᄌᆞ) (소—*축) A noted disciple of Mencius.

*공손홍 s. 公孫弘 (귀인) 손ᄌᆞ) (클) D. B. C. 122. A famous minister of Han Mu-je (한무뎨) who rose from the place of swineherd.

*공슈 s. 空手 (뷘) (손) Empty hands—without means. *See* 젹수.

*공슈릭공슈기 s. 空手來空手去 (뷘) (손) (올) (뷘) (손) (갈) Empty-handed we come, empty-handed we go—of life.

*공슈병 l. 恐水病 (두려울) (물) (병들) Hydrophobia.

공슈주다 s. 어; 순 To speak as a spirit through the mouth of a sorcerer.

*공슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 攻守 (칠) (직힐) To attack and defend

*공슈ᄒᆞ다 l. 拱手 (ᄭᅮᆫ질) (손) To fold the hands.

*공슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 恭順 (공슌) (슌ᄒᆞᆯ) To be modest; to be complaisant; to be submissive. *See* 온공ᄒᆞ다.

*공습ᄒᆞ다 s. 攻襲 (칠) (엄습) To assail; to attack.

*공시 s. 公示 (공번될) (보일) An official bulletin.

*공식만찬 s. 公式晩餐 (공번될) (법) (느질) (밥) An official dinner.

*공식상통지 s. 公式上通知 (공번될) (법) (숫) (통할) (알) A formal communicat.on.

*공식ᄒᆞ다 s. 空食 (뷘) (밥) To get one's board for nothing. *See* 거저먹다.

*공신 s. 功臣 (공) (신하) A meritorious public officer. *See* 충신.

*공심 s. 公心 (공번될) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Patriotism; public spirit.

*공심복 s. 空心服 (뷘) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (먹을) Medicine taken on an empty stomach. *Opp* 식전복.

*공심판 s. 公審判 (공번될) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) (판단) A public trial; an open judgment. *See* 소심판.

*공ᄉᆞ s. 公事 (공번될) (일) Public business; public affairs. *See* 경ᄉᆞ.

*공ᄉᆞ s. 工師 (바치) (스승) A house contractor. (Comp.)

*공ᄉᆞ s. 公使 (귀인) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A minister; a foreign representative. *See* 령ᄉᆞ.

*공ᄉᆞ s. 公私 (귀인) (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올) Public or private. Fair and unfair; just or unjust.

*공ᄉᆞ l. 供辭 (이바지) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The confession or evidence of one under arrest. *See* ᄎᆞᄉᆞ.

공ᄉᆞ관 s. 公使館 공번될) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (집샤) A consulate; a legation. *See* 령ᄉᆞ관.

*공ᄉᆞ관부ᄅᆞᆨ군무관 s. 公使館附陸軍武官 (공번될) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (집샤) (붙칠) ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆨ (군ᄉᆞ) (ᄒᆞ반) (벼슬) A military attaché.

*공ᄉᆞ관부ᄒᆞᆨ군무관 s. 公使館附海軍武官 (공번될) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (집샤) (붙칠) (바다) 군ᄉᆞ) (ᄒᆞ반) (벼슬) A naval attaché.

*공ᄉᆞ량편ᄒᆞ다 s. 公私兩便 (공번될) (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올 ᄃᆞᆫ, 편ᄒᆞᆯ To be convenient both private and publicly, to be suitable for both parties.

*공ᄉᆞ장 s. 公事場 (공번될 일) (마당 A public square, a public court yard.

*공ᄉᆞ청 s. 公事廳 (공번될) (일) (청) A public office—of eunuchs.

*공송차ᄉᆞ l. 貢蔘差使 (공밧칠) (숨) (차명ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞ여곰) An officer sent to collect contributions of cultivated ginseng.

*공생 l. 貢生 (공밧칠) (날) A degree name —used on public documents to designate a clerk or writer. (아전).

*공아 s. 公衙 (공번될) (마올) A department of state; a public office.

*공안 s. 公案 (공번될) (칙상) The draft of a public document.

공알 l. The ovaries.

*공약수 s. 公約數 (공번될) (언약) (두어) Common divisor.

공양사 s. Superior foreign muslin.

*공양쥬 l. 供養主 (이바지) (칠) (님굼) The steward of a *monastery*. *Also* 묘양쥬.

*공양ᄒᆞ다 l. 供養 (이바지) (칠) To provide for parents; to supply with food. *See* 이바지ᄒᆞ다.

*공언 s. 空言 (뷘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Empty or false words; feigned speech; lies; idle talk; useless statements.

*공언 s. 公言 (귀인) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Honest words; what is true—in speech.

*공업 s. 工業 (장인) (업) A handicraft; work—of any kind, or any undertaking of the nature of public works; industrial work.

*공업 s. 功業 (공) (업) Meritorious work. *See* ᄉᆞ업.

*공업과 s. 工業課 (장인) (업) (공부) Industrial studies.

*공업박람회 s. 工業博覽會 (장인) (업) (너를) (볼) (모들) Industrial exhibition.

*공업발달 s. 工業發達 (장인) (업) 필) (즁달) Development of industry.

*공업학교 s. 工業學校 (장인) (업) (비홀) (학교 An industrial school.

*공연히 s. 空然 (뷘) (그럴) Vainly; uselessly; to no purpose. *See* 공즁.

*공연ᄒᆞ다 s. 空然 (뷘) (그럴) To be vain; to be useless; to be aimless. *See* 쓸데업다.

*공영달 l. 孔穎達 (구멍) (자로) (ᄐᆞᆯ달) A. D. 574-648. A descendant of Confucius in the 32nd degree, and a distinguished scholar and public functionary.

*공용 s. 公用 (공번될) (쓸 Public use; government service. *See* 공비

*공용 功用 공, 쓸, Use, utility; application; function. Merit; advantage; benefit.

*공위 s. 空位 (빈) (벼슬) Empty dignity without the authority which should support it; rank without the influence which goes with it. *See* 공자리.

*공유물 l. 共有物 (공가지) (잇슬) (만물) Things owned in common; common property.

*공유지산 l. 共有財産 (공가지) (잇슬) (지물) (낫) Common property.

*공육 s. 空肉 (빈) (고기) Free meat—as distributed on holidays.

*공융 l. 孔融 (구멍) (화홀) A. D. 208. A celebrated scholar and public functionary given to conviviality.

*공음 s. 跫音 (발소리) (소리) The sound of footsteps, a tramp of feet.

*공의 s. 公議 (공번될) (의론) A public discussion

*공의ᄒᆞ다 s. 公議 (귀인) (의론) An impartial discussion; a free deliberation. *See* 공론ᄒᆞ다.

*공이 s. 空 (빈) Gratis; without pay. *See* 거저.

*공이 s. 杵 (*저) A pounder; a pestle.

공이ᄒᆞ다 s. To work gratis; to give one's labor free.

*공익 s. 公益 (공번될) (더홀) Public interest; common benefit.

*공익상 s. 公益上 (공번될) (더홀) (웃) In public interest; for common interest.

*공익상대표자 s. 公益上代表者 (공번될) (더홀) (웃) (ᄃᆡ신) (표ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) A representative of the public interest.

*공인 l. 貢人 (공밧칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Formerly the clerks in charge of the supplies sent from the different Boards to the Palace.

*공일 s. 空日 (빈) (날) A holiday. *See* 요일.

*공임 s. 公任 (공번될) (맛흘) A public office.

*공원 s. 公園 (공번될) (동산) A park; a public garden.

*공원디 s. 公園地 (공번될) (동산) (ᄯᅡ) A piece of land laid out for a park; a public garden.

*공장 s. 公狀 (공번될) (글월) A card on which is written the name etc. of one desiring an interview with a superior officer.

*공작 s. 公爵 (귀인) (벼슬) A duke. *See* 공후ᄇᆡᆨ조남.

*공작미 l. 孔雀尾 (구멍) (새) (ᄭᅩᆨ리) Peacock feathers—used as military hat decorations.

*공작부인 s. 公爵夫人 (귀인) (벼슬) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The wife of a prince, a duchess.

*공작셕 l. 孔雀石 (구멍) (새) (돌) Malachite.

*공작이 l. 孔雀 (구멍) (새) A peacock.

*공작초 l. 孔雀草 (구멍) (새) (플) *Adiantum*

*공장 s. 工廠 (장인) (아당) A factory; a workshop.

*공장 s. 工匠 (장인) (장인) An artizan.

*공장 s. 空腸 (빈) (챵조) An empty stomach. *See* 공복.

공장이 l. A small bush from the twigs of which baskets are made.

*공적 s. 功績 (공) (자최) Official merit. *See* 공업.

*공전 s. 公錢 (공번될) (돈) Public funds; the revenue. *See* 국전.

*공전 s. 工錢 (장인) (돈) A salary; money paid for work done. *See* 품갑.

*공젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 攻戰 (칠) (싸홈) To assail; to assault; to attack.

*공정주의 s. 公正主義 (공번될) (바를) (님금) (올ᄒᆞᆷ) Principle of equity.

*공정증서 s. 公正證書 (공번될) (바를) (증거) (글) A registered bond.

*공정ᄒᆞ다 s. 公正 (공번될) (바를) To be just; to be honest; to be fair; to be equitable.

*공조 s. 工曹 (장인) (부리) The Board of Public Works.

*공조판서 s. 工曹判書 (장인) (부리) (관단) (글) The President of the Board of Public Works—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

*공족 s. 公族 (공번될) (일가) The nobility.

*공쥬 s. 公州 (귀인) (고을) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. 36 22 Long. 127.27.

*공쥬 s. 公主 (귀인) (님금) The King's daughter; the Emperor's daughter. *See* 옹쥬.

*공쥬 s. 空酒 (빈) (술) Free drinks.

*공죽 s. 空竹 (빈) (대) An extra pipe. *See* 즉죽.

*공즁 s. 空中 (빈) (가온ᄃᆡ) Mid air; the region above the earth. Without reason; vainly. *See* 부러.

*공즁 s. 公衆 (공번될) (무리) The public; the people at large.

*공즁 s. 公證 (공번될) (증거) Official endorsement.

*공즁인 s. 公證人 (공번될) (증거) (사롬) A notary.

공지 l. A kind of long serpent fish.

꼬리 s. 尾 (꼬리—*비) The tail. *See* 꼬리.

꼬지바람 s. A fair wind. *See* 꼬푼이바람.

꼬지버레 s. A large maggot.

*공직ᄒᆞ다 s. 公直 (공번될) (곳을) To be impartial and honest; to be righteous; to be just.

*공진회 l. 共進會 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (나아갈) (모들) An exhibition for mutual improvement or advancement in industrial arts; a competitive exhibition of works of art.

*공즈 l. 孔子 (구멍) (아들) Confucius. *See* 공부ᄌᆞ.

*공즈 s. 公子 (귀인) (아들) Descendants of the king. *See* 왕손. A husband. (B. O.)

*공지 s. 空財 (빈) (지물) Goods obtained gratis. *See* 공득사물.

*공찰 s. 公札 (공번될) (편지) A public document.

*공채 s. 公債 (공번될) (빗) Public debts. *Opp.* 소채.

공채ᄃᆞ리 s. Bow legs; bandy-legs. (Prov.)

*공채증서 s. 公債證書 (공번될) (빗) (증거) (글) Public loan bonds.

*공챠 s. 空車 (빈) (수레) An empty carriage; an unloaded wagon.

*공창 s. 工廠 (장인) (창집) A government work shop.

*공쳐 s. 空處 (빈) (곳) Waste land; unsettled territory. *See* 공디.

*공쳔 s. 公薦 (공번될) (쳔거) A public nomination.

*공쳔션임ᄒᆞ다 s. 公薦選任 (공번될) (쳔거, ᄀᆞᆯ, 맛ᄎᆞ To legally nominate and appoint to office.

*공쳔ᄒᆞ다 s. 公薦 (공번될) (쳔거) To nominate publicly.

*공쳥 s. 公廳 (공번될) (쳥) A public office; a government office. *See* 공히.

*공총ᄒᆞ다 s. 倥傯 (분주ᄒᆞᆯ) (분주ᄒᆞᆯ) To be occupied in numerous affairs; to be busily engaged; to be busy.

*공축 s. 工祝 (장인) (빌) The musician and one offering prayer at sacrifice. (B. O.)

공치 s. The curve of a sickle.

*공치 s. 空的 (빈) (젹실 *젹) What costs nothing. *See* 공것.

공치다 l. 공쳐; 쳔 To play ball; to play tennis.

공칙히 s. Singularly; unfortunately; miserably. *See* 공교히.

공칙ᄒᆞ다 s. To be strange; to be singular; to be extraordinary. *See* 공교ᄒᆞ다.

*공힐ᄒᆞ다 l. 攻擊 (칠) (ᄲᅦ아슬) To seize; to capture; to take by storm.

공헌 s. Without pay; gratis. *See* 공것.

*공통항 s 公通項 (귀인) (공ᄒᆞᆯ) (목) General term.

*공통히 s. 公通解 (귀인) (공ᄒᆞᆯ) (플) General solution.

공투세ᄒᆞ다 s. To complain against; to feel a grudge against.

*공파 s. 空破 (빈) (ᄭᅦ칠) An unpropitious sign—in the reading of diagrams in geomancy

*공판 s. 公判 (공번될) (판단) A public trial. *See* 공심판.

*공판 s. 工判 (장인) (판단) Formerly the President of the Board of Public Works—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 공조판서.

*공패 s. 空牌 (빈) (패) An empty card—without money to back it.

*공편되다 s. 公便 (공번될) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) 여; 된 To be consistent; to be suitable; to be becoming. *See* 공편ᄒᆞ다;

*공편ᄒᆞ다 s. 公便 (공번될) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) To be suitable; to be consistent; to be becoming.

*공평 s. 公評 (공번될) (평론) A public rumour; public opinion; popular sentiment.

*공평ᄒᆞ다 s. 公平 (공번될) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) To be just; to be impartial; to be equitable. *See* 공번되다.

*공포 s. 公逋 (공번될) (포흠) Public debt. *See* 포흠.

*공포 s. 公布 (공번될) (펼) A public proclamation.

*공포 s. 空砲 (빈) (대포) A blank discharge; a blank fire. *See* 헛총.

*공포놋타 s. 空砲 (빈) (대포) 노하; ᄒᆞᆫ To fire a blank discharge. *See* 헛총놋타.

*공포ᄒᆞ다 s. 公布 (공번될) (펼) To issue a notication; to make known; to announce

*공표 s. 空表 (뷘) (표홀) A cylinder watch. *See* 쳐마표.

*공하 s. 恭賀 (공슌) (하례) Congratulations with respect.

*공하신년ᄒᆞ다 s. 恭賀新年 (공슌) (하례) (새) (히) To wish a happy new year.

*공학박ᄉᆞ s. 工學博士 (장인) (비홀) (넓을) (션비) A doctor or professor of industry.

*공한지디 s. 空閑之地 (뷘) (한가) (갈) (짜) A vacated lot; a vacancy—between fields etc.

*공함 s. 公函 (공번될) (편지) A Public letter.

*공허 s. 公許 (공번될) (허락) A public permit. *See* 관허.

*공허지디 s. 空墟之地 (뷘) (뷔일) (갈) (짜) A vacant lot. *See* 공한지디.

*공허ᄒᆞ다 s. 空虛 (뷘) (뷔일) To be vacant; to be void; to be empty. *See* 뷔이다.

*공형 s. 公兄 (귀인) (맛) *Yamen* clerks. *See* 아젼

*공회 s. 公會 (귀인) (모들) A public assembly; a general meeting

*공회당 s. 公會堂 (공번될) (모들) (집) A hall where public meetings are held; assembly hall.

*공효 s. 功效 (공) (본밧을) Merit; a successful achievement. *See* 공로.

*공후 s. 箜篌 (비파) (비파) A stringed musical instrument belonging to Japan, formerly brought from Korea.

*공흘ᄒᆞ다 s. 矜恤 (조랑) (불샹ᄒᆞᆯ) To sympathize with; to pity; to feel compassion for; to commiserate.

*공ᄒᆞ다 s. 空 (뷘) To be gratis. To be empty. *See* 공허ᄒᆞ다.

*공ᄒᆞ다 t. 貢 (공밧칠) To pay taxes; to pay tribute. *See* 공바치다.

*공히 s. 公廨 (공번될) (판정) A department of state; public office.

*공힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 空行 (뷘) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To go uselessly; to make an unsuccessful journey. *See* 허힝ᄒᆞ다.

*공힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 公行 (공번될) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To perform openly; to carry out publicly; to proceed on official business.

*공화국 t. 共和國 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라) A republic. *See* 민쥬국.

*공화당 t. 共和黨 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (모로) (무리) The republican party; a republican.

*공화정치 t. 共和政治 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) (정ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) The government republic.

*공화정톄 t. 共和政體 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) (정ᄉᆞ) (몸) Republicanism.

*공황ᄒᆞ다 t. 恐惶 (두려울) (두려울) To fear; to feel alarm; to be frightened; to entertain apprehensions.

*교 s. 驕 (교만) Pride; ostentation.

*교 t. 敎 (ᄀᆞ르칠) Doctrine; religion. *See* 도.

*교가 s. 交柯 (사괼) (가지) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*교거ᄒᆞ다 s. 僑居 (이샤ᄒᆞᆯ) (살) To reside temporarily

*교계 s. 交界 (사괼) (디경) A border; a boundary; a limit. *See* 접경.

*교계ᄒᆞ다 t. 校計 (비교) (계교) To divide; to separate; to contract.

*교골 s. 交骨 (사괼) (뼈) A woman's bones that change position at childbirth.

*교구ᄒᆞ다 s. 交媾 (사괼) (혼인) To have sexual connection. (Comp.)

*교구ᄒᆞ다 s. 交印 (사괼) (거ᄂᆞᆺ—귀) To hand over the seal of office—of a magistrate. *See* 인교ᄒᆞ다.

*교군 s. 轎軍 (보교) (군ᄉᆞ) Chair coolies; chair bearers. A sedan-chair. *See* 가마.

*교군군 s. 轎軍 (보교) (군ᄉᆞ) Chair coolies; chair bearers.

*교긔 s. 驕氣 (교만) (긔운) A proud air; haughtiness. *See* 교.

*교긍ᄒᆞ다 s. 驕矜 (교만) (조랑) To be arrogant; to be haughty. *See* 교오ᄒᆞ다.

*교과 t. 敎科 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (과정) An educational course; a course of instruction. *See* 교과셔.

*교과셔 t. 敎科書 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (과정) (글) An educational course; a course of instruction.

*교관 t. 敎官 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (벼슬) The rank of teacher.

*교관 s. 郊關 (들) (집) The outer quarters and country about the palace enclosure. (M.)

*교녀 s. 嬌女 (아름다울) (계집) A fascinating woman; a lovely girl; a beauty.

*교당 t. 敎堂 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (집) A church; a mosque.

*교도 n. 敎導 (구루칠) (인도) Religious instruction; moral teaching.

*교도자 n. 敎導者 (구루칠) (인도) (놈) A teacher; a master; an instructor.

*교도하다 v. 敎導 (구루칠) (인도) To instruct in religious doctrines, or in the principles of morality.

*교동 n. 狡童 (사오나올) (오희) A spoiled child; a sly or artful boy.

*교동 n. 喬桐 (우무지렁나모) (오동) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do Lat. 37.45 Long. 126.2)

*교동랑 n. 喬桐梁 (우무지렁나모) (오동) (들처) A naval station in Kyŏng-keui-do.

*교표 n. 敎條 (구루칠) (가지) A written instruction.

*교두 n. 橋頭 (두리) (머리) The top or upper part of a bridge; a bridge.

*교딜 n. 交迭 (사괼) (서로) To change; to be altered.

*교뎌 n. 交代 (사괼) (뎌신) Exchange of office or duty.

*교뎌식 n. 交代式 (사괼) (뎌신) (법) Alternate expression. Math.

*교뎌함수 n. 交代函數 (사괼) (뎌신) (함두어) Alternate function. Math.

*교뎌하다 v. 交代 (사괼) (뎌신) To exchange office or duty with another. *See* 인교뎌

*교량 n. 橋梁 (두리) (들처) A bridge.

*교련관 n. 敎鍊官 (구루칠) (련단홀) (버슬) A drill-sergeant.

*교룡 n. 蛟龍 (교룡) (룡) A scaly dragon; a lizard.

*교룡산 n. 蛟龍山 도경북 룡 리 \ mountain in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.16 Long. 127.23.

*교룡성 n. 蛟龍城 (도룡룡) (룡) (재) A fort in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.09 Long. 127.23.

*교류 n. 膠類 (아교) (종류) Gum.

*교리 n. 校理 (비교) (다스릴) An officer of the rear rank, 5th degree. *See* 육당.

*교리 n. 敎理 (구루칠) (다스릴) Religious doctrines.

*교린지의 n. 交隣之誼 (사괼) (리웃) (갈) (의로올) The bonds of friendship.

*교마 n. 轎馬 (보교) (물) Sedan chair horses.

*교만스럽다 n. 驕慢 (교만) (거만홀) 러워; 운 To have a proud air; to be haughty

*교만하다 n. 驕慢 (교만) (거만홀) To be proud; to be arrogant; to be haughty. *See* 반지빠르다.

*교목 n. 喬木 (우무지렁나모) (나모) An old tree; a bare tree.

*교목세가 n. 喬木世家 (우무지렁나무) (나무) (인간) (집) Houses that have held office for generations.

*교목세신 n. 喬木世臣 (우무지렁나무) (나모) (인간) (신하) Officials who have held office for generations.

*교밀 n. 蕎麥 (모밀) (밀) Buckwheat. *See* 모밀.

*교방 n. 敎房 (구루칠) (방) A school for dancing girls.

교법 n. 敎法 (구루칠) (법) An educational system; educational laws; a system of instruction; a religious doctrine; religion.

*교법소 n. 敎法師 (구루칠) (법) (스승) A lawyer. (Bible.)

교병 隳도 (교만) (군소) A proud soldier or arrogant army.

*교병 n. 交兵 (사괼) (군소) To go to war; to fight.

*교봉하다 n. 交鋒 (사괼) (칼날) To fight with.

*교부 n. 轎夫 (보교) (지아비) A chair coolie; a palanquin bearer.

*교부도 n. 巧婦鳥 (공교) (며느리) (새) A Japanese wren.

*교부하다 n. 交付 (사괼) (붓칠) To hand over; to pass along—as a warrant of arrest.

*교분 n. 交分 (사괼) (분수) Friendship. *See* 의쉬.

*교비석 n. 交拜席 (사괼) (절) (돗) The mat on which bride and bridegroom bow to each other. *See* 초례청.

*교비하다 n. 交拜 (사괼) (절) To bow to each other—as bride and bridegroom at marriage. *See* 대례지내다

*교사하다 v. 巧詐 (공교) (거짓) To be cunning; to be artful; to be deceitful. *See* 간사하다.

*교살대 n. 絞殺臺 (목미여죽일) (죽일) (집) A scaffold.

*교살하다 n. 絞殺 (목미여죽일) (죽일) To strangle; to hang

*교샤하다 n. 驕奢 (교만) (샤치) To be proud; to be arrogant; to be boastful.

*교상 n. 橋上 (두리) (웃) The region or

space above a bridge; the top or upper part of a bridge.

*교셔 *l.* 敎書 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (글) Christian books; books that teach Christian truth. *See* 교과셔.

*교셔관 *l.* 校正官 (비교) (글) (벼슬) The office of the government printing plates.

*교섭ᄉᆞ무 *s.* 交涉事務 (사괼) (건널) (일) (힘쓸) Diplomatic affairs; government transactions.

*교섭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 交涉 (사괼) (건널) To be concerned in; to be involved in; to be connected with; to interfere in.

*교송진류 *s.* 膠松脂類 (아교) (솔) (기름) (종류) Gum-resin.

*교슈 *l.* 敎授 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (줄) Formerly a director of studies—attached to a government office (an officer of the rear rank, 6th degree).

*교시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敎示 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (뵈일) To explain; to shew; to give instructions; to impart directions.

*교ᄉᆞ *l.* 敎師 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (스승) A teacher. *See* 션싱.

*교ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 驕奢 (교만) (베플) To be arbitrary; to be self-willed; to be headstrong.

*교싱 *l.* 校生 (학교) (날) A guardian of a Confucian temple.

*교양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敎養 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) To educate and bring up. *See* 교육ᄒᆞ다.

*교어 *s.* 嬌語 (아롬다울) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Coaxing or captivating language; winning words.

*교어 *s.* 鮫魚 (교어) (고기) A mermaid —who spins under the sea and sheds pearls for tears.

*교언령ᄉᆡᆨ *l.* 巧言令色 (공교) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄒᆞ여ᄒᆞᆯ) (빗) Flattery and a pleasing countenance—intended to deceive. *See* 협견ᄎᆡᆷ쇼.

*교역 *s.* 交易 (사괼) (밧ᄇᆞᆯ) Trade; commerce

*교역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 交易 (사괼) (밧ᄇᆞᆯ) To trade; to exchange; to barter.

*교역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 交易 (사괼) (밧ᄇᆞᆯ) To change; to alter; to substitute for.

*교오ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 驕傲 (교만) (거만ᄒᆞᆯ) To be arrogant; to be haughty. *See* 교만ᄒᆞ다.

*교외 *s.* 郊外 (들) (밧) The suburbs of a town.

*교외 *l.* 敎外 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (밧) Outside of the religion or sect. *Opp.* 교즁.

*교우 *l.* 敎友 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (벗) A convert to Christianity.

*교우 *s.* 交友 (사괼) (벗) A friend.

*교우지도 *s.* 交友之道 (사괼) (벗) (길) The doctrine of friendship.

*교위 *l.* 校位 (비교ᄒᆞᆯ) (벼슬) A chair on which the ancestral tablet rests.

*교유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敎諭 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (ᄇᆡᆫ울) To instruct in the principles of conduct; to advise; to correct; to admonish.

*교육 *l.* 敎育 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) Education and training—of children.

*교육역 *l.* 敎育的 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (ᄆᆞᆨ실) The object of education.

*교육령 *l.* 敎育令 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (ᄒᆞ여곰) An educational act.

*교육론 *l.* 敎育論 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (의론) Pedagogism.

*교육법 *l.* 敎育法 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (법) An educational system.

*교육상 *l.* 敎育上 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (ᄎᆞᆫ) In educational matters.

*교육장 *l.* 敎育場 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) (마당) An educational institute; a seminary.

*교육ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敎育 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (기를) To educate and bring up.

교의 *s.* 椅 (의ᄌᆞ—*의) A chair; a stool. *See* 의ᄌᆞ.

*교의 *s.* 交椅 (사괼) (의ᄌᆞ) A folding-chair.

*교의 *s.* 交誼 (사괼) (정의) Friendly relations; friendship.

*교의 *l.* 敎義 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (올흘) Religious doctrines; the principles or tenets of a religion.

*교인 *s.* 鮫人 (고ᄅᆞᆷ물) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A merman or a mermaid.

*교원 *l.* 敎員 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (인원) A teacher, instructor—of primary schools.

*교월 *s.* 皎月 (흴) (ᄃᆞᆯ) A bright moon.

*교잡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 交雜 (사괼) (섹길) To mix; to blend together.

*교자(ᄂᆞᆫ)졸지노 *s.* 巧者拙之奴 (공교) (ᄂᆞᆷ) (ᄎᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (종) The skilful man is the slave of the stupid.

*교장 *l.* 敎場 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (마당) A drill-ground. A place where anything is taught; a school-room; a lecture-room.

*교장 *l.* 敎長 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) A captain of a company of infantry. *See* ᄎᆞ장.

*교전국 s. 交戰國 (사귈) (싸홈) (나라) A belligerent country.

*교전권리 s 交戰權利 (사귈) (싸홈) (권세) (리할) Belligerent sights.

*교전덕 s. 交戰的 (사귈) (싸홈) (덕실) The object of war.

*교전덕태도 s 交戰的態度 (사귈, 싸홈) (덕실) (태도) (지날) A warlike attitude.

*교전덕행위 s. 交戰的行爲 (사귈) (싸홈) (덕실) (힘할) (하) A belligerent action.

*교전비 s. 轎前婢 보교) (압) (종, A female slave who attends a bride.

*교전자 s. 交戰者 (사귈) (싸홈) (놈) Belligerents.

*교전쥬비 s 交戰準備 (사귈) 싸홈) (법) (又홈) Warlike preparations.

*교전ᄒᆞ다 s 交戰 (사귈 (싸홈, T, go to war; to fight.

*교절 s. 交節 (사귈) (절긔) The change of seasons. *See* 환절.

*교접ᄒᆞ다 s. 交接 (사귈) (붓동) To receive and entertain. *See* 상접ᄒᆞ다.

*교제 s. 交際 (사귈) (조흠) Intercourse; friendship.

*교제가 s. 交際家 (사귈) (조흠) (집) A diplomatist; a sociable person.

*교제계절 s 交際季節 사귈) (조흠) (절긔) Society season.

*교제관 s. 交際官 (사귈) (조흠) (벼슬) A diplomatic official.

*교제관시보 s 交際官試補 사귈 조흠) (벼슬) (시험) (기울) A Diplomatic Attaché.

*교제상 s. 交際上 (사귈) (조흠) (웃) In friendship; in friendly intercourse.

*교제ᄒᆞ다 s 交際 사귈, 조흠) To have intercourse with; to conduct relations with; to be on friendly terms with.

*교졍 s. 交情 (사귈) (뜻) Friendship; cordiality; intimacy; intercourse. *See* 교분.

*교졍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 校正 (비교) (바를) To correct; to revise.

*교졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 矯正 (부릴) (바를) To correct; to rectify; to mend; to improve; to revise.

*교졸 *l.* 校卒 (장교) (군ᄉᆞ) Constable and servant.

*교죄 s.(—죄) 絞罪 (목미즁일) (허물) The punishment of strangulation.

*교쥬 s. 膠州 (아교) (고을) Kiao-chow in China.

*교쥬고슬 s. 膠柱鼓瑟 (부레) (기동) (두드릴) (비파) Trying to play the cithern with the stops glued fast—of what is contrary to reason.

*교쥬 *l* 敎主 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) 쥬온ᄃᆡ) The Christian church. *See* 교회

*교지 *l* 敎旨 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (뜻 A certificate of rank given by the government.

교조 s. A large spread of food.

*교조 s. 轎子 (보교) (아들) A sedan-chair. *See* 숭교.

*교조 s 巧笑 (아름다올 모양) A coaxing or winning manner; fascinating ways

교조상 s. A large table—of food. *See* 교조.

*교착ᄒᆞ다 s. 交叉 (사귈 어긔어길, To place across each other as flags etc.

*교착ᄒᆞ다 s. 交錯 (사귈) (석길) To be complicated; to be involved, to be in disorder; to be mixed.

*교측 *l.* 敎則 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (법) Rules for teaching; the routine of lessons.

*교측기정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 敎則改正 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (법) (곳칠) (바를) To revise the routine of lessons.

*교칠 s. 膠漆 (아교) (옷) Glue and varnish.

*교톄 s. 交替 (사귈) (갈닐) An exchange of office.

*교톄ᄒᆞ다 s. 交替 (사귈) (ᄃᆡ신) To take the place of; to relieve; to take turns in going anything, to alternate.

*교톄ᄒᆞ다 s. 交遞 (사귈) (갈닐) To succeed one another in office. *See* 교ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다

*교통ᄒᆞ다 s. 交通 (사귈) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To have intercourse.

*교틱 s. 驕態 (교만ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄐᆡ도) A proud bearing; an arrogant manner. *See* 교심.

*교틱 s. 嬌態 (아름다올) (ᄐᆡ도) An attractive manner; pleasing behaviour

*교하 s. 交河 (사귈물, A prefect in Kyong-keui-do Lat 37 44 Long. 126.53.

*교하 s 橋下 (ᄃᆞ리) (아래) The region or space below a bridge; the bottom or lower part of a bridge; below a bridge.

*교활ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 狡猾 (사오나올) (사오나올—*활) To be cross; to be fierce and cunning.

*교합지 s. 交合材 (사괼) (모들) (지목) Excipient.

*교합ᄒᆞ다 s. 交合 (사괼) (모들) To blend; to be united. To have sexual intercourse.

*교혜 s 巧慧 (공교) (지혜) Clever; intelligent; sagacious (ᄒᆞ다) Cunningness; sagacity; wit.

*교회 l. 敎會 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (모들) The Church.

*교회정치 s. 敎會政治 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (모들) (졍ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Church government.

*교회ᄒᆞ다 l. 敎誨 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) To admonish; to instruct.

*교훈ᄒᆞ다 l. 敎訓 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) To teach; to instruct; to make mind. *See* ᄀᆞᄅᆞ치다.

*교ᄒᆞ다 s. 驕 (교만) To be proud; to be arrogant *See* 방지ᄲᅡᄅᆞ다.

*교ᄒᆞ다 l. 巧 (공교ᄒᆞ) To be clever; to be cunning. *See* 공교ᄒᆞ다.

*교힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 郊行 (들) (ᄃᆞ닐) To ramble in the country; to take a country walk.

*교화 l. 敎化 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (될) Reformation; civilization; influence for good—through teaching. *See* 덕화.

*교화 s. 蕎花 (모밀) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The buckwheat flower.

*교화력 l. 敎化力 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (될) (힘) Power to instruct; ability to teach and improve.

*교화황 l. 敎化皇 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (될) (님금) The Pope. *See* 교황.

*교환소 s. 交換所 (사괼) (밧골) (바) An exchange; a change office.

*교환ᄒᆞ다 s. 交換 (사괼) (밧골) To change; to alter; to substitute for.

*교활ᄒᆞ다 s 狡猾 (사오나올) (사오나올) To be crafty; to be cunning.

*구 s. 球 (구슬) Sphere.

*구 s. 九 (아홉) Nine—as used along with Chinese readings. *See* 아홉.

*구간 s. 軀幹 (몸) (줄기) The body.

*구간ᄒᆞ다 s. 苟艱 (구차ᄒᆞᆯ) (간난) To be poor; to be hard up; to be in poverty. *See* 구차ᄒᆞ다.

*구갈 l. 口渴 (입) (목ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ) Thirst. (나다). *See* 갈ᄒᆞ다.

*구갈파지 l. 仇葛坡知 (내) (짜) (몰결) (알) A fort in Ham-kyong-do.

*구감 s. 龜鑑 (거붑) (거울) An example worthy to be followed; a good model.

*구감창 l 口瘡瘡 (입) (감창) (헌ᄃᆡ) Sore-mouth. *See* 너리

*구갑 s. 龜甲 (거붑) (갑옷) Tortoise-shell. *See* 구갑.

*구갑쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 具甲冑 又ᄎᆞᆯ) (갑옷) (투구) To be armed completely.

*구갑형 s. 龜甲形 (거붑) (갑옷) (형상) A pattern consisting of numerous hexagonal figures like the carapace of a tortoise.

*구개ᄒᆞ다 s. 具蓋 (又ᄎᆞᆯ) (덮산) To include cover as well—in buying a dish.

*구강 s. 炙薑 (구울) (싱강) Roasted ginger—a medicine.

*구거 s. 溝渠 (개쳔) (개쳔) A canal; a chain; a moat; a ditch.

*구거법 s. 九去法 (아홉) (갈) (법) Casting out nines. *See* 험산. (Math.)

*구거ᄒᆞ다 l. 久居 (오랠) (살) To reside for a long time.

*구걸ᄒᆞ다 s. 求乞 (구ᄒᆞᆯ) 빌 To beg; to ask alms. *See* 개걸ᄒᆞ다

*구격 s. 具格 (又ᄎᆞᆯ) (격식) WLat suits; what is becoming; a complete outfit. (맛다).

*구격ᄒᆞ다 s. 具格 (又ᄎᆞᆯ) (격식) To be complete; to be perfect; to suit.

*구경 s. 九經 (아홉) (글) The Nine Standard Rules or principles of government as accepted in China.

구경 l. 景 (*환) A view; a look; a sight. (가구).

구경가다 l. 景 (구경—*환) 경가; 간 To go sightseeing.

구경거리 l. A gazing stock; a sight to behold.

구경군 l Loafers; onlookers; sightseers.

구경스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be worth seeing; to be a fine sight.

*구경하 l. 具慶下 (又ᄎᆞᆯ) (경ᄉᆞ) (아래) One who has both parents. *Opp.* 영감하.

구경ᄒᆞ다 l. 景 (구경—*환) To see; to have a look; to go sight-seeing.

*구고 s. 舅姑 (싀아비) (힘미) Father-in-law and mother-in-law—of the wife.

*구고ᄒᆞ다 s. 究考 (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) (상고) To reflect deeply; to consider carefully; to examine into profoundly.

*구곡 l. 舊穀 (녜) (곡식) Last year's grain.

*구곡 s. 仇谷 (원슈) (아홈) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*구공 l. 具公 (갓곰) (골) A.D. 1573 F.S. 綾城 A distinguished military general of Korea.

*구교 l. 舊敎 (네) (구로칠) The ancient Church—a term used by the Roman Catholics.

*구구 l. 九九 (아홈). *See* 구구법.

*구구법 l. 九九法 (아홈) (법) The multiplication table.

*구구표도 s. 九九表圖 (아홈) (아홈) (밧) (그림) The multiplication table.

*구구ᄒᆞ다 s. 區區 (갈피) (갈피) To be earnest. To be beggarly, to be mean; to be low.

*구구ᄒᆞ다 l. 九九 (아홈) (아홈) To multiply. *See* 승ᄒᆞ다.

*구구ᄒᆞ다 s. 購求 (갑줄) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) To buy and pay for. (Comp.)

*구군 l. 舊軍 (네) (군ᄉᆞ) An 'old hand'—at work. *Also* 구근.

*구궁 l. 九宮 (아홈) (집) Numbers. The eight Diagrams.

*구규 l. 舊規 (네) (법) Old regulations; ancient laws.

*구근 l. (군) 久勤 (오랠) (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) An 'old hand'—in office. *Also* 구군.

*구금산 l. 舊金山 (네) (쇠) (뫼) The 'old diggings' of California in contrast to the 'new diggings' of Australia.

*구급지방 l. 救急之方 (구원) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (모) Means or plans for rescue; ways to save in time of need—as famine.

*구급ᄒᆞ다 l. 救急 (구원) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) To rescue; to save from pressing need. *See* 유급ᄒᆞ다.

*구긔 l. 口氣 (입) (긔운) Way of speaking; intonation.

*구긔 s. 拘忌 (거리) (거리ᄭᅵᆯ) An interference. An evil spell or omen.

구긔다 s. 皺 (쥬름잡ᄒᆞᆯ—*추) To wrinkle; to crumple; to rumple.

*구긔조 s. 拘杞子 (구긔조) (구긔조) (아ᄒᆞᆷ) The seeds of a kind of aspen—the *Lycium chinense*.

*구긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 拘忌 (거리ᄭᅵᆯ) (ᄒᆞ릴) To interfere with; to be evil—as an omen.

구김살 s. 皺 (쥬름잡ᄒᆞᆯ—*추) A wrinkle, a crumple. (장히다).

*구긔본정ᄒᆞ면 / 究其本情 (상교ᄒᆞᆯ) (그) (뜻) (ᄉᆞᆺ) If one examine into the original intention.

*구긔본ᄒᆞ다 l. 究其本 (상교ᄒᆞᆯ) (그) (ᄆᆞᆺ) To examine into one's antecedents; to look into one's past. (ᄒᆞ편).

*구판 l. 舊官 (네) (벼ᄉᆞᆯ) One's predecessor in office; a former official. *Opp.* 신판.

*구관 l. 舊貫 (네) (ᄭᅦ일) Ancient laws; former customs. (A.)

구넉 s. 孔 (구멍—*공) A hole; a cavity. *See* 구멍.

*구년 l. 久年 (오랠) (히) For many years; a long time.

구년묵이 l. Whatever is several years old.

구멍 s. 孔 (구멍—*공) A hole; a cavity. *See* 궁기.

*구라파 s. 歐羅巴 (셩) (일) (과쥭) Europe. *See* 유로파.

구랑 s. The name of a plant.

*구랑 l. 舊兩 (네) (두) The siding of a junk.

구럭 s 網囊 그믈—*망 (자로 *낙) A sack of network.

구럭이 s. A sack; a dish; a bag—used of people as an abusive term.

꾸럼이 s. 束 (*재) The numerative of objects wrapped in straw.

구렁 s. 壑 (*학) A pit; the bed of a stream. *See* 웅덩이.

구렁이 l. 蟒, 蠎 (망) A serpent the *Tropidonotus Boulengeri*. *See* 긴즘성.

구렁텅이 s. 壑 (*학) A pit; a cavity; a hole.

구레 s. 轡 (*긔) A bridle. *See* 굴네.

구레나룻 s. 鬍鬚 (ᄉᆞᆫ) (ᄐᆞᆨ—*긔) (슈염—*슈) Side whiskers.

구려왕 s. 高句麗王 (놉 ᄀᆞᆯ 고ᄒᆞᆫ 곳 *예) (ᄂᆡᆷ금 왕) King 궁예 who was killed in the district of *Anp'yon Sam Pang* about 668 A.D.

*구력 l. 舊曆 (네) (칙력) The old calendar. *Opp.* 신력.

*구례 s. 求禮 (구ᄒᆞᆯ) (례도) A prefect in Chulado Lat. 35.12 Long. 127.30.

*구례 l. 舊禮 (네) (례도) Ancient ceremonials.

*구령 s. 龜齡 (거북) (히 Age of the tortoise; great age; longevity.

*구령포 s. 仇寧浦 (원슈, 편안—*셩) (믈ᄀᆞᆺ—*포) A fort in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.04 Long. 125.19.

*구록피 s. 狗皮 (개) (가죽—*피) Dog-skin.

*구록ᄒᆞ다 / 具錄 (구록) (기록) To write in detail; to prepare a detailed record.

*구루 s. 傴僂 굽힐 (굽힐) A bump backed person.

구름 s. 雲 (*운) A cloud. See 구름.

구물두리 s. An elevated way or bridge across a road.

*구류간 s. (——한) 拘留間 (거리멀) (머므를) (스이) A prison. See 옥.

*구류장 s. 拘留狀 (거리멀) (머물) (글) A warrant of arrest.

*구류ᄒᆞ다 s. 拘留 (거리멀) (머므를) To detain forcibly; to hold under arrest.

쑤르륵 s. Snoring; gurgling.

쑤르를 s. Gurgling; rattling.

구름 s. 雲 (*운) A cloud.

구름 s. Nine years old—of animals.

*구릉 s. 丘陵 (언덕) (언덕) A mound; a hillock.

구리 s. 銅 (*동) Copper; brass.

쑤리 s. A ball—as of twine.

구리다 s. 구려; 린 To stink; to emit a foul odor. See 고리다.

쑤리다 s. 꿀 짧—*짜) 쑤려; 린 To wrap up; to tie up. (Prov) See 싸다.

구리대 s. 銅竹 (구리—*동) (대—*죽) A large kind of bamboo.

구린내 s. 臊臭 (더러울 —*에) (대암새—*취) A foul odor; a disagreeable smell.

*구립 l. 笘笠 네) (갓) An old hat.

구다 l. 러; 군 To treat; to act toward; to behave to

구다 l. 轉 (굴—*전) 굴너; 군 To roll.

쑤다 s. 貸 꿀 *ᄃᆡ) 어; 쑨 To borrow. See 빌다.

구덕이 s. 蛆 (*저) A maggot.

쑤덕쑤덕ᄒᆞ다 s. To dry up; to become dry.

구덩이 s. 坑 (*항) A pit; a hole in the ground. See 구렁.

*구덕 s. 仇敵 (원슈) (ᄃᆡ덕) An enemy; foe.

구뎐 / 舊典 네) 법) Ancient statutes; old laws or regulations; an obsolete law; an old obsolete system or method.

*구뎜 s. 句點 글귀) (뎜찍) Punctuation marks.

*구뎡원 / 九點圓 (아홉) (뎜) (둥굴) Nine point circle.

*구독ᄒᆞ다 s. 購讀 (살) (닑을) To buy and read.

*구동석 l. 靑銅色 (네) (구리) (빗) Bronze color. See 쇼동석.

구들 s. 房 (방 *방) A room; an apartment. See 방. A Korean fireplace.

구들뎌 s. Flat stones for flooring a room.

구들잠 s. Flat stones for flooring a room.

*구두계약 l. 口頭契約 (입) (머리) (글) (언약) An oral contract.

*구두심문 / 口頭訊問 입) 머리 (심문할) 무를) Oral examination or trial.

*구눌ᄒᆞ다 / 口訥 (입 (둔ᄒᆞᆫ) To be thick-tongued; to be slow of speech.

*구등 s. 毬燈 (구슬) (등불) A small red lantern used on the occasion of festivals.

쑤드러지다 s. 러저; 진 To be warped; to be dried up.

구들치다 s. 들처; 친 To work for others; to hire out.

구망이 s. A pockmarked fellow. (Prov.) See 곰보

구멱 s. 孔 (구멍—*공) A hole. (뚤너다). See 구멍.

구메농소 s. 次農 (구멍—*ᄎᆞᆯ) (농소—*농) An unequal yield of grain in different districts. See 흘농.

구메밥 s. Food provided in secret—prisoner's fare.

구멍 s. 孔 (*공) A hole. (뚤타). See 구멍.

*구면 l. 舊面 (네) (낫) An old acquaintance; a familiar face. See 숙면.

*구면 s. 球面 (구슬) (낫) Spherical surface, or surface of a sphere.

*구면각 s. 球面角 구슬) (낫) (쓸) Spherical angle

*구면과잉 球面過剩 (구슬) (낫) (지날) (너넉) Spherical excess

*구면다각형 s. 球面多角形 (구슬 낫 만흘) (쓸 ,형상 A spherical polygon.

*구면대 s. 球面帶 (구슬) (낫) (띄) A spherical zone.

*구면삼각형 s. 球面三角形 (구슬) (낫) (석) (쓸) (형상) A spherical triangle

*구면ᄒᆞ다 / 苟免 (진실노) (면ᄒᆞᆯ) To overlook; to see but let pass.

*구명도신ᄒᆞ다 / 救命圖生 (구원) (목숨) (도모ᄒᆞᆯ) (날, To bat keep body and

soul together; to escape with one's life. *See* 근근득싱ᄒᆞ다

*구몰ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 俱沒 (홈ᄭᅴ) (죽을) To be both dead—of parents.

구무 *s.* 穴 (구멍 —혈) A hole. (Prov.) *See* 구멍.

*구문 *l.* 口文 (입) (글) Commission; fee—paid to a broker. *See* 구전.

구문기 [illegible] —of property. *Opp.* 신문기.

*구문식 *l.* 舊文飾 [illegible] of the last dynasty.

*구문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 究問 (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) (무를) To torture: to examine under torture.

*구물 *l.* 舊物 (녜) (물건) Old articles; things of ancient manufacture.

구물거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be dilatory; to be slow. *See* 쑴저거리다.

구물거리다 *s.* 거려; 거린 To loiter; to linger. To be cloudy. *See* 날흐리다.

구물구물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dilatory; to be slow. *See* 쑴적쑴적ᄒᆞ다.

*구미 *l.* 口味 (입) (맛) Taste; flavor. *See* 입맛.

*구미 *l.* 舊米 (녜) (쌀) Last year's rice. *Opp.* 신미

*구미 *l.* 鳩尾 (비둘이) (쇠리) The pit of the stomach; the epigastrium.

*구미 *s.* 仇彌 (원슈) (즘) A post station Kyong-sang-do.

*구미골 *s.* 鳩尾骨 (비둘이) (쇠리) (뼤) The breast bone.

*구미호 *l.* 九尾狐 (아홉) (쇠리) (여호) A fox with nine tails—supposed to exist and to have supernatural powers.

*구매ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 購買 (살) (살) To buy; to purchase.

*구맥 *s.* 瞿麥 (귀이리) (밀) Oats. *See* 귀이리.

*구박ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] To drive out; to expel; to maltreat. *See* 괄시ᄒᆞ다.

구벅 *s.* Nodding. *See* 끄벅.

구벅구벅 *s.* Nodding; bowing. *See* 끄벅끄벅.

구벅구벅ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To nod assent; to bow repeatedly.

*구법 *l.* 舊法 (녜) (법) Ancient statutes; old laws or regulations; an obsolete law; an old or obsolete system or method.

*구벽토 *l.* 舊壁土 (녜) (바람) (흙) Old partition earth from which fertilizer is made.

*구변 *l.* 口辯 (입) (말숨) Eloquence. *See* 구재.

구변ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 具邊 (갓출) (가) To prepare both interest and principal—for payment.

*구별 *s.* 區別 (갈피) (분별) A discrimination; a distinction. *See* 분별.

*구별ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 區別 (갈피) (분별) To discriminate; to make a distinction. *See* 분별ᄒᆞ다

*구복 *l.* 口腹 (입) (배) Mouth and stomach.

*구복이원슈 *l.* 口腹寃讎 (입) (배) (원통) (원슈) Mouth and stomach, the enemies of man.

구봉산 九峯山 [illegible] Mountain in [illegible] and Kyong-sang-do [illegible]

구불구죵 *s.* A horse boy; a groom; an hostler.

구불직이 *s.* A groom; an hostler. *See* 구불구죵.

구븨 *s.* 隅 (모퉁이—*우) A bend; a turn; a curve.

구비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 俱備 [illegible] in one; to possess all. *See* 겸비ᄒᆞ다

구상모 *s.* 龜背刮毛 (거북— 등) (긁을) (터럭) Cutting hair from the back of a tortoise—impossibilities. *See* 계란에유골.

*구사 *s.* 狗砂 (개) (쥬사) A yellow substance obtained from dog's liver and used as a medicine.

*구산 *l.* 舊山 (녜) (뫼) An ancestral mountain—where there are graves. *Opp.* 신산.

구산 *s.* 丘山 (언덕) (뫼) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*구산포 *s.* 龜山浦 (거북) (뫼) (개) A village in Kyeng-sang-do.

*구산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 求山 (구ᄒᆞᆯ) (뫼) To look out a propitious mountain for burial.

*구상 [illegible] (구슬) (형상) The [illegible]

구상도 [illegible] (구슬) (형상) (그림) [illegible]

*구상전 [illegible] master—of a slave.

*구상슈차 *s.* 球狀收差 (구슬) (형상) (거둘) (어그러질) Spherical aberration.

*구상유취 / 口尙乳臭 (입) (오히려) (젖) (내음새) He has still the smell of milk about his mouth—of one inexperienced.

*구상은 /. 救償銀 (구원) (상줄) (은) Salvage money.

*구서 s. 龜筮 (거북) (시초) Divination by both the tortoise, and the achillea.

*구서하다 /. 俱書 (갖출) (글) To write out in full characters for which there are shortened forms. *See* 又초쓰다.

구석 s. A stone used in assaying. *See* 숭석물.

구석 s. 隅 (모퉁이—*우) An inner angle; a corner, a narrow valley. (지다)

구석구석 s. Every corner; each angle.

구석지다 s. 석자; 진 To be in a corner; to be retired. *See* 유족지다

구선복 /. 具善復 (갖출) (착할) (다시) A. D. 1728. F. S. 綾城. A famous general who died at the hands of the state.

구선왕 /. 具善王 갖출 (착할) 임금) A. D. 1709. F. S. 綾城. A famous general of the present dynasty.

*구설 /. 口舌 (입) (혀) Mouth and tongue. Accusations; insults; slanders. *See* 욕급.

*구세교 /. 救世敎 (구원) (인간) (가르칠) The Christian Church. *See* 예수교.

*구세군 /. 救世軍 (구원) (인간) (군사) The Salvation Army. *See* 십자군.

*구세주 s. 救世主 (구원) (인간) (임금) The Saviour of the world—Jesus Christ.

*구세하다 /. 救世 (구원) (인간) To save the country or world.

*구성 s. 龜城 (거북) (재) A prefecture in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.50 Long. 125.24

*구성임 / 具聖任 갖출 (성인) (맡길) A. D. 1693. F. S. 綾城. A famous general of the present dynasty.

*구성 s. 構成 (얽을) (일을) Composition.

*구성하다 s. 構成 (얽을) (일을) To construct; to build; to make.

*구속 s. 拘束 (거리낄 묵을) Binding, fettering, or shackling, as a yoke.

*구속짓다 s. 區束 (갈피) (묵을) 지여; 진 To decide; to settle; to fix. *See* 구속하다.

*구속처 s. 區束處 (갈피) (묵을) (곳) A means of help; assistance.

*구속하다 s. 區束 갈피 (묵을) To decide; to settle; to fix.

*구속하다 s. 拘束 (거리낄) 묵을) To hamper; to fetter; to cramp, to hinder; to obstruct; to repress.

*구속하다 /. 救贖 (구원) (속할) To redeem; to save. *See* 구원하다

*구송하다 /. 口誦 (입) (외울) To read books to one's self aloud; to read aloud to one's self.

*구수 s. 仇讐 (원수) (원수) An enemy. *See* 원수.

*구수 /. 囚囚 (내) (가둘) A prisoner for life.

구수돔 s. A speckled hen.

*구수법 /. 口授法 (입) (줄) (법) A medical prescription the secret of which is imparted verbally.

*구수하다 /. 口授 (입) (줄) To give oral instruction; to explain or impart verbally.

구수하다 s. To be fragrant, to be savory. *See* 고소하다.

*구수하다 s. 拘囚 (거리낄) (가둘) To lodge in gaol; to imprison.

*구술하다 /. 口述 (입) (지을) To relate; to communicate verbally; to tell; to speak; to make a verbal communication.

구쓰 s. Foreign shoes. (Japanese).

구슬 s. 球 (*규) Beads, pearls. *Also* 구슬. *See* 유옥.

구슬구슬하다 s. To be curly; to be soft.

구슬프다 s. 슬퍼; 픔 To be sorry, to be moved; to feel pity.

*구습 / 舊習 (네) (익힐) An old habit.

*구시하다 s. 仇視 (원슈) (볼) To regard as an enemy; to view with feelings of hostility.

*구시지방 /. 口食之方 (입) (밥) (갈) (방도) A means of livelihood. *See* 호구지책.

구실 /. 口實 (입) (열매) A pretext; excuses; a plea. *See* 핑게.

구실 s. 稅 (*세) Taxes; contributions to the government. (물다). Smallpox, measles, scarlet fever etc.—regarded as a tax to be paid to the spirits. *See* 상세.

구실 s. 所任 (바—*소) (맛흘 *임) A public situation; employment in a *yamen* of underlings.

*구심 s. 球心 (구슬) (*심) The centre of a sphere.

*구심력 /. 求心力 (구할) (*심) (힘) Centripetal force.

*구십호다 s. 究尋 (궁구호) (심방) To investigate; to examine; to search out.

*구십 s. 九十 (아홉) (열) Ninety. *See* 아흔.

*구소일싱 l. 九死一生 (아홉) (죽을) (호) (날) Nine chances of death against one of life.

*구스직 l. 具思稷 (구슨) (싱각) (피) A. D. 1592. F. S. 錢城. A famous general of the present dynasty.

*구스호다 s. 求仕 (구호) (벼슬) To wire-pull for office.

구술 s. 玉 (*옥) Beads; pearls. *Also* 구슬.

구식굼 s. 烟筒 (년—*연) (굼—*굼) A chimney; an outside flue. (Prov.)

*구식호다 l. 俱色 (구존) (빗) To be of all sorts; to be of every variety. *See* 비즁호다.

*구안와샤 l. 口眼喎斜 (입) (눈) (빗길) (빗길) A twisting of the features.

*구안장호다 l. 具鞍裝 (구존) (안장) (힐장) To fit out with a saddle—in preparation for riding.

*구약 l. 舊約 (네) (언약) The Old Testament *Opp.* 신약.

*구약젼셔 l. 舊約全書 (네) (언약) (온전) (글) The Old Testament. *Opp.* 신약젼셔.

*구역 s. 嘔逆 (토호) (거스릴) Straining; retching. *See* 구토.

*구역 s. 狗疫 (개) (병) An epidemic—among dogs.

*구역 s. 區域 (갈피) (디경) Limits; boundaries; area; domain; province.

구역구역 s. In great number; in profusion; one after another. 수두룩. 구래.

*구역나다 s. 嘔逆 (토호) (거스릴) 나; 난 To strain; to retch. *See* 구역호다.

*구역증 s. 嘔逆症 (토호) 거스릴) (증세) Nausea; a desire to vomit.

*구역호다 s. 嘔逆 (토호) (거스릴) To strain; to retch. *See* 토호다.

*구연 l. 九淵 (아홉) (못) Hades; place of the dead. *See* 음부.

*구연산 酸橘酸 구리 / 은 길 Acidum citricum.

*구연산창연 s. 枸櫞酸蒼鉛 (구리조) (흘) (창) (쑤물) (남, Bismuthi Citro-

*구연산텰금제랍 s. 枸櫞酸鐵金製蠟 구리조) (흘 길 희 quininae citras.

*구연산텰즙장 s. 枸櫞酸鐵汁漿 (구리조) 길 이 엿) 노 Syrupus Ferri Citratis.

구연산텰즙 枸櫞酸鐵酒 (구리조) (흘 길 희) Vinum Ferri Citratus.

구이 口瘍 (입) (더울) Ulcers in the ... used by heat.

구슉 l. 舊屋 (네) (집) An old dwelling-house in which a person previously dwelt.

*구외불출호다 l. 口外不出 (입) (밧) (아닐) (날) To not mention; to not speak of.

구 s. 求官積 (구호) (은남호) (싸홈) ature.

구 l. 舊友 (네) (벗) An old friend; an acquaintance of long standing.

*구우 l. 久雨 (오뤌) (비) Long continued rain.

*구우일모 l. 九牛一毛 (아홉) (소) (호) (터럭) A single hair of nine oxen; a very small quantity, a mere trifle.

구우호다 s. 求雨 (구호) (비) To look anxiously for rain.

구쥬 l. 九圍 (아홉) (두를) The nine districts of ancient China. (B. C.) *See* 구쥬.

구유 s. 槽 (*조) A manger; a trough.

*구은 l. 舊恩 (네) (은혜) Old favour, kindness, or assistance.

구이 s. 炙 (구울) Broiled meat.

쑤이다 s. 貸 (쑤일—*뒤) 쑤여; 인 To loan; to lend. *Also* 쒸이다.

*구익부인 s. 鉤戈夫人 (갈구리) (주살) (지아비) (사롬) D. B. C. 88. A famous beauty of the time of Han Mu-je. (한무졔).

*구인긔 l. 具仁祺 (구존) (어딜) (복) A. D. 1611. F. S. 錢城. A famous general of Korea.

*구인령 s. 九人嶺 (아홉) (사롬) (고기) A village in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40 20. Long. 126 28.

*구인마호다 l. 具人馬 (구존) (사롬) (몰 To provide men and horses—for traveling.

*구인장 s. 拘引狀 (거리씰) (당길) (글월) A warrant for arrest.

구 ... 1574. F. S. 錢城. N. P. 柳浦. A faithful statesman and scholar of Korea.

*구인호다 s. 拘引 (거릿길) (잇글) To arrest; to apprehend; to take into custody.

*구일 / 庾信 (고유) (고 A. D. 1669 F. S. 錄旅. A prince and famous general of Korea.

*구일 / 俱入 (갖혀) (돌) A shot that strikes the line—of the target.

구입하다 s. To make one's board; to obtain sufficient to eat.

*구읍 h. 口泣 (입) (진읍) Saliva.

구와 s. The China aster.

*구완 s. 鉤援 (갈고리) (당길 Hooks and ladders for scaling walls. B. O.

*구완병 h. 救援兵 (구원) (구원 ~*원) (군사) Soldiers sent to the rescue of another state.

구완하다 h. 救 (구원~*구) To help; to succor; to save. *See* 구원하다.

*구원 h. 舊怨 (네) (원앙) Old antipathy; former enmity. *See* 숙원.

*구원 s. 仇怨 (원수) (원슈) Resentment; enmity antipathy.

*구원 h. 九泉 (아홉) (현덕) The nine springs—Hades; death. *See* 황천; 구연; 음부.

*구원하다 s 救援 (구원) (당길) To help; to succor; to save. *See* 구완하다.

*구원하다 / 仇怨 (원앙 (원망 To hate, to entertain feelings of enmity.

*구월 h. 九月 (아홉) (돌) The 9th moon.

*구월산 s. 九月山 (아홉) (돌) (뫼) A mountain in Whang-hai-do Lat. 38.24 Long. 125'14.

*구월산성 s. 九月山城 (아홉) (돌) (뫼) (재) A fort in Whang-hai-do.

*구장 h. 舊章 (네) (글장) Ancient law. (M.)

*구장 s. 九章 (아홉) (글장) The nine sections of mathematical science. *See* 구구법.

*구장 s. 毬場 (구슬) (마당) The court in which the game of football is played.

*구적법 h. 求積法 (구홈) (쇡홈) (법) Mensuration. *Also* 구적.

*구전 h. 舊錢 (네) (돈) Ancient coins.

*구전 s. 口錢 (입) (돈) A commission; a fee. *See* 구문.

*구전하다 / 口傳 입 전호 To inform by word of mouth.

*구전하다 h. 俱全 (갖출) (온전) To be entire; to be complete. *See* 갱전하다.

*구절 s. 句節 (글귀) (마듸) A phrase and paragraph; a verse.

*구절고 s. 九折膏 (아홉) (쩍글) (기름) A kind of medicine—prepared from artemisia

*구절산 s. 九折山 (아홉) (쩍글) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-won do Lat. 37.40 Long. 127.46.

*구절초 s. 九折草 (아홉) (쩍글) (플) A variety of artemisia—gathered in the 9th moon

*구절충 s. 九節虫 (아홉) (마듸) (버레) A kind of caterpillar from which medicine is made

구접스럽다 s. 더럽; 우 To be dirty; to be filthy; to be good-for-nothing

구제하다 / 救濟 구원 (건 To give alms; to aid; to help. *See* 시혜하다

구정 h. 舊情 (오린) (뜻) Old feelings; preexisting sentiments.

구정구정하다 s. To be in disorder; to be in confusion.

구정물 s. Dirty water

*구조금 h. 救助金 구원 (도울) (쇠) Relief funds. *See* 구휼금.

구조비 / 救助費 구원 도울 리비 Expenses for relieving the poor.

*구조선 h. 救助船 (구원) (도울) (비) A life-boat.

*구조하다 構造 얽을 작을 To construct; to build; to make.

*구조하다 h. 救助 (구원) (도울) To relieve; to assist—applied only to relief or assistance given in cases of distress.

*구족 h. 舊族 (네) (일가) An ancient family

*구족 s. 九族 (아홉) (겨레) The nine nearest relatives—including those of the 3rd generation

*구존하다 h. 俱存 (갖혀, 있을) To be both alive—of parents, husband and wife etc.

*구주 s. 龜州 (거북) (고을) A post station in Pyong-an-do.

*구주 h. 舊主 (네) (님굼) One's former master or lord.

*구주 h. 救主 (구원) (님굼) The Saviour—Christ.

*구주 s. 九州 (아홉) (고을) The nine district Ancient China (J. O

*구주각국 s. 歐洲各國 (셩) (굴가) (국) (나라) The several States of Europe. *See* 셔양국국.

*구주인 h. 舊主人 (네) 쥬인) (사롬) A former host—with whom one has lived.

구죽 s. Oyster shells; seashore refuse.

구죽도 s. 鹽竹島 (개천) (대) (셤) An island in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.03 Long. [illegible]0

*구준 s. 寇準 (도적)(법) A. D. 1023. A celebrated statesman and scholar of China and who engaged in war against the Kitan Tartars

*구중 s. 羣從 (물)(좇칠 *좇) A mandarin's attendants. *See* 벌배

구중궁궐 s. 九重宮闕 (아홉)(겹)(집)(대궐) The royal palace.

구ㅣ ㅎ다 s. To be in disorder; to be in confusion; to be helter-skelter.

*구중하다 s. 咎 (허물 *칠—*칠) To blame; to scold; to reprimand; to reproach, *See* 허물하다.

구지 s. 固 (굳을—*고) Firmly; solidly; obstinately.

*구지람 s. 咎 허물질—*칠) Scolding; a reprimand. *See* 칠망.

*구지람하다 / 咎 허물질 *칠) To reprimand; to scold. *See* 칠망하다.

*구지 ㅅ之不得 '구ㅈ'(갈) (아닐) (얻을 Seeking and not finding; asking in vain.

구진쌀 s. A poor quality of rice; black rice

구진하다 /. 久陳 (오랠) (묵을) To be spoiled or old as food, wine etc.

*구진하다 /. 口陳 (입) 베풀) To relate; to communicate verbally; to tell; to speak; to make a verbal communication

*구질 s. 丘垤 언덕) (둑) A mound; an elevation. (M.)

구짓다 s. 咎 (허물질—*칠) 지저 ; 진 To blame to reproach; to reprove harshly *See* 허물하다.

*구조경우계 s. 球子晴雨計 구슬) (아들) (개일) (비 개교) Huyghen's barometer.

구지 / Cinders a ... ashes—from a fireplace. *See* 파락호.

*구지 / 口才 (입) (재조) Eloquence; ability to speak. *See* 언지.

*구채 /. 舊債 (예) (빚) Old debts

*구창 s. 瘡瘡 (헐) (헌데) An ulcer following cauterization.

*구창 s. 口瘡 (입) (헌데) A gumboil.

*구차하다 / 苟且 (구차할) (또) To be ... be destitute; to be in ... *See* 빈한하다.

*구처 ... (방도) An arrangement; a plan—to get out of difficulties.

*구처하다 s. 區處 (갈피) (곳) To arrange; to plan, to make ready.

*구척장신 s. 九尺長身 (아홉) (자) (긴) (몸) A giant. *See* 헌헌장부.

*구천 /. 句踐 (글귀) (밟을) A King of 월 Kingdom 3rd century B.C.

... 九ㅣ (아홉) (심) Hades; death. *See* 황천; 황유.

구천 s. 勾踐 (글귀) (밟을) B.C. 496. A famous prince of the State of Wel (越)

*구천지하 s. 九泉之下 (아홉) (심) (갈) (아래) Hades; death; the grave. *See* 황천; 구천; 디옥.

*구체 /. 久滯 (오랠) (걸릴) Chronic dyspepsia. *See* 숙체.

*구청 s. 求請 (구할) (청할) An invitation; a request.

*구청하다 s. 求請 (구할) 청할) To ask; to request; to seek. *See* 구하다; 부탁하다.

*구촌 s. 九寸 (아홉) (마디) A relative of the 9th degree.

*구초 /. 口招 (입) (부를) A confession. (반대). *See* 초소.

*구초하다 ... 口招 ... ㅎ ... confess as a criminal.

*구촉하다 s. 口囑 (입) (청촉) To give a verbal order.

*구츄 s. 九秋 (아홉) (가을) A name for the 9th moon. *See* 구월.

*구축뎡 s. 驅逐艇 (몰) (쫓칠) (배) A torpedo boat destroyer.

*구축함 s. 驅逐艦 (몰) (쫓칠) (배) A large torpedo boat destroyer.

구ㅣ다 s. 驅逐 몰 쫓칠) To drive off; to treat unkindly. *See* 구박하다.

*구취하다 s. 鳩聚 (비둘이) (모을) To meet together; to assemble; to collect together

... 驅蟲藥 ... 예 약 ... secticide; insect powder. ... 살충산 ... 혈충제 ... 약제 Anthelmintic medicines.

*구치관 /. 具致官 (그출. 일을) (너그러울) A. D. 146. ... 丞相. A minister of state.

*구침 s. 灸針 (뜸) (바늘) Moxa and acupuncture.

*구타하다 s. 毆打 (칠) (칠) To strike; to beat. *See* 치다.

구ㅣ 九大 (아홉) (하늘) The nine ... s—of the Buddhists; Heaven.

*구토설사하다 s. 嘔吐泄瀉 (토할) (뱌앗을) (샐, 사할) To vomit and purge.

*구로ᄒᆞ다 s. 吐ᄒᆞ다 (로홀) (비앗흘) To vomit. *See* 토ᄒᆞ다.

*구판 l. 舊板 (녜) (판조) Old plates—for printing. *Opp.* 신판.

구 ᄉᆞ 龜板 (거북 ᄉᆞ귀 판조 *판) Tortoise-shell.

*구폐 l. 舊弊 (녜) (해여질) An evil of long standing; old habits; antiquated customs; obsolete usage; old fashioned ways.

*구폐ᄒᆞ다 l. 救弊 (구원) (해여질) To correct abuses—in the government. *See* 청폐ᄒᆞ다.

*구포 s. 鷗浦 (거부) (개) An anchorage in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.03 Long. 1[illegible]

구ᄒᆞᄒᆞ ᄉᆞ 求興 (구흥) (흥년) A village in Ha[illegible]yong-do Lat. 38.59 Long. 1[illegible]

*구풍약 ᄉᆞ 驅風藥 (풀) (바람) (약) A carminative.

*구피 s. 狗皮 (개) (가족) Dogskin.

*구ᄒᆡ s. 溝壑 (개천) (구렁) A pit; a hole in the ground. (Comp.)

*구합 s. 苟合 (진실노) (모돌) Fornication

*구합지병 s. 糾合之兵 (비롯이) (모돌) (갈) (군ᄉᆞ) An army collected together, an assembled body of troops.

*구합ᄒᆞ다 s. 糾合 (비롯이) (모흘) To assemble; to collect together.

*구합ᄒᆞ다 s. 苟合 (구차홀) (모돌) To flatter; to fawn upon. To fornicate.

*구합ᄒᆞ다 s. 媾合 (혼인) (모돌) To have sexual connection, to copulate.

*구헌 s. 丘墟 (언덕) (터) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*구현 s. 駒峴 (미아지) (고기) A village in Pyung-an-do Lat. 40.31 Long. 126.[illegible]

*구형 l. 舊嫌 (녜) (혐의) Ancient hatred; enmity of long standing. *See* 전혐.

*구형 s. 毬形 (구슬) (형상) The shape of a ball; shaped like a ball.

*구형 s. 求刑 (구홀) (형벌) To demand punishment for an offence; to prefer a charge.

*구호 l. 舊戶 (녜) (집) A house marked in the ancient registers.

*구혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 求婚 (구홀) (혼인) To ask in marriage.

*구획 s. 區劃 (갈긔) (똑일) Limits; boundaries, area; domain; province.

*구획ᄒᆞ다 s. 區劃 (갈긔) (똑일) To mark out the limits of; to define the province of.

*구홀가 l. 救恤家 (구원) (불상히녁일) (집) One who relieves the poor.

*구홀금 l. 救恤金 (구원) (불상히녁일) (쇠) Relief funds.

*구홀ᄒᆞ다 l. 救恤 (구원) (불상히녁일) To aid, to relieve from a feeling of pity

*구흥 s. 駒興 (미아지) (흘) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*구ᄒᆞ다 s. 求 (구홀) To ask; to request; to seek; to search for. *See* 청ᄒᆞ다.

*구ᄒᆞ다 l. 救 (구원) To save; to help; to assist. *See* 구원ᄒᆞ다.

*구ᄒᆞ다 s. 炙 (구울) To roast; to cook—medicines.

*구획ᄒᆞ다 s. 究竟 (궁구홀) (회실홀) To investigate; to enquire minutely into.

구화 s. The China aster. *Also* 구화.

*구화 s. 仇和 (원슈) (화) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*구화담관 s. 媾和談判 (화합홀) (의론) (말숨) (관단) A treaty of peace; peace negotiations.

*구화ᄒᆞ다 s. 媾和 (화합홀) (화홀) To be harmonious; to be friendly.

*구황방 l. 救荒方 (구원) (것설) (모) Receipts for living—to provide against famine.

*구황ᄒᆞ다 l. 救荒 (구원) (거칠) To provide against famine.

국 l. A falcon call. A mountaineer's call—at night. *See* 국이다

국 s. 羹 (*깅) Soup. (쓰리다). *See* 탕.

*국 s. 國 (나라) A state; a country—used with Chinese forms.

국 s. Vigorously; strongly—of poking, stabbing etc. *See* 뿍; 쑥

*국가 s. 國家 (나라) (집) The Kingdom; the reigning dynasty; the state.

*국가억정략 s. 國家的政略 (나라) (집) (역실) (경ᄉᆞ) (도략) National policy.

*국가ᄉᆞ상 s. 國家思想 (나라) (집) (성각) (성각) Patriotism; love of country.

*국가안위 s. 國家安危 (나라) (집) (편안) (위터) The safety or danger of the country.

국경지 s. 棘 (*국) Spiked shoes for mountain climbing. *See* ᄉᆞ갈

*국계 s. 國界 (나라) (디경) The boundaries of a country; the national frontiers.

*국경 s. 國境 (나라) (디경) The boundaries of a country; the national frontiers.

*국고 n. 國庫 (나라) (고집) The national treasury; exchequer of a country.

*국고금 n. 國庫金 (나라) (고집) (쇠) Funds in the national treasury.

*국곡 n. 國穀 (나라) (곡식) Government grain, national supplies.

*국교 n. 國敎 (나라 (구로칠) The state religion *See* 국학.

국국 *l.* A falcon call. A mountaineer's call

*국국 n. A word descriptive of vigorously poking or stabbing.

*국국이 n. 鵓鴿 (비둘이—*볼) (비둘이—*구) The wild pigeon; the cockoo dove

*국군 n. 國君 (나라) (님금) The king of a country, a country's ruler. (Comp.)

*국궁ᄒᆞ다 v. 鞠躬 (굽힐) (몸) To bow—in sal ut—

*국금 n. 國禁 (나라) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) Public prohibition.

*국긔 n. 國忌 (나라) (긔일) The anniversary of the death of a member of the royal household.

*국긔 n. 國基 (나라) (터) The foundation on which a country rests; the national basis.

*국긔 n. 國旗 (나라) (긔) The flag of a country; the national flag

국긔일 n. 國忌日 (나라) (긔일) (날) The anniversary day of a royal death.

*국긔판 n. 國忌板 (나라) (긔일) (판ᄌᆞ) A board on which is marked the anniversary days of the death of royal personages.

*국광 n. 國光 (나라) (빗) National honour.

*국권 n. 國權 (나라) (권세) The ... nal power; the influence of a country.

*국난 n. 國難 (나라) (어려울) A national calamity, disaster, or misfortune

*국내 n. 國內 (나라) (안) The interior of a country: within a country.

국덕이 n. A wooden scraper Prov.) *See* 고리

*국뎐 n. 國典 (나라) (법) National law; state laws. *See* 국법.

*국뎡세ᄅᆞᆯ n. 國定稅率 (나라) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) (부세) (법) The law of ... [illegible]

*국도 n. 國道 ... [illegible] ko ... [illegible]

국간 ... 國民 ... [illegible]

*국ᄂᆞᆫ어ᄉᆞ ... 國事 ... 어지러울) 근심 어ᄅᆞ ... [illegible]

the nation is disturbed search out a faithful minister. *See* 가빈에소현쳐.

*국량 n. 局量 (판) (헤아릴) Capacity, judgment. *See* 도량.

*국력 n. 國力 (나라) (힘) The national power; the influence of a country.

*국록 n. 國祿 (나라) (록) Official pay; a government salary.

*국록지신 n. 國祿之臣 (나라) (록) (갈) (신하) Officials on government pay.

*국론 n. 國論 (나라) (의론) National opinion; the views of the public; a national question.

국립 國立 (나라) (설) What is established by government as schools etc ... 관립. *Opp.* 수립.

*국립은힝 n. 國立銀行 (나라) (설) (은) (힝ᄅᆞᆯ) National banks.

*국마 n. 國馬 (나라) (말) Government ponies. *See* 어마.

*국말 n. 國末 (나라) (끗) The end of a dynasty; the last of a nation. *Opp.* 국초.

국말이 n. Rice soup.

*국명 n. 國命 (나라) (목숨) A government order. *See* 왕명. The life of a state. *See* 국혼.

*국모 n. 國母 (나라) (어미) The mother of the state the Queen. *See* 왕비.

국무경 國務卿 (나라) (힘쓸) (벼슬) ... ...ry of state

국부대신 n. 國務大臣 (나라) (힘쓸) (큰) (신하) A Minister of State.

*국문 n. 國文 (나라) (글) The national character—*Unmun.* *See* 언문.

*국문ᄒᆞ다 v. 鞫問 (국문) (부를) To cross question a criminal.

국물 n. Broth (치다). *See* 말국. *Opp.* 건지.

*국민 n. 國民 (나라) (빅성) The nation; the people of a country.

*국민소상 國民思想 (나라) (빅성) (성각) (성각ᄒᆞᆫ ... ...) The ... to one's country

*국민군 n. 國民軍 (나라) (빅성) (군ᄉᆞ) The militia.

국밥 n. 羹飯 (국—*랑) (밥 *반) Soup and rice.

*국법 n. 國法 (나라) (법) National law.

*국보 n. 國步 (나... ...) The course of a nation ... (B. O.) *See* 국운

*국보 n. 國寶 (나라) (보비) The wealth of a country, the national treasures.

*국부 s. 局部 (관) 一체, A portion of the whole area or sphere; limited area.

*국상 s. 國喪 (나라) (상소) National mourning—the death of the king or queen. *See* 국휼.

*국서 s. 國書 (나라) (글) The credentials of an ambassador or envoy.

국서봉정ᄒᆞ다 v. 國書奉呈ᄒᆞ다 (나라) 글 (받들) (드릴) To present credentials—as an envoy

*국세 s. 國勢 (나라) (형세) The national power; the influence of a country.

*국세 s. 國稅 (나라) (부세) National taxes.

*국소 s. 局所 (관) (바) Local.

*국속 s. 國俗 (나라) (풍속) The national manners and customs of a country.

*국슈 s. 國手 (나라) (손) A skilful player—at chess or draughts

국슈 s. 麵 (*편) Vermicelli

국슈당 s. 一堂 A spirit house; a spirit shrine; a temple *See* 셩환당

국슈분 s. 一盆 A press for making vermicelli.

*국신 s. 國身 (굽을) (몸) A crooked or bent body.

*국쇠 s. 國璽 (나라) (옥쇠) The seal of a kingdom or state; the great seal.

*국스 s. 國師 (나라) (스승) The title formerly conferred on Buddhist priests. The teacher of an Emperor or a king.

*국ᄉᆞ s. 國事 (나라) (일) Affairs of state, public matters. *See* 공ᄉᆞ

*국ᄉᆞ s. 國史 (나라) (스긔) Official records or chronicles. *Opp* 야ᄉᆞ

*국ᄉᆞ범 s. 國事犯 (나라) (일) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) A political offence; political offenders; rebels. *See* 확신범.

*국어 s. 國語 (나라) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The national tongue; the language of a country.

*국어독본 s. 國語讀本 (나라) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (닑을) (ᄎᆡᆨ) National readers.

*국역 s. 國役 (나라) (역ᄉᆞ) Government work; public affairs.

*국외 s. 局外 (관) (밧) Outside any definite area, or circle of people.

*국외중립 s. 局外中立 (관) (밧) (가온ᄃᆡ) (설) Neutrality.

*국외중립국 s. 局外中立國 (관) (밧) (가온ᄃᆡ) (설) (나라) A neutral state.

*국외중립션 s. 局外中立船 (관) (밧) (가온ᄃᆡ) (설) (비) A neutral ship.

*국외중립항 s. 局外中立港 (관) (밧) 가온ᄃᆡ (설) (항구 A neutral port.

*국외중립ᄒᆞ다 v. 局外中立 (관) (밧) (가온ᄃᆡ) (설) To neutralize.

*국욕 s. 國辱 (나라) (욕ᄒᆞᆯ) Disgrace incurred by one's country; national dishonour. *See* 국ᄎᆡ.

*국용 s. 國用 (나라) (쓸) National expenditure; government supplies. *See* 공용.

*국용(이)핍갈ᄒᆞ다 v. 國用竭渴 (나라) (쓸) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To fail—of government supplies.

*국우 s. 一芋 (국화) (토란) *Jerusalem artichoke.*

국운 s. 國運 (나라) (운수) National fortunes; national luck. (불힘ᄒᆞ다)

*국위 s. 國威 (나라) (위엄) The national power; the influence of a country.

*국육ᄒᆞ다 s. 鞠育 (길) (기를) To bring up, to rear; to nourish

*국은 s. 國恩 (나라) 은혜) Royal favor in bestowing rank *See* 은은

국은(이)망극ᄒᆞ다 s. 國恩罔極 나라) 은혜) (업슬) (구장) To receive royal favor without limit.

국이 s. A ladle.

국이다 *t.* 국여; 인 To call—a falcon. To call—as mountaineers at night.

*국익 s. 一益 (나라) (덕ᄒᆞᆯ) A national gain; what profits the state.

*국인 s. 國人 (나라) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The people of a kingdom or country. (M.)

국왕 s. 國王 (나라) (님금) The King *See* 국군.

국자 s. A large flat ladle. *See* 국이.

*국장도감 s. 國葬都監 (나라) (장ᄉᆞ) (도ᄀᆞᆷ) (ᄀᆞᆯ) The officer in charge of a royal funeral. *See* 산도감.

*국적 s. 國賊 (나라) (도적) Rebels; traitors to the state.

국전 國錢 (나라) (돈 Public funds; government cash *See* 공전.

*국점 s. 國占 나라) (점칠 Divination—at the service of the king.

*국제 s. 國制 (나라) (법) The government of the country's state laws. *See* 국ᄇᆞᆫ.

*국제됴약 s. 國際條約 (나라) (조ᄆᆞᆷ) (가지) (언약) An international treaty.

*국제법 s. 國際法 (나라) (조ᄆᆞᆷ) (법) The rules of diplomacy.

*국제상 s. 國際上 (나라) (조ᄆᆞᆷ) (우) A national affair; a matter for deplomacy (에).

*국제상문제 s. 國際上問題 (나라) (즈음) (숫) (무를) (쌀) An international question, a matter for diplomacy

*국정 s. 國政 (나라) (정소) The administration of government. State affairs. *See* 국소.

*국족 s. 國族 (나라) (겨레 The royal clan, relatives of the king.

*국조보감 s. 國朝寶鑑 (나라) (아침) (보배) (거울) A famous history of the present dynasty.

국육 s. 羹肉 (국 -*깡) (죽 -*육) A meat stew.

*국중 s. 國中 (나라) (가운데) The state; the country.

*국지 s. 國財 (나라) (지물) The wealth of a country; national funds.

*국지 s. 國災 (나라) (지앙) A national calamity, disaster, or misfortune.

*국지 s. 國贄 (나라) (지게호) A sacrifice to Buddha offered by the government

*국지 s. 國財 (나라) (지물) Government property; public supplies.

*국채 s. 國債 (나라) (빗) The national debt; the financial obligations of a state.

*국채보상호다 s. 國債報償 (나라 빗 갚 [illegible] To pay a national debt

*국척 s. 國戚 (나라 [illegible] The royal clan or relatives on the queen's side.

*국척호다 s. 跼蹐 (굽을) (삼가드릴) To stoop; to bend down; to crouch down.

*국청 s. 鞫廳 (국문) (청) A court of justice inside the Palace enclosure.

*국초 s. 國初 (나라) (처음) The founding [illegible] Opp. 말.

*국치 s. 國恥 (나라) (붓그러울) National disgrace or shame.

*국침 s. 菊枕 (국화) (비기) A pillow stuffed with chrysanthemum flowers which is supposed to be a specific against headaches.

*국태민안호다 s. 國泰民安 (나라) (클) (빅성) (편안) To be prosperous and at peace—of the state. *See* 가급인족호다

*국톄 s. 國體 (나라) (몸) The national constitution, fame or honour of one's country

*국톄손상호다 s. 國體損傷 (나라 몸 (덜) (상) [illegible] the honour of the country.

*국토 s. 國土 (나라) (흙) The state; the country.

*국풍 s. 國風 (나라) (바람) The manners and customs of a country; the national manners and customs.

*국학 s. 國學 (나라) (비홀) Teaching under direction of the state.

*국헌 s. 國憲 (나라) (법) The laws or institutions of a country; the constitutions of the realm.

*국호 s. 國號 (나라) (일홈) The name or style of a dynasty.

*국혼호다 s. 國婚 (나라) (혼인) To contract a royal marriage.

*국회 s. 國會 (나라) (모들) A parliament; the national assembly.

국회의원 國會議員 [illegible] 원) (관원) A member of the Imperial Diet.

*국휼 s. 國恤 (나라) (심각) A death—of a member of the royal household. *See* 국상.

*국화 s. 菊花 (국화) (못) The chrysanthemum. *See* 황화.

국화대수장 s. 菊花大壽章 (국화) (못) (큰) (인문) (글장) The order of the Chrysanthemum decoration.

*국화장 s. 菊花章 (국화) (못) (글장) The Badge of the Flower of the Chrysanthemum

국화쥬 s. 菊花酒 (국화) (못) (술) Chrysanthemum wine.

*국화줌 s. 菊花簪 (국화) (못) (빈혀) A chrysanthemum hair-pin.

군 *l.* Away from the point; meaningless; useless. (소리) (음식)

*군 s. 君 (님군) Royal prince

*군 s. 軍 (군소) A worker; a messenger; a word having the force of the ending *er* in English

군감 s. 軍監 (군소) (볼) A military officer.

군것질 *l.* Extra dishes or sweetmeats.

군결환 s. 軍結還 (군소 (민길) (도라올) The three means of government supply: military taxes, land tax and grain contributions.

*군경 *l.* 窘境 (군호) (디경) Difficult circumstances; an unpleasant situation. *See* 군경.

군경 [illegible] (청) The two offices of police and war.

*군공 s. 軍功 (군소) (공) Military distinction.

*군국대소 s. 軍國大事 (군소) (나라) (큰) (일) The affairs of state and war.

*군급호다ㄴ 窘急 곤궁 (급호) To be in great straits—as from poverty etc.

*군긔 s. 軍記 군소 (긔록) Military records or annals; chronicles of war

*군긔 s. 軍機 (군소) (틀) Military tactics.

*군긔 s. 軍器 (군소) (그릇) Arms: weapons; armor. *See* 군물.

*군긔시 s. 軍器寺 (군소) (그릇) (마을) An armory; a place where weapons are kept.

*군판 s. 軍官 (군소) (벼슬) Constables; police. *See* 포교.

*군노 s. (골 -) 軍奴 (군소) (죵) Police; *yamen* paddlers. *See* 소령.

*군단 s. 軍團 군소 조직 A military force; a division of an army.

*군답 s. 軍畓 (군소) (논) Paddyfields—reserved for the military.

*군뎐 s. 軍田 (군소) (밧) Grain fields—reserved for the military.

*군도 s. 軍刀 (군소) (칼) A sword. *See* 환도.

군두거리다 s. 거려, 린 To boast; to be presumptuous. (Prov.)

군두구녕 s. A hole in a manger to which an animal is tied.

군두목 s. Names of things written in the Chinese without regard to the meaning of the character.

군둘 s. 閏月 (무를—*월) (둘—*월) An intercalary moon.

*군딕쇼집ᄒᆞ다 軍職召集 군소 쎄 부를 (쇼집) (모흘) To mobilize—of the army.

*군란 s. 軍亂 군소 거러워ᄒᆞᆷ An insurrection of troops. *See* 군요.

*군략 s. 軍畧 (군소) (도략) A plan of campaign; military strategy.

*군량 s. 軍粮 (군소) (량식) Rations; military supplies. *See* 군향.

*군량관 s. 軍粮官 군소 (량식) (벼슬) A military quartermaster.

*군량션 s. 軍粮船 (군소) (량식) (비) Junks carrying military supplies.

*군례 s. 軍禮 (군소) (례도) Military customs; the etiquette of might.

*군령 s. 軍令 (군소) (호여곰) Words of command; military orders.

*군령다짐ᄒᆞ다 s. 軍令納音 군소 (호여곰) (ᄃᆞᆫ여) (다짐—*쇠) (소리 -을 To command on pain of death.

*군령장 軍令狀 군소 (호여곰) (글월) A written forfeit of life in case of failure—of a general. (두다).

*군률 s. 軍律 (군소) (법) Military law. *See* 소률.

*군림ᄒᆞ다 s. 君臨 (님군) (림ᄒᆞᆯ) To preside over as a monarch; to ascend or mount the throne; to reign.

*군마 s. 軍馬 (군소) (물) Soldiers and horses. *See* 병마

*군막 s. 軍幕 (군소) (장막) A military tent.

*군령 s. 君命 (님군) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) A royal command. *See* 왕명.

*군목 s. 軍木 (군소) (나모) Cotton goods supplied to the soldiers.

*군무 s. 軍務 (군소) (힘쓸) Military affairs.

*군문 s. 軍門 (군소, (문) A military camp; a barracks. *See* 영문.

*군문효슈 s. 軍門梟首 (군소) (문) (올밤이) (머리) Executing and fixing the head on a spike—a military custom

*군물 s. 軍物 (군소) (물건) Arms; weapons. *See* 군긔.

*군민 s. 君民 (님군) (빅셩) The king and the people.

*군민 s. 軍民 (군소) (빅셩, The soldiers and the people

*군민공치 s. 君民共治 (님군) (빅셩) (호가지) (다스릴) A constitutional or limited monarchy. Constitutional; limited.

군박 / 窘迫 군박ᄒᆞᆷ (림박 Persecution, trouble, annoyance. (당ᄒᆞ다).

군박ᄒᆞ다 / 窘迫 (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) 림박 To persecute; to insult; to molest. *See* 군욕ᄒᆞ다.

군밤 /. 燔栗 (굴 *ᄇᆞᆨ) (밤—*톨) Roasted chestnuts.

*군법 s. 軍法 (군소) (법) Military law *See* 군률.

*군법시형ᄒᆞ다 s. 軍法施行 (군소) (법) (베풀) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To carry out martial law—to behead. *See* 군령다 결ᄒᆞ다.

*군법회의 s. 軍法會議 (군소) (법) (모들) (의론) Court martial.

*군병 s. 軍兵 (군소) (군소) Soldiers. *See* 군소

*군복 s. 軍服 (군복) (옷) A military uniform.

*군부 s. 君父 (님군) (아비) King and father.

*군부 s. 軍部 (군소) (마을) The War Office

*군부대신 s. 軍部大臣 (군소) (마을) (큰) (신하) The Minister of the War Department. *See* 부장.

*군부인 s. 郡夫人 (고을) (지아비) (사롬) A wife of one belonging to the royal clan.

*군비 s. 軍費 (군소) (허비) Military expenditure; war expenses.

*군비빈상금 s. 軍費賠償金 (군소) (허비) (갑흘) (쇠) War indemnity.

*군비축소 s. 軍備縮少 (군소) (갖출) (주려질) (적을) Disarmament.

*군산 s. 郡山 (고을) (뫼) A mountain in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.58 Long. [illegible]

군산 群山 (무리) (뫼) A seaport in Chol-la-do. *See* 군산포

*군산포 s. 群山浦 (무리) (뫼) (개) A seaport in Chol-la-do. *See* 군산항.

*군산항 s. 群山港 (무리) (뫼) (항구) A sea-port in Chol-la-do.

군소리 l. Useless talk; bosh. *See* 헛소리

군숙하다 l. To be troublesome; to be wearisome; to be difficult. (Prov.) *See* 군식하다.

*군쇼 s. 羣小 (무리) (작을) A crowd of inferiors. (B. O.)

군수 l. A useless piece—in chess etc. Meaningless work

*군슈 s. 郡守 (고을) (직힐) A magistrate of a country district -formerly an officer of the rear rank, 4th degree.

*군슈 s. 軍需 (군소) (먹일) Military equipments. *See* 군비.

*군슈미 s. 軍需米 (군소)(먹일)(쌀) Military supplies of rice.

*군슈소용 s. 軍需所用 (군소) (먹일) (바) (쓸) Military equipments, pay, rations etc.

군슈 軍需錢 (군소) 먹일 [illegible] 준비 preparations for the army. *See* 돌창

*군신 s. 君臣 (님군) (신하) The King and the gentry, sovereign and ministers.

군신 s. 群臣 (무리) (신하) The various officials. (Comp.) *See* 제신

*군신유의 s. 君臣有義 (님군) (신하) (옳을) (올흘) Justice between sovereign and minister.

군실거리다 s. 거려; 린 To itch; to feel an itching sensation.

군실군실하다 s. To itch; to feel an itch-sensation. *See* 근실근실하다.

군소 l. 事 (군소) (일) Military affairs or duties; military service; war.

*군소 s. 軍士 (군소) (선비) Soldiers. *See* 군졸.

군소부일허 s. 君師父一體 (님군) (스승) (아비) (호) (몸) King, teacher and father are one in essence.

*군소상 s. 軍事上 (군소) (일) (웃) In military matters or duties.

군소회의 s. 軍事會議 (군소) (일) (모들) 의론) A council of war.

군식하다 l. 窘塞 (곤홀) (막힐) To be in difficulties; to be hard up. *See* 구차하다.

*군신 s. 群生 (무리, 날) Mankind, all human beings.

군안 軍案 (군소) (책상) Military list, register of the names of soldiers.

군양미 s. 軍糧米 (군소) (량) (쌀) Rations —for soldiers. *See* 군량미.

군역 s. 軍役 (군소) (역소) Military employment. Money paid to escape military service.

군영 s. 軍營 (군소) (영문) A military camp.

[illegible]요 s. 軍擾 (군소) (흐릴) An insurrection of troops. *See* 군란.

군용 s. 軍用 (군소) (쓸) Military equipments, pay etc. *See* 군비.

*군용디 s. 軍用地 (군소) (쓸) (짜) Military reservations of land.

[illegible]용비 s. 軍用費 (군소) (쓸) (허비) Military expenditure; war expenses. *See* 군비.

군용철도 s. 軍用鐵道 (군소) 쓸) (쇠) (길) A military railway.

*군용표 s. 軍用票 (군소) (쓸) (표) A military note.

[illegible]표 軍用紙票 (군소) (쓸) (죵이) (표) A military bank note. *See* 군용표.

*군위 s. 軍威 (군소) (위엄) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.14 Long. 128.30

*군은 s. 君恩 (님군 (은혜 Favours received from one's feudal lord; favours received from one's sovereign.

*군의 s. 軍醫 군수, (의원) Military surgeon.

*군왕 s. 君王 (님군) (님군) The king used by foreigners. *See* 님군

*군적 s. 軍籍 (군수) (호적) Military or naval registers.

*군전 s. 君前 (님군) (앞) Before the eyes of one's lord or king.

*군전 s. 軍錢 (군수 돈 Appropriation for the army *See* 군슈전

*군제 s. 軍制 (군수) (법제) Military regulations; military system

*군정 s. 軍情 (군수) (뜻) Military spirit

*군정 s. 軍政 (군수) (정수) Military administration; military affairs.

*군쥬 s. 郡主 (고을) (님군) A grand daughter of the king—by a concubine

*군쥬 s. 君主 (님군) (님금) A monarch—a term adopted for king or queen. *See* 대군쥬.

*군쥬권력 s. 君主權力 (님군) (님금) (권세) (힘) Sovereign power.

*군쥬권리 s. 君主權利 (님군) (님금) (권세) (리로) Sovereign right.

*군쥬지국정치 s. 君主政體政治 (님군) (님금) (나라) (오로지) (다스릴) (정수) (다스릴) An absolute monarchy

*군쥬지국 s. 君主之國 (님군) (님금) (갈) (나라) A monarchy. *Opp.* 민쥬지국.

*군즁 s. 軍中 (군수) (가운데) In the army; (among) the soldiers.

*군즁 s. 群衆 (무리) (무리) People generally; the public.

*군직 s. 軍職 (군수) (직업) A royal military guard.

*군진 s. 軍陣 (군수) (진칠) An [illegible]

*군집ᄒᆞ다 s. 群集 (무리) (모들 To congregate in large numbers, to [illegible] a body; to flock together.

*군주 s. 君子 (님군) (아들) The perfect man; the superior man. *Opp.* 쇼인.

*군주대로힝 s. 君子大路行 (님군) (아들) (큰) (길) (도닐) The superior man goes by the main road.

*군총 s. 軍總 (군수) (거느릴) A company of soldiers.

*군친 s. 君親 (님군) (어버이) One's feudal lord and one's father, kin and father

*군포 s. 軍布 (군수) (뵈) A military tax to escape service.

*군포목 s. 軍布木 (군수) (뵈) (나모) Military cotton contributions—taxes.

*군핍ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 窘乏 (곤홀) (다홀) To be afflicted; to be in distress.

*군항 s. 軍港 (군수) 항구) A military port

*군항 s. 軍餉 (군수) (량식) Military supplies. *See* 군량미.

*군호 s. 軍號 군수) (일홈) A military password.

*군호ᄒᆞ다 軍號 군수 (일홈) 세; 샌 *I* make secret signs.

군직지다 / 획저; 진 To write badly; to make a mistake in writing characters.

굴 s. 石花 (돌—*석) (못—*화) Oysters.

굴 s. 窟 (*굴) A cave; a cavern.

꿀 s. 蜜 (*밀) Honey, foreign syrups.

굴갓 s. 風笠 (굴—*립) (갓—*립) A cap worn by superiors among Buddhists.

꿀렁꿀렁 s. Gurgling; swallowing. *See* 꿀렁꿀렁.

꿀렁꿀렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To gurgle; to rattle; to swallow.

*굴건 s. 屈巾 (굴홀) (슈건) A kind of hempen cloth cap—worn by mourners.

*굴건제복 s. 屈巾祭服 (굴홀) (슈건) (제소) (옷) The hempen cap and mourning dress. *See* 굴관제복.

*굴경ᄒᆞ다 s. 掘檢 (팔) (샹고홀) To examine and hold an official inquest.

*굴곡 s. 屈曲 (굴홀) (굽을) Curves; bends; twists.

*굴곡ᄒᆞ다 s. 屈曲 (굴홀) (굽을) To curve, to bend.

꿀꿀 / Grunting.

꿀꿀ᄒᆞ다 / To grunt.

*굴긔 s. 崛起 (놉흘) (닐) A prominent point One who rises suddenly into notice.

*굴긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 崛起 (놉흘) (닐) To stand out prominently, to be conspicuous:—of mountains to distinguish one's self *See* 뛰여나다.

꿀벅 s. A box in which to keep honey

굴레 s. 勒 (*륵) A bridle; a halter. *See* 구레. A silk head-dress worn by children.

굴니다 / 轉 (굴—*젼) 굴녀, 닌 To roll.

꿇니다 s. 跪 (꿀어안질—*궤) 꿀녀; 닌 To prostrate; to be put down; to be forced to yield.

굴다 s. 어; 군 To treat; to behave toward, to act To waste away internally. *See* 골다.

굴다 / 轉 (굴—*젼) 너, 군 To roll. (v. t.)

설다 s. 跪 (설어한질—*궤) 어; 슨 To kneel; to bend the knees.

설썩 s. With a gulp. *See* 설딱.

설썩설썩 s. Gulping. *See* 설딱설딱.

굴뚝 /. 烟突 (연긔—*변) (구들—*둘) A chimney; a flue.

굴뚝새 /. A wren.

굴뚝신 /. A straw wrap for a mud chimney.

설물 s. 蜜水 (쑬—*밀) (물—*슈) Honey water. *See* 미슈.

곤밤 s. 稬米 (흔나모—*샹) (열미 *쌀 ... *See* 찰수리

... 蜜水 (쑬—*밀) (물—*슈) ... *See* 설물.

굴복하다 屈伏 (굴복), 엎딜 To submit to; to submit to; to bow down before. *See* 굴복하다.

굴비 s. Dried stone fish.

*굴슬하다 s. (쑬) 屈膝 (굴슬) (무릅) To bend the knees; to kneel before; to yield submission.

*굴신하다 s. (신) 屈伸 (굴신) (펼) To bend and straighten out.

설어안다 s. 跪 (설어한질—*궤) 저; 긴 To remain kneeling; to kneel.

*굴욕하다 s. 屈辱 (굴욕) (욕될 To dishonour; to bring disgrace upon.

굴으다 s. 蹂足 (두도릴 *돈) (발 *쪽) 굴러 ... To stamp with the foot; to strike the foot on the ground.

*굴원 s. 屈原 (굴원) (언덕) B. C. 314. A famous statesman who, when he lost favor, died a suicide on the 5th day of the 5th moon. greatly renowned in Korea.

*... 굴젹 ... 屈折率 (굴젹률) (쓱률 ... 比率 ... refractive

*굴절계 s. 屈折計 (굴절) (계긔) (게교) Refractometer.

*굴절률 s. 屈折率 (굴절) (쓱률) (법) Index of refraction.

*굴절학 s. 屈折學 (굴절) (쓱흘) (비흘) Dioptrics.

... 鹽 굴 ... *히) Salted oysters.

굴밥 s. 蠔粥 (굴 *호) (죽—*쥭) A stew made of rice and oysters.

*굴지하다 s. (-혀) 屈指 (굴지) (손가락) To count on the fingers.

*굴총하다 s. 掘塚 (팔) (무덤) To steal a grave site; to disturb a grave.

*줄슘하다 s. 屈縮 (줄) (주러질) To shrink; to contract; to become wrinkled, to crinkle up.

줄짐스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be greedy; to be close.

*줄칩하다 s. 屈蟄 (줄호) (버레) T ... to hide away—as the nobi ... poverty.

줄춤나모 s. A kind of thick-barked oak.

줄통 /. 轄筒 (줄—*쳔) (통—*통) The axle of a wheel.

... 烟) (연긔 —*연) (구들 *둘) A ... *See* 굴뚝.

줄피이 s. Dried bark of the 싸리 tree. (Prov.,

*줄고 s. 掘溝 (팔) (찰도. A ditch for irrigating paddy-fields.

줄피나모 s. The cork-tree.

*줄함 s. 窨阱 (줄) (빠질) A pit; a pitfall. *See* 구렁.

... 줄함 ... A pit ... in the ground. *See* 줄함

줄형이 s. 窖 (*학) A pit; a hole in the ground. *See* 구렁.

*줄혈 /. 窟穴 (줄) (구멍) A den.

굴회 s. 蠔膾 (줄—*호) (회 *회) Raw oyster eaten with sauce.

*굴호다 s. 屈 (줄호) To bend; to submit; to yield.

*굴화 s. 堀火 (줄) (불) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

줌하 /. 龐 (줌을—*추) 어; 은 To be course; to be thick; to be of large size. *Opp.* 가늘다.

줌거지다 /. 어지; 진 To be coarse; to become thick.

쑬 s. 夢 (*몽) A dream. (꾸다). *See* 몽미.

굼게 s. 穴 (구멍—*혈) A hole. (Prov.) *See* 구녁.

쑬결 s. A dream (꾸다).

쑬 ... 다 s. 做夢 (꾸을 ... 주; (쑬—*몽) 꾸어; 슨 To dream; to have a vision.

... 다 s. To be uneasy; to be in ... to be anxious. *See* 심심하다.

굼기다 s. 굼겨; 긴 To leave unfed; to starve. (v. t.)

굼다 /. 飢 (주릴 *긔) 굼며; 믄 To go without food; to fast. *See* 주리다.

굼쓰다 /. 굼뗙; 슨 To be dilatory to delay, to waste time. *See* 느리다.

쓸넉쓸넉ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To turn away the eyes; to be ashamed.

굼벙이 *l.* 蠐 (*조) A white grub found in old thatches etc.

굼벙초 *s.* Refuse tobacco. *See* 쇰ᄃᆞᆺ이.

꿈속 *s.* 夢裏 (꿈—*몽) (속—*리) (In) a dream. *See* 꿈결

굼실굼실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wave; to move from side to side.

쓸이 *s.* Seasoning—for food. *See* 고명.

쓸이지 *s.* A border; an edge—as of a head-band.

쓸이닥 *s.* 飾 (쓸일—*식) 쓸여; 인 To make; to manufacture. To ornament; to gloss over; to deceive.

쓸자리 *s.* Dreams. (사오납다).

쓸작이다 *s.* 蹔動 (칠 —*발)(움직일 —*동) 작여; 인 To move; to act. *See* 움죽이다.

쓸지거리다 *s.* 거리; 린 To be dilatory to delay; to waste time. *See* 쑤물거리다.

쓸지 못ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dilatory, to be slow. 쑤물쑤물ᄒᆞ다. To wink

쓸적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wink with both eyes at once.

굼주리다 *l.* 주려; 린 To eat but little; to live poorly.

쓸질쓸질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dilatory; to be slow; to waste time.

쓸쓸쓸쓸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wag from side to side; to wriggle. *See* 쓸쓸쓸쓸ᄒᆞ다.

굽 *s.* 蹄 (발굽 —*제) A hoof. The bottom; the base. (ᄯᅡᆯ다).

굽닐다 *s.* 닐어; 닌 To move up and down; to shake.

굽다 *l.* 炙 (구울—*구) 구어; 군 To roast; to broil.

굽다 *s.* 曲 (굽을—*곡) 어; 은 To be bent, to be crooked, to be bowed over. *See* 굽으리시다

굽달이 *s.* The rim on the bottom of an earthenware dish.

굽도리 *s.* The base-board paper around a room.

굽도지 *s.* Base-board paper

굽두레 *s.* A wooden ring for the nose. *See* 코뚜레.

굽바즈 *s.* 落籬 (울타리—*변) (울타리 —*리) The lower part of a wicker fence.

굽차다 *s.* 굽차; 싼 To tie the feet of an animal—as when shoeing a horse.

굽슬굽슬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be curly; to be wavy. *See* 고슬고슬ᄒᆞ다.

굽으리지다 *s.* 曲 (굽을—*곡) 러져; 지 To be bowed, to be bent. *See* 굽읏ᄒᆞ다.

굽으리다 、曲 (굽을 ' 곡 러져 천 To bend; to curve. (v.t.) *See* 굽으리다

굽슬굽슬ᄒᆞ다 曲 (굽을— 곡) T bend back and forth. *See* 굽을굽을ᄒᆞ다.

굽읏굽읏ᄒᆞ다 、俯 (굽을 ᄂᆞ To be curved, to be bent - of several objects.

굽읏다 *s.* 俯 (굽을—*부) To be bent; to be curved. *See* 굽으러지다.

굽잡히다 *s.* 잡혀, 힌 To be caught in a fault.

쓸적쓸적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To move up and down.

굽러이다 *s.* 顚覆 (칠—*국) 쥐여, 인 To be overtaken by a fault.

굽지 *s.* The base-board paper around a room. *See* 굽도지.

굽둥 *s.* The hoof. *See* 굽

굽흐리다 *s.* 俯 (굽을—*부) 흐려; 린 To stoop over; to bend forward. *See* 굽흐슴ᄒᆞ다.

굽흐슴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To stoop over; to bend. *See* 굽흐정ᄒᆞ다.

굽흐정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To stoop over; to bend. *See* 굽흐리다.

굽히다 *s.* 俯 (굽을—*부) 굽혀; 힌 To bend forward; to stoop over. *See* 굽으리치다.

굿 *s.* 巫神 (강홀—*허) (귀신—*신) Sorcerer's practices; magic.

굿 *s.* 坑 (구덩이—*갱) A pit; a hole in the ground.

굿거리 *s.* A lively tune or dance resembling an exorcist exercise.

굿건ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堅固 (굿을—*견)(굳을 *고) To be firm; to be solid. (Prov.)

쑷쑷 *s.* Smelling; sniffing.

쑷쑷ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be straight; to be strong; to be vigorous. *See* 쏫쏫ᄒᆞ다.

굿기다 *s.* 굿겨; 긴 To be unfortunate; to be fated.

굳다 、 堅 (굳을 *견), 어, 은 To be hard, to be solid; to be firm *See* 돈돈ᄒᆞ다. 이ᄯᅡ 무르다

굳다 、陰雨 그늘 -*음) (비—*우) 져; 진 To be cloudy; to be dark or wet. To be evil; to be bad.

굿두레ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be savory; to be fragrant. *See* 구슈ᄒᆞ다.

굿부다 *s.* 굿버; 분 To desire to eat; to have a taste for *See* 소즁ᄒᆞ다.

굿빅암 s. A coul of strike A kind of wo

굿세다 s. 强 (굿셀 —*강) 여; 센 To be vigorous; to be strong; to be robust. *See* 강호다.

굿으러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be hard, to be solid.

굿은심 s. A close-fisted fellow; a stingy person.

굿은숨쉬다 s. 힘써; 쓴 To groan; to strain

굿은숨쉬다 s. 힘써, 쓴 To groan inwardly.

굿을굿을ᄒᆞ다 s. To be crispy; to be hard

굿졸 s. Buddhist beggars.

굿짓다 s. 지여; 진 To dig a grave.

굿치다 s. 굿쳐; 친 To harden. (ex To be killed by a tiger. To hoard; to heap up.

굿ᄒᆞ다 s. 褒神 (굿ᄒᆞ—*셔) (귀신—*신) To practise sorcery or magic

굿ᄒᆞ여 s. 敢 (굿ᄒᆞ—*감) Assuredly; forsooth—used with a question.

굿히 s. 敢 (굿히 *감) Assuredly; forsooth; in truth; in fact used with a question.

귀 s. 耳 (*이) The ear. The eye—of a needle. A corner; an angle. The lower part.

귀 s. 句 (글귀—*구) A verse; a phrase—in composition.

*귀가 /. 貴價 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (갑) Dear of prices; expensive prices. *See* 고가. *Opp.* 렴가.

*귀가ᄒᆞ다 /. 歸家 (도라갈) (집) To return to one's house; to return home.

*귀간 / 貴簡 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (편지) Your honourable letter (a polite or respectful term used in correspondence).

*귀감 s. 龜鑑 (거북) (거울) An example or pattern—of persons. 구감.

*귀갑 s. 龜甲 (거북) (갑옷) The shell of a tortoise

귀개 /. 耳匙 (귀 *이) (슈가락—*시) An ear spoon.

귀걸이 s. Ear strings—as used on spectacles. An ulcer below the ear.

귀경에 s. Unexpectedly; suddenly. *See* 공편에.

*귀결ᄒᆞ다 / 歸結 (도라갈) (민질) To complete; to conclude; to finish; to be settled; to be completed; to be adjusted.

*귀경ᄒᆞ다 /. 歸京 (도라갈) (셔울) To return to the capital—of any country.

*귀곡션생 /. 鬼谷先生 (귀신) (골) (몬져) (남) B. C. 400. An ascetic philosopher of ancient China.

*귀골 /. 貴骨 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (뼈) A prominent, as a son of the gentry A prominent face—where the indications of future wealth etc. *See* 귀격

귀공 /. 貴公 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (귀인) Your honourable (a polite term used by a inferior to an superior).

귀공조 / 貴公子 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (귀인) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Your honourable son (a polite term used both in speaking and writing).

귀구멱 s. 耳孔 (귀 *이) (귀멍—*공) The opening of the ear.

*귀국 /. 貴國 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라) Your honorable country—a respectful form of address.

귀군 / 貴君 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (님군) You (a polite or respectful term used both in speaking and writing between equals).

귀귀이 s. 句句 (글귀 *구) (글귀—*구) Verse by verse. *See* 절절이

귀귀절절이 s. 句句節節 (글귀 *구) (마ᄃᆡ 글 verse by verse and phrase by phrase.

귀글 s. 句語 (글귀 *구) (글—*시) Verses; poetry. *Opp.* 줄글.

*귀긔 s. 歸期 (도라갈) (긔약) The date of one's return

*귀긱 /. 貴客 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) An honored guest. *See* 귀인; 귀빈

귀ᄂᆞ다 s. 나; 난 To be angular; to be cornered.

*귀녀 / 貴女 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (계집) A noble woman; a lady.

*귀녕부모ᄒᆞ다 s. 歸寧父母 (도라갈) (편안) (아비) (어미) To visit the parents' house. *See* 근친ᄒᆞ다

*귀녕ᄒᆞ다 s. 歸寧 (도라갈) (편안) To visit one's parental home.

귀농ᄒᆞ다 /. 歸農 (도라갈) (농스) To resume agricultural pursuits; to return to the calling of a farmer.

귀ᄂᆞ s. 여- 엑 To protrude. To emit. To expire To come out—as sores.

귀뎍이 /. 蚊 (*에) A gnat; a mosquito.

*귀동 / 貴童 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (우희) A beloved child. *See* 귀둥.

*귀동조 / 貴童子 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (우희) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A beloved child *See* 귀둥.

귀두레 *s.* A ring in a pig's ear; a ring in the nose.

귀쓰다 *s.* 귀띄; 듣 To prick up the ears.

귀쓰람이 *s.* 蟋蟀 (*실) (*솔) A cricket. *See* 귀쓰리.

귀쓰리 *s.* 蟋蟀 (귀쓰람이 *실) (귀쓰람이 *솔) A cricket. *See* 실솔.

귀ᄭᅦ *s.* A tap; a spout

귀ᄭᅥᆨ이 *s.* The cheek. *See* 뺨.

*귀령 *s.* 龜齡 (거북 나) Long-lived.

*귀로 *s.* 歸路 (도라갈) (길) The road or route by which a person returns; a journey back from any place.

*귀로즘에 *s.* 歸路中 (도라갈) (길) (가온ᄃᆡ) On the way back.

*귀록 *l.* 鬼錄 (귀신) (긔록) Notes for money etc.—the owners of which are dead or missing

*귀ᄲᅮᆫ나무 *l.* 鬼箭木 (귀신) (살—*전) (나무—*목) The 'mysterious arrow' tree —not unlike the elm.

*귀린 *l.* 鬼燐 (귀신) (귀화) A phosphorescent light popularly supposed to be the spirit of a dead person; Jack o'lantern, will o'the wisp; ignis fatuus.

*귀릉곶 *l.* 貴林串 귀ᄒᆞᆯ (스ᄅᆞᆷ) (곶치—*관) A naval station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 38.44 Long. 125.10.

*귀리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 歸來 (도라갈) (올) To return.

귀막다 *s.* 어; 은 To have the ears stopped; to be deaf *Also* 귀먹다.

귀먹다 *s.* 膠 (귀먹을—*통) 어; 은 To be deaf; to have the ears stopped *Also* 귀막다.

귀먹어리 *s.* 膠子 (귀먹을—*통) (아ᄃᆞᆫ—*조) A deaf person *See* 귀먹장이

귀먹장이 *s.* 膠子 (귀먹을—*통) (아ᄃᆞᆫ *조) A deaf person. *See* 귀먹어리

*귀명 *l.* 貴命 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) Your honourable commands, (a respectful term used in letters).

*귀명 *l.* 鬼命 (귀신) 복숭 An offering to spirits.

귀목 *l.* 槐木 (느ᄅᆡ ᄭᅴ) (나무 —*목) The *Sophora Japonica.*

귀문 *s.* (귀) 耳門 (귀 *이) (문—*문) The opening of the ear. The pan of a flintlock gun.

*귀문 *l.* 貴門 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (문) 'Your honorable house'—a respectful form of address.

*귀물 *l.* 貴物 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (물건) A treasure; a curio; a scarce article.

귀밀 *s.* 蕎麥 (귀여리 *쥬) (밀—*맥) Oats. *See* 귀여리

귀밀ᄃᆞᆨ걸 *l.* 口蜜腹劍 (입 —*구) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆡ) (칼) Sweet to the mouth, but a knife in the stomach.

귀ᄆᆡᆺ *s.* 鬢 (*ᄇᆡᆫ) The side of the head below the ears.

귀ᄆᆡᆺᄐᆡᆨ이 *s.* 頰 (뺨—*협) The cheeks.

*귀ᄆᆡᆫ *l.* 鬼魅 (귀신) (독갑이) A spirit; a devil; a hobgoblin, a mountain elf.

귀박회 *s.* 耳輪 (귀 —*이) (박회—*륜) The rim of the ear.

*귀방 *l.* 貴邦 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라) Your honourable country A polite term used both in speaking and writing. *See* 귀국.

*귀범 *s.* 歸帆 (도라갈) (돗) A returning vessel or boat; a homeward bound ship.

*귀보 *l.* 貴寶 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (보ᄇᆡ) A precious thing; valuables.

*귀보 *l.* 貴報 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (갑흘) Your honored answer, your valued report.

*귀보닉개에 *s.* 貴報內概 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (갑흘) (안) (대강 'In your honorable communication" —as used in correspondence.

*귀복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 歸服 (도라갈) (복ᄯᅩᆼᄒᆞᆯ) To submit or yield—as to authority; to make obeisance to; to obey. *See* 귀슌ᄒᆞ다.

귀볼 *s.* (귀) 耳根 (귀—*이) (ᄲᅮᆨ리—*근) The lobe of the ear *See* 귀ᄲᅮᆨ리.

귀ᄲᅮᆨ리 *s.* 耳根 (귀—*이) (ᄲᅮᆨ리—*근) The lobe of the ear.

*귀부인 *l.* 貴婦人 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (며ᄂᆞ리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A noble woman, a lady.

귀불 *s.* (불) 耳火 (귀—*이) (불—*화) The fuse—of a flintlock gun.

*귀비 *l.* 貴妃 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (계집) A female attendant of the Emperor; an Emperor's concubine.

*귀빈 *l.* 貴賓 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) A distinguished guest; visitor of high rank. *See* 대빈.

*귀ᄇᆡ *s.* 龜碑 (거북) (등) A tablet stone—resting on a tortoise-shaped base. A hunchback.

귀ᄲᅡᆨ이 *s.* The cheeks. *See* 귀ᄆᆡᆺᄐᆡᆨ이.

귀살스럽다 *l.* 러워; 운 To be annoying, to be hateful; to be a nuisance.

*귀셔 *l.* 貴書 (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) Your writing or letter -a respectful term.

귀셩 *l.* 鬼星 (귀신) (별) The 23rd constellation γ, δ, η, θ Cancer 122° 56′ 26″.

*귀성스럽다 f. 귀워, 운 To be pleasing; to be amiable; to be loveable

귀성지다 f. 성져; 진 To be pleasing; to be loveable. *See* 귀성스럽다.

*귀소 f. 貴所(귀호)(바) You—an informal term used in letters between equals

귀속호다 s.(쏙) 耳語 (귀 *이) (말숨 - *어) To whisper in the ear.

*귀슌호다 s. 歸順 (도라갈) (슌호) To submit to; to yield; to return allegiance. *See* 귀화호다.

*귀신 f. 鬼神 (귀신) (귀신) Spirits; demons. *See* 신.

*귀신론 f. 鬼神論 (귀신) (귀신) (의론) Mythology

*귀심 s. 歸心 (도라갈) (무옴) Desire to return home; home sickness.

귀얄 s. A paint brush, a paste brush.

귀아 s. A paint brush; a paste brush. (Prov.) *See* 귀얄.

귀약 s. 耳藥 (귀—*이) (약—*약) Powder in the pan of a flintlock gun.

귀약곰 s. 耳藥筒 (귀—*이) (약—*약) (곰—*통) A powder flask. *See* 화약곰.

귀양 s. 謫放 (귀양갈—*분) (노흘—*투) Exile. *See* 귀찬.

*귀양 f. 貴陽 (귀호) (볏) Quei-yang—the head prefect of Quei-chou Province in China

*귀어 f. 鬼語 (귀신) (말숨) Empty words, idle talk; a falsehood.

*귀어오유호다 s. 歸於烏有 (도라갈) (늘 (가마귀) (있슬 To come to naught

귀에프리 s. 耳屎 (귀—*이) (프리 똥) Ear wax.

귀에지 s. 耳汚 (귀—*이) (더러—*단) Ear wax.

*귀어허디호다 s. 歸於虛地 (도라갈 (늘 (뷔일) (짜) To be useless; to be in vain; to be of no

귀열 s. A paint or paste brush. *See* 귀얄.

*영조 s. 纓子 (갓 [illegible] 줏 An S shaped hook for hat strings.

*귀영호다 f. 歸營 (도라갈) (영문 To turn to the headquarters of [illegible] to camp— [illegible] soldiers in the [illegible]

[illegible] 貴意 (귀호) (뜻) Your honorable [illegible] views. *See* 존의

*귀의호다 f. 歸依 (도라갈) (의지호) To rely upon; to depend on; to have faith in; to believe in.

귀이다 s. 貸 (빅) *더) 뷔여; 인 To lend without interest.

귀이리 s. 燕麥 (귀이리—*구) (밀—*믹 Oats.

*귀인 f. 貴人 (귀호) (사롬) An honorable person; a dignitary. *Opp.* 천인.

귀인성스럽다 f. 귀워; 운 To be loveable, to be amiable, to be attractive.

*귀일법 s. 歸一法 (도라갈) (호) (법) Reduction of unity.

*귀왕 f. 鬼王 (귀신) (님굼) The King of the demons—Satan.

*귀자류석 f. 貴柘榴石 (귀호) (셕나무) (셕류) (돌) Almandite

귀저분호다 s. To be dirty; to be filthy; to be foul. *See* 츄저분호다.

귀저비 s. Paper folded for examinations so as to suit the writing of verses.

귀절 s. 句節 (글귀—*구) (마뒤 -*졀) A phrase and a paragraph -in the character

귀절귀절이 s. 句句節節 (글귀—*구) (마뒤—*졀) (글귀—*구) (마뒤—*졀) Every phrase and paragraph; phrase by phrase and paragraph by paragraph. *See* 귀귀졀졀이.

*귀졍 s. 龜占 (거북) (졈칠) Divination augury

*귀제 s. 歸除 (도라갈) (제홀) Division—in arithmetic

[illegible] s. A poor quality; an inferior [illegible] A martin. *See* 뎜박이.

[illegible] 숑 s. 歸誤頌 (도라갈) (제홀) (회올) The printed forms or tables—for divi[illegible]

*귀졍 s. 歸程 (도라갈) (길) The road or route by which a person returns; journey back from any place.

[illegible] 귀졍 도라갈 뜻름) [illegible] right to arrange matters. *See* 결단ᄒᆞ다

*귀족 f. 貴族 (귀호) (일가) A nobleman, the nobility.

*귀족부녀 f. 貴族婦女 (귀호) (일가) (며느리 (계집) Noble ladies.

귀족의원 f. 貴族議員 (귀호 졍레 의론) (뜬원) A titled member of the House of Peers.

*귀족원 f. 貴族院 (귀호) (졍레) (집) The house of Peers.

*귀족졍치 f. 貴族政治 (귀호) (일가) (졍소) (다스릴) The aristocracy.

*귀족학교 / 貴族學校 (귀족) (일가) (배울) (학교) A noble's school.

*귀졸 /. 鬼卒 (귀신) 군사 Demon attendants; lesser spirits. *Opp.* 귀왕.

*귀조호다 ㅅ. 歸朝 (도라갈) (조명) To return to Korea.

*귀주성 /. 貴州省 (귀할) (고을) (살) Province of Quei-chou in China.

*귀주쥬 / 貴州紬 (귀할) (고을) (명쥬) A kind of Chinese silk

*귀주호다 ㅅ. 歸住 (도라갈) (머므를) To return and resume residence—in a place.

*귀중히 녀이다 / 貴重 (귀할) (무거울) 넉여 To value highly; to regard with gravity

*귀즁호다 /. 貴重 (귀할) (무거울) To be noble; to be honorable, to be rare.

*귀진호다 ㅅ. 歸陣 (도라갈) (친칠) To return to the headquarters of the army; to return to camp—of soldiers.

귀쩝 ㅅ. 耳包 (귀 ᄀᆞᆺ이) (쌀ㅅ—ᄀᆞᆺ또) Coverings for the ears in winter.

귀찬타 /. 不貴 (아닐—"불) (귀할 - *귀) 하; 흔 To be annoying; to be disagreeable. To be worthless; to be good-for-nothing.

*귀찰 /. 貴札 (귀할) (편지) Your honourable letter

*귀착호다 ㅅ. 歸着 (도라갈) (부드칠) To come back; to arrive at.

*귀쳑 /. 貴戚 (귀할) (겨레) A noble family; well-born; of noble descent, of good family; aristocratic

*귀쳑대신 / 貴戚大臣 (귀할) (겨레) (큰) (신하) The nobility related by marriage to the king.

*귀쳔 /. 貴賤 (귀흘) (천흘) The rare and the worthless; the gentry and the common classes.

*귀쳔지별 / 貴賤之別 (귀흘) (천흘) (갈) (분별) Distiction between noble and mean.

귀청 ㅅ. The ear-drum; the hearing.

*귀충 /. 鬼蟲 (귀신) (버레) A horned beetle

*귀침 ㅅ. 鬼侵 (귀신 침로흘) Possession by demons—causing sickness. *See* 귀접.

*귀침초 /. 鬼針草 (귀신) (바늘) (플) *Bidens pilosa.*

*귀칙 /. 鬼賊 (귀신) (ᄭᅮ지질) Buffetings of demons—causing sickness. *See* 귀침.

*귀톄 /. 貴體 (귀흘) (몸) An honorable personage; a dignitary. *See* 존톄.

귀틀 ㅅ. A frame, an outline; a plan. 짜다

*귀록 /. 貴宅 (귀흘) (집) "Your honourable house."

*귀판 ㅅ. 龜板 (거붑 (판ᄌᆞ) Tortoise scales.

*귀하 /. 貴下 (귀흘) (아래) You—a polite term used both in speaking and writing

*귀항호다 ㅅ. 歸降 (도라갈) (항복) To surrender; to yield; to submit.

*귀향 ㅅ. 鬼鄕 (귀신) (싀골) The devil's country-exile *See* 뎜소.

*귀향가다 ㅅ. 鬼鄕去 (귀신) (싀골) (갈—거) (ᄀᆞᆫ) To go to exile. *See* 뎜소가다

*귀향호다 / 歸鄕 (도라갈) (싀골 To return to one's native district, to return home.

*귀현 ㅅ. 貴顯 (귀흘) (나타날) A person of high rank; eminent personages.

*귀형 /. 貴兄 (귀흘) (맛) You—a polite term used between equals both in colloquial and in the written language

*귀호다 /. 貴 (귀흘) To be rare; to be precious. *Opp.* 쳔호다.

*귀화 /. 鬼火 (귀신) (불) Spirit fire, will-o'-the-wisp. *See* 감화.

*귀화 ㅅ. 歸化 (도라갈) (될) Naturalization.

*귀화장 ㅅ. 歸化狀 (도라갈) (될) (글) Naturalization papers.

*귀화호다 ㅅ. 歸化 (도라갈) (될) To become naturalized; to return to allegiance.

귀ᄭᅴ ㅅ. Wandering spirits, straying demons—supposed to be the ghosts of those who die of starvation.

*궁 ㅅ. 宮 (집) Circular measure [30°]. A royal palace.

*궁 ㅅ. 窮 (다흘) A poor person; poverty.

궁 ㅅ. A sound expressive of the beating of a drum.

*궁가 ㅅ. 宮家 (집) (집) A court of the royal clan.

*궁각 ㅅ. 弓角 (활) (쌀) Ox horn—used in making bows.

궁겁다 ㅅ. 기워; 운 To be impatient, to be uneasy; to be anxious. (Prov) *See* 궁금호다.

*궁계 ㅅ. 窮計 (궁흘) (계교) A last resort; a last expedient.

*궁고호다 s. 窮苦 (궁호) (괴로울) To suffer from poverty and distress; to be poor and wretched. *See* 궁곤호다.

*궁곡 s. 窮谷 (궁호) (골 A deep valley.

*궁곤호다 s. 窮困 (궁호) (곤호) To be poor; to be destitute; to be hard up. *See* 빈한호다.

*궁교빈족 s. 窮交貧族 (궁호) (사괼) (간난) (겨레) Poor friends and destitute relatives. *See* 궁교빈.

*궁교빈 s. 窮交貧 다홀 (사괼) (부리) One's poor friends; indigent acquaintances.

*궁구(룰)막추 s. 窮寇莫追 (궁호) (도적) (말) (쫓을) Do not hold a thief at bay.

*궁구호다 s. 窮究 (궁호) (상고홀) To examine into; to investigate thoroughly. *See* 궁리호다.

*궁귀 s. 窮鬼 (궁호) (귀신) Poverty; destitution. A poverty-stricken creature. *See* 궁상. The demon of poverty; also applied to a creditor who presses for payment of a debt.

*궁궁 s and /. Groaning; whining.

*궁궁이 s. A medicinal plant, a decoction of which is used to purify the blood.

*궁극히 s. 窮極 (궁호) (극장) Exactly; carefully, profoundly.

*궁극호다 s. 窮極 (궁호) (극장) To be at extremities; to be at one's wits' end.

궁글니다 s. 글녀; 닌 To be hollowed out.

궁글다 s. 너; 근 To be hollow; to be vacant.

*궁금 s. 宮禁 (집) (금홀) The Imperial Palace.

궁금호다 s. To be uneasy, to be impatient; to be anxious.

*궁긔 s. 宮崎 (집) (곶) Miyazaki in Japan.

궁기 s. 穴 (구멍—*굴) A hole. *See* 굼기.

*궁궐 s. 宮闕 (집) (대궐) The royal palace. *See* 궁.

*궁납 s. 宮納 (집) (드릴) Tax contributions—for the support of the royal clan.

*궁녀 s. 宮女 (집) (계집) Palace maids. *See* 녀관.

궁리동 (평북 선) 의주 곧 A town in Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.28 Long. 124.02

*궁뇌대신 s. 宮內大臣 (집) (안) (큰) (신하) The Minister of the Imperial Household. *See* 궁대.

*궁뇌부 s. 宮內府 (집) (안) (마을) Household Department.

*궁뇌부 s. 宮內府 (집) (안) (마을) The [illegible] of the royal Household.

궁뇌부대신 s. 宮內府大臣 (집) (안) (마을) (큰) (신하) The Minister of the Household Department.

*궁뇌성 s. 宮內省 (집) (안) (마을) The Department of the Imperial Household.

궁뇌차관 宮內次官 (집) (안) (버금 버슬) The Vice Minister of the Imperial Household. *See* 궁뇌협관.

*궁뇌협관 s. 宮內協辦 (집) (안) (화홀) (관단) The Vice Minister of the Imperial Household.

*궁달 s. 窮達 (궁호) (통달) Success and failure. *See* 귀천.

궁달 s. 窮達 (궁호) (통달) Poverty and riches; distress and happiness, one's condition in life.

*궁답 s. 宮畓 (집) (논) Paddy-fields set apart for the royal clan.

*궁대 s. 宮大 (집) (큰) The Minister of the Imperial Household. *See* 궁뇌대신.

*궁뎐 s. 宮殿 (집) (대궐) The royal palace. *See* 궁실.

*궁뎐 s. 宮田 (집) (밧) Fields set apart for the royal clan.

*궁뎡례식 s. 宮廷禮式 (집) (조뎡) (례도) (법) Court etiquette.

*궁뎌만찬 s. 宮廷晩餐 (집) (조뎡) (느질) (밥) A Court dinner.

*궁도 s. 窮途 (궁호) (길) Difficult circumstances; destitution. *See* 곤경.

*궁됴 窮鳥 (궁호) (새) A distressed bird.

궁둥이 /. 臀 (*둔) The rump.

*궁량호다 s. 窮量 (궁홀) (헤아릴) To think over; to consider; to study out.

*궁둉호다 s. 窮崇 (하늘) (놉홀) To be lofty; to be sublime, to be eminent.

*궁리호다 s. 窮理 (궁호) (리치) To investigate; to study; to search into the philosophy of. *See* 궁구호다.

*궁무소불위 s. 窮無所不爲 (궁호) (업슬) (바) (아닐) (호) In poverty there is nothing one would not do. *See* 궁소불위.

*궁민 s. 窮民 (궁홀) (빅셩) Distressed people, the poor.

*궁박ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮迫 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (빈박) To be poor; to be miserable; to be destitute. *See* 군식ᄒᆞ다.

*궁반 s. 窮班 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (반렬) The poor gentry. *See* 잔반.

*활방 s. 弓房 (활) (방) A bow shop.

*궁벽ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮僻 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆨ) (궁벽ᄒᆞᆨ) To be unfrequented; to be out-of-the way to be little known. *See* 유종지다.

궁불능존존 s. 窮不能自存 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (아닐) (능ᄒᆞᆯ) (스ᄉᆞ로) (잇슬) To be in poverty.

*궁빈 s. 宮嬪 (집) (계집) A female attendant or official employed in the Imperial Palace

*궁상 s. 窮狀 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (형상) A Poverty-stricken state, indigent circumstances; want; penury.

*궁상 s. 弓狀 (활) (모양) The shape of a bow.

*궁사무척 s. 弓蛇無尺 (구렁 *뱀) (비암) (업슬) (자) The length of a snake, when in its hole, is not known.

*궁상 s. 宮相 (집) (도올) The minister of the Household. *See* 궁내대신.

*궁상 s. 窮相 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (형상) A countenance presaging poverty. *See* 궁귀.

*궁상각치우 s. 宮商角徵羽 (집) (장ᄉᆞᆨ) (뿔) (곰류) (깃) The five tones. *See* 오음.

*궁상스럽다 s. 窮相 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (형상) 러워; 운 To be miserable looking; to have a look of poverty

*궁성 s. 宮城 (집) ᄉᆞᆼ Walls around the Imperial Palace; the Imperial Palace.

*궁성호위 s. 宮城護衛 (집) (지) (두호) (모실) Guards for the Palace.

*궁성호위ᄒᆞ다 s. 宮城護衛 (집) (지) (두호) (모실) To guard the Palace enclosure

*궁속 s. 宮屬 (집) (붓칠) Palace underlings. *See* 궁예.

*궁수 s. (—쑤) 窮數 다ᄃᆞ) (두어) Poverty; destitution.

*궁시 s. 弓矢 (활) (살) Bows and arrows. *See* 화살.

*궁실 s. 宮室 (집) (집) The Royal Palace. *See* 궁궐.

*궁심덕독ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮心篤得 다ᄃᆞ) (무ᄋᆞᆷ) (파길) (엇을 To fathom, to ponder over; to search out. *See* 궁소덕독ᄒᆞ다.

*궁소덕원 s. 窮思竭慮 (다ᄃᆞ) (성각) (넘칠) (거젓) Thoughts of one in poverty go out to what is wrong. *See* 궁무소불위.

궁소덕독ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮思竭得 (다ᄃᆞ) (성각) (파길) (엇을 To fathom; to search into. *See* 궁심덕독ᄒᆞ다.

*궁유 s. 窮儒 (다ᄃᆞ) (션비) The poor literati. *See* 한소.

*궁인 s. 宮人 (집) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A court lady. The attendants etc., about a Palace.

*궁인모소 s. 窮人謀事 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (꾀) (일) A poor man's undertakings—failures.

*궁일지력ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮日之力 다ᄃᆞ) (날) (갈) (힘) To employ the whole day in work.

*궁원 s. 宮苑 (집) (동산) A palace park; a government garden. *See* 비원.

*궁장 s. 宮庄 (집) (장ᄎᆞᆨ) Fields belonging to the court or members of the royal clan

*궁장 s. 宮墻 (집) (담) The walls about the royal palace.

*궁장이 s. 弓匠 (활) (장인) A bow and arrow maker.

*궁전 s. 弓箭 (활) (살) Bows and arrows.

*궁조대 s. 窮措大 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (조올) (큰) A nickname for 'literary failures.' *See* 궁유.

*궁중 s. 宮中 (집) (가온ᄃᆡ) The interior of the palace. *See* 궐내.

궁지다 s. 窮지; 진 To wrap up; to envelope.

*궁진ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮盡 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be exhausted; to have lost everything. *See* 빈궁ᄒᆞ다.

*궁창 s. 穹蒼 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (푸를) The sky; the vault of the heavens.

*궁촌 s. 窮村 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (마을) A poor settlement; a destitute village. *See* 궁항.

*궁초 s. (—쵸) 宮綃 (집) (비단) An inferior kind of silk

*궁춘 s. 窮春 (궁ᄒᆞᆯ) (봄) The end of spring *See* 모춘.

*궁친척족 s. 窮親戚族 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (어버이) 칠) (겨레 Poor friends and destitute relatives. *See* 궁교빈족.

*궁핍 s. 窮乏 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (핍도) A look of misery, poverty etc. *See* 궁상

궁핍ᄒᆞ다 s. 窮乏 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) 다ᄃᆞ To be poor; to be destitute. *See* 군식ᄒᆞ다

*궁합 s. 宮合 (집) (모들) Domestic felicity as discovered by divination.

*궁항 s. 窮巷 (궁ᄒᆞᆨ) (구렁) Difficult circumstances. *See* 궁촌.

*궁협 ㅅ. 宮協 (집) (화호) The Vice Minister of the Imperial Household ... 궁내협판.

*궁형 ㅅ. 弓形 (활) (형상) Shaped like a bow —of any thing.

*궁형 ㅅ. 宮刑 (집) (형벌) The punishment of castration.

*궁ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 窮 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be poor; to be in poverty. *See* 간난ᄒᆞ다.

*귁각 ㅅ. 圭角 (홀) (쌀) An angle; a corner.

*쥬각나다 ㅅ. 圭角 (홀) (쌀) 나, 나 To disagree; to be out—with another to be out of harmony. *See* 갈등나다

*규간ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 規諫 (법) (간호) To remonstrate with; to reprove; to censure. *See* 간정ᄒᆞ다

*규ᄀᆡ ㅅ. 規 (법) (법) Any law, rule, or regulation; rules; regulations.

*규구 ㅅ. 規矩 (법) (법) Compasses and square —law; rule.

*규규무ᄅᆞ ㅅ. 赳赳武夫 (굿셀) (굿셀) (ᄒᆞᆫ반) (지아비) A mighty warrior. (B. O)

*규나 ᄉᆞᆫ산에 ㅅ. 規那酸注射 (규) (나) (실) (산실) (약지을) Inbusum Cinchonae Acid.

*규뎐 ㅅ. 圭田 (쿠ᄅᆞᆫ) (밧) Fields of fifty "acres" each.

*규뎡ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 規定 (법) (뎡호) To decide; to settle. *See* 작뎡ᄒᆞ다

*규뎡ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 規定 (법) (뎡호) To decide; to settle. *See* 작뎡ᄒᆞ다

*규례 ㅅ. 規例 (법) (젼례) Regulation; by-laws; custom. *See* 규측.

*규률 ㅅ. 規律 (법) (법) Law; rules; regulations; canon, order.

*규모 ㅅ. 規模 (법) (규모) A plan; a rule. *See* 졀조.

*규문 ㅅ. 閨門 (집) (문) A sleeping apartment; bedroom.

*규범 ㅅ. 規範 (법) (법) A law, rule, example, model, or pattern.

규셕 ㅅ. 窺石 (금 ᄭᅮᆨ) (돌—셕셩) A touchstone for testing the quality of gold. *See* 츄셕돌.

*규셩 ㅅ. 奎星 (별) (별) The 15th of the 28 constellations, ζ Mirach ν, ξ, ὁ, ρ, μ, ν, π, Andromeda σ (2) γ, ν, φ, χ, φ, Pisces 17° 48′ 12″.

*규시ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 窺視 (엿볼) (볼) To spy; to watch. *See* 엿보다

*규ᄉᆡᆨ ㅅ. 規式 (법) (법) To govern by laws; customs. *See* 규례

*규식 ㅅ. 規式 (법) (법) Ceremony; form; ... ...

*규슈 ㅅ. 閨秀 (집) (빼여날) A girl; a maid *See* 처녀

*규운 ㅅ. 奎運 (별) (옴길) Literary fortunes or the state of literature; pro... ... of literature

규... ... 奎... (별) (글장) (집) The Office of the Royal College of Literature

*규정젼운 ㅅ. 奎章全韻 (별) (글장) (온전) (운) The Korean dictionary of rhyme *See* 운회 (Ad.)

*규즁 ㅅ. 閨中 (집) (가온ᄃᆡ) A maid's apartments.

*규즁처녀 ㅅ. 閨中處女 (집) (가온ᄃᆡ) (곳) (계집) A girl; a maiden

*규즁처녀 ㅅ. 閨中處子 (집) (가온ᄃᆡ) (곳) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A girl; a maiden.

1... ... laws; customs. *See* 규측

규... 對... 엄은 ... A surgeon *See* 수ᄇᆞᆨ.

*규측동사 ㅅ. 規則動詞 (법) (법) (움작일) (말) Regular verb.

*규측셔 ㅅ. 規則者 (법) (측) (글) Regulations; writer's rules.

*규합ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 糾合 (얽을) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To call or summon together, to form into a league.

규... ... 葵花 (히ᄇᆞ라기) (곳) The sunflower.

*균 ㅅ. 菌 (버셧) A mushroom; a toadstool.

*균뎐 ㅅ. 均田 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (밧) A system of taxing the landlord instead of the tenant

균동운동 ㅅ. 均等運動 (고ᄅᆞᆷ) (무리) (옴길) (움작일) Uniform motion.

*균등ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 均等 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (무리) To be even; to be equal

*균역청 ㅅ. 均役廳 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (역ᄉᆞ) (쳥) The office for the receipt of taxes in the provinces.

*균일ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 均一 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆫ) To equalize, to make even or similar.

*균졍리익ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 均霑利益 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (저질) (리ᄒᆞᆨ) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) To share equally in profits.

*균졈ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 均霑 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (저질) To possess equally ... ...

*균쳥 ㅅ. 均廳 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (쳥) The office for the receipt of taxes in the province. *See* 균역청.

*균평ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 均平 (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (평호) To be

even; to be equal; to be uniform. *See* 고로다

귤 *s.* 橘 (*귤) Oranges of various kinds.

*귤병 *s.* 橘餠 (귤) (떡) Preserves made of oranges.

*귤쥬 *s.* (-쥬) 橘酒 (귤) (술) Orange wine

*귤피 *s.* 橘皮 (귤) (가죽) Orange-peel

*귤홍 *s.* 橘紅 (귤) (붉을) Dried inside orange peel.

그 *s.* 其 (*기) That; that person. *See* 뎌.

그것 *s.* 其 (그—*기) That; that thing. *See* 뎌것.

그그러씨 *s.* Three years ago *See* 서작년.

그글피 *s.* 後四日 (뒤—*후) (넉—*소) (날—*일) Four days later.

그ᄭᅡ짓것 *s.* Such a thing; a thing like that.

그냥 *s.* As it is; so; without change. *See* 거저

그느다 *s.* 러, 는 To care for; to look after

그느르다 *s.* 느러, 른 To take care of; to look after

그늘 *s.* 陰 (*음) Shade. *See* 음달.

그늘다 *s.* 어; 는 To care for; to look after.

그늘지다 *s.* 늘져, 진 To be shady; to be shaded.

그네 *s.* 鞦韆 (그너—*츄) (그늑—*쳔) A swang—the national amusement for *Tano* of the 5th moon. (뛰다). *See* 츄쳔.

그늘 *s.* 陰 (*음) Shade. *Also* 그늘.

그다지 *s.* So much; like that; thus. *See* 그처럼

그닥지 *s.* As much as that; so much; so; thus. *See* 그처럼.

끄덕끈덕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To nod repeatedly To cluck as a hen.

끈덕이다 *s.* 덕여; 인 To nod.

끄덩이 *s* The hair.

그득그득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be all full—of several.

그득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 盈滿 (출—*영) (출—*영) To be full. *See* 초다.

그들 *s.* 其等 (그 *기) (무리—*등) Them. *See* 뎌들.

그들어ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be full.

그딕 *s.* 君 (*군) You. *See* 어너.

그랴 *s.* 'That's so.' Yes. *See* 와이.

그러도 *s.* 然而 (그럴—*연) (말이 -*이) Even though, nevertheless notwithstanding.

그러져 *s.* 上上年 (웃—*샹) (웃 *샹) (적 -*년) Year before last. *See* 저작년

그러나 *s.* 然 (그럴—*연) But, however, nevertheless; although.

그러나뎌러나 *s.* Thus or otherwise however it may be. *See* 이러엇지 ᄆᆡ 러엇지.

그리니뎌러니 *s.* Thus and thus; so and so

그러담다 *s.* 抹 그러담을 *구) 아, 은 To gather up; to collect.

그리리뎌러리 *s* Thus and thus... . thus and that

그러리말리 *s.* This and this .; one one thing and one another

그러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 어; 은 To grab, to grasp at. *See* 주셔ᄒᆞ다.

그러ᄆᆡ *s.* Because of that; since that is so. (Comp.)

그러면 If that is so; then.

그리안다 *s.* 來抱 (쇼올—*견) (안을—*포) 아; 은 To take in the arms.

그러쥐다 *s.* 어; 헌 To seize; to grab; to gain. *See* 쥐다.

그러찬타 *s.* 不然 (아닐—*불) (그럴—*연) 하; 흔 To be not so; to be untrue, to be false.

그러치 *s.* 果然 (과연—*과) (그럴—*연) 'It is so'; 'that's so' 'that's true.' *See* 올셔

그리케 *s.* 如彼 (又 홀—*여) (뎌—*피) Thus; in that way, so.

그러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 曰然 (홀—*왈) (그럴—*연) 러ᄒᆞ여, 인 To be so, to be thus, to be true.

그러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 曰然 (홀 -*왈) (그럴—*연) To be thus; to be so; to be true.

그ᄒᆞᆨ뎌ᄒᆞᆨ *s.* This way and that way—any way at all. *See* 그럭뎌럭.

그런 *s.* Such a; one like that—in contempt.

그런고로 *s.* 然故 (그럴—*연) (연고—*고) Therefore, consequently *See* 연고로.

그런즉 *s.* 然則 (그럴 *연) (곳—*즉) Then; if that is so. *See* 연즉.

그럴양으로 By that; in the same way; even the same.

그럼 *s.* Well then. That's so.

ᄭᅳ럼이 *s.* A small dish.

그럿코말고 *s.* Certainly; of course it is so.

그레도 s. 猶然 (오히려—*유) (그럴 *연) Notwithstanding; nevertheless.

그럽 그렇ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tearful. To be nauseating; to be sickening. *See* 아니 ᄲᅮ다. "

그렁뎌렁 s. This way and that way—any way at all. *See* 그럭뎌럭.

그렇이 s. A kind of drag-net; a sort of fish-rake

그렇이질ᄒᆞ다 s. To oppress or squeeze the people as a governor. *See* 탐정ᄒᆞ다

그럭 s. 語助辭 (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*어) (도울—*조) (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*ᄉᆞ) A verbal ending expressing an affirmative or a request.

그러도 s. 然而 (그럴 *연) (말이 *아) Although; even though, a contraction for 그리ᄒᆞ여도.

그레ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be slow; to be laborious. *See* 천천ᄒᆞ다.

그루 s. 根田 (뿌리—*근) (밧—*뎐) A second crop—the same year.

그루 s. 木根 (나무 *목) (뿌리 *근) Stubble; stalks left in the ground. A stump. *See* 그루ᄠᅥ기.

그루뒤 다 s. 어, 린 To turn over the soil for a second crop. (Prov.)

그루드리다 s. 드려; 린 To prepare the fields; to break up land—for a second crop

그루밥다 s. 아; 온 To strike the ends—in order to make them even. To reprimand.

그루ᄠᅥ기 s. Stubble. A stump. *See* 그루.

그르렁 그르릉ᄒᆞ다 s. To wheeze; to gasp. *See* 가르랑 가르랑ᄒᆞ다.

그르릉 s. Wheezing; purring.

그른다 s. (—로) 非 (그룸—*비) 글너; 그른 To be false; to be untrue; to be wrong. *See* 못ᄲᅳ다. *Opp.* 올다.

그릇 s. 器 (*긔) A dish; a bowl. *See* 긔명.

그롯 s. (롯) 誤 (*오) False, untrue.

그롯치다 s. (—로) 誤治 (그롯—*오) (그롯—*치) 게, 친 To falsify, to pervert. *See* 잘못ᄒᆞ다.

그리다 *l.* 畵 (그림 *화) 그려, 린 To sketch; to draw; to picture. *See* 화치다.

그리다 s. 그려; 린 To wish to see; to desire to look upon. *Also* 그립다.

ᄉᆞ리다 s. 湯 (ᄉᆞᆯ—*탕) ᄉᆞ려; 린 To boil. (v. t.) *See* 데우다.

ᄉᆞ리다 *l.* 忌 (ᄭᅥ릴—*긔) ᄉᆞ려; 린 To avoid; to shun; to dread. *See* 실여ᄒᆞ다 *Also* ᄭᅥ리다.

그리뎌리 s. Thus and thus; so and so. *See* 그란어간

그리스도 s. 基督 (ᄒᆞ—*긔) (가ᄂᆞ릴—*독) Christ.

그림 / 畵 (*화) \ picture; a sketch; a drawing (그리다). *See* 화.

그림 / 煤 (*민) \ A black spot caused by smoke. (안ᄯᅡᆨ s. *See* 검와양.

그림아 *l.* A kind of centipede. *L. thalassina fourchue.*

그림에ᄯᅴ *l.* 畵餠 (그림— 화) (ᄯᅴ—*병) Painted bread useless for food. *See* 화병.

그림장이 *l.* 畵工 (그림 *화) (장인—*공) A picture maker. *See* 화ᄉᆞ이.

그림ᄌᆞ / 影 (*영 A shadow; a reflection. *See* (치다)

그립다 s. 리워; 그린 To wish to see; to desire to look upon. *See* 성각ᄒᆞ다.

그ᄅᆞᆺ s. 器 (*긔) A dish; a bowl. *Also* 그릇.

그마곰 s. That much; so much. *Opp.* 이만큼.

그만 s. 止 (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆷ—*지) Enough; sufficient. "It will do!" "Stop!"

그만뎌만ᄒᆞ다 s. To be the same; to be unchanged to be unsettled. *See* 그럭뎌럭ᄒᆞ다.

그만두다 s. 停止 (머므를—*뎡) (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆷ *지) 여; 운 To stop; to let alone; to cease. *See* ᄎᆞ치다.

그만두어라 s. 勿 (말 *물) Stop! Dont do that! *See* ᄀᆞᆺ쳐라.

그만ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sufficient; to be enough. To be the same; to be unchanged.

그만일다 s. To be sufficient; to be enough; to be the end.

그만치 s. Thus; so. (Prov.) *See* 여간 ᄒᆞᆷ.

ᄉᆞᄆᆞ리치다 s. 러저; 전 To be clouded, to grow dim.

그믈 s. 網 (ᄆᆡᆼ) \ net. (치다).

ᄉᆞᄆᆞᆯᄉᆞᄆᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 s. To be light and dark at intervals, to flicker; to be uncertain.

그믐 s. 晦 (*회) The last day of the moon. *See* 회일.

그믐께 s. 晦 (그믐 *회) About the end of the moon.

그믐날 *s.* 晦日 (그믐—*회) (날 *일) The last day of the moon. *See* 회삭

그믐밤 *s.* A dark night; a night without the moon. *See* 칠야.

그믐초승 *s.* 晦朔間 (그믐—*회) (초승—*초) (사이—*간) About the end of the month or the beginning of the next. *See* 회초간에.

그믐칠야 *s.* A dark night—without any moon. *See* 그믐밤.

그분 *s.* 其人 (그—기) (사람—*인) That person; that man.

그슬니다 *s.* 숟녀; 닌 To be scorched.

그슬다 *s.* 니; 그슨 To scorch.

그소이 *s.* 其間 (그—기), (소이—간) The interval, the time that has elapsed. *See* 기간.

그악하다 *s.* 極惡 (극흑—*극) (악흑—*악) To be extreme; to be depraved. *See* 심하다.

그야 *s.* That's so but—used as an introduction; as for that.

그얀말노 *s.* 如其言 (겨흑—*여) (그—*기), (말숨—*언) As was said; as they say.

그어주다 *s.* 주어; 준 To outline lightly—as characters to be written by scholars. *See* 써너주다.

끄으다 *l.* 러; 은 To lead; to draw; to pull; to drag. *Also* 끄을다

그윽히 *s.* 窈 (그윽—*결) Profoundly; deeply. *See* 군깊히.

그윽히 *s.* 幽 (그윽흑—*유) Secretly, furtively.

그윽하다 *s.* 幽 (그윽흑—*유) To be deep, to be profound; to be solitary. *See* 은윽하다 (Ad.)

끄을니다 / 被來 (닌을—*피) (끄을—*건) 을녀, 닌 To be drawn; to be dragged; to be pulled. To be seduced.

끄을다 *l.* 흑 (끄을—*건) 어; 끄은 To draw; to drag; to pull; to lead. *See* 잇끄을다.

그이 *s.* 其 (그—*기) That person.

그자 *s.* 其者 (그—*기) (놈—*자) He that fellow.

그저째 *s.* 再昨日 (두—*저) (어제—*작) (날—*일) Day before yesterday.

그저 *s.* 徒然 (흑갓—*도) (그럴—*연) Thus; just as it is; without change.

그저먹기 *s.* Indifferent labor, easy work.

그적그럭하다 *s.* To act indifferently.

그전에 *s.* 其前 (그—*기) (앞—*전) Before that; before. *See* 이전에

그지업다 *s.* 無窮 (업을—*무) (다흘—*궁) 셔; 슨 To be without limit; to be immense. *See* 한명업다.

그쳐럴 *s.* Thus, in that way; like *See* 그다지.

*극 *s.* 極 (구장) The Poles.

*극간하다 *s.* 極諫 (극집) (간흘) To address an earnest remonstrance; to warn earnestly.

*극공명하다 *s.* 極功名 (구장) (공) (일흠) To obtain the highest rank.

*극구방응 *s.* 隙駒光陰 (륨) (마아지) (빗) (그늘) Time goes like a colt past a chink

*극귀하다 *s.* 極貴 (구장) (귀흘) To be extremely rare. *See* 희귀하다.

*극긔온도 *s.* 寒暖溫度 (구집 (기약) (다술) (지날) Critical Temperature.

*극긔하다 *s.* 克己 (이길) (몸) To conquer one's passions; to overcome one's natural inclinations.

*극과하다 *s.* 極過 (구장) (지날) To be too much; to go beyond bounds. *See* 과만하다

극난하다 *s.* 極難 (구장) 어려울) To be exceedingly difficult. *Opp.* 용이하다.

극남 *s.* 極南 (구장) (남녁) The South Pole. *Opp.* 극북.

*극단 *s.* 極端 (가장) (끗) The farthest limits—of a country or district; extreme point; the extreme limits—of an argument.

*극점 *s.* 極點 (구장) (점칠) The highest degree; the extreme limits; the zenith.

*극도 *s.* 極圖 (구장) (그림) Polar Projections.

*극도 *s.* 極度 (구장) (지날) The highest degree; the extreme limit; acme; zenith.

*극동 *s.* 極東 (구장) (동녁) The farthest point east. *Opp.* 극서.

*극락세계 *s.* 極樂世界 (구장) (즐거울) (인간) (디경) The abode of perfect bliss; Paradise; Nirvana.

*극력주선하다 *s.* 極力周旋 (구장) (힘) (두루) (돌) To aid or act by all the means in one's power.

*극력하다 *s.* 極力 (구장) (힘) To do with all one's might.

*극로림 *s.* 克魯林 (이길) (나라) (수풀) Chlorine.

*극률 s. 極律 (극뉼) (법) The limit of the law—beheading.

*극변 s. 極邊 (극변) (가) The outside limit; the extreme border.

극변원찬호다 v. 極邊遠竄 (극변) (가) (멸) (귀향갈) To exile to the extreme limit of the kingdom.

*극북 s. 極北 (극북) (북녁) The North Pole; the farthest point north. *Opp.* 극남.

*극비 /. 棘匕 (가시) (슈가락) A ladle; a skimmer. (B. O.)

*극삼각형 s. 極三角形 (극삼각형) (석) (뿔) (형상) Polar triangle

*극상 s. 極上 (극상) (웃) The first quality; the best *See* 최상.

*극상등 s. 極上等 (극상) (웃) (무리) A No. 1.

*극상품 s. 極上品 (극상) (웃) (즘수) The first quality; the very highest degree. *See* 상상품.

*극서 s. 極西 (극서) (서녁) The farthest point west. *Opp.* 극동.

*극서 s. 極暑, 극쟈, (더울) Extreme heat, the hottest season of the year. *Opp.* 극한.

*극성 s. 極星 (극셩) (별) A polar star

극성부리다 s. 부려; 리 To be extreme, to be severe. *See* 극성호다.

극성스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be extreme; to be severe; to go beyond bounds. *See* 극성부리다.

극성으로 s. Exceedingly; extremely.

*극성즉패 s. 極盛則敗 (극셩) (셩) (곳) (패) Excess of anger causes failure.

*극성호다 s. 極盛 (극셩) (셩) To go beyond limits; to be extreme *See* 극심호다.

*극심 s. 棘心 (가시) (모음) Among thorns. (B. C.)

*극심호다 s. 極甚 (극심) (심) To be intense; to be extreme. *See* 극성스럽다.

*극언호다 s. 極言 (극언) (말숨) To remonstrate earnestly—with a superior.

*극위 s. 棘圍 (가시) (에울) A fence of thorns placed about candidates writing in a civil examination

*극인 s. 棘人 (가시) (사롬) A mourner. (B. O.)

*극원호다 s. 極遠 (극원) (멀) To be farthest; to be most distant

[illegible] To scratch; to claw. To annoy; to ang. *See* 작사기리다.

극적극적호다 s. To scratch; to claw. To a [illegible]

*극존 s. 極尊 (극존) (놉흘) The most illustrious the [illegible]

*극존대호다 s. 極尊待 (극존) (놉흘) (대 [illegible] politely, to treat with [illegible]

*극진히 s. 極盡 (극진 (다홀) Extremely; excessively; to the utmost limit. *See* 라우

*극진호다 s. 極盡 (극진) 다홀) To be extreme, to be at the outmost limit.

[illegible] 極擇 (극택) (가릴) To choose [illegible] best

[illegible] 品 (극품, [illegible] highest [illegible]

[illegible] 엄:

*극해 s. 極害 (극히) [illegible] Great hardship; suffering; los-

*극항 s. 極亢 (극항) (놉흘) The utmost; the very extreme. *See* 디진두.

*극형 s. 極刑 (극형) (형벌) Extreme punishment; torture. *See* 악형.

*극호사호다 s. 極豪奢 (극호) (사치) To be extravagant; to be luxuriant in dress. *See* 샤치호다.

*극히 s. 極 (극) Extremely; greatly; excessively. *See* 심히.

*극호다 s. 極 (극) To be extreme; to be at the utmost, to reach a climax. *See* 심호다.

근 s. 斤 (날) A catty; 1¼ lbs. avoirdupois.

*근 s. 根 (쎡리) A root; the core.

*근 /. 近 (갓가올) About, nearly. *See* 거위.

*근 s. 謹 (갓근—*영*) A string; a cord. (달다). *See* 노.

*근가 /. 近家 (갓가올) (집) A neighboring house. *See* 리웃.

근가 [illegible] 近可 (갓가올) (올흘) To be [illegible] e the same. *See* 홈소호다.

*근간 / 近間 (갓가올) (소이) Lately; recently. *See* 이이작

[illegible] 근심 : To be diligent; to be busy. *See* 부지런호다.

근감호다 s. To have a numerous offspring.

*근거디 s. 根據地 (쎡리) (뭇거) (짜) A strategic point, headquarters.

*근검(온)지가지본 s. 勤儉治家之本 (부지런홀, 검박 다ᄉᆞ릴)(집) 갈, (온) Diligence and frugality are the foundation of a home.

근검ᄒᆞ다 s. 勤儉 부지런홀 (검박) To be diligent and economical. *See* 근실ᄒᆞ다.

*근경 l. 近境 (갓가올) (디경) A near boundary. *See* 근방. An outline; a limit.

*근경ᄒᆞ다 s. 根耕 (뿌리) (밧갈) To work a field for a second crop.

*근고 s. 勤苦 (부지런홀)(괴로울) Arduous labor in preparation for promotion. (치다.. *See* 근고.

근곡 s. 根穀 (뿌리) (곡식) The remains of last year's crop. *See* 진곡.

*근골 s. 筋骨 (힘줄) (뼈) Sinews and bones.

*근공 s. 勤工 (부지런홀)(공부) Diligence; faithfulness in work.

*근공 s. 勤功 (부지런홀)(공) Merit shewn in the discharge of one's duties; meritorious services as an official; zealous service.

*근국 l. 近國 (갓가올)(나라) Neighboring states.

*근근부지ᄒᆞ다 s. 僅僅扶支 (겨우) (겨우) (ᄇᆞᆺ들) (가질) To live with difficulty; to be hard up; to be pinched

*근근부지ᄒᆞ다 l. 僅僅扶持 (겨우) (겨우) (ᄇᆞᆺ들) (가질) To live with difficulty; to be hard up.

*근근히 l. 僅僅 겨우 (겨우) Scarcely; with difficulty *See* 겨우.

근근ᄒᆞ다 l. To feel a tickling sensation.

끈끈ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sticky, to be gluey; to be viscous. To be urgent; to be persistent. *See* 차지다.

*근기 s. 根氣 (뿌리) (긔운) Strength—gained from food.

*근기 s. 根基 (뿌리) (터) Basis; foundation; origin or source.

근기잇다 s. To be long abiding; to be substantial *See* 차지다.

*근년 l. (글) 近年 (갓가올) (히) These years. *See* 근리.

*근념ᄒᆞ다 s. (글) 勤念 (부지런홀) (생각) To take into consideration; to condescend to think of.

*근농ᄒᆞ다 s. (글) 勤農 (부지런홀) (농ᄉᆞ) To encourage or cultivate the fields. *See* 권농ᄒᆞ다.

근대 s. A stem of herbs. *See* 줄기.

근덕이다 s. 덕여; 인 To shake backwards and forwards; to be loose.

근덩거리다 s. 거려; 리 To shake; to be loose. *See* 근덕이다.

근덩근덩ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake; to be loose. *See* 근덩거리다.

*근돔 l. 近洞 (갓가올)(골) A near village. *See* 근리.

근돔ᄒᆞ다 勤動 (부지런홀) (움ᄌᆡ일, to work busily. (M.)

*근두 s. 筋頭 (힘줄) (머리) Rhapis humilis.

*근두박질ᄒᆞ다 s. 頓倒 (업드러질—ᄭᅮᆫ) (거ᄭᅮ러질 도) To fall headlong, to fall flat. *See* 너머지다.

근드렁거리다 s. 거려; 린 To shake; to stagger, to waver. *See* 근덩근덩ᄒᆞ다.

근드렁근드렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake; to stagger, to waver *See* 근들근들ᄒᆞ다

근들거리다 s. 거려; 린 To waver; to shake; to move backwards and forwards. *See* 흔들거리다.

근들근들ᄒᆞ다 s. To waver; to shake; to stagger. *See* 흔들흔들ᄒᆞ다.

근들니다 s. 들너; 닌 To crush up against; to crowd. (v.t.) (Prov.)

근들ᄃᆡ다 s. 여; 린 To stagger; to waver. *See* 빈들ᄃᆡ다.

*근디 l. 近地 (갓가올) (짜) A neighboring district. *See* 근처.

*근디 l. 近代 (갓가올) (력ᄃᆡ) During recent dynasties; of late years; modern times.

*근디다 s. ᄃᆡ여; 린 To tease; to bother; to touch. *See* 근드리다.

근디소 l. 近代史 (갓가올) (ᄃᆡ신) (소긔) Modern history

*근량 s. 斤兩 (날) (두) Catties and ounces; weight. *See* 즁슈.

*근력 s. 筋力 (힘줄) (힘) Strength; vigor. *See* 힘

*근로 s. 近路, n. (갓가올) (길) A shorter or near road or way More convenient way or method.

*근로ᄒᆞ다 s. 勤勞 (부지런ᄒᆞᆫ) (슈고로올) To endure difficulties, to faithfully discharge one's duty; to serve diligently. *See* 힘ᄡᅳ다

*근리ᄒᆞ다 l. 近理 (갓가올) (리치) To be probable; to be reasonable; to be so. *See* 근소ᄒᆞ다.

*근린 l. 近隣 (갓가올) (ᄃᆞᆯ옷) A near neighborhood; vicinity. *See* 리웃

*근리 *l.* 近來 (갓가울) (올) Recently; lately. *See* 어리에.

*근관 *s.* 勤慢 (부지런홀) (느질) Dihgence and negligence.

*근만념 *s.* 勤晩點 (부지런홀) (느질) (염) Marks for diligence and punctuality.

*근만표 *s.* 勤晩表 (부지런홀) (느질) (표홀) A table or report of scholarship.

*근면ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勤勉 (부지런홀) (힘쓸) To be diligent or industrious in discharging one's duties; to study assiduously.

*근무 *s.* 勤務 (부지런홀) (힘쓸) Discharging one's duties, service.

*근무ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 勤務 (부지런홀) (힘쓸) To be on duty; to serve.

*근묵자흑 *l.* 近墨者黑 (갓가울) (먹) (놈) (검을) He who goes near ink gets black.

*근믹 *s.* 根脈 (뿌리) (믹) Symptoms; conditions; origin. *See* 됴리.

*근방 / 近方 (갓가울) (모) Neighborhood. *See* 근ᄂᆞᆷ.

*근방 *l.* 近傍 (갓가울) (겻) Neighbourhood; vicinity.

*근변 *l.* 近邊 (갓가울) (가) Neighbourhood; vicinity.

*근본 *s.* 根本 (뿌리) (밋) Origin; source; beginning. *See* 리유.

*근본뎍 *s.* 根本的 (뿌리) (밋) (뎍실) Original design; first intention.

*근봉 *l.* 謹封 (삼갈) (봉홀) A sealed document.

근분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 허; 혼 To get a foothold—as business, means of living etc.

*근빅ᄒᆞ다 / 謹白 (삼갈) (알욀) To make a respectful statement; used also commonly at the end of letters when it may be rendered "with respect."

*근상 *l.* 近狀 (갓가울) (형상) Present or recent condition—of countries; present or recent aspect—of affairs.

*근섬유 *s.* 筋纖維 (힘줄) (가늘) (얽을) *Musucular fibres.*

*근세 *l.* 近世 (갓가울) (인간) Modern times.

*근세ᄉᆞ *l.* 近世史 (갓가울) (인간) (ᄉᆞ긔) Modern history.

*근셩 *s.* 根性 (뿌리) (셩품) Disposition; temper; character.

*근수 *s.* 斤數 (날) (두어) Weight. (나아가다). *See* 즁수.

근수나아가다 *s.* 아가; 간 To have weight, to be heavy—for the size.

근슈ᄒᆞ다 謹守 삼갈 T fully guard; to attend to.

*근승ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 謹承 (삼갈) (나올 To respectfully take note of used only in letters.

*근시 *l.* 近侍 (갓가울) (모실) A chamberlain; equerry; lady in waiting.

*근시 *l.* 近時 (갓가울) (때) Recently; of late; latterly.

*근시경 *l.* 近視鏡 (갓가울) (볼) (거울) Spectacles for near-sighted persons. *Opp.* 원시경.

*근시안 *s.* 近視眼 (갓가울) (볼) (눈) N sightedness. One who is short ed N ᄀᆞᆫ.

*근시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 近視 (갓가울) (볼) To be near sighted. *Opp* 원시ᄒᆞ다.

*근시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 近侍 (갓가울) (모실) To wait upon the king. *See* 입시ᄒᆞ다

*근신 *l.* 近臣 (갓가울) 신 lain or equerry in ance on the Emp other member of the Imperial Family.

*근신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 謹愼 (삼갈) (삼갈) To be circumspect; to seclude one's self; to be careful

근실근실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 癢 (가려울—*양) To feel a tickling sensation.

근실히 *s.* Truly; assuredly. *See* 과실히.

근신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勤實 (부지런홀) (실홀) To be diligent and sincere.

근심 *s.* 憂 (*우) Anxiety; care; worry. *See* 걱정.

근심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 憂 (근심—*우) To be anxious; to be uneasy; to be troubled.

근ᄉᆞ군 *s.* 勤仕軍 (부지런홀 (셤길) 군ᄉᆞ) A practised hand; one who has studied diligently

근ᄉᆞ다ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勤仕 부지런홀 셤길 가, 근 To fill one's office diligently; to work faithfully. *See* 근ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다

*근ᄉᆞ셔ᄃᆡ *s.* 勤仕 (부지런홀) (셤길) ᄉᆞ셔; 쳔 To work faithfully; to do one's duty diligently. *See* 근ᄉᆞ다ᄒᆞ다.

*근ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勤仕 부지런홀 셤길 ᄒᆞ work diligently. *See* 근ᄉᆞ다ᄒᆞ다

*근ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 / 近似 갓가울 ᄀᆞᆮᄒᆞᆯ To be almost alike; to be probably so; to be likely. *See* 비ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*근안 *l.* 近眼 갓가울) (눈) Short-sightedness; myopia. One who is near-sighted

*근운동 s. 筋運動 (힘줄) (움길) (움직일) A twitching of the muscles.

근위감독부 s. 近衛監督部 (갓가울) (호위) (볼) 거느릴) 마을) The Inspection Department of the Imperial Guard.

*근위대 / 近衛隊 갓가울) (모실) (떼) Imperial Guard. *See* 시위대.

근위대장 / 近衛隊長 갓가울) 모실) (떼) (어른) Commander of the Imperial Guard. *See* 시위대장

근위병 / 近衛兵 (갓가울) (모실) (군사) Soldiers of the Imperial Guard. *See* 시위병.

근읍 s. 近邑 갓가울 마을, A neighboring district. *See* 린읍.

*근인 s. 根因 (뿌리) (인호) Reason; cause

근일 · 斤 - 날 호 Equal; identical; level; even; uniform.

*근일 / 近日 (갓가울) (날) Shortly; soon; in a few days.

근일근일ᄒᆞ다 s. 何痕 뭔 *가 가려울 *양) To feel a tickling sensation. *See* 근질근질ᄒᆞ다

*근일에 / 近日 (갓가울) (날) These days; nowadays; lately. *See* 이마쟉.

*근원 s. 根源 (뿌리) (근원) Source; origin; beginning.

*근자득지 s. 勤者得之 (부지런호) (놈) (엇을) (갈) Diligence wins the day.

근자에 / 近者 (갓가울) (놈) These days; recently. *See* 근간에

끈적거리다 s. 거려 ; 린 To be sticky. To be persistent. *See* 끈끈ᄒᆞ다.

끈적끈적ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sticky To be persistent. *See* 끈끈ᄒᆞ다.

*근접ᄒᆞ다 s. 斤霑 (날) (저질) To possess equally ; to enjoy equally.

*근접 s. 近接 (갓가울) (접호) Access.

*근족 / 近族 (갓가울) (겨레) A near relative—of the same clan *See* 일가 *Opp* 원족.

*근종 s. 根腫 (뿌리 (신데) An ulcer or abscess with a core. *See* 대종

*근종 s. 根種 (뿌리) (씨) Seed for a second crop.

*근주ᄒᆞ다 / 謹奏 (삼갈) (알욀) To reverently memorialize.

*근준ᄒᆞ다 / 謹遵 (삼갈) (좇칠) To carefully obey.

*근참 s. 近站 (갓가울) (기동) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*근츄 s. 根株 (뿌리) (그루) The root of a tree ; a stump; stubble.

*근즁 s. 斤重 (날) (무거울) Weight; gravity; influence. *See* 근수.

*근지 s. 根枝 (뿌리) (가지) Origin; source. *See* 근본

*근지수 s. 根指數 (뿌리) 스가락) (두어) Index (of roots)

근지ᄒᆞ다 s. 新持 (앗길) 가질) To delay; to hold on to; to hesitate.

근질근질ᄒᆞ다 s. To tickle; to feel a tickling sensation; to be itchy. *See* 가렵다.

*근조 s. 筋子 (힘줄) (아들) The roe of saluon.

*근처 / 近處 (갓가울) (곳) A near neighborhood. *See* 근동.

*근커 s. 根底 (뿌리) 끗) Origin, family, extract (Prov.) *See* 근시

*근촌 / 近村 (갓가울) (촌락) Neighbouring villages.

*근축증 s. 筋縮症 (힘줄) (옴남) (증세) A drawing up or withering of parts of the body.

끈치다 s. 끈쳐 ; 친 To be broken; to be pulled apart; to be interrupted; to be paid as a debt. *See* 끈허지다.

*근친ᄒᆞ다 / 覲親 (뵈일) (어버이) To visit one's parents—of a bride

*근다 / 勤惰 (부지런호) (게으를) Industry and idleness; diligence and neglect.

끈타 s. 絕 (끈흘—*절) 허 ; 흔 To break by pulling; to be broken off; to interrupt. To cut. *See* 무지르다.

끈타불 s. 繩 (끈—*영) A string; a cord that fastens. (달다).

*근텩 s. 根太 (뿌리) (콩) A second crop of beans—usually after barley. *See* 그루콩.

*근텽ᄒᆞ다 / 謹聽 (삼갈) (드를) To hear with respect; to listen with attention.

*근평 s. 斤平 (날) (평호) Equal; identical; level; even; uniform

*근포ᄒᆞ다 s. 跟捕 (발뒤굼치) (잡을) To search out; to track.

*근표 s. 根表 (뿌리) (밧) Radical (V.)

*근피 s. 跟皮 (발뒤굼치) (가죽) A soft kind of leather used for shoes.

*근하신년 / 謹賀新年 (삼갈) (하례) (새) (히) I respectfully congratulate you on the arrival of the new year. *See* 공하신년.

*근하하다 f. 謹賀 (삼갈) (하례) To congratulate with respect.

*근학하다 f. 勤學 (부지런홀) (배홀) To study assiduously.

*근황 f. 近況 (갓가올) (형톨며) Present state, recent condition.

*근린 f. 近隣 (갓가올) (이골) Neighbouring districts, environs.

근허맛기다 s. 맛겨; 긴 To hand over to, to give the care of. See 도맛주다.

근허쩌리다 s. 絕 (끈흘—*절) 쩌려, 린 To break by pulling.

근허지다 s. 絕 (끈흘—*절) 허지; 진 To be broken—by being pulled; to be broken off; [illegible] See 끈허지다.

근호 名號 (부러) (일홈) Real name.

근히 f Frequently; often. See 자조.

*근하다 f. 近 (갓가올) To be alike, to be somewhat similar. (Prov.) See 근사하다.

*근하다 s. 勤 (부지런홀) To be busy; to be industrious; to be diligent. See 부조런하다.

*근해 f. 近海 (갓가올) (바다) Adjacent seas; near the sea.

근해변 f. 近海邊 (갓가올) (바다) (가) Neighboring sea-shore. See 연해변.

*근히지디 f. 近海之地 (갓가올) (바다) (짤) (짜) A pleace near the sea.

글 s. 文 (*문) Chinese characters. (낡다) (짓다).

글 s. 斫 (*작) A chisel.

글 s. 鍬 (허력—*발) Hoe. (Prov.) See 쇼덩이.

글렁글렁 s. Wheezing; purring.

글렁이 s. A comb, a rake.

글렁이질하다 s. 掠民 (쌀 *쥼) (획성—*민) To squeeze money out of the people. To draw in a net. (Prov.) See 탐젼하다.

글귀 s. 詩句 (글 *시) (글귀 -*구) A verse, a couplet. See 글장.

글글하다 f. To hawk; to belch.

글글하다 s. To be independent; to be imposing; to be flourishing.

글너지다 s. 誤 (그릇—*오) 너져; 진 To turn out badly. See 그릇되다.

글너지다 s. 解 (글 *히) 너져; 진 To become unfastened; to [illegible] See 글어지다.

글느다 s. 解 (글—*히) 글너; 는 To unfasten, to loosen. See 글다.

글닑다 s. 讀書 (닑을—*독) (글 *서) 여; 은 To read, to read the classics, to study.

글다 f. 掻 (쓸 *쾌) 어, 근은 To drag; to draw; to pull. See 잇글다.

글다 s. 어; 근 To blacken with smoke.

글제 s. 題 (글 *뎨) 여; 은 To [illegible] theme, a subject [illegible] See 글제하다.

글짓다 s. 作文 (지을—*작) (글—*문) 여; 은 To compose—in Chinese characters. See 글짓다.

글방 s. 書房 (글 *셔) (셔지—*직) A school.

글셰 f. A reply denoting uncertainty, doubt, neither one thing nor another.

글시 s. 寫手 (쓸 *샤) (손 —*슈) Character writing. (쓰다

글우다 s. 어, 운 To [illegible] to [illegible]

글으다 f. 解 [illegible] 기 [illegible] To [illegible] to [illegible] See 글다.

글으다 f. 解 [illegible] 흘너 [illegible] To loosen; to untasten. See 글다.

글월 s. 文 (*문) Writing; printed letters.

글줄 s. 文行 (글 [illegible] (줄기 —*항) Lines of written characters.

글질하다 s. To chisel, to gouge out.

글짓다 s. 作文 (지을—*작) (글—*문) 지여; 은 To compose—in Chinese characters; to write a composition in Chinese character.

글숭 [illegible] 文字 [illegible] 글 [illegible] 줄, Chinese [illegible] See 글장.

글허 [illegible] 沸 (끌을—*비) 허; 흔 To boil. To [illegible], to swarm. To be in a state of anxiety.

글피 s. 再明日 (두 -*저) (날을 *명) (날 *일) Three days later.

글히영 s. 苔, *관) Sedge.

긁다 s. 어; 은 To run away, to escape—of a criminal. See 긁너기다.

긁다 s. 搔 (긁을 *소) 어, 은 To rake; to scratch, to scrape.

긁지거리다 s. 거려; 린 To scratch. To escape—of a criminal.

긁허뜌다 s. 여; 린 To scratch; to tear.

금 s. 價 (갑 *가) The price, the value. See 갑.

*금 s. 金 (쇠) [illegible] A song—of rush. See 오행 [illegible] of the five elements [illegible] to the west, autumn, white, copper.

금 *s.* 裡 (다스릴—*라). A crack, a crease. (나다)(가다).

금가다 *s.* 가, 간 To be cracked as crackle ware. *See* 터가다.

*금각대 *s.* 金角帶 (쇠) (쓸) (띠) A horn-belt inlaid with gold—worn by officials.

*금강도 *s.* 金甲島 (쇠) (갑옷) (섬) A post station in Chiindo Island—Lat. 34.21 Long. 126.14

*금강 *s.* 金剛 (쇠) (강호) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*금강 *l.* 錦江 (비단) (물) A river between Chŏl-la-do and Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*금강경 *s.* 金剛經 (쇠) (강호) (글) The Diamond Sutra—a Buddhist classic

*금강산 *s.* 金剛山 (쇠) (강호) (뫼) The Diamond Mountains of Korea Lat. 38.30 Long. 128.01.

*금강석 *s.* 金剛石 (쇠) (강호) (돌) A diamond. *See* 금강찬.

*금강연 *s.* 金剛淵 (쇠) (강호) (못) A lake in Kang-won-do—Lat. 38.36 Long. 128.25.

금강찬 *s.* 金剛鑽 (쇠) (강호) (뚫을) A diamond—for cutting glass. *See* 금강석.

*금계 *s.* 金桂 (쇠) (계수나무) Olea fragrans.

*금계랍 *s.* 金鷄蠟 (쇠) (돌) (밀) Sulphate of quinine.

금계랍암모니움정기 金鷄蠟 丁幾 (쇠) (돌) (밀) (찬명—*영) (릿—*귀) Tinctura Quininae Ammoniato.

*금계랍주 *s.* 金鷄蠟酒 (쇠) (돌) (밀) (술) Vinum Quininae.

*금고 *s.* 金庫 (쇠) (고칠) A money safe; a treasury.

*금고 *s.* 金鼓 (쇠) (북) Gong and drum—sounds of war

*금고 *s.* 今古 (이제) (녜) The present and the past; ancient and modern times.

*금고종신호다 *l.* 禁錮終身 (금호) (종을) (모칠) (몸) To be degraded for life; to be imprisoned for life—of officials.

*금고호다 禁錮 (금호 (종을) To imprison; to confine; to be imprisoned. To degrade.

*금곡 *s.* 金谷 (쇠) (골) A post station in Whang-hai-do. A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do

*금괴 *s.* 金塊 (쇠) (덩이) An ingot of gold.

*금공 *s.* 金工 (쇠) (장원) Metal work; a worker in metals.

*금교 *s.* 金郊 (쇠) (들) A post station in Whang-hai-do—Lat. 38.34 Long. 127.19.

*금구 金溝 (쇠) (개천) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do—Lat. 35.39 Long. 127.06.

*금구 *s.* 金甌 (쇠) (질그릇) Golden goblets;

*금구충 *s.* 金龜蟲 (쇠) (거북) (버레) A kind of beetle.

*금군 *l.* 禁軍 (금호) (군소) Formerly the king's body-guard.

*금군별장 *l.* 禁軍別將 (금호) (군소) (리길) (장슈) Formerly General of the king's body-guard.

*금규 *s.* 錦葵 (비단) (히브타기) A species of holly-hock.

금근 金斤 쇠 날 A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do—Lat. 36.20 Long. 126.50.

*금긔호다 *l.* 禁忌 (금호) (꺼릴) To avoid; to abstain from. To be incompatible.

*금관 *s.* 金冠 (쇠) (갓) A gold embroidered cap.

*금관조복 *s.* 金冠朝服 (쇠) (갓) (아홈) (옷) A gold embroidered cap and court dress.

*금관조 *s.* 金貫子 (쇠) (꿰일) (아홈) Gold head-band ring—insignia of rank (달다) *Opp.* 옥관조.

*금광 *s.* 金鑛 (쇠 구뎡이) A gold mine. *See* 금혈.

*금광 *s.* 金鑛 (쇠) (돌) Gold ore.

*금궤 *s.* 金櫃 (쇠) (궤 A money safe.

금나다 *l.* 나; 난 To spread apart; to split; to crack. *See* 터가다.

금나다 *s.* 定價 (뎡홀—*뎡) (갑—*가) 금나; 난 To have a price; to be fixed—of a price

금나 *s.* 金諾 (쇠 (허락) A strict or unchanging promise; a solemn agreement an oath.

*금낭 *l.* 錦囊 (비단) (쥬머니) A silk pocket A well written verse.

*금낭화 *l.* 錦囊花 (비단) (쥬머니) (꼿) The pocket flower a variety of the *Dodytra.* A well written poem. *See* 금낭.

*금년 *s.* 今年 (이제, (히) This year. *See* 올.

*금년도 s. 今年度 (이제) (히) (지날) This year; the pre-ent year

*금년생이 s. 今年生 (이제) (히) (날) This year's birth; a child of this year.

*금단하다 t. 禁斷 (금호) (꾼홀) To prohibit; to forbid, to prevent. *See* 말니다

*금말 t. 禁斷 금 문서방 A forbidden ... as of a government board ...

금박다 ... 다하; 혼 To be worth the price. *See* 갑지다.

*금련 s. 金殿 (쇠) (집) A golden palace; a magnificent building

*금련루각 s. 金殿樓閣 (쇠) (집) (다락) (집) Magnificent ... buildings.

*금점 s. 金店 (쇠) (장소집) Government gold diggings

*금점하다 s. 金店 (쇠) (장소집) To dig gold.

*금제 s. 金驛 (쇠) (발굽) A post station in Ch'ung-chong-do.

*금지하다 t. 禁停 (금호) (어므를) To suspend by an interdict (as the publication of newspapers); to prohibit; to forbid.

*금도 s. 今度 (이제) (지날) This time; now; on the present occasion.

*금동 s. 金洞 (쇠) ... A post station in Kyong-sang-do, and Whang ha ...

*금됴 t. 禽鳥 (새) (새) Birds.

*금됴산 s. 金鳥山 (쇠) (새) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do—Lat. 36.55 Long. 128.15.

*금등더 s. 金燈臺 (쇠) (등불) (집) A golden candlestick

*금디 s. 禁地 금호) (짜) Forbidden ... ground

*금뎌 s. 今代 (이제) (덕신) The present dynasty, this age *See* 당뎌.

*금란 s. 金蘭 (쇠) (란초) The golden orchid—a bosom friend.

*금란 s. 金襴 (쇠) (련쪽홀) A kind of gold brocade.

*금란가사 t. 錦襴袈裟 (비단) (련쪽홀) (가사) (가사) A silken Buddhist cassock.

*금란지 s. 金蘭契 (쇠) (란초) (글) A very intimate friendship.

*금란군 t. 禁亂軍 (금호) (어지러울) (군소) Formerly a constable or soldier who saw to the carrying out of government prohibitions.

*금란소령 t. 禁亂使令 (금호) (어지러울) (호여묶, 호여묶) Formerly ... runners who saw to the carrying out of government prohibitions.

*금란하다 t. 禁亂 (금호) (어지러울) To prevent a disturbance; to prohibit unlawful acts

*금랑 ... 金娘島 (쇠) (어질) (섬) An ... do—Lat. 34.39 ...

*금령 t. 禁令 (금호) (호여곰) A government prohibition. *See* 금법.

*금령 s. 金嶺 (쇠) (고기) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*금로 s. 金路 (쇠) (길) An island off Quelpaert —Lat. 33.13 Long 126.38.

*금록옥 ... 金綠玉 (쇠) ... 푸를) (구슬) Chrysoberyl

*금루의 ... 金鏤衣 (쇠) ... 실마리 (옷) Hemstitched ...

*금류 s. 金類 (쇠) (종류) Metals.

*금륜 s. 金輪 (쇠) (박회) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*금린 s. 金鱗 (쇠) (비눌) Fish; applied chiefly to barbel.

*금린옥척 s. 金鱗玉尺 (쇠) (비눌) (옥) (자) Fish; applied chiefly to barbel.

*금만 s. 今晚 (이제) (느질) This evening

금만가 s. 金滿家 (쇠) (구득홀) (집) A rich man; a wealthy person; a millionaire

*금망(이)소활하다 t. 禁網疎闊 (금호) (그물) (성길) (넓을) The be wide of mesh ... of the "net" of the law.

*금명간 s. 今明間 (이제) (붉을) (소이) To-day and to-morrow.

*금모조 s. 黔毛鳥 (검을) (털억) (개) A ... station in Chol-la-do

금목수화토 ... 金木水火土 (쇠) (나무) (물) (불) (흙 Five natural elements, metal, wood, water, fire, earth. *See* 오행.

*금물 t. 禁物 (금호) (물건) Prohibited articles; forbidden goods; contraband goods.

*금물 s. 金水 (쇠) (물—*슈) Melted gold.

*금물 s. 金物 (쇠) (물건) Things made of metal; hardware

*금바둑 s. 金碁文 (쇠) (바둑—*자) (글—*문) A girdle ornament of gold—worn by women.

*금박 s. 金箔 (쇠) (발) Gold leaf; gold-foil. (올니다).

금박다 s. 아; 은 To guild letters; to print in gold.

*금반 s. 今般 (이제) (가지) This time; now; on the present occasion.

*금방 s. 方今 (이제) (모) Just now; at this moment. *See* 지금

*금번 s. 今番 (이제) (번) This time; the present juncture. *See* 이번.

*금법 / 禁法 금할) (법) Prohibition law.

*금보 s. 琴譜 (거문고) (족보) A harp-note.

*금봉채 s. 金鳳釵 (쇠) (새) (빈히) A phœnix-shaped hair pin of gold—as worn by brides. *See* 은죽절.

*금부 l. 禁府 (금할) (마을) The prison—for official offenders. *See* 의금부

*금부 s. 點窟 김을) (부자) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*금부도사 / 禁府都事 금할,(마을)(도읍)(일) Formerly an officer in charge of the *Keumbu* prison.

*금부라장이 / 禁府羅將 (금할)(마을)(벌)(장수) Formerly the guards and soldiers of the *Keumbu* prison.

*금부처 s. 金佛 (쇠) (부처—*불) A gilt image of Buddha. *Opp.* 돌부처.

*금분 s. 金粉 (쇠) (가루) Gold dust; powdered gold.

*금불 s. 金佛 (쇠) (부처) A gilt image of Buddha. *Opp.* 석불.

*금불여고호다 s. 今不如古 (이제) (아닐) (같을) (네) To be not equal to the past—of the time. *Opp* 고불여금.

*금붕어 s. 金鰾魚 (쇠) (붕어—*부) (고기) A gold fish.

*금빅 s. 金盃 (쇠) (잔) A gold cup.

*금빅 l. 錦伯 (비단) (맏) Formerly the governor of Ch'ung-ch'ŏng province. *See* 충청감소.

*금사 s. 金沙 (쇠) (모래) Yellow sand A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do.

*금사매 s. 金絲梅 (쇠) (실) (매 화) Hypericum patulum

*금사작 s. 金絲雀 (쇠) (실) (새) Canary bird.

*금사 s. 金索 (쇠) (노) A metal or iron chain.

*금산 / 錦山 (비단) (외) Mountains in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do—Lat. 36.45 Long. 127.47; Py'ong an-do—Lat. 39.14 Long. 126.04. A prefect in Chol-la-do—Lat. 36.02 Long. 127 46.

*금산 l. 禁山 (금할) (외) Mountains set apart by the government.

*금산곶 l. 錦山串 (비단) (외) (곶치—*관)

A promontory in Nam-hai Island—Lat. 34.42 Long. 128.03.

금사화 / 禁絲花 (금할,(비암,(곶, A plant supposed to frighten away snakes from the spot where it grows.

*금상 s. 金像 쇠,(형상) A gilded image, a gold idol. *See* 목상; 동상; 석상.

*금상 s. 今上 (이제) (웃) The present king. *See* 상감.

*금상황뎨 s. 今上皇帝 (이제) (웃)(임금) (임금) The present or reigning Emperor.

*금석 s. 今昔 (이제) (네) Ancient and modern.

*금석 s. 今夕 (이제) (저녁) This evening, to-night. *See* 금야.

*금석 s. 金石 (쇠) (돌) Gold and stone. Metal and stone—on which characters are carved.

*금석상약호다 s. 金石相約 (쇠) (돌) (서로) (언약) To make an unchangeable contract firm as gold and stone.

*금석학 s. 金石學 (쇠) (돌) (배홀) Mineralogy.

*금선초 s. 金線草 쇠) (실) 풀) *Polygonum filiforme.*

*금선 s. 金線 (쇠) (실) Gold thread; gold lines in embroidery; gold stripes in a uniform.

*금세 s. 今歲 (이제) (히) This year; during the present year.

*금설 s. 金屑 (쇠) (가로) Gold-dust—as used for tones.

*금세 s. 今世 (이제) (인간) The present age. *See* 즈세.

*금세상 s. 今世上 (이제) (인간) (웃) The present age or world. *See* 즈세상.

*금셩 s. 金星 (쇠) (별) The planet Venus.

*금셩 s. 金聲 (쇠) (소리) The sound of metal: the 'metal' tone—a hissing note.

*금셩 s. 金城 (쇠) (재) A village in Chol-la-do—Lat. 34.57 Long. 126.44.

*금셩 s. 琴聲 (거문고) (소리) The sound of a harp when being played.

*금셩산 s. 金城山 (쇠) (재) (외) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do—Lat 38.40 Long. 128.13.

*금셩산셩 s. 金城山城 (쇠) (재) (외) (재) A military station in Chol-la-do.

*금성초 s. 金星草 (쇠) (별) (풀) *Polygonum filiforme.*

*금속란 s. 金粟蘭 (쇠) (조) (란초) *Chloranthus inconspicuus.*

*금속 s. 金屬 (쇠) (붓칠) Any substance coming under the class of metals.

*금쇼 s. 今宵 (이제) (밤) To-night; this evening.

*금숑 s. 金松 (쇠) (소나무) *Sciadopytie; verticillata.*

*금숑 l. 禁松 (금홀) (솔나무) Prohibition —against cutting pines.

금숑군 / 禁松軍 (금홀) (솔나무) (군소) Guards who prevent the cutting of pines.

*금슈 / 禽獸 (새) (즘승) Birds and beasts. *See* 즘승.

*금슈 l. 錦繡 (비단) (슈노흘) Embroidered silk.

*금슈강산 l. 錦繡江山 (비단) (슈노흘) (물) (뫼) Silk embroidered river and mountains—a name for a beautiful landscape.

*금슈문고단 l. 錦繡紋高緞 (비단) (슈노흘) (문치) (높흘) (비단) A kind of watered silk.

*금슈어 s. 金鬚魚 (쇠) (머리) (고기) *Lepidotrigla microptera.*

*금슈어즁 / 禽獸魚虫 (새) (즘승) (고기) (버레) Beasts; birds and insects.

*금슬 s. 琴瑟 (거문고) (비파) Harp and guitar—harmony; union; agreement; conjugal felicity.

*금슬지락 s. 琴瑟之樂 (거문고) (비파) (갈) (즐거울) The delights of harmony; conjugal felicity. *See* 금슬.

*금시 s. 今時 (이제) (때) The present time. *See* 시방.

*금시계 s. 金時計 (쇠) (때) (계교) A gold watch.

*금시발복 s. 今時發福 (이제) (때) (필) (복) Sudden good fortune—as that following a propitious burial.

*금시초견 s. 今始初見 (이제) (비로솔) (처음) (볼) What is seen for the first time.

*금시초문 s. 今始初聞 (이제) (비로솔) (처음) (드를) What is heard for the first time.

*금시표 s. 金時表 (쇠) (때) (밧) A gold watch.

*금식 s. 金飾 (쇠) (쑴일) Ornamented with gold; gold ornaments.

*금식령 l. 禁食令 (금홀) (밥) (호여곰) An order to fast.

*금식일 l. 禁食日 (금홀) (밥) (날) A fast day.

*금식ᄒᆞ다 l. 禁食 (금홀) (밥) To fast; to go without food.

*금실 s. 金絲 (쇠) (실 *ᄉᆞ) Gold thread.

금실금실 s. Shaking; moving. *See* 고물고물.

*금ᄉᆞ s. 金絲 (쇠) (실) Gold thread.

*금ᄉᆞ오죽 s. 金絲烏竹 (쇠) (실) (가마귀) (대) A black pipe stem marked with yellow spots.

금시 / 假 (갑—*가) The price. *See* 갑.

*금식 s. 金色 (쇠) (빗) The color of gold; yellow color.

금ᄉᆡ 今生 (이제) (낳 This life; the present existence. *See* 초성; *Opp.* 후생 전생

*금아셕 s. 金牙石 (쇠) (어금니) (돌) A kind of stone.

*금압 s. 金壓 (쇠) (바회) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*금야에 s. 今夜 (이제) (밤) To-night. (Comp.)

*금양 s. 金陽 (쇠) (볏) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*금여시고여시 s. 今如是古如是 (이제) (又흘) (이) (네) (又흘) (이) Present or past, just the same.

*금여고 s. 今如古 (이제) (又흘) (네) Present or past, just the same.

*금연회 / 禁烟會 (금홀) (연긔) (모들) An anti-tobacco Society.

*금연ᄒᆞ다 l. 禁烟 (금홀) (연긔) To prohibit the use of tobacco.

*금영 l. 禁營 (금홀) (영문) One of the three barracks of the capital.

*금영 l. 錦營 (비단) (영문) The government headquarters of Ch'ung-ch'ŏng province. *See* 공쥬감영.

*금오 l. 禁吾 (금홀) (나) Night police; night guards of the city.

*금오 s. 金烏 (쇠) (가마귀) A golden crow; a poetic name for the sun.

*금옥 l. 禁獄 (금홀) (옥) Imprisonment.

*금옥 s. 金玉 (쇠) (옥) Gold and jade—referring to the head band buttons worn by officials.

*금옥관쟝 / 金玉冠裝 (쇠) (옥) (어를) (창의) Gold, jade, cap and coat—the uniform and regalia of an official.

*금요일 s. 金曜日 (쇠) (빗날) (날) Friday.

금우궁 s. 金牛宮(쇠) (소) (궁) Taurus s.

*금위대장 / 禁衛大將 (금호) (모실) (큰) (장수) The general of the capital

*금위영 l. 禁衛營 (금호) (모실) (영문) The headquarters of the 3rd general of the capital.

*금융 s. 金融 (쇠) 화통 Circulation of money; state of exchange or trade; credit

*금은 s. 金銀 (쇠) (은) Gold and silver. *See* 보패

*금은동철 s. 金銀銅鐵 (쇠) (은) (구리) (쇠) Gold, silver, copper and iron.

*금은목 s. 金銀木 (쇠) (은) (나무) Honeysuckle, *Lonicera japonica.*

*금은보패 s. 金銀寶貝 (쇠) (은) (보배) (패물) Gold, silver and precious things.

금은세공 s. 金銀細工 (쇠) (은) (가늘) (장인) Work in gold and silver.

*금은주옥 s. 金銀珠玉 (쇠) (은) (구슬) (구슬) Gold, silver, pearls and jade.

*금은출납부 s. 金銀出納簿 (쇠) (은) (날) (드릴) (문서) A cash account book.

*금은화 s. 金銀花 (쇠) (은) (꽃) The honeysuckle. *Lonicera Japonica. See* 인동꽃.

*금의 l. 錦衣 (비단) (옷) Silk clothes.

*금의야행 / 錦衣夜行 (비단) (옷) (밤) (도닐) Wearing embroidered clothes at night—unrecognized excellence.

*금의옥식 / 錦衣玉食 (비단) (옷) (구슬) (밥 Extravagant dress and rich fare

*금의일식 l. 錦衣一食 (비단) (옷) (한) (밥) Exchanging silk clothing for something to eat

*금의환향하다 l. 錦衣還鄕 (비단) (옷) (도라옴) (시골) To obtain rank and return to one's native district.

*금인 s. 金印 (쇠) (인칠) A golden seal.

*금인 s. 金人 (쇠) (사롬) The 'metal man' of the *Chu* dynasty, who had his mouth sewn up—now used on envelopes as 'sealed.'

*금일 s. 今人 (이제) (사롬) The men of present times; people of to-day.

*금일 s. 今日 (이제) (날) To-day. *See* 오늘.

*금일지사 s. 今日之事 (이제) (날) (갈) (일) The affairs of to-day, to-day's work.

*금액 s. 金額 (쇠) (의수) The sum or amount of money.

*금원 l. 禁垣 (금호) (담) The fence or wall around the Imperial Palace.

*금원 / 禁苑 금호, 동산) The gardens of the Imperial Palace.

*금월 s. 今月 (이제) 롤, The present moon. *See* 이돌.

금잔 s. 金杯 (쇠) (잔 *뵈) A golden goblet.

금잔디 s. 金잔듸 (쇠) (무쇠—*사) Soft green sod.

금잔초 s. 金盞草 쇠 (잔) (풀) Calendula officinalis

*금잔화 s. 金盞花 (쇠) (잔) (꽃) The marigold

*금작화 s. 金雀花 (쇠) (새) (꽃) Broom.

*금장처 l. 禁葬處 (금호) (장소) (곳) Forbidden ground—for burial.

*금장하다 l. 禁葬 (금호) (장소) To forbid burial on a plot of ground.

금장인호하다 l. 禁葬人戶 (금호) (사롬) (집) To forbid entrance; to close against the public.

*금장 l. 禁將 (금호) (장슈) The 3rd general of the capital.

*금장 / 金章 (쇠) (글장) A medal; an official decoration.

*금장 l. 禁杖 (금호) (집힐이) A paddle-like with which to beat and spear criminal

*금장군사 l. 禁杖軍士 (금호) (집힐이) (군소) (선비) Palace gatekeepers; guards.

*금장쇠 s. 金工 (쇠) (장인—*공) Gold work.

금장이 s. 金匠 (쇠) (장인) A gold smith, a worker in gold. *See* 온장이.

금지가리다 s. 거려 ; 린 To wink; to open and close the eyes.

금지금적하다 s. To wink; to open and close the eyes.

금적이다 s. 적여; 인 To wink; to open and shut the eyes.

*금전 s. 金錢 (쇠) (돈) Gold coins. *Opp.* 은전.

금전지 s. 金箋紙 (쇠) (편지) (조희) Gilt speckled paper.

*금제세률 l. 禁制稅率 (금호) (법) (부세) (법) Prohibitive tariff.

*금제하다 / 禁制 (금호) (제어홀) To prohibit; to forbit; to interdict.

*금정 s. 金井 (쇠) (우물) The four timbers—used as a mark above ground when digging a grave. (녹두). *See* 금정돌. A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do.

*금정산 s. 金井山 (쇠) (우물) (뫼) A hill

in Kyŏng-sang-do—Lat. 35.03 Long. 128.57.

*금정틀 金井틀 (쇠) 우물 Frame of timbers—as used in digging a well. *See* 금정.

금접ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 近接 (갓가울 ᄒᆞ근) (붓흘 *접) To be near; to be close by.

*금조 *s.* 今朝 (이제) (아침) This morning.

*금조에 *s.* 今朝 (이제) (아침) This morning.

*금종이 金蜻蛉 쇠 (벌레) A kind of singing cricket.

*금중 *l.* 禁中 (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (가온ᄃᆡ) Within the Imperial palace; the interior of the palace; the palace.

금줄 *l.* A line marking a limit; a rope to prevent trespassers.

*금쥬회 *l.* 禁酒會 (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (술) (모들) A temperance society.

*금쥬ᄒᆞ다ㄴ 禁酒 (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (술) To abstain from wine; to be temperate

*금중 禁中 (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (가온ᄃᆡ) Within the Imperial palace; the interior of the palace; the palace.

*금지 *s.* 金紙 (쇠) (조히) Gold coloured paper.

*금ᄒᆞ [illegible] *See* 신조ᄒᆞ순.

*금지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 禁止 (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (긋칠) To forbid; to prohibit. *See* 금단ᄒᆞ다.

심히이 *s.* Exceedingly, extremely; wonderfully; very. *See* 알뜰이.

심히ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be extreme; to be abundant; to be excessive. To be alarming; to be terrible. *See* 놀납다

*금조 *s.* 金字 (쇠) (글조) Characters written in gold.

*금조 *s.* 金子 (쇠) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Money; cash; specie.

*금조동 *s.* 金紫銅 (쇠) (붉을) (구리) A kind of brass.

*금조패 *s.* 金字牌 (쇠) (글조) (패) A gilded tablet as carried by the [illegible] *See* 금패.

*금창 *s.* 金瘡 (쇠) (헌ᄃᆡ) A wound; a sore.

*금창 *s.* 金創 (쇠) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) An incised wound.

*금창산ㄴ 金瘡散 쇠 [illegible] medicine for wounds, ulcers et

*금창쇼초ㄴ 金瘡小草 쇠 [illegible] ᄒᆞᆫ 풀 A fragile

*금쳑대수ᄒᆞᆫ 金尺大手限 쇠 [illegible] 인ᄆᆞᆫ (금경) [illegible] "Golden Rule."

*금천 *s.* 衿川 (옷깃) (내) A military station in Kyŏng-keni-do.

*금ᄉᆞ [illegible] Kyong-sang-do [illegible] Lat. 35.07. A prefect in Whang[illegible] Lat. 28.11 Long. 126.24. A village in Kang-wŏn-do—Lat. 37.27 Long. 128.11.

*금천 *s.* 金泉 (쇠) (셤) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

[illegible] Island—Lat. 34.27 Long. 12[illegible]

[illegible] ᄒᆞ; 천 To set a price; to value.

[illegible] 금ᄒᆞᆫ 산ᄉᆞ To prohibit by law. *See* 금지ᄒᆞ다

금침 金枕 [illegible] pillow.

*금형셩지 *s.* 金湯城池 쇠 [illegible] 못 [illegible] —an impregnable city.

*금쳑 *s.* 金澤 (쇠) (못) Kanazawa in Japan.

금파 *l.* 金珀 (쇠) (구슬) A mineralized product of the earth that is said to have become amber in a thousand years.

*금판 *s.* 金板 (쇠) (판조) A plate used in printing gilded letters.

*금패 金珀 쇠 구슬 [illegible] alized product of the earth that is said to have become amber in a thousand years. *See* 호박.

*금패 *s.* 金牌 (쇠) (패) A gilded tablet—as carried by officers above the 3rd degree.

*금풍 *s.* 金風 (쇠) (바람) A poetic name for autumnal winds.

*금황 [illegible] dye [illegible]

금황셕 [illegible] 돌 (쇠) A dark yellow dye color.

*금ᄉᆞ 金穴 쇠 구멍, Money hole, a rich man; millionaire. A vein of [illegible] 금광 [illegible] of bullion.

*금회 *s.* 今回 (이제) (도라올) This time; the present occasion.

*금ᄒᆞ에 今回에 (이제) (도라올) This time; on this [illegible]

*금회 *l.* 襟懷 (옷깃) (품을) The bosom of a dress; feelings; sentiments, thoughts.

*금후 *s.* 今後 (이제) (뒤) After this; from this time forward; henceforth.

*금후초 *s.* 今後 (이제) (뒤) Henceforth; in future; hereafter.

금호다 *s.* 價 (갑—*가) To settle on a price; to value *Sc.* 값가호다.

*금호다 *l.* 禁 (금홀) To prohibit; to prevent; to forbid. *See* 막다.

*금화 *s.* 金貨 (쇠) (지물) Coin; coinage; metallic currency. *See* 금젼.

*금화금법호다 *l.* 禁火禁伐 (금홀) (불) (금홀) (칠) To guard a grave—against fire or trespassers.

*금화법초호다 *l.* 禁火伐草 (금홀) (불) (칠) (플) To guard a grave—against fire or weeds. *See* 금화금법호다.

*금화본위 *s.* 金貨本位 (쇠) (보화) (밋) (버슬) Gold standard.

*금환 *s.* 金環 (쇠) (고리) A gold ring.

*금황 *s.* 禽荒 (새) (거칠) Excess in sporting—following the chase. (B. H.)

*금황뎨 *s.* 今皇帝 (이제) (님금) (님금) The present Emperor.

*금황화 *s.* 金凰花 (쇠) (새) (꼿) *Ranunculus acris.*

*금칙 *s.* 金蚱 (쇠) (플) *Hemerocallis fulva.*

*급급호다 *s.* 急急 (급홀) (급홀) To be in a great hurry; to be impatient.

*급거히 *s.* 急遽 (급홀) (써를) Sudden; instantaneous; busy; suddenly; in a moment.

*급격당 *s.* 急激黨 (급홀) (격동홀) (무리) Radical party.

*급격물셍호다 *s.* 急擊勿失 (급홀) (칠) (말) (일흘) To strike quickly and not lose the opportunity.

*급격정략 *s.* 急激政略 (급홀) (격동홀) (정소, 스략) Radical policy

*급격정부 *s.* 急激政府 (급홀) (격동홀) (정소) (마을) Radical government.

*급격칙 *s.* 急激策 (급홀) (격동홀) (최) Radical measures.

*급경 *s.* 急境 (급홀) (디경) Urgent matters; circumstances requiring haste.

*급경 *s.* 急驚 (급홀) (놀날) A nervous disorder—of children.

*급급히 *s.* 急急 (급홀) (급홀) Quickly; rapidly; promptly.

*급급호다 *s.* 汲汲 (물기를) (물기를) To continue—of unremitting effort.

*급긔관 *s.* 給氣管 (줄) (김) (대쪽) Inlet pipe.

*급긔문 *s.* 給氣門 (줄) (김) (문) A steamer port.

*급긔아에 *s.* 及其也 (밋칠) (그) (잇기) In that case; under those circumstances. *See* 필아에.

*급뎨 *s.* 及第 (밋칠) (차례) A graduate—for civil office *See* 진소.

*급류 *s.* 急流 (급홀) (흐를) A rapid stream.

*급무 *s.* 急務 (급홀) (힘쓸) Urgent business.

*급박호다 *s.* 急迫 (급홀) (핍박) To be urgent; to be pressing; to demand immediate haste.

*급보 *s.* 急報 (급홀) (갈올) Urgent news; tidings in haste.

*급보 *s.* 急步 (급홀) (거름) Fast time—on the road. *See* 급주.

*급보호다 *s.* 急報 (급홀) (갈올) To send news in haste.

*급봉 *s.* 給俸 (드를) (밧을) Rate of wages.

*급살 *s.* 急殺 (급홀) (죽일) The name of a malignant spirit that strikes people dead suddenly sudden death. (맛다).

*급살당 *s.* 急殺湯 (급홀) (죽일) (끌을) Rank soup-poison.

*급션무 *s.* 急先務 (급홀) (먼저) (힘쓸) Urgent business, what is most necessary.

*급속히 *s.* 急速 (급홀) (써를) In a hurry; with haste; abruptly.

*급수 *s.* 級數 (드를) (두어) Progressions; series.

*급슈공덕 *s.* 汲水功德 (물기를) (물) (공) (콘) The merit of giving water to the thirsty. (Buddhistic.)

*급슈군 *s.* 汲水軍 (물기를) (물) (군소) Palace water-carriers.

*급슈긔 *s.* 汲水器 (물기를) (물) (그릇) A water bucket.

*급슈긔 *s.* 給水器 (줄) (물) (그릇) A water crane.

*급슈관 *s.* 給水管 (줄) (물) (대쪽) Feed pipe.

급신 *s.* 急信 (급홀) (밋을) An urgent message, hurried tidings; important news.

*급亽호다 *s.* 急死 (급홀) (죽을) To die suddenly.

*급암 *s.* 汲黯 (물기를) (어둘) B. C. 140

A celebrated ... mellor of 한무데 a Taoist. (T. G IV).

*급엄ᄒᆞ다 s. 岌嶪 (급흡) (업흡) To be perilous; to be dangerous.

*급용 s. 急用 (급용) (쓸) An urgent business.

*급우 s. 急雨 (급흘) (비) Sudden rain; a shower.

*급작스레 s. Suddenly; all at once. See 홀ᄃᆡ에.

*급작이 s. 急作 (급ᄌᆞᆨ) 지을 Suddenly, all at once; quickly. See 별안간.

*급장이 s. 急唱 (급흘) (부를—*창) An official servant who repeats his master's orders.

*급전 s. 急錢 (급흘) (돈) Money for urgent use; money required immediately.

*급전ᄒᆞ다 s. 急傳 (급흘) (전흘) To announce speedily.

*급조히 s. 急燥 (급흘) (무를) Fiery; quick.

*급조ᄒᆞ다 s. 急燥 (급흑) (조급흘) To be disturbed; to be impatient; to be irritable. See 조급ᄒᆞ다.

*급주 s. 急走 (급흘) (다라날) Fast time—on the road. See 급보.

*ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆫ 急症, 급흘 ... 증셰, ... toms; complication—in sickness. ... 밥 ...

*ᄀᆞᆫ 긴ᄒᆡ 急進的, 급흘 ... 나아갈 ... 젹실, An urgent purpose; an urgent design.

*급진주의 ... 나아갈 ... 사샹 (... 주의) (... 창흘) (쓸) An urgent purpose.

*급진ᄒᆞ다 s. 急進 (급흘) (나아갈) To press forward urgently.

*급히 s. 急 (급흘) Quickly; hastily; speedily. See 셜니.

*급ᄒᆞ다 s. 急 (급흘) To be quick; to be hasty. To be severe—as sickness. See 쌔르다.

*급행렬거 ... 열차 ... 급흘 ... 녈 ... 수레, An express train

*급행챠 急行車 급흘, 항흘) (수레 An express train

*급행ᄒᆞ다 s. 急行 급흘, 항흘 To progress quickly; to move fast.

*끗 s. 末 (*말) The end; a point; an extremity; a limit. A cause.

끗갈망 s. A finish; completion.

끗갈망ᄒᆞ다 s. To end well; to finish well.

*긋그저긔 s. The third day past.

*끗끗히 s. To the very end. See 종시.

*끗끗처 s. Always; every time; constantly. See 미리.

*끗나다 s. 結末 (미질 ... 결 (끗—*말) 끗나; 난 To end; to be finished; to be completed. See 필녀ᄒᆞ다.

끗내기 s. The drawing to a close—of a game. See 겁치기.

*끗내다 s. 結末 (미질—*결) (끗—*말) 어 ... To finish ... an end. See 졸말ᄒᆞ다.

*긋다 t. 劃 (그을—*획) 그어; 그은 To make a line or mark; to make a stroke.

끗뎌거리다 s. 기려; 린 To nod.

끗뎌ᄒᆞ다 s. To nod; to shake. See 쌍닥ᄒᆞ다.

끗뎍끗뎍ᄒᆞ다 s. To nod repeatedly.

끗뎌 s. (—낙) 終來 (모침 -*풍) (은— ... To ... end, till the ... &

끗말에 s. At the end; at the finish.

끗수 s. Marks.

끗수박이다 s. 박어; 인 To mark; to give points of credit

끗장내다 s. 여; 낸 To finish; to complete. See 필장내다.

*긋쳐라 s. 止 (긋칠—*지) Cease! Stop! See 마라.

*긋치다 s. 止 (긋칠—*지) 긋쳐; 친 To stop; to cease; to finish. See 쉬다.

끗ᄯᅡ리 s. The end; the extremity; the remnant. See 끗.

끗ᄯᅳᆮ억이 s. 餘根 (남을—*여) (뿌리—*근) Stubble, ends; points.

끗트머리 s. The end; the extremity; the remnant.

*긔 s. 氣 (긔운) Strength; health; the breath (막히다). See 긔운.

*긔 ... 긔 ... 갈나, ... 긔

*긔각지셰 s. 犄角之勢 (긔울) (쓸) (갈) (형세) Of equal power.

*긔간 s. 期間 (긔약) (스이) Duration.

*긔갈 s. 飢渴 (주릴) (목무를) Hunger and thirst.

*긔갈(이)조심ᄒᆞ다 s. 飢渴甚於 (주릴) (목무를) ... 심ᄒᆞ ... limit of hunger and thirst. See 긔한이막심ᄒᆞ다.

*긔개 s. 氣慨 (긔운) (슬흘) High-mindedness; noble-heartedness; disinterestedness; patriotism.

*긔강 s. 氣剛 (긔운) (굿셀) Courageous; brave.

*긔강 s. 紀綱 (벼리) 벼리) The important laws of a kingdom. *See* 긔률

*긔강ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣剛 (긔운) 강ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strong; to be vigorous. *See* 긔걸ᄒᆞ다

*긔거 s. 起居 (닐) (살) Moving and living—life. *See* 긔직

*긔거 s. 汽車 (김) (수레 A railway car, a locomotive.

*긔거긔관 s. 汽車汽罐 (김) (수레) (김) (차관) Locomotive steam boiler.

*긔거동작 s. 起居動作 (닐) (살) (움직일) (지을) Conduct and behaviour.

*긔거동졍 s. 起居動靜 (닐) 살) (움직일) (고요) Actions and emotions.

*긔거홀 s. 寄居蟲 (붓칠) (살) (버레) A kind of hermit-crab.

*긔거ᄒᆞ다 s. 箕踞 (긔) (거러안질) To sit with crossed legs.

*긔거홈 s. 起居 (닐) (살) Rising up and sitting down; standing or sitting; health; the condition of a person.

*긔선 s. 奇儒, 긔륙 (졍셩) A.D. 1470-1495. A famous scholar of virtue F.S. Hangji (K. K.)

*긔겁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be afraid; to be in terror. *See* 안달ᄒᆞ다

*긔걸ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣傑 (긔운) (호걸) To be strong; to be vigorous; to be outspoken.

긔쳣 s. All one's might. *See* 힘쓋.

*긔결 l. 氣結 (긔운) (민질) A stoppage of the vital atmosphere of the body.

*긔계 s. 器械 (그릇) (긔계) Instruments; tools; implements. *See* 연장.

*긔계 s. 奇計 (긔륙) (계교) A marvellous plan; excellent device; a good scheme.

*긔계 s. 機械 (긔틀) (긔계) A machine; machinery; an engine.

*긔계공학 s. 機械工學 (긔틀) (긔계) (공부) (비홀) Mechanical engineering.

*긔계리량 s. 機械吹量 (틀) (긔계) (곳칠) (어길) To ill prove a machine.

*긔계덕 s. 機械的 (긔틀) (긔계) (덕실) Pertaining to mechanics; mechanical. Done as if by a machine, not influenced by will or emotion.

*긔계덕등량 s. 器械的等量 (그릇) (긔계) (덕실) (뜰리) (에이럴) Mechanical equivalent.

*긔계덕스무 s. 機械的事務 (틀) (긔계) (덕실) (일) (힘쓸) A mechanical or dry work.

*긔계덕혼합물 s. 機械的混合物 (긔틀) (긔계) (덕실) (호릴) (합홀) (물건) A mechanical mixture.

*긔계력 s. 機械力 긔틀) (긔계, (힘 Mechanical power.

*긔계셜 l. 機械說 (그릇) (긔계) (말숨) Mechanical theory.

*긔계쇼 s. 器械所 (그릇) (긔계) (바) A shop where implements are manufactured; a machine or engine shop. *See* 긔긔국.

*긔계유 s. 機械油 (긔틀) (긔계) (기름) Machine oil, lubricating oil.

*긔계(의)공용 s. 機械之功用 (틀 긔계) (갈) (공) (쓸) The use of a machine.

*긔계창 s. 機械廠 (긔틀) 긔계, 챵고, A store-house for mechanical implements.

*긔계포 s. 機械砲 (긔틀) (긔계) (대포) A machine gun.

*긔계학 s. 機械學 (긔틀) (긔계) (비홀) Machanics; engineering.

*긔경경결 l. 起景情結 (닐) (경치) (뜻) (민질) Names given to the four stanzas of a poem—1st, the beginning, 2nd, the beauty of expression, 3rd, the thought, 4th, the unifying member.

*긔경ᄒᆞ다 l. 起耕 (닐) (밧갈) To clear ground; to prepare new fields. *See* 긔ᄎᆞᆫᄒᆞ다

*긔고 s. 忌故 (꺼릴) (연고) The dread affair—sacrifice on the anniversary of the death of parents. *See* 제ᄉᆞ.

*긔고 s. 氣高 (긔운) (높홀) High-minded, noble; honourable; dignified.

*긔고 s. 氣鼓 (긔운) (북) A cylinder of an engine.

*긔고만장ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣高萬丈 (긔운) (높홀) (일만) (길) To be arrogant beyond measure.

*긔골 s. 氣骨 (긔운) (뼈) "Mind's bone;" care, anxiety, or concern. Physical constitution; physique. *See* 긔품.

*긔골(이)장대ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣骨壯大 (긔운) (뼈) (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) To have a tall and commanding appearance.

*긔괴망측ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇怪罔測 (긔특) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슬) (측량ᄒᆞᆯ) To be marvellous; to be inscrutable.

*긔괴ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇怪 (긔특) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) To be marvellous, to be odd, to be strange. *See* 망측ᄒᆞ다.

*긔공 s. 氣孔 (긔운) (구멍) Pores.

*긔교ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇巧 (긔특) (공교) To be ingenious; to be clever; to be curious. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다

*긔구 *s.* 氣球 (긔운)(구슬) A balloon.

*긔구 *s.* 起句 (닐)(글구) The first line of Chinese poetry.

*긔구 *s.* 器具 (그릇) (又홀) Utensils—generally; implements.

*긔구 *s.* 氣毬 (긔운)(즁방울) A balloon; a football, a bouncing ball.

*긔구ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 嶇嶇 (놀홀)(놀홀) To be steep, to [illegible] To be displeased; to be anxious. To be ill-fated. ᄉᆞᆨ 칠악ᄒᆞ다.

*긔구ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 祈求 (빌)(구홀) To beg; to request; to ask for, to wish for; to hope for; to pray.

*긔국 *s.* 棋局 (바둑) (판) The board on which chess is played.

*긔군망상ᄒᆞ다 欺君罔上 (속일)(님군)(업슬, (웃) To commit treason; to defraud one's country.

*긔근 *s.* 饑饉 (주릴) (주릴) Famine; death.

*긔근(이)현지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 饑饉荐至 (주릴)(주릴)(거듭, (니를) To have a repetition of a year of famine.

긔급담벙거지 *s.* An object of fear; a frightful.

긔급담벙거지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To kill; to bring fear down upon.

*긔급절소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To die; to be destroyed suddenly—an imprecation.

긔급ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To die, to bring fear down upon—an abusive expression. *See* 칠칙ᄒᆞ다

*긔긔괴괴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 奇奇怪怪 (긔특 ,긔특) (괴이홀 괴이홀) To be very strange and peculiar; to be passing strange.

*긔긔국 *s.* 機器局 (틀, (그릇) (관) A machine shop; a foundry. *See* 긔계소.

*긔긔묘묘ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 奇奇妙妙 (긔특) (긔특) (묘홀) (묘홀) To be wonderful and beautiful.

*긔긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 奇奇 (긔특) (긔특) To be strange; to be marvellous.

*긔ᄀᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *s.* 起墾 (닐) (짜뷔) To clear ground; to prepare new fields. *See* 긔경ᄒᆞ다.

*긔기 *s.* 幾個 (몃) (낫) How many—of number.

*긔관 *s.* 汽罐 (김) (차관) A steam boiler.

*긔관 *s.* 奇觀 (긔특) (볼) A strange sight; an odd affair. *See* 긔관.

*긔관 *s.* 機關 (틀) (집) A mechanism; machinery; instrument; an organ (as of the government, political party, etc.) an engine.

*긔관 *s.* 氣管 (긔운) (거ᄂᆞ릴) The wind pipe, trachea.

*긔관거 *s.* 汽管車 (증긔) (ᄇᆡ뚝) (수레) A locomotive.

*긔관소 *s.* 機關士 (틀) (집) (선ᄇᆡ) An engineer, an engine driver.

*긔관슈 *s.* 機關手 (긔틀) (집) (손) An engineer (who manages an engine); an engine driver.

*긔관신문 *s.* 機關新聞 (긔틀)(집) (새) (ᄆᆞᆫ들) An news paper published as an organ. (as of a political party, sect, etc.)

*긔관차 *s.* 機關車 (긔틀) (집) (수레) A locomotive.

*긔궐 *s.* 刻版 (삭일) (삭일) Engraving block-cutting.

*긔궐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 刻版 (삭일) (삭일) To engrave, to print.

*긔나슈 *s.* 幾那樹 (멧) (엿지) (나무) *Cinchona.*

*긔나영 *s.* 幾那精 (멧) (엿지) (소공) A salt of quinine.

*긔나피 *s.* 幾那皮 (멧) (엿지) (가죽) Cinchona bark.

*긔남조 [illegible] 사나ᄒᆡ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A handsome clever son. *See* 긔남조.

*긔년 [illegible] 히) The space of one year. *See* 일년.

*긔년 *s.* 飢年 (주릴) (히) A famine year.

*긔년 *s.* 幾年 (멧) (히) Several years.

*긔년젼 *s.* 幾年前 (멧) (히) (압) Several years ago.

*긔년후 *s.* 幾年後 (멧) (히) (뒤) After several years.

*긔념 *s.* 紀念 (벼리) (싱각) Remembrance; memory.

*긔념례비 *s.* 紀念禮拜 (벼리) (싱각) (례도) (졀) A memorial church service.

*긔념례식 *s.* 紀念禮式 (벼리) (싱각) (례도) (법) A memorial ceremony.

*긔념물 *s.* 紀念物 (벼리) (싱각) (물건) A memorial; a keepsake; a relic.

*긔념비 *s.* 紀念碑 (벼리) (싱각) (비셕) A monument in memory of some person or events.

*긔념엽서 *s.* 記念葉書 (긔록) (싱각) (닙사피) (글) A memento post-card.

*긔념우표 s. 紀念郵票 (긔념) (우표) A memorial post stamp.

*긔념일 s. 紀念日 (긔념) (일) A memorial day.

*긔념장 s. 紀念章 (긔념) (장) A memorial decoration.

*긔념절 s. 紀念節 (긔념) (절) A memorial season.

*긔념표 s. 紀念標 (긔념) (표) A memorial; a memento.

*긔념학교 s. 紀念學校 (긔념) (학교) One's memorial school.

*긔념회 s. 紀念會 (긔념) (회) A meeting held in commemoration of a remarkable person.

*긔념ᄒᆞ다 s. 紀念 (긔념) To remember; to commemorate.

*긔뇌 s. 畿內 (긔내) The Court—the capital; Seoul. *See* 셔울.

*긔ᄃᆡ 諱—(휘호—휘) 여; 면 To avoid; to shun; to taboo. *See* 휘ᄒᆞ다.

긔다 s. 旗行 (무릎 *을—(도닐—*힘)여; 간 To go on all fours.

*긔단ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣短 (긔운) (짤을) To be frail; to be weak; to be sickly. *See* 긔약ᄒᆞ다

*긔단ᄒᆞ다 s. 起端 (닐) (씃) To begin; to undertake.

*긔담 s. 奇談 (긔특) (말숨) Wonderful speech; eloquence. *See* 말ᄀᆞᆯ. A story; an interesting anecdote.

*긔ᄃᆞᆯ s. 氣疸 (긔운) (황달) Jaundice. *See* 황달.

*긔ᄃᆞᆸᄒᆞ다 s. 起畓 (닐) (논) To break up land—for new paddy-fields. *See* 긔경ᄒᆞ다.

*긔대승 s. 奇大升 (긔특) (큰) (되) F. S. 高峯 N. P 高峯 A famous scholar and pupil of *Tow-ke.*

*긔ᄃᆡ쇼수 s. 紀底小數 (버리) (젹) (적을) (두어) Radix fraction.

*긔뎍 s. 汽笛 (김) (뎍) The whistle—as of an engine.

*긔뎜 s. 基點 (터) (뎜) Cardinal point.

*긔뎜 s. 奇點 (긔특) (뎜) Singular point.

*긔도 s. 祈禱 (빌) (빌) Prayer, supplication; orison.

*긔도회 s. 祈禱會 (빌) (빌) (모들) A prayer meeting.

*긔도ᄒᆞ다 s. 祈禱 (빌) (빌) To pray; to offer prayer. *See* 도고ᄒᆞ다.

*긔독 s. 基督 (터) (거누릴) Christ. *See* 예수

*긔독교 s. 基督敎 (터) (거누릴) (구르칠) The religion of Christ; Christianity; teachings of Christ. *See* 그리스도교.

*긔동 s. 奇童 (긔특) (우히) A remarkable child.

긔동련습 s. 機動演習 (긔틀) (움직일) (부릴) (닉일) Military manœuvers; the army's field practice.

*긔동ᄒᆞ다 s. 起動 (닐) (움직일) To move about; to act.

*긔두ᄒᆞ다 s. 起頭 (닐) (머리) To introduce; to begin—a composition.

*긔득권 s. 旣得權 (임의) (힘을) (권세) Acquired right.

*긔디 s. 基地 (터) (짜) A site; a ground plan.

*긔ᄃᆡ s. 騎隊 (물) (ᄆᆡ) A troop or regiment of cavalry.

*긔라 s. 氣笛 (긔운) (소라) A steam foghorn. *See* 됴동.

*긔량 s. 器量 (그릇) (헤아릴) Capacity; ability.

*긔력 s. 氣力 (긔운) (힘) Vigor; vital force. *See* 긔후.

*긔력도 s. 汽力圖 (김) (힘) (그림) Indicator diagram.

*긔록국 s. 記錄局 (긔록) (긔록) (판) Bureau of Archives.

*긔록국장 s. 記錄局長 (긔록) (긔록) (판) (어룬) The Director of the Bureau of Archives.

*긔록소 s. 記錄所 (긔록) (긔록) (바) Archives.

*긔록ᄒᆞ다 s. 記錄 (긔록) (긔록) To make a note of, to record *See* 적다

*긔롱ᄒᆞ다 s. 譏弄 (긔롱) (희롱) To banter; to jest; to ridicule; to make sport of. *See* 조롱ᄒᆞ다.

*긔류 s. 杞柳 (구긔ᄌᆞ나무) (버들) Osier, *Salix argophylla.*

*긔률 s. 紀律 (버리) (법) The laws of a state. *See* 긔강.

*긔리 s. 肌理 (살) (다ᄉᆞ릴) The texture of a person's skin.

*긔린 s. 麒麟 (긔린) (긔린) A fabulous creature—said to appear on earth as an announcement of the birth of a sage. A post station in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.18 Long. 126.10.

*긔린초 s. 麒麟草 (긔린) (긔린) (풀) *Sedum Kamtschaticum.*

*긔립ᄒᆞ다 s. 起立 (닐) (셜) To stand up.

*긔마 s. 騎馬 (긔물) (물) A saddle horse.

*긔마경위ᄒᆞ다 s. 騎馬警衛 (긔물)(물)(경위) (호위ᄒᆞᆯ) To attend—as mounted guards.

*긔마긩주 s. 騎馬競走 (긔물)(물)(다ᄆᆞᆯ) (다라날) A horse race.

*긔마ᄌᆞ s. 騎馬者 (긔물)(ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆷ) A horseman; a rider. *See* 마상긱

*긔마ᄃᆞᆼ롱 s. 騎馬提燈 (긔물)(ᄃᆞᆼ롱) (등불) A paper lantern carried by a man on horseback.

*긔마장관 s. 騎馬將官 (긔물)(쟝관) (벼슬) A mounted officer.

*긔마포병 s. 騎馬砲兵 (긔물)(대포) (군ᄉᆞ) An artillery horseman or soldier.

*긔마호숑ᄒᆞ다 s. 騎馬護送 (긔물)(물) (호위ᄒᆞᆯ) (보낼) To mount and see away; to treat with official hospitality

*긔마ᄒᆞ다 s. 騎馬 (긔물) (물) To go on horseback

*긔마화 s. 騎馬靴 (긔물)(물) (신) Riding shoes.

*긔막ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣ᄆᆞᆨ 긔운 막ᄒᆞᆫ 말 "ᄉᆞᆨ 막혀; 힌 To be beyond expression; to be stifling—from surprise or indignation.

*긔만금 s. 幾萬金 (몃) (일만) (쇠) Several thousands of money.

*긔만권 s. 幾萬卷 (몃) (일만) (칙) Several thousands of volumes.

*긔만량 s. 幾萬兩 (몃) (일만) (무) Several thousands of *yang*-money.

*긔만명 s. 幾萬名 (몃) (일만) (ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆷ) Several thousands of people.

*긔만셕 s. 幾萬石 (몃) (일만) (셤) Several thousands of bags—of rice.

*긔만셩령 s. 幾萬生靈 (몃) (일만) (ᄂᆞᆯ) (신령) The ten thousands of souls; the people.

*긔만인 s. 幾萬人 (몃) (일만) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Several thousands of people.

*긔만젼 s. 幾萬錢 (몃) (일만) (돈) Several thousands of dollars.

*긔만환 s. 幾萬圜 (몃) (일만) (동글) Several thousands of yen.

*긔망 s. 企望 (ᄇᆞ랄) (ᄇᆞ랄) Hope; expectation.

*긔망 s. 期望 (긔약) (ᄇᆞ랄) Hope, expectation. *See* 소망.

*긔망 s. 旣望 (일의) (보름) Nearly full moon; the 16th day of the moon.

*긔망ᄒᆞ다 s. 企望 (ᄇᆞ랄) (ᄇᆞ랄) To stand on tiptoe and look for; to long for; to be in expectation of.

*긔망ᄒᆞ다 s. 欺罔 속일 업슈 To be civil to a superior. *See* 속이다

*긔명 s. 器皿 그릇 (그릇 ᄇᆞᆫ ᄌᆞ; plates; pots etc. *See* 그릇. Apparatus.

*긔명 s. 記名 ᄀᆞᆯ 글 ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆯ ᄉᆞᆯ person

*긔명투표 s. 記名投票 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ, 일홈, ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆯ) (표) A closed ballot. *See* 유명투표. *Opp.* 무명투표.

*긔묘 s. 奇妙 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (묘) A wonderful scheme; a cunning artifice; an excellent device or plan.

*긔묘 s. 己卯 (ᄀᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆺ기) The 16th year of the cycle. 1879; 1939; 1999.

*긔묘ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇妙 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (묘ᄒᆞᆯ) To be surpassingly beautiful; to be wonderful. *See* 긔묘ᄒᆞ다.

*긔무셩 s. 氣無性 (긔운) (업슬) (셩품) Dullness of the mind; laziness; indolence.

*긔문 s. 奇文 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (글) A peculiar or excellent style of composition.

*긔문 s. 奇聞 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) Strange news.

*긔문벽셔 s. 奇文僻書 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ), (글), (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) Magic writings; works used by sorcerers etc.

*긔물 s. 忌物 (꺼릴) (물건) Anything from which one abstains for some religious purpose.

*긔물 s. 奇物 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (물건) A strange thing; a curious article; a remarkable curio.

*긔물 l. 棄物 (ᄇᆞ릴) (물건) A cast away; a useless thing.

*긔물 s. 器物 (그ᄅᆞᆺ) (물건) Household ᄀᆞᆺ; utensils. *See* 긔명.

*긔미 s. 氣味 (긔운) (맛) Mutual interests. *See* 의취.

*긔미 s. 機微 (긔, 작용) A design, an intention; inner thought. (보다). *See* 긔수.

*긔미 s. 己未 (ᄆᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆺ기) The 56th year of the cycle. 1859; 1919; 1979

*긔미상합ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣味相合 긔운 맛, 서로 (맛질) To agree as to tastes and interests.

*긔민 s. 饑民 (주릴) (빅셩) The starving populace—to whom the government makes a distribution of rice. (주다).

*긔민 s. 旗民 (긔) (빅셩) Bannermen—of China, as Manchus.

*긔밀 s. 機密 (긔밀) (빅빅) A secret; secrecy.

*긔빅 s. 氣脈 (긔믹) (빅) The pulses. Connection; communication. Health.

*긔박ᄒᆞ긔 s. 奇薄 (긔박) (박울) To be ill-fated; to be ill-starred; to be unlucky. *See* 긔험ᄒᆞ다.

*긔반 s. 羈絆 (굴네) (븨울) A fetter; shackle, yoke; encumbrance; hindrance.

*긔반ᄒᆞ다 s. 羈絆 (굴네 (븨울, to control; to keep in check; to exercise authority over.

*긔쌜 s. 旗脚 (긔) (두리—*각) The bunting of a flag.

*긔쌜붓치기 s. Poising horizontally on a perpendicular pole—the feat of an acrobat

*긔벽ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇僻 (긔벽) (궁벽) Eccentricity.

*긔빅 s. 氣魄 (긔윅) (셩빅) Determination; power; force. *See* 긔운

*긔별 s. 奇別 (긔륵) (리별) News; tidings; reports. *See* 통긔.

*긔별군 s. 奇別軍 (긔륵) (리별) (군소) A news carrier; a courier.

*긔별젼소 s. 奇別政事 (긔륵) (리별) (졍소) (일) News despatches—sent from the capital to officials in the country.

*긔병 s. 奇兵 (긔륵) (군소) Troops placed in ambush or otherwise used in warfare according to methods not authorized by the canons of military science.

*긔병 s. 氣柄 (긔윤) (자로) A piston.

*긔병 s. 騎兵 (물톨) (군소) Horsesoldiers; cavalry. *See* 마병.

*긔병ᄃᆡ s. 騎兵隊 (물톨) (군소) 폐) A troop of cavalry.

*긔병이 s. 雉鷄 (뀡—*치) (삭기—*슈) Young pheasants. A timid child.

*긔병ᄒᆞ다 s. 起兵 (닐) (군소) To raise an army; to enlist troops. *See* 거병ᄒᆞ다.

*긔보 s. 棋譜 (바둑) (족보) A chess or game manual.

*긔복 s. 莽服 (돌) (옷) Mourning for the space of one year.

*긔복출ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 起復出仕 (닐) (회복) (날) (벼술) To put off mourning and receive office—before the whole term is finished. *See* 긔복힘공ᄒᆞ다.

*긔복ᄒᆞ다 s. 起復 (닐) (회복) To put off mourning and receive office—before the term of mourning is properly finished. *See* 긔복출ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*긔복힘공ᄒᆞ다 s. 起復行公 (닐, (회복) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (공번될) To put off mourning and attend to the affairs of state.

*긔본 s. 基本 (터) (밋) Capital; original funds. Base; foundation.

*긔본금 s. 基本金 (터) (밋) (쇠) Capital, original funds. *See* 예본금

*긔봉 s. 奇峯 (긔ᄭᅳᆼ) (봉오리) A lofty peak

*긔부 s. 肌膚 (살) (살) Human flesh, the body. *See* 신톄

*긔부 s. 氣分 (긔운) (논흘) Feeling; the spirits; the state of one's health.

*긔부 s. 記簿 (긔록) (문서) Bookkeeping.

*긔부 s. 寄附 (붓칠) (붓칠) Contribution or donation made to a temple, shrine, school, or other public institution.

*긔부금 s. 寄附金 (붓칠) (붓칠) (쇠) Money contributed; contributions in money.

*긔부금모집ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄附金募集 (붓칠) (붓칠) (쇠) (무를) (모흘) To collect contributions in money.

*긔부금싱명보험 s. 寄附金生命保險 (붓칠) (붓칠) (쇠) (날) (목숨) (보젼) (험ᄒᆞᆯ) An endowment policy.

*긔부법 s 記簿法 (긔록) (문서) (법) The art of bookkeeping.

*긔부족증 s. 氣不足症 (긔운) (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (증셰) General debility. *See* 부족증.

*긔부족ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣不足 (긔운) (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) To be weak; to be debilitated.

*긔부ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄附 (붓칠) (붓칠) To contribute.

*긔분 s. 氣分 (긔운) (논흘) Feeling; the spirits; the state of one's health.

*긔불평ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣不平 (긔운) (아닐) 평ᄒᆞᆯ) To be ailing. To feel angry

*긔빅 s 畿伯 (긔니) (맛) The governor of *Kyŏngkeui* Province. *See* 경긔감ᄉᆞ.

*긔빅권 s. 幾百卷 (몃) (일빅) (쵝) Several hundred volumes.

*긔빅명 s. 幾百名 (몃) (일빅) (일홈) Several hundred persons.

*긔산 s. 箕山 (키) (뫼) A mountain in Chŏl-la-do—Lat. 35.02 Long. 126.36.

*긔산ᄒᆞ다 s. 起算 (닐) (산톨) To make a calculation; to count; to reckon.

*긔삼빅주 s. 莽三百註 (돌) (쇠) (일빅)

(주년) Notes on the days of the year. (E. H.)

*긔감 n. 氣像 긔샹 (형상) Appearance, manner; bearing. *See* 모양.

*긔관 n. 氣罐 긔관 (관주) A condenser of an engine.

*긔상 n. 氣像 (긔운) (형상) Meteorology.

*긔상딕 n. 氣像臺 (긔운) (형상) (집) A meteorological observatory.

*긔상학 n. 氣像學 (긔운) (형상) (비흘) Meteorology.

-씨서 s. An ending of respect placed after a name, title or form of address.

*긔서 n. 奇書 (긔특) (글) A rare book; excellent work.

*긔셔 n. 寄書 (붓칠) (글) A contribution to a newspaper.

*긔셔란 n. 寄書欄內 (붓칠) (글) (란간) (안) Columns in a newpaper devoted to contributed articles.

*긔셔ᄒᆞ다 v. 寄書 (붓칠) (글) To contribute (to a newspaper).

*긔션 n. 氣船 (긔운) (비) A balloon. *See* 풍거.

*긔션 n. 汽船 (김) (비) A steamer, a steamboat. *See* 화륜션.

*긔션 n. 基線 (터) (실) Base line.

*긔션문슈 n. 汽船問屋 (김) (비) (부를) (집) A shipping merchant; an agency or commission house for goods conveyed in steamer.

*긔션회샤 n. 汽船會社 (김) (비) (모들) (회사) A steamship company.

*긔셰 n. 饑歲 (쥬릴) (히) A year of famine. (M.) *See* 흉년.

*긔셰 n. 氣勢 (긔운) (형세) Majesty; magnificence. Appearance — as of troops; position of forces.

*긔셩 n. 記性 (긔록) (셩품) The memory. *See* 정신.

*긔셩 n. 基聲 (바둑) (소리) The sound made by the movement of the pieces in the game of *paddock*.

*긔셩 n. 箕星 (키) (별) The 7th of the 28 constellations *γ, δ, ε, β,* Sagittarius 268° 28′ 15″ A guardian star of Peking and Korea.

*긔셩명ᄒᆞ다 v. 記姓名 긔록 셩 (일홈) To have a knowledge of names and surnames; to have a slight knowledge of characters.

*긔셩팔경 n. 箕城八景 기 ᄯᅢ 여ᄃᆞᆯ, 경치 The eight views of 평양.

*긔셩ᄒᆞ다 v. 記成 (긔록) (일울) To make ancestral tablets. *See* 메쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*긔ᄉᆞ n. 騎士 (몰흘) (거ᄂᆞ릴) Mounted ervants — who accompany an officiate.

*긔송 n. 寄送 (붓칠) (보낼) To contibute (as an article to a newspaper); to address or send (as a letter); to make a donation.

*긔송식히다 v. 起送 (닐) (보낼) 식혀, 힌 To summon; to send—as addressed to a governor or magistrate by the government.

*긔송장 n. 起送狀 (닐) (보낼) (글) A summons—as addressed to a magistrate by the central government.

*긔송ᄒᆞ다 v. 起送 (닐) (보낼) To send; to despatch.

*긔쇼ᄒᆞ다 v. 起訴 (닐) (송ᄉᆞ) To present a matter to a magistrate; to enter a lawsuit. *See* 정쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*긔수 n. 基數 (터) (두어) Cardinal numbers; base (of a system).

*긔수 n. 奇數 (긔특) (두어) An odd root (Math.) *Opp.* 우수.

긔수 n. 揆數 긔ᄒᆞᆯ (두어) An intention; a design 계ᄒᆞᆨ. *See* 눈치.

*긔수근 n. 奇數根 (긔특) (두어) (쎡리) An odd root. *See* 우수.

*긔수법 n. 記數法 긔록 두어 (법) Notation.

긔수ᄎᆡᆨ다 v. 知幾 (알—*ᄎᆡ) (뎐 —*ᄎᆡ)여; 챈 To see through an intention; to understand a design. *See* 션긔ᄒᆞ다.

*긔수표 n. 記數標 (긔록) (두어) (표) A sign.

*긔슈 n. 旗手 (긔) (손) Government soldiers—formerly standard bearers.

*긔슉비 n. 寄宿費 붓칠 잘, 히비) Expense of lodging and board.

*긔슉샤 n. 寄宿舍 (붓칠) (잘) (집) A boarding room.

*긔슉소 n. 寄宿所 (붓칠) (잘) (곳) A boarding house.

*긔슉셩 n. 寄宿生 (붓칠 잘 (날) A student who lodges in a school or college.

*긔슉인 n. 寄宿人 (붓칠) (잘) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One who lodges (as in an inn); a boarder; sojourners.

*긔슉학교 n. 寄宿學校 (붓칠) (잘) (비흘) (학교) A boarding school.

*긔슉ᄒᆞ다 v. 寄宿 (붓칠) (잘) To lodge; to sojourn.

*괴술 s. 奇術 (괴특) (술법) A skilful feat; a wonderful art.

*괴술하다 s. 記述 (괴록) (괴록) To write; to compose.

괴쓰다 s. 괴써; 씀 To put forth all one's strength.

괴스락 s. The eaves; the edge. *See* 괴솜.

괴스랑 s. The eaves. *Also* 괴스락.

괴솜 s. An edge; the eaves.

*괴습 s. 氣習 (괴운) (닉힐) Behavior; proper bearing; becoming attitude.

*괴승하다 s. 氣勝 (괴운) (이길) To be overbearing; to be imperious.

*괴식 s. 寄食 (붓칠) (밥) One who lives in the house of another and depends upon him for support; a hanger-on.

*괴식하다 s. 寄食 (붓칠) (밥) To board and lodge.

*괴신 s. 氣神 (괴운) (귀신) Health; vigor. (없다).

*괴신멸반 s. 근희定配 몸, 몸 (멸홀) (반) Exile for life. (Prov.) *See* 한괴신.

*괴신하다 s. 起身 (닐) (몸) To raise the body; to get up—as from bed; to start.

*괴심하다 s. 欺心 (속일) (무옴) To smother one's conscience; to act as a hypocrite.

*괴십량 s. 幾十兩 (멧) (열) (두) Several score *yang*.

*괴십명 s. 幾十名 (멧) (열) (일홈) Several score people.

*괴십원 s. 幾十圓 (멧) (열) (둥글) Several score dollars.

*괴십환 s. 幾十圓 (멧) (열) (둥글) Several score yen.

*괴사 s. 己巳 (몸) (뱀암) The 6th year of the cycle. 1869; 1929; 1989.

*괴사 s. 騎士 (물톨) (선빅) Mounted troops; cavalry. *See* 괴병.

*괴사 s. 奇事 (괴특) (일) A strange thing; a unusual circumstance; an extraordinary event; a miracle.

*괴사 s. 記事 (괴록) (일) Records; notes.

*괴사이적 s. 奇事異蹟 (괴특) (일) (다를) (자최) Miracles.

*괴사장 s. 騎士將 (물톨) (선빅) (장슈) A cavalry officer.

*괴사지경 s. 幾死之境 (거위) (죽을) (갈) (디경) The point of death, desperate circumstances.

*괴사지경 s. 飢死之境 (주릴) (죽을) (갈) (디경) A state of starvation; the border of death by—starvation.

*괴사회생약 s. 起死回生藥 (닐) (죽을) (도라올) (날) (약) A medicine which has the effect of bringing people to life again

*괴사회생하다 s. 起死回生 (닐) (죽을) (도라올) (날) To restore to life, to bring about recovery.

*괴사하다 s. 記事 (괴록) (일) To record a fact; to note.

*괴사하다 s. 飢死 (주릴) (죽을) To die of starvation.

*괴사하다 s. 起事 (닐) (일) To undertake a work; to begin a work. *See* 시작하다.

*괴사하다 s. 起死 (닐) (죽을) To restore from death; to revive.

*괴색 s. 飢色 (주릴) (빗) A look of starvation; a starved appearance.

*괴색 s. 氣色 (괴운) (빗) Intention, design; inner thought. *See* 괴비.

*괴색하다 s. 氣塞 (괴운) (막힐) To swoon; to faint. *See* 괴갈하다.

*괴생 s. 寄生 (붓칠) (날) Fungus; fungoid growth of any kind.

*괴아지경 s. 飢餓之境 (주릴) (주릴) (갈) (디경) A state of starvation.

*괴안 s. 氣岸 (괴운) (언덕) Strength; health. *See* 괴벽.

*괴안 s. 起案 (닐) (칙상) A first copy. *See* 괴초.

*괴압 s. 氣壓 (괴운) (누를) Atmospheric pressure.

*괴압괴관 s. 氣壓機關 (괴운) (누를) (긼) (칠) Atmospheric engine

*괴애시험 s. 伽哪試驗 (더) (갈날) (시험) (증험) Volta's fundamental experiment.

*괴약 s. 期約 (괴약) (언약) A contract; an agreement. *See* 약속.

*괴약하다 s. 期約 (괴약) (언약) To fix a time; to agree upon a date. *See* 언약하다.

*괴약하다 s. 氣弱 (괴운) (약홀) To be weak; to lack strength. *See* 신약하다.

*괴어 s. 旗魚 (긔) (고기) A sword fish.

*괴어히 s. 期於 (괴약) (늘) Necessarily; certainly. *See* 단명코.

*긔어ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄語 (붓칠) (말숨) To give a verbal message; to entrust with a message.

*긔억력 s. 記憶力 (긔록) (싱각) (힘) Memory; power of recollection. *Opp.* 망상력.

*긔억ᄒᆞ다 s. 記憶 (긔록) (싱각) To remember; to recollect; to recall. *See* 싱각ᄒᆞ다.

긔얼긔얼 s. 匍匐 (길—*포) (길—*복) On hands and knees. *See* 엉금엉금.

*긔엄스럽다 s. 氣壓 (긔운) (엄눌ᄒᆞ) (러워) ; 운 To be fierce; to be overbearing.

*긔엉ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣挽 (긔운) (ᄭᅳ리울 To be without consciousness.

*긔업 s. 基業 (터) (업) Family property; patrimony.

*긔업공채증서 s. 起業公債證書 (닐) (업) (공번될) (빗) (증거) (글) Industrial Public Loan Bonds.

*긔열 s. 氣熱 (긔운) (불ᄭᅩᆺ) Zeal; ardour; enthusiasm; spirit.

*긔영 s. 箕營 (기) (영문) The government headquarters of *Pyöngan* province. *See* 평양.

*긔온도 s. 氣溫圖 (긔운) (다ᄉᆞᆯ) (그림) A map showing the isothermal lines.

*긔온도 s. 氣溫度 (긔운) (다ᄉᆞᆯ) (지ᄂᆞᆯ) Temperature.

*긔요 s. 氣褥 (긔운) (요—*욕) An air cushion or mattress.

*긔용 s. 器用 (그릇) (쓸) Dishes; utensils. *See* 긔명.

*긔우 s. 奇偶 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (ᄇᆞᆨ) Odd and even numbers.

*긔우 s. 杞憂 (나라) (근심) Exaggerated apprehension; foolish forebodings of evil.

긔우다 s. 欺 (속일—*치) 긔워 ; 운 To deceive; to lie. *See* 속이다.

*긔우졔 s. 祈雨祭 (빌) (비) (졔ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice—offered as a prayer for rain. (지내다).

*긔우ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄寓 (붓칠) (붓칠) To lodge at; to sojourn; to lodge temporarily in.

*긔우ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇遇 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (맛날) To meet in an unexpected manner.

*긔운 s. 氣運 긔ᄉᆞ 옴길 The vivifying principle or aura of the Korean cosmogony—air; atomosphere; vapor spirit, energy; strength; health. *See* 긔안.

*긔울증 s. 氣鬱症 (긔운) (답답) (증셰) Hypochondria.

*긔위 s. 旣爲 (일의) (ᄒᆞ) Already. *See* 발셔.

*긔유 s. 己酉 (몸) (돔) The 46th year of the cycle. 1849; 1909; 1969.

*긔음긔 s. 記音器 (긔록) (소리) (그릇) Phonautograph.

*긔이 s. 紀伊 (벼리) (뎌) Kishu in Japan.

긔이다 s. 欺 속일—*치 긔여 ; 운 To deceive; to lie. *See* 속이다.

*긔이다 s. 忌 (꺼릴—*긔) 긔여 ; 운 To dislike; to avoid. *See* 꺼리다.

*긔이ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇異 (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (다를) To be extraordinary; to be strange; to be wonderful; to be deceptive. *See* 신긔ᄒᆞ다.

*긔인 s. 幾人 (멧) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) How many persons?

*긔인 s. 起因 (닐) (인ᄒᆞᆯ) Origin; cause; beginning

*긔인쵀물 s. 欺人取物 (속일) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (가질) (만ᄆᆞᆫ) Making gain by cheating; what is obtained by fraud.

*긔일 s. 幾日 (멧) (날) How many days; what day of the month; a few days.

긔일 期日 기약 날; A fixed day, a day agreed upon for some transaction.

*긔일 s. 忌日 (꺼릴) (날) The 'dread day' —the anniversary of that on which a king or queen dies, when sacrifices are offered. *See* 제ᄉᆞ날.

*긔일ᄒᆞ다 s. 期日 (긔약) (날) To agree upon a date

*긔왕에 s. 旣往 (일의) (갈) In the past; past times.

긔왕지ᄉᆞ s. 旣往之事 (일의) (갈) (일) Past affairs; what has taken place in the past. *See* 이왕지ᄉᆞ

*긔원 s. 起原 (닐) (근원) Origin; source; cause; beginning; commencement.

*긔원 s. 基原 (터) (언덕) A post station in Ham-kyong do.

*긔원 s. 紀元 (벼리) (옷듬) An era, the date at which the chronology of a country commences.

*긔원젼졀 s. 紀元前節 (벼리) (으뜸) (졍소) (마디). Same as 긔원젼졀

*긔원젼 s. 紀元前 (벼리) (으뜸) (압. Before the present era. B. C.

*긔원졀 s. 紀元節 (벼리) (으뜸) (마디) The anniversary of the date from which a country reckons its founding.

*긔원후 s. 紀元後 (벼리) (으뜸) (뒤) Since the present dynasty or era. A. D. Opp. 긔원젼.

*긔월 s. 期月 (쥴) (돌) One month. (A.)

*긔월 s. 忌月 (써릴) (돌) An anniversary of the month in which a parent or relation has died.

*긔쟈 s. 記者 (긔록) (놈) An editor—as of newspapers; a writer.

*긔쟈감식 s. 飢者甘食 (주릴) (놈) (돌) (밥) A starving man enjoys any food.

*긔장 s. 機張 (긔틀) (버틀) A prefect in Kyong-sang do — Lat. 35.16 Long. 129.12.

*긔저긔저 다 s. 거려; 린 To act indifferently.

*긔젹긔젹ᄒᆞ다 s To act indifferently.

*긔젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 騎戰 (몰홀) (싸홈) To fight on horse back.

*긔졀ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣絕 (긔운) (끈허질) To faint; to swoon. See 가므러치다.

*긔졔 s. 忌祭 (써릴) (졔소) An anniversary sacrifice to ancestors. See 졔소.

*긔졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 欺情 (속일 (뜻) To speak falsely; to mislead; to cheat. See 긔심ᄒᆞ다.

*긔졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 起程 (닐) (길) To set out on a journey; to take the road. See 발정ᄒᆞ다.

*긔졸 s. 騎卒 (몰홀) (군ᄉᆞ) Cavalry; a trooper.

*긔주판 s. 記注官 (긔록) (대일) (버슬) An official writer; a chronicler.

*긔주ᄒᆞ다 s. 記注 (긔록) (부을) To note down; to chronicle.

긔쥬 s. 醪 (*교) Cake made from flour mixed with spirit.

*긔쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 忌酒 (써릴) (술) To avoid the use of spirit.

*긔증쟈 s. 寄贈者 (붓칠) (줄) (놈) A donor.

*긔증품 s. 寄贈品 (붓칠) (줄) (즘수) A donation.

*긔증ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄贈 (붓칠) (줄) To give; to make a present of.

*긔지 s. 幾至 (거위) (니를) The amount, (to) the extent of. See 내지

*긔지 / 基址 (터) 터 La'd, property; a house site. See 가터.

*긔지항 既知項 (임의) (알) (목) Absolute term.

*긔진녁진ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣盡脈盡 (긔운) (다홀) (힉) (다홀) To lack strength and vigor, to be completely exhausted

*긔진ᄒᆞ다 s. 氣盡 (긔운) (다홀) To be exhausted; to be fatigued; to be worn out. See 진력ᄒᆞ다.

*긔질 s. 氣質 (긔운) (밧탕) Constitution, physique. See 현력. Character; disposition; temper.

*긔조 s. 箕子 (기) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The Chinese Viscount Keui who became king and lawgiver of Korea about 1100 B. C.

*긔조 s. 棋子 (바둑) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The checkers used in playing go.

*긔조뎐 s. 箕子殿 (기) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (집) A temple of 긔조 in Pyong an-do— Lat. 39 16 Long. 129.12.

*긔조헌 s. 奇自獻 (긔특) (스스로) (ᄃᆞ릴) A. D. 1562 F. S. 漆州 N. P. 晩翠 A famous statesman of Sŏn jo.

*긔조ᄒᆞ다 s. 譏嘲 (긔롱홀) (씨롱) To slander, calumniate, libel, or scoff at.

*긔지 s. 奇才 (긔특) (지죠) Remarkable talents. See 긔지.

*긔지ᄒᆞ다 s 記載 (긔록) (시를) To write; to note down; to record; to describe.

*긔좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 起坐 (닐) (안질) To rise from one's seat—as a mark of respect.

긔챠다 s. 忝 (긔찰—*쿠) 긔챠; 찬 To be inexpressible; to be beyond bounds; to be outrageous. (Prov.)

*긔찰 s. 譏察 (긔롱) (솔필) A detective; a secret spy—of the government. See 포교.

*긔찰ᄒᆞ다 s. 譏察 (긔롱 (솔필) To act as a detective; to spy. See 쳐탐ᄒᆞ다

*긔챠 s 汽車 (김) (수레) A locomotive; a railway engine. See 화륜거.

*긔챠발챡시간표 s. 汽車發着時間表 (김) (수레) 핑 (부드칠) (때) (스이) (표ᄅᆞᆯ. A railway time table.

*긔챠표 s. 汽車票 (김) (수레) 표) A railway ticket.

*긔창ᄒᆞ다 s. 起瘡 (닐) (부를) To come out—of pustules in smallpox.

*긔쳔권 s. 幾千卷 (몃) (일쳔) (권) Several thousand volumes.

*긔천량 s. 幾千兩 (멧) (일천) (두) Several thousand *yang*.

*긔천명 s. 幾千名 (멧) (일천) (일홈) Several thousand persons.

*긔천원 s. 幾千圓 (멧) (일천) (둥글) Several thousand dollars.

*긔천환 s. 幾千圓 (멧) (일천) (둥글) Several thousand dollars.

*긔체 s. 氣滯 (긔운) (걸닐) Chronic dyspepsia; a stoppage of the "vital atmosphere." *See* 담체.

*긔초 s. 基礎 (터) (주초) Basis; foundation; ground work.

*긔초 s. 起草 (닐) (풀) A first draft—of a book

*긔초위원 s. 起草委員 (닐) (준) (부릴) (인원) A committee to prepare a first draft.

*긔초인 s. 起草人 (닐) (풀) (사롬) One who prepares a draft.

*긔초ᄒᆞ다 s. 起草 (닐) (풀) To prepare a draft.

*긔총 s. 騎總 (몰흘) (거느릴) Formerly a cavalry officer in command of a company of 120 men.

*긔쵸 s. 騎哨 (몰흘) (부지질) The head of five cavalry troops.

*긔추 s. 騎芻 (몰흘) (다라날) Shooting with the bow from horseback.

긔추노라 s. 騎芻 (몰흘) (다라날) 노하, 존 To shoot with the bow from horseback.

*긔츅 s. 機軸 (긔틀) (수레박회) Literally 'the reed of a loom'; a method; a plan; a scheme.

*긔츅 s. 己丑 (몸) (소) The 26th year of the cycle. 1859; 1949; 2009.

*긔츅 s. 機軸 (긔틀) (츅) A pendulum; a balance-wheel.

*긔츌 s. 己出 (몸) (날) One's own children. *See* 소싱.

*긔취 s. 旗取 (긔) (가질) Winning the flag—a kind of foot-race.

*긔치 s. 旗幟 (긔) (긔) Flags and pennants; standard. *See* 긔.

*긔치창검 s. 旗幟鎗劍 (긔) (긔) (챵) (검) Flags and pennons, spears and swords.

*긔침 s. 氣枕 (긔운) (벼기) An air-pillow or cushion. *See* 풍침.

*긔침ᄒᆞ다 起寢 닐 (잘, To get up; to arise—after sleep. (Hon.) *See* 니러나다.

*긔탁금 s. 寄托金 (붓칠) (부탁) (쇠) A deposit.

*긔탁물 s. 寄託物 (붓칠) (부탁ᄒᆞᆯ) (물건) Anything committed to another's care.

*긔탁자 s. 寄託者 (붓칠) (부탁ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) A trust.

*긔탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 寄託 (붓칠) (부탁ᄒᆞᆯ) To put under another's care; to entrust.

*긔탄 s. 忌憚 (꺼릴) (꺼릴) Fear; respect; [illegible]

*긔탄업시 s. 無忌憚 (업슬—*무) (꺼릴—*긔) (꺼릴—*탄, Without fear; without respect.

*긔탄ᄒᆞ다 s. 忌憚 (꺼릴) (꺼릴) To feel backward at; to shun, to avoid; to abhor.

*긔탕ᄒᆞ다 s. 忌帑 (꺼릴) (쇠) To avoid the use of metal; to remove from metallic influences.

*긔혈 s. 氣血 (긔운) (몸) Health. (Hon.) *See* 긔력; Gas.

*긔혈 s. 氣血 (긔운) (못) Gas.

*긔혈상력게 s. 氣血壓力計 (긔운) (몸) (눌를) (힘) (게표) Manometer.

*긔혈ᄒᆞ s. 氣血候 (긔운) (몸) (때) Health. (Epist.) *See* 긔혈.

*긔동 s. 氣筒 (긔운) (둥) A steam-whistle.

*긔민ᄒᆞ다 s. 奇悧 (긔ᄒᆞ) (민ᄒᆞᆯ) To be clever; to be precocious; to be bright. *See* 신명ᄒᆞ다.

긔동 s. 機 (*긔) The moving power—as of a machine; the frame on which to rest a work. Necessary means.

*긔패 s. 氣牌 (긔운) (패) Courage; power; force. *See* 긔안.

*긔패관 s. 旗牌官 (긔) (패) (벼슬) An ensign; a messenger—of a general.

*긔포 s. 氣泡 (긔운) (겁질) A bubble; foam.

*긔표 s. 氣表 (긔운) (밧) A steam-gauge.

*긔품 s. 氣稟 (긔운) (줄ᄒᆞᆯ) Natural endowments; disposition. *See* 품질.

*긔필 s. 幾匹 (멧) (짝) Several horses; how many—of horses, or rolls of cotton.

긔필코 s. Assuredly; certainly. *See* 단명코.

*긔필ᄒᆞ다 s. 期必 (긔약) (반ᄃᆞ) To be certain; to be fixed; to be sure.

*긔하 s. 記下 (긔록) (아래) A form used for the 1st personal pronoun; your humble servant

*긔하 s. 旗下 (긔) (아래) Troops under one's personal command; an immediate vassal of a feudal lord; a feudatory.

*긔하오 s. 幾何 (멧) (엇지) How much.

*기하광학 s. 幾何光學 (몃)(엇지)(빗)(배울) Geometrical optics.

*기하명식 s. 幾何定式 (몃)(엇지)(뎡호)(법) Geometrical explanation.

*기하학 s. 幾何學 (몃)(엇지)(배울) Geometry.

*기하학공리 s. 幾何學公理 (몃)(엇지)(배울)(공번될)(리치) A geometrical axiom.

*기하학자 s. 幾何學者 (몃 엇지 배울)(놈) A geometrician.

*기학 s. 飢瘧 (주릴)(학질) Fever—brought on by a run down constitution.

*기한 s. 飢寒 (주릴)(찰) Hunger and cold. *See* 동상

*기한 s. 期限 기약 한덩) A limit of time, a date. *See* 한명. A fixed period; a term of discount.

*기한(이)박심호다 s. 飢寒迫甚 (주릴)(찰)(칠)(심홀) To be the utmost limit of cold and hunger. *See* 기갈이조심호다.

*기한호다 t. 祈寒 (빌)(찰) To pray for cool weather

*기함 s. 旗艦 (긔)(비) A flag-ship.

*기함 s. 寄函 (붓칠)(편지) A letter.

*기함호다 s. 氣陷 (긔운)(빠질) To lose strength; to become weak.

*기허이 s. 期於 (긔약)(놈 —*어) By all means; in some way or other. *Also* 긔어히. *See* 반뎡코

*기허증 s. 氣虛症 (긔운)(뷔일)(증세) A debilitated constitution; a disease marked by dizziness.

*기허호다 s. 氣虛 (긔운)(뷔일) To be weak; to lack strength. *See* 긔약호다.

*기험호다 s. 崎險 (놈흘)(험홀) To be rough; to be unpropitious; to be unheard of. *See* 긔구호다.

*기혈 s. 氣血 (긔운)(피) Health; strength; vigor.

*기호 s. 旗號 (긔) (일홈) A signal flag, a national ensign.

*기호 s. 記號 (긔록)(일홈) A mark; sign; symbol.

*기호수학 s. 記號數學 (긔록)(일홈)(두어)(비홀) Calculus of symbols; symbolical calculus.

*기회 s. 機會 (긔틀)(모돌) An occasion; an opportunity. *See* 연분

*기회 s. 幾回 (몃) (도라올) How many times?

기회일코다 s. 機會失 (긔틀)(모돌)(일흘 실 일허; 혼 To lose an opportunity.

기회ᄒᆞ다 s. 機會乘 (긔틀)(모돌)(탈—ᄉᆞ회ᄒᆞ, ᄂᆞᆫ To avail one's self of an opportunity

*기회호다 s. 期會 (긔약)(모돌) To fix a time or date for meeting.

*기후 s. 氣候 (긔운)(때) Seasons; times. *See* 결긔 Health; strength. (Hon.) *See* 긔톄.

*기후학 s. 氣候學 (긔운)(때)(배홀) Climatology.

*기훈 s. 奇勳 (긔특)(공) A wonderful exploit, great feat; brilliant services.

*기휘호다 s. 忌諱 (꺼릴)(휘홀) To dislike; to regard with aversion.

*기히다 s. 忌 (써릴) To dread; to shun; to avoid.

*기히 s. 己亥 (몸)(돗) The 36th year of the cycle. 1815, 1899; 1959

기히염 s. 氣化點 (긔운)(될) (염) Boiling point.

*기화요초 s. 琪花瑤草 (구슬) (꼿)(구슬)(풀) Jasper plant and coralline flowers —of fairyland. *See* 션경.

*기황 s. 飢荒 (주릴) (거칠) Famine; leath

기황지년 s. 飢荒之年 (주릴) (거칠) (갈)(히) A year of famine. *See* 흉황거년.

길즘성 s. 走獸 (다라날—*주) (즘승—*슈) Animals that go on all fours. *Opp.* 놀즘성.

끙끙 *t.* Whining; groaning. *See* 셩셩.

궁측ᄒᆞ다 s. 矜惻 (조랑) (불상히녁일) To sympathize with; to pity; to feel compassion for; to commiserate.

근반고 / 自盤古 제청) (일반) (데) Since antiquity, from ancient times.

끙끙ᄒᆞ다 s. 呻吟 (*불) (읍길 —*궁) 노라, 혼 To groan, to grumble, to growl. *See* 불궁ᄒᆞ다.

궁측히녁이다 s. 矜惻 (조랑) (불상히녁일) 넉여, 인 To have pity on; to feel compassion for.

*궁여호다 s. 兢惕 (조심홀) (두려울) To be afraid; to fear; to be alarmed.

*궁휼 s. 矜恤 (조랑) (불상히녁일) Pity; compassion.

궁휼히녁이다 s. 矜恤 (조랑) (불상히녁일) 넉여 인 To sympathize with.

*기가 *t.* 妓家 (기성) (집) A house of prostitution. *See* 창가.

*기각 *l.* 枳殼 (탱조) (쌀) The skin of *Citrus aurantium* —a medicine.

*기각ᄒᆞ다 ◦ 棄却 (부릴) (물니칠) To abandon; to discard; to throw away.

*기간 *s.* 其間 (그) (소이) The interval; the time between. *See* 아소이.

*기강 *l.* 岐江 (희) (물) A river in Kyong-sang-do

기나리 *l.* A snake. *See* 긴즘성.

*기년 *s.* 耆年 (즐길) (히) The age of sixty or upwards.

기니 *s.* Meals. *See* 조석.

기다 *l.* 長 (긴—*장) 리; 긴 To be long—of objects. *Also* 길다.

기다 *s.* 挾 (끌—*협) 여; 낀 To fit into; to add to; to place between. To rise—as mists, clouds etc

기대다 *l.* 倚 (의지 —*의) 대여; 낸 To lean. To depend on; to get one's support from. *See* 의지ᄒᆞ다.

기둥 *s.* (—둥) 柱 (*쥬) A pillar; a post.

기둥서방 *s.* (ㄷ) The so called husband of a *kwang.*

거드다 *s.* 드러; 든 To help; to assist. *Also* 거들다.

거들다 *s.* 어; 든 To help; to assist. *See* 덕다.

기드리다 *s.* 待 (기드릴—*대) 드려; 릴 To wait; to expect.

기럭이 ◦ 鴈 (*안) A wildgoose. *See* 양ᄌᆞ강안

*기로 *l.* 岐路 (갈릴길) (길) A junction of roads. Wandering from the right path.

*기로 *l.* 耆老 (늙은이) (늙을) Old men; superannuated officials

*기로당상 *l.* 耆老堂上 L (늙은이 당상 Kwoso.

*기로소 *l.* 耆老所 (늙은이) (늙을) (바) An office or home for superannuated officials.

거루거리다 *s.* 거려; 릴 To look at eagerly; to de-ire. To idle about. To cry—as a wild goose.

거룩거룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To desire: to covet. To idle about. To cry; to squeak.

거룩디다 *s.* 여; 딘 To look at eagerly; to covet. *See* 거루거리다.

기르다 *s.* 養 (기를 *양) 길너; 기른 To bring up; to domesticate. *See* 치우다

기르마 *s.* A pack saddle. (Prov.) *See* 길마.

기름 *s.* 菜 (칵—*아) Sprouted beans—used as an article of food.

기름 *s.* 油 (*유) Oil; grease, fat. (짜다).

기름지다 *s.* 肥 (기름질—*토) 름져; 진 To be fat; to be oily; to be rich. *See* 살지다.

가름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be long. *See* 길다.

거리 *s.* 距 (무리—*당) An ending used with pronouns or nouns—having the force of a plural but implying class separation.

거리거리 *s.* Amongst each; in each group.

기리다 *s.* 譽 (기릴 *예) 여; 린 To praise, to commend. *See* 칭찬ᄒᆞ다.

*기물 *l.* 棄物 (부릴) (물건) What is thrown away; a cast off object.

기다 *s.* 黶 *예) A discoloration of the skin

*기무 ◦ 岐阜 (희) (언덕) Gifu in Japan.

[illegible] (어려울) A dilemma; a quandary; an embarrassment. *See* 진퇴유곡.

*기세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 棄世 (부릴) (인간) To leave the world—to die. *See* 별세ᄒᆞ다.

*기성 *l.* 岐城 (희) (재) A post station in K. won-do. Lat. 35.32 Long.

*기슈 *l* 技手 (지조) (손) One who has been trained to a scientific profession; an expert; an official expert. Inferior technical officials.

기술 *l.* 技術 (지조) (술법) An art; accomplishments; scientific profession, skilled handicraft.

기슭 *s.* A border; an edge; a limit. *See* 가

그ᄯᅢ에 *s.* 其時 (그) (때) At that time; then. *See* 그때에.

*기실 *l.* 枳實 (탱조) (열매) Dried seeds of the sweet orange tree *Citrus Aurantium.*

*기실은 *s.* 其實 (그) (실상) The real intent on; the inner thought. *See* 실상

*기사 *l.* 技師 (지조) (스승) An engineer; scientific expert, applied to officials charged with technical affairs.

*기소시보 *l* 技師試補 (지조) (스승) (시칠) (기울 A probation of 기소.

기생 *l* 妓 (*기) A dancing girl; a prostitute. *See* 갈보.

*기악 l. 妓樂 (기성) (풍류) Dancing girls and band

기역 s. The name of the first letter in the Korean alphabet. (ㄱ).

써언싸 s. 저; 진 To sprinkle; to scatter; to spread.

*기엽 s. 企業 (부랄) (업) To plan a work or undertaking; to scheme an enterprise.

*기여 s. 其餘 (그) (놈을) The rest; the balance. *See* 기타.

*기연(가)미연가 其然未然 그 그런) (아닐) (그럴) Uncertain whether or not , . . . *See* 반신반의ᄒᆞ다.

*기연ᄒᆞ다 s. 棄捐 (부랄) (부랄) To give in charity; to let off or cancel debts.

*기예 l. 技藝 (지조) (지조) Art; skill, efficiency.

*기외에 s. 其外 (그) (밧) Besides that; beyond that *See* 기여에.

*기욕 l. 嗜慾 (즐길) 욕심) Taste; appetite.

써우다 s. 써워, 운 To insert; to place between.

기우듬ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾 (기우러질 -*경) To be inclined; to slope; to slant. *See* 갸우듬ᄒᆞ다.

기우러지다 s. 傾 (기우러질—*경) 러져; 진 To lean; to incline; to slant. (v.i)

기우러치다 s. 傾 (기우러질—*경) 러쳐, 친 To lean; to incline; to slant. (v.t.) *See* 기우러터리다.

기우러터리다 s. 傾 (기우러질—*경) 터려; 린 To lean over; to incline; to slant. (v.t.) *See* 기우러치다.

기우리다 s. 傾 (기우러질—*경) 우려; 린 To lean; to incline; to bend. (v.t.) *See* 기우러터리다.

기울 s. 麩, *부) The shorts—from wheat. *Also* 기우리.

기울다 s. 傾 (기우러질—*경) 어; 기운 To lean, to slant, to be sloping.

기웃거리다 s. 窺視 (엿볼 -*규) (모양 *모) 거려; 린 To peek; to incline—the head. *See* 남상거리다.

기웃기웃ᄒᆞ다 s. To peek, to incline the head from side to side. *See* 남상남상ᄒᆞ다.

기웃둥기웃둥ᄒᆞ다 s. To swing from side to side; to roll—as a boat. *See* 갸우듬갸우듬ᄒᆞ다.

기운ᄒᆞ다 s. 傾視 (기우러질 -*경 모양 *모) To be sloping; to bend; to incline. *See* 거웃ᄒᆞ다.

쎄이다 s. 쎄여; 인 To wedge; to place between; to grow to; to be attached to. To rise. (안기).

*기우 l. 寄寓 (부랄) (우할) A foundling.

써언치다 s. 헤치; 친 To interfere with; to trouble.

기와 s. 瓦 (*왁) Tiles—for roofing.

기와막 s. A kiln for burning tiles.

기와장이 s. 瓦匠 (기왁—*왁) (장인—*장) A tile maker; a tile layer. *See* 와장이.

*기왕 l. 既往 (일허) (갈) What is past.

기장 s. 長 (긴—*장) The length. *See* 길이.

기장 s. 黍 (*셔) The glutinous variety of *Panicum miliaceum*.

기장차다 s. 장차; 찬 To be tall; to have a great length. *See* 장차다.

기지귀 s. 襁褓, *장) (*보) A swaddling-cloth. *See* 깁베.

기지귀 s. Chips; splinters.

*기절 s. 棄絕 (부랄) (쓴흘) Renunciation; repudiation.

*기중 s. 其中 (그) (가온ᄃᆡ) Among all; first of all.

기지개 l. 欠伸 (하품 -*신) (펼—*신) 개켜; 껸 To yawn and stretch.

기지개켜다 l. 欠伸 (하품—*흠) (펼—*신) 개켜; 껸 To yawn and stretch.

기조 s. 梔子 (기조—*치) (아ᄃᆞᆯ—*즈) The fruit of *Gardenia radicans* used for yellow dye.

기지 s. Earth from salt-pits.

*기초단위 s. 基礎單位 (터) (류초) (호) (버ᄉᆞᆯ) Fundamental unit

써치다 s. 헤치; 친 To sprinkle; to scatter. (Prov.) *See* 써언싸

*기치다 s. 遺 (끼칠—*유) 끼쳐; 친 To bequeath; to hand down; to hand over to another.

기침 s. 咳嗽 (헤소—*헤) (헤소—*수) A cough.

기침나다 s. 침나; 난 To have a cough.

기침ᄒᆞ다 s. 咳 (헤소—*헤) To cough. *See* 콜록콜록ᄒᆞ다

*기타 s. 其他 (그) (다를) The rest; the others. Beside. *See* 기외에.

*기효여신 s. 其効如神 (그) (효험) (같흘) (귀신) Efficaious as the Divine power.

*기후에 s. 其後 (그) (뒤) Afterwards; thereafter. *Opp.* 기전에.

*긱겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 喫怯 (먹을) (겁ᄒᆞᆯ) To be afraid, to be cowardly.

*긱경ᄒᆞ다 s. 喫驚 (먹을) (놀날) To be startled, to be filled with astonishment, wonder, or amazement

*긱고ᄒᆞ다 s. 喫苦 (먹을) (괴로울) To experience hardship; to endure sufferin. *See* 고싱ᄒᆞ다

썩썩 *l.* Choking; gasping.

*긱반ᄒᆞ다 s. 喫飯 (먹을) (밥) To eat food.

*긱연실 s. 喫烟室 (먹을) (연긔) (집) A smoking-room.

*긱연ᄒᆞ다 s. 喫烟 (먹을) (연긔) To smoke tobacco or cigarettes.

*긴급동의 s. 緊急動議 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) (의론) An urgency motion.

*긴급문제 s. 緊急問題 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) (무를) (글제) A pressing topic for discussion.

*긴급ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊急 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) To be urgently needed; to be required at once; to be important and urgent. *See* 긴절ᄒᆞ다.

긴령산 *l.* 長靈山 (긴—*장) (신령—*령) (외—*산) The name of a tune—with long drawn notes.

*긴막긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊莫緊 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (말) (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be extremely urgent; to be all important.

*긴밀ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊密 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (빅빅) To be important; to be of value

긴병 *l.* 長病 (긴—*장) (병들—*병) A chronic disease; a disease of long standing. (들다).

*긴속ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊束 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (묵글) To be definitely defined; to be urgently directed.

*긴요ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊要 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ, 요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be important, to be necessary. *See* 요긴ᄒᆞ다

*긴용ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊用 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (쓸) To have great use for; to be much needed. *See* 요용ᄒᆞ다.

*긴절ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊切 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (온절) To be all important; to be needful. *See* 요긴ᄒᆞ다.

긴졈싱 *l.* 蛇 (비암 —*샤) Serpents; reptiles. *See* 능구리.

*긴찰 s. 緊札 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (편지) An important letter

*긴착ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊着 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To be indispensable; to be needful; to be necessary. *See* 긴절ᄒᆞ다

*긴탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊托 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (부탁) To entrust with a special message; to give an urgent order to. *See* 신탁ᄒᆞ다.

*긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 緊 (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be important; to be necessary. *See* 신ᄒᆞ다.

길 s. 路 (*로) A road; a way; the means.

길 *l.* 丈 (*장) Originally a measure of 10 Korean feet 11 ft. 9 in. English, now commonly used for the height of a man.

*길강 s. 蜣螂 (버레) (버레) The dung beetle, *Geotrupes.*

길거리 s. (ᄌᆞ) 街 (거리—*가) A street; a main road. *See* 거리.

*길거ᄒᆞ다 s. 拮据 (길거ᄒᆞᆯ) (긱거ᄒᆞᆯ) To recommend for alms etc; to aid; to help. *See* 구제ᄒᆞ다.

*길경 s. 桔梗 (도라지) (도라지) A species of campanula. *Platycodon grandiflorum.* *See* 도라지.

길경, 길빗 길ᄒᆞ 경ᄉᆞ (illegible)

길경이 s. 車前 (*부) (*이) The *Plantago major.*

길군 s. A courier. *See* 보ᄒᆡᆼ군.

길군악 s. A road song.

길길 s. Tittering, (illegible) *See* 킬킬

*길년 s. 吉年 (길ᄒᆞᆯ) (히) A propitious year

길넉 s. Because of that—an ending *See* 기에. From time immemorial; always; constantly. *See* 홍상.

길다 *l.* 永 (긴 *영) 어; 간 To be long. *Opp.* 짤다.

길드다 s. 馴 (길드릴 —*슌) 러, 든 To be tamed; to be domesticated—of animals. *Also* 길ᄃᆞ다

길드리다 s. 馴 (길드 슌 ᄃᆞ려 린 To tame; to domesticate animals. *Also* 길ᄃᆞ리다

길들다 s. 馴 (길드릴 *슌) 어; 든 To be tamed, to be domesticated—of animals. *Also* 길드다.

*길례 s. 吉禮 (길ᄒᆞᆯ) (례도) A happy ceremonies as that connected with marriage. *See* 혼례.

*길림 s. 吉林 (길ᄒᆞᆯ, (수풀) Kirin—the head prefect of Kirin Province in China.

*길림셩 s. 吉林省 (길ᄒᆞᆯ, (수풀) (ᄉᆞᆼ) Province of Kirin in China.

길마 s. 鞍 (*안) A pack-saddle.

길마가지 s. A crooked stick or limb.

길목 s. 行襪 (도ᄂᆞᆯ *ᄇᆞᆯ) (보션—*ᄇᆞᆯ) Traveling socks; used up socks. *Opp.* 감발.

길목 s. 路頭 (길—*로) (목—*두) A junction of roads.

*길몽 s. 吉夢 (길홀) (몽) A lucky dream. *Opp.* 흉몽.

길몽 l. 丈水 (길—*장) (몽—*수) Water having the depth of one *kil.*

길미 s. 殖利 (부를—*식) (리홀—*리) Interest—on money. *See* 변리, 이식.

*길보 s. 吉報 (길홀), 강홀) Good news; fortunate tidings.

*길복 s. 吉服 (길홀) (옷) The dress resumed after mourning. Clothes for festive occasions. *See* 화복.

길쌈ᄒᆞ다 s. 紡織 (길쌈—*방) (길쌈—*직) To weave; to make cloth. *See* 방적ᄒᆞ다.

*길상 s. 吉祥 (길홀) (상서) A lucky omen; auspicious sign. bright augury; good auspices. *See* 길조.

*길상사 s. 吉祥紗 (길홀) (상서) (깁) A kind of figured silk worn in summer.

*길상산 s. 吉祥山 (길홀) (상서 뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36.48 Long. 127.27.

*길상초 s. 吉祥草 (길홀) (상서) (풀) Remeckia carnea.

*길서 s. 吉瑞 (길홀) 상서) A lucky omen, auspicious sign. *See* 길상.

*길성 s. 吉星 (길홀) (별) A lucky star.

*길시 s. 吉時 (길홀) (때) A propitious hour or time.

*길사 s. 吉事 (길홀) (일) A happy affair—as a wedding. *See* 흉사.

길아 s. 脾 (*비) The spleen

*길안 s. 吉安 (길홀) (편안) A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.12 Long. 128.57.

길억이 s. 長 (긴—*장) The length.

길억지 s. 長 (긴—*장) The length. *See* 길이.

*길운 s. 吉運, 길홀) (운수) Good fortune; luck.

길이 s. 永 (긴—*영) For a long time; without end; eternally. *See* 영영히.

*길인 s. 吉人 (길홀) (사롬) A lucky or fortunate person; a prosperous man.

*길일 s. 吉日 (길홀) (날) The first day of the moon; a propitious day; one's wedding day.

길잡이 s. 指路軍 (구르칠—*지) (길—*로) (군사—*군) A guide. *See* 지로군

길잡히 s. (—*양) 茶苣 (길경이—*부) (길경이 -*이) *Plantago major.* (Prov.) *See* 길경.

*길조 s. (—*죠) 吉兆 (길홀) (징조) A lucky omen.

길쭉길쭉ᄒᆞ다 s. To be longish; to be great in length.

길쭉ᄒᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 s. To be longish.

*길주 s. 吉州 (길홀) (고을) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 41.09 Long. 129.22.

길쯤길쯤ᄒᆞ다 s. To be longish.

길쯤ᄒᆞ다 s. To be longish.

길쯤ᄒᆞ다 s. 長 (긴—*장) To be long—usually of objects. *Opp.* 짤막ᄒᆞ다.

*길진 s. 吉辰 (길홀) (별) A lucky day.

길짐 s. A travelling pack. Porters—who carry by stages.

*길처 s. 吉士 (길홀) (두) F. S. 善山 N. P. 治薰 A famous scholar and Confucianist of Koryŏ. A pupil of *Mok-eun.*

길처 s. A bullock from the south of Korea.

길허 s. 脾 (*비) The spleen; the milt. (Prov.) *See* 길아.

*길흉 s. 吉凶 (길홀) (흉홀) The lucky and the unlucky; the good and the bad. *See* 선악.

길히 s. 長 (긴 *장) The length. *See* 길억지.

*길ᄒᆞ다 s. 吉 (길홀) To be propitious; to be lucky. *Opp.* 흉ᄒᆞ다.

김 l. Weeds. (미거)

김 l. 海衣 (바다—*히) (옷—*의) A kind of food made from seaweed *See* 히의.

김 l. 氣 (—*긔) Steam; vapor.

쌀 s. Opportunity; occasion; the right moment. *See* 쌀서.

*김감 s. 金勘 (쇠) (다스릴) A D. 1466 F. S. 延安 N. P. 仙洞 A noted scholar of the reign of *Yon-san*

*김경서 s. 金景瑞 (쇠) (별) (상서) F. S. 金海 A famous general of the time of Sŏn-jo. (1801-1835).

*김경직 s. 金慶稷 (쇠) (벼) (사롬) N. P. 尙洛 A famous writer of the reign of *In-jo* (1623-1650).

김굉필 s. 金宏弼 (쇠) (굴) (도을) F. S. 寒喜 N. P. 寒暄堂 A famous disciple of Kil-jo (1500).

*김교 s. 金喬 (쇠) (외) F. S. 善山 A famous general of the time of *Song-jong* (1470-1495).

*김구 s. 金龜 (쇠) (거붑) A. D. 1649 F. S.

滿風 N. P. 殿直 A Minister of State of *Suk-jong*.

*김구용 s. 金九容 (쇠) (아홍) (얼골) F. S. 安東 N. P. 惕若 A famous Confucianist of Koryŏ.

*김국광 s. 金國光 (쇠) (나라) (빛) A. D. 1415 F. S. 光州 N. P. 瑞石 A minister of state and scholar.

*김안영 s. 金安榮 (쇠) (편안) (영화) A. D. 1520 F. S. 安東 N. P. 永閣 A Minister of State of Sonjo.

*김국성 s. 金克成 (쇠) (이길) (성공) A. D. 1474 F. S. 光州 N. P. 肯齋 A Minister of State of *Chung-jong*.

*김근사 s. 金謹思 (쇠) (삼갈) (생각) F. S. 延安 A Prime minister of *Chung-jong* (1506-1544).

*김기후 s. 金基厚 (쇠) (터) (두터울) A. D. 1747 F. S. 清風 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

*김광묵 s. 金光默 (쇠) (불) (기동) A. D. 1743 F. S. 慶州 N. P. A Minister of State of *Sun-jo*.

김나다 *l.* 나; 난 To steam; to give off vapor.

김내다 *l.* 여; 낸 To let off the steam; to let cool.

*김달순 s. 金達淳 (쇠) (통달) (순박) A. D. 1760 F. S. 安東 N. P. A minister of state of *Son-jo*.

*김덕수 s. 金德秀 (쇠) (큰) (빼어날) N. P. 鶴峯 A famous Confucianist of the reign of *Chung-jong*.

*김덕원 s. 金德遠 (쇠) (덕) (멀) A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 慶州 N. P. 淡谷 A [illegible] state of *Suk-jong*.

*김데 s. 金堤 (쇠) (언덕) A prefect in Chŏlla-do. Lat. 35.46 Long. 126.57

*김도희 s. 金道喜 (쇠) (길) (기쁠) A. D. 1503 F. S. 慶州 N. P. 杜谷 A minister of state of *Hong-jong*.

*김량경 s. 金良鏡 (쇠) (어짐) (거울) F. S. 光州 A famous confucianist of Koryŏ *Mun-jong* (104[illegible]-108[illegible]).

*김량근 s. 金良根 (쇠) (어짐) (뿌리) A. D. [illegible] N. P. 北[illegible] A famous scholar of the reign of *Chung-jong* (1777-1801).

*김문순 s. 金文淳 (쇠) (나라) (순성) A. D. 1766 F. S. 慶州 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

*김류 s. 金瑬 (쇠) (면류관) A. D. 1591 F. S. 順天 N. P. 北渚 A Prime minister of *In-jo*.

*김리교 s. 金履喬 (쇠) (신) (우뚝할) A. D. [illegible] F. S. 安東 N. P. 竹里 A [illegible]

김리소 s. 金履素 (쇠) (신) (흴) A. D. 17[illegible] F. S. 安東 N. P. 鶴麓 A famous scholar of the reign of *Chung-jong*.

*김린후 s. 金麟厚 (쇠) (기린) (두터울) F. S. 慶山 N. P. 河西 A great scholar and statesman of the reign of *In-jong* (1545-1546).

*김만중 s. 金萬重 (쇠) (일만) (무거울) F. S. 光山 N. P. 西浦 A famous scholar of the reign of *Suk-jong* (1659-1674).

김맬전 s. 金勉元 (쇠) (욱을) (옷돔) A. D. [illegible] F. S. 慶州 N. P. 酒隱 A Minister of State [illegible] Son-jo.

김문근 s. 金汶根 (쇠) (물) (뿌리) A. D. 1801 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

김맬다 *l.* 除草 (제초—*제) (풀—*초) 여; 맨 To weed. *See* 제초하다

*김병학 s. 金炳學 (쇠) (밝을) (배울) A. D. 1818 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-18[illegible]

김[illegible] s. 權源 (권세) 너를) F. S. 安東 N. P. 霜軒 A famous Confucianist of Koryŏ.

*김부식 s. 金富軾 (쇠) (부자) (수레칸간) A. [illegible] scholar, historian and general of [illegible] of In-jong Koryŏ A. D. 11[illegible]-1[illegible] Author of *Sam-guk sa*.

김[illegible] s. 金山 [illegible] 山 Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

김상로 s. 金尙魯 (쇠) (오히려) (노를) A. D. 1702 F. S. 清風 N. P. 鶴谷 A famous scholar of the reign of Yŏngjong.

김[illegible] s. 金相福 (쇠) (서로) (복) A. D. [illegible] F. S. 光州 A famous scholar of the reign of *Yŏngjong*.

*김상용 s. 金尙容 (쇠) (오히려) (얼골) A. D. 1561 F. S. 安東 N. P. 仙源 A Minister of State of *In-jo*.

김[illegible] s. 金[illegible] (쇠) (오히려) (볼을) A. D. [illegible] F. S. [illegible] A famous scholar of [illegible] Sun-jo.

*김상헌 s. 金尙憲 (쇠) (오히려) (법) A. D. 1570 F. S. 安東 N. P. 淸陰 A Minister of [illegible] Jo.

김[illegible] s. 金錫[illegible] 쇠 [illegible] 너를 A. D. 1640 F. S. 清風 A famous general of the time of *Suk-jong* (1675-1721).

*김석익 s. 金錫翼 (쇠) (날) (돕) A. D. 1645 F. S. 清風 A famous general of the time of *Suk-jong* (1675-1721).

*김석주 s. 金錫胄 (쇠) (줄) (맏아들) A. D. 1634 F. S. 清風 N. P. 息庵 A Minister State of *Suk-jong*

*김세익 ㅅ 金世翊 (한근, 도을) A. D. 1642 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Suk-jong* (1675-1 21)

*김성 s. 金城 (희) (재) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.19 Long. 127.39.

*김성운 s. 金聖運 (희) (경건) 응호) A. D. 16.9 F. S. 淸風 A famous general of the time of *Yong-jong* (1724-1777).

*김성한 s. 金聖漢 (희) (거룩호) (한지) A. D. 0 50 \ ... great ... in the present manchu Dynasty

*김수동 s. 金壽童 (희) (목숨) (우ㅣ) A. D. 1457 F. S. 安東 A prime minister of *Song-jong*.

*김숙 ㅅ s. 金淑 (희) (목숨) (ㄷ) \ ... 1626 F. S. 安東 N. P. 退堂 A prime minister of *Hyo-jong*

*김슝호 s. 金壽恒 (희) (ㄱ숨) (호상) A. D. 1629 F. S. 安東 N. P. 文谷 A prime minister of *Hyo-jong*

*김슉ㅈ ㅅ s. 金淑滋 (희) (아자비) (부들) F. S. 若山 N. P. 江湖 A disciple of Kiju

*김슝ㅅ s. 金燧 (희) ㅅ 남) A. D. 1723 F. S. 延安 N. P. 竹下 A famous scholar of the reign of *Chŏng-jong*.

*김시묵 s. 金時默 (희) (때) (ㅁ중) A. D. 1662 F. S. 淸風 A famous general of the time of *Chong-jong* (1777-1801).

*김시양 s. 金時讓 (희) (때) (소양) \ D. 1573. N. P. 荷潭 A famous general of the time of *In-jo* (162 - 1690

*김식 s. 金湜 (희) (몸을) F. S. 淸風 N. P 淨友 A famous scholar of the time of *Chong-jong*.

*김ㅈ목 ㅅ s. 金思穆 (희) (화각) (목목호) \ D. 740 F. S. 慶州 N. P 潮峰 A Minister of State of *Sim-jo*.

*김ㅈ상 ㅅ 金士尙 (희) (션비) (숭상) \ D. 1411 F. S. 安東. N. P 松堂 A noted prime minister.

*씨시 s. 機會 (긔틀 ㅣ 회) (모틀 - 회, Opportunity; occasion; the right moment. (ᄀᆞ다) (보다). *See* 씨.

씸시보다 s. 見機 (본—*긴) (긔틀—*과) 아; 본 To seek an occasion; to watch for an opportunity.

씸씨ᄎᆡ다 s. 여; 쳬 To guess one's intentions; to see through one's designs.

*김안국 s. 金安國 (희) (편안 (나라 A. D. 1477 F. S. 義城 N. P 慕齋 A noted scholar of the reign of *Chong-jong*.

*김안로 s. 金安老 희, (편안 (늙을 A. D. 1481 F. S. 延安 N. P. 希孟 A Minister of State of *Chŏng-jong*.

*김양로 s. 金養老 희, 호ᄒᆞ) 다라) A. D. 1694 F. S. 淸風 N. P. 曉休 A famous scholar of the reign of *Yong-jong*.

*김양직 ㅅ 金陽直 희(볕) 옥 \ D 1712 F. S. 光州 N. P. 蘭室 A famous scholar of the reign of *Yung-jong*.

김영 s. 金榮 ㅣ (ᄇᆞᆺ \ D. 1832 F. S. 淸風 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

김유 ㅅ s. 金 ... (ㄷ) \ D. 1619 F. S. 金海 N. P. 甲峯 A Minister of State of *Suk-jong*.

*김유 s. 金楺 (ㄴ) (희일) F. S. 淸風 N. P. 悠窩 \ famous scholar of the reign of *Suk-jong* (1675-172

*김윤굔 s. 金由根 (희 (말미암을) (뿔히) A. D. 1785 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

김육 s. 金堉 희, (ᄀᆞᆯ \ D. 1580 F. S. 淸風 N. P 潛谷 A Prime Minister of *Hyo-jong*.

*김응희 ㅅ s. 金應禧 (희) (응호) (기) F. S. 慶山 A Minister of State of *Chŏng-jong* (1506-154).

*김응남 ㅅ s. 金應南 희 응호 남녁) F. S. 慶州 N. P. 古谷 A Minister of State of *Son-jo* (1568-1609).

*김응하 s. 金應河 (희), 응호) (바다) A. D. 1588 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *In-jo* (1623-1650).

*김ㅈ호 ... 金益勳 ㅣ) (더홀, 공) A. D. 1619 F. S. 光山 A famous general of the time of *Suk-jong* (1675-1721).

*김일손 s. 金馹孫 (희) (역마) (손조) \ D. 1456-1498 Ch'ŏng-do (k.s.) N. P. Tak-yong (濯纓 A famous scholar and courti ...

김일제 s. 金日磾, ㅣ, 날, 서로들, B. C. 100 Originally a Tartar he rose to great degnity in the reign of Mu-je of Han. (T. G.)

*김ᄌᆞ ㅅ 金子元 (희 (아들) (ㄷ) F. S. 安東 N. P. 漢湖 A famous scholar of the reign of *Chong-jong* (1777-1801).

*김시민 s. 金時敏 ㅅ ... 들) F. S. 淸風 N. P. 敬溪 A famous writer of the reign of *In-jo* (1623-1650).

*김장생 ... 金長生 희 ... F. S. 光山 N. P. 沙溪 A famous scholar and pupil of *Yul-k* ...

*김전 ㅅ 金詮 희 ... \ D. 147 F. S. 延安 N. P. 慵軒 A ... prime minister.

*김정 s. 金淨 (희) (ᄀᆞᆯ을) A. D. 1465-1488. A great scholar ... N. P. Ch'ung-an (神莊).

*김정국 n. 金正國 (쇠) (바룰) (나라) F. S. 義城 N. P. 思齋 A famous scholar of the reign of *Chang-jong* (1506-1545).

*김정희 n. 金正喜 (쇠) (바룰) (즐불) F. S. 慶州 N. P. 秋史 A famous writer of the reign of *Chŏun-jong* (1777-18[illegible]).

*김조순 n. 金祖淳 (쇠) (할아비) 영이 N. D. 1793 F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Sun-jo* (1801-1835).

*김종수 n. 金鍾秀 (쇠) (할아비) 金빈 F. S. 安東 N. P. 模堂 A famous scholar and minister of the reign of *Chŏng-jong* (1777-[illegible]).

*김종직 n. 金宗直 (쇠) (마루 [illegible] F. S. 善山 N. P. 佔畢齋 A famous scholar of the time of *Yon-san* (1500[illegible]).

*김중손 n. 金重孫 (쇠) (죄복) (해여날) A. D. 1728 F. S. 清風 N. P. 夢村 A famous scholar of the reign of *Chŏng-jong*.

*김주 n. 金澍 (쇠) (비물) A. D. 1389-1392 A faithful courtier F. S. Sŏn-san (s.s.) N. P. Nong am (籠巖).

*김준민 n. 金俊民 (쇠) (준철) (넘물) A famous general of the time of *Kwang-hă* (1609-1623).

*김중청 n. 金重淸 (쇠) (두거울 그롯 A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 安東 A famous general of the time of *Suk-jong* (1675-1721).

*김지이지 n. 金的李的 (쇠) (역실 *역) (오얏) (역실—*역) The *Kims* and the *Yis*.

*김지묵 n. 金智默 (쇠) 자길 송죽 N. D. 1624 F. S. 清風 A famous general of the reign of *Chŏng-jong* (1777-1801.)

*김진구 n. 金振龜 (쇠) [illegible] 거북 N. D. 1651 F. S. 光山 [illegible] the time of *Sukjong* (1675-1721).

*김진규 n. 金鎭圭 (쇠) (진명) (홀) F. S. 光山 N. P. 竹泉 A famous scholar of the reign of *Suk-jong* (1675-1721).

*김질 n. 金礩 (쇠) (류초) F. S. 安東 N. P. 梁谷 A minister of state [illegible] (1450-1469).

*김집 n. 金集 (쇠) 모룰 F. S. 光山 N. P. 愼獨齋 A famous scholar and son of *Kim-Chang-sang*.

*김조명 n. 金自點 (쇠) (스스리) (명) F. S. 安東 A prime minister of *In-jo*.

*김재로 n. 金在魯 (쇠) (외술) 나라 A. D. 1682 F. S. 清風 N. P. 晩沙 A famous scholar of the reign of *Yong-jong*.

김재찬 n. 金載瓚 (쇠) (실을) 귀슬 A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 義安 N. P. 海石 A prime minister of [illegible]

김조순 n. 金祖淳 (쇠) (할아비) 순이 N. D. 1707 F. S. 安東 N. P. 荷屋 A prime minister of *Chŏl-jong*.

김좌근 n. 金左根 (쇠) (왕설) (모룰) A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 安東 N. P. 夢窩 A prime minister of [illegible]

김집 n. 金集 (쇠) (모일) 나룰 F. S. 光山 N. P. 農巖 A famous scholar of [illegible]

김치 n. 沈菜 (즘길—*칠) (나물 *치) Cabbage or radish pickle. (담으다). *See* 동침이.

*김창협 n. 金昌協 (쇠) 일월 어울 N. D. 1716 F. S. 清風 N. P. [illegible] A famous scholar of the reign of [illegible]

김천택 n. 金天澤 [illegible] Author of [illegible] Lat. of [illegible] Long. [illegible]

김하구 n. 金夏九 (쇠) (하유 놀은아) A. D. 1665 F. S. 慶州 A famous general of the time of *Yong-jong* (1724-1777).

*김한신 n. 金漢臣 (쇠) 남을 (일을) F. S. 金海 N. P. 梅溪 A famous writer of the reign of [illegible]

*김홍도 n. 金弘道 (쇠) 큰 물 (벌) A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 安東 N. P. 蕙山 A painter

*김흥경 n. 金興慶 (쇠) [illegible] F. S. 安東 A famous writer of the time of [illegible]-*jong* (1724-1777).

김[illegible] n. 金[illegible] (쇠) (집거울) A. D. 1729 F. S. [illegible] N. P. 岸窩 A minister of [illegible]

김[illegible] n. 金[illegible] (쇠) [illegible] A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 慶州 N. P. [illegible] A [illegible] of the reign of *Yong-jong*.

[illegible] n. [illegible] (쇠) [illegible] A. D. 1796 F. S. 安東 N. P. 游齋 A noted [illegible] of the reign of *Chŏl-jong*.

*김해 n. 金海 (쇠) (바다) A prefect in [illegible] Lat. 35.12 Long. [illegible]

*김화 n. 金化 (쇠) (될) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.11 Long. 127.35.

깁 n. 紗 (*사) Silk gauze. *See* 비단.

깁다 v. 補 (기울 *보) 기워; 운 To mend; to darn; to stitch.

깁다 v. 기워; 운 To be full of weeds; to be in disorder.

깁다 a. 深 (깁흘 *실) 허; 흐 To be deep; to be profound. *Opp.* 얕다.

김두리 *l.* 羅絲網 (누에—*잠) (실—*사) (그물 *망) Silk thread.

김드리 *s.* 深澁 (깁흘—*실) (논—*답) A wet low paddy-field. *Opp.* 높드리.

김숙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 深密 (깁흘—*실) (모양—*모 To be deep; to be retired. *See* 은밀ᄒᆞ다.

김체 *l.* 羅篩 (깁—*라) (체—*소) A seive made of silk thread; a fine seive.

김히 *s.* 深 (깁흘 *심) Carefully, profoundly; deeply. *Opp.* 앗치.

깁 *s.* Unwashed and unstarched cloth.

깃 *s.* 領 (옷깃—*금) A coat collar (달다) A numerative of divisions or parts given to each.

깃 *s.* 羽 (우) Wings; wing feathers.

깃 *s.* 巢 (깃드릴—*소) A bird's nest (드리다). *See* 보금자리.

깃기다 *s.* 歡 (즐거울—*환) 거워; 운 To be glad; to be happy; to be delighted. *See* 즐겁다.

깃다 *s.* 餘 (남을—*여) 깃허; 운 To remain; to be over and above. (Prov.) *See* 남다.

깃다 *l.* 汲 (물기를—*급) 기러; 른 To draw water

뎃더리다 *s.* 灑 (쓰릴—*새) 더러; 린 To throw over; to scatter; to shower. *See* 쓰리다.

깃드리다 *s.* 棲 (깃드릴—*서) 드려; 린 To build a nest.

깃머리 *s.* The lower part of a coat collar.

깃버ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欣 (깃거울—*흔) To be glad; to be joyful; to be delighted. *See* 즐거워ᄒᆞ다.

깃분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 分澁 (논흘—*분) (옷깃—*금) To divide an inheritance. *See* 분깃ᄒᆞ다.

깃브다 *s.* 欣 (깃거울—*흔) 깃버; 분 To be glad; to be happy, to be delighted. *See* 즐겁다.

깃옷 *s.* Clothes made of unwashed, unstarched cloth. *See* 상복. *Also* 깃것.

깃주다 *s.* 어; 준 To bed—animals with straw etc.

깽깽 *s.* Groaning; whining.

꺼다룹다 *l.* 苛 (꺼다로운 *가 로와, 온 To be particular; to be exacting; to be hard to please. *See* 까다롭다.

꺽두 *s.* 滿 (출—*만) To the full; full. *See* 잔뜩.

꺽두꺽두ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 滿 (출—*만) To be full—of several.

꺽두ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 滿 (출—*만) To be full; to be filled with. *See* 소복ᄒᆞ다.

꼬둠 *s.* 故 (연고—*고) An end; a point. Cause; reason; motive. *See* 까닭.

꼬둠수 *s.* 故 (연고—*고) A number of ends or points. A cause; a reason; a motive.

꼬ᄅᆞ *s.* A kind of grass from which straw shoes are made. A dissolution of partnership.

꼬리우다 *s.* 蔽 (꼬리울—*폐) 리워; 운 To veil; to cover; to hide.

꼬ᄅᆞ치다 *s.* 敎 (꼬ᄅᆞ칠—*교) 르쳐, 친 To teach; to instruct. *See* 교훈ᄒᆞ다.

꼬ᄅᆞ치다 *s.* 指 (꼬ᄅᆞ칠—*지) 르쳐; 친 To point out; to indicate.

꼬만꼬만 *s.* Gently; without noise.

꼬만히 *s.* 暗 (*암) Secretly; quietly; furtively; still. *See* 고요히.

꼬올알다 *s.* 司 (맛흘—*사) 아, 안 To oversee; to direct; to administer. *See* 주장ᄒᆞ다.

꼬재 *l.* 蝦 (*오) A lobster

꼬재거름 *l.* A lobster gait—walking backwards.

꼭알 *s.* 最 (*최) Especially; very. *See* 극히.

꼬지 *s.* 到 (니를—*도) Till; even to—marking a limit of time or space.

*꼰꼰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 懇求 (정성) (구흘) To beg; to entreat; to beseech. *See* 구ᄒᆞ다.

*꼰꼰히 *l.* 懇懇 (정성) (정성) In a kind or friendly manner; earnestly.

*꼰망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 懇望 (정성) (보랄) To desire earnestly.

손에 *s.* By (his) ability; in (his own) strength.

*꼰정히 *l.* 懇切 (정성) (곤절) Earnestly; fervently; sincerely.

*꼰절ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懇切 (정성) (곤절) To be earnest; to be fervent; to urgently entreat

*꼰청ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懇請 (정성) (청흘) To beg; to entreat, to beseech. *See* 꼰구ᄒᆞ다.

*꼰친 *l.* 懇親 (정성) (친흘) Friendliness; good-will; brotherhood, concord.

*꼰친회 *l.* 懇親會 (정성) (친흘) (모들) A friendly meeting; a social gathering.

골셔다 *s.* 㐌 (골설 *설) 셔; 선 To go side by side; to act reciprocally. (Prov.)

골오되 *s.* (He) said; says—a form used in books. *See* 골오딕.

골은 *s.* 曰 골 *살 (曰) is this; (it) means. Namely. (Comp.)

골오딕 *s.* 曰, 골—*왈 (He) said (Comp.) *See* 골오샤딕.

골오샤딕 *s.* 曰 (골—*왈) (He) said (Hon. Comp.) *Also* 골오되. *See* 골오딕.

골와 *s.* Together with. (Comp.)

감으리다 ᄉᆞ으리, 린 To hide; to conceal. To deceive. *See* 곰치다.

감초다 *s.* 藏 (감출—*장) 와; 춘 To hide; to conceal.

*又다 *s.* 似 (又흘—*ᄉᆞ) 하; 흔 To be alike; to be the same; to resemble. *See* 又ᄒᆞ다, 삼반ᄒᆞ다.

又다 *s.* 具備 (又흘—*구) (又흘 -*비) ᄆᆞ자; 진 To be in order, to be complete. *See* 구비ᄒᆞ다.

又초 *s.* 具 (又흘—*구) Complete; in order.

又ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ, 비, (又 ᄒᆞ다, 흔 To prepare; to put in order. *See* 갈비ᄒᆞ다.

又ᄒᆞ여 ᄉᆞ (몰 —*서) 쓰; 씀 To write out in full—as characters for wheat in short-ned forms. *Opp* 분초ᄒᆞ여 쓰다. 구서ᄒᆞ다.

又ᄒᆞ ᄒᆞ, 가ᄒᆞ 다 ᄒᆞ, alike; the same. *See* 마ᄎᆞ로; 처럼

*기 *l.* 箇 (낟) The numerative of loaves of bread, stones, posts, rafters, dishes etc. *See* 기수.

긔 *s.* 荏 (*임) Sesamum.

*기가 *l.* 改嫁 (곳칠 ᄉᆞ집갈) Marrying again; remarriage.

*기가ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 改嫁 곳칠 (ᄉᆞ집갈) To marry a second time—of a woman. *See* 후살이ᄒᆞ다.

*기간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 開刊 (열) (삭일) To print; to publish. *See* 관박이다.

*기간ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 改刊 (곳칠) (삭일) To re-cut printing plates; to revise for a second edition.

기갑스럽다 *l.* 貪 (탐흘—*도) 러워; 운 To be greedy. (Dim.)

긔강정 *s.* A kind of cake—coated with sesamum seeds.

*기교식 *s.* 開校式 (열) (학교) (*식) The ceremony of opening a school.

기교ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 開校 (열) (학교) To open or establish a school.

*기구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 開口 (열) (입) To open the mouth; to speak. *See* 발셜ᄒᆞ다.

*기국 *s.* 開國 (열) (나라) The establishment of a country as an independent nation.

기국공신 開國功 (ᄒᆞ) The assisting officers at the founding of a dynasty.

*기국긔원졀 *s.* 開國紀元節 (열) (나라) 기 ᄒᆞ, ᄉᆞ들 the founding of the St

*기국이릭 開國以來 From the st pire; since the opening of the country.

*기국이후에 *s.* 開國以後 (열) (나라) (*후) (뒤) Since the opening of the country.

*기국즈에 *s.* 開國初 (열 나라) (처음) At the founding of the State.

기국ᄒᆞ다 To Ha

*기금 *s.* 開金 (열) (쇠) The laying of the marking a grave te. A key. *See* 열쇠.

기금ᄒᆞ다 改金 (곳칠) (쇠) To re-gild— tatue of Buddha.

*기리례식 *s.* 開基禮式 (열) (례도) (법) The foundation ceremony—as of a building. *See* 상량례식.

기리례 *s.* 開基祭 (열) (례) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice at the preparing of a house or grave site. (지—다).

*기리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 開基 (열) (터) To found or establish; to originate a religious sect.

기ᄒᆞ다 開墾 (밭일굴) (쌍) Land cultivation; a new-

*기군ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 開墾 (열) (밭일굴 To break up new land. *See* 긔경ᄒᆞ다

*기기 *l.* 箇箇 (낟) (낟) Each ; separately; individually

*기기고찰ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 箇箇考察 (낟) (낟), (살 고) (찰힐) To see that peddlers treat the criminal severely

*기기승복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 個個承服 (낟) (낟), 너 울 (항복) To confess to each particular as a criminal.

*기기ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 喈喈 (울) (울) The sound of birds warbling in a gay manner.

*기기인 *l.* 個個人 (낟) (낟) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Each person

ㄱ ㄴ ㄷ ㄹ ㅁ ㅂ ㅅ ㅇ ㅈ ㅊ ㅋ ㅌ ㅍ ㅎ 가 갸 거 겨 고 교 구 규 그 기 ㄲ

*기과천선ᄒᆞ다 ᄌᆞ. 改過遷善 (곳칠) (허물) (옮길) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To reform and lead a righteous life. *See* 회과조착ᄒᆞ다.

*기관ᄒᆞ다 ᄌᆞ. 改造 곳칠 지을 To reform; to be converted. *See* 회기ᄒᆞ다.

*기관ᄒᆞ다 ᄐᆞ. 開棺 (열) (관) To open a coffin.

기광ᄒᆞ다 ᄐᆞ. 開礦 (열) 구덩이 To open a mine. *See* 금멍ᄒᆞ다.

*기권ᄒᆞ다 ᄐᆞ. 開卷 (열) (책) To open—of a book

기나리 ᄉᆞ. A kind of fresh-water fish with long dorsal fin and sharp pointed tail.

기ᄂᆞ로다 To be well disposed.

기다 ᄅᆞ. 捲 (기ᄅᆞᆯ—*홈) 어ᄅᆞ ᄌᆞᆫ To roll up. *See* 잡다

기다 ᄅᆞ. 霽 (기일—*세) 여ᄅᆞᆫ To clear off—as the weather *Op.* ᄃᆞᆯ리다

기ᄒᆞᆫ 개세ᄒᆞ교로 ᄃᆞᆫ 교로 ᄒᆞᆫ 여ᄅᆞᆫ To ᄉᆞᆫ ᄐᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ

기다ᄉᆞ여 ᄃᆞᆫ To ᄒᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ, to brighten up.

기다 ᄅᆞ. 破 (버철 *과 여ᄅᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ To break to smash (v. t.) *See* 버ᄉᆞ리다.

기다 ᄅᆞ. 醒 (ᄇᆞᆯ —*정) 여; 전 To awake; to become sober *Opp.* 취ᄒᆞ다.

*기달ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開達 (열 ᄒᆞᆯ달) To develop as commercial facilities; to improve—as a town.

기떡 ᄉᆞ. 油餅 (기ᄅᆞᆷ —*유) (떡—*병) Bread or cake coated with sesamum seeds.

*기멍ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開店 (열 (술막) To open a shop; to set up in business.

*기메쥬ᄒᆞ다 ᄅᆞ. 改題主 (곳칠) (ᄇᆞᆯ 신주 To repair and rewrite tablets.

*기멍전 ᄅᆞ. 改定典 (곳칠) (멍ᄒᆞᆯ) 소전 Revision; reconsideration.

*기멍한 ᄅᆞ. 改定案 (곳칠) (정ᄒᆞᆯ) (칙상) A matter of revision

*기멍ᄒᆞ다 ᄅᆞ. 改定 (곳칠) (멍ᄒᆞᆯ) To reform, to repair, to revise

기도ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開導 (열 ~*이) (인도 ~*도) To instruct in morality; to be the first to explore, or take the lead in opening up—of countries. To understand (식ᄒᆞ다).

*기동 ᄉᆞ. 開東 (열) (동녁) The dawn. *See* 새빅.

*기동군령 ᄉᆞ. 開東軍令 (열) (동녁) (군소) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) The mustering of troops at daylight The dawn.

*기두량ᄒᆞ다 ᄐᆞ. 改斗量 (곳칠 말 ᄃᆞ아릴) To remeasure; to measure out again.

기도다 ᄉᆞ. 覺 (ᄀᆞ두ᄅᆞᆯ *각) 두라; 른 To see through; to understand.

*기량ᄒᆞ다 ᄅᆞ. 改良 (곳칠) (어질) To change for the better; to renovate. To reform, to improve; to rectify; to remake—as an article.

*기력 ᄅᆞ. 改曆 (곳칠) (칙력) Change of almanac; change of the year.

*기력ᄒᆞ다 ᄅᆞ. 改曆 (곳칠) (칙력) To change the almanac; to change the calender.

기림 ᄉᆞ. 開窄 (열 (전안 ᄉᆞ 1ᄒᆞ lass to reflect in hy ng sa ᄉᆞ ᄅᆞ Lat. 3 00 Long. 1 ᄒᆞ 14

*기로ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開路 (열) (길) To begin; to commence. *See* 시작ᄒᆞ다

*기립 ᄉᆞ. 開立 (열 (설) Extraction of the cube root. *See* 립방.

*기립방 ᄉᆞ. 開立方 (열) (설) (모) Cube root

*기명 ᄉᆞ. 開明 (열 (붉을) Civilization; enlightenment.

*기명 ᄅᆞ. 改名 (곳칠) (일홈) Changing one's name

*기명세디 ᄉᆞ. 開明世代 (열) (붉을) (인간) (디신) The age of enlightenment.

*기명지인 ᄉᆞ. 開明之人 (열) (붉을) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Civilized persons.

*기명ᄒᆞ다 ᄅᆞ. 改名 (곳칠) (일홈) To rename, to change the name.

*기명ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開明 (열) (붉을) To explain; to elucidate; also used in the sense of 기화

기목 ᄉᆞ. 油糖 (기ᄅᆞᆷ —*유) (지거미—*조) Sesamum seed cake

기문영업ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開門迎入 (열) (문) (마질) (들) To open the door and welcome.

기문ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開門 (열) (문) To open the gates—of a city or *yamen*. *Opp.* 폐문ᄒᆞ다.

*기발ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開發 (열) (필) To develop, to ᄒᆞ ᄒᆞ, to ᄒᆞ ᄒᆞ as a land)

*기방 ᄉᆞ. 開方 (열) (모) Evolution.

기방 ᄉᆞ. 開放 열 (노ᄅᆞᆯ) Leaving open—as a door.

*기방법 ᄉᆞ. 開方法 (열) (모) (법) Evolution.

*기방ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開放 (열) (놀) To release, to set free; to liberate; to emancipate—as slaves

*기범ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 開帆 (열) (돗대) To sail out from; to set sail.

*기벅이래 ᄉᆞ. 開闢以來 (열) (열) (써) (올) Since the creation.

*ㅋ벽ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開闢 (열) 열 To open up, to develop—as creation.

ㅋ보쑵이 ᄉᆞ Sesamum alt a pleasant seasoning, hence used of the misfortunes of an enemy. *See* ㅋ소곰.

*ㅋ복실 ᄉᆞ 改服室 곳칠 옷 집 A dressing room.

*ㅋ복청 ᄉᆞ 改服廳 곳칠 옷 청 A temporary room to watch to dress for an audience with the king. *See* ㅋ복실.

*ㅋ복ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 改服 곳칠 (옷) To change one's clothes.

*ㅋ봉부 ᄉᆞ 開封府 (열) (봉호) (마을) Kaifong the head prefect of Honan Province in China.

*ㅋ봉ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 改封葬 (곳칠 (봉호, 장송 To bury in a grave again after an examination of the bones.

*ㅋ봉ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開封 열 (봉호) To open a letter; to break open a seal.

*ㅋ봉ᄒᆞ다ㅅ 改封 곳칠 봉호 To transfer a letter to a new fief.

*ㅋ부ᄒᆞ다ㅅ 改夫 (곳칠) (지아비) To take a second husband. *See* ㅋ가ᄒᆞ다

ㅋ비 ᄉᆞ Vessels or utensils, implements etc. (흔) (두) (나무) (석방).

*ㅋ비ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 改備 곳칠 (풀홀 To repair to mend to replace

*ㅋ사초ᄒᆞ다 / 改寫草 (곳칠) (찬더) (풀) To repair a grave to mend a grave or grass or other repairs

ㅋ상 / 打石 (칠 ᄃᆞ리돌 석 A big or stone on which to hammer stones. *See* 히돌.

*ㅋ샤ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開社 (열 (회샤 To establish a company.

*ㅋ션ᄒᆞ다 / 改選 (곳칠, 쓸) To select in the place of the person previously chosen.

*ㅋ셜ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開設 설 베풀 To establish, to found as a museum, theatre or any public institution

*ㅋ셩 ᄉᆞ 開城 열 (재) A 1st class prefect in Kyong-kai-do. Lat. 37° 58' Long 126° 48'.

*ㅋ셩부 ᄉᆞ 開城府 열 (재, 마을, The city of Songdo. *See* 숑도.

*ㅋ셩ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 改姓 (곳칠 (셩) To change the family name.

ㅋ소곰 ᄉᆞ 胡麻鹽 소금 셜 더 힘 Sesamum salt a pleasant seasoning, hence used to refer to the misfortunes of an enemy. *See* ㅋ보쑵이

*ㅋ쇼년ᄒᆞ다 / 改少年 곳칠 젊을, 힘 To renew one's youth. *See* 갱쇼년.

*ㅋ수 ᄉᆞ 箇數 (낫 두어 The number of objects in listed under ㅋ.

*ㅋ시 開始 열 비로솔 The beginning; the opening.

*ㅋ시 ᄉᆞ 皆是 (다) (이) All. *See* 도시.

*ㅋ시칭찬 ᄉᆞ 皆是稱讚 (다) (이), (일홈), 부를) All report favorably; every one says it is well. *See* 즁구칭찬.

ㅋ시ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開始 열 비로솔 To begin; to make a beginning. *See* 시작ᄒᆞ다

*ㅋ시ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開市 열 저조, To open up a market; to begin trade with foreigners.

*ㅋ신ᄒᆞ다 開申 열, (결) To state to a superior

*ㅋ신ᄒᆞ다 / 改新 곳칠 새, To make new, to correct and alter; to change for the better to amend, to improve.

ㅋ심ᄒᆞ다 開心 (열, (무옴) To give away care; to divert the mind.

ㅋ심ᄒᆞ다 改心 곳칠, (무옴) To undergo a moral change; to be converted.

ㅋ심뵉젼 開心百錢 낫, 열, (일뵉 일젼 Trifles, toys, baubles, thousands. *See* 단심뵉젼; 소대현위.

*ㅋ싱ᄒᆞ다 / 改色 곤칠 빗, To recleanse rice; to prepare with the best quality of rice. (Pros

ㅋ쇄ᄒᆞ다 開鎖 열 ᄉᆞ슬 (쇄) To open a closet

ㅋ안ᄒᆞ다 開眼 열 눈 Literally, to open the eyes a Buddhistic ceremony.

*ㅋ업 ᄉᆞ 開業 (열) (업) The establishment of any business trade or enterprise, the commencement of work.

ㅋ업식 開業式 열 업 법, The ceremony of opening any establishment commercial or otherwise

*ㅋ업ᄒᆞ다 開業 열 업, To open a business, to set up a trade undertaking; to begin operations

ㅋ여지다 ᄉᆞ 破 여여질 *파, 여저, 진 To be broken; to be smashed.

*ㅋ여 / 改易 곳칠 밧골 Change, alteration; reform;

ㅋ여ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ To be pleasant to the taste

ㅋ우다 ᄉᆞ 提醒 찌울 찌 찔-- *셩 ㅋ워 운 To awaken to arouse from sleep

ㅋ우치다 ᄉᆞ 睡起 자, 새벽 *효 뵈일- *식 우치, 진 To call to or attention to, to attract remembrance (v. t.) *See* 통지ᄒᆞ여주다.

*기운 s. 開運 (열) (옴길) A change of one's fortune for the better, the beginning of one's success in life.

*기운포 s. 開雲浦 (열) (구름) (개) An anchorage in Kyöng-sang-do. Lat 35.06 Long. 129.06.

*기운하다 s. 開運 (열) (운수) To meet with a fortunate turn of luck in one's affairs after having encountered adversity.

기유하다 s. 論 (닐을 *유) To explain to; to make known. *See* 효유하다

*기의 l. 改議 (곳칠) (의론) Amendment.

*기의 l. 介意 (낭) (뜻) Being concerned about; troubling one's mind.

*기의하다 l. 改議 (곳칠) (의론) To move an amendment

*기의하다 l. 介意 (낭) (뜻) To be concerned about, etc.

기이다 s. 晴 (기일—*청) 기어; 인 To clear off—of the weather. *Opp.* 흐리다.

기미다 s. 기어; 인 To fold up.

*기인기인 l. 箇人箇人 (낭) (사롬) (낭) (사롬). Each person; each; one by one.

*기인역 l. 箇人的 (낭) (사롬) (적) (력) Each man's desire; an object for each to attain to.

*기인 l. 箇人 (낭) (사롬) Each person.

*기왈 s. 皆曰 (다) (롤) Every one says. . . *See* 기시.

*기원 l. 改元 (곳칠) (으뜸) A change of era or period.

*기원식 s. 開院式 (열) (집) (법) The ceremony of opening a public institution.

*기원하다 l. 改元 (곳칠) (으뜸) To be changed of an era.

*기월 s. 翌月 (열) (롤) Next month. *See* 기월.

*기작하다 l. 改作 (곳칠) (지을) To do over again, to repair; to mend.

*기장식 s. 開場式 (열) (마당) (법) The opening ceremony as of an exhibition, theatre, school, etc.

*기장하다 s. 開仗 (열) (병긔) To fight; to engage in battle.

*기장하다 s. 開場 (열) (마당) Literally to open a place; to open—of any public institution.

*기장하다 l. 改葬 (곳칠) (장소) To remove a corpse from one cemetery to another; to reinter. *See* 면례하다.

*기저기리다 s. 거려; 린 To be careless; to be lazy—in eating, writing etc.

*기저서지럭다 s. To be careless; to be lazy—in eating, writing etc.

*기전하다 s. 開戰 (열) (싸홈) To begin war.

기전건 l. 改正件 (곳칠 (바롤 (건) A matter of revision or change. *See* 기정안.

*기정안 l. 改正案 (곳칠) (바롤) (칙상) Matters of revision or reform.

*기정표 l. 改正表 (곳칠) (바롤) (표) A notice of change or reform.

*기정하다 l. 改正 (곳칠) (바롤) To revise; to amend; to rectify.

기조하다 l. 改造 (곳칠) (지을) To rebuild; to repair. *See* 곳치다.

기주거리다 s. 거려; 린 To growl to oneself; to grumble.

기주서지럭다 s. To growl to oneself; to grumble.

기지럭거리다 s. 거려, 린 To be lazy and careless—in eating, writing etc.

기지럭서지럭다 s. To be lazy and careless; to be slow.

*기진당 s. 開進黨 (열) (나아갈 (무리) The Progressionist Party formed in 1882 under the leader-ship of Count Okuma.

*기진하다 s. 開陳 (열) (베풀) To state, represent, or report

*기진하다 s. 開進 (열) (나아갈) To progress; to develop, or reform, to renovate

기차하다 l. 改差 (곳칠) 차명홀) To replace by; to appoint anew.

*기착비 s. 開鑿費 (열) (뚤) (허비) Expenses for tunnelling.

*기착하다 s. 開鑿 (열) (뚤을) To dig open as a passage through a hill; to tunnel; to excavate; to construct (as a canal).

기첩하다 s. 開帖 (열) (편지) To open a written bid, to examine a written tender

기창하다 開創 (열) (창설홀) To begin a work or undertaking. *See* 기시하다.

*기창하다 s. 開倉 (열) (창고) To open up the official granaries—for the reception of grain taxes. *Opp.* 봉고하다.

*기척하다 s. 開拓 (열) (주을) To reclaim; to open up; to colonize; to reclaim land, to bring land under cultivation.

*기춘 l. 改春 (곳칠) (봄) The new spring, or the spring of a new year.

*기훈ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開葷 (열) (몸) To open up—of spring. *See* 해ᄇᆞᆫᄒᆞ다

ᄲᅥ치다 ᄉᆞ 破 (ᄲᅥ칠 ᄲᅡ) ᄲᅥ치, 친 To smash; to break. ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ ᄲᅥ치다

ᄲᅥ차다 ᄉᆞ 覺 (ᄲᅥ드를 *각) ᄲᅥ치, 친 To call to mind; to remind of, ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ ᄲᅥ드다.

*기치ᄒᆞ다 *t.* 改置 (곳칠) (둘) To change the position of; to replace.

*기칠ᄒᆞ다 *t.* 改漆 (곳칠) (옻칠) To correct a badly written letter or character *See* 군ᄒᆡ치다. To put on a second coat of paint.

기칭ᄒᆞ다 *t.* 改稱 (곳칠) (일컬을) To change title, name, or designation—as of a person, company etc.

*기키다 ᄉᆞ 攝 (기킬—*휴) 기켜; 킨 To fold, to roll up. *See* 접치다.

기키다 To stir in—adding water etc.

*기탁ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開坼 (열) (터질) To open and read a letter.

기탕 *t.* A groove plane. A planing bench; grooved timbers in which to rest a log for hewing. *See* 번탕

ᄲᅥ터리다 ᄉᆞ 破 (ᄲᅥ어질 *파) ᄲᅥ터, 린 To smash; to break in pieces. *See* ᄲᅥ치다.

*기턱산 ᄉᆞ 開天山 (열) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (외) A mountain in Chöl-la-do. Lat 34.45 Long. ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ

기ᄉᆞ제 開口祭 (열) (입) (제ᄉᆞ ᄌᆡ) A sacrifice offered to the spirit of the mountain on the opening of a grave. *See* 참파토.

*기ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *t.* 收痛 (곳칠) (압흘) To have a relapse of native fever.

*기통ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開通 (열) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To open or establish (roads or communications); to have communication

ᄲᅥᄒᆞ리 ᄉᆞ A tree from which blue dye is obtained

*기판ᄒᆞ다 *t.* 改版 (곳칠) (조각) To print again; to republish; to revise.

*기판ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開版 (열) (조각) To cut on blocks; to publish; to print.

*기폐문ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開閉門 (열) (닫을) (문) To open and close the gates of a city or *yamen*.

*기폐ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開閉 (열) (닫을) To open and close—of a gate, a port, or business establishment

기폘 ᄉᆞ Money given by gamblers as a *sang geup* to lookers on. (ᄒᆡ다).

*기평 ᄉᆞ 開平 (열) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) Extraction of the square root; evolution. A post station in P'yong-an-do

*기평방 ᄉᆞ 開平方 (열) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (모, Square root.

기ᄑᆞᆯ어지다 ᄉᆞ 어지; 진 To be dissipated; to go to pieces.

기학ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開學 (열) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) To open school; to begin study after vacation. *Opp* 방학ᄒᆞ다.

*기합ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開闔 (열) (닷ᄋᆞᆯ) To open and close.

*기항디 ᄉᆞ 開港地 (열) (항구) (짜) An open port; a harbour open to foreign trade

*기항장 ᄉᆞ 開港場 (열 (항구) 마당) An open port; habour open to foreign trade.

*기항처 ᄉᆞ 開港處 (열) (항구) (곳) An open port. *See* 기ᄒᆞ다.

*기항ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開港 (열) (항구) To open a port to foreign commerce.

*기혁 *t.* 改革 (곳칠) (곳칠) Alteration; change; reform; reformation; reorganization

*기혁당 改革黨 (곳칠) (무리) Revolutionary Party—in politics. *See* 혁명당.

*기혁ᄒᆞ다 / 改革 (곳칠) (곳칠) To alter to reform, to reorganize, to amend or to ᄉᆞ

*기회대지 ᄉᆞ 開會大旨 (열) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (뜻) Opening remarks.

*기회식 ᄉᆞ 開會式 (열) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (법) The ceremony of opening a meeting.

*기회일조 ᄉᆞ 開會日字 (열) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (날) (글ᄌᆞ) The day of an opening ceremony.

*기회절차 ᄉᆞ 開會節次 (열) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (마ᄃᆡ) (차례) The programme of a meeting.

*기회ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 開會 (열) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To open a meeting, to hold an assembly.

ᄉᆞ 開化 (열) (될) Intercourse with ᄉᆞ nations; political reform. *Opp* ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ

*기화국 ᄉᆞ 開化國 (열) (될) (나라) A civilized country; an enlightened nation.

*기화당 ᄉᆞ 開化黨 (열) (될) (무리) Reform Party. *Opp* 완고당.

*기화속 ᄉᆞ 開化 (열) (될) Under treaty with foreign nations; political reform.

*기화ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ 開化史 (열) (될) (ᄉᆞ긔) A history of civilization.

*기화인 ᄉᆞ 開化人 (열) (될) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Civilized peoples; a fashionable person.

*기화포 s. 開花砲 (열) (옷) (대포) A bomb; a projectile. (논하).

*기화하다 s. 開化 (열) (감) To establish international intercourse; to introduce reform—to the state. *Opp.* 쇄국하다.

기활하다 s. 開豁 (열) (너그러울) To be wide; to be spacious; to be extensive; to be opened

*기 s. 客 (손) A guest; a lodger. *See* 손; 나그내.

*기거하다 s. 寄居 (손) (살) To live in a temporary abode, etc

*기객 s. 客喫 (손) (먹을) A customer in the service of a restaurant

기고 s. 客苦 (손) (괴로울) The discomforts—of one away from home a stranger's hardships. *See* 기회.

*기군 s. 客軍 (손) (군사) An uninvited guest; a stranger who drops in.

*기금 s. 客衾 (손) (니불) A coverlet for the use of guests. *See* 기군

적소잔다 s. 不淨 (아닐 *불) (정할 *정) 관하; 흔 To be unclean; to be dirty. *See* 부정하다.

적궂하다 s. 淨 (정할—*정) To be clean. To be fine—as the weather. To be well—from sickness. *See* 선명하다.

*기괴 s. 客氣 (손) (기운) Meaningless actions. (부리다) *See* 옥과.

*기관 s. 客舘 (손) (집사) An inn; a lodging-house; a hotel. 사관.

*기관 s. 客官 (손) (벼슬) An officer who does not draw his revenue direct from the district in which he resides. *Opp.* 본관

기광어새 s. A gull. (Prov) *See* 갈막이.

*기년 s. 客年 (손) (히) Last year

기담 s. 客談 (손) (말숨) Useless words; meaningless talk; bosh. *See* 속하소담.

*기덤 s. 客店 (손) (술막) An inn. *See* 사관, 려관

*기동 s. 客冬 (손) (겨울) Last winter.

*기디 s. 客地 (손 (짜) To a foreign parts. See 타향

*기랍 s. 客臘 (손) (섯둘) The latter of the preceding year, last December.

*기로 s. 客路 (손) (길) On a journey; on the road; while travelling.

*기리 s. 客裏 (손) (속) Absence from home. *See* 기중.

*기반위주 s. 客反爲主 (손) (도리킴) (주) (주인) The guest becomes host. *See* 회빈작주.

*기방 s. 客房 (손) (방) A guest-room. *See* 사랑.

*기비 s. 客費 (손) (허비) Wasteful expenditure; expense for a guest. *See* 소용

기사 s. 客舍 (손) (집) Official guest-houses built in each town.

*기상 s. 客商 (손) (장사) A foreign merchant

*기선 s. 客船 (손) (비) A passenger-ship.

*기설 s. 客說 (손) (말숨) Useless words; meaningless talk. *See* 기담.

*기설스럽다 s. 客說 (손) (말숨) 러워; 운 To be meaningless; to be noisy. *See* 수선스럽다.

기세 s. 客歲 (손) (히) Last year. *See* 기년.

*기성 s. 客星 (손) (별) A new or strange star.

기수 s. 客愁 (손) (근심) The feelings of a stranger; home sickness.

*기수 s. 客水 (손) (물) Rains out of season; an excessive rainy season. (가다) (지다).

*기승 s. 客僧 (손) (중) A travelling priest; a palmer.

*기신 s. 客神 (손) (귀신) Other spirits or demons—entering one already possessed.

*기실 s. 客室 (손) (집) A guest-room. A drawing-room; a parlour. *See* 사랑.

*기심 s. 客心 (손) (모음) The heart of a stranger, the feeling of a person resident in a strange land.

*기사하다 s. 客死 (손) (죽을) To die in foreign parts.

기업다 s. 虛; 空 To be useless; to be vain; to be meaningless. *See* 긱적다.

*기월 s. 客月 (손) (둘) Last month. *See* 거월.

*기장 s. 客裝 (손) (입장) A travelling dress, being dressed like a traveller.

기적다 s. 不實 (아닐 *불) 긴호 *긴) 실하여, 은 To be unessential, to be meaningless. *See* 기업다.

기정 s. 客情 (손) (뜻) The feelings of a stranger; home sickness.

*기주 s. 客主 (손) (주인) A house where travelling peddlers lodge; an inn

*기죽 s. 客竹 (손) (대) A guest-pipe.

*기중 s. 客中 (손) (가온ᄃᆡ) A series from home. *See* 기리.

*기증 s. 客症 (손) (중세) Complications—in disease. *See* 별증.

*긱청 *s.* 客廳 (손) (청) A room erected for the entertainment of guests at sacrificial ceremonies. (Prov.) *See* 긱실.

*긱초 *s.* 客草 (손) (플) Tobacco for guests.

*긱침 *s.* 客枕 (손) (벼기) A coverlet and pillow for guests. *See* 긱금.

*긱함 *s.* 客鄕 (손) (싀골) A locality or province in which one resides as a stranger.

*긱희 *s.* 客懷 (손) (회포) Homesickness. *See* 긱회.

*긱화 *s.* 客貨 (손) (보화) Foreign goods.

*깅 *l.* 羹 (국) Soup. (옴니다).

*깅가로 *s.* 更加盧 (다시) (더홀) (개) The kangaroo.

*깅긔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更起 (다시) (니러날) To revive; to recommence; to begin again. *See* 부발ᄒᆞ다.

깅달다 *s.* 다라; 단 To dig a water-course —in mining.

*깅독ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更讀 (다시) (닑을) To reread; to read for a second time. *See* 복습ᄒᆞ다.

깅무쁨작ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be unable for more; to be at the last limit. *See* 막가네하

*깅문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更問 (다시) (무를) To ask again.

*깅문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更聞 (다시) (드롤) To hear for a second time.

*깅발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更發 (다시) (필) To have a relapse; to recommence. *See* 깅긔ᄒᆞ다

*깅봉ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更逢 (다시) (맛날) To meet again

*깅소 *l.* 更訴 (다시) (알욀) A case revived before a magistrate.

*깅쇼년 *l.* 更少年 (다시) (졈을) (히) One who has renewed his youth

*깅신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更新 (다시) (새) To be reformed, to be renovated.

*깅싱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更生 (다시) (날) To revive; to live again; to be resurrected.

*깅즙 *l.* 羹汁 (국) (즙낼) Broth; soup.

깅중 *s.* Gongs large and small.

깅ᄯᅳ *l.* A second hire paid to a harlot—used in reference to what one engages a second time.

*깅탕 *l.* 羹湯 (국) (쓸을) Broth, soup.

깅관 *s.* A water-course—in mining.

*깅환ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 更換 (다시) (밧골) To change; to replace; to alter.

과 *s.* And —used after nouns ending in a consonant sound *See* 와.

과가 *s.* 科 (*과) Examinations—for various degrees of rank. *Also* 과거.

*과갈 *s.* 瓜葛 (외) (칡) Relationship; connection.

*과갈지의 *s.* 瓜葛之誼 (외) (칡) (갈) (졍다올) Affinity; connection; relationship —as that of melons and creepers. *See* 련사간.

*과갈지친 *l.* 瓜葛之親 (외) (칡) (갈) (어버이) A distant relative.

*과감 *l.* 果敢 (과연) (구틸) Resolution; determination; boldness; daring.

*과감ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 果敢 To be resolute; to be determined; to be bold.

*과거 *l.* 過去 (지날) (갈) What is past; a past tense. *Opp.* 미릭; 현지.

*과거 *s.* 科擧 (과거) (들) Examinations—for rank. *Also* 과가.

*과거분ᄉᆞ *l.* 過去分詞 (지날) (갈) (논홀) (글) A past participle.

*과거지ᄉᆞ *l.* 過去之事 (지날) (갈) (갈) (일) Past affairs; bygones. *See* 이왕지ᄉᆞ.

*과거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 科擧 (과거) (들) To graduate

*과거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 寡居, 守節 (살) To live a widow. *See* 과부되다.

*과격 *s.* 科格 (과거) (격식) The science of characters. Propitious marks or characteristic pointing to future rank. (Pr.).

*과격ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過激 (지날) (격동홀) To be excitable; to be rash; to be too impetuous; to be over-eager.

*과겸ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過謙 (지날) (겸손) To be over modest; to be very humble. *See* 과공ᄒᆞ다

*과게 *s.* 科契 (과거) (게) A company of candidates for examination.

*과경 *s.* 科慶 (과거) (경ᄉᆞ) Congratulations—on graduation.

*과골 *l.* 踝骨 (발목뼈) (뼈) The ankle bone

*과공 *s.* 科工 (과거) (공부) Study in preparation for examinations.

*과공(이)비례 *l.* 過恭非禮 (지날) (공슌) (아닐) (례도) Excessive humility is not good form.

*과공ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 誇功 (조랑) (공) To be conceited about one's achievements; to be proud of one's exploits.

*과군 *s.* 科軍 (과거) (군ᄉᆞ) Candidates for examination. *See* 과유.

*과군 *l.* 寡君 (저올) (님군) Literally 'my small lord.' Used by the emperor. *See* 과인.

*과급 s. 科級 (과거) (드름) Graduation; success at examination. (Prov.)

*과기 s. 科期 (과거) (긔약) The time fixed for examinations.

*과기 s. 瓜期 (외) (긔약) The expiration of a term of service.

*과기미부호다 s. 過期未赴 (지날) (긔약) (못흘, (다다를) To fail of the time and miss.

*과긱 / 過客 (지날) (손) A passing guest.

*과긱질호다 / 過客 (지날) (손) To ask for money and assistance—as a passing traveler. *See* 망문투식호다.

*과궐 s. 窠闕 (자리) (궐흘) A vacant office.

*과년호다 /. 瓜年 (외) (히 To have reached the marriageable age—of girls.

*과녈호다 /. 過烈 (지날, (심각) To be over kind; to be too considerate.

*과다호다 / 過多 (지날) (만흘) To be excessive, to be numerous.

*과다호다 /. 過多 (만흘) 만흘) To be too many; to be too much.

*과단 /. 果斷 (과연) (쓴흘) Prompt decision; sound judgment.

*과단성 /. 果斷 (과연) 결단) Decision; firmness of character. *See* 결단성.

*과단호다 /. 果斷 (과연, (쓴흘) To arrive at a bold decision, to form a bold resolution.

*과대히 /. 過大 (지날) (큰) Exessively, greatly.

*과대호다 /. 過大 (지날) (클) To be great; to be immense.

*과대호다 s. 誇大 (조랑) (큰) To be arrogant; to swagger; to boast: to extol one's self.

*과당호다 /. 過當 (지날) (맛당) To be unsuitable; to be unproper; unbecoming.

*과뎐 s. 瓜田 (외) (밧) A melon field.

*과도히 /. 過度 (지날) (법도) Excessively, extremely.

*과도호다 /. 過度 (지날) (법도) To be excessive, to be too much. *See* 과분호다.

*과동쇠 /. 過冬柴 (지날) (겨울) (셥) The winter's fire-wood.

*과동호다 /. 過冬 (지날) (겨울) To pass the winter

*과두뎨 s. 蝌蚪體 (올창이) (올창이) (몸) The so called 'tadpole' characters—invented by an ancient 창힐 who is said to have had four eyes.

*과딘 / (—적) 寡宅 (적을) (집) A widow. (Respect.) *See* 홀어미.

과람호다 / 過濫 지날 (넘칠) To be excessive, to be too much; to pass the limit. *See* 외람호다.

*과랑 s. 裹糧 (쌀) (량식) A lunch as carried by a traveller. *See* 건량.

*과량 / 過量 (지날) (헤아릴) An excessive quantity or amount.

*과량호다 s. 裹糧 (쌀) (량식) To prepare lunch for a journey

*과량호다 / 過量 지날, (헤아릴 To eat too much; to surfeit. *See* 과분호다

*과려호다 / 過慮 (지날) (심각 To be over-anxious; to be unduly solicitous.

*과루얀 s. 瓜蔞仁 (외) 루) (씨 See of the *Trichosanthes multiloba*. *See* 하눌하리.

*과류산수은 / 過硫酸水銀 (지날) (류황) (설) (물) (은) Hydrargyri Persulphas.

*과류산연 /. 過硫酸鉛 지날) (류황 설) (쇠) Ferri-Persulphas.

*과류산연약 /. 過硫酸鉛液 (지날) 류황 (설) (쇠) (진) Liquor Ferri Persulphatis.

*과류화안티모니염 / 過硫化 지날 (류황) (화) (칠) Antimonii Persulphitum.

과립류산연 s. 顆粒硫酸鉛 덩이 (쌀알) (류황) (설 쇠) Ferri Sulphas Granulata.

*과립상 s. 顆粒狀 (덩이) (쌀알) (형상) Granular.

*과립아연 s. 顆粒亞鉛 (덩이) (쌀알) (버금) (납) Zincum Granulatum.

*과만간산소듸시엄 / 過錳酸 (지날) (쉴 —*산) Potassii Permanganas.

과만간산소듸시엄액 / 過錳酸 지날 (쉴 —*산) (진—*액) Liquor Potassii Permanganatis.

*과만 s. 瓜滿 (외) (출) The term of office for a country official.

*과목 / 果木 (과실) (나무) Fruit trees.

*과목 s. 課目 (공부) (눈) A given subject or theme—as for composition.

*과몽 s. 科夢 (과거) (꿈) Dreams of graduation.

*과문 s. 科文 (과거) (글) Composition for examination. (Comp.)

*과문뉵톄 s. 科文六體 (과거 글 여섯 (몸) The six forms of composition for examination 서, 부, 표, 죄 의, 의심.

*과문불입호다 /. 過門不入 (지날) (문) (아닐) (들) To pass without calling.

*과문호다 /. 過門 (지날) (문) To pass the gate—without calling.

*과물 /. 果物 (실과, 물건) Fruits.

*과밀연대취 /. 過麥田大醉 (지날)(밀)(밧)(큰),취할) Pass a wheat field and be dead drunk—of one who cannot drink spirit.

*과반 /. 過半 (지날)(반) More than half, the great part; the majority.

*과반수 /. 過半數 (지날) (반) (두어) A majority; a number more than half.

*과반호다 /. 過半 (지날) (반) To be more than half; to be a majority.

*과방 /. 果房 (과실) (방) A palace room where food is prepared for sacrifices. *See* 숙설간

*과방 *n.* 科榜 (과거) (방) A list of names of candidates for examination.

*과벽 *n.* 科癖 (과거) (셤벽) Ambition to succeed at examinations.

*과부 /. 寡婦 (적을) (며느리) A widow. *See* 홀어미

*과분지망 /. 過分之望 (지날) (논홀) (갈) (바랄) Inordinate desire; ambition.

*과분지소 /. 過分之事 (지날) (논홀) (갈) (일) A thing above one's desert.

*과분호다 /. 過分 (지날) (논홀) To exceed; to be excessive; to pass the limit. To receive toll.

*과불급 /. 過不及 (지날) (아닐) (밋칠) What goes to excess and what is lacking.

*과불여즉 /. 寡不敵衆 (적을) (아닐) (더 [illegible] many.

*과비 *n.* 科費 (과거) (허비) Examination expenses.

*과산화만안 /. 過酸化 (지날) (실) (됨) Manganesii Peroxidum

*과산화수은익 /. 過酸化水銀液 (지날) (실), (됨), (물), (은) (진) Liquor Hydrargyri Peroxidum

*과산화철 /. 過酸化鉄 (지날)(실)(됨)(화) Ferri Peroxidum.

*과선잡다 /. 過搧 (지날) (잡을) 아; 은 To seize boats and press them into government service.

*과세호다 /. 過歲 (지날) (히) To pass the New Year season

*과수 *n.* 科數 (과거) 두어) Graduation lack; success at examination

*과슈 /. 寡守 (적을) (직힐) A widow. (Respect) *See* 과부 *Also* 다슈젹.

*과시 *n.* 科時 (과거) (때) The time appointed—for examinations. *See* 과기.

*과시 /. 果是 (과연) (이) Truly; indeed; for a certainty. *See* 쌔졈.

*과시호다 /. 過時 (지날) (때) To be behind time; to pass the season. *See* 만시호다.

*과식호다 /. 過食 (지날) (밤) To gorge oneself; to surfeit. *See* 과량호다.

*과신 /. 過信 (지날) (밋슬) Idolatry—as of excessive love for another.

*과실 / 果實 (과실) (열미) Fruit. *See* 실과.

*과실 / 過失 (지날) (일흘) A mistake; an error; a blunder.

과야금뎡기 *n.* 丁幾 (과야긔 *뎡) (뎃—*과) Tinctura Guaiaci.

*과약기언 /. 果若其言 (과연) (그홀) (그) (말숨) Just as was said; the same story.

*과언 /. 過言 (지날) (말숨) Intemperate or rude language; a slip of the tongue.

*과언 *n.* 誇言 (조방) (말숨) Boasting; vaunting; exaggeration.

*과언호다 *n.* 誇言 (조방) (말숨) To boast; to brag; to exaggerate.

*과연 /. 果然 (과연) (그럴) Truly; certainly; really. *See* 진개.

*과염화금 /. 過鹽化金 (지날) (소금, (될) (쇠) Ami perchloridum.

*과염화슈은 /. 過鹽化水銀 (지날) 소금) (될) (물) (은) Hydrargyri perchloridum

*과염화슈은익 /. 過鹽化水銀液 (지날) (소금) (될) (물) (은) (진) Liquor Hydrargyri perchloridi.

*과염화텰 /. 過鹽化鉄 (지날) (소금, (될) (쇠) Ferri perchloridum.

*과염화텰뎡기 / 過鹽化鉄丁幾 (지날) (소, [illegible] (쇠) 긔미릐) (뎃) Tinctura [illegible] perchloridi

과염화텰익 /. 過鹽化鉄液 (지날) (소금) [illegible]

*과욕 *n.* 科慾 (과거) (욕심) Ambition to graduate; desire for rank.

*과욕 / 寡慾 (적을) (욕심) Content with little; not covetous or grasping.

*과용호다 /. 過用 (지날) (쓸) To be extravagant [illegible] in [illegible]

*과우 /. 過雨 (지날) (비) Rain that falls to pass by, showers.

*과유 *n.* 科儒 (과거) (션비) Literary candidates for examination *See* 과군.

*과음호다 /. 過飮 (지날) (마실) To be

intemperate—in drinking. *See* 니취ᄒᆞ다.

*과외 *l.* 果敢 (과연, 아름다음) Resolute; determined, bold, daring.

*과인 *l.* 寡人 (적을) (사름) I, ... used only by the emperor.

과인ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過人 ... (사름) To excel, to surpass ... [illegible]

과일 *l.* 果實 과실, ... 실, Fruit. *See* 과실.

과일 過日 (지날) (날) A few days ago.

과일 *l.* 科日 (과거) (날) Examination days.

과익 *l.* 寡額 ... 익수 ... small quantity [illegible]

*과원 *s.* 菓園 (과실) (동산) A fruit garden. *See* 화원.

과잠아 ... [illegible] ... 鐵液 ... [illegible]

과장 *s.* 課長 (마을) (어룬) The head of a bureau or subdepartment.

과장 *s.* 科場 (과거) (마당) An examination ... *See* ...졸.

과장ᄒᆞ다 ... 조 ... 쟝호 To ... to flatter. *See* ...ᄒᆞ다

과적 *s.* 科賊 과거 도적 A graduate who has obtained his degree by fraud.

*과정 *s.* 課程 (일과) (법) A lesson; a division of study.

*과종 *s.* 髁腫 (복숭아뼈) (헌데) A boil between the heel and ankle.

*과종 *s.* 瓜種 (외) (씨) Melons, cucumbers, pumpkins etc.

*과즐 *s.* A kind of cake made of wheat flour, honey, oil etc. *See* 약과

*과중 *l.* 過重 (지날) (무거울) Unduly heavy or severe; excessive.

과즈 *l.* 菓子 (과즈) (아들) Candy; sweetmeats.

*과처 *l.* 寡妻 (적을) (안히) My wife. (M.)

*과천 *l.* 果川 (실과) (내) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.28 Long. 127.07.

과초산털외 *l.* 過硝酸鐵液 (지날) (염초) (쇠) ... Liquor Ferri Pernitratis.

*과추ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過秋 (지날) (가을) To pass the autumn.

*과춘ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過春 (지날) (봄) To pass the spring.

*과취ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過醉 (지날) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) To be dead drunk. *See* 니취ᄒᆞ다.

*과ᄎᆞ *l.* 過次 (지날) (버금) (When) passing; (on) going by.

*과털화물 *l.* 過鐵化物 (지날) (쇠) (될) (물건) Persalts of Iron.

과하주 ... 夏酒 (지날) (녀름) (술) A summer drink—made of a mixture of fermented and distilled spir.

과하ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過夏 (지날) (녀름) To pass the summer.

과한ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過限 (지날) (한뎡) To pass the appointed time; to exceed the time. *See* 걸기ᄒᆞ다.

과히 *l.* 過 (지날) Extremely; excessively, very. *See* 만...

*과ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 過 (지날) To be excessive; to be extreme; to go beyond limits.

*과화숙식 *l.* 過火熟食 (지날) (불) (닉은) (밥) Cooking one's food on a passing fire—seizing the opportunity to gain one's ends.

각 ... Tightly; firmly; strongly. *See* 쏵.

곽긔 *s.* 霍氣 (병) (긔운) Internal atmospheres or poisons—causing cholera. *See* 곽란.

꽉꽉 *s.* Pounding; beating. Cawing. *See* 꽉꽉.

*곽란 *s.* 霍亂 (병) (어지러울) Cholera-morbus. *See* 곽긔.

*곽박 *s.* 郭璞 (성) (옥돌) A. D. 276-324. A famous Taoist of China.

*곽산 *s.* 郭山 (성) (뫼) A prefect in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39.43 Long. 125.08.

*곽연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 廓然 (너룰) (그럴) To be wide; to be spacious.

*곽외 *s.* 郭外 (성) (밧) Out side of an inclosure. *See* 뎨밧.

곽지 *s.* 钁 (*곽) A hoe; a chopper. (Prov.) *See* 광이, 갈키.

*곽즈의 郭子儀 (성) (아돌) 거동 A. D. 691-781. A famous general of the Tang Dynasty. Said to have been helped to prosperity by the Star-Maiden. (직녀)

곽향 *s.* 藿香 (아옥) (향긔) Betony of bishopwort *Lophantus rugosus.*

*관 *s.* 冠 (갓) A four-pointed horse-hair cap with an open top—worn by the gentry. *See* 갓.

관 *s.* 關 (집) A gate. An open port; a foreign settlement.

*관 *s.* 館 (킥샤) A building—for guests.

관 *s.* 棺 (*관) A coffin. *See* 널.

관 *s.* 庖厨 (포쥬 *푸) (부엌 *쥬) A slaughter-house. *See* 푸쥬.

*관 *s.* 貫 (꿰일) Ten *yang* of cash.

관 *l.* 正鵠 (바롤—*졀) (새 *곡) The bull's-eye—of a target. *Opp* 빕.

*관가 *s.* 官家 (벼슬) (집) A *yamen*; a prefect's office. *See* 아문. A magistrate.

*관가문셔 *s.* 官家文字 (벼슬) (집) (글월) (글자) Official written documents.

*관각 *s.* 觀閣 (볼) (집) A tall building; a [illegible]

*관개 *s.* 灌溉 (물대일) 물대일) Watering as a garden's irrigation.

*관개 *s.* 冠蓋 (갓) (일산) Head covers and umbrellas—as used in envoy ceremonies.

*관개샹망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 冠蓋相望 (갓) (일산) (서로) (볼) To have ceremonial relations as states in sending and receiving envoys.

*관개ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 灌溉 물대일) 물대일) To water as plants; to irrigate—as rice-fields.

*관격 *s.* 關格 (집) (다다를) A stifling dyspepsia.

*관계 *s.* 關係 (관계) (일) Concern; interest

*관계 *s.* 官桂 (벼슬) 계슈나무 Cinnamon.

관계ᄒᆞᆫ 不關係 아닐 불 관계ᄒᆞᆫ —*관) (일 —*계) 하: 훈 To be of no consequence; to not matter; to be of no account

*관계ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 關係 (관계) (일) To involve, to concern; to interest—used generally with a negative.

*관고ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 官告 (벼슬) (고홀) To petition a magistrate. (Prov.)

*관곡히 *l.* 款曲 (관곡) (곱을) Considerately, kindly.

*관곡ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 款曲 (관곡) (곱을) To be considerate; to treat respectfully *See* 관디ᄒᆞ다

*관골 *s.* 顴骨 (광디뼈 *천) (뼈—*골) The cheek-bones; the temple bones. *See* 관지뼈

*관공 *s.* 關公 (집) (귀인) A famous character 관우) of the 2nd century A.D. who was canonized in the 12th century and is now worshipped in Korea and China as the God of War. *See* 관황.

*관공소립 *s.* 官公私立 (벼슬) (공변될) (소[illegible]) Government or private—as of a schools, banks and etc.

*관구 *s.* 棺柩 (관) (관) A coffin. (Prov.) *See* 관.

*관군 官軍 (벼슬) (군소) A *yamen* soldier.

*관규진숙 *s.* 官規振肅 (벼슬) (법리) (썰칠) (엄숙) Enforcement of official discipline.

*관기동정ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 觀其動靜 (볼) (그) (움직일) 고요) To watch, so as to know the course of events.

*관기모조ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 觀其眸子 (볼) (그) (눈동조) (아들) To see the eyes, so as to know the man.

*관곽 *s.* 棺槨 (관) (관) The inner and outer coffin.

*관관ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 關關 (닷울) (닷울) To sound as the cry of the osprey. (B. O.)

*관광ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 觀光 (볼) (빛) To see; to have a view of. To try—an examination. *See* 과거보다.

*관권 *s.* 官權 (벼슬) (권세) Government authority.

*관권당 *s.* 官權黨 (벼슬) (권세) (무리) Government party.

*관남 *s.* 關南 (집) (남녁) South *Kang-won* Province

*관념ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 關念 (관) (념) To be anxious about; to be interested in *See* 괘념ᄒᆞ다.

*관노 *s.* (관) 官奴 (벼슬) (죵) A *yamen* male slave.

관놈 *s.* 貫漢 (꿰사) (놈—*한) A meat peddler. *See* 반한.

*관농 *l.* 貫膿 (꿸) (고롬) Swollen pustules in smallpox.

*관닉 *s.* 館內 (집사) (안) The grounds or precincts of a house; the interior of a house.

관대관자 寬大長者 너그러울 큰 어른) (놈) A generous, liberal-minded person. *See* 관후장자.

*관대ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 寬大 (너그러울) (큰) To be large hearted and liberal.

*관뎌 *s.* 官邸 (벼슬) (집사) An official residence.

*관뎐 *s.* 寬典 (너그러울) (법) Clemency, benignancy; leniency; mercy.

*관뎨 *s.* 官題 (벼슬) (글) A magistrate's reply. *See* 영뎨.

*관뎨 *s.* 官制 (벼슬) (지을) The official organization of a department

관뎨 關帝 (집) (님금) The God of W[illegible] 관운장.

*관뎨묘 關帝廟 (집) (님금) 수당) A temple to the God of War.

*관명 s. 官廳 (벼슬) (쳥) The court of a magistrate's office. *See* 응명.

*관명발악ᄒᆞ다 s. 官廳發惡 (벼슬) (쳥) (발악) ᄒᆞ다 To act impolitely before a magistrate; to act impolitely before an official.

*관명식 s. 官定式 (벼슬) (졍ᄒᆞᆯ) (법) The regular prices for supplies fixed by government for officials.

*관북 s. 關北 (짐) (동녁) East Kang-won Province.

*관동ᄀᆞᆫ경 關北八景 (짐) (여ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (경ᄎᆡᆨ) The eight famous scenes of Kang-won Province.

*관동ᄉᆞᆫ s. 關北蔘 (짐) (동녁) (일홈) Ginseng from the *Yalu*.

*관동화 s. 款冬花 (관곡ᄒᆞᆯ) (겨ᄉᆞᆯ) (꼿) Coltsfoot. *Tussilago farfara*. *See* 금은ᄃᆡ.

*관ᄃᆡ s. 冠帶 (갓) (ᄯᅴ) *ᄃᆡ) A court dress.

*관등ᄒᆞ다 s. 觀燈 (볼) (등불) To go to see the illuminations—at the Feast of Lanterns (the 8th of the 4th moon).

관ᄃᆡ s. A connective—used after a consonant as a comma. ᄉᆞᆼ찬ᄃᆡ

*관ᄃᆡ s. 冠帶 (갓) (ᄯᅴ) Official hats and belts.

*관ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 寬貸 (너그러울) (쑤일) To forgive freely.

*관ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 寬待 (너그러울) (ᄃᆡ졉) To treat liberally; to deal with in a generous spirit; to behave graciously towards.

*관ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 *l.* 款待 (관곡ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆡ졉) To treat cordially; to entertain. *See* 션ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

*관람덕 s. 觀覽的 (볼) (볼) (역ᄉᆞᆯ) Sight-seeing.

*관람ᄒᆞ다 s. 觀覽 (볼) (볼) To view; to look at; to inspect; to go sightseeing.

*관량 s. 館粮 (ᄀᆡᆨ사) (돌ᄃᆞ리) A station in Whang-hai do. Lat. 38 14 Long. 125.20

*관랑이 s. 篙師 (ᄉᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (돌ᄃᆞ리) Formerly laborers called into service to prepare pontoons for a royal progress across the *Han*.

*관련 s. 關聯 (닷ᄀᆞᆯ) (니을) Relevance.

*관례 s. 冠禮 (갓) (례도) The ceremony of doing up the hair. *See* 성관.

*관례법 *l.* 慣例法 (닉을) (례) (법) Tacit law.

*관례ᄒᆞ다 s. 冠禮 (갓) (례도) To do up the hair—in a topknot.

관ᄉᆞ 官事 (벼슬) (ᄒᆞ여ᄀᆞᆷ) A magistrate's order; an official command.

*관류ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 款留 (관곡ᄒᆞᆯ) (머ᄆᆞᆯ) To detain, to stay; to withhold.

관리 s. 官吏 (벼슬) (아젼) Officials. A Government official

*관리사회 s. 官吏社會 (벼슬) (아젼) (회사) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Official circles.

*관리소 s. 管理所 (ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄉᆞ리ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞ여ᄀᆞᆷ) The officer in charge of the postal and telegraph service.

*관리ᄒᆞ다 s. 管理 (거ᄂᆞ릴) (다ᄉᆞ리ᄆᆞᆯ) To administer; to superintend; to control.

*관립 s. 官立 (벼슬) (셜) Official; of government appointment.

*관립학교 s. 官立學校 (벼슬) (셜) (비홀) (학교) A government school.

*관마 s. 官馬 (벼슬) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A magistrate's ponies; *yamen* horses.

*관망 s. 冠網 (갓) (그ᄆᆞᆯ) Hat and head-band (ᄒᆞ국). To put on hat and head-band.

*관망ᄒᆞ다 s. 冠網 (갓) (그ᄆᆞᆯ) To put on head-band and hat.

*관망ᄒᆞ다 觀望 볼 보ᄅᆞᆯ To gaze; to look on from a distance. *See* 관광ᄒᆞ다

*관면 s. 冠冕 (갓) (면류관) A hat.

*관면식 s. 冠冕式 (갓) (면류관) (법) A coronation ceremony. *See* ᄃᆡ면식.

*관면ᄒᆞ다 s. 寬免 (너그러울) (면ᄒᆞᆯ) To forgive; to condone.

*관명 s. 官名 (벼슬) (일홈) Official title; name of an office.

*관명 s. 冠名 (갓) (일홈) The name taken when one becomes an elder *Opp.* 아명.

관목 *l.* Dry herrings.

*관목 s. 關木 (닷ᄀᆞᆯ) (나무) The cross-bar of a gate. *See* 빗장.

*관목 s. 灌木 (대일) (나) Shrubs.

*관물ᄒᆞ다 s. 管領 (벼슬) (ᄒᆡᆨ길) To confiscate of the Government.

*관문 s. 官門 (벼슬) (문) A *yamen* gate; a prefect's office. *See* 관가

*관문 s. 關門 (닷ᄀᆞᆯ) (문) A guard-house.

*관문 s. 官文 (벼슬) (글) A magistrate's orders. *See* 완문.

*관문 s. 關文 (관) (글) Written orders sent to provincial governors from the capital. *See* 관조.

*관물 s. 官物 (벼슬) (물건) [illegible] and possessions—as many states of (Prov.)

*관민 s. 官民 (벼슬) (빅성) The Government and the people; officials and private individuals.

*관민간 s. 官民間 (벼슬) (빅성) (소이) Officials and people.

*관민상하 s. 官民上下 (벼슬) (빅성) (숫) (아래) Officials and people, high and low.

*관맥 s. 關脉 (집) (맥) The middle pulse. *See* 촌맥.

*관부 s. 官牌 (벼슬) [illegible] (아돌) A warrant to arrest.

*관방 s. 官房 (벼슬) (방) An official chamber.

*관방 s. 關防 (집) (막을) Defending a place by stationing guards.

*관방하다 s. 關防 (닷을) (막을) To defend a place by establishing a guard house.

*관병 s. 官兵 (벼슬) (군소) The government troops—as opposed to the rebels.

*관병식 s. 觀兵式 (볼) (군소) (법) Military manœuvers.

*관병하다 s. 觀兵 (볼) (군소) To inspect military manœuvers.

*관보 s. 官報 (벼슬) (갑홀) (관) [illegible] (벼슬) Official intelligence; the 'Official Gazette.'

*관보국 s. 官報局 (벼슬) (갑홀) (관) The Bureau of the Official Gazette.

*관복 s. 官服 (벼슬) (옷) A court dress.

*관봉 s. 官封 (벼슬) (봉홀) An official stamp—as on wrapped up money etc. *Opp.* 소봉.

*관부 s. 官府 (벼슬) (마을) A *yamen* office. *See* 관문.

*관부 s. 官付 (벼슬) (붓칠) Cinnamon and the seeds of the wolf's bane—*Aconitum* [illegible]

*관북 s. 關北 (집) (북녁) North Kang-won Province.

*관비 s. 官婢 (벼슬) (죵) A *yamen* maid slave. *Opp.* 관노.

*관비 s. 官費 (벼슬) (허비) Government expenditure.

*관비생 s. 官費生 (벼슬) (허비) (날) A student whose expenses are defrayed by the Government; a Government cadet. *Opp.* 소비생.

관빅 s. 關伯 (집) (맛) The Japanese [illegible]

*관사 s. 官紗 (벼슬) (깁) Chinese gauze.

*관사 s. 官舍 (벼슬) (집) A *yamen* office. *See* 관부.

[illegible] 觀相 (볼) (얼골) The science of [illegible] gnomy; the countenance; the [illegible]

*관상감 s. 觀象監 (볼) (형상) (볼) Formerly the office of astronomy.

*관상대 s. 觀象臺 (볼) (형상) (집) An astronomical observatory.

*관상서 s. 觀相書 (볼) (상볼) (글) Works on physiognomy.

*관상장이 s. 觀相 (볼) 상볼) (놈—*쟈) A physiognomist.

*관상하다 s. 觀象 (볼) (형상) To observe the weather; to take meteorological observations.

*관서 s. 關西 (집) (셔녁) West Kang won Province.

*관셔하다 s. 寬恕 (너그러울) (용셔) To forgive; to condone.

*관선 s. 官船 (벼슬) 빈 Junks in government employ. *Opp.* 상선.

*관선국 / 官船局 (소지홀) (빈) (관) A bureau which manages affairs relating to ships.

*관설뎡도 s. 官設鐵道 (벼슬) (베풀) (쇠) (길) Government railroads.

*관섭하다 s. 關涉 집) (건널) To be concerned with.

*관세 s. 關稅 (닷홀) (부세) Customs duties.

*관세국 s. 關稅局 (집) (구실) (관) The Board of Custom Duties; a custom house.

[illegible] (보살) The "hearprayer" Buddha-atra—a prayer form repeated by the Buddhists. *See* 남무아미타불.

[illegible] (님군) The God of War. *See* 관운장.

[illegible] tion a magistrate. *See* 관 [illegible] 다

관솔 s. 松明 (소나무 *옹) (붉을-*명) Resinous pine wood; pine knots. *See* 옹이

관속 s. 官屬 (벼슬) (붓칠) *Yamen* underlings. *See* 육속.

*관슈 s. 官守 (벼슬) (직킬) Rank; office. (M.)

*관숙션 s. 管叔鮮 (관슉션) (아자비) (붉을) B.C. 1122. A renowned statesman and younger brother of Emperor Mu

*관숙ᄒᆞ다 t. 慣熟 (관슉) (닉을) To be skilled in, to be acquainted with.

*관습 s. 慣習 (관습) (닉힐) Manners and customs; habits; a custom; usage.

*관습법 s. 慣習法 (관습) (닉힐) (법) Customary law.

*관심 s. 關心 (관심) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Anxiety or concern.

*관심ᄒᆞ다 v. 關心 (관심) ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ To take a matter to heart; to be anxious to feel solicitude

*관ᄉᆞ s. 冠辭 (관) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The article

*관ᄉᆞ s. 官事 (관) (일) Official business. *See* 공ᄉᆞ

*관숨 s. 官蔘 (관) (숨) Government ginseng

*관악 s. 管樂 (관악) (풍류) Pipes and flutes. *Comp.*

*관역 s. 館驛 (관) (역) A station. *Also* 관역.

*관역 s. 官役 (관) (역ᄉᆞ) District work under the direction of the magistrate.

*관영ᄒᆞ다 s. 貫盈 (관) (ᄎᆞᆯ) To be full.

*관옥 s. 冠玉 (관) (구슬) The finest jade —used when speaking of a handsome person with a fair complexion.

*관욕 s. 官辱 (관) (욕) Suffering arrest and public trial.

*관용 s. 官用 (관) (쓸) What is for official use. *See* 공용.

*관용ᄒᆞ다 寬容 (관용) 너그러울 용납 To be gracious; to be gentle

*관우 s. 關羽 (관) (깃) D.A.D. 219 Originally a seller of bean curd but because of his wisdom and heroism now canonized as the God of War.

*관운장 s. 關雲長 (관) (구름) (긴) A famous warrior of the 2nd century A.D. canonized in the 12th century the God of War. *See* 관황

*관유 s. 官有 (관) (잇을) Owned by the government

*관유디 s. 官有地 (관) (잇을) (짜) Government lands. *Opp.* 민유디.

*관유물 s. 官有物 (관) (잇을) (만물) Government property

*관유ᄒᆞ다 v. 寬宥 (관) 너그러울 (두남ᄒᆞᆯ) To forgive, to pardon; to spare *See* 용서ᄒᆞ다

*관졸 s. 官卒 (관) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A post station in Kyung-sang-do.

관음보살 s. 觀音菩薩 (관) (소리) (보살) 보ᄉᆞ To hear prayer Buddha the Buddhist goddess of Mercy. Worshipped by those who desire offspring.

*관이ᄒᆞ다 t. 貫耳 (관) (귀) To pierce the ears with an arrow—of a criminal condemned to death.

관인 s. 官人 (관) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) *Yamen* servants or underlings. *See* 관속.

관인 s. 官印 (관) (인칠) A district seal, an official stamp.

*관인비 s. 官人輩 (관) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (무리) The crowd of official underlings.

*관인샤회 s. 官人社會 (관) 사ᄅᆞᆷ (샤회) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Official society.

관인대노 s. 寬仁大度 (너그러울) (어질) (큰) (법도) Benignant and magnanimous

*관인ᄒᆞ다 s. 寬仁 (너그러울) (어질) To be large-hearted and generous. *See* 관후ᄒᆞ다.

*관원 s. 官員 (관) (관원) A magistrate; a prefect; an officer. *See* 관가.

*관원록 s. 官員錄 (관) (관원) (긔록) A book containing the names of all the persons in the service of the Government; red book

*관자 s. 冠者 (관) (놈) A man.

*관작 s. 官爵 (관) (관) Office; rank. *See* 디위; 직품.

*관장 s. 官長 (관) (어른) A magistrate; a prefect; an official. *See* 관원.

*관장 t. 灌腸 (관) (창ᄌᆞ) An injection, enema; clyster.

관장긔 s. 灌腸器 (관) (창ᄌᆞ) (그릇) Irrigation; clysterium.

*관장제 灌腸劑 (관) (창ᄌᆞ) (약지을) Enema

*관전 s. 官錢 (관) (돈) Official funds. *See* 공젼

관전 s. 官前 (관) (압) (Before) an official, the presence of a magistrate

관전국곡 s. 官錢國穀 (관) (돈) (나라) (곡식) Official funds and government supplies.

*관졀 s. 關節 (관) (마ᄃᆡ) The joint, articulation.

*관졀염 s. 關節炎 (관) (마ᄃᆡ) (ᄃᆡ울) Inflammation of the joints.

*관졀충 s. 關節蟲 (관) (마ᄃᆡ) (버레) Articulated insects.

*관제 官制 (벼슬 법) (이 [illegible] tions.

*관제 l. 灌祭 (부를) (제소) A drink offering; a libation.

*관제귀정하다 s. 官制改正 (벼슬) (법) (곧칠) (바를) To revise the official organization.

*관정 l. 寬政 (너그러울) (정소 Mild administration, lenient or liberal government.

*관정하다 s. 官呈 (벼슬) (드릴) To enter upon a lawsuit. *See* 송소하다.

*관주 l. 貫珠 (꿰일) (구슬) A [illegible] mark—1st class on examination. ↘ 비점.

*관중 s. 管仲 (대롱, 버금) A noted minister of the ancient kingdom Che. D. B. C. 645. A renowned statesman of Ancient China.

*관중 s. 館中 (집) (가온데) The Settlement; foreign quarters.

관지노리 s. The temples—of the head. *Also* 관조노리

*관직 s. 官職 (벼슬 (벼슬 Official duties; a Government post.

*관조 s. 貫子 (꿰일) (아들) Head-band buttons.

*관주 s. 關子 (집) (아들) An order from the capital to officers in the country. *See* 관문.

관조노리 s. The temples; the sides of the head.

관조뼈 s. The temple bones of the head.

*관지 s. 棺材 (관, 지목, Materials—for coffins. *See* 관직.

*관지 s. 官災 (벼슬 (지앙) Lawsuits; official troubles

*관지구설 s. 官災口舌 벼슬) (지앙) (입) (혀) Lawsuits and insults.

*관찰 s. 觀察 (볼, 솔필) Observation.

*관찰부 s. 觀察府 (볼) (솔필) (마을) The Office of a Provincial Governor.

*관찰사 s. 觀察使 (볼) (솔) [illegible] 호여곰 The governor of a province

*관찰하다 s. 觀察 (볼 (솔필) To examine; to investigate

*관찰하다 s. 觀察 (볼 (솔필) (창예) To see; to be an eye-witness.

*관철하다 s. 貫徹 (꿰일) (사모칠) To penetrate, to permeate; to pervade, to sink in, to be understood; to accomplish; to carry through.

*관청 官廳 벼슬 [illegible] To [illegible] ficial supplies.

*관청빗 s. 官廳色 (벼슬) (청) (빗—*색) The clerk in charge of the office of supplies.

관청사항 s. 官廳事項 (벼슬) (청) (일 [illegible]

*관청색 s. 官廳色 (벼슬) (청) (빗) Official secretaries or runners.

*관측소 s. 觀測所 (볼) (헤아릴) (바) An astronomical observatory.

*관측하다 s. 觀測 (볼) (헤아릴) To calculate, to study; to observe.

*관치 s. 官差 (벼슬) (부릴) Formerly a [illegible] warrant to arrest. *See* 치소.

*관통 s. 官筒 (벼슬) (통) A government rice measure

*관통하다 s. 貫通 꿰일 (통할) To be open for communication; to pass through; to be understood; to pervade.

*관틱 s. 官宅 (벼슬) (집) An official residence.

*관폐 s. 官弊 (벼슬) (해여질) Official abuses. *See* 민폐.

관폐사 s. 官幣社 벼슬 폐백 사직 ↘ shrine, where ceremonials are conducted under the direct supervision of the Government.

*관하 s. 管下 (거느릴) (아래) Under or subject to the jurisdiction; jurisdic[illegible] administrative district; those subject to the jurisdiction.

*관하각군 / 管下各郡 (거느릴) (아래) (각) (고을) Each country under authority; counties under jurisdiction.

*관하인민 / 管下人民 (거느릴) (아래) (사롬) (빅성) People under the jurisdiction.

관한하다 s. 寬限 (너그러울) (한명) To extend the limit of time; to give liberal time.

*관할하다 s. 管轄 (주지홀) (거느릴) To have jurisdiction over; to govern. *See* 주지하다

*관항 s. 款項 (경성) (목) Sections and clauses; headings.

[illegible] 꿰일 [illegible] 곧 ↘ [illegible] family seat. *See* 경향.

*관향소 s. 管餉使 (주지홀) (먹일) (하여곰) A chief commissary officer

*관허 ㅅ. 官許 (관허) 나라 (나) 허락 A government permit (받다) *See* 인가; 인허.

*관허ᄒᆞ다 官許 나라 허락 To permit; to grant—as the government.

*관혁 /. 貫革 (관혁) (가죽) A target *Also* 관역.

관혁박이 / That which obstructs the front view. *See* 언덕박이

*관현 ㅅ. 管絃 (관현) (줄) Wind and stringed instruments

*관형찰색ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 觀形察色 (관형찰색) (보) (형상) (살피) (빛) To watch the appearance and expression; to watch the face.

관후장자 ㅅ. 寬厚長者 (너그러울) (두터울) (어른) (놈) A liberal person; a large hearted generous character. ㅅ 관대장자.

*관ᄒᆞᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 寬厚 (너그러울) (두터울) To be generous; to be liberal. *Opp.* 강박ᄒᆞ다

*관화 ㅅ. 官話 (벼슬) (말씀) The official language or 'mandarin' of China. ㅅ 관.

*관활ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 寬闊 (너그러울) (넓을) To be wide; to be generous.

*관황 . (—항) 官況 (벼슬) (형편) Salary; official pay.

*관우 ㅅ 關羽 (집) (깃) (깨) A famous character (관우) of the 2nd century A.D. who was canonized in the 12th century and is now worshipped in Korea and China as the God of War.

*관우묘 ㅅ 關羽廟 집 (깃) (깨) (집) A temple to 관황 the God of War

괄괄 ㅅ. Babbling; bubbling

괄괄ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. To be quick-tempered; to be fiery. *See* 뾰뾰ᄒᆞ다

괄다 / 아; 관 To be fiery To be dry; to be hard

*괄대ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 怒待 괄시ᄒᆞᆯ 대접 To treat coolly ㅅ 괄시ᄒᆞ다.

*괄목상대ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 刮目相對 (긁을) (눈) (서로 대ᄒᆞᆯ To rub one's eyes and look with wonder—used of scholars meeting after years of study.

*괄선 ㅅ 括線 (긁을) (줄) Vinculum.

*괄시ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 怒視 괄시ᄒᆞᆯ (보) To treat coolly; to be inhospitable toward. *See* 박시ᄒᆞ다.

*괄약근 ㅅ. 括約筋 (긁을) (언약) (힘줄) A sphincter

*괄태충 ㅅ. 括胎蟲 (긁을) (태) (벌레) A slug.

*괄호 ㅅ. 括號 (긁을) (일홈) Parenthesis, bracket, or brace. *See* 대, 중, and 소 괄호.

*괘 ㅅ. 卦 (괘상) Divination diagrams. (버리다).

괘 ㅅ. Fairly; very well.

*괘관ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 掛冠 (걸) (갓) To resign office; to retire from official employments.

괘괘 ㅅ. Extremely; very; hardly.

*괘념ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 掛念 (걸) (생각) To be anxious; to be in suspense. *See* 념려ᄒᆞ다.

괘랍치다 ㅅ. 쳐; 천 To let the cat out of the bag; to make a secret matter public.

*괘방ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 掛榜 (걸) (방) To post up a notice.

*괘상 ㅅ. 卦象 괘상 얼픈 The combinations of the diagrams—on which all depends in divination.

*괘심ᄒᆞ다 /. 掛心 (걸) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To be anxious; to be in suspense. (Comp.) *See* 괘념ᄒᆞ다.

괘씸ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. To be insolent; to be depraved. *See* 가증ᄒᆞ다.

*괘종 / 掛鐘 (걸) (쇠 북) A hanging clock. *Opp.* 좌종.

*괘호ᄒᆞ다 / 掛號 (걸) (일홈) To register names or ciphers in a telegraph office.

괙괙 ㅅ. Quack, quack; squawk, squawk. *See* 깩깩.

괜ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. To be fair; to be not so bad. ㅅ. 관ᄒᆞ다

*괭괭 ㅅ. Bang, bang!—as the beating of a gong

괭과리 ㅅ 鉦 (*중) A gong

*광 ㅅ. 光 (빛) Brightness; brilliancy. (나다). *See* 광채.

*광 / 廣 (넓을) The width; the breadth. *See* 셈.

*광 ㅅ. 狂 (밋칠) Foolishness; imbecility; madness.

광 / 庫 (고집—*고) A storehouse; a granary, a treasury. *See* 고.

광 ㅅ. With a bang; with a thump.

*광가 ㅅ. 狂歌 (밋칠) (노래) Eccentric or comic poetry.

*광가 ㅅ. 光駕 (빛) (멍에) Your coming. (Hon.)

*광가ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 光駕 (빛) (멍에) To show "your glorious chariot"—to come. (Respect.)

*광견 ㅅ. 狂犬 (밋칠) (개) A mad dog.

*광경 ㅅ. 光景 (빛) (볕) Scenery; state of affairs, circumstances. *See* 경색.

*광고 / 廣告 넓을)(고할) Advertisement.
*광고비 /. 廣告費 (넓을)(고할)(허비) Expenses for advertising
*광고서 /. 廣告書 (넓을 (고할)(글) Advertisement: circular.
*광고지 /. 廣告紙 (넓을) (고할) (조희) Advertising paper; an advertisement
*광고하다 /. 廣告 (넓을)(고할) To advertise.
*광교산 s. 光敎山 (빛) (가르칠) (외) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 37.21 Long. 127.69.
*광구 s. 光球 (빛) (구슬) Photosphere
*광구 s. 鑛球 (광주리) (구슬) Ba
*광구운동하다 s. 鑛球運動 광주리) (구슬) To play basket ball.
*광구하다 s. 匡救 (바를) (구원) To put to right; to reform; to correct to rectify.
*광구하다 /. 廣求 (넓을) (구할) To seek far and wide; to ask for everywhere
*광군 / 曠郡 (구멍이) (군스) A miner.
*광군하다 /. 曠郡 (비일) (고을) To live at home and leave the office vacant—of a magistrate.
*광기 s. 狂氣 (밋칠) (기운) Madness; frenzy. *See* 발광.
*광긱 s 狂客 밋칠) (손 A How a cracked creature. *See* 광인
*광과리 s. 鑛 (*쇠) A gong.
*광관 /. 曠官 (비일) (벼슬) A vacant office.
광광 s. Hammering; pounding.
광내다ㄴ여; 낸 To polish; to brighten up. *See* 아광하다.
*광담 s. 狂談 (밋칠) (말슴) Humorous stories; comic tales.
*광대무변하다 /. 廣大無邊 (넓을) (큰) 넘 근 거 To be vast and
광대뼈 s. 頧 (*관) The cheek-bones.
광대싸리 s. A large variety of 싸리 shrub.
광대하다 /. 廣大 (넓을 근 and wide; to be immense. *See* 광활하다.
*광덕 / 廣德 (넓을) (큰) A st station in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 126.47.
*광도 /. 廣島 (넓을) (섬) Hiroshin Japan.
*광도 /. 廣陡 (넓을) (언 Broad- op. *See* 넓은언덕. *Opp.* 고도.
*광도 s. 狂濤 (밋칠) (물결) Angry waves; a stormy sea.
*광도계 s. 光度計 (빛) (지날) (계교) Photometer.
광 넓을) Canton -a
중 紙 (넓을) (종녀) (껍) variety.
*광동성 /. 廣東省 넓을) 동녁) (성칠) Province of Kwang-tung in China.
*광동지 s. 廣東紙 (넓을) (동녁) (조희). *See* 광동견지
광 (넓을) (동녁) (일홈)
*광동초 /. 廣東綃 (넓을) (동녁) (깁) A striped silk stuff exported from Canton, China.
*광두명 /. 廣頭釘 (넓을) (머리) (못) A nail with a large round head.
광대 / 倡優 (*창) (*우) A comedian; a clown; an acrobat. *See* 화랑이.
광대버섯 /. A toad-stool.
광 狂瀾 (밋칠) (물결) Angry waves; a stormy sea.
*광랑조 s. 枕榔子 (나무) (나무) (아들) *Arenga saccharifera.*
*광량 / 廣梁 (넓을) (들칠) A naval station in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 38.51 Long 125.10.
*광려 s. 光臨 (빛) (림할) A post station in Chol-la-do
*광림하다 s. 光臨 (빛) (림할) To condescend to come (Respect.)
*광막 /. 廣漠 (넓을) (아득할) Wide spacious; extensive; vast.
*광막하다 s. 廣漠 (넓을) (아득할) To be abroad, extensive; spacious; boundless.
*광망하다 s 狂妄 (밋칠) (망녕될) To be mad, to be insane; to be deranged.
*광면 /. 廣面 (넓을) (낯) A wide acquaintanceship; a large circle of friends.
*광명두 s. 光明頭 빛) (붉을) (머리) A lamp holder.
광명정대하다 光明正大 바 를) (큰) To be brilliant and lofty of principle. *See* 세계청청.
*광명주 s. 光明珠 (빛) (붉을) (구슬) A superior kind of cinnabar.
*광명하다 s. 光明 (빛) (붉을) To be bright; to be clear; to be splendid, to be brilliant. *See* 양명하다.
*광무 / 礦務 (구멍이) (힘쓸) Mining. *See* 광작.
*광무국 /. 礦務局 (구멍이) (힘쓸) (관) A mining office.

*광문ᄒᆞ다 f. 廣問 (넓을) (무를) To ask for everywhere; to seek far and wide.
*광물 s. 礦物 (구덩이) (물건) Mineral, ores.
*광물학 s. 礦物學 (구덩이) (물건) (배홀) Mineralogy.
*광물학사 f. 礦物學士 (구덩이) (물건) (비홀) (션비) A mineralogist.
*광물학자 s. 礦物學者 (구덩이) (물건) (비홀) (놈) A mineralogist.
*광맥 f. 礦脈 (구덩이) (맥) Veins of an ore
*광바산 s. 光白山 빗 (숨박 뫼) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.37 Long. 127.10.
*광부 f. 曠夫 (뷔일) (지아비) A faithless husband. (M.)
*광부 s. 狂夫 (밋친) (지아비) A mad man.
*광부 f. 礦夫 구덩이 (지아비) A miner.
*광부지언 s. 狂夫之言 (밋칠) (지아비) (갈) (말숨) The ravings of a madman
*광산 f. 礦産 (구덩이) (날) A mine.
*광산 f. 鑛山 (쇠돌) (뫼) A mine; a place from which ore is dug.
*광산국 f. 鑛山局 (쇠돌) (뫼) (판) The Bureau of Mining.
*광산물 f. 礦産物 (구덩이) (날) (물건) Ore; products from a mine.
*광산학 f. 鑛山學 (쇠돌) (뫼) (배홀) The science of mining.
*광서성 f. 廣西省 (넓을) (셔녁) (잠간) Province of Kwang-se in China.
*광선 s. 光線 (빗) (실) Rays of light.
*광세영웅 f. 曠世英雄 (뷘) (인간) (꽃부리) (숫컷) An extraordinary genius.
*광세지재 f. 曠世之才 (뷜) (인간) (갈) (지초) Extraordinary genius.
*광성산 f. 廣城山 넓을 (재) (뫼) A mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 40.11 Long. 126.48.
*광성자 f. 廣成子 (넓을) 일울 (아들) B.C. 2697. A supernatural being who is said to have taught the mystery of immortality.
*광소 s. 光素 (빗) (흴) Light.
광쇠 f. A gong. *See* 꽹과리.
*광시 s. 光時 (빗) (때) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ing-do.
*광사 f. 礦師 (구덩이) (스승) A mining expert; one acquainted with the principles of mining.
*광삼 s. 光蔘 (빗) (석) Sea-cucumber.
*광생 s. 狂生 (밋칠) (날) A lunatic; used also in the written language as a self-depreciatory term for one's self.
*광양란 f. 廣壤卵 (넓을) 바회 (둘두럿) A navel; at one's Whang-ko.
*광야 f. 廣野 (넓을) (들) A wide desert; a waste tract of land.
*광약 s. 狂藥 (밋칠) (약) Literally 'medicine which causes insanity' —wine.
*광양 s. 光陽 빗 볏 A prefecture in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.50 Long. 127.43.
*광어 f. 廣魚 (넓을) (고기) The sole.
*광어눈이 f. 廣魚目 (넓을) (고기) (눈—목) A cross-eyed person.
*광언 s. 狂言 (밋칠) (말숨) A play; drama.
*광언망설 s. 狂言妄說 (밋칠) (말숨) (망녕) (말숨) Rumbug, nonsense; incoherent ravings.
*광업 f. 鑛業 (쇠돌) (업) Mining; the work of mining.
*광영 s. 光榮 (빗) (영화) Renown; fame; celebrated; famous; illustrious. (Comp.)
*광오산 s. 光敖山 빗 (오만홀) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.06 Long. 127.05.
*광요ᄒᆞ다 s. 光耀 (빗) (빗초일) To shine; to sparkle; to gleam; to glisten.
광우리 s. 筐 (*광) A large round basket. (Prov.) *See* 광쥬리.
*광음 s. 光陰 (빗) (그늘) Months and years—time. *See* 세월.
*광음이여류ᄒᆞ다 s. 光陰如流 (빗) (그늘) (갈) (흐를) To pass like running water—of time. *See* 무정세월.
광이 s. 鑛 (쟁) A kind of pick or hoe for digging.
*광인 s. 狂人 (밋칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An imbecile, a fool, a mad person. *See* 광픽.
*광인원 s. 狂人院 (밋칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (집) A madhouse, an asylum for the mad.
*광일지구ᄒᆞ다 f. 曠日持久 (뷜) (날) (가질) (오랠) To delay fighting so as to wear out the enemy.
*광일ᄒᆞ다 f. 曠日 (뷜) (날) To waste time; to spend days.
*광원 f. 廣原 (넓을) (언덕) A desolate field, wild plain; prairie.
*광원 s. 光源 (빗) (근원) Source of light.
*광작ᄒᆞ다 f. 廣作 (넓을) (지을) To cultivate on a large scale.
*광장 f. 廣長 (넓을) (긴) Width and length.

*광장 /. 廣場 (넓을) (마당) A spacious place.

*광정 /. 改正 (고칠) (바를) Post-statute n Ch'ung-chong-do.

*광정하다 s. 匡正 (바를) (바를) To correct; to mend; to rectify; to reform.

광주 s. 廣州 (넓을) (고을) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.21 Long. 1[illegible]16

*광주 s. 光州 (빛) (고을) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.00 Long. 126.58.

광주리 s. 筐 (*광) A large round basket.

*광중 /. 壙中 (구덩이) (가운데) An open grave. *See* 더설.

*광증 s. (-쭝) 狂症 (미칠) (증세) Madness; frenzy. *See* 광긔.

*광천 /. 礦泉 (구덩이) (샘) A mineral spring.

*광취 s. 光彩 (빛) (고을) Colors of rainbow

광치다 s. 광채; 친 To polish; to brighten up; to make shine. To boast; to brag.

*광치연광하다 /. 廣置田地 (넓을 둘) (밭 [illegible]) To have well possessed in

*광학 s. 光學 (빛) (배울) Optics.

*광학축 s. 光學軸 (빛) (배울) (수레바퀴) Optical axis.

*광채 s. 光彩 (빛) (치색) Brilliancy; splendor. *See* 빛.

*광탄 /. 廣灘 (넓을) (여울) A stream in Kyong keui-do (Pai-ju).

*광탑 s. 光塔 (빛) (탑) A lighthouse.

*광탕지면 /. 曠蕩之典 (뷔일) (쓰을) (법) A general pardon—as issued by the Emperor. *See* 사면.

*광체 s. 光體 (빛) (몸) A luminous body.

*광충 /. 廣通 (넓을) (통할) A post station in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.37 Long. 126.35.

*광택 s. 光澤 (빛) (못) Lustre; gloss; polish.

*광판 /. 廣板 (넓을) (관자) The breadth; the width.

*광패하다 [illegible] 미칠 패할 To be mad; to be wild; to be depraved *S.* 광패하다

*광평 /. 廣坪 (넓을) (들) A [illegible] Pyong-an-do Lat. 40.32 Long. [illegible]

*광포 /. 廣布 (넓을) (베 [illegible] wool. linen -woven in Ham-kyong.

*광포하다 s. 狂暴 (미칠) (사오나울) To behave in a disorderly manner; to act like a madman.

*광풍 s. 狂風 (미칠) (바람) A violent gale; a hurricane; a typhoon. *See* 악풍.

*광학 /. 礦學 (구덩이) (배울) The study of mining.

*광학 s. 光學 (빛) (배울) Optics.

*광혈 /. 壙穴 (뫼돌) (구멍) A grave

*광협 /. 廣狹 (넓을) (좁을) Extent, area; breadth.

*광협장단 /. 廣狹長短 (넓을) (좁을) (긴 [illegible] W[illegible] l[illegible] h

*광호하다 s. 誑惑 (속일) (혹할) To deceive; to mislead; to hoax; to delude.

*광휘 s. 光輝 (빛) (빛날) Bright rays; br[illegible]

*관고청 /. 廣興倉 (넓을) (넓) (창고) One of the government granaries of the capital

*광화 s. 光華 (빛) (빛날) Light; radiance; [illegible]

*광활하다 /. 廣濶 (넓을) (넓을) To be wide; to be vast; to be extensive.

*권 s. 權 (권세) Authority; power; influence. *See* 권병. A surname

*권 s. 卷 (책) A volume. A numerative of twenty sheets of paper.

*권가 s. 權家 (권세) (집) Powerful officials; influential statesmen.

*권계 /. 勸戒 (권할) (경계) Admonition; remonstrance; reproof.

*권계하다 /. 勸戒 (권할) (경계) To remonstrate with; to censure; to reprove.

*권고 /. 勸告 (권할) (고할) Admonition; advice.

*권고문 /. 勸告文 (권할) (고할) (글) A written message of admonition or counsel.

*권고서 /. 勸告書 (권할) (고할) 글 *See* 권고문

*권고지은 /. 眷顧之恩 (도라볼) (도라볼) (갈) (은혜) Care for others; help for the needy

*권고하다 s. 眷顧 (도라볼) (도라볼) To regard kindly; to favour; to countenance, to patronize.

*권고하다 /. 勸告 (권할) (고할) To advise; to counsel.

*권공장 /. 勸工場 (권할) (장인) (마당) An exhibition of various goods for the encouragement of industrial arts.

*권구 /. 眷口 (도라볼) (입) The members of a household. *See* 권솔.

*권귀하다 /. 眷歸 (도라볼) (도라갈) To

move to the husband's home—of the bride.

*권군 n. 權鈞 (권세) (무거울) F. S. 安東 A minister of state of Chung jong 1506-1545).

*권근 n. 權近 (권세) (가까울) F. S. 安東 N. P. 陽村 A famous scholar of the time of Tă-jo (1392-1399.)

*권판 n. 權管 (권세) (가누릴) A captain of a 2nd rate guard-post.

*권복하다 v. 眷服 (돌볼) (복) To appreciate and acquiesce.

*권연하다 v. 結緣 (맺을) (연분) To be united; to be confederate, to be allied.

*권념하다 t. 眷念 (도라볼) (생각) To regard; to think of with affection.

*권농 t. 〈—통〉 勸農 (권할) (농사) An order to encourage agriculture.

*권농국 t. 勸農局 (권할) (농사) (관) Bureau of Agriculture.

*권농관 t. 〈—통〉 勸農官 (권할) (농사) (벼슬) Formerly an officer whose duty it is to encourage the people to agriculture.

*권농장 t. 勸農場 (권할) (농사) (마당) An agricultural experimental farm.

*권농하다 t. 〈—통〉 勸農 (권할) (농사) To encourage the people to agriculture.

*권능 n. 權能 (권세) (능할) Power; authority. *See* 권세.

*권당 t. 眷堂 (도라볼) (집) Relatives by marriage. *See* 일가.

권당바누질 t. Sewing in part of another garment by mistake.

*권대운 n. 權大運 (권세) (큰) (옮길) F. S. 安東 N. P. 石湍 A prime minister of Sak-jong (1675-1721).

*권점 t. 圈點 (우리) (점) A term applied to the circles used in literary composition for the purpose of emphasis which correspond to italics or underlining is English writing.

*권점하다 t. 圈點 (우리) (점) To mark off names on a list.

*권여 n. 權輿 (최) (글) F. S. 安東 N. P. 止窩 A noted scholar of the reign of Se-jong.

*권도 n. 權道 (권세) (길) An expedient, makeshift; plan devised to meet a certain contingency; provisional scheme; policy adapted to circumstances.

*권도 n. 權度 (권세) (법도) Allowance; special permission; temporary means; policy.

*권도하다 t. 勸導 (권할) (인도) To lead; to guide; to persuade; to influence.

권동인 t. 權東仁 (권세) (동녘) (어질) A.D. 1803. F. S. 安東 N. P. 愛堂 A prime minister of Tă-jong.

권동 n. 權僮 (권세) (머리) Assistants of a Minister of State; attendants—in a royal procession.

권락 n. 權樂 (권세) (즐길) A. D. 1426 1. S. 安東 N. P. 所閑堂 A noted minister and scholar.

*권략 n. 權略 (권세) (도략) A temporary plan or expedient; a crafty policy; makeshift.

*권려하다 t. 勸勵 (권할) (힘쓸) To encourage; to promote; to foster, to exhort.

*권력 n. 權力 (권세) (힘) Power; authority; influence. *See* 권세.

*권리 n. 權利 (권세) (리할) Natural rights, privileges, prerogatives.

*권리다툼 n. 權利相爭 (권세) (리할) (서로—) (쟁, 다툴 *쟁) Contest for power.

*권마상 t. 勸馬上 (권할) (말) 상) A call of servants accompanying an official.

*권말 n. 卷末 (책) (끝) The end of a book; latter part of a volume. *See* 편말.

*권면 t. 勸勉 (권할) (힘쓸) An admonition; exhortation. *See* 권고.

*권면액 n. 券面額 (문서) (낯) (액수) Face-value

*권면하다 t. 勸勉 (권할) (힘쓸) To admonish, to counsel.

권모책술 n. 權謀策術 (권세 (꾀) (묘책) (술업) Policy and stratagem.

*권문 n. 權門 (권세) (문) Powerful officials.

*권문귀족 n. 權門貴族 (권세) (문) (귀할) (겨레) The aristocracy and powerful official

*권문세가 n. 權門勢家 (권세) (문) (형세) (집) Powerful officials and influential families. *See* 권문귀족.

*권문자애 n. 權門子弟 (권세) (문) (아들) (아오) Descendants of the aristocracy.

*권법 t. 拳法 (주먹) (법) Boxing.

*권변 n. 權變 (권세) (변할) A temporary expedient, a plan to suit the expediency of the times.

*권병 n. 權柄 (권세 (자루) Power; authority, influence. *See* 권력.

*권병 n. A pretended sickness; a pretense

—in order to escape work. (Prov.) *See* 양병. 피병.

*권부 *n.* 券符 (문서) (병부) A ticket; check as for baggage; bill of exchange; money order.

*권부 *n.* 權溥 (권세) (보울) A.D. 1275-1309 A scholar of Koryo, ancestor of Kwon-[illegible] F. S. An-dong (K. S.) N. P. [illegible] (斯菊齋).

*권비 *l.* 拳匪 (주먹) (아닐) "Fisters," Boxers of China.

*권빈 / 勸賓 (권홍) (손) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*권상규 *n.* 權尙奎 [illegible] A.D. 1641. F. S. 安東 N. P 遂菴 A famous scholar of the reign of Yong-jong

*권선 *l.* 勸善 (권홍) (착홍) Buddhist written forms—as used in begging.

*권선징악하다 *l.* 勸善懲惡 (권홍) (착홍) (징계) (모질) To exhort to righteousness.

*권설생 *l.* 勸設生 (칙) (허) (별) The star in Perseus.

*권설하다 *l.* 勸說 (권홍) (말숨) To encourage; to stimulate by exhortation; to exhort.

*권세 *n.* 權勢 (권세) (셀세) Power; authority. *See* 세력.

*권솔 *l.* 眷率 도라볼, (거느릴) Members of a household. *See* 권속.

*권속 *l.* 眷屬 (도라볼) (붓흘) One's family. *See* 식구.

*권수 *l.* 卷數 (칙) (두어) The number of volumes.

*권수 *l.* 卷首 (칙) (머리) The beginning of a book. *Opp.* 권말.

산순 [illegible] 잡착痛的 깃을 (입설 [illegible] 달 나 [illegible] teeth.

*권신 *n.* 權臣 (권세) (신하) Powerful or influential retainers.

*권수 *l.* 勸士 (권홍) (선비) An exhorter—in the Methodist Church.

*권언 *l.* 勸言 (권홍) (말숨) Advice.

*권업과 *l.* 勸業課 (권홍) (업) (공부) The Industrial Bureau—as of a Prefectural office.

*권업장 *l.* 勸業場 (권홍) (업) (마당) An industrial Exposition.

*권업하다 *l.* 勸業 (권홍) (업 To encourage industry.

*권여 *n.* 權輿 (권세) (수레) First; at first. (B. O.)

*권연 / 捲[illegible] [illegible] 기 [illegible] (말[illegible] [illegible]

권연 [illegible] / 捲[illegible] [illegible] 기 [illegible] 러—*책 (아들 [illegible] A [illegible]

*권연지 / 捲煙紙 것을 [illegible] Cigarette paper.

*권연초 *l.* 卷烟草 (것을) 연지) (풀) Cigarette tobacco. *See* 권연

*권우 *n.* 權遇 (권세) 맛날, F. S. 安東 N. P 梅軒 A disciple of *Po-eun* and a famous scholar of the time of T'ai-jo (1392-1399).

*권유 *n.* 權愈 (권세) (나을) F. S. 安東 [illegible] 浴谷 A noted scholar of the re[illegible] of Suk-jong [illegible].

*권임 *n.* 權任 (권세) (맛흘) To appoint to, or act as a substitute in, an official post.

*권장하다 / 勸奬 (권홍) (권장) To exhort; to encourage; to urge. *See* 동독하다

*권조하다 *n.* 權厝 (권세) (둘) To bury temporarily.

*권주가 *l.* 勸酒歌 (권홍) (술) (노래) Drinking songs.

*권중하 *n.* 權仲夏 (권세 (버금) 하홍) A.D. 1381. F. S. 安東 N. P. 東泉 A famous scholar and minister of state.

*권지하다 *l.* 勸止 (권홍) (그칠) To dissuade.

*권진 *n.* 權縉 (권세 (수레) A.D. 1357 F. S. 安東 A literary officer of the reign of Se-jong.

*권진놀 *l.* 勸進能 (권홍) (나아갈) (놀홍) An entertainment of 놀 (which see) got up for the purpose raising funds for some religious purpose.

*권지옥하 *n.* 權在足下 (권세 (있을) 발) (아래) The power rests with you—an expression used when asking help of another.

*권찰 *l.* 勸察 (도라볼) (솔필) A leader of a group—in the Presbyterian Church.

*권철 權轍 권세 [illegible] 통할 [illegible] F. S. 安東 A Prime minister of My[illegible]

*권총 *l.* 拳銃 (주먹) (총) A pistol. *See* 포권총.

권학 *n.* 鸛 (*관) A crane; a stork. (Prov.)

*권후 *l.* 卷末 (칙 (끝) The end or latter part of a collection of poems or of prose compositions where the finest productions are written.

*권후 *l.* 圈套 (우리) (후) A snare; a trap.

*권학ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 勸學 (권ᄒᆞᆨ) (빙ᄒᆞᆨ) To teach; to admonish. *See* 훈학ᄒᆞ다.

권한 ᄉᆞ 權限 (권셴) (한멩) The limit or extent of powers; of rights conferred; authority. *See* 재한; 방한.

권형 ᄉᆞ 權衡 (형셰) (저울대) Equipoise; balance; equilibrium, balance of power.

권ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 勸 (권ᄒᆞᆫ) To exhort, to admonish; to encourage, to scold. *See* 경계ᄒᆞ다.

권화 ᄒᆞ다 勸化 권ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ To make a begging people to subscribe for pious purposes.

*권획ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞ다 勸畫 권획 ᄒᆞᆯ To make a [illegible] stroke entries.

*궐 ᄉᆞ 厥 ᄀᆞᆫ He the [illegible] person. *See* 궐자.

*궐 ᄉᆞ 闕 궐ᄉᆞᆫ A lack, a deficiency, a failure (ᄂᆞᆨ다).

*궐궐 ᄉᆞ Bubbling.

*궐너궐너 ᄉᆞ Bubbling. (Prov.) *See* 궐궐

*궐너 ᄉᆞ 闕內 (궐ᄂᆡ) (안 (Within) the palace; the interior of the palace. *See* 대너

*궐명 ᄉᆞ 闕名 (대궐) (죠명) The Imperial [illegible].

*궐명ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 闕名 궐ᄒᆞᆫ (잘명) To fail to answer to one's name.

*궐ᄒᆞᆷᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 厥冷 (그) (찰) To become cold.

*궐문 ᄉᆞ 闕門 (대궐) (군) The palace gate

*궐문 ᄉᆞ 闕文 (궐ᄒᆞᆫ) (글) The omitted character. (A.)

*궐석ᄉᆞᆫᄉᆞᆫᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ 闕席訟手 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) (자리) (니ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆫᄉᆞ) (손) (읍ᄒᆞᆯ) Procedure of judgment by default

*궐석ᄌᆞ관 ᄉᆞ 闕席者官 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) (사리) (마르ᄅᆞᆯ ᄀᆞᆫ단 J [illegible] of default

궐석ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 闕席 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) (자리) To absent one's self (from a gathering place or rendezvous; to fail to attend.

*궐식ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 闕食 (궐ᄉᆞᆨ) (밥) To omit a meal, to fail to eat.

*궐야 ᄉᆞ 厥也 (그) (인기) He—of one absent. *See* 궐자.

*궐어 ᄉᆞ 鱖魚 (궐어) (고가) A kind of perch with broad belly, large mouth, small scales and black stripes.

*궐자 ᄉᆞ 厥者 (그) (놈) He—when absent. *See* 궐야.

*궐전 ᄉᆞ 闕奠 궐ᄒᆞᆫ 돈) A forfeit of [illegible]. *See* 벌전

*궐죵 ᄉᆞ 厥終 (그) (못ᄎᆞᆷ) Conclusion; end; termination.

궐직ᄒᆞ다 闕直 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) (곳을) To fail to take one's turn—in office.

궐ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 闕字 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) (글ᄌᆞ) To leave a blank space, etc.

*궐초 ᄉᆞ 厥初 (그) (처음) Beginning; commencement

궐하 ᄉᆞ 闕下 (대궐) (아ᄅᆡ) Near the gate of the Imperial palace; His Majesty.

*궐후에 ᄉᆞ 厥後 (그) (뒤) After that; afterwards. *See* 기후에.

*궐ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 闕 (궐ᄒᆞᆨ) To fail; to be absent; to stop.

*궤 ᄂᆞᆷ 櫃 (ᄀᆞᆨ) A box; a case.

궤걱ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 跪閣 (ᄭᅳᆯ어안질) (삽) To sit on the floor, a polite manner.

궤계 ᄂᆞᆷ 詭計 (속일) (계교) A cunning trick; a stratagem. *See* 궤술.

궤도 ᄂᆞᆷ 軌道 (법) (길) A carriage rut; road; track, correct course; proper behavior; the orbit of a heavenly body

궤뚤다 ᄉᆞ 透穿 (뚤은—ᄒᆞᆫ) (뚤을 -ᄒᆞᆫ천) (어); (은) To bore through; to pierce through. *See* 투르다.

궤란ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 潰亂 (헷칠) (어지러울) To be in a disturbed state; to be in a condition of anarchy.

*궤모 ᄂᆞᆷ 詭謀 (거짓) (계) A deceitful plan; an artful scheme; trick; stratagem; intrigue.

궤범 ᄂᆞᆷ 軌範 (법) (법) An example to be followed.

*궤변 ᄂᆞᆷ 詭辯 (속일) (말솜) Fallacious elocution, or reasoning sophistry.

*궤복ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 跪伏 (ᄭᅳᆯ어안질) (업딜) To kneel down.

*궤봉ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 櫃封 궤 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) To have the cash box sealed—an expression used of funds laid by with which to buy rank etc.

*궤사ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 詭詐 (속일) (거짓) To deceive; to delude; to practise deceit.

*궤산ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 潰散 (헷칠) (흣흘) To be routed and dispersed—of an army.

*궤상육 ᄂᆞᆷ 机上肉 도마) (ᄉᆞᆨ) (고기) One doomed to die; one in desperate circumstances.

궤송ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆷ 饋送 (려일) (보낼) To give; to present; to bestow.

궤술 ᄂᆞᆷ 詭術 (속일 (술업) A cunning trick; magic arts. *See* 잔계.

*케안 /. 几案 (궤) (책 상) A writing table; desk.

케여뜨리다 s. 떠러; 린 To wear out; to use up.

케즉히 s. 串 (*관) A numerative of strings as fish, cash etc.

케여리다 s. 여; 린 To tie up; to sew up; to stitch up. *See* 얽어리다.

케여지다 s. 헤어질—*폐) 어지; 진 [illegible] To be [illegible]. *See* 해여지다.

*케현 /. 几懸 (궤) (자리) A sacrificial altar on which the tablets rest in the mourning season. *See* 제청.

*케유ᄒᆞ다 / 餽遺 (먹일) (끼칠) To make a present (esp. of food articles); to give; to offer.

케이다 s. 穿 (꿀을 * 뻬; 긴 ! thread; to string. s. 뻬우다.

케겁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be brave, to be bold [illegible].

*케주ᄒᆞ다 /. 潰走 (무너질) (다라날) To be defeated and take to flight—of an army.

*케좌ᄒᆞ다 / 跪坐 (꿀어앉길) (안길) To kneel.

*케창 /. 潰瘡 (문허질) (헌데) Caries.

*케진ᄒᆞ다 / 匱乏 (궤) (다할) To be exhausted, to be consumed; to come to an end.

*케폴ᄒᆞ다 / 廢弛 (속일) (속일) To be deceitful, to be cunning.

쟁쟁 /. Bang, tang—as a gong.

꿩 雉 (*치) The ringed pheasant *Phasianus torquatus.*

ㄴ

ㄴ The second consonant of the syllabary, when not silent, corresponding to *n* or *l*.

나 s. A connective—whether, or; although; about; (marking uncertainty, [illegible]efference).

나 [illegible] 오 [illegible]. *See* 내가.

나 [illegible] 나 [illegible] 다 *See* 나오.

나가다 s. 出去 나 [illegible] 가 [illegible] 가 [illegible] 가 [illegible] 간 To go out—often translated "to come out." *See* 출입ᄒᆞ다.

나그내 s. 旅 (*려) A guest. *See* 손님. Formerly used of public constables etc. who lived off the people.

나ᄉᆞᆫ나ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be tender; to be weak. *See* 느긋느긋ᄒᆞ다.

나날이 s. 日日 (날—*일) (날—*일) Day by day; every day.

나누니 s. 蜾 (*라) The solitary wasp. *Pelopoeus.*

나다 s. 生 (날—*셩) 아; 난 To be born; to spring forth; to arise; to happen.

나닥나닥 s. Torn and tattered.

나달 s. 四五日 (넉 *ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞᆺ—*오) (날—*일) Four or five days.

나드다 s. 出入 (날—*출) (들—*입) 러; 든 To go out and come in; to act. To be uneven; to be unbalanced. *Also* 나들다.

나드르나드르락ᄒᆞ다 s. To be in tatters; to be in rags. *See* 나닥나닥.

나드리 s. 出入 (날—*출) (들 *입) A [illegible] walk, an outing—of a woman. (ᄒᆞ다).

나들다 s. 出入 (날 *출) (들 -*입) 어; 든 To go out and come in; to act; to behave. *See* 출입ᄒᆞ다. To be uneven; to be unbalanced.

나라 s. 國 (*국) The state; a kingdom. The government; the king.

나라님 s. 令上 (이제—*금) (웃—*상) The king. (Hon.)

나락 s. 正租 (바를—*졍) (벼—*조) Unhulled rice; paddy. *See* 벼.

나랑이 s. The length. *Opp.* 너벅지.

나래 s. A large scraper—used in paddy-fields.

나롯 s. The beard; the whiskers. *See* 슈염.

나르다 s. 날나; 나른 To remove; to carry from one place to another. To measure off the warp in weaving.

나른히 s. [illegible]齊 (ᄒᆞ *일) (가직—*제) Evenly; all alike; squarely.

나른ᄒᆞ다 s. To be even; to be fine. To be weary; to be tir[illegible]

나름 s. Nature; quality; characteristics.

나믈 s. 歐四歲 (즘싱 *슈) (너—*ᄉᆞᆫ) (헌—*세) Four years old of animals.

*나리ᄒᆞ다 /. 寢來 (잡을) (올) To arrest at the order of the king.

나막신 s. 屐 (*극) Wooden shoes; pattens. *See* 나무신.

나모 s. 樹 (*슈) A tree; a plant. Wood. *Also* 나무.

나모빗 *s.* 柴場 (섭—*쟝) (마당 *장) Fields or districts from which grass and other fuel are taken.

나모군 *s.* 樵夫 (나무뷜—*뷰) (지아뷔—*부) A woodman; a wood cutter.

나모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 樵 (나무뷜—*쵸) To gather firewood.

나무 *s.* 樹 (*슈) A tree; a plant. Wood. *Also* 나모.

나무라다 *s.* 責 (쑤지짤—*책) 부라; 판 To blame; to scold; to reprimand. *See* 꾸짓다.

나무신 *s.* 木履 (나무—*목) (나막신—*극) Wooden shoes; clogs; pattens.

나문작이 *s.* Sea-wrack.

나물 *s.* 菜 (*채) Herbs; culinary vegetables. (뭇치다).

나박김치 *s.* A pickle of sliced roots.

나벌 *s.* Cheese.

나뷔 *s.* 蝴蝶 (나뷔 *호) (나뷔—*뎝) A butterfly

나뷔질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To fan; to winnow.

나살 *s.* (살) 年矢 (히—*년) (살 -*시) Age. (Low). *See* 년귀.

나서다 *s.* 서; 선 To stand out from among; to rise up.

*나슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 拿囚 (잡을) (가둘) To arrest and imprison.

나슨ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be loose—as what is tied.

나아가다 *l.* 前進 (압 -*젼) (나아갈—*진) 아가; 간 To progress; to advance. To enter the presence of.

나아오다 *l.* 進前 (나아갈—*진) (압 -*젼) 아와; 온 To come to; to appear before.

*나약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懦弱 (부드러울) (약홀) To be weak; to be timid. *See* 암약ᄒᆞ다.

*나예ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 豫預 (쇼올) (미리) To use in advance. *See* 션나ᄒᆞ다.

나오다 *s.* 出來 (날 *출) (올 *릐) 나와; 온 To come out—often translated "to go out."

*나외다 *l.* 進告 (나알—*진) (드릴—*졍) 외여; 왼 To offer respectfully, to present (Respect.)

*나용ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 挪用 (뎔) (쓸) To make use of—as certain funds.

나이 *l.* Weaving and spinning.

*나이ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 拿用 (쇼올) (쓸—*용) To draw in advance; to use beforehand. *See* 션나ᄒᆞ다.

나이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 紡織 (길쌍—*방) (길쌍—*젹) To weave and spin.

나인 *l.* 宮女 (집 -*궁) (계집—*녀) A palace waiting-maid. *See* 궁녀.

*나입ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 拿入 (잡을) (들) To arrest—a criminal.

나제 *l.* 午 (낮—*오) In the daytime; during the day; at noon.

나조 *s.* 夕 (저녁 -*석) Twilight. (Prov) *See* 석양.

나죵 *l.* 終 (모칠—*죵) Last. The end. *See* 남죵에.

*나치ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 拿處 (잡을) (곳) To be arrested at order of the King.

*나쳐ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 拿處 (잡을) (나아갈) To be arrested at order of the King.

나타나다 *s.* 現出 (보일—*현) (날—*출) 나; 난 To become visible; to manifest itself; to appear.

나타내다 *s.* 顯現 (뵐 *뼐) (허도울 -*작) 여. 낸 To show; to exhibit; to have appear.

*나탁 *l.* 那旺 (엇지) (쑤지짤) The God of Thunder. (Buddhistic)

나ᄐᆞᆯ나ᄐᆞᆯ *s.* Flapping up and down; in tatters.

나ᄐᆡ *s.* 難 (*뎨) A fabulous creature wearing a mask.

나흔날 *l.* 第四日 (초뎨—*뎨) (넉—*소) (날 *일) The fourth day

나흘 *l.* 四日 (넉 *소) (날 *일) Four days; the fourth day.

낙결의 *s.* A spider that spins a close web.

낙다 *s.* 漁 (고기잡을—*어) 파; 군 To fish with a hook. *See* 낙시질ᄒᆞ다.

*낙다 *s.* 諾 (허락) To agree to; to consent to. *See* 허낙ᄒᆞ다. (Comp.)

낙대 *s.* 漁竿 (고기잡을—*어) (대—*간) A bamboo fishing-pole. *See* 낙시대.

낙시 *s.* 釣 (낙시 -*됴) A fish-hook. (질ᄒᆞ다).

낙시질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 釣 (낙시—*됴) To fish with a hook.

*낙위 *s.* 諾威 (허락) (위엄) Norway. *See* 로위.

*낙죵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 諾從 (허락) (좃칠) To consent to; to agree to. *See* 밧낙ᄒᆞ다.

*낙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 諾 (허락) To concede

*난감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 難堪 (어려울) (견딜) To be difficult; to be hard to endure, to be insupportable.

*난긔 *l.* 煖氣 (더울) (긔운) Warm vapour; warm weather; heat, warmth.

*난당 *s.* 難當 (어려울) (맛당) What is irresistible; what is unequalled.

*난뎨 *s.* 難題 (어려울) (글뎨) A difficult theme or subject; troublesome question; vexatious matters.

*난득지물 *s.* 難得之物 (어려울) (엇을) (갈, 물건) What is hard to obtain; what is rare.

난든집 *s.* Knowledge of things seen or heard; a knowledge of the principle of things.

난디접 *s.* The crossing of warp and woof in weaving—all the facts connected with a case.

난뒤업다 *l.* 업서; 슨 To happen suddenly; to be unexpected.

*난로 / 煖爐 (더울) (화로) A stove. *See* 화덕; 훈로.

*난망지은 *s.* 難忘之恩 (어려울) (니질) (갈) (은혜) Favors, never to be forgotten.

*난문호다 *s.* 難問 (어려울) (무를) To propound hard questions; to raise difficult points.

*난산 *s.* 難産 (어려울) (낳) Hard labor—in childbirth.

*난소 難事 (어려울) (일) A difficult matter; a troublesome affair; a difficulty.

*난연호다 / 赧然 (붓그러울) (그럴) To be ashamed, to blush.

난작난작호다 *s.* To lack firmness; to be soft and tender.

난질 *s.* A traveling gambler or rake; a prostitute.

난질호다 *s.* To travel about as a prostitute or gambler.

*난처호다 *s.* 難處 (어려울) (곳) To be difficult to settle; to be troublesome. *See* 난감호다

난츔이 *s.* 蹇 (*정) A fierce variety of eagle.

*난치 *s.* 難治 (어려울) (다스릴) Hard to cure; incurable.

*난치호다 *s.* 難測 (어려울) (헤아릴) To be unfathomable; to be inscrutable.

*난티 *s.* A kind of vegetable pollen.

*난형난뎨 *s.* 難兄難弟 (어려울) (맛) (어려울) (아오) Who is elder and who is younger—of what is just alike; what is impossible to decide between.

*난호다 *s.* 難 (어려울) To be difficult; to be troublesome.

*난화지물 *s.* 難化之物 어려울 (될 갈 [illegible] 화외지민. *See* 하우불이

*난화지민 *s.* 難化之民 어려울 (될) (갈) (빅셩) The [illegible] difficult to civilize. *See* 완민

*난화지빙 *s.* 難化之氓 (어려울) (될) (갈) (빅셩) The depraved masses; the people beyond hope of civilization. *See* 화외지빙

날 *l.* Me (Acc. case). *Also* 나를.

날 *s.* 日 (*일) The sun; Day; the weather. Rain. (Prov.)

날 *s.* 經 (*경) The warp in weaving. *Opp.* 씨.

날 *s.* 刃 (칼날 *인) The blade; the edge of a blade. *Opp.* 등.

날 *s.* 生 (*셩) Raw, uncooked. *See* 셩.

날씨리 *s.* 日氣 (날—*일) (긔운—*긔) The weather; the condition of the atmosphere. *See* 일긔.

날것 *s.* 生物 (날—*셩) (만물—*물) What is raw; what is uncooked. *See* 셩것

날나다 *s.* 出板 (날—*출) (판조—*판) 나; 난 T [illegible] to be useless; to be worn out. *See* 거멀나다

날나리 *s.* 胡笳 (오랑캐—*호) (뎌—*뎍) A trumpet; a cornet. *See* 호뎍.

날다 *s.* 經 (나로질 —*지) (날—*경) 아; 난 To measure on the warp—in weaving. To run lengthwise.

날들다 *s.* 晴 (기일—*청) 어; 든 To clear off—as after rain.

날삭 *s.* 日傭 (날—*일) (즘군 —*용) Daily wages.

날상날상 *s.* Loose, open; wide apart.

날서다 *s.* 셔; 선 To be sharpened; to have an edge.

날세우다 *s.* 磨刃 (갈—*마) (칼날—*인) 셰워, 운 To sharpen; to whet.

날셩수 *s.* 日數 (날—*일) (두어—*수) [illegible] 사오날다) 날슈

날숨 / 呼息 (부를 -*호) (쉬일—*식) An exhalation, breath from the lungs. *Opp.* 들숨.

날씬호다 *s.* 細長 (가늘 -*세) (긴—*장) To be fine; to be slender; to be thin. *See* 홀쭉퍼다.

*날인호다 *s.* 捺印 당결 (인칠) To stamp; [illegible] 날장호다 답인호다

날쩍지근호다 *s.* To be unwell; to be indisposed. *See* 날쩍지근호다.

날쩍지근호다 *s.* To be unwell; to feel indisposed. *See* 날쩍지근호다.

날직 s. 所出 (바—*소) (날—*출) A place to gain something; a place of profit.

날직만하 s. 하; 혼 To have great resources; to be in receipt of a large income.

날조 s. (—*쪼) 日子 (날 *일) (아돌 *조) The day—as fixed for an undertaking; the date. *See* 일조.

날캅다 s. 銳 (날카울—*예) 가와; 운 To be sharp; to be keen; to have an edge. *Also* 날카롭다.

날탕 s. A dissipated character; a rake. *See* 건달.

날포 s. 幾日 (뭐칠—*팜) (날—*일) Several days.

날품 s. 日工 (날—*일) (장인—*공) Day labor; daily wages. *See* 품삯.

날피 s. A new ploughshare.

낡다 s. 舊 (내—*구) 아; 운 To be old—of inanimate things. *See* 늙다.

*남 s. 南 (남녁) The south. *See* 남녁.

*남가일몽 s. 南柯一夢 (남녁) (가지) (호) 쑹) A passing dream, a vision—this life. *See* 일장춘몽.

*남간 s. 南間 (남녁) (소이) A prison for criminals condemned to death.

*남감 s. 南薯 (남녁) (감조—*셔) Southern potatoes; sweet-potatoes. *See* 고구마.

*남감저 s. 南薯 (남녁) (감조—*셔) Southern potatoes; sweet-potatoes. *See* 남감.

*남강 s. 南江 (남녁) (물) A river in Kyong-sang-do.

*남경 s. 南京 (남녁) (서울) Nanking—the old capital of China.

*남곡 s. 南谷 (남녁) (골) A post station in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38 24 Long. 127 26.

*남곤 s. 南袞 (남녁) (곤룡포) A. D. 1471 F. S. 宜寧 N. P. 止亭 A famous scholar but a man hurtful to the state.

*남공철 s. 南公轍 (남녁) (귀일) (수레박회) A. D. 1760 F. S. 宜寧 N. P. 金陵 A great scholar and famous statesman of the time of Chol-jong.

*남구만 s. 南九萬 (남녁) (아홉) (일만) A. D. 1629 F. S. 宜寧 N. P. 藥泉 A famous literate and statesman.

*남극 s. 南極 (남녁) (구장) The south pole. *Opp.* 북극.

*남극권 s. 南極圈 (남녁) (구장) (우리) The Antarctic Circle.

*남극도 s. 南極圖 (남녁) (구장) (그림) South Polar Region.

*남극부인 s. 南極夫人 (남녁) (구장) (지아비) (사루) The lady of the extremity of the South—the fourth among the fairy daughters of 서왕모.

*남극성 s. 南極星 (남녁) (구장) (별) The south polar star. *Opp.* 북극성.

남기 s. 木 (나무—*목) Trees; plants. Wood. A shortened form for 나무가.

*남과 s. 南瓜 (남녁) (외) A pumpkin. *See* 호박.

*남남 s. 喃喃 (울) (울) The sound of swallows. The sound of talking incessantly; chirping; gabble.

남녀 s. 男女 (사나희) (게집) Male and female; man and woman.

*남녀북차 s. 南男北女 (남녁) (사나희) (북녁) (게집) Southern men and northern women—the handsome and the beautiful.

*남녀 s. 男女 (사나희) (게집) Male and female; man and woman.

*남녀간 s. 男女間 (사나희) (게집) (소이) (Between) male and female.

*남녀로쇼 s. 男女老少 (사나희) (게집) (늙을) (젊을) Male and female old and young.

*남녀유별 s. 男女有別 (사나희) (게집) (있을) (분별) Distinction between the sexes.

*남녁 s. 南方 (남녁) (모—*방) The south side; the south. *See* 남방.

*남녕 s. 南寧 (남녁) (편안) Nan-ning—a chief city of Kwang Se Province in China.

남돌커 s. A powder flask; an ammunition bag.

*남뎡 s. 男丁 (사나희) (장뎡) A male; a husband. *See* 남편.

*남도 s. 南道 (남녁) (길) The southern provinces. *Kyongsang Chulla* and *Ch'ungch'ong*. *See* 남쪽.

*남도포 s. 南桃浦 (남녁) (복숑아) (개) A naval station in Hun do Is and Lat. 34 21 Long. 126.10.

*남두병 s. 南斗柄 (남녁) (말) (자루) A. D. 1623 F. S. 宜寧 A noted scholar of the present dynasty.

*남뎨 s. 南第 (남녁) (집) Rank obtained through one's fame as a scholar. (조다)

*남뎌 s. 南方 (남녁) (모—*방) The south. *See* 남편.

*남로 s. 南路 (남녁) (길) Roads to the south. From the Capital.

*남용익 s. 南龍翼 남녕 룡 (늘리) T. S. 宰臣 N. P. 諡谷 A famous scholar of the present dynasty.

*남리 s. 南利 (남녘) (리로) A post station in Chol-la-do.

*남만 s. 南蠻 (남녘) (오랑 캐) The southern barbarians. *Lit.* Land of Man. *See* 북적.

*남만격설지언 s. 南蠻鴃舌之言 남녘 (오랑캐) (새) (혀) (갈) (말씀) Words, like bird-chattering of southern savages.

*남만북적 s. 南蠻北狄 (남녘) (오랑캐) (북녘) (오랑캐) North and south barbarians.

*남면 s. 南面 (남녘) (낯) The south.

*남면호다 s. 南面 (남녘) (낯) To face to the south —said of the Emperor. To be monarch; to be Emperor.

*남무아미타불 s. 南無阿彌陀佛 (남녘) (없을) (언덕) (놀) (언덕) (부텨) "I put my trust in Amida Buddha" the common prayer of Buddhists.

*남미쥬 s. 南美洲 (남녘) (아름다울) (물가) South America.

*남민 s. 男昧 (사나희) (누의) Brothers and sisters. *See* 오누의.

*남민지간 s. 男妹之間 사나희 누의 ᄉᆞ이 (Between) brothers and sisters.

*남방 s. 南方 (남녘) (모) The south side; the south. *See* 남.

*남반구 s. 南半球 (남녘) (절반) (구슬) Southern Hemisphere.

*남복 s. 男服 (사나희) (옷) A man's dress —in contrast to that of a woman. *Opp.* 녀복.

*남부 s. 南部 (남녘) (쪄) The South Ward of the Capital. *See* 남서.

*남부녀덩호다 s. 男負女戴 (사나희) 지 (게집) (닐) To carry on the back as a man, and on the head as a woman—to set out begging as man and wife; to escape as a family.

*남북 s. 南北 (남녘) (북녘) South and north.

*남북극 s. 南北極 남녘 (북녘) (극진) The north and the south pole.

*남빙양 s. 南氷洋 (남녘) (어름) (바다) The Antarctic Ocean.

*남빙히 s. 南氷海 (남녘) (어름) (바다) The South Polar Sea.

*남산 s. 南山 (남녘) (뫼) A post station in Kyong-keui-do, and in Whang-hai-do.

*남상 s. 男喪 사나희 상ᄉᆞ Mourning for a male relative. *Opp.* 녀상.

남상남상호다 s. To peek over; to run over.

*남샤호다 *t.* 嚙蛇 (물닐) (비암) To be bitten by a snake.

*남상 s. 男像 (사나희) (얼골) A masculine woman. *Opp.* 녀상.

*남서 s. 南署 (남녘) (마을) The southward of the Capital.

*남선 s. 南線 (남녘) (실) The south telegraph—to Fusan.

*남섬부쥬 s. 南贍部洲 (남녘) (넉넉홀 ᄎᆡ) (고을) N. P. Jambudwipa, the south world.

*남성 s. 男性 사나희 성품 Masculine masculine gender. *Opp.* 녀성.

*남셩 s. 南星 (남녘) (별) Dragon-root; Jack-in-the-pulpit. *Arum Triphyllum.*

*남승 s. 男僧 (사나희) (중) A Buddhist priest. *Opp.* 녀승.

남소당 s. Male actors (놀다) (놀니다).
Opp. 녀소당.

남소당패 s. Actors; players.

*남셕 s. 男色 (사나희) (빗) Sodomy. *See* 미동.

남셕이 s. The young of the tortoise. *See* 거북.

*남양 s. 南陽 (남녘) (볏) A prefect in Kyung-keui-do. Lat. 37.15 Long. 126.54.

*남여 s. 藍輿 (옥) (수레) A bamboo sedan-chair or palanquin.

*남역 s. 南驛 (남녘) (파발) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*남오미조 s. 南五味子 (남녘) (다숫) (맛) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The *Kutsura japonica.*

*남유용 s. 南有容 (남녘) (있을) (얼골) N. P. 宰臣 N. P. 雷淵 A minister of state, a general in reign of Yong jong

남이웅 s. 南以雄 (남녘) (써) (수컷) N. P. 宰臣 N. P. 市北 A minister of state and general in reign of Son-jo.

*남인 s. 南人 (남녘) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) "South men" —one of the four political parties of Korea. *See* 노론; 쇼론; 쇼북.

*남ᄌᆞ s. 男兒 (사나희) (아히) A male—of ages. *See* 장부.

남ᄌᆞ 南亩 (남녘) (그릇) Summer work as weeding etc. (B. H.)

*남원 s. 南原 (남녘) (언덕) A prefect in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.16 Long. 127.29.

*남작 s. 男爵 (사나희) (벼슬) A baron. *See* 공후빅ᄌᆞ남.

*남작부인 s. 男爵夫人 (사나희) (벼슬) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A baroness.

*남쪽 s. 南 (남녘) The south. *See* 남편.

*남조션 s. 南朝鮮 (남녁)(아쳥)(됫날) A fabulous Kingdom—said to be in the south seas.

*남죵 s. 男奴 (사나희)(죵—*노) A slave. *Opp.* 녀죵.

*남즁 s. 南中 (남녁)(가온뒤) (In) the south; the southern provinces.

*남즁일식 s. 男中一色 (사나희)(가온뒤)(호) (빗) The handsomest person of all

*남지 s. 南智 (남녁)(지혜) F. S. 宣寧 A minister of state in the reign of Se-jong.

남진게집 s. A man and wife. (Low)

*남즈 s. 男子 (사나희)(아돌) A boy; a male; a man; a husband. *See* 사나희.

*남즈 s. 南子 (남녁)(아돌) A woman, a contemporary of Confucious, famous for disgrace.

*남지 s. 南在 (남녁)(있슬) A. D. 1350 F. S. 宣寧 N. P. 龜亭 A minister of state and general in reign of Se-jong.

*남좌녀우 s. 男左女右 (사나희)(왼)(계집)(올흔) Man to the left and woman to the right—as in matters that both share.

*남창 s. 南昌 (남녁)(창셩) Nan-chang—a chief city of Kiang Si Province in China.

*남천변 s. 南川邊 (남녁)(내)(갓) The sunny side of a stream. *Opp.* 북천변.

*남쳥 s. 南淸 (남녁)(몰을) The South of China.

*남초 s. 南草 (남녁)(풀) Tobacco. *See* 담비.

*남촌 s. 南村 (남녁)(마을) An anchorage in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.56 Long. 128.14.

*남치 s. 男胎 (사나희)(티) The after-birth of a male child.

*남파 s. 南坡 (남녁)(언덕) A place in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 41.00 Long. 126.15.

*남편 s. 南方 (남녁)(모—*방) The south side; the south. *See* 남녁.

*남편 s. 男便 (사나희)(편홀) A husband. *See* 사나희.

*남편네 s. 男便 (사나희)(편홀) A man—in contrast to a woman. (너편네).

*남평 s. 南平 (남녁)(평홀) A prefect in Cholla-do. Lat 34.53 Long. 126.50

*남풍 s. 南風 (남녁)(바람) A south wind.

*남학 s. 南學 (남녁)(비홀) The public schools of the southern ward of the capital

*남향 s. 南向 (남녁)(향홀) Southern Exposure: face toward the South.

*남향판 s. 南向 (남녁)(향홀) A place with a southern exposure.

*남향ᄒᆞ다 s. 南向 (남녁)(향홀) To face south; to be turned toward the south.

*남혼 s. 男婚 (사나희)(혼인) The marriage of a son. *Opp.* 녀혼.

*남혼녀가ᄒᆞ다 s. 男婚女嫁 (사나희)(혼인)(계집)(시집갈) To marry off sons and daughters.

*남회귀션 s. 南回歸線 (남녁)(도라올)(도라갈)(줄) Tr. Tropic of Capricorn.

*남효온 s. 南孝溫 (남녁)(효도)(다슬) A. D. 1470-1512. A great man of the scholar class F. S. Wi-ryung (K.S.) N. P. Cho'u-gang (秋江).

*남훈연 s. 南薰殿 (남녁)(머물)(대궐) The palace of the famous Chinese Emperor *Sun* (23rd cent. B. C.)

*남히 s. 南海 (남녁)(바다) The China Sea. A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.48 Long. 127.59.

*남힝 s. 南行 (남녁)(힝홀) Official position—held without having graduated for civil or military office.

*남화경 s. 南華經 (남녁)(빗날)(글) The work of *Chwangtsu* (*Circa* B.C 330) canonized by the Taoists.

*납 s. 鉛 (*연) Lead.

*납금 s. 納金 (드릴)(쇠) Money paid or due to the Government.

*납긔 s. 納期 (드릴)(긔약) The date of payment—of taxes or of any money due to the Government.

*납판ᄒᆞ다 s. 納款 (드릴)(졍셩) To yield; to submit; to surrender; to form a friendship.

*납빈ᄒᆞ다 s. 納拜 (드릴)(졀) To bow down before.

*납셰익 s. 納稅額 (드릴)(부세)(익수) The amount of taxes.

*납셰ᄒᆞ다 s. 納稅 (드릴)(부세) To pay taxes.

*납슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 納受 (드릴)(밧을) To accept or receive.

납신기리다 s. 기려 ; 린 To talk foolishly; to brag, to boast. *Nas.* 란들리다.

납신납신ᄒᆞ다 s. To flatter; to rattle. To brag.

*납익 s. 納額 (드릴)(익수) The amount of taxes or money, paid, or due, to the Government.

*납치ᄒᆞ다 s. 納采 (드릴)(치칙) To send betrothal presents of silk. *See* 납폐ᄒᆞ다.

남패 s. 銘牌 (남—*패) (패—*패) The tablet carried by prison underlings.

*남폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 納幣 (드릴) (폐빅) To send betrothal presents of silk.

낮 s. 個 (*기) The numerative of grains —of rice etc. *See* 기.

낮 s. 午 (*오) The day in contrast to night. Midday; noon. *See* 오시.

낫 s. 鎌 (*겸) A sickle.

낯 s. 面 (*면) The face; the countenance. 낯다 다 낫기다 ᄂᆞ 얼굴

낫가리 l. 稿 (*가) A heap of grain. 가리다; 쌓다.

낫가리다 s. 가리; 린 To be unacquainted —as a child; to not know.

낫나다 s. 生光 (날—*성) (빛 -*광) 낫나; 난 To gain "face" or respect.

낫낫치 s. 箇箇 (낫—*기) (낫—*기) One by one; every one. *See* 기기히.

낫내다 s. 生光 (날—*성) (빛 —*광) 여; 낸 To act so as to gain the respect of others.

낫다 l. 勝 (이길—*승) 나아; 은 To excel; to be better than.

낫다 l. 癒 (나을—*유) 나아; 은 To be better; to have recovered. ᄋᆞ 쾌ᄒᆞ다.

낫부다 s. 不足 (아닐 -*불) (족ᄒᆞᆯ—*족) 낫바; 분 To be insufficient, to be lacking; to be defective; to not know; to be ignorant. To be hurt; to feel insensed

낫비 s. 不足 (아닐—*불) (족ᄒᆞᆯ -*족) With contempt; inhospitably; unkindly. *See* 낫부게 (넉이다)

낫설다 ᄂᆞ 기面 (낯 *설) ᄂᆞ 여 선 To not know; to be only slightly acquainted. *Opp.* 낫닉다.

낫알 l. 禾 (벼—*화) Grain. *See* 탐식.

낫알다 s. 面識 (낯 *식) 아; 안 To be acquainted with; to know a person.

낫잡다 l. 加 (더ᄒᆞᆯ—*가) 아; 은 To increase; to add to.

낫다 s. 産 (날—*산) 나하; 흔 To bear; to bring forth.

낫다 s. 織出 (짤—*직) (날—*출) 아; 흔 To weave

내 s. 烟 (*연) Smoke. (쏘이다). *See* 연긔. A smell; stink.

내 s. 吾 (나 —*오) My. *Also* 나의.

내 l. 川 (*천) A stream; a brook. *See* 시내.

내 s. 臭 (*취) A smell; an odor; a stench. (픠우다) (나다). *See* 내암새.

내가 s. 吾 (나 —*오) I, (Nom. case). *See* 제가.

*내공 l. 乃公 (이에) (귀인) Used only in the written language when a person of inferior rank is addressed by his superior. You

*내구 l. 耐久 (견딜) (오랠) Durability.

내기ᄒᆞ다 s. 賭 (내기—*도) To lay a wager; to bet.

내내다 s. 여; 낸 To smoke; to cause a stench. To be objectionable; to be distasteful.

내다 l. 出 (날—*출) 여; 낸 To emit; to give forth. To make; to produce; to provide.

내다보다 l. 아; 본 To see from within; to look out on.

내닷다 l. 突出 (ᄀᆞᆯ돌ᄒᆞᆯ—*돌) (날 -*출) 다라; 른 To run out; to go quickly from the inside.

*내랑 l. 奈良 (엇시) (어질) Nara in Japan.

내맛다 s. 嗅 (맡ᄒᆞᆯ—*후) 하; 흔 To scent; to smell an odor.

내력다 s. 어, 은 To be stupid; to be obtuse.

내밀다 l. 推出 (밀—*츄) (날 *출) 여; 민 To push out; to shove away. (v.t.)

내밀다 l. 突出 (쏫ᄎᆞᆼ *철) (날—*출) 어; 린 To grow out; to protrude.

ᄂᆞ다 l 出奔 날 ᄂᆞᆫ 다라날 분 여; 낸 To run away; to flee. ᄋᆞ 도주ᄒᆞ다

*내 s. 慶州 (경ᄉᆞ) (개) ᄉᆞ 慶州 in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.49 Long. 129.30.

내식ᄒᆞ다 s. To look angry; to seem put about.

내암새 l. 臭 (*취) A smell; an odor; a ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ 픠우ᄂᆞ (나다) 맛다 ᄉᆞ 내

내여놋다 s. 放 (노흘—*방) 하; 흔 To set free; to let go; to let loose.

내여뎌리다 s. 投 (던질—*투) 뎌려; 린 To throw out, to pitch away.

내여버리다 s. 棄 (버릴—*긔) 버려; 린 To throw away, to dismiss; to forsake. *See* 버리다.

ᄂᆞ아 ᄂᆞ다 ᄉᆞ내 ᄀᆞᆫ ᄂᆞᆫ 출 ᄂᆞᆫ 출 ᄂᆞᆫ 출 ᄒᆞ천 To drive away; to put out. *See* 쫓다

내오다 l. 내와; 온 To bring out; to carry out.

*내인력 *l.* 耐忍力 (견딜) (참을) (힘) Powers of endurance; patience.

*내지 *l.* 乃至 (이에) (니를) The amount; (to) the extent of. (이라도). *See* 괴지.

내치다 *l.* 黜 (내칠—*출) 내쳐; 친 To drive out; to send away; to expel. *See* 내여뜻다

내치락드리치락 *l.* Rushing back and forth; better and worse.

넘쓰다 *l.* 넘써; 뜬 To venture; to undertake.

냇내 *s.* 烟氣 (연긔—*연) (긔운—*긔) The smell of smoke.

냥이 *s.* 葶 (꼴—*정) The Shepherd's Purse. *Crpsella bursa pastoris.*

*낭일 *l.* 盈日 (여즘씨) (날) At that time; then.

*남즁 *s.* 囊中 (쥬머니) (가온데) In a bag; the contents of a purse.

*남즁취물 *s.* 囊中取物 (쥬머니) (가온데) (가질) (물건) Drawing something from one's pocket—something easily done.

*남핍일젼 *s.* 囊乏一錢 (쥬머니) (다홀) (호 (돈) Not a cash in one's pocket; an empty purse.

냠냠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嘬嚼 (먹을—*도) (담호—*도) To smack the lips and make a noise when eating.

낭즁에 *l.* 乃終 (이에—*너) (모칠—*즁) At the last; in the end. *See* 야즁.

낭푼 *s.* A brass dish.

너 *s.* 爾 (*이) You; thou. *Opp.* 나.

너겁 *s.* The part underneath an edge Water hidden by clumps of seaweed.

너구리 *s.* 貉 (*락) A badger.

너그럽다 *s.* 寬 (너그러울—*관) 러워; 운 To be gentle; to be generous; to be liberal.

너벌 *s.* 綿襪 (솜—*면) (보션—*말) Large padded socks.

너다 *l.* 鋪 (펼—*포) 러; 닌 To spread out; to hang out. *Also* 널다.

너다 *l.* 囓 (씹을—*설) 러; 닌 To gnaw; to bite. *See* 씹다. *Also* 널다.

너ᄆᆞ닛 *s.* 四五 (넉—*소) (다ᄉᆞᆺ—*오) Four or five.

너덕너덕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be tattered; to be in rags. *See* 노닥노닥ᄒᆞ다.

너멀거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be pretentious; to put on airs.

너ᄆᆞᆺ *s.* 四 (넉 —*소) About four.

너러석바회 *s.* A flat rock.

너럭 *s.* Broad; flat.

너럭이 *s.* A large earthenware dish. *See* 자박이.

너르다 *s.* 廣 (넓을—*광) 널너; 너른 To be wide, to be broad. *See* 넓죽ᄒᆞ다.

너리 *s.* A sore mouth. (먹다).

너머지다 *s.* 跌 (밋그러질—*질) 머져; 친 To fall to tumble over. *See* 잣바지다.

너머치다 *s.* 傾倒 (당길—*경), 써러질 *도) 머쳐; 친 To upset; to throw down; to knock over. *See* 너머럭리다.

너머터리다 *s.* 推顚 (밀 *츄, (업드러질—*젼) 러려; 린 To upset; to overturn; to throw down. *See* 업드러터리다.

너무 *s.* Too much; too. *See* 과히.

너벅션 *s.* 廣船 (넓을—*광) (빅—*션) A large flat boat—as used at ferries.

너불거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To shake; to move. *See* 너플거리다.

너불너불ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To shake, to move back and forth. *See* 너플너플ᄒᆞ다.

너브러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To flatten out; to spread out. (v. i.)

너브함이 *s.* A broiled slice of spiced meat. *See* 너비안이.

너붓ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 博 (넓을—*박) To be wide; to be broad. *See* 넓다.

너비 *s.* 廣 (넉을 *광) The breadth. *Opp.* 길이.

너비안이 *s.* Broiled meat. *See* 접산젹.

너설개 *s.* 設機 (베플 *설) (틀 *긔) What is placed underneath; a support. (놋터). Plans; schemes. *See* 너울가지

너스래 *s.* 設機 (베플 *설) (틀—*긔) A support; a frame on which to rest. Plans; schemes. *See* 너설개.

너스레놋다 *s.* 設機 (베플—*설) (틀—*긔) 노하; 운 To lay a foundation for; to provide a support. To scheme; to "wire-pull" *See* 너림새놋다.

너시 *l.* 鴇 (*보) A bustard; a wild turkey. *Otis tarda. See* 너회.

너슘 *l.* 苦蔘 (쓸—*고) (숨—*숨) A medicinal drug. *Sophora flavescens See* 고숨.

너울 *s.* A kind of veil worn by palace waiting-maids. (쓰다).

너울가지 *s.* Something on which to depend. Liberality, largeness of heart. *See* 너설개.

너줍 s. 蔓(*만) The stem of a creeping plant. *See* 넌출.

너헝거리다 s. 거려; 린 To shake up and down.

너헐너헐ᄒᆞ다 s. To be in tatters; to flutter.

너헤 s. 氷塊 (어름—*빙) (얼—*호) Ice blocks; layers—of ice, earth etc. (지다). *See* 넌헤.

너펄너펄ᄒᆞ다 s. To flap up and down; to shake. *See* 펄넝펄넝ᄒᆞ다

너푼거리다 s. 거려; 린 To flap up and down; to toss. *See* 거푼거리다.

너풀너풀ᄒᆞ다 s. To flap up and down; to shake.

너쭝너쭝ᄒᆞ다 s. To flap up and down; to shake.

너흘너흘 s. Flapping; waving. *See* 넙흘넙흘.

넉희 l. 四 (넉—*소) Four. *See* 넷.

넉희 l. 你們 (너 *이) (무리—*문) You —the plural form. *See* 여등.

넉희 s. Flat stones—used as tiles; slating—for roofs. A bustard. *See* 뵈치.

넉희장 s. 青石 (푸를 *청 (돌—*석) Flat stones or slating—for roofs. *See* 넉희.

넉 s. 魄 (*백) The *pák* or soul of a dead man that descends into the earth.

넉 l. 四 (*소) Four—adjective form.

넉가래 s. 木鍤 나모 '목) (가래 '삽) A wooden shovel. *See* 화가레.

넉넉히 s. 裕足 (넉넉 *유) (발 *족) Sufficiently plentifully. *See* 푼푼히.

넉넉ᄒᆞ다 s. 裕足 넉넉—*유) (발 *족) To be enough; to be sufficient. *See* 족ᄒᆞ다. To be well off. *See* 요부ᄒᆞ다.

넉더듬이ᄒᆞ다 s. 搜漁 (더듬을 *수 고기잡을—*어) To beat the water in order to drive out the fish.

넉마 s. 雜衣 (해어질—*페) (옷—*의) Rags; clouts; old clothes.

넉살 s. Shamelessness; impudence. (됴타). *Opp.* 렴치.

넉심넉심ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pleased; to fawn on; to seek the favor of.

넉이다 s. To think; to consider; to regard. *See* 녁이다.

넉장거리 s. Cheating —at cards.

넉지근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be worn out; to be tired. To be brazen-faced; to be impudent. (Prov.)

넌덜나다 s. 나; 난 To grow tired of; to get a distaste for. *See* 슬증나다.

넌지시 s. Gently; gradually; lightly. *See* 구만히.

넌지넌지 s. 緩緩 (느즐—*완) (느즐—*완 Gently, gradually, lightly. *See* 구만구만.

넌지ᄒᆞ고 s. 居然 (살—*거) (그럴—*연) Of itself; unexpectedly; before one is aware.

넌출 s. 蔓 (*만) The stem of a creeper or vine. (지다).

넌츨지다 s. 蔓延 (넌출 *만, (벋을—*연) 줄지; 진 To be wound in and out—as creeping plants; to be mixed, to be commixed.

넌헤 氷塊 어름 *빙, 얼—*호) Ice blocks; layers of ice, earth etc.

널 l. 棺 (판—*관) A coffin. (짜다). *See* 관.

널 l. 板 (관조—*판) A board. *See* 널반지.

널니다 s. 鋪 (펼—*포) 널여; 닌 To be spread out; to extend over.

널다 l. 鋪 (펼—*포) 어; 넌 To spread out; to flatten out; to hang out.

널다 l. 囓 (널—*설) 어; 넌 To gnaw; to bite. *See* 씹다.

널대문 l. 板大門 (판조—*판) (큰—*대) (문—*문) A large wooden gate.

널뛰다 l. 여; 쒄 To see-saw; to play at see saw

널다리 l. 板橋 (판조—*판) (다리—*교) A wooden bridge.

널반지 l. 板 (판조—*판) A small board; a slab. *See* 널관.

널반지 l. 板壁 (판조—*판) (바람—*벽) A board wall; a loose board partition.

넓ᄌᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 廣 (넓을 *광) To be broad, to be wide. *See* 너붓ᄒᆞ다.

넓직넓직ᄒᆞ다 廣 넓을 광) To be wide; to be spacious; to be broad.

널관 l. 木板 (나무—*목) (관조 *판) A board; a plank. *See* 널.

넓다 s. 廣 (넓을—*광) 어; 은 To be wide, to be broad. (Prov.) *Opp.* 좁다.

넓이 s. 廣 (넓을—*광) The width; the breadth. *See* 광.

넓히다 s. 廣 (넓을—*광) 넓혀; 힌 To widen, to broaden, to spread out. (v. t.)

넘거잡다 *s.* 臆付 (가슴—*억) (혜아릴—*촌) 아; 은 To guess; to foresee, to know beforehand. *See* 짐작ᄒᆞ다.

넘기집다 *s.* 臆付 (가슴—*억) (혜아릴—*촌) 어· 은 To guess; to foresee to anticipate.

넘겨씨우다 *s.* 嫁禍 (시집갈—*가) (지화—*화) 씨워; 은 To have another blamed for one's own faults, to cast —on another.

넘기다 *s.* 넘겨; 긴 To carry over; to transfer beyond. To overlook. To be outdone; to be deceived.

넘나드다 *l.* 出沒 (남—*출) (빠질—*몰) 러; 든 To go and come; to vary; to exchange.

넘나물 *s.* 萱草 (너질—*훤) (풀—*초) A kind of day-lily, *Hemerocallis graminea.*

넘느다 *s.* 러; 는 To show off; to be pretentious.

넘다 *l.* 溢 (넘을—*일) 어; 은 To run over; to pass beyond. To be deceived, to be outdone.

넘성거리다 *s* 거려; 린 To look on with envy; to envy; to spy; to look at. *See* 남상거리다.

넘성넘성ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To envy; to look on with desire; to spy; to look at. *See* 남상남상ᄒᆞ다.

넘어 *s.* 逾 (넘을—*유) Over; beyond—as in crossing an elevation. *See* 건너.

넘쩍 *s.* Suddenly; as a flash. *See* 뭄럭.

넘처다 *l.* 漲溢、창일홀 —*창) (넘칠 *일) 넘쳐; 친 To overflow; to run over; to transgress; to go to excess.

넙느다 *l.* 러; 는 To spread out; to show off

넙느러지다 *l.* 러져; 진 To hang down; to spread out. *See* 휘느러지다.

넙살문 *s.* A gate—made of rough boards. *See* 세살청.

넙적두리 *s.* 臗 (*퇴) The upper part of the leg, the thigh. *See* 신두리.

넙적이 *s.* The flat side.

넙적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be flat. To smack. *See* 납작ᄒᆞ다.

넙치 *s.* 廣魚 (넓—*광) (고기—*어) A flat fish—the sole

넛손주 *l.* 從孫子 (좃칠—*종) (손주—*손) (아들 *주) A younger brother's grandson.

넛타 *s.* 盛 (담을—*셩) 너허; 흔 To put in; to place inside.

넛할머니 *l.* 從祖母 (좃칠—*종) (할아비—*조) (어미 *모) The wife of a grand-father's brother; grand-mother's sister.

넛할아바니 *l.* 從祖父 (좃칠 —*종) (할아비—*조) (아비—*부) A grand-father's younger brother. *See* 종조부.

네 *s.* 爾 (너—*이) Your; thy.

네 *l.* 四 (넉—*ᄉᆞ) Four—an adjective.

네 *s.* An ending having the force of *teul* (들).

네가 *s.* 爾 (너—*이) You. *See* 그ᄃᆡ.

네거리 *l.* 四通路 (넉 *ᄉᆞ) (통홀 —*통) (길—*로) Cross roads.

네다섯 *s.* 四五 (넉—*ᄉᆞ) (다섯—*오) Four or five. *See* 너미ᄃᆡ.

네댓 *s* 四五 (넉—*ᄉᆞ) (다섯 *오) Four or five. *See* 너ᄃᆡ.

네쉽 *s.* What is easy; of no account.

네들 *s.* A plural ending.

네모 *l* 四方 (넉—*ᄉᆞ, (모—*방) Four corners—as of anything square. (처다) (저다).

네푼널 *l.* 四分板子 (넉—*ᄉᆞ) (분홀—*분) (판조—*판) (아ᄃᆞᆯ *조) A board four tenths of an inch thick, much used in clap-boarding. *Also* 너푼널.

넷 *l.* 四 (넉 —*ᄉᆞ) Four—a noun. *See* ᄉᆞ.

녕 *s.* A precipice. (Prov.) *See* 남.

녕쿨 *s.* 蔓 (*만) The stem of a creeper. *See* 덤풀.

*녀경 *s.* 女鏡 (계집) (거울) A woman's spectacles.

*녀공 *s.* 女工 (계집) (장인) Woman's work.

*녀공장 *s.* 女工場 (기집) (장원) (마당) A factory where female labourers are mainly employed.

*녀관 *s.* 女官 (계집) (벼슬) A female official any official post held by a lady; a lady-in-waiting.

*녀교우 *s.* 女敎友 (계집) (구룩칠) (벗) Christians—of women.

*녀국 *s* 女國 (계집) (나라) The woman's kingdom. *See* 녜인국

*녀도 *s.* 女徒 (계집) (무리) Christians—of women. *See* 녀교우.

*녀라 *l.* 女蘿 (계집) (청머루) Ivy B.O.)

*녀랑 *s.* 女娘 (계집) (계집) A girl; a woman.

*녀령 *s.* 女伶 (계집) (광ᄃᆡ) A actress A low-class palace maid-servant.

녀름 *s.* 夏 (*하) Summer

녀름짓다 *s* 夏作 (녀름—*하) (지을—*작) 지여; 은 To labor; to toil; to work.

녀릉지잡히다 *s.* 잡혀; 힌 To be arrested for trespassing on a royal tomb.

*녀복 *s.* 女卜 (계집) (점복) A sorceress; a woman fortune-teller.

녀복 *s.* Very; extremely; certainly. *Also* 여복.

*녀복 *s.* 女服 (계집) (옷) A woman's dress. *Opp.* 남복.

녀복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be miserable; to be trying.

*녀복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 女服 (계집) (옷) To put on a woman's dress. *Opp.* 남복ᄒᆞ다.

*녀상 *s.* 女喪 (계집) (상소) Mourning for a woman. *Opp.* 남상.

*녀상 *s.* 女桑 (계집) (뽕나무) Young mulberry trees. (B. O.)

*녀샹 *s.* 女像 (계집 얼굴 ᄆᆞᆫᄃᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆷ looking man.

*녀셩 *s.* 女性 (계집) (성품) A female; woman; the fair sex. *Opp.* 남성.

*녀셩 *s.* 女星 (계집) (별) The 10th of the 28 Constellations ε, μ, ν, ρ, Aquarius 308° 55′ 54″ *l.*

*녀승 *s.* 女僧 (계집) (중) A Buddhist nun. *Opp.* 남승. *See* 보살.

*녀식 *s.* 女息 (계집) (쉬실) A daughter. *See* 쏠.

*녀신 *s.* 女神 (계집) (귀신) A goddess.

*녀영 *s.* 女英 (계집) (꽃부리) One of the two daughters of the Emperor Yo. With her sister 아황 became the wife of the virtuous 舜. *Sun.*

*녀의 *s.* 女醫 (계집) (의원) A woman physician.

*녀인 *l.* 女人 (계집) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A woman. *See* 뇌인.

*녀인국 *l.* 女人國 (계집 사ᄅᆞᆷ 나라) The woman's kingdom; "Amazonia."

*녀인학교 *s.* 女人學校 (계집) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (학교) A school for women.

*녀우 *s.* 女兒 (계집) (우히) A girl. *See* 녀조.

*녀와씨 *s.* 女媧氏 (계집) (계집) (각시) A mythical sovereign said to be the sister of *Fok-heui.*

*녀왕 *s.* 女王 (계집) (님금) A queen. *See* 녀쥬.

*녀장 *s.* 女將 (계집) (장슈) A woman general.

*녀ᄌᆞ ᄀᆞᆫᄒᆞ 女丈夫 ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆡ ᄃᆡ아ᄆᆡ A ᄆᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆫᄒᆞ ᄃᆡ장ᄃᆡ

*녀죵 *s.* 女婢 (계집) (죵—*비) A female slave. *See* 교젼비. *Opp.* 남죵.

*녀쥬ᄀᆞ 女主 ᄀᆞᆫ (님금 ᄉᆞᆨᄒᆞ ᄃᆡ *See* 녀왕.

*녀죽 *s.* 女竹 (계집) (대) A women's pipe.

*녀즐군ᄌᆞ *s.* 女中君子 (계집) (가온ᄃᆡ) (님금) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A superior woman.

ᄂᆡᆫᄌᆞᆯᄀᆞᆫ 女中豪傑 ᄂᆞ, 가온ᄃᆡ ᄒᆞᆫ 걸) (ᄒᆞᆫ걸) A masculine woman; a vigorous wench.

*녀진국 *s.* 女眞國 (계집) (참) (나라) The Tartar Kingdom—the ancestors of the present Manchu dynasty of China.

*녀조 *s.* 女子 (계집) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A girl; a maid. *See* 녀인.

*녀조학교 *s.* 女子學校 (계집) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (학교) A girl's school.

*녀청 *s.* 女廳 (계집) (청) A meeting place for women.

*녀챵 *s.* 女唱 계집) (부ᄅᆞᆯ—*창) A woman's voice *Opp.* 남챵.

*녀텨 *s.* 女妬 (계집) (ᄒᆡ도) Female characteristics; female traits.

녀ᄐᆡ ᄭᆞᆺᄉᆞ 오ᄃᆡ려 ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞ 금 Till the present; till now. ᄉᆞ, 업ᄲᅢ

녀편녀 ᄉᆞᆺᄉᆞ 계집, ᄒᆞᆫ 인 ᄉᆞ woman A wife. *See* 녀조

*녀필 *s.* 女筆 (계집) (붓) A women's handwriting. *Opp.* 남필.

*녀필죵부 *s.* 女必從夫 (계집) (반ᄃᆞᆺ) (좃칠) (지아비) Wives should follow their husbands—wives should be submissive

*녀학 *s.* 女學 (계집) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) The learning and accomplishments of women.

*녀학교 *s.* 女學校 (계집) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (학교) A girls school.

*녀학당 *s.* 女學堂 (계집) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (집) *See* 녀학교.

*녀학도 *s.* 女學徒 (계집) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (무리) Girl students.

ᄀᆞᆯᄎᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫ 女學生 (계집) (비ᄅᆞᆯ) (날) Girl students; female pupils.

*녀혜 *s.* 女鞋 (계집) (신) A woman's leather shoes.

*녀ᄒᆞᆫ ᄌᆞᆫ 女婿 ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆫᄂᆞᆫ daughter. *Opp.* 남혼.

*녀황 *s.* 女皇 (계집) (황ᄆᆡᆨ) An empress.

*녁이다 *s.* 녁여; 인 To consider; to think, to regard.

년 *l.* 女 (계집 -*녀) Woman—an abusive term. *Opp.* 놈.

*년 *s.* 年 (히) A year

년가시 *l.* A kind of insect; the praying-mantis

*년갑 *s.* 年甲 (히) (갑) The same age; contemporaries. *See* 동갑.

*년공 s. 年貢 (히) (밧칠) An old term for annual taxes on hand

*년구월심ᄒᆞ다 s. 年久月深 (히) (오랠) (히) (깁흘) To last years and years, to be old.

*년구월심ᄒᆞ다 s. 年久月深 (히) (오랠) (토) (깁흘) To last years and months, to be old. *See* 일구월심ᄒᆞ다.

*년구ᄒᆞ다 s. 年久 (히) (오ᄅᆞᆯ) To last for years; to be old.

*년급 s. 年金 (히) (쇠) Annuity

*년급 s. 年給 (히) (줄) Yearly wages; an annual amount of salary

*년긔 s. 年期 (히) (긔약) A fixed term of years; period of service—as a servant, apprentice, or employe

*년긔 s. 年紀 (히) (버리) Age. *See* 년세.

*년광 s. 年光 (히) (빗) Age. *See* 년세.

*년년이 s. 年年 (히) (히) Yearly; year after year. *See* 년ᄇᆞᆫ년.

년놈 s. Weuch and rascal.

*년내 s. 年內 (히) (안) Within the year; during the year.

*년도 s. 年度 (히) (해아릴) The term of one year.

*년뎌 s. 年代 (히) (뎌신) Age; a period of years; epoch; generations.

*년뎌긔 s. 年代記 (히) (뎌신) (긔록) Chronology, a chronological table; annuals. *Also* 년뎌표.

*년력 s. 年曆 (히) (칙력) A calendar; almanac.

*년례 s. 年禮 (히) (례도) Congratulations on the New Year; to pay a visit of congratulation on the New Year.

*년례 s. 年例 (히) (젼례) Yearly custom; every year; yearly; annually.

*년례회 s. 年例會 (히) (젼례) (모들) Annual meeting.

*년령 s. 年齡 (히) (나) Age; years of age. *See* 년긔.

*년로ᄒᆞ다 s. 年老 (히) (늙을) To be aged; to be old—of persons. *See* 년만ᄒᆞ다.

*년리 s. 年來 (히) (올, 來) For many years past; also used in the sense of 종뎌.

*년만ᄒᆞ다 s. 年滿 (히) (ᄎᆞᆨ) To be full of years, to be old, to be aged. *See* 늙다

*년말 s. 年末 (히) (끗) The end of the year.

*년번 s. 年番 (히) (번) Any post or duty assigned for the period of a year.

*년변 s. 年邊 (히) (변리) Annual interest

*년보 s. 年報 (히) (갑흘) An annual report.

년분 s. 年分 (히) (몫) An annual stipend; a yearly salary.

*년부 s. 年賦 (히) (부세) Yearly instalments—of money payments.

*년부년 s. 年復年 (히) (다시) (히) Each year, year after year. *See* 년년이.

*년부력강ᄒᆞ다 s. 年富力强 (히) (부쟈) (힘) 강ᄒᆞᆫ To be in the prime of life.

*년분 s. 年分 (히) (논홀) A certain year; a particular year—of a cycle. (예).

*년비존장 s. 年倍尊丈 (히) (곱비) (놉흘) (어른) One's senior by a generation.

*년상 s. 年上 (히) (웃) A senior—as to age. *Opp.* 년하

*년상약ᄒᆞ다 s. 年相若 (히) (서로 ᄀᆞᆺ흘) To be the same in age; to be contemporaries. *See* 동갑.

년석 s. A low scamp; a rascal. *See* 종ᄌᆞ.

*년세 s. 年歲 (히) (히) Age. (Hon.) *See* 춘추

*년쇼뎌 s. 年少輩 (히) (젊을) (무리) Youth; inexperienced persons. *See* 미셩ᄉᆡ인.

*년쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 年少 (히) (젊을) To be young. *See* 년천ᄒᆞ다.

*년수 s. 年數 (히) (두어) Number of years.

*년슈 s. 年首 (히) (머리) The beginning of the year. *See* 셰슈.

*년심셰구ᄒᆞ다 s. 年深歲久 (히) (깁흘) (히) (오랠) To be long years, to be old *See* 일구월심

*년ᄉᆞ s. 年事 (히) (일) The year's harvest; the crops. *See* 츈ᄉᆞ.

*년월 s. 年月 (히) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Years and months; the dates.

*년월일 s. 年月日 (히) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (날) The year, the month, the day.

*년월일시 s. 年月日時 (히) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (날) (때) The year, the month, the day, the hour

*년젼 s. 年前 (히) (압) Last year; the previous year.

*년종 s. 年終 (히) (모칠) The end of the year. *See* 년말.

*년종시험 s. 年終試驗 (히) (모칠) (시험) (증험) Trials at the end of the year—as school examinations.

*년천ᄒᆞ다 s. 年淺 (히) (얏흘) To be young. *See* 년쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*년치 s. 年齒 (히) (니) Age. *See* 년세.

*년표 s. 年表 (히) (밧) Annals, chronicles, also used in the sense of 년보.

*년하 s. 年下 (히) (아래) A junior. *Opp.* 년상.

*년하 s. 年賀 (히) (하해) New year congratulations.

*년한 s. 年限 (히) (한명) A fixed time; the age decided on.

*년형 s. 年形 (히) (형상) The year's crops. *See* 년소.

*년호 s. 年號 / 일홈, The name of an era—such as 건양, 광무; 홍희, etc., which is changed on the coronation of an Emperor, or occurrence of some memorable event. *See* 대년호.

*념간 l. 念間 (심각) (소이) (About) the 20th of the moon.

*념념 l. 念念 (심각) (심각) Thought after thought; every reflection.

*념념지즈 / 念念在茲 심각) (심각, 잇슬) (이) Every thought is in it; what takes all one's thoughts. *See* 명심불망.

*념두드리다 l. 念頭 (심각) (독호) 드려; 린 To set one's heart on; to be consumed with desire.

*념량ᄒᆞ다 l. 念量 (심각) (혜아릴) To think; to ponder; to reflect.

*념려 l. 念慮 (심각) (심각) Anxiety; care; consideration. (마ᄃᆞ).

*념불 l. 念佛 (심각) (부처) Buddhist prayers.

*념불급ᄃᆞ 念不及他 (심각 아닐 및 칠) (다를) Beyond one's thoughts; foreign to one's intention.

*념불ᄒᆞ다 l. 念佛 (심각) (부처) To pray to Buddha.

*념외 / 念外 심각 밧, What is unexpected. *See* 의외.

*념쥬 l. 念珠 (심각) (구슬) A Buddhist rosary of 108 beads. *See* 묵쥬.

*념쥬쎄 / 念珠骨 심각 구슬 (쎄 *골) A part of the back bone—below the neck

*념통 s. 念筒 (심각) (통) The heart; the organ that supplies the body with blood

*념회간 l. 念晦間 (심각) (그믐) (소이) (It's west) the 29th and the last of the moon.

*녑 s. 夾 (좁을—*협) A side; the side. *See* 겻.

녑거름ᄒᆞ다 s. 橫步 빗길—*집 (거름 *보) 들ᄋᆡ; 천 To walk sideways.

녑구리 s. 釜 (솥) (녑,대 *협) The sink

녑바람 s. 夾風 (좁을 *협) (바람—*풍) A side wind. *See* 남풍.

녑벽 s. 夾壁 (좁을—*협) (바람—*벽) A side wall.

녑지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To nudge the side—as a sign; to interfere in.

녑질ᄒᆞ다 s. To roll from side to side—as a boat. *See* 뒤질ᄒᆞ다.

녑치다 s. 녑쳐; 천 To hull barley for the first time.

녑해 s. 夾 (좁을—*협) At the side; beside. *See* 겻헤.

네 l. Yes—a respectful reply in the affirmative.

네 l. 昔 (녯—*석) Olden; ancient; of the past. *See* 녯.

녯 / 昔, *석 Olden; ancient of the past. *See* 례고; 녯적.

녯말 / 古談 (녯 *고) (말숨 *담) Ancient sayings. *See* 고담

녯적 / 昔日 녯 *석; 날 *샤, Ancient times; former days. *See* 이전

*녕고탑 s. 寧古塔 (편안) (네) (탑) Ninguta in China.

*녕독ᄒᆞ다 s. 獰毒 (사오나올) (독홀) To be cruel; to be malicious; to be fierce.

*녕물 s. 佞物 (지죠) (물건) An artful woman.

*녕미 s. 佞媚 (지조) (아당홀) Flattery and adulation. (ᄒᆞ다).

*녕소연명 寧死 (ᄎᆞ라리) (죽을) Even though one die

*녕악ᄒᆞ다 s. 獰惡 (사오나올) (모질) To be indomitable; to be undaunted; to be fierce. *See* 녕독ᄒᆞ다

*녕척 s. 寧戚 (편안) (겨레) A famous Chinese philosopher of the 7th century B. C.

*녕독ᄒᆞ다 s. 獰惡 (사오나올) (사독홀) To be rough; to be fierce; to be craggy.

녕독히 s. Very; greatly.

*녕파 s. 寧波 (편안) (물결) Ningpo in China

*노 s. 櫓 (노질홀) An oar. (질ᄒᆞ다) (젓다).

노 s. 繩 (*승) A cord; a string. *See* 노나ᄒᆞᆫ; 바.

노 l. 恒常 (홍상—*항) (홍상—*상) Always; still; continually. *See* 홍상.

*노 l. 怒 (노홀) Anger.

노가쥬 s. 梏 (*골) The Juniper; *Juniperus chinensis.*

노갑주 s. 繩巾 (노 *승) (슈건—*건) A string cap worn by Buddhists.

*노파 s. 奴罷 (죵) (물) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

노끈 *s.* 繩 (노—*승) A cord; a string. *See* 노.

*노긔 *l.* 怒氣 (노흘) (긔운) Anger. *Opp.* 희식. *See* 분긔.

*노긔동동ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怒氣騰騰 (노흘) (긔운) (동) (동) To rise—of anger; to be filled with fury.

*노긔충텬ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怒氣沖天 (노흘) (긔운) (츙텬) (하ᄂᆞᆫ) To pierce the heavens with anger.

노나ᄲᅳᆫ *s.* 繩 (노—*승) A string; a cord. *See* 노ᄭᅳᆫ노.

노니다 *l.* 遊遙 (노닐—*요) (얼—*요) 러; 닌 To stroll; to wander about for pleasure.

노닐다 *l.* 遊遙 (노닐—*요) (얼 —*요) 어; 닌 To stroll, to wander about for pleasure.

노ᄂᆞᆫ계집 *s.* 遊女 (놀—*유) (계집 -*녀) A harlot; a prostitute.

노다 *l.* 遊 (놀—*유) 라; 논 To take leisure; to amuse oneself. *See* 놀다.

노다거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be patched and repatched. To talk; to haver.

노다노다ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be patched and repatched. To gabble; to haver.

노닥이다 *s.* 닥여; 인 To be patched and repatched. To talk; to gabble.

노덤 *s.* A disease like dropsy.

노되ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To rise—as waves; to be rough—of the sea. *See* 놀ᄒᆞ다.

노락이 *s.* The stinking centipede. *See* 참노라기.

노랑하다 *s.* 黃 (누루—*황) 노려; 란 To be yellow.

노래 *s.* 歌 (*가) A song; a chant. *See* 소릐.

노랑이 *s.* 黃色 (누루—*황) (빗—*식) A yellow object.

노량으로 *l.* 閑遊 (한가—*한) (놀—*유) Slowly; without haste.

노려보다 *l.* 慨視 (노흘—*온) (볼—*시) 아; 본 To watch; to fix the eyes on. *See* 흘겨보다.

*노력 *s.* 努力 (힘쓸) (힘) Endeavour

*노례 *s.* (—에) 奴隸 (종) (종) Slaves and underlings. *See* 노복.

*노례히방 *s.* 奴隸解放 (종) (종) (풀) (노흘) To liberate slaves.

*노령 *s.* 奴令 (종) (하여곰) Official slaves. *See* 관속.

노루 *s.* 獐 (*장) A deer, the river-deer, *Hydropotes inermis.*

노르스럼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淺黃 (얏흘—*쳔) (누루 *황) To be yellowish.

노른조위 *s.* 黃子圈 (누루—*황) (아ᄒᆞᆷ—*조) (동닐—*위) The yolk or yellow part of an egg. *Opp.* 흰조위.

노름 *l.* 雜技 (섞길—*잡) (지조 -*기) Gaming; gambling *See* 잡기, 노리.

*노름군 *l.* 雜技軍 (섞길 *잡) (지조 -*기) (군ᄉᆞ *군) A gamester; a gambler.

노름노리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To picnic; to celebrate. *See* 노리ᄒᆞ다.

노름ᄇᆞᆺ치 *s.* A clown; an actor. *See* 광ᄃᆡ.

노름빗 *s.* Gambling debts.

노름빗놀다 *s.* 하; 혼 To lend money for gambling.

노름차 *s.* Hire paid to a dancing girl.

노름판 *s.* Gambling; playing.

노ᄆᆞᆺ *s.* Work; calling; habit.

노릇노릇ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淺黃 (얏흘—*쳔) (누루 -*황) To be yellowish; to be spotted yellow.

노리개 *s.* 玩物 (ᄀᆞᆯ -*패) (만ᄆᆞᆫ *물) Ornaments. *See* 패물

노리다 *s.* 橫斷 (빗길—*단) (끊길 *졀) 노려; 린 To cut off—with a blow.

노리다 *l.* 慨 (노흘—*온) 노려; 린 To scowl at; to glare at; to watch.

노리다 *s.* 糟 (노릴—*젼) 노려; 린 To have a burnt odor; to smell—as a centipede. *See* 누리다.

노리쳐 *s.* 治遊處 (ᄆᆞᆯ무—*야) (놀—*유) (곳—*쳐) A picnic ground. *See* 경쳐.

노린내 *s.* 膻臭 (노릴 *젼) (내암새 -*취) A fetid odor. *See* 누린내.

노망ᄃᆡ *s.* 繩網袋 (노 *승) (그믈—*망) (자로—*ᄃᆡ) A cord pouch; a string sack.

*노명 *s.* 奴名 (종) (일홈) The slave's name —as used instead of the master's.

*노명소지 *s.* 奴名所志 (종) (일홈) (바) (ᄲᅳᆺ) A public petition—in which a slave's name appears in place of the master's.

*노방청 *s.* 奴房廳 (종) (방) (쳥) Official slave's quarters.

*노복 *s.* 奴僕 (종) (종) A slave. *See* 노ᄉᆞᆫ.

*노비 *s.* 奴婢 (종) (종) Male and female slaves. *See* 노복.

*노ᄉᆞᆫ *l.* 奴率 (종) (거ᄂᆞ릴) Slaves. *See* 노례.

*노속 *s.* 奴屬 (종) (붓흘) Slaves.

*노슈 *s.* 腦髓 (ᄇᆡ두) (골) The cranium; the brain.

*노슨발검ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怒鼠拔劍 (노훈) (마리) (뽑) (칼) To draw one's sword and use it at a mouse; to make much of very little. *See* 견문발검.

*노색 *l.* 怒色 (노훈) (빗) An angry appearance or colour.

노여워ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 憤怒 (노여울—*온) (노훈—*노) To be angry; to be displeased.

*노염 *l.* 怒 (노훈) Displeasure; dislike. (ᄒᆞᆫ다). 나다.

노엿ᄂᆞ다 / 나쁜 ᄉᆡ옴 ᄉᆡ이 노ᄌᆞ 노열ᄃᆞᆫ; ᄒᆞᆫ To be irritable; to be passionate; to be quick-tempered.

ᄂᆞ노염다 ᄂᆞ 怒 노ᄂᆞ 여워; ᄋᆞᆫ To be displeased at; to feel displeasure over.

*노위국 *l.* 瑙威國 (구슬) (위엄) (나라) Norway.

*노쥬 *s.* 奴主 (종) (님) Slave and master.

*노쥬간 *s.* 奴主間 (종) (님) (ᄉᆞ이) (Between) master and slave.

*노쥬지간 *s.* 奴主之間 (종) (님) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) (Between) master and slave.

노ᄂᆞ내다 / 發怒 ᄑᆡᆨ 노ᄒᆞᆫ—*노여; 낸 To get angry; to fly into a rage.

*노ᄌᆞ *s.* 奴子 (종) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A male slave; slaves. *See* 노쪽.

노ᄎᆡ물 *s.* 駑 (*노) A broken-down horse.

노파리 *s.* 繩鞋 (노—*승) (신—*혜) Straw woven shoes. *See* 승혜.

노하주다 ᄉᆞ 放送 노ᄒᆞᆫ 밤 보ᄂᆞᆯ *ᄒᆞᆼ여; ᄂᆞᆫ To set free; to let go.

노히다 ᄉᆞ 罷放 ᄆᆡᆼᄋᆞᆯ *ᄆᆞᆷ 노ᄒᆞᆫ *밤) 노혀, ᄒᆞᆫ To be set free; to be at liberty.

*노ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怒 (노훈) To be angry with; to fly into a passion. *See* 생내다.

녹나다 *s.* 녹나; 낸 To rust.

녹다 *s.* 鎔 (녹일—*요) 아; 온 To melt. (v. i.) *See* 살아지다.

녹실녹실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be pliant. *See* 녹진녹진ᄒᆞ다.

ᄂᆞ ᄋᆡ ᄌᆞ다 ᄉᆞ ᄋᆡ, ᄋᆡ To be limp; to be soft; to be senseless. To be used up.

녹을녹을ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft and smooth. *See* 보들보들ᄒᆞ다.

녹이다 *s.* 鎔 (녹일—*요) 녹여; 인 To thaw; to melt; to smelt. (v. t.)

녹진녹진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pliant; to be elastic.

논 *s.* 畓 (*ᄀᆞᆯ) A paddy-field; a rice-field. *Opp.* 밧.

논코 *s.* The point where water enters or leaves a paddy-field. (보다). *See* 물코.

논탄이 *s.* 娼女 (계집 —*창) (계집—*녀) A prostitute. *See* 갈보.

논뚝ᄒᆡᆼ *s.* 堰畔 (언덕—*ᄃᆡ) (동—*언) The raised border of a paddy-field. *See* 논두ᄅᆡᆼ.

논뚝 *s.* 堰畔 (언덕—*ᄃᆡ) (동—*언) The raised border of a paddy-field. *See* 논두ᄅᆡᆼ.

논밧언덕 *s.* Paddy-fields and dry fields. *See* 언답.

논효다 *s.* 分 (논홀 *분) 논하; 혼 To divide; to apportion. *See* 논호다.

논흙 *l.* Earth as dug. *Opp.* 신흙.

논히이다 *s.* 分 (논홀—*분) 여; 인 To be divided; to be apportioned.

놀 *l.* 落霞 (떠러질—*락) (안기—*하) A red sky; red clouds. (쓰다).

놀 *l.* 怒濤 (노훈—*노) (물결—*도) Waves; breakers. (ᄒᆞ다) (치다).

놀나다 *l.* 驚 (놀ᄂᆞᆯ—*경) 나; 난 To be afraid; to be frightened; to be alarmed. *See* 혼비빅산ᄒᆞ다.

놀날다 *l.* 驚 (놀ᄂᆞᆯ *경) 나외; 온 To be frightened; to be terrified. *See* 놀나다. To be wonderful.

놀내다 *l.* 驚 (놀ᄂᆞᆯ *경) 여; 낸 To terrify; to frighten; to make afraid.

놀니다 *s.* 놀녀; 난 To put out one's money—at interest. To sport; to play; to provide amusement.

놀다 *l.* 遊 (놀—*유) 아; 논 To take leisure; to amuse oneself.

놀ᄆᆡ이 *s.* The Cusk, *Brosimus flavescens.*

놀ᄋᆞ다 / 怒濤 (노훈—*노) (물결 *도) To be rough—of the sea, to rise—as waves.

놈 *s.* 漢 (*한) A fellow; a rascal; a scamp. *Opp.* 년.

놈ᄌᆡ이 *l.* 漢 (놈—*한) A fellow; a low man.

놉니림 *s.* 高下 (높홀—*고) (아ᄅᆡ—*하) A raising or lowering of price.

놉다 *s.* 高 (높홀 *고 하; 흔 To be ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞᆫ ᄂᆞᆫ be high; to be lofty. ᄃᆞ높다. *Opp.* 얏다.

높드리 *s.* A dry paddy-field; elevated rice-fields. *See* 건답.

높새 *s.* 東風 (동녁—*동) (바람—*풍) The east wind. *See* 동풍.

높흐락ᄂᆞ지락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 頡頏 (오르ᄂᆞ릴—*힐) (오르ᄂᆞ릴—*항) To be too high and then too low; to be high and low by turns.

놉흔톄ᄒᆞ다 s. 自尊 (스ᄉᆞ로—*조)(놉흘—*픈) To pretend to be great; to make pretensions. •

놉히다 s. 高之 (놉흘 -*프)(갈—*자) 놉혀; 힌 To lift up, to raise, to exalt, to honor. *Opp.* 노초다

놋갓장이 s. 鍮帶匠 (놋 *유)(그릇—*긔) 장인 장 A maker of brass dishes.

놋그릇 s. 鍮器皿 (놋—*유)(그릇—*긔)(그릇—*명) Brass dishes. *See* 유긔.

놋긔명 s. 鍮器 (놋—*유)(그릇—*긔) Brass dishes *See* 유긔

놋뎜 s. 鍮店 (놋—*유)(려막—*뎜) A brass dish shop.

놋뎜장이 s. 鍮店匠 (놋—*유)(려막— 업)(장인—*장) A brass dish maker. *See* 놋갓장이.

놋장이 s. 鍮匠 (놋 *유)(장인 *장) A worker in brass.

놋치다 s. 放失 (노흘 *방)(일흘—*실) 놋쳐; 힌 To lose, to let go; to allow to escape.

놋칼 s. 鍮刀 (놋 *유)(칼—*도) A brass knife—a Buddhist's razor.

노라 s. 노하; 흔 To set free; to let go; to set fire to. To raise; to breed. To place; to put; to set down. To write freely or in a loose hand.

*뇌 s. 腦 (뇌두) The spinal cord; the back of the neck. The rear of a grave. The stem or root of ginseng.

*뇌다 s. 再次 (두—*지)(버금—*초) 여; 힌 To do a second time; to repeat.

*뇌두 s. 腦頭 (뇌두)(머리) The top of the spine. The root stem of ginseng. *See* 뇌후.

*뇌병 s. 腦病 (뇌두)(병) A brain disease.

뇌양 s. The name of a plant.

뇌양츙 s. A large green worm.

*뇌후 s. 腦後 (뇌두)(뒤) The back of the head.

*뇌후종 s. 腦後腫 뇌두 (뒤 헌데 Boil on the back of the neck *See* 발지.

*눈 s. 膿 고름 Pus, matter *See* 고름

*농가 s. 農家 (농스)(집) Farmhouses; farmsteads; agricultural cottages. A farmer; a husbandman.

*농거 s. 農車 (농스)(수레) A cart or wagon used by farmers.

*농공 s. 農工 (농스)(장인) Agriculture and industry; farmers and manufacturers.

*농구 s. 農具 (농스)(그ᄒᆞᆫ) Agricultural implements or machinery. *See* 농긔.

*농군 s. 農軍 (농스)(군ᄉᆞ) A field laborer. *See* 농부.

*농근 s. 農根 (농스)(쎡리) Fields or lands for agriculture.

*농긔 s. 農器 (농스)(그릇) Agricultural implements. *See* 농구.

*농긔긔 s. 濃氣機 (부르닉을)(긔운 긔틀) A condensing pump

*농궤 s. 膿潰 (고롬)(헤칠) A sack of pus.

*농다 s. 濃熟 무르닉을) (닉을—*슉)여, 은 To be fully ripe; to gather ripe; to be over-ripe

*농다 s. 濃茶 무르닉을) (차) Powdered tea Strong infusion of tea leaves.

농드다 s. 成膿 (일을—*셩)(고롬—*농)여, 른 To come to a head; to gather pus. *See* 셩농ᄒᆞ다

*농란ᄒᆞ다 s. 濃爛 (무르닉을)(부르닉을) To be fully done; to be ripe, to be matured

*농량 s. 農糧 (농스)(량식) Harvest provisions; stores for the agricultural season.

*농리편 s. 農理篇 (농스) (리치) (책) Works on agriculture.

*농린산 s. 濃燐酸 (무르닉을)(린화)(산) Acidum Phosphoricum concentratum.

*농막 s. 農幕 (농스)(막) A farmstead as occupied by a tenant. *See* 밭을.

*농무국 s. 農務局 (농스) (힘쓸) (관) The Bureau of Agriculture.

*농민 s. 農民 (농스)(빅셩) Agriculturists; laborers; farmers; peasants. *See* 농군.

*농병 s. 農兵 (농스)(군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers enlisted from farmers.

*농부 s. 農夫 (농스) (지아비) Agriculturists; farmers. *See* 농민.

*농산 s. 農產 (농스) (낳) Agricultural products.

*농산물 s. 農產物 (농스) (낳) (물건) Agricultural products; farm produce.

*농샹 s. 農商 (농스) (장ᄉᆞ) Agriculture and commerce; farmers and merchants.

*농샹대신 s. 農商大臣 (농스) (장ᄉᆞ) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for Agriculture and Commerce.

*농샹공부 s. 農商工部 (농스) (장ᄉᆞ) (장인) (ᄆᆡᆫ) The Office of Agriculture, Works and Trade.

*농샹공부대신 s. 農商工部大臣 (농스) (장ᄉᆞ) (장인 (ᄆᆡᆫ ᄀᆞᆺ) (신하), The Ministers of Agriculture, Works and Trade.

*농샹아문 s. 農商衙門 (농스) (장ᄉᆞ) (아

문)(문) The Office of Agriculture and Trade.

*농소 s. 農所 (농소)(바) The district where one's fields are. *See* 농막.

*농시 s. 農時 (농소)(때) The season for agriculture, or for different kinds of agriculture.

*농시방장 s. 農時方張 (농소)(때 ㅅ모ㅣ 뻐풀) Seed time. *Opp.* 추수방장.

*농사 s. 農事 (농소)(일) Husbandry; agriculture; agricultural affairs. *See* 농업.

*농소ᄒᆞ다 s. 農事 (농소)(일) To till the soil; to farm.

*농업 s. 農業 (농소)(업) Agriculture; husbandry; business of farming. *See* 농소.

*농업식물학 s. 農業植物學 (농소)(업)(심을)(물건)(비홀) Agricultural botany.

*농유 s. 農用 (농소)(쓸) Anything used in farming, an agricultural use; employed in husbandry.

*농우 s. 農牛 (농소)(소) A working ox. *See* 실소.

*농작 s. 農作 (농소)(지을) Cultivation; farming.

*농장 s. 農庄 (농소)(장확) A farmstead. *See* 면장.

*농장 s. 濃醬 (무ᄅᆞ닉을 장) A kind of thick soy. *See* 진장.

*농정 s. 農政 (농소)(정소) Official orders relating to agriculture.

*농즙 s. 濃汁 (무ᄅᆞ닉을)(즙낼) Juice; essence. Pus. (나다).

농즙나다 s. 즙나; 난 To get at the essence of a thing; to understand. *See* 묘득ᄒᆞ다.

*농촌 s. 農村 (농소)(마을) An agricultural village. *See* 농가.

*농초산 s. 濃硝酸 (무ᄅᆞ닉을 염초)(실 Acidum Nitri um Fortc.

*농축 s. 濃縮 (무ᄅᆞ닉을)(줄어질) Condensation.

*농토 s. 農土 (농소)(흙) Farming land. *See* 면토.

*농학 s. 農學 (농소)(비홀) The science of agriculture.

*농학교 s. 農學校 (농소)(비홀)(학교) An agricultural school or college.

*농학사 s. 農學士 (농소)(비홀)(션비) One who has taken the first degree in agriculture, at a college or university.

*농혈 s. 膿血 (고름)(피) Pus mixed with blood

*농형 s. 農形 (농소)(형상) The appearance of the crops. *See* 년ᄉᆞ.

*뇨강 s. 溺江 (오좀)(물) A urinal.

*뇨도 s. 尿道 (오좀)(길) Urethra.

*뇨령 s. 鐃鈴 (방울)(방울) A handbell.

뇨창 s. 蒲 (*판) A marsh plant.

*뇨혈 s. 溺血 (오좀)(피) Bloody urine.

누가 s. 誰 (누구—*슈) Who? Someone. *See* 뉘가.

누말 s. The eyes. *See* 눈.

누구 s. 誰 (*슈) Who? What person? Someone.

누구누구 s. 誰某 (누구—*슈)(아모—*모) Who? What persons? So and so. *See* 슈모슈모.

누꾼누꾼ᄒᆞ다 To be soft; to be flexible to be yielding.

누나 s. 妹 (누의—*리) A sister. (Low.) *See* 누의.

누님 h. 姊 (누의 *즈) Sister—of a brother. (Hon.) *See* 미씨.

누다 s. 어; 눈 To relieve the wants of nature. (오좀)(똥).

누덕누덕ᄒᆞ다 s. To be patched and repatched. *See* 노닥노닥ᄒᆞ다.

누덩이 s. A tattered or patched garment.

누렁이 s. A yellow dog; a yellow creature.

누루다 s. 黃 (누루—*황) 러; 룬 To be yellow.

누루락붉으락ᄒᆞ다 s. 黃紅 (누루—*황)(붉을 —*홍) To be yellow and red by turns.

누루락푸루락ᄒᆞ다 s. 黃靑 (누루—*황)(푸를—*청) To be yellow and green by turns.

누루퉁퉁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sallow and swollen; to be yellowish.

누룩 s. 麴子 (누룩—*곡) (하올—*조) Yeast for fermenting liquor. *See.* 곡조.

누룽젹 s. A fried mixture of beef and eggs

누룽이 s. Rice scrapings—as burnt to the bottom of the kettle.

누룽지 s. Rice scrapings—as burnt to the bottom of the kettle.

누르다 h. 壓 (누를—*압) 눌너; 누른 To press down, to squeeze; to crush. *See* 업누르다. To subject; to repress. To overlook.

누릇누릇ᄒᆞ다 s. To be yellow—in spots; to be yellowish. *See* 노릇노릇ᄒᆞ다.

누릭 蝗 (비래) 충 T locu[illegible] de roys the crops.

누리 Hail. [illegible]

누리다 s. 臭 누릴—*취 누릭 [illegible] 눌 [illegible] To emit an odor of meat.

누비 s. Quilting of clothes.

누비다 s. 여; 린 To quilt; to stitch in rows.

누에 s. 蠶 (*잠) The silk-worm. (치다).

누에곳치 s. 蠶繭 (누에—*잠)(곳치 *견) The cocoon of the silk-worm.

누역 s. 簑 (도롱이—*사) A grass rain-coat. *See* 도롱이.

누이 s. 妹 (*미) A sister—of a brother. *See* 미데.

누이다 s. 누여, 인 To bleach—cotton. To lay down; to put down on the side.

누책자근하다 s. To have a burnt odor; to smell—as a centipede.

누체하다 s. To have a burnt odor. to smell.

눅다 s. 허; 은 To be soft; to be slack; to be loose, to be cheap.

눅실눅실하다 s. To be soft; to be flexible; to be slack.

눅으러지다 s. 러지; 진 To be loose, to be slack; to be mild.

눅이다 s. 汲 (저길 *습) To dampen, to soften with water. To quiet down; to become calm.

눅진눅진하다 s. To be slow, to be dilatory. To be soft; to be flexible.

눈 l. 雪 (*설) Snow. (오다).

눈 s. 眼 (*안) The eye. (뜨다) (감다). A bud [illegible] the edge of the nails. The eye of a potatoe. *See* 누쌀. A stra[illegible] of a rope or strin[illegible]

눈가 s. 眼眦 (눈 *안)(눈가—*자) The edge of the eyelids.

눈쌀 s. The eyes. *See* 목자.

눈감다 s. 瞑目 (눈감을 *명)(눈—*목) 아; 은 To shut the eyes.

눈쌈작이다 s. 瞬 (눈쌈작일 *슌) 작여; 인 To wink repeatedly; to open and shut the eyes.

눈겨름 s. A gazing contest—the one who winks first being the loser

눈꼴틀니다 s. 틀녀; 틀닌 To have a look of displeasure.

눈곱 s. 眵 (*치) Mucus from the eyes. (끼히다).

눈동강이 s. The corner of the eye.

눈구녁 s. 眼穴 (눈—*안) (구멍 —*혈) The opening of the eyes. *Also* 눈구멍.

눈구멍 s. 眼穴 (눈—*안) (구멍 -*혈) The opening of the eye. *Also* 눈구녁.

눈구석 s. The corner of the eye.

눈구럼 What deceives the eyes; what is only in appearance. Sleight-of-hand. *See* 숙임수.

눈놀다 s. 眼高 (눈—*안)(높을—*고) 하; 은 To be a judge of, to be a critic.

눈단 s. 眼緣 (눈을—*와) (옷깃—*연) A fold around the bottom of a long coat.

눈대중 s. A measurement by the eye. *See* 눈겨름.

눈뜨드리다 s. 드려; 린 To watch; to gaze at.

눈동주 s. 瞳子 (눈동주—*동)(아돌—*조) The pupil of the eye.

눈뜨다 s. 開眼 (열—*기)(눈—*안) 눈떠; 은 To open the eyes.

눈망울 s. 眸 (눈조위—*모) The eye-ball.

눈머다 s. 盲 (소경—*밍) 러; 런 To be blind; to be sightless. *See* 눈멀다.

눈멀다 s. 盲 (소경—*밍) 어; 언 To be blind; to be sightless. *Also* 눈머다.

눈목 l. 眼目 (쌀내—*표) (씨—*포) Laundried cotton goods.

눈물 s. 淚 (*루) Tears. (흘니다).

눈발 l. A flake of snow. *See* 눈방울.

눈방서다 l. 서; 선 To look like snow.

눈방울 s. The ball of the eye.

눈방울 l. 雪花 (눈—*설) (쏫—*화) Flakes of snow.

눈빈 l. 眼邊 (눈을—*와) (가—*변) Interest paid by the month

눈병 s. 眼疾 (눈—*안)(병—*질) Disease of the eyes. *See* 안질.

눈빗울하다 s. 愜眼 (짓불—*열 눈—*안) To be pleasant to the eyes.

눈부쳐 s. 瞳 (동조—*동) The pupil of the eye. *See* 눈동조.

눈사틱 l. 雪汰 (눈—*설) (사틱—*태) An avalanche. (누리다).

눈살 s. The expression of the eye. (씨스리다) (짯다).

눈설맛다 s. 被反目 (닙을—*피) (도릴 *반)(눈—*목) 마자; 진 To be treated with contempt; to be looked at sideways.

눈석이 l. 雪消 (눈—*설) (살아질—*쇼) The breaking up of winter; the thawing of the snow.

눈섭 s. 眉(미, 눈썹 [illegible] 아미.

눈섭문 s. A small window [illegible] as a ventilator.

눈송이 s. 雪(설) [illegible] 눈발

눈어림 s. A measurement by the eye. *See* 눈대중.

눈에선하다 s. To appear to the sight as present—of one absent.

눈자라기 / 乳兒 (젖—*유) (유희—*아 A nursing child.

눈치 s. 眼睛 눈, *안) 눈조[illegible] *See* 눈칠

눈깜작 [illegible] *See* 눈어림.

눈썹 [illegible] 껍

눈씻다 [illegible] 보낸—*송) (눈조위—모 [illegible]

눈조위 眼眶 눈, *쉬 로 The canthus of the eye.

눈정 s. The expression of the eye. *See* 안정.

눈초리 s. The outer corner of the eye.

눈치 s. 見機 (볼—*견) (기틀—*기) One's intention; one's design—as seen in the eyes. (채다)

눈치레하다 s. To offer "eye service

눈치보다 s. 見機 (볼—*견) (기틀 기) 야; 본 To watch one's design or intention.

눈치채다 [illegible] 생각 [illegible] to guess. *See* 짐작하다.

눈코들사없다 [illegible] to have no leisure.

눈통이 s. The eye socket.

눈트다 s. 눈터, 돋 To bud, to sprout.

눈[illegible]

놀니다 / 驚 (놀랄—*경) 놀녀; 난 To be [illegible]

눕다 臥 (*와) 자리 [illegible] down; to be bedfast.

눋다 s. 焦 (탈 *초) 누러; 른 To burn—as clothes before the fire.

뉘 s. 糙 (*조) Unhulled rice, millet etc. [illegible]

[illegible] 뉘 [illegible]

뉘발 [illegible] found in clean grain.

[illegible]

[illegible] To [illegible] to desire to vomit. *See* 느츠느릿하다.

뉘웃다 [illegible] 회개 [illegible] To repent of; to be sorry for; to regret. 후회하다

뉘우치다 [illegible] 회개 [illegible] to regret. *See* 뉘웃다.

[illegible] (*완) 라; 돈 To do [illegible]y; to be loose.

[illegible] 悍猛 (무안홀) (무안홀) Shame; Unslung (B. H.)

[illegible] s. 楣 (*소) A kind of game played [illegible] (*다)

[illegible] s. A *nyut* stick.

[illegible] 柶戲 [illegible] 도 [illegible] 소 game of *nyut*.

[illegible] 慢慢 [illegible] 소 아; 돈 To *nay ay*.

[illegible] To [illegible] 에식에, 다

[illegible] s. To have enough; to be satis- [illegible] 넉넉하다.

[illegible] 가; 간 To improve; to in- [illegible] larger. *Opp.* 주러지다

[illegible] To be elastic. To im- [illegible] *See* 느러가다

[illegible] To do slowly; to do steadily To be elastic.

느루 s. 都捉 (홀장—*홀) (썻썻—*상) [illegible], continually; always. *See* [illegible]

[illegible] to be wilted.

[illegible] To [illegible] to be tired

느릅나무 s. 榆 (*유) The elm. *Ulmus campestris.*

[illegible] 게을[illegible]자 An idler; a lazy fellow. *See* 놀보

[illegible] [illegible] 보[illegible]

[illegible] 다 [illegible] please etc.

[illegible] 緩緩 (느질—*완) (느질—*완) [illegible] steadily

[illegible] 제오[illegible] 관) 놈 자 [illegible] *See* 놀보

[illegible] 나 [illegible] 서 [illegible]

느러지다 s. 垂 (드리을—*슈) 러져; 진 [illegible] *See* 늘느

러지다. To be listless: to be spiritless, to be lazy

느물느물ᄒᆞ다 s. To be indifferent, to be careless, to be impudent.

느슨히 s. In a slack manner *Opp.* 든든히.

느슨ᄒᆞ다 s. To be loose, to be slack. *Opp.* 든든ᄒᆞ다.

느실느실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be open; to be loose; to be slow.

느쟁이 s. A barren blossom.

느직느직ᄒᆞ다 s. 緩緩 (느짐—*완) (느직—*완) To be loose; to be open. To be slow.

느직히 s. Loosely. *Opp.* 되직히. Late.

느진불 s. A failure of a shot, a shot that only wounds.

늑개 s. A jackal. *See* 늑대

늑줄주다 s. 어; 준 To slacken. (v.t.)

는개 s. 霧霧 (뭑) (목) A drizzle *See* 가랑비.

는닥이 s. 霧霧 (는개—*닥 는개*꼭) A drizzle. *See* 는개.

는실난실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dissipated; to squander time at this and that.

는적는적ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be rotten. To have nausea.

늘 s. Constantly; continually. *See* 장. A kind of grass

늘늠거리다 s. 거려; 린 To rush about, to cut capers. To have an appetite for.

늘늠늘늠ᄒᆞ다 s. 躍 (뛸—*약) To rush about; to cut capers. To have an appetite for.

늘다 s. 어, 는 To be stretched; to be enlarged; to increase. *Opp.* 줄다.

늘보 s. 懶夫 (게으름—ᄂᆞᆫ (게아비 부 An idler; a lazy fellow. ᄉᆞᆫ 느겅이

늘삿갓 s. 蓋笠 (늘—*약) (삿갓 *립) A large umbrella shaped hat. *See* 갈삿갓.

늘우다 s. 어; 운 To stretch; to enlarge; to increase. (v. t.)

늘이다 s. 여; 린 To stretch, to enlarge; to increase. To be loose; to part. *Opp.* 주리다. To be lazy.

늘자리 s. A grass mat.

늘찐늘펑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be loose. To be lazy; to be slow. *See* 늘신늘신ᄒᆞ다.

늘컹늘컹 s. Elastic. Lazy.

늘큰늘큰 s. Slow; steady, lazy

늙다 s. 老 (늙을—*로) 어; 은 To be old —of living things, plants etc. *Opp.* 젊다.

늙다리 s. 老畜 (늙을 -*로) (즘생 *축) An old beast *See* 로다다리.

늙은이 s. 老人 (늙을—*로) (사ᄅᆞᆷ *인) An old person. *See* 로인.

늠실늠실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be indifferent; to be careless; to be impudent. *See* 느물느물ᄒᆞ다

늠은다 s. (ᄯᅴ 늠을 ᄯᅳᆯ 늠겨 군 To hull rice; to shell grain Prov.

늡 s. 潭 (조— 릭, A lake; a pond. (Prov.)

늡늡ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tall and corpulent. To be generous. To be sufficient

늣 s. 蝗 (*황) The locust. *See* 늣

늣 s. 晩 (느짐—*만) Late—an adjective.

늣각개 s. 晩覺 (느짐—*만) (여ᄃᆞᆯ—*각) A late start; what is late in season.

늣게 s. 晩 (느짐—*만) Late—an adverb. *Opp.* 일ᄎᆞ

늣기다 s. 咽 (삼킬—*회) 늣겨; 긴 To gasp; to catch for breath; to weep silently.

늣다 s. 晩 (느짐—*만) 느져; 진 To be late. *Opp.* 일다

늣되다 s. 되여; 된 To be late; to be tardy. *Opp.* 일되다

늣바람 s. The west wind; an evening breeze; A loose thread in weaving.

늣잡히다 s. 晩捉 (느짐—*만) (잡아—*힐) A late rainy season. (지다).

늣추다 s. 遲 느질—*완) 어; 춘 To loosen; to slacken. *Opp.* 조이다.

늣캄홀니다 s. 홀녀; 닌 To slaver.

늣더리 s. 晩 (느짐—*만) A late start; what is late in the season. *See* 늣각기.

늣피나무 s. 槐 (늣괴—*괴) The *Sophora japonica*. *See* 괴목

*능 s. 能 (능홀) Ability; talent. *See* 능간.

능간 s. 能幹 (능홀) (간셤홀) Ability; talent; resources. *See* 재간

*능갈치다 s. 能好 (능홀) (간사 -*간 갈 *사; 친 To be polite, to be skilful to be cunning.

*능견난사 s. 能見難辭 (능홀) (분) (어려울) (말숨) What can be seen but is hard to explain.

능구렁이 s. A yellow spotted serpent—eaten as medicine. *See* 독사. A dangerous character.

능구리 s. A yellow spotted serpent eaten as medicine. *See* 능구렁이.

*능난ᄒᆞ다 s. 能難 (능난) (어려울) To be skilful; to be expert. *See* 능란ᄒᆞ다.

*능남산 s. 能男山 (능남) (사나희) (외) A mountain in Pyöng an-do. Lat. 39.43. Long 124.07.

능노다 s. 라, 논 To delay; to do slowly. (Prov.)

*능등 s. 能登 (능등) (을을) Noto in Japan.

*능듸 s. 能代 (능대) (디신) Nashiro—a sea-port in Japan.

*능력 s. 能力 (능녁) (힘) Ability; power attributive, endowment; efficiency; validity. *See* 권능.

*능변 s. 能辯 (능변) (언변) Fluency; eloquence.

*능서ᄒᆞ다 s. 能書 (능셔) (글) Skilful at penmanship. To be a skilful penman.

*능사 s. 能事 (능사), (일) An accomplishment.

능손이 s. 熊孫 (곰—*손) (손조—*손) A bear's cub. *See* 곰.

*능쇼능대ᄒᆞ다 、能小能大 능 작을 (능) 、 To be great or small in will—as a dragon, to be sharp; to be cunning.

*능쟈 s. 能者 (능쟈) (놈) A person of ability.

*능ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 、能弱 능 ᄌᆞ To be deficient. *See* 넉넉ᄒᆞ다.

*능전 s. 能津 (능진) (나루) A post station in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.51. Long. 127.24.

*、엉스럽다 s. 러워, 운 To be hypocritical; to be cruel! ᄂᆞᆫ 능 ᄒᆞ다

능쥴능졸 s. Easily; quickly. *See* 엉금엉금.

*능통ᄒᆞ다 s. 能通 (능통) (통ᄒᆞ) To have a knowledge of; to be skilled in

*능히 s. 能 (능히) Sufficiently, able for; what is possible.

*능ᄒᆞ다 s. 能 (능ᄒᆞ) To be able to; to be competent to.

니 s. 齒 (*치) The teeth. *See* 치아.

니 s. 風 (*슬) A louse (복다)

니갈다 s. 切齒 (근절—*졀) (니—*치) 아; 간 To grind the teeth; to gnash.

니갈다 s. 齒齕 (니갈—*흘) (니갈—*촐) 아; 간 To lose one's teeth as children.

니거라 s. Go! Get out! *See* 가거라.

*니금 s. 泥金 (진흠) (쇠) Ink mixed with gold for gilding.

니남박 s. A wooden dish for washing rice.

*니넝 s. 泥濘 (진흠) (진흠) A morass; a bog.

니다 s. 苫蓋 (집 —*쳠) (덥흘 *개) 여 넌 To thatch.

니다 s. 戴 (널 *뒤) 여; 닌 To carry on the head. *Opp.* 서다

니러나다 s. 起 (니러날—*긔) 나; 난 To get up; to rise up. *See* 긔침ᄒᆞ다

니러서다 s. 起立 (니러날 *긔) (셜—*립) 셔; 선 To stand up. *See* 서다.

니롭 s. Seven years old—of animals.

니루다 s. 起 (니러날—*긔) 어; 둔 To peel; to pull off. *See* 니르집다.

니르다 s. 到 (니를—*도) 르러; 른 To arrive at; to reach; to attain to. *See* 득달ᄒᆞ다

니르집다 s. 어; 은 To peel; to pull off, to separate.

니르기다 s. 起 (니러날—*긔) 르겨; 킨 To raise; to set up; to muster. (v. t.)

니마 s. 額 (*익) The brow. *See* 니마빡이.

니마빡이 s. 額 (니마—*익) The brow; the forehead. *See* 니마.

니맛다 s. 合縫 (모들 *합) (니—*치) 마; 진 To fit; to shut tightly.

니몸 s. 齦 (*근, The gums. *See* 니줄.

니물 s. The prow of a junk or ship. *Opp.* 고물.

니솔 s. 齒刷 (니 —*치) (거플—*쇄) A tooth-brush.

니쑤시게 s. 剔齒 (쓰를 —*조) (니—*치) A toothpick.

니쌀 s. 齒 (니—*치) The teeth. *See* 니.

니부자리 s. 衾枕 (니불—*금) (벼개—*침) Bedding. *See* 침구.

니ᄲᆞ 、 ᄎᆞ 금 A quilt, a cover 다) (뒤키다).

니야기 s. 古談 (네 —*고) (말숨—*담) A talk; a story; a chat. Accounts of the past; tales. *See* 고담.

니야기장이 s. 古談匠 (네 —*고) (말숨 *담) (장인 *장) A great talker; a story teller; one given to yarning.

니영 s. 蓋草 (덥흘 *개) (플—*초) A straw thatch (니다). *See* 개초.

니은 s. The name of the 2nd consonant of the Korean syllabary (ㄴ).

니저부리다 s. 忘却 (니질 *망) (문득—*각) 부려, 린 To forget.

*니탄 s. 泥炭 (진흠) (숫) Peat; muck.

ㄱ ㄴ ㄷ ㄹ ㅁ ㅂ ㅅ ㅇ ㅈ ㅊ ㅋ ㅌ ㅍ ㅎ ㅏ ㅑ ㅓ ㅕ ㅗ ㅛ ㅜ ㅠ ㅡ ㅣ

니합박 *s.* 飯木鉢 니—(나무 목—*박) A wooden dish for washing rice. *Also* 니함박

니다 *v.* 熟,익을 —숙 어, 은 To be cooked through. To be ripe. To be skilled in. *See* 익숙하다 *Opp.* 설다

*닉명서 *s.* 匿名書 숨길—(일흠) (글) An anonymous placard. *See* 익명서

*닉명하다 *v.* 匿名 (숨길) (일흠) To conceal one's name.

닉반죽하다 *s.* 熟丸合 (닉을—*숙) (한줌—*환) (모흘—*합) To mix dough; to knead; to work.

*닉복하다 *v.* 匿伏 숨길 —업딜 To hide; to conceal one's self.

닉숙히 *s.* Skilfully; adroitly.

닉숙하다 *s.* 熟 (닉을—*숙) To be acquainted with; to be skilled in. *See* 닉다.

닉을낙말낙하다 *s.* To be only half cooked.

닉이다 *s.* 習 (닉힐 —*습) 니여, 인 To be used to; to be accustomed to. *Also* 니히다

닉이다 *s.* 니여; 인 To mix as mortar; to work, to knead.

닉히 *s.* 熟 (닉을—*숙) Closely; carefully; intently.

닉히다 *s.* 熟 (닉을—*숙) 닉혀; 힌 To cook through.

닉히우다 *s.* 警醒 (닉혀울—*정) (셩—*셩) 혀여; 운 To call to one's recollection; to remind one of.

닐너주다 *s.* 說 (닐을—*유) 어; 운 To point out; to show; to tell. *See* 구루치다.

닐다 *l.* 起 (니러날—*긔) 어; 닌 To rise; to spring up; to come off; to peel off.

닐며나다 *s.* 起 (니러날—*긔) 나; 난 To jump up; to spring up.

닐으다 *s.* 謂 (닐을—*위) 닐너; 은 To speak; to say; to be said; to be called.

닐은바 *s.* 所謂 (바—*소) (닐을—*위) "So called" See 소위; 소소위.

닐을적이면 *s.* For example; supposing; by way of conjecture. See 가령.

닐코르다 *s.* 稱 (닐코를—*칭) 러; 른 To style; to designate. To praise; to honor

닐콧다 *s.* 稱 (닐코를—*칭) 러; 른 To style; to designate. To praise, to honor *See* 닐코르다

닐레 七日 닐곱—*칠 (날— 일 Seven days; the seventh day.

닐헤날 第七日 (초ᄉᆞ) *례) (닐곱—*칠, (날—*일) The seventh day.

님흔 七十 님곱 —십 혈 *십, Seventy *See* 칠십.

닑다 *s.* 讀, 닑을 *독) 어, 은 To read; to study *See* 익다, 보다.

님 *s.* 主 (*쥬) Master; mistress; "my love"—used in songs. An honorific ending used with nouns or proper names

님 *s.* 駄 (님—*댜) A load for the head. (니다). *See* 짐.

님군 *l.* 君 (*군) A king. *Also* 인군; *See* 왕.

님금 *l.* 王 (*왕) A king. *Also* 님군; 인군 *See* 황뎨.

님자 / 物主 (만물- 물 (님 *쥬) Owner; proprietor; "you." *See* 물쥬.

닙 *s.* 葉 (*엽) A leaf—of a tree. *See* 닙사귀; 닙히.

닙 *s.* 分 (논홀 *분) A cash piece.

닙다 *s.* 被 (닙을 *피) 어; 은 To dress; to put on; to receive—as favor, blessing. *Opp.* 벗다.

닙담비 *s.* 葉草 (닙—*엽) (플—*초) Uncut tobacco leaves. *See* 엽초.

닙사귀 *s.* 葉 (*엽) A leaf -of a tree. *See* 닙.

닙성 *s.* 衣 (옷 —*의) Cloth; dress. (Prov.) *See* 의복.

닙히 *s.* 葉 (닙—*엽) A leaf-of a tree. *See* 닙.

닙젼 *s.* 葉錢 (닙—*엽) (돈—*젼) The old "one cash" coin, as used still in the provinces. *See* 엽젼.

닙팡이 *s.* 葉 (닙—*엽) A leaf—of a tree. *See* 닙사귀

닙히다 *s.* 被 (닙을—*피) 닙혀; 힌 To dress; to clothe (v. t.) *Opp.* 벗기다.

닛다 *s.* 忘 (니질 —*망, 니져, 진 To forget.

닛다 *l.* 連 (니을—*련) 너여; 은 To tie; to connect; to continue. *See* 련ᄒᆞ다.

닛치다 *s.* 忘 (니질—*망) 닛쳐; 친 To forget, to find it hard to remember.

닛치다 *s.* 닛쳐; 친 To be rubbed; to be worn; to be crushed.

ᄂᆞ다 *s.* 飛 (놀—*비) 라; 는 To fly. *Also* 놀다. *Opp* 긔다.

ᄂᆡ레 *s.* 翔 (*샹) A wing—of a bird. *See* 놀ᄀᆡ.

ᄂᆞ려가다 *s.* 下去 (아래—*하) (갈—*거) 셔; 간 To go down; to come down.

누려ᄎᆞ다 s. 그어; 근 To make a perpendicular pen mark beginning at the top. *Opp.* 가로ᄎᆞ다

누려다 s. Stooping down. (보다). *Opp.* 처다

누려ᄠᅥ리다 s. 墮之 (ᄠᅥ러질—*라) (갈 —*지) ᄠᅥ러; 린 To let fall: to throw down. *Opp.* 치ᄠᅥ리다.

누리ᄯᅳ리다 s. 려; 린 To turn the eyes down; to look down

누리오다 s. 下來 (아래 *라) (올—*리) 려ᄋᆡ; 온 To come down; to go down.

누려지다 s. 落 (ᄠᅥ러질— 락) 려지; 진 To fall down. *See* ᄠᅥ러지다

누려치다 s. 急落 (ᄲᆞᆯ리 ᄯᅥ러 *라) 려쳐; 진 To throw down: to let fall. *See* 누려ᄠᅥ리다

누루 s 津 (*진) A ferry. *See* 개가.

누루질ᄒᆞ다 s. 行津 (힝호—*힝) (누루—*진) To ferry; to act as ferry-man.

누리 s. 遲 (나ᄆᆞᆯ—*젼) Family descent.

누리다 s. 降 (누릴—*강) 누려; 린 To come down; to descend.

누리우다 s. 下 (아래—*라) 리워; 운 To let down; to lower. To imprison. *See* 노ᄎᆞ다.

누ᄇᆞᆯ거리다 s. 거려; 린 To wag, to rattle; to make a show. *See* 남긴남긴ᄒᆞ다.

누ᄇᆞᆯ누ᄇᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 s. To wag; to rattle; to jabber. *See* 남긴남긴ᄒᆞ다.

누ᄇᆞᆺ기다 s. 飄揚 (누ᄇᆞᆺ긜 —*요) ᄇᆞᆺ겨, 긴 To flutter; to flap.

누ᄇᆞᆺ누ᄇᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be wide; to be flat. To rattle; to wag; to gabble

누ᄇᆞᆺ치다 s. 飄揚 (누ᄇᆞᆺ긜 *표) (누ᄇᆞᆺ긜 —*요) 켜; 친 To flutter; to flap.

누브시 s. 低 (누질—*저) Flatly; squarely; at an incline.

누브죽히 s 低 (누질 —*저) Flatly, at in incline; squarely.

누브죽ᄒᆞ다 s. 低 (누질—*저) To be flat; to be inclined.

누ᄇᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 低 (누질—*저) To be inclined; to be bent down; to be flat; to be square.

누치리녁이다 s. 蔑視 (업수히녁일—*멸) (볼—*시) 녁여; 인 To despise; to look with [illegible] 아만ᄒᆞ녁이다

누직누직 s. In a low voice. *Opp.* 높직 높직.

누직히 s. 低 (누직ᄒᆞᆯ *뎌) Low. Softly. *Opp.* 높직히.

누직ᄒᆞ다 s. 低 (누직ᄒᆞᆯ *뎌) To be low; to be inferior. *Opp.* 드ᄂᆞᆷ다

누팔거리다 s. 거려; 린 To wag; to rattle —also used of the tongue.

누팔누팔ᄒᆞ다 s. To wag; to rattle; to gabble. *See* 누ᄇᆞᆯ누ᄇᆞᆯᄒᆞ다.

누푼거리다 s. 거려; 린 To rattle; to garble

[illegible] To gabble; to talk [illegible]

[illegible] ending—the appositive [illegible], used also to emphasize the noun

ᄂᆞᆫ장이 s. 矮子 (ᄂᆞᆫ장이—*ᄌᆡ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ [illegible] A dwarf.

ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 分 (ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ— [illegible] To divide; to separate [illegible] ᄒᆞᆫ다

ᄂᆞᆫ화주다 s. 分給 (ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ -*분) (줄—*급) 여; 운 To divide; to apportion.

ᄂᆞᆯ기 s. 翔 (*상) A wing—of a bird.

ᄂᆞᆯ내 s. Swiftly; quickly. *See* ᄒᆞᆫ급히.

ᄂᆞᆯ내다 s. 勇 (ᄂᆞᆯ랠—*용) 여; 낸 To be active; to be agile; to be brave. *See* 영ᄉᆞᆨ다. To be quick. *See* 속ᄒᆞ다.

ᄂᆞᆷ s. Cheaply made goods. *Opp.* 맛ᄎᆡᆼ.

ᄂᆞᆯ다 s. 飛 (ᄂᆞᆯ—*비) 나; ᄂᆞᆫ To fly. *See* ᄂᆞ다.

ᄂᆞᆯᄉᆞᆨ다 s. 勇 (ᄂᆞᆯ랠 —용) 날ᄉᆞᆨ; ᄒᆞᆫ To be active; to be agile; to be brave *See* ᄂᆞᆯ내다, 영ᄉᆞᆨ다

ᄂᆞᆫ증성 s Birds.

ᄂᆞᆯ치 s. 鱖 (*상) A yellow-faced fish.

ᄂᆞᆯ치 s. On the wing—of shooting. (ᄭᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆫ다) (ᄌᆞ다

ᄂᆞᆯ치다 s. 揚 (ᄂᆞᆫᄂᆞᆯ— 야) 쳐; 친 To scatter; to spread. To flutter; to flap.

ᄂᆞᆷ s. 他人 (다ᄅᆞᆯ—*타) (사ᄅᆞᆨ—*인) Others; one's neighbor.

ᄂᆞᆷ기다 s. 餘 (ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ—*여) ᄂᆞᆷ겨; 긴 To have left over; to leave over and above.

ᄂᆞᆷᄂᆞᆷ셔리 s. Among those not related.

ᄂᆞᆷ다ᄂᆞ 餘 (ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ *여)아; 은 To remain, to be over and above.

ᄂᆞᆷ아지 s. 餘 (ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ—*여) [illegible] remainder; a surplus. *See* ᄂᆞᆷ저지.

ᄂᆞᆷ의살 s. Another person's flesh used of benumbed or feelingless parts of the body. (ᄌᆞ다).

ᄂᆞᆷ의시ᄒᆞ다 s. To be put to shame.

ᄂᆞᆷ잡이나장이 s. Falling into a pit that one has dug for others.

ᄂᆞᆷ저지 s. 餘物 (ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ—*여) (만ᄆᆞᆫ—*물) A remainder; a surplus. *See* ᄂᆞᆷ아지.

납작하다 a. Flat; 한장
납작하다 a. To be flat.
노다 a. 下 (아래 ~하) Low; to be inferior
노잡다 a. 아; 은 To
노추다 a. To let down; to nause
내각 n. 內閣 (안) (집) The Office of the Ministry; the Cabinet
*내각간힘 n. 內閣刊行 (안) (집) (삭열) (힘들) A cabinet edition
*내각고문 n. 內閣顧問 (안) (집) (무물) The adviser to the Cabinet
*내각대신 n. 內閣大臣 (안) (집) (큰) (신하) A Cabinet Minister.
*내각원 n. 內閣員 (안) (집) (판원) A member of the Cabinet.
*내각총리대신 n. 內閣總理大臣 (서노힘), 다수힘 Premier or Prime Minister.
*내각회의 n. 內閣會議 (안) (집) (모물) (의론) A Cabinet Council.
*내간 n. 內簡 (안) (편지) A woman's letter. *See* 외간.
*내간 n. 內間 (안) (수이) The woman's quarters; "Mrs" as written on a letter.
*내갈 n. 內喝 (안) (소리) The death of another. *See* 내리.
내공 n. *See* 내공목
내공목 n. Linings and paddings for clothing. *See* 내공.
*내공하다 v. 內攻 (안) (칠) To strike in—of disease etc
*내구 n. 內舅 (안) (외삼촌) A maternal uncle. *See* 외삼촌.
*내국 n. 內局 (안) (관) The royal pharmacy. *See* 내의원.
*내국교환 n. 內國交換 (안) (나라) (사귈) (밧골) Domestic exchange
*내국소비세 n. 內國消費稅 (안) (나라) (살) 외쓸) (허비) (부세) Excise.
*내국정략 n. 內國政略 안 나라 정사, (도략) Internal politics.
*내국채 n. 內國債 (안) (나라) (빗) Home loans.
*내규 n. 內規 (안) (법) By laws.
*내근하다 v. 內近 (안 갓가울) To be near the woman's quarters.
*내복 n. 內服 (안) (붓송아찌) The inner [illegible], the inside of the ankle.
*내과 n. 內科 (안) (과너) Internal treatment—of disease. *Opp.* 외과.
내과의 n. 內科醫士 (과거) (의원) A physician who treats internal disease.
내관 n. 內棺 (안) (널) The inner coffin. *Opp.* 외관.
내관 n. 內官 (안) (벼슬) A palace eunuch. *Syn.* 환관
내관 n. 內棺 (안) (널) The inner coffin *Opp.* 외관
*내대 n. 內大 (안) (큰) The minister of Home Department.
*내대신 n. 內大臣 (안) (큰) (신하) A minister of state who has to do with the Household.
*내전 n. 內殿 (안) (대궐) The inner palace—the apartments of the queen.
*내정 n. 內庭 (안) (뜰) The inner compound; the inner yard; the inner courtyard
내정종왕 n. 內庭奏大 (안) (뜰) (알올) (말) To confess on the inner quarters
*내정하다 v. 內定 (안) 정 To arrive at a [illegible] not yet an [illegible]
내주 n. 內奏 (안) [illegible] The [illegible] (들다) (사뢰다)
내주 n. 內地 (안) (땅) The interior of a country, inland.
*내지려행 n. 內地旅行 (안) (땅) (나그너) (돈닐) Travelling in the interior.
*내지잡거 n. 內地雜居 (안) (땅) (섞길) (살) Living here and there in the interior. (출다) (사다)
*내지통과세 n. 內地通過稅 (안) (땅) (통할) (지날) (부세) Transit duty.
*내란 n. 內亂 (안) (어지러울) Rebellion; revolt; insurrection. (난다).
*내란외침 n. 內亂外侵 (안 어지러울 밧) (칠) Civil war and foreign invasion
*내략 n. 內掠 (안 (겁탈) The internal or home market
*내령 n. 內令 안 명할) A secret decree; a secret order
*내면 n. 內面 (안) (낫) The internal face. (오른).
*내무대신 n. 內務大臣 안 힘쓸 큰 신하) The Minister of State for Home Affairs the Chief of the Home Office. (Japan).
*내무부 n. 內務府 (안) (힘쓸) (마을) The Home Office. *Opp.* 외무 [illegible].

*내무성 /. 內務省 (안) (힘쓸) (줄 ... Department of state for Home Affairs, the Home Office. (Japan). *See* 내무부.

*내무차관 /. 內務次官 (안) (힘쓸) (버금) (벼슬) The Vice Minister of State for the Home Office

*내무 /. 內務 (안) (힘쓸) Home Affairs.

*내변 /. 內變 (안) (변할) Internal dissension or discord. (다다).

*내방 / 內方 (안) (모, The inner quarters; the interior.

*내부 /. 內腑 (안) (부, The entrails; the intestines.

*내부 /. 內部 (안) (마을) The Home Office. *Also* 내무부.

*내부대신 / 內部大臣 (안) (마을) (큰) 신하) The Home Minister. *Also* 내무대신.

*내부 /. 乃父 (이에) (아비) "Your father." (Obsolete.)

*내부 / 內部抵抗 (안) (마을) (대일) (칠 ...

*내부에 / 內部 (안, 때 Internal.

*내부협판 /. 內部協辦 (안) (마을) (화할) (판단) Vice minister of Home Department

*내삼천외팔백 (內三千外八百 (안) (석) (일, 봇, 어름, ... Three thousand within and eight hundred outside —of officials within and outside of the palace.

*내상 /. 內喪 (안) (상소) The death of a wife. (Prov.)

*내상 /. 內相 (안) (도울) The Home Minister. Your wife. (Hon.) *See* 내조.

*내상 /. 內傷 (안) (상할) Internal influences that cause fever as anxiety etc. *Opp.* 외감.

*내서 /. 內書 (안) (글) A woman's handwriting. ... 내간.

*내성 / 內城 (안) (재) Inner palace walls.

내소박하다 /. To leave a husband.

*내수사 /. 內需司 (안) (응할) (맡을) The Office of the Royal Household

*내시 /. 內侍 (안) (모실) A palace eunuch. *See* 묘조.

*내신 /. 內腎 (안) (신) The kidneys. ... 콩팥.

*내실 /. 內室 (안) (집) The women's quarters. *See* 침실.

*내심 /. 內心 (안) (마음) Secret desires; real intention, true state of one's mind; private opinion.

*내소박 / 內疏薄 (안) (설) (엷과) The ... in the Department ... Affairs ... (안) (아문) The women's apartments

*내아문 / ... Home Office ...

*내약 ... Kor...

내알하다 ...

내연 /. 內宴 (안) (잔치) A private banquet. *Opp.* 외연

'내영 / 內營 (안) 영문 The palace guard barracks.

*내외 / 內外 (안, 밧 Husband and wife. ... vision between the sexes. *See* 안팎.

내외다툼 *s.* Domestic quarrels. *See* 항쥬싸움.

내외 ... house where spirit is sold from the inner quarters and drunk outside

*내외사무 *s.* 內外事務 (안, 밧) (일) (힘쓸) The internal and external affairs (as of a country.

*내외지간 /. 內外之間 (안) (밧) (갈) (소이) Between) husband and wife As regards the division between the sexes. *See* 부부지간.

*내외하다 / 內外 (안) (밧) To be separated -as the sexes.

*내용 /. 內容 (안) (얼굴) Inner capacity. Decision from the inner or woman's quarters.

*내용 /. 內用 (안) (쓸) What is of use for the women's apartments.

*내우 /. 內憂 (안) (근심) Domestic troubles, internal difficulties; intestine commotion.

... 환 /. 內憂外患 (안) (근심) (밧) (근 Troubles both at home and abroad.

*내의 /. 內醫 (안) (의원) The King's physician. *See* 어의.

*내의원 /. 內醫院 (안 (의원) (집) Formerly the office of the King's physician. *See* 내국

*내응 / 內應 (안) (응할 A traitor in the camp; a secret spy.

*너응ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內應 (안) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) To play the traitor; to be a secret spy.

*너인 *l.* 內人 (안) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A wife; a woman. (Prov.) *See* 계집.

*너장 *l.* 內臟 (안) (오장) The lowers, the entrails, the intestines; the internal organs.

*너쟝 *l.* 內裝 (안) (힝쟝) Internal coating.

*너장산 *l.* 內藏山 (안) (감ᄎᆞᆯ) (뫼) A mountain in Chöl-la-do. Lat. 35 25. Long. 126 30.

*너장원 *l.* 內藏院 (안) (감ᄎᆞᆯ) (집) Formerly the Royal storehouses. The Imperial treasury.

*너졍 *l.* 內政 (안) (정ᄉᆞ) Home affairs; government by woman. Internal affairs.

*너졍 *l.* 內情 (안) (뜻) Real feelings; private sentiments; real state, condition, or circumstance.

*너조 *l.* 乃祖 (이에) (할아비) "Your grandfather." (Comm.). *Also* 네조.

*너죵 內腫 (안) (ᄇᆞᆯ) An internal abscess. (ᄆᆞᆯ다) (지다).

*너죵데 *l.* 內從弟 (안) (죵ᄎᆞᆯ) (아오) A younger male cousin by a paternal aunt.

*너죵드다 *l.* 內癰 (안) (현데) 러; 돈 To have an internal abscess.

*너죵미 *l.* 內從妹 (안) (죵ᄎᆞᆯ) (누의) A female cousin by a paternal aunt.

*너죵미부 *l.* 內從妹夫 (안) (죵ᄎᆞᆯ) (누의) (지아비) The husband of a *nachongmai*.

*너죵씨 *l.* 內從氏 (안) (죵ᄎᆞᆯ) (각씨—*사) An older male cousin by a paternal aunt

*너죵수촌 *l.* 內從四寸 (안) (죵ᄎᆞᆯ) (넉) (마디) A male cousin by a paternal aunt

*너주ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內奏 (안) (알ᄑᆞᆯ) To make a secret representation to the Emperor.

*너쥬장ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內主張 (안) (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) (베플) To exercise "petticot government."

*너즁 *l.* 內衆 (안) (즁ᄉᆡᆨ) Internal complaints or diseases.

*너직 *l.* 內職 (안) (직ᄒᆞᆯ) The public offices of the capital in contrast to those of the country.

*너즈 *l.* 內子 (안) (조ᄉᆡ) My wife. *See* 너샹.

*너지 *l.* 內站 (안) (역ᄌᆞ) A post station in Chöl-la-do.

*너쳑 *l.* 內戚 (안) (겨레) Blood relations. *Opp.* 외쳑.

*너ᄎᆞ 內差 (안) (ᄀᆞᆷᄉᆞᆨᄒᆞᆫ) Lay reader, the [illegible]

*너ᄎᆞᆫ *l.* 內寢 (안) (ᄌᆡᆫ간) A private room in the inner quarters.

*너처 *l.* 內治 (안) (다ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆯ) Inside domestic work. Medicine for internal application. *Opp.* 외처. The internal administration of a country

*너처 *s.* 內痔 (안) (치질) Piles.

*너치ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內治 (안) (다ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆯ) To use medicine internally. *Opp.* 외치ᄒᆞ다.

*너침ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內寢 (안) (잠) To sleep in the inner quarters; to cohabit.

*너탕고 *l.* 內帑庫 (안) (어고) (곳집) The Imperial treasury. *See* 너장원.

너탕젼 *l.* 內帑錢 (안) (어고) (돈) Money in the Imperial treasury.

*너통ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內通 (안) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To communicate secretly with the enemy. *See* 밀통ᄒᆞ다.

*너평 內評 (안) (평론) A secret consultation; a private discussion.

*너포 *l.* 內浦 (안) (개) A post station in Chöngchöng-do. Lat. 37 02 Long. 126 34

*너포의법 *l.* 內包衣法 (안) (봇) 가ᄆᆞᆨ) (법) Endermic.

*너피 *l.* 內皮 (안) (가ᄆᆞᆨ) The inner skin or bark.

*너한 *l.* 內協 (안) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) A Vice minister of Home Department. *See* 너부협관.

*너훈 *l.* 內訓 (안) (구르칠) A private instruction; secret order (used mostly of minister of state or governors).

*너흉ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 內凶 (안) (흉ᄒᆞᆯ) To be treacherous; to be evil, to be vile. *See* 흉흉ᄒᆞ다.

*너히 *l.* 內海 (안) (바다) An inland sea.

*너힝 *l.* 內行 (안) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) A journey—of the wife.

*너환 *l.* 內患 (안) (근심) Sickness—of the wife

넙더 ᄲᅥᆫ 연기- 현) 내암새 *옴) 너석. 온 To [illegible] as smoke.

넝큼 *s.* 速 (속ᄒᆞᆯ 속) Quickly. *See* 속히.

넝큼넝큼 *s.* 速 속ᄒᆞᆯ *속) Quickly; at once. *See* 얼는얼는.

ㄷ

ㄷ s. The third consonant of the Korean syllabary corresponding to *t* and sometimes to *ch*.

다 *l.* 皆 (**기*) All; everyone. *See* 모도

*따 s. 地 (**디*) The earth; the soil; the land. *See* 짱.

*다각법 s. 多角法 (만흘) (쓸) (법) Polygonometry.

*다각형 s. 多角形 만흘) (쓸) (형상) Polygon.

*다갈색 s. 茶褐色 (차 (갈방이) (빛) Hawk's colour, a light brown colour. *See* 연식

*다감하다 s. 多感 만흘) (감동 ... very much; to return ... *See* 감샤하다.

*따겁다 s. 거워, 운 To scorch; to burn; to be hot.

*다겁하다 s. 多怯 (만흘) 겁홀) To be much afraid; to be a great coward.

*다견하다 s. 多堅 (만흘) 긴요 ...) To be useful; to be very necessary *See* 요긴하다.

*다경 s. 多景 (만흘) (빗) A village in Chul-la do. Lat 34.32 Lon 126 14

*다경고 s. 多慶浦 (만흘) (경소 (개) A naval station in Chul la-do. Lat. 34 48 Long. 126 2'

다고 *l.* Give me! (Low).

*따귀 *l.* The cheek (Low. 짤다) *See* 샌

따귀 ... 어, 샌 To slap in the face.

따그랑이 s. 瘡 (더덩어— 가) A scab. *See* 더데.

*따근따근하다 s. 溫熱 (더울—*온) (긔운—*긔) To be hot; to be warm. *See* 쓰근쓰근하다.

*따근하다 s. To smart; to hurt.

*따굴하다 s. Rolling; turning over and over. (굴다).

*따글따글하다 s. To threaten fiercely.

*따끔거리다 s. 거러, 린 To smart, to prick

*따끔따끔하다 s. To smart; to prick.

다끔하다 s. To take more than one's share; to have exorbitant desires.

다끗다 s. 取則 (가질 *취) (잇소올—*은) 나가; 근 To desire unlawfully, to hanker after.

*다긔 s. 多氣 (만흘) (긔운) Courage; pluck. (지다). *See* 갑치.

*다긔지다 s. 多氣 (만흘) (긔운) 긔져; 진 To be courageous; to be plucky.

다과 s. 多寡 (만흘 젹을) Many or few. *See* 다소.

*다과회 s. 茶果會 차 (실과) 모흘) A tea-meeting

*다년 s. 多年 (만흘) (히) Several years.

... (슈고로흘) Many years' diligent labour

*다년호 *l.* 大年號 (크—*대) (히) (일홈) The title of a king's or emperor's reign *Also* 대년호.

싸... 買 (다롱 —*이) 싸; 싼 To be ... ful; to be clever.

... 싼, 다다를 —*루) 다라; 른 ... arrive at, to reach

다라익션 s. 多多益善 (만흘) (만흘) (더흘) (션홀) The more the better.

다다하다 s. 多多 (만흘) (만흘) To be numerous; to be many; to be much. *See* 허니하다

다닥다닥 s. 疊疊 (만흘 ... 됴) (엽힙홀— ... *See* ...

*다만하다 s. 多滿 (만흘) (찰) To be many; to be numerous. *See* 다소하다

*다담 s. 茶啖 차 (먹을) An abundant spread of food.

다닷다 s. 當 (당홀 —*릴) 다라; 른 To meet; to advance toward, to reach to; to arrive at. *See* 릴하다

다닷더리다 s. 드려; 린 To fight at close quarters; to collide. *See* 다닷치다.

다닷치다 s. 다치; 친 To strike against; to meet face to face; to happen on. *See* 부되치다.

*다대 ... s. 多大浦 만흘) (큰) (개) A naval station in Kyung-sang-do. Lat 35.04 ... ...

다 ... 다 s. 드려; 린 To beat; to hammer; to pound repeatedly.

*따두룹 s. 五加皮 다섯 —*오 (더플—*가) (가죽 *피) The root bark of various *araliaceae* shrubs.

*써들석ᄒᆞ다 s. To be open; to be slightly raised up, to be lifted

써들거리다 s. 거려; 린 To hesitate; to stammer.

다듬다 s. 어; 은 To smooth; to launder. To trim off—as twigs. To whip; to beat. To arrange; to plume. (깃)

써들써들ᄒᆞ다 s. 대 말솜 어) (어눌 *ᄒᆞ To stammer; to speak with difficulty. See 어눌ᄒᆞ다.

다듬이 s. 搗衣 (다듬을 도) (옷—*의) Doing up—clothes, laundry work (ᄒᆞ다 See 도질.

다듬이돌 s. 搗衣石 (다듬을 도) (옷—*의) (돌 석) A washing-stone for laundering; a beating stone

써늣ᄒᆞ 따 더울 *난 Warmly, well heated. See 써늣ᄒᆞ다.

써늣ᄒᆞ다 따 더울 난) To be warm; to be well heated. See 다스ᄒᆞ다.

다지 s. 落痂 떨어질 가 더딜 이 가) The scab of a boil or of smallpox.

다라가다 s. 走去 다라날—*주)(갈—*거) 라가 간 To go quickly, to run away

다라나다 s. 走 다라날 주) 라나 난 To run away, to run, to flee

다라오다 s. 走來 다라날 *주)(올—*래) 라와; 온 To come quickly; to come running

다락 s. 樓 (*루) An upper storey; a loft.

다락세 s. 眼疾 (눈—*안) (헌데—*종) A stye. (다라)

다락세 s. 粗器 (싸리—*뉴) (그릇—*기) A small coop of basket-work. (다라)

다락다락 s. Greedily, excessively; persistently. See 더럭더럭.

다람나무 s. Varnish-tree with white bark and red heart.

다람난질ᄒᆞ다 s. 急走 (급ᄒᆞᆯ—*급) (다라날 주) To go quickly, to run.

다람쥐 s. 鼯 (*오) A squirrel.

다랍다 f. 垢穢 (살갗—*전) (더석ᄒᆞᆯ—*린) 라와; 온 To be dirty (Dim.)—used also of what is miserly, niggardly. See 더럽다

다레 s. 鞦 (*견) The side leather flaps of a saddle

다레 s. 蟲 (*류) A creeper; a species of cereus. Lepidoptera

*다랑 s. 茶匙 차 (혀아릴) A tea scoop.

*다랑 s. 多量 (만흘) (혀아릴) A large quantity

다려가다 s. 率去 (거느릴—*솔) (갈 *거 려 가 간 To lead away; to take away—a person.

다려오다 s. 率來 (거느릴—*솔) (올—*래) 려와; 온 To conduct, to lead; to bring—a person.

*다력만 s. 多力漢 (만흘) (힘) (갈) Dynamite

따로 s. 別 다를 *별) In a different place, apart, by itself, separately; alone See 갈기

다르다 s. 異 (다를 *이) 달라; 른따 f. be different; to be unlike Also 갈디

다르다 s. 如法 (같흘—*법) 르롱 ᄒᆞ 롱, 다라; 른 To work; to soften; to make pliant; to use at will

다른 . 他 (다를—*타) Different, another 또 딴

다름 s. 別 (다를—*별) A difference.

다뫼다 s. 侍 여; 린 To suffer from indigestion. To lack (힘).

다롱다롱ᄒᆞ다 s. Hanging here and there, dangling about.

다롱거리다 s. 어, 린 To hang on; to dangle.

다리다 s. 더려; 린 To get a start; to get under way—of a fire

다리다 s. 率 (거느릴—*솔) 더려; 린 To accompany—used in combination with 가다 and 오다

다리다 s. 煎 다릴 *젼) 더려; 린 To decoct as medicines; to boil.

다리다 s. 引 (당길—*만) 더려, 린 To draw—a bow. See 잡아다리다.

다리다 s. 熨 (다릴이—*울) 더려; 린 To iron

*때리다 s. 打 (칠—*타) 때려; 린 To strike; to beat. See 두드리다. To break—a contract or agreement. (몽

다릴사회 s. 贅夫 (싸여살이—*체) (지아비 *부) A son-in-law who lives at the wife's home. See 뫼며누리.

다림보다 s. 看方向 (볼—*간) (모—*방) (향흘 *향) 아; 본 To aim; to line with the eye. See 가늠보다

다림이 s. 熨 (*울) A smoothing iron. (질ᄒᆞ다).

다림질ᄒᆞ다 s. To iron clothes.

다림판 s. 平均板 (평흘 *평) (고를—*균) (널 *판) An instrument by which carpenters mark a plumb line.

다릭다릭 s. 纏繞 (이삭 *슈) (이삭—*슈) Numerous; in great numbers—of fruit bunches, grain etc.

다만 f 但 (*단) Only; alone—used as an introductory word in *sugeum. See 오직.

*다면각 s. 多面角 (만흔) (낫) (뿔) Polyhedral angle.

*다면체 s. 多面體 (만흔) (낫) (몸) Polyhedron.

다못 l. 只 (다못 -*지) Only; merely—an introductory word. And

*다시 s. 茶匙 (차) (미 차) Same as 산다화.

다발 s. 束 (묵글—*속) A bundle of vegetables.

다발머리 s. 髮 (*슈) A bristling head of hair. *See* 더벙머리.

다방울 s. Low pine bushes. *See* 다복솔.

*다번호다 s. 多煩 (만흔) (번거) To be numerous; to be rushed; to be overcrowded. *See* 호번호다.

*다변형 s. 多邊形 (만흔) (가) (형 상) A polygon.

*다병호다 s. 多病 (만흔) (병) To be ill of many diseases.

다보록호다 s. To be bunched; to be bristling; to be heaped up.

다복다복호다 s. 蓁蓁 (무성 [illegible] 성) (무 성흘—*치) To be in bunches; to be heaped up here and there.

다복솔 s. 兒松 (은히—*슈) (소나모—*송) Low pine bushes.

다복쑥 s. 蓬 (쑥—*봉) Artemisia growing in low bushes.

*다복호다 s. 多福 (만흔) (복) To have great wealth; to be very rich.

다부지다 s. 부지; 집 To be determined; to be resolute. To be extreme. *See* 안조다.

*다분다 s. 氣弱 (긔운—*긔) (약홀—*약) To be weak, to be frail.

*다분과 s. 多不過 (만흘) (아닐) (지날) The greatest possible excess; what cannot be exceeded. *Opp.* 쇼불하.

다뷔 s. A kind of spade or shovel.

다뷔밧 s. 菑田 (다뷔밧—*전) (밧 *뎐) Unbroken land; new land. *See* 신뎐.

다비늘 s. 雲母 (구름 [illegible] 어이 —*모) Mica. *See* 돌비늘.

다섯 s. 五 (다숫 -*오) Five. *See* 댓.

*다션 s. 茶船 (차 (비) A kind of junk used in river-transportation.

*다션도 s. 多線圖 (만흔) (실) (그림) A polygram.

*다세호다 s. 多勢 (만흔) (형세) To be numerous, to be many.

*다솔 s. 多率 (만흘) (거느릴) A large family. *See* 수다식솔.

*다솔하인호다 s. 多率下人 (만흘) (거느릴) (아래) (사롬) To travel with a large retinue of servants.

다숩 s. Five years old—of animals.

*다쇼 s. 多少 (만흘, 젹을) Many and few; more or less. *See* 다과.

*다수 s. 多數 (만흘) (두어) A large number; majority; very many.

*다수결명 s. 多數決定 (만흘) 두어, 결단) (뎡홀) Deciding a matter by the majority.

다숩 s. Five years old—of animals.

다시 s. 叉 (*부) Again; a second time. *See* 또.

다시금 s. 復 (다시—*부) Again and again.

다시마 s. 海帶 (바다—*히) (띄—*대) A variety of sea-weed. *See* 곤포.

다시호다 s. To [illegible] to take over. *See* 곳치다.

*다식 s. 茶食 차 [illegible] A kind of candy made of pine blossoms, sesamum and honey.

*다식과 s. 茶食菓 (차) (밥 (실과) Candy made of pine blossoms, sesamum and honey.

*다신교 s. 多神敎 (만흘, 귀신) (구릉칠) Polytheism.

*다심호다 s. 多甚 (만흘, 심홀) To be extreme; to be severe. *See* 무심호다.

다스리다 s. 治 (다스릴—*치) 스려; 린 To govern; to rule, to manage; to regulate; to arrange. To punish.

*다스스럽다 s. 多事 (만흘) (일) 러워; 운 To be busy; to be hurried; to be troublesome. *See* 분주호다.

다스호다 s. 溫 (다술—*온) To be warm. *See* 따뜻따뜻호다.

*다사호다 s. 多事 (만흘) (일) To be busy; to have much work on hand. *See* 골몰호다.

*다언호다 s. 多言 (만흘) (말숨) To be wordy; to be long-winded; to be verbose.

따옥이 s. 鵠 (*곡) The ibis.

*다욕호다 s. 多慾 (만흘) (욕심) To be avaricious; to be grasping; to be greedy.

*다위 The same; what is like; such a flow.

다음 s. 副 (*부) The second; the one following. *See* 버금.

ㄱ ㄴ ㄷ ㄹ ㅁ ㅂ ㅅ ㅇ ㅈ ㅊ ㅋ ㅌ ㅍ ㅎ ㄲ ㄸ ㅃ ㅆ ㅉ

다음다음 s. 첫첫 (버금—*첫) (버금—*첫) One after another; the one following. *See* 차례차례.

*다이다 s. 捕 (잡—*역) 싸여; 인 To be under arrest. To be out done; to be outwitted.

*다인 s. 多仁 (많을) (어질) A village in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 36.26 Long. 128.24.

*다일 s. 多積 만 (일수) Large wealth, considerable persessions. *See* 거일; 거판.

*다완 s. 茶碗 (차) (그릇) A teacup.

*다원 s. 茶園 (차) (동산) A tea-garden; a tea-plantation.

다잡다 s. 아; 은 To urge on; to encourage, to keep at work.

다적싸적하다 s. To pick, to dig into.

*다전선고 s. 多錢善賈 (많을) (돈) (착할) (장사) Much money makes business prosperous.

*다정하다 s. 多情 (많을) (뜻) To love greatly; to have affection for. *See* 유정하다.

*다족하다 多族 (많을) (겨레) To have many relatives. *See* 번족하다.

*다죄하다 s. 多罪 (많을) (허물) To be guilty of many crimes; to be full of short comings—as an apologetic expression

*다죽 s. 多則 (많을) (못) At most; at the outside. *Opp.* 소죽.

다지기 s. 解土 (풀 *흙) Heaving of the ground when the frost comes out. *See* 헤트머리.

다지다 s. 다져; 진 To present a note for payment. To pound the earth for a foundation. To mince; to cut up.

다지르다 s. 觸感 (닥을 *촉) 곳 *쳐) 지르 르; 는 To strike against; to thump against. To strike to, to fire. (총)

다질니다 s. 질녀; 닌 To be struck; to be thumped; to strike—as a ship.

다짐 s. 侈音 (다짐—*꼬) (소리—*음) An affidavit. An official agreement; a death sentence. (하다) (받다).

다짐괴 s. 侈音記 (다짐—*꼬) (소리—*음) (긔록*기) A death sentence; an ficial agreement

다짐받다 s. 侈音 (다짐—*꼬) (소리—*음) 아; 은 To receive a solemn promise—from an inferior.

다짐하다 s. 侈音 (다짐 *꼬) (소리 —*음) To write out a death sentence; to make over; to bind one over—as to keep the peace.

*다조손하다 s. 多子孫 (많을) (아들) (손주) To have a numerous offspring; to have many children.

*다지하다 s. 多才 (많을) (지조) To be very clever; to be talented

다토다 s. 爭 (다툴—*짓) 아; 흔 To wrangle; to dispute; to quarrel.

다툼 s. 爭 (다툴—*정) A dispute; a quarrel, a wrangle.

*다회 s. 茶會 (차) (모들) A tea-party; a feast in which tea is ceremoniously served.

*다홍 s. 茶紅 (차) (붉을) Red color. *See* 쥬홍.

다히다 s. 다허; 힌 To touch; to moor—a boat. *See* 대다.

다히다 s. 濕 (다힘—*판) 다허; 힌 To turn on water—to a paddy-field.

싸히다 s. 싸혀; 힌 To be mended—as a damaged dish. *See* 싸다.

*다항식 s. 多項式 (만흘) (목) (법) Multinomial expression (Math).

*다항식덩리 s. 多項式定理 (만흘) (목) (법) (명리) (다조뎔) Multinomial Theorem (Math.)

다하다 l. 盡 (다할—*진) To complete; to finish; to be exhausted. *See* 진하다.

*다행히 s. 多幸 (만흘) (다행) Luckily, fortunately; happily. *See* 런만의외에.

*다황 s. 茶黃 차, (누루) The name of a medicine.

딱 s. and l. With a smash, with a thud. Just; exactly. Prov.)

닥 s. 楮 (닥나무 *저) A species of mulberry, *Broussonetia papyrifera*.—from the bark of which paper is made.

닥개 s. 落痂 (덕러질—*락) (딱정이—*가) A scab.

닥기다 s. 修 (닥글—*슈) 닥겨; 긴 To be cleaned; to make to clean. To be polished; to be refined.

닥기장이 s. A mirror cleaner.

닥나무 s. 楮木 (닥나무—*저) (나무—*목) A species of mulberry from which paper is made—*Broussonetia papyrifera*.

닥다 s. 修 (닥글—*슈) 가; 근 To clean; to fix up; to polish. *See* 문지르다. To practise; to follow (도). To live carefully (몸). To write—as letters. To settle; to complete. (문셔). To parch; to roast (Prov.) *See* 마감하다.

딱닥거리다 s. 거려; 린 To rattle To scold; to rate.

닥닥 *s.* Scratching; gnawing.

딱딱 *s.* Hammering; pounding; with a crash; with a smash.

딱딱ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be head-strong; to be hard

닥달ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 琢磨 (조을 *닥) (갈 *마) To clean; to polish. *See* 광내다

닥드리다 *s.* 드려; 린 To jerk; to strike against.

딱션 *s.* A fan that folds with a click or snap.

딱쇠 *l.* A nickname for a blacksmith.

닥작닥작 *s.* Loaded—as fruit trees. *See* 다닥다닥.

딱장대 *l.* A short stick with which to beat a criminal during interrogation.

딱잡ᄇᆞᆺ다 *l.* 아; 온 To interrogate a criminal—with application of the paddle.

딱장이 *s.* 疏 (*가) A scab. *See* 딱지.

딱지 *s.* 甲 (갑옷—*갑) A scab; a shell. A watch-case. (치다/안다)

딱지조희 *s.* Coarse dark paper. *See* 피지.

닥채 *s.* 楮枝 (닥나무—*지) (가지—*지) A *tak* stick stripped of the bark.

딱총 *s.* A popgun.

닥치다 *s.* 닥쳐; 친 To jerk; to strike against. To speak against. An expression used in gambling.

딱ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 賦惱 (어려울—*난) (곳—*처) To be annoying; to be troublesome; to be pitiful. *See* 난처ᄒᆞ다.

*단 *s.* 壇 (단) An altar [illegible] (제단). *See* 제단.

*단 *s.* 單 (홑) Single; one only. [illegible] A list; a bill; a memo—of [illegible] sent to an official

단 *l.* A hem; a border

단 *s.* 束 (묵을—*속) A bundle—as of wood. A sheaf

*단 *s.* 丹病 (붉을—*병) Erysipelas, St. Anthony's fire

딴 *l.* Underlings of the *Potchleung*—the lowest in the detective service. *See* 딱장이; 단한.

딴 *s.* 他 (다를—*타) Another; different. *See* 다른.

*단가 *l.* 短歌 (짤을) (노래) A kind of ditty or song with short quick notes. *See* 선소리.

*단간 *s.* 單間 (홑) (스이) A single *kan*—eight feet square of house room.

*단갈 *l.* 短褐 (짤을) (갈방이 Short clothes worn by low people.

*단거리 *s.* 單衣 (홑 [illegible] 낫—*제) One only—as a suit of clothes.

*단검 *l.* 短劍 (짤을) (칼) A small knife; a small sword

*단결에 *s.* 單刻 (홑 (번 *번) Immediately; without stopping. *See* 단숨에.

*단결ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 團結 (둥글) (민질) To form into a compact body; to amalgamate to combine [illegible] to form [illegible] combination

단골 *s.* A hobby; a mannerism; a habit. An accustomed place.

*관구 *s.* 丹丘 (붉을) (언덕) A post station in Kang won-do.

*단국 *s.* 丹國 (붉을) (나라) Denmark. *See* 덴말국.

단군 *l.* 壇君 (제일 *금) (군수—*군) A [illegible] descendants from the shoulder. A 김군

*단군 *s.* 檀君 (박달) (님군 An ancient King of Korea said to have lived 2000 B.C.—who built his capital on the site of the present city of *Pyong yang*. A post station in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39 03 Long. 126.12

딴그네 *s.* A swing hung on posts—in contrast to one hung from a tree.

단근질ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To brand with a red hot iron

*단금 *l.* 短琴 (짤을 (거문고) A small native guitar.

*단금 *l.* 斷金 (끈흘) (쇠) Intimacy; [illegible] friendship; warm friendship.

*단금지교 *l.* 斷金之交 (끈흘) (쇠) (갈) (사괼) A bosom friend.

*단기 *s.* 單騎 (홑) (몰) Riding alone.

*단기 *s.* 單技 (홑) (재주) A single [illegible] ty—as of a candidate for examination. *See* 단방.

*단기 *s.* 單個 (홑) (낱) One only—as a suit of clothes. *See* 단거리.

*단컨 *s.* 單卷 (홑) (칠) A single volume.

단내 *l.* A smell of something burnt.

*단념ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 斷念 (끈흘) (싱각) To make up [illegible] to arrive at an unchangeable decision; to be resolved.

*단념산 *s.* 單寧酸 (홑) (편안) (실) Acidum Tannicum

*단념산액 *s.* 單寧酸液 (홑) (편안) (실) (진) Liquor Acidi Tannici

*단단상약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 斷斷相約 (끈흘) (서로) (언약) To form a firm contract. *See* 퇴약ᄒᆞ다.

단대목 *n.* The last day of the 12th moon.

*단면 *n.* 丹田 (붉을) (밭) The part of the abdomen a few inches below the navel

*단명 *n.* 丹頂 (붉을) (이마) The Sacred crane. *Grus Japonensis.*

*단명어부 *l.* 短綆漁夫 (짧을) (비) (고기잡을) (지어비) Fishermen who work from small boats

*단명코 *l.* 斷定 (끊을) (정할) Assuredly, certainly. *See* 명명코.

*단도 *l.* 短刀 (짧을) (칼) A small knife; small sword.

*단독 *n.* 丹毒 (붉을) (독할) Erysipelas; St Anthony's fire. A boil with red top.

*단독일신 *n.* 單獨一身 (홑) (홀로) (한) (몸) One's self having no family. A stranger; away from friends and relatives. *See* 친척단신

*단독하다 單獨 (홑) (홀로) To be alone to act by one's self; to be solitary

단동치기 *n.* Living from hand to mouth.

*단락 *n.* 段落 (조각) (떨어질) A section; a paragraph; a chapter; a step taken in the execution of one's work

*단란 *n.* 團欒 (둥글) (둥글) Making a group; sitting around a table; as a family.

*단란지락 *n.* 團欒之樂 (둥글) (둥글) (갈) (즐거울) Domestic joys; the delights of the family circle

*단련하다 *v.* 鍛鍊 (단련할) (련할) To work as metal; to bring to perfection; to suffer hardship. To be drummed for debt. *See* 련단하다

*단령 *n.* 團領 (둥글) 옷깃 An official coat with a wide collar

*단령 *n.* 丹嶺 (붉을) (고개) A post station in Chol la-do.

*단림 *n.* 丹林 (붉을) (수풀) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*단망 *n.* 單望 (홑) (바랄) A single hope, as only 1 person A single candidate for office.

*단망하다 *l.* 斷望 (끊을) (바랄) To despair of; to lose hope. *See* 실망하다.

*단면도 *n.* 端面圖 (끝) (낯) (그림) End view

*단명수 *n.* 單名數 (홑) (이름) (두어) A simple number.

*단명하다 *l.* 短命 (짧을) (목숨) To die young; to die prematurely. *See* 단수하다.

*단목 *n.* 丹木 (붉을) (나무) Brazilwood used for red dye.

*단문당 *n.* 段文堂 (조각) (글월) (집) A. D. 1745-1817 A profound scholar, critic, and theologist.

단문하다 *l.* 短文 (짧을) (글) To be destitute of learning; to lack an education. *See* 무식하다.

단물나다 *n.* 물나다 단 To be worn; to be nearly used up—of clothes.

단박 *n.* A single time; just once.

*단발문신하다 *l.* 斷髮文身 (끊을) (터럭) (글월) (몸) To cut off the hair and paint the body—as do the savages

단발하다 *l.* 斷髮 (끊을) (터럭) To cut off one's hair

*단방 *n.* 單放 (홑) (노흘) A single shot; a single time. *See* 일방.

단방 單方 (홑) (모) A receipt; a necessary medicine. *See* 즉효.

*단방치기 *n.* 單放 (홑) (노흘) One shot of a gun.

*단방하다 *l.* 斷房 (끊을) (방) To live apart—as husband and wife. *See* 신석하다.

*단번 *n.* 單番 (홑) (번) A single time; just once. *See* 대번.

*단벌 *n.* 單件 (홑) (벌 *건) A single one—of clothes, suits etc. *See* 홑벌.

*단변리법 *n.* 單邊利法 (홑) (가) (리로) (법) Simple interest.

*단병접전 *l.* 短兵接戰 (짧을) (병장기) (붙을) (싸울) Hand to hand fight with short swords.

*단복고창 *n.* 單腹鼓脹 (홑) (배) (북) (고창) Dropsy of the abdomen.

*단봉타 *n.* 單峰駝 (홑) (봉오리) (약대) A camel with one hump. *See* 쌍봉타. *Opp.* 쌍봉타.

*단불요덕 *l.* 斷不饒貸 (끊을) (아닐) (넉넉) (빌릴) Deciding without consideration or mercy; carrying out without leniency

단비 *n.* 單比 (홑) (견줄) Simple ratio. *Opp.* 복비

단비례 單比例 (홑) (견줄) (법례) Simple proportion. *Opp.* 복비례.

*단백 *n.* 蛋白 (계란) (흰) Albumen.

*단백교 *n.* 蛋白膠 (계란) (흰) (오줌) Albuminura

*단백액 *n.* 蛋白液 (계란) (흰) (진) Liquid Albumen.

*단사 *n.* 丹砂 (붉을) (모래) Cinnabar.

*단산호다 f. 斷産 (끈흘) (날) To pass the time of life—for childbirth.

*단삼 s. 單衫 (홑) (적삼) Garment of a single thickness, a single undergarment.

*단석호다 s. 袒裼 (메일) (메일) To expose one's person; to take off one's clothes. M

단세 f. 但稅 (다만) (구실) Single tax. *See* 균단.

단셩 s. 丹城 (붉을) (재) A prefecture in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 38.10 Long. 128.06.

*단셩 s. 丹誠 (붉을) (정성) A faithful mind. *See* 단심.

단셩식 s. 段成式 (층) (이룰) (법) D. A. D. 863. A noted writer.

단소리 s. Useless words not to the point

*단속곳 s. 單束衣 (홑) (속—*리) (옷—*의) Underwear worn by women

*단속호다 s. 團束 (둥글) (묵글) To keep in order; to coerce

*단쇼 f. 短簫 (짧을) (통쇼) A bamboo clarionet. (불다)

단쇽 s. 緞屬 (비단) (붓칠) Silken goods.

*단수 s. 單數 (홑) (두어) One way only; a single move. *Opp.* 복수.

단숨에 s. In a breath, at once. *See* 호숨에.

*단슈호다 f. 短壽 (짧을) (목숨) To die young; to die prematurely. *See* 단명호다.

*단슌 s. 丹脣 (붉을) (입술) Red lips.

*단승법 s. 單乘法 (홑) (곱) (법) Short multiplication.

*단시졈 f. 斷時占 (끈흘) (때) (졈칠) "Time" divination

*단식 s. 單式 (홑) (법) Simple expression. (Math.)

*단식긔계 s. 單式器機 (홑) (법) (그릇) (긔계) Simple machines.

*단신 s. 單身 (홑) (몸 One person; alone; single-handed; one's own body.

*단심 s. 丹心 (붉을) (마음) A true and pure heart; sincerity, sincere; true.

*단심곡션 s. 單心曲線 (홑) (마음) (굽을) (줄) Simple curve. (Math.)

*단소 s. 單食 (대그릇) (밥) A dish of food. (M.)

단소자리 s. Marks left on the body of a criminal—from the "red rope."

*단소호장 s. 單食盛器 (대그릇) (먹을) (벌) (장) Dishes of food. (M.)

*단속 [illegible] 붉은빗.

*단야 s. 單蛾 (홑) (나뷔) Career of the throat. *Opp* 쌍아. *See* 인후병.

단야호다 s. 端雅 (단정홀) (몰을) To be dignified and refined; to be pure and upright. *See* 단경호다.

*단약 s. 丹藥 (붉을) (뫼무리) A mountain in Chol la-do. Lat. 35.08 Long. 126.44.

*단애 f. 斷崖 (끈흘) (언덕) A precipitous Cliff.

*단안 f. 斷案 (끈흘) (칙상) An opinion formed with deliberation; a decision; conclusions.

*단역 s. 丹驛 (붉을, 바회) A post station in Chol la do

*단야 f. 短夜 (짧을) (밤) Short nights.

*단약 s. 丹藥 (붉을) (약) Ointment, medicine prepared in the form of paste.

*단양 s. 丹陽 (붉을) (볕) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.58 Long. 128.00.

*단어 f. 短語 (짧을) (말숨) One word; a single word; short sentences. *Opp.* 장어.

*단엄호다 s. 端嚴 (엇) (엄홀) To be strict; to be severe; to be rigorous. To be [illegible] to be grave.

단연긔 斷烟會 (끈흘) (연긔) (모흘) A prohibition-tobacco society. *See* 계연회; 금연회.

*단연호다 f. 斷烟 (끈흘) (연긔) To cut off the use of tobacco.

*단오 s. 端午 (엇) (낫) The 5th day of the 5th moon—the Dragon Festival.

*단위 s. 單位 (홑) (벼슬) A unit (Math.)

*단은 s. 段 (조각 *단) A noun ending corresponding to the opposition case. As for that; such being so.

*단일 s. 單一 (홑) (호) Simple, not complex.

*단일긔계 s. 單一機械 (홑) (호) (긔) (계) Simple machine.

*단일진조 s. 單一振子 (홑) (호) (쩔칠) (아들) Simple pendulum.

*단일단운동 s. 單一振運動 [illegible] 움직임 [illegible]

단일 s. Garters' ankle strings. (치다) (매다

단자스럽다 f. 러워 ; 운 To be stingy; to be avaricious. To be dirty; to be foul. *See* 부살맛다.

*단잔 s. 單盞 (홑) (잔) A single glass.

단잠 s. A sound sleep—that lasts all night. (들다) (깨다).

단장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 粧 (단장 -*장) To dress and do up the hair—of women.

단장목 *s.* A lever—used in the torture of criminals.

*단장적구ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 斷章摘句 (단장) (적구) (끌칙) (글귀, To select passages as from the classics. *See* 심장적구ᄒᆞ다.

단전 *s.* Useless words. (보다).

*단절긔 *l.* 斷絕器 (단졀) (단졀) (그릇) An interrupter.

*단절치륜 *l.* 斷絕齒輪 (단졀) (단졀) (니) (박회) An interruption wheel.

*단제 *s.* 單除 (홀) (졔홀) Short divison. (Math.)

*단제법 *s.* 單除法 (홀) (졔홀) (법) Short divison (Math.)

*단졍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 端正 (똣) (바를) To be correct; to be upright. To be gentle. *See* 품행ᄒᆞ다.

단족치다 *s.* 족쳐; 치 To trip up; to upset. *See* 가로단족한다.

*단쥬 *s.* 丹朱 (붉을) (붉을) B. C. 2357. The son of Yo the famous emperor of Antiquity.

*단쥼젹교역 *s.* 單仲談交易 (홀) (버금) (마르질) (사괼) (밧꿀) Simple arbit of exchange (Math.)

단지 *s.* 小缸 (작을—*쇼) (항아리 -*항) An earthenware jar. *See* 항아리.

*단지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 斷指 (끈흘) (손가락) To cut off a finger—in order to feed a sick parent on the blood. (A primal act of filial piety).

*단즈 *l.* 短字 (짤을) (글즈) Single words.

*단즈 *s.* 單子 (홀) (아돌) A document of a single sheet; a list; a bill; a memo. (결다). *See* 현경.

*단좌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 端坐 (똣) (안질) To sit in the proper manner.

*단좌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 團坐 (둥굴) (안질) To sit round in a circle.

*단찰 *l.* 短札 (짤을) (편지) A short letter.

*단창 *l.* 短槍 (짤을) (총) A pistol; a short gun; a spear with a short handle.

*단쳐 *l.* 短處 (짤을) (곳) A shortcoming; a fault. (잘다). *See* 허물.

*단쳑 *l.* 短尺 (짤을) (자) A short yard-stick.

*단쳔 *s.* 端川 (똣) (내) A prefect in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 40.47 Long. 129.05.

*단청 *s.* 丹靑 (붉을) (푸를) Painting. *See* 치식.

*단청회 *s.* 丹靑繪 (붉을) (푸를) (그림) A beautifully coloured picture.

*단청ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 丹靑 (붉을) (푸를) To paint. *See* 치식ᄒᆞ다.

*단총 *l.* 短銃 (짤을) (총) A pistol; a short gun. *See* 단창.

단츌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 簡略 (간략홀—*간) (간략홀—*략) To be terse; to be limited—in retinue, servants etc. *See* 간략ᄒᆞ다.

*단취력 *s.* 團聚力 (둥굴) (모들) 힘) United strength; strength of union. 단합력; 단결력

*단취ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 團聚 (둥굴) (모들) To collect together; to assemble; to meet together.

*단텰 *s.* 鍛鐵 (단련홀) (쇠) Wrought iron.

*단텰강화수락시염 *s.* 單鐵鋼化 (홀) (쇠) (강화) 될) .. Polassh Ferrocyanidum.

*단텰장 *s.* 鍛鐵場 (단련홀) (쇠) (마당) A foundery; smithy, a black-smith's work-shop.

단퇴 *s.* 大利 (큰—*대) (리홀—*리) A sudden gain; great profits in a single bargain. (내다).

단퇴나다 *s.* 大得利 (큰 -*대) (엇을—*득) (리홀—*리) 서; 난 To make great profits on a single deal.

단둉 *s.* Immediately; at once. *See* 단판.

*단파 *s.* 丹波 (붉을) (물결) Tamba in Japan.

*단파의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 單題意 (홀) (파홀) (뜻) To drop the matter with a single word.

*단판 *s.* 單板 (홀) (판) One time only; a single round; one game.

단판씨름 *s.* A single round of wrestling—one trial only.

*단평 *s.* 丹平 (붉을) (평홀) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do.

*단풍 *s.* 丹楓 (붉을) (단풍나무) The maple. Autumn leaves. (들다).

*단풍나무 *s.* 丹楓木 (붉을) (단풍나무) (나무—*목) The maple tree.

단한 *l.* The lowest of the prison underlings. *See* 거지.

*단향 *s.* 檀香 (박달) (향긔) Sandalwood.

*단향목 *s.* 檀香木 (박달) (향긔) (나무) Sandalwood.

*단향산 *s.* 檀香山 (박달) (향긔) (뫼) The Sandwich Islands. *See* 포와도.

단홍아시 A married couple—having no children.

*단쥬 *s.* 丹後 (붉을) (뒤) Tango, Japan.

*단ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 短 (짤을) To be narrow-minded.

*달 *s.* 獺 (슈달) The otter.

달 *s.* 蓼 (갈 -*경) Reeds. *See* 갈.

*달싹 *s.* With a rattle; with a clatter.

달각거리다 s. 거리; 린 To rattle; to clatter.

달각달각ᄒᆞ다 s. To clatter; to rattle. *See* 덜걱덜걱ᄒᆞ다.

달싹달싹ᄒᆞ다 s. To clatter; to rattle; to shake. *See* 덜걱덜걱ᄒᆞ다.

달각발이 s. A gentleman in wooden shoes—an abusive name given to the poor nobility

*달각산 s. 達角山 (즁달 *각 *산) A mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 40 11 Long 125.31.

달개집 s. A projection added to a house.

달강달강ᄒᆞ다 s. With a rattle; with a clatter. *See* 달근달근ᄒᆞ다

*달게 s. 達揭 (즁달) (시내) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

달구지 s. 車 (수레 -*차) A cart.

달구질ᄒᆞ다 s. 拯 (다질 *구) To pound; to beat down

달근달근히 s. In a way to serve one right; gratefully.

달근달근ᄒᆞ다 s. To contract a liking for; to suit the taste. To rattle. *See* 달강달강ᄒᆞ다

달금쌉살ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sweet and bitterish.

달금시금ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sweet and sourish.

*달기 s. 妲己 (계집) (롬) The name of a famous Chinese woman who died 1122 B. C.

*달판ᄒᆞ다 s. 達辦 (즁달) (분) To be widely travelled; to have seen much.

달나다 /. 請 (청홀—*청) 나여; 난 To ask; to request; to demand; to beg. *See* 구청ᄒᆞ다. To give; to bestow; to help.

달낭달낭 s. Rattling; clattering. *See* 덜넝덜넝ᄒᆞ다.

달내 s. For other reasons.

달녀들다 s. 跳入 (뛰—*도) (들—*입) 여; 든 To pounce on; to spring upon; to attack. *See* 덤비다

달뇌 s. Wild onions. *Also* 달닉.

달니 s. Otherwise; in some other way. *See* 다르게.

달니다 s. 달여; 닌 To be rubbed; to be worn. To rub, to wear down.

달니다 s. 掛 (걸 *패) 달녀; 닌 To be hanged. To depend on others.

달니다 s. 驟 (달릴 *처) 달녀; 닌 To go at a gallop.

달닉 s. Wild onions.

달니다 s. 誘 (달릴—*유) 여; 닌 To cajole; to allure; to entice.

달다 s. 稱 (저울 *칭) 야; 단 To weigh; to weigh in a balance.

달다 s. 懸 (달—*현) 야; 단 To hang; to hoist—as a sail. *See* 매달다.

달다 / 熱 (더울 *열) 야; 단 To be hot, to be feverish. To be burnt; to be scorched.

달달 /. s. Stirring; creating a confusion. *See* 들들.

달달 s. /. Rattling—of wheels.

*달도 s. 達島 (즁달) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.17 Long. 126 09.

*달도ᄒᆞ다 s. 達道 (즁달) (길) To do according to the principles of right action, to understand the "Doctrine."

달뜨다 /. 心浮 (무옴—*심) (들—*부) 달떠; 뜬 To be restless in heart. *See* 들뜨다

*달랑 s. 達梁 (즁달) (돗처) A naval station in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.24 Long. 126.39.

*달련 s. 達練 (즁달) (련단홀) Experience; practice.

*달련ᄒᆞ다 s. 達練 (즁달) (련단홀) To be well versed in; to know thoroughly; to be experienced.

*달마 s. 達摩 (즁달) (모질) The celebrated prince and priest of South India who first taught the doctrines of Buddha in China; Dharma.

*달마 s. 達馬 (즁달) (물) A large horse.

*달마존ᄌᆞ s. 達摩尊子 (즁달 *모질) (놉흘) (아들) His Excellency Dharma. (Budd.)

달막달막 s. Shaking; moving. *See* 들먹들먹ᄒᆞ다.

달막이다 s. 動; 인 To stir; to move (v. t.)

달보 s. A dissipated character; a penniless rake. *See* 건달.

달싹 s. Bending forward.

달싹달싹 s. Moving up and down. *See* 들식들식

*달사 s. 達士 (즁달 션비) An adept, a expert, a connoisseur.

달아보다 s. 稱量 (저울 *칭) (헤아릴—*량) 아; 본 To weigh; to test by weighing

*달야ᄒᆞ다 s. 達夜 (즁달) 밤 To pass the night awake. *See* 경야ᄒᆞ다

달울울 s. Rolling; running.

*달인 s. 達人 (즁달) 사ᄅᆞᆷ) An adept, a expert; a connoisseur. *See* 달사

*달쥬 s. 達州 즁달 고을 A post station

in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.59 Long. 127.44.

달조 *s.* The name of a kind of fish.

달착지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sweetish.

*달찰 *s.* 達察 (통달) (찰) Formerly the Governor of Kyong-sang do, who resided in Taiku. *See* 경상감소.

*달초ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 達招 (초달) (회초리) To beat on the calves of the legs.

달하 *s.* 爛 (해여질—*폐) 하; 흔 To be worn; to be rubbed.

*달통ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 達通 (통달) (통ᄒᆞᆫ) To understand clearly; to be well acquainted with. *See* 능통ᄒᆞ다.

달팡이 *s.* 蝸 (*와) A snail.

달풀 *s.* 蘆花 (갈—*로) (꽃—*화) Reed grass flowers.

*달현산 ᄉᆞ 達賢山 (통달) (어질) (외) A mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 40.13 Long. 125.23.

*달효 *s.* 達孝 (통달) (효도) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*달ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 達 (통달) To reach to; to arrive at.

닭우다 *s.* 燥 (녹을 *삭) 워; 운 To heat—metal; to make red hot.

닮다 *s.* 緣肖 (오직 *유) (ᄀᆞᆮᄒᆞᆫ—*초) 아; 은 To take after; to be like.

*담 *l.* 毯 (담) Felts; droggets.

담 *s.* 墻 (*장) An outside wall; a wall. (싸다). *See* 장원.

*담 *l.* 痰 (담) Phlegm. Consumption; phthisis.

담 *l.* Syphilis. (먹다).

*담 *l.* 膽 (쓸기) The gall—supposed to be the seat of courage; courage. *See* 열.

담그다 *s.* 沉 (좀길—*청) 담거; 근 To soak. *Also* 담으다.

*담긔 *l.* 膽氣 (쓸기) (긔운) Courage.

담기다 *s.* 盛 (담을—*셩) 담겨; 긴 To be put in—a dish, basket etc.

*담낭 *l.* 膽囊 (쓸기) (줌어니) The gall bladder.

담다 *l.* 盛 (담을—*셩) 아; 은 To put in; to fill into—a dish, basket etc.

담담ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To have the mouth closed; to be silent.

*담담ᄒᆞ다 *l* 淡淡 (묽을) (묽을) To be fresh and clear. *See* 담박ᄒᆞ다.

*담대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 膽大 (쓸기) (큰) To be courageous, to be brave. *See* 무겁ᄒᆞ다.

*담당ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擔當 (메일) (맛당) To take the responsibility of; to bear; to put up with. *See* 안당ᄒᆞ다.

*담력 *l.* 膽力 (쓸기) (지락) Energy and resource *See* 지락.

*담력 *l.* 膽力 (쓸기) (심) Courage, valour

*담론ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 談論 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (의론) To discuss, to talk over. *See* 의론ᄒᆞ다.

*담미 *l* 淡味 (묽을) 맛) Plain or simple taste.

담쑥 *s.* With a squeeze.

담쑥담쑥 *s.* Squeezing, picking up; scooping up. *See* 셈쑥셈쑥.

*담박ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淡泊 (묽을) (묽을) To be pure; to be neat; to be clean; to be frugal. *See* 아담ᄒᆞ다.

담방거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be frivolous, to be careless. (Dim.)

담방담방ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be frivolous; to be careless. (Dim.)

담벼락 *s.* 壁 (벽—*벽) A wall; a partition.

*담보 *s.* 擔保 (메일) (보젼) Security; a guarantee.

*담보ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擔保 (메일) (보젼) To go security; to give a guarantee.

*담복 *s.* 禫服 (담제) (옷) A half sackcloth dress—worn after full mourning.

*담부지역 *s* 擔負之役 (메일) (질) (갈) (역ᄉᆞ) Carrying trade; the work of a coolie porter.

담북장 *s* 新醬 (새 *신) (장—*장) Unseasoned soy; weak soy.

담불 *s.* 囤 (쌀가—*ᄎᆞᆫ) A heap; a pile—as of grain in bags.

담불 *s.* Ten years old—of animals.

*담붓침 *l.* 痰不針 (담) (아닐) (바눌) Acupuncture is not resorted to in cases of consumption.

담뷔 *s.* 貛 (*환) The badger. A creature said to devour cats.

담비 *l.* 南草 (남녁—*남) (풀—*초) Tobacco (먹다) (디긔) *See* 연초

담비대 *l.* 烟竹 (연긔—*연) (대—*쥭) A tobacco-pipe. *See* 연쥭.

담비먹다 *l.* 喫烟 (먹을—*긱) (연긔—*연) 어; 은 To smoke tobacco.

담비쌈지 *l.* A pocket—as for tobacco.

담비칼 *l.* A knife—as for cutting the tobacco.

담싹 *s.* With a squeeze. *See* 담쑥.

담싹담싹 *s.* Squeezing; scooping.

담샹담샹 *s.* Scattered; wide apart.

*담소ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淡素 (묽을) (흴) Insipid food; coarse food.

*담소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 談笑 (말숨) (우슴) To talk and laugh; to have a merry time.

*담쇼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 膽小 (쓸기) (젹을) To be cowardly; to be craven hearted. *See* 심약ᄒᆞ다

담쑥 *s.* Catching; snatching.

담쑥담쑥 *s.* Catching, snatching. Wide apart.

*담슈 / 痰嗽 (담) (기침) Consumption and rheumatism.

*담스 / 禫祭 (담제) (제ᄉᆞ Anniversary) A sacrifice one hundred days after putting off full mourning. *See* 담제.

*담식 / 淡色 (묽을) (빗) Light or thin colour.

*담샹 *s.* 潭陽 (못) (볏) A prefect in Chulla; Lat.; Tchang Tcho'.

*담연 *l.* 淡烟 (묽을) (연긔) Thin mist; light vapour.

*담연 / 痰涎 (담) (춤) Phlegm.

*담연ᄒᆞ다 / 淡然 (묽을 그ᄅᆞ) To be light or thin—of colour; to be dim or obscure—of things.

*담요 *l.* 毯蓐 (담요) (요) A felt rug; a hair mattress.

담오다 *s.* 淫 (즘길—*칭) 담아; 은 To soak; to put in water; to salt down—as pickle, fish etc. to temper—metal.

담은담은 *s.* Scattered; wide apart. Slowly; in a measured way. *See* 듬은듬은ᄒᆞ다.

담울다 *s.* 담어; 은 To close the mouth.

담은ᄀᆞᆫ 記憶 (긔ᄃᆞᆨ—*긔, 긔ᄂᆞᆷᄒᆞᆫ—*ᄎᆞ Memory (Prov.) *See* 긴일ᄎᆞ; 긔억지심.

담어씨우다 *s.* 씌워; 운 To blame one for the fault of another; to make responsible.

*담임 *s.* 擔任 (메일) (맛흘) Charge of an affair. (식히다).

*담임ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擔任 (메일) 맛흘) To undertake; to bear; to sustain; to be responsible for. *See* 담당ᄒᆞ다.

*담익 *l.* 痰液 (담) (진) Phlegm. *See* 담연.

*담월 *l.* 淡月 (묽을) (돌) A slightly clouded moon.

*담장 *l.* 澹粧 (묽을) (단장) Powdering the face thinly.

담장이 *s.* 墻匠 (담 *장) (장인—*장) A wall builder. *See* 미장이.

담장이 / A person diseased with syphilis.

담장이 *s.* 藉石 (붓칠 -*력) (돌 -*셕) *Ficus pumila*—as found on rocks.

*담제 *l.* 禫祭 (담제) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice three months after putting off full mourning. (지내다). *See* 담ᄉᆞ.

*담종 *l.* 痰症 (담) (증셰) Scrofula.

*담즙 / 膽汁 (쓸기) (즘ᄇᆞᆯ) Bile

*담증 *l.* 痰症 (담) (증셰) Consumption; phthisis.

*담체 *l.* 淡滯 (담) (걸ᄂᆞᆯ) Dyspepsia brought on by cold or phlegm in the throat.

*담ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擔銃 (메일) (총) To shoulder a gun.

*담칙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擔責 (메이) (ᄭᅮ지질) To be security for; to give a guarantee.

담틀 *s.* 墻幔 (담—*장) (틀—*긔) A frame used in building mud walls.

*담판 / 談判 (말숨) (판단) Discussion; deliberation, negotiation; conference.

*담판ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 談判 (말숨) (판단) To examine judicially; to decide officially.

*담판ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 談判 (말숨) (판단) To deliberate; to confer; to negotiate.

*담홍 *l.* 淡紅 (묽을) (붉을) Light red.

*담홍식 *l.* 淡紅色 (묽을) (붉을) (빗) A light red color.

*담ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淡 (묽을) To be handsome and substantial. *See* 아담ᄒᆞ다.

*담히 / 痰咳 (담) (기칭) A cough accompanied by expectoration.

*담히 *l.* 痰核 (담) (씨) A lump or small growth on the body.

*담화 *s.* 談話 (말숨) (말숨) Conversation; talk.

*담화ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 談話 (말숨) (말숨) To converse.

*답 *s.* 畓 (논) Paddy-fields—in reference to taxation.

*답가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 踏歌 (붉을) (노래) To dance and sing.

*답장 *s.* 答狀 (ᄃᆡ답) (편지) A reply letter. (Hon.) *See* 답장.

*답제 *s.* 踏堤 붉을 (ᄉᆡ내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*답포 *s.* 畓庫 (논) (고집—*고) A rice flat in reckoning government records.

*답교ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 踏橋 (붉을) (ᄃᆞ리) To "walk the bridges"—on the evening of the 15th of the 1st moon.

답다 / 다와; 운 To be becoming; to be

so. A verbal ending—having the force of "able," "like."

*답답ᄒᆞ다 s. 答沓 (답답ᄒᆞᆯ) (답답ᄒᆞᆯ) To be uneasy; to be anxious; to be oppressed. To be dilatory; to be tantalizing. *See* 옴옴ᄒᆞ다.

*답언 s. 答電 (더답) (번기) A reply telegram. *See* 회답.

*답례 s. 答禮 (더답) (례도) Saluting in reply.

*답례ᄒᆞ다 v. 答禮 (더답) (례도) To salute in reply

*답례ᄒᆞ다 v. 答禮 (더답) (례도) To return presents or salutations. *See* 회샤.

*답보 s. 答報 (더답) (갑흘) A written answer.

*답보ᄒᆞ다 s. 答報 (더답) (갑흘) To reply in writing; to give a written answer.

*답박 s. 答薄 (더답) (젊) Courteous treatment; hospitable entertainment.

답싸리 s. 地膚草 (짱—*디) (살—*부) (풀—*초) A bush from the twigs of which brooms are made.

답싹이 s. Sweeping; rubbish. *See* 모닥이.

*답산ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏山 (붑을) (외) To make a tour of inspection over the hills—for a grave site. *See* 구산ᄒᆞ다.

*답셔 s. 答書 (더답) (글) A written reply; a reply note. *See* 답장.

답싹이 s. Sweepings; rubbish.

*답설ᄒᆞ다 踏雪 (붑을) (눈) To walk in the snow.

*답소 s. 答辭 (더답) (말숨) Words spoken or written in reply; an answer.

*답소ᄒᆞ다 s. 答辭 (더답) (말숨) To reply; to present an answer in speaking.

*답인ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏印 (붑을) (인칠) To stamp; to mark—with a seal. *See* 타인ᄒᆞ다.

*답월ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏月 (붑을) (둘) To walk by moonlight.

*답장 s. 答狀 (더답) (글월) A reply letter, a written reply. *See* 소답.

*답조회 s. 答照會 (더답) (빗초일) (모들) An official reply.

*답조회ᄒᆞ다 v. 答照會 (더답) (빗초일) (모들) To reply officially

*답쥬 s. 畓主 (논) (님) The owner of paddy-fields. *Opp.* 작인.

답지못ᄒᆞ다 / 不當 (아닐—*불) (맛당—*당) To be unbecoming; to be unseemly; to be out of place.

*답지ᄒᆞ다 s. 遝至 (섞길) (니를) To come in great number.

*답청ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏青 (붑을) (푸를) To ramble over the green (fields); to go picnicking.

답품ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏品 (붑을) (품수) To walk over for inspection—as land to be bought.

닷 s. 五 (다섯—*오) Five—adjective form. *See* 오.

닷 s. 錨 (닷—*묘) An anchor. (주다) (감다).

닷가지 s. Anchor hooks.

닷감다 s. 아; 은 To weigh anchor. *Opp.* 닷주다. To break off, to stop; to give up.

닷곱장님 s. A short-sighted person.

닷다 s. 走 (다라날—*주) 다라; 른 To run.

닷다 s. 閉 (닷을—*폐) 아; 은 To shut; to close—a door, gate etc. *Opp.* 열다. (닷치다).

닷다 t. 搥 (다질—*구) 닷아; 은 To pound; to beat; to hammer.

닷닷ᄒᆞ다 s. To be warm. *See* 뜻뜻ᄒᆞ다.

닷돌 s. An anchor stone—used as a sinker.

닷독갑 s. An iron hook on an anchor; a wooden anchor fluke.

닷떠 s. An anchor buoy.

닷세ᄒᆞ다 s. To reverse the anchor to suit the tide.

닷식 s. 五日 (다섯—*오) (날—*일) Five days; the 5th of the moon.

닷쉿날 s. 第五日 (차데—*제) (다섯 *오) (날—*일) The fifth, fifteenth on twenty fifth day.

닷장 s. A wooden anchor-stock.

닷저구리 s. 啄木鳥 (즈을—*탁) (나무 *목) (새—*됴) A wood pecker.

닷주다 v. 放錨 (노흘—*방) (닷—*묘) 어; 은 To drop anchor. *Opp.* 닷감다.

닷줄 s. 纜 (*람) An anchor rope. (쏘다) (드리다).

닷채 s. A wooden anchor-shank.

닷치다 s. 傷 (상흘—*상) 닷쳐; 친 To strike against; to run against; to be hurt by; to be wounded by.

닷치다 s. 閉 (닷을—*폐) 닷쳐 친 To shut; to close—a door, gate *Opp.* 열니다.

닷하 s. 綢疋 (엑글—*편) (필혁—*발) 싸하; 은 To plait; to braid.

닷하 s. 다하; 은 To rely on; to depend on—as on those in authority. To meet—as misfortune bad luck etc.

대 *s.* 竹 (*죽) A bamboo. The numerative of stalks, long objects etc. *See* 총대.

대 *s* 烟竹 (연죽—*죽) (대—*두) A pipe. Pr v.) *See* 담뱃대.

때 *s.* 時 (*시) Time; times. *See* 시.

*대가 *l.* 大駕 (군) (명예) The king's chair.

*대가 *l.* 大家 (군) (집) A wealthy or noble family; a large house.

대가리 *s.* 頭 (머리—*두) The head of animals—applied opprobriously to man. *See* 대구리.

*대가씨 *s* 大加[illegible] 는 더울 강시 [illegible] 시 An island in Chol-la do [illegible] Long. 126.30.

대까지 *s.* A small bamboo. A crested lark.

*대각 *l.* 大角 (군) (뿔) Large horns.

*대각두 *l.* 大角豆 (군) (열) (팟) A long-bean, *Dolichos umbellatus.*

*대각봉 *l.* 大角峯 (군) (뿔) (외봉오리) A naval station in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 41.45 Long. 129.44.

*대간 *l.* 大簡 (군) (편지) The letter of the literati.

*대간 *l.* 大奸 (군) (간사) A plausible villain; treacherous and wicked.

*대감 *l.* 大監 (군) (본) "Your Excellency"—in addressing officers of the 1st and 2nd degrees. *See* 령감.

*대개 *l.* 大槪 (군) 대개 [illegible] [illegible] ing; for the most part. For—used as an introductory word. *See* 대강.

*대개 *l.* 大介 (군) (물) A coat of mail. (B.O.)

*대강 *l.* 大綱 (군) (벼리) In short; generally; the chief points. *See* 대총.

*대강 *l.* 大江 (군) (물) A great river. *See* 경강.

*대강 *l.* 大康 (군) (편안) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*대강남 / 大綱[illegible] 군 [illegible] (거느릴 [illegible] bond; a connecting line; the main idea or principle which runs through and connects all the parts. A abstract. *See* 대두리

대강이 *s.* 頭 (*로) The head—of animals. (An abusive term) *See* 대가리.

*대거하다 / 大擧 (군) (들) To attack with a large army.

때꺼거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To rattle; to crash; to clatter.

대찍 *s.* With a rattle; with a clatter.

때껄때껄하다 *s.* To rattle; to clatter; to clash together.

*대겁하다 *l.* 大怯 (군) (겁홀) To be a great coward; to be craven.

*대격 *l.* 大格 (군) (격식) An expression used in dominoes.

*대경 *l.* 大慶 (군) (경사) Great joy.

*대경대법 / 大經大法 [illegible] 글 [illegible] 법 Great or essential laws or rules. *See* 원경리경

*대경소괴하다 / 大驚小怪 [illegible], 놀남, (저울) (괴이홀) To be startled and amazed. *See* 발신발의.

*대경실색하다 *l.* 大驚失色 (군) (놀남) (잃 [illegible] 빛 To turn pale—from fear. *See* 혼비빅산하다.

*대경장하다 *l.* 大更張 (군) (곳칠) (베풀) To reconstruct anew; to change altogether.

대고 *l.* (구) Persistently; unceasingly.

*대고 *l.* 大故 (군) (연고) The death of father or mother.

*대고모 *l.* 大姑母 (군) (할미) (어미) A paternal grandaunt.

*대곡 *l.* 大斛 (군) (휘) Dry measure.

대뚝 *s.* With a snap—of something breaking. (Prov.)

*대곤 *s.* 大棍 (군) (곤장) A large paddle for beating criminals. *See* 치도곤.

*대곳목 *l.* 大串牧 (군) (곳치—*관) (칠) A post station in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39 40 Long. 124. 49.

*대괴 *l.* 大塊 (군) (흙덩이) A large mass—this world.

*대공 *l.* 大功 (군) (공) Great merit; meritorious service. Mourning for brothers, sisters etc.—worn for 9 months.

대공 *s.* 柱 (*절) A pillar; a support.

*대구 *s.* 大口 (군) (입) The codfish. *Morrhua*

*대구 *l.* 大邱 (군) (언덕) A district in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.74 Long. 12[illegible]

대구리 *s.* 頭 (머리—*두) The head. (Low). *See* 머리.

*대국 *l.* 大國 (군) (나라) Formerly the Great Kingdom—China. A powerful kingdom. *Opp.* 소국.

*대군 *l.* 大君 (군) (님군) A great lord, or monarch, a title presumptuously assumed by the Tokugawa Shōgun in his diplomacy.

*대군 *l.* 大軍 (군) (군사) Troops under direct command of the king. A large army.

*대군 *l.* 大君 (군) (님군) A younger son of the queen.

*대군물 *l.* 大軍物 (큰) (군소) (간물) All the weapons and accoutrements of war needed on great occasions.

*대군쥬 *l.* 大君主 (큰) (님군) (님금) A monarch—a respectful term for King or Queen.

대궁 *l.* 大弓 (큰) (활) A large bow.

*대극 *s.* 大戟 (큰) (창) A medicinal plant; a species of *euphorbia*.

대글대글ᄒᆞ다 *s* To be small and round. To roll—of small round objects.

*대금 *l.* 大禁 (큰) (금ᄒᆞᆫ) A strict prohibition; what is prohibited by law (M.)

*대긔 *l.* 大氣 (큰) (긔운) The atmosphere; air.

*대긔 *l.* 大器 (큰) (그릇) A large or capacious vessel. A great genius.

*대긔 *l.* 大忌 (큰) (쓰릴) The third year mourning sacrifice. *See* 대상. *Opp.* 쇼긔. Repugnance.

*대긔치 *l.* 大旗幟 (큰) (긔) (긔) Flags and banners—as seen when a general moves out with an army.

*대긔관ᄉᆞ *l.* 大機關士 (큰) (긔틀) (집) (션비) First Engineer.

*대길 *l.* 大吉 (큰) (길) A village in Pyŏng-an-do Lat. 40.14 Long. 125.25.

*대길ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大吉 (큰) (길ᄒᆞᆯ) To have good luck; to be in great good fortune.

대기 *l.* 箇 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (낫 *-귀) A single piece; one—as a numerative of wooden objects generally.

*대과 *l.* 大過 (큰) (허물) A great error; a serious mistake.

*대과 *l.* 大科 (큰) (과거) Literary examinations for civil office. *Opp.* 쇼과. *See* 급뎨

*대관 *l.* 大官 (큰) (벼슬) A high official; ministers of state.

*대관 *l.* 大關 (큰) (닷울) A mountain in Ky ng keu-do Lat. 37.52 Long. 127.13

*대관령 *l.* 大關嶺 (큰) (닷울) (고ᄀᆡ) A mountain pass in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.46 Long. 128.29.

*대관절 *s.* 大關節 (큰) (계관) (마듸) Assuredly; of primal importance. *See* 원톄강.

*대괄호 *l* 大括弧 (큰) (거들) (활) Brackets [ ]. *See* 중괄호; 쇼괄호.

*대광보국 *l.* 大匡輔國 (큰) (바를) (도울) (나라) An honorary title conferred on Ministers of State. *See* 숨뎍대부.

*대광판 *l* 大廣板 (큰) (넓을) (판ᄌᆞ) Large boards—for coffins.

*대권 *l.* 大權 (큰) (권세) The sovereign rights of a country; chief administrative authority.

*대궐 *l* 大闕 (큰) (대궐) The royal palace, a royal residence. *See* 대닉.

*대난ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (-ᄒᆞᆫ) 大難 (큰) (어려울) To be very difficult, to be exceedingly hard.

*대년호 *s.* 大年號 (큰) (히) (일홈) The honorable style or designation of a King's or Emperor's reign. *Also* 닥년호.

대노름 *s.* An entertainment on a large scale—with dancing girls, music etc.

*대노ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (-ᄂᆞᆫ) 大怒 (큰) (노ᄒᆞᆯ) To be very angry. *See* 진노ᄒᆞ다.

*대농가 *l.* 大農家 (큰) (농ᄉᆞ) (집) A large farmstead.

*대농ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大農 (큰) (농ᄉᆞ) To carry on agriculture on a large scale.

대누리다 *s.* 누려; 린 To shake—as the spirit bamboo, during divination.

*대닉 *l.* 大內 (큰) (안) The royal private quarters in the Palace. *See* 궐닉.

대다 *l.* 여; 낸 To move; to touch. *See* 붓치다 To reckon; to calculate. To tinker; to mend; to solder. To patch up. To make a fire—in the *agang*.

*대단 *l.* 大緞 (큰) (비단) Thick figured satin.

*대단히 *l.* 大端 (큰) (끗) Extremely; excessively; very. *See* 민우.

*대단ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大端 (큰) (끗) To be extreme; to be very great; to be excessive.

*대담ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大談 (큰) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To talk big; to brag; to be pretentious.

세세로 *s.* 時時 (때—*시) (때—*시) Frequently; often; from time to time. *See* 시시로.

*대덕 *l.* 大德 (큰) (큰). Great virtue.

*대덕산 *l* 大德山 (큰) (큰) (뫼) A mountain in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.31 Long. 127.42.

*대뎌 *l.* 大抵 (큰) (대일) Generally speaking; in a word; in short. An introductory word often untranslatable accompanying an exclamation of surprise or an interrogative; for.

*대뎐 *l.* 大殿 (큰) (대궐) "His Majesty"—as used by officials. *See* 상감. *Opp.* 즁뎐.

*대뎐별감 *l.* 大殿別監 (큰) (대궐) (다를)

(불) The Palace servants—who dress in red.

*대명률편 /. 大典通編 (큰)(법)(통할)(역글) The code of Civil Law for Korea.

*대명회통 / 大典會通 (큰)(법)(모들)(통할) The Law for Korea.

*대접 / 大楪 (큰) 접시 A large plate; a platter.

*대제학 /. 大提學 (큰)(쇼을)(비홀) Chancellor of the Royal College of Literature—an officer of the rear rank, 1st degree. *See* 문형.

*대정 /. 大定 (큰)(명홀) Fortune-telling from numbers, the reckoning being based on the Eight Diagrams.

*대정초 *n.* 大丁草 (큰)(장명)(풀) *Gerabera Jnandria.*

*대도 / 大道 (큰) (길) A main-road or highway Great ethical or moral principles.

*대도 /. 大度 (큰) (법도) Large-minded; generosity.

*대도독 /. 大都督 (큰)(도읍)(거누릴) The commander-in-chief of the armies. *See* 대장군, 도원슈.

*대도상 /. 大道上 (큰) (길) (우) (In) the main street or road.

*대도회 /. 大都會 (큰) (도읍) (모들) A large city. *See* 대로판.

대돈 /. 十分 (열—*실) (노홀—*분) Ten cash.

*대동 / 大洞 (큰) (골) A collection of villages. *See* 일동

*대동 / 大同 (큰 ,홀가지) Great similarities. Tax contributions. (빨치다) A post station in Pyong-an-do.

*대동강 /. 大同江 (큰) (홀가지) (물) A river between Whang-hai-do and Pyong-an-do.

*대동미 / 大同米 (큰) (홀가지) (쌀) Rice contributions. *See* 세곡.

*대동목 / 大同木 (큰)(홀가지)(나무) Tax contributions—of cotton.

*대동선 /. 大同船 (큰) (홀가지) (배) A large kind of junk.

*대동쇼이호다 /. 大同小異 (큰) ,홀가지) (작을) (다를) To be much alike yet differing.

*대동지역 / 大同之役 (큰) (홀가지) (갈) (역소) Public work in which all engage alike

*대동지환 /. 大同之患 (큰) (홀가지) (갈) (근심 Unanimity, a matter of general fear

*대두 /. 大斗 (큰) (말) A large size of dry measure.

*대두종 / 大頭腫 (큰) (머리) (헌데) A tumour—a swelling on the head

*대둔도 /. 大芚島 (큰) (쏙) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.42 Long 126.30.

*대둔소 大芚寺 큰, 쏙) (졀 A monastery in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.24 Long. 126.36.

*대득흐다 / 大得 (큰) 엇을 To make a good bargain, to win a great deal—in business. (Prov.)

*대들보 /. 大樑 (큰) (들보—*량) A large beam; a main support of the roof.

*대디 / 大地 (큰 짜) A perfect site—for an ancestral grave. *See* 명당.

*대띠 /. 大帶 (큰) (띄) A belt used in the laying out of a corpse.

*대띠 /. 大隊 (큰) (떼) A regiment. A battalion.

*대띠본부 /. *n.* 大隊本部 (큰) ,떼) (의) (마을) Headquarters of a regiment.

*대띠장 /. 大隊長 (큰) (떼) (어른) A major. *See* 참령; 쇼좌.

*대란 /. 大亂 (큰) (어지러울) Great tumult—as war; revolution.

*대랑 /. 大郎 (큰) (사나희) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 33.59 Long. 126.56.

*대략 /. 大畧 (큰) (도략) Generally speaking; in the main; for the most part; probably.

대량 /. 一兩 (호—*량) (두—*량) One hundred cash.

*대려 /. 大呂 (큰) (법) One of the twelve notes in Chinese music; a poetical name for twelve months.

*대려송 / 大呂宋 (큰) (법) (나라) Luzon—Spain. *See* 쇼려송

*대력 / 大曆 (큰) 칙력 The first edition of the yearly almanac.

대련 /. A sack for traveling, blanket and baggage.

*대련 /. 大連 (큰) (니을) Dalny, a seaport in China.

*대련만 /. 大連灣 (큰) (니을) (물구비) The Port of Dalny.

*대렬 /. 大殮 (큰) (렴습홈) A splendid funeral. *See* 렴습.

*대례 / 大禮 (큰) 례도) The great ceremony—of marriage. *See* 혼례

*대례모 / 大禮帽 (큰) (례도) (사모) A cocked hat.

*대례복 *l.* 大禮服 (큰) (례도) (옷) Full dress.

*대령 / 大嶺 (큰) (뜨기) A mountain in Kang won-do. Lat. 27 44 Long. 128.35.

대로 *s.* According to—used after a noun or past verbal participle.

*대로 *l.* 大路 (큰) (길) The king's highway; the main road. *See* 한길.

때로 *s.* 以時 (써 -*아) (때—*시) Frequently; often; from time to time.

대롱대롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dangle; to hang suspended. (Dim.)

*대륙 *l.* 大陸 (큰) (뭍) A continent.

*대륜 *l* 大倫 (큰) (인륜) Morality.

*대리 *l.* 大利 (큰) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Large profits.

*대리석 *l.* 大理石 (큰) (다스릴) (돌) Marble.

*대리소판 *l.* 大理所辦 (큰) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (바) (재판) A matter of large profits.

*대마 *l.* 大馬 (큰) (말) Several squares—on a draught-board.

*대마루 *s.* 大樑 (큰) (들보—*장) The ridge-log of the roof; the main support. *See* 대들보.

대마루판 *s.* 三板 (석—*삼) (판조—*판) The decisive moment—as in a game.

*대망이 *l.* 大蟒 (큰) (구렁이) A fabulous species of serpent said to be three or four feet in diameter. *See* 산망아.

대머리 *l.* 禿頭 (무지러질—*독) (머리—*두) A bald head. *See* 민대머리

*대명 *l.* 大明 (큰) (붉을) The great *Mings*—the last dynasty of China.

*대명 *l.* 大名 (큰) (일홈) The head of a clan; a feudal chief.

*대명죽 *l.* 大明竹 (큰) (붉을) (대) A species of Bambusa.

대목 *s.* Special occasions.

*대목 *l.* 大木 (큰) (나무) A first-class carpenter. *Opp.* 쇼목. *See* 목슈.

대못 *s.* 竹釘 (대—*죽) (못—*뎡) A bamboo nail.

*대무 *l.* 大霧 (큰) (안개) A thick fog.

*대무판 / 大海官 (큰) (엄지가락) (벼슬) A large city or influential centre. *See* 웅주거읍.

*대문 *l.* 大門 (큰) (문) The great gate; the main entrance.

*대문 *l.* 大文 (큰) (글) The original text in contrast to added notes and comments. *See* 대젼.

대문대문 *l.* Each paragraph of the original text—of characters. *See* 귀절귀절.

*대물이산 *l.* 大物伊山 (큰) (물건) (너) (외) A mountain in Pyöng-an-do. Lat. 40.28 Long. 126.21.

*대미 *l.* 大米 (큰) (쌀) Hulled rice. *See* 닙쌀. *Opp.* 쇼미.

*대민 *l.* 大民 (큰) (빅성) Influential individuals amongst the people. *Opp.* 쇼민.

대뷔 *l.* 一杖 (호 -*일) (막대 —*장) A single blow—of the paddle.

*대밀 *l.* 大麥 (큰) (밀) Wheat. *See* 쇼밀. *Also* 보리.

대박 *s.* A large wager in gambling.

*대박산 *l.* 大朴山 (큰) (순박) (외) A mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39 10 Long. 126.26.

*대발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大發 (큰) (필) To be in great numbers; to spread widely.

*대방 *l.* 大方 (큰) (모) Generally; mostly; for the greatest part; in the main; chiefly.

대방 *l.* 大枋 (큰) (방) A large board on which to slice fish. (B. O.) A large room—an inner parlor.

*대방가 *l.* 大方家 (큰) (모) (집) A noted house—for characters, drink or medicine.

대방먼 *l.* A kind of perfume.

*대번에 *s.* 單番 (홑—*단) (번—*번) A single blow; one time; a single one. *See* 홑번에; 단번에.

*대법 *l.* 大凡 (큰) (무릇) The gist of a matter; general purport; main points of a case; practically; nearly; usually; generally speaking.

*대법ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大凡 (큰) (무릇) To be dignified; to be circumspect. *See* 대단듭다.

*대법 *l.* 大法 (큰) (법) Great or essential rules or laws.

*대변 *l.* 大變 (큰) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) A disastrous change; a calamity of great import—as a rebellion; a revolution. *See* 대화.

*대변 *l.* 大便 (큰) (똥) A stool; an evacuation. *Opp.* 쇼변.

*대변불통 / 大便不通 (큰) (똥) (아닐) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) Constipation; straining.

*대변불통 *l.* 大便不通 (큰) (똥) (아닐) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) Violent constipation.

*대병 *l.* 大病 (큰) (병들) Serious illness.

*대보 *l.* 大寶 (큰) (보비) The royal seal.

*대보단 *l.* 大報壇 (큰) (갑흘) (단) An

observatory in the capital. A temple for the worship of the founder of the *Mings* of China.

*대보산 *l.* 大寶山 그 보비 의 A mountain in Ham-kyong-do. Lat 41.13 Long. 129.32.

*대복 *l.* 大福 (론) (복) Great blessings.

*대복 *l.* 大鰒 (론) (전복) A large variety of *Haliotis* or ear-shell.

*대복피 *l.* 大腹皮 (론) (비) (가죽) Betel-nut husk.

*대본ㅎ 大本 (론) (ᄇᆞᆫ) A large size. *Opp.* 즁본; 쇼본.

*대부 *l.* 大父 그 아비 Male relatives of the grand-father's generation.

*대부 *l.* 大夫 (론) (지아비) A title given to officials above the sixth degree.

*대부 *l.* 大富 (론) (부쟈) A post station in Chol-la-do.

*대부 *l.* 大阜 그 언덕 A village in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.39 Long. 126.39.

*대부인 *l.* 大夫人 (론) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Mother. (Hon.) *See* 어머니.

*대부항 大父行 그 아비 ᄃᆡ 항렬 The grand-father's generation.

*대분 *l.* 大分 (론) (논홀) Oita in Japan.

*대불렬던 大佛列顚 곧 아ᄅᆞᆫ ᄇᆞᆯ 녑 ᄆᆡ칠 Great Britain

*대불ᄒᆞᆫ 大不幸 곧 아ᄅᆞᆫ 다ᄒᆞᆫ A great disaster; a terrible loss

*대비 *l.* 大雨 곧 ᄀᆡᆨ 쏘ᄂᆡ A sudden downpour of water.

*대빈 *l.* 大賓 (론) (손) The great guest—the spirit of smallpox.

*대빅산 *l.* 大白山 (론) (ᄇᆡᆨ) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.10 Long. 128.52.

대싸리 s. A shrub or bush from which brooms are made; a variety of the *Sori*.

*대살년 *l.* 大殺年 (론) (죽일) (ᄒᆞᆫ) An unpropitious year—a year of famine, death etc.

*대샤젼 大赦典 그 노ᄒᆞᆯ 법 The law of general pardon—as seen on great occasions.

*대샤텬하ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞ 大赦天下 곧 노ᄒᆞᆯ 하ᄂᆞᆯ (아ᄅᆡ) To forgive all the world; to announce a general pardon.

*대샤ᄒᆞ다 大赦 곧 노ᄒᆞᆯ *l.* To grant a general pardon. (Comp.)

*대상 大祥 곧 상ᄉᆡ The last mourning sacrifice—two years after death. *See* 데ᄉᆡ.

*대상 *l.* 大商 장ᄉᆞ A large merchant *See* 거ᄀᆞᆷ.

*대상덩 大祥定 곧 ᄌᆞ녀 졍ᄒᆞᆫ High prices—as fixed by government.

*대상부동 *l.* 大相不同 (곤) (서로) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) The very opposite—as diametrically opposed.

*대셔 *l.* 大暑 (론) (더울) "Great heat"—one of the twenty four solar periods occurring about July 23rd.

*대셔양 大西洋 그 셔ᄉᆡ 바다 The Atlantic Ocean. *Also* 레ᄉᆡ 양

*대셔ᄃᆞᆨ셔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大書特書 (론) 글 (특별) (글) To write in large and plain characters.

*대셕 *l.* 大石 (론) (ᄃᆞᆯ) A large stone; rock.

*대셕교 *l.* 大石橋 (론) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞ리) A large stone bridge.

*대션 *l.* 大船 곤 (ᄇᆡ) A large boat.

*대셜 *l.* 大雪 (론) (눈) "Heavy snow"—one of the twenty four solar periods occurring about Dec. 7th. A great fall of snow.

*대셩 *l.* 大姓 (론) (셩) A well known clan-name. *See* 거ᄀᆞᆷ.

*대셩 *l.* 大聖 곤 ᄀᆞᆯᄂᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆷ Confucius.

*대셩 *l.* 大聲 (론) (소ᄅᆡ) A loud cry.

*대셩가문 *l.* 大姓家門 곤 셩 ᄒᆞᆫ 문 A large and influential family.

*대셩뎐 *l.* 大成殿 (론) (일울) (대궐) A Confucian temple.

*대셩산 *l.* 大城山 (론) (지) (뫼) A mountain in Pyong-annam. Lat. 39.01 Long. 125.

*대셩통곡ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 大聲痛哭 곤 소ᄅᆡ 압흘 울 To have a loud and bitter weeping. *See* 방셩대곡ᄒᆞ다.

*대쇼 *l.* 大小 (론) (젹을) The great and the small.

*대쇼가 大小家 곤 젹을 집 The large and the small houses—those occupied by the wife and concubines respectively.

*대쇼변 *l.* 大小便 (론) (젹을) (동) Excrement and urine—a stool.

대쇼변불통 *l.* 大小便不通 (론) (젹을) (동) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (통홀) Stoppage of the urine with constipation.

*대쇼상 *l.* 大小祥 곤 젹을 상ᄉᆡ The greater and lesser sacrifices—on the 1st and 2nd anniversaries of the death of parents. *See* 삼상

*대쇼ᄒᆞ다 大笑 곤 우슴 To laugh loudly; to laugh heartily. *See* 앙텬대쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*대흘 l. 大松 (큰) (솔) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*대수 l. 大數 (큰) (셈) Large numbers, the average number.

*대수 l. 大事 (큰) (일—*사) A matter of importance; interest.

대숩s. 竹藪 (대—*푹) (수풀—*수) A bamboo grove.

*대슈 l. 大水 (큰) (물) Great floods.

*대슈장 l. 大綉章 (큰) (인문) (글장) The cords of gold lace on a uniform

*대슌 l. 大乘 (큰) (탈) "The Great Conveyance"—a Buddhistic system held by Buddhists in the north of India.

*대승ᄒᆞ다 l. 大勝 (큰) (이길) To gain a great victory.

*대식 l. 大食 (큰) (밥) The principle meals of the day—breakfast and dinner. *See* 죠식.

*대신 l. 大臣 (큰) (신하) A Minister of State, a President of a Board. Officers of the 1st and 2nd degrees. *See* 즁신.

*대신관방 l. 大臣官房 (큰) (신하) (벼슬) (방) The official chamber of a Minister of State.

*대심원 l. 大審院 (큰) (솔필) (집) The Supreme Court; the court of cassation.

*대심원장 l. 大審院長 (큰) (솔필) (집) (어룬) The Chief Justice of the Court of Cassation.

*대ᄉᆞ l. 大事 (큰) (일) A matter of importance—as marriage etc. *Opp.* 쇼ᄉᆞ.

*대ᄉᆞ l. 大師 (큰) (스승) "Your reverence" a form used in addressing a Buddhist priest. *See* 션ᄉᆞ.

*대ᄉᆞ l. 大使 (큰) (ᄒᆞ여곰) An ambassador.

*대ᄉᆞ관 l. 大司諫 (큰) (맛흘) (간흘) The Chief Royal Censor, an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree. *See* 간관.

대ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆷ다 l. 호와, 온 To make a great ado; to be unimportant.

*대ᄉᆞ마대장군 l. 大司馬大將軍 (큰) (맛흘) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (큰) (장슈) (군ᄉᆞ) The Commander-in-chief of infantry and cavalry.

*대ᄉᆞ셩 l. 大司成 (큰) (맛흘) (일울) The Chief Professor of the Confucian College—an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree. *See* 반장.

*대ᄉᆞ헌 l. 大司憲 (큰) 맛흘) (법) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

대야 s. 盥器 (세슈ᄒᆞᆯ—*판) (그릇—*긔) A brass wash-dish.

*대악 l. 大惡 (큰) (악ᄒᆞᆯ) Great wickedness or depravity.

*대약 l. 大約 (큰) (언약) The gist of a matter; main points of a case; a summary, epitome.

*대양 l. 大洋 (큰) (바다) The ocean. *See* 대히

*대양쥬 l. 大洋洲 (큰) (바다) (물가) Oceania.

*대언 l. 大言 (큰) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Big words; boasting.

*대업 l. 大業 (큰) (업) A great enterprise; eminent deeds.

*대여 l. 大輿 (큰) (수레) A royal coffin; a royal bier.

대여섯 l. 五六 (다섯—*오) (여섯—*륙) Five or six.

*대역 l. 大役 (큰) (역ᄉᆞ) A large work; a great undertaking. *See* 가역.

*대역 l. 大逆 (큰) (거ᄉᆞ릴) Great treason.

*대역무도 l. 大逆不道 (큰) (거ᄉᆞ릴) (아닐—*불) (길ᄒᆞᆯ—*도) Treason; rebellion.

*대역무도ᄒᆞ다 l. 大逆不道 (큰) (거ᄉᆞ릴) (아닐—*불) (길ᄒᆞᆯ—*도) To commit treason; to rebel against the king. *See* 역적.

*대연 l. 大宴 (큰) (잔치) A great feast.

*대열ᄒᆞ다 l. 大悅 (큰) (깃블) To rejoice; to be very pleased.

*대염호 l. 大鹽湖 (큰) (소금) (호슈) Great Salt Lake in United States.

*대요 l. 大要 (큰) (쥬요) The gist of a matter; main points of a case; a summary; epitome.

*대욕 l. 大辱 (큰) (욕ᄒᆞᆯ) Great insults. *See* 치욕.

*대욕 l. 大慾 (큰) (욕심) Great desire, envy; passion. Inordinate covetousness; greed; avarice.

*대우 l. 大雨 (큰) (비) Heavy rains.

*대웅호 l. 大熊湖 (큰) (곰) (호슈) Great Bear Lake—in Canada.

*대은 l. 大恩 (큰) (은혜) Great favor; grace.

*대은 l. 大隱 (큰) (숨을) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*대음ᄒᆞ다 l. 大飮 (큰) (마실) To drink much wine.

*대의 l. 大意 (큰) (뜻) The general purport; substance; gist.

*대의 l. 大義 (큰) (올흘) The greatest good; the general principle of right *See* 대혀.

대이다 s. 대여; 인 To touch; to be in communication with. To moor a boat. To fasten on.

대이다 s. 대여; 인 To be arrested. *See* 잡구다. To tinker at pots and pans.

*대이모 /. 大伊母 (큰) (여) (어미) An island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.13 Long. 137.01.

*대인 /. 大人 (큰) (사물) A gentleman; a great man; Your Excellency. *Opp.* 쇼인.

*대인군조 /. 大人君子 (큰) (사물) (님군) (아들) A noble gentleman.

*대완포 s. 大碗砲 (큰) (총—*포) A cannon. (놋다). *See* 대포.

*대왕 /. 大王 (큰) (님금) You—a form of address among tributary kings.

*대원 /. 大原 (큰) (언덕) Tai-yuen a chief city of Shan-se Province in China.

*대원 /. 大願 (큰) (원홀) An earnest prayer or request; a petition, supplication, or wish; a great desire.

*대원군 /. 大院君 (큰) (집) (님군) Formerly a posthumous title given to a king's father who had never reigned—the Prince Parent. The title of the former regent—the present Emperor's grand-father.

*대원셩취 /. 大願成就 (큰) (원홀) (일울) (나아갈) Lit. rise of events turns out as prayed or wished for.

*대원슈 s. 大元帥 (큰) (웃듬) (장슈) The Commander in Chief—of the army or navy. *See* 대도독.

*대원왕 /. 大院王 (큰) (집) (님금) A name given to Prince *Tai-won*. *See* 대원위.

*대원위 /. 大原位 큰 근원 비슨 Order of units. *See* 소대원위

*대원위 大院位 (큰) (집) (벼슬) Name of Prince *Tai-won*, the grand-father of the present Emperor.

*대월 /. 大月 (큰) (달) A large month—of 30 days.

*대작 /. 大作 (큰) (지을) A good yield—of gold.

대잡다 s. 아; 은 To hold the spirit bamboo—while the diviner reads.

*대장 /. 大庄 (큰) (장화) A large farmstead.

대작위 s. An adze.

*대장 /. 大匠 (큰) (장인) A blacksmith. *See* 대장장이.

*대장 大將 큰 장슈 A general, a commander. *See* 대도독.

*대장 /. 大腸 (큰) (창조) The large or lower intestines. *Opp.* 쇼장.

*대장간 /. 大匠間 큰 (장인) 스이 A blacksmith-shop. *See* 풀무간

*대장쿠 / 大丈夫 큰 (길 (사나비 An elder; one who has reached manhood. A hero.

*대장셩 / 大藏省 (큰) (곰곱) 마을) Finance Department—as of Japan.

*대적 /. 大賊 (큰) (도적) Robbers; brigands. *See* 한당.

*대젼 /. 大篆 큰 젼조 The "Great seal"; a style of writing said to have been invented in China about 800 B.C.—the peculiarity being that each line has nine curves.

*대젼 大全 큰 온젼 The Chinese text of a classic in contrast to the *Vamun* edition; the orginal text of a classic with the notes and comments. *See* 대문.

*대젼ᄒᆞ다 /. 大戰 (큰) (싸홈) To have a great battle; to fight fiercely.

*대졍 /. 大漸 (큰) (졈졈) Critical; dangerous—of illness.

대졍장이 s. 箔匠 (풀무—*야) (장인—*장) A blacksmith.

*대졔 / 大祭 (큰) (졔ᄉᆞ) Sacrifices at the shrines of Confucius.

*대졔ᄉᆞ s. 大祭司 (큰) (졔ᄉᆞ) (맛홀) The high priest. (Levitical).

*대졔일 /. 大祭日 (큰) (졔ᄉᆞ) (날) A great fête day.

*대졔장 / 大祭司長 (큰) (졔ᄉᆞ) (맛홀) (어ᄉᆞᆫ) High Priest. (Bible)

*대졍 /. 大政 (큰) (졍ᄉᆞ) The government of the empire.

*대졍 /. 大靜 (큰) (고요) A prefect in Chol-la-do (Quelpaert). Lat. 33.15 Long. 126.15.

*대졍 /. 大井 (큰) (우물) A post station in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.53 Long. 126.37.

*대졍ᄌᆞ s. 大正字 (큰) (바를) (글ᄌᆞ) Capital letters—in printed form.

*대조 /. 大朝 (큰) (대조) Dates. *See* 대추.

*대죄 /. 大罪 (큰) (허물) A great crime; offence. *See* 즁죄.

*대죠 /. 大詔 (큰) (조셔) A great proclamation—of the Emperor.

대죵 s. The size; the measurements; an estimate. *See* 어림.

*대죵 /. 大腫 (큰) (헌데) An abscess. *See* 부스럼.

*대주 /. 大註 (큰) (주낼) The leading comments—as in a classic. *Opp.* 쇼주.

*대쥬 /. 大洲 (큰) (물가) A continent.

*대즁 /. 大衆 (큰) (무리) The people, the multitude; a great number of people; an immense crowd.

*대중 l. 大症 (큰) (증세) Symptoms of a dangerous disease. *See* 위중.

*대지 l. 大旨 (큰) (뜻) The leading ideas of a book. *See* 대의.

*대지 l. 大智 (큰) (지혜) Great ability, a talented person; genius; very clever; great wisdom.

*대진 l. 大津 (큰) (나루) Otsu in Japan.

*대진 l. 大陣 (큰) (진칠) Great forces stationed for battle. *See* 대군.

*대진국 l. 大秦國 (큰) (나라) (나라) Rome

*대조 l. 大字 (큰) (글조) A capital letter. A large character. *See* 외조.

대쪼 s. A large variety; a big one. *See* 대쪼박이.

*대조대비하다 l. 大慈大悲 (큰) (사랑) (큰) (慈悲) To be all loving and all-merciful. (Buddhist)

대쪼박이 s. A large one; a big thing.

*대조암 l. 大慈菴 (큰) (사랑) (암조) A monastery in Kyŏng-keui-do (Koyang).

*대지 l. 大才 (큰) (재조) Marked ability; special talent. *See* 일지

*대지 l. 大災 (큰) (재양) A great calamity; serious disaster.

*대좌 l. 大佐 (큰) (도울) A colonel in the army; captain in the navy. *See* 정령.

*대좌리 l. 大左里 (큰) (왼) (마을) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.39 Long. 128.22.

*대찰 l. 大刹 (큰) (절) A large Buddhist monastery.

*대창 l. 大瘡 (큰) (헌데) An abscess.

대챠 l. The inner coating of reeds etc.

*대차 l. 大車 (큰) (수레) A large cart.

*대창 l. 大漲 (큰) (창일할) Great floods—as in the rainy season.

*대창 l. 大昌 (큰) (창성) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*대창슈 l. 大漲水 (큰) (창일할) (물) Great floods.

*대처 l. 大處 (큰) (곳) A large city or centre. *See* 대도회.

*대천 l. 大川 (큰) (내) A large stream.

*대천세계 l. 大千世界 (큰) (일천) (인간) (디경) The whole universe.

*대청 l. 大淸 (큰) (몸을) The reigning dynasty in China.

*대청 l. 大廳 (큰) (청) The office or room of the official in charge.

*대청도 l. 大靑島 (큰) (푸를) (섬) An island in Whang-nai-do. Lat 37.45 Long. 124.46.

*대초 l. 大棗 (큰) (대조 -*조) Dates.

*대초 l. 大草 (큰) (풀) Capital letters; large print.

*대초목 l. 大草牧 (큰) (풀) (칠) A village in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat 42.10 Long. 130.12.

*대총 l. 大總 (큰) (거느릴) Principles; chief points In short; generally speaking. *See* 대강.

*대쵸 s. 大燭 (큰) (촉불—*촉) A large candle.

*대취라 s. 大吹打 (큰) (불) (칠) Horns and cymbals—as used before officials and at sacrifices. (*See* 다.)

*대취하다 l. 大醉 (큰) (취할) To be dead drunk. *See* 니취하다.

*대치하다 l. 大熾 (큰) (불붓흠) To spread; to become epidemic.

*대침 l. 大針 (큰) (바눌) A darning needle; a large needle—for acupuncture. *Opp.* 중침; 쇼침.

*대칭 l. 大稱 (큰) (저울) A large steelyards; a weigh-scales.

*대칙하다 l. 大責 (큰) (꾸지즐) To reprimand severely; to scold soundly.

대칼 s. 竹刀 (대 *죽) (칼 *도) A bamboo knife—used in cutting ginseng

대탁 l. Abundant fare—provided for guests who call to present compliments.

*대탄 l. 大灘 (큰) (여울) A stream in Kyŏng-keui do. (Yang-ju).

*대탈 l. 大頉 (큰) (탈) A great change—for the worse; a great misfortune; a disaster.

*대탈 l. 大頉 (큰) (쇠) A cannon-ball.

*대텹 l. 大捷 (큰) (싸를) A great victory; a striking success.

*대톄 l. 大體 (큰) (몸) Principle; scope; real interests. *See* 강령.

*대톄롭다 l. 大體 (큰) (몸) 로와; 운 To be circumspect; to be dignified. *See* 대범하다.

대통 s. Pieces of bamboo. A pipe bowl.

*대퉁 l. 大桶 (큰) (통) A large bag—of grain, salt etc.

*대통령 l. (— —녕) 大統領 (큰) (거느릴) (거느릴) The president of a republic. The governor of a colony.

*대파우 l. 大坡兒 (큰) (언덕) (우히) A post station in Pyŏng-an-do Lat. 40.27 Long. 152.33.

*대파하다 l. 大破 (큰) (찌칠) To be greatly dilapidated; to be in a ruinous condition; to be seriously damaged.

*대판 h. 大板 (큰)(판즈) Large type in printing. *Opp.* 소판. Osaka (Japan)

대패 h. 鉋 (*준*) A smoothing plane. (*질*) 하다).

*대패하다 h. 大敗 (큰)(패홀) To suffer great loss; to be defeated.

*대평산 / 大平山 (큰)(평홀)(외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.29 Long. 128.35.

*대평수 / 大平手 (큰)(평홀)(손) A large trumpet or bugle. (불다)

*대포 h. 大砲 (큰)(총) A cannon. *See* 대완포.

대푼 h. 一分 (호—*일*)(돈홀—*분*) A single piece; one cash. *See* 척푼.

*대풍 / 大豊 (큰)(풍년) A year of great plenty. (들다)(지다) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*대풍 h. 大風 (큰)(바람) A hurricane; a typhoon; a gale.

대풍류 h. 大風流 (큰)(바람)(흐를) Large musical instruments; a musical festival.

*대풍자 h. 大風子 (큰)(바람)(아들) A name given to the excrement of animals formerly used by physicians in treating leprosy.

*대풍창 / 大風瘡 (큰)(문둥이) 신데) Leprosy. *See* 문둥이.

대필 *n.* 大筆 (큰)(붓) A large pen-brush for writing. *Opp.* 소필.

*대하 h. 大河 (큰)(물) A great river.

*대하 h. 大蝦 (큰)(새오) A large shrimp or prawn.

*대하산 / 大蝦山 (큰)(개고리) 외) A mountain in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.51 Long. 124.56.

*대학 / 大學 (큰)(비홀) A classic written by *Chwanja*, a disciple of Confucius.

*대학교 h. 大學校 (큰)(비홀)(학교) A college; a university.

*대학도서관 h. 大學圖書館 (큰)(비홀)(그림)(글)(집) The University Library.

*대학식물원 / 大學植物園 (큰)(비홀)(심을)(만물)(동산) The University Botanical Garden. (Japan).

*대학원 h. 大學院 (큰)(비홀)(집) The University Hall.

*대한 h. 大韓 (큰)(나라) The present name of Korea. *See* 한국.

*대한 h. 大旱 (큰)(갈물) A great drought. *See* 한귀.

*대한 h. 大寒 (큰)(찰) "Severe cold"—one of the twenty four solar periods occurring about Jany. 21st. *See* 육한.

*대한불갈 / 大旱不竭 (큰)(갈물)(아닐)(다할물) What holds water through a long drought—as a spring or paddy-field.

*대합 h. 大蛤 (큰) 조개, The larger varieties of sea-shells.

*대해 h. 大害 (큰)(해홀) Great injury; serious damage.

*대향 h. 大饗 (큰)(먹일) A great feast given by the Emperor on a special occasion

*대현군주 h. 大賢君主 (큰)(어질)(님군)(아들) A superior man; a wonderful character. *See* 대인군주

*대현산성 / 大峴山城 (큰)(고기)(외)(재) A military station in Whang-hai-do.

*대호 h. 大戶 (큰)(집) A wealthy or noble house; an influential family—as marked in official records. *Opp.* 중호.

*대호 h. 大虎 (큰)(범) A tiger—of a large species.

*대호하다 h. 大呼 (큰)(부를) To shout; to bawl.

*대혹하다 h. 大惑 (큰)(혹홀) To be bewitched; to be fascinated; to be charmed. *See* 침혹하다.

*대회 h. 大會 (큰)(모를) A general meeting.

*대회향 h. 大茴香 (큰)(풀)(향귀) Star-aniseed. *Illicium verum.*

*대흥단수 h. 大紅丹水 (큰)(붉을)(붉을)(물) A river in Ham-kyong-do.

*대훈 h. 大勳 (큰)(공) Great merit. *See* 대공.

*대훈위 h. 大勳位 (큰)(공)(벼슬) Holding a decoration of the first class. Order of the Grand Cordon.

*대흉 h. 大凶 (큰)(흉홀) Great evil; a bad omen.

*대흑접 h. 大黑蝶 (큰)(검을)(나뷔) A species of butterfly. *Papilio aemetrius.*

*대희하다 / 大喜 (큰)(깃불) To be very glad; to be a matter for congratulation.

*대흥 h. 大興 (큰)(일) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36.31 Long. 127.07

*대흥산성 / 大興山城 (큰)(일)(외)(재) A fortress Kyong-keui-do. (Kă-sŏng).

*대흥하다 / 大興 To be large, to be great.

*대해 h. 大海 (큰)(바다) The wide sea; the high sea. *See* 대양.

*대행왕 h. 大行王 (큰)(도날)(님금) The deceased king—so called before receiving his posthumous title.

*대화 h. 大禍 (큰)(지화) Calamity; disaster. *See* 흑화.

*대화 l. 大和 (큰)(화호) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do. *See* 일본.

*대화 l 大火 (큰)(불) A big fire; a larger conflagration.

*대화국 l. 大和國 (큰)(화호)(나라) Another name for Japan; "very harmonious country."

*대환 l. 大患 (큰)(근심) A great misfortune, a great cause for uneasiness.

*대황 l. 大黃 (큰)(누루) Rhubarb.

*대황폐하 l. 大皇帝陛下 (큰)(님금)(님금)(섬돌)(아래) His or your Imperial Majesty.

댓 l. 陏五 (한덩 *한)(다섯 *오) Five; about five—an adjective form. *See* 닷.

댓새 l. 陏五日 (한덩—*한)(다섯—*오)(날—*일) Five days; about five days.

댕 s. With a bang; with a ring.

댕정 s. Ding! dong!

댕정거리다 s. 거려; 린 To sound ding! dong!

댕정댕정ᄒᆞ다 s. To sound ding! dong!

댱그렁 s. With a ring; with a clang.

댱그렁댱그렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To make a noise; to clang, to ring.

댱댱이즁 s. A begging Buddhist—who carries a gong.

*당 s. 堂 (집) A hall or large house. A temple; a joss-house.

*당 s. 黨 (무리) A crowd; a company; a gang. (짓따) (모다). *See* 편당.

쌍 s. With a bang; with a clang.

쌍 s. 地 (짜—*띠) The earth; the soil. *See* 짜.

*당가 s. 當家 (맛당)(집) This house; this family.

*당가ᄒᆞ다 s. 當家 (맛당)(집) To be responsible for a household; to take charge of a house.

당갑이 s. The side strings of sandals—by means of which they are lengthened or shortened.

*당구 s. 唐狗 (나라) (개—*꾸) A poodle dog; a Chinese dog.

*당견ᄒᆞ다 s. 當見 (맛당)(볼) To see with one's own eyes.

*당고금 s. 唐痼 (나라)(학질—*학) Ague; intermittent fever. *See* 당학.

*당고모 s. 堂姑母 (집) (할미)(어미) The grand-father's niece on the brother's side.

*당고모부 s. 堂姑母夫 (집)(할미)(어미)(지아비) The husband of a *Tang Komo.*

*당고ᄒᆞ다 s 當故 (맛당)(변고) To become a mourner. *See* 지상ᄒᆞ다.

*당국자 s. 當局者 (맛당)(판)(놈) Persons engaged in playing; officials of the present administration. The incumbent

*당국자미 s 當局者迷 (맛당)(판)(놈)(희미ᄒᆞᆫ) Those engaged in play are uncertain of vision -from excitement; outsider's views are clearer. *See* 등하불명.

*당국ᄒᆞ다 s. 當局 (맛당)(판) To be engaged—as in office, at chess etc.

상운 l Underlings of the *Potochʻang*—the lowest of the detective service. *See* 거지.

*당귀 s. 當歸 (맛당)(도라갈) A drug supplied by several members of the *Umbelliferae Spinaeia.*

*당귀이 s. 當歸尼 (맛당)(도라갈)(쐬리) The root of the *Tangkwi*—a medicine

*당귀신 s. 當歸身 (맛당)(도라갈)(몸) The stalk of the *Tangkwi* -a medicine.

당그다 s. 沈 (돔길 *침) 담가, 근 To soak; to put in water. *See* 담ᄀᆞᆷ다.

*당근 s. 唐根 (나라)(뿌리) A small kind of carrot.

*당금 s. 當今 (맛) (이제) Now; at the present time. *See* 즉금

*당금 s. 當金 (맛당)(쇠) A high price.

담금질 s. 淬 (당글—*췌) Tempering—metal.

당ᄀᆞᆺ당ᄀᆞᆺ s. Silently to oneself—in laughing.

당긔 s. A ribbon with which to braid the hair. (드리다).

당긔다 s. 引 (잇글—*인) 여; 린 To pull; to stretch *See* 잡아당긔다.

*당나라 s. 唐 (나라) The *Tang* dynasty of China that lasted from 618 to 907 A.D.

*당녀 s. 唐女 (나라) (계집) A Chinese woman—with bound feet. *Opp.* 호녀.

*당년 s. 當年 (맛당) (히) (In) the present year; that particular year.

*당년초 s. 當年草 (맛당)(히)(풀) Annuals—amongst plants. *See* 일년초.

*당년치 s. 當年的 (맛당)(히)(적실—*적) Supplies for a year. One year's growth.

*당년처기 s. 當年件 (맛당)(히)(벌—*건) One year's wear—of shoes, clothes etc.

*당뇌 s. 堂內 (집) (안) Relatives within the 8th degree. *See* 문뇌.

*당뇌지친 s 堂內之親 (집)(안)(갈)(친ᄒᆞᆯ)

Relatives within the 8th degree. *See* 유복지친.

쌍쌀자 *s.* A pair of dominoes—that are just alike.

쌍쌍 *s* and *l.* Bang! bang!—as beating.

쌍쌍거르다 *s.* and *l.* 얼너 ; 어른 To reprimand furiously ; to threaten.

***당당홍화** *s.* 堂堂紅衣 (집)(집)(붉을)(옷) The imposing red dress of the palace servants.

***당당히** *s.* 當當 (잡)(잡) Certainly ; necessarily ; indeed. Boldly ; confidently.

***당당ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 堂堂 (집)(집) To be serious ; to be dignified, to be fearless to be conscientious.

***당뎜** *s.* 當點 (맛당)(염) Accidental point. (Math).

당도리 *s.* 大船 (큰—*대) (비—*션) A large junk.

***당돌ᄒᆞ** *l.* 唐突 (나라) 당돌 Rudely, rudely ; lawlessly ; confidently.

***당돌ᄒᆞ다** 唐突 나라 당돌 To be bold ; to be fearless ; to be lawless ; to be rude. *See* 안차다.

당동당동 *s.* Beating—on a drum.

***당두ᄒᆞ다** 當頭 (맛당) 머리 To be near ahead ; to be imminent. To be at the last moment. *See* 박두ᄒᆞ다.

***당뒤** *s.* 當代 (맛당)(디신) One's lifetime ; the particular generation.

***당뒤발복ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 當代發福 (맛당) (디신) (복) To be prosperous in one's generation. *See* 금시발복.

당라귀 *s.* 驢 (라귀—*려) A donkey. *See* 라귀.

***당랑** *s* 螳螂 (부동구리) 몰동구리, The praying mantis. *See* 몰동구리.

***당랑간** *s* 堂郎間 (집) 사나히, (스이) (Between) those of higher and lower ranks

***당랑 이 거철ᄉᆞ** 螳螂拒轍 몰동구리, 몰동구리) (막을) (수레박회) The praying-mantis attempts to stop the chariot —an impossibility.

***당로ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 當路 (맛당) (길) To be on the road, to be in the way. To be engaged in.

***당론** *s.* 讜論 (바른말)(의론) A solid argument ; correct views.

***당류** *s.* 黨類 (무리) (종류) Partisan. *See* 당파.

***당률** *s.* 當律 (맛당) (법) Appropriate law.

***당률ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 當律 (맛당) (법) To come under the law.

***당먹** *s.* 唐墨 (나라)(먹—*묵) Chinese ink.

***당면** *s.* 唐麵 (나라) (국슈) Chinese vermicelli. *See* 분탈.

***당면ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 當面 (맛당) (낫) To be (evident) to one's face ; to be openly. *See* 뒤면ᄒᆞ다.

***당목** *s.* 唐木 (나라) (나무) Chinese cotton goods. Foreign cotton cloth. *See* 셔양목

***당물** *s.* 唐物 (나라) (물건) Chinese goods ; Western goods.

***당미** *s.* 糖米 (슈슈) (쌀) Seeds of Barbadoes millet or Chinese broom-corn.

***당번** *s.* 當番 (맛당) (번) The present incumbent ; the present occupancy—of an office. *See* 입직

***당본** *s.* 唐本 (나라) (의) Any book printed in China.

***당상** *s.* 唐桑 (나라) (뽕나무—*상) The wood of the mulberry, imported from China.

***당봉지물** 當捧之物 맛당 받을 갑 (물건) Money which ought to be collected rightly, legal

당부ᄒᆞ다 付託 (붓칠) 부탁 To charge ; to recommend. *See* 부탁ᄒᆞ다.

***당비상** 唐砒霜 나라 비상 비상, Arsenic—from China. *See* 당신석

***당뷕** 當百 맛당 (일뷕) *See* 당뷕젼

***당뷕젼** *s.* 當百錢 (맛당) (일뷕) (돈) Coins struck during the former regency—one of which was equal to one hundred cash.

***당삭** *s.* 當朔 (맛당) (초하로) The appointed month ; the fixed month.

***당삭ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 當朔 (맛당) (초하로) To be the time of the moon ; to be the appointed month. *See* 만삭ᄒᆞ다.

***당상** *s.* 堂上 (집) (웃) Ranks that appear in court—the 1st, 2nd and 3rd degrees that wear head buttons. *Opp.* 당하.

***당셔** *s.* 唐書 (나라) (글) A Chinese history written during the Tang dynasty.

***당션** *s.* 唐扇 (나라) (붓치) Chinese fans.

***당션** *s.* 唐船 (나라) (비) A Chinese junk. *See* 호션.

***당셰** *s.* 當世 (맛당) (인간) That age ; the particular time ; the times.

***당셰** *s.* 當歲 맛당 (히) This year ; during the present year ; that year ; during the year in question.

***당쇽** *s.* 糖屬 (엿) (붓흘) Sweetmeats—made in the form of fruit.

***당쇽** *s.* 唐屬 (나라) (붓흘) Chinese things ; articles such as sugar etc. from China.

***당쇽초** *s.* 唐鎖草 (나라) (솔) (풀) Feather Columbine.

*당슈 s. 黨首 (무리) 머리 The leader of a political party; president of an association.

*당숙 s. 堂叔 (집) 아즈비, A male cousin of the father by a grand-father's brother. *Opp.* 당질 *See* 오촌

*당숙모 s. 堂叔母 (집) (아즈비) (어미) The wife of a *Tang suk.*

*당시 s. 唐詩 (나라) (글) Chinese poetry—of the *Tang* period. *See* 당음.

*당시 s. 當時 (맛당) (때) That time, then.

*당시에 s. 當時 (맛당) (때) Now; at the present time; at that time; at the time in question.

*당신 s. 當身 (맛당) (몸) Sir! Mr.; you. (Respect) Yourself; himself; herself.

*당신석 s. 唐信石 (나라) (밋을) (돌) Chinese arsenic—from which much of the poisonous quality has been removed. *See* 당비상.

당싯당싯 s. Smiling; grinning.

*당사 s. 唐絲 (나라) (실) Silk thread—originally from China.

*당사 s. 當事 (당홀) (일) Anything one looks for or depends upon; a reliance; a resource looked for as a means of relief.

*당석 s. 當色 (맛당) (빗) One's own special duties; the particular work as of a *yamen* writer etc. *See* 히식.

*당아욱 s. 唐葵 (나라) (히뱐라기 *규) The Chinese mallow.

*당안 s. 唐鞍 (나라 안장 Chinese saddle, also a foreign saddle

*당야 當夜 (맛당) (밤) To-night; this night; that night; on the night in question.

*당언 s. 讀言 (바른말) (말숨) Honest speech; out-spoken language

*당연 s. 唐硯 (나라) (벼루) Chinese ink-stones.

*당연ᄌᆞ리 s. 當然之理 맛당 (그럴 갈) (리치) A natural, self existant or "eternal" principle. *See* 리소당연.

*당연히 s. 當然 (맛당) (그럴) Rightly; properly. *See* 의당히.

*당연ᄒᆞ다 s. 當然 (맛당) (그럴) To be right; to be proper; to be fitting, to be just. *See* 의당ᄒᆞ다.

*당오젼 s. 當五錢 맛당 다섯 (돈) Ancient Korean money

*당오젼 s. 當五錢 맛당, (다섯) 돈 Ancient Korean *Tang-oh* change; *cash* money.

*당음 s. 唐音 (나라) (소리) Poetical compositions of the *Tang* dynasty having five characters to the line and consisting of two stanzas each—taught in primary schools. *See* 당시.

당인 s. 唐人 (나라) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A subject of the *Tang* dynasty, a Chinaman *Opp.* 조인

당일 l. 當日 맛당, (날) On the day when.....; (in) those days. . . *See* 즉일.

*당읫게 s. 糖液計 (엿) (진) (게ᄀᆞᆯ) Saccharometer.

*당자 s. 當者 (맛당) (놈) You; he; yourself; himself. *See* 조귀.

당장 s. 當場 맛당 (마당) The present, that particular time. *See* 즉ᄃᆡ.

*당장 s. 糖漿 엿, (장) Syrupus or syrup.

*당저 s. 當宁 (맛당) (문병) The present king. *See* 금상.

*당절 s. 當節 (맛당) (절긔) The particular time, the special season.

*당직 s. 堂正 (집) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) The *Tangsang* of each government office.

*당조 s. 唐朝 (나라) (아청) The T'ang dynasty which ruled China from A.D. 618 to 913.

당줄 s. 綢巾帶 (ᄇᆡ단 -*망) (슈건 *건) (ᄯᅴ—*영) The head-band strings.

*당중ᄒᆞ다 s. 當中 (맛당) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be midway; to be in the centre.

*당지 s. 唐紙 (나라) (죠희) Chinese paper. *See* 졀년지.

*당직 s. 當直 (맛당) 번들 The present incumbent of office. *See* 당번.

당직 s. 當職 맛당, (벼슬) This office

*당직이 s. 堂直 (집) (곳을) The guardian of a temple or joss-house.

*당진 s. 唐津 (나라) (나ᄅᆞ) A perfect in Ch'ung ch'ŏng-do Lat. 46 39. Long. 127.36.

*당진포 s. 唐津浦 (나라) (나ᄅᆞ) (개) A naval station in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 37.01 Long. 126.36.

당질 s. 堂姪 (집) (족하) The son of a cousin by a paternal uncle. *See* 오촌

*당질녀 s. 堂姪女 (집) (족하) (계집) The daughter of a cousin by a paternal uncle.

*당질부 s. 堂姪婦 (집) (족하) (며ᄂᆞ리) The wife of a *Tangjil*

*당질셔 s. 堂姪婿 (집) (족하) 사회 The husband of a *Tangjilnyo.*

*당지 s. 唐材 (나라) (지목) Chinese medicines.

*땅저조 s. 地上才 (따—*디)(조—*장)(저조—*저) Athletic tricks and exercises of a *Kirangita*.

*당할 s. 當該 맛당 갑을 The party to be arrested; the one who should be taken. *Opp.* 추저.

*당병 s. 唐病 나라)(병 Syphilis. (먹다 〔오르다〕). *See* 풍.

*당착하다 s. 撞着 (칠) (부딪칠) To rush against; to strike against; to collide with.

*당처 s. 當處 (맛당)(곳) The right person; the proper place. *See* 본처.

*당청화 s. 唐青花 (나라) (푸를) (꽃) A blue dye imported from China.

*당초에 s. 當初 (맛당) (처음) At the beginning; from the first. *See* 애초에.

*당총 s. 唐葱 (나라)(파) *Allium esculentum.* *See* 한총.

*당초 s. 唐椒 (나라) (호초) Pepper. (Prov.) *See* 고초.

*당초하다 s. 當春 (맛당) (봄) To arrive at spring; to be spring time.

*당치석 s. 唐治石 (나라) (다스릴) (돌) Polished crystals used for spectacles and imported from China.

*당침 s. 唐針 (나라) (바늘) Chinese needles.

*당책 s 唐册 (나라) (책) Chinese books.

*당탄산염 s. 糖炭酸塩 (엿) (숫) (살) (희) Terra Carbones Saccharata.

*당해 s. 當該 (아가위) (아가위) The crabapple.

당목 s. 太棉花 부들 (카)(씨) 솜(꽃 *화) Cotton wool for padding clothes. *See* 겨울.

*당파 s. 黨派 (무리) (갈래) A political party; political associations; faction.

땅과기 s. A blockhead; a person who cannot be taught.

*당파하다 s. 撞破 (칠) (깨칠) To strike against and be broken; to break against each other—of two things.

*당판 s. 唐板 (나라) (판) Chinese type and printing; Chinese print.

*당팔사 s. 唐八絲 (나라) (여덟) (실) A Chinese pocket string of eight threads.

*당포 s. 唐浦 (나라) (개) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.43 Long. 128.11.

*당피마자 s. 唐皮麻子 나라)(가죽)(삼)(아들) Chinese castor-beans.

*당필 s. 唐筆 (나라) (붓) A Chinese pen.

*당하 s. 堂下 (집) (아래) All official ranks below the 3rd degree having no head buttons. *Opp.* 당상.

*당하관 s. 堂下官 (집) (아래) (벼슬) All official ranks below the 2rd degree having no head buttons. *Opp.* 당상관

*당학 s. 唐瘧 (나라) (학질) Malignant fever *See* 당고금.

당혜 s. 唐鞋 (나라) (신) Chinese-stitched shoes. *See* 운혜.

*당호 s. 堂號 (집) (일홈) Buddhistic titles.

*당홍 唐紅 (나라) (붉을) Chinese red dye.

당하다 s. 當 (맛당) To be just; to be right to be fitting; to be proper. To meet; to bear; to happen; to match, to be equal to. *See* 당연하다.

*당화 s. 唐畵 나라) 그림 Chinese picture

*당화기 s. 唐畵器 (나라) 그릴) (그릇) Chinese painted porcelain.

*당황련 唐黃連 나라) 누루 (털)(뿌리) Rhizomes of *Coptis teeta*—a Chinese medicine.

*당황모 s. 唐黃毛 (나라) 누루 털 Tail hair of the Chinese weasel used for pens.

더 s. 加 (더할—*가) More; further

더구나 s. 又況 또 —우 (흐를며—*황) Still more; how indeed. *Also* 더구나.

더군다나 s. 又況 (또—*우) (흐를며—*황) Still more; how indeed. *See* 더구나.

떠나다 s. 離 (떠날—*리) 서; 난 To depart; to set out; to leave.

더다 t. 除 (덜—*제) 러; 면 To lessen; to make less. *Also* 덜다

떠다 t. 戰慄 (젤—*전) (두려울 —*률) 러; 면 To tremble; to shiver; to shake. *Also* 젤다

더더군다나 s. 又況 (또—*우) (흐를며—*황) Still more; how indeed.

더덕 s. 沙蔘 (모래—*사) (삼—*삼) A variety of *Adenophora polymorpha* used as food. *See* 사삼.

더덕더덕 s. In layers; layer upon layer.

더덜거리다 s. 더러; 린 To stammer; to stutter

더덜더덜하다 s. To stammer; to stutter.

더덕 s. A petrified "China root"—said to form in a thousand years. A scab

더뎟치다 *s.* 더쳐; 천 To make matters worse; to aggravate. *See* 뎟드리다.

더렁이 *s.* 痂 (*가) Smallpox scabs. (앉다). *See* 곡정이.

더도다 *s.* 浮囮 (들 —*부) 도러 올—*회) 라; 돈 To rove about, to sail about.

더드다 *s.* 噇 (짓거릴—*훤) 러, 돈 To talk loudly; to make an uproar.

더들다 *s.* 噇 (짓거릴—*훤) 어; 은 To talk loudly, to make an uproar.

더들석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be loose—of a covering; to be open.

더듬거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To feel one's way; to finger about. *See* 어리더듬다.

더듬다 *s.* 探 (더듬을 —*함) 어; 은 To feel; to handle. To hesitate. *See* 흘지다.

더듬더듬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hesitate; to stammer. *See* 얼음얼음ᄒᆞ다.

더돈니다 *s.* 漂泊 표박홀 -*표) 대일 —*박) 돈녀; 닌 To wander; to rove about.

더딘 *s.* 遲 (더딜 -*지) Late; behindhand; slowly. *See* 오려.

더더다 *s.* 遲 (더딜 -*지) 여; 딘 To delay; to be late; to be behindhand.

더러 *s.* Some; certain ones. Slightly, a little. One form of the postposition 드려.

떠러지다 *s.* 落 (떠러질—*락) 러져; 진 To fall. *See* 누려지다 To fall behind; to set—of the sun. *See* 지다. To die—of a criminal. To be finished; to be stopped. To be worn out. To lose. (얼골). *See* 업셔지다.

더러히다 *l.* 汚 (더러울—*오) 러허; 힌 To soil; to dirty.

더럭 *l.* Greedily; speedily; hard. *See* 알가.

더럭더럭 *s.* Greedily, diligently; busily. *See* 다락다락.

더럽다 *l.* 齷 (더러울—*흑) 러워; 운 To be dirty; to be foul; to be soiled. *See* 흐ᄒᆞ다.

더렁더렁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To murmur, to sound in the distance.

더롭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be low; to be mean. To be depressed.

더리다 *s.* 더려; 린 To be ridiculous; to be unbecoming.

더바지 *s.* 加沛子 (더홀 *가) (밧을 *봄) (아돌 *조) Stepchildren of the father. *See* 덥바지.

더뎌더뎌 *s.* 遲遲 (성홀 *지 성홀 *지) In bunches; in clusters. Ignorantly; stupidly; indifferently.

더벙머리 *s.* 蓬 (*유) A half grown head of hair. *See* 다박머리. A common prostitute. *See* 덥휴.

더벙이 *s.* A low woman; a common prostitute. Wine sediment.

더부룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蓬盛 (무셩홀—*무) (셩홀—*셩) To be tangled; to be in disorder, to be thick. *See* 립수룩ᄒᆞ다.

더북더북 *s.* 叢叢 (무셩홀—*총) (무셩홀 -*총) In tufts, bushy, in clusters.

더브러 *s.* 與 (더불—*여) With—a postposition used with the instrumental cases. *See* 홈끠.

더브살이 *s.* A hired servant—usually a woman.

더세ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To presume on one's position or circumstances. *See* 의세ᄒᆞ다.

더슈군이 *s.* The back of the head.

더욱 *s.* 尤 (*우) More; still more; furthermore; particularly.

더울다 *s.* 暑 (더울—*셔) 더워; 운 To be warm: to be hot; to be feverish. *Opp.* 칩다.

더위 *s.* 暑 (더울—*셔) Heat; fever; inflammation (먹다) (돌다).

더위먹다 *s.* 어; 은 To have a sunstroke; be ill from the heat.

더옴 *s.* 加 (더홀—*가) What is over and above or thrown in—in a bargain. *See* 덧두리.

더지다 *s.* 投 (더질—*투) 더져; 진 To throw; to cast. *Also* 면지다.

더치다 *s.* 加 (더홀—*가) 더쳐; 친 To increase; to grow worse.

더러나다 *s.* 加氷 더홀—*가) (어름—*빙) 러나; 난 To freeze—of water above the ice. *Also* 업러나다.

더펄이 *s.* A long haired dog.

더풀더풀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flap; to shake; to fly up and down.

더ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 增 (더홀 —*증) To increase; to add; to be more; to be worse. *Opp.* 덜ᄒᆞ다.

*덕 *s.* 德 (른) Virtue; moral excellence. Favor; kindness. (닙다) (보다) Conduct behaviour. *See* 덕화.

떡 *s.* 餠 (*병) Bread; cake.

떡 *s.* Just then; exactly; unexpectedly. Flat; spread out.

떡가나무 *s.* 櫟木 (가나무 -*가) (나무—*목) The burr-or overcup-oak. *Quercus macrocarpa.*

떡갈 葉(가나무—*가) The leaves of the [illegible] 떡갈남

떡갈남 s. 槲葉(가나무—*가) (닢 *엽) Leaves of the overcup-oak.

덕갱이 s. 蓋(덮을—*개) A cover; a scab. A chief; a leader (Prov.)

*덕고산 s. 德高山 (콘) (높을) 되 \ mountain in Kang won-do. Lat. ... ; Long. 127 ...

*덕공소 s. 德公使 (콘) 공번될 ᄒᆞ어심 The German Minister.

*덕교 s. 德敎 (콘) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) Morality; ethics.

*덕국 s. 德國 (콘) (나라) Germany. *See* 일이만.

덕금덕금 s. In layers; one above another; little by little.

*덕긔 德氣 (콘) 긔운 \ ... ness; uprightness. *See* 낙덕.

*덕긔 s. 德奇 (콘) (긔쥭) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

덕기다 s. 덕겨; 긴 To become dirty.

*덕란 s. 德館 (콘) (ᄆᆡᆨ사) The German legation.

덕다 s. 거; 근 To be rusty; to be dirty.

*덕담 s. 德談 (콘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Good wishes; salutations—praying for happiness in the future. *See* 츄원.

덕대 s. A trestle—on which a child that has died of smallpox is left unburied. The head of a coolie gang A bachelor

*덕도 s. 德島 (콘) (셤) Tokushima ... Japan.

*덕두화 s. 德頭花 (콘) (머리) 곳 Th... hollyhock *Althaea rosea*. *See* 촉규화

*덕령 德領 ᄀᆞ 기ᄂᆞ릴) Germ... colonies, German possessions.

*덕림 s. 德林 (콘) (수플) A village in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.41 Long. 126.46.

*덕망 s. 德望 ᄀᆞᆫ 닉ᄒᆞᆯ What is ... guished for virtue; an excellent name, reputation. *See* 명망

덕매 s. 打糊棒(칠 다, (떡 ᄆᆡᆺ, 방망이— 화) A bread pounder. (칠ᄒᆞ다

*덕명 s. 德明 (콘) 붉은 \ ... Ham-kyŏng-do.

덕복기 s. A dish of fried bread and meat.

덕부엉이 s. 老鵂(늙을—*로) (부엉이 ... The ... *B. Virginianus*.

*덕분 s. 德分 (콘) (논ᄒᆞᆯ) Favor; grace; kindness. *See* 은덕.

*덕산 s. 德山 (콘) (뫼) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.43 Long. 127.02; post station in Ham-kyong-do and Kyong-sang-do; a mountain in Chol-la do. Lat. 3450 Long. 127.0

덕석 s. 牛衣 (소 *우) (옷 *의) A rough mat used as an ox blanket

*덕셩스럽다 s. 德性 (콘) (셩품) 덕워, 운 To be good looking; to be prosperous looking; to be amiable

덕술 s. 酵 (긔쥬 *교) Yeast, leaven

*덕슈천 s. 德水川 ..., 물, ... in Kyŏng-keui-do. (Ko-yang).

*덕신 s. 德新 (콘) (새) A post station in Kyong-sang-do and Kang-won-do.

덕실덕실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be numerous; to be scattered here and there *See* 축실축실ᄒᆞ다

떡심 s. The tendons etc. of the beef, prepared as a dish of food

*덕양 s. 德陽 (콘) (별) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

*덕어 s. 德語 (콘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The German language.

*덕역 s. 德驛 (콘) (과발) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*덕용ᄒᆞ다 s. 德用 (콘) (쓸) To be profitable, to be advantageous, to be useful

*덕우산 s. 德祐山 (콘) (복) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.47 Long. 128.00.

*덕음 s. 德音 (콘 ...소리) A report of virtue or excellence. (B.O.)

... 德花 ... ᄋᆞᆷ ... lity *See* 도덕

*덕이산 ... 德美山 ... 옴 ... 뫼) ... mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat 36.21 Long. 128.00.

*덕인 s. 德人 (콘) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A German.

*덕원 s. 德源 (콘) (근원) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 38.59 Long. ...

*덕적 德積 ... 짝 ... island in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.16 Long. ...

덕적덕적 s. Tightly; firmly.

*덕적산 s. 德積山 (콘) (싹흠) 되 A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat 37.53 Long. 126.46.

덕정이 s. 痂 (덕엉이—*가) Callosity; hardness of the skin. (안다). *See* 덕개

*덕진 s. 德津 (콘) (나루) A military station in Kyŏng-keui-do.

*덕천 s. 德川 (콘) (내) A prefect in Pyŏn-do. Lat. 39.42 Long. 126 ... \ post station in Kyong-sang-d...

*덕칠 s. 德漆 (큰) (옷) A post station in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.38 Long 126.43.

*덕흥 s. 德興 (큰) (흥호) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*덕덧 s. 德澤 (큰) (못) Grace; favor; kindness. *See* 은덧.

*덕포 s. 德浦 (큰) (개) A naval station in Kyong-keui-do.

*덕풍 s. 德豊 (큰) (풍년) A post station in Kyong-keui-do; in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36.55 Long. 126.57.

*덕행 s. 德行 (큰) (행실) Virtuous conduct, deeds of moral excellence. *See* 덕화.

*덕화 s. 德化 (큰) (될) Virtuous government; moral reform. *See* 덕치.

던적스럽다 l. 더워; 운 To be dirty; to be foul. *See* 찬적맛다.

던지 s. A verbal form having force of "whether—or."

던지다 s. 投 (던질 *두) 던져; 진 To throw; to cast.

덜 l. 減 (*감) Less; in a way that is lacking. *Opp.* 더.

들 s. The plural ending usually written 들.

덜 l. "Isn't that so?" an expression of assent.

덜거거리다 s. 거려; 린 To clash; to clatter.

덜써 s. Jingling; clattering.

덜걱덜걱 s. Rattling; shaking. *See* 달각달각.

덜걱이 s. 雄雉 (슈컷— 은 *꿩 *치) A cock pheasant. Pros., Not 장끼.

덜기 s. 叢 (*총) A cluster; a bunch. Relatives. (Low).

덜넝거리다 s. 거려; 린 To make an uproar; to rattle

덜넝덜넝 s. Quickly, swiftly. Ringing.

덜넝쩔넝 s. Ringing; clanging.

덜넝이 s. 浪客 (허랑—*랑) (손—*객) A careless fellow a reckless creature.

덜니다 s. 損 (덜—*손) 덜녀; 닌 To diminish; to decrease

덜니다 s. 戰慄 (떨—*전) (두려울—*률) 덜녀; 닌 To tremble, to shiver, to shake.

덜다 l. 除 (덜—*제) 어; 면 To take from; to lessen. *See* 감하다.

덜다 l. 어; 면 To tremble; to shiver; to shake. To be astringent

덜다 l. 搥 (덜칠—*불) 어, 면 To shake; to beat.

덜더리다 l. 搥 (덜칠—*불 더려 닌 To shake, to beat *See* 덜치다

덜덜 s. Whirling; rolling.

덜덜음하다 s. To be astringent. To be depressed; to be anxious.

덜떨하다 s. 醎 (덜—*산) To be astringent in taste To be inferior in quality or grade.

덜되다 l. 未成 (못홀—*미) (일울—*성) 되여; 된 To be inferior in quality or grade.

덜미 s. 腦後 (노두—*노) (뒤—*후) The nape of the neck. *See* 목덜미.

덜미잡다 s. 打頸 (칠 —*타) (노두—*노) 히; 은 To seize by the nape of the neck.

덜밉잔다 l. 하; 오 To be not so bad—in looks. *See* 숩숩하다.

덜석덜석하다 s. To be willing; to be tractable; to be docile.

덜슭덜슭하다 s. 雜色 (석길 *잡) (빗—*색) To be mixed in color; to be mottled. *See* 얼슭덜슭하다.

덜쳐다 l. 搥 (덜칠—*불) 덜쳐; 친 To shake; to beat. *See* 덜미리다. To touch; to dangle over.

덜커거리다 s. 거려; 린 To rock; to beat.

덜컥덜컥 s. Rocking; lashing.

덜컹덜컹하다 s. To rock; to rattle.

덜피거리다 s. 거려; 린 To beat; to rock —as a boat.

덜피지다 s. 多 (만흘—*다) 져져; 진 To be plump; to be corpulent; to be abundant; to be fat—as of person.

덜푸리하다 l. To lighten; to unlade—a boat.

덟다 l. 醎 (덜 *산 맛을—*신) 어; 은 To be astringent—in taste. To be of inferior grade or rank.

덤거치다 s. 거쳐; 친 To meet with difficulties.

덤덤하다 s. To be silent; to be taciturn. *See* 덤덩하다.

덤바지조시 l. 加捧子 (더흘—*가) (밧을 *봉 (아들—*자) A child by the first husband *See* 가봉조.

덤벅 s. With force; greedily. *See* 덤뿍.

덤벙거리다 s. 紛雜 (어지러울—*분 (석길—*잡) 거려; 린 To stir up, to create confusion.

덤벙덤벙하다 s. To be this way and that

way; to be confusing; to plunge in and out.

덤벙대다 *s.* 여; 린 To make a commotion; to show off; to make pretension.

덤벙이다 *s.* 紛雜 어지러울 *분(어질기 *잡) 벙여, 인 To pretend to know; to show off, to create a commotion. *Opp.* 찬찬하다

덤불 A bush, a vine

덤불 *s.* A heap; a pile. Rubbish; debris.

덤불 *s.* The roof of the month.

덤비다 *s.* 여, 뷘 To attack; to assault, to set upon. To stir up; to create confusion. *See* 뒤들다.

덤석 *s.* With force; greedily. *See* 덤벅

덤이 *s.* 積 (싸흘—*젹) A heap; a pile. *See* 같이

덤장 *s.* A large hanging net—for fishing. (민다).

덤치 *s.* A mat used as an ox blanket. *See* 덕석.

덥게 *s.* 蓋 (덥흘—*개) A coverlet; a quilt, blanket

덥다 *s.* 蓋 (덥흘—*개) 허; 흔 To cover.

덥다 *l.* 熱 (더울—*열) 여워; 운 To be warm; to be hot; to be feverish.

덥석 *s.* Quickly; hastily; hurriedly. *See* 답삭.

덥적거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To be careless; to be reckless To be desirous of.

덥적덥적 *s.* Carelessly; indifferently. *See* 더벅더벅

덥추 *s.* A loose woman; a low prostitute. *See* 가침; 어패.

덤치다 *s.* 덤쳐; 친 To take the part of; to pounce on; to set on.

덤청하다 *s.* To pretend innocence; to appear ignorant.

덤허노코 *s.* 敝—곰 \ 그러움 *폐 *얼) (말솜—*엇) In whatever way, however it may be.

덤허놓다 *s.* 노화; 흔 To hide; to conceal; to cover over.

덤허두다 *s.* 여; 운 To hide; to conceal.

덧 *s.* 加 (다흘—*가, One above the other; a second time.

덧 *s.* 杙 (*익) A trap for catching animals. (놋다).

덧 *s.* A space of time; leisure. (업다).

덧가비 *s.* One who interferes; a second party.

덧거리 *s.* An exaggeration.

덧거치다 *s.* 거쳐; 친 To make matters worse, to aggravate

덧나다 *s.* 셔; 난 To become inflamed, to be provoked; to be aggravated.

덧나—　　*집) 람—*럽 여; 넨 To inflame; to provoke; to aggravate. *See* 덧드리다.

덧니 *s.* 齲齒 (업업흘—*헝) (니—*치) A gag tooth. (나다).

덧니박이 *s.* A man with a gag tooth

덧셋시 *s.* In a becoming way; in accord.

덧셋ᄒᆞ다　　*셧) To be constant, to be fixed　　To be suitable to be becoming. *See* 맛당ᄒᆞ다

덧드리다 *s.* 드려; 린 To inflame; to provoke; to aggravate; to stir up. 덧내다.

덧물　　氷 | 水 (어름—*빙) (물 *싱) (물—*슈) Water which freezes above the ice. (지다).

덧방 *s.* A wedge. (지르다).

덧부룩하다 *s.* To be bloated; to have a feeling of fulness in the stomach.

덧부르다 *s.* 불너; 부른 To be bloated to have a feeling of fulness in the stomach

덧붓치기 *s.* A hanger on; a sponger.

덧업다 *s.* 於焉 (놀—*어) (어ᄂᆞ소 *언셔; 슨 To pass quickly, to have no leisure.

덧지 *s.* 酸 (*루) Liquor strained off a second time.

떼 *s.* 筏 (*사) A raft of timber

떼 *s.* 簿 (*사) Sod. (잘다) (쓰다) (닙히다). *See* 잔듸.

떼 *s.* 部 (*부) A company. (짓다). *See* 무리. An army. A numerative of a hundred —as bamboo pipe-stems.

떼 *s.* 行態 (힝흘 *힝) (모질—*악) Persistently; by force. (쓰다).

떼거리 *s.* 行態 (힝흘—*힝) (모질—*악) Persistently; violently; by force. (쓰다). *See* 억지.

떼관암보살 *s.* Many Posal Buddhas.

떼먹다 *s.* 먹흰 (집반—*반) (너울—*슐) 어; 은 To be underdone; to be uncooked.

떼다 *l.* 여; 인 To heat; to burn; to scald. *See* 데우다.

떼다 *l.* 여; 인 To open; to break; to separate; to drive out; to cure. To [illegible] To [illegible] "freeze" from (돈). *Also* 찌이다.

뎨뎨 s. 隊隊 뎨 *디 (뎨 *디) Each company; every company—of soldiers.

뎨되다 s. 여; 된 To be lacking; to be wanting.

뎨면뎨면ᄒᆞ다 s. To be careless; to be indifferent. *See* 범범ᄒᆞ다.

뎨면히 s. 泛泛 (뜰—*법) (문둑—*홀) Carelessly; in a poor way.

뎨면ᄒᆞ다 s. To be careless; to be indifferent.

뎨목 s. 筏木 뎨 -*법) (나무 *목) Raft wood.

뎨삶기다 s. 半熟 (절반—*반) (닉을 *슉, 삶겨; 긴 To be underdone, to be half raw

뎨셜구다 s. 구셔; 진 To be comical; to laughable *See* 힝셜구다.

뎨셜뎨셜ᄒᆞ다 s. To be comical; to be wild; to be rollicking

뎨즁뎨즁 s. Jolly; bright; rollicking Clumsily. Perforated.

뎨쓰다 s. 恃惡 (밋을 *시) (모질—*악) 세여; 쓴 To use force; to use violence; to be persistent. *See* 억지쓰다.

뎨쇽뎨쇽 s. Careless; indifferent.

뎨싱이다 s. 식여; 인 To eat without relish; to eat under compulsion.

뎨싱기다 s. 싱겨; 긴 To be low; to be mean.

뎨억지다 s. 억져; 진 To be strong; to be forcible; to be violent.

뎨여먹다 s. 여; 은 To break and eat. To "squeeze."

뎨우다 s. 데워; 운 To heat; to make warm.

뎨우다 s. 뎨워; 운 To soften metal—by tempering.

뎨이다 s. 뎨여; 인 To open; to break to separate To finish a book or study To be robbed; to be swindled. To float. (v t.)

뎨장덩이 s. Soy sediment—used as food.

뎨치다 s. 뎨쳐; 친 To send away; to put away.

뎨치다 l 데쳐; 친 To parboil.

뎨히다 s. 燙 (데일 -*관) 뎨여; 힌 To burn oneself; to be scalded.

뎩가그람 s. Decagram or Decagramme.

뎩거뎩리다 s. 거려; 린 To clatter; to rattle.

뎩걱뎩걱ᄒᆞ다 s. To clatter; to rattle.

뎩군ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sunken—as the eyes of a sick person. *See* 할금ᄒᆞ다.

뎬가슴 l. 膽心 (놀랄 -*경) (문올—*실) A timorous heart—caused by a fright.

뎬급ᄒᆞ다 l. To be impetuous; to be precipitate—from fear.

뎬독ᄒᆞ다 s. To feel a dislike for; to feel repugnance for. (Prov.)

뎬증식 l. (Like) a burnt child. (보처듯ᄒᆞ다).

뎽걸뎽걸 s. Murmuring; talking.

뎽정 s. Quickly; swiftly; speedily. A metallic ring.

뎽정거리다 s. 거려; 린 To sound-ding-dong.

뎽정뎽정ᄒᆞ다 s. To sound—ding-dong. *See* 뎽감뎽감ᄒᆞ다.

뎽뎽 s Ding-dong—of a great bell. A murmuring.

뎽뎽 s. Ding-dong—of a great bell. *See* 뎽뎽.

뎡 s. A wedding chair for an official's bride.

뎡굴 s. 蔓 (*만) A creeper. *See* 뎜불.

뎡다라 s. Imitating; doing the same.

뎡뎡 s. Beating—a drum.

뎡뎍ᄒᆞ다 s. An annoyance; a hardship—that one causes another to suffer. (쓰우다).

뎡동뎡동ᄒᆞ다 s. To sound as drums and cymbals.

뎡실거리다 s. 거려; 린 To cut capers; to grimace; to frolic.

뎡실뎡실ᄒᆞ다 s. To cut capers; to grimace; to frolic.

뎡싯거리다 s. 거려; 린 To grin; to smile.

뎡싯뎡싯 s Grinning; smiling.

뎡어리 s. 塊 (뎡이—*피) A lump; a piece. (지다). *See* 뎡이.

뎡이 s. 塊 (뎡이 -*피) A lump; a piece. *See* 뎡어리.

뎡졀이 s. A mass; a lump.

뎡치 s. A lump; a piece.

뎌 s. 笛 (*뎍) A flute. (불다).

뎌 s. 彼 (*피) That—a demonstrative adj. *Opp.* 이.

*뎌가 s. 低價 (눈질) (갑) A low price; cheap.

*뎌가번에 s. 這去番 (뎌긔) (갈) (번) At that time, then.

뎌긔 s. and l. 彼處 (뎌—*피) (곳—*쳐) Yonder; there. *See* 여긔.

뎌다지 s. Such a; like that. *See* 뎌닥지.

뎌뎌마다 s. Each one; every one.

뎌딱지 s. Such a; like that. *See* 뎌다지.

*뎌당ᄒᆞ다 v. 抵當 (뎌당) (맛당) To bear. To guard. *See* 감당ᄒᆞ다.

*뎌도 / 低度 (뎌도) (지발) A low degree

뎌러ᄒᆞ시 s. 若彼 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔—*약) (뎌 *피) To be such a; to be like that. *See* 이럿ᄒᆞ시.

뎌런 s. 若彼 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔—*약) (뎌 *피) Such a; (a thing) like that *See* 이런.

뎌리 / By that way; that way—implying motion. *Opp* 이리. *Also* 뎌리로.

뎌만침 s Thus; so much. *See* 이만침.

뎌마다 s Each one, every one *See* 뎌 뎌마다.

*뎌면 / 低面 (뎌) (낫) Base—of solid.

*뎌변 / 底邊 (뎌) (가) Base—of plane figure

*뎌샤각 s. 低斜角 (ᄂᆞᆺ길) (뵈길) (ᄉᆞᆯ) Angle of depression.

*뎌셩 s. 氐星 (뎌) (별) The 3rd of the 28 constellations α, β, γ, ε Libra 222°17′ 35″ /

뎌슈 s. 地府 (짜 *뎌) (마을—*부) Hades, the grave. *See* 디부.

*뎌ᄉᆞ위한ᄒᆞ다 / 抵死爲限 (뎌) (죽을 (ᄒᆞ) (한ᄒᆞᆫ) To stake one's life; to limit matters at one's life. *See* 이ᄉᆞ위한ᄒᆞ다.

*뎌ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 / 抵死 (뎌) (죽을) To risk one's life; to expose oneself to death. *See* 뎌ᄉᆞ위한ᄒᆞ다.

*뎌음 / 低音 (누질) (소리) A low sound; a subdued tone.

뎌즘ᄭᅴ s. 彼時 (뎌즘ᄭᅴ—*ᄉᆞᆨ) (놈 *ᄉᆞ) At that time; then. *See* 일전에.

*뎌촉ᄒᆞ다 / 抵觸 (뎌) (ᄎᆡ물) To conflict with, to be opposed to.

*뎌ᄎᆡ s. 邸宅 (ᄀᆡᆨ사) (집) A residence; an official dwelling.

*뎌하 / 底下 (밋) (아래) The bottom of anything

*뎌항력 / 抵抗力 (뎌) (겨를) (힘) Power of resistance; resistance; opposition

*뎌항ᄒᆞ다 / 抵抗 (뎌) (겨를) To resist; to oppose; to withstand.

*뎍 s. 嫡 (뎍실) By the lawful wife—in contrast to (children) by a concubine.

*뎍가 s. 嫡家 (뎍실) (집) The main family.

*뎍경 s. 敵境 (뎌뎍) (뎌경) The enemy's camp; the enemy's army.

*뎍구지병 s. 適口之餠 (마질) (병) (ᄀᆞᆺ) (ᄲᅥᆨ) Cake that suits the taste; what pleases one

*뎍국 敵國 (뎌뎍) (나라) A hostile nation

*뎍군 s. 敵軍 (뎌뎍) (군사) The enemy's army; hostile forces.

*뎍남 s. 嫡男 (뎍실) (사나희) The eldest son; the son who is to succeed the father in the possession of family estates.

*뎍녀 s. 嫡女 (뎍실) (계집) The eldest daughter.

*뎍당가시ᄒᆞ다 v. 適當其時 (맛칠) (맛당) ᄀᆞ (뎨 To be at the proper time to be just at the time

뎍당ᄒᆞ다 s. 適當 (맛칠) (맛당) To be just suitable; to happen; to be the time. To hit the centre of a target; to be suitable; to be adapted for. *See* 맛당ᄒᆞ다.

뎍도 s. 適度 맛칠) 지발) The proper degree; suitable or proper in degree or extent

*뎍디 s. 敵地 (뎌뎍) (짜) The enemy's country; hostile territory

*뎍뎌뎍의ᄉᆞ s. 敵對的意思 (뎌뎍) (뎌ᄒᆞᆯ) (뎍실) (ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄉᆡᆼ각) Hostile intention.

*뎍뎌뎍태도 s. 敵對的態度 (뎌뎍) (뎌ᄒᆞᆯ) (뎍실) (태도) (지발) Hostile attitude

*뎍루상 s. 吊樓上 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (다락) (ᄉᆞᆼ) A watch-tower from which to follow an enemy's movements

*뎍모 s. 嫡母 (뎍실) (어미) A term of address used to the wife by the children of a concubine. *Opp.* 서모.

뎍바르다 s. 발나; 바른 To be just enough; to be just sufficient

뎍병 s. 敵兵 (뎌뎍) (군사) The enemy's die

*뎍부 s. 的否 (뎍실) (아니) Suitable or not; suitability; correctness

*뎍부ᄒᆞ다 s. 的否 (뎍실) (ᄇᆞᆼ부) To be certain; to be exact; to be the same. *See* 명녕ᄒᆞ다.

*뎍붕 s. 翟茀 (ᄭᅮᆼ) (ᄉᆞᆺ자리) Decorations of a sedan chair. (B.O.)

*뎍서 s. 嫡庶 (뎍실) (ᄆᆞᆺ) Children by the wife and children by the concubine.

*뎍손 s. 嫡孫 (뎍실) (손ᄌᆞ) Posterity—by the legal wife. A descendant through the eldest son of a family.

*뎍슈 s. 滴水 (ᄆᆡ치질) (물) Falling water. (맛다).

*뎍슈 s. 敵手 (뎌뎍) (손) Equals; mates. ᄋᆞ 겻수

*뎍슈 s. 敵手 뎌뎍) (손) Adversary

*뎍실 s. 嫡室 (뎍실) (집 The legal wife

*덕실ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 的實 덕실 (실호) To be true; to be genuine; to be certain. *See* 진실ᄒᆞ다.

*덕영 *s.* 敵營 (뎌덕) (영문) The enemy's camp. *See* 덕진.

*덕의 *s.* 敵意 (뎌덕) (의) Hostility.

*덕의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 適宜 (맛짐) (맛당) To suit; to accord with; to befit; to agree with.

*덕장 *s.* 敵將 (뎌덕) (장슈) An enemy's general; the commander of an invading army.

*덕즁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 適中 (맛침) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be suitable; to be fitting; to be just the right thing.

*덕진 *s.* 敵陣 (뎌덕) (진칠) An invading army; an enemy's army.

*덕즈 *s.* 嫡子 (뎍실) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Sons by the legal wife. *Opp.* 서ᄉᆞ.

*덕파 *s.* 嫡派 (뎍실) (갈ᄂᆡ) Descendants from the wife in contrast to *Sip'a.* *Opp.* 서파.

*덕형 *s.* 嫡兄 (뎍실) (맛) An elder brother —both born of the wife. *Opp.* 서ᄒᆡ.

*덕확히 *s.* 的確 (뎍실) (확실) Surely; certainly.

*덕확ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 的確 (뎍실) (확실) To be sure; to be doubtless; to be true; to be certainly so.

*뎐 *l.* 殿 (대궐) A hall; a palace; a Buddhist temple.

*뎐 *s.* 田 (밧) Dry fields—in contrast to paddy-fields. A surname.

*뎐 *l.* 奠 (드릴) A sacrifice to others than ancestors; a sacrifice to friends. (드리다).

*뎐가 *s.* 田家 (밧) (집) A farm house; a rural cottage.

*뎐가 *s.* 田歌 (밧) (노래) A rural song.

*뎐각 *l.* 殿閣 (대궐) (집) A royal or monastic palace.

*뎐간목 *l.* 電竿木 (번기) (대) (나무) Telegraph poles.

*뎐거 *l.* 電車 (번기) (수레) Electric car.

*뎐견 *s.* 田鵑 (밧) (두견) The cuckoo.

*뎐계 *s.* 田鷄 (밧) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Galinule.

*뎐곡 *s.* 田穀 (밧) (곡식) Dry field grain in contrast to rice. *Opp.* 답곡.

*뎐곡 *s.* 田谷 (밧) (골) A post station in Kyong-kem-do.

*뎐긔싱 *s.* 田耆生 (밧) (긔흘) (남) A D. 1358-1374 A keeper of the National Library F. S. Tam yang (C. L.) N. P. Ya-eun (野隱).

*뎐긔 *l.* 電機 (번기) (틀) An electrical machine.

*뎐긔 *l.* 電氣 (번기 (긔운) Electricity.

뎐긔공학 *s.* 電氣工學 번기 (긔운 공ᄒᆞᆨ) (박ᄉᆞᆯ) Electric engineering.

*뎐긔광학 *l.* 電氣光學 (번기) (긔운) (빗) (박ᄉᆞᆯ) Electro-optics.

*뎐긔등 *l.* 電氣燈 (번기) (긔운) (등ᄇᆞᆯ) An electric light.

*뎐긔란 *l.* 電氣卵 (번기) (긔운) (알) Electric egg.

*뎐긔력 *l.* 電氣力 번기 긔운 힘) Electric power.

*뎐긔력학 *l.* 電氣力學 번기 (긔운 힘) (박ᄉᆞᆯ) Electro-dynamics.

*뎐긔류 *l.* 電氣溜 번기 긔운) (박슈ᄇᆞᆯ, Accumulator; secondary battery.

*뎐긔발동긔 (電氣發動機 (번기) (긔운) 발ᄃᆞᆼ, 운ᄉᆞᆯ 틀) Electromotor.

*뎐긔분히 *l.* 電氣分解 번기 긔운 ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) (틈) Electrolysis.

*뎐긔석 *l.* 電氣石 (번기) (긔운) (돌) Tourmaline.

*뎐긔션 / 電氣線 번기) (긔운) (ᄉᆞᆯ) A telegraph line

뎐긔션대 *l.* 電氣線臺 (번기) (긔운) (ᄉᆞᆯ 대—*한) Telegraph poles.

*뎐긔운동학 *l.* 電氣運動學 (번기) (긔운) 옴길) (움ᄌᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ) (박ᄉᆞᆯ) Electro-kinematics.

뎐긔ᄌᆞ셕 *l.* 電氣磁石 번기 긔운, (지남석) (돌) Electro-magnet

뎐긔ᄉᆞᆯ도 *l.* 電氣鐵道 번기 긔운 쇠길) Electric railway

*뎐긔통 *l.* 電氣筒 (번기) (긔운) (통) An electric battery.

*뎐긔학 *l.* 電氣學 (번기 (긔운 (박ᄉᆞᆯ) The science of electricity

*뎐긔험 *l.* 電氣驗 (번기) (긔운) (증험) Electro-scope.

*뎐긔회샤 *l.* 電氣會社 (번기) (긔운) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (회샤) The Electric Company.

뎐랑 *l.* 癲狂 (밍ᄃᆞᆯ) (밋칠) Same as 뎐광증.

*뎐광 *l.* 電光 (번기) (빗) A flash of lighting, lightning.

*뎐광증 *l.* 癲狂症 (밍) (밋칠) (증셰) Madness, insanity

*뎐단 *s.* 田單 (밧) (홑) A famous Chinese warrior of the time of *Che* 齊.

*뎐답 *s.* 田畓 (밧) (논) Paddy-fields and dry fields. *See* 논ᄇᆞᆯ.

*뎐답문젼 *s.* 田畓文券 (밧) (논) (글) (문셔) Deeds for fields; land deeds.

*뎐당 *l.* 典當 (법) (맛당) Pawning. *See* 잡, 잡다.

*뎐당국 *l.* 典當局 (법) (맛당) (관) A pawnshop.

*뎐당잡다 f. 典當 (법) (맛당) 잡아; 은 To be pawned; to be mortgaged.

*뎐당잡히다 f. 典當 (법) (맛당) 잡혀, 힌 To pawn.

*뎐당ᄒᆞ다 f. 典當 (법) (맛당) To pawn; to mortgage.

*뎐도ᄒᆞ다 f. 顚倒 (젓구러질) (젓구러질) To overturn; to upset; to be overturned.

*뎐ᄃᆞ리다 f. 奠 (드릴 드려; 린 To sacrifice with rice-bread.

*뎐디 s. 田地 (밧) (짜) Cultivated land; fields; property. See 뎐토

뎐라 s. 田螺 (밧) (소라) River-snail

*뎐랑 f. 殿廊 A porch or vestibule at the entrance of a palace or temple. (집) (행랑).

*뎐렵ᄒᆞ다 s. 獵獵 (사냥) (사냥) To follow the chase; to go hunting.

*뎐뢰성 s. 田耒生 (밧) (록) (날) A.D. 1892 Brother of Chun Cho-sing 全 Nai-eun 來隱.

*뎐류 f. 電流 (번기) (흐름) Electric current

*뎐류계 f. 電流計 (번기) (흐름) (계교) Galvanometer.

*뎐면 s. 田面 (밧) (낫) The surface of a rice-field

*뎐문 f. 殿門 (대궐) (문) The gate or gates of the palace.

*뎐문 s. 田文 (밧) (글) Record of land

*뎐민 s. 田民 (밧) (빅셩) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*뎐병 f. 電瓶 (번기) (병) An electric jar.

*뎐보 f. 電報 (번기) (갑홀) A telegram. (녹락).

*뎐부 s. 田夫 (밧) (지아비) A farmer; an agricultural labourer; a boor.

*뎐보국 f. 電報局 (번기) (갑홀) (관) A telegraph office.

*뎐보긔계 f. 電報器械 (번기) (갑홀) (그릇) (긔계) The instrument of a telegraph office.

*뎐보소 f. 電報司 (번기) (갑홀) (맛홀) A telegraph office See 뎐보국.

*뎐보틀 f. 電報機 (번기) (갑홀) (틀 긔) A telegraphic instrument.

*뎐보ᄒᆞ다 f. 電報 (번기) (갑홀) To "wire"; to send a telegram.

*뎐복ᄒᆞ다 f. 顚覆 (젓구러질) (업흘) To overturn; to upset; to overthrow as a government; to be conquered—of a country.

*뎐부 s. 田夫 (밧) (지아비) Owners of fields; farmers.

*뎐복ᄒᆞ다 f. 顚仆 (젓구러질) (업더질) To fall down; to tumble down.

*뎐분 f. 澱粉 (엣기) (가로) Starch.

*뎐분류경 f. 澱粉酒精 (엣기) (가로) (술) (정밀홀 Alcohol amylicum.

뎐산 s. 田産 (밧) (날) The produce of a rice field; rice; grains; cereals; corn.

*뎐샤 s. 田舍 (밧) (집) The country; a countryhouse; cottage

뎐샹 f. 殿上 (집) (우) The Imperial palace.

*뎐서 s. 田鼠 (밧) (쥐) A field rat, *Mus tancuum*.

뎐션 f. 電線 (번기) (실) A telegraph line.

*뎐션대 f. 電線柱 (번기) (실) (대—*한) Telegraph poles.

뎐션목 f. 電線木 (번기 실 나무 Telegraph poles. See 뎐긔션대

뎐션ᄉᆞᆯ f. 電線 (번기 (실 A telegraph wire. See 뎐긔션

뎐세 s. 田稅 (밧 구실) Dry tributions. (밧치다)

뎐세대동 s. 田稅大同 (밧 구실 문) (ᄀᆞᆺ치) Tax contributions—paid in kind.

*뎐신긔 f. 電信機 (번기) (맛흘) (틀) Telegraph.

*뎐쇼 s. 田所 (밧) (바) A rice-field; farm; landed estate.

*뎐시 f. 殿試 (대궐 시험) An examination of graduates before the king.

*뎐신 f. 電信 (번기) (맛흘) A telegram.

*뎐실ᄒᆞ다 f. 典實 (법) (실로) To be truthful; to be genuine. See 진실ᄒᆞ다.

뎐안청 f. 奠雁廳 (드릴) (가력이) (청) The court where the goose is presented at a wedding. See 초례청.

뎐안ᄒᆞ다 f. 奠雁 (드릴) (가력이) To present the goose—the wedding gift offered by the bridegroom. See 납치

*뎐야 s. 田野 (밧) (들) Rice and grain land; fields and wilds.

뎐어 f. 電語 (번기) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A telephone.

*뎐어ᄒᆞ다 f. 電語 (번기 말ᄉᆞᆷ) To speak by telephone.

*뎐연히 f. 塡然 (메울 그럴) Loud sounding—of drums. (M.)

*뎐여답간 s. 田與畓間 밧 (더불) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (ᄉᆞ이) Between paddy fields and drylands.

*뎐옥 l. 典獄 (뎐) (옥) The royal prison—of the capital.

*뎐운작 s. 田雲雀 (뎐) (운) (참새) Japanese Alpine pipit.

*뎐의감 l. 典衣監 (뎐) (의) (감) The office of the royal robes.

*뎐의고쥬ᄒᆞ다 l. 典衣沽酒 (뎐) (의) (고) (쥬) To pawn one's clothes for drink.

*뎐일산 l. 電日山 (뎐긔) (날) (외) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat 1747 Long 128.18.

*뎐원 l. 電源 (뎐긔) (근원) Galvanic element.

*뎐원 s. 田園 (뎐) (동산) Rice and arable land.

*뎐장 s. 田庄 (뎐) (장화) A farmstead. *See* 가뎐.

*뎐젹 l. 典籍 (뎐) (호젹) A secretary of a Confucian College—an officer of the front rank, 6th degree.

*뎐젼ᄒᆞ다 l. 遷延 (드릴) (날) To move to; to go to another place to live.

*뎐제 l. 典制 (뎐) (법) A law; rule; regulation.

*뎐제 l. 奠祭 (드릴) (졔ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice offered on the way to the grave. *See* 도제.

*뎐조싱 s. 田祖生 (뎐) (조셰) (날) A. D. 1358-1374 A mountain hermit F. S. Tan-yang (C.C.) N. P. Kyŏng-eun (耕隱).

*뎐쥬 s. 田主 (뎐) (쥬인) The owner of fields or cultivated lands. *See* 답쥬.

*뎐즁이 s. 田中 (뎐) (가온ᄃᆡ) A low character.

*뎐지 l. 電池 (뎐긔) (못) A galvanic battery.

*뎐지도지ᄒᆞ다 l. 顚之倒之 (업ᄃᆡ칠) (갈) (것구러칠) (갈) To fall headlong and backwards—of one in a hurry.

*뎐질ᄒᆞ다 l. 顚躓 (업ᄃᆡ칠) (ᄆᆞᆺ그러질) To stumble and fall.

*뎐질ᄒᆞ다 l. 典質 (법) (잡을) To pawn; to be pawned.

*뎐차 s. 電車 (뎐긔) (수레) An electric car.

*뎐차표 l. 電車票 (뎐긔) (수레) (표) Ticket for electric car.

*뎐청 l. 電請 (뎐긔) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) Requiring by telegraph.

*뎐청ᄒᆞ다 l. 電請 (뎐긔) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) To require by telegraph

*뎐초 s. 田草 (뎐) (풀) Weeds growing in rice-fields.

*뎐츙ᄒᆞ다 l. 塡充 (메울) (치울) To fill up as a space.

*뎐칙 l. 電敕 (뎐긔) (칙셔) An imperial order despatch—by telephone or telegraph.

뎐칙ᄒᆞ다 l. 電敕 (뎐긔, (칙셔) To despatch imperial orders by telephone or telegraph.

*뎐토 s. 田土 (뎐) (흙) Cultivated lands; fields; property.

*뎐ᄒᆡ s. 田宅 (뎐) (집) Fields and houses.

*뎐패 l. 殿牌 (대궐) (패) A tablet representing a deceased king or sage—kept in official quarters.

*뎐패ᄒᆞ다 l. 顚沛 (업ᄃᆡ칠) (잣바질) To fall; to go to pieces.

*뎐하 l. 殿下 (대궐) (아래) "Your majesty," "His majesty" "Your royal highness."

*뎐학 l. 電學 (뎐긔) (배홀) The study of electricity. A telephone.

*뎐화국 l. 典圜局 (법) (둥글) (관) The royal mint—in the capital.

*뎐간 l. 癲癎 (질알) (간질) Epilepsy.

*뎐형 l. 典刑 (법) (형벌) A law; statute.

*뎐훈 l. 電訓 (뎐긔) (구ᄅᆞᆯ칠) A government order sent by telephone or telegraph.

*뎐훈ᄒᆞ다 l. 電訓 (뎐긔) (구ᄅᆞᆯ칠) To send government orders by telephone or telegraph.

*뎐히 l. 電解 (뎐긔) (플) Electrolysis.

*뎐히물 l. 電解物 (뎐긔) (플) (물건) Electrolyte.

*뎐화 l. 電話 (뎐긔) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A telephone message; a telephone.

*뎐화긔 l. 電話機 (뎐긔) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (틀) A telephone instrument.

*뎐화과 l. 電話課 (뎐긔) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (공부) A telephone office.

*뎐화통 l. 電話筒 (뎐긔) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (통) A telephone instrument.

*뎐화ᄒᆞ다 l. 電話 (뎐긔) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To speak by telephone

*뎜 l. 店 (장ᄉᆞᄒᆞᆯ) A manufactory, a shop; a mine. An inn; a wine-shop.

*뎜 s. 點 (뎜) A spot, a speck; a dot. (ᄇᆞᆨ이다). A jot in writing A numerative of official drum beatings—as in the night-watches. (ᄇᆞᆨ다).

*뎜고ᄒᆞ다 l. 點考 (뎜) (상고) To call the roll; to examine official lists.

*뎜뎜히 l. 點點 (뎜) (뎜) In pieces; in particles; in small bits.

뎜두ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞ. 點頭 (뎜 머리) To nod the head in token of assent.

뎜등ᄒᆞ다 / 點燈 뎜 (등불) To light a lamp or candles.

*뎜미 ᄉᆞ. 粘米 (찰미) (쌀) Glutinous rice. *See* 찹쌀.

*뎜수 ᄉᆞ. 點數 (뎜 두어) Number of marks—as of examination sheets; number of strikes—as of a clock

*뎜심 /. 點心 (뎜) (무옴) The midday meal. *Also* 졈심.

뎜어ᄉᆞ 鮎魚 미어기 (고기) Pterogobius altivelis. *See* 미어기.

뎜이다 ᄉᆞ. 切 (쎌—*쩔) 뎜여; 인 To slice. *See* 쎌다.

*뎜장이 /. 店匠 (장ᄉᆞ집) (장인) A worker in a store.

*뎜쳬 ᄉᆞ. 粘劑 (찰ᄉᆞ 약지움) Mucilage

뎜쥬 ᄉᆞ. 點主 (장ᄉᆞ집) (님굼) The proprietor of a mandarin's tory

뎜직다 ᄉᆞ. 打點 (칠—*딱) (뎜—*뎜) 여, 은 To dress well, to be a neat character

뎜ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 打點 (칠—*딱) (뎜—*뎡) 뎜, 친 To mend well, to patch

뎜화ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞ. 點火 (뎜 불) To ignite

뎝 / 蝶 (뎝) 엉 The nominative of the sticks of dried fruit

뎝시 ᄉᆞ. 楪子 (뎝시 다롤 ᄌᆞᆼ) A plate a saucer

뎝ᄌᆞ ᄉᆞ. 蝶子 (뎝 ᄀᆞᆺ) A kite that opens and shuts.

*뎌 / 邪 아오 (ᄀᆡ) (Respect.) I pron

*뎌 / 箸 ᄂᆞᆫ (ᄉᆞᆯ) Number adj

*뎌잔 ᄉᆞ. 鎭岡 (발굴) (ᄉᆞ이) A port station in Hwang-hai-do

*뎨국 /. 帝國 (님굼) (나라) The Empire; An Empire's country

*뎨국졍ᄎᆞ / 帝國政治 (님굼 나라 정ᄉᆞ 나ᄉᆞ를 Imperial Government

뎨국회의 / 帝國會議 (님굼 나라 ᄆᆞᆯ 의론 ᄒᆞ는 Imperial Diet

*뎨긔ᄒᆞ다 提起 (ᄀᆞᆯ옴 ᄂᆡ) To bring in or introduce—as a bill in a deliberative assembly

*뎨도 ᄉᆞ. 帝德 (님굼, 곤) Nature or moral excellence of the Emperor.

*뎨도 / 帝都 (님굼 도읍) The Imperial capital; the residence of the Emperor.

*뎨도 / 第道 아오 (ᄀᆞᆷ ᄉᆞ 도) Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36 29 Long. 126 3 ... Kang-wan-do Lat 38 1 Long. 128.11.

뎨독 /. 提督 (ᄇᆞᆯ을 (거느릴) A provincial Commander-in-chief or Admiral. *See* 대장.

*뎨됴 提調 (ᄇᆞᆯ을 ᄑᆞ로 To the officer of a government office—of the 1st and 2d degree.

*뎨등ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 提燈 (ᄃᆞᆯ옴) (등불) To carry a lantern; to go with a lantern

*뎨명 / 帝命 (님굼) 복굼) The Imperial commands.

*뎨명ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 題名 (쓸) (일홈) To carve one's name—in a public place.

*뎨목 ᄉᆞ. 題目 (뜰 눈) A theme, a subject; a heading.

뎨방 ᄉᆞ. 堤防 (언덕 막을 A dam

뎨셕 / 帝釋 님굼 ᄉᆞᆼ, The Last Buddha.

*뎨셩 / 帝城 님굼 (ᄀᆡ, The Imperial castle.

*뎨셩ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 提醒 (ᄀᆞᆯ옴) 깰 To awaken one to a realization of the circumstances; to warn

뎨수 弟嫂 아오 아 ᄌᆡ) Younger brother's wife—used in Respect.) Older sister-in-law.

뎨심ᄒᆞ야감사원 *帝室財産監査院 님굼 (집) (보롤) (거ᄑᆞ) (ᄒᆞᆯ) (사ᄉᆞᄒᆞᆯ 집) Bureau of Inspection of Finance.

뎨ᄉᆞ ᄉᆞ. 題辭 쓸 말ᄉᆞᆷ A magistrate's decision written on a lawsuit petition 판ᄉᆞ하ᄂᆡ다 ᄉᆞ. 뎨ᄉᆞ.

뎨안 ᄉᆞ. 提案 ᄆᆞᆯ ᄉᆡᆼ Proposal

*뎨업 帝業 님굼 업 The Imperial duties, work, or Emperor the exercise of supreme power

*뎨위 /. 帝位 (님굼 ᄇᆡ슬 The Imperial office or throne

*뎨의 提議 (ᄆᆞᆯ옴 의론) Suggestion,

뎨이단ᄉᆞ 第二團體 (ᄎᆡ) (두, 번ᄌᆡ) ᄃᆞᆯ ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄃᆞᆯ ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ Secondary current

뎨이하ᄂᆞᆫ 第二種法 (ᄎᆡ 두 (ᄑᆞ로 ᄆᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆯ Alternate alternate

뎨일 第 ᄎᆡ 은 Number 1, the best. (A superlative adverb).

*뎨일강산 / 第一江山 (ᄎᆡ) (ᄒᆞ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (뫼) A first class view of mountains and rivers—used of *Pyong yang*.

뎨일뎐류 第一電流 ᄎᆡ 번ᄌᆡ (흐롤) Primary current.

*메일철화물 s. 第一鐵化物 (뎨일, 텰화물) (쇠) (될) (물건) Ferrous Compounds.

*메일함교법 s. 第一和較法 (뎨일) (화교법) (비교) (법) Alligation medial.

*메왕 l. 帝王 (뎨왕) (님금) The Emperor —of China; an emperor

*메쥬제 s. 腥主祭 (쓸) (님금) (졔ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice at the completion of a funeral. *See* 평토제.

*메쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 腥主 (쓸) (님금) To make ancestral tablets. *See* 죄셩ᄒᆞ다.

*메즈 l. 弟子 (아오) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Scholar; pupil; disciple. *See* 문인.

*메진 l. 弟津 (아오) (나루) A village in Chŏl-la-do. L. 34.40 Long. 126.27

*메천 s. 堤川 (언덕) (내) A prefecture in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 37.06 Long. 128.08.

*메출ᄒᆞ다 s. 提出 (쓰을) (날) To put forward; to advocate; to advance; to bring forward.

*메츠 l. 第次 (ᄎᆞ례) (버금) Order; rank; relative position. *See* 츠례.

*메통 l. 帝統 (황뎨) (거ᄂᆞ릴) The Imperial line.

*메틱 l. 第宅 (집) (집) A mansion.

*메학 s. 提學 (쓰을) (비홀) Officers of the Royal College (*Kyujang gak*).

*메향 s. 帝鄕 (님금) (ᄉᆡ골) His majesty's native place; the King's native district.

*메형 s. 弟兄 (아오) (맛) Brothers.

*메형 s. 梯形 (ᄉᆞ닥ᄃᆞ리) (형상) Trapezoid.

*메형해 s. 蹄形體 (발굽) (형상) (몸) Ungula.

*멩 s. 丁 (장뎡) The 4th of the Ten Celestial Stems—with the corresponding element "fire" and the planet Mars. An adult male.

*멍 s. 疔 (뎡) A bubo; a hard boil.

*멍가금 l. 定價金 (뎡홀) (갑) (쇠) The fixed price. *See* 멍가.

*멍가셰 l. 定價稅 (뎡홀) (갑) (부ᄉᆡ) Modulus.

*멍가표 l. 定價表 (뎡홀) (갑) (밧) Price list.

*멍가ᄒᆞ다 l. 定價 (뎡홀) (갑) To fix a price. *See* 결가ᄒᆞ다.

*멍간ᄒᆞ다 s. 停刊 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆨ일) To cease to appear for a time; to cease printing for a time, to be suspended.

*멍거 s. 停車 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (수레) Stopping a carriage or car.

*멍거장 s. 停車場 (머ᄆᆞᆯ (수레) (마당) A railway station.

*멍거ᄒᆞ다 s. 停車 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (수레) To stop —of a train.

*멍거ᄒᆞ다 s. 停職 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆯ) To keep back from rank, to degrade.

*멍거ᄒᆞ다 l. 定居 (뎡홀) (살) To be stationary.

*멍계 l. 定界 (뎡홀) (디경) A boundary.

*멍계수 l. 定係數 (뎡홀) (ᄆᆡᆯ) (두어) Modulus (Math).

*멍계ᄒᆞ다 l. 定界 (뎡홀) (디경) To set the limts, bounds, etc.

*멍공등 s. 丁公藤 (장뎡) (귀신) (등) A kind of tree from which walking sticks are made—said to ward off evil spirits.

*멍공ᄒᆞ다 s. 停工 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (장인) To stop work.

*멍구ᄒᆞ다 s. 停柩 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (관) To rest when carrying a body to burial.

*멍규ᄒᆞ다 l. 定規 (뎡홀) (법) To fix laws, regulations, etc.

*멍긔 l. 定期 (뎡홀) (긔약) A fixed period.

*멍긔긔탁금 l. 定期寄托金 (뎡홀) (긔약) (보ᄉᆞᆯ) (부ᄐᆞᆨ) (쇠) Fixed deposit.

*멍긔매믹 l. 定期賣買 (뎡홀, 긔약) (팔) (살 Selling and buying on time (said of brokers).

*멍긔시험 l. 定期試驗 (뎡홀) (긔약) (시험) (증험) Stated examination (at schools).

*멍긔에금 l. 定期預金 (뎡홀) (긔약) (미리) (쇠) A fixed deposit—of money.

*멍긔인쇄물 l. 定期印刷物 (뎡홀) (긔약) (인ᄌᆞᆯ) (거ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯ건) Periodicals.

*멍관ᄉᆞ l. 定冠詞 (뎡홀) (갓) (말) The definite article. *The*

*멍납ᄒᆞ다 s. 停納 (머ᄆᆞᆯ) (드릴) To cease from payment; to suspend payment.

*멍년 s. 丁年 (장뎡) (히) The age of twenty, a man who has attained his majority, youthful.

*멍녕히 s. 丁寧 (장뎡) (평안) Certainly surely, absolutely. *See* 력실히.

*멍녕ᄒᆞ다 s. 丁寧 (장뎡) (평안) To be sure; to be certain; to be without doubt. *See* 력실ᄒᆞ다.

*멍뎜 l. 定點 (뎡홀) (뎜) A fixed point.

덩덩ᄒᆞ다 s. 丁丁 (장뎡) (장뎡) To sound —as chopping (B.O.) To sound—as in moving draught pieces. (Comp.)

*멍멍ᄒᆞ다 s. 亭亭 (뎡조) (뎡조) To be erect; to be alone—as an isolated peak.

*명량 /. 定量 명량 (해아릴 Natural quantity.

*명량분석 /. 定量分析 (명량)(분석)(논리)(갈을) Quantitative analysis.

*명력조 s. 莽草子 (풀) (풀) (아들) The seeds of a species of *Stuymbrion*.

*명렬식 /. 定列式 (명렬)(법)(아들) Determinant.

*명령위 s. 丁令威 (장명) (호여곰) (위엄) A famous apostle of Taoism who lived in Laotang China and who is said to have become a crane.

*명론 /. 定論 (명론) (의론) An established proposition or truth; axiom.

*명론 s. 廷論 (조명) (의론) The views of the governments; Cabinet discussions.

*명률 /. 定律 (명론) (법) The laws of a matter; elements.

*명리 /. 定理 (명론) (리치) Theorem.

*명립호다 /. 鼎立 (솥) (설) To establish a new dynasty: to be equally matched of three persons or countries; to be equal in height—of three mountains; to stand like the three legs of a pot.

*명마호다 s. 停馬 (머물) (말) To pull up a horse.

*명말 s. 丁抹 (장명) (먹설) Denmark *See* 한국.

*명명 /. 定命 (명론) (목숨) The preordained period of life of every person -a Buddhist term

*명묘 s. 丁卯 (장명) (옷기) The 4th year of the cycle 1867; 1927; 1987

*명무호다 s. 停務 머물 (일) (쓸) To suspend business; to go out of business.

*명미 s 丁未 (장명) (목표) The 44th year of the cycle 1847; 1907; 1967.

*명박호다 s. 碇泊 (대일) (대일) To anchor.

*명방산성 /. 定方山城 명론 (모 의 지) A Fort in Hamkyong do.

*명비 s. 鼎沸 (솥) (끌을) To boil up; to be in commotion.

*명비 /. 定配 (명론) (짝) Exile. (가다) (보내다). *See* 귀향.

*명비가다 /. 定配 명론 (짝) 가; 간 To go into exile. *See* 원비 ᄒᆞ다.

명뼈의 ᄉᆞ 頂百會 (니마) (일백, 모돌 — *뼈) The ridge in the front part of the skull. *See* 명슈리.

*명산 /. 定山 (명론) (외) A prefect in Chʻung-chʻŏng-do. Lat. 36.20 Long. 127.21.

*명산도 ᄉᆞ 頂山島 (니마) (외) (섬) An island in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.35 Long. 126.3s

*명성 /. 定說 명론 말숨 An axiom or proposition; a maxim.

*명속호다 /. 定屬 (명론 (붓칠) To sell into official slavery a woman, for some offence.

*명수 /. 定數 (명론) (두어) Destiny; fate. Conception; idea; decision.

*명슈리 s. 頂首 (니마) (머리) The top of the head. *See* 명뼈의.

*명시 s. 庭試 (뜰) (시험) An examination for literary rank. *See* 감시.

*명식 /. 定式 (명론) (법) A pattern; a model. *See* 규식.

*명식호다 /. 定式 (명론) (법) To decide on a pattern; to have a model.

*명신 s. 廷臣 (조명) (신하) A privy councillor, a title given during the middle ages to high officers of state.

*명ᄉᆞ s. 丁巳 (장명) (뱌암) The 54th year of the cycle 1857; 1917; 1977.

명암 /. 定巖 (명론, 바회) A post station in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39.57 Long. 125.01.

*명약호다 /. 定約 (명론) (언약) To make an agreement; to effect an understanding; to conclude an agreement with regard to; to agree upon.

*명업호다 s. 停業 (머물 (업) To stop business for a time.

*명오 s. 亭午 (명조) (낮 Noon.

*명위 s. 廷尉 (조명 명위) A Chinese name for Kum-sa; a judge.

정유 s. 丁酉 (장명) (돍) The 34th year of the cycle 1837; 1897; 195..

*정의 /. 定義 명론 올숨) Definition.

명일호다 定日 명론, 날 To fix the day; to set a date. *See* 명한호다.

*명액 定額 명론) (일슥) A fixed sum of money or expenses.

*명원 /. 定員 (명론) (인원) Quorum; the fixed number of persons.

명젼 s. 庭前 (뜰) (압) A garden.

*명제 s. 庭除 (뜰) (제돌, A garden.

*명제 /. 錠劑 (둥조) (약시울) Troches, Trochiscus.

*명족 /. 鼎足 (솥) (발) The legs of a tripod.

명족삼분 / 鼎足三分 (솥 ᄂᆞᆫ (발 셕) (논돌 Three divisions as a tripod.

*명족수 /. 鼎足數 (솥) (발) (두어) A quorum

*명족지세 s. 鼎足之勢 (솥) (발) (갈) (형세)

*뎡죵 s. 疔瘇 (뎡) (헌데) An ulcer; a deep-seated boil.

*뎡쥬 l. 定州 (뎡쥬) (고을) A prefect in P'yong an-to. Lat. 39.41 Long. 125.23.

*뎡즁 s. 庭中 (뎡) (가온디) In a garden; the interior of a garden.

*뎡지ᄒᆞ다 s. 停止 (뎡지) (그칠) To stop; to make to cease. *See* 즁지ᄒᆞ다.

*뎡직 s. 停職 (뎡직) (벼슬) Suspension from office

*뎡직ᄒᆞ다 s. 停職 (뎡직) (벼슬) To suspend another from office.

*뎡질 l. 定質 (뎡질) (밧탕) Innate quality; natural constitution.

*뎡질분셕 l. 定質分析 (뎡질) (밧탕) (분셕) (갈을) Qualitative analysis.

*뎡ᄌᆞ s. 亭子 (뎡ᄌᆞ) (아둘) A pavilion; a summer arbour. *Also* 정ᄌᆞ.

*뎡ᄌᆞ나무 s. 亭子木 (뎡ᄌᆞ) (아둘) (나무—*목) A pavilion tree; a summer arbour.

*뎡쳐 l. 定處 (뎡쳐) (곳) A fixed place; a decided point.

*뎡청ᄒᆞ다 s. 廷請 (죠뎡) (청ᄒᆞᆫ) To request an audience; to ask or demand of the Court.

*뎡츅 s. 丁丑 (장뎡) (소) The 14th year of the cycle 1817; 1877; 1937.

*뎡칙 l. 定則 (뎡ᄎᆞᆨ) (법) Established law or custom.

*뎡코 l. 定 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) Certainly; undoubtedly. *See* 뎡연코.

*뎡평 l. 定平 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) (평ᄒᆞᆫ) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 39.39 Long. 127.23.

*뎡필ᄒᆞ다 s. 停筆 (뎡필) (붓) To lay down the pen; to cease from writing.

*뎡한 l. 定限 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) (한뎡) A fixed period; fixed limit of time.

*뎡한ᄒᆞ다 l. 定限 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) (한뎡) To fix a limit of time; to fix a date. *See* 한ᄒᆞ다.

*뎡향 s. 丁香 (장뎡) (향긔) Cloves—the dried flower buds of the *Eugenia caryophyllata.*

뎡향화 s. 丁香花 (장뎡) (향긔) (곳) The lilac. *See* 새발샤ᄒᆞᆷ곳.

*뎡혼ᄒᆞ다 l. 定婚 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) (혼인) To arrange a marriage; to betroth. *See* 결혼ᄒᆞ다.

*뎡회ᄒᆞ다 s. 停會 (뎡회) (모ᄆᆞᆯ) To prorogue parliament; to adjourn a meeting.

*뎡ᄒᆞ다 l. 定 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) To fix: to settle; to decide; to arrange. *See* 작뎡ᄒᆞ다.

*뎡히 s. 丁亥 (장뎡) (되야지) The 24th year of the cycle 1827; 1887; 1947.

*뎡확 s. 鼎鑊 (솟) (가마) A large caldron with three legs and two ears.

*뎡활차 l. 定滑車 (뎡ᄒᆞᆫ) (밋그러울) (수레) Fixed pulley.

도 s. A verbal connective implying decision and translated *though, although.* Also; as well; too.

*도 l. 度 (지날) A revolution. A numeration of paddle-strokes. Degree.

*도 l. 道 (길) A doctrine; a religion. (닥다). *See* 교. A province.

*도 s. 都 (도읍) The capital. All; altogether.

또 s. 又 (*우) Again; once more, besides. *See* 쟈ᄎᆡ.

*도가 l. 道家 (길) (집) Writers on Taoism; followers of *Noja.*

*도가 s. 都家 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (집) A house where guild members assemble. *See* 도소.

*도가 s. 導駕 (인도) (멍에) The officer who clears the streets for a royal procession. (스다).

도가머리 s. A topknot—on a bird. *See* 고두머리.

*도간 s. 陶侃 (질그릇) (구쓸) A. D. 359-334 A famous Chinaman of the Kingdom of *Chin* (晉) grandfather of *To-yon-myong.*

도간이 s. An earthenware dish in which metal or glue is melted.

*도감 s. 都監 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (볼) The title of an officer chosen by the king to carry out some special commission—as to oversee a royal wedding, the minting of money etc.

*도감판 s. 都監官 모ᄃᆞᆯ) (볼) (벼슬) The chief of those who have in charge the preparation of bridges for a royal procession.

도감당상 s. 都監堂上 모ᄃᆞᆯ) (볼) (집) (웃) The officer in charge of royal festivals or processions.

*도강 s. 都講 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (강ᄒᆞᆯ) An examination on what has been studied during a fixed time

*도강 s. 徒杠 (ᄒᆞᆫ갓) (ᄃᆞ리) A single log bridge. (M.)

*도강ᄒᆞ다 l. 渡江 (건ᄂᆡᆯ) (물) To cross a river.

*도거리 s. 都總 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (거ᄂᆞ릴—*총) All; altogether, every one. *See* 도ᄒᆞᆯ.

*도거ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 逃去 도망 [illegible] To run away, to flee; to escape, to abscond.

*도검 [illegible] 刀劍 (갈) (검) [illegible]

*도계 [illegible] 道啓 (길) (장계) [illegible] message from the governor to the king.

*도경 [illegible] 盜警 (도적) (경동홀) A scare of thieves [illegible] 적경

*도고 [illegible] 都賈 (모돌) (외목) [illegible] [illegible]; the exclusive right [illegible] to the sale of certain articles.

*도고 [illegible] 鼗鼓 (쇼고) (북) A small drum with handle [illegible]

*도고ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] To play [illegible] *See* 저도ᄒᆞ다

*도고ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 道高 (길) (놉흘) [illegible] in a doctrine; to be skilled in a religion. [illegible] pretentious.

*도공 [illegible] 陶工 (질그릇) (장인) A maker of porcelain; a potter.

*도교 [illegible] 道教 (길) [illegible] The doctrine of Taoism [illegible] *See* [illegible]

*도구 [illegible] 擣臼 [illegible] A mortar in which to hull grain. (Prov.) *See* 절구.

*도국 [illegible] 都局 (모돌) [illegible] The site of an ancestral grave.

*도국 [illegible] 島國 (섬) (나라) A country consisting of many islands; an insular country. *See* 도국.

*도규 [illegible] 刀圭 [illegible] Medical art, medicine.

도근도근ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To palpitate; to be agitated. (Dim.)

*도금ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 都[illegible] (모돌) [illegible] in the lump; to buy altogether.

*도금ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 鍍金 (올닐) (쇠) [illegible] with gold.

*도급 [illegible] 都給 (모돌) (줄) A general contract, arrangement concerning the whole.

*도급주다 [illegible] 주어, 준 To hand over to; to give a contract [illegible] *See* 선히맛기다

*도기 [illegible] 陶器 (질그릇) (그릇) Porcelain; a collection of pottery, crockery.

*도기 [illegible] 到記 (니를) (긔록) [illegible] examination for scholars [illegible]

*도기쟝 [illegible] 陶器匠 (질그릇) (그릇) (장인) One skilled in making porcelain ware; a potter.

*도기쟝 [illegible] 到記狀 (니를) (긔록) (글월) A list of names of *To kew* scholars—sent to the king.

도라 [illegible] 道科 (길) (과거) Provincial examinations. *See* 갑기

*도라ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 倒戈 (것구러질) (창) To go over to the enemy, applied only to [illegible]

도닐다 [illegible] 어; 닌 To whirl about; to turn [illegible]

도다 [illegible] 詮 [illegible] To [illegible]

또다거리다 *v.* 거려; 린 To hammer; to [illegible]

또닥또닥 [illegible]

*도달ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 到達 (니를) (통달) [illegible] to reach, to end in.

*도대체 [illegible] 都大體 (모돌) (큰) (몸) [illegible] together; all; in a word. *See* 원ᄃᆞ강

*도당 [illegible] 徒黨 (무리) (무리) An association, party, [illegible] a league.

*도당록 [illegible] 都堂錄 (모돌) (집) (긔록) The list of [illegible] degree.

*도덕 [illegible] 道德 (길) (큰) [illegible] virtue. *See* 도학.

*도덕군ᄌᆞ *n.* 道德君子 (길) (큰) (님군) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) [illegible] religion and virtue.

*도뎌히 [illegible] 到底 (니를) (밋) To be on to the bottom; completely. *See* 착실히

*도뎌ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 到底 (니를) (밋) To reach the end or bottom, to complete; to finish *See* 착실ᄒᆞ다.

*도뎨됴 *n.* 都提調 (모돌) (쓰을) (고로) The [illegible]

도도다 *v.* 挑 (도돌—*도) 아; 돈 To [illegible] *See* [illegible]

도도록ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be elevated; to be [illegible] 두두룩ᄒᆞ다

*도도발셥ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 滔滔跋涉 (물흐를) (물흐를) (밟버슬) (건널) To be reduced to [illegible] hardship.

*도도히 [illegible] 滔滔 (물흐를) (물흐를) The [illegible] water [illegible]

*도독 [illegible] 都督 (모돌) (거누릴) [illegible] *See* [illegible]

*도둑놈 [illegible] 賊 (도적) [illegible] 놈 [illegible] *See* 적한.

도도[illegible] [illegible] by degrees, little by little.

*도동 [illegible] [illegible] 가[illegible] A village in Kyöng sang-do. Lat. 36.07 Long 128.

*도두 /. 渡頭 (건널) (머리) The points between which a ferry boat plies; a ferry.

도드라지다 s. 라지; 진 To be rough or lumpy. *See* 두드러지다.

*도록ᄒᆞ다 s. 圖謀 (그릴) (엿볼) To plan for success.

도듬 s. A platform; a table—on which to stand.

*도디 s. 賭地 (내기) (짜) Land rent. (주다) (받다) (물다).

도라가다 s. 回去 (도라올—*회) (갈—*거) 라가; 간 To return; to go back; to go in a roundabout way. To die. (Hon.) *See* 죽다

도라드다 s. 旋入 (돌—*션) (들 *입) 러, 든 To make a circle; to enter by a roundabout way. (들다).

도라돈니다 s. 周遊 (두루—*쥬) (놀—*유) 도녀; 닌 To go here and there; to travel everywhere; to go in a round-about way.

도라보다 s. 顧見 (도라볼—*교) (볼—*견) 야; 본 To look back, to care for, to provide for.

*도라산 s. 都羅山 (도읍) (벌) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keu-do (Chang-nan).

도라오다 s. 回來 (도라올—*회) (올—*리, 라와; 온 To return; to come in a roundabout way.

도라지 s. 桔梗 (*길) (*경) An article of food prepared from the root of the *Platycodon grandiflorum*. *See* 길경.

도라지쏫 s. The flowers of the *Torugi*; the bluebell; Campanula.

도래 s. 旋輪 (돌 -*션) (돌—*게) A swivel One thread round—in weaving head-bands, hats, etc.

도래미듭 s. 旋結 (돌—*션 (미질—*결) A regularly shaped knot as tied on pocket strings etc.

도래송곳 s. 旋錐 (돌—*션) (송곳—*츄) A kind of gimlet kept in motion by a string and handle.

도랑 s. 溝 (개천—*거) A ditch. (치다) *See* 개천; 하수.

도랑이 s. Mange—of dogs and horses. (먹다) (올으다,

도랑치마 s. A short skirt; an apron. *See* 몽당치마.

*도량 /. 度量 (지날) (헤아릴) Weight; measure; extent, capacity; quanity; talent; ability.

*도량형 /. 度量衡 (법) (헤아릴 (저울대) Weights and measures.

도련 /. A hem; a border—of a coat. (ᄒᆞ다).

*도련님 s. 道令主 (길) (*영) (님—*쥬) The son of a gentleman—so called by slaves or coolies.

도련치다 /. 련치; 련 To cut the edges even—as of paper.

도련ᄒᆞ다 /. 旋線 (돌—*션) (인연—*연) To cut the edges even—as of paper.

도렷도렷ᄒᆞ다 s. To be clear; to distinct. To twinkle—of the stars.

도렷ᄒᆞ다 s. 完然 (완전—*완) (그럴 -*연) To be distinct; to be clear. *See* 올엿ᄒᆞ다.

도령 /. An unmarried boy—so called by an elder. *See* 슈지.

*도로 /. 道路 (길) (길) A road; a route. *See* 길.

도로 s. Again; back—of motion. *See* 다시.

*도로판합권 /. 道路分合權 (길) (길) (거느릴) (ᄒᆞ지ᄒᆞᆫ, 권세, Control of roads.

도로레 s. 蝼 (*럭) A small green frog. A burrowing insect.

도로랑이 s. The mole cricket. Mange. *See* 도랑이.

도로리 s. Going the rounds—as in collecting etc. *See* 각슈.

도로목이 s. A kind of fish.

*도로표 /. 道路標 (길) (길) (표ᄒᆞᆫ) A way-mark.

도로혀 s. 反 (도리킬—*반) On the contrary; *a fortiori*. *See* 도리켜.

*도록 s. 都錄 (도모지) (기록) A register; a record; an account as of cases of treason. *See* 안칙.

도록 s. During; till; the more—the more. *See* 슈록.

도룡대 s. A scaly dragon. (Prov.) *See* 도룡룡.

도룡레 s. A swivel.

도룡룡 s. 鮫 (*교) A scaly dragon—found in marshy places. *See* 교룡.

도롱이 s. 蓑 (*사) A grass rain-coat.

도루다 s. 돌나; 도룬 To vomit up.

도루다 s. 分給 (논홀—*분) (줄 *급) 돌나; 도룬 To divide around.

도록마 s. A kind of Chinese grass cloth.

*도륙ᄒᆞ다 s. 屠戮 (뭇지를) (죽일) To slaughter. to slay. *See* 살륙ᄒᆞ다, 뭇지르다.

도르락이 s. A paper whirligig; a toy windmill.

도르를 s. Wharling; rolling; rattling.

*도리 l. 道理 (길) (리치) Right principle; doctrine; reason; argument. *See* 의리.

도리 s. 栋 (*려) A beam on which the rafters of the house rest. *See* 들방.

도리깨 s. 棍 (*가) A flail—a weapon of war or an instrument for threshing grain. (질호다).

도리깨아돌 s. The sticks fastened to the handle of a flail for threshing grain.

도리다 s. 割去 (버힐—*할) (갈 *거) 도려; 린 To cut, to cut round.

도리도리 s. A call to a child—to cause it to turn its head.

도리사 s. A kind of Chinese grass-cloth.

*도리상 l. 道理上 (길) (다스릴) (샹) De jure.

도리옥 s. 頭玉 (도라옴—*환) 구슬—*옥) Jade buttons for the head-band

*도리질ᄒᆞ다 s. 搖頭 (흔들) (머리 —*두) To shake the head; to express a negative by a shake of the head.

도리깨 s. 棍子 (도리깨 —*ᄌᆞ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ—*ᄌᆞ) A flail—a weapon of war. (Prov.) *See* 도리깨아돌.

도리캄 s. 行枷 (도닐—*힝) (갈—*가) A small cangue or wooden collar worn by prisoners on the road. (Prov.) *See* 힝초갈.

*도리키다 s. 리켜; 킨 To turn round; to face about.

*도림 s. 桃林 (복ᄉᆞᆼ아) (수플) A peach orchard.

*도림산 s. 桃林山 (복ᄉᆞᆼ아) (수플) (뫼) A mountain in Whang-hai do. Lat. 38.03 Long. 125 o.

*도립ᄒᆞ다 l. 倒立 (것구러질) (셜) To stand on one's head; to be upside down—of things; to be top-heavy. *See* 물구나무서다.

도마 s. 机 (*조) A kitchen board or low table on which to cut meat. *See* 칼판.

도마뱀암 s. A gray lizard.

*도마름 s. 都舍音 모ᄃᆞᆯ) (질 *사) (소리 *음) The chief over-seer of a farmstead.

도막 s. A piece.

도막이 s. 洞長 (골 *동) 어른—*장) A village squire or elder.

*도말ᄒᆞ다 s. 塗抹 바를 흐릴) To erase; to blot out.

*도매 s. 都賣 모ᄃᆞᆯ) 팔, Selling in the lump.

*도메ᄒᆞ다 s. 都賣 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (팔) To sell out; to sell in the lump.

*도망범죄인인도 s. 逃亡犯罪人引渡 (도망) (범ᄌᆞᆨ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (잇글) (건ᄂᆞᆯ) Extradition.

*도망범죄인인도도약 s. 逃亡犯罪人引渡條約 (도망) (도망, 범ᄌᆞᆨ 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (잇글) 건ᄂᆞᆯ) (갸ᄋᆞᆨ) (언약) Extradition treaty

도망ᄒᆞ다 s. 逃亡 (도망) (도망) To run away, to desert, to abscond; to sneak off.

*도면ᄒᆞ다 s. 圖免 (그림) (면ᄒᆞᆯ) To plan to evade—as payment.

*도모지 s. 都 (모ᄃᆞᆯ, In a word; really; truly. All. *See* 일홈.

도모ᄒᆞ다 s. 圖謀 (그림) (꾀) To plan; to plot.

*도목 s. 都目 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (눈 The change of officials made in the 6th and 12th moons. *See* 도정.

*도무덤 s. 都塚 (모ᄃᆞᆯ 무덤 *총) A grave of *Koryo. *See* 고려장. Trenches as where bodies from battle-field are buried

*도무ᄒᆞ다 s. 蹈舞 (발 (춤ᄎᆞᆯ) To dance and jump.

*도문 l. 到門 (니ᄅᆞᆯ) (문) The return home—of a graduate

*도문ᄒᆞ다 l. 到門 (니ᄅᆞᆯ) (문) To hold a festival on the return home—of a graduate.

도미 l. The "tai"; a species of perch *Serasma marginalis.*

*도민 s. 都民 (도ᄆᆞᆯ) (빅셩) The inhabitants of the capital.

*도민 s. 島民 (셤) (빅셩) An islander.

*도매흥졍 s. 都買 모ᄃᆞᆯ) (살) A purchase of the whole.

*도ᄀᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 都買 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (살) To buy up; to buy out.

*도방 l. 道傍 (길 (겻) A gathering place for coolies; a much frequented spot.

*도방처 l. 道傍處 (길) (겻) (곳) A busy place; a centre of trade etc.

도법 l. 度法 (지날) (법) Measure of extension. *Opp.* 량법; 형법.

*도벽옥 s. 陶器玉 (질그릇) (구슬) Porcelain jasper.

*도벽ᄒᆞ다 s. 塗壁 바를 바람벽) To paper a wall. *See* 도비ᄒᆞ다.

*도보 s. 徒步 (ᄒᆞᆫ갓 (거ᄅᆞᆷ) Crossing on foot, wading.

*도보ᄒᆞ다 s. 徒步 (ᄒᆞᆫ갓) (거ᄅᆞᆷ) To go on foot. *See* 거러가다.

*도복 n. 道服 (길) (옷) The outer coat of a scholar. *See* 도포.

*도봉 n. 逃蜂 (도망) (벌) Runaway bees; a swarm that has escaped from a hive.

*도봉ᄒᆞ다 v. 都封 (모돌) (봉호) To enclose together—as letters.

*도부 n. 到付 (니를) (붓칠) A despatch from a magistrate to a governor.

*도부동ᄒᆞ다 v. 道不同 (길) (아닐 붇) (호가지—*동) To be unlike—of doctrine; to differ—of religion, calling, character etc.

*도부슈 n. 刀斧手 (칼) (도긔) (손) An executioner. *See* 망난이.

*도부장ᄉᆞ n. 道負商 (길) (질) (장ᄉᆞ—*상) A traveling peddler.

*도부ᄒᆞ다 v. 道負 (길) (질) To travel about peddling.

*도분ᄒᆞ다 v. 塗粉 (바를) (분) To whitewash; to plaster with white mortar.

*도비 n. 都鄙 (도읍) (더러울) The capital and the country.

*도비장 n. (—쌍) 到配狀 (니를) (쌕) 죄인 To report by a magistrate of the arrival of an exile. (올ᄒᆞ다

*도비장이 n. 塗褙匠 (바를) (버릴) (장인) A paper-hanger.

*도비ᄒᆞ다 v. 塗褙 (바를) (버릴) To paper walls.

*도비ᄒᆞ다 v. 道配 (길) (쌕) To send into exile.

*도빅 n. 道伯 (길) (맛) A provincial governor. *See* 방빅.

도사공 n. 舵師 ᄉᆞ다 (ᄉᆞ공 *ᄉᆞ) The chief boatman. *See* 션장.

도산 n. 島山 (섬) (뫼) A mountain in Pyĕng-an-do. Lat 39.28 Long 124.22

*도산 v. 倒產 (짓구러질) (날) A foot or breech presentation of the child in parturition.

*도산직이 n. 都山直 (모돌) (지) (곳을) The chief of the mountain guards.

*도산ᄒᆞ다 v. 倒產 (짓구러질) (날) To become bankrupt; to lose one's fortune; to be beggared.

*도샤ᄒᆞ다 v. 逃散 (도망) (흣허질) To disappear here and there; to scatter in all directions. *See* 도주ᄒᆞ다.

*도샤ᄒᆞ다 v. 圖寫 (그릴) (쓸) To paint pictures; to copy a painting.

*도상 n. 刀傷 (칼) (샹ᄒᆞᆫ) A sword-wound.

도서다 v. 서; 선 To change—of the tides. To come to a head—of a boil.

*도셔 n. 圖書 (그림) (글) A private seal or stamp—as that having one's name, 샥이다, ᄃᆞ다 ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞᆫ 쓰셔.

*도셔도 n. 圖書鋪 (그림) (글) (펼) A seal or stamp store.

*도셔관 n. 圖書舘 (그림) (글) (직샤) A library.

도셔원 n. 都委員 모돌 (ᄀᆞᆷ) (관원) The chief of the tax collectors connected with the Board of Finance.

*도션 n. 徒跣 (호갓) (ᄇᆞᆯ) Naked feet; barefoot.

*도션 n. 徒善 (호갓) 착ᄒᆞᆫ A man who is only passively good. (M.)

*도션이 n. 道詵 (길) (일홈) A famous Buddhist who was the first to prophesy the founding of the *Koryŏ* dynasty.

도셥 n. Fickleness; caprice. *See* 변덕.

도셥스럽다 v. 涉幻 (건널—*변) 환롱—ᄒᆞᆯ, 러워, 운 To be capricious, to be changeable; to be fickle. *See* 변덕스럽다.

도셥ᄒᆞ다 v. 幻 (환롱—*환) To be fickle; to be changeable; to be unstable. *See* 변환ᄒᆞ다.

*도셩 n. 都城 (모돌) (잭) The walls of the capital. *See* 장안.

*도셩덕립ᄒᆞ다 v. 道成德立 (길) (일울) (큰) (셜) To be virtuous and refined.

*도셩ᄒᆞ다 v. 屠城 (붓지를) (지) To break down the walls of a city.

*도소쥬 n. 屠蘇酒 (붓지를) (차ᄌᆞ이) (술) New-year's wine. A special wine supposed to prolong life, and taken on new year's day. *See* 셰찬이슐.

*도수 n. 都數 (모돌) (두어) The sum total; the whole amount. *See* 도합.

*도수 n. 度數 (법도) (두어) Certain times; periods or distances; degrees of latitude, longitude etc. Circular measure.

*도슈 n. 徒手 (호갓) (손) Empty hands—without means. *See* 공수.

*도슈장 n. 屠獸場 (붓지를) (즘성) (마당) A slaughter house.

도슐찰ᄉᆞ n. 都巡察使 (모돌) (순힐) (ᄉᆞ신) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A governor of a province.

*도슐 n. 道術 (길) (슐법) Magical arts.

도스락 n. A small willow basket (Prov.)

도스르다 v. 調 (슈쇄홀—*쇄) 슬너; 스른 To smooth; to even off.

*도승 n. 道僧 (길) (즁) A learned; Buddhist. *See* 공부승ᄂᆞᆫ

*도승지 n. 都承旨 (모돌) (니을) (맛) The

chief of the Royal Secretaries of the Boards.

*도시 s. 都市 (도읍) (저조) The capital; a city.

*도시 s. 都試 (모둘) (시험) Graduation (뵈다). *See* 승무.

*도시 s. 都是 (모둘) (이) Altogether, all; in a word. *See* 도모지.

*도식 s. 徒食 (호갓) (밥) Simply consuming food; leading an idler's life.

*도식하다 s. 徒食 (호갓) (밥) To simply consume food without working; to live in idleness; to eat the bread of idleness.

*도식하다 s. 都食 (모둘) (밥) To eat all. *See* 독식하다.

*도심 s. 道心 (길) (심보) Kyong-sang do.

*도사 h. 道士 (길) (션비) A Taoist.

*도사 s. 都事 (모둘) (일) An officer of justice (금부); one who has received office as a reward of merit. (충훈부)

*도사령 s. 都使令 (모둘) (하여곰) The chief of the *yamen* runners.

도사리다 s. 려; 란 To sit cross legged as do Koreans.

*도생하다 s. 圖生 (그림) (날) To save one's life; to plan to live.

도아리 s. A head-pad—used by women who carry on the head.

도아주다 助 도아줄 그 도울 —*조) 여; 준 To aid; to help; to assist. *See* 돕다.

*도안 s. 都案 (모둘) (칙상) A general official register—of towns, districts, population etc.

*도안과 居萬戰 모거줄 언, 장소 [illegible] A treacherous minister of state of *Chin* (볼).

*도안포 h. 道安浦 (길) (평안) (개) A naval station in Ham-kyong-do.

*도야 s. 陶冶 (질그릇) (풀무) A place where metal and earthenware dishes are made. (Comp.)

도야기 s. Green fruit. A numerative of fields, ragged mats etc.

도야지 s. 豬 (*저) A pig. *Also* 되야지.

*도양 h. 道陽 (길) (볕) A village in Chol la-do Lat. 34.32 Long. 127.08.

*도양산 h. 道陽山 (길) (볕) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 38.08 Long. 126.09.

*도연명 s. 陶淵明 (질그릇) (못) (붉을) A. D. 365-427. An easy going careless scholar of China who is greatly admired by Koreans.

*도엽 s. 桃葉 (복숭아) (닙) The leaves of the peach tree.

도엽산호 s. 桃葉珊瑚 (복숭아) (닙) (산호) Aucuba japonica.

*도외 h. 度外 (법도) (밖) Putting aside as useless, worthless, or too valuable; out of question.

*도외치지하다 h. 度外置之 (지날) (밖) (둘) To set aside as out of the question.

*도요 s. 陶窯 (질그릇) (가마) A kiln for baking pottery.

도요새 s. A bird that whistles in the night.

*도윤하다 s. 陶鈗 (질그릇) (녹일) To reform; to correct the conduct of; to regenerate.

도우장 s. 屠牛場 도지둘 소 마당 A place where oxen are butchered; a slaughter house.

*도우한이 s. 屠牛漢 (도지둘) (소) (평한 놈) A butcher. *See* 백정.

*도유소 s. 都有司 (모둘) (있을) (맏흘) The chief Tuan of the Confucian College. A commissioner; one in charge.

*도읍 s. 都邑 (도읍) (고을) The capital.

*도읍하다 s. 都 (도읍) To found a dynasty; to establish a capital.

*도의 h. 道義 (길) (올흘) Ethical or moral principles.

*도인 s. 桃仁 (복숭아) (씨) Peach kernels —a medicine.

*도인 h. 道人 (길) (사롬) Those who practice magic arts and strange doctrines —Tonghaks.

*도인 s. 島人 (셤) (사롬) An islander. *See* 도민.

*도인 s. 都人 (도읍) (사롬) The inhabitants of the capital.

도일시패 s. 逃逸之輩 (도망) (달날) (갈) 여여 Escapers, those who are getting away from the authorities.

*도임초 h. 到任初 (니를) (맛흘) 처음 The first entrance on one's duties in office.

*도임하다 h. 到任 니를 (맛흘) To proceed to one's official post.

*도원 s. 桃園 (복숭아) (동산) A peach orchard.

도원 s. 桃園 복숭아 근원 A village in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 38.02 Long. 126.56. *See* 무릉도원.

*도원결의ᄒᆞ다 s. 桃園結義(복송아)(동산)(맺을)(옳을) To swear the oath of fidelity in the peach orchard—as the three ancients swore to protect the house of *Han* against the rebels in the 2d century B.C.

*도원슈 s. 都元帥 (모들)(웃듬)(장슈) The generalissimo—of the armies. *See* 대장군.

*도장 l. 倒葬 (것구러질)(장ᄉᆞ) A violation of the burial custom which places children's graves lower down on the hill than those of their ancestors.

*도장 s. 都掌 (모들)(ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) An overseer of government fields.

도장 s. 閫 (집—*규) The innermost of the female apartments.

*도장 s. 圖章 (그림)(글장) A seal *See* 도셔.

*도젹 s. 盜賊 (*도)(*적) A thief; a burglar. (맛다). *See* 도젹놈.

도젹놈 s. 賊漢 (도적—*적)(놈 *한) A thief; a burglar. *See* 젹한

도젹질ᄒᆞ다 s. 行賊 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ—*힝)(도젹 · *적) To thieve; to steal.

*도젼ᄒᆞ다 l. 刀剪 (칼)(갈) To turn the edges; to cut the edges (Prov.)

*도제 s. 塗劑 (바를)(약지을) Liniment.

*도정 s. 都政 (모들)(정ᄉᆞ) The changing of officials in the 6th and 12th moons. *See* 도목.

*도정 s. 都正 (모들)(바를) A title of an officer in the court of the royal clan.

*도조 s. 賭租 (나기)(부세) Land taxes; land rent. *See* 도지.

*도조쥬다 s. 賭租 (나기)(부세) To pay rent for land.

*도종의 s. 陶宗儀 (질그릇)(마루)(거동) 14th century A. D. A famous mongol scholar.

*도주ᄒᆞ다 s. 逃走 (도망)(다라날) To run away; to desert; to abscond. *See* 도라ᄒᆞ다.

*도즁 s. 都中 (모들)(가온ᄃᆡ) Throughout all; among all, common to all.

*도즁 s. 島中 (셤)(가온ᄃᆡ) An island; on an island. *See* 셤.

*도즁 l. 途中 (길)(가온ᄃᆡ) On the road; on the journey. *See also* 길도

*도즉일야 l. 道則一也 (길)(곳) ᄒᆞᆫ (일)(야) Religions are all the same. *See* 종교 일쳘.

도지게 s. The name of a stroke in the writing of characters. (ᄀᆞᆯ다)

도지다 s. 도지; 진 To be extreme; to be hard. *See* 다부지다.

도지다 l. 도지; 진 To have a relapse; to return—of a disorder. *See* 복발ᄒᆞ다.

*도집소 s. 都執事 (모들)(잡을)(일) The chief of the *Chipsa.*

*도조 l. 刀子 (칼)(아ᄃᆞᆯ) A knife. *See* 장도.

*도조젼 l. 刀子廛 (칼)(아ᄃᆞᆯ)(젼) A jeweler's shop.

도조질ᄒᆞ다 l. To use a knife; to stab.

*도찬ᄒᆞ다 s. 逃竄 (도망)(숨ᄂᆞᆯ) To run away and hide.

도채 l. An axe; a hatchet. (Prov.) *See* 독긔.

*도창 s. 刀創 (칼)(창) A sword-wound.

도착ᄒᆞ다 l. 到着 (니를)(부ᄃᆞ칠) To arrive; to reach; to attain to; to end in; to culminate in.

*도처 l. 到處 (니를)(곳) Everywhere; in every place. *See* 촉처.

*도쳑문 s. 都尺文 (모들)(자)(글) A receipt in full for grain paid to the government.

*도쳑이 l. 盜跖 (도적)(찰) The name of a famous brigand, a contemporary and opponent of Confucius.

*도현 l. 道賢 (길)(현거) A Confucian scholar from the country who has been recommended to the King.

*도ᄉᆞ l. 道草 (길)(풀) An island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.2o Long. 125.1o.

*도총 s. 都總 (모들)(거ᄂᆞ릴) All, altogether; the amount in full. *See* 총.

*도츙 s. 桃虫 (복송아)(버레) A peach bug.

*도칠ᄒᆞ다 l. 搗砧 (두ᄃᆞᆯ)(다ᄃᆞᆷ이ᄃᆞᆯ) To sprinkle and trample—paper, to beat clothes.

*도ᄎᆞ지 s. 都次知 (모들)(버금)(가질) An officer who has complete charge of a department.

*도ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞ다 s. 都次知 (모들)(버금)(가질) To have charge of all together; to contain several.

*도탄 s. 塗炭 (바를)(숫) Utter misery; ruin.

*도탄즁 s. 塗炭中 (바를)(숫, 가온ᄃᆡ) In inexpressible misery.

*도탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 逃脫 (도망)(버슬) To run away to flee, to escape, to abscond. *See* 도주ᄒᆞ다.

*도텽도셜ᄒᆞ다 l. 塗聽塗說 (길)(ᄃᆞᆯᄋᆞᆯ)(길)(말ᄉᆞᆷ) To hear and speak of passing rumors.

도토말이 s. 線軸 (ᄉᆞᆯ, -*직)(박희—*희) A spool for thread.

도토리 s. 橡實 (상실) 참나무 (*상)(열매—*실) An acorn. *See* 상수리.

도톨도톨ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pimply; to be lumpy; ᄂᆞᆨ 두톨ᄂᆞ톨ᄒᆞ다

도톰ᄒᆞ다 ㆍ ᄇᆞᆨ 돈실—*후) To be thick. ᄂᆞᆨ 두툽ᄒᆞ다.

*도틀ᄒᆞ다 道通 (길 통) ᄒᆞ다 To be perfected in a doctrine. *See* 올티ᄒᆞ다

*도판 s. 居飯 (웃지를) (팔) The "Butcher Bazarcar" a famous amusement of a dissolute King of China A. D. 500.

*도판이 s 都是 (모를) (이 -*시) Altogether; entirely, wholly. *See* 도모지.

*도포 / 道袍 (길) (도포) The outer coat—of a scholar

*도형 圖形 (그림) 표ᄒᆞᆼ) Diagram; drawing.

*도피ᄒᆞ다 s. 逃避 (도망) (피ᄒᆞᆯ) To escape and avoid; to flee.

*도필리 s. 刀筆吏 (칼) (붓) (아전) An official clerk; a writer.

*도하 s. 都下 (도읍) (아래) The capital

*도하리 s. 都下買 (모를) (아래) (리득) An account; a bill

*도학 / 道學 (길) 비ᄒᆞᆯ) Ethics; moral philosophy.

*도학선ᄉᆡᆼ / 道學先生 (길) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (먼저) (날) A professor of ethics.

*도한ᄒᆞ다 / 到韓 (니를) (나라) To arrive in Korea.

*도한ᄒᆞ다 / 渡韓 (건널) (나라) To sail over to Korea—as from China or Japan.

*도합 s. 都合 (모를) (모들) The sum; the total. (맛초다) (ᄒᆞ다). *See* 도수.

*도헌 s. 都憲 (도읍) (법) A public office connected with the ministry—held by an officer of the 3rd degree.

*도현ᄒᆞ다 /. 倒懸 (것구리 길) (달) To be hanging "head downward"—to be in great straits or suffering.

*도형 s. 圖形 (그림) (형상) An outline sketch. (그리다) (내다).

*도형 s. 徒刑 (ᄒᆞᆫ갓) (형벌) Banishment, imprisonment with labour. *See* 류형.

*도회 s 都會 (모들) (모들) A city.

*도회장 s. 都會長 (모들) (모들) (어른) A chairman of an assembly or meeting.

*도회처 都會處 (모들 모ᄒᆞᆫ 곳 The place of assembly; the meeting place. *See* 대도회.

*도회청 s. 都會廳 (모들) (모들) (청) An assembly house.

*도회ᄒᆞ다 s. 都會 (모들) (모들) To assemble—on invitation

*도회ᄒᆞ다 s. 塗灰 (바를) (회) To plaster; to whitewash.

도홍 桃紅 복숭아 ᄭᅳᆺ 물 Peach flower red—pink color. *See* 분홍ᄉᆡᆨ

*도홍띄 s. 桃紅帶 (복숭아) (붉을) (띄—*덕) A red girdle.

*도흔 s. 刀痕 (칼) (흔젹) A swordwound

도ᄒᆞᆷ매ᄒᆞ다 s. 都賣買 (모들) (팔—매) (살—*ᄆᆡ) To buy in quantity; to buy wholesale. *See* 도락ᄒᆞ다

또ᄒᆞᆫ s. 亦 (또—*역) Again; also, besides.

*도히ᄒᆞ다 / 渡海 (건널) (바다) To cross the sea, to go abroad.

ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞᆼ s. 桃杏風 (복숭아ᄂᆞᆫ살구, 실 구, 상풍, V ing for peaches and apricots—a case of equality; those of the same class.

*도화 s. 桃花 (복숭아) (ᄭᅩᆺ) Peach blossoms

*도화 s. 圖畵 (그림) (그릴) Drawing.

ᄀᆞᆨ / 道學 (길 ᄇᆡᆫ A ᄉᆞᆫ Child Lad Lu ᄒᆞᆫ Ins

도화류슈 s. 桃花流水 (복숭아) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (흐ᄅᆞᆯ 또 Peach ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ with the stream

*도화분 s. 桃花粉 (복숭아) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (분) Peach blossom touge.

*도화서 s. 圖畵署 (그림) (그릴) (마을) The Office of government maps, pictures et

*도화쥬 s. 桃花酒 (복숭아) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (술) Peach blossom wine.

도ᄎᆞᆯ거 s. 導引車 (인도) (ᄃᆡ그러질) (수레) Guide pulley

독 s. 甕 (*옹) A large earthenware jar.

*독 s. 獨 (독도) Alone; solitary; single.

*독 s. 毒 (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Poison. (나다) (으로 다)

*독 s. 櫝 (독) A cover or box placed over an ancestral tablet

똑 s. Exactly; precisely; just.

*독각봉 s. 獨脚蜂 (홀노) (ᄃᆞ리) (벌) Ichneumon-fly.

독각슈 s. 獨角獸 (홀노) (ᄲᆞᆯ) (즘승) A ngele-horned animal a unicorn.

*독감 s. 毒感 (독ᄒᆞᆯ, (감동) A violent ᄃᆡ , ᄀᆡ ᄃᆡ

독감이 s. 魍魎 (*망) (*량) A sprite; a goblin; a demon *See* 헷감이.

독갑이불 *s.* 鬼火 (귀신—*귀) (불—*화) Spirit-fires; Ignis-fatuus; Jack-o'-lantern. *See* 귀화.

*독감독감하다 *s.* To be bright; to be clever.

*독경하다 *s.* 篤敬 (도타울) (공경) To reverence. (Comp.)

독고마리 *s.* 旋耳子 (두들—*창) (귀—*이) (아들—*조) The burr-seed *Echino spermum Lappula.* *See* 창이조.

*독교 *s.* 獨轎 (홀노) (교조) A kind of sedan-chair carried by a beast of burden. *See* 쌍교.

독귀 *l.* 斤 (*부) An axe; a hatchet. (절하다)

*독긔 *s.* 毒氣 (독홀 기운) Poisonous exhalations; malaria.

똑닥거리다 *s.* 가여, 린 To hammer, to pound.

똑닥똑닥 *s.* Hammering; pounding. *See* 똑닥똑닥.

*독단하다 *s.* 獨斷 (홀노) (단홀) To decide on one's own authority; to settle independently of others.

*독당하다 *s.* 獨當 (홀노) (당홀) To be responsible for alone. *See* 주당하다.

똑똑 *s.* and *l.* Ticking—as a clock or watch. Scratching.

똑똑히 *s.* 分明 (논홀 *분) (붉을—*명) Clearly; precisely; exactly. *See* 분명히.

똑똑하다 *s.* 明白 (붉을—*명) (흴—*빅) To be clear; to be manifest; to be precise; to be exact. To be beautiful. *See* 명빅하다.

*독락하다 *s.* 獨樂 (홀노) (즐길) To amuse oneself without company, to be happy by oneself.

*독립 *s.* 獨立 (홀노 *셜) Independent.

*독립국 *s.* 獨立國 (홀노 *셜) (나라) An independent state. *Opp.* 속국. *See* 주쥬지국.

*독립긔원졀 *s.* 獨立紀元節 (홀노) (셜) (버리) (옷놀) (마디) A festive commemoration of national independence.

*독립하다 *s.* 獨立 (홀노) (셜) To be independent.

*독물 *s.* 毒物 (독홀) (물건) A poisonous creature. *See* 독충.

*독법 *s.* 讀法 (닑을) (법) Numeration.

독베르독하다 *s.* To pay off an enemy.

*독보 *s.* 獨步 (홀노) (거룸) Walking alone. The chief; the best; without a rival. *See* 독판.

*독보하다 *s.* 獨步 (홀노) (거룸) To step alone; to be without a rival.

*독본 *s.* 讀本 (닑을) (밋) A reader; primer.

*독봉하다 *s.* 督捧 (독촉홀) (밧을) To force to pay; to contract by force.

*독부 *s.* 獨夫 (홀노) (지아비) An abandoned person; an outcast. *See* 외돌이.

*독비곤 *s.* 農民服 (농아지) (옷) (고의) Farmers' clothes, the dress of a farmer. *See* 농군잡방이.

독산 *s.* 禿山 (부지러질) (뫼) A barren hill or mountain.

*독살 *s.* 毒殺 (독홀) (죽일) A violent disposition; a malignant nature. (부리다). *See* 암살.

*독살부리다 *s.* 毒殺 (독홀) (죽일, 부려, 린 To be violent, to be furious, to act in a violent manner.

*독살스럽다 *s.* 毒殺 (독홀) (죽일) 러워; 운 To be violent, to be furious. *See* 암상스럽다.

*독상 *s.* 獨床 (홀노) (상) A single table; a table by oneself.

*독샤 *s.* 毒蛇 (독홀) (벡암) A venomous snake. *See* 화샤.

*독샹 *s.* 獨相 (홀노) (정승) A single Minister of State.

*독셔하다 *s.* 讀書 (닑을) (글) To peruse books; to read.

*독션 *s.* 獨船 (홀노) (비) A boat by oneself. (잡다)

*독션긔신하다 *s.* 獨善其身 (홀노) (착홀) (그) (몸) To work for the salvation of one's own body; to think only of oneself.

*독셩 *s.* 讀聲 (닑을) (소리) The sound of a person reading books alone.

*독송하다 *s.* 讀誦 (닑을) (외울) To read; to peruse.

독수 *s.* 讀數 (닑을) (두어) The number of times one has studied and repeated a passage. (드리다) (물다).

*독수법 *s.* 讀數法 (닑을) (두어) (법) Numeration.

*독수 *s.* 毒手 (독홀) (손) Malice; spite; hatred. (Prov.)

독슈리 *s.* 鷲 (*치) An eagle.

*독숙공방하다 *s.* 獨宿空房 (홀노) (잘) (뷘) 방 To have a bedroom to oneself.

*독습하다 *s.* 讀習 (닑을) (닉힐) To study; to do lessons.

*독습하다 *s.* 獨習 (홀노) (닉힐) To study

alone, to learn without a teacher. *See* 자습하다

독식하다 *s.* 獨食 (홀호) (밥) To partake of alone—as profit etc. *Opp.* 분식하다.

*독신 *s.* 獨身 (홀호) (몸) Alone; (by oneself—without brothers. *Opps.* 형제.

독신자 *s.* 篤信者 (도타울) (믿을) (놈) An earnest believer (Christ.)

*독신하다 *s.* 篤信 (도타울) (믿을) To believe earnestly.

독실히 *s.* 篤實 도타운 실로 Sincerely; truly; earnestly. *Ant* 신실히

독실하다 *s.* 篤實 도타운 실로 To be sincere, to be true; to be real. *See* 실신하다.

*독심 *s.* 毒心 (독할) (마음) A violent disposition; a ugly nature. (악다).

*독쇠탕 *s.* 獨蔞湯 (홀호) (솜) (탕물) A soup of ginseng—used as medicine.

*독생자 *s.* 獨生子 (홀호) (날) (아들) The only Son—Jesus Christ.

*독쇄하다 *s.* 督刷 (독촉할) (거둘) To extort by force; to force to pay

독안타 *s.* 獨峰駝 (홀호) (언덕) (낙대 A dromedary. *See* 일안타. *Opp.* 쌍안타.

*독약 *s.* 毒藥 (독할) (약) Poisonous medicine.

*독어 *s.* 獨 (홀호 *독) Alone; solitary; singly. *Also* 독히.

*독일 *s.* 獨逸 (홀호) (편안) Germany.

*독일국 *s.* 獨逸國 (홀호) (편안) (나라) Germany. *Also* 덕국.

*독일무이하다 *s.* 獨一無二 (홀호) (한 (업을 T [illegible] individuality—as *Sanuj*.

*독자 *s.* 讀者 (낡을) (놈) Readers.

*독장 *s.* 獨場 (홀호) (마당) The best; the chief An uproar. (시끄).

*독장난령 *s.* 獨掌難鳴 (홀호) (손바닥) (어려울 울 One cannot clap with one hand

독장치다 *s.* 장치; 친 To create an uproar.

*독종 *s.* 毒種 (독할) (씨) A malicious offspring; a villain. *See* 악종.

*독주 *s.* 毒酒 (독할) (술) A malicious poison mixed with spirit.

*독진장 *s.* 獨鎭將 (홀호) (진영) (장수) The captain of a post or guard who [illegible] matters, without reference to a district magistrate.

*독진하다 *s.* 督陣 (거느릴) (진칠) To lead an army.

[illegible] 毒氣 독할 형 A [illegible] ness

독히 *s.* 獨 홀호 다독; An [illegible]

도리옵소서 [illegible] to let [illegible] control

독좌하다 *s.* 獨坐 (홀호) (앉을) To sit alone; to be seated by oneself.

*독창 *s.* 毒瘡 (독할) (헌데) An abscess.

도처하다 獨處 (홀호) (곳) To live apart, as husband and wife. *See* 독좌하다

독촉하다 督促 (독촉할) (재촉할) To urge; to stimulate; to press. *See* 재독하다.

*독취도 *s.* 獨脚鳥 (홀호) (발) (새) A kind of night heron.

*독충 *s.* 毒蟲 (독할) (벌레) A poisonous insect

독[illegible] 督責 거느릴) (꾸지질) Importunity, pressure; remonstrance

*독칙하다 *s.* 督飭 (누리질) (꾸지질) To press; to urge, or importune.

*독판 *s.* 獨板 (홀호) (판) The best the leader; the first. The exclusive right; a monopoly. (차리다).

*독판 *s.* 督辦 (거느릴) (판단) The President of the Foreign or Home Office—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree.

독푸리하다 *s.* 毒풀 (독할—*헌) (독할—*독) To pay off an old score; to get revenge.

*독필 *s.* 禿筆 (무지러질) (붓) A worn-out pen.

*독학하다 獨學 홀호 [illegible] by oneself. *Ant* 공습하다

독해 *s.* 獨居 (홀호) 해 [illegible] falls on one alone. (닉다) 보다

독혈 *s.* 毒血 (독할 의 [illegible] as from a boil. *See* 악혈

*독호 *s.* 獨戶 (홀호) (지게) One house paying full taxes in contrast to some that pay only half or less each

독흉 *s.* 獨凶 (홀호) (흉할) Famine in one region in contrast to plenty elsewhere.

*독하다 *s.* 毒 (독할, To be poisonous, to be hurtful; to be evil. *See* 악독하다. [illegible] medicines.

똑하다 *s.* To be exact; to be precise; to be particular [illegible] —as breaking. *See* 똑하다.

*독힘 *s.* 篤行 (독항을) (힝호) Upright conduct; good behaviour.

*독힝 *s* 獨行 (홀노) (둔닐) A journey by oneself; journeying alone. *Opp.* 동힘. *See* 척힘.

*독힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 獨行 (홀노) (둔날) To go alone. *Opp.* 동힝ᄒᆞ다.

*동화 *s.* 銅貨 (구리) (보화) Copper coin.

*둑활 *s.* 獨活 (홀노) (살) The root of an umbellifer, *Peucedanum decursivum*. Archangel.

돈 *l.* 錢 (*젼) Money; "cash"

*돈 *s.* 噸 (저울) A ton weight. *Also* 론

돈꿘 *l.* 錢貫 (돈—*젼) (꿰일) Ten *yang* of cash; a thousand cash. *See* 젼꿘.

*돈넝 *s.* (돌) 敦寧 (돗타올) (편안) The three chief officers of the Royal Family.

*돈넝부 *s.* (돌) 敦寧府 (돗타올) (편안) (마을) The Court of the Royal Family.

*돈단무심ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頓斯無心 (조올) (믄흘) (업슬 무ᄉᆞ) To pay no attention to, to be indifferent to. *See* 태연무심ᄒᆞ다

돈멈박이 *l.* A spotted beast—the leopard. *See* 볼법.

*돈독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 敦篤 (돗타올) (돗타올) To be strengthened; to be consolidated; to be fixed.

돈쏜 *l* A cash or so; a few cash.

돈틀막 *s.* A knoll.

*돈등화 *l.* 錢燈花 (돈—*젼) (등불—*등, 쏫 *화) The forms taken on by a wick while the flame is burning—an omen. (안다).

*돈디 *s.* 墩墀 (돈디) (집) A stone esplanade or raised terrace. (모흐다).

돈량 *l.* 錢兩 (돈—*젼) (두—*량) A *yang* or so of cash. *See* 젼량.

돈맛 *l.* The love of money; the desire for cash.

*돈목ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 敦睦 (돗타올) (화목) To be on good terms—as relations.

*돈밀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 敦密 (돗타올) (빅빅흘) To be on good terms.

*돈수 *s.* 噸數 (저울) 두어) Weight; tonnage

*돈슈 *l.* 頓首 (조올) (머리) Bowing the head low

*돈슈지비 *l.* 頓首再拜 (조올) (머리) (두) (졀) Bowing the head low and saluting twice "very respectfully yours."

*돈슈지비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頓首再拜 (조올) (머리) (두) (졀) To knock the head twice or more on the ground in salutation; to kowtow.

돈ᄉᆞ *l.* 零錢 (더러짇—*젼) (가지 *됴) Money; cash, a cash or so.

*돈연히 *l.* 頓然 (조올) (그릴) Suddenly; quickly

*돈연ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頓然 (조올) (그릴) To be entirely; to be altogether.

*돈오ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 頓悟 (조올) (써두를) To discern promptly; to perceive quickly; to take in at a glance; to understand at once.

*돈우 *s.* 豚兒 (도야지) (우히) A pig; a term used in speaking humiliatingly of one's own son.

*돈졀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頓絕 (조올) (쓴흘) To be suddenly cut off—as news.

*돈칙 *s.* 豚柵 (도야지) (목칙) A pig-sty.

돈푼 *l.* 錢分 (돈—*젼) (논홀—*본) A few cash; a cash or two.

돈피 *s.* 貂皮 (돈피—*됴) (가죽—*피) Sable skin—of the *Mustela Zibelling*.

*돈하 *s.* 敦賀 (돗타올) (하대) Tsuruga in Japan.

*돈후ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 敦厚 (돗타올) (두터올) To be sincere, to be straightforward

*둔후ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 敦 (돗타올) To be thick. *See* 즁후ᄒᆞ다 To be extreme; to be high.

돌 *l.* 石 (*셕) A stone; a pebble. *See* 돌멩이.

돌 *s.* 朞 (*긔) A full year; an anniversary. (되다) (지나다).

돌 *s* Alone; by itself. Wicked; base; wild.

돌겟 *l.* A reel; a skein winder.

돌계집 *s.* A barren woman. (Prov.) *See* 돌처.

돌공이 *l.* 石杵 (돌—*셕) (공이 *저) A stone pounder—used with a grain pestle.

돌구멍안 *s.* Inside the city gates, the whole city.

돌기와집 *l.* A house covered with flat pieces of stone on its roof.

돌기흔 *s.* The heel part of straw sandals.

*돌궐 *s.* 突厥 (구돌) (그) The Kitan Tartars. *See* 도야기

*돌궐작 *s.* 突厥雀 (구돌) (그) (새) A species of rose finch.

돌니다 *s.* 돌녀; 닌 To return round; to send round. To spin To change; to be converted; to improve. To ostracize, to cut off. To turn the back upon.

돌님 s. Whatever passes around, what goes from one to another.

돌님풍 s. An epidemic, whatever passes around.

돌님편지 s. 輪牒 (박회—*툔) (편지—*협) A circular letter.

돌님편지ᄒᆞ다 s. 輪牒 (박회 -*툔) (편지 *협) To deliver a circular.

돌다 l. 旋 (돌—*션) 아; 돈 To turn round; to circulate; to arise; [illegible] To gain; to acquire (돈)

돌딱쥬 l. A military exercise of whirling on the heel and using the other foot for tripping.

돌담 / 石墻 (돌—*석) (담 ᄀᆞᆼ) An outside wall of stone. (쌓다).

돌뗑이 l. 石 (돌 -*석) A stone. *See* 돌멩이.

돌돌 l. Rolling; bubbling; rippling.

똘똘ᄒᆞ다 s. To be bright; to be clever; to be sharp; to be intelligent. *See* 똘똘ᄒᆞ다.

돌띄 / 腰帶 (돌띄 -*반) (띄—*디) Coat strings that go round the waist—as worn by children. (띄다)

돌뚜리 l. 石橋 (돌 -*석) (도라—*교) A stone bridge. (놋다).

돌똥금 s. Wild apples.

돌매 l. 石磨 (돌 -*석) (갈—*마) A hand-mill

돌멩이 l. 石 (돌—*석) A stone. *See* 돌뗑이, 똥멩이.

돌모 s. A kind of hempen hat worn by actors etc

돌미나리 s. 柴胡 (나무—*희) (오랑캐—*호) A bitter plant like gentian—used as a sudorific.

돌싸귀 s. 苦 (쓰빼—*도) The sow thistle. *Sonchus oleraceus.*

돌싼 l. A large round table

*돌변ᄒᆞ다 s. 突變 (셜올) (변호) To change suddenly.

돌보다 l. 顧見 (도라볼 *교) (볼 *견) 아; 본 To care for; to provide for. *See* 도라보다.

돌비 l. 石碑 (돌—*석) (비석—*비) A stone tablet.

돌비놀 / [illegible] (구름 *운) (어미 *로) Talc; anica.

돌빈 s. (—빼) 山梨 (뫼 *산) (비 *리) Pears—natural fruit. *See* 문빈.

*돌소도 突出 [illegible] 의 [illegible] 海 [illegible] 의 [illegible] naval station in Cholla-do.

돌삼 s. 自生麻 (스스리—*주) (날 *싱) (삼—*마) Coarse hemp. (Prov.)

돌시 s. The recurring time or season

*돌연히 s. 突然 (셜올) (그럴) Suddenly; abruptly

*돌올 s. 突兀 (셜올) (옷득) Precipitous of mountains.

*돌올ᄒᆞ다 s. 突兀 (셜올) (옷득) To be bright; to be intelligent. *See* 똘똘ᄒᆞ다.

돌옷 / 石衣 (돌 -*석) (옷—*의) Moss; lichen *See* 잇기.

*돌입너멍ᄒᆞ다 s. 突入內房 (셜올) (들 [illegible] apartments. *See* 너멍돌입ᄒᆞ다

돌입ᄒᆞ다 s. 突入 [illegible] ly enter—as the female apartments. *Opp.* 돌출ᄒᆞ다

돌팍밧 / 石田 (돌—*석) (밧—*면) A stony field. *See* 조약밧.

돌잡히다 s. 잡혀, 힌 To return—of an anniversary, to celebrate a birthday festival.

돌장이 s. A child who is just one year old.

돌지귀 l. A hinge for a door. *See* 지도리.

돌진아비 s. The capricorn beetle.

돌집게 / A large gray bug with long feeler.

돌쪼 s. Small stones; pebbles.

돌쳬악 s. Pebbles; small stones.

돌쳬 / 梁 (*량) A bridge of stepping stones. *See* 돋드리.

돌처서다 [illegible] 도라올 선 (셜빌) 처서; 선 To turn round—as in a hasty manner.

*돌출ᄒᆞ다 s. 突出 (셜올) (날) To rush against; to attack; to project out; to abut. *Op.* 돌입ᄒᆞ다.

돌치다 / 回顧 (도라볼—*회) (도라볼—*고) 돌쳐; 쳔 To turn round.

돌탑 l. 石塔 (돌—*석) (탑 -*탑) A stone tower or pagoda

돌통ᄒᆞ다 s. 突通 (셜올) (통홀) To pierce; to stab through.

*돌파ᄒᆞ다 s. 突破 (셜올) (찌칠) To break by thrusting.

돌팔미 l. 擲石 (던질 *척) (돌—*석) Stone throwing. (질ᄒᆞ다) (치다).

돌팟 s. 豆 (콩—*두) Wild 'eanuts.

돌피 s. 稗 (*패) A kind of millet-like weed found growing in paddy-fields.

돌프리 l. Sorcerers; fortune-tellers; quacks. *See* 문복장이.

돌함 *l.* 石函 (돌—*석) (함—*함) A stone box. *See* 석함.

돌확 *l.* 石臼 (돌—*석) (확—*구) A stone mortar in which to hull rice. *See* 석확.

돔바르다 *s.* 발나: 른 To be hard; to be exacting.

돕다 *l.* 助 (도울—*조) 도아; 은 To aid; to help; to assist. *See* 도아주다.

돗 *s.* 席 (*석) A grass mat. (치다).

돗 *s.* 帆 (돗대—*범) A sail. (달다)

돗 *s.* 豕 (도야지—*시) A pig. *See* 되야지.

돗다 *s.* 生 (날 -*생) 아 은 To spring up; to grow out; to rise; to develope.

돗대 *s.* 柁 (*도) A mast.

돗바늘 *s.* 大針 (큰 *대) (바늘 -*침) A darning-needle; a large mat needle.

돗바디 *s.* 筬 (바디 -*셩) A wooden frame full of holes through which the warp threads pass—in weaving mats.

돗보기 *s.* 老人鏡 (늙을—*로) (사롬 -*인) (거울 -*경) Spectacles that magnify greatly. *Opp.* 맛보기.

돗자리 *s.* 席 (돗—*석) A grass mat. (치다) (엘다) (펴다).

돗치다 *s.* 돗쳐; 친 To bring out; to show; to improve. *See* 돋다.

돗탑다 *s.* 敦 (돗타올—*돈) 타와; 온 To be thick. (Dim.) *See* 돈후다.

되 *s.* 升 (*승) A pint—a dry measure equal to ten *hop* or handfuls. *See* 되박.

되 *s.* 反 (도릴 *반) On the contrary; on the other hand; back. *See* 도로혀.

되 *l.* 胡 (오랑캐—*호) Barbarians—a name applied to Manchurians. *See* 호인.

되쌍되쌍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be bright; to be clear-headed.

되장오리 *s.* A teal

되가리 *l.* 中間 (가온덕 *즁) (참소—*샹) A broker's work, a go-between—in trading.

되걸니다 *s.* 걸녀; 닌 To have a relapse.

되게 *l.* Exceedingly; strongly; thickly.

되놈 *l.* 胡人 (오랑캐—*호) (사롬—*인) Barbarians from Manchuria. Chinamen. (Abusive). *See* 호인.

되다 *l.* 여; 된 To be thick for lack of water; to be severe—of punishment. To be tight. *Opp.* 묽다.

되다 *s.* 爲 (ᄒᆞ—*위) 여; 된 To become; to happen. Also used as "to be." To open up; to take on form; to metamorphose. *See* 화ᄒᆞ다.

되다 *s.* 斗量 (말—*두) (헤아릴—*량) 여; 된 To measure out.

되다 *s.* 여; 센 To break; to come off; to be broken out; to open up. To prompt.

되되 *s.* 升升 (되—*승) (되—*승) "Pint" by "pint"; every measure. *Opp.* 말말.

되들다 *s.* 어; 든 To hold carelessly.

되롯되롯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be bright; to be intelligent. *See* 뒤룩뒤룩ᄒᆞ다.

되룽거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To dangle.

되룽되룽 *s.* Dangling; hanging in the air

되말 *l.* 胡言 (오랑캐—*호) (말숨 *언) The Manchu spoken language. Chinese. *See* 한호어.

되밋 *s.* A fraction of a measure of rice remaining over—the fee of the measurer. *See* 말밋.

되민기 *s.* A comb made from unbroken parts of used up combs.

되박 *s.* 升 (되—*승) A pint measure. *See* 되.

되박이 *s.* 再番 (두—*재) (번—*번) A cock that runs and turns again to fight.

되사리다 *s.* 사려; 린 To cross the legs—as one seated squarely. *Also* 도사리다.

되살다 *s.* 反生 (도리킬) (날) 아; 산 To regain flesh.

되씨우다 *s.* 씨워; 운 To play the third game. To bring down on one's own head sins attributed to another.

되야지 *s.* 猪 (*져) A pig. *Also* 도야지.

되알지다 *s.* 알져; 진 To be fine; to be great indeed—used in contempt.

되어가다 *s.* 方興 (모—*방) (일—*흥) 여가; 간 To succeed; to be on the increase; to improve.

되우 *s.* 甚 (심ᄒᆞᆯ—*심) Exceedingly, very much. *See* 리우.

되우새 *s.* A teal.

되유 *s.* Boiled sesamum oil (내다). *See* 돔유.

되작되작ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To finger in a contemptuous way. *See* 뒤적뒤적ᄒᆞ다.

되장이 *s.* A rice merchant.

되직이 *s.* 小畓 (적을—*쇼) (논—*답) A paddy-field—of a size requiring one pint of seed. *See* 마직이.

되직히 *s.* Thick (of soup. Much; severely; tightly. *Opp.* 느직히.

되창문 *s.* 가슴[내] 처음 쇼 창 (문—*문) A small window alongside of the door.

되치다 *s.* 되쳐, 쳔 To attack and come off worsted.

되치이다 *s.* 치여, 인 To attack and come off worsted.

되푸리 *l.* An explanation. A revision

되푸리ᄒᆞ다 *l* To sell on commission; to act as broker. To sell by the put.

된랑이 *l.* Hoarfrost; a shower of rain. *See* 소랑이.

된바람 *l.* 大風 (론—*대) (바람 *풍) A northwester; a gale.

된장 *l.* 土醬 (흙—*도) (장—*장) Soy sediment. *See* 토장.

될셩부르다 *s.* 불너; 른 To give promise of turning out well; to thrive

됨됨이 *l.* Form; appearance, bea . *See* 얼두리

*동 *s.* 東 (동녁) The east. *See* 동녁.

*동 *s.* 同 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) A numerative of packages of ink, bundles of fish, firewood etc.

동 *s.* An ending that is repeated and has the force of *whether* or *or* marks uncertainly.

*동 *s.* 堌 (동) A dam or dike—to protect from floods. (막다).

*동 *s.* 銅 (구리) Brass; copper.

똥 *s.* 屎 (*시) Dung; excrement. (누다), (싸다)

*동가식서가숙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 東家食西家宿 (동녁) (집) (밥) (서녁) (집) (잘) To eat in the house toward the east and to sleep in the house facing the west; to be here and there.

동가슴 *s.* 胸 (가슴—*흉) The breast. *See* 앙가슴.

*동가ᄒᆞ다 *l* 動駕 (움직일) (멍에) To depart—as the Emperor, in a carriage etc.

*동감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同感 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (감동) To have the same feelings; to agree.

*동갑 *s.* 同甲 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (갑) (Of) the same age; contemporaries. *See* 년갑.

동개 *s.* 筒蓋 (통—*통) (덮을—*개) A quiver.

*동강 *s.* 東江 (동녁) (물) A post station in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.50 Long. 126.48; a river in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.03 Long. 128 [illegible]

동강 *s.* Pieces; parts cut from the length. (나다), (치다).

동강동강 *s.* Pieces part by part—as cut from the length.

*동거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同車 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (수레) To ride together; to ride in the same carriage. *Also* 동차ᄒᆞ다.

동거리 *s.* A [illegible] mouthpiece joins the stem of a pipe. A disease in the throat of cattle.

*동거리도 *s.* 同距離圖 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (상거) (지날 [illegible] Equidistant sections.

*동거서거에 *s.* 東去西去 (동녁) (갈) (서녁) (갈) Going east or going west—whether this way or that way. No 어ᄎᆞ어피.

*동거인 *s.* 同居人 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) People living or lodging together.

*동거취ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同去就 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (갈) (나아갈) To do the same thing, to join in the same.

*동거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同居 (ᄒᆞᆫ가 [illegible] To live together; to lodge in [illegible]

*동게 *l.* 東遞 (동녁) (서내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*동게 *l.* 洞契 (골) (계) A village guild.

*동계 *l.* 凍鷄 (얼) (닭) Frozen fowls—for convenience in keeping.

*동경 *l.* 動經 (움직일) (지ᄅᆞᆯ길) Radius vector

동경 *s.* 東京 (동녁) (서울) Tokyo Japan). The present capital of Shan-Kyongju. Tonquin South of China.

*동경 *s.* 同庚 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (ᄒᆡᆯ) Of the same age. *See* 동갑.

동경이 *s.* 禿尾 (무지러질—, [illegible] —*미) A bobtailed dog.

동교다 *s.* 圓 (둥글 *원) 고아; 곤. To be round.

동고람이 *s.* (구) 圓子 (둥글 [illegible] 다ᄅᆞᆯ *주) A round; [illegible]

동고리 *s* A small covered lunch basket

동고스렇ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 圓 (둥글 *원) To be roundish *See* 동그스렇ᄒᆞ다

*동고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同苦 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (괴로울) To suffer together. *See* 동락ᄒᆞ다.

동골다 *s.* 圓 (둥글 *원) 어, 곤 To be round. *See* 동그라하.

동골동골 *s.* 圓 (둥글—*원) Rolling, turning. Round—of several objects. *See* 동글동글.

동골동골ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 圓 (둥글 *원) To be round of rings. *See* 동글동글ᄒᆞ다.

동곳 *s.* (굿) 簪 (빈혀 *잠) A top-knot pin; a hairpin. [illegible]다.

동곳동곳ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be round of several objects.

*동궁일해 s. 同功一體 (호가지) (공) (호) (몸) (같) (다) (Of) like merit; of the same kind.

*동몽일체지인 s. 同功一體之人 (호가지) (공) (호) (몸) (같) (다) (사람) People alike meritorious; all alike as to merit

*동교 s. 同教 (호가지) (구르칠) Fellow disciples—of the same school.

*동교 s. 東教 (동녁) (구르칠) The Greek Church. S., 희랍교.

*동교 s. 東郊 (동녁) (들) The eastern suburbs of the capital; outside the East Gate. *Opp.* 서교.

*동구 s. 洞口 (골) (입) A narrow entrance to a village—through the hills. *See* 골목.

*동국 s. 東國 (동녁) (나라) Eastern nations; the East. *Opp.* 서국.

*동국통감 s. 東國通鑑 (동녁) (나라) (통) (감) 거울 A native History of Korea in twenty volumes—to the beginning of the present dynasty.

*동군 s. 東君 (동녁) (임군) The guardian spirit of spring. (Comp.)

*동궁 s. 東宮 (동녁) (집) The palace of the heir apparent. The heir apparent; the king's son. *See* 동아마.

동글다 s. 圓 (둥굴—*현) 여; 근 To be round. *See* 둥글다.

동글동글하다 s. 圓 (둥굴—*현) To be round—of several. *See* 둥글다.

동글동글하다 s. 圓 (둥굴—*현) To be round—as rings. *See* 둥글둥글하다.

*동계 s. 冬期 (겨울) (긔약) Winter.

*동계 s. 同氣 (호가지) (긔운) Brothers; kith and kin. A similar turn of mind; resembling one another in disposition. *See* 형데.

*동기간 s. 同氣間 (호가지) (긔운) (소이) (Of) the same kith and kin. *See* 형데간.

동기다 s. 여; 긘 To break; to come off; to be broken out. To prompt.

*동계방학 s. 冬期放學 (겨울) (긔약) (노흘) (비흘) Winter holidays—of school.

*동기 *l.* 童妓 (우히) (기상) A dancing-girl. *See* 기성.

동기다 s. 束 (묵글—*속) 동겨; 긘 To bind, to tie up. *See* 결박하다.

동기이다 s. 束 (묵글—*속) 기여; 인 To be bound; to be tied up. *See* 민이다.

*동과 *l.* 東瓜 (동녁) (화) A large coarse pumpkin. *Benincasa cerifera.* *Also* 동아.

*동관 s. 筩管 (붓울) (대쪽) A bamboo basket. (B.O.) A brush pen.

*동관 s. 同官 호가지 벼슬 Of the same office; fellow officials. *See* 동료.

*동관각 s. 東觀閣 (동녁) (집) A pavilion in the palace of the Han dynasty at 落陽, employed as a State library and place of study.

동나다 s. 缺乏 (이저러짐—*결) (다홀—*핍) 동나; 난 To be out of—goods *See* 다하다.

동나무 s. Small bundles of grass or limbs of fuel. 단나무.

*동남 s. 東南 (동녁) (남녁) East and south.

*동남간 s. 東南間 (동녁) (남녁) (소이) Southeast.

*동남동녀 s. 童男童女 (우히) (사나히, 우히) (계집) Boys and girls.

*동남풍 s. 東南風 (동녁) (남녁) (바람) A southeast wind.

*동녀 *l.* 童女 (우히) (계집) A girl. *See* 처녀.

동녁 s. 東 (*동) The east; the eastern side. *See* 동편.

*동년 s. 同年 (호가지) (히) The same year; of the same age.

*동년동월 s. 同年同月 (호가지) (히) (호가지) (둘) The same year and month.

*동년동월동일동시 s. 同年同月同日同時 (호가지) (히) (호가지) (둘) (호가지) (날) (호가지) (때) The same year, same month, same day, same hour.

동이여 s. A joining of two different kinds of objects as wood and metal, or two different metals.

*동뇌하다 *l.* 凍餒 (얼) (주릴) To be chilled and starved

*동네 *l.* 洞內 (골) (안) A village; a political division of a city or township. *See* 동리.

*동단 s. 東壇 (동녁) (단) The eastern sacrificial altar—outside of the East Gate of Seoul.

*동답 *l.* 洞畓 (골) (논) Village paddy-fields.

*동당 s. 東堂 (동녁) (집) An examination held in the event of three cases coming together.

*동당 s. 同黨 (호가지) (무리) An accomplice—in crime. *See* 동류.

동당이치다 s. 이혀; 친 To throw with a jerk.

동당치기 s. A game of cards—five to each hand and six to the dealer. *See* 동동이.

동더리치다 s. 러져; 친 To use "half talk." To be separated; to have a

space between. To be doubtful looking.

*동덕 *l.* 冬德 (겨울) (큰) A post station in Kangwŏn-do.

*동뎡식ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同鼎食 (호가지) (솥) (밥) To dine together.

*동뎡호 *l.* 洞庭湖 (골) (뜰) (호슈) The *Tongjong* lake in China.

동뎡호진뎍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 洞庭湖之自足 (호슈) (님금) (일뎍) (마을) The *Tongjong* lake of seven hundred *li*—used to express independence; indifference.

*동도 *s.* 東都 (동녁) (도읍) The eastern capital or Kyong-ju.

*동도 *s.* 同道 (호가지) (길) (Of) the same province. *See* 동항.

*동도 *s.* 東徒 (동녁) 길 The [illegible] of the Tong Haks. *See* 동학. Kangwon province.

*동도 *s.* 東徒 (동녁) (무리) The Tong Haks. *See* 동학당.

*동도 *s.* 東道 (동녁) (길) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

동도지인 *s.* 同道之人 (호가지) (길) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One from the same province. *See* 동항지인.

동도친구 *s.* 同道親舊 (호가지) (길) (친) (구) (에) A friend from the same province. *See* 동항친구

*동동ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 董督 (동독ᄒᆞᆯ) (거느릴) To urge on; to exhort. *See* 권장ᄒᆞ다

동동 *s.* Floating up and down.

*둥둥 *s.* The sound of a drum. Round.

*동동촉촉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 洞洞屬屬 (골) (골) (조심ᄒᆞᆯ) (조심ᄒᆞᆯ) To be careful; to be reverent.

*둥둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be round; to be corpulent. *See* 둥둥ᄒᆞ다.

동동이 [illegible] To keeping—of children. *See* 속곱질

동뒤 *s.* Equals: the same—in contest of strength etc.

*동등 *s.* 同等 (호가지) (등수) (Of) the same class.

*동등국 *s.* 同等國 (호가지) (무리) (나라) A state of equal power.

*동등권 *s.* 同等權 (호가지) (무리) (권세) Equal power.

*동등권리 *s.* 同等權利 (호가지) (무리) (권세) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Equal power. *See* 동등권.

동등표 *s.* [illegible] (호가지) (무리) (표) The [illegible] mathematic; marks that [illegible]

*동뎌 *s.* 同地 (호가지) (짜) "That peace"; the place indicated.

*동더ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 動地 (움직일) (짜) To shake; to quake—of the earth.

*동뎡 *s.* 東方 (동녁) (모—*방) The east. *See* 동편.

동량 *s.* 棟梁 (기둥) (들보) The lesser and greater beams—of a house.

동량군 *s.* A beggar. *See* 비렁방이.

동량앗치 *l.* 乞粮人 (빌—*걸) (량식—*량) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A beggar. *See* 동량군.

*동량지지 *s.* 棟梁之材 (기둥) (들보) (갈) (지목) The greater beam and posts—great men.

동량ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To beg; to ask alms. *See* 걸식ᄒᆞ다.

*동령 *s.* 東嶺 (동녁) (고디) A mountain in Hamkyong-do. Lat. 41.42 Long. 127.48.

*동록 *s.* 銅綠 (구리) (ᄑᆞᆯ) Verdigris; rust. (쓸다). *See* 록.

*동록쓰다 *s.* 銅綠 (구리) (ᄑᆞᆯ) 러; 쓴 To rust.

*동론 *s.* 同論 (호가지) (의론) The same views.

동료 *s.* 同僚 (호가지) [illegible] 관 Colleague. Fellow officials. *See* 동관

*동류 *s.* 同類 (호가지) 갓흔 (무리) The same class or kind. *See* 동모

*동류상 *s.* 同類相 (호가지) 갓흘 (무리) Like terms.

*동리 *s.* 同里 (호가지) (마을) Neighbourhood.

*동리 *s.* 東里 (동녁) (마을) A post station in Whanghai-do. Lat. 38.35 Long. 126.19.

*동립톄 *s.* 同立體 (호가지) (셜) (몸) Similar solids.

*동리 *s.* 東萊 (동녁) (뫽) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.11 Long. 129 00.

동마마 *s.* The heir apparent.

동막이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dam out water from a paddy-field.

*동명 [illegible] 名 (호가지) (일홈) Of the same [illegible]

*동명 *l.* 洞名 (골) (일홈) The district name, the name of a ward—as in the city.

*동명수 *s.* 同名數 (호가지) (일홈) (두어) Like numbers.

동모 *s.* 伴 (짝 *반) Playfellows; a companion; a comrade. *See* 동류.

*동동 *s.* 童蒙 (어릴) (어릴) A lad; a youth

*동방선습 s. 東學先習 (동학) (어렵) 먼저 (익힘) A 2nd reading-book of the primary schools—a History of Korea.

*동문 s. 東門 (동녁) (문) The east gate—of a walled city.

*동문서답ᄒᆞ다 s. 東問西答 동녁 무ᄅᆞᆯ (서녁) (ᄃᆡ답) To ask by the east and reply by the west—of questions and answers that do not agree. *See* 문동답서ᄒᆞ다.

*동문슈학ᄒᆞ다 s. 同門受學 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (문) (받ᄋᆞᆯ) (비ᄒᆞᆫ, To study under the same teacher. *See* 동학지의.

*동물 l. 動物 (움직일) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) Man in contrast to woman. The animal kingdom.

*동물세계 l. 動物世界 (움직일) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) (인간) (디경) The animal world.

*동물원 l. 動物院 (움직일) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) (집) A zoological garden.

*동물학 l. 動物學 (움직일) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) (비홀) Zoology.

*동민 l. 洞民 (골) (ᄇᆡᆨ셩) Villagers.

*동밍 s. 同盟 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) Alliance.

*동밍국 s. 同盟國 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) (나라) A allied state; a state having treaty relations.

*동밍쟈 s. 同盟者 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) (놈) An ally.

*동밍졀교 s. 同盟絕交 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) (ᄆᆞᆫᄌᆞᆯ) (사괼) A boycott.

*동밍파공 s. 同盟罷工 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) (파ᄒᆞᆯ) (장인) A strike.

*동밍파공ᄒᆞ다 s. 同盟罷工 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) (파ᄒᆞᆯ) (장인) To strike as in labor, or united effort.

*동밍ᄒᆞ다 s. 同盟 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (밍셔) To swear together.

*동반 s. 銅盤 (구리) (소반) A copper basin.

*동반구 s. 東半球 (동녁) (절반) (구ᄉᆞᆯ) The Eastern Hemisphere. *Opp.* 셔반구.

*동반 s. 同伴 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (ᄯᅡᆨ) To accompany.

*동반 s. 東班 (동녁) (반ᄅᆞᆯ) Nobility of civil rank. *See* 동인. *Opp* 셔반.

동발이 s. Props; supports.

*동밧ᄀᆡ s. A receiver to catch droppings from fowls.

*동방 s. 東方 (동녁) (모) The east. *See* 동편.

*동방 s. 同榜 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (방) A fellow graduate, a classmate.

*동방삭 s. 東方朔 (동녁) (모) (초ᄒᆞᆫᄃᆞᆯ) An ancient of the *Han* dynasty who is said to have lived five hundred years.

*동방화촉 s. 洞房花燭 (골) (방 (ᄭᅩᆺ, (ᄒᆞᆨᄇᆞᆯ) The nuptial chambers with its painted candles—matrimony.

*동벽 s. 東壁 (동녁) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) The eastern wall of a house. The east division of an army.

*동변 s. 童便 (오ᄒᆞᆫ) (오ᄌᆞᆷ) Boy's urine—used as a medicine.

*동변 s. 東邊 (동녁) (가) The east side.

*동변삼각형 s. 同邊三角形 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (가) (ᄉᆡᆨ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆡᆼ상) Equilateral triangle.

동변삼변형 s. 同邊三邊形 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) 가, (ᄉᆡᆨ) 가) (ᄒᆡᆼ상) An equilateral triangle.

*동병 s. 同病 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (병) The same disease or sickness.

*동병샹련 s. 同病相憐 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (병ᄃᆞᆯᆯ) (서로 (ᄉᆞᆯᆞᆼ히녁ᄋᆞᆯ, Fellow sufferers sympathize with each other. *See* 환난샹구.

*동병ᄒᆞ다 l. 動兵 (움직일) (군ᄉᆞ) To mobilise troops. *See* 발병ᄒᆞ다.

동복 s. 僮僕 (ᄌᆞᆼ) (ᄇᆞᆨ) A servant, boy servant; page.

*동복 l. 冬服 (겨ᄉᆞᆯ) (옷) Winter garments.

*동복 s. 同福 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (복) A prefect in Chŏl la do. Lat. 34.55 Long. 127.18.

*동복동싱 l. 同腹同生. (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) 비) ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (ᄇᆞᆯ) Uterine brothers; those born of the same mother. *Opp.* 이복동싱.

*동본 s. 同本 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (ᄆᆞᆯ) The same source; a like origin. *See* 쉴본.

동부 s. A kind of long-podded bean.

*동부 s. 東部 (동녁) 쪽 The eastern ward of the capital. *See* 동셔.

*동부ᄃᆞ l. 動不動 (움직일) (아닐 *불) (움직일) Certainly; without question. *See* 불가불.

*동부인ᄒᆞ다 s. 同夫人 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To include the wife.

*동분모 s. 同分母 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (논ᄅᆞᆷ) (어미) Common denomination.

*동북 s. 東北 (동녁) (북녁) East and north.

*동북간 s. 東北間 (동녁) (북녁) (ᄉᆞ이) Northeast; the northeast quarter.

*동북풍 s. 東北風 (동녁) (북녁) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) A northeaster, a northeast wind.

*동빙제 l. 凍氷祭 (얼) (어름) (졔ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice—to cause the water to freeze.

*동빙ᄒᆞ다 l. 凍氷 (얼) (어름) To freeze; to be frozen.

동비 s. 同扉 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (무리) A companion palanquin-bearer or coolie; a fellow coolie.

*동빅 s. 桐柏 (오동) (잣) The camelia. The *datura stramonium.*

*동빅 ㅅ. 東伯 (동녘)(맏) The governor of *Kongwon* province. *See* 강원감소.

*동빅기름 ㅅ. 桐柏油 (오동)(잣)(기름) (유) Oil from the *datura stramonium*—used for the hair. (바다).

동사르다 ㅅ. 사라; 른 To fasten junks together by the sterns—as resting for the night.

*동산 ㅅ. 冬山 (겨울 의) A mountain or hill in its winter aspect.

*동산 / 動產 (움ㅈ...)(낳) Personal property.

*동산 ㅅ. 童山 (우히)(뫼) A knoll; a bare hill.

동산 ㅅ. 園 (*원) A garden; a park ... 원.

*동산 / 動產 (움직일)(낳 Movable property.

*동삼셩 ㅅ. 東三省 (동녘)(석)(솜) The three provinces of Manchuria.

*동상례 ㅅ. 東床禮 (동녘)(상)(례도) The ceremony of the bridegroom entertaining his wedding guests. (밧다).

*동샤원 ㅅ. 同社員 (호가지) 회샤) (원원) Partnership

*동상 ㅅ. 銅像 (구리) 형상) A copper idol or image of any kind

*동셔 ㅅ. 同壻 (호가지) (사회) The husband of the wife's sister

*동셔 ㅅ. 東署 (동녘)(마을) The east ward of the capital

*동셔 ㅅ. 東西 (동녘)(셔녘) East and west. *Opp.* 남북.

*동셔남북 ㅅ. 東西南北 동녘 셔녘 남 ... (북녘) North, east, south and west. *See* 소방.

*동셔반 ㅅ. 東西班 동... 셔녘 반... The east and west ranks of the nobility—the military and civil official class *See* 량반

*동셔분당 ㅅ. 東西分黨 (동녘)(셔녘)(는... 무리 The ... Party of East ... West political parties.

*동셕ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同席 (호가지)(돗) To be a fellow guest. *See* 동좌ᄒᆞ다.

동셕 ㅅ. 銅線 구... 줄 ... per, wire

*동션 / 洞仙 (골)(신션) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*동션령 /. 洞仙嶺 (골)(신션)(고기) A mountain range in Whang-hai-do

*동션ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同船 (호가지) 밧) To travel together—by boat.

*동셜 ㅅ. 銅屑 (구리)(가로) Brass filings.

*동셩 ㅅ. 同姓 (호가지) (셩, Of the same surname—as those who have different ancestors. *See* 일가.

*동셩동명 ㅅ. 同姓同名 (호가지)(셩) ... 가지 ... 일홈 ... the same name

*동셩동본 ㅅ. 同姓同本 (호가지)(셩)(호가지) (밑) The same surname and the same ancestral town.

*동셩지친 ㅅ. 同姓之親 (호가지) (셩) (갈) (친홀) Relatives of the same clan name.

*동소 /. 洞訴 (골) (알릴) A petition to a magistrate

*동숙ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同宿 (호가지) (잘 Lodging together, lodging in the same room with strangers.

동시ᄃᆞ양시원 ... 人 ... (시) (학슈) (뭇) (갈) (사ᄆᆞᆨ) A fellow ... n of Seoul *Also* 동시학양인.

... (호가지) (때) The same time; at the same time; just then.

*동씨 ㅅ. 同氏 (호가지) (각시 ᄇᆞ시) The same man or woman

*동시에 ㅅ. 同時 (호가지) (때) At the same time.

*동실 ㅅ. 同室 (호가지) (집) Living together in the same room.

동실동실 ㅅ. 浮 (뜰— *ᄇᆞ) Floating; bobbing up and down—on the water. (Dim.) *See* 둥실둥실.

*동실ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同室 (호가지) (집) To sleep together

*동심결 ㅅ. 同心結 (호가지) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆡᆺ) Bound together in heart -as friends. A kind of knot.

동심협력ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同心協力 (호가지) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (호가지) (힘) To be of one heart and effort—in work. *See* 동심합력.

동심합력ᄒᆞ다, 同心合力 (호가지) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ, 모ᄃᆞᆫ) (힘) To be of one heart and mind; to be one in heart and effort. *See* 동심협력

*동심ᄒᆞ다 同心 (호가지) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To be of one heart. *See* 일심ᄒᆞ다.

동심ᄒᆞ다 動心 움직일)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) ... To be disturbed in mind; to be alarmed

*ᄃᆞᆫ ㅅ. 銅線 (구리) (실) Copper or brass wire

*동ᄉᆞ ㅅ. 東史 (동녘) (스긔) The History of Eastern Countries.

*동ᄉᆞ ㅅ. 同事 (호가지) (일) Colleagues, partners.

*동ᄉᆞ ㅅ. 動詞 (움직일)(말솜) A verb.

*동ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 /. 凍死 (얼) (죽을) To be frozen to death

*동ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 同事 (호가지) (일) To work together. *Opp.* 레ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*동석 s. 同色 (호가지) (빗) Of the same party, of the same social scale. *See* 동류.

*동성 s. 同生 (호가지) (날) Younger brothers or sisters. *See* 동긔.

*동아 s. 東亞 (동녁) (버금) East Asia.

*동아 s. 東瓜 (동녁) (외—*과) The long squash. *Benincasa hispida.*

동아싸다 s. 아싸; 싸 To hurt or let fall. *See* 떠러지다.

*동아호다 l. 凍餓 (얼) (주릴) To be cold and hungry; to freeze and starve. M.

동안 s. 之間 (갈—*지) (소이—간 ᄂᆡ) Space of time; during (스다). *See* 소이.

*동안 s. 東安 (동녁) (편안) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*동야 l. 冬夜 (겨울) (밤) A winter night; a wintry night.

*동양 s. 東洋 (동녁) (바다) The East; Asia. *See* 아세아.

*동양제국 s. 東洋諸國 (동녁) (바다) (모들) (나라) The Oriental countries.

*동양차 s. 東洋車 (동녁) (바다) (수레) A jinrikisha. *See* 인력거

*동어 s. 冬魚 (겨울) (고기) The young of the mullet.

*동연호다 s. 同然 (호가지) (그럴) To be similar; to be the same.

*동영 s. 東營 (동녁) (영문) The eastern government headquarters — *Wŏnju. See* 원쥬감영.

*동옷 s. 夾袖 (겹울—*협) (소매—*슈) A narrow sleeved coat divided at the sides. *See* 요청옷.

*동요 l. 童謠 (우힌) (노래) Prophetic songs—as taught to children by genii.

*동요 l. 動搖 (움직일) (흔들) Agitation.

*동우 s. 東隅 (동녁) (모퉁이) The most eastern boundary or point—of a country or district; far-east.

*동유 l. 桐油 (오동, 기름) Wood oil made from the *Aleurites cordata.* Boiled sesamum oil. (내다).

*동유귀 l. 冰乳機 (얼) (졋) (긔운) An apparatus for cooling milk.

*동유호다 s. 同遊 (호가지) (놀) To amuse oneself in company with others.

*동읍 s. 同邑 (호가지) (고을) The same official district.

*동의 s. 同意 (호가지, 뜻) Concurrence, consent; assent; agreeing with.

*동의 l. 動議 (움직일) (의론) A motion; a suggestion.

*동의 l. 冬衣 (겨울) (옷) Winter clothes.

동의 s. 盆 (*분) A small water-jar.

*동의보감 s. 東醫寶鑑 (동녁) (의원) (보비) (거울) An ancient medical work

*동의호다 l. 動議 (움직일) (의론) To make a motion—parliamentary; to move—in an assembly.

*동이 s. 同異 (호가지) (다를) Similarity and difference.

*동이 s. 東夷 (동녁) (오랑캐) An opprobrious name for Korea.

동이다 s. 束 (묵글—*속) 동여; 인 To bind; to wrap.

*동이지국 s. 東夷之國 (동녁) (오랑캐) 갓) (나라) The kingdom of the Eastern Barbarians—a Chinese name for Korea

*동이지인 s. 東夷之人 (동녁) (오랑캐) (갓) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Barbarians, heathen

*동인 s. 銅印 (구리) (인칠) A copper seal.

*동인 s. 同人 (호가지) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The same thing; the same people; friends.

*동인 s. 東韻 (동녁) (곡됴) Korean verses—as composed for literary examinations.

*동인 s. 銅人 (구리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A brass figure of a man marked so as to show the regions of acupuncture etc.

*동인 s. 東人 (동녁) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An ancient political party that preceded the *Noron. Opp* 서인.

*동인 s. 同仁 (호가지) (어질) A post station in Ham kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.27 Long. 127 45.

*동일 s. 冬日 (겨울) (날) A winter day.

*동일 s. 同日 (호가지) (날) The same day.

*동일동시 s. 同日同時 (호가지) (날) (호가지) (ᄯᅢ) The same day and time.

*동일호다 s. 同 - (호가지) (호) To be similar.

*동임 l. 洞任 (골) (맛흘) A village chief or mayor. *See* 소임.

*동임 s. 同任 (호가지) (맛흘) The same office—as held by two persons at the same time. *See* 동관.

*동월 s. 同月 (호가지) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The same month.

*동월동일 s. 同月同日 (호가지) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (호가지) (날) The same month and day.

*동작 l. 動作 (움직일) (지을) Behaviour; conduct.

*동작 s. 東作 (동녁) (지을) Filling the fields in spring. (B.H.)

*동장 l. 洞長 (골) (어른) The village squire or justice. *See* 소임.

*동장 s. 銅章 (구리) (글장) A copper seal; a copper medal.

동저고리바람 s. A dress without the outer coat.

*동전 s. 銅錢 (구리) (돈) Copper coins—of the new mint having no hole in the centre.

*동절 l. 冬節 (겨울) (절기) Winter time. *See* 엄동.

*동접 s. 同接 (호가지) (붓흘) Fellow students.

*동접하다 s. 同接 (호가지) (붓흘) To study for the same examinations.

*동정녀 s. 童貞女 (우히) (풋을) (계집) A virgin; a celibate.

*동정 s. 動靜 움직인 (교요 Motion and rest—conduct; behaviour. *See* 거동.

동정 s. An outer border fastened to the collar of a coat.

*동조 s. 同祖 (호가지) (할아비) The same ancestors.

*동족 s. 同族 (호가지) (겨레) Relatives of the same clan name, the same family or tribe. *See* 동종.

*동죄 s. 同罪 (호가지) (허물) The same crime; a like fault.

*동종 s. 同宗 (호가지) (마루) Relatives of the same clan name, the same family or tribe. *Opp.* 이성.

*동조 s. 東朝 (동녁) (아청) A royal person

동조지친 s. 東朝宗親 (동녁 아청) 니를 (어버이) Royal personages.

*동주발요 l. 凍足放溺 (얼) 발 (노을) (오줌) What is useless; what gives only temporary aid. *See* 언발에오줌누기

동줄 s. A rope; a string.

동줄기 s. A rope for binding a burden.

*동중 l. 洞中 (골, (사온디 In a village *See* 동너.

*동지 s. 同志 (호가지) (뜻) The same mind or purpose; like thinking.

*동지 s. 冬至 (겨울 (니를) The winter solstice, one of the twenty four solar periods occurring about Dec. 22nd.

*동지 s. 同知 (호가지) (알) A rank of the 2nd degree.

*동지 l. 動止 (움직일) (굿칠) Motion and quiet; conduct; behaviour; condition.

*동지둘 s. (—둘) 冬至月 (겨울) (니를) (둘 *월) The 11th moon.

*동지선 s. 冬至線 겨울 니를 선 Tr. of Cancer.

*동지사 s. 冬至使 (겨울) (니를) (호여곰) The 11th moon envoy—sent yearly to China

*동지사 s. 同志者 (호가지) (뜻) (놈) A person of the same mind.

*동지하례 s. 冬至賀禮 (겨울) (니를) (하례) (례도) The salutations before the king on the morning of the winter solstice.

*동진강 s. 東津江 (동녁) (진명) (물) A river in Chung-chong-do.

동집 s. (—찝) 胃 (*위) The stomach. *See* 대장.

*동조 s. 同字 (호가지) (글조) The same "style"

*동조 l. 童子 (우히) (아돌) A boy. *See* 우희.

*동조 l. 瞳子 (눈동조) (아돌) The pupil of the eye.

*동조석 l. 童子石 (우히) (아돌) (돌) A stone figure of a child.

*동조숨 l. 童子蔘 (우히, 아돌) 숨 (노 - seng root shaped like a child.

*동지 s. 東齋 (동녁) (셔지) The eastern room in a Confucian temple. *Opp.* 서재.

*동창 l. 凍瘡 (얼) (헌데) Chilblains; frost-bites.

*동창구의 s. 同窓舊誼 (호가지) (창) (네) (정의 School day friendship.

*동창벗우 s. 同窓故友 (호가지) (창) (네) (벗) An old friend; a school mate.

*동창 s. 東窓 (동녁) (창) A window looking toward the east.

*동창군친회 s. 同窓懇親會 (호가지) (창) (정셩) (친홀) (모흘) Social meeting of schoolmates.

*동창하다 s. 同窓 (호가지) (창) To be educated at the same place; to be fellow students.

*동차 s. 同車 (호가지) (수레) The same carriage.

*동차하다 s. 同車 (호가지) (수레) To ride together with others in the same carriage.

*동청 s. 冬青 (겨울) (푸를) The *Xylosma racemosum.*

*동청 s. 東淸 (동녁 (몱을) The east of China; eastern China.

*동청텰도 s. 東淸鐵道 (동녁) (몱을) (쇠) (길) The Eastern Chinese Railway.

*동추 s. 同推 호가지 (밀) Interrogation of a criminal with torture.

*동추하다 s. 同推 (호가지) (밀) To interrogate a criminal—with torture.

*동취서걸하다 s. 東取西乞 (동녁) (가지) (셔녁) (빌일) To ask in the east and beg in the west.

*동쳐 s. 童稚 (우히) (어릴) A boy; a girl, a child. *See* 동조.

*동치서주하다 s. 東馳西走 (동녁) (달날) (셔녁) (다라날) To fly to east and

west; to scatter in all directions. *See* 분주불가.

*동침 *s.* 銅針 (구리)(바늘) A large needle for acupuncture; brass needle. (주다)(놓다).

*동침이 *l.* 冬沈 (겨울)(잠길) Watery *Kimchi*, a thin kind of turnip pickle.

*동침ᄒᆞ다 *s* 同枕 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지)(벼기) To sleep together. *See* 동금ᄒᆞ다.

*동탁 *l.* 董卓 (동독ᄒᆞᆯ)(놉ᄒᆞᆯ) D. 192. A famous usurper of the Han Dynasty; A man of physical force but lacking wisdom.

동탕ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be handsome; to be beautiful; to be good looking.

*동톄 *l* 動頓 (움직일 닙 -*달) Retributive disease -for having offended the spirits by molesting a grave site, cutting ancestral trees etc. (나다).

*동텬 *s.* 東天 (동녁)(하ᄂᆞᆯ) The sky in the east at dawn; the eastern sky.

*동텬 *s.* 冬天 (겨울)(하ᄂᆞᆯ) A winter sky.

*동텬 *s.* 冬氈 (겨울) (시) Spiked horse-shoes for icy roads.

*동텰 *s.* 銅鐵 (구리) (쇠) Copper; brass.

*동토 *s.* 東土 (동녁) (흙) The Japanese capital; Tokyo.

*동통 *s.* 疼痛 (압흘) (압흠) Pains; aches; irritation.

동트기 *s.* 曉頭 (새벽—*ᄐᆞᆫ) (머리—*두) Dawn, daylight. *See* 동두.

동트다 *s.* 開東 (열—*ᄒᆡ)(동녁—*동) 동텬; 돈 To dawn; to lighten up—of the east; to break—of the day.

동틀 *s.* 刑具 (형벌—*형) (ᄀᆞᆺ홀—*구) A chair like frame to which a criminal is fastened for application of the small paddle. *See* 형틀.

*동틱 *l.* 凍鮐 (얼) (명틱) Frozen pollack. *See* 명틱.

*동틱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 動胎 (움직일)(틱) To become misplaced -of the foetus.

*동파 *l.* 冬瀝 (겨울) (파—*ᄒᆞᆷ) Winter onions. *See* 움파.

*동파 *s.* 同派 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (갈내—*래) The same branch of a family.

*동파 *s.* 東坡 (동녁)(언덕) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*동판 *s.* 銅版 (구리) (조각) Copper plates used for engraving.

*동판ᄅᆞᆨ *s* 銅版摺 (구리) (조각) (ᄎᆡᆨ글) Printing from copper-plates.

*동판ᄉᆞ *s.* 銅版師 (구리) (조각) (스승) A copper plate sculptor or engraver.

*동판화 *s.* 銅版畫 (구리) (조각) (그림) Copper plate engravings, or pictures.

*동패서샹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 東敗西傷 (동녁) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (서녁) (일ᄒᆞᆯ) To be defeated in the east and beaten in the west—universally unfortunate. *See* 촉처봉상.

*동편 *s.* 東便 (동녁) (편) The east, the eastern side. *See* 동방.

동페 *l* 洞弊 (골) (해여질) A village abuse; a nuisance—to a settlement.

*동평 *s.* 東平 (동녁) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A village in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 35.12 Long 128.58.

*동포 *s.* 同胞 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (포태) Brothers; brethren; companions; compatriots; countrymen.

*동포 *l.* 洞布 (골ᄌᆞ ᄇᆡ, Village taxes—as hempen cloth. *See* 호포.

*동포형뎨 *s.* 同胞兄弟 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (포태) (맛) (아오) Uterine brothers.

*동표 *s.* 東表 (동녁) (밧) Beyond the east side; over the east border

*동표 *s.* 銅標 (구리) (표) A copper monument.

*동샹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同宿 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (잘 *슉) To cohabit. *See* 닉침ᄒᆞ다

*동풍 *s.* 東風 (동녁) (바람) An east wind, spring breezes.

*동풍 *s.* 東豐 (동녁) (풍년) A village in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.45 Long 128.50.

*동품 *s.* 同品 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (품수) Of) equal rank. *See* 동렬.

*동품ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同稟 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (품ᄒᆞᆯ) To present oneself before a superior

*동학 *s.* 東學 (동녁) (배홀) The Eastern Sectaries,—an ancient religion still found in Korea characterized by the worship of *Hananim*. The schools of the eastern ward of the capital.

*동학군 *s.* 東學軍 (동녁) (배홀) 군ᄉᆞ) The Eastern Sectaries; Tonghaks. *See* 동학; 당도

*동학지의 *s.* 同學之誼 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (배홀) (갈) (정의) The friendship of schoolfellows.

*동학ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 同學 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (배홀) To study together; to be fellow students. *See* 동문슈학ᄒᆞ다.

*동한 *l* 冬寒 (겨울) (찰) The cold of winter. *See* 겨울.

*동항 *s.* 銅坑 (구리) (구덩이) A copper mine.

동항아리 *s.* 蠢缸 (동—*분) (ᄒᆞᆫ아리 *항) An official who has turned out a failure, a good-for-nothing person.

*동향 s. 同鄕 (호가지) (시골) The official district—of a birth place. See 동도.

*동향지인 s. 同鄕之人 (호가지 (시골) 갈 (사롬) A man from the same district, a fellow countryman. See 동향친구.

*동향친구 s. 同鄕親舊 (호가지) (시골) (친호) (네) Fellow countrymen.

*동향ᄒᆞ다 s. 東向 (동녁) (할호) To face towards the east.

*동헌 s. 東軒 (동녁) (마루) A yamen; a prefect's official quarters.

*동혈 s. 同穴 (호가지) (구멍) Being buried in the same grave.

*동혈 l. 洞穴 (골) (구멍) A cave, cavern, or grotto.

*동협문 s. 東夾門 (동녁) (곱을) (문) The small east side gate of a yamen.

*동형 s. 同形 (호가지) (얼상) Similar plane figures.

*동회ᄒᆞ다 l. 動蛔 (움즉일) (회) To have pains in the stomach—from intestinal worms. To covet; to desire.

*동ᄒᆞ다 l. 動 (움즉일) To shake; to move about. See 요동ᄒᆞ다.

*동히 s. 童孩 (아히) (어릴) An infant; a child; a baby.

*동히 s. 東海 (동녁) (바다) The Eastern Sea—the Sea of Japan.

*동힝 s. 同行 (호가지) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) A fellow traveler. See 일힝.

*동힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 同行 (호가지) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To travel together. See 작반ᄒᆞ다.

*동화 s. 同化 (호가지) (될) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*동환 l. 洞還 (골) (도라올) A distribution of grain made to a village.

*동활차 l. 動滑車 (움즉일) (밋그러울) (수레) A movable pulley.

*동홰 s. 同炬 (호가지) (횃—*거) Large torches planted along the way of a royal procession. See 화도불.

*됴 s. 條 (가지) A division; a clause; an item. as in an account.

*됴각 l. 彫刻 (아로삭일) (삭일) Sculpture; engraving; carving; embossing.

*됴각소 l. 彫刻師 (아로삭일) (삭일) (스승) An engraver; a sculptor.

*됴각ᄒᆞ다 l. 彫刻 (삭일) (삭일) To engrave, carve, etc.

*됴건 s. 條件 (가지) (별) A clause; an item. A cause; a reason.

*됴구 s. 釣鉤 (낙시) (갈구리) A fishing hook.

됴긔 s. and l. 彼處 (뎌—*긔) (곳—*쳐) Yonder; that place. Opp. 요긔.

*됴긔 l. 弔旗 (됴상) (긔) A mourning flag; a flag at half-mast.

됴긔지도 s. 調過之度 (됴로) (지날 (갈) (법도 Means of gaining a living, a livelihood.

*됴뎐 l. 弔電 (됴상) (번기) A telegram announcing a death.

*됴뎐ᄒᆞ다 l. 弔電 (됴상) (번기) To telegraph news of a death.

*됴ᄃᆞᆼ s. 調度 (됴로 ᄆᆞᆯ 어ᄆᆞᆯ Application, utilization, use, profit, interest.

*됴두 s. 調斗 (됴노ᄒᆞᆯ) (말) A bowl used in military camps for cooking purposes by day, and for beating the watch by night. (치다).

*됴동령 s. 鳥獐嶺 새) (오ᄅᆞᆯ) (고기) A mountain pass in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 41.18 Long. 129.14.

*됴락 s. 調落 (됴로) (떠러질) Anything omitted or missed in examination.

*됴란 s. 鳥卵 (새) (알) A bird's egg.

*됴령 s. 鳥嶺 (새) (고기) A mountain pass in Kyong-sang-do.

*됴령산셩 s. 鳥嶺山城 (새) (고기) (뫼) (잣) A fort in Kyong-sang-do.

*됴리 s. 調理 (됴로) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Arrangement. Care for the body.

*됴리 s. 條理 (가지) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Discriminated rules—used of the blending of musical instruments in harmony, hence sequence, logic, reason. (봄다). See 경계. Relation of one thing to another; connection.

됴리 s. and l. 彼處 (뎌—*긔) (곳—*쳐) By younder; to that place.

*됴리ᄒᆞ다 s. 調理 (됴로) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To manage; to arrange; to direct. See 산셩ᄒᆞ다.

*됴리환궁ᄒᆞ다 s. 調理還宮 (됴로) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (도ᄅᆞᆯ) (집) To recover and resume office.

*됴마 s. 調馬 (됴로) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Training horses, breaking in—animals.

*됴마거동 s. 調馬擧動 (됴로) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (들) (움즉일) A rehearsal of a royal procession.

*됴망 s. 鳥網 (새) (그ᄆᆞᆯ) A net for catching birds.

됴명나다 s. 나; 난 To gain a reputation—for evil. See 래호ᄒᆞ다.

*됴명ᄒᆞ다 l. 釣名 (낙시) (일홈) To angle for praise; to work for a reputation. See 요명ᄒᆞ다.

*묘목 s. 條目 (묘목) (눈) Clauses; sections, divisions. *See* 묘건.

*묘문 l. 吊文 (묘상) (글) A prose composition expressive of sorrow and lamentation; a funeral or mourning address.

*묘문호다 l. 吊問 (묘상) (무를) To condole with a mourner according to the proper forms. *See* 위문호다.

*묘발호다 s. 調發 (고로) (필) To distribute troops between various stations.

*묘사위원 s. 調查委員 (고로) (사실홀) (본일) (관원) An examining committee.

*묘상호다 l. 吊喪 (묘상) (상소) To salute a mourner according to the proper forms; to comfort those in mourning. *See* 묘문호다.

*묘섭호다 s. 調攝 (묘로) (잡을) To take care; to care for health. *See* 치묘호다.

*묘수 s. 鳥獸 (새) (즘성) Birds and beasts.

*묘압 s. 刁鴨 (됴두) (오리) Scaup, *Puligula marila*

*묘음긔 l. 調音器 (고로) (소리) (그릇) A tuning fork.

*묘인 s. 調印 (고로) (인칠) Attaching a signature or seal; signing.

*묘인호다 s. 調印 (고로) (인칠) To affix a seal; to sign.

*묘잔호다 s. 凋殘 (뻐러질) (쇠잔홀) To be poor; to be without influence.

*묘장 l. 吊狀 (묘상) (글월) To condole with—by letter. *See* 위장.

*묘진 s. 鳥津 (새) (나루) A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.68 Long. 128.22.

*묘취 s. 鳥取 (새) (취홀) Tottori in Japan.

묘치안다 l. 不好 (아닐 *좋 (됴홀—*호) 안타·ᄒᆞᆫ To be other than good; to be bad. *See* 언잔타.

*묘총 s. 鳥銃 (새) (총) A fowling-piece.

묘타 l. 好 (됴홀—*호) 타; 혼 To be good; to be fine. *Also* 조타.

*묘탁호다 s. 彫琢 (아로삭일) (됴을) To cut jade. (bi) To carve; to engrave; to execute a carving or engraving.

*묘포 l. 鳥漬 (새) (개) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*묘회 l. 照會 (빗초일) (모들) Enquiring about.

*묘회호다 l. 照會 (빗초일) (모들) To enquire about.

*묘화 s. 調和 (고로) (화홀) Pacification.

*묘화급수 s. 調和級數 (고로 ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆫᄃᆞᆯ) (드름) (두어) Harmonical progression.

*묘화중항 s. 調和中項 (고로) (화홀 가온ᄃᆡ) (목) Harmonic mean.

묘화호다 l. 好 (됴홀—*호) To like; to be fond of.

무 l. Two—adj. form. An expression used in driving pigs.

무 l. The sound of a trumpet, steam whistle etc.

*무 s. 斗 (말) A dry measure.

*무개 s. 痘蓋 (역질) (덥흘) Scabs of small-pox pustules. *See* 탁개.

*무개 s. 頭蓋 (머리) (덥흘) A cover; a lid. (Prov.) *See* 두생. The head.

*무건 s. 頭巾 (머리) (슈건) A mourner's hempen cap.

*무겁 s. 頭匣 (머리) (갑—*갑) A pen-cover.

무겁조상 s. 頭甲祖上 (머리) (갑옷—*갑) (할아비 *조) (웃 *샹) The first illustrious ancestor; the great forefather. *See* 명조

무생 s. 蓋 (덥흘 *개) A cover, a lid. *See* 무개.

*무견 s. 杜鵑 (진달네) (두견) The goat-sucker

*무견새 s. 杜鵑 (진달네) (두견) The goat-sucker

*무견쥬 s. 杜鵑酒 (진달네) (두견) (술) Azalea wine.

*무견화 s. 杜鵑花 (진달네) (두견) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The azalea. *Rhododendron indicum.* *See* 진달네

*무고 s. 實固 (구멍) (굿을) 1st century A. D. A famous Chinese warrior.

무골 s. 頭骨 (머리) (뼈 The head as regards its shape. *See* 두골.

무구 s. 豆蔻 (콩) (풀) Nutmeg.

무구리 s. A round metal dish made of brass, silver or gold.

무근거리다 s. 거러; 린 To palpitate; to tremble.

무근무근호다 s. To palpitate, to tremble, to be agitated. *See* 동동울넝울넝다

무길마보기 l. (To do) two things at the same time. *See* 두길보기.

무길보기 l. 左右望 (왼—*좌) (올흘—*우) (볼글—*망) Two things at the same time.

*무광국 s. 實光國 (구멍) (빗) (나라) 2nd century B. C. A brother of the Empress and a famous Statesman.

두남두다 *s.* 寬恕 너그러울—*퓬) (용서—*셔) 어; 둔 To forgive: to let off. *See* 용서하다.

두뇌 *s.* 頭腦 (머리) (뇌두 —*노) The brain.

두다 *s.* 置 (둘 -*치) 어; 둔 To put; to place; to leave; to let (alone, go, etc.)

두다거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To thump; to hammer; to beat.

두닥두닥 *s.* Beating; thumping. *See* 또닥또닥.

두더쥐 *s.* 鼢 (*언) A mole

두덕 *s.* 阜 (언덕—*부) An eminence; a height; an elevation. *See* 언덕. The lower abdomen.

두덜거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To answer back; to reply angrily. To be rough—*of* the voice. *See* 촐알거리다.

두덜두덜 *s.* Rough—of the voice. Answering back.

*두멍 *s.* 頭項 (머리) (니마) The summit; the top—of a mountain; the head—of persons.

두둔하다 *s.* 助護 (도울 -*조) (두호—*호) To aid, to take the part of. *See* 역성하다.

두동그르다 *l.* 揣抵 (쓰을—*쓰) (두—*이) 글너; 그른 To be in straits; to be contradictory: to be inconsistent. *See* 이동지동.

두동지다 *l.* 동져; 진 To be undecided, to be inconsistent. *See* 이동지다.

두두 *l.* An expression used in driving pigs

두두 *l* The sound of a horn.

두둑 *s.* 疇 (이랑—*쥬) A ridge; a small bank. A measure of land. *See* 이랑. *Opp.* 고랑.

두둑두둑하다 *s.* To be numerous; to be in quantities. *See* 수둑수둑하다.

두두룩두두룩하다 *s.* To be hilly; to be lumpy—of many.

두두룩하다 *s.* To be hilly.

두둑히 *s.* 厚 (주러울—*후) Much; heaped up. *See* 수둑히.

두둑하다 *s.* To be abundant; to be much. To be satisfied. *See* 수둑하다.

두둠발이 *s.* A clumsy footed fellow; a lame person.

두드러지다 *s.* 突出 (쎄틀 -*둘) (날—*출) 러져; 진 To stand out; to rise above; to excel.

두드럭이 *s.* 黯瘡 (*은) (*진) Blotches or [illegible] of the [illegible] 돋다 *See* 은진

두드리다 *s* 敲 (두드릴—*교) 드려; 린 To beat, to rap; to thump

두들기다 *s.* 들져; 긴 To clatter, to beat; to hammer.

두세 *s.* An expression imitative of horn blowing—with which a country official is accompanied on his rounds.

*두량법 *s.* 斗量法 (말) (헤아릴) (법) Dry measure

*두량패 *s.* 斗量牌 (말) (헤아릴) (패) Market grain measurers.

*두량하다 *s.* 斗量 (말) (헤아릴) To measure out by the peck.

두러떠리다 *s.* 떠려; 린 To tear holes in; to perforate *See* 미어떠리다.

두리두리게보다 *s.* 아; 본 To look at carefully; to pierce with the eye.

두러지다 *s.* 穿 (두를—*천) 러져; 진 To be bored through. *See* 뚤니다.

두럭 *s.* Paddy-field ridges.

두런두런하다 *s.* To sound indistinctly; to murmur.

두레 *s.* 桶 (*통) (*로) A well bucket; a water calabash. *See* 두레박

두레 *s.* A numerative of cakes, round objects etc.

두레먹다 *s.* 周食 (두루—*쥬) (밥—*식) 어; 은 To have a feast—as at wedding ceremonies. (Prov.)

두렁 *s* 畔 (*언) Paddy-field ridges.

두렁이 *s.* A kind of wide apron worn by children.

두렁두리 *s.* A paddy-field eel.

두려워하다 *s.* 畏 (두려울—*외) To be afraid; to fear. *See* 무서워하다.

두렵다 *s.* 畏 (두려울—*외) 려워; 운 To fear; to dread. To be fearful; to be awe-inspiring. *See* 무섭다.

두렷두렷하다 *s.* To be distinct; to be large and clear.

*두로 *s.* 頭顱 (머리) (머리뼈) The skull.

두루 *s.* 周 (*쥬) Around; round about; on all sides. *See* 소면.

두루막이 *s.* 周衣 (두루—*쥬) (옷—*의) A large close overcoat.

*두루말이 *s.* 周紙 (두루—*쥬) (조희—*지) A roll of letter paper *See* 쥬지.

두루다 *s.* 圍 (에울—*위) 둘너; 두른 To surround; to circle about. *See* 에워싸다.

두루다 *s.* 揮 (두를—*휘) 둘너; 두른 To turn round; to whirl about. (v.t.)

두루뭉술이 s. A meaningless object.

두루미 s. 野鶴 (들—*학) (학—*학) The crane—an emblem of longevity. *Grus viridirostris.* *See* 학.

두루치 s. A round close overcoat. (Prov.). *See* 두루막이.

두루치 s. The name of a fish.

두루치다 s. 투치; 친 To stir—a boiling dish.

두릅 s. 楤頭菜 (흔들—*요) (머리 *두) (나물 —*채) A variety of edible plant.

두릅다리 s. A large felt hat that covers the ears.

*두류하다 s. 逗遛 (두류할) (두류할) To remain; to settle in; to stop. *See* 지체하다

*두류산 s. 頭流山 (머리) (흐를) (외) A mountain in Han-kyŏng-do. Lat. 39.00 Long. 127.00.

두르르 s. Whirling; rolling; rattling.

두름 s. The numerative of strings of fish.

두리뭉수리 s. A round object with nothing to vary its surface; a meaningless object.

두리반 s. A large round dining-table—that will seat three or four persons.

두리번두리번하다 s. 四顧 (넉 *소) (도라볼 *고) To look on all sides.

*두리산 s. 豆屯山 (팥) (리) (외) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.30 Long. 129.14.

두르다 s. 穿 (뚜를—*천) 두리; 른 To bore; to pierce. *See* 뚤다.

*두만 s. 자籍 (글) (호) Characters of the calendar—that presage cheap rice.

*두만강 s. 豆滿江 (팥) (찰) (물 The Tumen river—to the north, separating Korea from Siberia.

두메 s. A mountain village or district.

두멍 s. A vat, a tank; a lake; a pond. (Prov.)

*두목 s. 頭目 (머리) (눈) A chief or elder. *See* 슈두.

*두목지 s. 杜牧之 (막을) (칠) (갈) A. D. 803-852. A celebrated poet, distinguished from 두보 by the title 少杜 or young 두.

*두무 s. 竇武 (구멍) (호반) D. A. D. 168. A famous Chinese statesman noted for integrity.

*두문불출하다 s. 杜門不出 (막을) (문) (아닐) (날) To close the gates and remain inside.

*두문동 s. 杜門洞 (막을) (문) (골) A secret village whither the nobility of ancient *Songdo* fled for refuge.

*두미 s. 頭尾 (머리) (꼬리) Head and tail; beginning and end. *See* 시종.

*두민 s. 頭民 (머리) (빅셩) The chiefs or elders of the people. *See* 동장.

*두발 s. 頭髮 (머리) (터럭) The hair of the head.

두발부이하다 s. To seize the topknot—in fighting.

두발귱 s. 申座 (가온뒤—*귱) (발—*아) Midnight.

두벅두벅 s. Clattering; rattling. *See* 뚜벅뚜벅.

두번째 s. 第二次 (차례 *데) (두—*이) (번갈 *차) A second time; the second.

*두보 s. 杜甫 (막을) (겨우) A. D. 713-770. A famous writer of odes in the Kingdom of Tang.

*두부 s. 豆腐 (팥) (석을) Bean curd.

*두부 s. 頭部 (머리) (때), The head.

*두상 s. 頭上 (머리) (웃) The head—as regards shape. Old fellow. (Prov.)

두서너 s. 二三 (두—*이) (서 *삼) Two or three.

*두서 s. 頭緖 (머리) (실마리) A clue; way; means. *See* 차서.

*두셩 s. 斗星 (말) (별) The 8th of the 28 constellations μ, λ, ζ, ζ, τ, ρ. Sagittarius 301°15′11″ l.

*두송 s. 杜松 (막을) (소나무) Juniper tree.

*두송주 s. 杜松子 (막을) (소나무) (아들) Juniper berries.

*두수 s. 痘數 (역질) (두어) The number of pustules—in smallpox.

*두수 s. 斗數 (말) (두어) The number of "pecks," the yield of grain.

*두시 s. 杜詩 (막을) (글) Odes and lyrics of *Tujami* a poet of the *Tang* dynasty.

*두어 s. 蠹魚 (좀) (고기) The book-worm.

두어 s. 數 (*수) Two or three; a few.

두어 s. A creature said to destroy tigers, hence an expression used to frighten them away.

두어두어 s. An expression used to frighten away a tiger.

두엄 s. 蔬土 (똥—*분) (흙—*토) A heap of manure and rubbish to be used for fertilizing purposes. *See* 거름.

두엇 s. 數 (두어—*수) Two or three; a few.

*두여 s. 杜預 (막을) (미리) A. D. 222-284.

A famous Chinese scholar and man of integrity of Han.

*두역 s. 痘疫 (역질) (병) Smallpox. *See* 역질.

*두영 s. 竇嬰 (구영) (어릴) D. B. C. 131. A famous prince and scholar of ancient China.

*두우 s. 杜祐 (막울) (복) 9th century A. D. A famous scholar and man of integrity of China.

*두우 s. 杜宇 (막울) (집) A legendary ruler of Ch'ok of ancient China. The cookoo. *See* 두견.

*두원 s. 豆原 (팟) (언덕) A village in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.36 Long. 127.15.

*두전 s. 頭錢 (머리) (돈) Commission; fees. *See* 주전.

두절개 *l.* A dog between two Buddhist monasteries and so fed by neither—a person who works here and there and gets nothing for it.

*두절호다 s. 杜絕 (막울) (끈흘) To prevent; to stop.

*두종 s. 痘瘡 (역질) (헌데) Smallpox pustules.

*두죽 s. 豆粥 (팟) (죽) Gruel made of beans.

두지 s. A rice cupboard or box. (따다).

두지호다 s. 對質 (닥흘—*딕) (질멷흘—*질) To see a third party face to face—in order to have charges verified; to confront, or set face to face. *See* 더질호다.

*두진 s. 痘疹 (역질) (두두럭이) A sort of carbuncle.

*두창 s. 痘瘡 (역질) (헌데) Smallpox pustules.

*두창 s. 頭瘡 (머리) (헌데) An eruption on the scalp.

*두쵸 *l.* 斗筲 (말) (태그릇) Small talents; inferior gifts.

*두슈 *l.* 杜仲 (막울) (어릴) *Eucommia ulmoides*—a medicine. The misfortune [illegible] of a relative. (살).

*두라산 s. 頭陀山 (머리) (언덕) (외) A mountain [illegible] Lat. 36.54 Long 127-39; in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 39.05 Long 129 00.

두탁호다 s. 投托 (더질—*두) (부탁—*탁) To stay at; to lodge with; to live on.

*두태 s. 豆太 (팟) (콩) Beans. The kidneys. *See* 콩팟.

두럴두럴호다 s. To be uneven; to be rough.

*두통 s. 頭痛 (머리) (알흘) Headache.

두장이 *l.* A procuress. *See* 로파장이.

*두풍 s. 頭風 (머리) (바람) Headache; neuralgia in the head. *See* 편두풍.

*두피족 s. 頭皮足 (머리) (가죽) (발) The head, skin, and feet of a slaughtered animal. (The part given to the butcher).

두헌 s. 竇憲 구멍 (법) D. A. D. 92. A prince and famous warrior of ancient China.

두호호다 s. 扶護 (붓들 두호) *l.* [illegible] to lend a helping hand. *See* 보호호다.

*두후 s. 竇后 구멍 (황후) Two Empress Tow of ancient China. Han.

*두흔 s. 痘痕 (역질) (흔젹) The marks left by smallpox.

*둑 s. 纛 (둑) A kind of hair-covered, umbrella-shaped banner carried before the king or high officials.

둑 s. A hill; a mound; a heap. (논) (밧) (개암이).

둑 s. Heavily; with a thud; with a crack.

둑갑이 s. 蟾 (*셤) A toad.

둑깁이장 s. A hollow partition into which a door or window slides.

둑다리 s. Waste hemp—left on the fields.

둑둑호다 s. To be hard to the teeth. To be bull-headed; to be obstinate. *See* 둑둑호다.

둑박이 A small sa[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] law.

둑발이 s. 蹇脚 (졀—*건) (두라—*각) A lame leg. *See* 졀네발이.

둑셤이 s. Paddy-field ridges.

둔각 *l.* 鈍角 (무딜) (살) Obtuse angle.

둔각삼각형 鈍角三角形 무딜 [illegible] 삭) (살) (형상) Obtuse angled triangle.

*둔감 s. 屯監 (둔쳘) (볼) An overseer of government fields.

*둔갑 *l.* 遁甲 (도망) (갑옷) The art of making one's self invisible.

둔갑장신호다 遁甲藏身 [illegible] 감옷) (곰홀) (몸) To become invisible—a magic trick. *See* 호즁환부호다.

*둔갑호다 *l.* 遁甲 (도망) (갑옷) To become invisible—a magic trick. *See* 둔갑장신호다.

*둔답 s. 屯畓 (둔쳘) (논) Government paddy-fields.

둔덕 s. 岸 (언덕 *안) A bank; a ridge; an embankment. (Prov.) *See* 뫼탈.

*둔뎐 s. 屯田 (둔쳘) (밧) Government fields.

*둔마다후 f. 鈍馬多鬃 (둔훔) (몸) (만흠) (갈기) A clumsy horse has always an abundant mane—neatness and intelligence go together.

*둔발ᄒᆞ다 f. 鈍拔 (둔훔) (김밬) To be obtuse; to be dull; to be stupid.

*둔보 f. 鈍步 (둔훔) (거름) A poor walker. *See* 둔보.

*둔신ᄒᆞ다 f. 遁身 (도망) (몸) To become inviable—a magic trick

*둔사 f. 遁辭 (도망) (말숨) Evasive language, an excuse, pretext, subterfuge.

*둔작 f. 鈍作 (둔훔) (지을) One who is slow at composition. *See* 둔작.

둔잘ᄒᆞ다 s. To extort; to appropriate.

*둔젹ᄒᆞ다 f. 遁跡 (도망) (자최) To conceal one's tracks; to hide.

*둔쥬 s. 臀疽 (볼기) (헌덕) An abscess on the hips.

*둔지 f. 鈍才 둔훔) 지죠) Stupidity, clumsiness, obtuseness. *See* 히지.

*둔ᄎᆞ f. 鈍嗤 (둔훔) (귀웃을) Slow to understand.

*둔취ᄒᆞ다 s. 屯聚 (둔칠) (모들) To assemble; to crowd.

둔테 s. Wraps of raft timbers or poles of a bridge.

*둔필 f. 鈍筆 (둔훔) (붓) Clumsy writing. *Opp.* 속필.

*둔ᄒᆞ다 f. 鈍 (둔훔) To be blunt; to be dull; to be obtuse. *See* 무디ᄒᆞ다.

둘 f. 二 (두—*어) Two. *See* 쌍.

둘너차다 s. 圍 (두를—*위) 니차; 반 To surround; to circle about. *See* 두루다.

둘너 s. From side to side.

둘너둘너 s. 回顧 (도라올— 히, (도라볼—*고) From side to side. *See* 두리번 두리번.

둘녀인 s. A barren woman.

둘니다 s. 圍 (에울—*위) 둘녀; 닌 To be surrounded.

둘니다 s. 掫 (두를 *휘) 둘녀; 닌 To be whirled round. To be bamboozled.

뚤니다 s. 穿 (쑤를 *천) 뚤녀; 닌 To be pierced; to be bored through.

둘둘 f. Rolling; warping (몰다). *See* 둘둘.

뚤뚤 f Rolling; warping (몰다). *See* 뚤뚤.

둘암소 s. A sterile cow.

둘암컷 s. A sterile female.

둘암돗 s. A sterile pig.

둘재 s. 第二 (초제 -*제) (두—*히) Second; next. *Also* 둘지.

둘지다 f. 鈍才 (둔훔—*둔) (김밬 *밬) 둘져; 진 To be stupid; to be thick-headed; to be good-for-nothing.

둘처 s. A sterile female.

뚤다 s. 穿 (쑤를 —*천) 허; 흔 To pierce; to bore through. *Also* 쑤르다.

둘ᄒᆞ다 s. 鈍 (둔훔—*둔) To be useless; to be stupid; to be thick.

둠벙 s. 沼 (못—*쇼) A lake; a pond.

둣게 s. 厚 (두터울—*후) Thickness. *See* 둣테.

둣겁다 s. 厚 (둣터울—*후) 거워; 운 To be thick. *See* 둣둡ᄒᆞ다.

둣협다 s. 厚 (둣터울 -*후) 허워, 운 To be thick. To be liberal; to be generous. *See* 돈후ᄒᆞ다.

둣둡둣둡ᄒᆞ다 s To be thick, to be heaped up. *Opp.* 얇밬얇밬ᄒᆞ다.

둣둡ᄒᆞ다 s. 厚 (둣터울 *후) To be thick. *See* 둣협다.

뒤 f. 後 (*후) After; behind. *See* 후. The back. *Opp.* 압 A stool. (보다).

뒤간 s. (칮) 間 (*측) A privy; a water-closet.

뒤쌉울다 s. 너; 은 To move up and down; to shake up and down.

뒤거꿀치다 f. (칮) 逆步 (꺼니갈—*퇴) (거를—*보) 올져; 천 To walk backwards; to retrograde.

뒤것 f. (칮) 臀後 (접—*육) (뒤—*후) The back; the rear.

뒤쎡지 f. 後腦 (뒤—*후) (노후—*노) The back of the head; the occiput. *See* 덜미

뒤쎡지치다 f. 지쳐; 천 To take by the back of the neck.

뒤공론ᄒᆞ다 f. (칮) To talk behind one's back.

뒤쑤르다 f. 굴너; 구른 To kick—as a gun. To pay back—an old score.

뒤굴다 s. 轉 (굴—*젼) 너; 군 To roll over.

뒤뭉치 s. The heel; the elbow.

뒤나무 f. (칮) 後木 (뒤—*후) (나무 -*목) Toilet sticks

뒤네다 f 네여; 낸 To be afraid; to fear the consequences.

뒤넘가질치다 s. 질쳐; 천 To roll over; to tumble down. (vt.)

뒤넘다 s. 여; 은 To roll over.

뒤넘스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be careful.

뒤놀다 *s.* 跳躍 (뛸 *용) (뛸—*약) 놀아; 논 To jump about; to frolic

뒤놓다 *s.* 하; 혼 To lush; to roar.

뒤다 *s.* 搜 (더듬을—*수) 여; 뒨 To seek; to hunt; to look for.

뛰다 *s.* 躍 (뛸—*약) 여; 뛴 To leap; to jump; to spring; to swing.

뒤챌다 *s.* 어; 션 To shake; to tremble.

뒤럽다 *s.* 허; 혼 To smooth over; to excuse.

뒤돈 *l.* (뒷) Extra funds; money paid over and above the price. (대다).

뒤두다 *l.* 어; 둔 To leave for the future; to set aside for the future.

뒤꼽그러지다 *s.* 러져, 진 To curl up; to warp; to twist.

뒤두리 *l.* (뒷) 後脚 (뒤—*후) (두리—*각) The hind legs.

뒤딛다 *l.* 여; 딛 To advance—money. To be back to back.

뒤룩거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To totter; to vacillate; to be unsteady. *See* 되록되록ᄒᆞ다

뒤룽거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To shake; to vacillate.

뒤룽뒤룽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dangle; to shake; to be unsteady.

뒤말 *l.* (뒷) 後言 (뒤—*후) (말씀 —*언) Gossip; talk behind one's back.

뒤물 *l.* (뒷) 後水 (뒤—*후) (물— 슈 A sitz bath.

뒤물ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (뒷) 後水 (뒤—*후) (물 슈) To take a sitz bath

뒤범으리다 *s.* 混雜 (섞길—*혼) (석길 —*잡) 으려; 린 To mix; to tangle; to put in confusion.

뒤보다 *l.* 아; 본 To work in the interests of.

뒤보다 *l.* 放尿 (노흘 *방) (똥—*사) 아; 본 To go to stool.

뒤불치기 *l.* (뒷) What is behindhand.

뒤서다 *l.* 서; 선 To stand behind. *Opp.* 앞서다.

뒤석다 *s.* 混雜 (석길 *잡 석길 —*잡) 겨; 곤 To mix up; to tangle; to confuse.

뒤소리ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (뒷) To call as the followers of an official. To speak behind one's back.

뒤손질ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (뒷) To assist to escape; to give the wink to—while pretending the opposite.

뒤슬슬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 紛擾 (어지러울—*분) (흔들 —*요) To be tangled; to be confused; to be in disorder.

뒤스럭스럭다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be bright, to be lively.

뒤심 *l.* (뒷) 後勁 (뒤—*후) (긔운—*긔) Resources; something on which to depend.

뒤심란ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 心亂 (ᄆᆞ음—*심) (어지러울 —*란) To be confused—to be disturbed—in heart. *See* 심란ᄒᆞ다.

뒤역산이 *s* Uproar; noise; confusion.

뒤여가다 *s.* 走去 (다라날—*주) (갈 —*거) 여가; 간 To go jumping along.

뒤여드다 *s.* 跳入 (뛸—*도) (들— 입) 러; 든 To enter with a spring.

뒤여나다 *s.* 超出 (넘—*초) (날— *출) 러나; 난 To escape from; to jump out of. To excel, to be superior to; to be longer or greater.

뒤여보다 *s.* 아; 본 To seek; to hunt; to look for.

뒤여보다 *s.* 아; 본 To jump; to leap; to try; to attempt.

뒤여지다 *s.* 死 (죽을—*사) 여지; 진 To die. (Abusive).

뒤엽 *s.* 躍 (뛸—*약) A jump; a leap.

뒤엽뒤엽 *s.* At intervals; skipping spaces. *See* 드문드문.

뒤엽두리 *s.* Stepping-stones—across a stream. *See* 징검두리.

뒤엽질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 躍 (뛸—*약) To jump; to leap.

뒤웅밀 *s.* Smutty wheat.

뒤웅박 *s.* 匏瓢 (ᄒᆞᆼ글—*포) (박—*표) A round gourd cut at the end to serve as a dish.

뒤웅벌 *s.* 土蜂 (흙—*토) (벌—*봉) A bumble-bee.

뒤웅이 *s* 瓢 (*표) A round gourd with a hole in the end and used as a dish

뒤저거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To turn over; to inspect.

뒤적뒤적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 翻弄 (뒤칠 —*번) (희롱 —*롱) To turn over and over; to finger.

뒤적이다 *s.* 적여; 인 To turn backwards and forwards; to inspect.

뒤전놀다 *l.* (뒷) 아; 논 To act the sorceress; to practise divination.

뒤주 *s.* A rice box.

뒤죽박죽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 混雜 (석길—*잡) 여지러울—*란) To be helter skelter; to be mixed up; to be in confusion.

뒤지 *l.* 後紙 (뒤—*후)(조희 -*지) Toilet-paper.

뒤지다 *l.* 落後 (떠러질 *락) (뒤 *후) 뒤져; 진 To be behind, to be left behind.

뒤지다 *s.* 搜索 (더듬을—*수)(더듬을—*삭) 뒤져, 진 To finger over; to look here and there; to search.

뒤지르다 *s.* 짙다; 지른 To soil; to dirty.

뒤지다 *s.* 對質 (대할—*대)(질정—*질) To inquire—face to face. *See* 대질하다.

뒤질너가다 *l.* 너가; 간 To follow up.

뒤질하다 *s.* (칏) To pitch—as a boat.

뒤짐지다 *l.* 負手 (질—*부)(손—*수) 짐져; 진 To fold the hands behind the back.

뒤짐지이다 *l.* 結縛 (매질 -*결)(얽을 *박) 지여; 인 To pinion the hands behind the back. *See* 재처먹다.

뒤집고할다 *s.* 라; 른 To know exactly. (Coll.)

뒤집다 *s.* 어; 은 To turn over; to upset; to turn inside out. (v.t.)

뒤집히다 *s.* 翻覆 (뒤칠 *번)(엎흘 -*복) 칠혀; 힌 To upset; to turn over (v.i.)

뒤채 *l.* The rear handles of a chair; the rear rooms—of a house. *Opp.* 압채.

뒤척뒤척하다 *s.* To turn from side to side; to toss about—sleeplessly. *See* 뒤석뒤석하다.

뒤축 *l.* 跟 (발굼치 *근) The heel—of shoes or socks.

뒤치다 *s.* 翻 (뒤칠—*번) 뒤쳐; 진 To turn over. *See* 번뒤치다.

뒤턴 *l.* (칏) Sharing in the profits—as do hangers on. (대다)(먹다).

뒤통슈 *l.* 腦後 (골두—*노)(뒤—*후) The occiput. (치다). *See* 뒤쌕두.

뒤트가 *l.* 褡衫 (상의—*삼) (옷— 의) A divided coat—worn by graduates. *See* 창의.

뒤트다 *s.* 러; 른 To twist. To stretch (oneself). To open up the back.

뒤틀니다 *s.* 搐搦 (틀닐—*슉)(틀닐 -*약) 틀녀; 닌 To be twisted. To be stretched.

뒤틀다 *s.* 어, 른 To twist. To stretch (oneself). To open up the back.

뒤푸리 *l.* 開論 (열 —*리) (닐을—*유) Explanations; interpretations—as at the dismissal of the spirits at the close of a seance of divination.

뒤합박셔다 *s.* 박써; 선 To be in confusion; to be in disorder.

뒤흔들다 *s.* 搖 (흔들—*요) 어; 든 To swing from side to side, to shake.

뒝 *s.* A jump.

뒝뛰다 *s.* To jump.

뒝박질 *s.* A jump.

뒝박질하다 *s.* To jump.

뒷다다 *s.* 反卷 (도라올—*반)(거둘 *권) 뒷혀; 든 To be turned; to be warped. To be crooked; to be unfair.

뚱 *s.* The ailanthus.

뚱굴니다 *s.* 굴너; 닌 To turn; to roll. To cut round.

뚱굴다 *s.* 圓 (둥굴 *원) 어; 군 To be round; to be circular. *See* 둥글다.

뚱굴뚱굴하다 *s.* 圓 (둥굴—*원) To be roundish; to be spherical. To roll backwards and forwards.

뚱그러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To fall over; to fall down.

뚱그레하다 *s.* 圓 (둥굴 *원) 그레; 런 To be round.

뚱 스름하다 *s.* 半圓 (반 -*반) (둥굴 *원) To be roundish. *See* 둥스름하다.

뚱글뚱글하다 *s.* To be round—of several objects.

뚱스뚱스 *s.* 圓 (둥굴 *원) Round; circular—of several. *See* 둥스름하다.

뚱스뚱조하다 *s.* 圓 (둥굴—*원) To be round; to be circular; to be spherical—of several. *See* 뚱글뚱글하다.

뚱지치다 *s.* 挨 (뚱지칠 *결) 과쳐; 친 To scatter; to shoot—as from the point of the finger.

뚱치다 *s.* 어; 인 To labor over. To be badly done; to be a botch.

뚱나비 *s.* The ailanthus silkworm.

뚱딴지 *s.* The glass cup on the top of a telegraph pole. An ugly object.

뚱덩실 *s.* The sound of a guitar.

뚱뚱 *l.* Rocking; beating. *See* 둥둥.

뚱뚱 *l. s.* Beating—of a drum. *See* 뚱뚱.

뚱뚱이 *s.* Dancing—a child.

뚱쌍장이 *s.* An avaricious hard hearted person; a stingy character. *See* 심술쟁이.

뚱뚱하다 *s.* To be round; to be corpulent. *See* 부대하다.

뚱실뚱실 *s.* 浮 (뜰—*부) Floating; drifting. *See* 동실동실.

뚱싯뚱싯하다 *s.* To toss about sleeplessly. To be indistinct.

둥우리 *s.* A hen's nest. A fish pedler's basket.

둥치다 *s.* 둥쳐 ; 친 To bind ; to wrap up. To beat.

둥둥하다 *l.* To sound as a drum. To be taciturn.

뜨겁다 *s.* 熱(더울—*열) 거워 ; 운 To be hot ; to be scalding.

뜨근뜨근하다 *s.* 熅 (더울—*난) To be warm ; to be hot. *See* 따근따근하다.

드나들다 *s.* 드러 ; 든 To go in and come out. To be more or less.

드난하다 *s.* To hire out for food and wages—of women.

드높다 *s.* 嶢然 (높을 *외) (그럴—*연), 하 ; 흔 To be high ; to be lofty—of a house, mountain etc. *See* 높다.

드놓다 *s.* 노하 ; 흔 To lay down ; to lift and drop.

드다 *s.* 擧 (들—*거) 러 ; 든 To lift. *Also* 들다.

드다 *s.* 入 (들 *입) 러 , 든 To enter , to become. To cut. To cost. To take —sick. *See* 들다. To be dyed. (물) *Also* 들다.

뜨다 *s.* 浮 (셀—*부) 써 ; 든 To arise ; to float ; to sail. To wander—as thoughts. *Opp.* 가라앉다.

뜨다 *s.* 灸 (쑥—*구) 써 ; 든 To cauterize —by burning dried *artemisia*

뜨다 *s.* 써 ; 든 To make like. To dip up. To draw (본), to follow a pattern. To weave—nets, head-bands etc. To open (눈). To make (초희). To be soft (쇠). To tie up—as a horse at night. To cut up (각). To take up (끌패). To be distant 소이 To cut sod (쳑). To malt (술) (누룩) 에쥬). To poach (슈란). To rise (회 ; 돌) ; to gather (구룸). To find out the intention. (속). To cauterize. (뜸).

뜨다 *s.* 緩 (느질—*완) 써 ; 든 To be slow ; to stammer (압). To be lazy. *See* 늑다.

뜨더귀 *s.* What is pulled to pieces.

뜨더귀관 *s.* What is scattered, pulled to pieces. *See* 란장판

뜨딕다 *s.* 여 ; 된 To stand on ; to step out. *See* 붋다.

뜨딕여 *s.* 遂 (드딜 슴) Then , thereupon ; subsequently 여

뜨람 *s.* Drachma or dram.

뜨러가다 *s.* 入去 (들—*입) (갈 *거) 러 가 , 간 To go inside.

뜨러나다 *s.* 顯露 (나타날—*현) (드러날 —*로) 러나 ; 난 To be manifest ; to appear ; to be made known.

뜨러내다 *s.* 露出 (드러날—*로) (날 *출) 여 ; 낸 To make known ; to divulge.

뜨러내다 *s.* 여 ; 낸 To unite in dismissing—from office.

뜨러셔다 *s.* 러셔 , 선 To stand aside ; to stand inside ; to step up to. *See* 더셔다.

뜨러오다 *s.* 入來 (들—*입) (올—*리) 러 와 ; 온 To come inside.

뜨레박 *s.* 瓢瓠 (*표) (*로) A well bucket —cut from a gourd. (만 다) (질흔 다). *See* 두레박

뜨러지다 *s.* 靜重 (몸 *에) (무거울—*중) 러져 ; 지 To be steady ; to be stable. *See* 안차다.

뜨러다보다 *s.* 야 ; 본 To look in at ; to watch from the outside.

뜨러쓸다 *s.* 吸取 (마실—*흡) (거둘—*슈) 아 ; 쌘 To drink in ; to absorb ; to suck up.

뜨러오다 取入內 가질 *슈 (들 *입) (안—*닉 , 러와 ; 온 To bring inside ; to conduct inside.

뜨르람이 *s.* A variety of harvest fly. *Cicada.* (Prov.)

뜨르를 *s.* Whirling ; rolling.

뜨물 *s.* 級 (*급) A numerative of strings of twenty fish etc. *Also* 두룸

뜨리그옷다 *s.* 그어 ; 온 To go in—as smallpox etc ; to draw in the breath. To appropriate ; to take possession of.

뜨리다 *s.* 納 (드릴—*납) 드려 ; 린 To put in ; to store away. To give to ; to present to. (Hon.) *See* 밧치다. To secure. To close

뜨리다 *s.* 드려 ; 린 To twist—as thread or ropes. To stain—cloth goods. (물).

뜨리마시다 *s.* 마셔 ; 신 To draw in ; to inhale. *Opp.* 내여불다.

뜨리우다 *s.* 吸吹 (마실 —*흡) (불—*취) 러 ; 분 To blow into ; to inflate.

뜨리우다 *s.* 垂 (드리울 *슈) 리워 , 운 To let down ; to hang down. *See* 느려지다.

뜨리치다 *s.* 리쳐 ; 친 To turn sharply to the left in writing a stroke of a "character."

뜨립뜨 *s.* Greedy , very , greedily , swiftly. *See* 냠쌔

뜨물어짐작 *s.* 聽者揣知 듯들—*청 놈 *자) (부을—*짐) (잔 *작) Distinguishing what one hears ; understand-

ing the real intention of what is said in ones hearing.

드무다 *s.* 稀 (드물—*희) 러; 문 To be few; to be rare; to be scarce; to be far apart. *Also* 드물다. *See* 희요ᄒᆞ다.

드문드문 *s.* 間間 (소이—*간)(소이—*간) Separated; at intervals. *See* 간간이.

뜨물 *s.* Water in which rice is washed *See* 미감.

드물다 *s.* 稀 (드물—*희) 어; 문 To be few; to be rare; to be scarce; to be far apart. *See* 앙셜희다 *Also* 드무다.

드세다 *s.* 强 (굿셀—*강) 어; 샌 To be prosperous; to be well off.

드장이 *s.* A threatening attitude.

드저거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To lift up; to raise; to try the weight.

쓰저거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To break apart.

쓰젹쓰젹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To break into pieces; to pull apart

쓰짓ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be unwilling; to dislike.

드듸다 *s.* 어; 둰 To put off; to procrastinate. To move apart.

*득 *s.* 得 (엇을) Gain as opposed to loss. *Opp.* 실.

*득공ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得功 (엇을) (공) To obtain merit; to be meritorious. *See* 셩공ᄒᆞ다

*득남ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得男 (엇을) (사나희) To beget a son. *See* 셩남ᄒᆞ다.

*득달ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得達 (엇을) (통달) To complete a journey; to arrive. *See* 니르다.

*득담ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得談 (엇을) (말숨) To be reproached; to be slandered; to be spoken against *See* 지욕ᄒᆞ다.

*득메ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得題 (엇을) (쓸) To receive a note from a magistrate—be the winner of a lawsuit. *See* 득숑ᄒᆞ다.

*득도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得道 (엇을) (길) To fulfil or perfect a doctrine. *See* 셩도ᄒᆞ다.

득득 *l* Scratching; gnawing 긁다).

*득롱망촉 *s.* 得隴望蜀 (엇을) (언덕) (보랄) 과 (쵹) Having (tamed the land of *Nong* he wanted *Ch'ok*—said of *Yupi*.

*득리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得利 (엇을) (리홀) To profit; to gain.

*득리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得理 (엇을) (리치) To be master of a principle; to understand.

*득명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得名 (엇을) (일홈) To acquire a reputation.

*득묘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得妙 (엇을) (묘홀) To become skilful at. *See* 득리ᄒᆞ다.

*득문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得聞 (엇을) (드를) To hear, to be informed—as to news.

*득병ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得病 (엇을) (병들) To contract a disease. *See* 병들다.

득복이 *s.* A simpleton; a dolt, a block head.

*득부ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得配 (엇을) (짝) To marry, to obtain a wife. *Also* 득쳐ᄒᆞ다.

득셰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得勢 (엇을) (형세) To gain influence; to obtain authority. *See* 득셰ᄒᆞ다.

득숑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得訟 (엇을) (숑스) To win a lawsuit. *Opp.* 픽숑ᄒᆞ다

득수ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得數 (엇을) 두어 Quotient.

득슈득파 *s.* 得水得破 (엇을) (물) (엇을) (찌침) The water source and the opening for its escape—of an ancestral grave.

*득승ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得勝 (엇을) (이길) To gain a victory; to be carried as a motion.

득시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得時 (엇을) (때) To seize the opportunity; to strike at the right time. *See* 숑시ᄒᆞ다.

*득실 *s.* 得失 (엇을) (일흠) Gain and loss. *See* 리해.

*득업ᄉᆞ 得業生 엇을) (업) (ᄉᆞᆼ, Bachelor of arts or science, a graduate of a college or university. *See* 졸업셩.

*득음ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得音 (엇을) (소리) To be a master of sound; to be a finished musician.

*득의ᄒᆞ다 得意 (엇을) (뜻) To get one's wish.

득인심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得人心 엇을 사ᄅᆞᆷ) 모음) To be popular. *See* 숑득인심ᄒᆞ다.

*득젼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得錢 (엇을) (젼ᄆᆡ) To realize profit on the sale of goods; to make gain.

득정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得情 (엇을) (뜻) To get at the facts.

*득죄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得罪 (엇을) (허물) To commit a crime; to sin. *See* 작죄ᄒᆞ다.

*득춍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得寵 (엇을) (괴일) To find favor in the eyes of another.

*득칙 *s.* 得策 (엇을) (계) An advantageous plan; a profitable scheme; an excellent expedient.

*득톄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得體 (엇을) (몸) To become perfect in the methods of writing characters. *See* 셩톄ᄒᆞ다.

*득효ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 得效 (엇을) (효험) To receive benefit—as from medicine. *See* 신효ᄒᆞ다.

든거지 *s.* A pauper who nevertheless dresses well; one who appears rich while in reality a pauper. *Opp.* 난부조.

든것 *s.* An evil spirit; a demon—the possession of which causes sickness. *See* 잡귀. An article received gratis. *See* 공것

든겨 *s.* 糠 (겨—*강) Outer rice chaff.

든귀신 *s.* 浮鬼 (뜰 *부) (귀신 *귀) A wandering spirit. *See* 잡귀.

든든ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堅實 (굳을—*견)(실할 *실) To be solid; to be strong, to be substantial. *See* 튼튼ᄒᆞ다.

든든ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堅實 (굳을—*견)(실할 *실) To be strong; to be hard; to be solid. *See* 견고ᄒᆞ다

든부자 *s.* A rich man who nevertheless dresses poorly and appears to be a pauper to the outside world.

든손 *s.* Immediately; at once; quickly. *See* 얼는

든지르다 *v.* 罵 (먹을 *설) 주니, 시든 To eat. (Abusive).

들 *l.* 野 (*야) Flats; cultivated land; prairie; a wilderness.

들 *s.* 等 (무리—*등) A plural ending of nouns.

들 *l.* Less; what is lacking; what is wanting.

뜰 *s.* 庭 (*정) A yard; a courtyard. *See* 마당.

들것 *s.* 擧牀 (들—*거) (침개—*개) A litter formed by hanging a mat between two poles. A minister's chair.

들고뛰다 *s.* 뛰어; 진 To abscond; to run away.

들기름 *s.* 法油 (법—*법) (기름—*유) Wild sesamum oil.

들깨 *s.* 水荏 (물—*수) (에 -*임) Wild sesamum—a variety cultivated for its oil only. *See* 참임.

들나무 *s.* A support used in shoeing horses.

들나들나ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無常出入 (업슬—*무) (샛썩—*상) (날—*출) (들—*입) To go in and out. *See* 드나들다.

들너다 *s.* 들너; 닌 To turn aside; to step aside; to go in.

들네다 *s.* 喧聲 (즈거릴—*훤) (즈거릴—*화) 여; 낸 To make a noise; to create an uproar. *See* 훤화ᄒᆞ다.

들니다 *s.* 聞 (드를 *문) 들녀; 닌 To be heard; to hear. To leak out. To be possessed of, to have.

들니다 *s.* 被擄 (닙을—*피) (들—*거) 들녀; 닌 To be lifted up. To be arrested; to be discovered.

들놀니다 *s.* 놀니; 닌 To let go; to set free. To prosper; to flourish. *See* 등양ᄒᆞ다; 드놀니다

들다 *s.* 擧 (들—*거) 어; 든 To lift.

들다 *s.* 晴 (기일—*청) 어; 든 To clear off—after rain. *See* 기다.

들다 *s.* 入 (들 *입) 어; 든 To cut (칼). To cost (돈). To pay (세) To take—sick (병) To enter. To change—of the leaves. (단풍). To arrive—of the seasons. To be dyed—of cloth goods. (물)

들뚜다 *s.* 들떠; 쓴 To rise in blisters. To be uncertain, to be unsettled—of the mind.

뜰드다 *s.* 러; 든 To draw much water—of a ship.

들들 *s.* Whirling; turning; rolling. (굴다).

들들 *s.* Turning upside down; putting out of order. (뒤다) (복다).

뜰뜰 *s.* Whirling. Turning topsyturvy

들도부 *s.* A traveling peddler.

들들 *s.* 擧石 (들—*거) (돌—*석) A lifting stone—used for testing the strength of army recruits.

들디밋 *s.* *Yamen* slaves.

들마에 *s.* At shutting up time—of shops.

들맛치다 *s.* 맛쳐; 친 To lift; to raise.

들머거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To lift; to raise.

들먹다 *s.* 어; 은 To be dissolute; to live a fast life To bite gently—as fish.

들먹들먹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To make efforts at—as lifting, speaking etc.

들먹이다 *s.* 먹여, 인 To lift; to raise. *See* 들머거리다.

들메 *s.* 索 (*색) Shoelaces; sandal-strings. (ᄒᆞ다) (끝다).

들메다 *s.* 索索 (부뒤칠—*삭) (들메—*색) 어; 낸 To tie—shoes; to lace up.

들무 *l.* A weight used on a fishing line to loosen the hook when caught at the bottom.

들물 *s.* Flood-tides. (지다). *Opp.* 썰물

들믜나무 *s.* 楠 (*남) The *machilus nanmu*—called also the cedar. The ash.

들보 *s.* 樑 (*량) A cross beam—of a house. *See* 보.

들보 *s.* A loin-cloth. (차다).

들복다 *a.* 가; 군 To be severe with; to treat unkindly.

들뽕나무 *l.* 野桑木 (들 ~*야)(뽕나무—*상)(나무—*목) The name of a variety of mulberry with large leaves.

들부다 *a.* 어; 분 To blow furiously.

들볶다 *a.* 부어; 분 To smash; to break.

들살 *s.* The post used on the end of a lever for raising houses etc.

들석들석ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be many; to be in crowds.

들석ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To open; to gape. To be large and imposing.

들썽거리다 *a.* 거려; 린 To be unsettled; to be on the move.

들썽들썽ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be unsettled; to be volatile.

들숨 *s.* 吸息 (마실—*식) (쉬일—*식) Inhalation. *Opp.* 날숨.

들쐬 *s.* A handle of a lantern.

들장ᄉᆞ *s.* A traveling peddler.

들장지 *s.* 懸障 (들—*현) (막을—*장) Folding doors.

들쭉 *s.* 山棗菊 (뫼 *산) (슈유—*슈) (슈유 *유) The berry of a kind of dogwood, *Cornus officinalis*. *See* 산슈유.

들차다 *a.* 設 (ᄀᆞᆺ셜—*의) To be skilful; to be capable; to be robust.

들창 *s.* 小牖 (적을—*쇼) (창 -*유) A lattice window—near the eaves.

들척지근ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 微甘 (적을—*미) (둘—*감) To be sweetish. *See* 들착지근ᄒᆞ다.

들쵹 *s.* Box-wood.

들큰거리다 *a.* 거려; 린 To rock; to shake. To nag; to scold.

들큰들큰ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To shake, to rock. To scold; to abuse.

들큰ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 微甘 (적을 *미) (둘—*감) To be sweetish. *See* 들감ᄒᆞ다.

들키다 *a.* 들켜; 킨 To be taken in the act, to be found out; to be discovered. *See* 들나다.

들피지다 *a.* 피져; 진 To be half starved —as one who works hard and eats little.

뜸 *s.* 灸 (*구) Cauterization—by burning dried tinder of *Artemisia* (쓰다) (ᄐᆞ다).

뜸 *s.* 篷 (*붕) A grass tent erected on a junk to keep off rain. (치다).

뜸 *s.* A space of time; an interval in cooking. (드리다)(들다).

뜸겟 *s.* Grass for making junk covers.

뜸ᄃᆞᆨ *s.* 灸 (뜸—*구) ᄃᆞᆨ; 혼 To cauterize by burning dried tinder of *Artemisia*.

뜸드다 *a.* 러; 든 To be cooked through; to be cooked soft.

뜸쓰다 *s.* 灸 (뜸—*구) 쓸며; 든 To cauterize by burning dried tinder of *Artemisia*.

뜸드리다 *s.* 드려; 린 To leave to soften in a rice kettle after boiling.

뜸부이 *s.* The rail; the marsh-hen; the coot.

뜸성뜸성 *s* Separated, apart, at intervals. *See* 성깃성깃.

뜸성뜸성ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be few; to be scattered.

뜸성뜸엇ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be many; to be frequent.

뜸손 *s.* Ropes for fastening junk covers against the rain.

뜸쑨뜸쑥 *s.* In quantities; liberally. *See* 수북수북.

뜸직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 珍重 (보ᄇᆡ—*진) (무거울—*즁) To be dignified; to be serious; to have force of character. *See* 진즁ᄒᆞ다.

뜸질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 灸 (뜸—*구) To cauterize by burning dried tinder of *Artemisia*.

듭시다 *l.* 들셔; 신 To enter; to return. (Hon.)

듯 *s.* (It) seems as though; (it) looks like —used after verbal participles.

뜻 *s.* 志 (*지) Sense; thought; idea; meaning. *See* 의향.

뜻금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To smart; to hurt—as when pierced or lanced. *See* 뜻끔ᄒᆞ다.

뜻기 *s.* Taking clothes apart for washing.

뜻기이 *s.* Clothes taken apart for washing.

뜻다 *s.* 聽 (드를—*텽) 드리; 른 To hear; to listen; to obey, to understand.

뜻다 *l.* 뜸 (떠러질—*루) 드리; 른 To sprinkle—of rain; to drop; to leak out. *See* 떠러지다.

뜻다 *s.* 어; 은 To tear off; to pull to pieces; to open; to pull; to uproot.

뜻대로 *s.* 隨意 (ᄯᆞ를—*슈) (뜻—*의) As one likes, just as one pleases; according to one's will.

뜻뜻ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 溫 (더울 *온) To be warm; to be heated. *See* 뜻뜻ᄒᆞ다.

뜻밧게 *s.* 意外 (뜻 *의) 밧 외) Unexpectedly; accidentally. *See* 의외.

뜻밧다 *s.* 承意 (받 *승 (뜻 *의) 아, 은 To conform to one's wishes; to assent to.

뜻보다 *s.* 揆意 (더듬을—*수) (더듬을—*탐) 보아; 본 To ask for, to search; to seek.

뜻적뜻적하다 *s.* To be pulled off in patches.

뜻하다 *s.* To expect; to understand; to know. An ending used with verbal participles—interds to; looks like etc.

띄 *s.* 茅 (*모) Grasses—used for making raincoats etc.

띄 *s.* 帶 (*대) A belt; a girdle. (허다).

띄 *s.* A float—on a fishing line.

띄그물하다 *s.* To be coarse; to be large; to be well-formed. *See* 국직국직하다.

띄끌 *s.* 塵埃 (*진) (*애) Dust; particles flying in the air. *See* 몬지.

띄끌띄끌하다 *s.* To be coarse, to be large. *See* 국직국직하다. To be dull to revolve.

띄다 *s.* 帶 (떨—*대) 어; 씬 To tie on a belt or girdle (띄).

띄신 *s.* Shoes. (Prov.) *See* 신발.

띄술 *s.* Girdle tassels.

띄엄띄엄 *s.* 往往 (갈—*왕) (갈—*왕) From place to place; here and there. *See* 드문드문.

띄우다 *s.* 띄워; 운 To float; to sail on the top. (v.t.) To soften metal—by retempering. To sing (소리). To shift; to remove. To have one tie on a belt or girdle.

띄이다 *s.* 띄여; 인 To float; to sail. (v.t.)

띄행하다 *s.* and *l.* To be solid; to be substantial. To have authority; to be obstinate.

띄하다 *l.* To ache; to be sore. *See* 칭하다.

*등 *s.* 燈 (등-불) A lamp; a lantern. *See* 초등.

*등 *s.* 藤 (등) Rattan; liana.

*등 *l.* 等 (무리) A class; a rank. A plural ending.

등 *s.* 背 (*배) The back; a summit. *See* 등성.

*등가속운동 *l.* 等加速運動 (무리) (더할) (빠를 움직일 운동) Uniformly accelerated motion.

*등각 *l.* 等角 (무리) (쓸) Equiangular.

*등각도 *l.* 等角圖 (무리) (쓸) (그림) Isagon.

*등각삼각형 *l.* 等脚三角形 (무리) (다리) (쓸 삼 뿔 형상) Isosceles triangle.

등거름하다 *s.* To move, back down-wards as a corpse

등거리 *s.* 背子 (등—*배) (아들 *자) A sleeveless jacket.

등걸 *s.* 朴 (*박) A stump; a piece of charcoal.

등걸문 *s.* The name of the 66th Chinese Radical 文.

등경 *s.* 燈 (*정) A lamp pole; a lantern stand. *See* 초대.

등경거리 *s.* 燈 (등경 *경) A lamp pole; a stand on a lantern pole.

*등고선 *l.* 等高線 (무리) (높을) (실) Contour line.

*등고하다 *s.* 登高 (오를) (높을) To climb to a height.

등골 *s.* (—골) 背骨 (등—*배) (뼈—*골) The back-bone.

등골빼다 *s.* 아; 은 To extort; to drain of life and substance.

등곱송이 *s.* 曲背 (곱을—*곡) (등—*배) A hunchback. *See* 등굽장이.

등굽장이 *s.* 曲背 (곱을—*곡) (등—*배) A hunchback. *See* 곱추.

*등국 *s.* 藤菊 (등나무) (국화) *Tagetes patula.* The French marigold.

등극하다 *s.* 登極 오를) (극장) To mount the throne. *See* 즉위하다.

등긁이 *s.* A long-handled brush—used for scratching the back.

*등급 *l.* 等級 (무리) (드를) A sort; a class—as of officials. *See* 계제.

*등기 *s.* 登記 (오를) (긔록) Registration.

*등기붓치다 *s.* 登記 (오를) (긔록) 붓쳐; 친 To register a letter.

*등기소 *s.* 登記所 (오를) (긔록) (바) Registry office.

*등기압선 *s.* 等氣壓線 (무리) (긔운) (누를) (쓸) Isobars.

등기증서 *s.* 登記證書 (오를) (긔록) (증거) (글 Registered bonds.

등기하다 *s.* 登記 (오를) (긔록) To be registered To register.

*등급하다 *s.* 登級 (오를) (드를) To succeed in an examination, to be promoted—of officials

*등파하다 *s.* 登科 (오를) (과거) To graduate, to obtain a degree. *See* 참방하다.

*등광 s. 燈光 (등불) (빛) The light of a lantern, lamp, or candle.

등날 s. The back of the back-bone. *See* 등살.

*등내 l. 等內 (무리) (안) The one in office; the official in charge.

*등단하다 s. 登壇 (오를) (단) To ascend the plat-form; to enter the rostrum—of a speaker or lecturer.

등달다 s. 야; 단 To be angry; to be vexed—as on the failure of schemes.

등닿다 s. 하다; 혼 To be dependent on; to be supported by.

*등대 s. 燈臺 (등불) (대—*불) A lantern pole—decorated on the 8th of the 4th moon. (세우다).

등대다 *依賴* 의지하오—*하* (헐세—*세*) 여; 엔 To rely on one's authority; to be dependent on. *See* 의세하다

등대뼈 s. The back-bone.

*등대사영 l. 等大射影 (무리) (큰) (쏠) (그릴지) Isometric projection.

등떠리 s. 脊 (등어리—*척) The back. *See* 잔등.

*등제하다 s. 登第 (오를) (차례) To pass examinations. *Opp.* 락제하다.

등물 s. What is without a flaw; what is perfect. (又다)

*등등거리 s. 藤背子 (등) (등—*비) (아돌—*조) A rattan shirt—worn in summer.

*등떠 l. 等地 (무리) (짜) Locality; region.

*등떠 s. 燈臺 (등불) (집) The stand of a lantern or lamp; a candle-stick; a lamp; a light-house.

*등떠 l. 等對 (무리) (떠홀) Equals—in ability etc. *See* 상역.

*등떠료 s. 燈臺料 (등불) (집) (헤아릴) Lighthouse fees.

*등떠히다 l. 等對 (무리) (떠홀) 떠혀; 천 To be alike; to be equal.

*등떠하다 l. 等待 (무리) (기두릴) To attend; to await—orders from a superior. *See* 떠령하다.

*등로 s. 登路 (오를) (길) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*등록 l. 謄錄 (베껴쓸) (과록) Official precedents. *See* 규례.

*등록 s. 登錄 (오를) (과록) Registration.

*등록상표 s. 登錄商標 (오를) (과록) (상소) (표) Registration of trade marks.

*등록하다 s. 登錄, (오를) (과록) To record; to note down; to inscribe; to register; to make an entry. *See* 과록하다.

*등롱 s. 燈籠 (등불) (롱) A silk covered lantern.

등마루 s. 背脊 (등—*비) (갈비—*척) The ridge of the roof; the summit; the top; the back. *See* 등어리.

*등떠선 s. 等積線 (무리) (멥홀) (실) Radical axis.

*등떠심 / 等積心 (무리) (멥홀) 무용 Radical centre.

*등품 / 等物 (무리) (물건) Things of the same class. All together. *See* 등류.

등의 s. A grass mat bordered with cloth. *Also* 등멱.

등멱 s. A grass mat bordered with cloth.

*등변삼각형 l. 等邊三角形 (무리) (가) (석) (쌀) (형 삼) An equilateral triangle.

*등변쌍곡선 l. 等邊雙曲線 (무리) (가) (쌍) (곱을) (줄) An equilateral Hyperbola.

*등변운동 / 等變運動 (무리) (변홀) 옮길) (움직일) Uniformly varying motion.

*등변응력 l. 等邊應力 (무리) (가) (응홀) (힘) Uniformly varying stress.

*등본 l. 謄本 (등서홀) (뫼) A written copy.

*등분 l. 等分 (무리) (논홀) Equal parts or proportions; same weight, length, or quantity. A distinction or discrimination of classes. *See* 차등.

*등불 s. 燈火, 등불, 불 *화* The flame of a lamp. (켜다) (쓰다).

*등비 s. 等比 (무리) (견줄) Common ratio.

*등비급수 l. 等比級數 (무리) (견줄) (므를) (두어) Geometrical progression.

*등비중항 l. 等比中項 (무리) (견줄) (가운데) (목) Geometric Mean.

*등비체감급수 l. 等比遞減級數 (무리) (견줄) (갈릴) (느릴) (므를) (두어) Decreasing Geometrical Progression.

*등비체승급수 l. 等比遞升級數 (무리) (견줄) (갈릴) (오를) (므를) (두어) Increasing Geometrical Progression.

*등비랑 l. 等倍量 (무리) (갑절) (헤아릴) Equimultiple.

*등산곳 s. 登山串 (오를) (뫼) (곳치—*관) A naval station in Whang-hai-do.

*등산도주하다 s. 登山逃走 (오를) (뫼) (도망) (하나날) To escape to the mountains.

*등산하다 s. 登山 (오를) (뫼) To climb a mountain; to visit an ancestral grave.

등살대다 s. 여; 힌 To annoy; to pester.

*등상 s. 登床 (오를) (상) A scaffold; a stand. *See* 발판.

*등상 l. 等像 (무리) (형상) An image; an idol. A stupid person.

등성이 s. 脊 (*척) The ridge of a mountain chain.

*등서하다 s. 謄書 등서할 (글) To copy; to transcribe. *See* 짐서하다.

*등선하다 s. 登船 (오를) (배) To go on board of a vessel or boat.

*등소하다 s. 等訴 무리, 하소할 To sign a general petition. *See* 등장하다.

*등속운동 s. 等速運動 무리 빠를 (움직) 움직일 l. uniform motion

*등수 l. 等數 (무리) (두어) Marks—on examination. *See* 점수. Equal number

*등시포착하다 s. 登時捕捉 (오를) (때) 잡을 l. to detect in the act as a criminal.

*등신 l. 等神 (무리) (귀신) A statue; an idol. *See* 등상.

*등심 s. 燈心 (등불) (모심) The *Juncus communis*—used for lampwicks. Rush.

등심 s. The back. The tenderloin. *See* 등뼈리.

등심육 s. 背心肉 (등—*배) (모심—*심) (고기—*육) The tenderloin.

*등쇠 s. 等衰 (무리) (일) Various affairs; such things.

*등왕하다 s. 騰煌 (오를) (논날) To be prosperous, to be powerful, to flourish. *See* 등달하다.

등어리 s. 背 (등—*배) The back. *See* 등.

등에 l. 虻 (*맹) The gadfly.

*등온선 l. 等溫線 (무리) (따뜻) (실) Isothermal lines.

*등용시험 s. 登用試驗 (오를) (쓸) (시험) (試驗) civil examination

*등우 l. 鄧禹 (성) (님금) A. D. 1—58. A wise counsellor of Han of China.

*등운산 s. 登雲山 (오를) 구름 (뫼) mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 36.43 Long. 129.05.

*등유 s. 燈油 (등불) (기름) The oil in a lantern.

*등인 l. 等因 (무리) (인할) A form of expression used in despatches to mark the close of a quotation.

*등임식 l. 等制式 (무리) (넉넉) (법) Conference.

*등왕각 s. 滕王閣 (나라) (님금) (집) A famous palace of the Tangs of China.

*등잔 s. 燈盞 (등불) (잔) An oil cup for a lamp.

*등장 l. 等狀 무리 (글월) A petition—to a magistrate *See* 등소

*등장군 s. 等狀軍 (무리) (글월) (군사) Petitioners—as appearing before a magistrate.

*등장하다 l. 等狀 (무리) (글월) To sign a general petition. *See* 등소하다.

*등정하다 s. 登程 (오를) (길) To start on a journey.

등지개 s. A short-sleeved coat.

등지다 s. 反對 (도리킬—*반) (대할 *대) 등져; 진 To be back to; to turn the back on

등짐 s. 背負 (등—*배) (질—*부) A burden carried on the back. *See* 부상.

등짐장수 s. 負商 (질— 부) (장사—*상) A pack-peddler. *See* 부상.

등조 l. 燈 (등불 조 아) stand for a saddle. (드듸다).

*등재하다 s. 登載 (오를) (시를) To record; to note down; to enter; to inscribe.

*등차 l. 等差 (무리) (어긔여질) Common difference.

*등차급수 l. 等差級數 (무리) (어긔여질) 드를 (두어) Arithmetical Progression or series.

*등차중항 l. 等差中項 (무리) (어긔여질) (가온딕) (목) Arithmetic mean.

등차 l. 等差級數 무리 (어긔여질) (갈닐) (오를) (드를) (두어) Arithmetical Progression

*등채 s. 藤鞭 (등나무) (채찍—*편) A hollow baton carried by mounted officers or palace guards.

등창 s. 背瘡 등 *병) (헌데—*창) An abscess or boil on the back. (나다).

*등척하다 s. 登陟 (오를) (오를) To ascend; to mount; to climb.

*등초 l. 謄草 (등서할) (풀) A copied book.

*등촉 s. 燈燭 (등불) (촉불) A lighted lamp; a lighted lantern.

등쳐다 s. 등쳐; 친 To extort; to take from.

*등토슈 s. 藤吐手 (등나무) (버섯풀) (손) Rattan wristlets.

등태다 s. 등태; 태 To open along the back—as *omch'i* for drying

등태 s. A strap used on the shoulders by burden carriers.

등판 s. 登板 (오를) (판자) A scaffold as used in building.

*등판 s. 燈板 (등불) (판자) The foot of a candle-stand.

*등패 l. 等牌 (무리) (패) The overseer of gang of coolies. *See* 패장이.

*등편의선 l. 等偏倚線 무리 편벽될 (의지) (실) Isogonic lines.

*등하 s. 燈下 (등불)(아래) The side of a lantern, lamp, or candle.

*등하불명 s. 燈下不明 (등불)(아래)(아닐)(밝을) Under the lamp it is not light—seen better by those distant than by those near. *See* 당국자미.

*등한히 *l.* 等閑 (무리)(한가) Indifferently; carelessly. (넉이다). *See* 심상히.

*등한하다 *l.* 等閑 (무리) (한가) To be ordinary; to be indifferent. *See* 무심하다.

*등호 s. 燈號 (등불)(일홈) Lanterns written with character that serve as marks in an incantation arena

*등하다 / 等候 무리 때, To wait for Comp.) *See* 등대하다

*등화 s. 燈火 (등불) 불, A light

*등화 s. 燈花 (등불) 꽃 A lamp light, a burning candle wick. *See* 등불.

*등화산 s. 登禾山 (오를) (벼) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-won-do.

*등황색 s. 橙黃色 (귤) (누루) (빛) Orangite.

*디가 s. 地價 (싸) (갑) The price of land.

*디각 s. 地角 (싸) (뿔) The ends of the earth. The chin—used in works of physiognomy.

*디계 s. 地界 (싸) (디경) The boundary of a place; a place. *See* 구계

*디계위원 s. 地界委員 싸 계 부릴) (인원) A property committee.

*디경 s. 地境 (싸) (디경) The boundary; the frontier; a place. *See* 디계.

*디골피 s. 地骨皮 (싸) (뼈) (가죽) The root bark of *Lycium Chinensis.*

*디구 s. 地球 (싸) (구슬) The earth; the terrestrial globe. *See* 세계.

*디구상 s. 地球上 (싸 구슬) 웃, In the world; the earth. *See* 천하

*디구국 s. 地球局 (싸 (구슬 '박회) A terrestrial map globe.

*디금 s. 地衾 (싸) (니불) The mat placed below the body in a coffin. *Opp.* 천금.

디ㄴ s. The name of ㄷ, the third consonant of the syllabary.

*디기 s. 地氣 (싸) (긔운) The climate. *See* 디운.

*디관 s. 地官 (싸) (벼슬) A geomancer. *See* 디소.

*디광 s. 地廣 (싸) (넓을) Extent of territory, breadth of land. *See* 디방.

*디광인희하다 s. 地廣人稀 (싸) (넓을) (사롬) (드믈) To be wide in territory with but few inhabitants.

*디권 s. 地券 (싸) (문셔) A title-deed.

*디덕 s. 地德 (싸) (큰) The virtue of a house—in producing posterity *See* 디긔.

*디도 s. 地圖 (싸) (그림) A map of the earth. (그리다).

*디동 s. 地動 (싸) (움직일) An earthquake. 스, 디진.

ㄷ,디 s. 地臺 (싸) (집) A terrace—about a house. (돈다).

디렁이 s. 蚯蚓 (*구) (*인) An earthworm.

*디력 s. 地力 (싸) (힘) The strength of soil to produce. *See* 디긔.

*디리 s. 地雷砲 (싸) (우뢰) (대포) Siege-(걸다) (뭇다)

*디룡이 s. 地龍 (싸) (룡) An earthworm. *Also* 디렁이.

*디리 s. 地理 (싸) (리치) Geography.

*디리 s. 地利 (싸) (리할) Natural advantages of a place. (M.)

*디리학 s. 地理學 (싸) (리치) (배홀) Geography.

*디면 s. 地面 (싸) (낫) A plot of ground; lot of land; surface of the earth.

*디명 s. 地名 (싸) (일홈) The name of a place.

*디미 s. 地味 (싸) (맛) The fertility or barrenness of the soil.

*디맥 s. 地脈 (싸) (맥) Geological stratum; veins as of minerals.

디방 s. 地方 (싸) (모) Land; territory. *See* 디광.

*디방경찰 s. 地方警察 (싸) (모) (놀랠) (살필) Local affairs; internal state matters.

디방관 s. 地方官 (싸) (모) (벼슬) Territorial officials; magistrates. *See* 도슈관.

*디방관리 s. 地方官吏 (싸) (모) (벼슬) (아전) Local officials; internal state authorities.

*디방관매 s. 地方官制 (싸) (모) (벼슬) (법) Local office.

*디방관청 s. 地方官廳 (싸) (모) (벼슬) (대궐) Local authorities.

디방관회의 s. 地方官會議 (싸) (모) (벼슬) 모들 회의, A meeting of prefects and governors.

*디방대 s. 地方隊 (싸) (모) (떼, Prefectural troops.

*디방세 s. 地方稅 (싸) (모) (부세) Local tax.

*디방세과 s. 地方稅課 (짜)(로)(무세)(일과) Section of local taxes.

*디방세무과 s. 地方財務課 (짜)(로)(지물)(일과) Section of local taxes.

*디방지관현 s. 地方裁判權 (짜)(모)(마르질)(관단)(천세) Territorial jurisdiction.

*디방재관소 s. 地方裁判所 (짜)(모)(마르질)(관단)(바) A local court.

*디벌 s. 地閥 (짜)(문벌) Rank or influence handed down from ancestors. *See* 벌열.

*디부 s. 地府 (짜)(마을) Hades; the next world. *See* 디옥.

*디부왕 s. 地府王 (짜)(마을)(님금) The King of Hades. *See* 염라대왕.

*디부조 s. 地膚子 (짜)(살) (아홉) Seeds of the *Kochia Scoparia*.

*디본싱무명지초 s. 地不生無名之草 (짜)(아닐)(날)(업슨)(일홈)(잡)(플) The ground brings forth no flower that has not a name. *See* 현본싱무욕지인.

*디살 s. 地殺 (짜) 죽일) Destruction due to location.

*디선 s. 地線 (짜)(실) A ground wire—attached to a telegraphic instrument.

*디세 s. 地稅 (짜)(구실) Rent—for land; a land tax.

*디세 s. 地勢 (짜)(형세) Position of a country; the general features and environment of a country, province, etc. (…) graphical advantages and disadvantages. *See* 디셩.

*디세가겁 s. 地稅加怯 (짜)(무세)(더홀)(비겁) Extra land tax.

*디송 s. 地訟 (짜)(송스) An action raised concerning land; a land suit.

*디슐 s. 地術 (짜)(슐법) Geomancy

*디신 s. 地神 (짜)(귀신) Earth spirits.

*디실 s. 地室 (짜)(집) An open grave—before burial. *See* 광즁.

*디소 s. 地師 (짜)(스승) A geomancer. *See* 풍슈.

*디옥 s. 地獄 (짜)(옥) The earth prison—Hell. *See* 옴부.

*디운 s. 地運 (짜)(운수) The luck of a site; the atmosphere supposed to circulate in the earth and in conformity to which alone fortune can be secured. *See* 디긔.

*디위 s. 地位 (짜)(벼슬) A site, a site. (돕다). *See* 처디. Position; status.

*디유 s. 地油 (짜)(기름) Earth oil; petroleum.

*디유 s. 地楡 (짜)(느릅나무) The ground elm. *Hedysarum brachypterum*. Burnet.

*디의 … 地衣 (짜)(옷) A ground floor carpet—on which mats etc. are placed.

*디의초 s. 地衣草 (짜)(옷)(플) Lichen.

*디쥬 s. 地主 (짜)(쥬인) A landlord; land-owner

*디즁 s. 地中 (짜)(가온디) An open grave as examined before burial. *See* 광즁

*디즁션 s. 地中線 (짜)(가온디)(실) A subterranean telegraphic cable.

*디즁히 s. 地中海 (짜)(가온디)(바다) The Mediterranean Sea.

*디지 s. 地誌 (짜)(긔록) A geographical statement of a locality, province or country.

*디지 s. 地支 (짜)(지팅) The Twelve Branches of the Earth, which, combined with the Ten Stems of Heaven, form names for the sixty years of the Cycle. *Opp.* 텬간.

*디지도표 s. 地誌圖表 (짜)(긔록)(그림)(표호) Topographical diagram.

*디지측량 地誌測量 (…)(…) 레아힐) Topographical survey.

*디진 地震 (짜) … Earthquake.

*디진두 s. 地塵頭 (짜)(다홀)(머리) The utmost extreme. *See* 극.

… 地震 … an earthquake. *See* 디동.

*디질 地質 (짜) … formation of ground; the nature or quality of soil.

*디질됴사소 s. 地質調查所 (짜)(바랑)(교로)(사실홀)(바) The Office of Geological Investigations.

*디질학 s. 地質學 (짜)(바랑)(비홀) Geology; the science which treats of the constitution and structure of the earth's crust.

*디질학자 s. 地質學者 (짜)(바랑)(비홀)(놈) A geologist.

*… 地質學 … (션비) Same as 디질학자.

*디층 s. 地層 (짜)(층) The strata of the earth's crust.

*디톄 s. 地體 (짜)(몸) Ancestral rank or influence. *See* 디벌; 문벌.

*… … 地 … belonging to one's own district.

*디판 s. 地板 (짜)(판주) The bottom of a coffin. *See* 현판.

*디평 s. 地平 (짜)(평홀) The level of the land included in the horizon.

*디평션 s. 地平線 (짜)(평홀)(실) A horizontal line.

*디하 *s.* 地下 (짜) (아래) [In] the ground; the grave. The antipodes. Hades; the region of the dead. *See* 황천.

*디하텰도 *s.* 地下鐵道 (짜 (아래) (쇠) (길) Under-ground railway. *See* 디샹텰도.

*디학 *s.* 地學 (짜) (비흘) Study of the earth; geography; geology.

*디함 *s.* 地陷 (짜) (쎡질) A pit; a pitfall. (싸디). An earth-opening. *See* 홈.

*디협 *s.* 地峽 (짜) (산골) A strait.

*디형 *s.* 地形 (짜) (형상) The configuration of the earth.

*디형도 *s.* 地形圖 (짜) (형상) (그림) Geographical chart

*딕황 *s.* 地黃 (짜) (누루) A medicinal plant, *Rehmannia glutinosa.*

*딘멸ᄒᆞ다 / 殄滅 (죽일) (멸ᄒᆞᆷ) To subdue; to destroy; to conquer; to defeat completely.

딩 *l.* A stone-cutter's chisel.

딩 *s.* 釘鞋 (신 *혜) (못 *명) Shoe-pegs. (박다) (걸다).

딩젼 *s.* A shoe-peg shop.

딩즈 *s.* 頂子 (니마—*명) (아돌—*즈) A point on a helmet or hat.

ᄃᆞ다 *s.* 甘 (돌—*갑) 라; ᄃᆞᆫ To be sweet.

ᄃᆞᆯ마다 *s.* 每月 (미양—*미) (돌—*월) Monthly; every month. *See* 민월.

ᄃᆞ려 *s.* To—preceded by its object and used with verbs, e. g., "to speak."

ᄯᅡ루 *s.* 各 (각—*각) In a different place, differently; separately *See* 제각기.

ᄯᅡ루ᄯᅡ루 *s.* 各各 (각—*각) (각—*각) Each by itself; apart. *See* 각각.

ᄯᅡ라가다 *s.* 追去 (ᄯᅡ를—*츄) (갈—*거) 라가, 산 ..o go after, to follow after

ᄯᅡ라오다 *s.* 追來 (ᄯᅡ를—*츄) (올—*리) 라와; 온 To follow, to come after

ᄯᅡ르다 *s.* 注 (부을—*쥬) ᄯᅡ라; ᄅᆞᆫ To pour into; to put in. *See* 붓다

ᄯᅡ르다 *s.* 追 (ᄯᅡ를—*츄) ᄯᅡ라; ᄅᆞᆫ To accompany, to be with; to follow; to chase; to overtake.

ᄯᅡ르ᄅᆞᆯ *s.* 轉輪 (굴—*젼) (ᄇᆞ양—*모) Whirling as a wheel.

ᄯᅳᆫ *s.* 而已 말이 *이) (입시—*이) Only; nothing but. *See* 뿐.

ᄃᆞ리 *s.* 脚 (*각) The legs; a leg. A stand; a frame.

ᄃᆞ리 *s.* 橋 (*교) A bridge. (놋다).

ᄃᆞ리쇠 *s.* 脚鐵 (ᄃᆞ리—*각) (쇠—*털) Iron bars fastened together by links and used for broiling meat on.

ᄃᆞᆫ기다 *s.* 行 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐 -*힝) ᄃᆞᆫ겨; 긴 To go; to journey; to travel; to sail. To be attached—as underlings.

ᄃᆞᆫ니다 *s.* 行 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐—*힝) ᄃᆞᆫ녀; 닌 To go; to journey; to travel; to sail. To be attached—as underlings. *See* 딸기다.

ᄃᆞᆫᄃᆞᆫ히 *s.* 堅固 (굿을—*견) (굿을—*고) Tightly; firmly; decidedly.

ᄉᆞᆫᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堅固 (굿을—*견) (굿을—*고) To be solid; to be strong; to be substantial. *See* 튼튼ᄒᆞ다.

ᄃᆞᆫᄃᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *s.* 堅固 (굿을—*견) (굿을—*고) To be solid, to be strong, to be substantial. *See* 딱딱ᄒᆞ다.

ᄃᆞᆯ *s.* Fresh water. *Opp.* 히슈.

ᄃᆞᆯ박 *s.* 甘匏 (돌—*감) (박—*포) A sweet gourd.

ᄃᆞᆯ술 *s.* 甘酒 (돌 -*감) (술—*쥬) Sweet wine. *See* 감쥬.

ᄃᆞᆫ잠 *s.* A sound sleep; a pleasant sleep. (ᄃᆞᆯ다).

ᄃᆞᆯ *s.* 月 (*월) The moon; a month; a moon. (ᄃᆞᆫ다) (ᄯᅳ다) (지다) (솟다).

ᄯᅳᆯ *s.* 女息 (계집—*녀) (쉬일—*식) A daughter. *See* 녀식.

ᄃᆞᆯ거리 *s.* The name of a song celebrating the months.

ᄃᆞᆯ쎡질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 肺氣 (허파 *폐) (긔운 *긔) To have hiccoughs. *See* 폐긔ᄒᆞ다.

ᄃᆞᆯ곰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 甘味 (돌 *갑) (맛 *미) To take on a sweet flavour. *See* 감미ᄃᆞᆯ다.

ᄃᆞᆯ금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 甘 (돌—*갑) To be sweetish. *See* 돌착지근ᄒᆞ다.

ᄯᅳᆯ기 / 覆盆子 (엎흘 -*복) (동희—*분) (아돌—*즈) The raspberry, strawberry etc. *See* 복분즈.

ᄯᅳᆯ니다 *s.* ᄯᅳᆯ녀; 닌 To accompany; to be along with. *See* ᄯᅡ로다.

ᄃᆞᆯ다 *s.* 甘 (돌—*갑) 아; ᄅᆞᆯ To be sweet. *See* 돌곰ᄒᆞ다.

ᄃᆞᆯ마다 *s.* 每月 민양 *민) (돌—*월) Monthly; every month. *See* 민월.

ᄃᆞᆯ력 *s.* 月曆 (돌— 쵝) (최력—*력) A calendar *See* 월셔

ᄃᆞᆯ마지 *s.* 迎月 (마질—*영) (돌—*월) The worship of the moon on the 15th of the 1st month.

ᄃᆞᆯ물 *s.* 月汲 (돌 -*월) (물기ᄅᆞᆷ—*급) The monthly supply of water in the kitchen. (지다) *Opp.* 푼물.

ᄃᆞᆯ물이 *s.* 月暈 (돌—*월) (물이—*훈) A circle about the moon.

ᄃᆞᆯ밋 *s.* 月底 (돌—*월) (밋—*뎌) The end of the moon.

돌밋 *s.* 即底 (손—*정) (밋—*뎌) The round point below a rice kettle.

돌삭 *s.* 月給 (돌—*쉴) (줄—*급) Monthly wages. *See* 쉴급.

돌올니다 *s.* 올녀; 닌 To pass the full time or number of months for child birth

돌이 *s.* 月子 (돌—*월) (아들 *조) A queue of [illegible] *See* 월조.

돌차지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 微甘 (작을—*이) (돌 *감) To be sweet [illegible] be a little sweet. *See* 돌다

돌치다 *s.* and *l.* 돌쳐; 천 To burn—as fever; to be hot.

쏠고다 *s.* 쏠화; 곤 To pour into; to fill up. *See* 쏘르다.

돔ᄒᆞᆫ다 *s.* 甘[illegible] 감, To be sweet *Opp.* 쌉ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞ다.

돌포 *s.* About one month

돌풍 *s.* 月廩 (돌—*쉴) (품팔—*고) Monthly wages.

돍 *s.* 鷄 (*계) Fowls; chickens; hens.

돍게 *s.* 鷄犬 (돍—*게) (개—*견) Fowls and dogs. [illegible]

돍의안 *s.* 鷄卵 [illegible] eggs.

돔다 *s.* 相肖 (오직—*유) (꼬톨—*초) 아; 은 To resemble; to be like. To copy; to imitate. *See* 본받다.

똠 *s.* 汗 (*한) Sweat; perspir[illegible] 나다) (돌다).

쏨 *s.* A stitch—in sewing.

쏨쌔 *s.* A bamboo slip—inside of a hat crown.

쏨띄 *s.* 痱 (*붇) Prickly heat (돗다).

쏨바지 *s.* An undervest or lining—to protect one from perspiration.

쏠수 *s.* Stitches—in sewing.

듯 *s.* Seems as though; looks like .... —used with a verbal participle. *See* 듯.

듸 *s.* A verbal ending—used to introduce a quotation Used also with the participle of verbs of condition, and the present participle of verbs of action, when followed by an explanatory clause.

*듸 *l.* 代 (듸신) A generation; a life time. A dynasty. A substitute

듸 *s.* 所 (바—*소) A place; a spot.

*듸 *s.* 臺 (집) A lookout; a terrace; a raised platform.

*듸 *l.* 對 (듸홀) The opposite; the complement. The match; the mate.

*듸 *s.* 隊 (뗴) A company of soldiers.

셰 *s.* 垢 (*구) Dirt—as on the hands or face. (셰이다).

*듸각 *l.* 對角 (듸홀) (쓸) Opposite angle.

*듸각션 *l.* 對角線 (듸홀) (쓸) (셤) Diagonal.

*듸간 *s.* 掌諫 (집) (간홀) The chief censor.

듸갈 *s.* 馬鐵 (몰—*쇠) (쇠—*달) Horse-shoe-nails. (신기다) (박다). *See* 마달.

듸갈마치 *s.* A blacksmith's hammer—a person who has had varied experiences; a sharper.

*듸거리 *l.* 對句 (듸홀) (글귀—*구) The opposite; the mate; the complement.

듸거리ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To respond to; to confront; to answer back. *See* 품아시ᄒᆞ다.

*듸기ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 貸去 (꾸일) (갈) To borrow.

*듸김ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 帶劍 (씨) (칼) To wear a sword.

셰쓸작이 *s.* Dirt; refuse.

*듸교 *l.* 待敎 (기두릴) (구룩칠) The 1st secretary of the *Hallim* -an officer of the front rank, 7th degree.

*듸구 *l.* 對句 (듸홀) (글구) An antithetical sentence or clause.

셰뚝 *s.* Dirt—as on the face and hands.

셰쑨ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be big or sunken—as the eyes. To be deep.

듸치 [illegible] 우) 對句 (듸홀) (글귀—*구) [illegible] verses; pairs of verses. *See* 글구

ᄉᆞ쑹이쏜 [illegible]ating—as fleas or bugs. *See* [illegible]

*듸금 *l.* 代金 (듸신) (쇠) Price; cost. *See* 갑.

*듸금 *l.* 貸金 (꾸일) (쇠) Money lent; a loan.

*듸ᄆᆡᆨ *l.* 待客 (듸졉) (손) A person in the bride's home who receives the bridegroom and friends when they enter.

*듸ᄆᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *l.* 待客 (듸졉) (손) To entertain a guest. *See* 졉빈ᄒᆞ다

*듸변군 *l.* 待變軍 (기두릴) (변) (군소) Recruits who practise for the army—before drawing regular pay.

셰다 *l.* 여; 세 To tinker; to mend; to solder; to patch up. *See* 셰임질ᄒᆞ다.

듸다 *s.* 여; 인 An ending to be. (Used as ᄒᆞ다 to mark shape or nature).

셰다 *l.* 燃 [illegible] 연 여 인 T[illegible] a fire

*듸답 *l.* 對荅 (듸홀) (듸답) An answer; a reply. *See* 응답.

*디답ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對答 (뒤답) (디답) To reply to; to answer. *See* 응디ᄒᆞ다

*디젹ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對敵 (뒤뎍) (디젹) To fight; to oppose, to resist.

*디뎜 / 對點 (뒤됨) (뎜찡) Opposite points.

*디멱각 ᄂᆞ. 對頂角 (뒤됭) (니마) (깔) Vertically opposite angle; or vertical angle.

*디동뎨현ᄒᆞ다 s. 帶同陛見 뗑 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (셤돌) (뵈알) To accompany to an audience; to escort to the presence of the Emperor.

*디동ᄒᆞ다 s. 帶同 (뗑) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) To escort; to accompany.

*디됴ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對照 (뒤됴) (빗초알) To collate, or compare.

디들다 ᄂᆞ. 어; 은 To oppose oneself to; to square up to. *See* 디셔다.

*디등 ᄂᆞ. 對等 (뒤등) (무리) Of equal right, equable.

*디등됴약 ᄂᆞ. 對等條約 (뒤등) (무리) (가지) (언약) Equal treaty, or a treaty which secures equal rights and privileges to each nation concerned.

*디등ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對等 (뒤등) (무리) To be on a footing of equality.

*디디 ᄂᆞ. 代代 (디신) (디신) Successive generations; generation after generation.

*디딕수 ᄂᆞ. 對數數 (뒤됴) (뒤됴) (두어) Antilogarithm.

*디령ᄒᆞ다 / 待令 (기ᄃᆞ릴) (ᄒᆞ여곰) To await orders from an official to arrest. *See* 동디ᄒᆞ다.

*디론 s. 輿論 (집) (외론) A general council of Ministers. A bad reputation. (닐다) (나다).

*디리 ᄂᆞ. 代理 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Acting.

*디리공소 ᄂᆞ. 代理公使 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (공번될) (ᄒᆞ여곰, A Charge d'Affaires.

*디리뎜 ᄂᆞ. 代理店 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (장ᄉᆞ집) An agency.

*디리인 ᄂᆞ. 代理人 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An agent.

*디리쟈 ᄂᆞ. 代理者 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (놈) An attorney; a deputy.

*디리파견위원 ᄂᆞ. 代理派遣委員 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (갈내) (보낼) (ᄇᆞᆯ일, (인원) A deputation.

*디리ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 代理 (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To act as acting consul etc.

*디립 ᄂᆞ. 代笠 (디신) (갓) A borrowed hat —while one's own is being repaired

*디립ᄒᆞ다 / 代立 (디신) (셜) To take the place of—as in military service; to be a substitute for.

*디립ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對立 (뒤ᄒᆞᆸ) (셜 To stand up side by side; to stand on equal footing; to be on an equality with.

*디마도 ᄂᆞ. 對馬島 (뒤ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (셤) The island of Tsushima.

*디만 s. 臺灣 (집) (물가) Formosa.

*디망 ᄂᆞ. 代網 (디신, (그믈, A substitute head-band—worn while one's own is being mended.

*디면ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對面 (뒤ᄂᆞᆫ) (낫) To be face to face; to be opposite. *See* 면디ᄒᆞ다.

*디명ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞ. 代名詞 (디신) (일홈) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A pronoun.

*디명ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 代命 (디신) (목숨) To use as a substitute for one's own life in sacrifice—as hens, pigs etc.

*디명ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 待命 (기ᄃᆞ릴) (목숨) To await orders from the king.

디모 ᄂᆞ. 玳瑁 (*디) (*모) Tortoise-shell.

디목 s. A main beam. A special time.

*디문에 s. 緣故 (인연—*연) (연고—*고) Because of; for that reason. *See* 연유.

*디ᄆᆞᆺ다 s. 어; 은 To be dirty; to be foul; to be filthy.

디반 s. Remnants—of a meal.

*디번ᄒᆞ다 / 代番 (디신) (번) To take office in the absence of another; to take the place of—in government service.

*디번ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 對下 (뒤ᄂᆞᆺ) (번졍) To accuse —as a plaintiff before a magistrate. *See* 디질ᄒᆞ다.

*디분수 / 帶分數 (ᄃᆡ) (ᄂᆞᆫ) (두어) Mixed numbers (fractions).

*디산 s. 臺山 (집) (뫼) As mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39 27 Long. 1215 20.

*디사 ᄂᆞ. 代射 (디신) (쏠) A skilled archer who shoots for unpractised candidates in military examinations. (쏘다).

*디상 s. 臺上 (집) (웃) The first terrace enclosed with stones before an official building on which underlings do not come.

*디상ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 代償 (디신) (갑흘) To indemnify; to compensate; to redeem; to ransom.

디셔다 ᄂᆞ. 더셔; 선 To square up to—in fighting. *See* 드러셔다. To take the place of.

디셔우다 ᄂᆞ. 셔워; 운 To appoint a substitute.

*디셔 ᄂᆞ. 代書 (디신) (글) Writing for another, especially in judicial courts or other government offices.

*대서군 /. 代書軍 (대서) (글) (군소) A writer; a secretary.

*대서소 /. 代書所 (대서) (글) (바) An advocate's office.

*대서인 /. 代書人 (대서) (글) (사롬) One who writes any document for another; a scribe; a notary; formerly, an inferior advocate or lawyer.

*대서하다 /. 代書 (대서) (글) To write for another.

대솔 /. 帶率 (띄) (거느릴) A household; the members of a family. 식솔.

*대송하다 /. 代送 (대신) (보냉) To send in the place of; to send as a substitute.

*대소수 /. 帶小數 (띄) (작을) (두어) Mixed decimals.

*대질하다 / 對質하다 To face to face; to confront; to bring before a magistrate. See 뒤지하다.

*대수 /. 代數 (대신) (두어) Algebra.

*대수 /. 對數 (대홀) (두어) Logarithms.

*대수곡선 /. 對數曲線 (대홀) (두어) (곱을) (실) Logarithmic curve; algebracial curve.

*대수근 /. 對數根 (대홀) (두어) (뿌리) Base of a system of logarithms.

*대수급수 /. 對數級數 (대홀) (두어) (도롤) (두어) Logarithmic series.

*대수기하학 /. 代數幾何學 (대신) (두어) 의 첫 ... metry

*대수리노 / 代數記號 (대신 두어 기록, 적은 ... ols

*대수이멱하다 代數代冪 (대신 두어 (대신) (목숨) To use as a substitute in sacrifices —as hens, pigs etc.

*대수률 /. 對數率 (대홀) (두어) (법) M... ...

*대수방정식 /. 代數方程式 (대신) (두어) 모 ... ...

*대수식 /. 代數式 (대신) (두어) (법) Algebraic expressions.

*대수차 /. 代數差 (대신) (두어) (어긔여질 ...

*대수초보 / 代數初步 대신 두어 처음 거울 ... mathematics. See 초등대수학.

*대수표 對數表 대홀 두어 (봔) Logarithmic tables; table of logarithms.

*대수학 /. 代數學 (대신) (두어) (배홀) Algebra

*대수함수 /. 對數函數 (대홀 두어 곱적) 두어 ...

*대수하다 /. 代囚 (대신) (가둘) To imprison a substitute.

*대숭환소수 /. 帶循環小數 (띄) (좃칠) (고리 ...올) (두어 Mixed circulating decimals.

*대시하다 /. 待時 (기두릴) (때) To wait for an opportunity; to await a favorable occasion.

*대식하다 / 對食 (대홀) (밥) To eat or dine with another.

*대신 /. 代身 (대신) (몸) A substitute; one going instead of or on behalf of another.

*대신하다 /. 代身 (대신) (몸) To be a substitute for; to take the place of.

*대심관결 /. 對審判決 (대홀) (솜칠) (관단 결단 ... the case by the presence of both parties.

*대심하다 /. 對審 (대홀) (솜칠) To try a law case, etc.

*대안 /. 代案 (대신) (처 상) Substitute proposal; alternative proposal.

*대안 /. 對岸 (대홀) (언덕) The opposite bank of a river.

*대안하다 /. 對顔 (대홀) (얼골) To meet face to face; to have an interview.

*대약법 /. 對約法 (대홀) (언약) (법) Cancellation.

*대언인 /. 代言人 (대신) (말숨) (사롬) A barrister; an advocate; an attorney; a lawyer. See 대언자.

*대언하다 /. 代言 (대신) (말숨) To appear in court for another; to advocate.

*대오 n. 隊伍 (떼 항오) Companies of soldiers in fives. (써다). See 항오.

*대용하다 / 貸用 (부일) (쓩) To borrow money or goods —without interest.

*대용하다 /. 代用 (대신) (쓸) To replace with; to use instead.

대우 n. The crown of a hat. The work of sowing between the drills of grain already growing. (치다).

대우갈이하다 v. To recrown a hat.

*대우하다 /. 待遇 (가두릴) (맛날) To treat; to entertain.

*대읍하다 /. 對泣 (대홀) (울) To weep together.

*대의사 /. 代議士 (대신) (의론) (션비) A member of parliament; a popular representative.

*대인난 /. 待人難 (기두릴) (사롬) (어려울) The difficulty of waiting for another —as wife for the absent husband.

*대인도주하다 /. 帶印逃走 (띄 인칠 (도망 (다라날) To escape with the seals of office.

더임질ᄒᆞ다 s. 砷鉄 기울—*보, (이지러질—*결) To tinker; to mend pots or kettles.

*더원ᄒᆞ다 l. 代遠 (더원) (멀) To be far apart—of generations.

*더쟝 s. 隊長 (뒈) (어룬) A captain; a lieutenant.

*더쟝군 l. 大將軍 (큰) (장슈) (군소) A commander-in-chief; generalissimo.

*더젼 l. 代錢 (더젼) (돈) Money—as a substitute for something else to be given. *See* 건가.

*더젼 s. 臺前 (집) (압) The court before the terrace in official quarters.

*더젼ᄒᆞ다 l. 對戰 (더홀) (싸홈) To join battle; to fight. *See* 접젼ᄒᆞ다.

*더접ᄒᆞ다 l. 待接 (기두릴) (붓홀) To entertain a guest; to treat hospitably. *See* 접더ᄒᆞ다.

*더죄ᄒᆞ다 l. 待罪 (기두릴) (허물) To confess a fault; to await the decision of a superior—as to a fault or crime.

*더죠표 l. 對照表 (더홀) (빗초일) (뽓) A table of comparison.

*더죠ᄒᆞ다 l. 對照 (더홀) (빗초일) To collate, or compare.

*더진ᄒᆞ다 l. 對陣 (더홀) (진칠) To oppose each other of armies.

*더질지관ᄒᆞ다 s. 對質裁判 (더홀) (질명) (마르질) 산단 To confront and sue at the courts.

*더질ᄒᆞ다 l. 對質 (더홀) (질명) To confront—as prosecutor and accused who are allowed to question each other. *See* 뒤지ᄒᆞ다.

*더즁 l. 帶子 (씌) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A woven belt.

*더좌ᄒᆞ다 l. 對坐 (더홀) (안질) To sit face to face.

더쥬 l. Cast off clothing—worn by another.

*더쥬ᄒᆞ다 l. 待秋 (기두릴) (가을) To await harvest.

*더칭 l. 對稱 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) Used in addressing each other—said of pronouns in the second person. Symmetry.

*더칭식 l. 對稱式 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) (법) Symmetrical Expression.

*더칭덩렬식 l. 對稱定列式 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) (벌ᄅᆞᆯ) (법) Symmetrical determinant

*더칭삼각형 l. 對稱三角形 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) (셕) (얼) (ᄀᆞᆺ 상) Symmetrical triangle.

*더칭심 l. 對稱心 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) (무ᄋᆞᆷ) Centre of symmetry.

*더칭함수 l. 對稱函數 (더홀) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) (함) (두어) Symmetrical function.

*더쳑 l. 對策 (더홀) (됴쳑) Answering to questions given to candidates at a civil examination.

*더쳑ᄒᆞ다 l. 對策 (더홀) (됴쳑) To give a written answer to a question set at an examination.

*더판ᄒᆞ다 l. 代辦 (더신) (판단) To be instead of another; to act for another.

*더평힝션 l. 對平行線 (더홀) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (힝ᄉᆞᆯ) (실) Antiparallel

*더표ㅣ 代表 (더신) (뽓) A substitute. (로).

*더표쟈 l. 代表者 (더신) (뽓) (놈) A substitute

*더표ᄒᆞ다 l. 代表 (더신) (뽓) To act for another; to act as a representative; to put forward as an example; to cite as a precedent.

*더필 l. 代筆 (더신) (붓) To write for another person.

*더하 l. 帶下 (씌) (아ᄅᆡ) Menorrhagia.

*더하금 l. 貸下金 (쑤일) (아ᄅᆡ) (쇠) Money lent by the Government.

*더하즁 l. 帶下症 (씌) (아ᄅᆡ) (즁셰) A disease—an issue of blood.

*더하ᄒᆞ다 l. 貸下 (쑤일) (아ᄅᆡ) To grant a loan; to rent, lend, or lease—said of the Government.

*더합ᄒᆞ다 l. 對合 (더홀) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To correspond; to match.

*더합소 l. 待合所 (기두릴) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (바) A waiting-room. A procurer's house.

*더ᄒᆞ다 l. 對 (더홀) To face; to be opposite to; to be face to face.

*더힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 代行 (더신) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To go as a substitute; to send a substitute for work.

딕 s. 宅 (집 *턱) House; home. (Hon.) *See* 집. You. Wife.

딘쥬 s. 鈕子 (딘쥬—*뉴) (아ᄃᆞᆯ—*주) A button. (셔이다) (달다).

뎰 l. A patch; a covering for a hole.

뎜뎜 l. (At) intervals; here and there.

뎜장이 l. A tinker, a mender of pans and kettles.

뎜질 l. Patching; tinkering.

뎜쵱 l. A patched pipe bowl.

뎡갈뎡갈ᄒᆞ다 s. To murmur. *See* 작갈작갈ᄒᆞ다.

뎡강뎡강ᄒᆞ다 s. To rattle; to ring; to jingle.

뎡거다ㅅ行 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ—*힝) (거ᄂᆡ) To go; to journey; to travel To be attached to.

뎡셩이 s. A child's paper tambourine—with hanging wax beads and handle. A kind of a vine.

딩돌ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 하; 혼 To be as hard as a stone.

딩딩ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 堅 (굿을—*건) To be hard; to be solid. To be substantial to be genuine. *See* 뎡뎡ᄒᆞ다.

뎅뎅ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be hard; to be solid. To ring—as a metallic sound.

딩지다 *v.* 딜 (굿을—*건) 딩지; 진 To be hard; to be solid; to be substantial.

똬르르 *s.* Whirling.

똴똴 *s.* The sound of falling water; rattling.

ㄹ

ㄹ The fourth consonant of the syllabary—when not silent corresponding to *r*, *l*, or *n*.

라 *l.* An ending as found at the close of a quotation or paragraph.

***라경** *s.* 羅鏡 (벌) (거울) A compass. *See* 지남덜; 라침반.

라귀 *s.* 驢 (*려) An ass; a donkey. *See* 당라귀.

***라난** *s.* 羅暖 (벌) (더욺) A post-station in Ham kyong-do Lat. 41.24 Long. 127.32.

***라농ᄒᆞ다** *l.* (—동) 懶農 (게으를—*란) (농스) To farm lazily; to work fields in a slovenly way. *See* 폐농ᄒᆞ다

***라단산** *s.* 羅端山 (벌) (끗) (ᄯᅡ) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do Lat. 42.52 Long. 129.54.

***라뎐** *s.* 羅甸 (벌) (디닉) Latin. *See* 로마말.

***라력** *l.* 瘰癧 (병) (병) Scrofula. *See* 련쥬창.

***라렵ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 羅列 (벌) (벌) To fall into line, to be drawn up in order

***라룡** 嶗龍 게으를 [illegible] "dragon" — an unpropitious sloping mountain spur.

***라마** — 羅馬敎 [illegible] The [illegible] 로마교

***라마** 羅馬 [illegible] La[illegible]

***라말** *s.* 羅語 Latin; the language of Rome.

***라마ᄉᆞ조** 羅馬數字 (벌) (글) (글조) The Roman numerals.

***라마ᄌᆞ** *s.* 羅馬字 (벌) (글) (글조) Roman letters.

***라발** *s.* 喇叭 (라발) (라발—*팔) A trumpet [illegible] 나팔; 라팔.

라발관 喇叭管 [illegible] 라팔 [illegible] 누팔) The Fallopian tubes.

***라발슈** *s.* 喇叭手 (라발) (라발—*팔) (손) A trumpeter.

***라복** *s.* 蘿蔔 (청어루) (무) Radishes carrots; roots. *See* 무.

***라복조** *s.* 蘿蔔子 (청어루) (무) (아돌) Radish seed; carrot seed.

***라사** 羅紗 (깁) (깁) Woollen cloth.

***라산** *s.* 羅山 (벌) (ᄯᅡ) A mountain in Ham kyong-do Lat. 41.24 Long. 1[illegible]

***라ᄉᆞ** *s.* 螺絲 (소라) (실) A screw; a spiral. (돌다)

***라ᄉᆞ못** *s.* 螺絲釘 소라) (실) (못—*명) A screw nail. (주다) (박다).

***라ᄉᆞ** [illegible] 羅紗 [illegible] 깁 [illegible] a thin silken fabric.

***라장** *s.* 羅帳 (깁) (장막) A curtain.

***라장이** *s.* 羅將 [illegible] 군슈 The underlings of the *Keumpu* prison; paddlers; *yamen* runners.

라신ᄒᆞ다 裸身 [illegible] 버슬 [illegible] off one's clothes; to expose one's person. (M.)

***라졸** *s.* 羅卒 (슐라) (군소) The underlings of the *Keumpu* prison.

***라쥬** *s.* 羅州 (벌) (고을) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 24.58 Long. 126.49.

***라쥬반** *s.* 羅州盤 (벌) (고을) (소반) Dining tables made at 라쥬 Chulla. *See* 칠반.

라찬 *l.* 癩瘡 (문둥이) (헌헤) Leprosy. *See* 대풍창.

***라침반** *l.* 羅針盤 (벌) (바ᄂᆞᆫ) (소반) Compass.

***라체** *l.* 裸體 (버슬) (몸) Naked; without clothes.

라타성습 *l.* 懶惰性習 (게으를) (게으를) (성품) (익ᄉᆞᆯ) Lazy habits; indolent ways.

라타ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懶惰 (게으를) 게으를) To be lazy; to be indolent; to be good-for-nothing. *See* 게으르다

라한 *s.* 羅漢 (벌) (한슈) The disciples of Buddha.

*라호다 *l.* 懶 (게으를) To be lazy; to be wanting in energy. *See* 게으르다

*락 *s.* 樂 (즐거울) Pleasure; joy, contentment. *See* 즐기.

*락 *s.* 落 (떠러질) A field measure reckoned according to the number of "pecks" sown. *See* 락이.

*락가호다 *s.* 落價 (떠러질) (갑) To fall in price. *See* 실본호다.

*락개 *s.* 落痂 떠러질) (딱지) The scab in small pox

*락개 *s.* 落蓋 (떠러질) (덥흘) The chaff of buckwheat.

*락과호다 *s.* 落科 (떠러질) (과거) To fail in a lawsuit. *See* 락송호다 To fail in examination. *See* 락방호다

*락담상혼호다 *s.* 落膽喪魂 (떠러질) (쓸개) (죽을) (혼) To lose heart; to fail of one's courage. *See* 혼비빅산호다

*락담호다 *s.* 落膽 (떠러질) (담) To lose courage; to lose one's presence of mind; to despair, to be disheartened *See* 락심호다.

*락멈호다 *s.* 落點 (떠러질) (멈) To mark off names of candidates from a list. *See* 비망호다.

*락메호다 *s.* 落第 (떠러질) (차례) To fail in an examination.

*락멱미 *s.* 落麪米 (떠러질) (국슈) (쌀) Surplus rice—remaining over after measuring.

*락동 *s.* 洛東 (락슈) (동녁) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*락동강 *s.* 洛東江 (락슈) (동녁) (물) A river in Kyong-sang-do.

*락동산 *s.* 洛東山 (락슈) (동녁) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.24 Long. 128.16.

*락등호다 *s.* 落等 (떠러질) (무리) To be be degraded, to be lower in rank.

*락디이후 *s.* 落地以後 (떠러질) (짜) (써) (뒤) (After) alighting on this earth — in life. *See* 출셩후.

*락락장숑 *s.* 落落長松 (떠러질) (떠러질) (긴) (소나무) A pine with trailing branches. One who was rich but has now become poor. (Prov.)

*락루호다 *s.* 落淚 (떠러질) (눈물) To weep.

*락마호다 *s.* 落馬 (떠러질) (물) To fall from a horse. *See* 떠마호다.

*락막호다 *s.* 落漠 (떠러질) (아득홀) To be confused; to be indefinite.

*락명호다 *s.* 落名 (떠러질) (일홈) To lose one's good name; to lose one's reputation. *See* 망신호다

*락미지익 *s.* 落眉之厄 (떠러질) (눈셥) (갈) (익) Ill luck that seems to drop from one's eyebrows—unexpected misfortune. *See* 락죽지화.

*락민 *s.* 落棟 (떠러질) (민화) Fallen plums.

*락발호다 *s.* 落髮 (떠러질) (털옉) To become bald.

*락방거조 *s.* 落榜擧子 (떠러질) (방) (들) (아들) A "plucked" candidate at examinations.

*락방호다 *s.* 落榜 (떠러질) (방) To fail on examination; to be "plucked." *Opp.* 입격호다.

*락병상 *s.* 駱秉常 (낙지) (잡을) 뎟쩟 A. D. 1795—1867. A noted general of China who fought against the Tai-ping rebels.

*락복지 *s.* 落伏紙 (떠러질) (업딜) (조히) Rejected examination papers. Thick paper used in government examinations.

*락본호다 *s.* 落本 (떠러질) (밋) To lose one's money invested—in trade. *See* 밋지 다.

*락빅호다 *s.* 落魄 떠러질) (혼) To fall into great poverty, to become bankrupt; to lose one's fortune; to be ruined; to fail in business—of a merchant.

*락산소 、 落山寺 (락슈) (뫼) (졀) A monastery in Kang-won-do Lat. 38.00 Long. 128.34.

*락상지 駱尙志 (낙지) (오히려) (뜻) A Chinese general of the war of 1592 who by misleading the breath through a bamboo drew the Japanese armies helplessly before him and then killed them.

*락상호다 *s.* 落傷 (떠러질) (샹홀) To be injured by a fall.

*락셔 *s.* 洛西 (락슈) (셔녁) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*락셔 *s.* 落書 (떠러질) (글) An anonymous letter purposely dropped on a road; a lampoon.

*락셔호다 *s.* 落書 (떠러질) (글) To omit or forget to write. *See* 닐조호다.

*락셕 *s.* 絡石 (얽을) (돌) Plants parasitic—found on rocks.

*락셩 *s.* 落成 (떠러질) (일울) Completion—of building operations.

*락셰 *s.* 樂歲 (즐거울) (히) A happy year—a year of plenty. (M.)

*락셩례식 *s.* 落成禮式 (떠러질) (일울) (례도) (법) Opening ceremonies—of a new building.

*락셩연 *s.* 落成宴 (떠러질) (일울) (잔치) Congratulations and feasting on the completion of a house.

*락성ᄒᆞ다 s. 落城 (떠러질)(재) To fall into the enemy's hands; to be taken by the enemy.

*락성ᄒᆞ다 s. 落成 (떠러질)(일울) To finish; to be completed of building operations.

*락송자원원 s. 落訟者冤寃 (떠러질)(송ᄉᆞ홀)(ᄉᆞᆷ)(ᄂᆞᆷᄌᆞᄒᆞᆯ)(원통) The complaint of a loser in a lawsuit.

*락송ᄒᆞ다 s. 落訟 떠러질 송ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ다 To fail in a lawsuit. *Opp.* 득송ᄒᆞ다

*락슈 s. 落水 (떠러질 ᄆᆞᆯ) Dropping from the eaves; the drip. (ᄇᆞᆨᄉᆡ

*락슈 s. 洛水 (락수)(ᄆᆞᆯ) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

*락슈 s. 洛水 락슈 오ᄅᆞᆷ A post station in Chol-la-do.

*락시됴 s. 樂時調 (즐거울)(ᄀᆞᆯ)(고로) The name of a kind of song of many verses.

*락심만만 s. 落心千萬 떠러질 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ 일만 (일만) Despair; utter hopelessness. ᄒᆞᆫ 망지소조ᄒᆞ다.

*락심ᄒᆞ다 s. 落心 떠러질 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ ᄒᆞ다 To lose heart; to despair of. *See* 락담ᄒᆞ다

*락ᄉᆞ 樂事 (즐거울)(일 pleasures.

*락ᄉᆞ각 s. 落思角 (떠러질) (ᄉᆡᆼ각) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Angle of incidence.

*락ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 落仕 (떠러질)(벼슬) To lose one's place; to be turned out of office. *See* 파직ᄒᆞ다.

*락시 樂 Kyong-ker-la-do.

*락안 s. 樂安 (즐거울) 평안 Prosperity and peace; the land of pleasure.

*락양 s. 洛陽 락슈 ᄆᆞᆺ A post station in Kyong sang-do.

*락역부절ᄒᆞ다 s. 絡繹不絕 얽힐 아닐 ᄭᅳᆫᄒᆞᆫ 관계 An unbroken line—as people passing *See* 련속부절ᄒᆞ다.

*락역ᄒᆞ다 s. 絡繹 (얽힐)(얽힐) To come and go in succession; to be uninterrupted.

*락엽 s. 落葉 (떠러질) (닙) Dead leaves; fallen leaves. *See* 황엽

*락엽숑 s. 落葉松 떠러질 닙 소나무 Larch tree, Larix leptolepis.

*락엽식 s. 落葉色 (떠러질) (닙) (빗) The color of fallen leaves; dull wash brown.

*ᄂᆡ이ᄒᆞᆫ 落ᄂᆡ 떠러 다ᄅᆞᆫ 지 That language of which words are counted according to the number of "ᄂᆡ" shown. *See* 지기.

*락이망반ᄒᆞ다 s. 樂而忘返 (즐거울)(ᄆᆞᆯ이) (니질)(도라올) To have a good time without thought of return home; to give oneself up to rioting.

*락인 s. 烙印 (지질) (인칠) A metal stamp heated red-hot when used for marking. *See* 화인.

*락일 s. 落日 (떠러질)(날) The setting sun.

*락원 s. 樂園 (즐거울)(동산) The paradise of Eden.

*락원 s. 洛源 (락슈)(근원) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*락월 s. 落月 (떠러질) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The setting moon.

*락조 s. 落照 (떠러질) (ᄇᆡᆺ) Sunset. *See* 석양.

락지화 落地禍 (지화) Sudden misfortune. *See* 불우지변.

*락종ᄒᆞ다 s. 落種 (떠러질) (씨) To sow grain; to scatter grain. *See* 파종ᄒᆞ다.

락지 s. The common poulpe. *Octopus vulgaris.*

락지ᄉᆞᆯ s. The legs of an *Octopus.*

ᄒᆞ다 (떠러질)(조이) 어; 되 To be lacking as one volume from a set. *Opp.* 완질.

*락조 s. 落字 (떠러질) (글조) Omission of a character—in composition. (법다) *See* 오서.

*락조ᄒᆞ다 s. 落字 (떠러질)(글조) To omit a character—in composition. *See* 오서ᄒᆞ다

ᄆᆡ 樂 (가온ᄃᆡ) Whatever one takes pleasure in—in what there is pleasure.

*ᄀᆞ 落 papers—in examinations. *See* 락복지.

ᄉᆞ 落 (다시) (날) To grow out again—of old people's teeth *See* 경쇠년.

*락치ᄒᆞ다 s. 落齒 (떠러질) (니) To lose one's teeth.

*락탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 落脫 (떠러질) (벗슬) To fall out—of hair; to be omitted; to be left out by inadvertence.

*락토 s. 樂土 (즐길) (흙) Heaven; paradise—a Buddhist term.

*락토ᄒᆞ다 s. 落土 (떠러질) (흙) To come out—of the frost in spring; to fall—of the ground because of rain etc. (Prov.) *See* 해토ᄒᆞ다.

락쳑산 s. Lactic Acid.

*락틱약 s. 落胎藥 (떠러질) (틱) (약) A medicine for producing abortion.

*락티 s. 落胎 (떠러질) (태) An abortion; a miscarriage.

*락티ᄒᆞ다 s. 落胎 (떠러질) (태) To have a miscarriage; to have an abortion. *See* 동태ᄒᆞ다.

*락판 s. 烙板 (지질) (판) A metal frame which when heated is used to mark pipe-stems.

*락판ᄒᆞ다 s. 落板 (떠러질) (판) To miss the mark—in playing.

*락평 s. 洛平 (락슈) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*락쭌 s. 樂豊 (즐길) (풍년) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*락하기게 s. 落下機械 (떠러질) (아래) (긔) (긔) Apparatus for illustrating the laws of falling bodies.

*락하도 s. 洛河渡 (락슈) (ᄀᆞᆯ, 건ᄂᆡᆯ, A ferry in Kyong-keu-do (Kyo-ha).

*락한ᄒᆞ다 s. 洛汗 (떠러짐) (ᄯᆞᆷ To sweat in sickness; to perspire—as a sign of recovery. *See* 쉬한ᄒᆞ다

*락향ᄒᆞ다 s. 落鄕 s. (떠러질) (녁골) To move to the country from the capital. *See* 거창ᄒᆞ다.

*락호 s. 落戶 (떠러질) (집) Missing houses or families—that were formerly recorded in government lists. *See* 잔호.

*락혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 落婚 (떠러짐) (혼인) To marry with one of a lower rank. *See* 강혼ᄒᆞ다.

*락후ᄒᆞ다 s. 落後 (떠러질) (뒤) To fall behind; to be left.

*락화 s. 落花 (떠러질) (꼿) Falling flowers; falling sparks. A Buddhist *open-sesame.*

*락화성 s. 落花生 (떠러질) (꼿) (날). Groundnuts, peanuts.

*락화암 s. 洛花岩 (락슈) (바회) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do Lat. 36.08 Long 127.08.

*란가 s. 鸞駕 (새) (멍에) The Imperial state carriage.

*란가 l. 亂家 (어지러울) (집) Domestic confusion; disorder in the home.

*란간 s. 欄干 (란간) (방패) A porch; a balcony, a balustrade. (치다) (드리다)

*란국 l. 亂國 (어지러울) (나라) A country which is disturbed by insurrection or civil war.

*란국 s. 蘭菊 (란초) (국화) Orchids and chrysanthemums.

*란군 l. 亂軍 (어지러울) (군소) Confused fighting; a struggle in which the opposing forces become mixed up; hand to hand fighting, melée.

*란군되다 l. 亂軍 (어지러울) (군소) 에; 됨 To be in confusion—of troops

*란군중 l. 亂軍中 (어지러울 (군소 (가운ᄃᆡ) (Among) troops in action

*란닉 s. 欄內 (란간) (안) Between the lines; the space between the lines—of ruled paper; in the dividing spaces or columns—of news papers.

*란덩 s. 鸞亭 (란초) (명ᄌᆞ) A famous pavilion of the *Chin.* Kingdom China.

*란도 s. 鸞刀 (란새) (칼) A knife with a bell at the point. (B. O.)

*란도질ᄒᆞ다 l. 亂刀 (어지러울) (칼) To stab; to use a knife.

*란도 s. 鸞鳥 (란새) (새) The Argus pheasant.

*란랑ᄒᆞ다 l. 爛朗 (빛) (빛) To be bright; to be clever; to be intelligent.

*란류 l. 亂類 (어지러울, 조ᄎᆞᆯ Diss.pated characters; a low crowd. *See* 란민.

*란리 l. 亂離 (어지러울, 써날) War. (나다). *See* 란졸.

*란리ᄒᆞ다 l. 亂離 (어지러울, 써날) To be disturbed; to be in a state of insurrection.

*란만히 l. 爛熳 (란만ᄒᆞᆯ) (란만ᄒᆞᆯ) Very much; excessively.

*란만ᄒᆞ다 l. 爛熳 (란만ᄒᆞᆯ) (란만ᄒᆞᆯ) To be luxuriant; to be abundant; to be glorious. *See* 빗나다.

*란민 l. 亂民 (어지러울) (빅셩) Rebels; turbulent subjects. *See* 란류.

*란봉 s. 鸞鳳 (란새, 새) The *Nan* and the phœnix—emblems of conjugal fidelity.

*란봉 s. 亂蓬 (어지러울) (쑥) A libertine, a rake; a profligate. (나다)

란봉나다 s. 나, 난. To be ruined; to be disgraced.

*란봉질ᄒᆞ다 s. 亂蓬 (어지러울) (쑥) To act the rake or libertine.

*란부 l. 懶婦 (게으를) (지어미) A lazy woman.

*란부 l. 懶夫 (게으를) (지아비) A lazy man; indolent fellow.

*란산 l. 亂山 (어지러울) (뫼) Mountains piled one upon the other, a confused mass of hills.

*란셔 s. 蘭書 (란초) (글) Dutch books.

*란션 l. 亂線 (어지러울) (실) Tangled thread.

*란세 l. 亂世 (어지러울) (인간) An age of confusion, a time of trouble. *See* 란시.

*란시 l. 亂時 (어지러울) (제) A time of confusion. *See* 란세.

*란신 / 亂臣 어지러울) 신하 R[illegible] subjects, or retainers—a term used under the feudal system.

*란신적주 l. 亂臣賊子 (어지러울) (신하) (도적) (아들) False ministers and rebels. *See* 대역부도.

*란심 l. 亂心 (어지러울) (무음) Mental derangement; insanity.

*란생 l. 卵生 (알) (날) Birth from an egg—in contrast to that from the womb or from the chrysalis. *See* 태생.

*란언 l. 亂言 (어지러울) (말숨) Random talk; nonsense.

*란외 s. 欄外 (란간) (밧) Outside of the lines, the space outside the lines merg. g.

*란용호다 l. 亂用 (어지러울) (쓸) To use in an irregular or improper manner; to misuse; to abuse.

*란잡호다 l. 亂雜 (어지러울) (석길) To be confused; to be mixed; to be lawless. *See* 분잡호다.

*란장 l. 亂杖 (어지러울) (막대) An official paddle—for beating or poking a criminal. (칠호다).

*란장질호다 / 亂杖 어지러울 [illegible] To beat or poke a criminal. *See* 쥬장질호다.

*란장판 / 亂場判 어지러울 마당 [illegible] A dispersing market—a condition of confusion.

*란적 l. 亂賊 (어지러울) (도적) Rebels, traitors.

*란전 l. 亂廛 (어지러울) (젼) Promiscuous shops—as of those who sell without a license. [illegible]

*란전치다 / 亂廛 [illegible] (잡을—*포) (잡을—*착) 젼 [illegible] arrest a [illegible] of the lawful sales.

*란전치어다 / 亂廛 [illegible] 어지러울 젼 (잡을—*포) (잡을—*착) 치여; 젼 [illegible] be arrested for unlawful sales.

*란젓 l. 卵醢 (알) (젓 —*혜) Pickled fish spawn.

란정맛다 l. 亂杖; 젼 To be beaten severely.

란정몽둥이 l. An official paddle or club—for beating or poking a criminal.

란정치다 / 亂杖; 젼 To be beaten or clubbed severely.

*란조호다 l. 亂躁 (어지러울) (즛거릴) To be in a disturbed condition—of countries; to act in a turbulent manner—of people.

*란쥬 s. 蘭州 (란초) (고을) Lan-chow—a chief city of Kan Su Province.

*란즁 l. 亂中 (어지러울) (가온딕) (In) war. *See* 군시.

*란좌호다 l. 亂坐 (어지러울) (안질) To sit in no regular order; to sit without respect to rank.

[illegible] 어지 [illegible] The beginning of war. *Opp.* 란후.

*란초 l. 亂草 (어지러울) (풀) A difficult running hand—in writing. *Opp.* 히조.

*란초 s. 蘭草 (란초) (풀) *Cymbidium ensifolium.*

*란초 l. 亂招 (어지러울) (부를) Conflicting evidence—as given by a criminal.

*란타호다 / 亂打 (어지러울) (칠) To beat or strike at random.

*란투 l. 卵套 (알) (쓸—*긔) An egg holder—used in cooking.

란필 l. 亂筆 (어지러울) (붓) Slovenly penmanship; careless writing.

*란형 l. 卵形 (알) (형상) The shape of an egg; egg-shaped.

*란후 l. 亂後 (어지러울) (뒤) After rebellion or civil war.

*람 s. 藍 (옥) Indigo; blue.

*람교호다 l. 濫交 (넘칠) (사괼) To have intercourse unregulated by due conditions or restrictions; to associate with promiscuously.

*람긔 l. 嵐氣 (람긔) (긔운) Mist; vapor; clouds. (셔이다). *Opp.* 장긔.

*람루호다 / 濫陋 (해어질) (해어질) To [illegible] ragged *See* 현슐ᄀᆞᆷ.

*람보석 s. 藍寶石 (옥) (보비) (돌) A sapphire.

*람비 s. 濫費 (넘칠) (쓸을) A fryingpan. A small dish for rice.

람비ᄒᆞ다 / 濫費 [illegible] to be extravagant; to waste. *See* 히비호다.

[illegible]거리다 [illegible] to the top; to look over.

람상람상호다 s. To be full to the brim. To just reach to. To be on the point of speaking; to hesitate. *See* 람실람실호다.

람상이 s. A kind of turtle.

*람식호다 l. 濫食 (넘칠) (밥) To eat too much; to make extravagant demands. *See* 휴젼무식.

[illegible] [illegible] to the brim. To peek over.

람실람실호다 s. To be full to the brim. To just reach up to. To be on the point of speaking.

*람실ᄒᆞ다ㅅ 覽悉 (봄) (다) To be in receipt of—a letter.

*람쉭 s. 藍色 (뚝) (빗) Bright blue color sapphire blue.

*람어 s. 藍魚 (뚝) (수레) An open sedan-chair.

*람옥 s. 藍玉 (뚝) (옥) Jade from *Nam-jön*, China. Green jade.

*람용ᄒᆞ다 l. 濫用 (넘칠) (쓸) To use extravagantly; to use improperly; to abuse; to waste. *See* 과용ᄒᆞ다.

*람장치패ᄒᆞ다 l. 濫杖致斃 (넘칠) (막대) (일울) (죽을) To beat beyond measure and so cause death.

*람천아융 s. 藍天鵝絨 (뚝) (하눌) (게우) (비단) Deep blue velvet.

람푸 s. A hanging lamp. *See* 양등.

*람형 l. 濫刑 (넘칠) (형벌) Excessive punishment.

*람형ᄒᆞ다 l. 濫刑 (넘칠) (형벌) To punish beyond measure.

*랍미 s. 臘梅 (셔돌) (미화) Twelfth moon plum blossoms.

*랍설슈 s. 臘雪水 (섯돌) (눈) (물) Snow water gathered in the 랍 season—used as a medicine.

*랍유 s. 臘油 (섯돌) (기름) Lard from animals killed for the *napil*—said to keep forever.

*랍일 s. 臘日 (섯돌) (날) The winter sacrificial day—the *sö* day after the *tihan*. *See* 랍향.

*랍월 s. 臘月 (섯돌) (둘) The sacrificial moon—the 12th moon. *See* 섯돌.

*랍향 s. 臘享 (섯돌) (졩흠) The winter sacrifice to all the spirits. *See* 랍일.

랑 s. 崖 (언덕—*애) A precipice; a declivity; a chasm. *See* 랑써러지.

*낭군 s. 郎君 (사나ᄒᆞ) (그이) A husband. *See* 샤랑.

*랑관 s. 郎官 (사나희) (벼슬) The official Secretaries of a Board, officers of the 5th and 6th degrees.

랑써러지 s. 崖壁 (근허질—*졀) (벽—*벽) A precipice; a chasm. *See* 랑.

*랑독 l. 狼毒 (일희) (독홀) The name of a medicine.

*랑독ᄒᆞ다 l. 朗讀 (밝을) (닑을) To read aloud—of the minutes of a society etc.

*랑밀산 l. 狼林山 (일희) (수풀) (뫼) A mountain in Pyong an-do. Lat. 40.24 Long. 127.00.

*랑미초 l. 狼尾草 (일희) (쐬리) (풀) *Pennisetum japonicum.*

*랑비샤 l. 浪費者 (허랑) (허비) (놈) An unthrifty person; a squanderer.

*랑비ᄒᆞ다 l. 浪費 (허랑) (허비) To be extravagant; to be wasteful. *See* 랑용ᄒᆞ다. To squander money.

랑새 s. 崖鳥 (언덕 —*애) (새—*표) The kingfisher.

*랑설 l. 浪說 (허랑) (말솜) Extravagant speeches; vain words; lies. *See* 무언.

*랑성포 l. 狼城浦 (일희) (지) (개) A naval station in Ham-kyong-do.

*랑속 s. 廊屬 (힘쓸) (붓칠) Servants; menials; official underlings. *See* 노속.

*랑속비 s. 廊屬費 (힘쓸) (붓칠) (부리) Same as 랑속.

*랑심 l. 狼心 (일희) (ᄆᆞ음) A wolfish heart; greediness; rapaciousness; avarice; covetousness.

*랑아 s. 狼牙 (일희) (웃) The name of a medicine—"wolf's tooth."

*랑야 s. 琅琊 (구슬) (구슬) A district in the Kingdom, China. (M.)

*랑음ᄒᆞ다 l. 朗吟 (밝을) (읊흘) To recite poetry.

*랑자ᄒᆞ다 / 狼藉 (일희) (비길) To spread abroad—as a report. To be abundant; to be numerous. *See* 자자ᄒᆞ다.

*랑조 s. 娘子 (게집) (아ᄒᆞᆫ) A young woman, a bride. *See* 규슈.

랑조 s. 女髻 (게집—*녀) (샹투—*계) A hairpin. *See* 쏙.

랑조ᄒᆞ다 s. To put on a hairpin. *See* 쏙지다.

*랑쥥 s. 郎廳 (사나희) (쳥) Official secretaries of a Board—officers of the 5th and 6th degrees.

*랑패 l. 狼狽 (일희) (랑패) A failure; a defeat; a defeat.

*랑패ᄒᆞ다 l. 狼狽 (일희) (랑패) To be a failure; to be a defeat. *See* 실슈ᄒᆞ다.

*략략히 s. 略略 (간략) (간략) Little at a time; in small amounts.

*략언ᄒᆞ다 s. 略言 (간략) (말솜) To state briefly.

*략진 s. 略陳 (간략) (베풀) To give a verbal summary; to say a thing in a few words.

*략탈물 s. 掠奪物 로략홀) (쌔아슬) (만물) Plundered articles; spoil; booty.

*략탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 掠奪 (로략홀) (쌔아슬) To take by force; to seize; to snatch.

*량 s. 兩 (두) Two; both; a couple. *See* 돌. A string of one hundred cash. An ounce. *See* 쾌.

*량 s. 輛 (수레) The rim of a hat.

*량 s. 量 (헤아릴) Capacity.

*량가 l. 兩家 (두)(집) Two houses; both families.

*량가조애 s. 良家子弟 (어질)(집)(아들)(아오) The children of an honorable house —among the people.

*량각 l. 兩脚 (두)(다리) Two legs; both legs.

*량강 s. 良子 (어질)(방패) The name of a medicine (Galangal).

*량간에 l. 兩間 (두)(사이) In the space between the two.

*량강 s. 良薑 (어질)(서양) Galangal—a medicine.

*량견 s. 兩肩 (두)(엇깨) An animal two or three years old. (B. O.)

*량경장소 l. 兩京商(두)(서울)(장사—*상) A merchant of the two Capitals, Nanking and Peking.

*량공 s. 良工 (어질)(장인) A skilful workman.

*량국 l. 兩國 (두)(나라) Both kingdoms.

*량군 l. 兩軍 (두)(군사) The two armies.

*량군 l. 兩郡 (두)(고을) The two districts.

*량급신ᄉᆞ 量足伸ᄒᆞ다 (헤아릴)(발)(펼)(발) One stretches out his feet according to the length of the quilt.

*량과 s. 良窠 (어질)(군마) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*량과 s. 梁冀 (동치) (본랑) D. A.D. 159. A notorious and infamous minister of ancient *Han*, China.

밤쌋 l. 朝夕 (아침—*조) (저녁—*석) Two meals a day; both meals. *See* 조석; 삼시.

*량기년 l. 兩朞年 (두)(돌)(히) Two years.

*량난사 l. 兩難事 (두)(어려울)(일) A dilemma; between two difficulties.

*량난ᄒᆞ다 兩難ᄒᆞ다 (어려울) To be difficult either way; to be between two fires. *See* 란처ᄒᆞ다.

*량년 l. 兩年 (두)(히) Two years; both years.

*량년도 l. 兩年度 (두)(히)(법) Sufficient for two years; amount for two years.

*량능 良能 (어질) (능할) (능력, 재질) talents of a high order. *See* 량지량능.

*량단 l. 兩端 (두) (끗) The two extremities; the two extremes.

*량단간 l. 兩端間 (두) (끗) (사이) Between) two undertakings; (between) two kinds of work. *See* 좌우간.

*량답 s. 良畓 (어질)(논) A fertile paddy-field.

*량면 s. 良田 (어질)(밭) A fertile grain field. *See* 옥토.

*량면가질 s. 良田佳宅 (어질) (밭) (아름다울) (집) Good fields and fine homestead.

*량면법 s. 量田法 (헤아릴) (밭) (법) The formula for field measurements. *See* 척량법.

*량면ᄒᆞ다 s. 量田 (헤아릴) (밭) To measure off a field.

*량도 l. 兩度 (두) (거듭) Twice; both times.

*량도 s. 糧道 (량식) (길) The way to the source of supplies—in war.

*량도 s. 糧度 (량식) (법도) Necessaries. Supplies—for a family.

*량도체 s. 良導體 (어질) (인도) (몸) Good conductor as regards electricity.

*량동 s. 良洞 (어질) (골) A post station in Kyong-sang do.

*량두 l. 兩頭 (두) (머리) Two heads.

*량두사 l. 兩頭蛇 (두) (머리) (비암) A snake with two heads.

*량두필 l. 兩頭筆 (두) (머리) (붓) A double pen—one on each end of the handle.

*량득ᄒᆞ다 l. 兩得 (두) (얻을) To kill two birds with one stone; to gain two objects at once.

*량디아문 s. 量地衙門 (헤아릴) (짜) (아문) (관청) (*량지아문)

*량디ᄒᆞ다 s. 量地 (헤아릴) (짜) To survey; to measure land. *See* 측량ᄒᆞ다.

*량력량디ᄒᆞ다 量力度地 (헤아릴) (힘) (헤아릴) (땅) To consider one's strength and abilities.

*량륜 l. 兩輪 (두) (바퀴) Two wheels; both wheels.

량륜ᄉᆞ 良倫社 (어질) (인륜) (모일) (단체) Association in Chol-la-do.

*량리 s. 良吏 (어질) (아전) A good official; an upright officer.

*량마 s. 良馬 (어질) (말) A good horse.

*량문 s. 梁門 (동치) (문) A post station in Kyŏng-keni-do.

*량미 l. 兩眉 (두) (눈섭) The two eyebrows.

량미ᄉᆞ 糧米社 (량식) (쌀) (모일) (단체) provisions—of rice. *See* 량식.

*량미간 l. 兩眉間 (두) (눈섭) (사이) The space between the eyebrows.

*량민 良民 (어질) (백성) (사람) the ordinary people; the common people; the folk; people at large. ※ 상민

*량반공작ᄒᆞ다 s. 良民捕足 (어질) (백성) (잡을) (발) (공손할) To arrest a innocent subject as the thief.

*량반 *l.* 兩班 (두)(반열) The two classes of nobility military and civil; the nobility. *See* 동서반.

*량반 *s.* 兩半 (두)(반) Both halves.

*량방 *s.* 良方 (어질)(모) A good recipe; an excellent receipt.

*량법 *s.* 良法 (어질)(법) A good way or system; a just law

*량복 *l.* 兩服 (두)(옷) Two horses; a span. (B. O.)

*량부 *l.* 兩人 (두 사람) Two husbands, both husbands; two men; both men.

*량산 *s.* 梁山 들의 뫼 A protect in Kyong-sang-do.

*량상 *s.* 良相 (어질)(정승) An excellent minister of state; a good prime minister.

*량상군주 *s.* 梁上君子 (들보)(웃)(님군)(아들) Gentlemen of the beam, (a nickname of a thief). *See* 목림호객.

*량샹차매 *l.* 兩相私賣 두 서로, 고루 (팔) Trade; commerce—as between buyer and seller.

*량서 *l.* 兩西 (두)(셔녘) The two western provinces—*Whanghă* and *Pyŏngan*. *See* 셔관.

*량셔분경ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 兩端分明 (두)(끌)(논홀)(붉을) To have a knowledge of *Onmun* and the character. *Opp.* 일즈무식.

*량션 *s.* 良善 (어질)(착홀) Excellent; good; upright; virtuous.

*량션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 良善 (어질)(착홀) To be excellent; to be upright; to be virtuous.

*량셜 *l.* 兩說 (두)(말솜) Two views; both opinions or arguments.

*량수거리 *l.* 兩數 (두) (두어) A double advantage—in which case the player is sure of one. *See* 량수잡이ᄒᆞ다.

*량수겸장 / 兩數兼將 두 두어 겸홀 (장수) A double "check"—in chess.

량수잡이ᄒᆞ다 / To have a double advantage—and so be sure of either one or the other. *See* 량수거리.

*량슈 *l.* 兩手 (두)(손) Two hands; both hands.

*량슈집병 *l.* 兩手執餠 (두)(손)(잡을 떡) Bread in each hand—a dilemma.

*량슌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 良順 (어질) (슌홀 ᄒᆞ) To be gentle; to be good. *See* 온슌ᄒᆞ다

*량식 *s.* 粮食 (량식) (밥) Food; provisions. *See* 량미.

*량심 *s.* 良心 (어질 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Goodness; virtue; conscience. *See* 현심.

*량실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 諒悉 (알 다) To have considered; to know. (Comp.)

*량식단 *l.* 兩色緞 (두) (빗) (비단) Silk woven in two different colors.

*량안 *s.* 量案 (헤아릴) (책상) A field register.

*량안 *l.* 兩岸 (두) (언덕) The two shores of a sea; two banks of a river.

*량안 *l.* 兩眼 (두) (눈) The two eyes.

*량암 *l.* 諒陰 (헤아릴) (어두울) A mourner's hut. (B. H.)

*량야 *s.* 涼夜 (서늘홀) (밤) A cool night.

*량야 *s.* 良夜 (어질) (밤) A beautiful night. (Comp.)

량약 *s.* 良藥 (어질 약) An efficacious remedy *See* 명약.

량영만동 *s.* 梁永萬洞 (돌최) (긴) (일만) (골) A Fort on the Tumen River Lat. 42.13 Long. 129.07.

*량우 *s.* 良友 (어질) (벗) A good friend.

*량육 *s.* 粱肉 (기장) (고기) Dainty fare.

*량위 *l.* 兩位 (두) (벼슬) Husband and wife; two persons; two people, (Respect.)

*량의 *s.* 良醫 (어질) (의원) A clever physician.

*량의 *l.* 兩儀 (두) (거동) The dual principles of nature.

*량인 *l.* 兩人 (두) (사롬) Two persons; both; a couple.

*량인 *s.* 良人 (어질 사롬) A husband, a free subject *See* 량군.

*량인삼각경주 / 兩人三脚競走 (두) (사롬) (석) (다리) (다홀) (다라날 Three-legged race.

*량일 *l.* 兩日 (두) (날) Both days.

*량일간 *s.* 兩日間 (두) (날) (소이) Two days, a couple of days or so. *See* 수일간.

*량장 *s.* 良將 (어질) (장슈) A good general.

*량장진사 / 兩場進士 두 (마당) 나아갈 (션비) A graduate in two examinations for *Chinsa*.

*량장초시 / 兩場初試 (두) (마당) (처음) (시험) A graduate in two examinations for *Ch'osi*.

*량젼지칙 *l.* 兩全之策 (두) (온젼) (갈) (꾀) A plan advantagious to both parties.

*량제 *o.* 良劑 (어질) (약지을) A good medicine. *See* 량약.

*량조단변ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 兩造對卞 (두) (지을) (디홀) (변경) To give evidence for and against—as plaintiff and defendant. *See* 슐리단변ᄒᆞ다.

*량족 *l.* 兩足 (두) (발) Two feet; both feets

*량쥬 *l.* 兩主 (두) (님금) The heads of house, husband and wife. *See* 부부.

*량류지간 兩夫 Both (남편) (같은 사이) Between husband and wife. *See* 부부지간.

*량지 s. 良知 (어질) (앎) Natural or intuitive knowledge; intuition.

*량지량능 s. 良知良能 (어질) (앎) (능할) Intuitive knowledge and innate ability.

*량진 l. 兩陣 (두) (진칠) Two armies; both armies.

*량지 s. 良材 (어질) (재목) Excellent timber.

*량지 s. 良宰 (어질) (재상) An able minister; a clever statesman.

*량지 s. 良才 (어질) (재조) A post station in Kung-won-do and Chol-la-do.

*량찰ᄒᆞ다 s. 亮察 (밝을) (살필) To discern clearly; to perceive

*량쳑 l. 兩造 (두) (곳) Both parties; the two contracting parties. *See* 량편

*량쳑 l. 兩造 (두) (편) The two parties in a lawsuit; the plaintiff and the defendant. *See* 량쳐

*량초 l. 兩草 (두) (풀) Superior cut tobacco.

*량초 s. 糧草 (양식) (풀) Food and fuel, fodder. *See* 량

*량친 l. 兩親 (두) 어버이 The parent, father and mother. *See* 부모

*량쳐 l. 兩處 (두) (곳) Both parties in a lawsuit. *See* 량편

*량쳑 l. 兩造 (두) (편) The two parties in a lawsuit; the plaintiff and the defendant. *See* 량쳐

*량초 l. 兩草 (두) (풀) Superior cut tobacco.

*량초 s. 糧草 (양식) (풀) Food and fuel, fodder. *See* 량

*량친 l. 兩親 (두) 어버이 The parent, father and mother. *See* 부모

*량쳑 s. 良策 (어질) (묘칙) A capital scheme. *See* 묘계.

*량촌 s. 良村 (어질) (시골) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

량테 s. The rim of a hat.

*량편 l. 兩便 (두) (편) The two sides; both sides. *See* 좌우.

량편공소 l. 兩便公訴 (두) (편) (공변될) (알릴) Impartiality; the two sides—as in a lawsuit.

*량포 s. 良浦 (어질) (개) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*량풍 s. 涼風 (찰) (바람) A cool breeze. *Euphorbia helioscopia.*

량향청 s. 糧餉廳 (양식) (먹일) (관청) An office of the Government Stores.

량호 兩虎 two tigers *Ch'ung ch'ong* and *Cholla.*

*량훈 s. 良訓 (동쳐) (가르칠) A noted scholar of the *Han* kingdom, China.

*려각 l. 旅閣 (나그네) (집) An inn; a public house. *See* 마방.

*려강 l. 呂江 (법) (물) A river in Kyong-keu-do; tributary of Han river.

*려게 l. 厲階 (사오나울) (계제) Wickedness that increases; increasing evil. (B.C.)

*려계 s. 麗季 (빛날) (말재) The last of the dynasty of Koryo.

*려구 s. 旅具 (나그네) (도홀) Things taken for use on a journey; baggage.

*려관한등 l. 旅館寒燈 (나그네) (집) (찰) (등) The cheerless light of a sojourner's room.

려권 旅券 나그네 문서 A travelling passport. (문셔).

*려단 s. 旅團 (나그네) (둥글) An army corps; a brigade.

*려단장 s. 旅團長 (나그네) (둥글) (어른 Chief of a brigade. An officer of the 3rd degree; a lieutenant-colonel.

녀도 / 呂島 (법) (셤) An Island in Cholla-do Lat. 34.33 Long. 127 22

*려동빈 l. 呂洞賓 (법) (골) (손) B.A.D 755. A famous Taoist of China who became an "immortal." (신션).

*려력 l. 勵力 (갈 / 힘) Strength; vigor. *See* 근력

*려리 s. 閭里 (마을) (마을) A village.

려린군 s. 제요쵸 (법—"법") (셤 —"림") (군ᄉᆞ—"군) A commission merchant.

려립ᄒᆞ다 s. 列立 (벌—"렬") (셜—"립") To sell goods on commission

*려막 / 旅幕 (나그네) (장막) An inn; a public house. (잠ᄃᆡ) (치다).

*려막 s. 廬幕 (집) (장막) A room or hut where one receives visits of condolence on the death of parents. *See* 제쳥.

*려말국초 s. 麗末國初 (빛날) (끗) (나라) (처음) The end of Korea and the first of Choson.

*려말 s. 麗末 끄을 (끗) The end of the dynasty of Korea or Koryo. *See* 려게.

*려몽 l. 呂蒙 (법) (어릴) D.A.D. 219. A great warrior of the three Kingdoms. China who killed *Kwan-u* the God of War

*려몽정 / 呂蒙正 (법) 어릴) (바를) D A.D. 1011 A noted man of letters of China.

*려민 s. 黎民 (검을) (빅셩) The people. The young people of the state. (M) *See* 빅셩.

*려복 s. 旅服 (나그네) (옷) Travelling apparel.

려ᄉᆞ니 呂不韋 ᄂᆞᆫ 사ᄅᆞᆷ 이ᄅᆞ D.A. D. 2 A famous peddler who became founder of *Chin*, China.

*려비 s. 旅費 (나그내) (허비) Travelling expenses.

려산 / 驪山 (숭물) (외) A prefect in Chol-la-do Lat. 35.55 Long. 127.18.

*려상 s. 旅商 (나그내) (장소) An itinerant merchant; pedler.

려상재 / 몸相宰 (법) (샹지) (나라) A D 1087 F.S. 成宗 N.P. 盧嗣 Prime Minister in the reign of Sok-jong.

*려송국 h. 呂宋國 (법) (나라) (나라) Luzon—of the Philippine Islands.

*려송연 h. 呂宋烟 (법) (나라) (연긔) A cigar.

*려송표 / 呂宋票 (법) (나라) (표) A Manila lottery ticket.

려슈 s. 麗水 (고을) (물) A prefect in Chol-la-do.

*려슈라 h. 漉水羅 (밧흘) (물) (비단) A strainer. *See* 슈라

*려슉 s. 旅宿 (나그내) (잘) A hotel; an inn; a lodging house.

*려슉영업 s. 旅宿營業 (나그내) (잘) (경영) (업) The occupation of an innkeeper.

*려슌구 h. 旅順口 (나그내) (슌흘) (입) Port-Arthur

*려슉관 s. 旅宿館 (나그내) (잘) (집사) *See* 려슉

*려영 s. 閭營 (마을) (마을) A settlement of the people; houses owned by the people. *See* 려창.

*려영 s. 旅營 (나그내) (영문) The encampment of an army, or of troops, on the march; the place where soldiers on a journey are quartered.

*려이간 / 呂夷簡 (법) (오랑캐) (간략) D. A. D. 1044. A great scholar of the *Song* dynasty, China.

*려장 s. 旅裝 (나그내) (항장) A travelling outfit; equipment for a journey.

*려조겸 / 呂祖謙 (법) (할아비) (겸손) A. D. 1137-1181 A great scholar of the *Song* dynasty, China

려조 s. 麗朝 빗날 (아침) The dynasty of *Kory*o. (고려). *See* 라조.

려주 s. 驪州 얼너불 (고을) A prefect in Kyongke-do Lat. 37.14 Long. 127.36.

*려중 s. 旅中 (나그내) (가운데) During a journey; while travelling. *See* 길즁.

*려지 h. 荔枝 (려지) (가지) The lichee, *Nephelium litchi.*

*려츈화 s. 麗春花 (고을) (봄) (꼿) Corn-poppy.

*려포 h. 呂布 (법) (뵈) A. D. 198. A great commander of the *Han* dynasty, China.

*려항 s. 閭巷 (마을) (구렁) An alley.

려현 / 率賢 (거늘) (드릴) A leader among the people. (B. H.)

*려현 / 驪峴 숫돌 (고기) A military station in Kyong-ke-do.

*려회 / 呂誨 법 (구르칠) D. A. D. 1071. A great statesman of the *Song* dynasty China

*려후 h. 呂后 (법) (황후) The Emperors of the founder of *Han*, China—noted for he cruelty.

*려힝 s. 旅行 (나그내) (둔닐) A walk; a trip; a journey

*려힝권 s. 旅行券 (나그내) (힝호) (문셔) A passport; a permit to travel.

*려힝면장 s. 旅行免狀 (나그내) (둔닐) (면호) (글) Passport.

*력년 s. 歷年 (지날) (히) A course of years; successive years; year after year, annually.

*력농ᄒᆞ다 s. 力農 (힘) (농소) To work hard at agriculture. *See* 근농ᄒᆞ다.

력대 / 歷代 (지날) 디신 Successive dynasties. *See* 세디

*력람ᄒᆞ다 s. 歷覽 (지날) (볼) To make a tour; to travel for pleasure; to travel in; to traverse. To read fully; to peruse extensively.

력량 s. 力量 (힘) (헤아릴) Strength; capacity; ability.

*력력가지 s. 歷歷可知 (지날) (지날) (옳흘) (알) What is clearly understood or known; what is understood in every detail.

*력력히 s. 歷歷 (지날) (지날) Clearly explicity. *See* 쇼쇼히.

*력력ᄒᆞ다 s. 歷歷 (지날) (지날) To be clear; to be in detail. *See* 쇼쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*력발산ᄒᆞ다 s. 力拔山 (힘) (뽑) (뫼) To have strength—sufficient to uproot a mountain

*력법 s. 曆法 (칙력) (법) The laws of astronomy; methods of astronomical calculation.

*력부족ᄒᆞ다 s. 力不足 (힘) (아닐—*볼) (족흘) To lack the strength or means necessary. *See* 력불급ᄒᆞ다

*력불급ᄒᆞ다 s. 力不及 (힘) (아닐) (밋칠) To be unable to; to lack the means for. *See* 력부족ᄒᆞ다.

력셔 / 曆書 칙력 (글) A calendar; an almanac. *See* 칙력.

*력세 s. 歷世 (지날) (히) Successive dynasties; generation after generation.

*력수 s. 曆數 (칙력) (두어) Astrological fates or calculations; the will of Heaven, destiny.

*력사 s. 力士 (힘)(선비) A strong man; a powerful fellow. *See* 장사.

*력전하다 s. 力戰 (힘)(싸움) To fight with energy.

*력조 s. 歷朝 (지날)(아침) Successive reigns of Emperors; successive governments.

*력진하다 s. 力盡 (힘)(다할) To use all the strength; to be by virtue of strength; to be by dint of bodily or mental strength.

*력청 s. 瀝青 (떠러질)(푸를) Pitch; tar; bitumen.

*력학 s. 曆學 (책력) (배울) Study of the principles on which calendars are constructed; astronomy.

*련 s. 輦 (련) The King's sedan-chair. *See* 옥교.

*련 s. 蓮 (련꽃) The lotus. *Nelumbium speciosum* *See* 련꽃.

*련결하다 s. 連結 (니을)(매질) To form a combination; to establish a league; to unite.

*련곡포 s. 連谷浦 (니을)(골)(개) An anchorage in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.25 Long. 129.05.

*련꽃 s. 蓮花 (련꽃) (꽃—*화) The lotus flower. *See* 부용.

*련교 s. 連翹 (니을 (들) Forsythia suspensa. *See* 으아리.

*련국 s. 聯國 (구슬) (나라) Denmark 서북단에 영한국.

*련귀 h. 聯隅 (니을 모퉁이 -*우) A jointed corner.

*련귀 s. 聯句 (니을) (글귀 -*구) The middle stanzas of a four verse poem. *See* 절귀

*련근 s. 蓮根 (련꽃) (뿌리) Lotus roots.

*련근전과 s. 蓮根煎果 (련꽃) (뿌리) (다릴) (과일) Preserved lotus roots.

*련금 h. 鍊金 (련단홀) (쇠) Alchemy.

*련금술 h. 鍊金術 (련단홀) (쇠) (재) Alchemy

*련금자 h. 鍊金者 (련단홀) (쇠) (놈) An alchemist.

*련관하다 s. 連貫 (니을) (예일) To be accustomed to.

*련단 煉丹 (련단홀) 약을 Medicine prepared in the form of paste or ointment

*련달하다 h. 鍊達 (련단홀) (통달) To be expert; skilful; well versed; experienced

*련단하다 h. 鍊鍛 (련단홀) (련단홀) To fuse; to temper To obtain experience. *See* 련련하다

*련당 s. 蓮塘 (련꽃) (못) A lotus pond.

*련동 h. 蓮童 (고울) (아희) A boy used by a sodomite

*련동 s. 連洞 (니을) (골) A post station in Kyung-keui-do.

*련등 s. 蓮燈 (련꽃) (등) A lantern shaped like a lotus flower.

*련대 s. 蓮臺 (니을) 련꽃) (집) The seat of lotus flowers on which Buddhist deities are represented as sitting or standing.

*련대 s. 聯隊 (련홀) (떼) A regiment.

*련대장 聯隊長 (련홀) 떼 어른) A lieutenant-colonel. *See* 부령

*련락부절하다 s. 連絡不絕 (니을) (얽홀) (아닐) (끈허질) To be in an unbroken line—of people passing. *See* 락역부절하다.

*련락선 s. 聯絡船 (련홀) (얽힐) (배) The waiting steamer; the ship that makes connections.

*련락하다 s. 連絡 (니을) (얽힐) To be in a line, to be connected. *See* 련속하다

*련란 s. 鰱卵 (련어) (알) The spawn of the salmon.

련모 l. 戀慕 (생각 생각 (생각 그 (못) Affection for; a feeling of attachment 련련봉망.

*련련하다 l. 戀戀 (생각) (생각) To feel attachment for; to dote on.

*련루하다 s. 連累 (니을) (여러) To involve; to implicate.

*련리지 s. 連理枝 (니을) (다스릴) (가지) Plants whose roots connect.

*련립방정식 s. 聯立方程式 (련홀) (설) (모) (길) (법) Simultaneous equations.

*련립하다 s. 聯立 (련홀) (설) To stand in a row.

*련명 s. 連名 (니을) (일홈) Joint signatures of two or more persons:

련명투표 連名投票 (니을) (일홈 던질 표) Ballots on which are inscribed the names of several nominees at the same time.

*련명소원하다 聯名訴冤 (니을 (일홈 (찾을 (글) To petition the ruler by a document with joint signatures.

*련명서 s. 聯名書 (니을) (일홈) (글) A document containing joint signatures; a list of names concerned.

*련명하다 s. 聯名 (니을) (일홈) To be signed by a succession of names.

*련명하다 s. 連命 (련홀) (목숨) To just manage to live; to eke out an existence.

*련못 s. 蓮池 (련못) (못—*지) A lotus pond; a lake. *See* 련당.

*련밍ᄒᆞ다 s. 連盟 (니을) (밍셰) To be bound together by an oath; to make a covenant of two or more persons.

*련반 s. 連槃 (니을) (반돌, Carrying the bier in a funeral. A funeral bier (셔다.)

*련반 s. 連姻 (니을) (반렬) A marriage a wedding.

*련반셔다 s. 連槃 (니을) (반돌) 셔; 선 To carry the bier in a funeral procession.

*련발ᄒᆞ다 s. 連發 (니을) (발) To fire in volleys.

*련쌀 s. 蓮子 (련못) (아돌—*조) Lotus seed. *See* 련실.

*련씰 s. 蓮子 (련못) (아돌—*조) Lotus seed. *See* 련실.

*련방 s. 蓮房 (련못) (방) The seed case of the lotus.

*련방 s. 連放 (니을 (노흘) In succession; successively. *See* 줄방.

*련방 s. 聯邦 (니을) (나라) Confederate states.

*련방조직 s. 聯邦組織 (니을) (나라) (인믄) (쥴) The forming of confederate states.

*련봉 s. 連峯 (니을) (봉오리) A village in Kang-wŏn-do.

*련쏫 s. 蓮花 (련못) (쏫기—*라) Lotus blossoms.

*련비련비 s. 聯臂聯臂 니을 (팔독) (니을 (팔독) (In) the service of this one and that; for this and that purpose. *See* 겸소겸소.

*련비례 s. 連比例 (니을) (견줄) (견쥭) Continued Proportion.

*련비ᄒᆞ다 s. 聯臂 (련홀) (팔독) To do indirectly—as by a third party. *See* 련줄련줄.

*련사간 s. 連査間 (니을) (사돈) (소이) (Among) relatives by marriage. *See* 린아간.

*련산 s. 連山 (니을) (외) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do Lat. 36.06 Long. 127.24.

*련상 s. 連喪 (니을) (상소) A succession of deaths.

*련속곡션 s. 連續曲線 니을 니을 (곱흘) (션) Continuous curve.

*련속부절ᄒᆞ다 s. 連續不絕 (니을) (니을) (아닐 *불) (끈허질) To be continuous, to be uninterrupted. *See* 락역부절.

*련속ᄒᆞ다 s. 連續 (니을) (니을) To be continuous; to be uninterrupted. *See* 련락ᄒᆞ다.

*련용ᄒᆞ다 l. 連誦 (니을) (외을) To recite several days lessons in succession. *See* 돌송ᄒᆞ다.

*련슈파 s. 連水坡 (니을) (물) (언덕) A post in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.55 Long. 128.09.

*련숙ᄒᆞ다 l. 練熟 (련단홀) (닉을) To become skilful by practice; to drill one's self; to be throughly trained.

*련습함 l. 練習艦 (련단홀) (닉힐) (배) A training ship.

*련습ᄒᆞ다 l. 練習 (련단홀) (닉힐) To practise the use of any thing; to drill. *See* 교련ᄒᆞ다.

*련승젹 s. 連乘積 (니을) (곱) (셔쥭) Continued Product.

*련승ᄒᆞ다 s. 連勝 (니을) (이길) To have uninterrupted success; to win continuously.

*련실 s. 蓮實 (련못) (열미) The lotus seed. *See* 련밤

*련쇄 s. 連鎖 (니을) (줄을쇠) A chain. A small pouch whose mouth is fastened with a string arranged like a chain.

*련쇄법 s. 連鎖法 (니을) (줄을쇠) (법) Chain rule.

*련약 l. 練藥 (련단홀) (약) Medicine prepared in the form of paste or ointment.

*련어 s. 鰱魚 (련어) (고기) A variety of salmon.

*련엽 s. 蓮葉 (련못) (닙) A lotus leaf.

*련엽반상 s. 蓮葉盤床 (련못) (닙) (소반) (상) A table with a complete set of brass dishes.

*련엽쥬 s. 蓮葉酒 (련못) (닙) (술) Lotus leaf wine.

*련엽쥬발 s. 蓮葉鉢 (련못) (닙) (쥬발—*발) A deep shaped brass bowl.

*련옥 l. 煉獄 (련단홀) (옥) Purgatory.

*련옥사 l. 煉玉砂 (련단홀) (옥) (모래) Sand used for grinding and polishing jade.

*련육 s. 蓮肉 (련못) (고기) The kernel of the lotus seed. *See* 련실. The seeds of *Nelumbium speciosum.*

*련일 s. 連日 (련홀) (날) Consecutive days; day after day; every day; several days in succession. *See* 속일.

*련원 s. 連原 (니을) (어덕) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do Lat. 37.01 Long. 127.07.

*련졉ᄒᆞ다 s. 連接 (니을) (붓흘) To be close; to be adjoining; to be intimate. *See* 린졉ᄒᆞ다.

*련천련승호다 s. 連阪連勝 (니을) (샤홀) (니을 ,셔길 ... ight and ... succession. *See* 련천련승호다.

*련천련퍼ᄒᆡ호다 s. 連戰連敗 (니을) (샤홀) (니을 ,셔길 ... ight and ... in succession.

련즐련즐 s. Through this one and that.

*련쥬창 s. 連珠瘡 (니을) (구슬) (헌데) Scrofula.

*련지봉 s. 連枝峯 (니을) (가지) 뫼봉오리) A mountain in Ham-kyong-do Lat. 41.47 Long. 12...

*련하 s. 連坐 (니을) (안질) A fault —for which one becomes responsible.

*련참 s. 連參 (니을) (참교) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*련천 s. 連川 (스틈) (내) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do Lat. 37.59 127.18.

*련츄쩨 s. 連樞 (니을) (가대나무) The cross poles—on a high sedan-chair or a bier. *See* 장강쥴.

*련ᄒᆞ ... because of; through. *See* 지호.

*련텰 s. 鍊鐵 (뷔일) (쇠) Tempered iron.

*련통긔관 s. 聯筒機關 (니을, 통) ,긤) (집) A coupled engine

*련통관 s. 連通管 (니을) (통홀) (가누ᄆᆞᆯ) Communicating tubes.

*련패ᄒᆞ다 s. 連敗 (니을) (패홀) To meet with continuous defeat; to be beaten time after time.

*련푸 ... ᄒᆞ ... 니을, 안으 ... 푸. (나무) A tree measuring one stretch of the arms in circumference. *See* 아름드리.

*련푸ᄒᆞ다 s. 連縛 (니을) (푸 ᄆᆞ복) To fasten together— in a line.

*련풍ᄒᆞ다 s. 連豊 (니을) (풍년) To have a succession of good crops

*련합 s. 聯合 (련홀) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Coalition.

*련합군 s. 聯合軍 (니을) ,모ᄃᆞᆯ) 군ᄉᆞ) Allied armies.

*련합ᄒᆞ다 s. 聯合 (니을) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To combine or unite; to form an alliance; to reunite.

*련화화 s. 蓮華花 (련옷) (옷다울) (옷) The primrose. *Primula Cortusoides*

*련합데운동 s. 聯合大運動 (련홀) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) ... ᄒᆞᆫ ... for field exercise and sports.

*련ᄒᆞᆫ ... connected by marriage. *See* 혼련ᄒᆞ다.

*련흉 s. 連凶 (니을) (흉홀) A succession of years of famine.

*련ᄒᆞ다 s. 連 (니을) To connect; ... tinue; to include. To keep on ...

련화 s. 蓮花 (련옷) (옷) The lotus flower.

*련화 s. 蓮花 (련) (옷) An Island in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 34.28 Long. 128 26.

*련화경 s. 蓮華經 (련옷) (ᄇᆡᆨ날) (글 The lotus *Sutra* the standard classic of the ... hool of Buddhism.

*련화도 ... 連花島 (니을) (옷) (섬) An ... Kyong-sang do Lat. 34.32 Long. 128 ...

*련화딕 s. 蓮花臺 (련옷) (옷) (집) The highest heaven—of the Buddhists. *See* 극락세계.

*련화봉 s. 蓮花峯 (련옷) (옷) (봉오리) The lotus paradise—of the Buddhists.

*련환ᄒᆞ다 s. 連環 (니을) (고리) To chain.

*렬거 s. 列車 (벌) (수레) A railway train

*렬거시간 s. 列車時間 (벌) (수레) (ᄯᅢ) (ᄉᆞ이) The time of the trains.

*렬거시간표 s. 列車時間表 (벌) (수레) (ᄯᅢ) (ᄉᆞ이) (표홀) A railway time-table

*렬거ᄒᆞ다 s. 列擧 (벌) (들) To quote precedents.

*렬교 s. 烈敎 (ᄆᆡ여질) (구로칠) Heretical doctrine. Protestantism—so called by the Roman Catholics.

*렬국 s. 列國 (벌) (나라) The several kingdoms; the several states. All the countries of the world; the several kingdoms of the *Chu* dynasty. *See* 각국.

*렬국지 s. 列國誌 (벌) (나라) (긔록) The records of the several kingdoms of the *Chu* dynasty (from the 8th to the 5th centuries, B. C.)

*렬녀 s. 烈女 (ᄆᆡ울) (계집) A virtuous woman—as one who will not remarry. *See* 정녀

*렬등 s. 劣等 (용렬홀) (무리) Inferior; worse.

*렬등인죵 s. 劣等人種 (용렬홀) (무리) (씨) A low race of humanity; an inferior race of people.

*렬명ᄎᆡ s. 列名記 (벌) (일홈) (긔록) A list of names.

*렬명ᄒᆞ다 s. 列名 (벌) (일홈) To enter names in a record. *See* 게명ᄒᆞ다.

*렬원 s. 列遠 (벌) (가) A post station in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.13 Long. 129.08.

*렬부 s. 烈婦 (렬울) (며느리) A chaste woman; a faithful wife.

*렬비 s. 劣比 (용렬홀) (견줄) Ratio of less inequality

*렬셩 s. 列聖 (렬) (셩인) A succession of emperors or sovereigns; successive emperors

*렬셩됴 s. 列聖朝 (렬) (셩인) (아홈) The several former kings of the present dynasty; the present dynasty down to the present king.

*렬소 s. 烈士 (렬울) (션비) A hero; a patriot. *See* 절소.

*렬어구 s. 列禦寇 (렬) (막을) (도적) A famous magician of the time of Confucius.

*렬위 s. 列位 (렬) (버슬) A term used for addressing an assembly or party as in a letter.

*렬읍 s. 列邑 (렬) (고을) The several official districts. *See* 각읍

*렬왕 s. 列王 (렬) (님금) Successive kings.

*렬왕긔 s. 列王記 (렬) (님금) (긔록) The Book of Kings—of Old Testament.

*렬왕긔락 s. 列王紀略 (렬) (님금) (긔록) (소략) The Book of Kings of the Old Testament. *See* 렬왕긔

*렬전 s. 列傳 (렬) (젼홀) Biographies.

*렬조 s. 列祖 (렬) (할아바) Generations of ancestors.

*렬좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 列坐 (렬) (안질) To sit in order; to sit in rows.

*렬칭 s. 捩秤 (어긔여질) (저울) Torsion balance.

*렬파ᄒᆞ다 s. 裂破 (찌여질) (헤칠) To be broken; to be torn.

*렬풍 s. 烈風 (렬울) (바람) A violent wind.

*렬후 s. 列侯 (렬) (졔후) All the daimios, the several daimios concerned.

*렬화 s. 烈火 (렬울) (불) A fierce fire.

*렴 s. 廉 (청렴) An unpropitious influence—near an ancestral grave. (흉ᄒᆞ다).

*렴 s. 殮 (렴) A composition in the character—with proper reference to high and low characters. (보다).

*렴가 s. 廉價 (청렴) (갑) Low price; cheapness.

*렴결 s. 廉潔 (청렴) (몸울) Probity; integrity, uprightness; honest; upright.

*렴결지ᄉᆞ s. 廉潔之士 (청렴) (몸울) (갈) (션비) An upright gentleman; a man of integrity.

*렴결ᄒᆞ다 s. 廉潔 (청렴) (몸울) To be upright; to be honest; to be straightforward; to be strict.

렴구 l. 殮具 (렴습홀) (그릇) The various things used when putting a corpse into a coffin.

*렴리 s. 廉吏 (청렴) (아젼) An upright or honest official

렴문 s. 廉問 (청렴) 무를) Finding out officially—as the attitude of the people. *See* 탐문

*렴문ᄒᆞ다 s. 廉問 (청렴) (무를) To spy out; to find out officially—the attitude of the people. *See* 수렴ᄒᆞ다.

렴습 l. 殮襲 (렴습홀) (엄습) The laying out of a body for burial. *See* 렴.

*렴습ᄒᆞ다 l. 殮襲 (렴습홀) (엄습) To lay out a body for burial *See* 쇼렴ᄒᆞ다

렴의 s. 廉義 (청렴) (올흘) Modesty, shame; politeness. (Prov.) *See* 렴치

렴의ᄒᆞ다 s. 斂衽 (거둘) 옷깃 임) 어, 원 To lap over; to fold over

렴의업다 s. 서; 슨 To be shameless.

*렴절 s. 廉節 (청렴) (마듸) Probity; uprightness; straightforwardness.

*렴정셩 s. 廉貞星 (청렴) (곳올) (별) The name of a star in the constellation of the Great Bear.

렴직 s. 廉直 (청렴) (곳올) Uprightness; honesty, straightforwardness; upright, honest.

렴직ᄒᆞ다 s. 廉直 (청렴) (곳올) To be upright; to be honest; to be straightforward, to be strict.

렴치 s. 廉恥 (청렴) (붓그러올) Modesty, shame, politeness. (법다). *See* 렴의;

렴탐군 s. 廉探軍 (청렴) (더듬을) (군소) An official spy. *See* 정탐군

*렴탐ᄒᆞ다 l. 廉探 (청렴) (더듬을) To spy out officially; to find out secretly. *See* 탐문ᄒᆞ다

*렴포 l. 殮布 (렴습홀 뵈 cloth *See* 쇼렴포

*렵ᄒᆞ다 l. 殮 (렴습ᄒᆞ To lay out a corpse; to place a body in a coffin. *See* 슈시ᄒᆞ다.

*렵견 s. 獵犬 (산양) (개) A hunting dog.

*렵동ᄒᆞ다 s. 踏等 (발) (무리) To omit; to pass over; to disregard.

*렵렵ᄒᆞ다 s. 獵獵 (발) (발) To be surpassingly clever; to be very bright; to excel *See* 랍랍ᄒᆞ다.

렵션 s. 獵船 (산양) (비) Any vessel or boat used for the purposes of hunting or fishing.

*립총 n. 獵銃 (렵총) (총) A gun used for hunting purposes; a fowling piece.

*례 n. 禮 (례) Ceremony; etiquette; politeness. *See* 례의.

*례겸호다 / 例兼 (젼례) (겸호) To combine with; to hold as well—as of a double office.

*례긔 n. 禮記 (례) (긔록) The *Book of Rites*—a part of the Confucian Canon.

*례납도 / 例納條 (젼례) (드릴) (가지) Regular contributions.

*례단 n. 禮緞 (례) (바단) Presents of silk. *See* 례물.

례답다 形 (례답-, 례다-) To be polite, to be ceremonious. *See* 례절답다.

*례뎐 n. 禮典 (례도) (법) A rite; a ceremony, or sacrament.

*례도 n. 禮度 (례도) (법도) Ceremony; the law of rites. *See* 례절.

*례모 n. 禮帽 (례도) (사모) A hat worn on ceremonial occasions.

*례모 n. 禮貌 (례도) (얼골) Politeness; civility. *See* 례문.

*례모답다 n. 禮貌 (례도) (얼골) 다와; 온 To be polite; to be civil. *See* 례답다

*례문 n. 禮文 (례도) (글) Courtesy; demeanor. *See* 례법.

*례물 n. 禮物 (례도) (물건) Presents; gifts—offered in ceremony. *See* 폐빛. A present given as a mark of gratitude.

례바르다 n. 밭나; 바른 To be close; to be tight-fisted. To be exact.

*례방 n. 禮房 (례도) (방) The officer in charge of government ceremonies.

*례법 n. 禮法 (례도) (법) Rules of politeness; etiquette. *See* 례도

*례복 n. 禮服 (례도) (옷) Ceremonial dress; dress clothes.

*례부가폐 n. 禮不可廢 (례도) (아닐) (올흠) (폐도) A ceremony not to be neglected. *See* 불역지젼.

*례빈 n. 禮賓 (례도) (졉) Worship. (Christian.) A week.

*례빈날 n. 禮賓日 (례도) (졉) (날—*일) 주일; 일요일.

*례빈당 n. 禮賓堂 (례도) (졉) (집) A Christian chapel or church.

*례빈일 n. 禮賓日 (례도) (날) The Christian Sabbath; Sunday. 주일

*례빈호다 n. 禮賓 (례도) (졉) 하다 —a term used by Christians. *See* 례도호다

*례산 n. 禮山 (례도) (뫼) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. 36.29 Long [illegible]

례셔 n. 禮書 (례셔) (글) Ornamental [illegible] of writing. *See* 젼주.

*례슈 / 禮首 (례셔) (머리) B.C. 2697. The great inventor of notation, associated with the *Yellow Emperor*.

례식 n. 禮式 (례도) (법) Forms of etiquette; a rite; ceremony; forms.

*례식관 n. 禮式官 (례도) (법) (벼슬) A master of ceremony, an official.

례식원 n. 禮式院 (례도) (법) (집) Ceremonial Department.

례소 / 例事 (젼례) (일) A common [illegible] a matter that is according to [illegible] *See* 상소.

례소롭다 / 如常 (又흘—*여) (썻썻 *상) 모와. 온 To be common; to be ordinary; to be of no account. *See* 여상호다.

례악 n. 禮樂 (례도) (풍류) Ceremony and music.

례악문물 n. 禮樂文物 (례도) (풍류) (글) (만물) Ceremony, music, and literature.

[illegible] 禮安 (례도) (편안) A prefect in [illegible] ng do Lat. 36.50 Long. 128.39.

례안동 n. 禮安東 (례도) (편안) (동녁) The two counties of Ye-an and An-dong—the home of the gentry. (K.S.)

*례외 / 例外 (젼례) (밧긔) Exceptional, unprecedented; not coming under any rule.

*례우호다 n. 禮遇 (례도) (덕접홀) To treat with ceremony or courtesy; to pay deference to; to show respect or courtesy; to treat a person with proper ceremony; to behave with decorum.

*례의 n. 禮義 (례도) (올흠) Civilization; ceremony and patriotism. *See* 례도

*례의 n. 禮儀 (례도) (거동) Etiquette; decorum; propriety; ceremony.

례의염치 n. 禮義廉恥 (례도) (올흠) (청렴) (붓그러울) Ceremony, patriotism, purity, modesty. *See* 인의례지.

*례의지방 n. 禮義之邦 (례도) (올흠) (갈) (나라) A civilized state.

*례장 n. 禮狀 (례도) (글월) A letter proposing marriage—sent by the father of the would-be bridegroom. *See* 션처.

*례절 n. 禮節 (례도) (마듸) Etiquette; ceremony; formality. *See* 례도.

례절답다 形 (례절답-, 례절다-) (마듸 -*절) 다와 온 To be [illegible] to be according to the proper forms. *See* 례모답다.

*례제 n. 例制 (젼례) (법) A usage; a custom, a precedent. According to custom. (Prov.) *See* 례소.

*례제건 n. 例制件 (젼례)(법)(건) A common affair; a matter of custom or precedent. *See* 례소건.

*례조 s. 禮曹 (례도) (무리) The Board of Ceremonies.

*례조관서 s. 禮曹判書 (례도)(무리)(판단)(글) The President of the Board of Ceremonies—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree.

*례천 s. 醴泉 (돈슐) (심) A delicious fountain; a sweet spring. A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.39 Long. 128.25.

*례차 s. 禮次 (례도) (차례) Position; place—according to rite or custom.

*례판 s. 禮判 (례도)(판단) The President of the Board of Ceremonies—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 례조관서

*령 s. 零 (떠러질) Zero.

*령 s. 令 (호여곰) A government order. (누리다). *See* 령.

*령 s. 嶺 (고리) A mountain pass. (넘다). *See* 고리.

*령 s. 靈 (신령) The soul; the spirit. *See* 신.

*령감 s. 令監 (호여곰) (볼) Your grace; your worship. Mr. (Respect).

*령감 s. 令甲 (호여곰)(갑옷) An imperial edict.

*령거ᄒᆞ다 v. 領去 (가누릴) (갈) To lead; to conduct—officially. *See* 령솔ᄒᆞ다.

*령길스럽다 v. 靈吉 신령 좋을 스러워; 운 To be miraculous; to be skilful—as a wizard. *See* 령ᄒᆞ다.

*령길ᄒᆞ다 v. 靈驗 (신령) (증험—*혐) To be miraculous; to be skilful.

*령뉴 s. 令閨 (호여곰) (집) Your excellent wife—an honorable term.

*령긔 s. (—쎠) 令旗 (호여곰) (긔) A flag used to direct the movements of troops. *See* 슈긔.

*령긔 s. 靈氣 신령 긔운 Influence, advantage. (업다). *See* 효험.

*령관 s. 領官 거누릴 벼슬 A lieutenant general. *See* 뒤관

*령광 s. 靈光 (신령) (빗) A prefect in Chul-a-do Lat. 35.12 Long. 126.78.

*령남 s. 嶺南 (고리 남녁) *Kyong-sang* province south of the *Cho* pass. *See* 경샹도.

*령남 s. 令男 (호여곰) (사나희) Your son—an honorific term

령내다 v. 내슴 ᄒᆞ* 줄 호여곰—*령) 여 낸 To issue orders; to command.

*령낭 s. 令娘 호여곰 계집 Your excellent daughter; (used also, though not so frequently, in reference to the daughter of a third person). An honorific term used in speaking of another's daughter; a young lady; Miss.

*령뎜 s. 零點 (떠러질) (뎜) A cypher—in numeration; the small circle used for purposes of punctuation or emphasis—in writing.

*령뎨 s. 令弟 (호여곰) (아오) Your excellent younger brother—an honorific term.

*령동 s. 嶺東 (고리)(동녁) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*령디 s. 領地 (거누릴)(짜) Any territory over which a country rules, a possession; a dependency; a colony; the dominions of a state.

*령디 s. 靈地 (신령) (짜) Any celebrated holy place; (applied chiefly to Buddhist sacred places).

*령뎡 s. 靈寢 (신령) (집) The name of a palace built by *Nuh-yung*. The heart; the mind.

*령락ᄒᆞ다 v. 零落 (떠러질) (떠허질) To wither—of flowers; to fall—of leaves; to lose one's fortune; to be ruined—of persons.

*령랑 s. 令郎 (호여곰)(사나희) Your excellent son—an honorific.

*령롱ᄒᆞ다 v. 玲瓏 (령롱ᄒᆞᆯ) (령롱ᄒᆞᆯ) To be elegant; to be regular in appearance. *See* 찰홀ᄒᆞ다. To be bright and clear; to be brilliant; to be transparent

*령륜 s. 伶倫 (광대) (인륜) The supposed founder of the art of music, a contemporary of the Yellow Emperor.

*령리ᄒᆞ다 v. 伶俐 (령리ᄒᆞᆯ)(령리ᄒᆞᆯ) To be clever; to be bright; to be intelligent. *See* 총명ᄒᆞ다

*령망ᄒᆞ다 v. 伶俐 (령리ᄒᆞᆯ)(맘녕) To be clever; to be intelligent.

*령문 s. 令聞 (호여곰) (드를) A happy piece of news.

령물 s. 靈物 (신령) (만물) An animal of marked instincts; a creature of intelligence. *See* 이물.

*령민ᄒᆞ다 v. 伶敏 (령리ᄒᆞᆯ) (민깁) To be clever; to be bright. *See* 명민ᄒᆞ다, 령리ᄒᆞ다.

*령반 s. 領班 (거느릴) (반열) The chairman of an assembly; the chief of the official class.

*령불스럽다 s. 靈妙 (신령) (다를) 러워, 운 To be miraculous; to be mysterious.

*령묘하다 s. 靈妙 (신령), 다를 I. To be mysterious, to be miraculous; to be strange.

*령복 s. 令僕 (훈여공), 존 Your excellent retainer or man-servant; (used also, though not so frequently, in reference to the servant of a third person)

*령사 s. 靈砂 (신령) 모래) Sulphide of mercury

*령사업히다 s. 勞査勘從 (다룰) (사실 조) (업) (히실) To examine specially and with great care.

*령산 s. 靈山 (신령) (뫼) A prefecture in Kyong sang do Lat. 35.21 Long. 128.37, a mountain in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.48 Long. 126.52. A sacred mountain

*령장 s. 令狀 (훈여공) (문서) Written instructions; a written order, a warrant.

*령산 s. 嶺上 (고지, 누) A mountain peak; the top of a hill.

*령상 s. 領相 (거느릴) (도울) The Chief Minister of State—an officer of the 1st degree. *See* 령합, 정의정.

*령세 s. 靈洗 (신령) (씨슬) Baptism—as performed by Roman Catholics. *See* 세례.

*령성 s. 鈴聲 방울) (소리) The tinkling of a bell; the sound or note of a bell

*령셜하다 s. 零屑 (떠러질) (부) To be fragmentary; to be broken up; to be in ruins. *See* 령셜하다.

*령손 s. 令孫 (훈여공) (손조) Your excellent grandson—an honorific.

*령솔하다 領率 거느릴) (거느릴) 솔 To command; to lead; to direct. 령솔하다.

*령소 s. 靈沼 신령 못 The name of a lake in "Dragon park" of ofking 문왕 (1150 B. C.).

*령수 s. 零數 떠러질 (두어) 수 A remainder in subtraction. *See* 령수.

*령슈 s. 領袖 (거느릴) (소매) A Church Leader.

*령수 s. 領首 (거느릴) (머리) A leader; chief.

*령슈인 s. 領收人 (거느릴) (거둘) (사롬) A receiver.

*령슈증 s. 領收證 (거느릴) (거둘) (증거) A receipt of money, goods, or a letter. *See* 령슈표.

*령슈표 s. 領收票 거느릴) (거둘) (표) A receipt.

*령슈하다 s. 領收 (거느릴) (거둘) To receive; to acknowledge the receipt of.

*령소 s. 領事 (거느릴) (일) A foreign minister; a consul. *See* 공소.

*령소관 s. 領事官 (거느릴) (일) (벼슬) A [illegible] tive; a minister; a consul. *See* 공소관

*령소관 s. 領事館 (거느릴) (일) (각사) A foreign [illegible] on; a consulate. *See* 공소관.

*령소슈수료 s. 領事手數料 (거느릴) (일) (손) (두어) (러우릴) Consular fees.

*령소직무됴약 s. 領事職務條約 (거느릴) (일) (벼슬) (직분) (가지) (연약, Consular convention

[illegible] 마르질, (관단) 쳔세) Consular jurisdiction

령소지관소 s. 領事裁判所 (거느릴) (일) (마르질 (관단) (곳) A Consular Court.

*령숨 s. 領蔘 고지) (숨) Cultivated ginseng from Yongnam.

*령암 s. 靈巖 신령 (바회) A prefect in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.43 Long. 126.39.

[illegible] revealed I v d. [illegible]

*령양 s. 羚羊 (양) (양) An antelope, *antilope cevapa.*

*령양각 s. 羚羊角 (양) (양) (쓸) Antelope's horns—a medicine.

*령유 s. 靈囿 신령) (동산) A park of king 문 of the 주 dynasty, 1150 B.C. (B.C.)

*령유 s. 靈榆 신령) (느릅나무) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*령윤 s. 令胤 (훈여공) (맛아들) Your son—an honorific term.

*령의졍 s. 領議政 (거느릴) (의론) (정소) [illegible] thee of the 1st degree. *See* 령의대신.

*령인 s. 令愛 (훈여공) (소랑) Your daughter. (Respect.)

*령적 s. 靈蹟 신령) (자최) A miracle.

*령전 s. 零錢 (떠러질) (돈) Small change; small amounts—of money. *See* 령조.

*령전 s. 令箭 (훈여공) (살) An arrow given by the king as a token of authority vested in the holder thereof.

*령전 s. 令前 (훈여공, (앞) Before orders are issued. *Opp.* 령후.

*령전령후 s. 令前令後 (호여픔) (압) (호여픔) 令下 P'ore and after official orders have gone forth.

*령전물령호다 s. 令前出他 (호여픔) (압) (날) 다 To leave before orders are issued.

*령리스럽다 s. 精切 (신령) (곤졀) 리워; 운 to be subtle, to be ingenious; to be lu seeing 도 잉김스럽다.

*령주산 s. 靈芝山 (신초) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.45. Long 128.35.

*령즙 s. 令妹 (호여픔) (족하) Your neglected honorific term

*령치 s. 零尺 (떠러질) (잣술 A surplus. See 여수

*령좌 s. 領座 (거느릴) 자리 The most experienced, the oldest. See 좌상.

*령천 s. 令川 (호여픔 심) A post station in Chang-yang-do.

*령츄산 s. 靈鷲山 (신령) (독슈리) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.29 Long 128.32.

*령축 s. 零縮 (떠러질) (우무러질) A deficit or surplus. (엽다) See 족부족.

*령칙 s. 令飭 (호여픔) (신칙 An order; a command.

*령칙호다 s. 令飭 (호여픔) (신칙홀) To order; to command.

*령태 s. 靈體 (신령) (몸) A spiritual or sacred body.

*령토 s. 領土 (거느릴) 흙 Any territory over which a country rules. See 령디.

*령홀동 s. 靈窟洞 (신령) (동혈) (골) A village in Kyong-keui-do (Changdan).

*령희 s. 嶺 (모지) A mountain pass.

*령흥 s. 永興 (신령) (개) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

령항 s. 領閣 (거느릴) (집) The Chief Minister of State. See 졍리.

*령험 s. 靈驗 (신령) (증험) The efficacy of a prayer.

*령험호다 s. 靈驗 (신령) (증험) To be miraculous; to be skilful—as a sorcerer See 령호다.

*령혜호다 s. 靈慧 (신령) (슬긔) To be spiritual and enlightened.

*령호도 s. 令狐綯 (호여픔) (여호) (삭기) A noted Chinese Minister of Tang 850 A.D.

*령혼 s. 靈魂 (신령) (혼) The soul. See 혼.

*령호다 s. 靈 (신령) To be skilful—as a sorcerer. 능령검호다.

*로 s. 櫓 (로) An oar. (짙호다) (젓다).

*로 s. 爐 (화로) The blacksmith-shop of a mint.

로각 l. Ripe cucumbers.

*로각 l. 老角 (늙을) (뿔) Deer horns, which are full grown.

로강 l. 老薑 (늙을) (성강) Ginger that has been kept over.

로강 l. 鷺江 (물) (물) A river in P'yong-an-do.

*로강쥽 l. 露薑汁 (이슬) (성강) (즙낼) Ginger that has been exposed to the dew.

*로경에 l. 老境 (늙을) (디경) In old age. See 죄경에.

*로고 l. 老姑 (늙을) (할미) An old woman. See 로구.

*로고초 l. 老姑草 (늙을) (할미) (풀) The *Anemone patens.* See 할미쏫.

*로고호다 s. 勞苦 (슈고로올) (괴로올) To suffer from fatigue; to labor.

*로곤호다 s. 勞困 (슈고로올) (곤홀) To be fatigued; to be worn out. See 괴곤호다.

*로골 s. 顱骨 (머리쩨) (쩨) The skull.

*로구 l. 老姑 (늙을) (할미) An old woman; an old dame. See 로파.

*로구 s. 爐口 (솥가리) (입) A small rice kettle. (걸다).

로구거리 s. A game played with five stones that are pitched and caught.

*로구메 s. 爐口飯 (솥가리) (입) (밥 *반) Sacrificial rice—as offered to the spirit of the hills. (드리다)

*로구장이 s. 老姑 (늙을) (할미) A prostitute master or mistress. See 뚜장이.

*로국 s. 露國 (이슬) (나라) Russia. See 아라소.

*로국 s. 魯國 (나라 (나라 The *Nu* Kingdom of China in which Confucius was born. See 로나라.

*로기 l. 老妓 (늙을) (창기) An old singer or harlot

*로나라 s. 魯國 (나라) (나라—*국) The native State of Confucius the annals of which (722 B.C. to 481 B.C.) form the subject for the *Spring* and *Autumn* Classic.

*로년에 l. 老年 (늙을) (히) In age; in old age.

로닥두리 l. An old annual.

*로뎐 s. 蘆田 (갈) (밧) A reed swamp or flat.

*로ᄋᆞ s. 蘆蓆 (갈) (자리) A reed mat. *See* 갓자리.

로덩ᄒᆞ다 v. 定 (ᄌᆞᆫ) 당ᄒᆞ다 To decide, to settle definitely. *See* 결뎡ᄒᆞ다.

로도 l. 路途 길 ᄉᆞ둉ᄒᆞᆯ Fatigue from a journey.

*로동 s. 勞動 (슈고로올) (움직일) Labour; toil; effort.

*로동사회 s. 勞動社會 (슈고로올) (움직일) (회샤) (모들) The working Classes.

*로동자 s. 勞動者 (슈고로올) (움직일) (놈) A labourer.

*로동ᄒᆞ다 v. 勞動 (슈고로올 움직일) To labour.

*로두 s. 顱頭 (머리ᄯᅴ) (머리) The head.

*로둔ᄒᆞ다 s. 魯鈍 (로둔ᄒᆞᆯ) (무딜) To be stupid; to lack sense. *See* 우미ᄒᆞ다.

*로략 s. 擄掠 (로략ᄒᆞᆯ) (로략ᄒᆞᆯ) Robbery; pillage.

*로략질ᄒᆞ다 s. 擄掠 (로략ᄒᆞᆯ) (로략ᄒᆞᆯ) To pillage; to rob; to plunder.

*로량진 s. 露梁津 (이슬) (들치) (나루) A fort in Kyeui-do (Yang-ju). *See* 로ᄃᆞᆯ.

*로력 s. 勞力 (슈고로올) (힘) Bodily effort; labor. *See* 로심.

로력ᄒᆞ다 s. 勞力 (슈고로올 ᄒᆞᆷ) To exert one's strength—of body. *See* 근로ᄒᆞ다.

*로렬ᄒᆞ다 s. 陸列 (버릴) (버릴) To note down in order; to record.

*로령 s. 露領 (이슬) (거누릴) Dependancies under the Russian Government.

*로령ᄒᆞ다 s. 露營 (드러낼) (진) To encamp in the open; to be without shelter for troops.

*로론 l. 老論 (늙을) (의론) The 1st of the four political parties of Korea—2nd *Soyen*, 3rd *Namin*, 4th *Sopeuk*. *See* 셔인.

로류장화 / 路柳墻花 길 버들 ᄃᆞᆫ (ᄯᅩᆺ) Road-willows and wallflowers—prostitutes and dancing-girls.

*로동 s. 魯陵 (나라) (언덕) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do Lat. 37.36 Long 128.05.

*로리 l. 老吏 (늙을) (아젼) An old *yamen* writer.

로리데 / 老來 (늙을 ᄋᆞ ᄃᆞ ᄋᆞ when old age comes on. *See* 로경에

*로리조 l. 老萊子 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆯ ᄯᅩ ᄃᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ Chinaman who lived under the ᄒᆞ dynasty, noted for his filial piety—when seventy years of age he danced to entertain his parents.

*로망 l. 老妄 (늙을) (망녕) Childishness; foolishness—of old age.

*로망ᄒᆞ다 l. 老妄 (늙을) (망녕) To dote; to be childish. *See* 로혼ᄒᆞ다.

*로모 l. 老母 (늙을) (어미) One's old mother.

*로문 l. 路文 (길) (글) A way bill—sent as an order to have the various stopping places in readiness for an official. *See* 션문.

*로문놋ᄒᆞ다 l. 路文 (길) (글) 노하; 호 To send a way bill ahead—as an order to have stopping places in readiness for an official.

*로병지여에 l. 老病之餘 (늙을) (병들) (갈) (남을) An infirm old man.

*로방 l. 路傍 (길) (겻) The side of a road; wayside.

로ᄇᆡᆫ지 s. The blade of an ear.

*로변 / 路邊 (길) (가 The road-side. *See* 도방.

*로병 l. 老兵 (늙을) (군ᄉᆞ) Experienced soldiers; seasoned troop

*로병 l. 老病 (늙을) (병들) Sickness due to age. *See* 로환.

*로복 l. 老僕 (늙을) (죵) An old retainer or servant.

*로부 l. 老婦 (늙을) (지어미) An old wife.

*로부 l. 老父 (늙을) (아비) An aged father.

*로비 l. 路費 (길) (허비) Traveling expenses. *See* 로ᄌᆞ.

*로 ᄀᆞᆺ 되 ᄀᆞᆫ (길 ᄉᆞᆯ (올들) (ᄆᆡᆺ침 Strong and not to be broken into.

*로산 l. 老産 (늙을) (날) Childbirth late in life. *See* 만산.

*로산 s. 魯山 (나라) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-won-do Lat. 37.29 Long. 128.07.

로새 s. 騾 (ᄆᆞ라) A mule.

*로상인 / 路上人 길 ᄋᆞᆫ (ᄉᆞᆯ ᄒᆞ) A passing aquaintance; a person not on the road.

*로상에 l. 路上 (길) (ᄋᆞᆫ) On the road; on a journey.

*로셔아 l. 露西亞 (이슬) (셔녁) (버금) Russia.

*로세 l. 路貰 (길) (세ᄉᆞᆯ) Toll.

*로셩 s. 魯城 (나라) (지) A prefect in [illegible] Lat. [illegible] 127 E.

*로성시인 *l.* 老成之人 (늙을)(일을)(갈)(사룸) A matured person; a man of judgment.

*로성ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 老成 (늙을) (일을) To be dignified; to be honest; to be matured *See* 숙셩ᄒᆞ다.

*로쇼 *l.* 老少 (늙을)(젊을) Old and young. *See* 장유.

*로쇼간 *l.* 老少間 (늙을) (젊을) (소이) Between old and young.

*로쇼동락 *l.* 老少同樂 (늙을)(젊을)(ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (즐거울) Old and young rejoicing together.

*로쇼론 *l.* 老少論 (늙을) (젊을) (의론) Whether *Noron* or *Soron*—the two great pohtical parties.

*로송 *l.* 老松 (늙을) (소나무) An old pine *See* 고숑.

*로숙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 露宿 (드러낼) (잘) To spend the night in the open air; to sleep out of doors.

*로슈 *l.* 路需 (길) (음식) Funds for traveling. *See* 로ᄌᆞ

*로슈 *l.* 老樹 (늙을) (나무) Old trees or shrubs. *See* 로목.

*로슈신 *s.* 盧守愼 (셩, 직ᄒᆞᆫ) (삼갈) F.S. 光州人 S.S. 蘇齋 A Minister in the time of *Yeiyo*

*로슈ᄒᆞ다 *s* 牢囚 (우리) (가둘) To lock up in prison.

*로숙ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 老熟 늙을 (닉을) To be old and experienced. *See* 로셩ᄒᆞ다.

*로승 *l.* 老僧 늙을 (즁) An old Buddhist, an aged bonze. *See* 로장즁.

*로신 *l.* 老臣 (늙을) (신하) An old servant of the Emperor or king; an aged minister.

*로심 *s.* 勞心 (슈고로울) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) An effort of mind. *Opp.* 로력.

*로심 *s.* 勞心 (슈고로울) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Troubling the mind; care; grief; affliction.

*로심초ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 、 勞心焦思 (슈고로울) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (ᄐᆞᆯ) (싱각) To work hard over—mentally; to be anxious about.

*로심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勞心 슈고로울 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ To exert one's mind. *Opp.* 로력ᄒᆞ다.

*로ᄉᆞ슉유 *l.* 老士宿儒 (늙을) (선비) (닉을) 션ᄉᆡᆼ An aged and experienced scholar.

*로ᄉᆞ신 *s.* 盧思愼 (셩; (싱각) (삼갈) A.D. 1453-1456 The author of *Yeyi-seung-nam.*

*로셩 *s.* 盧生 (셩) (날) A professor of alchemy who lived in the time of the Yellow Emperor.

*로안 *l.* 老眼 (늙을) (눈) The feebleness of eye-sight caused by age.

*로야 *l.* 老爺 (늙을) (아비) "Your worship;" "Sir"—a respectful form of address borrowed from China.

*로약 *l.* 老弱 (늙을) (약ᄒᆞᆯ) Age and weakness.

*로어 *s.* 鱸魚 로어 (고기) *Je cotidinus japonicus.* The sea perch. *Labrax Lauji.* *See* 롱어.

*로열 *s.* (—렬) 老烈 (늙을) (불ᄉᆞᆺ) The last of the summer heat.

*로옹 *l.* 老翁 (늙을) (늙은이) An old man; an elder. *See* 로인.

*로욕 *l.* 老慾 늙을 、욕심, An old man's desires.

*로유 *l.* 老儒 (늙을) (션비) An aged scholar. *See* 로ᄉᆞ슉유.

*로유 *l.* 老幼 (늙을) (어릴) Age and youth. *See* 로쇼.

*로인 *l.* 老人 늙을, (사룸) An old person. *See* 늙은이.

*로인조데 *s* 老人子弟 (늙을) (사룸) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) 아오) A child born in old age.

*로인셩 *l.* 老人星 (늙을 、사ᄅᆞᆷ 、별) The "old man" star; the south polar star. *See* 남극셩.

*로장 *l.* 老將 (늙을) (장수) An old general.

*로장 *l.* 老長 (늙을) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) An elderly person. (Prov.).

*로장즁 *l.* 老長僧 (늙을) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) (즁—*승) An old Buddhist, an aged bonze. *See* 로승.

*로장 (온) 무용 *l.* 老將無用 (늙을) (장슈) 、업슬) (ᄆᆞᆯ) An old general is of no use.

*로적뎜이 / 露積 、드러낼) 싸ᄒᆞᆷ) A heap of rice, fish etc. *See* 로젹갈이.

*로적ᄒᆞ다 、露積 (드러낼) 싸ᄒᆞᆯ) To store up bags of grain. *See* 갈이ᄒᆞ다.

*로졈 *s.* 痨疰 (병 、ᄀᆞᆯ길 Ague and dysentery; diarrhœa. *See* 로체.

*로제 *l.* 路祭 (길) 、제ᄉᆞ A road sacrifice—as offered when on a journey. *See* 젼제.

*로제ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 老除 늙을) (제ᄒᆞᆯ) To retire from active service—because of age. *See* 퇴로ᄒᆞ다.

*로졍 *l.* 路程 (길) (길) The distance by road.

*로졍긔 *l.* 路程記 (길 (길) (긔록) An itinerary; the record of the stages of a journey.

*로졸ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老拙(늙을)(졸ᄒᆞᆯ) To be old and stupid.

로쏘 ᄉᆞ. The peg that serves as a rowlock on which to work an oar.

*로쥬 ᄒᆞᆫ. 露珠(이슬)(구슬) Beads of dew.

*로즁 ᄒᆞᆫ. 路中(길)(가운ᄃᆡ) The middle of a journey; on the way. *See* 로상.

로즁ᄌᆞ ᄉᆞ. 魯仲連(나라 ᄇᆡᆫ호)(버슬) A noted warrior of *Che* China who lived about 300 B.C.

*로직 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老職(늙을)(직업) Rank given to old men—which the gentry receive at seventy, others at eighty.

*로즈 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老子 (늙을)(아ᄃᆞᆯ) The "Old Philosopher"—the father of Taoism.

*로ᄌᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ. 路資 (길) (지ᄆᆞᆯ) Expenses of a journey; funds for traveling. *See* 로ᄇᆡ.

*로쳬 ᄉᆞ. 衰遞 (ᄇᆡᆼ) (ᄇᆡᆼ) Decline; pining away. *See* 상소병.

*로쳘ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老熟 (늙을) (무ᄅᆞᆯ) To be matured; to be old looking—of a young person. *See* 로슉ᄒᆞ다.

*로쳐녀 ᄂᆞ. 老處女 (늙을) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (계집) An old maid. *Opp.* 로총각.

로쳑 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老尺 늙은 (어른을 ᄇᆞᆫ ᄂᆞᆫ clerk ... of old people

*로총각 ᄂᆞ. 老總角 (늙을) (거ᄂᆞ뭇) (쌀) An unmarried man; an old bachelor.

*로츌ᄒᆞ다 ᄃᆞᆼ. 露出 (드러날) (날) To expose.

*로처 ᄂᆞ. 老妻 (늙을) (어ᄆᆡ) Old people and children. (M.)

*로친 ᄂᆞ. 老親 (늙을) (어버이) Aged parents; an aged father.

*로침 ᄂᆞ. 路寢 (길) (잘) A large sleeping room. (B. O.)

*로ᄎᆞ에 ᄂᆞ. 路次 (길) (버금) On one's way home; while coming back

*로파 ᄂᆞ. 老婆 (늙을) (계집) An old woman. *See* 할ᄆᆡᆼ.

로포 ᄂᆞᆷ. 老圃 ᄂᆞ은 ᄉᆡ 농부. An old person—a skilful gardener. (A.

*로필 ᄂᆞ. 老筆 (늙을) (붓) An old man's handwriting.

*로한 ᄉᆞ. 盧閑 (성) (동ᄂᆡ) F. S. 李阿 A Minister of the time of *Se-jong*.

로현 ᄉᆞ. 盧賢 ᄂᆞᆫ, ᄒᆞᆫ 638—713. A noted Buddhist Patriarch of China.

*로형 ᄂᆞ. 老兄 (늙을) (맛) "Elder brother;" you. (Respect). *Opp.* 쇼뎨.

*로호 ᄂᆞ. 老狐 (늙을) (여호) An old fox; a crafty old man—as used metaphorically.

*로혼ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老昏 늙을 (어ᄃᆞᆯ을) To dote; to be childish. *See* 로망ᄒᆞ다.

로회 ᄉᆞ. 蘆灰 (갈ᄃᆡ) (ᄅᆞᆯ) The juice of the ake.

로회탕 ᄒᆞᆫ. 蘆薈湯 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄉᆡ ᄀᆞᆼ) (약ᄌᆡ을) Pilula Aloes et Fo ...

로황 ᄒᆞᆫ. 蘆花 갈ᄃᆡ ᄭᅩᆺ Reed flowers.

로회 ᄒᆞᆫ. 老懷 늙을 ᄉᆞᆷ ᄒᆞ knowledge to ...

록 ᄉᆞ. 祿 (록) Rice given to officials by the government. (두다). *See* 됴.

*록 ᄉᆞ. 綠 (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) Green; blue.

*록각 ᄉᆞ. 鹿角 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄲᆞᆯ) Deer's horns. Hartshorn.

*록각교 ᄉᆞ. 鹿角膠 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄲᆞᆼ) (아교) A medicinal glue made from deer's horns. *See* 록골교.

*록간 ᄉᆞ. 鹿肝 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (간) A deer's liver—a medicine.

*록강츄 ᄉᆞ. 鹿甲蟲 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (갑옷 (버레) Certain beetles of the family *Lucanidæ*.

*록골 ᄉᆞ. 鹿骨 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄲᆡ) Deer's bones—a medicine.

*록골교 ᄉᆞ. 鹿骨膏 (소ᄉᆞᆷ, ᄲᆡ) (기ᄅᆞᆷ) Medicinal glue made from deer's bones. *See* 록각교.

*록과 ᄉᆞ. 鹿蕙 (사ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄇᆡ역) *Rhapsiona lubilis*.

*록매초 ᄉᆞ. 鹿蹄草 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄇᆞᆯᄇᆞᆯ, (풀) Winter-green; skin-leaf.

*록명혈 ᄉᆞ. 鹿頂血 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄂᆡ마) (피) Blood from a deer's head—a medicine.

*록도 ᄉᆞ. 鹿島 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (셤) A naval station in Chol-la-do (Island).

*록두 ᄉᆞ. 綠豆 (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅩᆺ) Lentils or green colored peas.

*록뎌 ᄉᆞ. 鹿藷 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (집) A famous treasure-house of ancient China built by *Kié*, the infamous King of *Ban*.

*록로 ᄉᆞ. 轆轤 (두레) (두레) A capstan; a pulley; a windlass.

*록록ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ. 碌碌 (록록ᄒᆞᆯ) (록록ᄒᆞᆯ) To be useless; to be good-for-nothing; to be lacking in ability. *See* 골약ᄒᆞᆫ약ᄒᆞ다.

*록리 ᄉᆞ. 欒梨 (소ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄇᆡ) Pyrus. The pear

*록림 ᄉᆞ. 綠林 (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) (수ᄑᆞᆯ) A green wood; a forest of trees with thick foliage.

*록림호걱 ᄉᆞ. 綠林豪客 (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) (수ᄑᆞᆯ) (호걸) (손) Thieves; robbers.

*록말 ᄉᆞ. 菉末 (록두) (가로) Lentil flour.

*록모ᄉᆡ ᄉᆞ. 鹿毛色 (사ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄒᆞᆼ역) (빗) Fawn color

*녹밥 ㅅ. 祿食(록)ㅣ밥 ㅅ식 Official salary — rice

*녹봉 ㅅ. 祿俸 록ㅣ봉 Salary; wages

녹비 ㅅ. 鹿皮(소슴 가죽ㅡㅣ Deerskin

불비 (에) 줄왈ㅈ ㅅ. 鹿皮(소슴 (가죽ㅡ에)ㅣ줄ㅡ왈)(글ㅈㅡ)ㅈ The character 曰 written on a deer skin yielding to every influence, as driven here and there by the wind.

*녹비 ㅅ. 祿帖 (록) (에 ㅅ첩) A note for official salary supplies.

*록사 ㅅ. 綠沙(푸를) 모ㅈ) A post station in Chŏl-la-do

*록산 ㅅ. 綠山 푸를 뫼 A post station in Chŏl-la-do

*록슈이 ㅅ. 鹿首(소슴 (손ㅈ) Deer; the fallow deer. See 소슴

*록슈ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 錄送 긔록 (보낼) To record and send, to write down and despatch

*록슈 ㅅ. 綠樹 푸를 나무 Umbrageous trees or shrubs

*록슈청산 ㅅ. 綠水靑山 푸를 물)(푸를) (뫼 Blue water and green mountains.

*록ᄉᆞ ㅅ. 錄事 (긔록) (일) Notification; a record of official transactions; a chronicle. A yamen clerk: an official writer.

*록ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 錄事 (긔록) (일) To write minutes; to keep a record of proceedings; to take notes.

*록ᄉᆡᆨ ㅅ. 綠色 (푸를) (빛) A green color.

*록아도 鹿兒島 소슴 (아ᄒᆡ) (섬) Kagoshima in Kiushiu Japan.

*록야 ㅅ. 鹿野 (소슴) (들) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*록양 ㅅ. 綠楊 (푸를) (버들) Green willows. A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*록옥ᄉᆞ은 ㅅ. 綠玉化水銀 (푸를) (옥) (될 ᄆᆞᆯ) 은) Hydrargyri Jo Mouin Virid.

*록용 ㅅ. 鹿茸 (소슴) (ᄲᅩᆺ아올) The soft core of the young antlers of the deer —used as a medicine

*록음 ㅅ. 綠陰 푸ᄅᆞᆫ (ᄀᆞᆯᆷ, The shade of foliage in trees.

*록음방초 ㅅ. 綠陰芳草 푸를, 그ᄂᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅩᆺ다ᄅᆞᆫ, 향ᄀᆞᆫ, "Deep green and fragrant plants"—a festival in early spring.

*록의홍상 ㅅ. 綠衣紅裳 (푸를) (옷) (붉을) (치마) A green waist and a red skirt.

*록쥭 ㅅ. 綠竹 (푸를) (대) Green bamboo.

*록지 ㅅ. 綠紙 (긔록) (조히) The important points of a letter. See 요록

*록창쥬호 ㅅ. 綠窓朱戶 (푸를) (창) (붉을 (녹게 ᄒᆞᆫ) windows and red doors of official buildings. See 푸ᄅᆞᆫ집

록ᄎᆞ ㅅ. 綠草 (푸를 (ᄎᆞᆯ) Green grass.

록초부르다 ㅅ. 불너 ; 른 To be ruined; to die.

록치 ㅅ. 鹿菜 (소슴) (나물) A kind of edible sea weed, capea elongata.

*록태 ㅅ. 祿太 (록) (콩) Official salary—paid in beans.

*록ᄑᆡ ㅅ. 祿帖 (록) (ᄑᆡ—ᄑᆡ) A note for official salary supplies. See 록비.

*록ᄒᆡ ㅅ. 綠苔 (푸를) (잇기) Green moss.

록포 ㅅ. 鹿脯 (소슴) (포육) Dried venison.

*록피 ㅅ. 鹿皮 (소슴) (가죽) The hide of a deer.

*록혈 ㅅ. 鹿血 (소슴) (피) Deer's blood—medicine.

*론가ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 論價 (의론) (갑) To discuss the price.

론검 ㅅ. 論劫 (의론) (일ᄇᆞᆯ) A question; a refutation; a charge.

*론견ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 論譴 (의론) (일ᄇᆞᆯ) To be charged; to be blamed.

*론급ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 論及 (의론) (밋칠) To enter upon a discussion of; to touch upon in the course of argument.

*론난ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. (란) 論難 (의론) (어려울) I discuss; to talk over. See 거론ᄒᆞ다

론뎨 ㅅ. 論題 (의론) (글뎨) The subject of an argument; text of a discourse; question under debate.

*론도 ㅅ. 論敦 (의론) (도타올) London.

*론리 ㅅ. 論理 (의론) (리치) The principles of reasoning; logic.

*론리뎍 ㅅ. 論理的 (의론) (리치) (뎍실) Logic.

론리셔 ㅅ. 論理書 (의론) (리치) (글) A treatise on logic.

*론리학 ㅅ. 論理學 (의론) (리치) (비홀) The science of logic.

론리ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 論理 (의론) (리치) To talk over the nature; to discuss the abstract principles. See 론난ᄒᆞ다.

*론문 ㅅ. 論文 (의론) (글) A written argument

*론박ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 論駁 (의론) (론박ᄒᆞᆯ) To argue against; to dispute a point. See 론난ᄒᆞ다.

론변 ㅅ. 論辯 (의론) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Argumentation; discussion; disputation, defence.

*론셜 ㅅ. 論說 (의론) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A speech; an editorial.

*론어 ㅅ. 論語 (의론) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The Discourses or Analects of Confucius.

*론죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 論罪 (의론) (죄물) To discuss a case; to inquire into the guilt of a criminal.

*론정 s. 論爭 (의론) (다물) Disputation.

뢰 s. 磊 (돌무덕이) A vein of stones—a matter for consideration in the choosing of a burial site.

뢰고ᄒᆞ다 s. 雷鼓 (우뢰) (북) To beat drums—on entering battle. *See* 뢰고함진

뢰공 s. 雷公 (우뢰) (귀신) The god of thunder.

뢰근 s. 雷根 (우뢰) (약리) Fulgarite.

*뢰관 s. 雷管 (우뢰) (거누릴) A percussion cap.

뢰명번력 s. 雷聲霹靂 (우뢰 뢰명) (벽력 번력) Thunder and lightning. *See* 뢰동번동

뢰ᄂᆞ다 (뢰ᄂᆞ다 우뢰 ᄀᆞ다) To be plagiarized; to be copied in examinations; to be alike.

*뢰랑 s. 雷浪 (우뢰) (돌소리) A prolonged peal of thunder.

뢰ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ다 (뢰ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ다 ᄀᆞ다 ᄒᆞ다 무덕이) (력리질) (력리ᄀᆞᆫ) To be eminent, to be superior.

뢰ᄒᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆫ (뢰ᄒᆞᆫ 말 ᄀᆞᆫ 무덕이) ᄒᆞ다물 (가물) A long argument; a lengthy dispute.

*뢰명 s. 雷名 우뢰 (일홈) A far-resounding name; a glorious or distinguished name.

*뢰문 s. 雷文 (우뢰) (글) A term given to a certain pattern used chiefly as an ornamental edging.

*뢰물 s. 賂物 (뢰물) (만물) A bribe—to an official. *See* 션물.

뢰ᄇᆞᆫ번발 (뢰ᄂᆞᆫ 번ᄀᆞ 우뢰 ᄇᆞᆫ날) 번리 (리별) Comes and goes like a crash of thunder and a flash of lightning—said of a guest.

*뢰셩 s. 雷聲 (우뢰) (소리) Thunder, the sound of thunder. *See* 뢰동; 뢰셩벽력.

*뢰셩벽력 s. 雷聲霹靂 우뢰 소리 벽력 (벽력) Thunder and lightning. *See* 뢰동번동.

*뢰신 s. 雷神 (우뢰) (귀신) The god of thunder.

*뢰우 s. 雷雨 (우뢰) (비) Thunder and rain; a thunder storm.

*뢰전 s. 雷電 (우뢰) (번기) Thunder and lightning.

*뢰쥬 s. 雷州 (우뢰) (고을) Lei-chow in Canton province, China.

*뢰화 s. 雷火 (우뢰) (불) A fire caused by lightning.

*롱 s. 籠 (롱) A case for clothes; a box. (싸다).

*롱 s. 弄 (희롱) Sport; jesting; fun.

*롱간ᄒᆞ다 s. 弄奸 (희롱) (간사) To secretly accomplish one's purposes; to sham. *See* 롱ᄒᆞ다

*롱권ᄒᆞ다 s. 弄權 (희롱) (권셰) To misuse authority; to abuse power.

*롱단 s. 壟斷 (언덕) (믄듕) A height; a projecting point—used of looking out for office. (M.)

*롱담ᄒᆞ다 s. 弄談 (희롱, 말솜) To jest; to joke. *See* 희롱ᄒᆞ다.

*롱됴 s. 籠鳥 (롱) (새) A bird kept in a cage.

*롱권 s. 籠捲 (얽킴) (얽킴) Influence; personal magnetism.

*롱권ᄒᆞ다 s. 籠捲 (얽킴) (얽킴) To exercise an influence; to have personal magnetism.

롱삼장 s. A hemp wrap for packing to sea.

롱어 s. 鱸魚 (로어—*로) (고기—*어) A variety of the perch. *See* 로어.

[illegible] a female child.

*롱와지경 s. 弄瓦之慶 (희롱) (기와) (갈 경ᄉᆞ [illegible] Opp. 롱장지경.

*롱월야 s. 朧月夜 (흐릴) (둘) (밤) A clouded moon-light night.

*롱장 s. 弄璋 (희롱) (홀) The birth of a son.

*롱장지경 s. 弄璋之慶 (롱 홀 갈 경ᄉᆞ [illegible] Opp. 롱와지경.

*롱령치다 s. 弄獰 (희롱) (놀물) 랑쳐; 천 To sport; to play together; to dissipate. *See* 희학질ᄒᆞ다

*롱ᄒᆞ다 s. 弄 (희롱) To play with; to [illegible] *See* 희롱ᄒᆞ다.

*료 s. 料 (료) Salary—paid to soldiers [illegible] 다 ᄂᆞ 롱

*료결나다 s. 了結 (못칠) (결질) 결나; 난 Conclusion; end; termination

*료긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 療飢 (치료ᄒᆞᆯ) (주릴) To eat a little so as to tide over one's hunger.

*료동 s. 遼東 (멀) (동녁) Laotung in China.

료ᄃᆞ지 [illegible] 얼ᄀᆞᆫ ᄃᆞ야지) Laotung pigs—of what is common, abundant.

*료량 s. 料量 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) Capacity, measure. *See* 짐작

*료량ᄒᆞ다 s. 料量 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) To measure; to conjecture. *See* 짐작ᄒᆞ다

*료료ᄒᆞ다 s. 寥寥 ᄑᆞ요 ᄑᆞ요 To be quiet; to be lonely; to be deserted.

*료리 s. 料理 (헤아릴) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Food; fare. *See* 음식.

*료리졈 s. 料理店 (헤아릴) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (집ᄉᆞ 졈) A restaurant.

*료리ᄒᆞ다 s. 料理 (헤아릴) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To manage, to control; to put in order.

료ᄆᆞᆨ다 / 료ᄆᆞᆨ (밥—*ᄉᆞ) (료—*료)어, 은 To live by a salary —as an official underling.

*료미 s. 料米 (료) (쌀) Salary in rice—paid to soldiers and *yamen* underlings. *See* 료미.

*료동반도 s. 遼東半島 (멀) (동녘) (절반) (셤) The Laotung Peninsula.

*료식 s. 料食 (헤아릴) (밥) Materials for food; provisions. Price of boarding.

*료양 s. 遼陽 (멀) (볏) Lao Yang in China.

*료적ᄒᆞ다 s. 寥寂 (고요) (고요) To be quiet; to be silent; to be solitary. *See* 적료ᄒᆞ다.

*료하 s. 遼河 (멀) (물) Lao Ho a river in China.

*료히 s. 遼海 (멀) (바다) Distant sea.

*료화 s. 蓼花 (여귀) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The *polygonum*. Smartweed; Prince's-feather.

*료화대 s. 蓼花莖 (여귀) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (줄기 ᄀᆞᆼ) The stem of the *Polygonum* or smartweed. *See* 룡아대.

*룡 s. 龍 (룡) A dragon.

*룡강 s. 龍岡 (룡 ᄆᆞᆨ) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*룡강 s. 龍崗 (룡 ᄆᆞᆨ) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.47 Long. 129.17.

룡교서 s. The ridge thatch; the thatch along the ridge. *See* 룡마ᄅᆞᆯ

*룡곡 s. 龍谷 (룡) (ᄀᆞᆯ) A post station in Ch'ung ch'ong.

*룡골 s. 龍骨 (룡) (뼈) A dragon's bones.

*룡골목 s. 龍骨木 (룡) (뼈) (나무) *Euphorbia resinifera.*

*룡궁 s. 龍宮 (룡) (집) The dragon palace —in the sea. A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.30 Long. 128.17.

*룡규 s. 龍葵 (룡) (헉ᄇᆞᆫ가지) *Solanum nigrum.*

룡날 s. 辰日 (룡—*진) (날—*일) The dragon day—marked by *Chin* in the calendar. *See* 진일.

*룡녀 s. 龍女 (룡) (계집) The dragon king's daughter.

*룡뇌 s. 龍腦 (룡) (노ᄃᆞ) Camphor. *See* 장뇌.

*룡담 s. 龍膽 (룡) (쓸ᄀᆡ) *Centaur.*

*룡담 s. 龍潭 (룡) (못) A dragon pool. A post station in Kang-wŏn-do; a prefect in Chŏl-la-do Lat. 35.54 Long. 127.41.

*룡담초 s. 龍膽草 (룡) (쓸ᄀᆡ) (풀) *Gentiana scabra.*

*룡대긔 s. 龍大旗 (룡) (큰) (긔) The royal flag.

*룡당슈 s. 龍塘水 (룡) (못 ᄆᆞᆯ) The waters of a dragon lake. *See* 히방슈.

*룡뎐 s. 龍田 (룡) (밧) A post station in Ch'ung ch'ong-do.

*룡두 s. 龍頭 (룡) (머리) A dragon's head —as an ornament.

*룡두각 s. 龍頭閣 (룡) (머리) (집) An outlook point in *Suwon.*

룡두머리 s. 龍頭 (룡 머리) Ornamental dragon heads.

*룡두사미 s. 龍頭蛇尾 (룡) (머리) (비얌) (ᄭᅩᆫ리) With dragon head and serpent tail

*룡루 s. 龍淚 (룡) (눈ᄆᆞᆯ) Royal tears.

*룡린갑 s. 龍鱗甲 (룡) (비ᄂᆞᆯ) (갑옷) A coat of mail—made in the form of dragon scales.

*룡마 s. 龍馬 (룡) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A dragon horse; a warrior's steed *See* 쥰마

룡마루 s. The ridge top—of the roof.

룡마ᄅᆞᆯ s. The ridge tiles or thatch of the roof.

*룡못 s. 龍湫 (룡) (못—*담) A dragon pool —from which a dragon has ascended. *See* 룡담.

*룡몽 s. 龍夢 (룡) (ᄭᅮᆷ) A dream in which one sees a dragon—an omen of literary success. *See* 태몽.

*룡문 s. 龍門 (룡) (문) The dragon's gate —graduation.

*룡문 s. 紋龍 (룡) (문ᄒᆞ) Dragon-shaped embroidery.

룡문산 s. 龍門山 (룡) (문) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do Lat. 37.33 Long. 127.3[illegible]

*룡미랑 s. 龍尾梁 (룡) (ᄭᅩᆫ) (돌처) A naval station in Whang-hai do Lat. 37.47 Long. 126.12.

룡병 s. 瘤病 나라—*당) (헌데 *창 The decaying of the nose caused by syphilis. *See* 창, 담.

*룡봉탕 s. 龍鳳湯 (룡) (새) (털을) A mixture of carp and chicken soup.

*룡상 s. 龍床 (룡) (상) The king's seat, the royal throne.

*룡상사 s. 龍床寺 (룡) (상) (절) A monastery in Kyong-kei-do Pa[illegible]

*룡사비등하다 s. 龍蛇飛騰 (룡) (비등) (하다) (는) To flourish with, like dragons and snakes.

*룡산 s. 龍城 (룡) (지) A post station in Kyong-keui-do Lat. [illegible] Long. 126.53; Lat. 37.45 Long. 126.44.

*룡소 s. 龍沼 (룡) (못) A pool from which a dragon is said to [illegible] *See 룡당슈

*룡슈 s. 龍鬚 (룡) (슈염) The king's beard

*룡슈탄 s. 龍鬚鐵 (룡) (슈염) (쇠) Coiled steel springs.

*룡신 s. 龍神 (룡) (귀신) Dragon spirits—especially of waters.

룡심지 s. 大炷 (큰—*대) (심지—*주) A paper or rag dipped in oil and used as a light.

*룡수산 s. 龍司山 (룡) (맛흠) (외) A mountain in Whang-hai-do Lat. 3.804 Long. 125.42.

*룡아초 s. 龍芽草 (룡) (용두풀) (풀) Agrimony.

*룡안 s. 龍眼 (룡) (눈) The longan, lung-yen.

*룡안 s. 龍顏 (룡) (얼골) The royal countenance; the king's presence. (Comp.) *See 련안.

*룡안 s. 龍安 (룡) (편안) A prefect in [illegible] Lat. [illegible] Long. 127.11

*룡안육 s. 龍眼肉 (룡) (눈) (고기) The kernel of the [illegible]

*룡알 s. 龍卵 (룡) (알—*란) A wooden bait called "dragon egg"—used in games.

*룡연 s. 龍淵 (룡) (못) A pool in Pyeng-an-do Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

*룡연석 s. 龍硯石 (룡) (벼루) (돌) A superior kind of ink stone that holds the dampness well.

*룡의밥 s. 龍食 (룡) (밥—*식) Dragon's food. (주다) *See 어부심.

*룡인 s. 龍仁 (룡) (어질) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do Lat. [illegible] Long. 127.12

*룡왕 s. 龍王 (룡) (님금) The dragon king—the god of rain and water.

*룡종 s. 龍種 (룡) (씨) The dragon—as a carp, serpent etc. The king's posterity.

*룡주 s. 龍舟 (룡) (배) The king's pleasure-boat.

*룡진 s. 龍津 (룡) (나루) A military station in Kyong-keui-do.

*룡주 s. 龍子 (룡) (아들) The dragon king's son

룡줌 s. 龍簪 (룡) (빈혀) A hairpin ornamented with a dragon's head. *See* 봉줌.

룡천 s. 龍泉 (룡) (심) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

룡천 s. 龍川 (룡) (내) A prefect in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.50 Long. 124.44

*룡천검 s. 龍泉劍 (룡) (심) (칼) A first-class sword; a superior sabre.

룡총 s. 龍驄 (룡) (말) A fine horse; a dragon pony.

[illegible] s. [illegible] 드래—*장 (노—*승) The [illegible]

룡포 s. 龍袍 (룡) (도포) A royal robe. *See* 홍포.

룡호방 s. 龍虎榜 (룡) (범) (방) The published list of successful graduates at examination. *See* 문무방.

룡화 s. 龍化 (룡) (될) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*루각 s. 樓閣 (다락) (집) A house with an upper storey; an upper chamber. A tower or high building.

*루거만 / 累巨萬 (여러) (클) (일만) Myriads; a great number. *See* 루거만장

*루거만장 / 累巨萬丈 (여러) (클) (일만) (지물) Innumerable possessions. *See* 루거만.

*루관 / 淚管 (눈물) (거나림) The tear gland.

*루년 / 屢年 (여러) (히) Several years.

*루디 / 陋地 (더러울) (짜) A low district; this "humble place" refering to one's home when addressing an official.

*루대 / 屢代 (여러) (디신) Several generations. *See* 수대

*루대 / 樓臺 (다락) (집) An outlook; a watch-tower.

*루대본소 / 屢代本訴 (여러) (디신) (밧들) (제소) Sacrifice for several generations.

*루대분산 / 屢代墳山 (여러) (디신) (무덤) (외) The graves of several generations.

루루게거듭다 [illegible] 累累剞劂 여러) (여러) (돌) (실을) To print several times; to publish frequently.

*루루총총 / 累累叢叢 여러) 여러 [illegible] (무덤) Graves crowded thickly together.

*루루히 / 屢屢 (여러) (여러) Often; frequently.

루마루 *s.* An upper storey.

*루명 *l* 累名 (더러울) (일홈) Defamation; slander. (쓰다) (둣다).

*루문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏聞 (샐) (드를) To leak out —of news.

*루보ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 屢報 (여러) (갑흘) To announce frequently; to note many times.

*루복 *l.* 漏服 (샐) (짐) Smuggled goods.

*루상 *s.* 樓上 (다락) (우) The upper rooms of a house of two or more stories; upstairs.

*루선 樓船 (다락) (비) A large pleasure boat.

*루쇄 *l.* 縲絏 (밀) (밀) Fetters; bonds.

*루쇄지중 *s.* 縲絏之中 (밀) (밀) (갈) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be in bondage.

*루설ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏洩 (샐) (샐) To let out; to divulge. *See* 곤파ᄒᆞ다.

*루성 *l.* 婁星 별) 별) The 16th of the 28 constellations α, β, γ, Aries 31° 10′ 38″.

*루슈 *l.* 漏水 (루슈) (물) A water-clock; a clepsydra.

*루습 *l.* 陋習 (더러울) (닉힐) Vulgar or rustic manners; boorish habits.

*루습ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏濕 (샐) (저질) To be damp. *See* 즉즉ᄒᆞ다.

*루승법 *l.* 累乘法 (여러) (줄) (법) Involution.

*루실ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏失 (샐) (일흘) To lose; to let escape.

*루월 *l.* 屢月 (여러) (둘) Several months. *See* 수월.

*루츄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 陋醜 (더러울) (더러울) To be filthy; to be dirty. *See* 쳬ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞ다.

*루출ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏出 (샐) (날) To leak out.

루치 *s.* A kind of fish; the hake. (*Merluccius vulgaris*).

*루차 *l.* 屢次 (여러) (버금) Several times, often; repeatedly. *See* 수차.

*루탈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 漏脫 (샐) (벗글) To leak or ooze out—of water or of a secret; to disappear or abscond—of persons; to be lost—of things; to make omissions of writing.

*루하 *s.* 樓下 (다락) (아ᄅᆡ) The lower as opposed to the upper rooms of a house of two or more stories; the ground floor of a house; downstairs.

*류 *l.* 類 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) A class; a kind; a category; a sort. *See* 동류.

*류경 *l.* 柳京 (버들) (셔울) (Willow Capital). A ancient name of P'yŏng Yang in the time of 고ᄌᆞ. *See* 고셩.

*류공권 *l.* 柳公權 (버들) (귀인) (권셰) A.D. 778-865. A scholar and beautiful writer of the Tang Kingdom, China.

*류구 *s.* 琉球 (류리) (구슬) Loo Choo. (Loochoo) (Lu Kiu Islands).

*류구국 *s.* 琉球國 (구슬) (구슬, (나라) The Loochoo Islands.

*류근 *l.* 柳根 (버들) (ᄲᅮᄅᆡ) F.S. 晉州 N.P. 西河 A famous scholar of the reign of Sŏn-jo.

*류기산 *l.* 柳基常 (버들) (터) (썻썻) A.S. 1787 F.S. 文化 A Minister of State in reign of *In-jong*.

*류긱쥬 *s.* 留客珠 (머물) (손) (구슬) A string and stick puzzle—with which to interest an impatient guest.

*류긱환 *s.* 留客環 (머물) (손) (고리) The rings and string puzzle—with which to interest an impatient guest.

*류판 *s.* 留官 (머물) (벼슬) The resident deputy magistrate. *See* 좌슈.

*류판 *l.* 柳寬 (버들) (너그러울) A.D. 1392-1401 A noted Minister of State of the reign of Se-jong F.S. 文化 (W H) N.P. Ha-jong (夏宗).

*류판 *l* 柳濬 (버들) (물ᄐᆡ일 A.S 1544 F.S. 文化 N.P. 松壽 A Minister of State in reign of *In-jong*.

*류년소쥬 *s.* 流年四柱 (흐를) (히) (ᄂᆞᆫ) (기동) Fortune-telling; foretelling future events of life.

*류념ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 留念 (머물) (싱각) To remember—as a friend; to have consideration for.

류뎐 *l.* 柳塡 (버들) (ᄎᆡ) A.D. 1531. F.S. 文化 A minister of state in reign of Sŏn-jo.

류명헌 *l* 柳命憲 (버들) (조명) (나타낼) A.D. 1555. F.S. 文化 N.P. 月峯 A Minister of State in reign of Tă-jong.

*류도 *s.* 柳桃 (버들) (복숭아) The oleander. *See* 협죽도.

류독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 流毒 (흐를) (독흘) To sow the seeds of evil; to lay the foundations of future calamity.

*류락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 流落 (흐를) (ᄯᅥ러질) To go down in the world; to go hard with; to be ruined

*류문 *l* 柳汶 (버들) (물을) A D 1346 F.S. 文化 A man of Mun-wha who became minister in reign of Tă-jong.

*류련비 *s.* 留連費 (머물) (니을) (허비) Expenses of sojourn; board.

*류련ᄒᆞ다 s. 流連 (흐를) (너울) To walk up and down. To flow out and back (M.)

*류련ᄒᆞ다 s. 留連 (머물) (너울) To live as a guest.

*류령 l. 劉伶 (묘금도) (화령이) A noted Chinese drunkard who lived about 265 A.D.

*류류상종ᄒᆞ다 s. 類類相從 (조흘) (ᄒᆞ뉴) (서로) (좃칠) To love each other's society of those of the same class; "birds of a feather flock together."

*류리 s. 琉璃 (류리) (류리) A kind of stone from which mirrors etc. are made, glass.

*류리개걸ᄒᆞ다 s. 流離丐乞 (흐를) (떠날) (빌) (빌) To be a vagrant; to be a wanderer. *See* 방문주식ᄒᆞ다.

*류리경 s. 琉璃鏡 (류리) (류리) (거울) Glass spectacles.

*류리표박ᄒᆞ다 s. 流離漂泊 (흐를) (떠날) (표박ᄒᆞᆯ) (대일) To be a wanderer; to be a tramp. *See* 류리개걸ᄒᆞ다.

*류리ᄒᆞ다 s. 流俐 (흐를) (어) To collect little by little; to raise by degrees

*류리ᄒᆞ다 s. 流離 (흐를) (떠날) To be homeless; to be a vagrant. *See* 표박ᄒᆞ다.

*류림 l. 柳琳 버들 구슬 ᄉᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆫᄃᆞ ᄉᆞ 광쥬 A military officer in reign of In-jo.

*류마 s. 留馬 (머물) (몰) Horses pressed into the service of an official to carry his baggage.

*류마ᄒᆞ다 s. 留馬 머물 ᄆᆞ 아. 온ᄀᆞ seize horses and press them into the service of the government.

*류만슈 l. 柳晩修 (버들) (밤) (다를) F. S. 文化. Prime minister in the reign of Chong-jong.

*류목동 l. 柳木童 버들 나무 ᄋᆞᆫ. An image of a child made from a willow tree used in calling the spirits.

*류문ᄒᆞ다 s. 流聞 (흐를) (드를) To learn by hearsay.

*류문ᄒᆞ다 s. 留門 (머물) (문) To hold open—the gate of a city.

*류민 s. 流民 (흐를) (빅셩) People without a settled abode; people forced to leave their homes and seek employment elsewhere; emigrants; vagrants; rovers.

*류방 l. 劉邦 묘금도 나라 ᄇᆞᆫᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ A noted Chinaman, founder of the Han Dynasty.

류본싱 柳本興 버들, (셔), 빗날, N.P. 晩善 A son of Sang-un; a minister of state of the reign of Yung-jo.

*류부 l. 柳溥 (버들) (너를) F. S. 晉州 ᄉᆞ Prime Minister in the reign of Chung-jong.

*류비 l. 劉備 (묘금도) (갓출) D. A. 221-223. A noted man of Han who rose from being a seller of string shoes to be Emperor.

*류비 s. 流配 (흐를) (쌱) Exile; banishment.

*류비인 s. 流配人 (흐를) (쌱) 허믈 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An exile; a prisoner sent into exile.

*류비ᄒᆞ다 s. 流配 (흐를) (쌱) To banish; to be exiled.

류산ᄒᆞ다 s. 留山 머물 ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫ로 To spend a month or so; to be a guest indefinitely. *See* 류련ᄒᆞ다.

류산 s. 流産 흐를 ᄂᆞᆫ (날 ᄉᆞ miscarriage

*류산 s. 硫酸 (류황) (실) Sulpuric acid. Acidum sulphuricum.

*류산가리 s. 硫酸加里 류황 실 ᄃᆞ 마ᄋᆞᆫ Sulphate of potash Sulphas kalicus.

*류산고도 s. 硫酸苦土 류황 실 ᄲᆞᆫ Sulphate of Magnesia Sulphas Magnesium.

*류산동 s. 硫酸銅 (류황) (실) (구리) Copper sulphate, Sulphas cupricus.

*류산맥니시엄 s. 硫酸 ..... (류황) (실) Magnesii Sulphas.

*류산모으비날 s. 硫酸謀兒比涅 (류황 ᄀᆞᆫ ᄲᆞᆫ 으러 ᄀᆞᆫ 검을 sulphate, Sulphas morphinum.

*류산반토 s. 硫酸礬土 (류황) (실) (빅반) (흙) Aluminum sulphate, Sulphas aluminus.

*류산쏘듸엄 s. 硫酸 .. .... (류황) (실) Sodii Sulphas.

*류산아산화덕 s. 硫酸亞酸化德 (류황 ᄀᆞᆫ 버ᄅᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆫ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ Sulphas ferrosus.

류산아산화덕암모니아 s. 硫酸亞酸化德安母尼亞 류황 ᄀᆞᆫ 버ᄅᆞᆷ 실 ᄉᆞᆯ 의 ᄆᆞᆫ안 어니 ᄀᆞᆫ 버ᄅᆞᆷ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ of iron and ammonia; sulphas ferro ammoniacus

*류산아연 s. 硫酸亞鉛 (류황) (실) (버ᄅᆞᆷ, (납) Zinc sulphate, Sulphas Zincicus.

류산안모니아동 硫酸安母尼亞銅 류황 (실) (ᄆᆞᆫ안 (어이) (즐) (버ᄅᆞᆷ) (구리) Ammonia sulphate of copper; sulphas cupreo-ammoniacus.

류산화디아 *s.* 硫酸依的兒 (류황) (설) (아지호) (더설) (수학) Ether, sulphuric ether, or Sulphas ether.

***류산조달** *s.* 硫酸曹達 (류창) (설) (무리) (곧달) Sodium sulphate, Sulphas natricus. *Also* 류산쏘다.

류산칼시엄 *s.* 硫酸 .... (류황) (설) ..... Calcii Sulphas.

***슈산포타시엄** *s.* 硫酸 ..... (류황) (설) Potassii Sulphas.

***류산염** *s.* 硫酸鹽 (류황) (설) (쇠) Sulphate of iron.

***류살천리** *s.* 流三千里 (귀향보낼) 삼 (일천) (아홀) A thousand miles of exile. *See* 천리명비.

***류상량** *l.* 柳相亮 (버들) (서로) (붉을) A. D. 1761 F. S. 晉州 A famous general of the time of Sun-jo.

***류상운** *l.* 柳尙運 (버들) (오히려) (옮길) A. D. 1636 F. S. 文化 N P. 驪室 A Prime Minister in the reign of Sukjong.

***류상필** *l.* 柳相弼 (버들) (서로) (도울) A D. 1782 F. S. 晉州 A relation of Sangryang, a famous general

***류서** *s.* 劉恕 (묘금도) (용서) A. D. 1052-1078. A noted Chinese historian.

***류석탄산쏘더염** *s.* 硫石炭酸 (류황) (돌) (숯) (설) . Sodu Sulphocarbolas.

***류석탄산아연** *s.* 硫石炭酸亞鉛 (류황) (돌) (숯, 설), (버금) (납) Zinci Sulphocarbolas.

***류석탄산칼시엄** 硫石炭酸 (류황) (돌) (숯) (설), . Calci Sulphocarbolas.

***류석탄산포타시엄** 硫石炭酸 (류황) (돌) (숯, 설), . . . Potassii Sulphocarbolas.

***류성** *l.* 柳城 (버들) (재) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

***류성** *s.* 流星 (흐를) (별) A shooting star; meteor.

***류성** *l.* 柳星 (버들) (별) The 24th of the 28 Constellations, $\alpha, \varepsilon, \zeta, \eta, \theta, \rho, \delta, \omega$, Hydra 127° 31′ 4″.

***류성룡** *l.* 柳成龍 (버들) (일을) (용) A.D. 1542 F.S. 豊山 N.P. 西崖 A contemporary of Yul-gok and noted minister of state. A founder of the "South Men" (남인).

***류성원** *l.* 柳誠源 (버들) (정성) (근원) A D. 1453-1456 A faithful courtier and one of the "Six" companions of Ho-Wi-ji F.S. Chŏn-ju (C.L.) N.P. Ch'ŏng-ke (淸溪).

***류수** *s.* 流水 (흐를) (물) Flowing water.

***류수** *s.* 留守 (머물) (직힐) The governor of a fortress.

***류수** *l.* 劉秀 (묘금도) (빼어날) D.A.D. 57. The founder of the second or Eastern Han dynasty, known as 光武皇帝. *See* 劉玄.

***류수도** *s.* (-도) 留守部 (머물) (직힐) (도읍) A government fortress district.

***류숙ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 留宿 머물 (잘) To lodge; to stay at—for the night. *See* 숙식ᄒᆞ다.

***류숭** *l.* 柳淙 (버들) (물) A.D. 1441 F.S. 文化 N.P. 恭憲. A Prime Minister in the reign of Yon-san-kun.

***류순정** *l.* 柳順汀 (버들) (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (물가) A.S. 1450 F.S. 晉州 A Prime Minister of the reign of Chung-jong.

***류시** *s.* 流矢 (흐를) (살) A stray arrow; a missing arrow.

***류악산** *s.* 流岳山 (흐를) (외뿔리) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do Lat 36.02 Long. 128.32.

***류안** *l.* 劉晏 (묘금도) (느즐) D.A.D. 780. A famous statesman of China.

***류안** *l.* 劉安 (묘금도) (평안) D A.D. 122. A famous Taoist of China.

***류안세** *l.* 劉安世 (묘금도 (평안) (인간) 11th century A D. A fearless statesman of the Song Dynasty of China.

***류연ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 留案 (머물) (책상) To be postponed.

***류양마** *s.* 留養馬 (머물) (먹일) (말) Horses kept in various parts of the country for courier service etc.

***류어통** *s.* 流語筒 (흐를) 말솜 (통) A telephone. *See* 유성긔

***류엽전** *l.* 柳葉箭 (버들) 입 (살) A special kind of arrow. *See* 편전.

류영경 *l.* 柳永慶 (버들) (긴 (경ᄉᆞ) A D. 1550 F.S. 全州 N.P. 西湖 A Prime Minister in the reign of Son jo.

***류용** *l.* 劉墉 (묘금도) (담) A.D. 1719-1804. A famous Chinaman noted for his integrity.

***류우** *l.* 柳祐 (버들) (현줄기) A.D. 1470-1507 A great scholar N.P. Su-pong (西峯).

***류우석** *l.* 劉禹錫 (묘금도) (님금, (줄) A D 772-842. A famous writer of the Song Dynasty, China.

***류유** *l.* 劉裕 (묘금도) (넉넉ᄒᆞᆯ) D.A.D. 422. The founder of the Song Dynasty China.

*류의하다 s. 留意 (머물) (뜻) To fix one's attention; to set one's heart on. *See* 착의하다

*류이슌 / 柳以春 버들 써 오를 N.P. 조선 A famous penman of modern Korea.

*류월 /. 六月 (여섯 *달) (달—*월) The 6th moon.

*류월지변 /. 六月之變 (여섯—*달) (달—*월, 갈) 변) The political disturbances of the 6th moon (1882).

*류전하다 s. 流傳 (흐를) (전할) To hand down by tradition; to bequeath

*류정 s. 流精 (흐를) (정기) Involuntary emissions.

*류종원 柳宗元 (버들) 마루 으뜸 A.D. A celebrated writer of the Tang Dynasty China N.P. 子厚.

*류죽신 s. 流竄身 (흐를) (모질) (몸) Exile for life.

*류진하다 s. 留陣 (머물) (진) To keep troops; to garrison; to hold as a military post. *See* 결진하다

*류참 s. 留站 (머물) (봄) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*류출하다 s. 流出 (흐를) (날) To flow out; to pour out; to gush out

*류취하다 /. 類聚 (같을) (모을) To collect according to species; to gather by kinds. *See* 초집하다.

*류치하다 留置 머물 ( ) To stay to store away. *See* 붕치하다. To arrest and detain.

*류탄 s. 柳炭 (버들) (숯) A charcoal crayon made from the willow

*류하하다 留下 (머물) (걸릴) To stay for a certain time; to reside temporarily.

*류통하다 s. 流通 (흐를) (통할) To circulate.

*류표 /. 劉表 (묘금도) (표) D. A. D. 208. A famous soldier of the Han Dynasty, China.

*류풍 s. 流風 (흐를) (바람) Customs that have been handed down. (M.)

*류하혜 / 柳下惠 (버들) (아래) (은혜) A famous Chinaman of this State of Lu a man of great integrity whose brother 盜跖 To-chok was a noted villain.

*류학생 留學生 머물 ( ) 날 Students who study abroad.

*류학하다 s. 留學 (머물) (배울) To study abroad.

*류한하다 s. 流汗 (흐를) (땀) To perspire.

*류향 /. 劉向 (묘금도) (향할) B. C. 80-9 A famous Chinese historian.

류씨연 / 柳西厓 버들 ( ) (그림) A. D. 1616. F. S. 晋州 A general and famous scholar of the time of Hyo jong.

*류현 s. 劉玄 (묘금도) (검을) A noted man of Han, China who became Emperor. *Also* 유슈.

*류혈(이)랑자하다 s. 流血漂杵 (흐를) (피) (떠랑) (랑자할) To bleed profusely.

*류혈하다 s. 流血 (흐를) (피) To bleed.

류형 s. 流刑 (귀양보낼) (형벌) Transportation or exile for a crime.

*류흠 s. 劉歆 (묘금도) (흠할) A famous literati of ancient China who helped preserve the literary treasures.

*류히츄 / 柳希春 버들 ( ) 봄, P. Se 善山 N. P. 眉巖 A translator of the Classics into native script A. D. 1550.

*류하다 s. 留 (머물) To stay; to remain to wait. *See* 머물다

*류힝병 s. 流行病 (흐를) (다닐) (병) A prevalent disease; an epidemic.

*류힝하다 / 流行 흐를 (다닐) To spread abroad; to be universal. *See* 돌님병

*류화슈소 s. 硫化水素 (류황) (될) (물) (될) Sulphuretted Hydrogen.

*류화슈은 s. 硫化水銀 (류황) (될) (물) (은 Hydrargyri Sulphidum.

*류화연 s. 硫化鉛 (류황) (될) (납) Sulphate of lead.

*류화염 s. 硫化鹽 (류황) (될) (소금 Sulphides.

*류화탄소 s. 硫化炭素 (류황) (될) (숯) (될) Carbon Sulphide.

*류화텰 s. 硫化鐵 (류황) (될) (쇠) Sulphate of iron.

*류화안ᄂᆞ암모니염 ᄂᆞ 硫化 류황 ᄀᆞᆯ . Antimonii Sulphidum.

*류화암모니염 硫化 (류황) (될 . Ammonii Sulphidum

*류화암모니염익 s. 硫化 ..... 液 (류황 (될) ..... (진) Liquor Ammonii Sulphidi.

*류화포러시염 s. 硫化 .. .... (류황) (될 ..... Potassium Sulphuratum.

*류환 s. 流丸 (흐를) (환자) A stray bullet.

*류황 s. 硫黃 (류황) (누루) Brimstone. *See* 황.

류황연제 硫黃煉劑 류황 누루 ᄀᆞᆼ조 약지 을) Trochisci Sulphuris.

*류황석회 s. 硫黃石灰 류황) (누루) (돌 (회 Calx Sulphurata

*류황유고 s. 硫黃油膏 (류황)(누루)(기름) 기름 Unguentum Sulphuris.

*류황안티모니엉 s. 硫黃 (류황) 누루) . Antimonium Sulphuratum.

*류황얼고 s. 硫黃酸鹽 (류황, (누루)(돌) 기름 Confectio Sulphuris.

*류황조탁시엄 s. 硫黃 .. (류황) (누루) ..... Potassium Sulphuratum

*류황조탁시엄고유 s. 硫黃 . . 酋油 (류황) (누루) .... . (기름) (기름) Unguentum Potassai Sulphuratae.

*류황화 s. 硫黃華 (류황) (누루) (빗날) Sulphur Sublimatum.

*륙 s. 六 (여설) Six *See* 여섯.

*륙가 s. 陸賈 (룻) (장수) A famous supporter of the founder of the Han Dynasty China, who travelled far and wrote much.

*륙각 s. 六角 (여설) (뿔) Six-cornered; hexagonal. The six instruments—of a musical band. *See* 삼현

*륙각류 s. 六角笛 (여설) (뿔) (기동) A six faced prism

*륙각형 s. 六角形 (여설) (뿔) (형상) A hexgon

*륙갑 s. 六甲 (여설) (갑옷) The six years of the cycle beginning with *Kap.* The several years of the cycle.

*륙경 s. 六卿 (여설 (버슬) The six Presidents of Boards. *See* 삼공.

*륙경 s. 六經 (여설) (글) The six Classics· The Canon of Changes, the Books of Poetry and History, the Chu Ritual, the Book of Rites, the Book of Sprag and Autumn.

*륙고 s. 陸瘡 (룻) (바지) Land-spout.

*륙구연 s. 陸九淵 (룻 (아홉) (못, A. D. 1140-1192. A great scholar and metaphysician of China.

*륙군 s. 陸軍 (룻) (군소) Infantry; foot-soldiers. *Opp.* 해군.

*륙군교사 s. 陸軍敎師 (룻) (군소) (가르칠) (스승) A military instructor

*륙군군법회의 s. 陸軍軍法會議 (룻), 군소, (군소) (법) (모들) (의론) The Court-martial belonging to the Department of State for War.

*륙군군의 s. 陸軍軍醫 (룻) (군소) (군소) (의원) A military surgeon.

*륙군군의총감 s. 陸軍軍醫總監 (룻) (군소) (군소) (의원) (거느릴) (볼) The Surgeon-in-chief of the Army.

*륙군대신 s. 陸軍大臣 (룻) (군소) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for War.

*륙군대장 s. 陸軍大將 (룻) (군소) (큰) (장슈) A general. *Opp.* 슈군대장.

*륙군대학교 s. 陸軍大學校 (룻) (군소) (큰) (배홀) (학교) A Military University.

*륙군법원 s. 陸軍法院 (룻) (군소) 법), 집, The Headquarters for Martial Law.

*륙군병원 s. 陸軍兵院 룻 군소) 병들 (집) A Military Hospita

*륙군부위 s. 陸軍副尉 룻 군소 다을 (거느릴) A Lieutenant colonel

*륙군부위 s. 陸軍副尉 룻 군소) 다을 (버슬) A Lieutenant in the Army.

*륙군부장 s. 陸軍副將 룻 군소, (다을) (장슈) A Lieutenant-general.

*륙군성 s. 陸軍省 (룻) 군소 (덜) The Department of State for War.

*륙군정령 s. 陸軍正領 룻 (군소) (바를) (거느릴) A Colonel

*륙군정위 s. 陸軍正尉 (룻) 군소) (바를) (도위) A Captain in the Army. *See* 륙위장.

*륙군참모본부 s. 陸軍參謀本部 (룻) (군소) (참예) (꾀) (맡) (쎄) The Military General Staff Office

*륙군참위 s. 陸軍參尉 (룻) (군소) (참예) (벼슬) A Second Lieutenant. *See* 소위장.

*륙군참위후보생 s. 陸軍參尉候補生 (룻) (군소) (참예) (벼슬) (후보) (기을) (날) Military Cadets.

*륙군참장 s. 陸軍參將 (룻) (군소) (참예) (장슈) A Major General. *See* 쇼장.

*륙군치죄법 s. 陸軍治罪法 (룻) (군소) (다스릴) (죄) (법) Military law of criminal procedure.

*륙군차관 s. 陸軍次官 (룻) (군소) (버금) (버슬) The Vice Minister of State for war.

*륙기 s. 六氣 (여설) (긔운) The six temperatures; wind, cold, heat, dampness, drought, fire.

*륙기 s. 陸機 (룻) (틀) A. D. 261—303. A poet and general of China.

*륙대광부 s. 六品官 (여설) (벼슬) (명) (놉흘) (뵈) Hawks in sackcloth.

*륙대국 s. 六大國 (여설) (큰) (나라) The six first-rate powers.

*륙연 s. 陸佃 (룻) (밧갈) A. D. 1042—1102. An essayist and commentator of China.

*륙명륙갑 s. 六丁六甲 (여설) (장정, 여설) (갑옷) The guise of darkness and light.

*육도 s. 六韜 (여설) (갈집) The name of a famous work on military tactics, handed down from an illustrious general (강태공) of China. It consists of [illegible] 문도 (文韜), 무도 (武韜), 용도 (龍韜), 호도 (虎韜), 표도 (豹韜) 견도 犬韜)

*육도 s. 六度 (여설) (지날) Six times.

*육도삼략 s. 六韜三略 (여설) (갈집) (석) (도략) A book of military rules. As 무경칠서

*육지 s. 陸地 도 [illegible] as opposed to water. *See* 물도

*육대조 s. 六代祖 (여설 대신 할아비, The male ancestor of the 6th generation.

*육로 s. 陸路 (륙) (길) An overland road—in contrast to a way by sea; land route; land journey *Opp.* 수로

*육률 s. 六律 (여설) (법) The six upper musical accords or position notes. *See* 오음; 팔음.

*육모정 s. 六角亭 (여설) (뿔—*각) (명조) A hexagonal summer-house.

*육목 s. 六目 (여설) (눈) The sixty cards of a pack.

*육미 s. 六味 (여설) (맛) Medicine compounded of six ingredients. *See* 팔미.

*육반구 s. 陸半球 (륙, 반 구슬 Land hemisphere. *Opp.* 수반구.

*육방 s. 六房 (여설) (방) The district offices of the Six Boards.

*육방관속 s. 六房官屬 (여설 방 (벼슬 붙을) The writers [illegible] of the *Yuk Pang.*

*육발이 s. 六足 (여설) (발—*족) A man with twelve fingers and twelve toes.

*육변형 s. 六邊形 (여설) (가) (형상) A hexgon. *See* 육각형.

*육부 s. 六腑 (여설) (간부) The six viscera heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, and ovaries.

*육부 s. 六府 여설) (마을) The six constant necessaries: metal, wood, water, fire, earth, grain. (B.H.)

*육분권의 s. 六分圈儀 (여설) (논을 동우리) (가동) A sextant.

*육산 s. 陸產 (륙) (날) Land produce.

*육상 s. 陸上 (륙) (웃) On shore.

*육선 s. 陸線 (륙) (실) Telegraph lines overland—in contrast to cables.

*육성군 s. 六城山 (여설) (재) (뫼) A post station in Kang-won-do Lat. 38. . Long. 127.38.

*육손이 s. 六指 (여설) (손가락—*지) A person who has six fingers on each hand.

*육속 s. 陸續 (륙) (이을) 1st century A.D. A famous man of Han, China.

*육속 s. 陸續 (륙) (이을) Continuously; successively; one after another; without interruption.

*육속이도하다 s. 陸續來到 (륙) (이을) (올) (이를) To come continuously.

육속이림하다 陸續來臨 무) (이을 올 (림 (임) To pass successively.

*육수부 s. 陸秀夫 (륙 빼어날 사내) D.A.D. 1279. A famous minister of Song, China, who was defeated by the Mongols.

*육시하다 s. 戮尸 (죽일 (죽열) To behead and divide the body into six parts. *See* 처참하다.

*육신 s. 陸愼 (륙) (삼갈) A.D. 1477-1544. A distinguished scholar and author.

*육예 s. 六藝 (여설) (재조) The six accomplishments as introduced from China, namely: etiquette, music, archery, horsemanship, reading, and arithmetic.

*육용과관 s. 陸用汽罐 (륙) (쓸) (갑) (그릇) A land steam boiler.

*육운 s. 陸雲 (륙) (구름) A.D. 262-303. Brother of 陸機. 육고, whose reputation and eventual fate he shared.

*육위 s. 六位 (여설) (벼슬) The six lines of the hexagram in the *Canon of Changes.*

*육유 s. 陸游 (륙) (놀) A.D. 1125-1210. A distinguished functionary, poet, and historical writer. 방호

*육임 s. 六壬 (여설) (북방) The six years of the cycle beginning with *Im.*

*육잡이 s. 六角 여설 [illegible] 각 The six instruments—of a Korean musical band. *See* 육각.

*육장 s. 六場 (여설 마당) The six market fairs of a single moon.

*육전 s. 陸戰 (륙) (싸홈) Fighting on land. *Opp.* 수전.

육조 [illegible] 여설 [illegible] 울 The six Government Boards.

*육조비전 s. (—지) 六曹備廛 (여설) (마을) (고을) (전) The six commercial depots corresponding to the six Boards.

*육종 s. 六宗 (여설) (마루) The seasons, heat and cold, the sun, the moon, the stars, rain and drought. (B.H.)

*륙진장포 s. 六鎭長布 (여설) (진명) (긴) (뵈) A kind of linen from six different towns of *Ham-kyŏng* province.

*륙진포 s. 六鎭布 (여설) (진명) (뵈) A kind of linen from six different towns of *Ham-kyŏng* province.

륙즈박이 s. Verses having six characters to the line. A game in which each player has six cards.

*륙칙 s. 六尺 (여설) (자) Six feet. A chair coolie.

*륙촌 s. 六寸 (여설) (마듸) Second cousins —having the same grandfather. *See* 죄종.

*륙축 s. 六畜 (여설) (칠) The six domestic animals: the ox, sheep, horse, dog, pigs and fowls.

*륙친 s. 六親 (여설) (친호) The six family relations represented by father, mother, elder and younger brothers or sisters, wife and child

륙칠차 s. 六七次 (여설) (닐곱) (버금) Six or seven times.

*륙태길호다 s. 陸駄 (륙) (시를) To transport by land.

*륙톄 s. 六體 (여설) (톰) The six forms of the written character—as required for examinations.

*륙판서 s. 六判書 (여설) (판단) (글) The Presidents of the Six Boards.

*륙혈포 s. 六穴砲 (여설) (구멍) (총) A "six shooter;" a revolver. *See* 호신총.

*륙효 s. 六爻 (여설) (괘) The six lines divided or undivided found in the Eight Diagram combinations. *See* 팔괘.

*륙히 s. 六骸 (여설) (뼈) The six members of the body, viz; the head, body, right side, left side, hands and feet.

*륙히 s. 陸海 (륙) (바다) Land and sea.

*륙히군 s. 陸海軍 (륙) (바다) (군스) The army and the navy; land and naval forces.

*륙힝호다 s. 陸行 (륙) (힝호) To go by land; to go overland.

*륜긔 s. 倫紀 (인륜) (버리) The five human relationships. *See* 오륜.

*륜도 s. 輪圖 (박회) (그림) A compass marked with lines and characters. *See* 지남침.

*륜돈 s. 倫敦 (인륜) (도덕을) London.

*륜리 s. 倫理 (인륜) (리치) Morality.

*륜리학 s. 倫理學 (인륜) (리치) (비홀) Morals.

*륜번호다 s. 輪番 (박회) (번) To take one's turn of duty; to mount guard in turns; to keep watch alternately.

*륜산 s. 輪山 (박회) (뫼) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*륜션 s. 輪船 (박회) (비) A "wheel ship;" a steamer. *See* 긔션.

*륜시호다 s. 輪示 (박회) (보일) To circulate, to send around—as a circular letter.

*륜음 s. 綸音 (실마리) (소리) A royal written order. *See* 윤교.

륜증 s. 輪症 (박회) (증세) An epidemic—as of native fever, cholera etc. *See* 윤과.

*륜질 s. 輪疾 (박회) (병) An epidemic—as of native fever, cholera etc. *See* 퍼질.

*륜축 s. 輪軸 (박회) (쥴) The shaft of a steamer. Wheel and axle.

*륜차 s. 輪次 (박회) (차례) The proper order or sequence.

*륜텩 s. 輪牒 (박회) (글) A circular.

*륜회 s. 輪廻 (박회) (도라올) The turning of a wheel ·human existence as subject to transmigration. *See* 륜차.

*륜회편지 s. 輪回片紙 (박회) (도라올) (조각) (조희) A circular letter.

*륜환서차 s. 輪環序次 (박회) (맛골) (차례) (버금) A cylindrical order.

*률 s. 律 (법) A law; a rule. A composition in verses or songs with five or seven characters to the line. *See* 즁률. Music. *See* 음률.

*률긱 s. 律客 (법) (손) A composer of songs that have five or seven characters to the line.

*률관 s. 律官 (법) (벼슬) A lawyer; one versed in law. *See* 법관.

*률관 s. 律管 (법) 대쭉, Standard or pitch pipes.

*률도 s. 栗島 (밤) (셤) An Island in Kang-won-do Lat. 38.54 Long. 127 48, in Cholla-do Lat. 34.38 Long. 125.55.

*률려 s. 律呂 (법) (법) Harmony—of music.

*률렬호다 / 률렬 밤 (민올) To be severe —of the weather; to be very cold. (B. O.)

*률목 s. 栗木 (밤) (나무) The chestnut-tree. *See* 밤나무.

*률법 s. 律法 (법) (법) A law; the law of Moses. *See* 법률.

*률봉 s. 栗峯 (밤) (뫼봉오리) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do.

*룰원 n. 栗元 (밤) (으뜸) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*룰포 n. 栗浦 (밤) (개) A naval station in Ko jé Island Lat. 34 52 Long. 128 43

*룰포지 n. 栗浦池 밤 개 못 A lake in Kyŏng-keui-do (Kyo-ha).

*률학 n. 律學 (법) (비홈) Law; the study of law. *See* 률법.

*릉동 n. 陵冬 능 겨울 The capital of winter. *See* 엄동

*릉동설한 n. 陵冬雪寒 능동 겨울 눈 (찰) The frosts and snows of mid-winter. *See* 엄동설상.

*릉셩ᄒᆞ다 v. 隆盛 (높흘) (셩흘) To be prosperous; to be thriving.

*릉슝ᄒᆞ다 v. 隆崇 (높흘) (높흘) To be abundant; to be liberal.

*릉준 n. 隆準 (높흘) (코) A big nose.

*릉준룡안 n. 隆準龍顏 높흘 코 룡 얼굴 High nose and dragon face—of a king etc

*릉흥ᄒᆞ다 v. 隆興 (높흘) (일) To rise up or come into prominence—as a kingdom

*륵골 n. 肋骨 (갈비대) (뼈) The ribs.

륵대 n. A jackal.

*륵징 n. 勒徵 (구래) (물닐) A forced levy of money.

*륵징ᄒᆞ다 v. 勒徵 (구래) (물닐) To compel payment—of funds; to extort

*륵탈ᄒᆞ다 v. 勒奪 (구래) (빼아슬) To take by force. *See* 억탈ᄒᆞ다.

*름름ᄒᆞ다 v. 凜凜 늑름ᄒᆞᆯ 름름ᄒᆞᆯ To be stern; to be awe-inspiring. *See* 위엄차다.

*릉 n. 陵 (언덕) A royal tomb. *See* 릉소

*릉 n. 綾 (비단) A silken fabric; glossy silk.

릉금 n. 林檎 (수풀—*림) (릉금 *금) The apple *Pyrus malus.*

*릉군 n. 陵軍 (언덕) (군소) Guards of a royal tomb.

*릉관 n. 陵官 (언덕) (벼슬) An official guardian of a royal tomb. *See* 참봉

*릉라 n. 綾羅 (비단) (깁) Silk gauze.

*릉멸ᄒᆞ다 v. 凌蔑 업수히녁일 업슬 To despise; to look down upon.

릉모 n. 凌侮 업수히 녁을 업수히녁일) Contempt; scorn. *See* 슈모

*릉모ᄒᆞ다 v. 凌侮 업수히녁일 업수히녁일) To despise; to treat with contempt.

*릉소 n. 陵所 (언덕) (바) The place where there is a royal tomb. *See* 릉.

*릉슉 n. 陵園 (언덕) (부흘) A royal tomb. *See* 능군.

*릉연각 n. 凌煙閣 (업수히녁일) (연긔) (집) A famous tower in the Palace of Tang where portraits of great men were hung.

*릉욕 n. 凌辱 (업수히녁일) (욕홀) An affront.

*릉음 n. 凌陰 (업수히녁일) (그늘) An ice-house. (B. O.)

*릉욕ᄒᆞ다 v. 凌辱 (업수히녁일) (욕홀) To insult; to treat rudely. *See* 질욕ᄒᆞ다.

*릉장대 n. 棱杖 (모질) (집흥이) An official club for beating criminals. A rattle staff carried by night watchmen. *See* 쥬장대.

릉장이 n. 藜 (명아쥬 *려) "Lamb's quarters" (*Chenopodium album*), used as greens. *See* 명아쥬.

*릉쥬 n. 綾州 (비단) (고을) A [illegible] in Chol-la-do Lat. 34.51 Long. [illegible]

*릉지쳐참ᄒᆞ다 v. 凌遲處斬 (업수히녁일, 더딜 찻, 버힐 [illegible] and quarter.

*[illegible]지ᄒᆞ다 凌遲 (업수히녁일 더딜 To torture and behead. *See* 쳐참ᄒᆞ다

*릉침문 n. 陵寢門 언덕 침뎨 (문) 문 An official guardian of a royal tomb. *See* 릉관.

*릉침 n. 陵寢 (언덕) (잘) A tomb.

*[illegible]현산 n. 陵峴山 언덕 현슈 외 A mountain in Pyong-an-do Lat. 39.47 Long. 125.11.

*릉형 n. 棱形 모날 (형상) Rhomboidal.

*릉힝 n. 陵幸 언덕 (쇼힝홀) A visit of the king to a royal tomb.

*릉화지 n. 菱花紙 (마름) (못) (조희) Colored paper.

*릉화판 n. 菱花板 (마름) (못) (판주) Boards for printing paper in colored designs.

*릉파 n. 陵坡 (언덕) (언덕) A wooded hill

*리 n. 理 (리치) A principle; a law. *See* 도리.

*리 n. 利 (리홀) Profit; advantage; gain; interest—on money. *Opp.* 해.

*리 n. 里 (마을) A Korean road measure; a *li*—about ½ of an English mile, or 1894 English ft

*리 n. 哩 (마을) A mile; a knot.

*리 n. 釐 (리) The tenth of a cash piece.

*리가ᄒᆞ다 v. 離家 (써날) (집) To leave home. *See* 리별ᄒᆞ다.

*리각ᄒᆞ다 s. 離却 (떠날) (물니칠) To leave off—as a fever. To cause the disruption of harmony between two friends.

*리간 s. 離間 (떠날) (소이) Dissension, disunion. (붓치다). *See* 반간.

*리간붓치다 s. 離間 (떠날) (소이) 붓치; 권 To bring about dissension or a separation; to alienate. *See* 반간ᄒᆞ다

*리간ᄒᆞ다 s. 離間 (떠날) (소이) To sow dissension; to cause trouble; to alienate.

*리감법 /. 利減法 (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (덜) (법) Discount.

*리감슈표 / 利減手票 (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (덜) (손) (표) Bill of Discount.

*리감전 /. 利減錢 (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (덜) (돈) Discount.

*리개 / 李塏 (오얏) (싸) A. D. 1453—1456. Grandson of *Mok-eun* one of the "Six" who died for Tan-jong, F. S. 韓山 N. P. U-ke (鳥溪).

*리강 /. 李綱 (오얏) (벼리) A. D. 1085—1140. A great statesman of the Song Dynasty, China.

*리거이 / 李居易 (오얏) (살) (쉬울) A. D. 1348 F. S. 清州 N. P. 清虛. A Prime Minister of Tă-jong.

*리거ᄒᆞ다 s. 離居 (떠날) (살) To live apart from. To live in retirement.

*리건명 / 李健命 오얏, 간장 (목숨) F. S. 全州. N. P. 寒圃. A Minister in the reign of Suk-jong.

*리검 /. 利劍 (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (칼) A sharp sword.

*리검부 / 李儉富 (오얏) (공경) (부ᄌᆞ) A. D. 1728 F. S. 全州. A famous general (등단) of the time of Choog-jong.

*리경석 / 李景奭 (오얏) (볕) (큰) A. D. 1595 F. S. 全州 N. P. 白沙. A Prime Minister in the reign of In-jo and noted literat..

*리경윤 /. 李景胤 (오얏) (볕) (윤박) A. D. 1601 F. S. 全州 A famous general (등단) of the time Chol-jong.

*리경여 / 李慶餘 (오얏) (경ᄉᆞ) (여) A. D. 1640 F. S. 慶州 N. P. 勝谷 A Minister in the reign of Hyon-jong.

*리경여 / 李敬輿 (오얏) (공경) (수레) A. D. 1783 F. S. 全州 N. P. 白江. A Prime Minister in the reign of In-jo.

*리경일 /. 李敬一 오얏 (공경) (한) A. D. 1794 F. S. 慶州 N. P. 陸軒. A Minister in the reign of Sun-jo

*리곡 / 李穀 (오얏 (곡식) A. D. 1314-1371 A famous scholar (유림) and minister Hal-la Keup-je F. S. Han-san 韓山 N. P. ka-jong (稼亭)

*리구년 /. 李龜年 (오얏) (거북) (해) A great musician of the Tang Kingdom, China.

*리구멍 /. 利實 (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (구멍—*두) Whatever pays; what yields profits. *See* 리속.

*리국헌 /. 李國憲 (오얏) (나라) (어질) A.D. 1714 F.S. 全州 A famous general of the time of Chong-yong (등단)

*리궁력굴 /. 理窮力屈 (리치 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘) (굴ᄒᆞᆯ) If the principle be wrong the power will fail.

*리귀 / 李貴 (오얏) (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) F. S. 延安 N. P. 默齋 A famous Confucian scholar (유림) and disciple of Yul-gok.

리귀령 / 李貴齡 (오얏) (귀ᄒᆞᆯ, 나ᄇᆡ) F. S. 延安 A minister in reign of Se-jong.

*리규철 /. 李奎哲 오얏, ᄒᆞᆯ (사ᄆᆞᆺ칠 A.D. 1502. F.S. 全州. A famous general (등단) of the reign of Chol-jong.

*리극균 /. 李克均 (오얏) (이길) (고를) A.D. 1437 F.S. 廣州. A noted scholar in the time of Kwang-hă.

*리극배 /. 李克培 (오얏) (이길) (북도ᄃᆞᆯ) A.D. 1422 F.S. 廣州. A Prime Minister in the reign of Sŏng jong.

*리극용 / 李克用 (오얏) (이길) (쓸) D.A. D. 908. A great warrior of China who helped defeat the Thibetans.

*리기 /. 理氣 (리치) (긔운) The principles and the "atmospheric" force of nature—manifested in creation.

*리기 s. 李芑 (오얏) (기장) A.D. 1476 F.S. 德水 A Prime Minister in the reign of Myŏng-jong. A man of cunning (쇼인).

*리긔빈 / 李基賓 오얏, 긔 (손) F.S. 全州. A famous general (등단) in the reign of Kwang-hă.

*리긔하 / 李基夏 (오얏) (여) (녀름) A.D. 1646 F.S. 韓山. A famous prince (한성군) and general (등단, of the time of Suk-jong.

*리판명 / 李判命 오얏 (볼) (목숨) A.D. 1661 F.S. 全州 N.P. 厚山 A Minister in the reign of Yong jong and noted literati (문형).

*리판질 /. 李判質 (오얏) (볼) (바탈) F.S. 延安 N.S. 庄谷 A head of the Civil Board (문형) and noted penman (명필).

*리광 / 李廣 (오얏) (넓을) A renowned military commander of the Han Dynasty.

*리광 /. 李珖 (오얏) (구슬) Also 義昌君 The eighth son of Son-jo, a famous penman (활필).

*리광덕 / 李光德 (오얏 광 덕) F. S. 金州 N.P. 尊彦 A noted literati (문헌) in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리광리 / 李廣利 (오얏) (넓을) (리할) A great warrior of the Han Dynasty, who defeated the barbarian (대완) hosts.

*리광사 / 李匡師 오얏 바를 스승 F.S. 金州 N.P. 圓嶠 A noted penman (글씨) of Korea.

리광여 / 李光呂 오얏 빛 등뼈 A D. 1767 F. S. 金州 A famous general (등단) of the time of Sun-jo.

리광좌 / 李光佐 오얏 빛 도울 A D. 1674 F.S. 慶州 N.P. 台翁. A Minister in the reign Kwang-hai and noted literati (문현).

*리광필 / 李光弼 오얏 빛 도울 D. A. D. 764. A great soldier of the Tang-Kingdom, China.

리덕형 / 李德泂 오얏 큰 (베풀) A. D. 1624 F.S. 德水 N.P. 鰲憲. A Minister in the reign of Suk-jong, and noted literati (문현).

*리돈 / 李惇 (오얏) (못) A. D 1758 F. S. 金州 A famous general (등단) of the reign of Sun-jo.

*리덕수 / 李德壽 오얏 큰 목숨 F. S. 金海 N. P. 西溪. A noted scholar (문현) of the reign of Yong-jong.

*리덕유 / 李德裕 (오얏) (큰 넉넉할) A. D. 787 - 849 A Minister of high repute in the Tang Kingdom, China.

*리동양 / 李東陽 오얏 동녘 볕 A. D. 1447 F. S. 慶陵 N. P. 西涯 A Prime Minister in the reign of Sung-jo and noted literati (문현).

*리면 / 梨田 (배) (밭) A post station in Kyong-sang do.

*리명구 / 李明久 오얏 밝을 오랠 A. D. 1648 F. S. 延安 N. P. 月沙 A famous literati (문현) 유즘 and Minister in the reign of In jo.

*리명보 / 李明輔 (오얏) 돕 F. S. 延安 N. P. famous head of the Civil 리조관서 and noted literati in reign of Yong-jong.

*리도 / 利刀 (리할) (칼) A sharp knife or sword.

*리둔 / 梨洞 (배) (골) A Fortress Hamkyong-do Lat 40° Long 127°

*리료 / 利條 (리할) (가지) Interest—on money. *See* 리.

*리둔 / 利鈍 리할 둔할 Sharpness and bluntness, nature—of things; sagacity and stupidity—of persons.

리득제 / 李得濟 오얏 얻을 건널 A. D. 1743 F. S. 金州 A famous general (등단) of the reign of Chong-jong.

*리력 / 履歷 (신) (지날) Experience; knowledge (초다). *See* 근소.

*리력서 / 履歷書 (신) (지날) (글) A written statement of one's past life.

리령중 / 李齡仲 오얏 이을 (숨) A. D. 1275-1314. A famous Confucian scholar of Koryo.

*리론 / 理論 (리치) (의론) Theory.

*리롭다 / 利 (리할) 로울; 온 To be advantageous; to be profitable. *See* 리하다. *Opp.* 해롭다.

*리록 / 馮祿 (남방 곤궁할) A noted Chinaman famous for his clearness of vision.

*리률 / 利率 (리할) (법) Rate of interest.

*리루 / 李陵 (오얏) (언덕) B. C. 99. A Commander of China who defeated the *Hyung-no* barbarians.

*리리 / 李離 (오얏) (떠날) B.C. 630. A Minister of Justice of China who committed suicide

리린하다 / 吝 리할 / 았김 To be stingy, to be close. *See* 린색하다.

*리림보 / 李林甫 (오얏) (수풀) (겨우) D. A.D 752. An execrated Minister of the Tang Dynasty who brought ruin on the state.

*리마 / 理馬 (다스릴) (말) A veterinary surgeon. *See* 마의.

마두 제로뷔 리스 구슬 주얼 Matteo Ricci—a famous Italian Missionary [illegible]

리만슉 / 李晩秀 오얏 [illegible] 여여남 F. S. 延安 N. P. 機園. A noted head of [illegible] (리조관서) and literati in the reign of Sun-jo.

*리면 / 裏面 (속) (낯) Judgment; sense; deportment; good form. *See* 경위. The inner surface, or inside, of anything; the side that is not seen.

리면싸리다 / 싸리 / 린 To decide a case *See* 관결소하다

*리면부지 / 裏面不知 (속) (낯) (아닐—*불) (알) Ignorant of the proper form; lacking judgment.

*리명 / 李明 오얏 [illegible] 밝을 A Minister in the reign of Myong-jong.

*리명온 / 李命溫 오얏 목숨 (큰) N.P. 台溪 [illegible] 글씨 and noted penman (글씨).

*리명헌 /. 李明憲 (오얏) (밝을) (법) (슈) F.S. 延安 N.A. 白洲. A noted minister and literati (문헌) son of the Yi chong-kei.i.

*리목 /. 李牧 (오얏) (칠) D.B.C. 229. A famous general of Cho who defeated the *Hyung-no* barbarians.

*리무 /. 李茂 오얏) (성할 A.D 1355 F.S. 丹陽 N.P. A minister of Tai-jong

*리무 /. 東務 (아전) (힘쓸 Official duties or business.

*리문 /. 利文 (리할) 글 Profit Latin interest. *See* 빈전.

*리문 /. 東文 (아전) (글) A *yamen* writer's form of composition. *See* 리두.

*리문전 /. 李文孝 (오얏 (효) (글) A.D 1561 F.S. 新平 A noted brave general (동단) in the reign of Kwang-hai.

*리민 / 里民 마을 (백성 Villagers

*리민서 / 李敏叙 (오얏 (민첩할) 펼) F.S. 全州 N.P. 西河 A noted literati (문형) in the reign of Suk jong

*리밀 /. 李密, 오얏 (빽빽 D. A.D. 618. A celebrated adherent of the founder of the Han Dynasty, China.

*리매괴량 / 魑魅魍魎 (도깨비) (독갑이) (독갑이 (독갑이) Hobgoblins. *See* 랫갑이.

*리밍전 /. 李孟專 오얏) (맏) (오로지) A.D. 1419-1451. A scholar who refused office F.S. Han san 韓山 N.P. Kyong eun (錦隱)

*리반 s. 籬畔 (울타리) (밭두둑) A fence; the ground near a fence.

*리반호다 s. 離反 (떠날) (도리 길) To cast off allegiance; to rebel against.

*리발소 /. 理髮所 (다스릴) (터럭) (바) A barber's shop; a hair-dressing saloon.

*리발소 / 理髮師 다스릴) (터럭) (스승) A barber a hair-dresser.

*리발호다 / 理髮 다스릴) (터럭) To arrange the hair

*리방 /. 吏房 (아전) (방) The chief class of writers or *yamen* clerks

*리방 /. 利防 (리할) (막을, Said to be a famous Buddhist who came from India B.C. 220

*리방 /. 李昉 오얏) (밝을 A.D. 925-996. A famous Chinese scholar of the Sung Dynasty.

*리방원 /. 李邦 - (오얏) (나라) (둥) A.D. 1724 F.S. 全義. A famous general (동단) of the time of Chong-jong.

*리번 s. 籬邊 (울타리) (가) The neighbourhood of a fence.

*리별 s. 離別 (떠날) (리별) Parting; separation, divorce

*리별 /. 李鼈 (오얏) (자라) A.D. 1470-1495. A graduate *Chinsa*. F.S. Kyongju 慶州 (N.P.) 藏六.

*리별쥬 s. 離別酒 (떠날) (리별) (술) The parting glass of spirit; a farewell drink. *See* 전별쥬

*리별호다 s. 離別 (떠날) (리별) To separate, to part *See* 작별호다

*리병모 /. 李秉模 (오얏, (잡을) (법) A.D. 1742 F.S. 碧水 N.P. 韓脩 A prime Minister in the reign of Chong-jong

*리병상 /. 李秉常 (오얏) (잡을) (떳떳 F.S. 韓山 N.P. 三山. A noted literato (문형) of the reign of Yong 'eng.

*리보국 /. 李輔國 (오얏) (도울, (나라) D.A.D. 762. A famous eunuch of the Tang Kingdom, China

*리복원 /. 李福源 (오얏, (복) 근원) A.D. 1719 F.S. 延安 N.P. 星溪. A Minister in the reign of Chong jong, and noted literati (문형).

*리봉상 /. 李鳳祥 (오얏) (새, 상서) A.D. 1676 F.S. 德水 A famous general (동단) who died on the field of battle.

*리불가독식 /. 利不可獨食 (리할) (아닐) (옳을) (홀노) (밥) Profit or gain in business is not to be "eaten" by one alone—all the partners sharing.

*리불리간 /. 利不利間 (리할, 아닐) (리할) (소이) Between profit and loss. *See* 리해관계호고.

*리부인 /. 李夫人 (오얏) (지아비) (사롬, A famous concubine of Muje of Han.

*리비 /. 東胥 (아전) (무리) Writers; *yamen* clerks. *See* 리속.

*리비치 / 東胥的 (아전) (무리) (덕실 *덕) Short-toed shoes.

*리빅 /. 李白 (오얏) (흰) A.D. 699-762. A great poet of Tang's China. *See* 리태빅

*리산호다 s. 離散 (떠날) (흣터질) To be dispersed; to be scattered afar. *See* 표박호다.

*리산히 / 李山海 (오얏) (뫼) (바다) A.D. 1539 F.S. 韓山 N.P. 鵝溪 A Minister of the reign of Sonjo noted literati (문형) and famous penman (필원).

*리상셩리호다 / 利上生利 리할) (웃) (날) 리할) To gain interest upon interest — to carry on business. *See* 셔리호다

*리상은 /. 李商隱 (오얏) (장사) (숨을) A.D. 813-855. A famous poet and miscellanist.

*리상진 /. 李尙眞 (오얏) (오히려) (참) A.D. 1614 F.S. 全義 N.P. 晩菴 A Minister in the reign of Suk-jong

*리상황 /. 李相璜 (오얏) (서로) (구슬) A.D. 1763 F.S. 完山 N.P. 桐溪 A Prime Minister in the reign of Sun-j

*리서 /. 李曙 (오얏) (새벽) F.S. 全州. A famous general (동단) of the time of In-jo.

*리서 /. 李敍 (오얏) (펼) A.D. 1332 F.S. 洪州 N.P. 慈齋. A chief minister of Ta-jong.

*리서 /. 李舜 (오얏) (못) N.P. 王洞. A famous writer of the large character. (필원)

*리서구 /. 李書九 오얏 (글) (아홉) A.D. 1754 F.S. 完山 N.P. 惕齋 A Minister in the reign of Sun-jo.

*리선구 /. 李宣求 (오얏) (돌 구) A.D. 1775 F.S. 全州. A famous general of the reign of Sun-jo (동단).

*리석창 /. 李石亭 (오얏) (돌) (누릴) A.D. 1419-1451 A great scholar and teacher. F.S. Yün-an 延安.

*리세민 /. 李世民 (오얏) (인간 백성) D.A.D. 649. A great king of Tang, China known as Tä-jong (太宗).

*리세백 /. 李世白 오얏 (인간) (흰) A.D. 1675 F.S. 龍仁 N.P. 鶴沙 A Minister in the reign of Suk-jong

*리세선 /. 李世選 오얏 (인간) (뽑) A.D. 1716 F.S. 全義. A famous general of the time of Suk-jong (동단)

*리셩 /. 利城 (리로) (재) A village in Ch'ol-la-do. Lat. 35.52 Long 126.59.

*리셩구 /. 李聖求 (오얏) (셩인) (구로) A.D. 1584 F.S. 全州 N.P. 谷沙. A Prime Minister in the reign of In-jo. during the Manchu invasion.

*리셩원 /. 李聖源 오얏 (셩품) 근원, F.S. 延安 N.P. 潮陽 A Minister in the reign of Chong-jong.

*리소고연호다 /. 理所固然 (리치) (바) (진실노) (그럴) To be in accordance with right; to be according to a right principle. *See* 리소당연.

*리소당연호다 /. 理所當然 (리치) (바) (맛당) (그럴) To be indeed in accordance with right; to be undoubtedly according to right principle. *See* 리소고연.

*리쇽 /. 利 (리로) Interest; profit. *See* 리슷.

*리쇼군 /. 李少君 오얏 (젊을) (남군) B.C. 140 A professor of magic arts of the Han Dynasty, China.

*리쇽 s. 吏俗 (아젼) (풍쇽) The customs of the writer class.

*리쇽 /. 吏屬 (아젼) (붓흘) The *yamen* writer class. *See* 리비.

*리쇽 s. 里俗 (마을) (풍쇽) Village manners and customs.

*리수 /. 里數 (마을) (두어) The measure in *li*.

*리수 s. 哩數 (리리) (두어) Number of miles.

리수 /. 李銖 오얏 (무게) F.S. 全州 A famous general (동단) in the reign of Kwang-ha.

*리슈원 /. 李守元 (오얏) (직힐) (어질) A.D. 1595 F.S. A younger brother of Tä-jong. Was a great scholar F.S. Sung 松 N.P. U-eun. (鴻臚).

*리슉 /. 李䎘 오얏 (놀이) A.D. 1624 F.S. 利川 N.P. 晩休 A Minister in the reign of Sun-jo, and famous penman (필원)

리슌신 /. 李舜臣 (오얏) (님군) (신하) F.S. 德水. N.P. 忠武公 A famous admiral who built the "Turtle Boat" and defended Korea against the Japanese invasion. (1591).

*리슝원 /. 李崇元 (오얏) (높흘) (어질) A.D. 1580-1632 A great scholar and minister F.S. Song-ju (星州) N.P. Poon 陶峰

*리슬 s. 吏習 아젼 (노) Practices of yamen writers. *See* 리쇽.

*리슝쥰 /. 李升駿 (오얏) (올를) (준세) A.D. 1839 F.S. 德水. A famous general (동단) of the time of Chol-jong.

*리승슉 /. 李承肅 (오얏) (니을) (엄슉) A.D. 1580-1636 A faithful courtier F.S. Han-yang (咸陽)

*리시빅 /. 李時白 (오얏) (때) (흰) F.S. 延安 N.P. 鳴岩. A Prime Minister in the reign of Hyo-jong.

*리시슈 /. 李時秀 (오얏) (때) (빼어날) A.D. 1745 F.S. 延安 N.P. 及健. A Prime Minister of the reign of Sun-jo.

*리식 /. 李植 (오얏) (심을) F.S. 德水 N.P. 澤堂. A noted literati (문헌) and official in the reign of In-jo.

*리식 /. 利殖 (리로) (부를) Interest profit. *See* 뽀리.

*리식산 /. 利殖算 (리로) (부를) (산홀) Interest.

*리스 /. 李斯 (오얏) (이) D.A.D. 208. A famous scholar and minister of the Chin kingdom.

*리스 s. 理事 (다스릴) (일) A warden; manager; superintendent. The Resident.

*리스관 /. 李思觀 (오얏 성각 볼) A D 1705 F.S. 韓山 N.P. 牡陵 A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리스관 s. 理事官 (다스릴) (벼슬) A director; manager or warden of a government establishment.

*리스부 /. 理事府 (다스릴) (일) (마을) The Resident's Office.

*리스원 s. 理事員 (다스릴) (일) (인원) A warden; manager; superintendent.

*리스철 / 李思哲 (오얏) (생각) (몸을) F.S 全州. A Minister in reign of Se-jo

*리스청 / 理事廳 (다스릴) (일) (대청) The Resident's Office. See 리스부.

*리스하다 /. 理事 (다스릴) (일) To manage affairs

*리숨 / 李森 (오얏 수풀 홀) A D 1677 F S. 咸從. A famous prince (함은군) general 등단 of the time of Kyong jong

*리색 /. 李穡 (오얏) (거둘) A.D. 1352-1375. A famous scholar (유림) perhaps the greatest of Korea, who lived in reign of Kong min Koryŏ F.S. Han-san 韓山 N.P. Mok-eun (牧隱).

*리양원 / 李陽元 (오얏) (볕) 으뜸) F S. 全州 N.P. 鷺洲 A Prime Minister in the reign of Son-jo, and noted literati (문형).

*리어 /. 鯉魚 (리어) (고기) A freshwater fish—the carp. See 잉어.

*리언덕 / 李彦迪 (오얏) (클) (덕) A.D. 1491-1506. A virtuous scholar (유림) F.S. Kyong-ju (慶州) N.P. Wha-ja (晦齋).

*리어 / 李耆 (오얏) (늙을 봇) A D 1623-1650. A great teacher N P 寧谷 (寧谷). F.S. 韓山.

*리여발 /. 李汝發 (오얏) (너) 칠 A D. 1621 F.S. 韓山. A famous prince general (등단) of the reign of Hyo-jong

*리여송 /. 李如松 (오얏) (같을) (소나무) A Chinese general who came to the rescue of Korea in 1592.

*리역 /. 東役 (아전) (역사) A yamen writer. See 리속.

*리연경 /. 李延慶 (오얏) (마질) 경사) F S 慶州 N P. 雖堂. A disciple of Cho Chong-am and famous scholar (유림) in the reign of Chung-chong.

*리연슈 / 李延壽 (오얏) (마질) (목숨) D. A.D. 650. A great scholar and Timetionary of China.

*리외 /. 理外 (리치) (밖) Out of the natural order of things; preternatural.

*리요천 / 李堯薦 오얏 (넘금) (법) A D. 1766 F.S. 全州. A famous general (등단) of the time of Sun-jo.

*리욕 /. 利慾 리홀, 욕심) Covetousness; greed; avarice; cupidity.

*리용하다 /. 利用 (리홀) (쓸) Ability; serviceableness.

*리우 / 李堣 (오얏) (옥돌) F S. 德水 N.P. 玉山. Younger brother of Yul-gok and a famous penman (글씬).

*리우홍 /. 李宇弘 (오얏 집) 홍상) A D. 1648 F.S. 慶州. A famous general (등단) of the time of Suk-jong.

*리운 / 李芸 오얏 김풀) A.D. 1465-1488. A literary graduate N.P. Un-am (雲菴). F. S. 韓山.

리웃 s. 隣 (이) A neighbor; one living near. See 동너.

*리위 /. 李偉 (오얏) (비위) A.D. 1470-1495. A courtier who died in exile F.S. Kosong (固城) N.P. Mang-hŏn (忘軒).

*리유 s. 理由 (리치) (말미암을) Reason; cause; motive; grounds; argument. See 까닭.

*리유 /. 李濡 (오얏) (적실) A.D. 1647 F.S. 全州 N.P. 鹿川. A Prime Minister in the reign of Suk-jong.

*리유슈 / 李惟秀 (오얏 오직) (빼어날) A.D. 1768 F.S. 德水. A famous general (등대) of the time of Sun jo.

*리유청 /. 李惟清 오얏) 오직) (몸을) A. D. 1459 F.S. 韓山. A Minister in the reign of Chung-jong.

*리윤성 / 李倫成 (오얏 지을) (일을) A.D. 1659 F.S 全義. A famous general of the time of Yong-jong. (등단).

*리은 / 李溵 (오얏) (물) A D. 1722 F.S. 德水 N.P. 晩窩 A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

리을 s. The name of the 4th consonant (ㄹ) of the Korean syllabary.

*리음양순사시하다 /. 理陰陽順四時 (다스릴) (그늘) (볕) (순할) (넉) (때) To act according to reason; to be in line with general principles.

*리의 s. 裏衣 (속) (옷) Under clothing.

*리의룡 / 李義龍 오얏) (옳을) (용) A famous general 등단) of the time of Yong jong.

*리의현 /. 李宜顯 (오얏) (맛당할 나타날) A D. 1669 F S. 龍仁 N P 陶谷 Prime Minister in the reign of Yong-jong and noted literati (문헌).

*리응 l. 李膺 (오얏) (가슴) D A.D. 169. A faithful statesman of the Han Dynasty noted for his integrity.

*리용식 l. 李應植 (오얏) (응할) (심을) A.D. 1787 F.S. 全義. A famous general of the time of Hon-jong (등단).

*리이 l. 李珥 오얏 귀애할 F.S. 德水 N.P. 栗谷 The famous Yul-gok, a renowned sage of Korea in the reign of Son-jo. One of the sages worshipped in the Confucian Temple.

리이명 l. 李頤命 (오얏 턱 목숨) A.D. 1658 F.S. 全州 N.P. 疎齋. A minister in the reign of Suk-jong.

리이첨 l. 李爾瞻 오얏 너 볼 F.S. 廣州 N.P. 芸窓. A famous literati (문장) and official in the reign of Kwang-hă. The leader of the So-puk party

*리익 l. 利益 (리할) (더할) Profit; advantage; benefit.

*리익하다 l. 利益 (리할) (더할) To be profitable; to be advantageous. *See* 유익하다.

*리인 l. 利仁 (리할) (어질) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*리인 l. 里人 (마을) (사람) A villager.

*리인손 l. 李仁孫 (오얏) (어질) (손자) A.D. 1395 F.S. 慶州. A Minister in the reign of Se-jo.

*리인엽 l. 李寅燁 (오얏) (동방 빛날) F.S. 慶州 N.P. 峰高. A noted literati (문장), in the reign of Suk-jong.

*리일상 l. 李日常 (오얏) (날) (항상) N.P. 市西 A noted graduate (진사) and noted penman (필원).

*리일상 李 -相 (오얏) 호 서로 F.S. 延安 N.P. 青湖. A noted literati (문형) in time of Hye-jong.

*리완 l. 李院 (오얏) (집) F.S. 慶州. A military Minister in the reign of Hyon-jong (현단).

*리완식 l. 李完植 오얏 완전 심을 A.D. 1784 F.S. 全義. A famous general (등단) of the time of Hon-jong.

*리원 l. 利原 리할 (언덕) A prefecture in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 40.28 Long 128.40.

리원 l. 李原 오얏 언덕 A D 1368 F.S. 固城 N.P. 容軒 A minister in reign of Se-jong.

*리원 l. 梨園 (배) (동산) The name of a district of the Han Kingdom that became site of a dramatic college. 又 교방.

*리원 l. 李元 (오얏) (자라) A.D. 1470-1495. A famous minister sent into exile to Yün-san-gun F.S. Kyŏng-ju (慶州).

*리원익 l. 李元翼 오얏 돕지 A D 1547 F.S. 全州 N.P. 梧里. A Prime Minister in the reign of Son-jo.

*리장 l. 里長 (마을) (어른) A village mayor.

*리장곤 l. 李長坤 (오얏) (긴) (짜) A.D 1470-1507. A noted scholar. N.P. 寒暄堂

*리장오 l. 李將吾 오얏 장수 나 A D 1654 F.S. 全州 A famous general (등단) of the time of Yong-jong.

*리적 l. 李勣 (오얏) (공) A.D. 594-669. A famous master of the Empire in days of Tang, China.

*리전 l. 里錢 (마을) (돈) Public money—of a ward.

*리전 l. 利錢 (리할) (돈) Interest on money. *See* 변리.

*리전하다 v. 離箭 (떠날) (살) To dart forth—as an arrow when shot.

*리질 l. 痢疾 (리질) (병) A disease—said to be a combination of dysentery and ague. *See* 리질

리계신 l. 李繼愼 오얏 이을 삼갈 F.S. 全義 N.P. 清江 A famous military governor (병사) and noted penman. (필원).

리계전 l. 李繼甸 오얏 이을 밭 F.S. 慶州 N.P. 益齋. A famous Confucian scholar (유학) and writer of Mongol who lived in the reign of Kong-min.

*리정 l. 里正 마을 (바를) A ward or village servant—of an official.

*리정 l. 李靖 오얏 정 A D 571-649 A great warrior who defeated the barbarian hordes.

*리정영 l. 李正英 (오얏) (바를) (꽃부리) F.S. 全州 N.P. 西谷. A famous penman (필원).

*리정하다 l. 釐正 (다스릴) (바를) To correct; to make right.

*리조 l. 吏曹 (아전) (무리) The Board of Civil Office.

리조판서 l. 吏曹判書 (아전) (무리) (판단할) (글) The President of *the Board of Civil Office*, an official of the first rank, 2nd degree.

리존슈 l. 李存秀 오얏 있을 빼어날 A D F.S. 延安 N.P. 金谷. A Minister in the reign of Sun-jo.

*리존오 /. 李存吾 (오얏) (있을) (나) A.D. 1389-1392. A faithful courtier of Kong-yang Koryŏ F.S. Kyong-ju (慶州) N.P. Suk-t'an (石灘).

*리졸 /. 吏卒 아전 (군사) Subordinate officers.

*리종성 /. 李宗城 (오얏) (마루) (재) A.D. 1692 F.S. 豐州 N.P. 楊川. A Prime Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리종덕 /. 李琮德 (오얏) (심을) (큰) Oldest son of Mok-eun and a noted scholar (悉庵公).

*리종선 /. 李種善 (오얏) (심을) (착할) The third son of Mok-eun and a famous scholar (瓦景公).

*리종학 /. 李種學 (오얏) (심을) (비울) A.D. 1392-1799. The second son of Mok-eun and an officer of the second rank. F.S. Han-san (韓山) N. P. In-jŏ. (麟齋公).

*리줄 /. 利 (리할) Interest; profit—on money. *See* 리구멍.

*리쥬수 /. 李柱國 (오얏) (기둥) (나라) A.D. 1720. F.S. 金州. A famous general (동단) of the time of Chong-jong.

*리즐 /. 李浚 (오얏) (깊) A.D. 1441 F.S. 金州. A Prime Minister in the reign of Se-jo.

*리즁경 /. 李重慶 (오얏) (많) (경사 A.D. 1519 F.S. 慶州 N.P. 東皐. A Prime Minister of the reign of Myong-jong.

*리즘게 /. 里中契 (마을) (가온데) (계) A ward guild.

*리즁호 /. 李仲虎 (오얏) (버금) (범) F.S. 金州 N.P. 履素. A noted Confucian scholar (유림) of Korea.

*리지명 /. 李志定 (오얏) (뜻) (정할) F.S. 星州 N.P. 醒齋. A noted magistrate (목사) and penman (필원).

*리지리 /. 利之利 (리할) 같) (리할) Compound interest. *See* 변지변.

*리지연 /. 李止淵 (오얏) 조찰) (못) A.D. 1777 F.S. 金州 N.P. 淸谷 A Minister in the reign of Hŏn-jong.

*리직 /. 李稷 (오얏) (피) A.D. 1362 F.S. 星州 N.P. 亨齋. A Minister of Ta-jong.

*리진 /. 李眞 (오얏) (참) 11th century A.D. A Taoist doctor of the Song Dynasty.

*리진 /. 梨津 (배) (나루) A naval station in Chol-la-do.

*리진망 /. 李眞望 (오얏) (참) (바랄) F.S. 金州 N.P. 陶雲. A noted secretary of the Civil Board (리조) and noted scholar in the reign of Yŏng-jong.

*리질 /. 痢疾 (리질) (병) Dysentery. *See* 리정.

*리집 /. 李潗 (오얏) 언덕, A.D. 1651 F.S. 德水 N.P. 醉村 A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리징 /. 李澄 (오얏) (원) F.S. 牛峯 N.P. 陶菴. A noted secretary and scholar (유림) in reign of Yong-jong.

*리지 /. 理財 (다스릴) (지물) Management of financial affairs.

*리지학 /. 理財學 (다스릴) (지물) (비울) Political economy

*리지학자 /. 理財學者 (다스릴) (지물) (비울) (놈) An economist

*리지현 /. 李在協 (오얏, 있을) (화할) A.D. 1731 F.S. 慶仁. A Minister in the reign of Chong-jong.

*리찬현 /. 李贊玄 (오얏) (도울) (감을, A hermit in reign of Ye-jong, Koryŏ. A.D. 1106-1123. N.P. Ch'ŏng-p'yŏng Kŏ-ssa (淸平居士).

*리찰 /. 利札 (리할) (편지) A coupon.

*리창운 /. 李昌運 (오얏) (창성) (옮길) A.D. 1773 F.S. 成德 A famous prince (함흥군) and general (동단) of the time of Chŏng-jong.

*리창의 /. 李昌誼 (오얏) (창성) (정의) A.D. 1714 F.S. 金州. A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리천 /. 利川 (리할) (내) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.11 Long. 127.06.

*리츙헌 /. 李忠元 (오얏) (충성) (으뜸) F.S. 金州 N.P. 臨皐. A famous penman (필원) of Korea

*리치 /. 理致 (리치) (일월) Abstract right; the eternal fitness of things; right laws or principles. *See* 도리.

*리친쳑긔분묘ᄒᆞ다ᄉᆞ 離親戚棄墳墓 (떠날) (어버이) (친당) (분묘) (무덤) (무덤) To leave friends and forsake ancestral tombs. *See* 월락관이라도ᄒᆞ다.

*리타관ᄒᆞ다ᄉᆞ 離他鄕 (떠날) (다를) (집) To leave for another province. *See* 월타도ᄒᆞ다.

*리타향ᄒᆞ다ᄉᆞ 離他鄕 (떠날) (다를) (시골) To leave for another place. *See* 월락도ᄒᆞ다.

*리탁 /. 李鐸 (오얏) (방울) F.S. 全義. A Prime Minister of the reign of Sŏn-jo'

*리락오 s. 李貞曉 (오얏)(곧을)(나) D A. D. 1610. A famous Chinese Buddhist devotee, associated with authors and editors.

*리태백 l. 李太白 (오얏)(클)(흰) A famous Chinese poet of the 8th century A.D.—a sort of Korean Bacchus or god of wine.)

*리허보 / 李天輔 오얏 하늘 도울 N.P. D. ... 延安 N.P. 晉陵 A Prime Minister in the ... jong who built the walls of Ha-ju.

*리덕구 l. 李德求 (오얏)(덕)(구할) A.D. 1787. F.S. 全州 A famous general (동단) of the time of Sun-jo.

*리통스럽다 / 理通 (리치)(통할) 러워 : 운 To pretend to know every thing ; to be presumptuous.

*리두 l. 東讀 (아전)(주) The formula for verbal endings—used by yamen writers. *See* 군두목.

*리원좌 / 李台佐 (오얏)(별)(도울) A.D. 1690. F.S. 慶州 N.P. 德谷 A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리필 l. 李泌 (오얏)(물) A.D. 722-789. A famous scholar of the T... Kingdom, China who became companion of the heir apparent.

*리하진 / 李夏鎭 오얏 여름 진정 N.P. 六鰲. A famous penman (필원) and Chief Justice (대사헌).

*리학 l. 理學 (리치)(비울) Physics; natural philosophy and science. *See* 도학.

*리학역진조 l. 理學的振子 (리치)(비울)(역설)(열칠)(아들) Compound pendulum.

*리학박사 / 理學博士 (리치)(비울)(너를)(선비) A title conferred upon men proficient in science.

*리학소 / 理學士 (리치)(비울, 선비 A degree conferred upon those who have completed the ... legate course of science in the Imperial University

*리학자 l. 理學者 (리치)(비울)(놈) A physicist; a person versed in natural philosophy; a philosopher.

*리한용 l. 李漢鎔 (오얏)(한슈, 녹가슴 A.D. 1711. F.S. 德水. A famous general (동단) of the time of Yong-jong.

*리한풍 l. 李漢豊 (오얏)(한슈)(풍년) A.D. 1733 F.S. 德水. A famous general (동단) of the ... jong

*리합 s. 離合 (떠날)(모돌) Parting or meeting; ups and downs of fortune.

*리합이유시 s. 離合有時 (떠날)(모돌)(있을)(때) There are times for up and downs of fortune.

*리해 s. 利害 (리할) (해로울) Profit and loss.

*리해득실 l. 利害得失 (리할) (해로울) (얻을)(일을) Benefit and harm; advantage or disadvantage.

*리향호다 s. 離鄕 (떠날)(시골) To leave one's native place in the country. *Opp.* 환향호다

*리허 l. 裏許 (속)(허락) Intention; idea. *See* 갈피.

*리허긔 / 囫圇中 남방 ... 자은디 ... ld Diagram with vacant centre, the middle line being broken—used of what is vain, empty etc.

*리헌구 / 李憲求 오얏 법 구할 A.D. 1784 F.S. 全州 N.P. 菊軒. A Minister in the reign of Chol-jong.

*리헌국 / 李憲國 오얏 법 나라 A.D. 1525 F.S. 全州 N.P. 柳谷 A Minister in the reign of Son-jo.

*리현 l. 李玄 (오얏)(옷) N. P. 遲齋. A famous governor (감소) and noted penman 필원).

*리현충 l. 李顯忠 오얏 나타날 충성 D. A.D. 1178. A renowned military Champion of the Song Dynasty.

*리호민 / 李好閔 오얏 좋을 성 N.P. 漢陰 N.P. 五峯. A noted official and literati (문형) in the reign of Son-jo.

*리회호다 l. 里會 (마을) (모돌) To assemble the villagers. *See* 동회

*리흥슘 / 李興立 오얏 ... 세울 A.D. 1647 F.S. 全州. A famous general (동단) of the time of Suk-jong.

*리홍쥬 s. 李弘胄 (오얏) (클) (맏주) A.D. 1562 F.S. 全州 N.P. 梨川. A Prime Minister to the reign of In-jo. and famous penman (필원).

*리긍 / 李肯 오얏 (긍슐) A.D. 1694 F.S. 延安 N.P. 雲溪 A Minister in the reign of Yong-jong.

*리공원 / 李公遠 오얏 (공슐)(멀원) (근원) A.D. 1598. F.S. 全州 N.P. 老圃. A Minister in the reign of Hyo-jong.

*리긔지 / 李敏之 오얏 (아름다울) 갈) A.D. 1715 F.S. 全州 N.P. 老圃 A Minister in the reign of Chong-jong.

*리취경 / 李聚絅 오얏 모을 ... 명, 경옷, A.D. 1811 F.S. 全義 A famous general 동단, of the reign of Chol-jong.

*리흥립 / 李興立 (오얏)(날) (셜) F.S. 慶州 A famous prince general (동단) of the time of Kwang-ha.

ㅇ흥다 / 利 (리흥) To be profitable to be advantageous. *See* 유익흥다

*리해 / 裏海 (속, 바다) The Caspian Sea

*리히즌 / 李海瓚 오양, 바다, 룡 N P. 北樓 A noted "middle man" and famous penman (필천).

*리히우 / 李海愚 오양, 바다, 어리석을) A. D. 1760 F. S. 韓山. A famous Prince (한롱군) and general of the time of Sun-jo.

*리힐 /. 李荇 (오양) (아물) A. D. 1478 F. S. 德水 N P. 容軒 A Prime Minister in the reign of Chung-jong and noted scholar.

*리힝헌 /. 李行遠 (오양) (돈닐) (멸) A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 全義 N P. 四休. A Minister in the reign of In-jo.

*리홍 李弘 오양 홍상, F. S. 星州 N P 一齋. A noted Confucian Scholar (유림), in the reign of Son-jo.

*리홍쥬 / 李弘胄 오양) 홍상 (쥬 A. D. 1[illegible] F. S. 慶州 N. P. 白沙 A Prime Minister in the reign of Sŏn-jo; famous in the Japanese invasion.

*리화 /. 梨花 (비) (옷) Pear-blossoms.

*리화 /. 李花 (오양) (옷) Plum-blossoms.

*리화장 /. 李花章 (오양) (옷) (글장) A decoration shaped as a plum blossom.

*리화학 /. 理化學 (리치) (필) (비홀) Natural philosophy and chemistry.

*리황 / 李滉 (오양) (김홍) A. D. 1495-1566. A great Confucianist (유림) scholar (문현 who translated the Classics, F. S. Chin-po (眞寶) N. P. Yŏn-se (퇀셰) One of the sages worshipped in the Confucian temple. A famous penman (필천).

*린 s. 燐 (귀화) Phosphorus.

*린가 s. 隣家 (리웃) (집) A neighbouring house; the next house.

*린갑 s. 鱗甲 (비늘) (갑옷) The scales of fish; fish

*린구 s. 鱗丘 (과린) (언덕) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*린국 s. 隣國 (리웃) (나라) A neighboring kingdom. *See* 린방.

*린군 s. 隣郡 (리웃) (고을) A neighbouring district—in the country; the next district.

*린근읍 s. 隣近邑 (리웃) (갓가을) (고을) Neighboring counties.

*린광 s. 燐光 (귀화) (빗) Phosphorescence.

*린메 s. 麟蹄 (긔린) (발굽) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.48 Long. 128.03.

*린동 s. 隣洞 (리웃) (골) A neighbouring village. *See* 근동.

*린리 隣里 (리웃 마을) A neighbouring village or ward. *See* 린동

*린방 隣邦 리웃 (나라) A neighbouring country; adjacent countries

*린산 燐酸 (귀화) (실 Acidum Phosphoricum

*린산 隣山 (리린) (뫼) A military station in Pyŏng-an-do.

*린산쏘뎨엉 s. 燐酸 .... (귀화) (실) .... Phosphate of Iron.

*린산암모니엉 燐酸 ....(귀화) (실) . Phosphate of Ammonium.

*린산칼시엉 s. 燐酸 . . . . . (귀화) (실) Phosphate of Calcium.

*린산이 s. 燐酸鐵 (귀화) (실) (쇠) Phosphate of iron.

*린산이당긤 s. 燐酸鐵糖漿 (귀화) (실) (쇠) (엿) 장, Syrupus Ferri Phosphates.

*린상여 s. 鄰相如 (쓸) (서로) (도흘) B.C. [illegible] A brave and noted statesman of Ancient China.

*린석장이 /. 吝嗇쟝 (앗길) (앗길) (놈—*자) A miser; a tight-fisted person.

*린석흥다 /. 吝嗇 (린석흘) (린석흘) To be stingy; to be miserly; to be close. *See* 갑박흥다.

*린유 s. 燐油 (귀화) (기름) Oleum Phosphoratum.

*린읍 s. 隣邑 리웃 고을) A neighaboring district. *See* 근읍.

*린졉흥다 s. 隣接 (리웃) (붓흘) To be contiguous; to be on the border; to be next neighbor. *See* 경계흥다.

*린촌 s. 隣村 (리웃) (마을) A neighbouring village; the next village.

*린향 s. 隣鄕 (리웃) (싀골) A neighbouring village or locality; the next village or district, vicinity.

*린흥다 /. 吝 (린석흘) To be miserly; to be stingy, to be sparing. *See* 박흥다.

*린화 s. 燐火 (귀화) (불) A phosphorescent light Jack o'-lantern; Will-o'-the-wisp.

*린화슈소가쓰 s. 燐化水素 (귀화) (필) (물) (필) Phosphuretted Hydrogen Gas.

*린화아연 s. 燐化亞鉛 (귀화) (필) (버금) (납) Zinci Phosphoratum.

*린환재 s. 燐丸劑 (린환) (제) (약재울) Pilula Phosphori.

*림간 s. 林間 (수풀) (소이) The interior of a forest or wood.

*림갈굴정호다 s. 臨渴掘井 (림호) (목말를) (팔) (우물) To wait till one is thirsty to dig a well—to act without foresight.

*림게 s. 臨溪 (림호) (시내) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*림경업 s. 林慶業 (수풀) (경소) (업) A noted general of the time of the Japanese invasion.

*림고도 s. 林古度 (수풀) (네) (지날) A.D. 1580-1666. A poet of high repute.

*림곡 s. 林谷 (수풀) (골) A post station in Chol-la-do.

*림금 s. 林禽 (수풀) (새) A species of apple. *See* 둥금.

*림급호다 s. 臨急 [illegible] to make haste.

*림농시 s. 臨農時 (림호) (농소) (때) The beginning of spring work.

*림농시갈 s. 臨農時耕 (림호) (농소) (때) (밭갈) Turning one out of his fields at the time of agriculture.

*림농호다 s. 臨農 (림호) (농소) To begin spring work; to sow grain.

*림단 s. 林丹 (수풀) (붉을) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*림도 s. 臨道 (림호) (길) A village in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.37 Long. 128.11.

*림력 s. 霖瀝 (장마) (떠러질) Rains dripping from the roof or eaves of a house.

*림리호다 s. 淋漓 [illegible] To trickle down—of rain; to ooze out—of blood from a wound.

*림림총총호다 s. 林林葱葱 (수풀) (수풀) (퍼 [illegible] To be dense, to be crowded together.

*림명 s. 臨溟 (림호) (바다) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*림목 s. 林木 (수풀) (나무) A forest tree.

*림박호다 s. 臨迫 (림호) (갓가울) To be imminent; to be near; to be on the point of. *See* 박두호다.

*림벽도 s. 臨碧島 (림호) (빗날) 섬 An Island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.20 Long. 126.20.

*림산 s. 臨產 (림호) (날) Childbirth; the time of childbirth. *See* 산삭.

*림산호다 s. 臨產 (림호) 날 To arrive at the time of childbirth. *See* 만삭호다

*림석호다 s. 臨席 (림호) (돗) To attend in his place—of a member of an assembly; to take his seat in Court—of a judge.

*림선리 林先覺 [illegible] (때) A. D. 1389-1392 A famous scholar, who died for his dynasty. N. P. Wa-jam 臥龍

*림슈 s. 臨水 (림호) (물) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*림시 s. 臨時 (림호) (때) An emergency; unexpected contingency.

*림시셔리 s. 臨時署理 (림호) (때) (마을) (다스릴) An officer pro-tem.

*림시시험 s. 臨時試驗 (림호) (때) (시험) (증험) Special examination.

*림시의명호다 s. 臨時議定 (림호) (때) [illegible] (명홀) To decide temporarily.

*림시의변호다 s. 臨時議辨 (림호) (때) [illegible] (분별홀) To decide when the time [illegible] *See* 슈시변홍

*림시회 s. 臨時會 (림호) (때) (모돌) Extraordinary meeting; a special meeting.

*림시회의 s. 臨時會議 (림호) (때) (모돌) (의론) A special meeting.

*림시회의쇼 s. 臨時會議所 (림호) (때) (모돌) (의론) (바) A place for special meeting.

*림시호다 s. 臨時 (림호) (때) To be the critical moment. *See* 박두호다.

*림소에 s. 臨死 (림호) (죽을) At the point of death.

*림소호다 s. 臨死 (림호) (죽을) To be at the last period of one's life; to be dying; to approach death.

*림소호다 s. 臨事 (림호) (일) To have on hand—as an important work.

*림어호다 s. 臨御 (림호) (외실) To make a visit; to proceed to a palace—of the Emperor.

*림우 s. 霖雨 (장마) (비) Long continued rain.

*림전 s. 林戰 (수풀) (싸홀) A fight in the woods.

*림종시 s. 臨終時 (림호) (모칠) (때) The time of death.

*림종에 s. 臨終 (림호) (모칠) At the point of death.

*림종호다 s. 臨終 (림호) (모칠) To be present at the time of death—as of the death of parents.

*림진강 s. 臨津江 (림호) (나루) (물) A river in Kyong-keui-do.

*림진도 s. 臨津島 (림딘) (나루) (셩) A ferry in Kyŏng-keui-do.

*림진진 s. 臨津鎭 (림딘) (나루 (진딘) A military station in Kyong-keui-do (Pa-ju).

*림질 l. 淋疾 (림질) (병) Bladder diseases —as gravel, stone, bloody urine etc. *See* 음질.

*림천 s. 林川 (수풀) (내) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.07 Long. 127.05. A military station in Kyong-keui-do.

*림천 s. 臨川 (림텬) (내) A post station in Chŏl-la-do. Lat 35.08 Long. 126 55.

*림충 s. 臨衝 (림튱) (치룸) A battering-ram. (B. O.)

*림치 s. 臨鯔 림티 (물) A naval station in Chŏl-la do. Lat. 34.52 Long. 126 2?

*림치도 s. 臨淄島 (림티) (물) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.38 Long. 125.01.

*림피 s. 臨陂 (림피) (언덕) A prefect in Chŏl-la do. Lat. 35.55 Long. 127 01.

*림하 s. 臨河 (림하) (물) A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.34 Long. 128.43.

*림ᄒᆞ다 s. 臨 (림) To come down; to descend. To pay a visit (Hon.) To be near at hand. *See* 다닷다.

*립 s. 立 (셜) A numerative of mats, hats, plates etc.

*립각에 s. 立刻 (셜) (샥힐) Immediately; instantly. *See* 즉각에.

*립낙 s. 立諾 (셜) (허락) Permission, instructions. *See* 가부.

*립동 s. 立冬 (셜) (겨울) "Winter begins" —one of the twenty four solar terms, occurring about Nov 5th.

*립모 s. 笠帽 (갓) (사모) A rain cover for a hat. *See* 갇모.

*립방 s. 立方 (셜) (모) Cube.

*립방근 s. 立方根 (셜) (모) (쎡리) Cube root.

*립방센ᄐᆡ미터로 ᄉᆞ 立方 (셜) (모) Cubic Centimetre.

*립방수 s. 立方數 (셜) (모) (두어) Cubic measure

*립방승 s. 立方乘 (셜) (모) (즐) Cube (of a number).

*립방적 s. 立方積 (셜) (모) (싸흘) Cube (power).

*립방체 s. 立方體 (셜) (모) (몸) Cubic figure; solid.

*립법ᄒᆞ다 s. 立法 (셜) (법) To enact laws; to legislate.

*립쌀 l. 粒米 (낫) (쌀—*이) Hulled rice —so called from 리 the clan character of the present dynasty. *See* 빅미.

*립상 s. 立像 (셜) (형상) A standing image. *Opp.* 좌상.

*립석 s. 立石 (셜) (돌) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

*립식 s. 笠飾 (갓) (쑤밀) A silver point on a military hat into which peacock feathers are inserted.

*립식 s. 立食 (셜) (밥) Eating food while standing.

*립식ᄒᆞ다 s. 立食 (셜) (밥) To eat while standing; to eat food standing.

*립신양명ᄒᆞ다 s. 立身揚名 (셜) (몸) (ᄂᆞᆯ칠) (일홈) To gain position and name—to get rank. *See* 금의환향ᄒᆞ다.

*립신ᄒᆞ다 s. 立身 (셜) (몸) To rise in the world; to succeed; to gain promotion.

*립안 s. 立案 (셜) (칙상) An official note of authority—as for holding land etc. (내다). *See* 완문.

*립장ᄒᆞ다 s. 立長 (셜) (어룬) To become an elder—by doing up the hair. (Prov.) *See* 성판ᄒᆞ다.

*립책 s. 立冊 (셜) (칙훈) Volume.

*립조ᄒᆞ다 s. 立朝 (셜) (아침) To have a position in the government, to hold office. *See* 저조ᄒᆞ다.

*립주상량ᄒᆞ다 s. 立柱上樑 (셜) (기동) (ᄉᆞᆺ) (들보) To set the posts and raise the cross beams—of a house.

*립지 s. 立旨 (셜) (ᄉᆞᆺ) An official document—giving the holder certain authority; an official writing in witness of any transaction. (내다.) *See* 입안.

*립지ᄒᆞ다 s. 立志 (셜) (ᄉᆞᆺ) To form a resolution; to make up one's mind.

*립츄 s. 立秋 (셜) (가을) "Autumn begins"—one of the twenty four solar terms, occurring about Aug. 7th.

*립츄지디 ᄉᆞ 立錐之地 (셜) (송곳) (갈) (짜) Only enough land to stick an awl into.

*립춘 s. 立春 (셜) (봄) "Spring begins" —one of the twenty four solar terms, occurring about Feb. 5th.

*립톄 s. 立體 (셜) (몸) Solid.

*립톄금 s. 立替金 (셜) (갈닐) (쇠) Money paid out for another.

*립톄긔하학 s. 立體幾何學 (셜) (몸) (ᄯᅴ) (엿지) (비홀) Solid geometry.

*립체적 s. 立體積 (설) (품) (셕출) Cubic measure.

*립체적 사법 [illegible] (그림) (법) Stereographic projections.

*립표ᄒᆞ다 s. 立標 (설) (표) To mark out; to stake out as land.

*립하 [illegible] gins"—one of the twenty four solar terms, occurring about May 5th.

*립합지관 s. 立合裁判 (설) 모돌) (마로질) (판단) A mixed court.

*립헌 s. 立憲 (설) (법) Constitutional or limited (as government).

*립헌국 s. 立憲國 (설) (법) (나라) A constitutional country, or a state with a constitutional form of government.

*립헌정치 s. 立憲政治 (설) (법) (정소) (다ᄉᆞᆯ [illegible] Constitutional government

*립헌정톄 [illegible] (몸) The constitutional form of government

*립헌ᄒᆞ다 s. 立憲 (설) (법) To establish laws.

*[illegible] of carp; the "message" fish. *See* 리어.

*리경ᄒᆞ다 s. 來聘 (올) (설) To come and make a hostile attack

*리공ᄒᆞ다 s. 來貢 (올) (공뭇칠) To come to pay tribute.

*리긱 s. 來客 (올) (손) A guest.

*리년 s. 來年 (올) (히) Next year. *See* 명년.

*리뎐 [illegible] (올) (연보) A telegram.

*리두 [illegible] (올) (머리) The future. *See* 장

*리두ᄉᆞ [illegible] happens in future.

*리력 s. 來歷 [illegible] basis; origin.

*리릭 s. 來歷 [illegible]

*리림ᄒᆞ다 s. 來臨 (올) (림ᄒᆞᆯ) To come; to attend. (Hon).

*리리 s. 來來 (올) (올) Forever; endless. *See* 종리.

*리리년 s. 來來年 (올) (올) (히) Year after next. *See* 리후년.

*리릭 s. 來歷 [illegible]

*리명년 [illegible] Year after next. *See* 리후년

*리보 s. 來報 (올) (갈ᄒᆞᆯ) A telegram—received. *Opp.* 거보.

*리셔 s. 來書 (올) (글) A letter that has come

*리셰 s. 來世 (올) 인간, The future state of existence. The coming age; the future or next world.

*리신 s. 來信 (올, 밋올) News; reports.

*리알ᄒᆞ다 l. 來謁 (올) (뵈일) To come and have an interview.

*리인 s. 來人 (올) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Some one coming.

*리인거릭 s. 來人去客 (올) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈) (손) Those coming and going.

*리일 s. 來日 (올) (날) To-morrow. *See* 명일.

[illegible] and from

*리왕간 s. 來往間 (올) (갈) (소이) The [illegible] 화간.

*리왕션 s. 來往船 (올) (갈) (비) A boat that plies regularly.

*리왕ᄒᆞ다 s. 來往 (올) (갈) To come and go. *See* 왕환ᄒᆞ다.

*리월 s. 來月 (올) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Next month. *See* 초ᄃᆞᆯ.

[illegible] 우) Do not prevent comers.

[illegible] (막ᄋᆞᆯ) Refuse not admittance to one coming. (A) *See* 거자ᄅᆞᆯ막쥬.

*리착ᄒᆞ다 s. 來着 (올) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To arrive.

*리츈 s. 來春 (올) (봄) The coming, or next spring. *See* 명츈.

*리편 s. 來便 (올) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) The next opportunity; the next post.

*리학ᄒᆞ다 s. 來學 (올) (비홀) To come for the purpose of study.

*리항ᄒᆞ다 s. 來降 (올) (항복) To yield to; to submit.

*리허 s. 來許 (올) (허ᄒᆞᆯ) Posterity; children. (B. O.)

*리회에 s. 來會 (올) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Next meeting.

*리회일 s. 來會日 (올) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (날) The day of next meeting.

*리회ᄒᆞ다 s. 來會 (올, 모ᄃᆞᆯ) To come to a meeting; to attend a assembly.

*리후년 s. 來後年 (올) (뒤) (히) Year after next. *See* 리명년.

*랭 l. 冷 (찰) A cold; a chill. (치지다). *Opp.* 열.

*링두 l. 冷湯 (찰) (쓰를—*랄) Cold soup —used in summer. (듯다).

*링궁 l. 冷宮 (찰) (집) The king left alone—in chess.

*링긔 l. 冷氣 (찰) (긔운) Cold air; chilly weather. *Opp.* 온긔

링과리 s. Badly burn ..arcoal. An inhospitable manner.

*링담 l. 冷談 (찰) (말숨 Usele.. talk without proper forms of hospitality.

*링돌 l. 冷突 (찰) (구돌) A cold room; an unheated room. *See* 링방.

*링디 l. 冷地 (찰) (짜) Cold land or soil as that facing the north.

*링디ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷待 (찰) (덕졉) To receive coolly; to treat inattentively. *See* 랄디ᄒᆞ다.

*링락ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷落 (찰) (뎍젹질) To be quiet; to be lonesome. To decay.

*링링ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷冷 (찰) (찰) To be cold, to be chilly. *See* 셔늘ᄒᆞ다.

*링면 l. 冷麵 (찰) (국슈) Iced vermicelli —used in summer. *Opp.* 온면.

*링반 l. 冷飯 (찰) (밥) Cold rice.

*링방 l. 冷房 (찰) (방) A cold room; an unheated room. *See* 링돌. *Opp.* 온돌.

*링병 l. (—셩) 冷病 (찰) (병) A sickness caused by a cold or a chill.

*링소ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷笑之 (찰) (우슴) (갈) To laugh contemptuously at.

*링쇼ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷笑 (찰) (우슴) To laugh sardonically.

*링슈 l. 冷水 (찰) (물) Cold water; fresh water.

*링습 l. 冷濕 (찰) (져질) Dampness; moisture. *See* 습긔.

*링열 l. 冷熱 (찰) (더울) Cold and heat; cold and hot; temperature.

*링증 l. 冷症 (찰) (ᄉᆞᆨ힐) A disease—said to be a ball of cold blood that forms in the stomach. *See* 링즁.

*링쳔 l. 冷泉 (찰) (ᄉᆞᆷ물) A medicinal ..e a spring of good water. *Opp.* 온경

링ᄒᆞ ..(봉) 冷症 (찰) (즁셰) Sickness caused by cold or a chill. *See* 즁링.

*링쳐ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷處 ᄒᆞᆫ (곳) To live in an unheated place. *Opp.* 온쳐ᄒᆞ다.

*링쳔 l. 冷泉 (찰) (심) A cold mineral spring.

*링혈 l. 冷血 (찰) (피) Cold blood.

*링혈 l. 冷穴 (찰) (구멍) A cold current—of the air (a term used in geomancy). Cold damp soil—unsuited for burial. *Opp.* 온혈.

*링ᄒᆞ다 l. 冷 (찰) To be cold; to be chilly. *Opp.* 열ᄒᆞ다.

ㅁ

ㅁ The 5th letter of the syllabary corresponding to *m*.

마 *s.* 山藥 (뫼—*산) (약—*약) The yam, wild and cultivated. (즉). *See* 노약.

마 *s.* Mould. The rainy season.

*마 *s.* 魔 (마귀) An evil spirit; a demon. (들다). *See* 귀신.

마가다 *s.* 가; 간 To mildew.

*마가목 l. 馬哥木 (물) (형) (나무) A kind of tree from which walking sticks are made—said to ward off evil spirits.

*마감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 磨勘 (갈) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To pay off; to finish; to complete. *See* 감보ᄒᆞ다.

*마게도 l. 馬介島 (물) (낫) (셤) Islands in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36-10 Long. 126.04, and Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.49 Long. 126.22.

*마게 l. 馬會 (물) (게) A horse guild.

*마고 *s.* 麻姑 (삼) (할미) A famous queen fairy of Taoism.

마고 *s.* Imprudently; foolishly; stupidly. *See* 둘부로.

마고리 *s.* A ferrule; a ring to strengthen a handle etc.

*마고즈 *s.* 馬褂子 (물) (마고즈—*쾌) (아돔—*조) A long-sleeved tunic—formerly worn by the common soldiers.

*마곡 *s.* 麻谷 (삼) (골) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*마구 l. 馬廐 (물) (마구) A horse stall. *See* 마방.

*마구 l. 馬具 (물) (ᄀᆞᆺ출) Harness; horse trappings.

마구발방으로 l. Inconsiderately; carelessly, indifferently.

마구발처 l. The rear of a horse stall.

*마군 l. 馬軍 (물) (군ᄉᆞ) A cavalry soldier. *See* 마병.

*마귀 s. 魔鬼 마귀 (—신) A devil; a demon. See 귀신.

*마균 l. 馬鈞 물 무기옵 A. D. A celebrated mechanician, who flourished at the court of the Wei (魏) [illegible]. He constructed a number of [illegible] for [illegible]

*마금ᄒᆞ다 s. 磨勘 (갈) (다스릴—*갈) To pay off; to settle; to finish. Also 마감ᄒᆞ다

*마기라산 [illegible] (외) A mountain in Kang-won-do. [illegible] 38°02 Long. 128-11 —Lat. 30.21 Long. 126.04.

*마판 l. 馬官 (물) (버슬) An officer in charge of government horses.

*마판 l. 馬關 (물) (닷슬) Shimonoseki in Japan.

*마판ᄒᆞ다 s. 磨光 (갈) (빛) To polish; to brighten by attrition. See 광내다.

*마노 l. 馬奴 (물) (풀) A post station in Kang-won-do.

마누라 l. 抹樓下 (옷—*말) 다믹—*루) (아래—*하) A title of respect—to an elderly woman of the lower classes. See 마님. Small-pox.

마늘 s. 蒜 (*션) [illegible]

마늘모 s. The reading and name of the 28th chinese Radical 丿.

마님 l. See 마누라. (Hon.).

마노 s. But See 만서도.

마다 s. 各 (각—*각) Each; every

마다 l. 碎 (부서질—*쉐) 야; 만 To grind; to powder; to pulverize.

마다 l. 勿 (말 *물) 라; 만 To prevent; to stop [illegible] 말다 [illegible] ᄒᆞ다. To avoid, to refuse. See 실하.

마당 s. 場 (*장) A court; an open space before a house. See 뜰.

마당질ᄒᆞ다 s. 打場 (칠—*려) (마당 *장) To thrush—grain. See 타작ᄒᆞ다.

*마련 [illegible] 삼 [illegible] 마련이다.

*마연 s. 磨電 (갈) (번개) Electricity as generated by friction.

*마연 [illegible] 삼 [illegible] in Kyong-keu-do. Lat. 37.55 Long. 127.08; Post-stations in Kyong-sang-do [illegible]

*마예 l. 馬蹄 (물) (발굽) Horse hoof sycee. The left-hand end of a horizontal stoke in writing.

*마예은 l. 馬蹄銀 (물) (발굽) (은) Sycee. See 돌숩은.

*마도 l. [illegible] 물 [illegible] la-do. Lat. 34.15 Long. 126.28 (Craig Nicoll).

*마도령 l. 馬兜鈴 (물) (둥구) (방울) Capsules of *Aristolochia Kaempferi*—a medicine.

마도의 [illegible] 물 도둠 모돌 *회) The one in charge of the 수복 stables. A horse*breaker.

*도감 [illegible] 기계 물) (갈) (련예) A kind of scrofula.

*마두 l. 馬頭 (물) (머리) A *yamen* underling who accompanies his master when on horseback. See 급창이

*마두남처 l. 馬頭納妻 (물) (머리) (드릴) (쳐단) The marriage certificate carried by the bridegroom at the bride's horse's head.

마두리 s. 라餘 (말—*두) (놈울—*여) A fraction—of a measure.

마들가리 s. Remaining fragments; remnants. See 줄가리.

마들다 s. 어; 아든 To be mildewed; to be mouldy; to be ruined—as by evil spirits.

마되다 s. 久 (오랠—구) 여; 된 To last a long time. Opp. 헤쓰다.

마둥강이 s. 節 (마뒤—*절) A joint; a phrase; a clause; a tune. See 마듸.

마듸 s. 節 (*절) A joint; a section; a paragraph. The numerative of words, songs etc. See 마둥강이.

마라 l. 勿 (말—*물) Stop! Don't! (an imperative form). See 아서라.

*마믹가 s. 麻洛甲 (로갑) (닥수) (셩) Malacca.

마믹이 l. A Chinaman's dress cap.

*마랑 l. 馬郎 (물) (사나희) An island in Ham-kyong-do.

마랑 l. Wild iris.

*마랑 l. 馬糧 (물) (량식) Horse fodder: feed for horses.

*마량 l. 馬梁 (물) (돌처) A naval station in Chung-chong-do. Lat 36.05 Long. 126.45

*마력 l. 馬力 (물) (힘) Horse power.

*마련 s. 磨練 (갈) (련단홀) Plans; deliberation; judgment.

*마련ᄒᆞ다 s. 磨練 (갈) (련단홀) To plan for; to set in order; to put in readiness. See 경영ᄒᆞ다.

마렵다 s. 려워; 운 To have a desire—to urinate etc.

*마령초 l. 馬鈴草 (물) (갈기) (풀) Fine grass like horse-hair.

*마령현 l. 馬靈縣 (물) (신령 묘우 [illegible] Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible] L.

*마록 l. 馬鹿 (물) (소슴) Tanned horse-hide.

*마루 *l.* 抹樓 (못 *말) (다락) A wooden floor. (놋락). A room with a wooden floor. *See* 대청.

*마루방 / 抹樓房 (못 *말 (다락) 방) A room with a wooden floor.

마루청 *l.* Wooden flooring of a room.

*마루청 *l.* 抹樓廳 (못—*말) (다락) (청) The numerative of boards for flooring. *Also* 마루창.

마르다 *s.* 裁 (마르질—*지) 말나; 마른 To cut out—clothes. *See* 마르지다

마르지다 *s.* 裁 (마르질 *지) 여, 질 To cut out—clothes.

마름 *s.* 蘋 (*평) Duck-weed. *Lemnaminor.*

마름 *s.* 編薦 (역글—*편) (집—*교) A numerative of strips of woven straw—for thatching etc.

마름쇠 *s.* Prickly iron balls that were used to stop the enemy by being scattered on the way of approach.

마름쑥 *s.* 蘋 (마름 -*번) The *Marsilea quadrifolia* formerly used in marriage rites.

마를질 *s.* 裁 (마르질—*지) Cutting out clothes.

*마리반도 *l.* 馬來半島 (물) (올) (짚반) (섬) The Malay Peninsula.

마마 *l.* 痘疫 (역질 *두) (역질—*역) The spirit of smallpox; smallpox. (Respect.) *See* 두역.

*마마 *l.* 抹摩下 (못—*말) (다락—*루) 아래 -*하) An ending of respect added to a title.

*마마히리 *l.* 馬馬海里 (물) (물) (바다) (마을) A naval station in P'yong an-do.

*마멸하다 *s.* 磨滅 (갈) (멸할) To wear by rubbing.

*마모 *l.* 馬毛 (물) (털억) Horsehair—from the body.

*마목 / 馬木 (물) (나무) A trestle.

*마목 *s.* 麻木 (삼) (나무) Numbness.

*마목증 *s.* 麻木症 (삼) (나무) (증세) Numbness; paralysis. *See* 나무삼.

*마문승 / 馬文昇 (말) (글) (오를) D. A D. 1510. A distinguished functionary of the Myeng (明) dynasty, celebrated as a military administrator.

마므르다 *s.* 畢了 (다할—*필) (모칠—*료) 끌내; 므르 To finish off; to complete. *See* 필하다.

*마미 *l.* 馬尾 (물) (꼬리) Horsehair—from the tail.

*마미성 *l.* 馬尾星 (물) (꼬리) (별) The "horsetail" star

*마바리 *l.* 馬駄 (물) (서를—*태) A pony-pack. *See* 마태.

*마방 *l.* 馬房 (물) (방) A horse stable.

*마벽 *l.* 馬癖 (물) (성벽) A fondness for horses.

*마병 *l.* 馬兵 (물) (군소) Cavalry troops. *See* 긔병. *Opp.* 보병.

*마병 *l.* 馬病 (물) (병들) Diseases of horses.

*마복 *l.* 馬服 (물) (복) Luck or skill in managing horses.

*마부 *l.* 馬夫 (물) (지아비) A groom; a horse boy; a *mapu.*

*마분 *l.* 馬糞 (물) (똥) Horse dung.

*마분 *l.* 馬分 (물) (논홀) Horse toll. (물다).

*마분지 *l.* 馬糞紙 (물) (똥) (조희). Brown paper

*마비 *s.* 痲痺 (병) (저릴) Paralysis.

*마비하다 *s.* 痲痺 (병) (저릴) To become numb.

*마빈랑 *l.* 馬檳榔 (물) (빈랑) (빈랑) Zalacca edulis.

*마불 *l.* 馬勃 (물) (똥) A puff-ball. *See* 우슘마불.

*마사 *s.* 馬賃 (물) (세줄—*세) Horse hire. (내다). *See* 마세.

*마산 *l.* 馬山 (물) (외) A post station in Kyong-keui-do (Pa-ju); a village in Ch'ung ch'ong-do (Ch'ung-ju), a mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37 29 Long 127.56.

*마산성 *l.* 馬山城 (물) (외) (재) A fort in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.40 Long. 127.49.

*마산포 *l.* 馬山浦 (물) (외) (개) A harbour in Kyong sang-do (Ch'ang-won). Lat. 35.09 Long. 128.40.

*마상객 *l.* 馬上客 (물) (웃) (손) A rider; a horseman.

*마상에 *l.* 馬上 (물) (웃) On horseback.

*마상유삼 / 馬上油衫 (물) (웃) (기름) (적삼) A rider's divided rain-coat.

*마상편 *l.* 馬箱匾 (물) (상자) (편) A saddler's shop.

*마상지 / 馬上才 (물) (웃) (지조) Skill or feats of horsemanship.

*마상초갑 *l.* 馬上草匣 (물) (웃) (풀) (갑) A large tobacco pouch

*마상총 *l.* 馬上銃 (물) (웃) (총) A carbine, i.e., a short gun chiefly used by mounted troops.

마상치 *l.* Long-toed shoes—as worn by riders. Long umbrellas or tobacco pouches.

*마석 s. 磨石 (갈) 돌) A whetstone.

*마세 s. 馬貰 (말) (세줄) Horse hire. (내다). *See* 마삭.

*마소 s. 馬牛 (말) (소—*우) Horses and cattle.

*마수 l. 馬燧 (말) (봇봇) D. A. D. 796. Distinguished as a military commander in several campaigns against invasions from Tibet. Ennobled as 北平王.

마수거리 s. The first sale—an omen of future success or failure.

*마술 s. 魔術 (마귀) (술업) Sorcery; witchcraft; magic.

*마승 s. 麻繩 (삼) (노 Hemp strings.

마시다 s. 飮 (마실—*음) 마셔; 신 To drink.

마아지 s. 駒 (*구) A colt; a foal. *Also* 망아지.

*마아초 l. 馬牙草 (말) (어금니) (풀) Spinach; edible greens such as artemisia.

*마아초 l. 馬牙硝 (말) (어금니) (염초) Crystals of nitre, copperas etc.

*마어 s. 麻魚 (삼) (고기) The mackerel. *Scomber vernalis.* *See* 망어.

*마연ᄒᆞ다 s. 磨研 (갈) (갈) To sharpen; to grind.

*마예 l. 馬藝 (말) (재조) Horsemanship; equestrian feats.

*마의답 l. 馬喫畓 (말) (먹일) (논) Post-horse paddy-fields.

*마유 l. 馬乳 (말) (젖) A [illegible] Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

*마유ᄉᆞ 麻油 삼, 기름 Oil [illegible] from [illegible]

*마유산 [illegible] 馬乳山 [illegible] tain in Kyong sang-do. Lat. 37.31 Long. 127.31.

*마육 l. 馬肉 (말) (고기) Horse flesh. *See* 말고기.

마을 s. 府 (*부) A government office.

마을 s. 村 (*촌) A village; a settlement. [illegible]

마을가다 [illegible] 셔; 간 To [illegible] to go out to visit one's neighborhood.

*마의 s. 麻衣 (삼) (옷) Hempen clothes.

*마의 l. 馬醫 (말, (의원) A veterinary surgeon.

*마이산 [illegible] 馬耳山 [illegible] in Chŏl-la do. Lat. 35.30 Long. 127. [illegible]

마일 s. [illegible] An English mile, a mile. [illegible]

*마운현 l. 馬雲峴 (말) (운현) (고기) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 37.03 Long. 128.20.

*마원 l. 馬援 (말 (당길) D.A.D. 149. A great Commander of the time of *Han*, who drove back the Tibetans from the west border of China.

*마작 s. 麻雀 (삼) (새) A tree-sparrow *Passer montanus.*

마장이 s. 斗匠 (말—*두) (장인 -*장) A market rice-measurer. *See* 말감고.

*마ᄌᆡ [illegible] [illegible] M[illegible] [illegible]

마지 s. All, to the end; all that remains*

마전 s. Laundry work. (주다). *See* 빨내ᄒᆞ다.

마전장이 s. A washerman.

마전터 s. A place for laundry or washing.

마전ᄒᆞ다 s. To wash; to bleach; to launder clothes. *See* 빨내ᄒᆞ다.

[illegible] 적 [illegible] possessed of a devil. *See* 신접ᄒᆞ다.

*마조 l. 馬藻 (말) (마름) *Potamogeton oxyphyllus.*

마조 s. 相對 (서로—*상) (대ᄒᆞᆯ—[illegible] Face to face, opposite.

마조가다 s. 迎去 (마질—*영) (갈—*거) 셔; 간 To meet; to pass.

마조서다 s. 相抗 (서로— 상, 닥ᄃᆞᆯ—*격) 조쳐; 젼 To meet face to face; to collide *See* 닥ᄃᆞᆯ다.

*마졸 s. 魔卒 (마귀) (군ᄉᆞ) Demon soldiers—of spirit land. *Opp.* 마왕.

*[illegible] [illegible] A fearless minister and censor of the *Tangs* China.

*마죽산 l. 馬竹山 (말) (대) (외) A mountain in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 35.56 Long. 126.05.

마중ᄒᆞ다 s. 迎接 (마질) (붓흘) To go out to meet.

*마지 l. 馬池 (말) (못) A lake [illegible] [illegible] P[illegible]

마지못ᄒᆞ다 l. 不得已 (아닐—*불) (얻을—*득) (말—*이) To do against one's will; to be forced into.

마지아니ᄒᆞ다 s. 不已 (아니 *불) (말—*이) To continue; to keep up; to do constantly.

마지ᄒᆞ다 s. 迎 (마질—*영) To meet; to celebrate the arriv[illegible]

마지이 s. 斗落 (말 *두) (떠러질—*락) A measure of ground that requires [illegible] [illegible] of seed.

*마지이 l. 馬直 (말) (곳을) A palace servant.

마진붑라기 s. The fore side, the front view. *See* 관적밖이.

마진짝 s. 對面 (더할—*댁) (짝 *책) The opposite side, the front side, that which faces.

*마진 s. 痲疹 (병) (발반홀) The measles.

*마즈 s. 麻子 (삼) (아들) Hemp seed.

마진편 s. The opposite side.

*마찰 s. 摩擦 (문질) (더듬을) Friction.

*마찰계수 s. 摩擦係數 (문질) (더듬을) (멜) (두어) Coefficient of resistance.

*마찰력 s. 摩擦力 (문질) (더듬을) (힘) Friction.

*마찰법 s. 摩擦法 (문질) (더듬을) (법) Touch; the law of friction.

*마찰차 s. 摩擦車 (문질) (더듬을) (수레) Friction roller.

*마찰하다 s. 摩擦 (문질) (더듬을) To rub against.

*마차 l. 馬車 (물) (수레) A horse cart; a foreign carriage.

*마차세 l. 馬車貰 (물) (수레) (세낼) Carriage fare or hire.

*마차철도 l. 馬車鐵道 (물) (수레) (쇠) (길) A horse railroad; tram way.

*마차회사 l. 馬車會社 (물) (수레) (모들) (회사) A livery company; a drayage company.

*마초 l. 馬草 (물) (풀) Horse fodder.

*마취목 l. 馬醉木 (물) (취홀) (나무) *Andromeda japonica.*

*마취성 s. 痲醉性 (병) (취홀) (성품) Anæsthetic.

*마취제 s. 痲醉劑 (병) (취홀, 약지을) An anæsthetic medicine. *See* 몽혼약.

*마치현 l. 馬齒莧 (물) (나), (비름) Purslane.

*마태 l. 馬太 (물) (콩) Beans—for horse feed.

*마태 l. 馬駄 (물) (실을) A horse-pack.

*마현령 s. 磨天嶺 (문질) (하늘) (고지) A mountain in Ham-kyong-do.

*마혈 l. 馬鐵 (물) (쇠) Horse shoes. (신기다). *See* 편조.

*마혈젼 l. 馬鐵廛 (물) (쇠) (전) A shop where horse shoes are sold.

마과람 s. A south-east wind. *See* 동남풍.

*마판 l. 馬板 (물) (판조) Flooring of a horse stable.

*마패 l. 馬牌 (물) (패) A horse-tablet—which gives to the carrier free use of post horses.

*마편 l. 馬鞭 (말) (채찍) A hollow ham-boo carried by horsemen. *See* 등채.

*마편초 l. 馬鞭草 (물) (채찍) (풀) Versain or Verbein.

*마포 s. 麻布 (삼) (뵈) Hempen cloth. (낳다).

마풀 s. Sea-weed. *See* 해역.

마풍 l. A south-east wind. *See* 마과람.

*마피 l. 馬皮 (물) (가죽) Horse-hides.

*마한 l. 馬峴 (물) (고지) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.43 Long. 128.34.

*마혜 s. 麻鞋 (삼) (신) Hempen sandals.

*마후 l. 馬后 (물) (님금) D. A. D. 1382. The Empress-consort of the founder of the Myong (明) dynasty.

마흔 s. 四十 (넉—*스) (열—*십) Forty. *See* 스십.

*마흰 l. 馬灘 (물) (바닥) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.47. Long. 126.39.

*마황 s. 麻黃 (삼) (누를) A yellow kind of sesamum—used as medicine.

*막 s. 幕 (장막) A tent; a booth; a temporary erection. (치다).

막 s. Just at the moment; just now. *See* 곳. In any way. *See* 마구.

*막가내하 s. 莫可奈何 (말) (가홀) (엇지) (엇지) What is impossible; no alternative.

*막강슈라 s. 莫强誰何 (말) .굿, (누구) (엇지) What is unconquerable; one who cannot be vanquished.

*막강지국 s. 莫强之國 (말) (강홀) (갈) (나라) The most powerful kingdom.

*막강지병 s. 莫强之兵 (말) (강홀) (갈) (군소) Ever victorious soldiers. *See* 막막강병.

막걸니 s. 濁酒 (흐릴—*막) (술—*쥬) A coarse kind of fermented liquor. (걸으다). *See* 탁쥬.

막나이 s. 末産 (못—*말) (날—*산) The youngest child; a child of old age. *See* 막내.

막나이 s. Coarse home-made cotton cloth.

막난이 s. 斬刀淡 (버힘—*참) (칼 *도) (놈—*한, An executioner. A low wretch. *See* 희광이.

막내 s. 末産 (못—*말) (날—*산) The youngest child; a child of old age. *Also.* 막내조식.

막내뚤 s. 晩得女 (느질—*만) (엇을—*득) (계집—*녀) The youngest daughter.

막내아들 s. 晩得子 (느길—*만) 엇을 (*득) 아들 (*조) The youngest son; the last child.

막낸동이 s. 晩得子 (느길—*만) (엇을 —득) (아들—*조) The last child.

*막농당 s. 莫能當 (말) (농호) (맛당) A champion; a victor; one without a rival. *See* 불가당.

막니시엄회석 s. . . . 灰石 ..... (저) (돌) Magnesium Lime Stone.

막다 s. 阻 (막을—*조) 아; 은 To cork; to stop up; to obstruct; to settle; to end; to complete. *See* 금호다

막다른골 s. 地窓頭 (짜 -*더) (다홀—*진) (머리 —*두) A blind alley; a cul-de-sac.

막대 s. 杖 (*장) A stick; a staff; a club. *See* 몽동이.

막대 s. 杖 (*장) A stick; a staff. *See* 집헌막대.

막대잡이 s. The staff hand the right hand or right side. An expression used of blind people. *Opp* 보죄잡이.

*막대호다 s. 莫大 (말) (큰) To be too many to count; to be numberless; to be enormous; to be tremendous; to be extremely great; to be large; or numerous.

*막막소창 s. 莫適所向 (말) (갈) (바) (향홀) Going blindly; wandering at random.

막되다 s. 여; 외 To be without restraint; to be lawless.

막동이 s. The youngest child; a child of one's old age. *See* 만득조; 막내동이.

*막령 s. 幕嶺 (장막) (고기) A mountain in P'yêng-an-do. Lat. 40.01 Long. 125.24

*막론호고 無論 (말) (의론) Without [illegible] 물론호고.

*막료 s. 幕僚 (장막) (동관) Officers lower in rank.

막막장병 s. Ever victorious soldiers. *See* 막강지병.

막막조 s. The summit of authority; a champion; a victor. *See* 막농당.

*막막호다 s. 莫莫 (말) (말) To be luxuriant [illegible]

*막막호다 s. 寞寞 (고요홀) (고요홀) To be dull; to be stupid. To be silent; to be still; to be quiet. *See* 적막호다.

막바지 s. A hill; a slope—that obstructs the way.

막벌다 s. 머리; 번 To work as a day laborer.

막벌이 s. Any kind of work; old jobs.

막벌이군 s. [illegible]; a day laborer.

막부 s. 幕府 장막 마을 [illegible] ubordinate official's office. A subordinate officer.

막붙강이 s. Coarse-cut tobacco. *See* 상초.

*막불감이 s. 莫不感服 말 아닐 감식 (항복) One whom we cannot but praise.

*막비 s. 莫非 (말) (아닐) Without exception; certainly; without doubt. *See* 무비.

*막비 s. 幕裨 (장막) (다음) A subordinate official—under a governor, admiral etc. *See* 막하.

*막비왕신 s. 莫非王臣 (말) (아닐) (님금) 신하 [illegible] ng

*막비왕토 s. 莫非王土 (말) (아닐) (님금) [illegible] territory of the king.

막상 s. 當 (모힘 -*여) Then; just at the time. (Prov.) *See* 막이.

*막상막하 s. 莫上莫下 (말) (웃) (말) (아래) Nothing better and nothing worse the same; both alike. *See* 상중상부.

막서다 抗拒 막을 [illegible] 서; 선 To stand before; to stop; to hinder.

*막설호다 s. 莫說 (말) (말숨) To say nothing; to raise no question.

*막심호다 s. 莫甚 (말) (심홀) To be at the furthest extreme; to have reached the utmost limit. *See* 조심호다.

막시 s. The corner point of a curved roof.

*막연호다 s. 漠然 (아득홀) (그럴) To be wide; to be far reaching.

막이 s. A dam; a stopper; a cork. *Also* 막이. Gambling stakes.

막이 s. (What) indeed? (Why) forsooth? *See* 하상.

막이 s. 塞兒 (막을—*색) (아히—*우) A cork; a stopper. *Also* 막이

*막중공역 s. 莫重公役 말 무거울 공번 [illegible]

*막중대사 s. 莫重大事 [illegible] of supreme importance.

*막중호다 s. 莫重 (말) (무거울) To be of supreme value; to be all important.

*막지기고 s. 莫知其故 (말) (알) [illegible] To [illegible] with what is inexplicable.

*막지기조지악 s. 莫知其子之惡 (말) (알) (그) (아돌) (갈) (모질) One cannot see a fault in one's own son.

막질니다 *s.* 질녀; 닌 To be stopped; to be hindered; to be obstructed.

막조 *s.* 磨子 (갈—*마) (아돌—*조) A medicine pestle.

막초 *s.* Inferior tobacco. *Opp.* 상초.

막치 *s.* A rough sample; a coarse object. *Opp.* 맛침.

막필 *s.* An inferior quality of pen.

*막하 *s.* 幕下 (막) (아래) Inferior officials—as *pijang* etc. (잡다).

막하잡다 *s.* 아; 은 To select officers to serve under one.

막히다 *s.* 隔 (막을 -*겨) 막히; 힌 To be stopped; to be obstructed. *Opp.* 허지다

막호아 *s.* Indeed? Forsooth! Truly! *See* 막이.

만 *s.* A form added to the future participles of verbs having the force of ability, capacity, worth. Only. Than. As—as used with 못ᄒᆞ다 in comparisons.

*만 *l.* 萬 (일만) Ten thousand; a myriad.

*만가 *l.* 萬家 (일만) (집) Many houses; a great collection of buildings.

*만각 *s.* 晚覺 (느질) (비ᄃᆞ를) What is learned late in life. *Opp.* 조글.

*만겁 *l.* 萬劫 (일만) (겁) Used in the Buddhist phrase, forever; eternally.

*만경 *l.* 晚景 (느질) (경치) Evening; eve, nightfall; evening twilight.

*만경 *l.* 萬頃 일만 (이랑) A prefect in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.51 Long. 126.55.

*만경 *s.* 慢驚 깜 (놀날 Chronic convulsions. *See* 경즁.

*만경되다 *s.* 慢驚 거만 (놀날) 어, 된 To be unconscious—from slow convulsions. *See* 경즁.

*만경창파 *l.* 萬頃蒼波 일만 (이랑) (바다) (물결 The unrowed sea—the boundless expanse of ocean. *See* 무변대히.

만경처소 *s.* Special detectives.

*만경즁 *s.* 慢驚風 (거만) (놀날) (바람) Convulsions; fits. (날다.

*만고 *l.* 萬古 일만 (네) All antiquity; long past ages. *See* 천추만세.

*만고풍상 *l.* 萬古風霜 (일만) (네) (바람) (서리) Ten thousand hardships from wind and frost—the sufferings of life. (겪다). *See* 비상간고.

*만고흥망 *l.* 萬古興亡 (일만) (네) (날) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) The rise and fall of kingdoms—as told of in history.

*만교 *l.* 晚交 (느질) (사괼) Friends—who meet late in life. *Opp.* 세교.

*만구말금 *l.* 萬口一談 일만 입 ᄒᆞᆫ, 말ᄉᆞᆷ Ten thousand voices agree—a unanimous vote. *See* 여출일구.

*만국 *l.* 萬國 (일만) (나라) Many countries; all countries; all nations.

*만국공법 *l.* 萬國公法 일만 (나라) (공변ᄒᆞᆫ) (법) International law. *See* 약됴장졍.

*만국됴약 *l.* 萬國條約 일만 (나라) 가지, 언약 International agreement.

*만국박람회 *l.* 萬國博覽會 (일만 (나라) (보ᄂᆞᆯ (볼 모ᄃᆞᆯ International Exhibition.

만국 ᄒᆞᆫ 일치 *l.* 萬國一致 (일만) 나라 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (일ᄒᆞᆯ) The concurrence of all the nations of the world.

*만국통상 *l.* 萬國通商 (일만) (나라) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) (장ᄉᆞ) International commerce.

*만근어리 *s.* 挽近以來 당길, 갓가울 (써) (올) These times, these days.

*만긔 *s.* 滿期 ᄎᆞᆫ (긔약 The completion of a fixed period of time. Maturity.

*만긔 *l.* 萬機 (일만) (틀) All affairs o state

*만긔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 滿期 (ᄎᆞᆫ) (긔약) To elapse; to expire.

*만긔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 滿開 (ᄎᆞᆫ) (필) To be at the height of their bloom; to be at their best. *See* 만발ᄒᆞ다.

*만과 *l.* 萬科 (일만) (과거) A general examination—in which all classes take part. *See* 명시.

*만년 *l.* (말) 晚年 (느질) (히) The closing years—of life.

*만년불과 *l.* 萬年不破 (일만) (히) (아닐) (찌질) What outlasts all time. *See* 어현더무궁.

*만단 *l.* 萬端 (일만) (끗) All possible ways, every means.

*만단ᄀᆡ유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 萬端開諭 (일만) (끗) (열, ᄀᆡ유ᄒᆞᆯ) To warn against in all possible ways; to urge by every means.

*만단설화 *l.* 萬端說話 (일만) (끗) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) All possible expressions; every word possible. *See* 일장설화.

*만당 *l.* 晚唐 (느질) (나라) The last times of the *Tangs*.

*만당 *s.* 滿洞 (구ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) (부리) Manchurians. *Opp.* 한궁.

*만덕산 *l.* 萬德山 (일만) (큰) (뫼) A mountain in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.29 Long. 126.43.

*만도ᄒᆞ다 s. 晩到 늣을 니를 To come too late; to arrive behindhand

*만동 s. 晩冬 (느길) (겨울) The latter part of winter; the last month winter; the 12th month.

*만두 s. 饅頭 (만두) (머리) A kind of small cake usually made of buckwheat flour and filled with meat, vegetables etc. (빈다).

*만득조 s. 晩得子 (느길) 엇을 (아들) A son of one's old age. *See* 막ᄂᆞ이

*만뎌ᄒᆞ다 f. 滿地 ᄀᆞᆺ득ᄒᆞ여 To cover the whole ground.

*만대 f. 萬代 (일만) (디신) Generation after generation; all times. *See* 만세.

*만록 s. 漫錄 (길) (ᄌᆞ록) Miscellaneous writings; a miscellany.

*만류ᄒᆞ다 s. 挽留 (당길) (머믈) To detain; to hold back; to prevent. *See* 붓잡다.

*만리경 s. 萬里鏡 ᄆᆞᆫ여 ᄇᆞᆯ (거울) A myriad li glass—a telescope. *See* 원시경.

*만리어 s. 鰻鯉魚 (고기) (고기) (고기) An eel—used as medicine.

*만리장성 f. 萬里長城 (일만) (마을) (긴) (재) The Great Wall of China.

*만리장천 f. 萬里長天 (일만) (마을) (긴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The high heavens.

*만만다행ᄒᆞ다 f. 萬萬多幸 (일만) (일만) (만ᄒᆞᆯ) (요힝) To be very fortunate; to be in great luck.

*만만부당지설 f. 萬萬不當之說 (일만) (일만 ᄃᆞ이 맛당 ᄋᆞᆫ 만ᄒᆞᆯ) Unreasonable bosh; nonsense.

*만만ᄒᆞ다 萬萬 일만 일만) To be unbounded; to be beyond expression.

만만ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆷ ᄒᆞᆫ 옥옥ᄒᆞᆫ —옥) To be soft; to be submissive; to be yielding; to be weak. *See* 옥옥ᄒᆞ다.

*만망 f. 萬望 (일만) (ᄇᆞᆯᄲᅡᆯ) Great desire; earnest wish.

*만모ᄒᆞ다 s. 慢侮 거만ᄒᆞᆯ 업슈ᄒᆞ녁긴 To despise; to look down upon.

*만목수참 滿目愁慘 구득ᄒᆞᆯ, 눈, 근심 (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ) Inexpressible disappointment; feelings of sorrow.

*만목ᄒᆞ다 f. 滿目 (ᄎᆞᆯ) (눈) All that the eye can take in; the whole view.

*만무방ᄒᆞ다 萬無方 (일만 업슬) 모 To be lawless; to be regardless of law, right etc.

*만무시리 s. 萬無是理 (일만) (업슬) (이) (리치) Out of the question; nonsense.

*만무일실 f. 萬無一失 (일만) (업슬) (일ᄒᆞᆫ) (일ᄂᆞᆯ) Ten thousand chances against one; what is certain, absolutely sure. *See* 빅발빅중.

*만무ᄒᆞ다 f. 萬無 (일만) (업슬) To be out of the question; to be unheard of.

만무ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tender; to be yielding. *Opp.* 엣셰ᄒᆞ다.

*만물 f. 萬物 (일만) (물건) All things; all creation.

*만물초 f. 萬物草 (일만) (물건) (풀) The myriad forms—as seen in a view of the Diamond Mountains.

*만민 f. 萬民 (일만) (빅셩) All the people; the masses. *See* 빅셩.

만민 ᄂᆞᆫ ᄂᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆺ치 오ᄃᆞ 개 (갈) (나라) Barbarian States; uncivilized lands. (야만도).

*만반 f. 萬般 (일만) (가지) Of all kinds; several; various; every.

*만반진슈 f. 滿盤珍羞 (ᄒᆞᆨ) (소반) (보비) (음식) A table loaded with the richest viands. *See* 고량진미

ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆫ 滿盤珍羞 ᄉᆞᆫ, 소반 보비 (찬) A table loaded with the best of dishes. *See* 만반진슈.

*만발ᄒᆞ다 f. 滿發 (ᄎᆞᆯ) (필) To be in bloom; to flourish.

*만방 f. 萬方 (일만) (모) All the world; all nations; all places. *See* 현하.

*만방 f. 萬邦 (일만) (나라) All countries; all states; all nations; all nationalities; every country.

*만병 f. 萬病 (일만) (병) All kinds of diseases.

ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ 萬病 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ (다스릴) A panacea.

*만복 f. 萬福 (일만) (복) Great fortune supreme happiness.

*만복 f. 晩福 (느길) (복) Happiness towards the close of life.

만복경 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆺ 실마리) A stomach full of resource—as has a spider. A wise head—one who possesses judgment.

*만복ᄒᆞ다 滿腹 (ᄎᆞᆯ) (비) To be satisfied; to have eaten enough.

만ᄂᆞ당ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ 만ᄒᆞᆯ 아닐 ᄉᆞᆫ (당ᄒᆞᆯ) To be wholly incredible; to be altogether untrustworthy.

*만부부당지용 f. 萬夫不當之勇 (일만) (지아비 ᄃᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆯ 맛당 ᄒᆞᆯ 용) Bravery that is more than a match for ten thousand men. *See* 천근력소.

*만부 l. 萬分 (일만) (논홀) Ten thousand; ten thousandths—full measure; very.

*만분지일 l. 萬分之一 (일만) (논홀) (갈) (호) One in ten thousand.

*만삭ᄒᆞ다 l. 滿朔 (출) (초호호) To complete the time—for childbirth. *See* 당삭ᄒᆞ다.

*만산 l. 晩産 (느질) (나홀) Childbirth late in life. *See* 로산

*만산편야ᄒᆞ다 l. 滿山遍野 (ᄀᆞᆫ 뫼) 두루) (들) To cover the mountains and plains; to be everywhere

*만상 l. 萬狀 (일만) (형상) Many different forms.

*만서 s. 萬緖 (일만) (실마리) All affairs or matters; every circumstance; all events.

*만석군 l. 萬石君 (일만) (돌) (님군) An ancient called *Sokpun* who had five sons each receiving 2000 bags of rice —a wealthy man; a rich person.

만선두리 l. 大揮項 (큰—*대) (두롤 *휘) (목 *항) A large fur head-cloak.

*만세 l. 晩歲 (느질) (히) The end of the year; aged; old.

*만세 l. 萬歲 (일만) (히) Ten thousand years; long life. (부르다).

*만세 l. 萬世 (일만) (인간) Generation after generation; all time. *See* 천슈.

*만세국 l. 萬歲菊 (일만) (히) (국화) French marigold.

*만셩 l. 萬姓 (일만, 셩) The people in general; all the people.

*만셩보 l. 萬姓譜 (일만) (셩) (족보) A geneology of many clan names.

*만슈무강 l. 萬壽無疆 (일만) (목숨) (업을) (더껑) Long live—the king.

만슈발이 s. Question and answer—in divination. (ᄒᆞ다).

*만슈셩졀 s. 萬壽聖節 (일만) (목숨) (셩인) (마듸) The birthday of the retired Emperor. *See* 건원졀.

*만슈일리 l. 萬殊一理 (일만) (다롤) (호) (리치) Ten thousand differences and yet one general principle.

*만슈향 l. 萬壽香 (일만) (목숨) (향긔) Chinese sacrificial tapers.

*만승 l. 萬乘 (일만) (홀) Metaphorical term for the Emperor.

*만승지위 l. 萬乘之位 (일만) (홀) (갈 ᄆᆡ 올, The throne; a royal seat.

*만승지국 l. 萬乘之國 (일만) (홀) (갈) (나라) A kingdom of ten thousand war chariots; a first-rate power. *Opp.* 천승지국.

*만승천조 l. 萬乘天子 (일만) (홀) (하놀) (하ᄃᆞᆯ) The Son of Heaven who commands ten thousand war chariots—the Emperor of China.

*만시지탄 l. 晩時之歎 (느질, ᄆᆡ, (갈) 란식, Mourning over what is too late.

*만시ᄒᆞ다 l. 晩時 (느질) ᄆᆡ, To be too late; to have passed the time.

*만식(이)감육 l. 晩食甘肉 (느질) (밥) (맛당) 고기 A late dinner is relished.

만신 l. A female exorcist; a sorceress. *See* 무당.

*만신 l. 滿身 (출) (롬) The whole body.

*만신창 l. 滿身瘡 (출 (롬) 헌ᄃᆡ) Ulcers that cover the whole body.

*만심환희 l. 滿心歡喜 (출) (모ᄋᆞᆷ) (깃블) (깃블) Joy of the whole heart; great joy.

*만ᄉᆞ l. 萬事 (일만) (일) Everything; all possible affairs.

*만ᄉᆞ s. 輓詞 (만ᄉᆞ) (글) A funeral ode or elegy. *See* 만장.

*만ᄉᆞ무석 l. 萬死無惜 (일만) (죽을) (업슬) (앗길) Worthy of ten thousand deaths. *See* 살지무석ᄒᆞ다.

*만안ᄒᆞ다 l. 萬安 (일만, 편안) To be perfectly quiet; to be at peace. (Comp).

만약 l. 若 (*약) An introductory word followed by 면 or 거든 and having with these the force of if, when. *See* 만일.

*만앙 l. 晩秧 (느질) (모—*앙) Late crops—of rice. (내다).

*만앙내기 s. 晩秧 (느질) (모—*앙) Rice that is short in the straw; late rice.

*만양에 s. 晩陽 (느질) (볏) In the evening; late in the day.

만에 s. After—of time.

만연경 s. 蔓延莖 (넉굴) (버들) (줄기) Stalks that take root as the raspberry.

*만연ᄒᆞ다 s. 蔓延 (넉굴) (버들) To spread; to extend; to be diffused; to increase; to multiply.

*만운 s. 晩運 (느진) (운수) Success which comes late, luck at last. Not being so lucky or fortunate as others.

*만유 l. 萬有 (일만) (잇슬) Nature; the universe; all things in existence.

*만유영률 l. 萬有定律 (일만) (잇슬) (명홀) (법) Natural law.

*만유신교 l. 萬有神敎 (일만) (잇슬) (귀신) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) Pantheism or the doctrine that identifies the universe with God.

*만유학 n. 萬有學 (일만) (있을) (배울) Natural science.

*만유하다 v. 漫遊— (길 놀 [illegible] travel for pleasure; to make an extensive tour.

*만이 n. 蠻夷 (오랑캐) (오랑캐) Barbarians; foreign barbarians; savages, uncivilized people.

*만이테라 / 萬仰太羅 일만 [illegible] An island in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat 36.47 Long. 126.04.

*만인 n. 蠻人 (오랑캐) (사람) Barbarians, savages; uncivilized people.

*만인 n. 滿人 (구족할) (사람) Manchurians.

*만인게 / 萬人揭 (일만) (사람) (게) A lottery of ten thousand entries.

*만인적 / 萬人敵 (일만) (사람) (대적할) One equal to ten thousand opponents.

*만인산 / 萬人傘 (일만) (사람) (일산) An umbrella bearing the names of subscribers, presented to a popular official by the people. (희우다).

*만일 / 萬一 (일만) (한) An introductory word followed by 면 or 거든 and having with these the force of if, when.

*만응고 / 萬應膏 (일만) (응할) (기름) A remedy for countless diseases; an elixir of life.

*만장 이 최노 [illegible] 게 [illegible] 줍 (구석) (도적) Leaving things lying about is teaching thieves—to steal.

*만작되다 / 滿酌 (찰) (잔) 여 [illegible] T [illegible] drink [illegible] 니 [illegible] 다.

*만작하다 / 滿酌 (찰) (잔) To fill one's glass to the full.

*만작하다 / 滿弓 (찰) (활—*궁) To draw a bow to the farthest limit.

*만장 挽章 만 [illegible] 장 [illegible] ode; an elegy. See 만소

*만장성은 / 萬丈聖恩 일만 [illegible] 큰 [illegible] The grace of unlimited favor; glory born of love.

*만장일치 / 萬場一致 [illegible] 당 [illegible] 일 A unanimous vote.

*만장중 萬場中 일만 마당 가운데 The thousands in the examination arena, all people.

*만장하다 / 萬場 (찰) (마당) To be full a place, room, or building; to occupy the whole assembly, or audience;

*만전 [illegible] 책 [illegible] 일만 온전 같 (묘책) A perfect plan; a faultless scheme.

*만전하다 / 萬全 (일만) (온전) To be certain; to be safe; to be sure.

*만정 / 晚情 [illegible] 늦을 [illegible] 마디 Late [illegible] the day; what is late. See 비길.

만조하다 v. To be dwarfed; to be small.

*만조 / 滿潮 (찰) (조수) The tide at to full; high water.

*만조백관 / 滿朝百官 (찰) (아침) (일백 [illegible] 벼슬 All the [illegible] ment officials.

*만족하다 v. 滿足 (구족할) (족할) To be satisfied; to be content. To be sufficient.

*만종 / 晚鐘 (느질) (쇠북) The evening bell.

*만종록 / 萬鍾祿 (일만) (쇠북) (록) A salary of ten thousand bags of rice.

*만종하다 / 晚種 (느질) (심을) To sow late; to sow later than the season requires.

*만주 n. 滿洲 (찰) (물가) Manchuria. See 호디.

만지하다 [illegible] 綿綿 [illegible] 족할 [illegible] (족할—*록) To be tender, to [illegible] delicate; to be weak. See 록록하다

*만집하다 / 挽執 (당길 (잡을) To detain; to make to stay.

*만좌 / 滿座 (찰) (자리) A room full; the whole assemblage.

*만찬 n. 晚餐 (느질) (밥) Evening meal; dinner; supper. The Lord's Supper.

*만찬회 晚餐會 [illegible] 밥 모일 [illegible] dinner; a gathering for evening meal.

만청 n. 芸 (무 *풀) A species of mustard plant.

*만청 / 晚晴 (느질) (개일) Clearness o the sky in the evening.

*만추 / 晚秋 (느질) (가을) The last month of autumn; the 9th month; the latter part of autumn.

*만춘 / 晚春 (느질) (봄) The latter part of spring. The 3rd month.

*만취하다 / 滿醉 [illegible] 취할 To be [illegible] drunk. See 니 [illegible] 다

만치 n. Size; amount; as much. See 만콤.

만청 n. Amount; size. See 만콤.

만콤 n. Quantity; amount; size.

만하 / 多 (만흘—*다) 하; 호 To be many; to be numerous; to be abundant. See 수북하다; 풍비하다.

*만현하다 滿天 [illegible] 하늘 [illegible] the sky, [illegible] the [illegible] is [illegible]

*만엽 萬葉 일만 엽 Numerous plies—as in the corolla of a flower; endless ranges.

*만판 f. 萬板 (일만) (판조) Entirely; wholly.

*만패불청 f. 萬敗不聽 (일만) (패) (아닐) (들을 Heedless or ten thousand losses

*만포 s. 滿浦 (찰) (개) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

*만학 s. 晩學 (느즐) (비홀) Commencing to study anything in old age; beginning to learn late in one's life.

*만학천봉 f. 萬壑千峯 (일만) (골헝헝이) (일천) (봉오리) Countless spires and numberless peaks.

*만학호다 s. 晩學 느즐 (비홀) To commence studies late in life.

*만호 s. 瑪瑙 구슬 (구슬) A kind of cornelian.

*만호 f. 萬戶 (일만) (집) Ten thousand houses—all age settlements. A cap ain of a 3rd rate guard post. an officer of the rear rank, 4th degree *See* 첨소

*만호장안 f. 萬戶長安 (일만) (집) (갈 (평안) The myriad roofs of Seoul.

*만홀 (히) 녀이다 s. 慢忽 거만홀 (문득) 녀여; 인 To treat with disrespect; to be rude to. *See* 경홀히녁 이다

*만홀호다 s. 慢忽 거만홀 (문득 To be dilatory; to be remiss; to be neglectful, to be rude. *See* 경홀호다

*만회제 s. 挽回祭 (당길) 도라올) (제소) A propitiation; a mercy-seat.

*만회호다 s. 挽回 (당길) (도라올) To remedy, to restore; to improve; to ameliorate.

*만흥 f. 慢興 (게으를) (흥치) A flagging—of enthusiasm, growing weary.

만히 f. 多 (만흘—*다) Many, much; greatly.

*만힝 s. 萬幸 (일만) (다힝) Great luck good fortune. *See* 천힝.

*만힝호다 s. 漫行 (길) (둔닐) To stroll; to saunter; to proceed from place to place.

*만힝 s. 蠻行 (오랑캐) (힝홀) The actions of a barbarian, uncivilized manners.

*만월 s. 晩月 (당길) (둘) A new moon.

말 f. 言 (말숨 *언) Word; speech; saying; language. *See* 언어

말 s. 斗 (*두) A dry measure containing ten "pints." (되다,

말 s. 藻 (마름—*풀) Duck-weed. *Lemna minor.* *See* 어름.

말꼳잉 f. \ suitable word; what will answer in the way of speech.

말갑고 s. 차뿔총 (말—*두) (붉—*갑, (상고 고 \ market

*말경 s. 末境 (끗) (디경) The limit; the end; the last.

말국 s. 湯 (쌀을—*랑) Clear soup; broth, *bouillon.* (치다, *Opp.* 건지.

*말국 s. 末局 (끗) (판) The last game.

말군 f. A wordy person; a talker. (Prov.)

말굿더 f. 語訥 (말숨—*어) (어눌홀 -*눌, 어; 은 To stammer; to stutter. *See* 어눌호다.

말쒸 f. Hearing; understanding. 눈 처.

말그름이 s. Attentively; steadfastly—as in seeing.

말소말조호다 s. To be clearish; to be transparent

*말판 s. 末官 (끗) (벼슬) A low office; an inferior billet. *See* 미판.

말나빠지다 s. 瘦; 진 To be thin; to be scraggy; to be poor.

말남말낭호다 s. To be soft, to be yielding; to be tender.

말낭이 f. The ridge—of a mountain range. (Prov.) *See* 말로항이.

말내 s. On the ridge of a hill. *Also* 말로애.

*말년 s. 末年 (끗) (히) Old age; the end of life. *Also* 만년. *See* 로경.

말니다 禁止 (금홀—*금) (조칠 *지) 녀; 닌 To forbid; to prohibit; to prevent. *See* 금호다

말니다 s. 捲 (것을—*권) 녀; 닌 To be curled; to be rolled.

말님 Woods which one is forbidden to cut—such as that encircling a grave.

말다 s 和泥 (흐로 *화) (섞을—*합, 아; 만 To mix in water—of rice.

말다 f. 勿 (말—*물) 마라; 만 To cease; to stop; to refrain from. *Also* 말다

말다 s 捲 (것을—*권) 아; 만 To roll up, to curl up. (v.t.)

말단 s. 末端 (끗) (끗) The last; the end; the poorest. *See* 지처

말대 s. (대) 捲竹 (것을—*권) 대 *죽) A spindle on which cotton is wound in preparation for thread.

말명 s. 盡 (다—*함 All; completely *See* 완동.

말똥말똥ᄒᆞ다 s To be wide awake. To be clear; to be watery.

말뚝 s. 杙 (*악) A stake—driven into the ground. (박다).

말뚝벙거지 s. 戴氈笠 말뚝 *악 전립 (모) (갓—*립) A sharp pointed felt hat worn by *yamen* runners.

*말로 s. 末路 (웃) (길) The end of a person's life.

말로 s A ridge; a peak.

말로대 s. 宗木 (말로 *종) (나무—*목) The ridge log of a roof. *See* 들보.

말로닥이 s. The ridge—of a mountain range.

*말록피 l. 馬駁皮 (물) (소슬) (가죽) Tanned horse-hide

말뚱쇠 s Prickly iron balls—used to scatter on the way in order to delay pursuers in war time.

*말리 s. 末利 (웃) (리홀) Small profits, paltry gains; a slight advantage.

*말망 s. 末望 (웃) (보랄) The last of the days on candidates for office. *Opp.* 초망 ᄒᆞ망

말망이 s. Sea-weed on which herrings are said to deposit their eggs.

말몫 s. 斗底 (말 *두) (밋—*뎌) A fraction of a measure over the fee of the measurer. (주다). *See* 말밋.

말부줌 s. A kind of herb—the root of which is used for food.

말미 s. 休由 (쉬일 *휴 (말미암을—*유) Leave of absence; a holiday—granted by a superior (받다) (주다). *See* 슈유.

말밋 s. 斗底 (말 *두) (밋—*뎌) A fraction of a measure that remains over the fee of the measurer (주다). *See* 되밋

말미암이 ㅣ 말미암을 슈 아 은 To be because of; to be in consequence of; to arise from.

말박 s. 大瓢 (큰—*대) (표조—*표) A wooden bowl. *See* 쥭박.

*말복 s 伏 ᄀᆞᆫ 셋ᄐᆡᆫ The third of the three decades of summer closing about the 15th of August, the last of the dog-days. *See* 초복; 중복.

*말분 s. 末分 (웃) (논홀) The close of life. *See* 초분, 중분.

*말석 s. 末席 (웃) (돗) The last seat.

*말세 s. 末世 (웃) (인간) The last times; the end of the world. *Opp.* 상고.

말속 s. The measure or capacity of a *mal.*

말솜시 l. 口才 (입—*구) (지조—*저) Ability to speak; eloquence. *See* 소변.

*말슴 l. 言語 (*언) (*어) Word; speech; saying. (Respect.)

*말시 s. 末時 (웃) (때 The finish; the end; the close. *Also* 말솜.

말씨 l. 語音 (말숨—*어) (닉흠—*슴 Manner of speech; accent.

말씬말씬ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be yielding; to be submissive. *See* 말랑말랑ᄒᆞ다

말숨 l. 言語 (*언 (*어) Speech; words; saying. (Honk. A respectful form for words, sayings.

*말에 s. 末藝 (웃) (지조) Any accomplishment or art,—used in a general sense, and also with a special and slightly contemptuous meaning, implying that the accomplishment in question is of an ignoble kind.

말아웃 s. A measure and a half or fifteen cattics. *See* 되가웃

말음 s. 舍音 (집—*사) (소리—*음) A tenant farmer. (보다). *See* 샤음.

말이 ㅣ 首 머 ᄀᆞᆫ 슈 The numerative [illegible] A numerative of composition. [illegible]

말이 s. The reading of the conjunction 而.

*말셰 s. 末次 (웃) (버금—*ᄎᆞ) The last; the lowest.

*말짱 ㅣ Pickets—of a fence.

말짱말짱ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be yielding; to be submissive.

말짱ᄒᆞ다 s. To be undamaged; to be whole

*말셰 s. 末屑 (웃) (악지울) Powder.

말조림ᄒᆞ다 l. To abridge; to shorten by using fewer words; to condense.

*말직 s. 末職 (웃) (직셥) An inferior office; a last office. *See* 초직.

말질ᄒᆞ다 l. To slander; to carry tales; to gossip *See* 연소질ᄒᆞ다.

*말저 s. 末才 (웃) (지조) The lowest skill; the last degree of skill. *See* 상저.

*말좌 s. 末座 (웃) (자리) The last place the lowest seat. *See* 말석.

말랑말랑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be yielding; to be [illegible]

말고지 s 鉤 (갈고리—*구) A hook. *See* 갈고리.

*말관 n. 末板 (뭇) (판자) The last game the end. *See* 초관.

말며 末時 (뭇 때) The last time or seals in a game of cards. *See* 신패

*말편 n. 末篇 (뭇) (책) The last division; the end. *See* 슈편.

*말항 n. 末項 (뭇) (목) The concluding portion; the end; final clause.

말허산 n. 末吐山 (뭇) (말씻) (외) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do. Lat 35.31 Long. 127.49.

*말흘산 n. 末屹山 (뭇) (모흘) (외) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do. (P'ung dok).

말ᄒᆞ다 v. 言之 (말씀—*언) (갈 *지) To speak; to say; to tell; to express.

말ᄒᆞ다 v. 作末 (지을—*작) (가로—*말) To grind up; to powder, to pulverize. *See* 작말ᄒᆞ다

담마 n. A kind of food prepared for children. *See* 암죽.

맛 n. 對 (더홀 *더) Face to face; opposite.

맛 n. 味 (*미) Taste; flavor; interest. (보다).

맛 n. 長 (*문) The eldest—among children

맛 n. 馬蛤 (물—*마) (조개—*합) A variety of mollusk. *Lithophytes.*

맛구럭이 n. 虛囊者 (망녕될 *망 (풀 *거) (놈—*자) A wind-bag; a noisy pretender.

맛기다 v. 任 (맛질—*임) 맛져; 긴 To entrust to; to put in care of.

맛ᄌᆞ다 v. 適 (마줄—*뎍) 주자; 진 To agree; to suit; to fit; to conform to.

맛나니 n. Seasoned broth.

맛나다 v. 逢 (맛날—*봉) 맛나; 난 To meet; to find; to encounter. *See* 상ᄒᆞ다.

맛나다 v. 味 (맛—*미) 맛나; 난 To suit the taste; to be properly seasoned.

맛다 v. 迎 (마질—*영) 마자; 진 To go out to meet; to meet as a friend.

맛다 v. 嗅 (맛흘—*후) 하; 혼 To smell; to scent.

맛다 v. 中 (마질—*중) 마자; 진 To fit; to suit, to agree, to be fit; to be marked. *See* 합ᄒᆞ다.

맛다 v. 任 (맛흘—*임) 하; 혼 To be entrusted with; to take charge of; to be responsible for.

맛당히 ad. 當 (맛당 -*당) Certainly necessarily; fitly; properly. *See* 의당당히.

맛당ᄒᆞ다 a. 宜 (맛당 -*의) To be suitable; to be proper; to be meet. *See* 의당ᄒᆞ다.

맛돈 n. 直錢 (곳을 -*직) (돈—*젼) Cash —in contrast to credit. *See* 직젼.

맛두레 n. 結繩 (두레—*길, (두레—*끄 A wide bucket—worked by two men.

맛ᄌᆞ리 n. Threshing-floor mats.

맛드리다 v. 順味 (쳡을—*지) 맛—*미) 드려; 린 To suit one's taste, to suit one

맛ᄲᅳᆨᄒᆞ다 v. 潔 (몸을—*결) To be pure; to be clear; to be neat. To rejoice over; to be glad—of the misfortune of an enemy.

맛들다 v. 對擧 (더홀 더*) (들—*거) 어; 맛든 To lift together.

맛들다 v. 就味 (나아갈—*취) (맛—*미) 어; 맛든 To have a taste or flavor—as fruit turning ripe.

맛ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 v. 弱 (약홀—*약) To be soft; to be tender; to be yielding.

맛ᄲᅮᆯ n. 先出物 (몬저—*션) (날—*출) (만ᄲᅮᆯ *분) The first cut of tobacco. *See* 션ᄲᅮᆯ

맛바람 n. 逆風 (거스릴 *역) (바람 *풍) Contrary winds, a head wind. (치다,

맛바리ᄒᆞ다 v. 相換 서로 *상, 맛ᄀᆞᆫ *환 실을—*래) To exchange packloads.

맛밧고다 v. 相換 (서로 *상 맛ᄀᆞᆫ *환; 야; 곤 To exchange—without boot. *Opp.* 덧두리주다.

맛벅 n. 合壁 (모돌—*합) (바람—*벽) The second coat of mud plaster—on a wall. (치다).

맛보다 v. 嘗 (맛볼 -*상) 아; 본 To taste; to try by tasting.

맛비 n. 首生畜 (머리—*슈) (낳—*싱) 기ᄅᆞᆫ 슌 The first brood, the first litter. *See* 품비.

맛상ᄒᆞ다 v. To sit, two at a table. *See* 겹상ᄒᆞ다.

맛서다 v. 相敵 (서로—*상) (더역홀—*뎍) 셔; 선 To oppose, to resist. To be equal—in strength

맛ᄉᆞᆯ n. 鮑 (조개—*합) Dried meat of the mollusk *mat.*

맛장수 n. In appropriate words; a speech that does not bear on the point.

맛장이치다 v. 衝 (칠 To collide; to come into collision.

맛적다 *a.* 어; 은 To be disagreeable; to be uninteresting. *See* 맥적다.

맛찬가지 *a.* -贊 (호—*일) (가지—*반) Alike; the same. *See* 일반.

맛초다 *a.* 相約 (서로—*삼) (언약 *약) 아; 초 To agree; to contract.

맛초다 *a.* 相符 (서로 *상) 마질—*부) 아; 초 To fit together; to match; to put together; to mate

맛치 *s.* 鎚 (*쇠) A hammer.

맛치 *a.* 猶 (又호 -*유) As; like—an introductry word.

맛치다 *a.* 中 (맛초—*즁) 맛게; 친 To hit; to strike; to mark.

맛침 *a.* Specially ordered goods. *Opp.* 눈넘. Just then; at that time *Also* 맛춤.

맛춤 *a.* 適, *억) Just then; at that time

맛파 *a.* 嫡派 (긴 *장) (갈래—*패) Descendants by the eldest son.

맛희이다 *a.* 희여 인 To be substantial; to be stout, to be strong

매 *s.* 磨 (갈—*마) A hand mill. *See* 매돌.

*매각소 *l.* 賣却所 (팔) (문니칠) (바) A place of sale; a selling bureau

*매각하다 賣却 [illegible] To sell

*매신갈 賣券 [illegible] sale; an instrument on paper in which the terms of sale are mentioned.

*매노 *l.* 賣奴 (팔) (종) A slave, a knave.

*매도하다 *l.* 賣渡 (팔) (건널) To sell out; to make a sale.

매돌 *s.* (돌) 磨石 (갈 *마) (돌—*석) A hand millstone *See* 안

매우 賣品 [illegible] chased.

*매득금 *l.* 賣得金 (팔) (얻을) (쇠) The money earned by selling; the net profit from trading.

*매문하다 賣文業 [illegible] 봇) To make a business of composing [illegible] tions.

*매문하다 *l.* 賣文 (팔) (글) To make [illegible] examination.

*매민법 *l.* 賣買法 (팔) (살) (법). Law of barter.

*매이하다 賣買 [illegible] to do business. *See* 흥정하다.

매적하다 *l.* To bawl—as a calf.

*매복자 *l.* 賣卜者 (팔) (졈복) (놈) A soothsayer; a fortune-teller; a kind of prophet.

*매복하다 *l.* 賣卜 (팔) (졈복) To tell fortunes; to practice magic. *See* 무복하다.

매부리 *l.* 鷹嘴 (민—*응) (부리—*취) A falcon's beak. *See* 민부리.

매부리 [illegible] 鷹嘴鼻 같은 *코 [illegible] 두) (코—*비) A falcon's beak. An aquiline nose.

*매신하다 *l.* 賣身 (팔) (몸) To sell one's body -as a slave, prostitute etc. *See* 조신방매하다.

매실하다 *l.* To be reserved; to be quiet; to be well behaved. (Prov.)

매싱이 *s.* 孟船 (논벨—*밍) (비 -*션) A long narrow sea junk with curved bow

*매약 *l.* 賣藥 (팔) (약) A medicine sold to merchants only, but not by doctors; a patent medicine, a nostrum.

*매약상 *l.* 賣藥商 (팔) (약) (장소) A nostrum seller; a quack-medicine merchant; an apothecary; druggist.

*매약하다 *l.* 賣藥 (팔) (약) To sell medicine

*매여하다 *l.* 賣與 (팔) (줌) To sell.

*매음 *l.* 賣淫 (팔) (음란홀) Prostitution, devoting one's self to lewdness; secret prostitution; a woman who prostitutes herself.

*매쥬 *l.* 賣酒 (팔) (술) Drink for sale *Opp.* 가양.

*매쥬 *l.* 賣主 (팔) (쥬인) An owner.

*매필하다 *l.* 賣筆 (팔) (붓) To make a business of writing for others in examinations.

맹맹하다 *l.* To be weak—of spirit.

*망 *l.* 望 (망일 The full moon.

*망 *s.* 網 (그믈) A snare; a net. (뜨다).

망 *s.* 磨 (갈—*매) A millstone. (Prov.) *See* 매.

망 [illegible] 望 [illegible] 바라다 [illegible] 돌다). In expectation. [illegible] 보다

*망가 *s.* 亡家 (망홀) (집) A ruined family or clan.

망가[illegible] 亡家 [illegible] 망 [illegible] 다오 [illegible]

망가[illegible] 亡家 [illegible] 망 [illegible] 근본 The canoe of ruin to his clan.

망각하다 忘却 [illegible] 니갈 [illegible] forget.

망거지르다 *s.* 질너; 튼 To destroy to break to pices; to grind to powder.

*망건 s. 網巾 (그물) (수건) A horse-hair head-band. (쓰다, (쓰)다).

*망계 · 호니 망계는 계교 A reckless scheme; a foolish plan. *See* 오계.

*망곡ᄒᆞ다 f. 望哭 (보랄) (울) To weep ceremonially (the death of the king

*망골 s. 亡骨 (망홀) (뼈) A villain; a scoundrel; a rascal.

*망국대부 s. 亡國大夫 (망홀) (나라) (른) (사아비) A ruler or lord of state

*망국신민 s. 亡國臣民 (망홀) (나라) (신하) (빅셩) Officials and people of a ruined country

*망국ᄉᆞ s. 亡國史 (망홀) (나라) (ᄉᆞ긔) The history of a ruined state.

*망국지본 s. 亡國之本 (망홀) (나라) (갈) (근본) The destruction of a state—caused by bad government etc.

*망국ᄒᆞ다 s. 亡國 (망홀) (나라 l· go to destruction, to be ruined t a country.

*망극ᄒᆞᄉᆞ옵 s. 罔極之痛 (업슬) (ᄀᆞᆺ) (갈) (압홀) Grief of the greatest kind—as at the death of parents.

*망극ᄒᆞ다 s. 罔極 (업슬) (ᄀᆞᆺ) To be extreme; to be beyond expression.

*망궐례 l. 望闕禮 보랄 대궐 례도) The ceremony of bowing toward the palace—by officials on the 1st and 15th days of the moon.

*망녕 l. 妄念 (망홀) (성각) An absurd idea; a foolish thought. *See* 오계.

*망녕 l. 妄佞 (망녕) (간샤홀) Dotage; second-childhood.

*망녕되다 l. 妄佞 망녕 (간샤홀) 여, 된 To become stupid; to be absurd; to be incoherent.

*망녕들니다 l. 妄佞 (망녕) (간샤홀) 들너, 닌 To become childish; to grow stupid; to be foolish.

*망녕스럽다 l. 妄佞 망녕 간샤홀) 스럽너, 운 To be absurd; to be foolish; to be doting.

*망누역 s. 網蓑 (그물) (도롱이—*샤) A grass rain cloak. (Prov.) *See* 도롱이.

*망단ᄒᆞ다 l. 望斷 (보랄) (끈흘) To despair, to give up hope, to fail in one's expectations.

*망담 s. 妄談 (망녕될) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A falsehood; a fable, idle talk.

*망뎡 l. 望汀 (보랄) (물가) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*망동ᄒᆞ다 s. 妄動 (망녕될) (움직일) To take futile action; to move in a matter to no purpose; to begin anything and leave it unfinished.

망두석 l. The guard stones that stand before a grave.

망둘이 l. A small variety of sea fish.

*망뎌 l. 望見 (보랄) (견) A ... at a signal-station, the "bridge of ..." *See* 망루.

*망라ᄒᆞ다 s. 網羅 (그물, (그물) To capture in a body—as a gang of thieves; to collect; to comprehend; to include.

*망론 s. 妄論 (망녕될) (의론) Groundless or unfounded argument; a fiction; an unacceptable opinion.

망루 l. 望樓 (보랄) (다락) A lookout; a light-house ... *See* 망뎌.

*망ᄉᆞᆺ ᄌᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆷ 보라) 여섯 열을, Approaching sixty, one who nears the ... seve

망망대히 s. 茫茫大海 (아득홀) (아득홀) (큰) (바다) A vast stretch of water; the boundless ocean. *See* 무변대히.

*망망ᄒᆞ다 s. 茫茫 (아득홀) (아득홀, To be vague; to be indistinct; to be vast.

*망명률 s. 亡命率 (도망) (목숨) (솔) One under sentence of death from treason.

*망명도주ᄒᆞ다 s. 亡命逃走 (도망) (목숨) (도망) (다라날) To escape for one's life.

*망명자 s. 亡命者 (도망) (목숨) (놈) One under sentence of death from treason.

*망명죄인 s. 亡命罪人 도망 (목숨 허물, (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Fugitives from the law who have escaped for their lives.

*망명ᄒᆞ다 s. 亡命 (도망) (목숨) To escape for one's life.

*망문투식ᄒᆞ다 l. 望門投食 (보랄) (문) (던질) (밥) To beg before the door. *See* 문젼걸식ᄒᆞ다.

*망미ᄒᆞ다 s. 茫昧 (아득홀) (어두울) To be indistinct; to forget; to be absent minded.

*망발 l. 妄發 (망녕될) (필) Absurd speeches; a bull; a blunder Anything out of place or contrary to custom. *Also* 망말.

*망발쥭이 l. 妄發筒 (망녕될) (필) (레도—*ᄉᆞ) The settling of a blunder, the squaring up of accounts.

*망발ᄒᆞ다 l. 妄發 (망녕될) (필) To make an absurd speech, to make a blunder.

*망보다 l. 望見 (보랄) (볼—*전) 아; 본 To wait for, to look at; to gaze on.

*망부 s. 亡父 (망홀) (아비) My dead father; a deceased father.

*망사 s. 網紗 (그물) (깁) A mosquito curtain.

*망사초 n. 毒草 (그물) (모래) (풀) A poisonous plant—used as a medicine.

*망상 n. 妄想 (망녕될) (생각) Outrageous or unreasonable desires; wanton or disorderly thoughts.

*망상스럽다 a. 妄想 (망녕될) (얼굴) 러워, 운 To be mischievous; to be unruly, [illegible] 요망스럽다.

망서리다 n. 猶豫 (오히려— 유) (미리— *예) 서려; 린 To hesitate, to be uncertain. *See* 머뭇머뭇하다.

*망석 n. 網席 (그물) (돗) A large mat made of straw. (Prov.)

*망석중이 /. 忘釋僧 (니길) (중) (중—*승) A Buddhist who has forsaken his faith; an apostate.

*망설 /. 妄說 (망녕될) (말씀) A false rumor.

*망신 n. 亡身 (망할) (몸) Dishonor, shame; disgrace, loss of reputation [illegible]

*망신시키다 [illegible] 亡身 망할 몸 [illegible] 린 To dishonor; to disgrace, to destroy the reputation of another.

*망신패 n. 亡身牌 (망할) (몸) (패) Disgrace that continues with one. (차다)

*망신하다 n. 亡身 (망할) (몸) To be disgraceful; to act in a dishonorable way. *See* 허거하다.

망아지 n. 駒 (*구) A colt; a foal.

*망아도주하다 n. 罔夜逃走 (업슬) (밤) (도망) (다라날) To escape regardless of the night.

*망야하다 n. 罔夜 (업슬) (밤) To be regardless of night —in one's hurry.

*망양 n. 茫洋 (아득할) (바다) Vast; extensive; reaching; wide.

*망양 n. 亡羊 (도망) (양) A weak unconscious condition.

*망양지탄 n. 望洋之嘆 (부랄) (바다) (갈, (한식) Failure; what turns out contrary to plans.

*망양하다 v. 亡羊 (도망) (양) To be like lost sheep—to be stupid; to be unconscious.

망어 n. 魔魚 (상—*마) (고기—*어) The mackerel. *Scomber vernalis.*

*망언 n. 妄言 (망녕될) (말솜) A falsehood, idle talk.

망얽이 n. Ropes—for wrapping rice bags, etc. 치다.

*망연하다 a. 茫然 (아득할) (그럴) To be vague; to be indefinite; to be vast. *See* 묘연하다.

망옷 n. Straw ropes for binding rice bags. *See* 망얽이

*망옷 n. 蟒衣 (구렁이) (옷 —*와) A dress worn by the king's son.

*망용하다 /. 妄用 (망녕될) (쓸) To use improperly; to abuse.

*망운산 /. 望雲山 (부랄) (구름) (외) A mountain in Nam-hai Island. Lat. [illegible] Long. 127.52.

망울 n. A ball; a disc. (지다).

망울망울하다 To be in lumps; to be round—of several objects.

*망인 n. 亡人 (망할) (사람) A dead person, one deceased; the departed.

*망일 / 望日 (부랄) (날) The time of full moon.

망원경 /. 望遠鏡 (부랄) (멀) (거울) A telescope.

망월 /. 望月 (보름) (달) Full moon.

망월산 /. 望月山 (부랄) (달) (외) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36.12 Long. 127.41

[illegible] 하다 望月 부랄 [illegible] the moon—at the middle of the 1st month

망조하다 n. 罔措 (업슬) (노흘) To be without resource, to not know what to do.

*망조 n. 亡兆 망할 (징조) Signs or omens of destruction.

*망종 n. 芒種 (가실 씨) "Grain in ear"—one of the twenty four solar periods occurring about June 6th.

*망종 n. 亡終 (도망) (모칠) The last; the end, death.

망종길 n. 亡終路 (도망) (모칠) (길—) The last road—death.

*망증 n. 妄證 망녕될 [illegible] ness; slander; calumny.

*망지불소하다 /. 望之不及 (부랄) (갈) 아 [illegible] tions; to be below the mark.

*망지소조하다 n. 罔知所措 (업슬) 알) (바) (조처할) To not know what to do, to be at one's wits' end.

망치 [illegible] 다 [illegible] 리) (놀흘) 은 [illegible] oneself above all

망치이 n. The ballhead.

*망창하다 n. 茫蒼 아득할 (푸를) To be vast; to be boundless. *See* 망연하다.

*망창 n. 望昌 (보랄) (창녕) A post station in Kyung-sang-do.

*망처 n. 亡妻 (죽을) (안해) A deceased wife.

*망초 n. 芒草 (망종 풀) (풀) The last picking of tobacco for the season.

*망초 n. 본硝, 풀 염초 Saltpetre (Gilber's salt.

*망측ᄒᆞ다 n. 罔測 (업슬) (헤아릴) To be unheard of; to be beyond expression. *See* 헌연ᄒᆞ다.

*망치다 n. 亡 (망ᄒᆞᆯ) 망ᄒᆞ; 친 To destroy; to spoil, to ruin.

잔망이 n. 網籠 (그물) (자로) A net bag for preserving vegetables etc. (것다)

망한ᄒᆞ다 / 호ᄉᆞᆫ (망녕될) To lie; to utter falsehood.

망래 n. A net bag. *See* 망탁이.

망관 n. 磨臿 (갈 -*마) (관조—*관) A mill-stone. (Prov.)

*망매 n. 網袋 (그물) (폐) A sling—for throwing stones. (치다)

*망혼 n. 亡魂 (망ᄒᆞᆯ) (혼) A spirit; wraith; ghost.

망ᄒᆞ다 n. 亡 (망ᄒᆞᆯ) To be ruined; to be destroyed; to be lost. *See* 멸ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 흥ᄒᆞ다.

*망현산 l. 望峴山 (보랄) (바다) (와) Mountains in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.00 Long. 129.22, and in Kyong ken do (hang ch'

*망힝 l. 妄行 (망녕될) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) Disorderly conduct; unseemly behaviour.

마알야망ᄒᆞ다 n. To be heartless; to be cold; to be indifferent. *See* 야멸ᄎᆞ다

마욱ᄒᆞ다 n. 昧惑 (어두울—*캐) 혹ᄒᆞᆯ—*홀) To be headstrong; to be stupid; to be obstinate.

머게 n. A stopper. *See* 막힌.

머구리 n. An inferior quality of leather shoes. (Prov.)

머구리 n. 蛙 (게고리—*와) The edible frog. *Rana Reinhardti.* *See* 게고리.

머리 l. The name of a game of chance.

머시나무 / 梧桐 (오동—*오) (오동—*동) The *Cercidiphyllum japonicum*—on which the phœnix is said to alight at the birth of a sage.

머다 l. 盲 (관슈 -*밍) 려; 먼 To be blind; to be sightless. *Also* 멀다.

머다 l. 遠 (멀—*원) 려; 먼 To be distant; to be remote; to be far off *Also* 멀다.

머드레 n. 豆太 (소이—*잔) (콩—*태) Beans; lentils, etc., sown between drills of other grain.

머루 n. 山葡萄 (뫼—*산) (포도 -*포) (포도 -*도) Wild grapes. *See* 산포도.

머루 ᄂᆞ 治鐵 풀무 -*야) (쇠—*열) A blacksmith's anvil

머루덩굴 n. 山葡萄蔓 (뫼—*산) (포도—*포) (포도 -*도) (덩굴—*만) A wild grape vine.

머리 n. 首 (*슈) The head. *See* 대강이. The hair of the head.

머리새 n. The name of a kind of plant.

머리치 n. Style of head-dress. (Prov.)

머리카락 n. 髮 (털럭—*발) Hair of the head. *See* 머리털.

머리칼 n. 髮 (털럭 -*발) Hair of the head. *See* 머리털.

머리털 n. 頭髮 머리—*두) (털럭—*발) Hair of the head. *See* 머리칼.

머으다 n. 留 (머물—*류) 물너 ; 므론 To stop; to remain; to stay. *See* 쉬다.

머으르다 n. 留 (머물—*류) 물너 ; 므론 To stay; to remain; to stop.

머으적거리다 n. 거려 ; 리 To hesitate; to be uncertain.

머으적머으적ᄒᆞ다 n. To hesitate; to be uncertain; to be in doubt.

머ᄋᆞ 잡이다 / 躊躇 쥬저홀 *쥬) 쥬저홀 —*저) 적여 ; 인 To be in doubt; to be uncertain

머물다 n. 留 (머물—*류) 너 ; 므론 To stop; to stay, to remain. *See* 류ᄒᆞ다.

머뭇거리다 n. 거려 ; 린 To be undecided; to be in doubts.

머뭇머뭇ᄒᆞ다 / 躊躇 쥬저홀 *쥬) 쥬저홀 —*저) To hesitate; to be in doubts. *See* 쥬저쥬저ᄒᆞ다.

머삼 n. 雇工 품팔 *고) 장인 *공) A hired servant. *See* 머슴

머삼살이 n. 雇工 (품팔 *고) (장인 *공) The work of a hired servant. *See* 고공살이.

머슴 n. 雇工 (품팔—*고) (장인 —*공) A general farm servant. *See* 머삼.

머추다 l. 어; 은 To be stolid; to be stupid; to be frail.

머지 n. 節 (마듸—*절) A joint. A knot. (Prov.)

머츨머츨ᄒᆞ다 l. To be uneven; to be lumpy; to be rough.

먹 n. 墨 (*묵) Ink. (갈다) (먹다).

먹감나무 *s.* 烏柿木 (먹—*목) (감 *감) (나무—*목) A kind of persimmon tree with black wood.

먹꼭지 *s.* A kite with a black circle on its upper space. *See* 흑꼭지.

먹구렁이 *s.* 黑蛇 (검을 *흑) (비암—*사) A variety of black snake. *See* 먹구리.

먹구리 *s.* 黑蛇 (검을—*흑) (비암 *사) A variety of black snake. *See* 오사.

먹국 *s.* 雀 (쥬먹 *천' A game of chance—played by guessing how many pieces are held in the hand. *See* 머귀

먹다 *s.* 喫 (먹을—*긔) 어; 은 To eat; to drink. To smoke. (담배). *See* 참숨 다. To contract disease. (병). To design. (모음). To cost; to require. (돈). To receive. (욕

먹통 *s.* 墨斗 (먹—*목) (통—*통) Fly dirt. (두다). Clotted ink. (안다).

먹먹ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be deaf; to be silent.

먹보 *s.* 饕夫 (귀먹을—*동) (지아비—*부) A deaf person. (Prov.)

먹사과 *s.* 黑沙瓜 먹 *목) (모래—*사) (외—*과) A kind of melon with dark red flesh.

먹새 *s.* 墨鳥 (먹—*목) (새—*죠) A wren. *See* 굴목새.

먹성 *s.* 食性 (밥—*식) (성품—*셩) Appetite; capacity for eating. *See* 식성.

먹식 *s.* 飮食 (마실—*음) (밥—*식) Manner of fare; style of food. *See* 먹음식.

먹을셔 *s.* A term used in a game of cards.

먹음다 *s.* 含 (먹음을—*함) 어; 은 To hold in the mouth, to contain. To cherish; to restrain. 먹이시다.

먹음먹이 *s.* Kind of food, cooking.

먹음식 *s.* Style of fare; manner of food.

먹이다 *s.* 飼 (먹일—*ᄉᆞ) 먹여; 인 To feed; to give drink to; to have partake of.

먹줄 *s.* 墨繩 (먹—*목) (노—*승) A carpenter's ink-line. (치다).

먹지 *s.* 墨紙 (먹—*목, (조희 *지) Blotting paper

먹지 *s.* "Winner"—in a game like quoits played with money.

먹칼 *s.* 墨刀 (먹—*목) (칼—*도) A carpenter's ink-lining stick.

먹통 *s.* 墨筒 (먹—*목) (통—*통) A carpenters ink-liner.

먼젓이 *s.* 大船 (존—*대) (비—*션) A [illegible]

먼첨 *s.* 先 (온저—*션) Before; first. *See* 온저.

먼가래밥 *l.* An unclaimed dead body.

먼디 *l.* 遠 (멀—*원) A distant place; a remote part

먼저 *s.* 先 (*션 Before; first. *See* 온저

멀니 / 遠 (멀 -*원) Far; far off; for a distance. *Opp.* 갓가히.

멀다 / 盲 (판슈—*밍) 어; 먼 To be blind; to lack sight.

멀다 *l.* 遠 (멀—*원) 어; 먼 To be distant; to be far off.

멀떠군이 *s.* The gizzard.

멀미 *s.* Sea-sickness. *See* 슈질. (차 (비)

멀미나다 *s.* To be sea-sick 나; 난 *See* 슬지즌나다.

멀미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sea-sick *See* 슈질ᄒᆞ다. To be wearied-out.

멀슉ᄒᆞ다 / To be pale; to be watery; to be insipid. To be well; to be sound. *See* 말슉ᄒᆞ다.

멀쩡ᄒᆞ다 *s* 乾淨 (멀을—*간 (정홀 *졍) To be clear, to be clean; to be complete. To be a hypocrite.

[illegible] 어 / 어 언 To be vacant—as a look. [illegible] to be weak. To be sound, [illegible]

[illegible] 그칠 —*지 어; 흔 To stop. [illegible] To remain. (Prov.)

[illegible] [illegible] interest. *See* 맛.

멋거리 *s.* Flavor; skill; ability. (지다,

멋다 *s.* 止 (굿칠 *지) 며 [illegible] 즌 To clear off, to end; to finish. (Prov.) *See* 그치다.

멋슴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be thin; to be watery; to be insipid. To be ashamed. To be tall.

멋직다 *s.* 無味 (업슬—*무) (맛—*미) 어; 은 To be thin; to be insipid. To be ashamed.

메 *s.* 粢 (*ᄌᆞ) Sacrificial rice (짤다).

메 *s.* A sledge hammer—often made of wood. Tricolored bind weed; *Convolvulus tricolor* the roots of which are used for food.

메기 *s* 料理 (거리—*료) (다ᄉᆞ릴— Food, fare; viands. *See* 음식.

메나리 / 農歌 (농ᄉᆞ—*농) (노래—*가) Field songs—as sung by farm laborers. *See* 산유화.

메다 [illegible] 어 [illegible]

메ᄉᆞ이 / 蚱蜢 [illegible] *풍 A species of grasshopper—*Truxalis.*

메치, 메ᄌᆞ / 鍵 [illegible] 쇠 [illegible] *쇠 A latch, a pin; a key.

메돗다 *a.* 드러- 돈 To be unsophisticated; to be rude; to be green.

메모르다 *a.* 乾 (*른) To be dry, to be parched.

메쑹이 *n.* 痴人 (어리석을—*치) (사름—*인) A stupid fellow; an idiot; an ignoramus.

메식메식ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] To have—; to be sick at the stomach. *See* 구역나다

메아리 *n.* 響應 (소리 [illegible] 응ᄒᆞᆯ 응) An echo.

메어기 *n.* 鮸 (*언) The mud-fish.

메역 *n.* 藿 (*곽) A kind of seaweed used for food. *Laminaria digitata.* *See* 감곽.

메역감다 *n.* 沐浴 (메역감을—*목) (메역감을—*욕) 야; 은 To take a bath; to bathe.

메우다 *v.* 塡 (메일—*면) 메워; 운 To stop up; to plug up; to fill up. *See* 메이다. To take part in.

메이다 *v.* 塡 (메일—*면) 메어, 인 To stop up; to plug up, to fill up.

메이다 *v.* 메여; 인 To carry on the shoulder; to yoke. (멍에).

메항 *n.* Sacrificial rice and soup.

메토리 *l.* 麻鞋 (삼 *마) (신—*혜) Twine shoes; hempen-string shoes. (삼다).

메틸쥬졍 *n.* 百精 ... (술) (졍밀) Methyl Alcohol.

메지메지 *n.* Group by group; heap by heap, each pile.

메질ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 鎚打 (메일—*하) (철 -*다) To strike with a sledge hammer.

메쥬 *n.* 豆醬 (더울—*운) (지울—*조) Bean balls—for making soy. (쑤다).

멘들다 *n.* 懶 (게으를—*란) 멘며; 은 To be indolent; to be lazy; to be tardy.

멥쌀 *n.* 白米 (흰—*빅) (쌀—*미) Common rice. *Opp.* 찹쌀.

멍덕 *n.* A bee-hive thatch. (Prov.) What involves one in another's wrong doing. (쓰다).

멍들다 *v.* 어; 멍은 To be injured internally. To have fortune against one.

멍석 *n.* 藁席 (짚—*고) (돗—*석) A large coarse-straw mat.

멍석딸기 *n.* 覆盆子 (덮을—*복) (동의—*분) (아돌—*즈) Raspberries.

멍얼멍얼ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be lumpy; to have lumps in it.

멍에 *n.* 軛 (*익) A yoke. (메이다)

멍울 *n.* A lump; a kernel. (서다). *See* 멍울이.

멍울이 *n.* A lump; a kernel.

멍울지다 *n.* 울제; 진 To have lumps; to be lumpy.

멍위 *n.* 艾 나물 -*처) A kind of herb with thick stem—used as an article of food.

멍청이 *n.* A stupid person; a fool.

멍줄ᄒᆞ다 *n.* To have indigestion. To be disturbed; to be upset.

멍텅멍얼ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be lumpy; to be uneven.

멍개나무 *n.* A small bush the leaves of which turn red in autumn.

멍구럭 *n.* 綢癡 (그물—*랑) (자로—*딱) Straw rope wrapping—on rice bags. Whatever involves one in another's wrong doing. (쓰다).

멍군 *n.* 對博聲 (덕흘 -*디) (장기—*딱) (소리—*경) "Out of check"—an expression used in chess. *Opp.* 장군.

멍군장군 *n.* "Out of check, check"—equals at chess.

며누리 *n.* 婦 (*부) A daughter-in-law. *Also* 며느리.

며느리 *n.* 婦 (*부) A daughter-in-law. *Also* 며누리.

며느리고금 *n.* 夜癆 (밤—*야) (학질—*학) Remittent fever.

며느리발톱 *n.* Spurs of a cock.

덕 *n.* 項 (목—*항) Neck, throat. The instrument of moving—on a chess-board. A straw bag. *See* 덕서리

덕석기 *n.* A straw bag. (Prov.) *See* 덕서리.

덕나다 *n.* 나; 난 To have—enlarged glands—in the neck.

덕따다 *n.* 셔; 선 To cut the throat.

덕대기 *n.* A straw bag. *See* 덕서리.

*덕옥 *n.* 帳目 (슈건) (눈) A wrap for the eyes of a dead body

덕미레 *n.* 頷下肉 (턱—*함) (아래—*하) (고기—*육) The dewlap -of cattle.

덕부 *n.* 리 頷下毛 (턱—*함) (아래 -*하) (털억—*모) Beard like neck feathers -of fowls.

덕살 *n.* The neck; the throat.

덕서리 *n.* A straw bag. *See* 덕대기

덕신 *n.* Straw shoes. *See* 집섹이.

덕아지 *s.* A neck, the throat. *See* 목아지.

덕잡이 *s.* A straw bag. (Prov.) *See* 덕서리.

덕찌르다 *s.* 觜頸(목찌를 *문)(목—*경) 칼너; 찌를 To cut the throat; to stick—animals.

덕차다 *s.* 셔; 촌 To be full; to be completed; to be finished.

덕춤 *s.* The opening of the throat.

*면 *l.* 面 (낫) The face; the front. (보다). A "township" or subdivision of a *Kol.*

*면 *s.* 麵 (국슈) Vermicelli.

면 *s.* 鼠穴土 (쥐—*셔) 구멍—*흙 [illegible] 네히

*면강하다 *l.* 勉强 (힘쓸) (강호) To be industrious; to work hard; to exert oneself.

*면강하다 *l.* 面講 (낫) (외일) To read from a book—in contrast to reciting by heart. *See* 비강하다.

*면검 *l.* 免檢 (면홈) (삼고홈) Burying without an inquest.

*면경 面鏡 노 [illegible] 거울 A hand [illegible] a looking-glass. *See* 석경.

*면괴하다 面愧 낫 부그러울 To [illegible] ashamed; to be shame-faced. *See* 붓그럽다.

*면군역하다 /. 免軍役 (면홈) (군소) (역소) To be exempt from military service.

*면관도수하다 / 免冠稻首 (면홈) (갓) (조을, 여리) To take one's hat off and bow with head down.

*면관정계하다 /. 免官定戒 (면홈) (벼슬) (정계) To be dismissed from office and kept under arrest.

*면관하다 /. 免官 (면홈) (벼슬) To be dismissed from an official post. *See* 면본판하다.

*면납 /. 面納 (낫) (드릴) Tax contributions—of a township.

면내다 /. 여; 낸 To pile up rubbish before a borrow.

*면내 /. 面內 (낫) (안) A township. *See* 동뉘.

*면담 /. 面墻 (낫) (담—*장) A front wall. *See* 면장.

*면담하다 /. 面談 (낫) (말숨) To meet and speak to; to converse; to have an interview.

*면당하다 /. 面當 (낫) (맛당) To be face to face; to front. *See* 당면하다.

*면뎐 / 緬甸 (실) (셔울) Burmah.

*면뎐국 /. 緬甸國 (실) (셔울) (나라) Burmah.

면두 *s.* A cock's comb. *See* 벗.

*면뒤하다 /. 面對 (낫) (딕홈) To be face to face; to be opposite—to another. *See* 디면하다.

*면려하다 /. 勉勵 (힘쓸) (힘쓸) To work hard; to exert oneself.

*면력 /. 勉力 (힘쓸) (힘) Industry; diligence.

*면례 /. 緬禮 (멀) (례도) The ceremony of [illegible]—the former grave site provided [illegible] propitious. (지대하다)

*면류관 /. 冕旒冠 (면류관) (면류관) (갓) The emperor's crown; a diadem (쓰다

*면마 /. 面馬 (낫) (물) The pawn, or "horse" before the king—on a chess-board.

면말 *s.* 綿襪 (솜) (보션) Cotton padded socks. *See* 빈쭈.

면맛초다 /. 야; 촌 To face—a wall; to make even.

*면면상고하다 /. 面面相顧 낫) (낫) (셔로) (도라볼) To look carefully around on all sides; to examine.

*면면히 /. 面面 (낫) (낫) Each and all. *See* 삽삽히. Every "township."

면모 /. 面目 (슈건—*억) (눈—*목) A wrap for the face—of a dead body. *See* 덕목.

면모 [illegible] of the face; the features; the face; the countenance *See* 면목

*면모호다 /. 免侮 (면홈) (업슈히넉일 To escape insult or injury.

*면목 /. 面目 (낫) (눈) The face, the countenance. *See* 얼면.

면무식, [illegible] 免無識 [illegible] 업, 알 [illegible] to have a smattering of Chinese.

면무안하다 免無顔 [illegible] 업 To escape disgrace or shame.

면바르다 /. 발나; 바른 To be faced—as a wall; to be even.

*면박하다 /. 面駁 (낫) (박론홈) To reproach to the face; to reprimand. *See* 면책하다.

*면박하다 /. 面縛 (낫) (얽을 [illegible] a person by binding [illegible] behind his back.

*면발하다 /. 免罰 (면홈) (죄) To escape a fine; to be exempt from forfeit.

*면보 *s.* 麵包 (국슈) (실 -포) Bread.

면보다 ㅅ 하; 보 To fear others; to regard another's opinion; to fear the opinion of others.

*면본관ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免本官 (면본) (관) (벼슬) To be dismissed from an official post. *See* 면관ᄒᆞ다.

*면부 ㅅ 面部 (낫) 체) The face.

*면부득 ㅅ 免不得 (면부) (아닐—*볼) (엇을 The extreme, what is impossible to avoid.

*면분 ㅅ 面分 (낫) (논홀) Acquaintance by sight; a passing acquaintanceship.

*면빗 ㅅ 面櫛 (낫) (빗—*소) A pocket-comb. *Also* 빗.

*면상 ㅅ 面相 낫) (얼골) The face; expression of countenance; physiognomy.

*면상 ㅅ 面象 (낫) (코끼리) The face; the countenance. *See* 낫. The "elephant" —a piece that guards the king in Korean chess.

*면서ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免恕 (면홀) (용서) To excuse.

*면세 ㅅ 免稅 (면홀) 구실) Taxes levied before the regular season—hence exemption from ordinary taxation.

*면세ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 稅免 (면홀) (구실) To remit taxes.

*면솔 ㅅ 面刷 (낫) (쓸을—*솔) A face brush.

*면소 ㅅ 綿絲 (솜) (실) Cotton yarn.

*면소ᄒᆞ다 免死 (면홀) (죽을) To escape death.

*면양 ㅅ 綿羊 (솜) (양) A sheep or lamb.

*면역 ㅅ 免役 (면홀) (역소) Exemption from conscription.

*면역ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免役 (면홀) (역소) To escape public work; to be exempt from public labor.

*면오ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面晤 (낫) (맡홀) To meet and speak to; to converse; to have an interview.

*면욕ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面辱 (낫) (욕홀) To insult to one's face.

*면욕ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免辱 (면홀) (욕홀) To escape insult; to escape without injury.

*면의ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面議 (낫) (의론) To hold a discussion.

*면임 ㅅ 面任 (낫) (맛홀) The mayor or headman of a township. *See* 풍헌.

*면장 ㅅ 免狀 (면홀) (글) A written permit, pass or license. *See* 면허장

*면장 ㅅ 面長 (낫) (어룬) The elders of a township. *See* 동장.

*면장 ㅅ 面墻 (낫) (담) A front wall.

*면장 ㅅ 面帳 (낫) (장막) A front curtain.

*면적 ㅅ 面積 (낫) (싸홀) Area; size.

*면절명징 ㅅ 面折廷爭 (낫) (썩근) (조명) 다홀 Reprimands given the Emperor.

*면절ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面折 (낫) (썩글) To personally reprimand; to remonstrate with.

*면접ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面接 (낫) (접홀) To meet and speak to; to have an interview with. *See* 면회ᄒᆞ다.

*면죄 ㅅ 免罪 (면홀) (죄) Pardon; acquittal.

*면죄장 ㅅ 狀 免罪狀 (면홀) 죄) 글) A ticket of acquittal or pardon.

*면죄ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免罪 (면홀) (죄) To be declared innocent of an offence; to be pardoned.

*면종 ㅅ 面腫 낫) (친데, A boil on the face. (나다.

*면종 ㅅ 面從 (낫) (좃칠) Eye-service.

*면종ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面從 (낫) (좃칠) To act in a servile manner.

면주 ㅅ 綿紬 (솜을—*명) (깁—*쥬) Korean silk.

*면지ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面質 (낫) (질정홀 -*질) To inquire—face to face. *See* 뒤질ᄒᆞ다.

*면직ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免職 (면홀) 직업) To be dismissed from office.

*면진ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面陳 낫 (베풀) To meet and speak to; to converse; to have an interview.

*면질ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面質 (낫) (질명) To explain; to enquire—personally. *See* 뒤지ᄒᆞ다.

*면징계 ㅅ 免懲戒 (면홀) (징계) (경계) Removal of censure for past offences ᄃᆡ다; ᄒᆞ다.

*면징계ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免懲戒 (면홀) (징계) (경계), To remove censure—for past offences.

*면지면지어다 ㅅ 勉哉勉哉 -힘쓸) (잇기, (힘쓸) (잇기) Be diligent! Be diligent!

*면천 ㅅ 沔川 (물) (내) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 37.01 Long 127.39.

*면천ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免賤 (면홀) (천홀) To be only slightly above the low classes. (Prov.)

*면청ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面請 (낫) 청홀) To personally request. *See* 면알ᄒᆞ다.

*면추ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 免醜 면홀) (추홀) To be fair, to be passable—of women.

*면치ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 面恥 (낫) (붓그질) To reprove to one's face

*편락ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 面托 (낫) (부탁) To give a charge to one personally. *See* 신탁ᄒᆞ다.

*편파ᄒᆞ다 / 面罷 (낫) (파ᄒᆞᆯ) To break off, to throw up—a contract (by word of mouth).

*편관 ᄉᆞ 面板 (낫) (관조) The face; the countenance. (Low.) *See* 편상.

*편포 ᄉᆞ 面包 (낫) (쌀) The *Do* guard for the king in Korean Chess.

*편품ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 面稟 (낫) (품ᄒᆞᆯ) To announce to one personally. (Hon.)

*편피 ᄉᆞ 面皮 (낫) (가죽) The skin of the face thickness denoting lack of modesty.

*편허 ᄉᆞ 免許 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (허락) Permission; sanction.

*편허장 ᄉᆞ (짱) 免許狀 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (허락) (글월) A written permit, pass, or license.

*편호ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 免戶 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (지게) To escape taxation; to be exempt from taxation. *See* 탁호ᄒᆞ다.

*편회 ᄉᆞ 面會 (낫) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A township council.

*편회 ᄉᆞ 面灰 (낫) (지) Whitewash; plaster. (ᄒᆞ다).

*편흉ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 免凶 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (흉ᄒᆞᆯ) To just escape a famine; to be almost a famine.

*편ᄒᆞ다 / 免 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) To avoid; to escape; to be free from. *See* 버서나다.

*면화 ᄉᆞ 綿花 (숨) (꼿) Cotton flowers; cotton-wool. *See* 목화.

면화ᄒᆞ다 免禍 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (화) To escape misfortune.

*면환ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 免鰥 (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (홀아비) To escape the lot of a widower—to marry again. *See* 속현ᄒᆞ다.

*멸망 ᄉᆞ 滅亡 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) Destruction; ruin

*멸망ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 滅亡 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) To destroy; to exterminate; to annihilate.

*멸망ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 滅亡 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) To be destroyed; to be exterminated; to be annihilated. *See* 망ᄒᆞ다

*멸문지화 ᄉᆞ 滅門之禍 (멸문지화) A disaster by which a whole family is destroyed.

*멸문ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 滅門 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (문) To be ruined—of a family, to go to destruction—as a clan.

*멸시ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 蔑視 (멸시) To despise; to treat as worthless. *See* 하대ᄒᆞ다.

*멸악산 ᄉᆞ 滅惡山 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (악ᄒᆞᆯ) (뫼) A mountain in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.23 Long. 126.12.

멸시가ᄒᆞᆯ ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫ 업슨 (출외) What is sufficient, what is the best possible.

*멸외진 ᄉᆞ 滅外津 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (외ᄲᅳᆯ) (나루) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*멸절ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 滅絕 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ, 긋흘) To be cut off; to die out; to become extinct.

*멸조 ᄉᆞ 滅字 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) (글조) Defective type—in printing.

멸ᄉᆡ \ small dried fish—used for [illegible] also for fertilizer.

*멸ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 滅 (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) To destroy; to exterminate; to extinguish. *See* 멸망ᄒᆞ다. To be destroyed, to be ruined.

*몃 ᄉᆞ 幾 (*긔) How many? Several; many. *See* 얼마.

몃긔 ᄉᆞ 幾個 (몃—*긔) (낟 *긔) How many? Many individuals.

*몃등 ᄉᆞ 幾等 (몃—*긔) (무리 -*등) How many classes? Several classes.

*몃ᄃᆞᆯ ᄉᆞ 幾月 (몃 *긔) (ᄃᆞᆯ—*월) How many months? Several months.

*몃명치 ᄉᆞ 幾人 (몃 *긔) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) How many? Several; many.

*몃밤 ᄉᆞ 幾夜 (몃 *긔) (밤—*야) Many nights; how many nights?

*몃사ᄅᆞᆷ ᄉᆞ 幾人 (몃—*긔) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) How many persons? Several persons.

*몃치 ᄉᆞ 幾 (몃 *긔 How many? Several, many. *See* 몃.

*몃칠 ᄉᆞ 幾日 (몃—*기) (날—*일) How many days? A few days.

*몃히 ᄉᆞ 幾年 (몃—*긔) (히—*년) How many years? Many years

*명 ᄉᆞ 銘 (삭일) An inscription cut

*명 ᄉᆞ 命 (목숨) The will of God decree; an order. *See* 분부. Fate; destiny. The span of life.

*명 ᄉᆞ 名 (일ᄒᆞᆷ) The numerative of persons. Fame; a name. (나다).

*명 ᄉᆞ 明 (붉을) The name of the last dynasty of China—the *Mings*. (1368-1628. A. D.). A surname.

*명가 ᄉᆞ 名價 (일ᄒᆞᆷ) (갑) Reputation. *See* 명망.

*명가 ᄉᆞ 名家 (일ᄒᆞᆷ) (집) \ famous house; notables; first families.

*명가자뎨 ᄉᆞ 名家子弟 (일ᄒᆞᆷ) (집) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (아오) The sons of a famous house.

명감 ᄉᆞ 明鑑 (붉을 ᄀᆞᆯ) [illegible] —of the understanding; clearness of apprehension. *See* 지감 A history of the *Myong* dynasty.

*명감ᄒᆞ다 v. 明鑑 (붉을) (거울) To examine; to investigate; to look into.

*명감 n. 明鑑 (붉을) (거울) A noted reader [illegible] the Classics. (Prov.) *See* 옹감.

*명검 n. 名劍 (일홈) (칼) A famous sword.

*명견만리ᄒᆞ다 v. 明見萬里 붉을 볼) (일만 만 마을 To have a mind vision to be omniscient.

*명결ᄒᆞ다 v. 明決 (붉을) (결단) To give a clear decision; to decide justly.

*명경 n. 明鏡 (붉을) (거울) A bright mirror

*명경박스 n. 明鏡[illegible] (붉을) (글) (넓을 [illegible] A [illegible] of Confucianism

*명고옥 n. 名古屋 (일홈) (녜) (집) Nagoya in Japan.

*명고ᄒᆞ다 v. 名高 (일홈) (높흘) To be noted—as fame.

*명고ᄒᆞ다 v. 鳴鼓 (울) (북) To march a criminal though the streets, with a drum attached to his back which is beaten as a public warning.

*명공 n. 名工 (일홈) (잔칠) A skilful or celebrated workman. *See* 랑공.

*명군 n. 明君 붉을 임군 An upright king a [illegible] monarch. *See* 성군.

*명궁 n. 名弓 일홈 활 A famous archer.

*명금ᄒᆞ다 v. 鳴金 (울) (쇠) To beat a gong.

*명긔 n. 明氣 (붉을) (긔운) Clear air; brightness; a favorable influence. (좋다.) *See* 청긔.

*명기 n. 名妓 (일홈) (기생) A famous singing-girl.

*명긔 n. Sand-flats—left after sea floods.

*명관 l. 命官 (명홀) (벼슬) An officer entrusted with the king's commands.

*명관 n. 明官 (붉을) (벼슬) An upright official.

*명광 n. 明光 (붉을) (빗) Brilliance; splendor, effulgence.

*명나라 n. 明國 (붉을) (나라—*국) The former Chinese dynasty (1368-1628 A.D.)

*명년 n. 明年 (붉을) (히) Next year. *See* 후년.

*명년도 n. 明年度 (붉을) (히) (지날) During next year; the interval of the coming year.

*명노리다 l. 命下 (명홀) (노릴—*하) 노려; 린 To give a command—of the king. *See* 명노리다.

*명단ᄒᆞ다 v. 明斷 (붉을) (끈흘) To give a clear decision; to decide justly

*명담 n. 名談 (일홈) (말솜) Power of speech, eloquence. *See* 지ㄱ

명당 n. 明堂 붉을 집 [illegible] site—for house or grave. The tribute hall of the Chu dynasty, China (M.)

명당손 n. 明堂孫 (붉을) (집) (손지) The descendants of a propitious grave.

*명당자리 n. 明堂 (붉을) (집) A propitious grave site.

*명명ᄒᆞ다 v. 酩酊 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) To become intoxicated.

*명도 n. 明道 붉을 도읍 The original region—the south. (B. H)

*명도귀구ᄒᆞ다 l. 命道崎嶇 목숨) (길 (높낮) 험ᄒᆞᆯ To have a life of ups and downs; to be unlucky in life *See* 명조귀박ᄒᆞ다

*명도긔박ᄒᆞ다 l. 命道奇薄 (목숨) (길 긔이ᄒᆞᆯ 엷을 To be unlucky; to be tossed about—in life.

*명디 n. 名地 (일홈) (짜) A celebrated place. *See* 승구.

*명란 n. 明卵 (붉을) (알) Pollack spawn.

*명랑ᄒᆞ다 v. 明朗 (붉을) (밝을) To be bright, to be brilliant; to be luminous. *See* 청명ᄒᆞ다.

*명령 l. 命令 (목숨) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Royal or kingly commands. Injunction; order; prescription; warrant. *See* 령.

*명령 n. 蝗蛉 (팡버레) (버레) The caterpillar.

*명령ᄉᆞ l. 命令辭 (목숨) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (말솜) The imperative mood.

*명료ᄒᆞ다 v. 明瞭 (붉을) (붉을) To be intelligible.

*명류 n. 名流 (일홈) (흐를) The company of the famous, famous ones. *See* 명인.

*명륜당 n. 明倫堂 (붉을) (인륜) (집) The main hall in a Confucian temple. *See* 성균관.

*명륜션 n. 明輪船 (붉을) (박회) (배) A paddle-wheel steamer. *Opp.* 암륜션.

*명리 n. 名利 (일홈) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Fame and profit.

*명마 n. 名馬 (일홈) (말) A famous warhorse. *See* 션마.

명막이 n. 鶺鴒 (*명) (*막) The martin. *See* 귀제비.

*명망 n. 名望 (일홈) (ᄇᆞ랄) Reputation *See* 물망.

*명명중 s. 冥冥中 (어두울) (어두울) (가운데) Obscurity, uncertainty, mystery. See 은연지중.

*명명하다 s. 明明 (붉을) (붉을) To be clear; to be definite; to be distinct. See 요요하다.

*명명하다 s. 命名 (명할) (일홈) To name a child at its birth.

*명목 s. 名目 (일홈) (눈) Name; designation; title. See 명식. A slave, a bond-servant.

*명묘 s. 名墓 (일홈) (무덤) A famous tomb. See 명장.

*명무 s. 名武 (일홈) (호반) A famous archer. See 명궁. Famous military nobility.

*명문 s. 名門 (일홈) (문) A noted family; a famous clan. See 명가.

명문 s. 明文 (붉을) (글월) A written contract; a deed. See 문서.

*명문 s. 命門 (목숨) (문) A location on a point in the pit of the stomach. See 명치.

*명문거족 s. 名門巨族 (일홈) (문) (클) (겨레) Illustrious families; distinguished houses. See 삼한갑족.

*명민하다 s. 明敏 (붉을) (민첩) To be intelligent, to be sagacious; to be wise. See 영리하다.

*명민하다 s. 明敏 (붉을) (민첩할) To be sagacious, acute, or clever.

*명맥 s. 命脈 (목숨) (맥) Life and breath; the pulse.

*명복 s. 名卜 (일홈) (점복) A famous sorcerer or fortune-teller.

*명복 s. 冥服 (어두울) (전복) Polyp.

*명부 s. 冥府 (어두울) (마을) Hades—Buddhist term.

*명부 s. 名簿 (일홈) (무서) The register containing the names of the residents of a district.

*명부지 s. 名不知 (일홈) (아닐) (알) Incognito; unknown as to name. See 부지하인.

*명분 s. 名分 (일홈) (분수) Social standing; fame; reputation.

*명부허득 s. 名不虛得 (일홈) (아닐) (뷔일) (얻을) Well deserved reputation.

*명불허전 s. 名不虛傳 (일홈) (아닐) (뷔일) (전할) Well deserved reputation.

*명빅히 s. 明白 (붉을) (흰) Explicitly.

*명빅하다 s. 明白 (붉을) (흰) To be clear; to be apparent; to be plain. See 쇼상하다.

*명사관 s. 明査官 (붉을) (사실할) (벼슬) An official arbiter.

*명사십리 s. 明沙十里 (붉을) (모래) (열) (마을) A fine stretch of sand.

*명산 s. 名山 (일홈) (뫼) Famous mountains.

*명산대천 s. 名山大川 (일홈) (뫼) (큰) (내) Famous mountains and streams.

*명샤하다 s. 鳴謝 (울) (샤례) To tender profuse thanks; to express profound gratitude.

*명션 s. 明線 (붉을) (실) Bright line.

*명셩 s. 名聲 (일홈) (소리) Reputation; fame. See 풍양.

*명수 s. 名數 (일홈) (두어) The number of names or persons; population.

*명수 s. 命數 (명할) (두어) Heaven's decrees or Providence.

*명수법 s. 命數法 (명할) (두어) (법) Numeration.

*명승하다 s. 名勝 (일홈) (이길) A celebrated place.

명시하다 s. 明示 (붉을) (보일) To express plainly; to indicate plainly.

*명승지디 s. 名勝之地 (일홈) (이길) (갈) (짜) A beautiful landscape; a site noted for its beauty.

명신록 s. 名臣錄 (일홈) (신하) (긔록) A history of the official classes. See 명현록.

*명실 s. 名實 (일홈) (열매) The name and the reality.

*명심불망하다 s. 銘心不忘 (삭일) (마음) (아닐) (잇) To keep in mind—never to be forgotten. See 명심하다.

*명심하다 s. 銘心 (삭일) (마음) To keep in mind; to have written on the heart.

*명스 s. 名詞 (일홈) (글) A noun; a substantive.

*명소 s. 名士 (일홈) (선비) A celebrated scholar. A man of high rank.

*명스 s. 明絲 (붉을) (실) Silk thread.

*명소지상 s. 名士宰相 (일홈) (선비) (지상) (서로) An illustrious officer. (Comp.)

*명쉭 s. 名色 (일홈) (빗) Office; calling. See 명목.

명아쥬 s. 藜 (*려) "Lamb's-quarters"—used as greens.

명약 s. 名藥 (일홈) (약) A famous medicine; a well-known remedy. See 신약.

*명약관화 s. 明若觀火 (붉을) (같을) (볼) (불) (Comp.)

*명예 n. 名譽 (일홈) (기릴) Honour; renown, reputation; fame;

*명예교수 n. 名譽敎授 (일홈 가릴 (구루칠) (소슈) An honorary teacher who works without pay. *Also* 명예선생

*명예직수 名譽職事 (일홈) (기릴) (거느릴 일 Honorary Office

*명예손상호다 n. 名譽損傷 (일홈) (기릴 덜 상호 To suffer as to reputation, to lose one's good name.

*명예손해금 n. 名譽損害金 (일홈) (명예롤 쇠 Damages for defamation of character.

*명예심 n. 名譽心 (일홈) (기릴) (모음 Ambition.

*명예위관 n. 名譽職官 (일홈) (기릴) (위원) (벼슬) An officer in name only.

*명유 n. 明油 (붉을) (기름) Pollack oil—used for varnish. *See* 동유.

*명의 n. 名義 (일홈) (올흘 \ name, appellation; reason; argument; pretence, ground; meaning; reputation; denomination.

*명의 n. 名醫 (일홈) (의원) A famous doctor; a renowned physician. *See* 편작

*명인 n. 明人 (붉을) (사롬) A subject of the *Myŏng* dynasty; *a Ming.* *See* 당인. *Opp.* 호인.

*명인 n. 名人 (일홈) (사롬) A prophet; one who foretells future events.

*명일 n. 明日 (붉을) (날) To-morrow. *See* 작일.

*명일 n. 名日 (일홈) (날) A famous day; a great holiday. *See* 절일.

*명일 여 ᄀᆞ무딘 n. 明日來難盡 (붉을 (날) (올흘) (다홀) By to-morrow the opportunity will be gone—mistranslated nt, "to-morrow never ceases coming."

*명월 n. 明月 (붉을) (둘) The bright moon.

*명작 n. 名作 (일홈) (지을) A well written composition—in the character.

*명장 n. 名將 (일홈) (장슈) A celebrated general.

*명절 n. 名節 (일홈) (마디) A celebrated fête-day. *See* 명일.

*명정 n. 銘旌 (삭일 ᄀᆞ) Funeral flags bearing the clan name etc. of the deceased.

*명조 n. 名祖 (일홈 (할아비, Celebrated ancestors. *See* 현조.

*명족 n. 名族 (일홈) (일가) A noted family, a famous clan.

*명조 n. 明朝 (붉을) (아침) To-morrow morning. The *Myong* dynasty.

*명주 n. 明紬 (붉을) (깁) Korean silk. *See* 면주.

*명주 n. 明主 (붉을) (님금) A king of great ability.

*명중 n. 命中 (명홀 (마칠 A fatal point—when struck. A bull's eye in archery.

*명증 n. 明證 (붉을) (증거) Certain proof; sure evidence; reliable testimony

*명지 n. 明紙 (붉을) (깁—*유) Korean silk. *See* 명주.

*명지 n. 明紙 (붉을) (죠히) Thick paper—as used on examinations. *See* 정초.

*명지장단 l. 命之長短 (목숨) (갈 (긴 짤을) The length of life

*명즈 n. 名字 (일홈) (글즈) A name. *See* 함즈.

*명지경각 l. 命在頃刻 (목숨) (잇슬) (이랑) (삭일) A moment of life—used of one dying. *See* 위지조석.

명지상 n. 名宰相 (일홈) 지상) (정ᄉᆞ) Famous Ministers of State.

*명찰호다 n. 明察 (붉을) (솔필) To examine intelligently; to look into carefully.

*명창 n. 名唱 (일홈) (부를) A celebrated singer *See* 절창.

명천 n. 明川 (붉을) (내, A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 41 28 Long. 129 2 E.

명철보신 n. 明哲保身 (붉을 밝을, 보전 (몸) Shrewd, and careful of oneself

*명초호다 l. 命招 (명홀) (부를) To call, to summon—as to an audience. *See* 배초호다.

*명추 n. 明秋 (붉을) (가을) Next autumn.

*명춘 n. 明春 (붉을) (봄) Next spring.

명치 l. 胃脘 (가숨—*혈) (명치—*강, The pit of the stomach. *See* 명문.

*명치 n. 明治 (붉을) (두스릴) The title of the reign of the present Emperor of Japan—*Meiji.*

*명치호다 n. 明治 (붉을) (두스릴) To govern wisely and well. *See* 선치호다.

*명칭 n. 名稱 (일홈) (일컬을) The name by which a thing or a shop is known; appellation; cognomen; nomenclature.

명턴지하 n. 明天之下 (붉을 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (갈 (아래) In the face of Heaven.

*명렬 s. 明鍊 (붉을) (쇠) Highly tempered metal. *See* 강렬.

*명함 s. 名銜 (일홈) (함) A visiting card.

*명태 s. 明鮐 (붉을) (명태) The pollack. *Merlangus.* *See* 북어.

*명패 l. 命牌 (목숨) (패) A sign-board bearing the death sentence of a criminal.

*명패 s. 名牌 (일홈) (패) The wooden ticket bearing the name of the occupant which is affixed to the outer gate of house. *See* 문패.

*명풍 s. 名風 (일홈) (바람) A celebrated geomancer.

*명필 s. 名筆 (일홈) (붓) Well written characters. A noted writer of characters. *Opp.* 문장.

*명하 s. 名下 (일홈) (아래) (In) the name of—so and so.

*명하소 s. 名下士 (일홈) (아래) (선비) A famous scholar. *See* 하소.

*명하에 s. 名下 (일홈) (아래) In (so and so) name; under one's supervision.

*명하전 s. 名下錢 (일홈) (아래) (돈) A subscription list

*명함 s. 名啣 (일홈) (명함) The written name—including the clan character and personal name. *See* 명업.

*명함지 s. 名啣紙 (일홈) (명함) (조희) Calling-card paper.

*명현 s. 名賢 (일홈) (어질) Fame; celebrity. A man of worth—a prophet. *See* 명인.

[illegible] 名賢錄 [illegible] 어질 [illegible] A history of [illegible] 명현록.

*명현호다 s. 眩暗 (어두울) (어두울) To be dazed; to be confused. (M.)

[illegible] 名院 일홈 [illegible] 집 [illegible] A [illegible]

[illegible] 明後日 붉을 [illegible] 날 [illegible] day after to-morrow [illegible]

[illegible]다 l. 命 명호 [illegible] to command—as God or the king. *See* 분부호다.

*명화 s. 名畵 (일홈) 그림) A painting, a picture. An artist, a painter. *See* 화화.

*명화 s. 名花 (일홈) (꽃) Beautiful or celebrated flowers or blossoms.

*명화적 s. 明火賊 (붉을) (불) (도적) An incendiary. *See* 불한당.

*명확호다 s. 明確 (붉을) 확실홀) To be sure; to be certain, to be true.

*명환가 s. 名宦家 (일홈) 벼슬) (집) Distinguished official families. *See* 수환가.

모 s. 方 (*방) An angle; a corner. (지다)

모 秧 (*앙) Paddy shoots for transplanting. (붓다, 내다.)

*모 l. 母 (어미) Mother. (Low.). *See* 모친.

*모 l. 某 (아모) A certain one; that one.

*모 s. 耗 (쇠홀) A tenth of the tax contribution raised.

모각기 s. The narrow part near the mouth-piece or bowl of a pipe.

모갑이 s. 束 (묵글—*속) A bundle; a numerative of things tied together.

모갑이 s. 頭目 (머리—*두) (눈—*목) A stage manager; a leader of the dance

모개 s. 束 (묵글—*속) A numerative of bundles or what is tied together—all altogether.

*모강 l. 母薑 (어미, 심강 Seed ginger.

*모계 s. 謀計 (꾀) (계교) A stratagem; plot; scheme; design.

*모계호다 s. 謀計 (꾀) (계교) To plan; to scheme; to plot. *See* 모의호다.

[illegible] 捐錢 [illegible] Tax contribution of grain.

[illegible] 곤두 [illegible] 설 [illegible] 일 [illegible] 머리 [illegible] 일 [illegible] 쭈뼛할) (그럴) To stand on end—of the hair; to be horror-stricken. *See* 곤두서다.

*모공 s. 毛孔 (털 구멍) The pores of the skin.

*모교 l. 母敎 (어미 [illegible] 가르칠) A mother's teaching.

*모국 l. 某國 아모) (나라) Any country; a certain nation

*모군 s. 募軍 (뽑) (군사) A laborer; a coolie. (써다). *See* 일군

모기 l. 蚊 (*문) A mosquito.

모기장 l. 蚊帳 (모기 *문) (장막—*장) A mosquito-curtain. *Also* 문장.

모과 l. 木瓜 (나무 *목 외—*과) The quince. *Pyrus cathayensis.* The papaya. *Carica papaya.* *See* 목과.

*모판 s. 種痘 (씨 [illegible] 역) 대목 A vaccine-point.

모다 [illegible] 설 [illegible] 산 [illegible] angular; to be cornered, to be [illegible] —in disposition. *See* 모지다.

모내다 s. 插秧 (끼칠끝—*앙) (모—*앙) 어; 낸 To transplant rice.

[illegible]

*모녀 /. 母女 (어미) (계집) Mother and daughter.

*모녀지정 /. 母女之情 (어미) (계집) (갈) (뎡) Affection between mother and daughter.

*그년모일 /. 某年某日 (아모) (년) (아모) (날) A certain year and a certain day, any year or any day.

*모면ᄒᆞ다 /. 冒免 (무릅쓸) (면) To claim to be older than one is.

모다 /. 驅 (몰—*구) 라; 론 To drive; to chase; to urge on.

모다 /. 聚 (모흘—*취) 야; 은 To gather together; to assemble. *See* 합ᄒᆞ다.

모다 s. 衆 (무리—*즁) All—of a number. *See* 모도.

모다기ᄃᆡ s. 衆打 무리 *즁) 칠 *ᄃᆡ) Assault from a crowd; beating. (나다).

모닥불 s. A fire of twigs. The burning of rubbish—to make fertilizer.

*모단 s. 毛緞 (털역) (비단) Satin; a kind of velvet from China.

모당ᄒᆞ다 s. 苗一隅 (맛당 *당 (호 *일) (의논ᄒᆞ이—*우) To contribute; to engage to furnish—what is required for a work.

모도 s. 都 (모흘—*도) All placed after the noun. *See* 죄ᄒᆞ다.

모도다 s. 會 (모흘—*회) 도야; 든 To gather together; to assemble. (v. t.) *See* 모히다.

*모됴록 s. 某條 (아모) (가지) By all means, in some way. *See* 아모됴록.

*모쓰다 s. 模本 모쓸 (멋 *본) 모써; 는 To imitate; to copy. *See* 모본ᄒᆞ다

모든 a. 諸 (모흘—*제) All—placed before the noun. *See* 여러.

모디 s. A kind of three cornered reed.

*모디ᄒᆞ다 s. 帽帶 (사모) (띄) To put on cap and belt—court dress.

모라 s. 都 (도모지—*도) All; together.

*모라치다 s. 急促 (급흘 *급) (지촉—*촉) 라셔; 쳔 To drive on; to urge on; to hurry. *See* 휘돌다. To include together.

*모란 s. 牡丹 (수컷) (붉을 *단, To peony, *Paeonia moutan*. *See* 목단

모래 s. 沙 (*사) Sand. *See* 몰내.

모래ᄎᆞᆼ s. Sand flats. *See* 사장.

모략 s. 謀略 (쎄) (도략) A stratagem, plot; scheme, design.

*모량 s. 毛良 (털역) (어질) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

모레 s. 毎明日 (두—*져) (붉을 *명) (날 *일) Day after to-morrow

*모려 s. 謀慮 (쎄) (싱각) Contemplation, planning or designing.

*모린치 s. 毛連菜 (털역) (련) (나물) (나물) Picris hieracioides.

모ᄃᆞᆷ이 s. 卻 모ᄃᆞᆷ직이 *슈) Indeed, forsooth; in truth. (Comp. Prov.)

모ᄃᆞᆷ이 s. 隅 (모ᄃᆞᆷ이—*우) The corner or spur of a mountain. *See* 모ᄃᆞᆷ이.

모ᄃᆞᆷ이 s. 小鱗魚 (적을 *쇼) (ᄀᆞᆫ어 -*린) (고기 -*어) The young of the mullet. (ᄀᆞᆫ어).

모리군 s. Tiger hunters.

*모리지비 s. 謀利之輩 (쎄) (리흘) (갈) (무리) The crowd who scheme for profit—merchants.

모리ᄒᆞ다 s. 驅驅 (달닐 *치) (몰—*구) To drive into a trap—as a tiger.

*모리ᄒᆞ다 s. 謀利 (쎄) (리흘) To plot for gain; to scheme to make money.

*모립 s. 毛笠 (털역) (갓) A felt hat—as worn by the underling class.

*모립지비 s. 毛笠之輩 (털역) (갓) (갈) (무리) Men with felt hats—the low rabble.

모르다 /. 不知 (아닐—*불) (알—*지) 몰나; 모른 To be ignorant of; to not know.

모ᄅᆞᆷ직이 s. 卻 (*슈) Indeed; forsooth; in truth. (Comp.)

*모만ᄒᆞ다 s. 侮慢 (업수히녁일) (업수히녁일) To act in an insolent and contemptuous manner.

모말 s. 方斗 (모—*방) (말—*두) A small square grain-measure—a "peck." (셔다) (되다).

*모말 s. 毛襪 (털역) (보션) Fur stockings. *See* 털보션

*모면ᄒᆞ다 s. 謀免 (쎄) (면흘) To escape; to get away. *See* 모히ᄃᆞ다.

*모명ᄒᆞ다 s. 冒名 (무릅쓸) (일홈) To assume a name; to use an alias.

*모모 / 某某 (아모) (아모) Certain ones; so and so. *See* 슈모슈모

모모이 s. 隅隅 (모ᄃᆞᆷ이 *우) (모ᄃᆞᆷ이—*우) Each corner; each one; in every case or particular. *See* 번번이.

*모모인 / 某某人 (아모) (아모) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Any persons. A certain number of persons.

*모모제인 f. 某某諸人(아모)(아모)(모들)(사롬) Any persons. A certain number of persons.

*모롤렴치ᄒᆞ다 s. 無羞廉恥(무슈렴티)(업슬)(붓그러올) To be regardless of modesty; to be shameless; to be low. *See* 불고렴치ᄒᆞ다.

*모물 s. 毛物 (털억) (물건) Goods of fur, hair or wool.

모밀 s. 蕎麥 (모밀—*표)(밀 —*맥) Buck wheat.

*모믹 s. 牟麥 (보리) (밀) Wheat and barley.

*모반인 s. 謀叛人 (뫼) (비반) (사롬) A rebel; traitor; conspirator an insurgent.

*모반죄인 s. 謀叛罪人 (뫼) (비반) (허물) (사롬) A rebel; a traitor.

*모반ᄒᆞ다 s. 謀叛 뫼 (비반) To plot rebellion. No 반역ᄒᆞ다

*모발 s. 毛髮 (털억) (터럭) Hair—of the head.

*모발습도계 s. 毛髮濕度計 (털억) (터럭) (저질) (도수) (게교) Hair hygrometer.

*모방ᄒᆞ다 s. 模倣 (모쓸) (본밧을) To imitate; to copy; to mimic—applied only to immaterial things.

모번단 s. A superior kind of silk.

*모범 s. 模範 (가ᄉᆞ) (법) Example; model, pattern, standard, rules

*모범 s. 冒犯 (무릅쓸) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) Violation.

*모범ᄒᆞ다 s. 模範 (모쓸) (법) To take as a pattern.

*모범ᄒᆞ다 s. 冒犯 (무릅쓸) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) To transgress willfully. (Comp.)

모본단 s. A superior kind of silk. *Also* 모번단.

*모병ᄒᆞ다 s. 募兵 (쓸) (군ᄉᆞ) To raise troops; to enlist soldiers.

*모본 s. 模本 (모쓸) (밋) A model; a mould.

*모본ᄒᆞ다 s. 模本 (모쓸) (밋) To model to copy; to mould from. *See* 모ᄃᆞᆮ다.

모붓다 s. 莊稼 붓을 *주) 모—*앙) To sow rice—for seedlings. To be numerous; to swarm.

*모사 s. 茅沙 (허) (모래) The straw and sand used as an offering to the *pük*, as directed in the [illegible]

*모사 s. 毛絲 (털억) (실) Woollen threads; worsted.

*모살미슈범 s. 謀殺未遂犯 (뫼) (죽일) (못ᄒᆞᆯ) (일을) 범ᄒᆞᆯ A would-be assassin

*모살미슈죄인 s. 謀殺未遂罪人 (뫼) (죽일) (못ᄒᆞᆯ) (일을) (허물) (사롬) An would-be murderer.

*모살미슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 謀殺未遂 (뫼) (죽일) (아닐 일을) To [illegible] an attempt to murder.

*모살ᄒᆞ다 s. 謀殺 (뫼) (죽일) To plan and carry out a murder; to kill—a person

모새 s. 沙 (모래—*사) Sand.

모새ᄇᆞᆯ s. 沙地 (모래 *사) (ᄯᅡᆼ— 더) Sand flats; sandy land. *Also* 사디.

모서리 s. 隅 (모ᄒᆞᆫ이—*우) An angle; a corner; an edge.

*모석산 f. 母石山 (어미) (돌) (뫼) A mountain in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.00 Long. 127-19.

*모션 s. 毛氈 (털억) (붓치) A fur face shade—as carried by officials, or at weddings.

*모션망ᄒᆞ다 f. 母先亡 (어미) (먼저) (죽을) To die first—of the mother. *Opp.* 부션망ᄒᆞ다

*모세관 s. 毛細管 (털억) (가ᄂᆞᆯ) (대쪽) Capillary tube.

*모세관인력 s. 毛細管引力 (털억) (가ᄂᆞᆯ) (대쪽) (인글) (힘) Capillary attraction.

*모소 f. 某所 (아모) (바) A certain place; somewhere. *See* 모쳐.

모손ᄒᆞ다 s. 耗損 [illegible] To diminish, to waste; to spoil; to become less and less by use, to dwindle away. *See* 감손ᄒᆞ다.

*모수 f. 母數 (어미) (두어) Base of a computation.

모숨 s. 莖 (억글—*편) A numerative of objects woven together—as tobacco leaves, thatching etc. *See* 돔.

모슈ᄌᆞ쳔ᄒᆞ [illegible] (억글) ᄌᆞ쳔 ᄉᆞ 터) (천거) A self recommended man who [illegible] in ancient China—self recommendation; self-conceit.

*모슌 s. 矛盾 (챵) (방패) A contradiction which is self-evident; self-contradictory; conflicting. (되다).

*모슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 矛盾 (챵) (방패) To be self-contradictory,—of different statements made by the same person; to disagree with; to be opposed to; to be contradictory,—of statements made by different people.

*모슐ᄉᆞ [illegible] 모슐 [illegible] (억글) [illegible] 제 An island off Quelpaert Island Lat. [illegible] Long. 126.16 (Gifford Isl.).

*모슬총 s. 毛瑟銃 (털억) (비파) (총) A kind of breech loading rifle.

*모습 s. 貌習 (얼굴) (버릇) Character; manner; appearence; looks. See 모양.

모시 s. 紵 (*저) Grass-cloth; white linen.

모시다 t. 侍 (모실—*시) 모셔; 신 To accompany; to attend; to wait upon. (Hon.)

*모소 s. 謀士 (써) (선비) A chief of military strategy.

*모소 s. 毛絲 (털억) (실) Woollen threads, worsted; yarn.

모소리 s. An angle; a corner. See 모퉁이.

*모소지인 s. 謀事在人 (써) (일) (있을) (사람) The planning of work rests with man. See 셍소지런

*모소하다 s. 謀事 (써) (일) To plan, to propose; to talk over

*모식 s. 毛色 (털억) (빛) Color; appearance. See 빗깔

*모야간 / 暮夜間 (저물 (밤) 소이) (In) the night; (during) night time.

*모야모야 / 某也某也 (아모) (잇기) (아모) (잇기) Certain ones; so and so. See 누구누구.

*모야무지간 / 暮夜無知間 (저물) (밤) (업슬) (알) (소이) (In) the night, unexpectedly

*모야슈야 / 某也誰也 (아모) (잇기) (누구) (잇가) Such and such persons; who and who.

*모양 s. 貌樣 (모양) (모양) Form; appearance; manner; "face"; mien. See 몰골.

모양시 s. Appearance; looks.

*모역하다 s. 謀逆 (도모) (거스릴) To rebel; to cause treason. See 모반하다.

*모옥 s. 茅屋 (띠) (집) A hut, cabin; "my humble dwelling."

*모욕하다 s. 侮辱 (업수히여길) (욕할) To despise; to scorn; to insult.

*모우 s. 暮雨 (저물) (비) Rain which occurs at sunset; evening showers.

*모유 s. 謀猷 (써) (써) Schemes; plans. (B. O.)

*모음 s. 母音 (어미) (소리) A vowel; a vowel sound. Opp. 부음.

*모의 s. 毛衣 (털억) (옷) Fur clothes.

*모의미셩하다 s. 毛儀未成 (털억) (거동) (못할) (일울) To be inexperienced; to be unfledged.

*모의장이 s. 毛衣匠 (털억) (옷) (장인) A fur dealer.

*모의전 s. 毛衣廛 (털억) (옷) (전) A fur shop. See 모전.

*모의하다 t. 謀議 (써 (의론할) To plan, to scheme, to plot. See 역모하다

*모이 s. 羊奚 (보리) (오랑캐) B.C. 26.37 The fabled inventor of arrows.

모이다 s. 碎 (부서질—*써) 모여, 인 To be broken up, to be pounded up. (Prov)

모이다 s. 모여, 인 To be short, to be stunted.

*모이불행률 s. 謀而不行律 (써, (말이) (아니) (힝할) (법) A law to meet the case of would be criminals.

*모이불행죄 s. 謀而不行罪 (써) (말이) (아니) (힝할) (허물) A would be criminal.

*모이불힝하다 s. 謀而不行 (써) (말이) (아니) (힝할) To attempt a crime; to undertake to do a wrong.

*모인 t. 某人 (아모) (사람) Whoever; whatever person; a certain man.

*모일 s. 暮日 (저물) (날) Sunset.

모자라다 s. 不足 (아닐—*족) (족할 *죡) 자라; 란 To be not enough; to be insufficient, to lack. See 부족하다.

모자리 s. (—싸) 秧板 (모—*앙) (판조—*판) A plot of paddy seedlings. See 모판.

모장이 s. 小鱓魚 (작을—*쇼) (숭어—*셰) (고기—*어) The young of the mullet. See 모퉁이.

*모장 s. 毛幛 (털억) (장막) A carpet or rug of skins.

*모장 s. 毛萇 (털억) (풀) A scholar of the 2nd century B.C. China to whom is attributed the text of the 詩經 or Book of Odes as handed down to the present day.

*모장록 s. 毛長鹿 (털억) (긴) (사슴) A long-haired deer.

*모적 s. 蟊賊 (버러지) (도적) A parasite that eats the grain—thieves, robbers. (B. O.)

모전 s. 茅廛 (파일 *파) (전—*젼) A fruit-stall.

*모젼 s. 毛廛 (털억) (전 -*젼) A fur store.

*모제 t. 母祭 (어미) (조올) A naval station in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.57 Long. 126.27.

*모졍하다 s. 謀情 (업슬—*물) (뜻) To lack kindliness; to have no affection; to be inhuman. See 무졍하다.

모조리 s. 都 (모둘—*도) All; entirely; completely.

*모조하다 s. 模造 (모조) To manufacture in imitation of; to imitate; to copy.

모종 s. 移種 (옮길 *이) (씨—*종) Transplanting seedlings.

모종하다 s. 移種 (옮길 *이) (씨—*종) To transplant seedlings; to plant out sets. *See* 이종하다.

*모주 l. 母酒 (어미) (술) Sediment in fermented liquor. *See* 조강이.

모지다 s. 惡 (모질—*악) 리; 진 To be wicked; to be evil; to be bad. *Also* 모질다.

모지다 l. 堅 (사오나울—*랑) To be resolute; to be determined.

모지다 s. 方 (모—*방) 모져; 진 To be cornered; to be angular. *See* 모나다.

*모지도 s. 毛池島 (털억) (못) (섬) An island off Chöl-la-do. Lat. 34.37 Long. 126.02. (Amherst Isl.)

모지라지다 s. 禿 (모지라질—*독) 라져; 진 To be blunted; to be thick; to become blunt.

*모지조모지손 l. 某之子某之孫 (아모 갈) 아들) 아모 갈) (손조 S. and so's son; so and so's descendant.

모직 s. 毛織 (털억) (짤) Woollen stuff.

*모진하다 s. 耗盡 (쇠진) (나올) To be used up; to be exhausted; to be consumed; to come to an end.

모질다 l. 惡 (모질—*악) 어; 진 To be wicked; to be evil; to be bad. *Opp.* 어질다. *Syn.* 독하다.

모집다 s. 어; 은 To find fault. To be blunt; to be outspoken.

*모집하다 s. 募集 (뽑) (모을) To assemble; to collect together; to organize; to enlist; to levy.

*모조 s. 帽子 (사모) (아들) The crown of a hat. (박다).

*모조 l. 母字 (어미) (글자) The nine primary consonants of the *Unmun*.

*모조 l. 母子 (어미) (아들) Mother and son. *See* 모녀.

*모조 s. 茅茨 (희) (희) Thatched with rush.

*모조산 母子山 어미 아들 뫼 Mountain in Kyung-sang-do. Lat. 26.12 Long. 129.09.

*모조지정 l. 母子之情 (어미) (아들) (갈) (뜻) Affection between mother and son.

모처럼 s. For the first time; after a long time.

*모처 l. 某處 (아모) (곳) A certain place; any place

모초리 s. 鵪 (모초락이—*술) A quail.

*모초 s. 茅草 (*) 풀 An intrepid counsellor of 始皇帝 B.C. 2[illegible]

*모초단 s. 毛綃緞 (털억) (비단) (비단) Thick twilled silk

모춤 s. 秧束 (모 *앙) 묶글—*속) A bundle of rice-plants ready for transplanting.

*모츄 s. 毛錐 (털억) (송곳) A pen. *Also* 모츄조.

*모츄 l. 暮秋 (저물) (가을) The latter part of autumn.

*모츄조 s. 毛錐子 (털억) (송곳) (아들) A brush pen.

*모춘 l. 暮春 (저물) (봄) The end of spring. *See* 삼월.

모치작이 s. 鵪 (*술) A quail. *Ortyx Virginianus.* *Also* 외조작이.

*모친 s. 母親 (어미) (어버이) Mother. (Respect.) *See* 조당.

모칙 s. 模則 (모칠) (법) A plan; a scheme. *See* 묘칙.

모형 s. A block—on which to cut wood.

모혜 s. A rain cover for a court hat.

*모[illegible] s. 毛頭紙 (털억) (머리 *두) (조희—*지) A kind of paper from China. *See* 연련지.

모퉁이 s. 隅 (*우) An angle; a corner.

모티 s. A batch of bread. Sticks on which to broil meat.

모티장이 s. 髮工 (털억—*공) (장인—*공) A hair-dresser; a maker of queues etc.

모판 s. 方盤 (모—*방) (소반—*반) A long tray for food

모판 s. 秧板 (모—*앙) (판조—*판) A plot of rice seedlings.

모풀 s. 秧草 (모—*앙) (풀—*초) Rice shoots that remain after transplanting.

모[illegible]다 · 덥도 모음없 바람 It is regardless of the wind.

*모한하다 s. 冒寒 (무릅쓸) (찰) To feel the cold; to be susceptible to cold.

모함하다 誣陷 (속일 빠질) To plot to injure. *Syn.* 모해하다

모해하다 謀害 (꾀할 해롭 To plot to injure, to [illegible] against. *Syn.* 모함하다

*모험하다 s. 冒險 (무릅쓸) (험할) To expose oneself to danger, to behave recklessly; to incur risk.

모은다 會 모을 회 모화, 흐 To gather together; to assemble; to unite (v. t.)

*모호ᄒᆞ다 模糊 (몰) (홀) To be blurred; to be indistinct; to be unintelligible. *See* 희미ᄒᆞ다.

*모휘양 s. 毛揮項 (털 휘) (수를) (목 -*항) A large fur head-cloak

모히다 v. 會 (모흘—*회 모히) ; 한 T. assemble; to meet together. (v. i.) *See* 모도다.

*목 s. 項 (*항) The neck; the throat. (무르다). The narrowest part; the most important part. The seventh stanza of a composition in verse.

*목 s. 目 (눈) A part; a portion. A pack of cards.

목 s. A numerative of tax contributions —one hundred coolie loads.

*목 s. 木 (나무) Wood as one of the five elements—marking east, spring, green and sour.

목거리 s. A scarf; a wrap for the neck.

*목검 s. 木劍 (나무) (칼) A wooden sword.

*목견ᄒᆞ다 v. 目擊 (눈) (칠) To be an eye witness of. *See* 목도ᄒᆞ다

*목견ᄒᆞ다 v. 目見 (눈) (볼) To be an eye witness of

*목계 s. 木溪 (나무) (시내) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ung-do.

목고지 s. An obstinate fellow; a head strong person. An invited guest—to a feast.

목골통이 s. A wooden pipe bowl.

목곳다 v. 強項 (강할—*강) 목 -*항) 곳아; 은 To be obstinate; to be head strong

*목교 s. 目巧 (눈) (공교) A sharp eye; a keen mind—to see through or understand machinery etc. *See* 슈교.

*목구녕 s. 咽喉 (목구멍—*인) (목구멍 -*후) The throat; the gullet. *See* 목구멍.

목구멍 s. 咽喉 (*인) (*후) The throat; the gullet.

*목궁 s. 木弓 (나무) (활) A wooden bow. *Opp.* 각궁.

*목균 s. 木菌 (나무) (버섯) A mushroom.

*목극 s. 木屐 (나무) (나막신) Clogs; wooden shoes, patens. (신다) *See* 나모신.

*목근 s. 木根 (나무) (뿌리) A root—of a tree.

*목금 s. 目今 (눈) (이제) Now; at the present time. *See* 목하.

*목과 s. 木器 (나무) (그릇) Wooden dishes; utensils made of wood

*목과 s. 木瓜 (나무) (외) The quince *Pyrus cathayensis*. *See* 모과

*목관 s. 牧官 (칠) (벼슬) An officer in charge of government stables.

*목관 s. 木棺 (나무) (관) A wooden coffin.

*목광 s. 目眶 (눈) (눈섹) The edges of the eyelids.

목다리 s. Worn out socks. *See* 깁목.

*목단 s. 牧丹 (목단) (목단) The peony, *Paeonia montan*—a medicinal name.

*목단화 s. 牧丹花 (목단) (목단) (꽃) The tree peony. *Paeonia montan*

*목대야 s. 木盥盆 (나무 (세수홀 *판) (그릇—*긔) A wooden platter or bason.

목멜미 s. 鬚髮 (턱수—*슈, (뒤—*후) The back of the neck.

*목역 s. 目的 (눈) (적실) Object; aim; intention; design; purpose.

*목역디 s. 目的地 (눈, (적실) (짜) The place to which one journeys.

*목뎡 s. 木釘 (나무) (못) A wooden nail.

*목도 s. 木島 (나무) (셤) An island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.38 Long. 126.05.

*목도 s. 木刀 (나무, (칼) A wooden sword.

*목도ᄒᆞ다 s. 目睹 (눈) (볼) To see with one's own eyes; to be an eye-witness. *See* 목견ᄒᆞ다.

목물다 s. 아; 돈 To have "neck disease."

*목동 s. 牧童 (칠) (우히) A herdsman, a wood cutter. *See* 초동.

*목두 s. 木蠹 (나무) (좀) A kind of insect that bores in wood; a borer.

목덕 같이 s. A useless thing, a thing of no account

목덕의아들 s. The son of a hobgoblin—an expression of contempt.

목덕이 s. Timber ends or pieces cut off—a useless object.

목뎌 s. A game like quoits—often played with cash. *See* 목지.

*목란 s. 木蘭 (나무) (란초) *Magnolia obovata*

*목련 s. 木蓮 (나무) (련못) The *Ficus pumila*.

*목련화 s. 木蓮花 (나무) (련못) (꽃) The flower of the *Ficus pumila*.

*목렴 s. 木廉 (나무) (청렴) The molestation of a grave by tree roots. *See* 화렴, 슈렴.

*목록 s. 目錄 (눅) (긔록) An index; a catalogue. *See* 몰목.

*목리 s. 木理 (나무 다스릴) The grain of wood. *See* 결

*목리 s. 木理 (나무) (리치) The grain of wool

*목리선 s. 睦來善 성) (올 ,착호 A.D F.S. 梧川 N.P. 睦來. A famous *Nam-in* of the time of Suk-jong.

*목마 s. 木馬 (나무) (물) A sedan-chair mounted on a wheel (ᄃᆞ다). A boat. *See* 거루.

*목마 s. 木磨 (나무) (갈) A wooden mill for hulling rice.

*목마호다 s. 牧馬 (칠) (물) The breeding of horses.

목메다 s. 嗌 (목멜—*얼) 어; 핀 To be dry, to be parched—of the throat.

*목멱산 s. 木寬山 (나무) (차질) (뫼) South Mountain of Seoul. *See* 주남산.

*목면 s. 木綿 (나무) (솜) A kind of cotton produced on a tree. (Gossypium herbaceum.)

*목목이 s. 目目 (눈) (눈) Every heap; every pile; each group.

*목물 s. 木物 (나무) (물건) Wooden objects. *See* 목과.

목물ᄒᆞ다 s. To wash the head and shoulders.

*목민지관 s. 牧民之官 (칠) (빅성) (갈) (벼슬) Officers who care for the people—country magistrates.

*목민ᄒᆞ다 s. 牧民 칠, (빅성) To supply the wants of the people; to secure the well-being of the nation; to govern the people.

목ᄆᆞᄅᆞ다 s. 渴 목이룸 *갈 ᄆᆞᄅᆞ, 므ᄅᆞ To be thirsty; to be dry. *See* 구갈나다.

목물ᄐᆞ다 s. ᄐᆞ; 핀 To ride on another's shoulders.

목미다 s. 縊 (목밀—*읜) 여; 핀 To strangle; to hang. *See* 조슈ᄒᆞ다.

*목부용 s. 木芙蓉 나무) (연못) 련못 Hibiscus mutabilis.

*목불 s. 木佛 (나무) (부쳐) A wooden image of Buddha.

*목불시정ᄒᆞ다 s. 目不識丁 (눈) 아닐 (알) (장명) To be ignorant of his letters; to be totally uneducated.

*목비 s. 木碑 (나무) (비) A wooden tablet erected in honor of an official. *See* 석비

*목빅 s. 牧伯 (칠) (맛) A governor of a province; a prefect; the head of a local government; a feudal lord.

*목살 s. 木殺 (나무 (죽일) Spirits that reside in trees. *See* 동여

*목상 s. 木像 (나무) (형상) A wooden image.

*목상 s. 木商 (나무) (장ᄉᆞ) A wood or timber merchant.

*목석 s. 木石 (나무) (돌) Wood and stone—used to express unthankfulness.

*목석난부 s. 木石難付 (나무) (돌) (어려울) (붓칠) Among trees and stones no shelter—of one alone.

*목셩 s. 木星 (나무) (별) The planet Jupiter.

*목셩 s. 木聲 (나무) (소리) The wood tone—a hoarse note.

목셩 s. 嗄聲 (목구멍 *후) (소리—*셩) The voice. *See* 목청.

*목셩 s. 木性 (나무) (셩품) Resembling a tree—as in the character of the stem; the nature or characteristics of wood; the grain. *See* 목리.

*목셩 s. 木姓 (나무) (셩) The names of trees that serve as clan characters.

*목셩긔계 s. 目盛機械 눈) 담을) (틀 (긔계 Dividing Engine.

목소리 s. 嗄聲 (목구멍—*후) (소리—*셩) The voice; the sound of the voice. *See* 목셩.

*목송ᄒᆞ다 s. 目送 (눈) (보낼) To follow with the eyes—as anything or person in motion; to watch; to look after.

목숨 s. 命 (*명) Life; breath. *See* 싱목숨.

목쉬다 s. 失音 일흘—*실 소리 *음) 여, 핀 To be hoarse; to lose one's voice.

*목슈 s. 木手 (나무) (손) A carpenter. *See* 지쉬.

*목숙 s. 苜蓿 (풀) (풀) Trefoil. *Medicago denticulata.*

*목신 s. 木屐 나무 나막신 *극) Clogs, wooden shoes. (신다) (Prov.). *See* 나무신.

*목신 s. 木神 (나무) (귀신) Tree spirits. (대갈).

*목실 s. 木實 나무 (열매 Fruit of a tree nuts; berries. *Opp.* 초실.

*목ᄉᆞ s. 牧使 (칠) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A country magistrate of a 1st rate District—an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*목소 n. 牧師 (칠) (스승) A term adopted by missionaries for "pastor." *See* 교소

목아지 n. 項 (목—*항) Neck; throat. (Low form). The narrowest part *See* 목.

목아지 n. 束 (묵굴—*속) A bundle; a numerative of things tied together. *See* 오개.

*목안 n. 木雁 (나무) (기럭이) A goose carved in wood—an emblem of conjugal fidelity, and used as a wedding gift.

*목양재 n. 木洋製 (나무) (바다) (지을) A Western wooden house; a wooden house built on Western plans.

*목양ᄒᆞ다 n. 牧羊 (칠) (양) To breed; to feed; to rear or raise.

*목요일 n. 木曜日 (나무) 볼을 ,날, Thursday

*목욕갑다 n. 沐浴 (목욕ᄒᆞᆯ) (목욕ᄒᆞᆯ) 아; 은 To bathe. *See* 메역갑다.

*목욕ᄒᆞ다 n. 沐浴 (목욕ᄒᆞᆯ) (목욕ᄒᆞᆯ) To bathe; to take a bath. *See* 목욕갑다.

*목우류마 n. 木牛流馬 (나무) (소) (흐를) (말) Wooden bullocks and grass horses —used as beasts of burden by *Chekat-lyang* in the days of *Huchu* (223-258 A.D.)

*목우장 n. 牧牛場 (칠) (소) (마당) A pasture for cattle.

*목유경 n. 木油鏡 (나무) (기) (동경) A wooden oil lampholder—with horn to catch the drip.

목음 n. A mouthful—as of water, spirit etc.

*목인 n. 木印 (나무) (인칠) A wooden wine cup.

*목인 n. 木人 (나무) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A wooden image—of a man.

목자르다 n. 絞 (목ᄆᆞᆯ—*교) 잘나, 자른 To strangle. *See* 목미다.

목짤으다 n. 짤나, 은 To be short; to be insufficient; to be unable for.

목잠 n. A species of blight that destroys the crops.

*목자 n. 牧人 (칠) (놈) A herdsman; a shepherd.

*목작약 n. 木芍藥 (나무) (작약) (약) A name for the peony.

*목장 n. 牧場 (칠) (마당) Pasture lands; ground reserved for breeding purposes.

*목장 n. 木匠 (관부) (장인) A carpenter

*목적 n. 木賊 (나무) (도적) *Equisetum hiemale.* *See* 속새.

*목전 n. 目前 (눈) (앞) Before the eyes—now; at present. *See* 목하.

목젓 n. 喉乳 (목구멍—*후) (젖—*유) The soft palate.

목젖강이 n. A term of insult for the neck. *See* 목아지.

목정이 n. 項 (목—*항) The back of the neck.

*목조ᄒᆞ다 n. 木造 (나무) (지을) To dress or trim timber.

*목족ᄒᆞ다 n. 睦族 (화목) (겨레) To be on friendly terms—of the members of a clan. *See* 우의ᄒᆞ다.

*목종 n. 木鐘 (나무) (쇠북) A wooden clock.

*목주 n. 木主 (나무, 님 Wooden ancestral tables. (Comp.)

*목지 n. 目紙 (눈) (조희) A game of cards. (Prov.)

목지 n. A kind of quoits. "Winner" in a game like quoits played with money

*목조 n. 目尾 (눈) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The outer corner of the eye.

*목조 n. 目子 (눈) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The expression of the eyes. *See* 누살

*목줌 n. 木簪 (나무) (비나) A wooden hair-pin.

*목지 n. 木材 (나무) (지목) Timber.

*목창 n. 木廠 (나무) (창고) A storehouse for timber.

*목척 n. 木尺 (나무) (자) A foot measure —for wood. *Opp.* 침척. *See* 자.

*목천 木川 (나무) (내) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.45 Long. 127.33

*목청 n. 木青 (나무) (푸를) A green color.

목청 n. 喉音 (목구멍 —*후) (소리—*음) The voice; the sound of the voice.

*목축 n. 牧畜 (칠) (기를) Stock farming; breading and rearing of animals.

*목축장 n. 牧畜場 (칠) (기를) (마당) A pasture, a stock farm.

*목축ᄒᆞ다 n. 牧畜 (먹일) (기를) To breed; to rear; to tend used of cattle and other live stock.

목침 n. 木枕 (나무) (벼기) A wooden pillow. (배다). *See* 도막.

*목침돌님 l. 木枕次序 (나무 벼기) (버금—*차) (차례 서 Passing the pillow —taking turns in singing, writing verses etc.

*목락 s. 木鈴 나무 목락) A woollen bell -as carried by Buddhists.

*목탄 s. 木炭 (나무) (숯) Charcoal.

*목탄제 s. 木炭劑 나무 숯 약지을 Cataplasma Carbonis

목줄 s. 喉筋 (목구멍 *후 줄—*줄 The throat; the neck; the oesophagus.

*목통 s. 木通 (나무) (통초) The *Clematis grata*—as used for a medicine.

*목판 s. 木板 (나무) (판지) A board; a wooden plate—for printing.

*목팔소 s. 木八絲 (나무) (여덟) (실) Cotton twine made of eight plies twisted together.

*목패 s. 木牌 (나무) (패) Tablets of wood; a wooden talley

*목포 s. 木布 (나무) (뵈) Cotton and linen. *See* 미명.

*목포 s. 木浦 (나무) (개) A harbour in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.45 Long. 126.25.

*목필 s. 木筆 (나무) (붓) A lead-pencil.

*목하 s. 目下 (눈) (아래) Before the eyes now; at present *See* 목전.

*목하에 s. 目下 (눈) (아래) At this juncture

*목합 s. 木盒 (나무) (합) A wooden box.

*목향 s. 木香 (나무) (향긔) Putchuck—the root and stalk being used for medicine and incense.

*목회 s. 木灰 (나무) (지) Wood ashes.

*목홍 s. 木紅 (나무) (붉을) Dark red color.

*목화양 s. 木棉項 (나무) (두를) (목 *항 A large loose cloak made of cotton *See* 모화양.

*목화 s. 木靴 (나무) (신) Court-dress boots. (신다). *See* 슈혜조.

*목화 s. 木花 (나무) (꼿) Raw cotton; the cotton plant. *Gossipyum herbaceum.* *See* 면화.

몬저 s. 先 (*션) First; in advance; before. *See* 먼저.

몬지 s. 塵 (틔셜—*전) Dust. *See* 진애.

*몰 s. 沒 (다) All.

몰강스럽다 s. 리워; 운 To be all; to be entire—of things destroyed.

몰골 s. 沒骨 얼골 모, 모양 *양 Appearance; manner; looks. *See* 체격선아.

몰기 s. Five bull's-eyes—in archery. The best hand in cards. (잡다).

몰내 *l.* In secret; unknown to. *See* 구만히

몰래 s. 沙 (모래 *사) Sand. *Also* 모래.

몰녀다니다 s. 돈녀; 닌 To travel in crowds; to go in great numbers.

몰니다 s. 몰너; 닌 To retreat; to be chased back. *See* 몰다.

몰다 / 몰 (몰—*구) 아; 몬 To chase; to drive to urge on. *Also* 모다.

*몰락하다 s. 沒落 (빠질) (떠러질) To fall to pieces; to go to ruins; to fail.

몰박다 s. 아; 은 To gather in one; to heap up together.

*몰쇼하다 沒燒 (빠질) (불살을) To be completely destroyed by fire.

*몰수 s. 沒數 (빠질) (셀 All every one, entirely

*몰슈하다 s. 沒收 (빠질) (거둘) To confiscate; to forfeit; to sequestrate.

*몰시조멍긔 s. 沒食子丁幾 빠질 밥 아돈 창멍 긔 Tinctura Gallae

*몰식조산 沒食子酸 빠질 밥 아도 실 Gallic Acid

*몰식하다 s. 沒食 빠질 먹을 To devour; to eat up.

*몰소하다 s. (쏘) 沒死 (빠질) (죽을) To be annihilated; to be exterminated. *See* 함몰하다

*몰약 s. 沒藥 (빠질 약) Myrrh.

몬인정하다 沒人情 사람 정 To be unhuman; to be hard; to be cruel.

*몰입하다 s. 沒入 (빠질) (들) To fall into; to be submerged or plunged; to sink

*몰지각하다 s. (—찌) 沒知覺 업슬 깨 (여도 몰 without sense; to lack judgment.

몰 沒 빠질 업 to [illegible]

*몰관하다 s. 沒關 (빠질) (관지) To clear the board—in draughts etc.

*몰풍스럽다 s. 沒風 (빠질) 바람 리워, 운 To be hard; to be narrow; to be inhuman

몸 [illegible] of parts woven [illegible] as tobacco, rolls [illegible]

몸 [illegible] the person; the [illegible] 몸아 [illegible] (니 [illegible] [illegible] 맛다

몸나다 *v.* 서; 난 To menstruate. To grow stout.

몸내다 *v.* To menstruate. *See* 월후ᄒᆞ다.

몸둥아리 *n.* 뎌 (몸—*신) The body; the person. *See* 몸둥이.

몸둥이 *n.* 뎌 (몸 *신 The body; the person. *See* 몸집.

몸매 *n.* Beauty of form; grace of figure. *See* 태도.

몸받다 *v.* 通行 (덕신 *톄) 힘ᄒᆞᆫ 힘) 하; 은 To be authorized by; to be commissioned.

몸부림ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 悖惡 맛ᄒᆞᆯ *시, (모질 *악 To storm about; to rage; to be furious. *See* 시악ᄒᆞ다.

몸살 *n.* Indisposition; slight sickness. *See* 감긔.

몸살나다 *v.* 살나; 난 To be indisposed. *See* 감긔들다.

몸상 *n.* (방) The main table—as at a wedding spread.

몸소 *n.* Oneself; himself. *See* 손소.

몸솔 *n.* 身刷 (몸—*신) (러울—*솔) A flesh brush.

몸쓰다 *v.* 몸써, 쓴 To be agile; to be active.

몸집 * 體幹 (몸—*톄) (모양—*양) The body; the person; the appearance. *See* 톄대.

몸짓 *n.* Restlessness; movement of the body.

몸채 *n.* The main house—as compared with the outer buildings. *See* 겻채

몸푸다 *n.* 解娠 (몸—*신) (운히발—*신) 푸러; 픈 To bring forth; to give birth to. *See* 심산ᄒᆞ다.

몸ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To menstruate. *See* 월후ᄒᆞ다.

몹쓸 *l.* 惡 (모질—*악) Bad; wicked depraved.

몹시 *l.* 惡 (모질—*악) Terribly; extremely; very—in a bad sense.

못 *l.* 未 (못흘—*톄) Not—a negative expressing inability or an absence of the will, sometimes used interchangeably with 안.

못 *n.* 釘 (*명) A nail. (박다) (주다) (치다). A wart; a hard blister. (박이다). The blossom—remaining on the fruit.

못 *n.* 淵 (*연) A lake; a pond. *See* 련못.

못거지 *n.* 會處 (모들 *회 곳 *쳐) A meeting place. *See* 회석

못나다 / 不出 (아닐 *불) (날 *출) 나; 난 To be deformed; to be ugly.

못내 *l.* Till now; always; constantly. (닛다 (싱각ᄒᆞ다). *See* 리리.

못되다 *l.* 劣 (용렬—*렬) 여; 된 To be wrong; to turn out badly; to prove a failure; to be evil; to not do. *See* 글못ᄒᆞ다.

못쓰다 *l.* 못써; 쓴 To be bad; to be evil, to not do. *See* 못되다.

못싱기다 *l.* 劣 용렬—*렬 (싱겨 · 긴 To be deformed; to be ugly.

못주다 *v.* 打釘 (칠—*뎡) (못—*뎡) 어, 준 To nail up, to fasten with nails.

뫼 *l.* 山 (*산) A mountain; a hill.

뫼 / 墓 (무덤 *묘) A grave; a tomb.

뫼 *l.* 飼食 (먹—*식) (함—*식) Chicken feed. (주다).

뫼봉오리 *l.* 峯 (*봉) A mountain peak.

뫼뿌리 *l.* 崖 (*슈) A cliff; a mountain peak. *See* 뫼봉오리.

뫼새 *n.* 山鳥 (뫼—*산) (새—*됴) The bulbul.

뫼이다 *v.* 뫼여; 인 To attend upon; to carry out.

뫼치닥이 *n.* 鶉 (*슌) The quail.

뫽 *l.* The crop—of a bird.

몽 *l.* Ignorance; denial. (싸리다).

*몽고 *n.* 蒙古 (닝울) (네) Mongolia.

몽고리 *l.* A man with a shaved head—a Buddhist priest; a bonze. *See* 중.

*몽고문ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 蒙古文 (닝울) (네) (글) To be according to ancient writing. *See* 의고문ᄒᆞ다

*몽고인죵 *n.* 蒙古人種 (닝울) (네) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (씨) The Mongolian race.

*몽고죵 *n.* 蒙古種 (닝울 네) (씨) The Mongolians. *Opp.* 한죵.

몽고들 *n.* A stone hung from the stern of a boat to keep the prow straight against the current.

*몽념 *n.* 蒙恬 (닝울 년안) B.C 210. A great general who defeated the *Hyung-no* barbarians built the Great Wall, and is said to be the first to invent the brush pen.

몽싸리다 *l.* 싸려; 린 To refuse; to deny —what one has agreed to.

몽당 *n.* A worn out article.

몽당비 *n.* A worn out broom.

몽당슈슈 *n.* Chinese sugar-cane. *Sorghum vulgare.*

몽당치마 *n.* A short skirt. *See* 도롱치마.

*몽둘 *n.* 艨艟 (방) (비) A vessel of war.

몽동발이 *n.* 兀脚 Out foot

몽둥이 *n.* 棍棒 (명) A club; a baton *See* 막대이

*몽두 *l.* 蒙頭 (넘을)(머리) The "black cap" worn by criminals (옛)

*몽롱하다 *a.* 朦朧 (어두울) (어두울) To be cloudy; to be hazy; to be unconscious; to be in mind.

*몽몽하다 *a.* 濛濛 (흐릴) (흐릴) To be dull, cloudy, or overcast.

*몽매 *l.* 夢寐 (꿈)(잘) A dream. *See* 몽매간.

*몽매간 / 夢寐間 (꿈) (잘) (사이) In a dream; while asleep; even in sleep.

*몽매중 / 夢寐中 꿈 잘) (가운데) In a dream. *See* 몽중.

*몽매하다 *a.* 朦昧 (어두울) (어두울) To be obtuse, foolish, dull; to be unenlightened.

*몽빈 *n.* 蒙白 (넘을) (흰) Mourning. (Prov.)

*몽상 *n.* 蒙喪 넘을 죽을 Mourning dress. (넘다). *See* 거상.

*몽설하다 *l.* 夢洩 (꿈) (샐) To have nocturnal emissions.

몽실몽실하다 *a.* To feel lumpy; to be uneven

*몽사 *l.* 夢事 (꿈) (일) The acts of a dream; a dream. *See* 몽조.

*몽압하다 / 夢壓 (꿈, 누를 To have a nightmare. *See* 가위눌리다.

*몽옹 / 夢翁 꿈 꿈 Apostrophe (h'ung-ch'ou, n.).

*몽욕하다 / 蒙辱 넘을 (오랑캐) To be in rags; to be in tatters

*몽조 / 夢兆 꿈 징조 Omens from a dream; a dream. *See* 몽사

*몽중 / 夢中 (꿈) (가운데) (In) a dream. *See* 꿈속.

*몽진하다 *a.* 蒙塵 (넘을) (티끌) To be covered with dust; to be defeated in battle and take to flight—of an Emperor.

몽치 *n.* 棒 (몽둥이—*붙) A club; a baton; a stick. *See* 매.

*몽충 *n.* 蒙衝 (배) (배) *Also* 몽동. A large two-masted battle ship. *See* 병선

몽탁몽탁 *a.* In pieces; in morsels. *See* 토작토작.

몽텡이 *n.* 한 (쌀—*포) A ball, a bundle. *See* 몽탱이.

몽툭하다 *a.* 禿 (모자라질 — 둑) To be blunted; to be coarse. *See* 모지라지다.

몽퇴하다 *v.* 탁해 접 To rob, to steal; to plunder *See* 훔치다

*몽학 *n.* 蒙學 어릴 (배울) Elementary studies. *See* 소학.

*몽혜하다 *a.* 蒙惠 (넘을) 은혜 To receive favors. *See* 은혜하다

*몽혼 / 夢魂 꿈 넋 (넋) Ghosts; spirits, dreams. *See* 몽소.

*몽혼약 / 麻醉藥 어두울 (어두울) (약) Anaesthetics. *See* 마약.

*묘 *n.* 畝 (이랑) Measure of area.

*묘 / 墓 (무덤) A grave. *See* 산소.

*묘갈 *l.* 墓碣 (무덤) (비석) A grave stone.

*묘계 *l.* 妙計 (묘할) (계교) A capital plan. *See* 교칙.

*묘굴도적 / 墓窟盜賊 (무덤) (구멍) 도적 (도적) Grave robbers.

*묘년지걸 / 妙年才傑 묘할 (해) 재조 (걸식) One youthful and gifted.

*묘당 *l.* 廟堂 (무덤) (논) Paddy-fields set apart for the service of sacrificial ceremonies. *See* 위답.

*묘당 *l.* 廟堂 (소당) (집) The Council-chamber of the three Ministers of State.

*묘당공론 / 廟堂公論 소당) 의 공변될 의론) An assembly of the three Ministers of State and other chief officials.

묘당품처하다 廟堂稟處 소당 (집) (품할) (곳) To report to the king from a meeting of the *Myotang*.

*묘답 / 墓田 (무덤) (밭) Fields set apart for the service of sacrificial ceremonies *See* 위전.

*묘동 *l.* 廟洞 (소당) (골) A naval station in P'yong-an-do.

*묘두현령 *l.* 猫頭懸鈴 (고양이) (머리 달 (방울 A cat with a bell at its neck an irresistable person; one who will have his own way.

*묘득하다 *l.* 妙得 (묘할) (얻을) To comprehend; to understand; to see through *See* 투득하다

*묘디 *l.* 墓地 (무덤) (땅) A cemetery; a grave yard; a burial ground.

*묘론 *l.* 廟論 (소당) (의론) Government councils; ministerial discussions, or views. *See* 묘당공론.

*묘리 *l.* 妙理 (묘할) (다스릴) An excellent principle; an admirable law *See* 방법.

*묘막 *l.* 墓幕 (무덤) (막) A house before a grave—where sacrifices are prepared. *See* 산막.

*묘막하다 *a.* 渺漠 (아득할) (멀) To be wide, to be spacious; to be extensive;

to be far-reaching; vast; expansive, to be boundless in extent; to be indistinct—by reason of distance.

*묘말 l. 卯末 (묳기) (뭇) The close of the *myo* hour. (From 6.30 to 7 o'clock A.M.)

*묘망ᄒᆞ다 l. (渺茫)(아득홀), 아득홀) Same as 묘막ᄒᆞ다.

*묘목 s. 瞎目 (쇠눈) (눈) A person who is blind of one eye. *Syn* 외구.

*묘문석 l. 墓門石 (무멈) (문) (돌) A flat stone used to close a tomb.

*묘방 l. 卯方 (묳기) (모) East—as marked on the compass. *See* 동방.

*묘방 l. 妙方 (묘홀) (모) An excellent prescription—of medicine. *See* 묘제.

*묘법 l. 妙法 (묘홀) (법) An admirable plan; a specific. *See* 묘방. The Wonderful Law of Buddhism

*묘비 l. 墓碑 (무멈) (비석) A tombstone.

*묘삼각 l. 墓上閣 (무멈) (샹) (집) A temporary house built over a grave, awaiting the interment of the body. *See* 삼묘막.

*묘성 l. 昴星 (별) (별) The 18th of the 28 constellations. Pleiades 57° 12′ 1″ L.

*묘소 l. 墓所 (무멈) (바) A burial place; the district about a grave. *See* 산소.

*묘쇼년 l. 妙少年 (묘홀) (젊을) (히) A beautiful young person.

*묘수 l. 妙數 묘홀) (두어) Excellent skill; wonderful ability—to perform one's part. *See* 묘리

*묘슈 l. 妙手 (묘홀) (손) A skilled hand; a clever artist

*묘술 l. 妙術 (묘홀) (술법) An admirable trick; wonderful sleight of hand. *See* 묘법.

*묘시 l. 卯時 (묳기) (때) From 5 to 7 o'clock A.M.

*묘약 l. 妙藥 (묘홀) (약) An efficacious medicine

*묘연ᄒᆞ다 l. 杳然 (아득홀) (그릴) To be vague; to be indistinct. *See* 망연ᄒᆞ다.

*묘예 l. 苗裔 (싹) (옷깃) A descendant.

*묘우 s. 廟宇 (샹궁) (집) An ancestral tablet house. *See* 스우; 스당집.

*묘의 l. 廟議 (스당) (의론) Government councils; deliberations.

*묘젹ᄉᆞ l. 妙寂寺 (묘홀) (쏙홀) (졀) A monastery in Kyong-keui-do. (Yong-ju)

*묘젼굉언 l. 墓前宏言 (무멈) (앞) (다홀) (말숨) After death the sincerity of one's motives etc. is known.

*묘정 l. 卯正 (묳기) (바를) The middle of the *myo* hour—6 o'clock A.M.

*묘족 l. 苗族 (싹) (겨레) The *Miao-tsu*, wild aboriginal tribes of China.

*묘지 l. 墓誌 (무멈) (긔록) An inscription on a tomb. *See* 지석.

*묘직이 l. 墓直 (무멈) (곳을) The guardian of a tomb. *See* 산직이.

*묘창히지일속 l. 渺滄海之一粟 아득홀) (물결) (바다) (갈, 홀) (조) Like a grain of millet in the illimitable ocean—a man in the world.

*묘초 l. 卯初 (묳기) (처음) The first of the *myo* hour. 5 o'clock A.M.

*묘츅 l. 廟祝 (스당) (빌) A Buddhist acolyte.

*묘칙 l. 妙策 (묘홀) (묘칙) An admirable plan; a fine scheme. *See* 묘계.

*묘하 l. 墓下 (무멈) (아래) The region of an ancestral grave. *See* 묘소.

*묘향산 l. 妙香山 (묘홀) (향긔) (뫼) A celebrated mountain in P'yong-an-do. (Yong-pyon). Lat. 30.17-49.56 Long. 126.25-126.37.

*묘호 l. 廟號 (스당) (일홈) The temple name of a monarch—as written on the tablet.

*묘ᄒᆞ다 s. 妙 (묘홀) To be pretty; to be fine; to be excellent. *See* 얌전ᄒᆞ다.

무 s. Bones which come from ulcers.

무 l. 菁根 (무—*청) (뿌리—*근) Radishes.

*무가 l. 武家 (호반) (집) The military class.

*무가내하 s. 無可奈何 (업을) (옳홀) (엇지) (엇지) No resource; no alternative.

무가리나다 s. 나; 난 To recover stolen goods. (Prov.)

무가산 s. 狗糞傘 (개—*구) (똥—*분) (약—*약) An ointment—made of dog's dung.

*무가지보 s. 無價之寶 (업을) (갑) (갈) (보비) A priceless jewel; an inestimable treasure—the knowledge of characters.

*무간ᄒᆞ다 s. 無間 (업을) (소이) To be intimate; to be closely allied

*무감 l. 武監 (호반) (볼) The king's body guard *See* 무예청

*무강 s. 無疆 (업을) (디경) What is inexhaustible; endless, perennial; eternal.

*무강지휴 n. 無疆之休 (업슬) (디경) 끌) 취일 Unbounded blessings, unlimited prosperity.

*무강ᄒᆞ다 a. 無疆 (업슬) (디경) To be inexhaustible; to be endless, to be perennial; to be eternal.

무거리 n. 津末 (엣겨—*자) (똣—*말) Shorts; coarse flour.

무거지담 n. 無據之談 (업슬) (근거) 갈 말숨) Inexcusable words.

무거처ᄒᆞ다 v. 無去處 (업슬) 갈 곳 T. have no trace of where one has gone; to have no place to go to.

무거ᄒᆞ다 無據 (업슬) (근거 To be out of the ordinary; to be lawless.

무겁 /. A target ground—having a bank at the back.

무겁다 v. 重 무거울 *중 거울, 운 T. be heavy; to be weighty.

*무겁ᄒᆞ다 v. 無怯 (업슬) (겁) T. be fearless; to be cold. *See* 담대ᄒᆞ다

*무게 n. 重 (무거울 *중 Weight. N 중수.

*무게 /. 武溪 (호반) (시내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.40 Long. 128.20.

*무경ᄒᆞ다 v. 無經界 (업슬) (지날) (디경 To be unreasonable; to lack fairness.

*무경칠서 n. 武經七書 (호반) (경서) (닐곱) (글) The seven books of military rules.

*무고 /. 武庫 (호반) (고집) A military store-house; an armory.

무고무지ᄒᆞ다 v. 無故不至 (업슬 (연고 아닐 (아니갈 To have no excuse for not coming.

*무고선량 n. 無辜生靈 (업슬) (죄) (날) (선량) Innocent people; the innocent masses.

*무고작산 n. 無故作散 (업슬) (연고) (지을) (흐튀질) Separating without cause; throwing up a work without reason.

*무고지민 n. 無告之民 (업슬) (고ᄒᆞᆫ) (갈 (말숨 Destitute classes; the poor among the people. (Comp.)

*무고 無故 (업슬) 연고 Without reason. *No* 유연아

*무고ᄒᆞ다 /. 誣告 (속일) (고ᄒᆞᆯ To accuse falsely, to bring a false charge against. N. 무소ᄒᆞ다.

*무고ᄒᆞ다 a. 無辜 (업슬) (허물) To be guiltless, to be innocent; not having done wrong; to be free from harm or guilt; to be pure.

*무고ᄒᆞ다 a. 無故 (업슬) (연고) To be without trouble; to have no sickness, death etc; to be not serious. *Opp.* 유고ᄒᆞ다.

*무곡성 /. 武曲星 (호반) (곱을) (별) *Astron.* A star in the Great Bear.

*무곡산 n. 無谷山 (업슬) (골) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.47 Long. 128. .

*무곡중 /. 貿穀筒 (살) (곡식) (통) A bag containing 20 — used to grain buyers.

*무곡ᄒᆞ다 / 貿穀 (살) (곡식) To buy up grain.

*무공 /. 武功 (호반) (공) Distinguished military service; warlike exploits.

*무공전 n. 無孔錢 (업슬) (구멍) (돈) Coins that have no hole in the middle—as foreign monies. *See* 엽전.

*무공주 n. 無孔珠 (업슬) (구멍) (구슬) A perfect pearl — without a hole through it.

*무공ᄒᆞ다 a. 無功 (업슬) (공) To be without merit; to be undeserving of merit.

무궁무진ᄒᆞ다 n. 無窮無盡 (업슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슬 다ᄒᆞᆯ) T. be inexhaustible; to be infinite. *See* 무한량ᄒᆞ다

*무궁ᄒᆞ다 a. 無窮 (업슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be infinite; to be endless. *See* 무궁무진ᄒᆞ다.

무궁화 n. 無窮花 업슬 다ᄒᆞᆯ 못 A tree that blossoms and fades in a day.

무극ᄒᆞ다 n. 無極 (업슬) (구장) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*무근지설 n. 無根之說 업슬 (뿌리) (갈 말숨 Groundless tales; rumors that have no foundation. *See* 항설.

*무근초 n. 無根草 (업슬) (뿌리) (풀) "Rootless" plants—as *Potamogeton stratiotes*, (found in paddy-fields).

*무근ᄒᆞ다 a. 無根 (업슬) (뿌리 To be unfounded.

무기 / 武器 (호반) (그릇) Arms; warlike implements; military weapons.

무리근수 無理根數 (업슬) (리ᄒᆞᆨ) (뿌리) (두어) Surd.

*무리명 n. 無記名 (업슬) (긔ᄒᆞᆨ) (일홈) Unregistered (as a bond, deed, etc); open, as a ballot.

*무리명증권 [illegible] 업슬 긔ᄒᆞᆨ 일홈 (업슬 증권 [illegible] Unregistered bonds.

'무기명투표 s. 無記名投票 (업술 ᄆᆡ록 일홈)(던질) 표 An open ballot

"무기산 s. 無機酸 (업술)(틀)(실) Inorganic Acid.

'무기질 s. 無機質 (업술) (틀) (밧탕) Inorganic matter

'무기ᄒᆞ다 s. 無氣 (업슬) (긔운) To lack strength; to be wanting in vitality. *See* 연약ᄒᆞ다.

'무기ᄒᆞ다 s. 無期 업슬 (긔약 To have no limits; to be not defined or stated.

*무기화학 s. 無機化學 (업슬) (긔틀) (ᄇᆞᆯ (배홀) Inorganic chemistry. *Opp* 유기화학.

'무기 h. 武技 (호반) (지조) Accomplishments of the military class; military arts.

"무기 h. 舞妓 (충줄) (기싱) A dancing girl.

'무과 h. 武科 (호반) 과거 A graduate in archery. *Opp.* 문과.

*무왕 h. 武王 (호반)(님금) B.C. 1169-1116. The founder of the *Chow* Kingdom, China.

'무관 h. 武官 (호반) (벼슬) Military rank or office. *Opp.* 문관

*무관학교 h. 武官學校 (호반) (벼슬) (비홀 (학교) A military academy. *See* 소관학교.

*무관ᄒᆞ다 s. 無關 (업슬) (관계) To make no difference; to be of no account. *See* 불관ᄒᆞ다.

'무난출입ᄒᆞ다 s. 無難出入 (업슬) (어려울) (납) (들) To go in and out without trouble.

'무난ᄒᆞ다 s. (관) 無難 (업슬) 어려울 ᄒᆞᆫ be not difficult. *See* 용이ᄒᆞ다 To be impudent; to be unruly. *See* 무엉ᄒᆞ다.

'무남독녀 s. 無男獨女 (업슬) (사나희) (홀노) (ᄯᆞᆯ) An only daughter having no brother. *Opp.* 무녀독자

'무녀 h. 巫女 (무당) (계집) A witch; a sorceress. *See* 무당.

*무능력 s. 無能力 (업슬) (능홀) (힘) Inability; incapacity.

*무능ᄒᆞ다 s. (릉) 無能 (업슬) (능홀) To be incompetent; to lack ability; to lack persistency; to be skilled in no handicraft; to be ignorant. *See* 무지ᄒᆞ다.

*무단 h. 武斷 (호반) (ᄆᆞᆫ홀) Military law or discipline.

*무단정치 h. 武斷政治 (호반) (ᄆᆞᆫ홀) (졍ᄉᆞ) A government which disciplines and rules the people like soldiers.

*무단찰취 h. 武斷搶奪 (호반) (ᄆᆞᆫ홀) (싀물 (쿵을 Provincial autonomy, the seizing of official authority by the people. *See* 토호질ᄒᆞ다.

'무단히 s. 無端 업슬 (곳 Without reason; for no object. *See* 공연히.

*무단ᄒᆞ다 h. 武斷 (호반) (ᄆᆞᆫ홀) To administer affairs according to military laws; to carry matters with a high hand; to use force.

*무담 h. 武談 (호반) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Narratives relating to war or battle.

무대 h. Tens or multiples of tens in counting. *See* 싸라지.

*무대소 s. 無大小 (업슬) (큰) (젹을) What has no fixed length. a rubber band or strap. *See* 힌도쿄.

무당 h. 巫 (*무) A witch; a sorceress a female fortune-teller. *See* 무녀.

무당버섯 h. A toad-stool or poisonous mushroom.

무떡 h. Radish cakes.

무덕이 s. A mound; a heap; a pile.

무덕지다 s. 덕지; 진 To be heaped up; to be piled up. *See* 무수ᄒᆞ다.

무덕ᄒᆞ다 s. 無德 (업슬) (큰) To have no moral excellence; to lack virtue. *See* 박덕ᄒᆞ다.

무던히 s. Very much; extremely. *See* 착실히.

무던ᄒᆞ다 s. 治足 (흡족홀—*흠) (족홀—*족) To be sufficient; to be very fair; to be excellent. *See* 착실ᄒᆞ다.

무덤 s. 墓 (*묘) A grave; a tomb. *See* 분묘, 외.

무덥다 s. 蒸熱 (더울—*훈) (ᄯᆞᆯ—*증) 더워; 운 To be damp and hot.

*무적ᄒᆞ다 s. 無敵 (업슬) (덕덕) To be without a rival; to be strong, to be powerful.

*무전더금 s. 無典貸金 (업슬) (법) (무일) (쇠) Money given without pledge or drawn.

무정위침 s 無定位針 (업슬) (졍홀) (벼슬) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) Astatic needle.

'무도 h. 舞蹈 (충출) (ᄯᆞᆯ) Dancing; a dance

'무도병 h. 舞蹈病 충줄 ᄯᆞᆯ (병) Insanity.

'무도회 h. 舞蹈會 (충출) (ᄯᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A ball; a dancing club.

'무도ᄒᆞ다 s. 無道 (업슬) (길) To be lawless; to have no guiding principles.

*무도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 舞蹈 (춤출) (뛸) To dance; to leap or move with measured steps.

*무독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無毒 (업슬) (독홀) To have no poisonous effects; to be without guile. *See* 슌ᄒᆞ다

*무동 *l.* 舞童 (춤출) (우히) Dancing boys—who perform on the shoulders of another. (서다).

*무두 / 斤斗 (근) (말) A large measure containing twelve catties.

무두 *l.* A scraper— for hides.

*무두귀 *s.* 無頭鬼 (업슬) (머리) (귀신) A headless spirit—of one who has been executed

*무두무미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無頭無尾 (업슬) (머리) (업슬) (꼬리) To be without head or tail; to lack introduction and finish *See* 슈쌀나다.

무드다 *s.* 傚染 (전홀 —*젼) (물드릴 *염) 려; 든 To be dyed; to be tainted. *Also* 무들다.

무드럭지다 *s.* 럭져; 진 To be many; to be heaped and crowded together

*무득무실 *s.* 無得無失 (업슬) (엇슬) (업슬) (일홀) Notning to gain and nothing to lose. *See* 무해무득.

무들다 *s.* 染 (물드릴—*염) 어; 든 To be dyed; to be tainted; to be infected; to be vitiated. *See* 물드다.

무듸다 *s.* 鈍 (무딜 *둔) 여; 진 To be blunt, to be dull; to be obtuse.

*무등 *s.* 無等 (업슬) (무리) First class; the very best.

무등 *l.* 蘿蔔燈 (무—*라) (무—*복) (등불—*등) A lantern made from a hollow radish.

*무뎌 *l.* 舞榻 (춤출) (집) The stage of a theatre.

무랑 *s.* A eunuch—a term of abuse.

무랑마 *s.* A gelding.

*무략 *l.* 武畧 (호반) (도략) Stratagem; military plan or design.

*무량대복 *s.* 無量大福 (업슬) (헤아릴) (큰) (복) Unlimited happiness or luck

*무량세계 *s.* 無量世界 (업슬) (헤아릴) (인간) (디경) The boundless universe.

*무량ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無量 (업슬) (헤아릴) To be without limit; to be boundless.

무러보다 *s.* 問 (무를—*문) 아; 본 To ask; to inquire. *See* 문외ᄒᆞ다.

무럭무럭 *s.* By degrees; move by move.

*무려ᄒᆞ다 無慮 (업슬) (싱각) Innumerable; numberless; countless.

*무력ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無力 (업슬) (힘) To be impotent; to lack strength. *See* 무긔ᄒᆞ다.

*무럴 / 武烈 (호반) (빗) Energetic; dashing, brilliant

*무렬 / 武列 (호반) (벌) The military official class. *See* 호반.

*무례 *s.* 無禮 (업슬) (례도) Impoliteness; insult, rustic manners; want of good breeding, rude conduct.

*무례막심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無禮莫甚 (업슬) (례도) (말) (심홀) To be exceeding impolite.

*무례ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無禮 (업슬) (례도) To be impudent; to be ill bred.

*무령 *s.* 無寧 (어부모질) 편안—*녕) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*무론 *s.* 無論 (업슬 의론) Whoever, whatever anyone anything an introductory word. *See* 물론.

*무론모인ᄒᆞ고 *s.* 無論某人 (업슬) (의론) (아모) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Without questioning whom; without regard to whom.

*무론ᄒᆞ고 *s.* 無論 (업슬) (의론) Without consideration; without choice.

*무뢰비 *s.* 無賴輩 (업슬) (힘입을) (무리) Vagrants; idlers; rakes. *See* 무뢰지비.

*무뢰지비 *s.* 無賴之輩 (업슬) (힘입을) (갈) (무리) Vagrants; idlers; rascals.

*무료 *s.* 無料 (업슬) (헤아릴) Being free of charge; without pay; gratuitous.

*무료ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無聊 (업슬) (애오라지) To be without resources; to have no means; to be unhappy; to be comfortless; to be melancholy.

무뭉무뭉 *s.* 烝烝 (찔 -*증) (찔—*증) In clouds—as rising steam; rapidly—as growth *See* 뭉게뭉게.

*무슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無羞 (업슬) (붓글 -*안) To be ashamed, to be abashed *See* 무치ᄒᆞ다

무르녹다 *s.* 濃 (무르닉을—*농) 아; 온 To become soft; to be ripe.

무르닉다 *s.* 濃 무르닉을 *농) 어; 은. *See* 무르녹다

무르다 *s.* 軟 (부드러울 -*연) 물너; 무른 To be soft, to be yielding; to be pliable, to be tender.

무르다 *s.* 還退 (도라올—*퇴) (물너갈 -리) 물너; 무른 To return, to send back *See* 되ᄒᆞ다.

무름맛정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To go with a witness to a third party in order to clear up a slander or libel.

무릅 *s.* 膝(*슬) The knee. (알다). *See* 무릅학.

무릅도관이 *s.* The knee-cap. *See* 종지뼈.

무릅쓰다 *s.* 冒 (무릅쓸—*모) 름씨; 본 To risk; to be regardless of, to pay no attention.

무릅지기 *s.* Clothes that just reach down to the knees.

무릅학 *s.* 膝(무릅—*슬) The knee. *See* 무릅

무릇 *s.* 凡 (*범) All; everybody; anybody—an introductory word.

무릇*s.* The prepared roots of Solomon's Seal. *See* 황정.

무른부드다 *s.* To be soft; to be mellow; to be yielding. *See* 물넝물넝하다

*무릉도원 / 武陵桃源 (조반 (언덕) (복숭아) (근원) A place in *Hung chow* China supposed to be the ideal picturesque scenery. Fairy-land; elysium.

무리 *s.* Unboiled rice paste.

무리 *s.* 僧 (*재) A company; a number. An ending marking plurality. *See* 네.

무리 *s.* 雹 (우박—*박) Hail. (Prov.) *See* 우박.

*무리량 無理量 (업슬) (리치) (헤아릴) Irrational Quantity.

*무리방정식 無理方程式 (업슬) (리치) (모) (갈) (법) Irrational Equation.

*무리하다 *s.* 無理 (업슬) (리치) To be lawless; to be contrary to right; to be unreasonable.

*무림 / 茂林 (성홀) (수풀) A post station in Kyong-sang-do. A thicket of trees; a forest; a grove; a dense wood.

*무마하다 *s.* 撫摩 (어루만질) (문질) To stroke with the hand; to manage gently.

*무맛 *s.* 無味 (업슬) (맛—*미) Without taste.

*무망중에 *s.* 無妄中 (업슬) (망녕) (자온되) Unexpectedly, suddenly; by chance; unhoped for. *See* 뜻밖에.

무면나다 *s.* 나; 난 To fall short; to show a deficit; to be lacking. *See* 축나다

*무면도강동 *s.* 無面渡江東 (업슬) (낯) (건널) (물) (동녁) No face or heart to return to 강동—of *Hangu* after defeat.

무면지다 *s.* 면져; 진 To fall short; to lack; to fail.

무명 *s.* 匹木 (필—*필) (나무—*목) Korean cotton goods. The cotton flower. (Prov). *See* 필목.

*무명계약 *s.* 無名契約 (업슬) (일홈) (계) (언약) A nameless contract.

*무명소졸 *s.* 無名小卒 (업슬) (일홈) (적을) (군사) Unknown or insignificant commoners. *See* 무지하허인.

*무명수 *s.* 無名數 (업슬) (일홈) (두어) Abstract number.

*무명씨 *s.* 無名氏 (업슬) (일홈) (각씨—*사) A noble belonging to none of the four political parties—hence of doubtful origin.

무명실 *s.* 木絲 (나무—*목) (실—*사) Cotton thread. *See* 목사.

*무명식하다 *s.* 無名色 (업슬) (일홈) (빛) To have no situation; to be without a job—of yamen underlings.

*무명지 *s.* 無名指 (업슬) (일홈) (손가락) The third finger. (가락).

무명지인 *s.* 無名之人 (업슬) (일홈) (갈) (사람) The unofficial, unknown classes.

*무명투표 *s.* 無名投票 (업슬, 일홈) (던질) (표) An anonymous ballot. *Opp.* 기명투표.

무무하다 / 貿貿 (무무홀, 무무홀) To be ignorant, to be uncultured, to be barbarous. *See* 무지하다

*무문 *s.* 無紋 (업슬) (문치) Without a figure or pattern—of dress or any stuff.

*무물본성 *s.* 無物不成 (업슬) (물건) (아닐) (일을 Without the means, nothing is certain or can be done. *See* 이지말신.

무뭉스름하다 *s.* To be rounded off.

*무미하다 / 貿米 (살) (쌀) To buy up rice.

*무미하다 *s.* 無味 (업슬) (맛) To be tasteless; to be insipid; to be uninteresting.

무민 / 武敏 (조반) (민첩홀) The great-toe. Good laws or customs. (B.O.)

*무미독조 *s.* 無妹獨子 (업슬) (누의) (홀로) (아들) An only child—a son. *Opp.* 무남독녀.

*무방하다 *s.* 無妨 (업슬) (방해로울) To have no objection; to be the same. *See* 아무방하다.

*무법턴디 *s.* 無法天地 (업슬) (법) (하늘) (짜) A lawless world; a place without law. *See* 무경계아문.

*무법하다 *s.* 無法 (업슬) (법) To be lawless.

*무변ᄒᆞ다 無邊 (업슬 가) To be boundless, illimitable or vast—of space. To bear no interest—of money.

*무변 h. 武弁 (호반) (뭑두) Military officials. *See* 호반.

*무변대히 s. 無邊大海 (업슬) (가) (큰) (바다) A boundless sea; the open sea. *See* 만경창파.

*무변융력 s. 無邊融力 (업슬) (가) (융호) (힘) Uniformly varying stress.

*무변전 s. 無邊錢 (업슬) (가) (돈) Money not bearing interest.

*무병ᄒᆞ다 s. 無病 (업슬) (병돈) To be well; to have no complaint. *See* 무양ᄒᆞ다.

*무복ᄒᆞ다 h. 誣服 (속일) (항복) To plead guilty to an offense of which one is innocent.

무봉산 s. 舞鳳山 (춤출) (새) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.10 Long. 127.11.

*무부 h. 武夫 (호반) (지아비) A soldier; a military man.

*무부모ᄒᆞ다 s. 無父母 (업슬) (아비) (어미) To have no parents; to be an orphan.

*무부무군ᄒᆞ다 s. 無父無君 (업슬) (아비) (업슬, 님금) To recognize neither father nor king.

*무부여망 s. 無復餘望 (업슬) (다시) (놈을) (바랄) What is beyond hope.

*무분별ᄒᆞ다 s. 無分別 (업슬) (논홀) (다를) To be injudicious.

*무불 s. 無不 (업슬) (아닐) A prefix marking what is very strongly.

*무불가멈 s. 無不加點 (업슬, 아니) 더홀) (졈칠) What takes the highest marks in every way; what is perfect.

무불통지 s. 無不通知 (업슬) (아닐) (통홀) (알) Nothing unknown - wide knowledge; unlimited experience.

*무비 h. 武備 (호반) (갖출) Preparations for war; military equipments.

*무비 s. 無非 (업슬) (아닐) All; without exception; without contradiction. *See* 막비.

*무비ᄒᆞ다 s. 無比 (업슬) (견줄 To be incomparable *See* 무쌍호.

*무빙가고 s. 無憑可考 (업슬) 빙거홀 (올홀) (샹고) Nothing to trust to; what lacks proof; what cannot be traced.

무사마귀 s. A wart. (돋다) (오르다).

*무산 h. 茂山 (셩홀) (외) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.09 Long. 129.50

*무삼 h. 茂三 (셩홀) (석) A village in Chŏl la do. Lat. 35.49 Long. 127.48.

*무상 s. 無雙 (업슬 두) Unrivalled, unequalled; matchless, peerless.

*무상ᄒᆞ다 s. 無雙 (업슬) (샹) To be unique; to be matchless, to be peerless; to have no equal, to be incomparable *See* 데일.

무상 s. 無上 (업슬 웃) The best of all; the first *See* 무상.

*무상시 s. 無常時 (업슬) 뗏 때) Any time at all; an irregular time; unstated times. *See* 무시.

*무상시로 s. 無常時 (업슬) (뗏뗏) (때) At any time; whenever; no definite time

*무상지도 s. 無上之道 (업슬) (웃) (갈) (길) The doctrine of annihilation - Buddhism.

*무상출입ᄒᆞ다 s. 無常出入 (업슬) (뗏뗏) (날) (들) To enter at all hours; to call at any time.

*무션연 s. 無線電 (업슬) (줄) (번기) A wireless telegraph.

무설기 h. Radish cakes. *See* 흰무리.

무섭다 s. 恐怖 (두려울 *공) (두려울 구 셔워; 운 To fear; to be afraid. To be terrible, to be formidable, to be fearful. *See* 놀납다.

*무세력 s. 無勢力 (업슬) (형세) (손) A man of no public influence.

무세ᄒᆞ다 h. 無稅 (업슬) (부세) To be free of duty.

무세ᄒᆞ다 s. 無勢 (업슬) (형세) To lack power or influence. To be cheap.

*무셩산 h. 武成山 (호반) (일울) (외) A mountain in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.27 Long. 127.20.

*무셩ᄒᆞ다 h. 茂盛 (것칠) (셩홀) To be luxuriant; to be abundant as plants or *See* 왕셩ᄒᆞ다.

무소 h. 誣訴 (속일) (알욀) A false accusation—before an official. *See* 알소.

무소 s. 犀 (*서) A rhinoceros. *See* 물소.

무소가관 s. 無所可觀 (업슬) (바) (올홀) (볼) Nothing worth seeing. *See* 무소가취.

무소가취 s. 無所可取 (업슬) (바) (올홀) 가질) Nothing to be desired, what is of no use. *See* 일무가관.

*무소겨란 s. 無所忌憚 (업슬) (바) (꺼릴) (꺼릴) He who fears nothing; what is without fear. *See* 방약무인.

*무소부지 s. 無所不知 (업슬) (바) (아닐) (알) Nothing which is not known omnisci-ence.

무소부지 s. 無所不至 (업슬 (바 (아닐) (니를) No place not arrived at or extended to—omnipresent.

무소부지 s. 無所不在 (업슬, 바) (아닐) (잇슬) No place in which it is not—omnipresent.

*무소불능 s. 無所不能 (업슬) (바) (아닐) (능ᄒᆞ) Nothing that cannot be done—omnipotent.

무소불위 s. 無所不爲 (업슬) (바) (아닐) (ᄒᆞ) Nothing that he would not dare to do.

무소ᄒᆞ다 v. 誣訴 (속일) (알욀) To accuse falsely. *See* 알소ᄒᆞ다.

*무손ᄒᆞ다 v. 無孫 (업슬) (손주) To have no posterity. *See* 잇손ᄒᆞ다.

무손다 s. 아; 손 To be cut and torn.

무쇠 s. 水鐵 (물—*수) (쇠—*텰) Cast-iron. *Opp.* 중쇠.

무송아지 s. A mole-cricket.

*무쇼식 (이) 희쇼식 s. 無消息 (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ 살ᄋᆞᆷ 쉬일) (깃블) (ᄉᆞᆯ) (쉬일) No news is good news.

무쇼식ᄒᆞ다 s. 無消息 (업슬) (살올) (쉬일) To have no news. *See* 일가무쇼식.

*무수샤례ᄒᆞ다 s. 無數謝禮 (업슬) (두어) (샤례) (례도) To thank beyond measure

무수샤ᄇᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 s. 無數謝拜 (업슬) (두어) (샤례) (절) To bow and thank a thousand times

무수악형ᄒᆞ다 s. 無數惡刑 (업슬) (두어) (모질) (형벌) To punish by all kinds of torture.

무수히 s. 無數 (업슬) (두어) Without number, beyond the possibility of numbering. *See* 허다히.

무수ᄒᆞ다 s. 無數 (업슬) (두어) To be numberless; to be countless. *See* 허다ᄒᆞ다.

무쉬 s. The day following *Chogum* the 9th and 24th days of the moon. Low tides (Prov)

무슈리 l. A woman servant—who waits on the ladies of the Palace.

무슈산 s. 無水酸 (업슬) (물) (실) Anhydride.

*무슈슈졍 s. 無水酒精 (업슬) (물) (술) (정ᄆᆞᆯ) Absolute Alcohol.

무슉이작슉이 s. This and that fellow; so and so.

*무술 l. 戊戌 (개) (개) The 25th year of the cycle. 1838, 1898, 1958.

*무술 l. 巫術 무술 (쎄) Sorcery; the art of pretending a god or spirit; magic, witch craft.

*무슈지 l. 武衆官 (호반) (니올) (솟) A military secretary of one of the six Boards an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*무시 s. 無時 (업슬) (ᄯᅢ) Any time.

*무시뎡고ᄒᆞ다 s. 無時點考 (업슬) (ᄯᅢ) (뎜 ᄎᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) To examine officially—at other than the regular time.

*무시로 s. 無時 (업슬) (ᄯᅢ) At any time.

무시루ᄯᅥᆨ l. Steamed radish cakes.

무시무시ᄒᆞ다 s. 恐怯 (무러올—*풍) (두려울—*구) To be afraid; to be timid.

*무시무종ᄒᆞ다 s. 無始無終 (업슬) (비로솜) (업슬) (ᄆᆞᄎᆞᆷ) To have neither beginning nor end; to be eternal.

*무시복 s. 無時服 (업슬) (ᄯᅢ) (먹을) Taken between meals—as medicine.

*무시ᄒᆞ다 s. 無始 (업슬) (비로솜) To be without beginning; to be eternal.

*무식소치 s. 無識所致 (업슬) (알) (바 (연ᄒᆞ) (이ᄅᆞᆯ) Because of ignorance, (from), being uncultured.

*무식장이 s. 無識 (업슬) (알) An ignoramus.

*무식ᄒᆞ다 s. 無識, (업슬) (알) To be ignorant; to have no knowledge; to be unlettered. *Opp.* 유식ᄒᆞ다.

*무신 l. 武臣 (호반) (신하) Military officials. *Opp.* 문신.

*무신 l. 戊申 (개) (납) The 45th year of the cycle. 1848, 1908, 1968.

*무신무의ᄒᆞ다 s. 無信無義 (업슬) (ᄆᆞᆺ올) (업슬) (올흘) To be untrustworthy; to be dishonest.

*무신ᄒᆞ다 s. 無信 (업슬) (ᄆᆞᆺ올) To be untrustworthy; to be dishonest; to be faithless.

*무실무가ᄒᆞ다 s. 無室無家 (업슬) (집) (업슬) (집) To have neither wife nor home. *See* 무실무가ᄒᆞ다.

*무실ᄒᆞ다 s. 無實 (업슬) (열ᄆᆡ) To be untrue; to be false.

*무심필 s. 無心筆 (업슬) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (붓) A soft pen, a pen without a hard centre.

*무심히 s. 無心 (업슬) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Without heart; without intention. *Opp.* 유심히

*무심호다 a. 無心 (업슬) (모음) To lack purpose; to be without heart. *See* 심 상호다.

*무ᄉᆞ / 武士 (ᄆᆞᆫ바) (선비) A cavalry soldier [illegible]

*무ᄉᆞᄉᆞᆫ호다 a. 無師自通 (업슬) (ᄉᆞᄉᆞᆫ) (스스로) (통) To understand without the aid of a teacher.

*무ᄉᆞ히 a. 無事 (업슬) (일) Without trouble [illegible] accident; safe.

*무ᄉᆞ호다 a. 無事 (업슬) (일) To be safe, [illegible]

*무ᄉᆞᄒᆞᆫ호다 a. 無事閑 (업슬) (일) (한가) (ᄒᆞᆫ) To be [illegible]

무ᄉᆞᆷ 何 (엇더) *pr.* What? Some [illegible] 엇던

*무ᄉᆡᆨ호다 a. 無色 (업슬) (빗) To be [illegible] a blanket, [illegible] face [illegible] 다.

*무ᄉᆡᆨ호다 a. 無色 (업슬) (빗) Without [illegible]

*무악 / 舞樂 (춤츨, 풍류) Dancing [illegible] music; a musical entertainment con[illegible]

*무안 a. 撫安 (어루ᄆᆞᆫ질) (편안) To [illegible] station in Ham-kyong-do.

*무어 [illegible] 무엇 [illegible] Chinese. Lat. *ubi*? Long. [illegible]

*무안호다 / 撫安 (어루ᄆᆞᆫ질) (편안) To tranquillize; to pacify; to soothe; to quiet; to quell—as a disturbance.

*무안호다 a. 無顔 (업슬) (얼골) To [illegible] ashamed, to feel shame. *See* 무ᄉᆞ 다

무약호다 / 貿藥 (ᄉᆞᆯ) (약) To purchase medicines; to buy up drugs.

*무양호다 (무ᄉᆞᆷ 일슨) (병) To be well; [illegible] 무병호다

*무양호다 / 撫養 (어루ᄆᆞᆫ질) (기를) To nurture, to [illegible] to rear; to educate.

*무언호다 a. 無言 (업슬) (말슴) To be silent.

*무엄호다 a. 無嚴 (업슬) (엄홀) To be bold; to be regardless; to lack respect.

*무엇 何 (엇더) *pr.* What? [illegible] to give? [illegible]

*무역 / 貿易 (ᄉᆞᆯ) (밧골) To buy and sell, to [illegible]

*무역장 / 貿易場 (ᄉᆞᆯ) (밧골) (마당) A market square.

*무역풍 / 貿易風 (ᄉᆞᆯ) (밧골) (바람) Trade winds.

*무역호다 a. 貿易 (ᄉᆞᆯ) (밧골) To buy up.

무연ᄒᆞᆫ [illegible] 無緣 (업슬) (연괴) 호 [illegible]

*무연호다 [illegible] (업슬) (ᄉᆞᆯ) To [illegible] 무안호다.

*무욕ᄒᆞᆫ [illegible] 無慾 (업슬) (하고ᄌᆞᆫ) 갈 [illegible] desires.

*무용호다 / [illegible] 無用 [illegible] 소곱 [illegible]

무예 [illegible] 武藝 (호반) (지조) (청) Th[illegible]

*무오 / 戊午 [illegible] 년) The [illegible] of the cycle. 1858; 1918; 197[illegible]

*무우ᄆᆞᆨ나 / [illegible] (개) (냥) [illegible]

무쓸젼 [illegible] 쓸 [illegible] useless thing; rubbish.

무ᄉᆞᆫ [illegible] 無事 (업슬) (일) 갈 [illegible]

*무용지인 a. 無用之人 (업슬) (ᄡᅳᆯ) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A useless fellow.

무우 a. 蕪 (무—*청*) Radishes; turnips. *Also* 무.

무ᄉᆞᆫ [illegible] (호반) (운수) Military for[illegible]

*무위이화호다 a. 無爲而化 (업슬) (호) (맘이) (되) To be law-abiding without effort—the effect of righteous rule.

[illegible] 다 [illegible] 위로 [illegible] To solace or sooth

*무육호다 / 撫育 (어루ᄆᆞᆫ질) (기를) To bring up, rear, or educate; to gov[illegible]

*무ᄋᆞᆷ구가호다 [illegible] 無陰毒 (업슬) 어[illegible] [illegible] 나실이가ᄒᆞ다

*무이무 [illegible] 다 a. [illegible] 無耳無 (업슬) 외 [illegible] 실이가ᄒᆞ다

무이 [illegible] 無 [illegible] 든 [illegible] a species of elm.

무이보 [illegible] 無 [illegible] 어 [illegible] 오랑캐 [illegible] 말 [illegible]

*무익호다 a. 無益 (업슬) 익호 To be useless; to be profitless, to be vain, [illegible] 유익호다.

*무이다 *s.* 무여 ; 인 To be bald (머리).

*무인 *l.* 戊寅 (개) (동방) The 15th year of the cycle. 1878; 1938; 1998.

*무인무지 *s.* 無人不知 (업슬)(사롬)(아닐 *불)(알) Known to all; generally known; whom all know. *See* 광면.

*무인절도 *s.* 無人絕島 (업슬)(사롬)(끈흔)(셤) A lonely uninhabited island.

*무인지경 *s.* 無人之境 (업슬)(사롬)(갈)(디경) An uninhabited place.

*무일가판 *s.* 無一可觀 (업슬)(한)(올흘)(볼) Not worth seeing. *See* 무소가판.

*무일가취 *s.* 無一可取 (업슬)(한)(올흘)(가질) Nothing worth having. *See* 무일가판.

*무임 *s.* 無任 (업슬) (맛틈) Without special public duties.

*무이하다 *l.* 撫愛 (어루만질) (소랑) To love and caress; to fondle.

무장 *s.* Bean pie.

*무작명호고 *s.* 無作定 (업슬)(잔)(명호) Indefinitely, without deciding.

*무장 *l.* 茂長 (셩호) (길) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35. 19 Long. 126.42

*무장공주 *s.* 無腸公子 (업슬)(챵ᄌ)(귀인)(아들) A crab. A heartless creature.

*무장대가 *s.* 武將大家 (ᄀᆞᆺ볼)(장슈)(ᄀᆞᆫ)(집) A great military family, a military family known for several generations.

*무전대풍 *s.* 無前大風 (업슬)(앏)(ᄀᆞᆫ)(풍년) The greatest year of plenty ever seen.

*무정부 *s.* 無政府 (업슬) (정ᄉᆞ) (마을) Anarchy.

*무정부당 *s.* 無政府黨 (업슬)(정ᄉᆞ)(마을무리) An anarchist.

*무정세계 *s.* 無情世界 (업슬)(뜻)(인)(ᄀᆡ) An uncongenial world; a time lacking interest.

*무정숭 *s.* 武政丞 (ᄀᆞᆺ볼)(정ᄉᆞ)(니을) A military Minister of State.

*무정지책 *s.* 無情之責 (업슬)(뜻)(갈)(ᄭᅮ지질) Blaming the wrong person.

*무정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無情 (업슬 (뜻) To lack affection, to have no feeling; to be ungrateful. *See* 몰인정ᄒᆞ다

*무죄방면ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無罪放免 (업슬) (죄) (노흘) 면ᄒᆞᆯ To release and let off.

*무죄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無罪 (업슬) (허물) To be innocent; to be not guilty. *See* 원민ᄒᆞ다.

*무존장아문 *s.* 無尊長衙門 (업슬) (놉흘) (어룬) (아문) (문) A *yamen* office alone does not respect age.

*무족지언 (이) 비천리 *s.* 無足之言飛千里 (업슬) (발) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄂᆞᆫ) (일쳔) (마을) Without feet words fly a thousand *li*—gossip travels no one knows how. *See* 언무족이천리.

*무족책 *s.* 無足責 (업슬)(발)(칙망ᄒᆞᆯ) A person, whom it is no use to reprove. *See* 무족칙. No use to reprimand.

무청 *l.* 蕪菁 (무 *청) (ᄆᆡᆨ—*ᄌᆞᆫ) Radish seed, heads. 안다. *See* 장다리.

무종아리 *s.* 腿 (*정) The calf of the leg.

*무종적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無蹤跡 (업슬)(자최)(자최) To leave no traces; to be without marks. *See* 무지거처ᄒᆞ다

*무쥬 *l.* 茂朱 (가질) (붉을) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.54 Long. 127 50.

*무쥬공산 *s.* 無主空山 (업슬)(님)(뷘)(뫼) Deserted mountains that have no owner

*무즁 *l.* 霧中 (안기) (가온ᄃᆡ) In a mist or fog; bewildered.

*무지각ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無知覺 (업슬)(알)(ᄭᆡ닷ᄅᆞᆯ) To be without understanding. *Opp.* 유지각ᄒᆞ다.

마지기 *s.* 虹 (*홍) A rainbow. (셔다) (ᄲᅢ칠ᄒᆞ다).

무지러지다 *s.* 斷 (ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ—*단) 러져; 진 To fall short, to be lacking; to be a defict.

무지르다 *s.* 割斷 (버힐—*할)(ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ—*단) 질너; 지ᄅᆞᆫ To shorten by cutting; to shorten. *See* 버히다.

*무지막지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無知莫知 (업슬) (알) (말) (알) To be rude and ignorant; to be uncouth. *See* 슌ᄒᆞᆫ무식ᄒᆞᆫ다.

*무지진 *s.* 無知津 (업슬) (알) (나루) A post station on the Kyung-keui-do. Lat. 37. 3 Lon. 126. 4.

*무지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無知 (업슬) (알) To be ignorant; to be rude; to be rough. *See* 무식ᄒᆞ다.

무지이 *s.* An innerwaist-band worn by women.

무지이 *s.* 水直 (물—*슈) (곳을—직*) A water-carrier—in the service of an official. A large snake.

무지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 重 (무거울—*즁) To be heavy. *Opp.* 가ᄇᆞᆫ다.

*무진 *l.* 戊辰 (개) (별) The 5th year of the cycle. 1868; 1928; 1988.

*무진 *s.* 無盡 (업슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) Inexpressibly; immeasurably. *See* 무궁.

*무진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無盡 (업슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be inexhaustible; to have no end. *See* 무궁ᄒᆞ다.

무질너다 *s.* 斷 (끈을 *단) 질녀; 닌 To be shortened; to be cut off.

*무조 *l.* 戊子 (쓸, 삭돌) The 25th year of the cycle. 1888; 1948; 2008.

*무조귀신 *s.* 無子鬼神 (업슬) (아돌) (귀신 귀신 \ hill [illegible] of one who has had no heir

*무조미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無滋味 (업슬) (무를) (맛) To lack interest; to be uninteresting. *See* 몰조미ᄒᆞ다.

*무조식삼광조 *s.* 無子息上八字 [illegible] 돌) (쉬일) (ᄉᆞᆨ) (여돕) (글조) [illegible] ren would be a bless-ing.

*무조식ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無子息 (업슬) (아돌) (쉬일) To have no children.

무조의 *s.* 轆轤 (두레—*룩) (두레—*로) A windlass with bucket for water; a well-sweep.

*무조ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無子 (업슬) (아돌) To have no son, to lack an heir. *See* 무후ᄒᆞ다.

무종악길ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dive. *See* 헤엄치다

*무지 *l.* 武才 (호반) (지조) Military ability.

*무지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無才 (업슬) (지조) To lack ability; to have no natural talents. *See* 용멀ᄒᆞ [illegible]

[illegible] 참ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be ashamed; to be sorry; to feel regret. *See* 무ᄉᆞᆨᄒᆞ다.

[illegible] ma

*무처가고 *s.* 無處可考 (업슬) (곳) (ᄉᆞᆨ올) (샹교) No trace of; no data; nothing to go on

*무처무당ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無處不當 (업슬) (곳) (아닐) (맛당) To be irresistible; to be equal to anything; to be all powerful.

무척 *s.* All at once; at one stroke.

무청 *s.* At a blow; with a single stroke. *See* 무쳑.

*무청군ᄌᆞ *l.* 蕪菁根 (거칠) (무) (뿌리) [*Bot.*] Turnip, *Brassica campestris.*

*무초 *l.* 蕪草 (거칠) (풀) Thick grass.

*무초ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 貿草 (살) (풀) To buy up tobacco.

*무치ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 貿置 (살) (둘) To buy up; to store away. *See* 무역ᄒᆞ다.

무치 가게 *s.* 無他可據 (업슬) (다를) (올흠) (샹교ᄒᆞᆯ) No trace of; nothing to get evidence from. *See* 무처가고.

*무탈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無頉 (업슬) (병) To have no trouble; to be at peace. *See* 무병ᄒᆞ다

*무태ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 貿太 (살) (콩) To buy up beans.

무턱 *s.* Blindly; foolishly; without support. (ᄃᆡ다). *See* 터턱.

무턱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be without support; to be vain.

*무테 *s.* 無緣 (업슬) (박회—*룬) Without the circle frame—as spectacles etc.

무텅 *s.* Indifference

*무텅ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無狀 (업슬 (텅도) To be humble; to be submissive.

무판 *l.* 屠肆 (도지를 *도) (지ᄉᆞ—*ᄉᆞ) A slaughter house. A butcher.

*무편달이 *s.* 無片條 (업슬) (조각) (숨—*숨) Packages of small refuse ends of ginseng -less in weight than a *pyön.*

*무폐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無弊 (업슬) (해여질) To have no corrupt practices—in government; to be without abuses.

[illegible] 처) (나무—*목) The ash. *Fraxinus chinensis.*

*무풍 *l.* 茂豊 (셩홀) (풍년) A village in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.54 Long. 127.45.

*무한 *s.* 無限 (업슬) (한명) Illimitably; boundlessly.

무한급수 *s.* 無限級數 (업슬) (한명) (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆷ) (두어) An infinite series.

무한년 *s.* 無限年 (업슬) (한명) (히) For life; without limit.

무한년금 無限年金 (업슬) (한명) (히) (쇠) Perpetual annuities.

[illegible] To be indefinite; to be uncertain. *See* 무ᄀᆞᆼᄒᆞ다.

*무한동비례감급수 *s.* 無限等比遞降級數 [illegible] 랄) (드믈) (두어) Infinite Degrees. (Geom.) Progression.

무한랑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無限量 (업슬) (한명) (히 아릴) To be unlimited; to be boundless. *See* 무한ᄒᆞ다.

무한쇼수 *s.* 無限小數 (업슬) (한명) (적을) (두어) Indeterminate decimal.

*무한위환전 *s.* 無限爲 [illegible] ᄒᆞᆫ

*무한ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無限 (업슬) (한명) To be unlimited; to be boundless.

*무함ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 誣陷 (속일) (빠질) To malign; to accuse wrongfully.

*무해ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無害 (업슬) (해홀) To be uninjurious, to be inoffensive

*무해무덕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 無害無德 (업슬), (해홀) (업슬), (덕) To be without gain or loss; to be neither injurious nor advantageous.

[illegible]

*무현관ᄒᆞ다 s. 無現官 (업슬) (나타날) (벼슬) To be without office—as many families of the literati.

*무형무적ᄒᆞ다 s. 無形無跡 (업슬) (형상) (업슬) (자최) To leave no trace or clue.

*무형ᄒᆞ다 s. 無形 (업슬) (형상) To be without form; a thing without form, to be supernatural.

*무호 s. 藻菜 (거칠) (산호) The roots of the seaweed. *Laminaria digitata.*

*무호동즘리작호 s. 無虎洞中現作虎 (업슬) (범) (골) (가온ᄃᆡ) (ᄉᆞᆷ) (지을) (범) In a village where there is no tiger, the wild cat passes for [illegible]

*무호진 s. 無虎津 (업슬) (범) (나루) An anchorage at Ham kyong-do. Lat. 41 [illegible]

*무효 s. 無効 (업슬) ᄒᆞᆫ (힘) Unavailing

*무효ᄒᆞ다 s. 無効 (업슬) (효험) To be inefficacious; to lack efficacy; to be of no benefit. *Opp.* 현효ᄒᆞ다.

*무후ᄒᆞ다 s. 無後 (업슬) (뒤) To lack posterity; to have no male offspring. *See* 절손ᄒᆞ다.

*무ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 無限 (어루만질) (볼상히넉일) To [illegible] with; to pity.

*무흘 s. 無訖 (업슬) (못칠) A post station in Kyung-sang-do.

*무흘산ᄒᆞ다 s. 無恒産 (업슬) (항상) (낳) To be without occupation, to have no calling.

*무흘심ᄒᆞ다 s. 無恒心 (업슬) (항상) (모음) To be [illegible]

*무ᄉᆞ과 s. 無花果 (업슬 못 여름) The [illegible]

묵 s. 涪泡 (몸을—*정) (거품 *조 A paste made of green colored lentils.

*묵곡적 s. 墨曲尺 (먹) (굽을) (자) A carpenter's inking line.

*묵광 s. 墨光 (먹) (빗) The colour or quality of ink.

묵다 s. 留滯 (머믈—*류) (걸닐—*체) 어; 은 To remain; to stay *See* 류ᄒᆞ다

묵다 s. 陳 (묵을—*진) 어; 은 To be a year old, to be stale; to be old.

묵다 s. 束 (묵글 *속) 거; 근 To bind; to tie up; to fasten together. *See* 동이다.

*묵ᄃᆡ 墨帶 s. (먹) (ᄯᅴ) A kind of belt worn by mourners.

*묵립 s. 墨笠 (먹) (갓) An inked hat—worn after mourning.

*묵립묵ᄃᆡ s. 墨笠墨帶 (먹) (갓) (먹) (ᄯᅴ) A half mourning costume inked hat and hempen dress.

묵비지 s. 涪泡滓 (몸을—*청) (거름—*포) (찌긔 —*저) *Muk* sediment.

*묵셔가국 s. 墨西哥國 (먹) (셔녁) (ᄒᆞᆼ) (나라) Mexico.

묵쇠알 s. 小鐵卵 (적을 *쇠) (쇠 —*철) (알 ᄀᆞᆺ) Small shot. (Prov.) *See* 묵ᄃᆞᆯ.

*묵적 墨跡 (먹) (빗) The colour or quality of ink The art of telling a man's fortune by examining the character of the ink mark of his autograph (나다).

묵이 s. Of several years standing; what is old

묵장 s. A move in chess—in which a player fails to checkmate.

묵종ᄒᆞ다 s. 珍重 보ᄇᆡ—*진) (무거울—*중) To have weight; to have value *Opp.* 경쇼ᄒᆞ다.

묵ᄀᆞᄂᆞ 細末 (셰긔 —*저) (못 —*말) Sorts, [illegible] e flour that remains in the sieve

*묵지 s. 墨紙 (먹) (조ᄒᆞ Paper stained with ink in printing. [illegible] 업지.

묵지묵직ᄒᆞ다 s. 重 (무거울—*중) To be heavy; to be weighty. *Opp.* 경쇼경손ᄒᆞ다.

묵직ᄒᆞ다 s. 重 (무거울 *중) To be heavy; to be weighty. *Opp.* 가볍ᄒᆞ다.

묵거리 s. 麻苧 (삼—*마) (신 —*혀) Twine shoes made of raw hemp

*묵화 s. 墨畫 (먹) (그릴) Ink sketches; pictures sketched with ink.

*문 s. 門 문) A door, a gate; an entrance. (열다 닷다).

*문 s. 紋 (문치) Marks; lines; figures; a pattern. (노다).

*문간 s. (관) 門間 (문) (ᄉᆞ이) The space just within the gate. *See* 현방.

*문갑 s. 文匣 (글) (갑) A piece of furniture with drawers and pigeonholes—for letters etc.

*문거 s. 文居 (글) (살) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*문견 l. 見聞 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (볼) What one has heard and seen—experience. *See* 박남.

*문견ᄒᆞ다 l. 聞見 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (볼) To see and hear; to observe.

*문경 s. 聞慶 (드를) (경소) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.43 Long. 128 08.

*문고 s. 文庫 (글) (고진) A library.

*문고리 門環 (문) (고리—*환) An iron ring; a door-fastening.

*문고리 s. 門客吏 (문) (네) (아전) A private clerk or secretary—of a noble. *See* 문생고리.

*문골 s. 門楹 (문) (문골—*령) A door-frame; a door-facing. (드리다).

*문교 s. 文交 (글) (소귈) A fellow scholar; a literary friend. *Opp.* 유붕.

*문교 s. 文驕 (글) (교만) Literary pride. *Opp.* 무교.

*문구 s. 文具 (글) (그물) A dead letter; a useless formula. *See* 의문.

*문객 s. 門客 (문) (손) A guest; a hanger on. *See* 식객.

*문과 s. 文科 (글) (과거) A literary graduate. *Opp.* 무과.

*문관 s. 文官 (글) (버슬) A literary official. *Opp.* 무관.

*문관청 s. 文官廳 (글) (버슬) (대청) Civil authorities.

*문권 s. 文券 (글) (문서) A deed; a document, specific orders in writing. *Syn.* 문과.

*문넘무죄호다 s. 文恬武嬉 (글) (편안) (호반) (굼을) Civil and military peace; the public peace.

*문내 s. 門內 (문) (안) A clan; those of the same family.

*문달 h. 聞達 (드를) (통달) Fame; celebrity; reputation—in a good sense.

*문답 h. 問答 (무를) (디답) Questions and answers; a catechism; a dialogue.

*문답호다 h. 問答 (무를) (디답) To catechise; to hold a controversy.

*문뎨 h. 問題 (무를) (글뎨) A theme; a subject; a problem, a question; written examples.

*문뎨 s. 門弟 (문) (아오) A pupil; a disciple; retainer.

*문도 s. 門徒 (문) (무리) A disciple; a pupil. *See* 뎨즈.

*문동답서호다 h. 問東答西 (무를) (동녁) (디답) (서녁) To ask by the east and be answered by the west—meaningless words.

문동이 h. 大痲瘋 (큰 *뎨) (병 *풍) (헌데 ~*창) A leper. *See* 대풍창.

문둘니 s. 蒲公英 (창포 *포) (귀신 ~*곰) (못쓱리 *영) The dandelion. *Leontodon taraxacum.*

문드러지다 s. 리져; 진 To be magnificent; to be "immense.

문득 s. 猝然 (*엽) (*홀) Suddenly; unexpectedly. *See* 갑작이.

*문라 s. 文羅 (글) (벌) A post station in Whang-hä-do.

*문란호다 h. 紊亂 (얽힐) (어지러울) To be in confusion; to be in a state of anarchy.

*문루 s. 門樓 (문) (다락) The story over a city gate or public archway *See* 십조각.

*문리 s. 文理 (글) (리치) The classical style of composition A knowledge of characters. *See* 문법.

*문리 s. 文來 (글) (올) A spinning wheel. *See* 몰네. The name of the man who first brought cotton from China.

*문명 s. 文名 (글) (일홈) A celebrated scholar.

*문명 s. 文明 (글) (붉을) Civilization; progress; advancement.

*문명국 s. 文明國 (글) (붉을) (나라) A civilized country; an enlightened state.

*문명지화호다 s. 文明開化 (글) (붉을) (열) (될) To reform—as a state; to become advanced and enlightened.

*문명진보 s. 文明進步 (글) (붉을) (나아갈) (거름) The advancement of civili-

[illegible]

*문목 h. 聞目 (무를) (눈) Wedding gifts; gifts offered on occasions of importance.

*문목호다 h. 問目 (무를) (눈) To question a criminal; to take down evidence. *See* 초소호다

*문무 s. 文武 (글) (호반) Civil and military.

*문무겸전호다 s. 文武兼全 (글) (호반) [illegible] and scholar.

[illegible] (버슬) The various civil and military officials.

*문무쌍전호다 s. 文武雙全 (글) (호반) (두) (온전) To excel both as scholar and soldier. *See* 문무겸전호다.

굼문호다 s. To be soft; to be yielding *See* 만만호다.

*문물 s. 文物 (글) (물건) Literature; literature and art

*문밧 s. 門外 (문) (밧 *외) Outside of a gate or door. *Opp.* 문안.

*문방사우 s. 文房四友 (글 (방 (*)) (벗) The four friends of the study—pen, ink, paper and inkstone.

문방치레ᄒᆞ다 s. To provide with the best study furniture—pens, ink, table etc.

*문벌 s. 門閥 (문) (벌) Rank and length of service. *See* 디벌.

*문법 s. 文法 (글) (법) Rules and methods of [illegible] *See* 문리.

*문병ᄒᆞ다 l. 問病 (무를) (병들 To inquire after a patient's health

*문복 s. [illegible] Question fortune-telling.

*문복장이 s. 問卜 (무를 (복) (놈—*장) [illegible] seller; a [illegible] 점장이.

*문복ᄒᆞ다 l. 問卜 (무를) (복) To seek by [illegible] 점치다.

*문부ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] (무고) To receive [illegible] of death -as of [illegible].

*문비 s. 門鬼 (문) (귀신—*귀) The guardian figure of the gate.

*문빙 s. 文憑 (글) (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) Feed; document; permission.

문비 l 濕梨 (무르닉을 *놈) (배 *리) A kind of soft pear.

*문산 s. 文山 (글) (외) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 38.44 Long. 127.30; a [illegible] do.

*문상ᄒᆞ다 l. 問喪 (무를) (상사) To salute a mourner, to inquire concerning a death. *See* 됴상ᄒᆞ다.

*문상 s. 文箱 (글) (상조) A letter-box.

*문서 s. 文記 (글) (긔록—*긔) Deeds, documents; official dispatches. *See* 문권.

*문서 s. 文書 (글) (글) Any written composition; a book; a letter; a deed.

*문설쥬 s. 門脗 (문) (문설쥬—*설) The side posts of a door or window.

*문슈 s. 文繡 (글) (슈노흘) Embroidery, variegated needle-work.

*문식 s. 文飾 (글) (꾸밀) Ornaments; an embellishment.

*문식ᄒᆞ다 s. 文飾 (글) (꾸밀) To adorn; to polish; to embellish.

*문신 s. 文臣 (글) (신하) A civil officer *Opp.* 무신.

*문ᄉᆞ s. 文士 (글) (션비) A scholar; a litterateur. *See* 션ᄇᆡ.

*문ᄉᆞ s. 門司 (문) (맛흘) Moji—a seaport in Japan.

*문ᄉᆞᆼ s. 門生 (문) (날) A disciple; a scholar. *See* 문하ᄉᆡᆼ.

*문ᄉᆡᆼ고리 s. 門生故吏 (문) (날) (녜) (아젼) A private clerk or secretary—of a noble.

*문아ᄒᆞ다 s. 文雅 (글) (몸을) To be elegant; to be refined; to be scholarly.

*문안 s. 文案 (글) (칙상) A rough draft; a draft of a letter or any written composition. The librarian of a government headquarters. *See* 칙관.

*문안 s. 門內 (문) (안—*뉘) Within a gate or door; the space or ground inside of a gate. *Opp.* 문밧.

*문안 l. 問安 (무를) (평안) A respectful salutation; an inquiry for health and welfare. *See* 숑ᄒᆞ.

*문안ᄒᆞ다 l. 問安 (무를) (평안) To ask after one respectfully; to inquire for one's health. *See* 숑ᄒᆞ다.

*문ᄋᆞ s. 文字 (글 [illegible] Being versed or [illegible], educated or illiterate; refined or [illegible]

문ᄋᆞ s. 文弱 (글) (약ᄒᆞᆯ) Literary effeminacy; effeminate—in expression.

*문어 s. 蠅魚 (문어) (고기) A variety of octopus.

문열개 s. 開門 (열—*기) (문 *문) A game of dominoes.

문열이 s. 首座 (머리—*슈) (놈 *좌) The first of a litter.

*문예식물학 s. 文藝植物學 (글) (지조) (심을 [illegible] 긴) (*) [illegible] ature.

*문예 s. 文藝 (글) (지조) Learning and accomplishments; literature and art.

*문옥영업 s. 問屋營業 (무를) (집) (경영ᄒᆞᆯ) (업) Commission agency.

*문외 s. 門外 (문) (밧) Outside of a gate; the area or ground outside of a gate. *Opp.* 문뉘.

*문외츌송ᄒᆞ다 s. 門外出送 (문) (밧) (날) (보낼) To expel from the city; to exile. *See* 축출경외ᄒᆞ다.

*문운 s. 文運 (글) (운수) Social refinement; advancement of civilization.

*문위관 l 問慰官 (무를) (위로) (벼슬) An officer sent to quiet the people and to inquire into grievances.

*문의 s. 文意 (글) (뜻) The meaning of a passage; the literal significance of any writing.

문의 s. 文義 (글) (옳흠) A prefect in [illegible] Lat. [illegible] Long. 127 37.

문의 s. 紋 (*문) The pattern, the color and design. (듯다). *See* 문치.

*문의하다 l. 問議 (무를) (의론) To consult; to talk over; to ask advice from.

*문이지지하다 l. 聞而知之 드를 (말이) (알) (갈) To know from having heard—in contrast those who know from birth (as Confucius), or by learning (as Mencius).

*문익점 s. 文益漸 (글) (더할) (점점) A D 1307-1399. A courtier of Kong-mun who introduced cotton seeds from China F.S. Ka-ryŭng 開寧.

*문인 s. 門人 (문) (사롬) Official hangers on; a disciple. *See* 제즈

*문인 s. 文人 (글) (사롬) A scholar.

*문인학사 s. 文人學士 (글) (사롬) (비홈) (션비) A literary professor or doctor.

*문이재심하다 l. 聞 [illegible] (알) (열) To be bright; to learn quickly.

*문왕 s. 文王 (글) (님금) 1231 1135 B.C. A great prince of ancient China.

*문원 s. 文苑 (글) (동산) A "literary garden,"—a metaphor for a collection of books; a library.

*문장 s. 文狀 (글) (글장) Official forms of composition—as deeds etc.

*문장 s. 門長 (문) (어룬) The oldest and most important member of a family. *See* 족장

*문장 s. 門帳 (문) (장막 -장) A window-curtain.

*문장 s. 文章 (글) (글장) An essay; an elegant literary composition. A scholar—noted for his composition *Opp.* 천인

*문장 s. 蚊帳 (모긔) (장막) A mosquito net.

*문장규범 s. 文章軌範 (글) (글장) (법) (법) Rules of composition.

*문적 s. 文籍 (글) (호적) Books; documents; written agreements.

*문전 s. 門前 (문) (압) Before the door.

*문전걸식하다 l. 門前乞食 [illegible] (압) (빌) (밥) To beg before the door. *See* 량문걸식하다.

*문전옥답 s. 門前沃畓 (문) (압) (기름) [illegible] (논) [illegible] door.

*문정관 l. 問情官 (무를) (뜻) (벼슬) A port officer—who notes the arrival of foreign ships etc.

문정문정하다 s. To break up; to be broken up.

*문정하다 l. 問情 (무를) (뜻) To inquire into; to demand an explanation.

*문족 s. 門族 (문) (일가) Relatives; relations; kinsmen.

*문죄하다 l. 問罪 (무를) (허물) To inquire into a crime; to cross-question—a criminal.

*문주산성 s. 文朱山城 (글) (붉을) (외) (재) A military station in Kyong-keui-do.

*문중 s. 門中 (문) (가온디) Near relatives; relations. *See* 문너.

문중방 s. 門 (문지방 *역) A door-sill or cross beam. *See* 중방.

문지르다 s. 질너 지 To rub; to brush; to scrub. *See* 닥다.

문지방 s. 門 (*역) A door or window-sill. *See* 문턱.

*문지하다 l. 聞知 (드를) (알) To hear and know; to be informed, apprised, or instructed; to learn; to know by hearing or enquiry.

*문지하다 l. 問知 (무를) (알) To know by inquiring.

문직이 s. 門直 (문, 곳을) A gate-keeper; a porter.

*문질 s. 門疾 (문, 병) Inherited disease; a family complaint.

*문질 s. 文質 (글, 바탕) The state of being elaborate or simple, artificial or natural, cultivated or rude, etc.

*문집 s. 文集 (글) (모들) A collection of essays.

*문조 s. 文字 (글) (글조) Written characters; writing; literature. *See* 글.

*문지승 l. 聞喜僧 (드를) (지거) (즁) Announcement of a festal sacrifice to a Buddhist—an announcement that pleases one.

*문창 s. 門窓 (문) (창) A window *See* 창.

*문창성 s. 文昌星 (글) (창성) (별) The name of a constellation part of the Ursa Major.

문척 s. Very; greatly; immensely. *See* 문천.

*문천 s. 文川 (글) (내) A prefect in Ham-kyŏng do. Lat 39.04 Long. 127.13.

문청 s. Greatly, exceedingly.

문첨문첨 *s.* Greatly; very—marking repetition.

*문초하다 *t.* 問招 (부를)(부를) To question a criminal. *See* 초소방다.

*문치 *s.* 文致 (글) 일릴 A high literary style; an excellent composition.

문치다 *s.* 遲 (너딜—*저) 문쳐; 천 To delay; to loiter; to linger.

문칠문칠하다 *s.* To creep along; to move slowly. *Opp.* 경경걸경.

문칠하다 *s.* 細細 (질—*포) (질—*복) To move slowly; to creep.

*문치 *s.* 文彩 (글) (치석) Color; brightness. (못치다).

문턱 *s.* 門 근지방 (억) A door-sill. *See* 문지방.

*문턴삼 *s.* 文天祥 (글 (하눈) (상서) A. D. 1236-1282. A faithful courtier of the *Song* Kingdom

*문톄 *s.* 文體 (글) (몸) Rules of composition—grammar *See* 문법.

*문틈 *s.* 門通 (문) (통호) The opening in a gate.

*문투 *s.* 文套 (글) (투) Conventional forms in composition; special kinds of composition. *See* 문톄.

문틀 *s.* A door or window-frame.

*문패 *s.* 門牌 (문) (패) An entrance ticket A card on the door announcing the number of members of the family etc.

*문포 *s.* 紋布 (문치) (뵈) A kind of white linen from China.

*문표 *s.* 門票 (문) (표) A gate ticket.

*문표 *t.* 問票 (부를) (표) A question mark (?).

*문풍 *s.* 門風 (문) (바람) Family reputation. *See* 가풍.

*문풍지 *s.* 門風紙 (문) (바람) (조희) Paper laps that cover the chinks in a door.

*문풍하다 *t* 聞風 (드를) (바람) To hear of; to know by reputation.

*문필 *s.* 文筆 (글) (붓) Character and composition; composition and writing.

*문필 (이) 상전하다 文筆雙全 (글) 붓) (두) (온전) To excel both in composition and writing.

*문하 *s.* 門下 (문) (아래) Those within the gate.

*문하생 *s.* 門下生 (문) (아래) (날) A disciple; a scholar. *See* 데즈.

*문학 *s.* 文學 (글) (비홀) Literature, literary, philosophical, or political studies; belles-lettres.

*문학가 *s.* 文學家 (글) (비홀) (집) A literary family.

*문학사 *s.* 文學士 (글) (비홀) (션비) A Bachelor of Arts; a literary graduate.

*문학전문가 *s.* 文學專門家 (글 비홀) (오로지) 문 집) Literary families, a family of scholars.

*문한 *s.* 文翰 (글) (붓대) Literature; literary finish; excellence of style. *See* 문필.

*문한가 *s.* 文翰家 (글) (붓대) (집) A literary family; a scholarly clan.

문허지다 *s.* 崩 (문허질—*붕) 허져; 진 To fall over, to fall into ruins; to collapse. *See* 문허지다.

문허치다 *s.* 毀破 (헐—*훼) (허질—*파) 허져; 천 To upset, to overturn; to demolish. *See* 문허치다.

문허터리다 *s.* 壞 (문허질 *괴) 더텨; 린 To upset; to overturn; to demolish. *See* 문허치다.

*문헌비고 *s.* 文獻備考 (글) (드릴) (갈홀) (상고) A noted Korean Encyclopedia written during the early part of the present dynasty.

*문형 *s.* 文衡 (글) (저울대) A member or head of the Civil Board. *See* 대데작. 리조관셔. A famous literati.

*문호 *s.* 門戶 (문) (집) A family; a house a clan. *See* 가문.

*문화 *s.* 文話 (글) (말숨) The literary language. *Opp.* 속담.

*문화 *s.* 文化 (글) (될) Civilization, refinement—leaving no trace of barbarity or savageness. A prefect in Whang-hä-do. Lat. 38.21 Long. 125.20

*문화 *s.* 文火 (글) (불) A slow fire.

*문화 *s.* 文和 (글) (고로) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*문화 *s.* 文華 (글) (빗날) Educated; enlightened.

물 *s* A numerative of gatherings of fruit, tobacco etc. and of washing clothes.

물 *s.* 水 (*슈) Water; liquid; juice. (쓰다) (짓다) (주다) (붓다) (치다).

*물가 *s.* 物價 (물건) (갑) The price of goods.

물가 *s.* 沚 (*지) The shore; the beach.

물가뎨 *s.* The name of a water insect.

*물가표 *s* 物價表 (물건) (갑) (봇) A list of prices

*물각유주하다 *s.* 物各有主 (물건 각) (있을) (님) To have an owner for each thing; to be owned by some one.

물때리 s. 潮汐 (말물—*조) (혈물—*석) The tide, the rise and fall of the tides. *See* 물창.

물거품 s. 水泡 (물—*슈) (거품—*포) Foam, froth; scum. *See* 슈포.

*물건 s. 物件 물건 일 object, thing in general. *See* 물품.

*물게 s. 物價 (물건) (가을—*가) The rate—at which goods sell; the rise and fall of prices. (보다) (알다).

물게 s. A mixture of plain rice in a dish of glutorous rice.

물결 s. 波 (*파) Waves; breakers.

물결치다 s. 起波 (일 *파) 결쳐; 친 To break as the waves; to rise—of the sea

물결질 s. Clothes—that are not taken to pieces to be washed.

물경스럽다 s. 心羊 (도망—*양) (양—*양) 리워; 운 To be listless; to be meaningless; to be insipid.

물고 s. (—꼬) An entrance for water to a paddy-field. *See* 논고.

*물고 s. 物故 (물건) (네) A certificate of death—of a criminal (내다), 올니다.

물고기 s. 魚 (고기—*어) Fish—in general. *See* 생선

[illegible] To present a certificate of death —of a criminal. *See* 물고내다.

물고의 s. 水衣 (물—*슈) (고의 *고) A bathing-suit.

*물고장 s. 物故狀 (물건) (네) (글월) A certificate of death—of a criminal (올니다) (나다) (내다).

물길 s. 水道 (물—*슈) (길—*도) The course—by water.

물구나무서다 s. 무 서; 선 To stand on one's hands—with feet in the air.

물구비 s. 水曲 (물 *슈) (굽을—*곡) The windings of a stream; the curves of a river.

*물구축신 s. 物久則神 (물건) (오랠) (귓) (귀신) Old objects have demons in them.

물그럼히 s. 熟視 (너을—*숙) (볼 *시) Fixedly; meaningless—of gazing. *See* 물그럼히.

*물금표 s. 勿禁帖 말) (금홀) (표—*쳡) A permission; a passport.

*물금하다 s. 勿禁 (말) (금홀) To not forbid; to permit

물긔 s. 水氣 (물 *슈) (긔운—*긔) Dampness; moisture.

물길 s. 水路 물 슈 길 —*로 \ watercourse, a river-bed. *See* 슈로.

물너가다 s. 退去 (물너갈—*퇴) (갈 거 [illegible] retire. To send back.

물너오다 s. 退來 (물너갈—*퇴) (올—*래) 너와; 온 To come back from; to return from. To give up; to surrender

물넝물넝하다 s. To be soft to the touch; to be yielding. *See* 무릇무릇하다.

물넝이 s. Soft fruit. A weakling; a helpless cripple. *See* 물캥이.

물너내다 s. 여; 낸 To receive back—in the way of a debt; to be paid up; to collect a debt. *See* 물나다

[illegible] spinning-wheel. (길호다).

[illegible] (물너갈—*퇴) 물녀; 닌 To put off; to put away; to postpone; to drive off; to exp

물니다 s. 咬 (물—*교) 물녀; 닌 To be bitten, to be pinched; to be crushed To be set in—as a jewel.

물니다 s. 물녀; 닌 To make soft; to let ripen—as fruit etc. *See* 물키다.

물니다 s. 徵 (부를—*징) 물녀, 닌 collect a debt.

물니치다 s. 却之 (물니칠—*각) (갈—*지) ; 친 To reject; to repel; to drive . *See* 물너다.

물다 s. 徵 (부를—*징) 여; 은 To contribute; to pay —as another's debts.

물다 s. 여; 은 To be spoiled; to be partially decayed.

물다 s. 咬 (물—*교) (여, 은 To bite.

물딱총 s. 水銃 (물—*슈) (총—*총) A squirt-gun; a syringe. (놀다)

물멈벙숭덤벙하다 s. To be led about by the nose; to be at the beck and call of every one. *See* 풍덕지죽망태초.

물드리다 s. 染 (물드릴 *염) 드려; 린 To dye; to color. *See* 염색하다. To taint; to infect.

물들다 s. 染 (물드릴 *염) 여; 든 To be dyed; to be colored. To be tainted, to be infected.

*물론 s. 物論 (물건) (의론) Public discussion; public opinion; the views of the country. *See* 여론

*물론하물하고 s. 勿論何物 (말) 의론) 엇 [illegible] to which thing.

*물론하다 s. 勿論 '말) (의론) To be without exception; to be without question. *See* 무론하다

*물리광학 s. 物理光學 (만물)(리치)(빛)(배홀) Physical optics.

*물리학 s. 物理學 (만물)(리치)(배홀) Natural philosophy.

*물리학초보 s. 物理學初步 (물건)(리치)(배홀)(처음)(거름) First lessons in physics. *See* 초등물리학.

물매 s. The slope of the roof. (싹다).

*물망 s. 物望 (물건)(보람) The hope of the people; one held in high esteem. *See* 명망.

*물명 s. 物名 (물건)(일홈) The names of things.

*물목 s. 物目 (물건)(눈) A catalogue of goods. *See* 목록.

물미다 s. 潮 밀물 *ᄃᆞᆫ ᄯᅴ, 민 To rise of the tides. 潮 물밀다.

물미작대기 s. A stick carried by a member of the *Pusang*.

물밀다 s. 潮 (밀물—*조) 어; 물린 To rise of the tides.

물팔 s. A sling—for throwing stones. *See* 앙매.

물빼다 s. 退潮 (물이갈—*쾨) (물으릴—*엘)여; 린 To take out—as a stain. *See* 퇴염ᄒᆞ다.

물방아 s. 水碓 (물—*슈)(방아확—*덕) A water-pestle—for hulling, grinding etc.

물방울 s. 滴 (떠러질—*덕) A drop of water.

물번 s. 水番 (물—*슈)(번—*번) The rise and fall of the tides—in fishing. (보다). *See* 물침.

물번보다 s. 水番 (물—*슈)(번—*번)아; 본 To examine hanging nets at ebb-tide.

물부리 s. 嘴子 (부리—*ᄌᆡ)(아ᄃᆞᆯ—*조) The mouth-piece—of a pipe.

*물산 s. 物産 (만물)(날) Produce; products, productions, manufactures.

*물산가 s. 物産家 (만물)(날)(집) Producers, manufacturers.

*물산회사 s. 物産會社 (만물)(날)(모ᄃᆞᆯ)(회사) A merchantile corporation established for disposing of the products of a country, or province.

물새 s. (새) 水禽 (물—*슈)(새—*금) Aquatic birds.

물써다 s. 물써; 젼 To ebb—of the tide.

*물셩 s. (셩) 物性 (만물)(셩품) The nature or essence of things.

물쳘물렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be yielding—to the touch. *See* 물넝물넝ᄒᆞ다.

물소 s. 犀 (*셔) A rhinoceros. *See* 무소.

물쑥 s. 水艾 (물—*슈)(쑥—*애) A variety of Artemisia.

*물시ᄒᆞ다 s. (씨) 勿施 (말)(베플) To reverse an order or decision of an official. *See* 환슈ᄒᆞ다

물씬물씬ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft, to be yielding—to the touch. *See* 물넝물넝ᄒᆞ다. To be strong—as a smell.

*물실호시 s. 勿失此時 (말, 일흘)(이)(때) Do not miss the opportunity. (ᄒᆞ다).

*물ᄉᆞ싱공 s. 勿謝行公 (말)(ᄉᆞ양)(핑홀)(공번될) Allowance—of a person.

*물식 s. (식) 物色 (만물)(빗) Shade; complexion.

*물아 s. 物我 (만물)(나) External things and one's self

물약 s. 水藥 (물—*슈)(약—*약) Liquid medicine. *Opp.* 환약.

*물역 s. 物役 (물건)(역ᄉᆞ) Materials; expense. *See* 물지

*물욕 s. 物慾 (물건)(욕심) Greed, envy, covetousness. *See* 욕ᄉᆞ

*물의 s. 物議 (물건)(의론) Public discussion; public opinion; the views of the country. *See* 물론.

물잉도 s. 櫻桃 (무ᄉᆞ리올—*동)(잉도 ᄭᅴ) A large kind of red cherry.

*물정 s. (—쩡) 物情 (물건)(ᄉᆞᆺ) The intrensic value of things. Circumstances. *See* 물개

물찡물뱅ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be yielding, to lack stability. *See* 물렁물렁ᄒᆞ다.

*물품 s. (뭄) 物種 (만물)(씨) The specific nature of things; classes of things; categories.

물주다 s. 澆 (물대일—*판) 어; 준 To water; to sprinkle.

*물쥬 s. 物主 (물건)(님) The owner of goods; a money-lender. *See* 젼쥬.

*물질 s. 物質 (물건)(바탕) Matter.

*물지 s. (—찌) 物財 (물건)(저물) Materials; stuff. *See* 물역.

물참 s. The tides; the rise and fall of the tides. *See* 물써리.

물치 s. An inferior queue. *Opp.* 춤처.

*물침잡역ᄒᆞ다 s. 勿侵雜役 (말)(침노)(석일)(역ᄉᆞ) To be exempt from the payment of taxes.

*물침ᄒᆞ다 s. 勿侵 (말) (침노) To not hinder; to not prevent. To be exempt from.

물컹물컹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft to the touch; to be yielding. See 늘넝물넝ᄒᆞ다

물컹이 s. A soft mellon peach etc. A helpless cripple.

물켜다 s. 물켜; 긴 To soften; to make tender.

물탕 s. 水湯 (물—*수) (쓸울—*탕) Sulphur-baths; hot-springs. *See* 온정.

*물테 s. 物體 (물건) (몸) Object; matter; substance.

*물품 s. 物品 (물건) (품수) Articles; things; commodities; goods.

*물한년ᄒᆞ다 s. 勿限年 (말) (한명) (해) To have no fixed year or time.

물홈 s. 水枧 (물—*수) (홈—*현) A wooden trough; an eaves-trough.

*물화 s. 物貨 (물건) (보화) Objects in [illegible] 화

*물화상통ᄒᆞ다 s. 物貨相通 (물건) (보화) (서로) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To buy and sell goods.

묽다 s. 어; 은 To be thin; to be watery.

뭇 s. 衆 (무리—*즁) Several; all; every.

뭍 s. 陸 (*륙) Terra firma; land. *Opp.* 바다. *See* 육디.

뭇 s. 束 (묵글—*속) A numerative of bundles, loads etc.

*뭇구리 s. 卜 (졈—*복) The foretelling [illegible]

뭇구리ᄒᆞ다 s. 卜 (졈—*복) To foretell the future by divination. *See* 문복ᄒᆞ다.

뭇근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be heavy; to have weight

뭇금 s. 束 (묵글—*속) A numerative of bundles, packages etc. *See* 뭇

뭇다 t. 問 (무를—*문) 무러; 른 To inquire of; to ask; to interrogate. *See* 무러보다.

뭇다 s. 粘 (뭇을—*뎜) 어; 은 To adhere; to stick to; to stain; to soil.

뭇다 s. 埋 (묻을—*리) 어; 은 To bury; to inter.

뭇다락이 s. 衆人 (무리 *즁) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) The crowd.

뭇둑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be heaped up. (Prov.)

뭇둑 s. 輒 (문득—*첩) Suddenly; all at once. *Also* 문득.

뭇둑뭇둑 s. Every little while, frequently.

뭇매질ᄒᆞ다 s. To set upon and beat

뭇물 s. 陸水 (뭇 *륙) (물 *슈) Fresh-water. *Opp.* 쌘물.

뭇발길 s. Feet—in trampling on or kicking

뭇발이 s. 陸地人 (뭇 *륙) (짜 *디) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A landlubber.

뭇 [illegible] 다 [illegible] 뭇 [illegible] 다 [illegible] 지른 To annihilate; to [illegible], to destroy utterly. *See* 도ᄃᆞᆨ질ᄒᆞ다

뭇질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be heavy; to be weighty. To fish. (Prov.)

*뭉즙다 s. 懇問 (간졀 *간) (무를—*문) 조와; 은 To ask respectfully; to inquire of a superior.

뭇치다 s. 粘 (뭇을—*뎜) 쳐; 친 To [illegible] to cover over with; to [illegible]

묻치다 s. 埋沒 (묻을—*리) (싸질—*몰) 뭇쳐; 긴 To be buried.

뭇치다 s. 隱 (숨을 -*은) 뭇쳐; 친 To be hidden.

*ᄆᆡ레 s. 多 (만 —*다) Crowded together; in a heap.

뮈을 s. 憎 (뮈을—*증) Dislike; contempt; hatred (밧다). *Also* 싀을.

뮈워ᄒᆞ다 s. 憎 (뮈을—*증) To hate, to dislike; to disdain.

뮙다 s. 憎 (뮈을—*증) 뮈워; 은 To be hateful; to be abominable; to be contemptible. *Also* 밉다. *See* 가증ᄒᆞ다.

뮙살스럽다 s. 可憎 (올흘—*가) 뮈을—*증) 러워; 은 To be hateful, to be detestable; to be abominable. *See* 가증ᄒᆞ다

뭉게뭉게 s. Rising in clouds.

뭉구리 s. A round head—a Buddhist

뭉그시 s. Steadily; in a connected way.

뭉뚱구리다 s. 구러; 힌 To bundle up in any way; to heap together.

뭉슈리 s. A round object. *See* 뭉우리.

뭉실뭉실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be smooth and round of several objects.

뭉어리 s. 塊 (흙덩이—*괴) A lump; a clod; a piece. *See* 덩어리.

뭉우리 s. A round lump; a ball.

뭉이 s. 塊 (흙덩이 -*과) A piece; a lump; the numerative of balls, thread etc.

뭉어차 s. 麰茶 (밀 *맥) (차—*다) Hot barley tea; hot water in which scorched barley has been boiled or infused

뭉치 s. A lump; a clod; a piece. *See* 뭉이.

뭉치다 s. 總括 (거누릴 *총) (긁을 -*괄) 뭉쳐; 전 To roll into balls—as mud plaster etc. *See* 빗다.

뭉쿨뭉쿨 s. Round; lumpy; in lumps.

뭉텡이 s. 塊 (흙덩이—*괴) A lump; a bundle; a package.

뭉툭ᄒᆞ다 s. 禿 (모지라질—*독) To be blunt, to be thick. *See* 몽툭ᄒᆞ다.

*묵필 s. 墨客 (먹) (손) A writer; a character writer. *See* 소인묵필.

*묵낙 s. 默諾 (줌줌) (허락) Tacit consent. *Also* 묵허.

*묵념ᄒᆞ다 s. 默念 (줌줌) (싱각) To think of silently; to ponder or reflect upon; to meditate. *Also* 묵상.

*묵덕 s. 墨翟 (먹) (챙) A famous philosopher who lived in the 5th century B. C. and taught the doctrine of "universal love." *Also* 묵적.

*묵도 s. 默禱 (줌줌) (빌) Silent prayer; meditation

*묵도ᄒᆞ다 s. 默禱 (줌줌 빌) To pray in silence, to have secret devotions, to pray. *Also* 묵도ᄒᆞ다.

*묵묵부언 s. 默默無言 (줌줌) (업슬 말숨) Silent not a word. *Also* 묵묵무언

*묵묵부답ᄒᆞ다 s. 默默不答 (줌줌) (아닐 답) To make no reply; to be silent. *Also* 묵묵부답ᄒᆞ다.

*묵묵ᄒᆞ다 s. 默默 (줌줌) (줌줌) To be silent; to be taciturn. *See* 줌줌ᄒᆞ다. *Also* 묵묵ᄒᆞ다.

*묵상ᄒᆞ다 s. 默想 (줌줌) (싱각) To silently think of; to silently contemplate or meditate on. *Also* 묵샹.

*묵슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 墨守 (먹) (직힐) To be wedded to antiquated customs. *Also* 묵슈ᄒᆞ다.

*묵승 s. 墨繩 (먹) (노) A carpenter's marking line. *Also* 묵슌; 먹줄.

*묵시ᄒᆞ다 s. 默示 (줌줌) (보일) To secretly instruct; to reveal to. *Also* 묵시.

*묵시ᄒᆞ다 s. 默視 (줌줌) (볼) To pass over in silence; to take no notice of; to disregard or overlook. *Also* 묵시ᄒᆞ다.

*묵ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 默思 (줌줌) (싱각) To silently think of; to silently contemplate or meditate on. *Also* 묵ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*묵연광구에 s. 默然良久 (줌줌) (그릴) (어질) 오랠) After long silence. *Also* 묵연량구에.

*묵연히 s. 默然 (줌줌) (그럴) In silence. *Also* 묵연히.

묵연ᄒᆞ다 s. 默然 (줌줌) (그럴) To be silent. *Also* 묵연ᄒᆞ다.

*묵우 s. 默祐 (줌줌) (도울) Secret assistance of heaven; divine help. *Also* 묵우ᄒᆞ다.

*묵종ᄒᆞ다 s. 默從 (줌줌) (좃칠) To acquiesce. *Also* 묵죵ᄒᆞ다.

*묵주 s. 珠 (줌줌) (구슬) A chapalet. Rom Cath.) *See* 념쥬.

묵지 s. 墨池 (먹) (못) An inkstand. *Also* 묵지.

*묵ᄌᆞ s. 墨子 (먹) (아들) A famous philosopher who lived in the 5th century B. C. and taught the doctrine of "universal love." *Also* 묵덕.

*묵좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 默坐 (줌줌) (안질) To set in silence.

*묵허 s. 默許 (줌줌) (허락) Tacit permission. *Also* 묵허.

*묵허ᄒᆞ다 s. 默許 (줌줌) (허락) To give secret permission. *Also* 묵허ᄒᆞ다.

묵흔 s. 墨痕 (먹) (흔젹) The marks of anything written or painted; a blot of ink. *Also* 묵흔.

*무화 s. 墨花 (먹) (쏫) Ink pictures, i.e. sketches; pictures, or figures drawn with Japanese or Korean ink. *Also* 묵화

몬ᄃᆞ 、 頓 (*돈) Suddenly; abruptly; hastily. *See* 곳.

몸오몸오ᄒᆞ다 s To be soft. To be mixed; to be hazy.

*물 s. 海蔘 (바다—*히) (솜—*숨) Sea slugs; *bêche-de-mer*. *See* 히숨.

*물다 s. 이 린 To tear; to pull apart; to become bald. *See* 걸거물다.

*미 s. 舟艫 (비—*주) (돗대—*장) The end of a boat

*미 s. 未 (못흘) The Eighth of the Twelve Branches.

*미가 s. 米價 (쌀) (갑) The market price of rice

미가고등 s. 米價 (쌀) (갑) 감 (곱흘) 오를) Rise in market price of rice.

*미간 s. 眉間 (눈섭) (소이) The space between the eyebrows.

*미감 s. 米泔 (쌀) (믓물) Rice water *See* 믓물

*미거하다 *l.* 未擧 (못할) (응거) To be undeveloped; to be young; to be inexperienced. *See* 고루하다

*미결슈 未決囚 (못할 결단 가둘) An unconvicted prisoner.

*미결스 *l.* 未決事 (못할 결단) 일 Unfinished business. *See* 미결소건.

*미결소건 *l.* 未決事件 (못할 결단 일) (빌) Unfinished business *See* 미결안.

*미결안 *l.* 未決案 (못할) (깁단) (책상) 미결소.

*미결하다 *l.* 未決 (못할) (결단) To be undecided; to be uncertain; to be not finished *See* 미정하다.

미경숙하다 To be inexperienced; to be raw; to be ignorant. *See* 미거하다.

*미곡 *s.* 米穀 (쌀) (곡식) [illegible] tinguished from other grains.

*미곡슈출하다 *s.* 米穀輸出 (쌀) (곡식) (서울) (날) To export rice.

*미곡회샤 *s.* 米穀會社 (쌀) (곡식) (모둘) (회사) A company that deals in rice.

*미골 *s.* 尾骨 (꼬리) (뼈) A game of dominoes. *See* 골패.

*미구불원하다 *s.* 未久不遠 (못할) (오랠) (아닐) (멀) To be in a little; to be before long.

*미구에 *l.* 未久 (못할) (오랠) In a little; before long. *See* 놀구에.

*미국 [illegible] (아름다울) [illegible] United States. *See* 합중국

*미나라쥬 [illegible] 나라) (두물) (술) (경밀) Alcohol Dilutum.

*미리에 *l.* 未幾 (못할) (멋) In a little; shortly after.

*미개 *l.* 未開 (못할) (열) Unenlightened people; barbarous races.

*미개하다 *l.* 未開 (못할) (열) To be unopened of flowers. To be uncivilized; to be unenlightened; to be barbarians.

*미개호나라 *l.* 未開國 (못할) (열) (나라 — *국) An uncivilized country.

*미개ᄒᆞᆫ빅셩 *l.* 未開ᄒᆞᆫ [illegible] 열 빅셩 — *민) An unenlightened people; barbarians.

*미관 *s.* 美觀 (아름다울) (볼) Fine view.

*미관 *s.* 微官 (적을) (벼슬) A low office; an inferior bullet. *See* 말관.

*미관말직 *s.* 微官末職 (적을 [illegible] 벼슬) (끗) (벼슬) The lowest offices, the underling class.

미나리 *s.* 芹 (*근) Celery; parsley; cress.

*미납 *l.* 未納 (못할) (드릴) Unpaid taxes; funds not paid up.

*미납세 *l.* 未納稅 (못할) (드릴) (부세) Taxes remaining unpaid

*미녀 *s.* 美女 (아름다울) (계집) A beautiful girl; a lovely woman.

*미뎡하다 *l.* (미령) 靡寧 (아닐) (평안) To be unwell [illegible] Ill [illegible]

*미농 *s.* 美濃 아름다울) 무ᄅᆞ닉우 Mino in Japan.

미닌 Minimum or Minim.

미늘 *s.* 鏃 (미늘—*쵸) A barb; a point. (달다).

미다 *l.* 推 (밀—*츄) 러; 민 To rise—of the tides. To push; to shove.

미다지 *l.* Inner sliding windows. *See* 장지.

*미담 *s.* 美談 (아름다울) (말숨) A narrative about one's merits or virtues; a fine story.

*미덕 *s.* 美德 (아름다울) (큰) A virtue; a good trait of character. United States and Germany.

*미뎡년금 未定年金 (못할) (뎡할) (히) (쇠) Contingent Annuity.

*미뎡하다 *l.* 未定 (못할) (뎡할) To be [illegible] *See* 미결하다.

*미돌 *s.* 米突 (쌀) (구둘) A metr

*미동 *l.* 美童 (아름다울) (우히) A catamite.

*미란하다 *s.* 糜爛 [illegible] To be inflamed; to present febrile symptoms; to become red and tender.

*미납도 *l.* 未納稅 못할 (드릴 남 가지) Unpaid—of taxes or of any money due to the Government.

*미납하다 *l.* 未納 (못할) (드릴—*남) To be unpaid -as taxes.

*미어렬 [illegible] 미어ᄉᆞ 렬 마을 구멍) A submarine cave that is said to swallow up the sea water—whatever eats up one's earnings.

*미려하다 *s.* 美麗 (아름다울) (고울) To be beautiful; to be elegant; to be graceful.

미련하다 *s.* 迷 (미련—*우) To be stupid; to be [illegible] to be fooled. As 어리석다.

미렷하다 *s.* To have a double chin. To be thick and luxuriant.

*미록 s. 麋鹿 (소슴) (소슴) Deer; a stag. *See* 노로.

미루 s. The space between high and low water mark.

*미륵 s. 彌勒 (홈) (굴내) The merciful Buddha cut from stone.

미리 s. 預 (*예) In advance; beforehand

*미리견 s. 美利堅 (아름다울) (리홀) (굳을) An American—a citizen of the United States. *See* 아미리견.

미립 l Experience; knowledge. *See* 리력

*미리 l 未來 (못홀) (올) The future, the future tense. *See* 장리.

*미린사 l 未來事 (못홀) (올) (일) Future affairs or deeds. *See* 장리사

*미리시 l 未來詞 (못홀) (올) (말) Future tense.

*미만 l 未滿 (못홀) (찰) A lack; an insufficiency

*미만ᄒᆞ다 l 未滿 (못홀) (찰) To be not yet full; to be not yet expired; to be less than; to be below; to be under.

*미만ᄒᆞ다 s 彌滿 (두) (찰) To be quite full, to be full to the limit of over flowing—of a river; to be abundant.

*미말 s. 尾末 (꼬리) (끗) The last; the end; the lowest.

*미말 l 未末 (못홀) (끗) The last of the afternoon from 2.30 to 3 o'clock P.M.

*미명 s. 美名 (아름다울) (일홈) Fame; Honor

*미명이 l 未明 (못홀) (붉을) Before daylight; early dawn; the first rays. *See* 새벽.

미명 s. 布木 (뵈—*포) (나무—*목) Cotton cloth. (싸디)

*미모 s. 眉毛 (눈섭) (털억) The eye brows *See* 눈섭

*미모 s. 尾毛 (꼬리) (털억) Tail fur as of the weasel, used for making pens

*미묘ᄒᆞ다 s. 微妙 (적을) (묘홀) To be minute; to be subtle. *See* 현묘ᄒᆞ다

*미묘ᄒᆞ다 s 美妙 (아름다울) (묘홀) Very delicate or beautiful; extremely fine or nice.

*미문ᄒᆞ다 s. 未聞 (못홀) (드를) To be unheard; to be unacquainted with.

*미물 s. 微物 (적을) (만물) A trifle; a thing of no account.

*미미ᄒᆞ다 s. 微微 (적을) (적을) To be small; to be few; to be of no account.

*미박ᄒᆞ다 s. 微薄 (적을) (얇을) To be thin; to be humble; to be worthless; to be insignificant.

*미발됴 l 未撥條 (못홀) (지발홀) (가지) Unpaid funds; unpaid accounts.

*미발ᄒᆞ다 l 未撥 (못홀) (지발홀) To be not yet issued, to be not yet paid; to be not yet posted.

*미복 s. 微服 (적을) (옷) The dress of the common people—as put on by the king. *See* 평복.

*미복 s. 美服 (아름다울) (옷) Handsome apparel; beautiful dress; fine clothes; beautiful or splendid garments.

*미봉 s. 未捧 (못홀) (밧들) A deficit, part lacking. *See* 미슈.

*미봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 彌縫 (두) (홈) To rectify; to restore; to pay up. *See* 보명ᄒᆞ다.

*미부임ᄒᆞ다 l 未赴任 (아닐) (다다를) (맛흘) To not yet arrive—of a country magistrate; to not yet enter on office

*미분 s. 米粉 (쌀) (가로) Rice-flour.

*미분명ᄒᆞ다 l 未分明 (못홀) (눈홀) (붉을) To be uncertain; to be indefinite; to lack clearness.

*미불 s. 米芾 (쌀) (떨홀) A.D. 1051—1107. A celebrated antiquary and connoisseur of China.

*미비ᄒᆞ다 l 未備 (못홀) (그출) To be not prepared; to be unready.

미사리 s. A head frame for a mourner's hat. (쓸다).

*미살 s. 彌撒 (두) (뎃칠) Mass (Rom Cath)

*미상 s. 微傷 (적을) (샹홀) A slight wound or cut.

*미샹 s. 米商 (쌀) (장소) A rice merchant.

*미샹회샤 s. 米商會社 (쌀) (장소) (모들) (사직) A rice-merchant corporation.

*미샹불 l 未嘗不 (못홀) (일직) (아닐) Certainly; without doubt; truly. *See* 미샹비.

*미샹비 l 未嘗非 (못홀) (일직) (아닐) Certainly; undoubtedly. *See* 미샹불.

*미샹즁기 s. 米商仲賈 (쌀) (샹소) (버금) (살) A rice broker.

*미샹ᄒᆞ다 l 未詳 (못홀) (조셰) To be not clear; to be indistinct.

미석이 s. 潮水 (조슈—*초) (물—*슈) Flood and ebb of the tide. (Prov.)

*미션 s. 尾扇 (꼬리) (붓칠) A leaf like fan made of paper. *See* 접션.

미성 *n.* 尾星 (꼬리) (별) A star with a tail a comet. *See* 살성. The 6th of the 28 constellations ε, μ, ν, π, θ, ι, κ, λ, υ, Scorpion 253° 27′ 15″ *l.*

*미성지인 *l.* 未成之人 (못할) (일울) (갈) (사룸) An undeveloped person; an unpractised hand. *See* 년쇼비.

미성호다 *l.* 未成 (못할) (일울) To be undeveloped; to be inexperienced. *See* 미기호다.

*미속 *s.* 米粟 (쌀) (조) A general term for grain.

*미쇼호다 *s.* 微小 (적을) (적을) To be small; to be little. *See* 약쇼호다.

미ᄉᆞ호다 [illegible] to oneself. *See* 손교ᄒᆞ다

[illegible] Honey water—a summer drink. (즁다.

*미슈다 *l.* 未收 (못호) (거둘) 슈ᄒᆞ; 난 To be lacking; to fall short.

*미슈빙 *l.* 未受冰 (못호) [illegible] (법호) An unaccomplished officer.

*미슈지다 *l.* 未收 (못호) (거둘) 슈지; 진 To be lacking, to be out of pocket. *See* 미슈다.

*미슉호다 *l.* 未熟 (못호) (닉을) To be unripe; to be not sufficiently fermented. *See* 설다.

*미술 *s.* 美術 (아롬다울) (쎠) The fine arts (such as music painting etc).

미술관 *s.* 美術館 (아롬다울) (시) (집사) A fine art museum.

*미술젼람회 *s.* 美術展覽會 아롬다울) (쎠) (볼) (모흘) A fine art exhibition.

미술학교 *s.* 美術學校 (아롬다울) 쎠) (비홀) (학교) A school of fine arts.

미시 *l.* 未時 (못홀) (쎠) From 1 to 3 o'clock P.M

*미신 *s.* 微臣 (적을) (신하) A humble subject or servant

[illegible] (집) To be homeless. *See* 무의무가

*미심호다 *l.* 未審 (못홀) (숣힐) To be not sure of; to be uncertain of; to be anxious about.

*미쇼 *s.* 美事 (아롬다울) (일) Praiseworthy art, practice, or thing; merits.

*미숨 *s.* 尾蔘 (꼬리) (숨) The small roots of the ginseng, the *Polygonatum multiflorum.*

*미식 *s.* 美色 (아롬다울) (빗) A beauty. *See* 절식.

*미식 *s.* 米色 (쌀) (빗) Rice color.

*미안호다 *s.* 未安 (못홀 편한) To be uneasy; to be anxious. *See* 편치안타.

*미약호다 *s.* 微弱 (적을) (약홀) To be weak, to be feeble, or impotent.

*미양 *s.* 微恙 (적을) (병) Slight sickness; indisposition.

미여뚜리다 *s.* 뚫 (쒸질 *뚤) 뚜려; 린 To tear holes in; to perforate. *See* 뚜러뚜리다.

미열지다 *s.* 열지; 진 To suffer from the effects of a sickness. (Prov.)

*미온탕 *s.* 微溫湯 (적을) (더울) (끌을) Luke-warm or tepid water.

*미온호다 *s.* 微溫 (적을) (더울) To be luke-warm; to be tepid.

미음 *s.* The 5th letter of the Korean *Punjŏl.*

*미우 *s.* 微雨 (적을) (비) Fine rain.

*미우ᄭᅩᆫ *s.* 尾羽木 (꼬리) (짓) (ᄭᅩᆫ—*말) The tail sack —of a fowl), the rump.

미욱호다 *s.* 껀 (미련—*우) To be stupid; to be foolish; to be idiotic. *See* 미련호다.

*미음 *s.* 米飮 (쌀) (마실) Rice gruel; millet gruel (쑤다).

미ᄋᆞ [illegible] 所憎 (바—*소) (뮈울 —*증) contempt; hatred. (밧치다).

[illegible] 요.

미여ᄉᆞ [illegible] (아롬다울) (쎠) [illegible] 으뜸ᄎᆞᆷ The Methodist [illegible] *See* 창모교; 감리교

*미이미회 *s.* 美以美會 (아롬다울) (써) (아롬다울) (모흘) The Methodist Church.

[illegible] *See* 가인. An American—a citizen of the United States.

*미완 *l.* 未完 (못홀) (완젼) Incomplete, imperfect.

*미장 *s.* 尾張 (꼬리) (베풀) Owari in Japan

[illegible] (할—*젼) An unmarried boy.

미장이 *s.* 土役匠 (흙—*토) (역ᄉᆞ—*역) (장인 —*장) A mason; a plasterer.

미적미적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To push; to shove; to put off; to procrastinate.

*미젼 *s.* 米廛 (쌀) (젼) A rice store. *See* 싸젼.

*미정 *l.* 未正 (못홀) (바를) The middle of the *mi* hour—3 o'clock p.m.

*미조항 *s.* 彌助項 (두) (도울) (목) A naval station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*미족ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未足 (못흘) (발) To be insufficient; to lack satisfaction. *See* 미흡ᄒᆞ다.

*미쥬 *l.* 美酒 (아름다움) (술) Good wine.

*미즐ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未畢 (못흘) (필) To be unfinished—as of public work or large undertakings.

*미증유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未曾有 (못흘) (일직) (잇슬) To never occur before, to happen for the first time.

미지 *l.* 蠟紙 (랍—* 랍) (조희 —* 지) Waxed paper.

*미지 *l.* 未知 (못흘) (알) Unknown, not known; unacquainted; unfamiliar.

미지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 溫 (다슬 -*온) To be tepid; to be warm. *See* 미지근ᄒᆞ다.

*미지수 *l.* 未知數 (아닐) (알) (두어) An unknown number or quantity.

*미지슈시 *l.* 未知孰是 (못흘) (알) (누구) (옳흘) No knowing who is right. *See* 슈지오지즈유

*미지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未知 (못흘) (알) To not know; to be unacquainted with.

*미진ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未盡 (못흘) (다흘) To be incomplete; to be unfinished.

*미즈 *s.* 微子 (적을) (아들) The name of a courtier of the 은 kingdom (13th century B.C.)

*미천ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 微賤 (적을) (천흘) To be mean; to be low: to be insignificant. *See* 한미ᄒᆞ다.

*미쳡 *s.* 美妾 (아름다울) (첩) A beautiful mistress; a lovely concubine.

*미초 *l.* 未初 (못흘) (처음) The first of the *m* hour—2 o'clock p.m.

*미충 *s.* 微衷 (적을) (가온ᄃᆡ) Insignificant loyalty,—used in a deprecatory sense.

*미칭 *s.* 美稱 (아름다울) (날ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆯ) Honorific name.

*미타ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未安 (못흘) (타연흘) To be uneasy. To be incompleted.

*미현 *s.* 米澤 (쌀) (못) Yonezawa in Japan.

*미품 *s.* 美品 (아름다울) (품수) Fine goods; goods of extra quality

*미포 *s* 米包 (쌀) (쌀) A rice bag usually made of straw.

*미풍 *s.* 微風 (적을) (바람) A light wind; a faint breeze.

*미하 *s.* 米蝦 (쌀) (새오) Dried shrimps or prawns.

*미협ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未協 (못흘) (화흘) To be insufficient; to be unsuited.

*미혹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 迷惑 (희미흘) (혹흘) To be deluded; to be led astray, to be seduced. *See* 교혹ᄒᆞ다.

*미흡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 未洽 (못흘) (흡족흘) To lack completion; to fail of complete satisfaction; to be insufficient. *See* 미족ᄒᆞ다.

*미힝 *s.* 微行 (적을) (ᄃᆞ닐) Walking in disguise; going out incognito.

*미힝 *s.* 微行 (적을) (ᄃᆞ닐) A small by path. (B. O.) *See* 샐길.

*미황ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 未遑 (못흘) (겨를) To be without leisure, to have no spare time.

*민 *s.* 民 (빅셩) I—the 1st personal pronoun, as used by a gentleman before his magistrate. *See* 쇼인.

*민가 *s.* 民家 (빅셩) (집) Houses of the people. *See* 민호.

*민간 *s.* 民間 (빅셩) (스이) The common people; the people of the country.

*민간쇼요 *s.* 民間疾苦 (빅셩) (스이) (병) (괴로울) Political disturbances, difficulties encountered by the people.

민갓어리 *s.* The name of the 14th Chinese radical. 罒.

*민강 *s.* 薑蘆 (오랑캐) (셔양) Preserved ginger.

*민교 *s.* 民敎 (빅셩) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) A people's doctrine—in contrast to a state religion.

민궁 *s.* The "king" left alone—in chess. The palace of the *Min* clan.

*민긔 *s* 閔箕 (셩) (키) F. S. 閔損 N. P. 親物. A famous minister of the time of *Sön-jo.*

*민권 *s.* 民權 (빅셩) (권세) Popular rights.

*민권당 *s.* 民權黨 (빅셩) (권세) (부ᄒᆞ) The governing body of the people *See* 국유당.

*민뎡듕 *s.* 閔鼎重 (셩) (솟) (무거울) A. D. 1628 F. ~ 晦叔 N. P. 홈쓸 The most noted of all the *Min*, a Minister of State and great scholar.

민뒤 *s.* A close woven head-band back.

*민란 *s.* 民亂 (빅셩) (어지러울) An insurrection of the people. *See* 민요.

*민력 *s.* 民力 (빅셩) (힘) The people—in the performance of a work; the labor of the people.

*민렴 *s.* 民斂 (빅셩) (거둘) The collection of tax contributions as raised by the people.

*민박 *s.* 民瘼 (빅셩) (병) The sufferings of the people; popular distress.

'민망 s. 民望 (빅셩) (부랄) The hope of the people. *See* 민망.

*민망ᄒᆞ다 s. 憫 (민망) To be sad; to be troubled; to feel sorry about.

민머리 s An uncapped head—as of the unofficial classes. *See* 빅두.

*민면ᄒᆞ다 s. 勉勉 (힘쓸) (힘쓸) To be industrious; to exert himself; to work hard.

민멸ᄒᆞ다 s. 泯滅 (없을) (멸할) To be obliterated; to be destroyed; to be gone.

*민몽듕 s. 閔夢龍 (성) (몽) (룡) F.S. 驪興. A great minister of the time of *Sŏn jo.*

*민박ᄒᆞ다 s. 悶迫 (민망홀) (갓가울) To be in distress, to be in difficulties.

'민법 s. 民法 (빅셩) (법) Civil law.

*민병 s. 民兵 (빅셩) (군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers recruited by a levy, militia.

*민보 s. 民報 (빅셩) (갑흘) A letter from the people—to an official. *See* 소장.

*민보 s. 民堡 (빅셩) (보장) A place or means of refuge for the people during war times.

*민보 s. 民洑 (빅셩) (보—*복) A canal for irrigation—cut by order of the people.

민복삼 閔福三 (성) (복) (석) A.D. 1711 F.S. 驪興 N. P. A noted minister of the time of *Yŏng-jong.*

*민소 s. 民訴 (빅셩) (알욀) A placard expressing the sentiments of the people; a public petition.

*민속ᄒᆞ다 s. 敏速 (민첩홀) (쌔를) To be swift; to be quick.

*민속 s. 民俗 (빅셩) (풍속) Popular customs; the manners and customs of the people.

민숑민숑ᄒᆞ다 s. 無鬚 (업슬—*무) (마리—*졀) To be rounded off smoothly to be beardless.

*민습 s. 民習 (빅셩) (닉힐) Popular customs or habits.

민시 s. 民時 빅셩의 때 The people's time—seed time. M

민심 s. 民心 빅셩 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ The mind of the people; the feeling of the masses; popular sentiments. *See* 민정.

*민ᄉᆞ s. 民事 (빅셩) (일) Civil cases.

*민ᄉᆞ소숑 s. 民事訴訟 (빅셩) (일) (알욀) (숑ᄉᆞ) Civil action.

*민ᄉᆞ소숑법 s. 民事訴訟法 (빅셩) (일) (알욀) (숑ᄉᆞ) (법) Code of Civil Procedure.

*민ᄉᆞ 閔思 (성) (깅올) A.D. 1637 F.S. 驪興. A famous minister of the time of *Suk-chong.* A younger brother of 민회.

*민어 s. 鱮魚 (민어) (고기) A kind of perch. *Cteniolabrus caeruleus.*

*민요 s. 民擾 (빅셩) (요란) A rising of the people; a rebellion. *See* 민란.

*민유디 s. 民有地 (빅셩) (잇슬) (짜, ground held by the people. *See* ᄉᆞ유디; *Opp* 관유디.

민 ᄉᆞ 閔鎭庠 (성) (숑호) (물가) A.D. 1 ᄂᆞ 驪興 N P. A great minister of the reign of *Yung jong.*

*민원 s. 民怨 (빅셩) (원망) Public discontent; popular dislike of the official classes.

*민장 s. 民長 (빅셩) (어룬) An elder or squire among the people.

민 ᄉᆞ 閔宗 (성) ᄉᆞ일) A.D. 1 F.S. 驪興 N P 1 ler of the house of *Min* s minister, and prince.

*민졍 s. 民情 (빅셩) (뜻) Popular feeling. *See* 민심.

*민정 s. 民政 (빅셩) (졍ᄉᆞ) The government of the people, democracy.

'민정당 s. 民政黨 빅셩 (ᄉᆞ) 무리) The Democratic Party of United States. *Opp.* 공화당.

'민정 기우ᄒᆞ다 s. 搖動民情 빅셩 (뜻) (짓거릴) (짓거림) To be in confusion —of the minds of the people.

*민조ᄉᆞ럽다 s. 悶燥 (민망) (조급홀) 러워ᄒᆞ운 To be grevious; to be bothersome; to be troublesome.

민줄 s. A smooth kite string—in contrast to one covered with glass filings. *Opp.* 갓치

'민 ᄀᆞ ᄉᆞ 民主 빅셩의 ᄌᆞ 님금) (갈) (나라) A country governed by the masses—a republic. *Opp.* 군쥬지국.

*민즁 s. 民衆 (빅셩) (무리) The nation at large; the public.

*민지부모 s 民之父母 (빅셩) (갈) (아비) (어미) Parents of the people—king and queen; officials etc.

*민진장 s. 閔鎭長 (셩) (진멸) (긴) A.D. 1 ᄂᆞ 驪興 N P. 盛烈 A noted minister, son of 명중, who was rewarded for his filial piety.

*민진원 s. 閔鎭遠 (셩) (진멸) (멀, A.D. 1 ᄂᆞ 驪興 N P. 유원. A noted minister, of the time of *Yŏng-jong.*

민ᄌᆞ건 閔子騫 (성) (ᄌᆞ) (ᄀᆞᆯ명) A noted disciple of Confucius, noted for his filial piety.

*민첩ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 敏捷 (민첩) (져를) To be quick-witted; to be sharp; to be clever. *See* 약바르다.

*민촌 *s.* 民村 (빅성) (마을) A village of the lower clases.

*민취ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 民娶 (빅성) (장가갈) To marry with one of the people. *See* 민혼ᄒᆞ다.

*민텬 *s.* 民天 (빅셩) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The sky; the heavens; an autumn sky.

*민폐 *s.* 民弊 (빅성) (해여짐) Public abuses—from which the people suffer.

*민호 *s.* 民戶 (빅성) (지게) A clan of the people in contrast to an official clan.

*민혼 *s.* 民婚 (빅성) (혼힌) A marriage of a noble to one of the common people. *See* 민취.

*민회 *s.* 民會 (빅성) (모들) A public assembly. *Opp.* 국회.

*민ᄌᆡ *s.* 閔梓 (셩) (지ᄂᆞᆫ) A D. 1614 F.S. 號四 N.P. 영의졍 A famous minister of the time of *Suk-chong.*

밀 *s.* 麥 (*ᄆᆡᆨ) Wheat

밀 *l.* 蜜 (*ᄃᆞᆼ) Bees wax.

밀가로 *s.* 眞末 (춘—*진) (가로—*말) Wheat flour.

*밀계 *s.* 密啓 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (션) A secret despatch to the king.

*밀계 *s.* 密計 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (게교) Secret intrigue; hidden plots. *See* 암계.

*밀쑤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蜜炙 (ᄭᅵᆼᆷ) (쑤을) To fry in honey—medicine.

밀국슈 *s.* 麥麵 (밀—*ᄆᆡᆨ) (국슈—*면) Vermicelli made of wheat flour. (졍다).

밀기름 *l.* 蜜油 (밀—*ᄃᆞᆼ) (기름 —*유) A mixture of oil and bees wax -used for the hair. (바르다).

*밀과 *s.* 蜜果 (꿀) (과실) A dish prepared from wheat flour, oil and honey

밀다 *l.* 推 (밀—*츄) 어; 린 To shove; to push; to extend, to shift. To rise —of the tide. *Opp.* 쳐다

밀ᄶᅦ *l.* A rolling pin

밀ᄶᅦ리다 *l.* 띠려; 린 To shove; to push.

*밀도 *s.* 密度 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (지낭) Density.

*밀랍 *s.* 蜜蠟 (꿀) (밀) Bees wax.

*밀림 *s.* 密林 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (수플) A dense forest.

밀막다 *l.* 야; 은 To stop; to prevent, to provide against.

*밀모 *s.* 密謀 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (ᄭᅥ) A secret plot or stratagan.

*밀모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密謀 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (ᄭᅥ) To plot or conspire.

*밀몽화 *s.* 蜜蒙花 (꿀) (어릴) (꼿) *Bilgewortha papyrifera.*

밀물 *l.* 潮水 (밀물—*조) (물—*슈) Flood tide (지다). *Opp.* 설물.

*밀밀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密密 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) To be close; to be dense; to be thick.

밀발지다 *l.* 발져; 진 To become deformed—of a horse's hoof when long without shoes.

*밀봉 *s.* 蜜蜂 (꿀) (벌) A honey bee. *See* 꿀벌; 총벌.

*밀봉셔찬 *s.* 密封書簡 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) (편지) A sealed letter.

*밀봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密封 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) To seal carefully

밀붓 *l.* 蜜筆 (밀—*ᄑᆞᆯ) (붓—*ᄇᆞᆺ) A waxed pen. (ᄀᆡ다).

*밀상 *s.* 密商 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (장ᄉᆞ) An illicit trade; smuggling; one who smuggles.

*밀셔 *s.* 密書 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (글) A private or secret note. *See* 밀지.

*밀슉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密束 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (묵글) To deliberate in secret; to make a secret contract

*밀슈 *s.* 蜜水 (꿀) (물) Honey water—a summer drink. (ᄆᆞᆫ다). *Also* 미슈.

*밀실 *s.* 密室 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (집) Private apartments; a secret room or chamber.

*밀ᄉᆞ *s.* 密使 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (ᄉᆞ신) A secret envoy.

*밀ᄉᆞ *s.* 密事 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (일) Secret matters.

밀업지다 *s.* 알져; 진 To be impudent, to be bold-faced. (Prov.)

*밀양 *s.* 密陽 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (볏) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.28 Long. 128.47.

*밀어 *s.* 密語 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A private or confidential conversation; secret discussion.

*밀어상통ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密語相通 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (서로) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To tell secrets; to pass on a secret message.

*밀엽 *s.* 密葉 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (닙) A dense growth of leaves.

*밀우다 *s.* 推 (밀—*츄) 어; 운 To draw a conclusion; to infer. To stick; to throw the responsibility on another.

*밀운 *s.* 密雲 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (구ᄅᆞᆷ) A canopy of clouds covering the whole sky.

*밀유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 密諭 (ᄇᆡᆨᄭᅦ) (ᄂᆞᆯ울) To inform secretly; to give instruction in secret.

*밀의 s. 密議 (쎅씩) (의론) A private consultation; a secret discussion; a confidential conference.

밀장지 l. 推窓 (밀 —*츄) (창—*창) A sliding door; a sliding partition. *See* 미닷지.

밀젼병 s. 蜜煎餠 밀— 입 지즐 (쎅) Wheat flour cakes. (붓치다

*밀접관계 s. 密接關係 (쎅씩 (못출 게관 홀) (일) A secret interest; secret concerns.

*밀제 s. 蜜劑 (쓸) (약지을) Pills rolled in honey.

*밀조 s. 蜜棗 (쓸) (대조) The preserved date or *zizyphus.*

*밀조호다 s. 密造 (쎅씩) (지을) To manufacture candestinely.

*밀조 s. 密詔 (쎅씩) (죠셔) A secret Imperial order.

*밀주호다 s. 密奏 (쎅씩) (알욀) To make a representation to the Emperor.

*밀지 s. 密旨 (쎅씩) (뜻 An official letter A secret Imperial order.

밀집 s. 蓼藁 (밀—*딱) (집—*고) Wheat straw.

밀창 l. 推牕 (밀 ᄎ (창— 창 Inner sliding windows. *See* 밀장지.

밀초 l. 蠟燭 (밀 *랍) (촉불—*촉) Wax candles. (칙다). *See* 황초.

*밀쵸호다 s. 蜜炒 (꿀) 쵸호 To fry in honey.

밀치 l. 馬鞭 (말—*마) (굴네—*강) A breeching stick. (달다).

밀치다 l. 推 (밀 *츄) 밀쳐; 쳔 To push; to shove, to thrust forward. *See* 밀써리다.

*밀칙 s. 密勅 (쎅씩) (신칙홀) A secret edict—from the Emperor.

*밀칙 s. 密策 (쎅씩) (쎄) A secret plan or scheme; a stratagem. *See* 밀계.

*밀타승 s. 蜜陀僧 (꿀) (다둘) (즁) A kind of salve. Litharge.

밀통호다 s. 密通 (쎅씩) (통호 To hide in secret; to give private orders; to communicate secretly. To commit adultery. *See* 통통호다.

밀플 s. 麥麪 (밀 멕, 플 ᄒ) Paste made of wheat flour. (쑤다

밀화 s. Amber. *See* 호박.

밀화부리 s. The "Amber Bill" —Evening grosbeak. *Hesperiphona vespertina.*

*밀화불슈 s. 密花佛手 (쎅씩) (붓) (부처) (손) Buddha's amber hand an ornament worn by women.

*밀환 s. 蜜丸 (쓸) (한조) Medicine mixed with wax in order to give it consistency. *See* 호환.

밀폴네 l. The dandelion. *See* 포공영.

밉다 s. 可憎 (올흘 *가) (뮈울—*증) 미워; 운 To be hateful; to be abominable; to be disgusting. *Also* 쵱다.

밉살스럽다 s. 可憎 올흘 *가 뮈울 *증) 러워; 운 To be hateful; to be contemptible; to be abominable. *See* 익살스럽다.

밋 s. 及 (밋칠—*급) And; also. (Comp.) *See* 와.

밋 s. 本 (*본) The root; the origin; the principle. *See* 근본.

밋 s. 底 (*뎌) The base; the part below. *See* 밋바닥. The anus.

밋구넝 s. 肛 (항문이—*항) The anus. *See* 항문이 Bottom—of a thing.

밋구라지 s. 鰍 (*츄) The lamprey. *See* 츄어; 밋구리.

밋구리 s. 鰍 (*츄) The lamprey. *See* 밋구라지.

밋그러지다 s. 跌 (밋그러질—*질) 러져; 진 To slip; to slide; to glide.

밋그럽다 s. 滑 (밋그러질—*활) 러워; 운 To be smooth, to be slippery

밋근거리다 s. 거려; 런 To be smooth; to be slippery; to be even. To be untrustworthy.

밋근밋근호다 s. To be smooth; to be even; to be perfect; to be neat.

밋근밋근호다 s. 滑 (밋그러질 *활) To be smooth; to be slippery; to be even.

밋근호다 s. 滑 (밋그러질—*활) To be neat; to be well formed

밋기 s. 餌 (*이) A bait. (주다).

밋다 s. 信 (밋을—*신) 어; 은 To trust; to believe; to have confidence in. *Opp.* 의심호다.

밋다 s. 及 (밋칠—*급) 쳐, 쳔 To reach; to come to; to arrive at.

밋동 s. 根株 (쎡리—*근) (그루 —*쥬 The root; the base *See* 그루.

밋뒤 s. 艫後 (돗대—장) (뒤—*후) The stern—of a boat. *See* 밋압.

밋며누리 s. A girl brought up in the home of her future father in-law.

밋밋호다 l. To be straight; to be erect; to be perpendicular *See* 곳곳호다

밋바닥 s. The base; the bottom. *See* 바닥

밋브다 *a.* 可信 (올흘—*가) (밋을—*신) 밋버; 본 To be worthy of confidence; to be trustworthy; to be authentic

밋살 *s.* The region of the anus.

밋쇠 *s.* Old-iron. (잡다).

밋술 *s.* 酵酒 (어버—*모) (술—*쥬) Yeast for spirit.

밋씻기 *s.* 後木 (뒤—*후) (나무—*목) Toilet-paper or wood. *See* 뒤지.

밋알 *s.* 船前 (돗대—*장) (알 -*천) The prow of a boat. *Opp.* 밋뒤

밋자리 *s.* 本座 (밋—*본) (자리—*좌) The base; the foundation; character; nature. *See* 본성.

밋젼 *s.* 本錢 (밋—*본) (돈—*젼) Capital; ready money; cash. *See* 본젼.

밋지다 *s.* 落本 (떠러질—*락) (밋 -*본) 밋지; 진 To lose in business; to be out of pocket.

밋창 *s.* 底 (밋—*여) The base; the foundation; the bottom.

밋쳐 *s.* 及 (밋칠—*급) As far as; to.

밋천 *s.* 元錢 (밋 *본, 드 *젼) Capital; ready money; cash. *See* 본젼. *Also* 밋션.

밋치광이 *s.* 狂人 (밋칠 *광) (사롬—*인) A mad man; an idiot; a fool. *See* 광인.

밋치다 *s.* 狂 (밋칠—*광) 밋쳐; 친 To be mad; to be wild; to be eccentric; to be crazed.

밋해 *s.* 底 (밋—*여) Below; underneath; under. *See* 아래.

밍밍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be weak; to be watery; to be thin.

밍밍밍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be smooth; to be shiny; to be round and glistening.

ᄆᆞᄅᆞ다 *s.* 乾 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) ᄆᆞᆯ나; ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆫ To be dry; to lack moisture; to dry. (v.i.)

ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ *l.* 心 (*심) Mind; heart; design; thought; will. (먹다). *See* 심ᄉᆞ.

ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ셋 *l.* 專心 (다ᄒᆞᆯ—*젼) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ *심) All one's heart. *See* 힘껏.

ᄆᆞ지막 *s.* 終 (ᄆᆞᄎᆞᆷ—*죵) The last; the latest. *See* 나죵.

ᄆᆞᄃᆞᆯ다 *s.* 造 (지을—*조) 어; ᄆᆞᄃᆞᆫ To make; to construct; to build *See* 링글다

ᄆᆞ지보다 *s.* 摩 (ᄆᆞᆫ질—*마) 아; 본 To handle; to feel.

ᄆᆞ지다 *s.* 摩 (ᄆᆞᆫ질—*미) ᄆᆞ지; 진 To handle; to feel; to touch; to finger, *See* 어로ᄆᆞ지다.

ᄆᆞ지ᄌᆞᆨᄆᆞ지ᄌᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 *s.* To finger; to handle; to touch. *See* ᄆᆞ져보다

몰 *s.* 馬 (*마) A horse.

몰갈기 *s.* 馬鬣 (몰—*마) (갈기—*렵) A horse's mane

몰거믜 *s.* 蟷蜘 (*쇼) (*쇼) A large spider.

몰공망건 *s.* A gentleman's open cap—an abusive term.

몰구유 *s.* 馬槽 (몰—*마) (구유—*조) A manger. *See* 구유.

몰군 *s.* 馬軍 (몰—*마) (군ᄉᆞ—*군) A groom; a *mapu.*

몰굴네 *s.* A kind of clematis.

몰굴네 *s.* 馬勒 (몰—*마) (구레—*륵) A horse-bridle

몰굽은 *s.* 馬蹄銀 (몰—*마) (굽 -*졔) (은—*은) Horse hoof sycee. *See* 마졔.

몰그럼히 *s.* 視視 (볼 -*면) (볼—*시) Intently; fixedly; staringly. (Dim.) *See* 몰그렴히.

몰괄낭이 *s.* A wild rollicking girl.

몰노름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To play horse—as children.

몰니다 *s.* 乾 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) ᄆᆞᆯ녀; 닌 To dry. (v.t.).

몰니우다 *s.* 乾 (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ—*간) 니워; 운 To dry. (v.t.) *See* 건ᄒᆞ다.

몰똥구리 *s.* A kind of eagle.

몰똥굴이 *s.* 蜣螂 (*강) (*랑) The dung-beetle.

몰롱질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To play horse—as children.

몰마 *s.* As a horse—used when describing things as large. (又서).

몰마암이 *s.* 馬蜂 몰 -*마) (ᄇᆡ암이—*션) A large harvest fly; a 'scissors grinder'.

몰벌 *s.* 馬蜂 (몰—*마) (벌—*봉) A botfly; a large fly.

몰살의ᄉᆡ살 *s.* Horse flesh is beef; black is white—meaningless words. *See* 푼 동닙셔ᄒᆞ다.

몰상 *s.* 馬像 (몰—*마) (얼골—*상) A horse face—a long narrow face.

몰슉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be clear; to be transparent. To be vacant; to be hard up. *See* 얼슉ᄒᆞ다.

몰역귀 *s.* 人蔘 (ᄉᆞᆯ 쿈 *대) (역귀 -*표) A variety of *Polygonum*—smart weed.

몰총 *s.* 馬尾 (몰—*마) (ᄎᆡ레 —*미) Horse-hair—from the tail. *See* 마미.

몰코 *s.* 織具 (짤—*직) (ᄀᆞᄒᆞᆯ—*구) A weaver's roller.

몰판 s. 雙陸 (쌍륙) 도, (쇼 ㅅ) A dice board.

몰릭 s. 馬勒 (말 아, 곤비 *비) Bridle reins. *See* 곳비

몰다 s. 淸 (몰을—*청) 아; 은 To be clean; to be clear; to be limpid. To be careful; to be frugal.

몰아게 s. 淸 (몰을—*청) Clean; altogether; without exception.

몰은쇠 s. 銅鐵 (밧 —*표) (쇠—*텰) A gun-sight. An estimate. (의우다)

몰은쇠 s. 淸鐵 (몰을 -*청) (쇠—*텰) A white metal composition.

몰히다 s. 淸 (몰을—*청) 몰히; 힌 To make clean, to clear off.

모치다 s. 終 (모칭—*죵) 아; 모친 To finish; to end; to conclude. *See* 못내다.

모침 s. 終 (*죵) The end; the finish.

모침릭 s. 竟 (모침 *경) At last; in the end; to the last. *Opp.* 비로소

모히다 s. 久 (오랠—*구) 여; 힌 To be delayed; to drag along; to be late.

막 s. 棒 (몽동이—*방) A paddle or baton for beating criminals. (맛다).

*미 s. 枚 (가지) A numerative of pieces—of beef, chestnuts, tobacco etc. (짓다)

*미 / 每 (미양) Every; each.

미 l. 鷹 (*응) A falcon. (부리다)

*미가 s. 妹家 (누의) (집) A sister's home—used in reference to a brother.

*미가도 l. 梅加島 (미화) (더흘) (셤) An island in Chol-la do. Lat 34 42 Long. 125 14

*미개 s. 媒介 (즁미) (낫) A go-between; a middleman; an agent; a matchmaker; a medium.

*미개쟈 s. 媒介者 (즁미) (낫) (놈) An intermediary.

*미개호다 s. 媒介 (즁미) (낫) To act as an intermediary.

*미거호다 s. 枚擧 (가지) (들) To count; to number; to reckon; to calculate; to enumerate.

*미결두에 l. 每結頭 미양 민길 (머리) Every measure—of rice taxes; for every *kyol.*

*미곡 s. 昧谷 (어두울) (골) The dark region where the sun sets—the west. (B.H.)

*미골 s. 塊骨 (뭇울) (뼈) Fleshless bones; human bones.

*미골발조 s. 塊骨埋呪 뭇을 (뼈 저주홀—*져) (져주홀 *주) Injury to others—by placing human bones in the chimney et

*미골호다 s. 埋骨 (뭇울) (뼈) To bury the bones of a deceased person—in cases where the body has been brought from a long distance for the purpose of interment in a particular spot; to bury a corpse.

*미괴화 s. 玫瑰花 (구슬) (구슬) (쏫) A cultivated [illegible] with pink and red flowers.

*미기 s. 媒氣 기운 (김) (기운)

*미긔등 s. 媒氣燈 (미한) 지운 (등) An electric light.

미기치다 s. 기치; 친 To finish; to complete.

*미광 s. 煤礦 (미탄) (구멍이) A coal mine.

미난이 s. A person who has no means.

*미년 l. 每年 (미양) (히, Yearly; every year. *See* 년년히.

미다 s. 여; 읜 To prepare thread—for weaving. To toss about frantically; to move as in pain

미다 s. 鉏 (김밀—*운) 여; 읜 To weed

미다 s. 係 (밀—*게) 여; 읜 To tie; to wrap. *See* 욱다.

미달다 l. 掛懸 (걸—*괘) (달 —*현) 다라; 단 To tie up; to hang. *See* 거다.

*미뎐 l. 買田 (살) (밧) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*미뎨 s. 妹弟 (누의) (아오) A younger sister—of a brother. *See* 민셔.

*미도 l. [illegible] 미양, 민날 Ind[illegible] on every occasion; always; time after time.

*미독 s. 梅毒 (미화) (독홀) Syphilis. *See* 당창.

미돔 s. 結 (밀 -*결) A knot of a string. (짓다) (밋다).

*미두락에 l. 每斗落 (미양) (말) (떠러질) For every measure—of rice taxes.

*미득 l. 買得 (살) (엇을) Purchase; buying. A cheap bargain.

*미득호다 l. 買得 (살) (엇을) To acquire by buying; to purchase.

*미둘 l. 每月 (미양) (둘—*월) Every month; monthly. *See* 민월.

*미량 / 每兩 미양 두, Every *yang* (one hundred cash).

미맛다 s. 被打 (닙을—*피) (칠—*타) 마자; 진 To be beaten; to be whipped. *See* 보리듯다.

*미매ᄒᆞ다 v. 買賣 (살) (팔) To trade; to buy and sell. *See* 흥정ᄒᆞ다.

*미명 / 每名 (미양) (일홈) Every name; each person. *See* 미인.

*미몰스럽다 v. 埋沒 (뭇울) 성질) 리워; 운 To be cold; to be unkind, to be unsympathetic. *See* 야박지다

*미몰ᄒᆞ다 v. 埋沒 (뭇울) (성질) To be buried—as by an avalanche or earthquake; to be overwhelmed. To be unsympathetic; to be cold; to be indifferent. *See* 몰인정ᄒᆞ다.

*미분 n. 梅文鼎 (미화) (글) (솟) A.D. 1643—1722 Celebrated as a mathematician during the reign of Kang-hi, author of numerous works.

*미문기ᄅᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 / 買文買筆 (살) (글) (살) (붓) To employ another to write and compose for one on examination.

*미민 n. 每人 (미양) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Every person; each one. *See* 미명.

*미민도 n. 每每島 (미양) (미양) (섬) An island in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 34.41 Long. 128.27.

*미민히 / 每每 (미양) (미양, Every time, each time; always; on every occasion; time after time.

*미복 n. 梅福 (미화) (복) A famous Taoist who is said to have become an immortal

*미복ᄒᆞ다 v. 埋伏 (뭇울) (업ᄃᆞᆯ, To hide; to wait in ambush as soldiers. *See* 복병ᄒᆞ다.

*미부 n. 妹夫 (누의) (지아비) A brother-in-law—of the husband. *See* 미형.

미부리 *l.* 嘴曲 (미—*욱) (부리—*체) A falcon's beak.

미부리코 *l.* A hooked nose.

*미삭 *l.* 每朔 (미양) (초하로) Every month; monthly. *See* 미월.

*미산 n. 嵋山 (즁미) (뫼) A mountain in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.51 Long. 127.49.

*미상 n. 昧爽 (어두울) (붉을) Dawn. *See* 새벽.

*미석 *l.* 每夕 (미양) (저녁) Every evening.

*미수 n. 枚數 (낫) (두어) The number of pages.

*미시 *l.* 每時 (미양) (때) Every hour; each time; on every occasion; always; time after time.

*미씨 n. 妹氏 (누의) (각씨 —*시) An older sister—of a brother. Your older sister. (Respect). *See* 누님.

*미시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 買食 (살) (밥) To buy and eat.

*미실 n. 梅實 (미화) (열ᄆᆡ) The fruit of the plum.

*미사 *l.* 每事 (미양) (일) Every affair; every matter or circumstance; each undertaking. *See* 일일이.

*미사불성 *l.* 每事不成 (미양) (일) (아닐 (일울) Everything a failure; unsuccessful in each undertaking.

미아지 n. 駒 (*구) A colt. *See* 망아지.

미아지구름 n. A thunder cloud. (처다).

*미안ᄒᆞ다 v. 埋安 (뭇울) (편안) To bury the tablets—of the 5th generation that is past.

미암돌다 v. 아; 돈 To turn round and round—in order to become dizzy

미암미암 n. The noise of the "scissors grinder." Round and round.

미암이 n. 蜩 (*션) The cicada; the harvest fly; the "scissors grinder."

*미야 *l.* 每夜 (미양) (밤) Every night.

*미약 n. 麻醉 (갈) (약) Anaesthetics. *See* 몽혼약

미양 n. 每 (*미) Always; every time. *See* 상히.

미우 n. 甚 (심홀—*심) Very; exceedingly. *See* 심히.

미이다 v. 依 (미일 —*게) 미여; 인 To depend on; to be responsible to; to be attached to.

*미인열지 *l.* 每人悅之 (미양) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (깃불) (갈) Pleasing to every one.

*미일 *l.* 每日 (미양) (날) Every day; daily. *See* 날일; 련일.

*미입 / 買入 (살) (들) To buy up for use or for sale—in large quantity. *See* 매하

*미월 *l.* 每月 (미양) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Monthly, every month. *See* 미삭, 미ᄃᆞᆯ

미자기 v. 三稜木 (석 *삼) 모질 -*릉) (나무—*목) Three cornered sedge—used as a medicine.

*미장군 n. 埋葬軍 (뭇울) (장ᄉᆞ) (군ᄉᆞ) An undertaker

*미장디 n. 埋葬地 (뭇울) (장ᄉᆞ) (ᄯᅡ) A cemetery. *See* 장디.

*미장ᄒᆞ다 v. 埋葬 (뭇울) (장ᄉᆞ) To lower a coffin into a grave.

*미작 n. 媒約 (즁미) (즁ᄆᆡᆨ) A go-between—who arranges weddings. (M.). *See* 미파.

미장이 *l.* A buyer of stolen goods. (처다).

*미조 l. 每朝 (미죠) (아침) Every morning.

*미죵 l. 買主 (살) (쥬인) A party in a sale; a buyer; a purchaser.

*미쥬 每週 미죠) 두루) Every week.

미지근ᄒᆞ다 s. 溫 (다술 *운) To be tepid. See 미지근ᄒᆞ다.

미지판 l. A horse-hair cap.

미질ᄒᆞ다 s. 打 (칠—*하) To beat; to flog; to whip. See 때리다.

미질ᄒᆞ다 s. 磨 (바를—*도) To smooth—plastered walls (Prov.) See 조력ᄒᆞ다.

미ᄌᆞ s. 媒子 (즁미) (아돔) A go between—who arranges weddings. See 미파.

*미처ᄒᆞ다 l. 買置 (살) (둘) To buy and keep; to purchase and store up.

*미ᄎᆞ l. 每次 (미죠) (버금) Every time; each time. See 미번.

미캐ᄒᆞ다 s To emit a foul odor; to smell—of mould, must etc.

*미탄 s. 煤炭 (미과) (숫) Coal. See 석탄.

*미파 l. 每把 (미양) (잡을) One measure—of the arms; each measure—of the arms

*미파 s. 媒婆 (즁미) (계집) A female go-between—who arranges a wedding.

*미형 s. 妹兄 (누의) (맛) A brother-in-law who has married an older sister—used of a brother. See 미부.

*미호 l. 每戶 (미양) (집) Every house; each house.

*미회 l. 每會 (미양) (모돌) Each meeting—of an assembly or conference.

*미홍지 s. 梅紅紙 (미화) (붉을) (조희) Red-paper—as used for Chinese calling cards.

*미회 l. 每年 (미양) (히 *년) Yearly; every year. See 미년.

*미화 s 梅花 (미화 *곳) Prunus flower Prunus mume

*미화줌 s. 梅花簪 (미화) (곳) (빈혀) A kind of ornamented hair-pin.

*미화통 s 梅花桶 (미화) (곳) (통—*ᄌᆡ) A commode

*미화포 s 梅花砲 (미화) (곳) (대포) Rockets that explode with representations of plum flowers. (노다).

*믹 s. 脉 (믹) The pulse; strength. (집다) (보다) (동다). A mountain spur.

*믹점 s. 脉節 (믹) (쥴) The pulse at the wrist

*믹관 s. 脉管 (믹) (거ᄂᆞ릴) The blood-vessels.

*믹락 s. 脉絡 (믹) (얽힐) The blood-vessels and veins. See 경락.

*믹락 (이) 관통ᄒᆞ다 脉絡貫通 (믹) (얽힐) 뚜일) (통ᄒᆞ) To be in communication; to be in touch.

*믹문 s. 脉門 (믹) (문) The pulse.

*믹문동 s. 麥門冬 (보리) (문) (겨울) Ophiopogon spicatus. Liriope graminifolia.

*믹믹ᄒᆞ다 l. 脉脉 (믹) (믹) To be oppressed; to be stopped. See 답답ᄒᆞ다. To stare; to ogle.

*믹박 s 脉搏 (믹) (칠) The beating of the pulse.

*믹반 s. 麥飯 (보리) (밥) Barley food.

*믹병 s. 麥餠 (보리) (떡) Cake or bread made of wheat flour.

*믹분 s. 麥粉 (보리) (가루) Wheaten flour.

*믹아 s. 麥芽 (보리) (움) A medicine made from sprouted wheat. See 엿기름.

*믹우 s. 麥雨 (보리) (비) June rains; the rains falling in the rainy season.

믹이다 s. 막여; 인 To finish up; to make an end. To mark—as composition, prices etc.

믹적다 s. 無脉 (업슬—*무) (믹—*믹) 여; 은 To lack interest; to be uninviting. See 맛적다.

*믹쥬 s. 麥酒 (보리) (술) Beer; barley spirit.

믹지 s. 下品紙 (아래—*하) (품수—*품) (조희—*지) An inferior quality of paper. See 퍼지.

믹질ᄒᆞ다 s. To smooth plastered walls. See 흙질ᄒᆞ다.

*믹추 s 麥秋 (보리) (가을) Barley and wheat-harvest—occurring about June 21st.

믄 l. Only; barely; entirely; out and out. Simple; unmixed. See 다.

믄것 s. Insipid food.

믄두리 s 模子 (모양 *양) (아돔—*ᄌᆞ) Form; appearance; looks. See 모양ᄉᆡ

믄드랑이 s 鷄冠花 (닭 *계) (갓 *관) (곳 *화) The cock's comb flower

믱머리 s. 白頭 (흰—*빅) (머리—두) A bare head. A head without an official cap—unofficial classes. (바탕).

믄몸뚱이 l 裸體 (버슬—*라) (몸—*톄) A naked body; nudity. A person without means. See 적신.

믄발 s. 徒跣 (호갓—*도) (발버슬—*션) Bare feet.

민밥 s. 徒食(도식—*도)(밥—*식) Bare rice unmixed with other food.

맏소매바람 s. A dress without the outer coat.

민손 s. 空手(공수—*공)(손—*수) Empty hands—without means. *See* 공수; 빈손.

민입 s. 空口(공—*공)(입—*구) An empty stomach. *See* 잔입.

밉다 s. 辣 (맵—*날) 미워; 운 To be acrid; to be peppery.

입쌀 s Hulled buckwheat. (Prov.)

밉시 s. 態 (미도—*태) Beauty; form. (내다) *See* 모양.

밉싸다 s. 싸; 쌉 To be beautiful, to be comely; to be pretty. *See* 얌전하다.

밉싸하다 s. To be beautiful; to be pretty: to be comely.

밋그럽다 s. 滑 (밋그러울—*활) 러워; 운 To be slippery; to be treacherous.

밋근밋근하다 s. 滑 (밋그러울—*활) To be smooth; to be slippery; to be treacherous. *See* 반들반들하다.

밋근하다 s. 滑 (밋그러울 *활) To be smooth; to be polished; to be treacherous. *Opp.* 깔깔하다.

밋다 s. 結 (밀 *결) 면자; 진 To tie; to fasten; to knot. To complete. To form—as fruit.

밋밋하다 s To be straight; to be stiff. *See* 밋밋하다

밋치다 s. 結實 (밀—*결)(열매 *실) 밋쳐; 친 To form as fruit; to gather—as blood in a bruise. *See* 엉니다; 혈다.

*밍가 *l.* 孟軻 (맛) (수레) B.C. 372-289 Mencius, the famous sage of China. *Also* 밍즈.

밍꿍밍꿍하다 *l.* To croak—as frogs

밍꿍이 *l.* 蝦蟆 (*하) (*마) A frog.

밍글다 s. 造 (지을—*조) 어; 근 To make, to construct; to build. *Also* 롱글다.

*밍긔하다 s. 萌起 (움돗을) (나려날) To raise; to break out.

*밍꼰 *l.* 孟光 (맛) (빛) A famous Chinese woman of the *Han* kingdom.

*밍관이 s. 盲瞎 (관슈) (봉) A blind person.

*밍동 *l.* 孟冬 (맛) (겨울) The first winter month; or the tenth month

밍동밍동하다 s. To be smooth. *See* 빤들빤들하다.

*밍동하다 s. 萌動 (움돗을) (움직일) To raise; to break out.

*밍랑하다 *l.* (一낭) 孟浪 (맛) (물결) To be uncouth; to be rude. To be void; to be useless. *See* 황당하다.

*밍렬하다 *l.* 猛烈 (사오나올) (맹올) To be ferocious; to be fierce; to be violent.

*밍문동 s. 麥門冬 (보리) (문) (겨울) Ophiopogon.

밍밍하다 *l.* To be insipid; to be tasteless.

*밍산 *l.* 孟山 맛) (뫼) A prefect in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.59 Long. 126.49.

*밍상군 *l.* 孟嘗君 .맛) (앗불) (님군) B. C. 279. A powerful Chinaman of *Che* Kingdom.

*밍세 s. 盟誓 (밍세) (밍세) An oath. *See* 밍세.

*밍석 s. 盲席 (관수) (돗) A close woven mat—the warp strings of which do not show.

*밍세 s. 盟誓 (밍서) (밍세 *서) An oath; a covenant. *See* 밍언.

밍세지거리 s. Oaths; swearing; cursing.

밍세하다 s. 盟誓 (밍세 *밍) (밍세 *서) To swear solemnly; to take an oath.

밍숭밍숭하다 s. To be smooth; to be bald.

*밍슈 *l.* 猛獸 (사오나올) (즘승) Ferocious beasts.

*밍소셩 *l.* 孟思誠 (맛) (싱가) (졍셩) A.D. 1419-1451. A filial son and faithful minister. His nickname was *Mäng Ko-pul*, and he rode usually on a cow. F.S. Sin-Ch'ang (新昌).

*밍아 s. 萌芽 (움돗을) (움돗을) A sprout; a young shoot.

*밍아장 s. 萌芽杖 (움돗을) (움) (집헝이) The rod that sprouted of Aaron.

*밍아하다 s. 萌芽 (움돗을) (움) To sprout; to put forth shoots; to commence.

*밍약 *l.* 盟約 (밍세) (언약) A covenant; agreement; treaty.

*밍약하다 *l.* 盟約 (밍세) (언약) To enter into a covenant; to conclude a treaty.

*밍언 s. 盟言 (밍세) (말숨) An oath, a vow; a contract. *See* 즁밍.

*밍우 *l.* 猛雨 (사오나올) 비) Heavy rain.

*밍인 s. 盲人 (관수) (사름) A blind person. *See* 관슈.

*밍인졍문 s. 盲人正門 (관수) (사름) (바를) (문) A blind man finding the gate a fool's success.

*밍월 l. 孟月 (맛) (둘) The first month of the year.

*밍인쟈정문 s. 盲人瞎鄭門 (판수) 놈 (바롤) (문) A blind man finding the door—working in the dark.

*밍장 l. 猛將 (사오나올) (장수) A fierce general; a great commander.

*밍장질ᄒᆞ다 s. 盲杖 (판수) (짐힝이) To handle a blind man's staff—to beat about in the dark; to work igeorantly.

*밍전 s. 盲錢 (판수) 듼 Coins that have no hole in the centre—foreign money. *See* 무뭘젼.

*밍졸 l. 猛卒 (사오나올) (군소) Brave soldiers; formidable troops.

*밍종 l. 孟宗 (맛) (마로) A Chinese official of the 3rd century A.D. noted for his filial piety—in answer to his prayers the bamboos were made to sprout in winter.

*밍쥬 s. 盟主 (밍셰) (님금) The head of a band or leader; the leading Power—of countries; the chief party in a contract.

*밍지샹 l. 孟知祥 (맛) (알) (샹셔) D. A.D. 935. A general of the *Tang* dynast

*밍진 l. 孟津 (맛) (나루) A [illegible] on Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. [illegible] Lon. 126·29.

*밍조 l. 孟子 (맛) (아돌) Mencius. The works of Mencius.

*밍츄 s. 懵騶 (미젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (삭기) A stupid boy; a feeble person, a dull or brainless person.

*밍츄 l. 孟秋 (맛) (가올) The first month of autumn; the month of August.

*밍츈 l. 孟春 (맛) (봄) The first month of spring, the month of February.

*밍츌ᄒᆞ다 s. 萌出 (움돗올) (날) To sprout; to put forth shoots; to bud; to commence; to shew signs of beginning

*밍태 s. 盲太 (판수) (콩) "Blind" beans—that do not serve as seed.

밍탕 s. Unseasoned soup; watery soup.

밍탕으로 s. Without seasoning; tasteless. Foolishly; uselessly. *See* 건골노.

*밍텨ᄒᆞ다 l. 猛打 (사오나올) (ᄃᆞᆯ가) To beat savagely; to torture.

*밍풍 l. 猛風 (사오나올) (바람) A gale.

*밍하 l. 孟夏 (맛) (녀름, The [illegible] month of summer; the month of May.

*밍호 l. 猛虎 (사오나올) (범) A fierce tiger.

*밍호연 l. 孟浩然 (맛) (넓을) (그럴) A.D. 689-740 A celebrated poet of China.

*밍화 l. 猛火 (사오나올) (불) A fierce conflagration; a raging fire.

ᄆᆡᆼᄀᆞᆫᄃᆞ다 造 (지을—*조) 그러; 밍근 To make, to construct; to create *Also* 밍ᄀᆞᆯ다.

ㅂ

ㅂ The 6th consonant of the Korean syllabary corresponding to *p*.

바 s. 所 (*소) That which; the thing; what. (Comp.) *See* 것.

바 s. 大索 (큰—*대) (새셔—*삭) A rope as used with beasts of burden. *See* 줄.

바곳 s. 錐 (송곳—*츄) A right-angled awl or punch.

바군이 s. 筥 (*거) A small wicker basket. *See* 보ᄅᆞ이.

바ᄀᆞᆯ바ᄀᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 [illegible] To bubble—as boiling. To be uneasy; to be troubled.

바ᄀᆞᆷ이 s. 筥 (*거) A small wicker basket. *See* 바군이

바ᄂᆞᆷ이 l. 蚋虫 (ᄀᆞᆫ—*여) (버러지—*충) Midge. *Tephr[illegible]*

바느ᄌᆡᆫ ᄒᆞᆯ 바늘 (*침, 장인 *공) Sewing. *See* 침션.

바늘 s. 針 (*침) A needle. (꿰어다).

바늘거레 s. 針刺 (바늘—*침) (써ᄅᆞᆯ—*조) A needle box.

바늘귀 s. The eye of a needle.

바다 s. 海 (*히) The sea.

ᄀᆞᆯ다 s. 選 (ᄀᆞᆯ—*션) ᄉᆡᆨ; 빤 To select; to choose. *See* 고ᄅᆞ다.

ᄉᆡᆨ다 s. 染 [illegible] 빤 To wash clothes. *See* [illegible]

빠다 s. 吮 (ᄲᆞᆯ—*연) 라; 빤 To suck.

ᄲᆡ다 s. 尖 (쎄족—*쳠) 쓸나; 빤 To be pointed; to taper. *See* 쎄족ᄒᆞ다.

바다리 l. 土蜂 (흙 -*토) (ᄇᆞᆯ—*봉) The humble bee. *Bombus terrestris.*

바닥 s. 底 (밋 *뎌) The bottom; the floor. (방). The lowest; the poorest. The sole (발); the palm (손). The bottom (밋).

바닥보다 s. 아; 본 To reach the bottom -of a vein (in gold digging).

바독 *s.* 棋 (*긔) A game—somewhat resembling draughts. (두다).

바독멈 *s.* A square on a *patok* board. A spot on a dappled pony.

바독물 *s.* Stones used for players on a *patok* board. *See* 바독돌.

바독마 *s.* 駁馬 (얼네룰—*박)(룰—*마) A dappled horse. *See* 얼네마.

바독몰 *s.* 棋子 (바독—*긔)(아돌—*즈) A dappled or spotted pony. *See* 바독돌.

바독은 *s.* Small blocks of silver used as currency—in China

바독판 *s.* 棋盤 (바독 -*긔)(관—*국) A *patok* table.

바둥거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To kick; to strike, to fight against. *See* 버둥거리다.

바둥바둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To kick repeatedly

바드득싹드득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rub against; to grind against. *See* 싹드득ᄒᆞ다

싹드득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rub; to grind; to push against. *See* 아드득아드득.

바드랍다 *s.* 라와; 온 To be soft; to be flexible. To be insufficient. (Prov.) *See* 부치이다.

바드럼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 솜錫 (모롤—*합)(쇠—*럴) To solder; to join metals.

바두바둑 *s.* Importunately; urgently; strongly. *See* 부덕부덕.

바듸 *s.* A silk weaving loom.

빡똣ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To fit closely; to be tight. *See* 빽똣ᄒᆞ다.

빡뎌다 *l.* 여; 린 To lounge: to loaf; to loiter.

바라 *l.* 鑼 (*라) A Buddhist gong.

빠라내다 *s.* 뻐出 (마실 *츌)(날 *출) 내여, 낸 To draw out by sucking; to suck out.

빠라올니다 *s.* 吸上 (마실—*흡)(웃—상) 올녀; 닌 To suck up.

바라지 *s.* Aid; assistance.

바라지 *l.* 牖 (창—*유) A window; a fanlight.

바락바락 *s.* Greedily; eagerly; persistently.

바람 *s.* A thread.

바람 風 *s.* (*풍) The wind. (불다)(쐬다)(맛다)(들다). Bare, alone (상도)(소매).

바람가비 *s.* A spirit. A whirligig; a toy windmill. A chicken hawk, a small falcon.

바람꼿 *s.* 風花 (바람 -*풍)(꼿—*화) A hazy atmosphere—before wind. (날다)

바람동이 *s.* A fickle character; one given to telling lies. *See* 풍긔.

바람들다 *s.* 피風 (외알 *인)(바람—*풍)여; 든 To be blasted by the wind.

바람맛다 *s.* 中風 (마질 *즁) 마간—*풍, 마자; 긴 To become insane; to go crazy.

바람바지 *s.* A high point—where there is always wind. *See* 팔풍바지.

바람벽 *s.* 壁 (바람—*벽) A partition wall. *See* 벽.

바람에 *s.* Whilst; when.

바래다 *s.* 曬 (쵀월—*쇄) 바래; 랜 To bleach in the sun; to whiten.

바랑 *l.* 鉢囊 (발이 -*발) (쥬머니—*낭) A Buddhist's sack

*바랑이 *s.* A kind of coarse grass. (Prov.)

바로 *s* Straight; lengthwise. Right.

바르작바르작ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To kick; to scratch -as chickens. *See* 버르적버르적ᄒᆞ다.

바른ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be just enough; to be barely sufficient. *See* 직바르다.

바르다 *s.* (ㄹ) 塗 (바를—*도) 발나; 바른 To plaster; to rub on; to paste; to anoint. *See* 붓치다.

바르다 *s.* (ㄹ) 短 (짤을 *단) 발나; 바른 To be short; to be lacking. *See* 적바르다.

바르다 *s.* (—르) 正 (바를—*졍) 발나; 바른 To be straight; to be even; to be upright. *See* 직ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 빗두루다.

바리 *s.* 駄 (*태) A numerative of loads for beasts of burden.

바리다 *l.* 러; 린 To open; to separate. (Dim.) *See* 버리다.

바보 *l.* A rascal; a villain. *See* 먼콜이.

바뵈바삣 *s.* 擺 (부빌—*파) Turning backwards and forwards; boring; piercing.

바삭바삭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rattle; to rustle. *See* 버석버석ᄒᆞ다.

바삭이 *l.* An eight months child—a good for nothing fellow—a term of abuse. *See* 사라손이.

바셔지다 *s.* 碎 (바셔질—*쇄) 셔져; 진 To crumble; to go to pieces. *See* 부셔지다.

바석바석 *s.* Rustling; rattling.

바소고리 *l.* A fan-shaped basket for carrying earth.

바쇠 *n.* 刀針 (칼—*도) (바늘—*침) A large flat needle—used by native physicians.

바숴다 *v.* 碎 (부셔질 -*쇄) 바셔; 쇼 To grind up; to powder. *See* 바셔지다.

바슬바슬ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be dry. *See* 보송보송ᄒᆞ다.

바스더다 *n.* 여; 딘 To be restless; to move about

바스럭바스락 *n.* Crackling; rustling. *See* 부스럭부스럭.

바스락이 *n.* Small particles; crumbs; dust.

바스스 *n* Slowly; softly; by degrees.

바스스ᄒᆞ다 *n.* To sound gently; to go by degrees.

바슬바슬 *n.* Pattering—as the rain. *See* 보슬보슬.

바ㅣ "바서지ᄂᆞ; 부ᄉᆞ러지ᄂᆞ; 부ᄉᆞ러부ᄉᆞ러.

바시시 *a.* Pleasantly; quietly; gently.

바야흐로 *n.* 方 (모—*방) At that moment; then.

바여나다 *n.* 勝 (바여날—*승) 셔; 난 To rise above; to tower over; to excel. *See* 뛰여나다.

바여내다 *n.* 拔出 (뽑 *발) (날—*출) 여; 낸 To pull out; to draw out.

바여먹다 *n.* 여; 온 To appropriate to oneself; to embezzle. To omit; to leave out—as in writing characters.

바위 *n.* 岩 (*암) A rock; a boulder. *Also* 바회.

바위틈 *n.* 岩穴 (바위 *암) (구멍 -*혈) A space between rocks; a vale; ravine; a gorge.

바작바작ᄒᆞ다 *n.* To grind; to squeak—as frost beneath the feet. To be a little short. *See* 버적버적ᄒᆞ다.

바장나다 *l.* 나; 난 To be worn out; to be broken; to be beyond hope. *See* 결단나다.

바장이다 *n.* 徘徊 (거닐—*회) (거닐—*회) 장여; 인 To walk backward and forward; to be irresolute. *See* 비회ᄒᆞ다.

바지 *n.* 袴 (*고) Pantaloons; breeches; trousers, drawers. (넓다). The exposed side (막슈) (바람). A blind-alley (막). Receipt of payment (빗).

바지게 *l.* A coolie porter's rack with basket.

빠지다 *l.* 陷 (빠질—*함) 빠져; 진 To fall down; to fall into; to sink.

빠지다 *l.* 遺落 (서질 *유) (떠러질—*락) 빠져; 진 To omit; to be absent. To leak out, to fall out.

바지런ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 勤 (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ—*근) To be busy; to be in a hurry; to be constantly at work. *See* 근간ᄒᆞ다.

바지락이 *n.* A kind of small clam. *See* 조지살.

바지직바지직 *n* Tearing. Teasing. Frying. *See* 오지직오지직.

바쥬 *n* 籬 (울타리—*리) A wicker fence. *See* 바조.

바조 *n.* 籬 (울타리—*번) A wicker fence a woven enclosure.

바지워다 *l.* 여; 린 To be stingy; to be mean; to be miserly. *See* 린색ᄒᆞ다.

바치 *n.* 工 (*공) An artisan; a worker. *See* 장식.

바짐박 *n.* 大杯 (큰—*대) (동글—*박) A large wooden dish.

바탕 *n.* A round—in a fight; a numerative of attempts, trials etc.

바탕 *n.* 質 (*질) The substance or elements of which anything is composed, the physical constitution; the disposition.

바탕이 *n.* 甕 ("옹) An earthenware jar.

바회 *n.* 岩 ("암) A rock; a boulder. *Also* 바위.

바회옷 *n.* 岩衣 (바회—*암) (옷—*의) Moss; lichen.

바ᄎᆞ다 *n.* 碎 (바셔질—*쇄) 바라; 흔 To smash up; to grind up.

바히다 *n.* 碎 (바셔질—*쇄) 바혀; 힌 To be ground; to be broken up.

박 *l.* One "deal"—in cards. With a scratch, a rape etc.

박 *n.* 匏 (*포) A gourd.

빡 *n.* Exactly, fairly. Hard—as in scratching.

박꽃 *n.* 匏花 (박—*포) (꽃—*화) Gourd blossoms.

박공 *n.* 雲本 (기와—*운) (짓—*본) A tile point for the corner rafters of a house.

박나뷔 *n.* 蛾蝶 (박 *포) (나뷔—*뎝) The gourd butterfly. The hawk moth.

박다 *n.* 아; 은 To sew doubly—by a firm stitch. To drive in—as a nail. *Opp.* 빼다. To print; to stamp.

박달 *n.* 檀木 (박달 *단) (나무—*목) The *Datbergia hupeana* tree; a variety of the sandal wood.

*박달치 s. 朴達峙 (순박) (동달) (고저) A mountain in Kang-wen do. Lat. 38 44 Long. 127.07

*박답 s. 薄畓 (얇을 논) Poor quality of paddy fields. *See* 상답

*박덕하다 s. 薄德 (얇을) (큰) To be narrow—in mind; to be mean. *See* 박복하다

*박뎐 s. 薄田 (얇을) (밧) A poor quality of grain fields.

*박두하다 s. 迫頭 (갓가울) (머리) To be imminent; to be at hand. *See* 림박하다.

*박디 s. 薄地 (얇을) (짜) Barren ground. *See* 박토.

*박디하다 s. 薄待 (얇을) 디접) To treat slightingly. *See* 박디하다.

*박람 s. 博覽 (넓을) (볼 Experience, wide knowledge. *See* 박학.

*박람회 s. 博覽會 (넓을) (볼) (모들) An exposition; an exhibition; a show; a fair.

*박람하다 s. 博覽 (넓을) (볼) To have experience; to possess knowledge. *See* 박학하다.

*박락하다 s. 薄落 (얇을) (갓락) To be little, to be slight; to be few.

*박록 s. 薄祿 (얇을) (록) A small salary allowance or pension; also used in a depreciatory sense of oneself.

*박리 s. 薄利 (얇을) (리) Small profits; paltry gains; a low rate of interest.

*박멸하다 s. 撲滅 (칠) (멸) To beat out or extinguish—as fire; to suppress; to quell; to put down.

*박명하다 s. 薄命 얇을) (목숨) To be useless—of one's life; to be unlucky. *See* 긔박하다.

*박모 s. 薄暮 (얇을) (저물) Sunset; dusk, twilight.

*박문 s. 博聞 (넓을) (드를) Learning; erudition.

*박문슈 s. 朴文秀 (성) (글) (빼여날) A.D. 1752 F.S. 高靈 A noted general of the reign of *Yong-jong*, also a great scholar.

*박문하다 s. 博聞 (넓을) (드를) To learn; to be well-informed, to hear many different things.

*박물 s. 博物 (넓을) (물건) Things exhibited in a museum or exhibition.

*박물국 s. 博物局 (넓을) (물건) (관) The Government bureau which controls all matters relating to museums or exhibitions.

*박물군주 s. 博物君子 (넓을 (물건) 님금 아들) A connoisseur of curios etc.

*박물관 博物舘 (넓을) 물건) (집) A museum.

*박물원 s. 博物院 (넓을) (물건) (집) A museum.

*박물장소 s. 博物商 (넓을) 물건) (장소—*상) A knickknack peddlar

*박물학 博物學 넓을 물건) (비홀) Natural history

*박물학교 s. 博物學校 넓을 물건) (학교) Natural history school

*박물학자 s. 博物學者 (넓을) (물건) (비홀) (놈) A naturalist.

박박 *l.* Gnawing; scraping.

*박박 *l.* Tight; hard; stiff.

*박박하다 s. To be tight; to be narrow; to be dry and hard. To be oppressive; to be stingy.

*박복하다 s. 薄福 (얇을) (복) To be unlucky; to be unfortunate. *See* 박덕하다.

*박봉 s. 薄俸 (얇을) (봉급) A small salary allowance or pension—received from the Government or by a retainer from the temple of his clan; also used in a depreciatory sense of oneself.

*부득이 s. 不得已 (못 (얻) (아닐—*불) (엇을, (얻) Without help, at any cost. *See* 부득이.

*박빙 s. 薄氷 (얇을) (어름) Thin layer of ice.

*박살하다 s. 撲殺 (칠) (죽일) To beat to death. To smash.

*박산 s. 朴山 (성) (산이) A.D. 1506 A faithful writer N.P. Nul-ja (訥齋).

*박상리 s. 朴尙喪 (성) 오히려) (숙) F.S. 羅州 N.P. 潘南. A minister of state of Korea.

*박상흠 s. 朴尙惠 (성) (오히려) (가온데) A.D. 1389-1392. A famous scholar in reign of Kong-yang.

*박석 s. 磚石 (박석) (돌) A large flat stone.

*박석산 磚石山 (박석) (돌) (외) A mountain in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.16 Long. 124.40

박션 s. Candy mixed with some kind of nuts. (Prov.) *See* 빙사과

*박세셩 s. 朴世城 (성) (인간) (재) A minister of state of the time of *Hyŏn-jong*.

*박세치 s. 朴世采 (성) (인간 (치석) A.D. 1691 F.S. 羅州 N.P. 玄石. A minister of state of *Suk-jong*.

박슈 *s.* 覡 (*격) A sorcerer; a fortune-teller. *See* 무당.

*박슈레 *s.* 拍手禮 (칠) (손) (례도) Applause—by clapping the hands.

*박슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拍手 (칠) (손) To clap the hands.

*박슌 *s.* 朴淳 (성) (슌박) A.D. 1[illegible] N.P. 思菴. A minister of state of *Son-jo.*

박슌젼 *s.* 朴順全 (성) (슌들) (밧ᄂᆞᆫ) A.D. 1[illegible] N.P. 羅州. A minister of state of *Yon-san-chu.*

*박슝하 *s.* 朴承宗 (성) (니을) (마루) A.D. 1622 F.S. 潛陽. A minister of state of *Kwang-ha-ju.*

*박식 *s.* 薄食 (얇을) (밥) Poor fare. *See* 악식.

*박식 *s.* 博識 (넓을) (알) Wide knowledge; experience. *See* 박람.

*박ᄉᆞ *s.* 博士 (넓을) (션비) The royal astrologer; the king's sorcerer. A wise man; a scholar.

*박식 *s.* 薄色 (얇을) (빗) A thin homely woman. *See* 슈박.

박아 [illegible] Half of a gourd used as a dish.

박아지긁다 *s.* 어; 은 To scratch a gourd—to strive uselessly; to fight vainly.

*박영 *s.* 朴英 (성) (쏫부리) F.S. 密陽 N.P. 松堂. A minister leader of the time of *Chung-jong.*

박원원 [illegible] A.D. 1871 F.S. 高靈. A minister of state of *Chol-jong.*

*박옥 *s.* 璞玉 (옥돌) (구슬) Jade tak from the inside of a rock; fine ince M

박옴ᄀᆞᆫ다 [illegible] *붕) To sew with stitches doubled over; to sew tightly.

*박의박식 *s.* 薄衣薄食 (얇은 옷) (얇은) (밥) Cheap clothes and poor fare. *Opp.* 호의호식.

*박의중 *s.* 朴宜中 (성) (맛당) (가온ᄃᆡ) A.D. 1[illegible] N.P. Chong-ja. (貞嘉).

박이것 *s.* (박) A stitched garment -that cannot be taken apart for washing.

박이다 *s.* (박) 박여; 인 To be stuck into; to be driven in—as a nail.

박이다 *s.* (박) 박여; 인 To stitch over and over.

*박ᄋᆡ *s.* 博愛 (넓을) (ᄉᆞ랑) Enlarged benevolence; humanity.

*박ᄋᆡᄒᆞ다 *s.* 博愛 (넓을) (ᄉᆞ랑) To love mankind; to be benevolent.

박원종 [illegible] (성) (옷들) (마루) A.D. [illegible] A minister of state [illegible] *g* whose tablet is in the [illegible]

*박원현 *s.* 朴元亨 (성) (옷들) (형통) A.D. F.S. 伯山 N.P. 昭靖. A minister of ta[illegible] the *Chung-mjo.*

박작박작ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bubble. To be in commotion. *See* 곡작복작ᄒᆞ다

*박장대쇼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拍掌大笑 (칠) (손바닥) (큰) (우슴) To clap the hands and laugh loudly. *See* 간간대쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*박졀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 迫切 갓가울 (곤졀) To be treated unkindly. To be urgent. To [illegible]

[illegible] (얇을) (ᄆᆞᆯ) To be [illegible] To have little heart. *See* [illegible] 다

[illegible] 宗敬 (성) (마루) (경소) A.D. [illegible] 蘭南. A great general of the [illegible] ary clan of the time of *Sun-[illegible]*

[illegible] 潘州 N.P. 忠烈. A [illegible] ce of *Chong-jong.*

[illegible] [illegible] A.D. 1833 F.S. 益溪. A minister of state of *Sun-jo.*

박쥐 *s.* 蝙蝠 (편) (복) A bat. *See* 편복.

박젓우산 *s.* 傘 (박ᄀᆞ—*양) (일산—*산) A parasol, an umbrella.

*박슉 *s.* 薄酒 (얇을) (술) Thin spirit. *See* 악슉.

*박슉슈 *s.* 朴淑壽 (성) (두루) (목숨) A.D. 1847 F.S. 潛溪. A noted scholar and general of the time of *Sun-jo.*

*박ᄉᆞ원 *s.* 朴思源 (성) (ᄉᆞᆯ) (근원) A.D. [illegible] [illegible] eral of the reign of *Chong-jong.*

박지기 *s.* The hawk moth. *Sphinx quinquemaculatus.*

*박지 *s.* 雹災 (우박) (지앙) A scourge of hail. *See* 우박.

*박지 *s.* 薄才 (얇을) (지조) Small intel[illegible] [illegible] ability. Also used in a depreciatory sense of oneself.

박차다 *v.* 踢 (칠—*현) 차; 한 To kick; to kick out; to drive off.

박착ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] (얇은) [illegible] To be thinly clad; to be poorly clothed.

*박 [illegible] s. 朴[illegible] 성 (나울) 왕 A.D. 1739 F.S. 顯宗. A noted general of the time of *Yŏng-jong.*

*박천 s. 博川 (넓을) (내) A prefecture in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat 39.43 Long 125.48

*박천강 s. 博川江 (넓을) (내) (물) A river in P'yŏng-an-do.

*박초 s. 朴硝 (검박) (염초) Sulphate of soda.

*박충원 s. 朴忠元 (성) (충성) (으뜸) A.D. [illegible] F.S. 宣陽. A minister of state of *Mo[illegible]*

*박탁 s. 斲啄 (칠을) (조을) A kind of woodpecker.

*박탈하다 s. 剝奪 (칠을) (세아칠) To strip [illegible] by force; to carry off, to take away; to deprive of.

*박태보 s. 朴泰輔 (성) (클) (도울) F.S. 羅州 N.P. 定齋. A royal censor who died for the letters of his [illegible] *Sukjong.*)

*박태상 s. 朴泰尙 (성) (클) (오히려) F.S. 潘南. A [illegible] minister of state of *Suk-jong.*

*박태유 s. 朴泰維 (성) (클) (오직) F.S. 羅州 N.P. 白石. An older brother of 태상.

*박피 s. 縛皮 (얽을 (쇠) Metal hoops or bands about a dish

*박토 s. 薄土 (엷을) (흙) Barren earth. *See* 박피

박해 s. Extremely, violently; of beating, or coughing.

*박피하다 s. 剝皮 (칠할) (가죽) To flay; to skin.

*박필년 s. 朴弼年 (성) (짝) (히) A.D. 1453-1456. One of the six ministers who died in behalf of king Tan-jong. F.S. 順天 N.P. Chwi-Keum (翠琴

*박하 s. 薄荷 (엷을) (련) Peppermint *Mentha arvensis.*

*박하명 s. 薄荷錠 (엷을) (련) (쇠) Peppermint candy.

*박하유 s. 薄荷油 (엷을) (련) (기름) Oil of peppermint.

*박학 s. 博學 (넓을) (비홀) Learned; well-informed; erudite; well-read.

*박학사 s. 博學士 (넓을) (비홀) (션비) A doctor of letters.

*박학하다 s. 博學 (넓을) (비홀) To be widely read; to be a great scholar. *See* 박람하다.

박회 s. 輪 (*륜) A wheel.

*박회숙 s. 朴晦叔 (성) (그믐) (묵을) A.D. 1846 F.S. 羅州 N.P. 玉谷. A minister of state of *Hon-jong.*

*반고수 s. 班古[illegible] (성) (옛) (늙은이) F.S. 錦山 A minister of state of *Kwang-[illegible]*

박휘 s. A cockroach. *Blatta.* *See* 강귀

박히다 s. (박) 박히; 친 To be nailed; to be driven into, to be stuck in.

*박하다 s. 薄 (엷을) To be miserly; to be mean. To be poor; to be few. *Opp.* 후하다. *See* 린하다.

*반 l. 半 (반) Half. Written before the noun—a half, written after -this and a half.

*반 s. 盤 (서릴) A round shape—as of a pine tree. A dish; a plate. (Prov.) Cotton spread out for padding (짐다).

반가워하다 *[illegible] (즐거울 *최) To be glad; to see with pleasure.

반간노릇 l. 離反間 (노흘—*졸) (도흘—*반) (소이—*간) 하; 혼 To make mischief; to set friends at variance. *See* 리간붓치다.

*반감하다 l. 半減 (절반) (감할) To diminish by half; to reduce, to lessen, or abbreviate by half.

*반값 l. 半價 (절반) (갑—*가) Half the price.

반갑다 s. 歡喜 (즐거울—*환, (즐길—*희) 가와; 은 To be glad, to be happy; to be pleased.

*반기물중이 l. A [illegible]ther one thing nor the other; neither Buddhist nor layman.

반덤중이 l. 未了 (못흘—*리) (못칠—*료) An upstart; a [illegible]rvent One neither low class nor of the [illegible]try.

*반가하다 s. 盤跗 (셔[illegible]) (거러안질) To sit with legs crossed.

반결치기 l. 半搏 (절반—*반) (걸—*패) What is [illegible] of me, what is half finished.

*반계 l. 半鷄 (반) (돍) A mixed breed of fowls

*반계곡경 s. 盤旋曲逕 (서릴) (길) (굽을) (길) Resorting to wrong means; by hook or crook. A crooked business.

*반경 l. 半經 (절반) (길) A radius

*반고 s. 班固 (반렬) (굿을) D.A.D. 92. A great and noted author of China.

*반고씨 s. 盤古氏 (소반) (네) (각씨—*시) A legendary being said to have been developed from chaos -and to have assisted at the making of the universe. *See* 텬황씨.

*반공 f. 半工 (반) (장인) Half a day's job (as of a workman).

*반공 f. 半空 (절반) (빈) The upper air; space.

*반고데 f. 半固体 (반) (굳을) (몸) Semi-solid substance.

*반공에 f. 半空 (절반) (빈) In mid-air. See 공중에.

*반공일 f. 半空日 (절반) (빈) (날) Saturday. See 관공일.

*반공중에 f. 半空中 (절반) (빈) (가운데) In mid-air. See 반공에.

*반구 f. 半球 (절반) (구슬) Half of the globe or world, a hemisphere.

*반구 s. 斑鳩 (아롱이) (비둘이) The blue rock-pigeon.

*반구형 f. 半球形 (반) (구슬) (형상) Hemispherical form.

*반구하다 f. 返柩 (도라올) (관) To take a corpse back home.

*반금 f. 半金 (반) (쇠) Half of a sum of money; half the price of anything. See 반값.

*반급하다 s. 頒給 (논홀) (줄) To distribute; to divide among—as gifts among officials.

*반기 f. 半旗 (절반, 긔) Half mast flag.

*반기달다 f. 懸半旗 (다) (절반) (긔) (*긔) 다라; 단 To fly a flag at half mast.

*반기드레다 f. 半旗掲載 (절반) (긔) (도상) (혜도) To fly the flag at half mast in honor of the dead.

반기 s. The sacrificial food offered to guests at a ceremony. (Prov.)

반기다 s. 歡喜 (즐거울 *환) (깃불—*기) 반겨; 긴 To be glad, to be pleased, to be happy.

*반기 f. 半開 (절반) (열) Half-open—of a gate or flower; half-civilized or semi-barbarous—of a country

*반기하다 f. 半開 (절반) (열) To be half-civilized; to be half in bloom.

*반기화인 f. 半開化人 (절반) (열) (될) (사롬) A half-civilized man.

*반관보 f. 半官報 (절반) (벼슬) (갑홀) Semi official gazette.

*반나절 f. 半晌 (절반) (날빗—*향) An hour or two; a considerable time.

*반년 f. 半年 (절반) (히) Half year.

반다지 f. A kind of wardrobe half of which opens with a door.

*반당 s. 伴當 (딱) (무리) Actors, who accompanied the Chinese envoy on his way to Korea.

*반당 f. 反黨 (도리킬) (무리) Rival associations or parties; a band of conspirators; rebels.

반당이 s. 蘇魚 (차죽이—*소) (고기—*어) A small white flat fish.

*반도 f. 半島 (절반) (셤) A peninsula

*반도 f. 半道 (절반) (길) Half-way—on the road to a place or in a journey See 중도.

*반도국 f. 半島國 (절반) (셤) (나라) A peninsular kingdom.

*반도이폐하다 f. 半途而廢 (절반) 길 (말이) (폐홀) To leave off [illegible], to stop in the middle.

*반동 f. 反動 (도리킬) (움직일) Reaction—applied both to physical changes and to a change in popular feeling; chemical reaction.

*반동력 f. 反動力 (도리킬) (움직일) (힘) Resistance; opposition.

*반동력소성 f. 反働的固性 (도리킬) (로동홀) (역실) (굳을) (성품) Reactive rigidity.

*반동하다 f. 反動 (도라올) (움직일) To react.

*반됴 f. 反照 (도리킬) (빗초일) Reflection.

*반됴하다 f. 反照 (도리킬) (빗초일) To [illegible], as a looking-glass.

반두 s. 魚網 (고기 *어) (그물—*망) A small fishing net.

반동건동하다 s. To be half and half. See 비승비속.

반드럽다 s. 沃若 (기름길—*옥) (그홀—*약 러워; 은 [illegible] To be slippery

반득거리다 s 거려; 린 To flash; to light up at intervals.

반득반득하다 s. To flash; to light up at intervals.

반들반들하다 s. To be smooth; to be slippery. See 빤질빤질하다.

반듯하다 s. 平 (평홀—*평) To be horizontal; to be flat; to be even.

반딧 s. 螢 (반딧불—*형) The glow worm. [illegible]

반딧불 s. 螢火 (*형) (불) The light of the firefly; a firefly.

반둥거리다 s. 거려; 린 To swagger; to make pretentions.

반두시 *s.* 必 (반돗—*필) Necessarily; certainly. *See* 필연.

*반둘 *l.* 半月 (절반) (둘 —*월) Half a moon; a half month. *Opp.* 원둘.

*반둘연 *l.* 半月鳶 (절반) (둘—*월) (솔개—*연) A half moon kite—so marked.

*반디 / 反對 (도랄 딕) (디홀 Opposition

*반딩당 *l.* 反對黨 (도리킬) (디홀) (무리) Opposite political party, the opposition.

*반디투표 *l.* 反對投票 (도리킬) (디홀) (여킬) (표) Negative vote.

*반디ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 反對 (도리킬) (디홀) To be opposite; to act contrary to; to dissent.

반덕이 *s.* A cake; a flat object.

*반락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 般樂 (일반) (즐거울) To be glad; to be happy; to be easygoing. (Comp.)

*반란 *l.* 叛亂 (반홀) (어지러울) Revolution; rebellion.

*반렬 *s.* 班列 (반렬) (벌) Social standing; position

*반록 *s.* 頒祿 (반포홀) (록) Government pay. *See* 방료.

*반룡산 *s.* 盤龍山 (소반) (룡) (외) A mountain in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.45 Long. 126.08.

*반룡산 *s.* 蟠龍山 (서릴) (룡) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do (P'a-ju).

*반륜 *s.* 半輪 (절반) (박회) The moon when crescent-shaped.

*반마 *s.* 斑馬 (아루럭) (몰) A spotted or piebald horse.

*반마삭 *s.* 絆馬索 (얽을) (몰) (노) A rope for tripping up horses—used in ancient warfare.

*반마ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 返馬 (도라올) (몰) To return as the bride to the home of the bridegroom—after a wedding. *See* 회마.

*반맘 *s.* 絆網 얽을 그믈 A rope passed through the nose of an ox; a halter.

*반말 *l.* 半辭 (절반) (말솜—*사) Half talk—language lacking in respectful endings.

*반면 / 半面 (절반) (낟) A side face in a portrait; half a face.

*반면ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 反面 (도라올) (낟) To be opposed; to turn the face away from.

*반명 *s.* 班名 (반렬) (일홈) The country gentry; one of noble blood. *See* 스뉴.

*반명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 返命 (도라올) (명홀) To bring back an answer to the emperor.

*반묘 *s.* 斑猫 (아루럭 (고양이) Cantharides—from which medicine is made The Spanish fly.

*반묘조 *s.* 斑猫醋 (아루럭) (고양이) (초) Acetum Cantharidis.

*반무ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 返武 (도라올) (호반) To fall from the literary to the military rank.

*반미 *s.* 飯米 (밥) (쌀) Rice to be used as food

반밋치광이 / A half crazy loon; a foolish person.

*반벌 *s.* 班閥 (반렬) (벌) One of the gentry; one of noble blood. *See* 러력.

*반박지한 *s.* 班駁之漢 (아루럭) (얼네울) 갈, (아) What is partial or unfair and so disturbs one

반반ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be smooth; to be even—a planed board. *See* 뻑뻑ᄒᆞ다.

반빤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be slippery; to be smooth. *See* 뻔빤ᄒᆞ다.

*반벙어리 *s.* 半啞 (절반) (벙어리—*아) A half mute; a half dumb person.

반벙두리 *s.* A small brass plate.

*반벙신 *s.* 半病身 (절반) (병) (몸) A half paralytic.

*반보 *l.* 半步 (절반) (거름) Half a step.

*반보 *l.* 反報 (도리킬) (갑홀) A reprisal.

*반복쇼인 / 反覆小人 (도리킬) (업흘) (적을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A knave; a rascal; a deceitful character. *See* 쇼인.

*반복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 反覆 (도리킬) (업흘) To be irresolute; to be pliable. To be reversed, to change sides, to repeat an action.

*반뵈 *s.* 斑布 (아루럭) (뵈—*포) A kind of checked cotton.

*반분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 半分 (절반) (논홀) To halve, to cut in two.

*반불여초 *l.* 反不如初 (도리킬) (아닐, 不) (같을) (처음) Worse and worse; not even up to the beginning.

*반비 *s.* 盤費 (천디) (허비) Expenses of the road. *See* 반젼.

*반비 *s.* 飯婢 (밥) (죵) A female cook—a slave.

*반비 *l.* 反比 (도리킬) (견줄) Inverse ratio, reciprocal of a ratio.

*반비 *s.* 潘妃 (성) (계집) A.D. 501. A beautiful queen of China who is said to have started the custom of foot-binding.

반비돔이 *s.* What is half dry.

*반비례 *l.* 反比例 (도리킬) (견줄) (례례) Inverse proportion.

*반빗하님 s. 飯婢 (밥)(종 *비) A female slave.

반빗앗치 s. A female slave. *See* 반빗하님.

*반빙 l. 半氷 (절반)(어름) Thin ice.

반비 l. A half-sleeved outer jacket.

*반비 l. 半臂 (절반)(비 *팔) Half-way up a mountain.

*반빅 l. 半百 (절반)(일빅) Half a hundred —of fifty years of age.

반비부루다 l. 붇너; 은 To eat only half enough, to be only half satisfied.

*반빅 s. 頒白 (아롱질)(흰) Half white —of the hair; sprinkled with gray.

*반사학 l. 反射學 (도리킬)(쏠)(비홀) Catoprics.

*반산 l. 半產 (절반)(히산) An abortion; a miscarriage.

*반상 s. 盤床 (소반)(상) A set of dishes. *See* 긔명.

*반샤 l. 反射 (도리킬)(쏠) Reflection.

*반사각 l. 反射角 (도리킬)(쏠)(쎨) Angle of reflection.

*반사경션 l. 反射鏡線 (도리킬)(쏠)(거울)(줄) Catoptrics.

*반사망원경 l. 反射望遠鏡 (도리킬)(쏠)(바랄)(멀)(거울) A reflecting telescope.

*반샤ᄒᆞ다 l. 反射 (도리킬)(쏠) To shoot back, to reflect.

*반샹 s. 班常 (바를 썻씻) Gentry and common people. 양반과 샹놈.

*반상ᄒᆞ다 l. 返上 (도라올)(올닐) To return or pay back.

*반셕 l. 半石 (절반)(돌) A post station in Kyong-sang do.

*반셕 s. 礬石 (돌)(돌) Alum shale.

*반셕지종 s. 磐石之宗 (돌)(돌)(갈)(마루) What is built on a rock—of national strength.

*반셰 l. 半世 (절반)(인간) Middle-aged; half of a man's life.

*반셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 半醒 (절반) 술, To partially recover from intoxication; to begin to get sober.

*반셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 反省 (도리킬)(술필) To examine one's self.

*반숑 s. 盤松 (서릴) (소나무) An umbrella shaped ornamental pine.

*반수 l. 反數 (도리킬)(두어) Reciprocal.

*반수이상 l. 半數以上 (절반)(두어)(쎠)(웃) A majority.

*반슈 s. 班首 (반렬)(머리) The chief; the leader of a firm or office.

*반슈기망 l. 反受其殃 (도리킬)(받을, 그 기당 [illegible] success.

*반슉되다 l. 半熟 (반)(닉을) 여; 된 To be half [illegible] be party done.

*반슌ᄒᆞ다 l. 反脣 (도리킬)(입설) To be angry.

*반승 s. 絆繩 (얽을)(노) A bridle.

*반승반쇽 l. 半僧半俗 (절반)(중)(절반)(속쇽) Half bonze, half layman. *See* 비승비쇽.

*반시 l. 半時 (절반)(쎠) A half Korean hour—one hour of Western time.

*반시 s. 盤柿 (소반)(감) A large variety of persimmon.

반시 s. Materials.

*반신 l. 叛臣 (비반)(신하) A traitorous minister; a rebel courtier. *See* 역적.

*반신반의ᄒᆞ다 l. 半信半疑 (절반)(밋을 (절반 의심 [illegible] trust. *See* 기연가미연가.

*반신불슈 l. 半身不遂 (절반)(몸)(아닐 (일을) A paralytic—of whom half the body is paralyzed. *See* 전신불슈.

*반실ᄒᆞ다 l. 半失 (절반) (일흘) To be half wasted or lost.

*반심 l. 叛心 (비반) (모음) A rebel's heart; feelings of revolt. (먹다).

반소 s. A man of business; one in office. (Prov.

*반소ᄒᆞ다 s. 班師 (도리킬) (군소) To make military dispositions; to arrange a plan of campaign.

*반소ᄒᆞ다 s. 頒賜 (반포ᄒᆞ올) (줄) To divide; to distribute; to apportion; to allot — used only in regard to distribution by [illegible]

반쇠ᄒᆞ다 l. 喜色 (깃붐—*희) (빗—*식) To be delighted; to be greatly pleased. *See* 반갑다.

*반셩반슉ᄒᆞ다 l. 半生半熟 (절반, 날, (절반 [illegible] raw—of what is cooked. *See* 닉을낙말낙.

*반싱반소 l. 半生半死 (절반) (날) (절반) 죽을 Half alive and half dead.

*반야 l. 半夜 (절반) (밤) Midnight.

*반야경 s. 般若經 (가지) (경) (반야—*야) (경 *경) A Buddhist term, being a transliteration of the Sanscrit.

*반양제 l. 半洋製 (절반) (바다) (지을) Half foreign style. *I bought it ding.

*반역 l. 反逆 (도리킬) (거스릴) Rebellion; treason

*반역하다 l. 叛逆 (배반) (거스릴) To revolt; to rebel *See* 역모하다.

*반연 s. 攀緣 (밧들) (인연) Grounds for friendship; a bond of union.

반연히 s. Clearly; definitely. *See* 명백히.

*반연하다 s. 攀緣 (밧들) (인연) To associate with; to keep company with -as a means to an end.

*반우 l. 返虞 (도라올) (제사) A sacrifice offered on return from a burial. *See* 반혼.

*반유 s. 盤乳 (소반) (젓) A post station in Kyong-kui do.

*반음영 l. 半陰影 (절반) (그늘) (그림자) Penumbra.

*반의 s. 班衣 (아루럭) (옷) Theatrical costumes.

*반이반 l. 半之半 (절반) (갈—*지) (절반) About ¼ of anything; a quarter.

*반응 l. 反應 (도리킬) (응할) Reaction;—applied both to physical changes and to a change in popular feeling; chemical reaction.

*반응하다 l. 反應 (도리킬) (응할) To betray; to exhibit reaction.

*반이하다 s. 搬移 (반이할) (옴길) To shift; to remove; to transfer. *See* 이우.

*반인 l. 伴人 (풀) (사롬) Underlings of the Confucian College—meat peddlers. *See* 판놈.

*반일 l. 半日 (절반) (날) Half a day. *See* 호나절

*반액 l. 半額 (절반) (이마) Half of the sum or amount of anything; also used in the sense of half of a company or a quorum.

*반완하다 s. 蟠蜿 (서릴) (낙적일) To wriggle along the ground; to crawl—of snakes.

*반원 l. 半圓 (절반) (둥굴) A semicircle; a half yen or dollar.

*반월 l. 半月 (절반) (둘) A half-moon; half a month.

반싹 s. Quickly; with a jerk—as something lifted. Sparkling. *See* 번쩍.

반작반작하다 s. 耿耿 (붉을—*경) (붉을—*경) To sparkle; to flash.

*반작이하다 s. 半作 (절반) (지을) To halve; to divide. *See* 반하작하다.

*반장하다 l. 返葬 (도라올) (장사) To bring a body home for burial. *See* 반구하다.

*반작하다 s. 反嚼 (도리킬) (씹을) To ruminate; to chew the cud. *See* 사임김하다.

*반장 l. 泮長 (물) (어룬) The chief officer of a Confucian college. *See* 대소생.

*반장 s. 班長 (반렬) (어룬) The first in order of precedence; the senior in rank; the premier—of peers.

*반장화 s. 半長靴 (절반) (긴) (신) Half boots.

*반적 l. 叛賊 (비반) (도적) A usurper; a rebel. *See* 역적.

*반전 l. 半錢 (절반) (돈) Half a cent; half a penny.

*반전 s. 盤纏 (서릴) (허비) Funds supplied to one on official business; money for a journey. *See* 로조.

*반전하다 l. 半轉 (절반) (굴) To turn round in one's sleep; to sleep on one's back. To be opposed to; to oppose.

*반절 l. 半折 (절반) (꼬굴) A half sheet of paper. *See* 절반.

*반절 l. 反切 (도리킬) (근절) The *Unmun* syllabary. *See* 언문.

*반절하 s. 班節蝦 (아루럭) (마뎌) (새오) A lobster. *Pinacus canaliculatus.*

*반정하다 l. 反正 (도라올) (바를) To seize authority and rule righteously, To restore to a proper condition.

*반조반이 l. 半租半米 (절반) (벼) (절반) (쌀) Half paddy and half rice. *See* 뉘반지기.

*반종 s. 班種 (반렬) (씨) One descended from the gentry; one of noble blood.

*반주 s. 班紬 (아루럭) (런쥬) Cloth with cotton warp and silk woof *See* 아롱주.

*반주 s. 飯酒 (밥) (술) Liquor drank at meals.

*반죽 s. 斑竹 (아루럭) (대) Ornamented bamboos; an ornamented pipe stem.

반죽하다 s. 交合 (사괼 *교) (모돌—*합) To mix paste or dough.

반지기 s. Half—as an ingredient or compound.

반지름하다 s. 로와; 온 To be smooth; to be even. *Opp.* 것치다

반질반질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be smooth; to be sleek, to be shiny. *See* 것질것질ᄒᆞ다.

반질다 s. 作片 (지을—*작) (조각—*편) 지어, 은 T [illegible] t [illegible]

반질반르다 [illegible] 滑澤 기름ᄀᆞᆺ [illegible] 오만ᄒᆞᆫ—*오) 발나; 바른 To be haughty; to be [illegible] 교만ᄒᆞ다.

*반조 l. 半字 (절반) (글ᄌᆞ) A contracted form for written characters. (질ᄒᆞ다).

반조 s. 天障 (하ᄂᆞᆯ—*텬) (악ᄒᆞᆯ—*장) The ceiling. *See* 텬장.

반조밧다 s. 아; 은 To rise to the ceiling —of anger; to fly into a rage.

*반조봉셩 l. 半字不成 (절반) (글ᄌᆞ) (아닐) (일홈) A contracted form for written characters. *See* 반조.

*반조젹겁 [illegible] (돌) (겁ᄒᆞᆯ) Diamagnetisms.

*반조지명 l. 半字之名 (절반) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆺ) (일홈) A half character name—a son-in-law. *See* 사회.

*반조룬 反坐律 [illegible] Law that punishes one for a crime of which one has accused another.

*반좌ᄒᆞ다 l. 反坐 (도리킬) (안질) To be found guilty of a crime of which one has accused another person

*반ᄒᆞᆫ [illegible] with rice. *See* 건진이.

*반창고 l. 絆創膏 (얽ᄋᆞᆯ) (처ᄆᆞᆯ) (기ᄅᆞᆷ) An adhesive plaster.

*반쳥여 s. 班蝶舞 (반렵) (졉질) (졉질) [illegible] and good name in the kingdom of *Han* Chion

*반촌 s. 班村 (반렬) (마ᄋᆞᆯ) A village or settlement of the gentry. *Opp.* 민촌.

*반쵸 s. 班超 (반렬) (쎌) A.D. [illegible] A great scholar and general o. *H* n ancient China.

*반취 s. 班鳩 (반렬) (장가갈) T [illegible] ary wild [illegible] 반ᄃᆞᆯ

*반취ᄒᆞ다 l. 半醉 (절반) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) To be half drunk.

반처기 l. A poor member of the gentry; a useless person.

*반쳐 s. 班次 (반렬) (버금) Order; gradation; precedence.

*반타작ᄒᆞ다 l. 半打作 절반 [illegible] 을 [illegible] To be half a crop; to be half of the harvest

반텩 s. About the middle; about a half.

반팔등가리 l. An inner half-sleeved jacket.

*반편 l. 半偏 (절반) (편) A half-witted person. *See* 병신.

*반편말 s. Literal 'half a word'; a one-sided statement

*반포 s. 斑布 (아로ᄅᆞ) (뵈) A kind of checked cotton cloth. Chintz; creton.

반포 s. 班彪 (반렴) (표ᄆᆡᆼ) A [illegible] A historical writer, but chiefly [illegible] [illegible] ther of the historian Pan Ku.

반포 反哺 (도리킬) (먹일) Literally, "return feeding"; used only in an expression illustrative of filial affection or gratitude.

*반포지은 l. 反哺之恩 (도리킬) 먹일) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (은혜) Filial devotion; children's gratitude shown to parents.

*반포ᄒᆞ다 s. 頒布 (반포ᄒᆞᆯ) (펄) To issue a proclamation; to announce officially

*반하 l. 半夏 (절반) (녀름) A bean like medicinal plant *Pinellia tuberifera.* Half the summer

*반하 l. 半晌 (절반) (ᄒᆡ빗) A considerable time; an hour or two. *See* 반일

*반향 l. 反響 (도리킬) (소리) An echo.

*반호 s. 班戶 (반렬) (집) Houses of the gentry *See* 민호.

[illegible] sacrifice offered on return from a burial.

*반혼ᄒᆞ다 l. 返魂 (도라올) (혼) To return home—of the soul after the burial of the body. *See* 반우ᄒᆞ다.

*반혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 班婚 (반렬) (혼인) To contract a marriage with one of a lower class. *See* 민취ᄒᆞ다.

*반흉반길ᄒᆞ다 l. 半凶半吉 (절반) (흉ᄒᆞᆯ) (절반) (길ᄒᆞᆯ) To be half ill-omened and half propitious.

*반ᄒᆞ다 l. 叛 (ᄇᆡ반) To revolt; to rebel. To be given up to—as evil.

반ᄒᆞ다 l. 沉惑 (줌길 -*혹) (고혹ᄒᆞᆯ) To be fascinated; to be seduced.

*반힝 l. 半行 (절반) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) A grass character style of writing. *See* 반초.

*반힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 伴行 (ᄆᆞᆨ) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To travel together.

*반환상 s. 半環狀 (절반) (고리) (형상) Semicircular; a semicircle.

*반환ᄒᆞ다 l. 返還 (도라올) (도라올) To send back; to repay—as money; to return; to restore; used also in regard to the restoration of hostages.

*반ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. [illegible] 빅, [illegible] 줌길, [illegible] waste time; to dally; to be useless. (B. O.)

발 *s.* 足 (*족) The foot; a leg—of a table etc. Vermicelli strings. 달다).

발 *l.* 把 (잡을—*파) A measure—of the arms; an armful.

발 *l.* 簾 (*렴) A bamboo curtain or screen. (치다) (드리우다). *See* 휘렴

*발각나다 *s.* 發覺 (필) (버드를) 나; 난 To come to light, to become known. *See* 탄로ᄒᆞ다.

*발각ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發覺 (필) (버드를) To make known; to bring to light. *See* 탄로ᄒᆞ다.

*발간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發刊 (필) 삭일) To publish (as news); to print.

*발감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發甘 (필) (돔) To announce orders to subordinates. *See* 발판ᄒᆞ다.

발강이 *s.* The carp.

발거리놋다 *l.* 하; 혼 To discourage another from attempting what would prove profitable; to deprive another of profit or gain. *See* 훼방치다.

*발거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拔去 (뽑) (갈) To pluck out and throw away; to weed out.

*발검ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拔劍 (뽑) (칼) To draw a sword.

*발견자 *s.* 發見者 (필) (볼) (놈) A discoverer.

*발견ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發見 (필) (볼) To discover; to find, to detect.

*발구 *s.* 撥只 (놈을) (又골) A sled; a sleigh.

*발군 *s.* 撥軍 (핫칠) (군소) An official courier.

*발군ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發軍 (필) (군소) To send off troops; to march out an army.

발꿈치 *s.* 跟 (*근) The heel. *See* 발뒤굼치.

발ᄆᆞᆫ발ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be susceptible; to be irascible; to be hasty. *See* 분ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다.

*발근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拔根 (뽑) (뿌리) To pull up by the roots. *See* 거근ᄒᆞ다.

발긋장이 *l.* A rascal—who should be pulled to pieces (an ancient form of torture,. *See* 목욕와마ᄃᆞᆯ.

*발급ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 撥給 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (줄) To give; to pay, to pay up.

발기 *s.* 發記 (맛을—*장) (긔록 *긔) A catalogue; a price list; an account; a bill. (잡다). *See* 물목.

*발긔인 *s.* 發起人 (필) (니러날) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One who plans, or organizes; an originator; a projector; a promoter.

*발긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勃起 (셩ᄒᆞᆫ) (닐) To happen suddenly —of things; to appear suddenly when unexpected of persons; to show a sudden improvement —as a person's prospects.

*발긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發起 (발ᄒᆞᆯ) (니러날) To originate, to arise, or commence; to set on foot, to start; to be the first to propose.

발기다 *l.* 去核 (보릴—*거) (씨 *핵) 발겨; 긴 To open up; to look into; to pick to stone.

발기다 *l.* 車裂 (수레—*차) (씨질—*렬) 발겨; 긴 To tear to pieces the body of a criminal—an official mode of torture.

발기름 *l.* Fat of the intestines (지다).

발길 *s.* Kicking (질ᄒᆞ다). *See* ᄃᆞ티길.

발길질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To kick; to do kicking.

*발판ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發辦 (필) (짐) To give orders officially to subordinates. *See* 발감ᄒᆞ다

발광ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 白活 (왕청—*빅) (살—*활) To address oneself literally words of mouth. *See* 빅활ᄒᆞ다.

*발광ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發狂 (필) (밋칠) To go crazy. To be wild—as with rage; to "lose one's head." *See* 안달ᄒᆞ다.

발아맛치다 *s.* 맛쳐; 친 To flatter; to pretend admiration for. *See* 발남거리다.

*발낙 *s.* 發落 (필) (허락) A permission; a grant. *See* 입탁.

*발낙발낙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To shake; to rattle; to bubble.

빨내ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 濯衣 (빨—*탁) (옷—*의) To wash linen; to wash clothes. *See* 마전ᄒᆞ다

발낭발낭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 翩動 (가ᄇᆞ야울—*편) (움ᄌᆡ일—*동) To flutter; to rattle. To run quickly.

발녹발녹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To open—as flowers. To be impudent. *See* 빔ᄉᆞᆫ빔ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다.

빨니다 *s.* 強吮 (닙 울—*쩌) (빨—*연) 빨녀; 닌 To give suck to; to be drained of means.

빨니럭안산 *s.* Acidum Valeriamcum.

빨니리안산쏘듸엄 *s.* Sodii Valerianas.

뾸다 *s.* 尖 (쳬죵 *쳠) 아; 짠 To be pointed; to be tapered; to be sharp.

쌀다 *s.* 吮 (뿔 *연) 아; 짠 To suck.

빨다 *s.* 濯 (씨슬—*쳑) 아, 짠 To wash clothes.

발닥 *s.* Backwards. Suddenly; quickly. *See* 발덕.

발쩍발쩍 *s.* Fluttering; palpitating beating. Gulping. (Dim.) *See* 벌쩍 벌쩍.

*발달ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發達 (필) (통달) To grow; to increase; to develop; to improve; to progress; to make one's way in the world; to succeed by one's exertions.

발때 *s.* A hollow bamboo—through which to drink. One's means of support.

*발대한 *s.* 鉢大洽 (바) (큰) (모둘) Surly Island in (Port) Hamilton. Lat. 34.16 Long. 127.33.

발때쥐 *s.* "Foot luck"—that brings one on hand at the proper time.

발딧 *s.* Sore feet—from travel, (나다).

*발뎐긔 *s.* 發電機 (필) (번기) (틀) An electric machine.

*발뎡션 *s.* 拔釘鐵 (뽑) (못) (집게) Nail extractors; pincers.

발도동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 撐足 (교일—*텽) (발—*죡) To stand on tiptoe.

*발[illegible] *s.* 發動機子 [illegible] (전긔) An Electromotive Series.

*발동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發動 (필) (움직일) To be active; to move.

*발됴 *s.* 發條 (필) (가지) A circular spring for moving machinery; a mainspring. *See* 태엽.

발뒤굼ᄎᆡ *s.* 跟 (발뒤굼치—*근) The heel.

발뒤굼치 *s.* 跟 (*근) The heel.

발뒤츅 *s.* 跟 (*근) The heel.

*발딱 *s.* 撥落 (발호) (떠러질) Conclusion; termination, end; result.

*발등ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發令 (필) (호여금) To give an order—officially. *See* 전령ᄒᆞ다.

발도구 [illegible] (로구—*긔) A rice kettle—with three feet.

*발록뎌 *s.* 發祿記 (필) (록) (긔록) A list of pensioners and the share given to each.

*발론ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發論 (필) (의론) To make a motion; to move; to propose.

*발마 *s.* 撥馬 (헤칠) (말) An official courier's horse; a post-horse.

발막 *s.* A kind of leather shoes worn by the gentry.

발막 *l.* A small hut.

발막ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be impudent; to be self-willed. (Prov.)

발맘발맘 *s.* Feeling about—as a blind person; looking here and there. *See* 초점초점.

*발매소 *s.* 發賣所 (필) (팔) (바) An house of sale; a selling shop.

*발매ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發賣 [illegible] (팔) To expose for sale. *See* 방매ᄒᆞ다.

발면 *s.* The hatches of a ship.

*발명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發明 (필) (붉을) To make clear; to prove.

발목동아지 *s.* The ankle. (Prov.)

발목물 *s.* Water ankle deep.

발목 *s.* The small of the leg above the ankle

*발묘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拔錨 (뽑) (닷) To heave up the anchor; to weigh anchor; to sail; to leave port.

*발문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發文 (필) (글) To make known—as official instruction; to announce. *See* 발긔ᄒᆞ다.

발바닥 *s.* 足心 (발—*죡) (ᄆᆞ음—*심) The sole of the foot.

*발반ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發瘢 (필) (발반ᄒᆞᆫ) To come out—as pustules in small-pox.

발발 *s.* Aimlessly: here and there—in walking. *See* 쌜쌜.

발발 *s.* and *l.* Creeping; running; trotting; rustling; trembling. *See* 벌벌.

발발이 *s* A short legged dog.

발발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be light-footed. To be torn; to be used [illegible]

발발ᄒᆞ [illegible] To be energetic; to be active. To be intimate. *See* 친절ᄒᆞ다

발뱡ᄒᆞ다 發明 [illegible] To make clear, to prove. *See* 발명ᄒᆞ다

발방아 *s.* 足舂 (발 -*죡) (방아—*용) A grain pestle—worked by the foot.

*발병ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發兵 (필) (군ᄉᆞ) To raise troops; to muster an army. *See* 긔군ᄒᆞ다.

*발복ᄒᆞ다 發福 [illegible] To be prosperous; to become happy—as the result of the favor of propitious spirits.

발뵈이다 *v* (발보일—*슈 [illegible] To [illegible] 뵈뵈이다.

*발분망식ᄒᆞ다 發憤忘食 [illegible] (밥 [illegible] 니즐) (발 [illegible] To work assiduously without stopping for meals.

*발분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 發憤 (필) (분ᄒᆞᆯ) To be angry; to be furious.

*발배ᄒᆞ다 v. 發配 (필 배) To depart into exile. *See* 멀배ᄒᆞ다

발싸지 s. 裹足布 (쌀 *과) (발 *족) (피 *끈 Inside socks; wrappers for the feet worn inside the socks.

*발산급수 s. 發散級數 (필 산 급 수) (드름) 무어 Divergent series

*발산속선 s. 發散束線 (필 산 속 선) (살) Divergent pencil.

*발산ᄒᆞ다 s. 發散 (필) (초허질) To be scattered abroad; to be here and there.

*발상ᄒᆞ다 s. 發喪 (필) (상소) To announce a death. To let down the hair and perform the ceremony of weeping.

발서 s. 已久 (일의—*이) (오랜—*구) Already; so soon. *See* 일의.

*발서ᄒᆞ다 s. 發誓 (발호 필 세) To swear; to take an oath

*발선ᄒᆞ다 s. 發船 (발선) (비) To sail; to leave port, to start on a voyage.

*발설ᄒᆞ다 s. 發說 (필 설) (말숨) To divulge; to make known

*발섭도도ᄒᆞ다 s. 跋涉跳踏 (봄울) (건널) (봄울) (봄울) To travel to and fro.

*발섭ᄒᆞ다 s. 跋涉 (봄울) (건널) To traverse; to walk over; to go everywhere; to scour the country.

발세 s. The road; one's path—as regards its convenience etc

발쇠 *L* A gun-sight. Information against one—as laid before an official. (그리 다).

발쇠군 *I* An informer. *See* 염탐군.

*발송ᄒᆞ다 s. 發送 (필) (보낼) To send away; to despatch. *See* 리송ᄒᆞ다.

*발슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 發穗 (필) (이삭) To head out—of grain.

*발신ᄒᆞ다 s. 發身 (필) (몸) To be promoted; to enter the ranks of the gentry —of a low class man. *See* 립신ᄒᆞ다.

*발싱ᄒᆞ다 s. 發生 (필) (날) To revive—as plants etc. in spring time.

*발악ᄒᆞ다 s. 發惡 (필) (모질) To be impudent; to be insolent. *See* 시악ᄒᆞ다.

*발양ᄒᆞ다 s. 發揚 (필) (놀날) To winnow; to excite; to stir up.

*발언ᄒᆞ다 s. 發言 (필) (말숨 To speak; to call out. *See* 말론ᄒᆞ다.

*발열 s. 發熱 (필 더울) Fever, heat

*발음 s. 發音 (필) (소리) Pronunciation; sound.

*발음ᄒᆞ다 s. 發音 (필) (소리) To pronounce; to speak; to utter.

*발의ᄒᆞ다 s. 發議 (필) (의론) To make a proposition; to bring forward a motion.

발이 s. 鉢 (*발) A rice bowl; a bowl with a small top.

발이쎄 s. 鉢 (발이—*발) Wooden dishes —as used by the Buddhists.

*발인시 s. 發靷時 (필) (줄) (제) The time of departure with a corpse—for burial.

*발인ᄒᆞ다 發靷 (필) (줄) To haul a funeral. *See* 운구ᄒᆞ다.

*발전ᄒᆞ다 s. 發願 (필 원호 To vow; to express a wish. *See* 축원ᄒᆞ다.

발자거리다 s. 려 ; 린 To flutter; to kick.

발자국 s. 跡 (자최—*적) Footprints. *See* 발자귀.

발자귀 s. 跟 (자최 *적) Footprints. *See* 발자국.

발작발작ᄒᆞ다 s. To rattle; to rustle. To kick; to flutter.

발장단 s. Beating time with the foot. (맛초다).

*발제 s. 癤際 (헐역) (조음 A boil on the face or neck. (나다). *See* 발써.

*발정ᄒᆞ다 s. 發程 (필 길) To set out; to take the road. *See* 발행ᄒᆞ다.

*발종지시 發蹤指示 (필) (자최) (*목록 칠) (보일) Putting on the track; showing the way.

발족발족ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pointed. *See* 벌죽벌죽ᄒᆞ다.

발족ᄒᆞ다 s. To open. To stand up. (귀). *See* 벌족ᄒᆞ다.

*발써 s. 癤際 (헐역) (조음 *제) A boil on the face or neck.

*발진병 發疹病 (발흐) (발반호) (병) An eruptive disease.

*발차ᄒᆞ다 s. 發車 (발호) (수레) To start on a journey; to leave; to start.

*발천ᄒᆞ다 s. 拔薦 (뽑 (천거) To become renowned; to become one of the gentry.

*발쳐ᄒᆞ다 s. 拔萃 (뽑 (뛸기) To be superior, to be great; to be first choice.

발측ᄒᆞ다 s. 巨測 (과측호 *과) (헤아릴 —*측) To be cruel; to be wilful—of a child. *See* 패실ᄒᆞ다.

*발치ᄒᆞ다 s. 發差 (필) (치소) To set constables on the track of. *See* 발포ᄒᆞ다.

발톱 s. 足爪 (발—*쪽) (발톱—*조) The toe-nails.

*발통ᄒᆞ다 s. 發通 (필 (통호) To circulate a letter; to send round notice.

발판 s. 足板 (발—*쪽) (판조—*판) A stepping-stone or block; a stair. *See* 등상.

*발편 s. 隨便 (쉐칠) (편) A government courier.

*발포 s. 發泡 (필) (거품) A blistering plaster.

*발포 s. 鉢浦 (바리ᄀᆡ 개) A translation in Chölla-do. Lat. 34.30 Long. [illegible]

*발포액 s. 發泡液 (필) (거품) (진) Blistering fluid.

*발포제 s. 發泡劑 (필) (거품) (약지을) Blistering medicine.

*발포ᄒᆞ다 s. 發捕 (필) (잡을) To send out constables; to start detectives on the track. *See* 라포ᄒᆞ다.

*발포ᄒᆞ다 s. 發砲 (발호) (대포) To fire off a gun; to shoot; to fire.

*발포ᄒᆞ다 s. 發布 (발호) (펼) To issue, publish, or promulgate.

*발표ᄒᆞ다 s. 發表 (필) (겉) To reveal; to be disclosed; to come out; to appear, to become manifest.

*발한ᄒᆞ다 s. 發汗 (필) (짐) To sweat—in sickness. *See* 작한ᄒᆞ다.

*발항ᄒᆞ다 s. 發航 (필) (빈) To sail, to sail out from a port; to commence a voyage.

*발항ᄒᆞ다 s. 發向 (필) (항호) To set out for any place; to start; to commence a voyage.

*발호ᄒᆞ다 s. 跋扈 (밟을) (중발) To be selfwilled; to be arrogant; to domineer; to carry things with a high hand; to act in an arbitrary manner.

*발효 s. 醱酵 (술닉을) (괴쥬) Fermentation.

*발훈ᄒᆞ다 s. 發訓 [illegible] To issue an order—as a provincial governor.

*발휘ᄒᆞ다 s. 發揮 (필) (두를) To display; to manifest.

*발ᄒᆞ다 s. 發 (필) To issue; to spread; to shoot forth. *See* 퍼다. To shoot. (v.t.)

*발힝 s. 發行 (필) (힝호) Publication. Setting out; starting. *See* 출판; 발간.

*발힝소 s. 發行所 (필) (힝호) (바) A publishing office; a selling place.

*발힝인 s. 發行人 (발호) (힝호) (사롬) One set out on a journey. A publisher. *Also* 발힝자.

*발힝ᄒᆞ다 v. 發行 (필 (돈닐) To set out; to depart; to start; to issue; to publish. *See* 발경ᄒᆞ다.

*발화뎜 s. 發火點 (필) (불 (졈) Burning Point. (Physics).

밟다 踏 (장을 —*파) (헤아릴—*장 아 은 To [illegible] by stepping on by the arms.

밤 s. 夜 (*야) Night. *See* 밤즘.

밤 l. 栗 (*률) The chestnut, *Castanea vulgaris*. *See* 회률.

밤게 l. 蟹 (*게) A small variety of crab.

밤나무 l. 栗木 (밤—*률) (나무—*목) The chestnut. *See* 률목.

밤낫 s. 昼夜 낫 (쥬 밤 *야 Day and night. *See* 쥬야

밤눈어ᄃᆞ다 s. 두어, 슨 To see [illegible] at night.

밤ᄂᆞᆺ l. 栗花 (밤—*률) (ᄂᆞᆺ—*화) Chestnut blossoms.

밤듬다 s. 夜深 (밤 —*야) (깁흘—*심) 어; 든 To be late—at night. *See* 야심ᄒᆞ다.

밤밥 l. 栗飯 (밤 *률) (밥—*반) Rice mixed with chestnuts.

밤송이 l. 栗房 (밤—*률) (방—*방) The outer shell of the chestnut.

밤서 s. 夜間 (밤—*야) (소이—*간) The interval of night—night time.

밤서ᄉᆞᆺ s. All night; till morning.

밤서다 s. 서여; 선 To watch out the night; to pass the night awake. *See* 경야ᄒᆞ다.

밤서도록 s. All night; during the whole night.

밤얽이치다 l. 縛 (얽을 *박) 기쳐; 친 To wrap with ropes—as a bag of grain.

밤이 s. 畓坵 (논—*답) (모짐—*요) A numerative of paddy-fields. *Also* 뱀이.

밤이슬맛다 s. 마자; 진 To be wet by the dew to go about thieving at night.

밤져녁 s. Late in the evening.

밤즘 s. 夜中 (밤—*야) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) Midnight. *See* 심야.

밤참 s. (밤—*심) A night meal; luncheon at night.

밤톨 l. 栗子 (밤—*률) (아돌—*조) Chestnut seeds.

밥 *s.* 食 (*식) Cooked rice; food; meat and drink. (짓다) The object worked—as earth (가래), chips (자귀) (톱질); sawdust. (톱).

밥장슈 *s.* A restaurant keeper.

밥짓다 *s.* 炊 (밥질 *혀) 지여; 진 To cook rice; to prepare food.

밥투정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To grumble at one's food.

밥풀 *s.* 食糊 (밥 -*식) (풀—*호) Rice paste.

밥풀강정 *s.* A kind of hollow candy coated with rice paste.

밥풀산ᄌᆞ *s.* A kind of flat candy coated with rice paste.

밧 *s.* 田 (*뎐) A field; a plot of ground. (갈다).

밧 *s.* 外 (*외) The outside; the exterior. *See* 밧것. *Opp.* 안.

밧것 *s.* 外 (밧—*외) The outside; the exterior. *See* 밧.

밧것ᄯᅡᆨ *s.* The second of a pair—as in the second line of a couplet. *See* 안ᄯᅡᆨ.

밧고다 *v.* 換 (밧골—*환) 아; 곤 To exchange; to trade. *See* 환이ᄒᆞ다.

밧고차기 *s.* 互換 (서를—*호) (찰—*혁) One by one; by turns; each separately. *See* 쥬고밧기.

밧긔 *s.* 外 (밧—*외) The outside. Besides; beyond. *See* 외에.

밧다 *s.* 아; 온 To hold up; to support; to prop up.

밧다 *s.* 近 (갓가올—*근) 하; 흔 To be near; to be close by To be short—of arms, legs etc.

밧다 *s.* 受 (밧을—*슈) 아; 온 To receive, to obtain. To like; to suit (비위).

밧다 *s.* 濾 (거를—*녹) 하; 흔 To strain off. *See* 거르다.

밧다 *s.* 觸 (씨를—*촉) 아; 온 To look; to gore with horns; to push; to strike against.

밧드다 *s.* 奉 (밧들 *봉) 러; 든 To lift up respectfully; to take up before a superior. To honor; to attend reverently.

밧들다 *s.* 奉 (밧들 *봉) 어; 든 To receive respectfully as in both hands; to wait on; to attend reverently.

빗빗 *l.* and *s.* Perpendicularly; straight. *See* 뻣뻣.

빗빗ᄒᆞ다 *l.* and *s.* 直直 (곳을 -*직) (곳을 -*직) To be straight; to be stiff. *See* 뻣뻣ᄒᆞ다.

밧부다 *s.* 忙 (쎄를—*망) 밧바; 본 To be busy; to be occupied; to be pressed. *See* 분주ᄒᆞ다.

밧비 *s.* 速 (쎄를 -*속) Quickly; at once. *See* 쉴니.

밧삭 *s.* Quite; entirely; wholly. *See* 빗셕.

밧삭밧삭 *s.* Rustling. Crowding. *See* 빗셕빗셕.

밧오리지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To stick out.

밧ᄯᅡᆨ *s.* The left column of writing. *Opp.* 안ᄯᅡᆨ.

밧ᄯᅡᆨ *s.* Tightly—as squeezing; exceedingly—dry. *See* 빗ᄯᅡᆨ.

밧ᄯᅡᆨ밧ᄯᅡᆨ *s.* Shrivelled up; exceedingly; tightly. *See* 빗ᄯᅡᆨ빗ᄯᅡᆨ.

밧장도리 *s.* 直脚 (곳을—*직) (도리—*각) One who walks with the feet out.

밧지랑ᄃᆡ *s.* A clothes-line pole.

밧조ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 捧上 (밧을—*봉) (웃—*샹) To receive contributions—by the government. *See* 슈쇄ᄒᆞ다. To encourage—as one's coming; to welcome.

밧줍다 *s.* 受 (밧을—*슈) 조와; 온 To receive. To offer. (Comp.)

밧치다 *s.* 貢 (공밧칠—*공) 밧쳐; 친 To give respectfully; to present as tribute. *See* 올니다.

밧치다 *s.* 받쳐; 친 To rest; to prop up; to support. To hold up—an umbrella. To like; to be fond of. To strain off.

밧치우다 *s.* 寵 (고일—*춍) 워; 운 To be loved; to be cherished. *See* 고이다.

밧침 *s.* The nine parent forms or radicals of the Korean syllabary.

밧침쎄 *s.* A saucer—as for a teacup.

밧침ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To write a foot letter to a syllable.

밧ᄎᆞ *s.* 近 (갓가올—*근) Near; close by; beside. *Opp.* 멀니.

밧ᄎᆞᆫ기침 *s.* A severe cough. (ᄒᆞ다).

빼다 *l.* 拔 (빨 -*발) 여; 센 To pull out; to extort. *See* 쌀다.

빼앗기다 *s.* 見奪 (볼—*견) (빼아술—*탈) 앗겨; 긴 To be robbed; to be despoiled. *See* 아이다.

빼앗다 *s.* 奪 (빼아술—*탈) 아사; 슨 To take away from; to take by force. *See* 앗다.

배지 *s.* 牌旨 (패 *파) (뜻—*지) A warrant to arrest—issued by an official. A note to an underling; a house deed—of the nobility.

배조 *s.* 牌旨 (패—*지) A warrant to arrest issued by an official.

l. and *s.* A word expressive of squealing, whistling etc.

l. and *s.* To squeal; to yell. To be oppressive; to be closed.

s. 畓庫 (논 *답) (고집—*고) A numerative of paddy fields.

l. Dry; shriveled up. Stiff. Straight.

s. 房 (방) A room; a chamber. *See* 구돌.

l. 榜 (방) A placard; a poster. A list of successful candidates. (못치다).

s. 磅 (방) A "pound" sterling or avoirdupois.

l. 放 (노흘) A numerative of shots, strokes etc.

s. 坊 (막을) A ward; a district; a quarter.

*가위ᄒᆞ 乃可謂 (내, 올흘 *가) Known indeed as.....; truly said to be ... *See* 진소위. *Also* 방가위지.

s. 方角 (모) (갹) Direction; a point of the compass; quarter.

s. 喪笠 (상소—*삿) (갓—*립) A large bamboo hat worn by mourners. *See* 상모.

s. 紡車 (길쌈) (수레) A spinning wheel.

l. 螃蟹 (바다—*히) (게—*히) A kind of sea-crab.

s. The flue below the floor.

s. 防穀 (막을) (곡식) A prohibition —forbidding the export of grain (ᄒᆞ다).

s. 坊曲 (동너) (굽을) Division; quarter; settlement.

s. 坊曲 (동너) (굽을) To set guards—as in the streets of the capital. *See* 파슈보다.

s. 坊曲巡丁 (동너 (굽을 *순소, (장딘) Guards; night watchmen. *See* 파슈번명.

s. 坊曲巡檢 (막을 굽을, 쇼검) (샹교흘) District police; town police.

s. 小盆 (적을—*쇼) (동의—*분) A small earthenware jar.

s. 旁求 (겻) (구흘) To look around for. *See* 광문ᄒᆞ다.

s. 邦國 (나라) (나라) A country, state; kingdom; nation; one's own country.

l. (—*쑨, 榜單 (방) (군소) A servant who carries the list of successful candidates at examinations.

l. 放氣 (노흘) (긔운—*긔) A breaking of wind. (뀌다).

l. 放氣 (노흘) (긔운—*긔) 여; 연 To break wind.

s. 放歸田里 (노흘) (도라갈) (방) (아올) To deprive of office; to send home without a billet.

방그시 *s.* 半開 (절반—*반) (열 *기) Ajar; half open. *See* 방그시.

s. 方亟 (모방) (급흘) A busy season. (농).

s. 方今 (모) (이제) Now; at the present. *See* 죽금.

s. 防禁 (막을) (금흘) A prohibition.

s. 邦禁 (나라) (금흘) The prohibition of the state; law of the country

s. 防禁 (막을) (금흘) To prohibit; to forbid.

방긋방긋 *s.* 半開 (절반 *반) (열—*기) Opening as a flower; grinning as a child. *See* 빙긋빙긋.

l. 放棄 (노흘) (부릴) To waive.

방귀 *s.* The name of a flower. *Hydrophile Spinipenne.*

s. 傍觀 (겻) (볼) Eyes turned to one side

s. 傍觀人 (겻) (볼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A looker-on.

s. 傍觀 (겻) (볼) To look on; to be an onlooker.

s. 肪胱 (오좀ᄭᅮᆼ) (오좀ᄭᅮᆼ) The bladder; the loins.

방나다 *l.* 나; 난 To publish the list of successful candidates.

s. 放念ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放念 (노흘) (싱각) To be at ease in one's mind; to be free from care.

s. 房幃 (방) (서ᄅᆞᆯ—*노) Cohabitation; sexual intercourse.

l. 房幃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 房幃 (방) (서ᄅᆞᆯ *노) To have sexual intercourse. *See* 합방ᄒᆞ다.

s. 坊內 (동너) (안) (Within) the ward or village. *See* 동너.

s. 房內 (방) (안) One's own wife.

s. 防拒 (막을) (거) To refuse to obey the order—of a superior.

s. 放逐 (노흘) (ᄯᆞᆯ을) An island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.39 Long. 127.43.

s. 方度 (모) (법도) A trick; a stratagem; a plan. *See* 방법.

*방돌 s. 房突 (방) (구들) Stones for the floor.

*방두어 s. 方頭魚 (모) (머리) (고기) Fish of genus Lepidotrigla; Lepidotrigla microptera. *See* 화어.

방둥이 s. The hip bones.

*방략 s. 方略 (모) (도략) A plan; a mode of action. *See* 도략.

*방료 l. 放料 (노흘) (료) Soldier's rations. *See* 발록.

*방리 s. 方里 (모) (마을) Square miles; square li.

*방림 s. 方林 (모) (수플) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*방립 s. 方笠 (모) (갓) A large mourner's hat. *See* 상립.

*방매ᄒᆞ다 l. 放賣 (노흘) (팔) To expose for sale; to sell. *See* 발매ᄒᆞ다.

방망이 s. 棰 (막을) (치) A mallet as for ironing.

방망이군 s. One who interferes; one who stops a work.

방망이드다 s. 沮戲 (저희홀—*저) (희롱—*희) 러; 든 To interfere; to stop a work. *See* 저희ᄒᆞ다.

*방면 s. 方面 (모) (낫) One side; one quarter or district—out of many.

*방면 s. 倣面 (겻) (낫) Convex surface.

*방면적 s. 方面積 (모) (낫) (쌕흘) Surface.

*방면ᄒᆞ다 l. 放免 (노흘) (면홀) To grant pardon; to pardon; to acquit—as one who is innocent.

*방명 s. 芳名 (옷다울) (일홈) Good repute; good name; fair fame; a reputation for virtue; of good repute; honorable.

*방목 l. 榜目 (방) (눈) A list of names of successful candidates.

*방문 s. 房門 (방) (문) A room door.

*방문 s. 方文 (모) (글) Medical prescription. *See* 화제.

*방문주 s. 方文酒 (모) (글) (술) Fermented liquor. *See* 약주.

*방문ᄒᆞ다 l. 訪問 (차질) (무를) To inquire about; to make a friendly call.

*방물 s. 方物 (모) (물건) Objects of native manufacture. (정수).

*방방 l. 放榜 (노흘) (방) The announcement of the result of examinations.

*방방곡곡이 s. 坊坊曲曲 (동네) (동네) (곱을) (곱을) In every street and corner. *See* 면면촌촌이.

*방방ᄒᆞ다 l. 放榜 (노흘) (방) To publish the list of successful candidates.

*방법 s. 方法 (모) (법) Means used to ward off evil—as spirits, sickness etc. An infallible law; an unfailing sign; method; mode. *See* 묘법.

*방벽ᄒᆞ다 l. 放辟 (노흘) (사오나울) To be lawless, to be headstrong. (M.)

*방보 s. 坊報 (동네) (갑흘) A communication from a district ward to a magistrate. *See* 면보.

방보라치다 s. 라쳐; 친 To wedge together; to fit closely together.

*방보ᄒᆞ다 防報 (막을, 갑흘) To send a refusal to a higher official.

*방부지 s. 防腐材 (막을) (썩을) (지료) Antiseptic

*방불ᄒᆞ다 l. 彷彿 (방불홀) (방불홀) To be alike; to resemble. *See* 비슷ᄒᆞ다.

*방비 s. 防備 (막을 갖출) A remedy for; a precaution against. *See* 예비

*방비ᄒᆞ다 s. 防備 (막을) (갖출) To provide against; to be prepared for resistance.

*방빅 s. 方伯 (모) (맛) A governor of a province. *See* 감소.

*방산 s. 方山 (모) (외) A mountain pass in P'yong-an-do.

*방상슈 s. 方相首 (모) (서로) (머리) An exorcist. An effigy burnt at a burial service to accompany the soul on its journey.

*방석 s. 方席 (모) (돗) A round mat. (둘다).

*방석ᄒᆞ다 l. 放釋 (노흘) (노흘) To set free. *See* 방송ᄒᆞ다.

방셩 s. 村 (마을—*촌) A ward; a village.

*방셩 s. 房星 (방) (별) The 4th of the 28 constellations β, δ, π, ν, Scorpio 240° 8′ 48″ l.

*방셩대곡ᄒᆞ다 l. 放聲大哭 (노흘) (소리) (큰) (울) To weep; to lament. *See* 일장통곡.

*방소 s. 方所 (모) (바) Location; position. *See* 방위.

*방손 s. 傍孫 (겻) (손주) A brother's descendants—as grandchildren etc. *See* 족손.

*방송ᄒᆞ다 l. 放送 (노흘) (보낼) To pardon and set free.

*방수 s. 方數 (모) (두어) Location; position. *See* 방위.

*방수보다 s. 方數 (모) (두어) 아; 본 To find the proper location; to seek a site. *See* 방위보다.

*방슈 s. 芳樹 (꽃다울) (나무) Fragrant plants.

*방슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 防守 (막을) (직힐) To defend; to be defensive; to prevent from; to protect.

*방술 s. 方術 (모) (꾀) Magic; supernatural arts, geomancy.

*방슈법 s. 方乘法 (모) (올) (법) Power; perfect power.

*방신지물 s. 防身之物 (막을) (몸) (갈) (물건) Articles of self-defense; defensive armor.

방실방실ᄒᆞ다 s. To open; to part; to grin.

*방심ᄒᆞ다 s. 放心 (노흘) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To relax attention; to cease to be anxious about; to make one's mind easy. *Opp.* 조심ᄒᆞ다

방실방실ᄒᆞ다 s. To open; to part; to grin. *See* 방실방실ᄒᆞ다.

*방ᄉᆞ s. 方士 (모) (션비) An adept in supernatural arts; a magician.

*방ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 放肆 (노흘) (베풀) To [illegible] like; to be alike *See* 근ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다

*방ᄉᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 防塞 (막을) (막을) To prevent; to obstruct; to stop up. *See* 모ᄃᆡ다.

방아 s. 舂 (ᄎᆞᆼ) A mill pestle. *See* 절구.

방아쇠 s. The hammer of a gun. (그리다).

*방애 s. 妨碍 (방해로울) (걸닐) Prevention; obstruction; presenting an obstacle; standing in the way of.

*방애ᄒᆞ다 s. 妨碍 (방해로울) (걸닐) To act as a hindrance; to impede; to obstruct; to hinder.

*방약무인 s. 傍若無人 (결) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) As if he had no equal -proud, conceited. *See* 안하무인.

*방어 s. 魴魚 (방어) (고기) The tunny. *Thynnus secundo-dorsalis.*

*방어 s. 防禦 (막을) (막을) Defence; resistance against an invading army; protection.

*방어ᄉᆞ s. 防禦使 (막을) (막을) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) The master of a garrison.

*방어지쳑 s. 防禦之策 (막을) (막을) (갈) (ᄎᆡᆨ) Plans [illegible]

*방어ᄒᆞ다 s. 防禦 막을 [illegible] measures for defence; to resist; to oppose; to guard against; to defend; to protect

*방언 s. 方言 (모) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A dialect; the particular language of a district. *See* ᄉᆞ토리.

*방역 s. 坊役 (동ᄂᆡ) (역ᄉᆞ) The affairs of a ward or township.

*방역ᄒᆞ다 s. 防役 (막을) (역ᄉᆞ) To stop; to prevent public work

*방에ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 무ᄉᆡᆯ *저 ᄒᆞᄌᆡᆯ 주 To bring destruction upon another; to pray for the ruin of another.

*방외 s. 房外 (방) (밧) Trespassing on another's room—adultery.

*방외범ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 s. 房外犯色 방 밧 범ᄒᆞᆯ (빗) To commit adultery

*방외지인 s. 方外之人 모 밧 갈 사ᄅᆞᆷ An outsider; one from another district; a foreigner. *See* 외방지인.

방울 s. 鈴 방울 A bell.

방울ᄭᅩᆺ s. 鈴花 (방울—*령) ᄭᅩᆺ (*화) Bubbles. A kind of flower.

방울새 s. 鈴鳥 (방울—*령) (새—*표) A bird with a note like a harvest-fly or locust.

*방위 s. 方位 (방) (ᄇᆡ슬) Location; situation. *See* 방수.

*방위군 s. 防衛軍 (막을) (호위ᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) Army of defence.

*방인 s. 傍人 (겻) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A by-stander.

*방임 s. 坊任 (동ᄂᆡ) (맛흘) A public office. *See* 쇼임.

방진 s. [illegible] 갈 [illegible] foot in Hamkyong-do. Lat. 42.42 Long. 129.3.

방원 s. 方園 (ᄭᅩᆺ다울) (동산) A flower-garden.

*방원 s. 方圓 (모) (둥글) Squareness and roundness; shape.

*방장 s. 房掌 (방) (ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) A situation; an inferior office.

*방장 s. 方將 (모) (장ᄎᆞ) Just now; in a moment.

*방장 s. (—ᄑᆞᆼ) 房帳 (방) (장막) The curtains of a room. (드리우다) (치다).

방장맛다 s. 마자; 진 To meet an ill-omen. *See* 사ᄌᆞᆷ맛다.

*방장부졀 s. 方長不折 (모) (긴) (아닐) (ᄭᅥᆫᆯ) Do not break the growing twig—do not be inconsiderate of others.

*방장산 s. 方丈山 (모) (길) (ᄒᆡ) A mountain of immortals—fairyland.

*방젹 s. 方積 (모) (ᄎᆞᆨ흘) The four sides; all directions or quarters.

*방ᄉᆡ [illegible] 실 [illegible] 실상.

*방적긔게 s. 紡績機械 (길쌈) (길쌈) (틀) (긔게) A spinning machine.

*방적장 s. 紡績場 (길쌈) (길쌈) (마당) A spinning factory.

*방적ᄒᆞ다 s. 紡績 (길쌈) (길쌈) To spin or reel.

방정맛다 s. 머리ᄂᆞᆫ To be absurd; to rave; to be ridiculous. *See* 오련부리다.

방정맛다 s. 마자ᄂᆞᆫ To meet an ill-omen. *See* 사풍맛다.

방정스럽다 s. 머리ᄂᆞᆫ To be uncanny. To be harebrained. *See* 사풍스럽다.

*방정식 s. 方程式 (모) (길) (법) Equation

*방정식절 方程式節 (모) (길) (법) (마디) Member of an equation.

*방정ᄒᆞ다 s. 方正 (모) (바를) To be square and upright of high moral character. *See* 반듯ᄒᆞ다

*방조 s. 傍祖 (겻) (할아비) The brothers of those in the direct ancestral line from the grandfather back. *Opp.* 방손.

*방조ᄒᆞ다 s. 幇助 (도울) (도울) To render assistance; to help; to aid.

*방종ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放縱 (노흘) (노흘) To be dissolute; to be loose; to run wild. *See* 방탕ᄒᆞ다

*방쥬 s. 房主 (방) (님) The propietor of a room.

*방죽 s. 防築 (막을 쌓) (쌓을 *축) A pond; a pool. *See* 방쵸.

*방즁 s. 房中 (방) (가온ᄃᆡ) The interior of a room; within a chamber.

*방직이 s. 房直 (방) (곳을) The guard of a government office. *See* 청직이.

*방즈 s. 房子 (방) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Official servants.

*방ᄌᆞᆞ s. 方襪 (모) (보션—*말) Padded socks. (Prov.) *See* 편말.

*방ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放恣 (노흘) (방ᄌᆞ) To give rein to one's passions. To be impertinent, to be impudent *S.* 교ᄒᆞ다.

방ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 孤說 (부지즐—*저) (부지즐—*주) To plan harm; to pray that evil may befall another. *See* 방해ᄒᆞ다. (헌끌방즈).

*방채ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放債 (노흘) (빗) To lend out money at interest. *See* 체놀ᄒᆞ다.

*방쳔 s. 方川 (모) (내) A post station in Kang won-do.

*방초 s. 芳草 (꼿다ᄋᆞᆯ) (플) Green grass fragrant flowers. (Comp.)

*방촌 s. 方寸 (모) (마ᄃᆡ) The heart or mind.

*방촌돌입ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放銃突入 노흘 (촌) 살ᄋᆞᆯ ᄃᆞᆯ 들 To fire a volley and rush in

*방츄 s. 方錐 (모) (송곳) A square drill.

*방츄 s. 紡錘 (길쌈) (저ᄆᆞᆯ츄) A spindle.

*방츄 s. 防築 (막을) (싸흘) A pond; a pool. The bursting of a pond. *S.* 방죽.

*방츌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放逐 (노흘) (쪽창) To send away; to depart; to dismiss; to discharge

*방츈화긔 ᄉᆞ 芳春和時 (꼿다ᄋᆞᆯ) (봄) (고ᄆᆞᆫ 때 The season of spring time fragrance. *See* 츈삼월호시졀.

방치 s. A mallet.

방치ᄃᆞᆯ s. 砧 (*침) A laundry stone.

*방침 s. 方針 (모) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) Guiding rules; laws.

*방칙 s. 方策 (모) (묘칙) Means; resources; ways; policy; plan; device.

*방탕ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 放蕩 (노흘) (방탕홀) To be profligate; to be dissolute *See* 호협ᄒᆞ다.

*방텽석 s. 傍聽席 (겻) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) (돗) Audience chamber; room, or court.

*방텽인 s. 傍聽人 (겻) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Audience; hearer.

*방텽ᄃᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 許傍聽 (허락—*허) (겻 *방) (드ᄅᆞᆯ 텽) 허락ᄒᆞ다; 듯 To hear as an outsider; to eaves drop.

*방텽표 s. 傍聽標 (겻) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) (표) A ticket for admittance to a place of assembly.

*방텽ᄒᆞ다 s. 傍聽 (겻) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) To attend as an auditor; to hear; to attend as a hearer.

*방토 s. 邦土 (나라) (흙) A country; kingdom; state.

방ᄒᆞᆼ이 *l.* A small target for practice with the bow.

*방관 s. 幇辦 (도울) (관단) An assistant or secretary

방패 s. 防牌 (*슐) A shield.

방패막이ᄒᆞ다 s. To take the part of; to shield from.

*방편 s. 方便 (모) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) A way that suits, a convenient way. (대로). *See* 편편.

*방비하다 s. 防備 막을 (해여질) To guard against abuses. See 보비하다

*방포하다 l. 放砲 (노흘) 대포 To fire a salute—as of cannon.

*방풍 s. 防風 (막을) (바람) A medicine for cold—caraway seed.

*바풍하다 s. 防風 (막을) (바람) To guard against cold; to protect against the wind.

*방피하다 s. 防避 (막을) (피홀) To take refuge; to provide against. See 보피하다.

*방라하다 l. 放下 (노흘) (누릴) To let go; to discard; to part with; to throw away; to spend; to let out; to abandon.

*방학하다 . 放學 (노흘 배홀 To close school. Opp. 기학하다

*방해 s. 妨害 방해로올 Violation, infringement; injury; harm; disturbance; an obstacle.

*방해롭다 s. 妨害 방해로올 ... 와, 온 To be injurious.

*방해물 s. 妨害物 방해로올 ... 해홀, An obstacle; a hindrance.

*방해하다 s. 妨害 (해로올) (해홀) To injure; to harm; to interfere with; to obstruct; to impede; to hurt; to prejudice.

*방향 s. 方向 모 (향홀) Direction, bearings. See 분수.

*방향 s. 芳香 곳다올 (향긔 Sweet fragrance.

*방향류산 s. 芳香硫酸 곳다올 ... 유황 (산 Aromatic Sulphuric Acid. Aromaticum

*방향빅록말 s. 芳香白鹿末 (곳다올) (향긔) (흰) (녹) (가루) Pulv Cretae Aromatica.

*방향아편빅록말 s. 芳香鴉片白鹿末 (곳다올 ... 향긔 아편 ... 가루 Pulv Opii et Cretae aromatica.

*방향암모니아즘제 s. 芳香 ... 消劑 (곳다올 ... (향긔 ... 암모니아즘제 Aromatica Ammoniae Aromaticus.

*방향혈홍화제 s. 芳香血紅和劑 (곳다올 향긔 ... 홍화 약지올 Medicina Ferri aromatica.

*방헌 s. 邦憲 (나라) (법) The laws of a country.

*방형 s. 方形 (모) (형상) A square figure; square.

*방형 s. 邦刑 (나라) (형벌) National Criminal law.

*방호하다 s. 防護 (막을) (호위홀) To defend; to protect; etc.

*방홀지세 s. 無援之勢 ... 홀지 형세 ... A case of mutual helplessness. See 외각지세.

*방하다 l. 放 (노흘) To sell goods; to do trading. See 방매하다. To set free.

방화하다 / 放火 노흘 ... 불 To set fire to commit an act of incendiarism.

*방환 s. 防還 (둉닉) (도라올) A bribe to escape the *uhanja* tax.

방참하다 彷徨 방황홀 방참홀) To be undecided; to be agitated.

바각바각 s. Rubbing; creaking.

빠도독빠도독 s. Creaking; rubbing. See 빵도독빠도독

바뵈다 s. 搓 (부빌—*초) 여; 린 To squeeze or roll into lumps; to turn round and round—as a drill.

바뵈바뵈하다 s. To roll into pills or lumps; to turn—as a drill.

바싱바싱하다 s. To show a dislike for; to escape from.

바쭈거리다 s. 거려; 린 To quarrel; to be angry. (Dim.) See 빗쭉거리다.

바쭉바쭉하다 s. To make faces; to pout. See 빗쭉빗쭉하다.

바쭉하다 s. To shoot out—as a bud. See 비쭉하다.

바ᄒᆞ바ᄒᆞ하다 作ᄒᆞ 지올 ᄒᆞ고 (거름 보) The stagger. See 빗슬빗슬하다.

빠ᄉᆞᆫ빠ᄉᆞᆫ하다 s. To be dry; to be shriveled up.

바ᄉᆞ러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be warped; to be twisted. To refuse—in a pout. See 비ᄉᆞ러지다.

바ᄉᆞᆯ거리다 s. 거려; 린 To stagger along; to walk with difficulty. (Dim.) See 비ᄉᆞᆯ거리다.

바ᄉᆞᆯ바ᄉᆞᆯ하다 s. To stagger—as under a load. To wither. See 비ᄉᆞᆯ비ᄉᆞᆯ하다.

박 l. A squeak; a squeal.

빽 l. A squeak; a squawk.

빡빡 s. A word expressive of squawking, squeaking etc.

빡빡하다 s. To be clogged up; to be stuffed up. To be stupid.

반들거리다 s. 거려; 린 To idle about; to loiter.

반들더다 s. 여; 린 To idle about; to play.

반들반들ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be smooth; to be hard and even. To idle about; to loiter.

반반ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be smooth; to be hard and even. *See* 펜펜ᄒᆞ다.

반작반작ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be flat and smooth. To wrangle; to be noisy.

반주그레ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be not so bad looking; to be rather homely.

반죽거리다 *a.* 거려; 린 To idle about; to play; to loiter.

반쪼리 *s.* 瘦瘠 (바리ᄐᆞᆯ -*수 (바리ᄐᆞᆯ -(*적) A thin emaciated person. A small object. (Prov)

반ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be distinct, to be clear - as what is seen in the distance. *See* 환ᄒᆞ다.

뺨 *s.* 臉 (*검) The cheek. *See* 뺨싸기.

뺭 *s.* 廣 (넙을 -*광) The breadth. *See* 광.

뺨싸구니 *s.* 臉 (뺨—*검) The cheek. *See* 뺨.

뺨싸기 *s.* 臉 (뺨—*검) The cheek. *See* 뺨싸구니.

뱁새 *l.* 鷦鷯 (복송아—*도) (버레—*충) The *Lanius excubitor.* The wren.

뱃드리지다 *a.* 러져; 진 To slant; to slope (of what is moving).

뱅글뱅글 *s.* Smiling; grinning. *See* 빙긋빙긋.

뱅뱅ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be in confusion; to be in commotion.

버겅버적ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To grind; to grate; to rub. To be angry; to boil up. *See* 와각와각ᄒᆞ다.

버굿 *s.* 櫟木皮 (ᄎᆞᆫ나무 -*상) (나무—*목) (가죽—*피) The bark of the cork oak, *Quercus tuber.*

버근버근ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be separated here and there; to be loose; to be rickety. *See* 동한ᄒᆞ다.

버근ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be separated; to become loose.

뻐근ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be sore, to feel a dull pain. *See* 맥적지근ᄒᆞ다.

버금 *s.* 次 (*차) The second; the following; the next in order. *See* 둘째.

째지다 *a.* 여; 진 To open; to separate. (v.t.) *See* 또라다.

버드나무 *s.* 柳 (버들 *류) The willow.

버들 *s.* 柳 (*류) The willow.

버러먹다 *l.* 어; 은 To work for a living.

버러지 *s.* 虫 (*충) An insect; a bug. *See* 벌거지; 버레.

버러지다 *l.* 러져; 진 To open; to separate; to gape. *See* 터지다.

버럭 *s.* Suddenly; all at once. *See* 왈칵.

버러버럭 *s.* Greedily; persistently. *See* 바락바락.

버레 *s.* 虫 (*충) An insect. *See* 버러지.

버렛줄 *l.* The corner strings of a kite.

버렁 *s.* The width. The style of living.

버르장머리 *s.* 行習 (힝ᄒᆞᆼ—*힝) (넉일—*습) A habit, a vice. *See* 버르장이

버르장이 *s.* 行習 (힝ᄒᆞᆼ—*힝) (넉일—*습) Vice, evil habits. *See* 버르장머리.

버르적버르적ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To scatter; to scratch -as chickens.

버르적이다 *a.* 적여; 인 To scratch—as chickens.

버릇 *s.* 行習 (힝ᄒᆞᆼ—*힝) (넉일—*습) A habit; a vice. *See* 소힝.

버릇하다 *a.* 르져; 진 To scratch—as chickens; to scatter; to squander.

버르적거다 *a.* 여; 린 To kick—as an angry child.

버리 *l.* 生涯 (날 -*싱) (가—*애) Work, labor—for a living. *See* 싱애.

버리다 *l.* 開設 (열 *리) (베픈—*장) 려; 린 To open; to separate. (v.t.) (일) To set in order; to arrange. *See* 바리다.

버리ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To work for; to have a business. *See* 가업ᄒᆞ다.

버무레 *s.* Mixed food—as bread mixed with beans etc.

버무리다 *s.* 混同 석길—*혼) (호가지—*동) 무려; 린 To join with; to compound with; to mix up.

버새 *l.* 騙 (*릭) A mongrel creature half horse, half cow etc.

버서거리다 *a.* 거려; 린 To rustle; to crackle; to craunch. *See* 와사거리다.

버서나다 *a.* 脫出 (버슬—*랄) (날—*출) 나; 난 To set out from; to get free from. *See* 뫼ᄒᆞ다.

버서뵈리다 *a.* 脫去 (버슬—*랄) (뵈릴—*거) 뵈려; 린 To take off and throw away; to rid oneself of.

버서지다 *a.* 脫 (버슬—*랄) 서져; 진 To fly off; to come off; to drop off.

버석버석ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To rustle; to crackle. *See* 와삭와삭ᄒᆞ다

버선 *s.* 襪 (*말) Socks; stockings.

버섯 *s.* 菌 (*균) A mushroom; a toadstool.

버섯 *s.* A kind of snow white fat—found in pork.

버성기다 *l.* 疏 (성길—*소) 여; 긴 To be far apart; to be separated; to be distant. To be out of order. To have strained relations.

버스러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be bald; to be bare; to be stripped.

버숭숭하다 *s.* To stick out—in contrast to what is curved in. To be shiftless; to be lazy.

버짐 *s.* 癬 (*션) Ringworm. (역다).

버히다 *s.* 斬 (버힐 *참) 버혀; 힌 To cut; to sever.

썩 *s.* With a crack; with a thud. *See* 싹.

벅국새 *s.* 杜鵑 (진달네—*두) (두견—*견) The goatsucker.

벅궁둥 *s.* 旭鐘 (빅동이—*구) (쇠북—*동) A cuckoo clock. *See* 조령종.

벅벅 *s.* And R-bbing, scratching. *See* 박박.

벅벅 *i.* Cracking; thumping. *See* 싹싹.

벅벅이 *s.* 應諾 (벅벅—*응) (확—*당) Certainly; without doubt.

빡빡하다 *s.* To be hard; to be tight; to be stiff. It is firm. *See* 빡빡하다

빡빡지근하다 *s.* To be sore—internally; to feel a dull pain. *See* 빡지근하다.

벅차다 *s.* 서; 츤 To be large; to be a handful.

벅퀴다 *s.* 어; 린 To contradict. (Prov.) *See* 욱이다.

*번 *s.* 番 (번) A time; a turn.

번갈다 *s.* 遞番 (갈—*데) (번—*번) 아; 간 To change off; to work alternately; to go in succession. *See* 대번하다.

번개 *s.* 閃 (*언) Lightning.

번거하다 *s.* 煩 (번거—*번) To be annoying; to be troublesome; to be burdensome.

번고하다 *s.* 吐 (토할 *토) To vomit; to have nausea. *See* 구토하다.

번나다 *s.* 下番 (아래—*하) (번—*번) 나; 난 To complete one's turn at office. *Opp.* 번들다.

*번뇌하다 *s.* 煩惱 (번거 슈고로울 *뇌) To be vexed; to be distressed. *See* 번민하다.

*번다하다 *s.* 煩多 번거, (만흘) To be multitudinous; to be many. *See* 번뇨하다.

번덕이 *s.* 蛹 (*용) The cocoon—of the silk worm. *See* 번데.

번데 *s.* The chrysalis—of the silk worm; the cocoon.

번둥거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To loaf; to loiter; to be idle.

번둥번둥 *s.* Idly; lazily; loafing. *See* 빈둥빈둥.

번드다 *s.* 入番 (들 *입) (번 -*번) 러; 든 To take one's turn; to change off—in office. *Opp.* 번나다.

번드럽하다 *s.* To be slippery; to be smooth. *See* 반드럽하다.

번드시 *s.* Flat; horizontally, on the back. *See* 반드시.

번드치다 *s.* 翻 (뒤칠 *번) 드쳐; 친 To turn over to overturn. *See* 뒤치다.

번득번득하다 *s.* To be bright; to flash; to sparkle. *See* 반득반득하다

번득이다 *s.* 閃 (번득일 *섬) 득여; 인 To sparkle; to shine; to flash.

반들번들하다 *s.* To be bright; to be smooth; to be glassy. *See* 반들반들하다.

번뜻하다 *s.* 平 (평할—*평) To be flat, to be horizontal. *See* 반듯하다.

번듯하다 *s.* 平 (평할—*평) To be flat; to be horizontal.

*번디 *s.* 番地 (번) (짜) A street number.

*번디 *s.* 番地 (줄다리) (짜) The territory of a clan.

*번란하다 *s.* 煩亂 (번거) (어지러울) To be in a disordered condition; to be in a perturbed state.

*번망하다 *s.* 繁忙 (번성할) (망할) To be busy; to be much occupied.

*번무하다 *s.* 繁茂 (번성할) (성할) To grow luxuriantly—of plants and vegetation; to grow rank.

*번민하다 煩悶 (번거) (민망) To be distressed, to be downcast; to be melancholy. (Comp.) *See* 번조하다

번바르다 *s.* 糊番 (바를 *도) (번—*번) 발라; 바른 To paste up the crevices—in steaming bread.

*번방 *s.* (—평) 番房 (번들) (방) An office of one on duty.

*번번히 *s.* 番番 (번) (번) Every time; each time. *See* 종종이.

번번하다 *s.* To be neat; to be handsome. *See* 반반하다.

뻔뻔하다 *s.* To be smooth; to be flat. To be impudent. *See* 빤질빤질하다.

*번병 *s.* 藩屏 (울타리) 병풍 A fence, a screen; a bulwark; a guard, a defence.

*번복되다 s. 翻覆 (뒤칠) (엎칠) 여; 된 To be upset; to be turned upside down. *See* 엎치락뒤치락하다.

*번복하다 s. 翻覆 (뒤칠) (엎칠) To change; to be unstable. *See* 번고하다.

*번분수 s. 繁分數 (번성홀) (논홀) (두어) A complex fraction.

*번빅초 s. 翻白草 (뒤칠) (흰) (풀) [*Bot*] *Potentilla discolor*.

*번석류 s. 番石榴 (번) (돌) (석류) *Psidium Guayava*.

*번설하다 s. 煩說 (번거) (말숨) To talk; to gossip.

*번성하다 s. 繁盛 (번성) (성홀) To be abundant; to be prolific. *See* 번화하다.

*번소 s. 番所 (번) (바) An office—of those on duty.

*번속하다 s. 番屬 (올타리) (붓칠) To belong to a clan; to be a dependency.

*번식하다 s. 繁殖 (번성홀) (부를) To increase; to multiply; to spread; to extend; to flourish; to grow luxuriantly; to be plentiful.

*번신 s. 藩臣 (울타리) (신하) The subjects of a subject state.

*번안 s. 凡眼 (무릇) (눈) The eye of an ordinary person.

*번역 s. 翻譯 (뒤칠) (번역홀) Translation.

*번역과 s. 翻譯課 (뒤칠) (번역홀) (일과) A Bureau of translation.

*번역관 s. 翻譯官 (뒤칠) 번역홀) (버슬) Official interpreters. *See* 세기판.

*번역하다 v. 翻譯 (뒤칠) (번역홀) To interpret; to translate.

*번연히 s. 幡然 (뒤칠) (그럴) Clearly; definitely. *See* 환히.

*번연하다 s. 蕃衍 (성홀) (너를) To increase; to be plentiful; to grow luxuriantly; to flourish.

*번열증 s. 煩熱症 (번거) (더울) (증세) Fever; fever symptoms.

*번열하다 s. 煩熱 (번거) (더울) To be vexed; to be distressed; to be in a fever.

*번열하다 s. 繁熱 (성홀) (지날) To have many relatives.

*번옥 s. 番玉 (번) (구슬) Inferior jade.

*번요하다 s. 煩擾 (번거) (흔들) To be annoying; to be pressing. *See* 분요하다.

*번위증 s. 反胃症 (도리킬 *밥) (버위) (증세) Nausea; a sick stomach.

*번육 s. 燔肉 (불살을) (고기) Flesh used for sacrifices.

*번은 s. 燔銀 (불살을) (은) Inferior or mixed silver. *See* 잡은.

번히 *l.* Clearly; definitely. *See* 번연히.

*번잡하다 s. 煩雜 (번거) (석길) To be loose; to be mixed up. *See* 부잡하다.

*번잡하다 s. 繁雜 (번성홀) (석길) To be confused together; to be complex.

번재 s. A large kind of grain bag. (Prov.)

번적번적하다 s. 閃閃 (번적일—*셜) (번적일—*셜) To flash; to sparkle; to shine. *See* 반작반작하다.

번적이다 s. 閃閃 (번득일 -*셜, (번득일—*셜) 적여; 인 To shine, to flash, to sparkle.

*번전 s. 番錢 (번) (돈) Money paid—as the price of exemption from public duty.

*번제 s. 燔祭 (불살을) (제소) A sacrifice to Heaven—performed by the Emperor.

*번조증 s. 煩燥症 (번거) (조홀) (증세) Sickness brought on by vexation, annoyance etc. *See* 번열증.

*번조하다 s. 煩燥 번거) (조홀) To be vexed; to be agitated; to be depressed. *See* 번민하다.

*번족하다 s. 繁族 (번성홀) (겨레) To be multitudinous—of the members of a clan. *See* 다족하다

번주번족하다 s. To be impudent; to be bold.

번지다 *l.* 번져; 진 To spread; to overflow. To omit; to overlook.

번지를하다 s. To be smooth; to be shiny; to be glassy. *See* 반지를하다.

번질번질하다 s. To be glassy; to be bright. *See* 반질반질하다.

*번초 s. 蕃椒 (성홀) (호쵸) Red pepper.

번치다 *l.* 쳔 (종길—*셜) 번져; 친 To spread—as oil or water on a surface. *Also* 번지다.

*번츠레 s. 番次例 (번) (버금) (례례) One's turn—in office.

*번쾌 s. 樊噲 (울타리) (목구멍) B.C. 196. A famous minister of Ko-jo of *Han*, China.

번철 s. A frying pan.

*번포 s. 番布 (번) (뵈) Cloth given to pensioners by the government.

*벌호 s. 番號 (번) (일홈) The number; the ordinary number to mark anything.

*번호ᄒᆞ다 s. 番號 (번) (일홈) To affix the number; to give the number.

*번화ᄒᆞ다 s. 繁華 (번셩) (빗날) To have pomp and display. *See* 화려ᄒᆞ다.

*벌 s. 罰 (벌) A punishment; a fine. (주다). *See* 죄.

벌 l. 蜂 (*봉) A bee.

벌 s. 件 (*건) The numerative of suits of clothes, copies of a book, rolls etc.

*벌가지ᄒᆞ다 s. 伐柯 (칠) (가지) To lop off the branches of a tree.

벌거벗ᄒᆞ다 s. 赤裸 (버슬—*라) (몸 *에) 버셔; 슨 To undress; to be naked.

벌거지 s. 虫 (*츙) An insect. *See* 벌레.

벌떡 s. With a start; suddenly. *See* 발딱.

*벌금 s. 罰金 (죄) (쇠) A fine—in money. *See* 빅상.

벌레 s. 虫 (버레—*츙) An insect; a bug. *See* 버레.

벌벙김벙ᄒᆞ다 s. To quiver: to flutter. *See* 발낭발낭ᄒᆞ다.

벌쑥벌쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To open and shut. *See* 발쑥발쑥ᄒᆞ다.

벌다 l. 賺 (빈 —*음) 어; 번 To work, to make; to earn.

벌다 l. 어; 번 To be separated; to be opened; to be apart.

벌떠구니 s. A plain; a flat piece of country. *See* 벌관.

벌떡 s. With a start; suddenly. *See* 발딱.

벌떡벌떡 s. Gulping; swallowing. *See* 발딱발딱.

벌떡벌떡ᄒᆞ다 s. To palpitate; to quiver. *See* 발딱발딱ᄒᆞ다.

*벌라도 s. 伐羅島 (칠, (라) (셤) The Hooper Island in Chol la-do. Lat. 34.25 Long. 127.17.

*벌목ᄒᆞ다 s. 伐木 (칠) (나무) To cut down trees.

벌떼줄 l. A bee-shaped knot on the pocket string.

*벌번 s. 罰番 (죄) (번들) Increasing a punishment several times over.

벌벌 l. and s. Quivering; trembling. (ᄯᅳᆯ다).

쎌쎌 l. and s. Here and there; in quantities.

*벌봉 s. 罰俸 (벌) (녹) The withdrawing of a salary or a part of it, by way of punishing blunders or misdemeanours.

벌붓지다 s. 붓져; 진 To spread; to scatter

*벌빙긔 s. 伐氷器 (칠) (어름) (그릇) An instrument for breaking ice; an ice-cutter.

*벌빙ᄒᆞ다 s. 伐氷 (칠) (어름) To store away ice.

벌셔 s. Already. *See* 발셔.

*벌셩지광약 s. 伐性之狂藥 (칠) (셩품, (갈) (밋칠) (약) Maddening medicine that ruins one's nature—alcoholic liquor.

벌숨벌숨ᄒᆞ다 s. To open up; to spread open. *See* 벌쑥벌쑥ᄒᆞ다.

벌쏘다 s. 벌써; 쓴 To fine.

*벌열 s. 閥閱 (문벌) (지날) Illustrious descent; ancient lineage; fame; celebrity, meritorious services. *See* 디벌.

벌음벌음ᄒᆞ다 s. 疎疎 (버믈 *라) 버믈—*라) To be separated at intervals.

벌음ᄒᆞ다 s. 展舒 (버믈—*라 ᄒᆞ겔 *션) To open out; to spread open.

벌적벌적 s. Lapping; flapping.

*벌전 s. 罰錢 (죄) (돈) A fine—in money. *See* 벌금.

*벌셰위명 s. 伐閱爲名 (칠 나라) ᄒᆞ) (일홈) An empty professor. *See* 유명무실.

*벌쥬 s. 罰酒 (죄) (술) A forfeit or fine—that consists in the culprit's drinking a glass of spirit.

벌쭉벌쭉ᄒᆞ다 s. To spread apart; to open. *See* 발쭉발쭉ᄒᆞ다.

쏀죽쏀죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To be on end; to be pointed. to be all points.

쏠죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To be on end; to be upright. *See* 쭐죽ᄒᆞ다.

범람ᄒᆞ다 s. 大漲 (큰 *대 창일홀 *창) To overflow; to flood; to inundate. To glut—the market.

*벌초ᄒᆞ다 s. 伐草 (칠) (풀) To cut the grass—around an ancestral grave.

*벌측 s. 罰則 (죄) (법측) Regulations which enact penalties for their infraction; penal clauses.

*벌치ᄒᆞ다 s. 伐採 (칠) (ᄯᅳᆯ) To cut down (trees); to chop.

벌컥 s. With a start; suddenly. *See* 발칵.

벌터령 s. Loafing; idling; picknicking.

벌터득 s. An eruption common to children; eczema.

벌판 s. 野 (들—*야) A plane; a prairie. *See* 들; 벌허무니.

벌거숭이 s. 赤子 (붉을—*적)(아들—*자) A naked child

벌어하 l. and s. 赤 (붉을 *적) 붉어애, 언 To be of a light red color. *See* 붉다.

범 l. 虎 (*호) A tiger a leopard. *See* 호랑이.

*범궁 l. 梵宮 (범서) (집) A pious appellation for a Buddhist temple.

*범과 l. 犯過 (범홀) (허물) A fault, a defect. *See* 죄.

*범과ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯過 (범홀) (허물) To commit a fault; to do wrong. *See* 범죄ᄒᆞ다.

범나뷔 l. 虎蝶 (범—*호) (나뷔—*뎝) A large spotted butterfly. *See* 호랑나뷔.

*범람ᄒᆞ다 l. 氾濫 (범람홀) (넘칠) To go beyond bounds; to be lawless. *See* 창람ᄒᆞ다.

범례 s. 凡例 (무릇) (전례) Preface of a book; general rules or introduction.

*범류 s. 凡類 (무릇) (종류) All sorts; common things or persons. *See* 범인.

*범민 s. 凡民 (무릇) (빅셩) Common people; ordinary persons; the lower orders; the masses; the nation as a whole; people generally; human beings; mankind.

*범방ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯房 (범홀) (방) To have sexual intercourse. *See* 방ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ다.

벌뎍 s. Mixed bread; a cake-like mixture.

*범범ᄒᆞ다 l. 氾泛 (넘) (쓸) To drift with the stream. To be careless; to be reckless; to be indifferent. *See* 범연ᄒᆞ다.

*범법 l. 犯法 (범홀) (법) A transgression; an offence against the laws.

*범법ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯法 (범홀) (법) To break the laws.

*범뵉 s. 凡百 (무릇) (일뵉) All things; everything, matters—as domestic affairs. *See* 범졀.

*범상ᄒᆞ다 s. 凡常 (무릇) (샹녯) To be common; to be ordinary. *See* 례ᄉᆞ롭다.

*범상ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯上 (범홀) (샹) To offend against the king.

*범셔 l. 梵書 (범셔) (글) Brahman writings—in Pali or Sanskrit. *See* 범ᄌᆞ

*범수ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯手 (범홀) (손) To lay hands on. *See* 범접ᄒᆞ다.

*범숭 s. 凡僧 (무릇) (즁) A common Buddhist. *Opp.* 도승.

*범식 s. 範式 (법) (법) Formula.

*범ᄉᆞ s. 凡事 (무릇) (일) All matters. *See* 만ᄉᆞ.

*범ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 l. 犯色 (범홀) (빗) To have sexual intercourse. *See* 범방ᄒᆞ다.

*범안 l. 凡眼 (무릇) (눈) Mortal eye-sight. *See* 육안.

*범안불출 s. 凡眼不出 (무릇) (눈) (아닐) (날) When all say it is beautiful—it is indeed beautiful.

*범야ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯夜 (범홀) (밤) To offend—by walking the streets at night.

*범어 l. 梵語 (범셔 말숨) The Sanskrit, an old Hindoo tongue or letters.

*범어소에 s. 凡於事 무릇, (놀) (일) In whatever calling it may be. *See* 뷕집소에

*범연히 l. 汎然 (쓸) (그럴) Lightly, indifferently. *See* 범범히.

*범연ᄒᆞ다 l. 汎然 (쓸) (그럴) To treat lightly; to be indifferent; to be careless; to be reckless. *See* 범범ᄒᆞ다.

*범용ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯用 (범홀) (쓸) To embezzle; to appropriate the property of others.

*범위 l. 範圍 (법) (에울) Limits; sphere; province; circle; field or domain.

범의누레 l. 虎翼 (범—*호) (놀개—*익) A tiger's wings—extra powers possessed by a person of ability.

범의붓처 l. 虎鼎草 (범—*호) (붓처—*션) (플—*초) The name of a medicine.

*범의삭기 s. 虎子 (범—*호) (아ᄃᆞᆯ—*자) A tiger's cub. *Also* 호랑이삭기.

범의차반 l. 虎饌 (범 *호) (반찬—*찬) A tiger's meal—a dinner devoured greedily.

*범인 s. 凡人 (무릇) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) All men; men of this world; mortals.

*범입되다 l. 犯入 (범홀) (들) 되여; 됴 To break in, to encroach on.

*범월죄인 l. 犯越罪人 (범홀) (건널) (죄ᄅᆞᆷ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A trespasser, one who offends by crossing the boundary—as the *Yalu*

*범장 s. 帆檣 (돗) (돗대) The mast of a ship.

*범졀 s. 凡節 (무릇) (마ᄃᆡ) All sorts of things; everything. *See* 범뵉.

*범접ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯接 (범홀) (붓흘) To encounter; to clash with; to meet in conflict. *See* 겁접ᄒᆞ다.

*범죄자 l. 犯罪者 (범홀) (죄) (놈) An offender; a transgressor; a criminal.

*범죄ᄒᆞ다 l. 犯罪 (범홀) (죄) To sin; to commit a crime. *See* 범법ᄒᆞ다.

*범종호다 / 犯鐘 (범종) (쇠북) To offend —by walking the streets of the capital after the ringing of the Great Bell. *See* 범금호다.

*범즁 / 智將 (범장) (더울) A teacher of the warrior whose wise counsel the latter rejected.

*범조 / 梵字 (범서) (글조) Brahman writings—in Pali or Sanskrit. *See* 범서.

*범혼호다 / 犯昏 (범혼) (어두울) To be overtaken by night; to be benighted.

*범홀히 / 泛忽 (뜰) (문득) Carelessly; lightly; indifferently.

*범휘호다 / 犯諱 (범휘) (휘홀) To violate the taboo; to use prohibited names.

*범호다 / 犯 (범홀) To offend against; to transgress; to violate.

*법 s. 法 (법) Law; statutes; rules; regulations.

*법강 s. 法綱 (법) (벼리) The "net" of the law; the arm of the law. *See* 법률.

*법고 s. 法鼓 (법) (북) A large drum before a Buddhist temple.

*법국 s. 法國 (법) (나라) France. *See* 불란서.

법국이 s. 杜設 (집) (두) 두견 *견) The goatsucker. *See* 두견.

*법금 s. 法禁 법, 금) Prohibition; a law.

*법과대학 s. 法科大學 (법) (과거) (큰) (배홀) The College of Jurisprudence in the Imperial University, Tokyo.

*법관 s. 法官 (법) (벼슬) A justice; a magistrate; a judge. *See* 심판.

*법권 s. 法權 (법) (권세) Jurisdiction.

*법당 s. 法堂 (법) (집) A temple with the statue of Buddha. *See* 불당.

*법뎐 s. 法典 (법) (법) Code; statute; of law, law-books. *See* 대뎐회편.

*법뎐편찬 s. 法典編纂 (법) (법) (엮글) (모들) Codification.

*법뎡 s. 法庭 (법) (뜰) A court—where offenders are tried; a magistrate's court. *See* 판뎡.

*법뎡리률 s. 法定利率 (법) (뎡홀) (리홀) (률) Legal rate of interest.

*법도 s. 法度 (법) (법도) Rules; regulations; methods. *See* 법리.

*법령 s. 法領 법) (거느릴) French colonies. *See* 불령.

*법령 s. 法令 (법) (하여금) Royal orders; official commands; decrees; regulations; edicts. *See* 법강.

*법률 s. 法律 (법) (법) The laws of the land. *See* 법령.

*법률가 s. 法律家 (법) (법) (집) A lawyer; a jurist.

*법률가의견 s. 法律家意見 법) (법) (집) (뜻 볼 Legal opinion.

*법률고문 s. 法律顧問 법 (법) (도아볼) (무슬) A legal adviser.

*법률뎍관고 s. 法律的觀念 법) 법 뎍실) (관됴) (고칠 Legal notion.

*법률박사 s. 法律博士 (법) 법) (너를) (션비) Doctor of law; one versed in the science of law.

*법률상 s. 法律上 (법) (법) (웃) In law; legal matters.

*법률학 s. 法律學 (법) (법) (배홀) The study of law.

*법률학교 s. 法律學校 (법) (법) (배홀) (학교) A law school.

*법률학사 s. 法律學士 (법) (법) (배홀) (션비) Bachelor of law.

*법리 s. 法理 (법) (리치) Law; human rules and laws of nature. *See* 법도

*법명 s. 法名 (법) (일홈) A name taken by Buddhists on entering a monastery. *Opp.* 속명.

*법무 s. 法務 (법) (힘쓸) Affairs pertaining to law; law.

*법문 s. 法文 (법) (글월) Law writings; the written laws.

*법방 s. 法方 (법) (방도) Ways; means of doing; law. *See* 법.

*법부 s. 法部 법) (떼) The Board of Justice. The Law Department.

*법부대신 s. 法部大臣 (법) (떼) (큰) (신하) The Minister of Justice.

법석호다 s. To wrangle; to make a noise.

*법성이 s. 法城浦 (법) (재) (개—*포) A port; a harbor.

*법성포 s. 法城浦 (법) (재) 개 A port in Chosen. Lat. 35.16 Long. 126.34.

*법속도 s. 法速度 (법) (빠를) (도수) Normal velocity.

*법수 s. 法數 (법) (두어) Plans; rules. *See* 법식. Divisor. *See* 제수.

법수여리 s. A phallic emblem set up for the prevention of adultery etc.

*법술 s. 法術 (법) (술법) Magical arts; witch-craft; art of incantation.

*법식 s. 法式 (법) (법) Methods; plans. System. (들너다). *See* 규식.

*법소 s. 法司 (법) (맛흘) An office of justice *See* 형조.

*법소 s. 法使 (법) (하여끔) The French envoy.

*법어 s. 法語 (법) (말숨) The French language. Buddhist phraseology; a legal term. *Also* 불어

*법외 s. 法外 (법) (밧) Contrary to usage; extraordinary; exorbitant; enormous

*법외 s. 法衣 (법) (옷) The Buddhist sacerdotal dress.

*법인 s. 法人 (법) (사롬) A Frenchman. A juridical person.

*법장 s. 法場 (법) (마당) An execution ground.

*법재 s. 法制 (법) (법) Laws; rules; custom *See* 법도.

*법제국 s. 法制局 (법) (법) (관) Legislative Bureau

*법제 국장 s. 法制局長 (법) (법) (관) (어른) Chief of the Bureau of Legislation.

*법지법 s. 法之法 (법) (갈) (법) Deciding according to law. *See* 죄기죄.

*법취포 s. 法聚浦 (법) (모흘) (개) A naval station in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.03 Long. 126.32.

*법측 s. 法則 (법) (법) Rules, regulations; methods. *See* 법도

*법첩 s. 法帖 (법) (해) A copy; a writing for pupils to copy.

*법태 s. 法態 (법) (몸) A priestly appearance; a priest of Buddha (Comp).

*법학 s. 法學 (법) (비홀) Jurisprudence; the science of law.

*법학교 s. 法學校 (법) (비홀) (학교) A law school.

*법학박사 s. 法學博士 (법) (비홀) (넓을 션비) A title bestowed on those versed in jurisprudence.

*법학사 s. 法學士 (법) (비홀) (션비) The title given to the graduates of the College of Jurisprudence in the Imperial University; bachelor of law.

*법호 s. 法號 (법) (일홈) The special designation of a Buddhist priest on taking orders. *See* 당호.

*법황 s. 法皇 (법) (황뎨) An emperor who abdicated and retired to the priesthood. Emperor of France. This term is also applied to the Pope. *Also* 교황.

벗 *l.* 友 (*우) A friend. *See* 친구.

벗 s. 樺 (*내) The birch.

벗가다 s. 가; 간 To go sideways, to go across corners. To be contrary, to be crooked. *See* 외가다.

벗기다 s. 脫 (등서홀—*등) 벗겨; 간 To copy; to transcribe. *See* 등서호다.

벗기다 s. 脫 (벗길—*차) 벗겨; 간 To take off—as clothes; to strip off.

벗나무 s. 樺木 (벗—*내) (나무—*목) The birch.

벗놓다 s. 棄走 (빗길—*칠) (다라날—*주) 하; 혼 To abandon; to escape from. To be abandoned; to be dissolute; to be good for nothing. *See* 외가다.

벗다 s. 匐 (벗을—*연) 여; 은 To creep—as a vine; to straighten out.

벗다 s. 褪 (버슬—*라) 버서; 슨 To take off; to strip off.

뻣다 s. 伸 (펼—*신) 어; 은 To stretch out; to stick out.

벗디디다 s. 脫踏 (벗을—*거) (볿을—*답) 뒤여; 된 To set one's heels against; to refuse to move.

벗드리 s. 血脚 (피 곳을 *칠 (드리 *각) A stiff legged person. *See* 뻣장드리.

벗디다 s. 여; 된 To refuse; to deny; to not agree.

뻣디다 s. 여; 된 To refuse, to deny; to not agree.

벗발이 s. 持床 (지고—*와) 발—*족 A prop; a support. *See* 줄목.

벗버스름ᄒᆞ다 s. To be curved. To be insolent. To be disinclined.

뻣뻣 *l.* and s. Stiff; hard; obstinate; headstrong. *See* 뻣뻣.

뻣뻣ᄒᆞ다 *l.* and s. 剛直 강호 -*강) (곳을—*직) To be stiff; to be hard; to be headstrong, to be obstinate. *See* 뻣뻣ᄒᆞ다.

벗석 s. Rustling; rattling. *See* 밧착.

벗석벗석ᄒᆞ다 s. To rustle; to rattle; to craunch. *See* 와삭와삭.

벗으러지다 s. 러져; 진 To stick out. *See* 밧으러지다.

뻣으러지다 s. 러져; 진 To stick out.

뻣음뻣음하다 s. To stick out—in contrast to what is curved in. To be shiftless.

뻣장이 s. 直腸 (곳을—*직) (듸리—*장) A stiff-necked person. Ex. 뻣장이.

뻣장대다 s. 여; 된 To refuse, to hold back—as from work.

뻣적 s. Always: often. Tightly; stiffly. *See* 밧작.

뻣주하다 s. To protrude; to stick out.

뻣치다 s. 뻣쳐; 친 To stick out; to stretch over. To oppose; to deny.

뻣치다 s. 뻣쳐; 친 To prop up; to support. (Prov.)

뻣칭이 s. A prop; a support. *See* 뻣발이.

뻣희다 s. 揮 (교일 *힝) 여; 된 To prop up; to support.

뻣팔이 s. 直肱 (곳을—*곡) (팔 *핑) A person having a stiff arm.

뻣희다 s. 揮 (괴일—*힝) 여; 된 To prop up; to support.

벗하다 l. 許交 (허 사괼—*교) To be familiar with; to treat in a friendly way. *See* 허교하다.

베다 l. 支枕 (괴일 *지) (벼귀—*침) 여; 벤 To pillow; to rest the head.

베리다 s. 換 (베릴—*환) 베려; 린 To reface—as tools etc.

베프다 l. 施 (베풀—*시) 러; 픈 To give; to administer; to carry out. *Also* 베풀다

베풀다 l. 施 (베풀 -*시) 어; 픈 To give; to administer; to carry out.

벨브다 l. 벨너; 는 To quarter—as troops; to apportion. To resolve; to decide on.

뼁 s. The sound of a stopper coming out of a bottle. *See* 뻥.

벙거지 s. 戎笠 (싸홈 *전) 갓 (벨 *립) A felt hat worn by soldiers and official servants.

벙거지쏠 s. 戎笠 (지질 *전 쇠 *립) A felt hat shaped dish for food.

벙그다 s. 러; 근 To spread open; to gape; to separate.

벙글벙긋하다 s. To grin—repeatedly; to open up. *See* 방긋방긋하다

벙긋시 s. Gaping; opening. *See* 방긋시.

벙긋하다 s. 개방 (열릴 *한 열 *리) To open up; to gape. Ex. 방긋하다

뻥나다 s. 出頭 (날—*출) (할—*립) 서; 나 To let the air out of the tag, to be found out.

벙벙하다 l. To be silent; to be tranquil; to be quiet; to be calm.

뻥뻥하다 s. To be staring; to be stiff.

벙실벙실하다 s. To twist the face—as a child crying. To be partially open—of a flower. *See* 방실방실하다.

벙어리 s. 啞 (*아) A deaf mute. A child's money-safe.

버 s. 稻 (*도) Paddy; rice—unhulled or in the ear.

뼈 s. 骨 (*골) A bone.

버귀 s. 枕 (*침) A pillow.

베너리 s. 너허; 흔 To outline lightly—as characters. *See* 그어주다.

뼈다귀 s. 骨 (뼈—*골) Bones—build; shape. *See* 뼈대.

뼈대 s. Bones—build; shape. *See* 걸레.

버도다 s. 라; 든 To wander about indifferently or listlessly. *Also* 버돌다.

버돌다 s. 아; 든 To walk about indifferently

뼈드다 s. 러; 든 To dull; to blunt. To be tough. *Also* 뼈들다.

뼈뜨시 s. Meat cut from the bones.

뼈들다 s. 어; 든 To dull; to blunt. To be tough as having a bone for centre.

버락 s. 霹靂 (벽력—*벽) (벽력—*력) A thunder-bolt; a stroke of lightning (치다) (맞다). *See* 벽력.

버락다지 s. A window in halves, each sliding up and down.

버랑 s. 崖 (*애) A precipice; a declivity. *See* 절벽.

버룩 s. 蚤 (*조) A flea. (물다).

버루 s. 硯 (*년) An ink-stone. *See* 버루돌.

버루돌 s. 硯石 (버루—*년 돌—*석) An ink-stone. Ex. 연석

버리 s. 綱 (*강) The border ropes of a fishing net. (추다).

버리다 s. 棄 (전단홀—*련) 버려; 린 To relinquish; to abandon.

버르다 s. 벌너; 라른 To purpose; to intend to do; to decide on.

버름하다 s. To note down particularly. To divide up.

뻐무다 s. 러; 문 To aim. To design against; to plot against. To dull. *Also* 뻐물다.

새물다 *s.* 어; 문 To aim. To design against; to plot against. To dull.

*새성내다 *s.* 여; 넌 To get angry; to be stirred up.

벼슬 *s.* 仕 (*ᄉᆞ) Rank; office.

벼슬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 仕 (벼슬—*ᄉᆞ) To hold rank or office.

*벼짚 *s.* 藁 (*고) Rice straw—as used for thatching.

*벽 *s.* 壁 (바람) A wall; a partition. (치다). *See* 바람벽.

*벽강궁촌 *s.* 僻巷窮村 (궁벽) (굿셀) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (마을) Poor and remote villages.

*벽거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 僻居 (궁벽) (살) To live in a secluded place; to lead a retired life.

*벽게 *s.* 碧溪 (구슬) (시내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*벽경 *s.* 僻境 (궁벽) (디경) Places remote from the metropolis, an obscure locality.

*벽곡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 辟穀 (물니칠) (곡식) To practise laws of fasting—until one can live without eating—as Buddhists.

*벽공 *s.* 碧空 (푸를) (뷔인) The azure sky; the blue heaven.

벽다귀 *s.* 骨 (벽—*골) A bone. *See* 뼈.

*벽단 *s.* 碧團 (푸를) (뭉굴) A fort in P'yong-an-do.

*벽담 *s.* 碧潭 (푸를) (못) A blue lake.

*벽제 *s.* 碧蹄 (푸를) (ᄆᆞᆯ굽) A post station in Kyong-keui-do (Ko-yang).

벽돌 *s.* 甎 (*벽) A brick.

*벽동 *s.* 碧潼 (푸를) (물) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.21 Long. 125.35.

*벽락 *s.* 碧落 (푸를) (떠러질) The azure sky, the blue heaven. *See* 공중.

*벽력 *s.* 霹靂 벽력) (벽력) A clap of thunder. *See* 벼락.

*벽립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 壁立 바람) (설) To stand up like a wall.

*벽사 *s.* 碧沙 (푸를 (모래) A post station in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.37 Long. 127.00.

*벽산 *s.* 碧山 (푸를) (외) Blue mountains.

*벽사문 *s.* 辟邪文 (물니칠) (샤특) (글) Writings—to ward off evil spirits. *See* 츅샤경.

*벽샤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 辟邪 (물니칠) (샤특) To guard from evil spirits. *See* 츅샤ᄒᆞ다.

*벽셔 *s.* 壁書 (바람) (글) The Book of History—"Wall Classic," because hidden by Confucius in the wall when the classics were ordered to be burned. *See* 삼셔.

*벽셔 *s.* 僻書 (궁벽) (글) Profound writings. *See* 긔문.

*벽셩 *s.* 壁宿 (바람) (별) The 14th of the 28 constallations γ (Algenib) Pegasus α Andromeda 6° 22′ 9″.

*벽셩 *s.* 僻姓 (궁벽) (셩) A peculiar surname. an odd clan character. *See* 희셩.

*벽슈 *s.* 碧水 (푸를) (물) Blue water—applied to water in the sea or in rivers etc. which appears blue by reflection.

*벽식 *s.* 碧色 (푸를) (빗) Blue; azure; green.

*벽안 *s.* 碧眼 (푸를) (눈) Blue eyes.

*벽안조셤 *s.* 碧眼鳥喙 (푸를) (눈) (*ᄀᆞᆺ) (유형) Green eyes and red beards—foreigners. *See* 심목고쥰.

*벽오동 *s.* 碧梧桐 (푸를) (오동) (오동) The green *Sterculia plantanifolia*.

*벽옥 *s.* 碧玉 (푸를) (옥) Jasper.

*벽옥 *s.* 璧玉 (구슬) (옥) Jade—a precious stone.

*벽옹 *s.* 辟雍 (물니칠) (집) The Imperial college. (B. O.)

*벽읍 *s.* 僻邑 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (고을) A retired village, a obscure locality.

*벽장 *s.* 壁欌 (바람) (감출) A wall cupboard; a closet in the wall. *See* 다락.

벽장코 *s.* A pug-nose. *See* 안장코.

*벽재ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 辟除 (물니칠) (제ᄒᆞᆯ) To call or cry—as official underlings when accompanying their master.

*벽조 *s.* 僻字 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (글ᄌᆞ) Profound characters.

*벽지 *s.* 僻地 (궁벽) (지ᄆᆞᆨ) A rare thing—as a remedy etc.

*벽지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 僻在 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (잇슬) To live in a remote place or retired spot; to live in retirement.

*벽처 *s.* 僻處 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳) A retired place; a quiet spot.

*벽촌 *s.* 僻村 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (마을) An obscure village.

벽치다 *s.* 벽쳐; 친 To build a wall. To be at outs; to be at variance.

*벽텬 *s.* 碧天 (푸를) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The azure sky; the blue heaven.

*벽퇀 *s.* 碧團 (푸를) (ᄉᆞᆷ킬) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*벽토 *s.* 壁土 (바람) (흙) Wall plastering.

*벽판 s. 壁板 (벽) (판ᄌᆞ) Clapboarding; weather boarding.

*벽항 s. 僻鄕 (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) (시골) A remote locality; a secluded place; an obscure village.

*벽해 s. 碧海 (푸를) (바다) The blue sea; the azure ocean.

*벽해상전 s. 碧海桑田 (푸를) (바다) (뽕나무) 밧) The ups and downs of this life changing as sea and land.

*변 ㄴ 變 (변ᄒᆞᆯ) An accident; a misfortune. A revolution; an unfortunate change. (나다).

*변 s. 邊 (가) A side; a border; an edge; a bank. The white of a target. The radical in characters. A surname.

변 s. Expressions unintelligible to outsiders, used by detectives etc. (쓰다).

*변강 s. 邊疆 (가) (디경) The most distant portion of a frontier; the extreme limits of a territory.

변강쇠타령 h. The songs of *Pyŏn Gangsoi*, a legendary character.

*변계 s. 邊界 (가) (디경) The distant frontier; the extreme limits. *See* 변디, 변경.

*변계량 h. 卞季良 (성) (말제) (어질) A. D. 1392-1399. A great writer (대제학) P. S. Mil-ryang (K.S.) N.P. Ch'un-jung (휴ᄒᆞᆼ).

*변경 s. 邊警 (가) (니ᄉᆡ올) The guarding or patrolling of the frontier.

*변경 s. 邊境 (가) (디경) The boundary; the frontier. *See* 변디.

*변경 h. 變更 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (곳칠) A change; an alternation. (되다).

*변경ᄒᆞ다 h. 變更 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (곳칠) To change; to alter; to revise; to vary.

*변고 h. 變故 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (연고) A change for the worse; a bad turn; a revolution. *See* 환란.

*변구덕 h. 變덕 (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (근—ᄃᆡ) Caprice, inconstancy; instability. *See* 도섭.

*변ᄀᆡᄒᆞ다 h. 變改 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (곳칠) To change; to alter; to repair; to make new. *See* 변혁되다.

*변ᄃᆡ h. 變德 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (큰) Changeableness; fickleness.

*변덕구럭이 h. 變德 (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (근) A fickle person; a changeable character. *See* 바람둥이.

*변덕스럽다 h. 變德 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (큰) 러워; 운 To be changeable; to be fickle.

*변동 h. 變動 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (움직일) Fluctuation.

*변동ᄒᆞ다 h. 變動 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (움직일) To be changed; to change or alter.

변두 s. 偏頭 (치ᄉᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ—*편) (머리—*근) Headache; neuralgia.

변두리 s. 邊 (가—*변) An edge; a border; the outside. *See* 가장자리.

변두맞다 s. 마자; 진 To apply acupuncture—for neuralgia.

변두통 s. 偏頭痛 (치ᄉᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ—*편) (머리) (바람) Headache; neuralgia.

*변디 s. 邊地 (가) (짜) A boundary; a frontier. *See* 변방.

*변란 h. 變亂 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (어지러울) Civil disorders; revolution, insurrection; war.

*변론 s. 辨論 (분별ᄒᆞᆯ) (의론) Contention; disagreement.

*변론ᄒᆞ다 h. 辨論 (분별ᄒᆞᆯ 의론) To discuss; to debate. *See* 론난ᄒᆞ다.

*변리 s. 邊利 (가 리ᄒᆞᆯ Interest on money. *See* 리식.

*변명ᄒᆞ다 s. 辨明 (분변) (ᄇᆞᆰ을) To explain, to elucidate; to make clear; to expound.

*변명ᄒᆞ다 h. 變名 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (일홈) To change one's name.

*변문 s. 邊文 (가) (글) Interest—on money. *See* 변리.

*변미ᄒᆞ다 h. 變味 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (맛) To be changed—of food; to have a bad taste.

*변박ᄒᆞ다 h. 辨駁 (분변ᄒᆞᆯ) (얼에ᄇᆞᆯ) To contradict; to criticize; to revise. *See* 변론ᄒᆞ다.

*변방 s. 邊方 (가) (모) The frontier; the boundary. *See* 변서.

*변법ᄒᆞ다 h. 變法 변ᄒᆞᆫ (법) To change of the laws.

변변ᄒᆞ다 s. To be good; to be well chosen; to be important.

*변별ᄒᆞ다 h. 辨別 (분별) (분별) To divide into parts, to separate, to distinguish between; to explain; to elucidate; to make clear; to exercise discrimination.

변복ᄒᆞ다 h. 變服 변ᄒᆞᆯ (옷) To change the dress—as in mourning. *See* 귀복ᄒᆞ다.

*변분모법 h. 變分母法 (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄂᆞᆫ홀) (어미) (법) Changing denominators.

*변별ᄒᆞ다 h. 辨白 (분별ᄒᆞᆯ) (흰) To distinguish between; to decide between. *See* 변박ᄒᆞ다.

*변사 h. 變詐 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (거짓) A Proteus; a fickle untrustworthy character.

*변사스럽다 h. 變詐 (변ᄒᆞᆫ) (거짓) 러워 운 To be changeable; to be fickle.

*변산 s. 邊山 (가) (외) A mountain in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.34 Long. 126.31.

*변상 l. 變喪 (변호) (상사) Premature death. *Opp.* 호상.

*변상하다 l. 變狀 (변호) (모양) To change in appearance.

*변설하다 l. 辨說 (분변) (말숨) To explain or expound; to excuse; to apologize.

*변성명하다 l. 變姓名 (변호) (성) (일홈) To change one's clan character and given name.

*변성하다 l. 變姓 (변호) (성) To change one's surname character.

*변수법 l. 變數法 (변호) (두어) (법) Variation.

변쓰다 s. 써; 쓴 To use expressions unintelligible to outsiders—as detectives.

*변신하다 l. 變身 (변호) (몸) To change in body; to take on another body. *See* 변형하다.

변심하다 l. 變心 (변호) (무음) To change one's mind; to alter one's views; to act disloyally; to be changed in disposition.

*변사 l. 辯士 (말숨) (선비) An eloquent person. *See* 세치.

*변사 l. 變事 (변호) (일) An extraordinary incident; an unusual event; a calamity.

*변새 s. 邊塞 (가) (변방) The frontier; the boundary. *See* 변디.

*변색하다 l. 變色 (변호) (빗) To change color; to change countenance.

*변약하다 l. 變約 (변호) (언약) To break a promise; to retract an agreement.

*변양하다 l. 變樣 (변호) (모양) To change in appearance; to look different. *See* 변형하다

*변역평균 l. 變易平均 (변호) (밧골) (평호) (고룰) Unstable equilibrium.

*변역하다 s. 變易 (변호) (밧골) To change; to transform.

*변유선 l. 變容性 (변호) (얼골) (성품) Variability of volume.

*변읍 s. 邊邑 (가) (고을) A frontier district; a border county.

*변작 l. 變作 (변호) (지을) Repairs; changes.

*변작하다 l. 變作 (변호) (지을) To repair; to change. *See* 변역하다.

*변장 s. 邊將 (가) (장수) Frontier official guards.

*변제하다 l. 變制 (변호) (지을) To alter; to change.

*변정하다 l. 卞正 (변정호) (바룸) To distinguish between; to give evidence for and against. *See* 변백하다.

변죽 s. The edge; the side. *See* 변두리.

변죽울니다 s. 울녀; 닌 To beat about—in order to get at the ideas of another. *See* 견짐뜨다.

변죽치다 s. 쳐; 천 To beat about—in order to get at another's ideas. *See* 변죽울니다.

변줄 s. A small sea fish.

*변지변 s. 邊之邊 (가) (갈) (가) Compound interest. *See* 리지리.

*변질지 l. 變質材 (변호) (바탕) (지료) Alterative.

*변천 l. 變遷 (변호) (옴길) Alteration; changes; vicissitudes.

*변천하다 l. 變遷 (변호) (옴길) To change; to become altered.

변탕 s. A marking plane. *See* 귀탕.

*변필하다 l. 變筆 (변호) (붓) To write a different hand.

*변호 s. 邊土 (가) (흙) The borderland of a county; an obscure locality; a wild region.

*변화 l. 變化 (변호) (화호) Changeableness; fickleness. *See* 쥬션.

*변화무도 / 變化無路 (변호) (화호) (업슬) (길) No help for it; no means of help.

*변화수 / 變通數 (변호) (화호) (두어) Ability to adapt oneself to circumstances.

*변화하다 l. 變通 (변호) (화호) To arrange; to adapt to circumstances; to bring about. *See* 쥬션하다

*변히 l. 變態 (변호) (처도) A change in condition; altered state;—used chiefly with reference to changes in the condition of sick people.

*변하다 l. 拊掌 (뛰놀) (작례) To clap the hands with pleasure; to be pleased; to be glad

*변혁되다 l. 變革 (변호) (곳칠) 여; 됨 To transform; to metamorphose; to reform. *See* 변화하다.

*변형하다 l. 變形 (변호) (형상) To change—in appearance; to look different. *See* 변양하다.

*변호사 l. 辯護士 (말숨) (호위) (션비) An advocate; a barrister.

*변호자 s. 辯護者 (말) (호위) (놈) An advocate.

*변호하다 s. 辯護 (말) (호위) To act as an advocate for; to appear for in court; to vindicate; to plead in favour of.

*변하다 s. 變(변호) To change; to alter; to transform. *See* 변척되다

*변해 s. 辯解 (말) (플) An apology.

*변히 s. 辯解 (분변) (플) To refute; to controvert, etc.

*변화 s. 變化 (변호) (될) Transformation; mutation; metamorphosis; change.

*변화 s. 卞和 (변정) (화홀) 8th century B.C. A noted Chinese official whose name is associated with a famous jade-stone.

*변화막측 s. 變化莫測 (변호) (될) (말) (헤아릴) It is impossible to know the changes of creation etc.

*변화무궁하다 s. 變化無窮 (변호) (될) (없을) 다 To be endless, of the transmutations of nature.

*변화물 s. 變化物 (변호) (될) (물건) A transformed being; an apparition; a phantom; a sprite.

*변화법 s. 變化法 (변호) (될) (법) Reduction.

*변화하다 s. 變化 (변호) (될) To change; to transform. To be transfigured. *See* 변귀하다.

*변환하다 s. 變幻 (변호) (환홀) To metamorphose. To act other than in the proper way. *See* 환통하다.

별 s. 星 (*셩) A star. *See* 셩신

*별 s. 別 (리별) Strange; extraordinary; odd.

*별가 s. 別家 (별호) (집) A concubine. *See* 쇼실.

별가락 s. Specially prepared musical instruments. A strange thing; an oddity.

*별간장 s. 別肝腸 (다를) (간) (창조) An odd character; a droll creature.

*별관죽 s. 別管竹 (다를) (대) (대) A specially ornamented bamboo pipe-stem.

*별감 s. 別監 (별홀) (다) A magistrate's steward; an official male servant.

*별갑 s. 鼈甲 자라 갑옷 The shell of a turtle—used as medicine.

*별건곤 s. 別乾坤 (다를) (하늘) (짜) Another heaven and earth—fairyland. *See* 별유텬디

*별검 s. 別檢 (다를) (상고) An officer who sacrifices in the name of the king.

*별긧 s. 別件 (다를) (별—*건) An oddity a strange thing. *See* 별종.

*별격 s. 別格 (다를) (격식) An odd fashion; a strange cut, a different or special rule; something special, or extraordinary. *See* 별것.

*별고 s. 別故 (다를) (연고) An odd cause; a reason. *See* 별달.

*별고 s. 別庫 (다를) (고집) The royal storehouse.

*별곤 s. 別棍 (다를) (곤장) An extra large paddle—for beating criminals. *See* 대곤

*별구청 s. 別求請 (다를) (구홀) (청홀) Gifts demanded by a prostitute—that take the place of hire.

*별군직 s. 別軍職 (다를) (군소) (직업) The royal guard—def. re the king

*별궁 s. 別宮 (다를) (집) The palace—of the heir apparent. *See* 동궁.

*별기군 s. 別技軍 (다를) (지조) (군소) Soldiers under special instructions in a *Yŏngmun*.

*별과 s. 別科 (다를) (과거) A special examination.

*별낭침 s. 別囊針 (다를) (바다—*양) (바늘—*침) A large needle, a darning needle.

별넘별넘 s. 緩之緩之 (정영홀—*경) (갈—*지) (정영홀—*영) (갈—*지) Putting off; procrastinating.

별노 s. Exceedingly. Quite; almost altogether; nearly. *See* 별양.

*별당 s. 別堂 (다를) (집) A separate house; an extra guest-house.

*별뎨 s. 別提 (다를) (쓰을) Literary rank of the 6th degree.

별동 s. 星墮 (별—*셩) (동—*분) Falling stars; meteors.

별똥지기 s. 雜役 (잡을—*박) (논—*답) Useless paddy-fields.

별둑이 s. A secret detective; a special police.

*별뒤 s. 別隊 (다를) (뒤) Special cavalry—of a *Yŏngmun*.

*별로 s. 別路 (리별) (길) A different road.

*별리 s. 別離 (리별) (떠날) Farewell.

*별리하다 s. 別離 (리별) (떠날) To take leave of; to go away; to depart; to leave; to be divorced.

*별명 s. 別名 (다를)(일홈) A nickname.

*별무소 s. 別武士 (다를)(호반)(련비) The cavalry soldiers—of a *Yŏngmun*.

*별물 s. 別物 (다를)(물건) An oddity; a strange thing; a queer "stick"—of a person; a different thing; a separate thing. *See* 별종.

*별미 s. 別味 (별홀)(맛) A peculiar taste; an extraordinary flavor. *See* 일미.

*별반거조 s. 別般擧措 (다를)(가져)(둘)(노흘) A disturbance; a matter for settlement; a case for punishment.

*별반조처 s. 別般措處 (다를)(가지)(노흘)(곳) A special decision, dealing with specially.

*별방 s. 別房 (다를)(방) A concubine. *See* 별실.

*별본 s. 別本 (다를)(모) A peculiar pattern, an odd shape. *See* 별례.

*별봉 s. 別封 (다를)(봉홀) A letter or enclosure in an accompanying envelope.

*별부료 s. 別付料 (다를)(붓칠)(료) Special candidates chosen for military examinations.

*별비 s. 別備 (다를)(又홀) A gift in money; a *pourboire* given to a sorcerer or witch. Money laid away for special purposes.

*별비 s. 別陪 (다를)(모실) Official servants; government menials. *See* 구실.

*별빅지 s. 別白紙 (다를)(흰)(조희) Fine white paper.

*별산 s. 別山 (다를)(뫼) A mountain in Kang won do. Lat. 38.21 Long. 128.12.

*별상 s. 別星 (다를)(별—*셩) The spirit of smallpox. *See* 마마.

*별상힝차 s. 別星行次 (다를)(별—*셩)(힝호)(버금) A special envoy's party—as sent to or from China.

*별션 s. 別扇 (다를)(붓치) A special kind of fan; a fine make of fan.

*별세ᄒᆞ다 s. 別世 (리별)(인간) To leave the world; to die. *See* 아세ᄒᆞ다.

*별수 s. 別數 (다를)(두어) Special ability; a special talent.

*별시 s. 別試 (다를)(시험) A special examination. *See* 별과.

*별식 s. 別食 (다를)(밥) Special kinds of food; rarities in the way of food. *See* 별미.

*별실 s. 別室 (다를)(집) A concubine. *See* 별방.

*별소 s. 別使 (다를)(ᄒᆞ여곰) A special envoy—as sent to or from China.

*별안간 s. 瞥眼間 (잠깐할)(눈)(소이) Of a sudden; in a twinkling. *See* 홀연; 잠시간.

*별양 s. 別樣 (다를)(모양) Quite; almost altogether. *See* 별노.

*별업 s. 別業 (다를)(업) A different occupation, or undertaking. A summer house or residence.

*별연죡 s. 別烟竹 (다를)(연긔)(대) An ornamented pipe-bowl and mouth-piece.

*별영 s. 別營 (다를)(영문) One of the five government offices of the capital.

*별영창 s. 別營倉 (다를)(영문)(창고) A government storehouse of the capital.

*별유텬디 s. 別有天地 (다를)(잇슬)(하ᄂᆞᆯ)(짜) A special heaven and earth—fairyland. *See* 별건곤.

*별은 s. 別銀 (다를)(은) Yellow gold. *See* 금.

*별입시 s. 別入侍 (다를)(들)(모실) A special audience with the king; a special statesman.

*별장 s. 別莊 (다를)(별별홀) A house belonging to a nobleman, usually situated far from his main residence; a country-seat.

*별장 s. 別將 (다를)(장수) The captain of a 4th rate guardpost. *See* 번장.

*별종 s. 別種 (다를)(씨) Special varieties; odd characters; a different kind; a special sort; different; special. *See* 별물.

*별쥬 s. 別酒 (다를)(술) The "good-bye" drink; a parting glass. Special wine. *See* 젼별쥬.

별즁나다 s. 나; 난 To be peculiar; to be strange. *See* 다르다.

*별증 s. (—쭝) 別症 (다를)(증세) All kinds of symptoms; strange symptoms.

*별지 s. 別紙 (다를)(조희) A letter of condolence—on the loss of a parent.

*별조포 s. 別自浦 (다를)(스스리)(개) An anchorage in Quelpaert. Lat. 33.31 Long. 126.39.

*별저 s. 別才 (다를)(직조) Special ability; extraordinary talent. *See* 별직.

*별찬 s. 別饌 (다를) (반찬) Rare side dishes; specially good side dishes—eaten with rice. *See* 별미.

*별처 s. 別處 (다를) (처소) A special detective. *See* 잡처.

*별태 s. 別態 (다를) (몸) A strange style—as of characters that do not conform to any fixed rule. *See* 별격.

*별택ᄒᆞ다 s. 別擇 (다를) (갈힐) To choose specially. *See* 취택ᄒᆞ다.

*별판 s. 別版 (다를) (판자) An eccentricity; a peculiarity; an oddity. Special plates for printing. *See* 별종.

*별패진 s. 別牌陣 (다를) (패) (진) Soldiers in charge of fireworks.

*별포 s. 別砲 (다를) (총) A sharpshooter; a specially good shot.

*별품 s. 別品 (다를) (물수) A special kind; an extraordinary grade of thing. *See* 별관.

*별항 s. 別項 (다를) (목) Another item, article.

*별호 s. 別號 (다를) (일홈) A nickname. *See* 앙호.

*별ᄒᆞ다 s. 別 (다를) To be different; to be unlike. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다.

뼘싸 l. 어; 은 To span off—with the hand.

뼘치 l. A fish—a span long.

볏밥 s. 耦路 (보습—*스) (진흙—*니) The furrow as turned over by the mould-board.

벗 s. 鷄冠 (닭—*계) (갓—*관) A cock's comb. *See* 벼슬.

볕 s. 陽 (*양) Light—of the sun, as opposed to shade; sunshine. *See* 낮.

볍 s. 耦 (보습—*리) A mould-board of a plow.

*병 l. 病 (병들) A sickness; a disease. (들다) (나다).

병 s. 瓶 (*호) A bottle.

병가 l 病家 (병들) (집) A patient's house; a sick family.

*병가 s. 兵家 (군수) (집) A military school. Writers on military topics; military families.

*병가상소 s. 兵家常事 (군수) (집) (떳떳) (일) What is common among warriors—defeat.

*병가자류 s. 兵家者流 (군수) (집) (놈) (흐를) The military class.

*병갑 s. 兵甲 (군수) (갑옷) Military equipments.

*병거 s. 兵車 (군수) (수레) Literally 'a war-chariot'; soldiers; troops.

*병견ᄒᆞ다 l. 並肩 (아오를) (어깨) To be equal to; to be of like attainments.

*병고 l. 病苦 (병들) (괴로울) Sickness and suffering.

*병곡 l. 柄谷 (자로) (골) A post station in Kyong-sang do.

*병교 s. 兵校 (군수) (장교) Police; detectives. *See* 포교.

*병귀신숙 s. 兵貴神速 (군수) (귀홀) (귀신) 속홀 My forces must move with the speed of ghosts.

*병근 l. 病根 (병들) (뿌리) The root or germ from which a disease springs. *See* 증세.

*병기 s. 兵器 (군수) (그릇) Arms; weapons. *See* 군기.

*병긔 l. 病氣 (병들) (긔운) Sickness; illness; malady, indisposition.

*병긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 並起 (아오를) (니러날) To rise together; to get up with one accord; to occur simultaneously.

*병긱 l. 病客 (병들) (손) An invalid. *See* 병인.

*병과 l. 丙科 (남녁) (과거) The 3rd class of graduates in contrast to *Kap* and *Eul*.

*병권 s. 兵權 (군수) (권세) Military authority.

*병나다 l. 病臥 (병들) (누울—*와) 셔; 난 To become ill; to get out of order. *See* 알다.

병나게 ᄒᆞ다 사역 (날—*셩) (병들—*병) 여; 낸 To sicken, to render defective.

*병명 s. 兵丁 (군수) (장명) Soldiers. *See* 군병.

*병명출신 s. 兵丁出身 (군수) (장명) (날) (몸) Military promotion.

병드다 l. 得病 (엇을—*득) (병들—*병) 러; 든 To take sick; to turn out badly. *Also* 병들다.

*병뎡 s. 兵隊 (군수) (떼) Soldiers. *See* 군병.

*병란 s. 兵亂 (군수) (어지러울) The disturbances of war. 싸움.

*병력 s. 兵力 (군수) (힘) Military power; warlike strength.

*병력간섭 s. 兵力干涉 (군수) (힘) (간셥홀) (건널) Armed intervention.

*병력ᄒᆞ다 l. 並力 (아오를) (힘) To unite forces; to join. *See* 협력ᄒᆞ다.

*병렬ᄒᆞ다 l. 並列 (아오를) (벌) To be drawn up in ranks; to be seated in due order, or, to stand in their respective places.

***병렬ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 竝列 (달닐) (벌) To arrange in a line, to set in a row; to arrange in ranks; to stand in a row.

***병록** *l.* 病錄 (병들) (긔록) A written diagnosis—of a disease.

***병립ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 竝立 (아오를) (셜) To stand together; to stand in line; to be equal in power; to stand on the level.

***병마** *s.* 兵馬 (군소) (물) Soldiers and horses. *See* 군마.

***병마** *l.* 病馬 (병들) (물) A diseased pony.

***병막** *l.* 病幕 (병둘) (장막) A hospital; a pest-house. *See* 병원.

병막이 *s.* A cork for a bottle.

병목 *s.* The neck of a bottle.

***병문안ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 病問安 (병둘) (무를) (평안) To inquire after a sick person.

***병발ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 竝發 (아오를) (필) To take place together; to happen at the same time.

***병방** *s.* 兵房 (군소) (방) A lieutenant-general. Police; constables; detectives. *See* 병교.

***병법** *s.* 兵法 (군소) (법) Military rules; the book of military law. *See* 병셔.

***병본리ᄒᆞ다** / 幷本利 (아오를) (밋) (리롤) To unite principal and interest. *See* 구변ᄒᆞ다.

***병부** *s.* 兵符 (군소) (병부) Two halves of a tally—one of which is left with the government while the other is taken by the official as his credentials.

***병불염사** *s.* 兵不厭詐 (군소) (아닐) (슬흘) (간사) Military operations involve stratagem.

***병비** *s.* 兵備 (군소) (갖흘) Military preparations, defences.

***병셔** *s.* 兵書 (군소) (글) A book of military rules or naval tactics. *See* 병법.

***병석** *l.* 病席 (병들) (돗) A sick patient's bed.

***병션** *s.* 兵船 (군소) (비) A man-of-war; a gunboat. *See* 군함.

***병션** *l.* 兵燹 (군소) (병화) War fires; conflagrations produced in the course of warlike operations. *Also* 병화.

***병셰** *l.* 病勢 (병들) (형셰, The condition of a sick patient. *See* 병중.

***병셰** *s.* 兵勢 (군소 (형셰) Warlike demonstrations; display of arms and forces.

***병슈ᄉᆞ** *s.* 兵水使 (군소) (물) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A general and an admiral.

***병술** / 丙戌 (남녁) (개) The 23rd year of the cycle. 1826; 1886, 1946.

***병식조련** *s.* 兵式操練 (군소) (법) (잡을) (련단홀) Military drill

***병식례조** *s.* 兵式體操 (군소) (법) (몸) (잡을) Military drill.

***병식ᄒᆞ다** / 幷食 (아오를) (밥) To divide up—rice; to share—food. *See* 분식ᄒᆞ다.

***병식ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 屛息 (병풀) (쉬일) To hold one's breath.

***병신** *l.* 病身 (병들) (몸) A cripple; a hopeless invalid. *See* 반편.

***병신** / 丙申 (남녁) 납) The 33rd year of the cycle. 1836; 1896, 1956.

병신성스럽다 / 러워, 운 To be crippled; to be hopelessly sick.

***병ᄉᆞ** *s.* 兵士 (군소) (군ᄉᆞ) A soldier; military men.

***병ᄉᆞ** *s.* 兵使 (군소) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A lieutenant-general of the provincial army.

***병ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다** *l.* 病死 (병들) (죽을) Death from sickness; to die of a disease.

***병색** *l.* 病色 (병들) (빗) The appearance of sickness. *See* 병근.

병아리 *s.* 鷄雛 (돍—*계) (삭기—*유) A chicken; young fowls. *See* 연계.

***병안** *l.* 病眼 (병들) (눈) Sore eyes, diseased eyes.

***병어** *s.* 鯿魚 (병어) (고기) A variety of flat fish with a very small mouth

***병역** *s.* 兵役 (군소) (역ᄉᆞ) Military service.

***병엽** / 病葉 (병들) (입) Autumn leaves.

***병영** *s.* 兵營 (군소) (영문) A military headquarters or camp.

***병오** *l.* 丙午 (남녁) (낫) The 43rd year of the cycle. 1846; 1906; 1966.

***병용ᄒᆞ다** 並用 (아오를) (쓸) To use all at the same time.

***병위** *s.* 兵威 (군소) (위엄) Military dignity or strength; the influence of an army.

***병인** *l.* 病人 (병들) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A sick person; a patient. *See* 병ᄌᆞ.

***병인** *s.* 兵刃 (군소) (날) The blade or edge of a weapon. (Comp.)

***병인** *l.* 丙寅 (남녁) (동방) The 3rd year of the cycle 1866, 1926, 1986.

***병입골수ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 病入骨髓 (병들) (들) (뼈) (골) To enter the bones—of a sickness. *See* 고황지질.

*병원 l. 病院 (병들) (집) A hospital; a room where the sick are cared for. 방.

*병작하다 s. 並作 (아오를) (지을) To work fields on shares.

*병자 l. 病者 (병들) (놈) A sick person. See 병인.

*병장 s. 屛帳 (병풍) (장막) A screen and an awning; screens and tents.

*병장기 s. 兵器 (군소) (그릇—*긔) Arms; weapons. See 군긔.

*병적 s. 兵籍 (군소) (호적) Military registers.

*병점 l. 病占 (병들) (점칠) Divination for sickness. See 점구².

*병점하다 l. 病占 (병들) (점칠) To diagnose a case of sickness by divination.

*병조 s. 兵曹 (군소) (마을) The Board of War. The War Office.

*병조관서 s. 兵曹判書 (군소) (마을) (관단, 글) The President of the Board of War—an officer of the front rank 2nd degree. See 병관.

*병졸 s. 兵卒 (군소) (군소) A common soldier; troops.

*병주고함 s. 井州故鄕 (아오를) (고을) (네) (싀골) A place where one has resided for a time and then left.

병주머니 l. A hopeless invalid; one full of sickness. See 병구덕이.

*병중에 l. 病中 (병들) (가온디) In sickness.

*병증 l. 病症 (병들, 증세, 증셰) Symptoms of a disease; the nature of a disease. See 병세.

*병진 l. 丙辰 (남녁) (별) The 53rd year of the cycle. 1856; 1916; 1976.

*병진하다 l. 併進 (아오를) (나아갈) To proceed together; to go side by side.

병질부 l. The name of the 104th Chinese Radical. 疒

병집 l. 癖癡 (흠—*흔) (못—*단) A defect; a flaw; what has turned out badly. See 흔단.

*병집 s. 兵執 (군소) (잡을) The chief of the writers in the War Office.

*병조 l. 丙子 남녁 아들 The 13th year of the cycle. 1816; 1876; 1936.

*병조호란 l. 丙子胡亂 (남녁) (아들) (오랑캐) (어지러울 The Manchu war of 1636 A. D.

*병참소 s. 兵站所 (군소) (참) (바) Camps of reserves.

*병창하다 l. 並唱 (아오를) (부를) To sing together; to keep together—in singing.

*병처 l. 病處 (병들) (곳) The seat of a disease. See 통처.

*병촉이 l. 病人 (병들—*병) (사롬—*인) A hopeless invalid. See 병신.

*병출하다 l. 並出 (아오를) (날) To come out together.

*병탈하다 l. 病頉 (병들) (탈) To make an excuse of sickness.

*병탄하다 l. 併呑 (아오를) (삼킬) To swallow, to devour; to absorb entirely; to annex whole-sale; to conquer, to subjugate.

*병판 s. 兵判 (군소) (관단) The President of the Board of War. See 병조관서.

*병폐하다 l. 病斃 (병들) (죽을) To fall ill and die.

*병풍 s. 屛風 (병풍) (바람) A folding screen. (치다).

*병학 s. 兵學 (군소) (비홀) The art of war; military science; strategy.

*병학지남 s. 兵學指南 (군소) (비홀) (가릴진) (남녁) Military treatise.

*병함 s. 兵艦 (군소) (싸홈, A gunboat; a man-of-war. See 군함.

*병혁 s. 兵革 (군소) (가죽) War. See 병란. Military equipment.

*병후 l. 病後 (병들) (뒤) After sickness; period of convalescence.

*병합하다 l. 併 (아오를) To unite, to join. See 합병하다.

*병행선 l. 並行線 (아오를) (녈) (실) Parallel lines.

*병행사각 l. 並行四角 (아오를) (녈) (넉, 각) A parallelogram.

*병행하다 l. 並行 (아오를) (녈) To walk abreast; to go side by side. 나란히 갈 잡아 가다.

*병화 s. 兵火 군소 불 A conflagration produced in the course of warlike operations.

*병화 s. 瓶花 (병) (꽃) Flowers arranged in a vase

*병환 l. 病患 (병들) (근심) Sickness. (Hon.)

보 s. 洑 (*복) A dam.

*보 l. 步 (거름) A pace—consisting of two steps of 2.5 ft. each.

*보 l. 寶 (보비) An official stamp or seal.

보 s. 犁 (보습—*리) A plough.

보 s. 樑 (들보 -*량) The main cross-beams of a house. *See* 들보.

보 s. A teacup; a small bowl. *See* 보사귀.

*보 s. 保 (보전) A security; a guarantee. (들다).

보 s. 袱 (보조—*복) Swaddling clothes; a cloth wrap.

*보 s. 補 (기울) An official assistant

*보가ᄒᆞ다 t. 保家 (보젼) (집) To take care of one's home; to provide for one's family. *See* 보젼ᄒᆞ다.

*보감 t. 寶鑑 (보비) (거울) A handbook; a manual.

*보개 t. 保介 (보젼홀) (쥴) Farmers; agriculturalists. (B. O.)

*보개산 t. 寶蓋山 (보비) (덮흘) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-won-do (Kang-Neung.)

*보검 t. 寶劍 (보비) (칼) A keen blade; a two-edged sword.

*보고 t. 報告 (갑흘) (고홀) News; intelligence; information. A report; a communication; a message.

*보고ᄂᆡ에 t. 報告內 (갑흘) (고홀) (안) In reporting; in the report.

*보고셔 t. 報告書 (갑흘) (고홀) (글) A written report.

*보고ᄒᆞ다 t. 報告 (갑흘) (고홀) To communicate; to announce; to report; to give information, to make a communication

*보공지르다 t. 補空 (기울) (뷘) 질너, 지른 To stop up; to pack close; to fill a vacant space.

*보교 t. 步轎 (거름) (보교) A two-man chair. (두 다). *See* 장보교.

*보교판 t. 步轎板 (거름) (보교) (판조) A flooring laid over a bridge of boats

*보국 t. 輔國 (도올) (나라) A public office held by relatives of the king.

*보국안민ᄒᆞ다 t. 輔國安民 (도올) (나라) (편안) (빅셩) To govern the country and dispense peace to the people.

*보군 t. 步軍 (거름) (군소) Infantry. *See* 보병.

보군이 s. 小筐 (젹을 *쇼) (광쥬리—*광) A small basket with a narrow top. *See* 다라기.

보글보글 s. Bubbling; boiling. Worked up—feelings. *See* 바글바글.

보금이 s. 小筐 (젹을—*쇼) (광쥬리 *광) A small market-basket. *See* 바금이.

*보ᄀᆞᆸ다 t. 報給 (갑흘) (줄) To pay; to settle a debt. *See* 갑다.

*보급ᄒᆞ다 t. 普及 (넓을) (밋칠) To be diffused throughout; to pervade.

*보긔 t. 寶器 (보비) (그릇) Precious utensils; things much prized; treasures.

*보긔ᄒᆞ다 t. 補氣 (기을) (긔운) To reinvigorate; to reanimate; to restore to health. *See* 보양ᄒᆞ다.

*보관ᄒᆞ다 t. 保管 (보젼) (거ᄂᆞ릴) To take charge of; to exercise control over

보내다 s. 送 (보낼—*숑) 여; 낸 To send; to despatch.

보다 s. 見 (볼—*견) 아; 본 To see; to look, to apprehend; to experience; to take note. To attend (장); to go to (뒤). To read (칙). To wait on (손). To have born to one (손주). To have sexual intercourse with. (ᄒᆞᆫ 져) (맛다).

보다 s. Than—with a comparative; compared with. *See* 보담.

*보단 t. 寶丹 (보비) (붉을) A Japanese nostrum composed of camphor, peppermint etc.

보담 s. Than—with a comparative; compared with. *See* 보다.

*보답 t. 報答 (갑흘) (더답) To repay; to requite.

*보답ᄒᆞ다 t. 報答 (갑흘) (더답) To answer; to reply; to respond to, (written or oral).

*보ᄃᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 t. 報德 (갑흘) (큰) To repay an obligation.

보담 s. Than—with a comparative; compared with. *Also* 보답.

*보도ᄒᆞ다 t. 報道 (갑흘) (길) To communicate; to announce; to publish.

*보복ᄒᆞ다 t. 報復 (갑흘) (복홀) To take revenge; to turn against. *See* 보슈ᄒᆞ다.

보동ᄯᅥ다 s. 떠어, 떤 To be short and stout. (Prov.)

보드득 s. Creaking; squeaking. *See* 빠드득.

보드득보드득ᄒᆞ다 s. To creak repeatedly; to squeak *See* 빠드득빠드득ᄒᆞ다.

보드럽다 s. 軟 (연홀 *연) 러워; 운 To be limp; to be soft.

보드레ᄒᆞ다 s. 軟 (연홀—*연) To be limp; to be soft. *See* 부드럽다.

보득보득 s. Persistently; obstinately. Creaking. Dry. *See* 부득부득.

보들보들ᄒᆞ다 s. 軟 (연홀—*연) To be limp; to be soft. *See* 보드레ᄒᆞ다.

보ᄃᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be tight; to fit closely. *See* 빠ᄃᆞᆺᄒᆞ다

보라 s. A wedge. (치다).

보라 s. 紫赤色 (붉을—*적) (푸를—*청) (빛—*색) A reddish color; a light purple color.

보라미 s. A wild falcon; a purple colored falcon.

보람 s. 表 (봔—*표) A certificate; a mark; a sign; a sample. (짜다). Pustules—of smallpox. (뵈이다).

*보령 l. 保寧 .보전. 관안—*관 A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.18 Long. 126.55.

*보로소 s. 普魯斯 (넓을) (나라) (이) Prussia. *See* 덕국.

*보로지 s. 南老知 (남우) (늙을) (알 A post station in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat 40.14 Long. 125.41.

보료 l. 茵 (요 *요) A mattress; a stuffed mat.

쌋푸대 s. 小輪船 (적을 *쇼) (바퀴 —*룬) (배 —*션) A small steamboat.

보르퉁ᄒᆞ다 s. To swell up. To become angry.

보름 s. 望 (*망) The 15th of the moon; fifteen days.

보름보기 s. A one-eyed person—who sees but fifteen days to the moon.

보리 s. 麥 (*모) Barley. *See* 밀보리.

보리경 s. 麥嶺經 (구슬—*파) (구슬—*리) (지날—*경) Spectacles, glasses (Prov.)

보리동지 s. 麥同知 (밀—*맥 같ᄒᆞ지—*동) (알—*지) "Barley rank" a name applied to the poor gentry of the country.

보리슈 s. 扶老樹 (붓들—*부) (늙을—*로) (나무 *슈 A kind of tree from which walking sticks are made.

보리타다 s. 麥打 (보리 —*맥) (칠—*타) 서; 관 To be beaten; to be pad lled.

*보명ᄒᆞ다 l. 保命 .보전 (목숨) To take care of one's life; to care for oneself. *See* 련명ᄒᆞ다.

*보물 l. 寶物 (보비) (물건) Valuables; treasures. *See* 보화.

보물아지 s. What is frayed; a worn edge.

*보방 l. 報房 (갑흘) (방) The instrument room—of a telegraph office.

*보방ᄒᆞ다 s. 保放 (보전) (노흘) To let go on bail; to release on guarantee. *See* 보슈ᄒᆞ다.

*보법ᄉᆞ l. 報法寺 (갑흘) (법) (졀) A monastery in Kyong-keui-do (P'eung-dok).

*보병 l. 步兵 (거를) (군ᄉᆞ) Infantry; foot-soldiers. *Opp.* 마병.

보빙 l. 麁木 (더러울 — 츄 나무 *목) Coarse cotton cloth. *Also* 보빙미명 것.

보병디 l. 步兵隊 (거를) (군ᄉᆞ) (떼) A company of foot-soldiers; infantry.

*보복지리 l. 報復之理 (갑흘) (회복) (갈) (리치) The law of retribution. *See* 보응.

*보복ᄒᆞ다 l. 報復 (갑흘) (회복) To repay; to requite.

*보본ᄒᆞ다 l. 補本 (기울) (밋) To save the principal only—in a money transaction.

*보부ᄌᆞᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 補不足 기울, 아님 —*불 (죡ᄒᆞᆯ —*족) To make up a deficiency, to pay the difference.

보비다 s. 여; 뷘 To roll into balls—by thumb and finger.

보뷘 보뷘ᄒᆞ다 s. To roll up into balls or pills—by thumb and finger. *See* 빠뷘 빠뷘ᄒᆞ다.

*보비병 l. 補備兵 (기울) (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) Additional troops enrolled to meet a contingency.

*보비위ᄒᆞ다 l. 補脾胃 (기울) (비위) (비위) To aid digestion; to give a tonic.

*보비ᄒᆞ다 補備ᄒᆞ다 기울 ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ ᄒᆡ 예비ᄒᆞ다 To complement provision which has been already made; to put first aid arrangements already made to meet an emergency.

*보빙대ᄉᆞ l. 報聘大使 (갑흘) (빙문) (큰) (ᄉᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) A return envoy.

*보빙ᄒᆞ다 l. 報聘 (갑흘) (빙문) To return the visit of an envoy.

보비 l. 寶 (*보) Valuables; treasures; what is precious. *See* 보물.

보비롭다 l. 寶 (보비—*보) 로와; 온 To be precious like; to be valuable.

*보사 l. 寶砂 (보비) (모래) Emery powder.

보사리 s. A small cup. *See* 할ᄀᆞ.

보사리감투 s. 胃 (비위—*위) Boiled beef's stomach.

*보산 l. 寶山 .보비 외) Post stations in Ham-kyong-do and P'yŏng-an-do.

*보살 *s.* 菩薩 (보살) (보살) A person only one step below a Buddha. A student of Buddhism though as yet a layman.

*보삭 *l.* 步彩 (거름) (적삼) A rain coat. *See* 유삼.

*보쌈 *s.* 褓裹 (보조) (쌀—*싸) The custom of secretly forcing a temporary wedding, and then killing the bridegroom, in order to cheat fate out of leaving the girl a hopeless widow—this taking place a few days before the real wedding.

*보삼각형 *s.* 補三角形 (기울) (석) (쌀) (형상) Supplemental triangle.

보삽 *s.* 犁 (*리) A ploughshare. *See* 보습.

*보사길ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 步射 (거름) (쏨) To practise archery —with a short bow

*보상 *l.* 褓商 (보조) (장사) A traveling peddler.

*보좌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 輔相 (도울) (서로) To assist the State (M).

보서다 *l.* 題保 (달—*현) (보전 · 보) 서, 선 To note down the name of a witness. *See* 현보ᄒᆞ다.

*보석 *l.* 寶石 (보비) (돌) Precious stones; gems.

보션 *s.* 襪 (*말) Socks; stockings. (신다) (짓다).

*보세창고 *l.* 保稅倉庫 (보전) (부세) (고집) (고집) Bonded warehouse.

*보성 *l.* 寶城 (보비) (재) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ong do. Lat. 34 41. Long. 127 09.

*보소 *l.* 譜所 (족보) (바) An office for the printing of ancestral tablets.

*보슈 *l.* 報酬 (갑흘) (갑흘) A pecuniary recompense.

*보슈금 *l.* 報酬金 (갑흘) (갑흘) (쇠) A pecuniary recompense.

*보슈덕 *l.* 保守的 (보전) (직힐) (역설) Conservatism.

*보슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 報酬 (갑흘) (갑흘) To repay; to requite.

*보슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 報讐 (갑흘) (원슈) To avenge; to requite an injury. *See* 복보슈ᄒᆞ다.

*보슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 保囚 (보전) (가둘) To release on bail; to keep under arrest. (쥬인) *See* 보방ᄒᆞ다.

보슉이 *s.* A small cup.

보숩보숩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dry, to be parched. *See* 부숩부숩ᄒᆞ다.

보숭이 *s.* Bean or sesamum flour.

보슬보슬 *s.* Dampish. Drizzling. *See* 부슬부슬ᄒᆞ다.

보습 *s.* 犁 (*리) A ploughshare; a plough. (갈다) *See* 잡기.

쓰시 *s.* A cap so called in Japanese. *See* 삽모.

*보시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 普施 (널울) (베풀) To aid, to give alms; to succor. *See* 시쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*보시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 報施 (갑흘) (베풀) To repay an obligation; to return a favor.

*보신지지 *l.* 補身之材 (기울) (몸) (갈) 지목, Nourishing medicines such as ginseng etc. *See* 보지.

*보신지책 *l.* 保身之策 (보전) (몸) (갈) 모칙) Ways and means by which to get a living. *See* 조신지책.

*보신천 *l.* 寶信川 (보비) (믿을) (내) A stream in Kyong-keui-do.

*보신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 補身 (기울) (몸) To strengthen the body by medicines etc. *See* 보지ᄒᆞ다

*보신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 補腎 (기울) (신) To strengthen the virile powers—by aphrodisiacs. *See* 보양ᄒᆞ다.

*보쇠 *l.* 寶璽 (보비) (옥쇠) The Imperial seal

보슈히다 *s.* 看檢 (볼—*간) (삼갈홀—*검) 혀; 힌 To oversee; to take charge of; to look after. *See* 간검ᄒᆞ다.

*보안 *l.* 保安 (보전) (편안) Post stations in Kang-won-do; a village in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35 4. Long. 126.41.

샛하다 *l.* 쌔햐; 얀 To be whitish; to be white-like. To be thick—of dust flying in the air. *Also* 샛쌔하다 To be dry.

*보약 *l.* 補藥 (기울) (약) Nourishing medicines such as ginseng etc.

*보양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 補陽 (기울) (볕) To strengthen the virile power—by aphrodisiacs. *See* 보지ᄒᆞ다.

*보양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 保養 (보전) (가를) To take care of one's health.

*보영ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 報營 (갑흘) (영문) To send a communication to the governor of a province—from a lower official.

*보우ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 保佑 (보전) (도울) To aid; to assist.

*보위 *l.* 寶位 (보비) (벼슬) The royal throne. *See* 보좌.

*보유 *l.* 補遺 (도울) (써칠) A supplement.

*보은 *l.* 報恩 (갑흘) (은혜) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ong do. Lat. 36.26. Long. 127.54

*보은사 *l.* 報恩紗 (갑흘) (은혜) (깁) A kind of figured gauze silk.

*보은하다 f. 報恩 (갚을) (은혜) To be grateful for; to requite kindness received. *See* 보덕하다.

*보음하다 f. 補陰 (기울) (그늘) To strengthen the negative principle in one's nature; to lessen the virtue powers. *See* 보혈하다. *Opp.* 보양하다.

*보응 f. 報應 (갚을) (응할) A recompense.

*보응지리 f. 報應之理 갚을 응할 (리치) The law of retribution. *Syn.* 보복지리.

*보응하다 f. 報應 (갚을) (응할) To recompense; to repay.

*보익슈 f. 補益水 (기울) (더할) (물) Medicine—used as a tonic, hypophosphites etc.

*보인 s. 保人 (보전) (사람) A guarantor; one who gives bail or goes security for another. A mediator. *See* 중참.

*보익하다 f. 補益 (기울) (더할) To make good a defect; to promote health.

*보익하다 f. 補翼 (도울) (도울) To assist; to help.

*보원하다 f. 補元 (기울) (으뜸) To reinvigorate; to reanimate; to restore to health.

*보원하다 f. 報冤 갚을 (원통) To revenge; to requite an injury. *See* 복수하다.

보우 The depth of a furrow, the numerative measure of rain fall etc.

*보장 f. 報狀 (갚을) (글월) An announcement by a despatch—to a superior. *Opp.* 전령.

*보장 s. 堡障 (막을) (막을) Entrenchments, earthworks; a barricade.

*보전하다 f. 保全 (보전) (온전) To preserve; to defend.

*보제 f. 補劑 (기울) (약지을) Nourishing medicines, tonics etc. *See* 보지.

*보조 s. 補助 (기울) (도울) A contribution; a pecuniary help (것다, 내다.

보조금 f. 補助金 (기울) (도울) (쇠) A subscription, a subsidy; a grant in aid of a certain undertaking.

보조하다 f. 補助 기울 도울 To assist; to help; to make good, to supplement; to subscribe.

*보조화 f. 補助貨 (기울) (도울) (지물) Subsidiary coin.

*보존하다 f. 保存 (보전) (있을) To take charge of; to keep; to preserve. *See* 보전하다.

*보졸 f. 步卒 (거름) (군수) Infantry; foot-soldiers.

*보주하다 f. 補註 (기울) (주낼) To correct a commentary by making alterations or additions.

*보중하다 f. 保重 (보전) (무거울) To take care of one's health; to treasure up; to keep carefully.

*보증 s. 保證 (보전) (증거할) Suretyship. A guarantee, an insurance.

*보증서 s. 保證書 (보전) (증거할) (글) A written guarantee.

*보증인 s. 保證人 (보전) (증거할) (사람) Surety.

보증장 f. 保證狀 (보전) (증거) (글월) A written guarantee.

*보증하다 s. 保證 보전 (증거) To guarantee; to warrant, to furnish security.

보지 f. 陰戶 (그늘 *음) (집—*호) The female genital member

보지하다 f. 保持 (보전) (가질) To keep—what is already held; to retain; to maintain the possession of.

보[illegible] s. (—썰) 袱褓 (보조—*복) (헤일 [illegible] carried on the back. (싸다).

보조 s. 袱子 (보조 -*복) (아들—*조) A cloth wrap. *See* 보조기.

보조기 s. 袱子 (보조—*복) (아들—*조) A cloth wrapper. *See* 보조.

보지 f. 補劑 (기울) (지을) A tonic medicine. *See* 보약.

*보제 f. 補劑 (기울) (지을) Tonic Medicine.

*보좌 f. 寶座 (보비) (자리) A throne.

*보좌관 f. 補佐官 (기울) (도울) (벼슬) A police assistant.

보좌원 f. 補佐員 [illegible] 도울 관원 A police assistant; an official assistant.

*보좌하다 f. 補佐 (기울) (도울) To assist,—as the Emperor, or, under the feudal system; to hold a high official post; to act as a guardian.

*보처주하다 f. 保妻主 (보전) (안해) (아들) To provide for wife and children.

*보첩 f. 譜牒 (족보, (첩) A house where genealogical lists are printed. *See* 보소.

*보충하다 f. 補充 (기울) (채울) To supply; to provide for; to meet; to make [illegible] to perfect, to make complete.

*보처 s. 堡塞 (보새) (진칠) A fortress.

보챠다 s. 처여; 천 To pester; to ask repeatedly; to annoy. *See* 조르다.

*보합 l. 寶閤 (보비) (합) The seat or throne on which rests the image of Buddha.

*보현하 l. 普天下 (너를) (하놀) (아래) All the world; the universe. *See* 통현하.

*보렴ᄒᆞ다 l. 補添 (기울) (더홀) To supplement; to strengthen; to add to. *See* 더ᄒᆞ다.

*보통 s. 普通 (너를) (통홀) Universal; common; general.

*보통과 l. 普通課 (너를) (통홀) (과) Lessons for common schools.

*보통교육 l. 普通教育 (널을) (통홀) (구르칠) (기를) The teaching in a common school.

*보통명ᄉᆞ l. 普通名辭 (너를) (통홀) (일홈) (말) Common noun

*보통법 s. 普通法 (널을) (통홀) (법) The laws governing common schools.

*보통산술 l. 普通算術 (너를) (통홀) (산줄) (술업) Universal arithmetic

*보통지식 l. 普通智識 (너를) (통홀) (지혀) (알) Knowledge obtained in a common school

*보통소송 l. 普通訴訟 (너를) (통홀) (알홀) (송소) Action ordinary.

*보통학교 l. 普通學校 (너를) (통홀) (비홀) (학교) A common school.

*보태다 s. 補添 (기울) (더홀 *렴) 히여; 천 To add; to increase. *See* 보렴ᄒᆞ다.

*보틱ᄒᆞ다 l. 補胎 (기울) (팀) To take quieting medicine—for a quickening womb.

*보판 l. 補板 (기울) (관지) The raised flooring for a booth.

*보판 l. 步板 (거를) (관지) A board or plank connecting a boat to the shore; a gang plank.

*보패 l. 寶貝 (보비) (자개) Treasures; valuables; whatever is precious. *See* 즘보.

*보패ᄒᆞ다 l. 補繫 (기울) (히여질) To help in extremities; to rectify shortcomings. *See* 구패ᄒᆞ다

*보평 l. 報平 (갑홀) (평홀) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

보플 s. Weeds growing in a paddy-field. What is frayed (닐다)

보플보플ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pimply; to be frayed.

보필지신 l. 輔弼之臣 (도을) 도을 갈 (신하) A minister of state, the chief retainer of a clan the guardian of a temple during the king's minority

*보필지지 l. 輔弼之才 (도을) (갈 (지조) A minister able to aid in the government of the country. *See* 쥬석지신.

*보필ᄒᆞ다 l. 輔弼 (도을) (도을) To assist; to hold a high official post; to act as a guardian.

*보합ᄒᆞ다 s. 保合 (보젼) (모들) To preserve in unity. (C. Y.)

*보해ᄒᆞ다 l. 補害 (기울) (해홀) To make up the loss; to make up a deficiency

*보험 s. 保險 (보젼) (험홀) Insurance

*보험가 s. 保險價 (보젼) (험홀) (갑) Amount insured.

*보험계약 l. 保險契約 (보젼) (험홀) (계) (언약) Insurance policy.

*보험계약자 s. 保險契約者 (보젼) (험홀) (계) (언약) (놈) An insurer.

*보험료 l. 保險料 (보젼) (험홀) (헤아릴) Premium of insurance.

*보험세 s. 保險稅 (보젼) (험홀) (부세) Premium.

보험영업 l. 保險營業 (보젼) (험홀) (경영홀) (업) The business of insurance

*보험영업자 l. 保險營業者 (보젼) (험홀) (경영홀) (업) (놈) An insurer or a person who makes insurance his business, an insurance agent.

*보험자 l. 保險者 (보젼) (험홀) (놈) An underwriter.

*보험증서 l. 保保證書 (보젼) (험홀) (증가) (글) An insurance policy.

*보험회사 s. 保險會社 (보젼) (험홀) (모들) (회샤) An Insurance Company.

보험ᄒᆞ다 l. 保險 (보젼) (험홀) To insure.

*보현산 l. 普賢山 (너를) (어질) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.36 Long. 125.31.

*보혈 s. 寶血 (보비) (피) The precious blood of Jesus.

*보혈ᄒᆞ다 l. 補血 (기울) (피) To take a tonic, for the blood. *See* 보음ᄒᆞ다.

*보혜ᄉᆞ l. 保惠師 (보젼) (은혜) (스승) The Comforter the Holy Spirit.

*보호 l. 保護 (보젼) (두호) Patronage; protection; suzerainty.

*보호국 l. 保護國 (보젼) (두호) (나라) A protected state.

*보호됴약 ㄴ 保護條約 (보호)(무호)(가지)(언약) A protective treaty.

*보호세률 ㄱ 保護稅率 보건 ㄷ ㅎ ㅅ세(법) Protective tariff.

*보호ᄒᆞ다 保護 (보호) ᄃᆞᄒᆞ To defend; to protect; to preserve.

*보ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 保 (보젼) To guarantee; to go security.

*보ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 補 (가ᄆᆞᆯ) To be efficacious, to be helpful—as a medicine, to supply—as a deficiency; to make good; to mend; to repair; to complete; to augment; to improve; to benefit; to assist; to supplement; to serve as a substitute. *Opp.* 샤ᄒᆞ다.

*보ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 報 (갑흘) To report to; to inform; to declare. *See* 사로다.

*보힝 ㄴ 步行 (거름) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (On) foot. A foot messenger.

*보힝가다 ㄴ 步行 (거름) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) 힝가; 간 To go on foot—as a hiredman.

*보힝군 ㄴ 步行軍 (거름) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (군ᄉᆞ) A foot messenger; one going on foot. *See* 보발.

*보힝젼 ㄴ 步行錢 (거름) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (돈) Interest on an overdue debt—going to the collector; money paid to a messenger.

*보힝ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 步行 (거름) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To go on foot. *See* 도보ᄒᆞ다.

*보화 ㅅ 寶貨 (보비) 보화 Treasures, valuables. *See* 보ᄇᆡ

*보하보 ㄱ 鎭海堡 (보비) 보화 ᄆᆞᆯ을 A fort in Ham-kyong-do Lat 41 ° Long. 129.31.

복 ㅅ. Tearing; rending. *See* 복.

*복 ㅅ. 福 (복) Happiness; luck; blessing—as given by God. (밧다). *Opp.* 화. *See* 복력.

*복 ㅅ. 服 (옷) A dress worn by the near relatives of those in mourning. (닙다) Doses of medicine.

*복 ㅅ. 伏 (엽ᄃᆡᆯ) The three *Kyong* days of the 6th and 7th moons—which are equivalent to the "dog days" (ᄃᆞᆷ다).

*복 ㅅ. 鰒 (복아지) The globe fish. *See* 복어.

*복 ㅅ 蝮 (독샤) A venomous snake.

*복가 ㅅ 福家 (복) (집) A lucky house—bringing success to those living in it *Opp.* 흉가. *See* 복안.

*복강 ㅅ 福岡 복ㅣ, 오ㅣ Fukuoka in Japan

*복걸 ㅅ. 伏乞 (엽드릴) (빌) A humble request. *See* 앙걸

*복건 ㅅ. 幅巾 (폭) (슈건) A silk gauze cap having long tails and worn by boys at weddings.

*복건셩 ㅅ. 福建省 (복) (세ᄉᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆷᆯ) Fo Kien, a province in China.

*복검 ㅅ. 覆檢 (다시) (샹고ᄒᆞᆯ) The second inquest over a dead body. *See* 지검. *Opp.* 초검.

*복검ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 覆檢 (다시) (샹고ᄒᆞᆯ) To hold the second official inquest—over a dead body. *See* 검시.

*복고ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 復古 (회복) (녯) To revert to a former condition; to be re-established; come into fashion again; to return to ancient customs. *See* 복구ᄒᆞ다.

*복구ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ. 復舊 (회복) (녜) (례도) To go back to old forms or customs. *See* 복고ᄒᆞ다.

*복국ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 復國 (회복) (나라) To restore a county or state.

*복국권 ㅅ. 復國權 (회복) (나라) (권세) The right of restoration.

*복기 ㅅ. 福祉 (복) (복) Good fortune; happiness; prosperity.

*복과되다 ㅅ. 復科 (회복) (과거) 여; 된 To be restored as diplomas to would be graduates who were rejected. *See* 삭과ᄒᆞ다.

*복권 ㅅ. 復權 (회복) (권세) Rehabilitation.

*복날 ㅅ. 伏日 (엽드릴) (날—*녈) The *Kyong* days of the 6th and 7th moons—the dog days. *See* 삼복.

복닙다 喪服 (ᄉᆞᆼ옷—*몽 옷 *복) 어, 은 To dress—as the near relatives of those in full mourning.

복다 ㅅ. 炒 (초ᄒᆞᆯ *초) 가; 근 To cook dry, to parch [illegible]

*복다릴 ㅅ. 伏中 (엽드릴) (가온ᄃᆡ—*ᄀᆞᆫ) During the "dog days."

복닥이다 ㅅ. 닥여 인 To stir up; to put in confusion. *See* [illegible]다

복닥이ᄒᆡᆼ ㅅ. Confusing affairs; matters that cause a commotion. *See* 보다 기ᄒᆡᆼ.

*복당 ㅅ. 福堂 (복) (집) A "house of blessing"—a prison

*복ᄀᆡ방 福地方 (복) (곳), (방) A pleasant region; a propitious site. A house breaker's office.

*복덕일 ㅅ. 福德日 (복) (큰) (날) Propitious, luck days.

*복명 s. 卜定 (점복)(명홀) Fixed amounts —to be contributed by the different districts.

*복도 s. 複道 (거듭)(길) A covered passage way.

*복도 s. 福島 (복)(섬) Fukushima in Japan.

*복두 s. 幞頭 (슈건)(머리) A cap worn by graduates for scholarship when appearing before the king.

*복띄 s. 腹帶 (옷)(띄—*듸) A linen belt worn by a mourner's relatives.

*복디 s. 福地 (복)(짜) A happy place; propitious ground. *See* 길디.

*복란 s. (—난) 腹卵 (복아지)(알) Globefish spawn.

*복랑 s. 服量 (먹을)(헤아릴) A dose.

*복력 s. 福力 (복)(힘) Lasting happiness; blessing. *See* 복조

*복령 s. 茯苓 (복령) (복령) China root, *Pachyma cocos.*

*복록 s. 福祿 (복)(록) Happiness, prosperity. *See* 복력.

*복룡간 s. 伏龍肝 (엎드릴)(룡)(간) Earth from below a Korean fireplace—used as medicine.

*복룡산 s. 伏龍山 (엎드릴)(룡)(뫼) A mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 36.50. 128.42.

*복마 s. 服馬 (옷)(말) Pack-ponies.

*복마군 s. 服馬軍 (옷)(말)(군사) One in charge of a pack-pony.

*복망ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏望 (엎드릴) (바랄) To humbly hope. (Comp.)

*복명수 s. 複名數 (거듭)(일홈)(두어) Compound denominate number

*복명ᄒᆞ다 s. 復命 (회복)(명홀) To report the carrying out of instructions; to report the fulfilment of a mission.

*복모구구ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏慕區區 (엎드릴)(소모)(갈피)(갈피) To hold in the highest esteem. (Epist.)

*복모불일 s. 伏慕不一 (엎드릴) (소모)(아닐)(한홀) No lessening of my esteem. (Epist.)

*복모ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏慕 (엎드릴)(소모) To hold in the highest esteem. (Epist.)

*복미심소시 s. 伏未審此時 (엎드릴)(못홀, 짐홀)(이) 때 Having no word from you up to date I humbly . (Epist.)

*복발감초말 s. 複方甘草末 (거듭)(모)(풀)(풀)(가루) Pulv. Glycyrrhizae Co.

*복발대황말 s. 複方大黃末 (거듭) (모)(큰)(누루)(가루, Mistura Rhei Co

*복발나빈더멘리 s. 複方 ..... 丁幾 (거듭) 물 (향영) (멧 Tinctura Lavendulae C.

*복발니퍼경 s. 複方 精 (거듭 (모 . (정밀) Spiritus Etheris Co.

*복방등피정제 s. 複方龍腦樟腦 (거듭) (모 (뇽) (나무) (더듬을) (약지을) Linimentum Camphorae Co.

*복방아염화승은환제 s. 複方亞硝化水銀丸劑 (거듭)(모)(버금)(소금) 됨 (물) 은 (한) 약지을 Pil Hydrargyri Subchloridi Co.

*복방연작제 s. 複方鴉片劑 (거듭) (모) 압 안 (약지을) Pulvis Compositus Plumbi Compositus.

*복방클노로즘정기 s. 複方 ..... 丁幾 (거듭)(모) .. .. . (장명) (멧) Tinctura Chloroformi Co.

*복방토근말 s. 複方吐根末 (거듭) (모) (운동) (뿌리) (가루, Pulvis Ipecac.

*복방덜ᄒᆞᆫ화제 s. 複方鐵混和劑 (거듭)(모)(쇠) (흐릴) (화홀) (약지을) Mistura Ferri Co.

*복발ᄒᆞ다 s. 復發 (회복)(필) To have a relapse of sickness; to be taken with sudden sickness or anger. *See* 감괴ᄒᆞ다

*복번리법 s. 複利利法 (거듭)(가)(리롤)(법) Compound interest.

*복병 s. 伏兵 (엎드릴) (군사) An ambuscade.

*복병ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏兵 (엎드릴) (군사) To place troops in ambuscade.

*복보슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 復報讐 (회복) (갑홀) (원슈) To aveuge oneself of an enemy.

복복 s. Rubbing; scraping.

복복복 s. The pheasant's call. Scraping; scratching The call to the spirit of the dead—in order to have it leave the room.

*복부 s. 腹部 (배) (떼) The belly. *See* 복장.

*복부 s. 僕夫 (죵) (지아비) A servant; retainer; menial; underling.

*복분수 s. 複分數 (거듭) (논홀) (두어) Compound fraction.

*복분즈 s. 覆盆子 (엎홀) 동의 (아들) A kind of wild raspberry *Rubus coreanus.* *See* 멀기.

*복불복 s. 福不福 (복)(아닐)(복) Luck; lucky or unlucky. *No* 유일복.

*복비 s. 複比 (거듭) (견줄) Compound ratio.

*복비례 s. 複比例 (거듭) 견줄 (견례, Compound proportion.

*복비ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 腹誹 (배) 비방) To think evil of in one's heart.

*복비ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 伏拜 (엎드릴, 절) To kneel or bow down and worship.

*복빌ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 覆育 (덮을 (친) To explain.

복사 ᄒᆞᆫ 覆舍 (엎을) 모옥) A lacquer-covering the molds. *See* 사뢰

복산 ᄒᆞᆫ 福山 (복 (뫼) Fukuyama in Japan.

*복사 ᄒᆞᆫ 蝮蛇 독사) 뱀 A viper

복삼시ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 腹脹 (배, 붓) 죽을, To die in *actu coitus*.

*복셔 ᄒᆞᆫ 伏署 엎드릴) (여울) The hottest part of the "dog days." *See* 복더릐.

*복서ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 卜筮 (점칠) 점칠) To divine, to prophesy; to foretell; to presage.

*복션ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 覆船 (엎을) 배 To upset. To capsize. *See* 복션화음ᄒᆞ다.

*복션화음 ᄒᆞᆫ 福善禍淫 (복) 착할) (재화) 음란 Blessing to the righteous destruction to the wicked.

*복성 ᄒᆞᆫ 複姓 (겹칠, 성) A two-character surname.

*복성스럽다 ᄒᆞᆫ 福星 복 (별 위, 운 To be born lucky; to be prosperous.

복소량 ᄒᆞᆫ 複素量 겹칠 (흴 헤아릴) Complex quantity.

복소변수 ᄒᆞᆫ 複素變數 겹칠) (흴 변할) (두어) Complex variable.

복소분수 ᄒᆞᆫ 複素分數 겹칠 (흴, 나눌, (두어) Complex fraction.

복소식 ᄒᆞᆫ 複素式 겹칠 흴 법 Complex expression.

복소아 ᄒᆞᆫ 桃 (*도) A peach. *See* 복숑아

복숑아 ᄒᆞᆫ 桃 (*도) A peach. *See* 복소아.

복숑아뼈 ᄒᆞᆫ 踝骨 복숑아뼈 뼈 (해—*골, The ankle bone.

*복슈ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 復固 회복, 본칠, To restore to office *See* 환슈ᄒᆞ다.

*복슝ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 復興 거듭 흥할) To recruit a second time; to repeat again.

복수 ᄒᆞᆫ 福數 복 두어 Happiness. *See* 지수.

*복수 ᄒᆞᆫ 複數 겹칠 두어 Composite number; compound numbers. *Opp.* 단수

*복수ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 復讐 회복 원슈 To revenge to retaliate; to return evil; to carry out a vendetta

*복슈ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 伏受 엎드릴 받을 To receive respectfully.

*복술 卜筮 점 술업) The art of divination, the tricks of fortune-telling *See* 졈괘

*복습ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 復習 (회복, (익힐) To study lessons over again; to pore over

*복시 ᄒᆞᆫ 覆試 (엎을) (시험) An examination of graduates before the king

*복식 ᄒᆞᆫ 複式 겹칠 법 Compound expression.

*복식긔계 ᄒᆞᆫ 複式器械 겹칠) 법 그릇 (긔계) Compound machine.

복심 ᄒᆞᆫ 腹心 배 마음 Mind, heart (M.) *See* 심복.

*복소ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 服事 (복종ᄒᆞᆯ 일 To attend, to pay service to serve; to work for another

복소꾼 ᄒᆞᆫ 下人 Servant

복식 ᄒᆞᆫ 服色 옷 빗 Shade of clothes, color of one's dress. Clothes

복식ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 服色 옷 To put on an official dress

복알ᄒᆞ다 伏謁 엎드릴 뵈일 to meet; to have an audience

복약ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 服藥 먹을 약 To take medicine

복어 ᄒᆞᆫ 鰒魚 (복아지 (고기, Tetrodon fish. *See* 복졍이

복역ᄒᆞ다 服役 (복종ᄒᆞᆯ, (역소, To perform one's duties; to attend to one's work, to be in service; to be in the employment of the government or of a private individual; to discharge the duties of a post, to work as a convict

복염 伏天 엎드릴 하올 The hottest part of the *sam pok* (dog days).

복위ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 復位 회복 (벼슬 To revert to a rank previously held to be reinstated in position, to resume an official post.

복음 福音 복 소리 The Gospel *See* 셩경.

복음자리 ᄒᆞᆫ 鳧 (갓드릴 *소 A turtle's nest; a nest. (치다).

복인 ᄒᆞᆫ 服人 옷 사롬 One on partial mourning—as a relation of those in full mourning.

복임ᄒᆞ다 復任 회복 맛길 To resume an official post; to return to office.

*복원ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞᆫ 伏願 엎드릴 원ᄒᆞᆯ, To make a request, petition, to humbly beg; to earnestly pray.

복작이 s. A person who wears half mourning—as a distant relative of the deceased.

*복장 s. 腹藏 (배) (오장) The breast; the front of the body. *See* 가슴

*복장 s. 服裝 (옷) (힌장) Appearance; style; uniform; official garment

*복장비 s. 服裝費 (옷) (힌 장) (허비) Expenses for clothing.

*복장ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏藏 (엎드릴) (감출) To hide; to conceal;—applied usually to the concealment of one's thoughts.

*복자 s. 卜者 (점복) One who practices divination; a fortune-teller.

복작복작ᄒᆞ다 s. To be crowded, to swarm; to be oppressive. *See* 북적북적ᄒᆞ다.

*복재 s. 服制 (옷) (법) The mourning of near relatives of the deceased.

*복쟁 s. 福井 (복) (우물) Fukui in Japan.

*복조 s. 福祚 (복) (복) Happiness; success. *See* (복록)

*복죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏罪 (엎드릴) (허물) To confess a crime; to plead guilty to an offence to submit to a penalty, to suffer punishment.

*복죵ᄒᆞ다 s. 服從 (복죵호) (좃칠) To submit to; to yield To obey; to follow. *See* 신죵ᄒᆞ다.

*복쥬 s. 福州 (복) (고을) Fu-chow, the chief city of Fo-kien Province in China.

*복쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏誅 (엎드릴) (버힐) To be executed; to be beheaded

복쥭재 s. The cover of a rice bowl. *See* 쥭발쑤셩.

*복즁 s. 腹中 (배) (가온ᄃᆡ) The stomach; in the stomach; the heart; at heart; in the mind

*복즁 s. 伏中 엎드릴) (가온ᄃᆡ) (During the "dog days." *See* 교엽

*복즁에 s. 腹中 ᄇᆡ, (가온ᄃᆡ) (In) the abdomen; (in) the stomach.

*복즁지교환 s. 複仲底交換 (가둠) (버금) (마르질) (사괼) (밧골) Compound arbitration of Exchange.

*복즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 腹重 (집) (무거울) To be heavy—as a load.

*복지 s. 福祉 (복) (복) Welfare.

*복지 s. 褓紙 (보조) (조희) Paper for medicine powders.

*복직ᄒᆞ다 s. 復職 (회복) (직업) To resume office—after a time of interruption; to be reinstalled in office.

*복조 s. 複子 (엎흘) (아들) A liquid measure—for oil etc

복청이 s. 鼤 (복아지—*복) The globe-fish. *See* 복.

*복채 s. 卜債 (점복) (빈 Money paid for services—to a fortune-teller.

*복챵즁 s. 腹脹症 (배) (고창) (증세) Abdominal dropsy. *See* 고창.

*복철 s. 覆轍 (엎어질) (수레박회) The rut in which a wagon has been upset; a course which has led to failure.

복철이 s. An unlucky fellow. (Prov.)

*복축 s. 伏祝 (엎드릴) (빌) A humble request. (Epist.)

복치듯ᄒᆞ다 s. To be like pounding (bread), to pound with all one's might. *See* 악치듯ᄒᆞ다.

*복통 s. 腹痛 (배) (압흠) A pain in the stomach.

*복ᄐᆡ s. 卜駄 (짐) (바리) A pack load.

복판 s. 正中 (바를 *졍) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) The centre; the middle. *See* 한가온ᄃᆡ.

*복학 s. 腹瘧 (배) (학질) An abdominal fever common to children.

*복합ᄒᆞ다 s. 伏閤 (엎드릴) (집) To *kow-tow* before the palace gates—as when desiring a request of the king.

*복허리 s. 伏中 (엎드릴) 가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) (During) the "dog days." *See* 교엽.

*복현 s. 福縣 (복) (고을, A post station in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.51. Long 127 17.

*복호 s. 復戶 (회복호) (집) A return of tax contributions—as a reward of merit; exemption from taxation.

*복호ᄒᆞ다 s. 復戶 (회복호) (집) To be exempt from taxation.

*복희씨 s. 伏羲氏 (엎드릴) (복희) (각시—*시) *Fuhee* or *Fuhsee*—the inventor of the diagrams of the *Chuyŏk*, who is said to have lived 3,322 B.C.

*복힘 s. 伏爭 (엎드릴) (다틸) Complements—for success or welfare

*본 s 本 (밋) One's ancestral home or family seat. A pattern; a model. (내다) The principal—in contrast to the interest. The original. *See* 밋; 셩향.

*본가 s. 本家 (밋) (집) A former home; an original family seat. *See* 심가.

*본가 s. 本價 (뫈) (갑) Original cost; first cost. *See* 본금.

*본감 s. 本價 (뫈—*본) (집—*가) Par value.

*본건 s. (—껜) · 件 (뫈) (필) The original pattern.

*본고향 s. 本故鄕 (뫈) (예) 시골 (hers native place. *See* 고향.

본국 s. 本國 (뫈) (나라) One's native country. *See* 모국.

*본국 s. 本局 (뫈) (관) One's own office.

*본근 s. 本根 (뫈) (뿌리) Origin; source. *See* 본원.

*본금 s. 本金 (뫈) (쇠) Original capital, first cost. *See* 본가.

*본관 s. 本官 (뫈) (벼슬) The officer immediately over a district—as a magistrate in contrast to a governor or one higher still. *See* 상관.

*본년 s. 本年 (뫈) (히) The present year; the particular year. *See* 당년.

*본댁 s. 本邸 (뫈) (집 댁) The residence or mansion of a nobleman.

*본멀류 s. 本電流 (뫈) (번기) (흐를) Principal current.

*본뎜 s. 本店 (뫈) (장소집) The principal establishment of a commercial house; head-quarters of a firm.

*본도 s. 本道 (뫈) (길) One's native province; the province where one lives.

*본동 s. 本洞 (뫈) (골) One's own village.

본뜨다 s. 效 (본밧을—*효) 본떠, 쓸 To imitate; to copy. *See* 효다.

*본뒤 s. 本 (뫈) Originally; at first. *See* 본시.

본뒤기 s. The dead silk worm.

*본디 s. 本地 (뫈) (싸) This place; here; original place.

*본뒤 s. 本 (뫈) Originally; at first. *See* 본시.

*본세 s. 本件 (뫈) (필—*건) A pattern; a model. *See* 본보기.

*본리 s. 本利 (뫈) (리홀) Amount—principal and interest.

*본리 s. 本里 (뫈) (마을) One's own village or district ward. *See* 본동.

*본릭 s. 本來 (뫈) (올) Originally; at first. *See* 원릭.

*본말 s. 本末 (뫈) (꼿) Source and end. *See* 종시. Both ends.

*본명 s. 本名 (뫈) (일홈) The original name.

*본문 s. 本文 (뫈) (글) The original text; the first manuscript from which copies are made. Elementary study is on 원문. The principal—as compared with the interest.

본뫈 s. 本錢 (뫈—*본) (돈 *젼) The principal in contrast to the interest. *See* 본젼.

본받다 s. 效 (본밧을—*효) 아; 은 To imitate; to copy; to follow the example of. *See* 본뜨다.

*본방 s. 本邦 (뫈) (나라) This, my, of our country—according to the context. (Comp.).

*본방 s. 本方 (뫈) (방문) The original medical prescription.

*본병 s. 本病 (뫈) (병들) An original disorder; a chronic disease; a natural evil habit.

*본보 s. 本報 (뫈) (보홀) Our paper; "in our issue."

본보기 s. A pattern; a model (내다).

본보기내다 s. 여; 낸 To cut out a pattern; to finish a model. To condemn a criminal so as to prevent others from committing a like crime.

*본부 s. 本部 (뫈) (쩨) Headquarters.

*본부 s. 本府 (뫈) (마을) One's own district—so called by the magistrate. 〉 본관

*본부 s. 本夫 (뫈) (지아비) One's own husband. *Opp.* 간부.

*본분 s. 本分 (뫈) (분수) Duty—in contrast to *mchong* (sympathy) as a spring of action.

*본비아닌 s. 本非我物 (뫈) (아닐 나 (물건) Originally not one's own goods.

*본살 s. 本錢 (뫈) (실홀—*살) The original amount of money invested the principal; the origin. *See* 소살.

*본샤 s. 本社 (뫈) (회사) This company; our firm.

본상 s. 本商 (뫈) (장소) Original dealers in goods.

*본상 s. 本像 (뫈) (모양) First character; original nature; original appearance.

본상내다 s. 여; 낸 To show one's true nature.

*본서 s. 本書 (뫈) (글) This or the present, book or article.

*본서 s. 本署 (뫈) (마을) Central police office; head office of the police.

본세 s. Original form; first pattern. *See* 본셔.

*본성 s. 本性 (몬)(성품) First character original nature. *See* 천성.

*본성 s. 本姓 (몬)(셩) Original surname; true or real surname.

*본슈 s. 本倅 (몬)(쉬) The magistrate of one's district. *See* 셩즁

본시 s. 本是 (몬)(이) Originally, at first. *See* 본릭.

*본시 s. 本時 (몬)(씨) The particular time; the original hour *See* 당시

*본식 s. 本式 (몬)(법) A formal or regular way of doing anything

*본심 s. 本心 (몬)(마음) One's original intention, one's first attitude of mind *See* 천심.

*본소 s. 本寺 (몬)(졀) The original Buddhist temple; main temple.

*본소 s. 本事 (몬)(일) Original employment *See* 소실.

*본시 s. 本像 (몬)(모양—*샹) Original excellence; original form. *See* 본체.

*본식 s. 本色 (몬)(빗) Real character; natural disposition, characteristic

*본영 s. 本營 (몬)(영문) One's own barracks or government headquarters of soldiers.

*본읍 s. 本邑 (몬)(고을) One's own district. *See* 히읍.

*본의 s. 本義 (몬)(올흠) Real meaning; true signification—of a word or phrase.

*본의 s. 本意 (몬)(쓰) Inclination; wish, desire; purpose; object, intention, true meaning; true opinions or sentiments.

*본의 s. 本肉 (몬)(육) The inner covering about the kernel of a nut.

*본인 s. 本人 (몬)(사롬) This person, the individual in question. I

*본일 s. 本日 (몬)(날) This very day; the particular day.

*본잉 s. 本額 (몬)(익수) Original amount —of money; original capital

*본원 s. 本源 (몬)(근원) Origin, source, beginning; original cause.

*본원 s. 本院 (몬)(집) This House—if used in any state paper emanating from the senate.

*본원 s. 本原 (몬)(근원) Origin; source; very beginning, original cause.

*본월 s. 本月 (몬)(돌) The current moon; the particular month.

*본적 s. 本籍 (몬)(호젹) The place of permanent registration; original domicile.

*본전 s. 本傳 (몬)(젼홀) Original records of a person.

*본전 s. 本錢 (몬 돈) The principal in contrast to the interest. *See* 밋젼

*본졍 s. 本情 (몬)(뜻) The original intention, first design. *See* 본의.

*본죄 s. 本罪 (몬)(허물) An original offence; a first crime. *See* 원죄.

*본조 s. 本朝 (몬)(아됴) The present dynasty; one's own dynasty

*본즁 s. 本症 (몬)(증세) A habitual complaint; a disorder to which one is subject; an evil bent or inclination. *See* 본병.

*본지 s. 本紙 (몬)(조희) Original documents.

*본직 s. 本職 (몬)(벼슬, Principal business or occupation. "I"—used by officials. *See* 본관.

*본진 s. 本陣 (몬)(진칠) The head quarters of an army in the field; the temporary head quarters of a royal personage or high officer of state who is travelling.

*본질 s. 本疾 (몬)(병) A disease of long standing; a chronic disorder.

*본집 s. 本家 (몬)(집—*가) One's own home.

*본처 s. 本妻 (몬)(안히) The first wife—still living.

*본처 s. 本處 (몬)(곳) The original place; the particular place. *See* 당처.

*본청 s. 本廳 (몬)(쳥) Headquarters.

*본초 s. 本草 (몬)(풀) A catalogue of medicine. *See* 약셩가. A first copy.

*본초가 s. 本草家 (몬)(풀)(집) Botanist; naturalist.

*본초셔 s. 本草書 (몬)(풀)(글) Books on botany

*본초조오션 s. 本初子午線 (몬)(처음)(아돌)(낫)(줄) The first meridian.

*본초학 s. 本草學 (몬)(풀)(비홀) Science of botany *See* 식물학

*본초학자 s. 本草學者 (몬)(풀)(비홀)(놈) Botanist; naturalist.

*본촌 s. 本村 (몬)(마을) One's own or native village.

*본쵸 s. 本哨 (몬)(슈지질) One's own company—of soldiers. *See* 히쇼뎌.

*본치 s. 本像 (몬)(모양—*샹) Original excellence or form. *See* 본셰.

*본톄 s. 本體 (몬) 몸 The original form; the former body

*본토 s. 本土 (몬) (톤) One's original place. *See* 고향.

*본토지인 s. 本土之人 (몬)(톤)(갈)(사둠) A man of the place.

*본퇴 s. 本宅 (몬, 텝) The principal, or original residence—of a person.

*본판 s. 本板 (몬) (판조) The origin; the source. *See* 원판.

*본향 s. 本鄕 (몬) (식골) One's native place. *See* 본고향. One's native province; birth place.

볼 s. 頰 (뺌 *협) The cheek; the side. *See* 협. The widest part of a shoe or stocking. (넓다) (좁다.)

볼가심ᄒᆞ다 s. To counteract an unpleasant taste. *See* 입가심ᄒᆞ다

볼강볼강ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tough; to slip from under the teeth.

볼거리 s. 瞎疿 (억 *이) (한대—*창) The mumps. A useless beast of burden. (Prov.)

볼냉대다 s. 어, 낸 To 'put on style', to be extravagant in. *See* 랩시내다. To be angry, to rage.

볼근볼근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tough, to be smooth—under the teeth. To be angry. *See* 볼근볼근ᄒᆞ다

쌀모쌀모 s. In fits of temper. *See* 쌀모쌀모ᄒᆞ다.

볼굿볼굿ᄒᆞ다 s. To be shaded with red. *See* 볼굿볼굿ᄒᆞ다.

볼기 l. The hips; the thighs. *See* 볼기짝.

볼쎄 s. A scarf or head wrap.

볼기짝 l. The rump. *See* 볼기

볼기치다 / 打臀 + *티 (볼기—*둔) 기져 / 친 To paddle, to beat a criminal on the hips.

볼딸다 s. 아; 단 To reface—of tools.

볼쌕이 s. The cheeks. (Low.) *See* 쌤짜군이.

볼되다 s. 여; 된 To be thick; to be blunt. To be excessive.

볼만강만ᄒᆞ다 s. To look upon with indifference.

볼맛다 s. 자; 진 To match; to agree; to suit. *See* 합의ᄒᆞ다.

볼맛치다 s. 맛쳐; 친 To mate; to match; to fit; to put together.

볼땐소리 s. A choking with anger; the sound of raging fury.

볼모 s. 質 (*지) A pledge, a hostage; a pawn. (잡다).

볼모ᄒᆞ다 s. 質 (볼모—*지) To go as a hostage.

볼받다 s. 補襪 (기웅—*보), 보션—'말'아; 은 To resole socks; to mend or patch stockings.

볼쑥볼쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To bulge out here and there; to stick out in places.

볼쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To bulge out; to stick out.

볼조기 l. 倩 (*천) Dimples. (지다). *See* 우물지다.

볼딱이 s. The cheeks. (Low.) *See* 볼쌕이

볼퉁볼퉁ᄒᆞ다. s. To bulge out here and there; to stick out in places. *See* 볼쑥볼쑥ᄒᆞ다.

볼퉁이 s. The cheeks. (Low.) *See* 볼딱이

볼품 s. Appearance, form. *See* 외양.

볼호령ᄒᆞ다 s. To scold, to threaten; to talk loudly to. *See* 장호령ᄒᆞ다.

봄 s. 春 (*츈) Spring; spring time

봄다 s. 아; 은 To measure—by spanning with the hand (Pr.)

봄보리 s. 春牟 (봄—*츈) (보리—*모) Barley sown in the spring. *See* 츈모.

봄보칙 s. 春瓢 (봄—*츈) (보칙—*션) A heart shaped fan—used in spring time

봄뷔이 s. 春災草 (봄—*츈) (버힐—*예) (풀—*초) Grass fuel, as cut in the spring.

봄듣다 s. 봄 듣; 은 To have spring fever; to be susceptible to spring changes.

봄내다 s. 揚聲 (올닐—*양) (괄—*비) 어; 낸 To threaten; to make a show; to brag.

봅다 s. 拔 (뻘—*발) 아; 은 To pull out. *See* 빼다

봅히다 s. 被拔 닌을 *피) (빼칠 *발) 실히 힌 To come out; to be pulled out

뵈 s. 布 (*포) Linen; hemp cloth. (낳다) (짜다). *Also* 베.

뵈미다 s. 調布 (고로—*됴) (뵈—*포) 여, 인 To prepare the warp for weaving—by pasting the threads, drying them etc.

뵈다 l. 見 (뵈일—*현) 뵈 여; 인 To present oneself before a superior; to appear; to be seen.

뵈슈건 s. 布巾 (뵈—*포) (슈건 *건) A towel or napkin.

뵈실 s. 麻絲 (삼 *마) (실—*소) Linen thread.

뵈오다 *s.* 謁 (뵈일—*할) 뵈와; 은 To call on; to pay one's respects to.

뵈옵다 *s.* 謁 (뵈일—*할) 뵈와; 은 To call on; to pay one's respects to.

뵈쌍이 *s.* 蟲蚱 (메뚜어 -*푼) (이—*소) A kind of locust that makes a noise like a weaver's loom

뵈전 *s.* 布廛 (뵈 ㄴ 전) A linen store

뵈틀 *s.* 織機 (짤 ㄱ ㅁ ㄱ과 A weaving loom ㄱ ㅁ

봉 *s.* A sinker—on a fishing line.

*봉 *s.* 峯 (봉오리) The peak—of a hill; the summit of a mountain.

*봉 *l.* 鳳 (새) The male phoenix—one of the four supernatural creatures said to appear only at the advent of a sage.

*봉 *s.* 封 봉호) A numerative of wraps—as ㅂㅂ ㅂㅂ ㅂ wers etc

봉 *s.* 桑 (뽕나무 *상) The leaves of the mulberry

*봉강 *s.* 封疆 (봉호)(디경) The limits of the state. (M.)

*봉건 *s.* 封建 (봉호) (셰울) The feudal system under which each lord administered his own territory.

*봉건시대 *s.* 封建時代 (봉호) (셰울) (때) (뒤산) The Feudal world; the age of the Feudal System.

*봉건제도 *s.* 封建制度 봉호) 셰울) (법셰) (지불) The Feudal System.

*봉고파직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封庫罷職 (봉호) (곰고) (파호) (직업) To turn out of office; to degrade. *See* 금고ᄒᆞ다.

*봉고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封庫 (봉호) (고짐) To close a warehouse; to shut up a public storehouse

*봉고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封罷 (봉호) (곰고) To turn out of office; to degrade. *See* 금고ᄒᆞ다.

*봉공ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉公 (밧들) (귀인) To work, to discharge the duties of a servant.

*봉교ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉敎 (밧들) (구르칠) To receive an order as from the king. *See* 봉명ᄒᆞ다. To receive—religious instruction; to become a convert.

*봉구황곡 / 鳳求凰曲 (새) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) (새) -곡) A ballad—telling a sweetheart's hand in marriage

*봉금 *l.* 俸金 (록) (쇠) Salary, wages.

*봉급 *l.* 俸給 (록) (줄) Salary; wages.

봉긔지르다 *l.* 길너; 져른 To fly flags—as a celebration.

*봉긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蜂起 (벌) (니러날) To rise up in large numbers—as insurgents; to break out in swarms.

봉나다 *l.* 봉나; 난 To lose—as money etc

봉나무 *s.* 桑 (*상) The mulberry tree. *Morus alba.* *See* 상목.

*봉내 *s.* 封內 (봉호) (안) The sealed signature at the foot of examination papers.

봉당 *s.* 堂 (마당 *장) A court or yard before the door. *See* 쓸.

*봉여 *s.* 鋒鏑 (날) (살촉) The point of spears and arrows.

*봉도 / 奉導 (밧들) (인도) A call or song of the guards or servants before the king—on a royal procession.

*봉독ᄒᆞ다 / 奉讀 (밧들) (닑을) To hold out and read, also, and more commonly used of a command from king.

*봉두 *s.* 蓬頭 (쑥) (머리) A dishevelled head of hair.

*봉두라지 *s.* 峯 (봉오리) The peak of a hill; the summit of a mountain. *See* 봉오리.

*봉두산 *l.* 鳳頭山 (새) (머리) (뫼) Mountains in Chol-la do. Lat. 35.44. Long. 127.13, and P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.49 Long. 125.38.

*봉둔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蜂屯 (벌) (둔칠) To assemble in masses, to collect in swarms.

*봉디 *s.* 蓬蓧 (쑥) (집) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do.

*봉랍 *s.* 封蠟 (봉호) (밀) Sealing wax.

*봉록 *l.* 俸祿 (록) (록) The salary—of a government official.

*봉룡 *l.* 奉龍 (밧들) (룡) A post station in Ham kyŏng-do.

*봉리 *s.* 鳳梨 (새) (배) Pine-apple.

*봉래산 *s.* 蓬萊山 (쑥) (쑥) (뫼) A mountain—said to be the abode of genii.

봉명소신 *l.* 奉命使臣 (밧들 목숨) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (신하) A royal envoy; a royal messenger; an ambassador.

*봉명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉命 (밧들) (목숨) To receive a command—from the king. *See* 봉교ᄒᆞ다

*봉물 / 封物 봉호) (물건) A sealed gift—to a superior. *See* 진상.

*봉미션 / 鳳尾扇 (새) (꼬리) (부체) An ornamental fan.

봉박다 *s.* 아; 은 To engrave or ornament metal. To rivet; to fasten with metal. To contribute the necessary funds—for a gift.

*봉방 s. 蜂房(벌) 방) A wasp's nest—a medicinal name.

*봉변ᄒᆞ다 s. 逢變 (만날)(변홀) To meet with misfortune; to be overtaken by disaster. *See* 봉욕ᄒᆞ다.

*봉복졀도ᄒᆞ다 s. 捧腹絶倒 (밧들)(비)(끈흘)(졀도ᄒᆞ다) To be overcome with laughter.

*봉복ᄒᆞ다 l. 捧腹 (밧들)(비) To hold one's sides with laughter.

*봉분제 s. 封墳祭 (봉홀)(무덤)(졔ᄉᆞ) Sacrifice at the close of a burial. *See* 뎨쥬졔.

*봉분ᄒᆞ다 s. 封墳 (봉홀)(무덤) To mound up a grave; to finish a burial. ᄉᆞ 셩분ᄒᆞ다.

*봉비ᄒᆞ다 s. 封妃 (봉홀)(계집) To elevate to the rank of queen.

*봉산 l. 鳳山 (새) (뫼) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.32 Long. 125.57.

*봉산 s. 烽山 (ᄃᆡ봉오리) (뫼) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*봉서 s. 封書 (봉홀)(글) A royal letter; a letter from the palace.

봉ᄉᆡ군관 s. 封書別監 봉ᄒᆞ (봉홀) A royal messenger; a servant carrying the king's letter.

*봉셔산 l. 鳳栖山 (새) (깃드릴) (뫼) A Mountain in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.53 Long. 126.06.

*봉션뎐 l. 奉先殿 (밧들) (먼져) (집) A palace in Kyong-keui-do (Yang-ju).

*봉션ᄉᆞ l. 奉先寺 (밧들) (먼져) (졀) A monastery in Kyong-keui-do (Yang-ju).

*봉션ᄒᆞ다 s. 封禪 (봉홀) (허닥글) To proclaim a hill sacred to worship.

*봉션화 l. 鳳仙花 (새) (신션) (꼿) The Touch-me-not. *Impatiens.*

*봉셩산 l. 奉城山 (밧들) (ᄌᆡ) (뫼) A mountain in Chöl-la-do. Lat. 35.11. Long. 127.30.

*봉ᄉᆞ s. 烽火 (봉화)(ᄇᆞᆨ) A beacon-light peak.

봉ᄉᆡ s. Steel; superior metal.

*봉송ᄒᆞ다 l. 奉送 (밧들) (보낼) To have the honor to send.

*봉ᄉᆞ s. 烽燧 (봉화)(봉화) A beacon-fire. *See* 봉화.

*봉슈ᄃᆡ s. 烽燧臺 (봉화)(봉화) (집) A beacon lighthouse.

봉슈ᄌᆡ이 s. 봉ᄒᆞ 봉ᄒᆞᄂᆞᆯ A beacon-light keeper. *See* 봉ᄒᆞᄂᆞᆯ.

*봉슈표 s. 捧受標 밧을 ᄂᆞᆯ 표, ᄉᆞ receipt for money.

*봉슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 捧受 (밧을) (밧을) To deposit; to put in charge of.

*봉쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 封鎖 (봉홀) (줌글) To close or fasten; to shut up, to block; to blockade.

*봉슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 奉順 (밧들) (니을) To comply with; to obey—as the commands of a superior.

*봉시운힝 s. 逢時不幸 (만날, 때) (아닐) (다힝) A streak of bad luck; a time of failure.

*봉신ᄃᆡ s. 封神臺 (봉홀) (귀신) (집) The place of departed spirits, the home of the soul.

*봉신ᄒᆞ다 s. 封神 (봉홀) (귀신) To deify, to canonize.

*봉심ᄒᆞ다 l. 奉審 (밧들) (ᄉᆞᆷ필) To inspect officially—as a royal tombs, tablet house etc.

*봉ᄉᆞ l. 奉事 (밧들) (일) A public office—the 2nd guardian of a royal tomb. A blind man. (Prov.

*봉ᄉᆞ s. 縫絲 (ᄭᅮᆷ) (실) Threads used for sewing.

*봉ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 奉事 (밧들) (셤길) To serve; to hold an official appointment under.

*봉ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 奉祀 (밧들) (졔ᄉᆞ) To offer sacrifice—to ancestors. *See* 봉뎨ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*봉셩시 l. 奉牲寺 (밧들) (소) (마을) The office of the various articles used in sacrifice.

*봉안 l. 鳳眼 (새) (눈) A phœnix eye—almond eyes.

*봉안 l. 奉安 (밧들) (편안) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*봉안ᄒᆞ다 l. 奉安 (밧들) (편안) To place with reverence —one's ancestral tablets; to have the honor to set up—the tablets.

*봉양ᄒᆞ다 l. 奉養 (밧들) 기를) To honor; to wait upon, to serve faithfully. *See* 공양ᄒᆞ다.

*봉예 s. 鋒銳 (칼날) (날낼) Sharp points points of spears.

*봉영ᄒᆞ다 l. 奉迎 (밧들) (마질) To receive the Emperor.

*봉영ᄒᆞ다 s. 奉迎 맛 ᄆᆞ l. ᄂᆞᆫ ᄀᆞ to receive

봉오라지 s. 봉 (봉오리—*봉) A hill peak; the top of a mountain; a knoll. *See* 봉오리.

봉오리 s. 花蕾 ᄭᅩᆺ ᄇᆞᆨ (쏙지—*체) An unopened bud of a flower.

봉오리 *s.* 봉 (*봉) The peak of a hill. *See* 봉오리.

*봉욕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 逢辱 (맛날)(욕될) To receive insult; to be slandered. *See* 견욕ᄒᆞ다.

봉울봉울ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be budding out—of flowers. (Prov.)

봉울이 *s.* An unopened bud—of a flower.

*봉인 *s.* 鋒刃 (칼날) (칼날) A general term for all weapons used to cut and thrust with.

*봉인즉설ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 逢人卽說 (맛날)(사ᄅᆞᆷ)(곳)(말ᄉᆞᆷ) To speak one's heart to every passer by

*봉인ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封印 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (인ᄌᆞᆼ) To seal or stamp a letter

봉ᄉᆞᆨ *s.* A libertine; a rake; a lewd person

*봉작 *s.* 封爵 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (벼슬) Titles of nobility.

*봉작 *s.* 蜂雀 (벌) (새) A humming-bird.

*봉적ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 逢賊 (맛날)(도적) To meet thieves, to fall into the hands of robbers; to be robbed. *See* 실물ᄒᆞ다.

*봉정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉呈 (밧들)(드릴) To offer; to present with respect.

*봉조하 *l.* 奉朝賀 (밧들) (아침) (하례) The office given to superannuated Ministers of State.

*봉족드다 *l.* 幇助 (도울 *방)(도울—*조)러, 돈 To lend a hand; to assist in.

*봉죽저르다 *l.* 奉竹 (밧들)(대)길너; 저른 To have a celebration—on board a boat; to fly flags etc *See* 봉긔저르다

*봉지 *s.* 封紙 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (조희) A sealed packet. A numerative of articles sealed or wrapped up.

*봉직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉職 (밧들)(벼슬) To serve the government; to hold an office.

*봉조쳐 *s.* 蓬子菜 (쑥) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (나물) Galium verum.

*봉줌 *l.* 鳳簪 (새) (빈혀) A hairpin with a phœnix-shaped head.

*봉쳬 *l.* 鳳鬢 (새) (빈혀) A hairpin with a phœnix-shaped head. *See* 봉ᄌᆞᆷ.

*봉쳠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封簽 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (찡) To seal up the windows; to stop up the windows.

*봉착ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 逢着 (맛날) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To chance on, to happen on; To meet; to encounter—either by chance or designedly. *See* 상봉ᄒᆞ다.

봉찰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To win back what one has lost

*봉초ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 捧招 (밧을) (부ᄅᆞᆷ) To receive the confession of a criminal. *See* 초ᄉᆞᆫ밧다.

*봉출 *s.* 蓬朮 (쑥) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) The name of a plant.

*봉치ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封置 봉ᄒᆞᆯ) 줌) To lay by—money, rice et *See* 유치ᄒᆞ다

*봉칙ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉勅 (밧들) 칙서 To receive imperial orders—to do so and so.

*봉현ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉現 (밧들) (어버이) To wait upon respectfully—one's parents. *See* 위친ᄒᆞ다.

*봉침 *l.* 鳳枕 (새) (벼기) A bride's pillow on which is embroidered a representation of the phœnix.

*봉침 *s.* 縫針 (ᄭᅮᆷ) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) A sewing needle.

*봉칙ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉勅 (밧들) (칙서) To obey the Emperor's commands.

*봉텬 *l.* 奉天 (밧들) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Moukden in China—chief city of Shing Kin province. *See* 심양.

*봉토 *s.* 封土 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (흙) The territory of a temple, a fief.

*봉투 *s.* 封套 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅮᆷ) An envelope; a letter case. *See* 겻봉.

*봉포ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 捧捕 (밧을) (잡) To write out a description of the person in taking in recruits.

*봉패ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 逢敗 (맛날) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) To have a streak of bad luck; to meet with misfortune—as in business. *See* 봉변ᄒᆞ다.

*봉합ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 縫合 (ᄭᅮᆷ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To join together by sewing; to piece together; to make a seam.

*봉헌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉獻 (밧들) (드릴) To make offerings; to offer things dedicated.

*봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 封 (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) To seal up; to close up. To appoint to territory or office—of royal personages.

*봉행ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉行 (밧들) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To receive orders and act accordingly. *See* 준행ᄒᆞ다.

*봉화 *s.* 烽火 (봉화) (불) A beacon fire. *See* 봉슈.

*봉화 *l.* 奉化 (밧들) (될) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.50. Long. 128.42

*봉화ᄃᆞᆨ *s.* 烽火臺 (봉화) (불) (싸ᄒᆞᆯ —*ᄃᆞᆨ) The walled mountain peak where beacon fires are lighted.

*봉화직이 s. 烽火直 (봉화)(불)(곳을) The one in charge of government beacon lighthouse. *See* 봉슈직이.

봉환ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奉還 받들, 도라올 To carry back; to return.

*봉황 *l.* 鳳凰 (새)(새) The male and female phœnix; the phœnix.

*봉황ᄃᆡ *l.* 鳳凰臺 (새)(새)(집) A famous ancient palace in *Kangnam*, China.

*봉황셩 *l.* 鳳凰城 (새)(새)(짜) Feng-hwang in China.

쇠로지 s. A stye; a pimple. (나다) (돋다). *See* 부스럼.

쇠동쇠동ᄒᆞ다 s. To be frivolous and talkative; to be noisy. *See* 말슨말슨ᄒᆞ다

쇠죵쇠죵ᄒᆞ다 s. To be in points; to be jagged. *See* 쇠족쇠족ᄒᆞ다.

쇠족ᄒᆞ다 s. 尖(쇠죵—*쳘*) To be pointed, to be sharp. *See* 쇠죵ᄒᆞ다.

*쑤 s. 部 (째) A ward—as of the capital. A numerative of pairs of shoes. (Comp., A radical.

*쑤 *l.* 賦 (글) Poems in thirty verses and of six feet to the line.

*쑤 *l.* 副 (다음) Vice—as vice consul etc.

*쑤 *l.* 否 (아니) Negative. The nays. *Opp.* 가.

*쑤가 *l.* 富家 (부쟈) (집) A wealthy person; a rice house.

*쑤가옹 *l.* 富家翁 (부쟈) (집) (늙은이) A wealthy person; a rich old man. *See* 부옹; 재갈동지.

*쑤가ᄌᆞ뎨 *l.* 富家子弟 (부쟈) (집) (아들) (아오) Sons of a wealthy family. *See* 호화ᄌᆞ뎨

*쑤강 *l.* 富强 (부쟈) (강홀) Rich and powerful; wealthy and strong.

*쑤강지국 *l.* 富强之國 (부쟈) (강홀) (지) (나라) A wealthy and powerful [illegible]

*쑤강ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 富强 (부쟈)(군셀) Rich and powerful—as a country.

쑤겁이 s. Down; packing; rubbish.

쑤겁지 s. Down etc.—as used for a nest or packing. *See* 쑤겁이.

*쑤결ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 否決 (아닐) (결단) To reject—as a parliamentary bill or motion.

*쑤경ᄒᆞ다 s. 浮輕 (쓸) (가분아울) To be light; to be unsteady; to be shifty. *See* 경솔ᄒᆞ다.

*쑤고 s. 府庫 (마을) (칭고) A government storehouse. (Comp.)

*쑤고 *l.* 訃告 (부고) (고홀) An announcement of death. *See* 통부.

*쑤골 *l.* 付骨 (붓칠) (째) An ulcer caused by a splintered bone. *See* 쑤.

*쑤골 *l.* 富骨 (부쟈) (째) One destined to become rich; one having lines and features that presage riches.

*쑤골져 *l.* 腐骨疽 (썩을) (째) (헌데) Caries of bones.

*쑤교 *l.* 富驕 (부쟈) (교만) Pride of wealth. *Opp.* 군교.

*쑤교 *l.* 副校 (다음) 비교) A military drill sergeant. *See* 쥬칙.

*쑤교 s. 父交 (아비) (사괼) A friend of one's father. *See* 부집.

*쑤교 s. 父敎 (아비) (ᄀᆞ르칠) A father's teaching *See* 친교.

[illegible] bridge. (노다).

*쑤교원 *l.* 副敎員 (다음) (ᄀᆞ르칠) (인원) [illegible]

*쑤국 *l.* 富國 (부쟈) (나라) Wealthy kingdoms; a rich nation. *Opp.* 빈국.

*쑤국 *l.* 富局 (부쟈) (판) A propitious burial site—bringing wealth etc.

*쑤국강병ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 富國强兵 (부쟈) (나라) (강홀) (군ᄉᆞ) To enrich a nation and increase its military power. *See* 국부병강ᄒᆞ다.

*쑤군 s. 府君 (마을) (인군) Your father. The governor of a province.

*쑤군당 s. 府君堂 (마을) (인군) (집) A spirit shrine—when sacrifice is offered.

쑤귀 *l.* 富貴 (부쟈) (귀홀) Riches and rank. *Opp.* 빈쳔.

*쑤귀공명 *l.* 富貴功名 부쟈 (귀홀 공 [illegible] holding high rank. *See* 립신양명.

*쑤귀산 s. 富貴山 (부쟈) (귀홀) (뫼) A mountain in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.52 Long. 127.33.

*쑤귀쳔쳔 s. 富貴在天 (부쟈) (귀홀) (잇ᄂᆞᆫ (다) [illegible] hand of heaven.

*쑤극 s. 掊克 (모들) (이길) Grasping courtiers. (B. O.)

*쑤근 s. 斧斤 (돗긔) (날) An axe; a hatchet. *See* 돗긔.

*쑤근 *l.* 附近 (붓칠) (갓가울) What is near.

*쑤근동 *l.* 附近洞 (붓칠) (갓가울) (골) A neighboring village.

*쑤근디 *l.* 附近地 (붓칠) (갓가울) (짜) A neighboring district.

*부근지처 s. 附近之處 (붓칠) 갓가울 (갈) (곳) A nearby place.

*부근하다 s. 附近 (붓칠) (갓가울) To approach; to be near to; to be in close relation to.

부글부글 s. Boiling; bubbling. *See* 보글보글.

*부금 s. 賦金 (부세) (쇠) Installment.

*부기 s. 簿記 (문서) (긔록) Book-keeping

*부기 s. 浮氣 (뜰) (긔운) Dropsy following starvation. *See* 부황 Inflated thoughts or opinions.

부기다 s. 여 권 To destroy to abandon.

*부과방 s. 簿記方 (문서) 긔록) (모) A clerk, book-keeper

*부기법 s. 簿記法 문서) (긔록 (법) The rules of book-keeping.

*부기학 s. 簿記學 문서) (긔록) (비흘) The science or art of book keeping

*부기학교 s. 簿記學校 문서) (긔록 (비흘) (학교) A school where the art of book-keeping is taught.

*부기학자 s. 簿記學者 문서) 긔록) (비흘) (놈 A book-keeper; one versed in the science of book-keeping.

부기 s. An idiotic person; a stupid character (갓다.

*부리 s. 賦客 (글) (손) A composer of verse of lines of six characters each *See* 시직

*부과하다 / 附過 (붓칠 (허물) To sin, to offend; to act contrary to law of officials or those in public employ

*부관 s. 副官 (버금) (벼슬) An official particularly appointed so that he may, in certain cases, assume the duties of a superior, a vice official.

부나뷔 s. A moth.

*부납하다 s. 賦納 (부세) (드릴) To pay to the government.

*부녀 s. 婦女 (여ᄂᆞ리) (계집) A lady; a gentleman's wife. *See* 안악네.

*부녀 s. 父女 (아비 (딸) Father and daughter.

*부내 s. 部內 (때) (안 Within) the District. *See* 주내.

부다 / 吹 (불 *희) 려, 분 To blow, to whistle. *Also* 불다.

부다 / 招辭 (부를 *초) (말숨--ᄉᆞ, 려; 분 To confess--of a criminal. *See* 불다.

*부다 / 富多 (부쟈) (만흘) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*부담 s. 付擔 붓칠 메일 Hampers—used in a packpony, the two sides of a pack

부담 / 應酬 (ᄉᆡᆨ을 말숨 An antiquated saying; obsolete story

부담꾼 / 付擔軍 붓칠 메일, 롬) Packhampers

*부담마 s. 付擔馬 (붓칠) (메일) (물) A packpony. *Opp.* 안장마

*부담틀 s. 付擔機 (메일) (틀 *ᄭᅡ) A chair like frame used on a pack saddle.

*부대부인 s. 府大夫人 (마을) (큰) (지아비) (사롬) The wife of a prince royal.

*부대하다 / 富大 (부쟈 (큰) To be fleshy, to be corpulent *Ant.* 육즁하다.

*부당당하다 不當當 아닐 맛당맛당, To be improper; to be unreasonable; to be unsuitable *Ant.* 부당하다

*부당지설 s. 不當之說 (아닐) (맛당) 말 (말숨) Unreasonable speeches; crazy tales.

*부당하다 s. 不當 (아닐) (맛당) To be improper; to be unsuitable. *See* 불가하다.

*부덕하다 s. To be stiff; to be hard; to be uneven.

*부덕하다 s. 不德 아닐 (큰) To be not virtuous, to want principle, demerit; unworthiness.

*부동류 / 副動流 (버금, 밀위) (흐를 secondary current

*부뎨, -ᄌᆡ 賦題 (글) 데목 A theme requiring a composition of six characters to the line

*부뎨학 / 副提學 (버금) (쓰을) (벼흘) Vice Chancellor of the Royal College —an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

*부덧긔 s. 釜鼎器 (가마) (솟) (노구) Kitchen dishes

부뎡법 s. 不定法 (아닐) (뎡홀) (법) The infinitive mood.

*부뎡하다 s. 不定 (아닐) (뎡홀) To be uncertain, specially used of life and death.

*부동 s. 不同 (아닐 (홀가치) What is not the same.

*부동명수 不同名數 (아니) (홀가지) (일홈) (두어 To make numbers

*부동물 s. 不動物 아닐) (움ᄌᆡ일) (물건, An immoveable thing.

*부동변삼각형 s. 不同邊三角形 (아닐) (홀가지) (가) (ᄉᆡᆨ (ᄉᆞᆯ) (형상) A scalene triangle.

*부동산 s. 不動産 (아닐) (움직일) (물) Immoveable property, real estate.

*부동산 s. 不動山 (아닐) (움직일) (외) A mountain in Kang-won-do

부둥켜다 v. 둥 ; 편 To hug; to enclose in the arms; to fold the hands in the sleeves.

*부동하다 t. 符同 (벙부) (한가지) To conspire together; to be accomplices —in evil. *See* 추동하다.

*부동하다 s. 不同 (아닐) 한가지) To be unlike; to be dissimilar.

*부동하다 s. 不動 (아닐) (움직일) To be immoveable; to be firm.

*부묘 s. 不調 (아닐 고로) Failing to settle a question, legal or otherwise.

*부묘증 s. 不調症 (아닐) (고로) (증세) Irregularity in the menses.

*부두 s. 埠頭 (언덕) (머리) A landing; a breakwater. *See* 진두

*부두군 s. 埠頭軍 (언덕) (머리) (군사) A wharf hand; a jetty coolie.

*부두세 s. 埠頭稅 (언덕) (머리) (구실) Harbour duty; port-fees.

부둥하다 s To grow large; to be swollen.

부드뜨리다 s. 撲 (칠 —*박) 떠려; 린 To strike against; to hit against. *See* 나닷드리다.

부드득 s. Creaking; squeaking *See* 바드득.

부드득부드득하다 s. To be persistent. To squeak; to creak; to sound—as scratching.

부드럽다 s. 柔 (부드러울 *유) 러워; 운 To be soft, to [illegible] to be yielding. *See* 부둘부둘하다

부드러하다 s. 柔 (부드러울—*유) To be soft; to be limp. *See* 연하다

부득불 s. 不得不 (아닐) (얻을—*득) (아닐) Certainly; necessarily; without doubt. *See* 불가불.

부득부득 s. 固執 (굳을—*고) (잡을—*집) Persistently, obstinately. *See* 바득바득. Dryish.

*부득이하다 s. 不得已 (아닐) (얻을 (말) To do against one's will; to be unable to avoid doing.

*부득책 s. 不得策 (아닐) (얻을) (꾀) Impolitic.

부득히 s. By force; in a headstrong way. *See* 부득불.

부들 s. A kind of tall grass—used in making shoes and mats.

부들기 s. A joint. (엇지).

부들부들하다 s. 柔 (부드러울 *유) To be soft; to be flexible; to be yielding. *See* 보들보들하다

부둥가리 s. 破器 (깨여질—*파) (그릇 *기) A broken dish used as a fire-shovel.

부둥깃 s The down on a young bird. (나다).

*부등변삼각형 s. 不等邊三角形 (아닐) (무리 '갓' (삼 [illegible] 형상 [illegible]

*부등운동 s. 不等運動 (아닐) (무리) (옮길) (움직일) Nonuniform motion.

*부등표 s. 不等表 (아닐) (무리) (표) Sign of inequality: (><).

부뎌치다 s. 되져; 친 To strike against; to be hit. To blossom. To wear. *See* 다닷치다.

부뎃다 s. 撲 (칠 —*박) 되져; 친 To strike against; to hit against.

부뎌 s. 俗 (전더 —*더) Cloth or leather bags. *See* 자로.

부뎌 t. 叮咛 (맹 —*신) (맹 —*신) Pray .. Especially ..... Be sure .....

부뎌뎌다 s. 뎌뎌; 센 To be crowded; to be harrassed; to be oppressed. *See* 서달니다.

부뎌부뎌 t. 叮咛 (맹 —*신) (맹 —*신) Pray Especially ..... Be sure

부뎌치다 s. (—뎌) 뎌쳐; 천 To strike against; to hit against.

부라부라 s. An expression used when dancing a child from side to side. *See* 도리도리.

*부락 s. 部落 (떼) 떠러질) Any subdivision, [illegible] organized for administrative purposes as separate from others. Sections of a barbarous or savage country (or tribe).

*부란하다 s. 腐爛 (썩을) (데일) To be rotten; to be corrupt, or purulent.

*부랑지도 s. 浮浪之徒 (뜰) (허랑홀) (갈) (무리) A vagabond; a vagrant; an outlaw; an outcast.

*부랑패류 浮浪作類 (뜰) 허랑홀) (패역홀) (갈홀) Tramps, roughs.

*부랑하다 s. 浮浪 (뜰) (허랑홀) To be a vagrant; to act in a dissolute way; to be dissipated.

*부량 負量 (질) (헤아릴) Negative quantity.

*부랑파탁호 s. 不良破落戶 (아닐)(어질)(써여질)(떠러질)(집) Drifting waves and houses in ruin—as results of debauchery.

부러 s. 故 (짐짓—*코) Intentionally; designedly; purposely, falsely. *See* 짐짓.

부러워ᄒᆞ다 s. 羨 (부러울—*션) To eagerly desire; to be envious of. *See* 붉어ᄒᆞ다

부러지다 s. 折 (껏글—*절)러져; 진 To break; to snap off (v.i.) *See* 껏기지다.

부러치다 s. 折 (껏글—*절)러쳐; 친 To break; to snap off (v.t.) *See* 부러티다.

부러터리다 s. 折 (껏글—*절) 떠려; 린 To break; to snap off. (v.t.) *See* 떼다.

*뿌럭이 s. 根 (*뿌리—*근) A root. *See* 뿌리.

*뿌럭지 s. 根 (*뿌리 -*근) A root.

부럼 l. Fruit etc. eaten on the 15th of the 1st moon. A small boil.

부럽다 s. 羨 (부러울—*션) 러워; 운 To be a subject of envy; to be desirable; to be enviable. *See* 부러워ᄒᆞ다.

부레 s. 膠 (*표) Isinglass—associated with greed, envy etc.

부레풀 s. Glue made from isinglass.

*부렴 l. 賦斂 (부세)(거둘) Taxation.

*부렴ᄒᆞ다 l. 賦斂 (부세)(거둘) To collect taxes.

*부령 l. 副領 (버금)(거느릴) A military officer of the 3rd degree. A lieutenant-colonel.

*부령 l. 富寧 (부자)(평안—*녕) A prefect in Ham kyong do. Lat. 42.04 Long. 129.43.

*부령소 l. 副領事 (다음)(거느릴)(일) Vice-Consul.

부로 s. 父老 (아비)(늙을) The elders or magnates of a place.

*부로 s. 俘虜 (사로잡을)(사로잡을) A prisoner of war; a captive.

*부록 l. 附錄 (붓칠)(과록) An annex; an appendix; a supplement.

부루 s. 生菜 (날—*싱) (나물 *처) Lettuce. *See* 싱처.

부룩ᄒᆞ다 s. To be full, to stick out To pout. *See* 보로ᄒᆞ다.

부룩치다 s. 耦種; 친 To plant extra seeds in a field of growing grain.

부르다 s. 召 (부를—*쇼) 불너; 른 To call; to summon.

부르다 s. 滋 (부를 -*조) 부러; 른 To swell up to puff up, to grow large

부르다 s. 飽 (비부를 *포) 불너; 부른 To be full—of the stomach (비). *Opp.* 비곱흐다

부르다 s. 불너, 부른 To appear; to seem, to desire -used after the future participle with 샹

부르를 s. Shivering; chattering. (떠다).

부르지지다 s. 喊泣 (부르지질—*호)(울—*읍) 지져; 진 To shout out; to scream.

부르키다 s. 르키; 킨 To blister; to be blistered. *See* 부릇드다.

부릅쓰다 s. 瞋 (부릅쓸—*진) 릅써; 쓴 To glare at; to look fiercely at.

부릇다 s. 허; 흔 To blister; to be blistered. *See* 부르키다.

부릇흐다 s. 릇허; 흔 To blister; to be blistered. *See* 부릇다.

부리 l. 嘴 (*췌) A beak; a bill. *See* 쥬둥이.

*뿌리 s. 根 (*근) A root, origin; source. *See* 근지 A numerative of stalks of ginseng *See* 뿍럭이.

부리다 s. 使 (부릴—*시) 부려; 린 To make use of; to employ; to exhibit, to show. *See* 쓰히다.

부리다 s. 弛 (부릴 *이) 부려; 린 To loosen; to relax; to take off—as a load. (짐).

*뿌리다 s. 灑 (*뿌릴—*쇄) 뿌려; 린 To sprinkle; to scatter.

부리우다 s. 弛 (부리울—*이) 리워, 운 To loosen, to relax. *See* 지우다.

*부림 l. 富林 (부자)(수풀) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*부마 l. 駙馬 (부마)(말) The king's son-in-law. (되다).

*부망 l. 副望 (다음)(보랄) The second of the three candidates proposed to the king for office. *Opp.* 말망.

*부명 s. 父命 아비) (목숨) A father's orders; parental commands. *See* 부교.

부명 s. 父名 (아비) (일홈) A father's name. *See* 천휘.

*부명 l. 富名 (부자)(일홈) A reputation for riches.

*부모 s. 父母 (아비) (어미) Parents; father and mother. *See* 량친.

부목 l. A fireman—in a Buddhist monastery. *See* 불목하.

부문 l. 訃聞 (부고)(드를) An announcement of death; *billet-de-part.* *See* 부고.

*부문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 赴門 (붓좃칠) (문) To crowd into the gates—for examination. *See* 입문ᄒᆞ다.

*부민 *l.* 富民 (부자) (ᄇᆡᆨ셩) A wealthy man [illegible] 가옹.

*부박 *s.* 浮薄 (뜰) (엷을) Heartless; insincere; untrustworthy; shallow.

*부벽서 *s.* 付壁書 (붓을) (ᄇᆞ람) (글) Characters written as mottos on the walls. *See* 쥬련.

*부복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 俯伏 (굽힐) (업드릴) To submit; to obey; to bow down.

*부본 *l.* 副本 (버금) (밋) A copy—of any thing.

*부부 *s.* 夫婦 (지아비) (며ᄂᆞ리) Husband and wife. *See* 닉외.

*부부원쳥 *l.* 府部院廳 (마을) (떼) (집) (쳥) The various offices of the government.

*부부지간 *s.* 夫婦之間 (지아비) (며ᄂᆞ리) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) Between husband and wife. *See* 량쥬지간.

*부부지약 *s.* 夫婦之約 (지아비) (며ᄂᆞ리) (갈) (언약) Promise of marriage.

*부부지졍 *s.* 夫婦之情 (지아비) (며ᄂᆞ리) (갈) (뜻) Love between husband and wife. *See* 금실지락.

*부부유별 *s.* 夫婦有別 (지아비) (며ᄂᆞ리) (잇ᄂᆞᆫ) (다를) Difference between husband and wife—one of the Five Relationships.

*부부인 *s.* 府夫人 (마을) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Members of the royal clan.

*부분 *s.* 部分 (떼) (ᄂᆞᆫ흘) A portion or part of anything; a district or division; the sphere of a person's duties; province. Classes; classification; sorts. Percentage.

부븨다 *s.* 撻 (부뷜 *차) 여; 뷘 To mix as food. To rub in the hands; to twist.

부뷤 *s.* Mixed dishes—of food.

*부비 *s.* 浮費 (뜰) (허비) Extra expense; expenditure over and above. *See* 공비. Cost.

*부산 *l.* 富山 (부자) (뫼) Toyama in Japan.

*부산 *s.* 釜山 (가마) (뫼) The port of Fusan.

*부산쳐 [illegible] 아닐 뫼 [illegible] where there is no wood because there are no mountains.

부산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be crowded; to be in confusion; to be in an uproar. *See* 분주ᄒᆞ다.

*부삽 *s.* 火匙 (불 *화) (슈져락—*시) A fire-shovel.

*부상 *s.* 父喪 (아비) (상ᄉᆞ) Mourning for a father. *Opp.* 모상.

*부상 *s.* 扶桑 (붓들) (뽕나무) *Fu-sang*—the spot where the sun rises. (On ancient maps marked as an island on the eastern outskirts of the universe.)

*부상 *s.* 扶桑 (붓들) (뽕) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*부상 *l.* 富商 (부자) (쟝ᄉᆞ) Rich merchants. *See* 대고.

*부상 *l.* 負商 (질) (쟝ᄉᆞ) Dish and crock merchants—of the famous *Pu-sang* guild. *See* 보상.

*부상대고 *l.* 富商大賈 (부자) (쟝ᄉᆞ) (큰) (쟝ᄉᆞ) A millionaire merchant.

*부상쳥 *l.* 負商廳 (질) (쟝ᄉᆞ) (쳥) Headquarters of the *Pusang* guild. *See* 임방.

*부상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 負傷 (질) (상할) To be wounded; to be injured.

부서기 *s.* Morsels; fragments; crumbs. 부스러기.

부서지다 *s.* 碎 (부서질—*쇄) 서져; 진 To be broken up; to be smashed; to be crumbled. *See* 파쇄ᄒᆞ다.

*부석 *s.* 浮石 (뜰) (돌) Floating stone—pumice-stone.

부석부석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be swollen; to be puffed up.

부션망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 父先亡 (아비) (먼저) (죽을) To lose one's father [illegible] *Opp.* 모션망ᄒᆞ다

*부션쟝 *l.* 副船長 (버금) (ᄇᆡ) (어룬) First officer, vice commander—of a ship.

*부셜권 *l.* 敷設權 [illegible] (베풀) (권세) [illegible] way—to lay a track for railway etc.

부셰 浮世 (뜰) (인간) The world.

*부셰 *l.* 賦稅 (부셰) (구실) Taxes. *See* 구실.

*부셩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 富盛 (부자) (셩할) To be rich, to be prosperous.

*부소산 *s.* 扶蘇山 (붓들) (차조기) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.16. Long. 127.1[illegible]

*부소 *s.* 扶蘇 (붓들) (차조기) B. C. 200. A noted son of *Chin Si Whang* who tried to save the literati and died for his fidelity.

부쇠 *s.* 火鐵 (불 -*화) (쇠 -*쳘) A steel as used with a flint. *Also* 부시.

*부송하다 *l.* 付送 (붓숑)(보낼) To send by; to send in care of.

*부쇽 *l.* 附屬 (붓쇽) (붓칠) What is attached to.

*부쇽물 *l.* 附屬物 (붓쇽)(붓칠)(물건) An accompaniment.

*부쇽인 *l.* 附屬人 (붓쇽)(붓칠)(사름) A guardian; a nurse; a tutor

*부쇽품 *l.* 附屬品 (붓쇽)(붓칠)(물수) An appurtenance.

*부쇽하다 *s.* 附屬 (붓쇽) (붓칠) To belong to; to be attached to.

부숑부숑하다 *s.* To be swollen; to be puffed up.

부숭부숭하다 *s.* To be dryish; to be dry. *See* 보숭보숭하다.

*부슈 *s.* 俘囚 (사로잡을)(가둘) A prisoner of war; captive

부슈슈하다 *s.* To be tangled; to be dishevelled. To be crumbled up.

부숩 *n.* 火鉗 (불—*화) (숩까락—*시) A fire-shovel. (Prov.) *See* 부삽.

부스러떠리다 *s.* 碎之 (부셔질—*쇄)(갈—*지) 떠러; 린 To crumble up; to smash; to pulverize

부스러지다 *s.* 碎 (부셔질—*쇄) 리지; 진 To crumble; to break away. *See* 부셔지다.

부스럭부스럭하다 *s.* To rustle; to rattle; to sound

부스럭이 *s.* 碎結 셔—*조) (겨—*밥) Crumbs; morsels; fragments. *See* 부석지.

부스럭지 *n.* 碎 (부셔질—*쇄) 가로 (*설) Morsels; fragments; crumbs. *See* 부스럭이

부스럼 *n.* 瘡 (*쥰) An ulcer; a boil; an abscess. *See* 즁긔

부스스 *s.* Gradually. Tangled. Sizzling.

부슬부슬하다 *s.* To drizzle; to be damp. To be powdered

부싀하다 *s.* 여; 선 To wash—dishes; to rinse out.

부시 *s.* 火鐵 (불—*화) (쇠—*털) A steel—used with a flint. (치다).

*부시 *l.* 副試 (다음) (시험) An assistant examiner at *Kwago.* *See* 샹시.

부시깃 *s.* 火鐵巾 (불 *화) (쇠 *털) (깃—*소) Tinder—used with flint and steel.

부시다 *s.* 碎 (부셔질—*쇄) 여; 선 To smash; to break up.

부시다 *s.* 여; 선 To dazzle; to shine brightly.

부시돌 *n.* 火石 (불—*화) (돌—*석) A flint—as used with a steel.

부시쌈지 *s.* A pocket for flint and steel.

부시치다 *v.* 打火鐵 (칠—*타) (불 *화) (쇠 *털) 시; 친 To strike fire—as from a flint. To be beaten; to be punished.

*부시하다 *l.* 俯視 (굽을) (볼) To bend over and look at.

*부식 *l.* 腐蝕 (석을) (먹을) Caustic.

*부식지 *n.* 腐蝕材 (석을) (먹을) (지료) Caustic.

*부실하다 *s.* 不實 아닐 실홀 —*실) To lack solidity; to be insincere; to be untrustworthy.

*부ᄉᆞ *l.* 副辭 (다음) (말숨) An adverb.

*부ᄉᆞ *l.* 副使 (다음) (ᄒᆞ여끔) The deputy envoy from China. An assistant ambassador or envoy, a deputy commissioner. *See* 상ᄉᆞ.

*부ᄉᆞ *s.* 府使 (마을) (ᄒᆞ여끔) A country magistrate of a 2nd rate district—an officer of the rear rank, 3rd degree. *See* 병ᄉᆞ.

부시 *s.* Dry tinder-like materials.

*부싱 *s.* 浮生 (뜰) (날) A passing existence —life. *See* 부세.

*부싱모육 *s.* 父生母育 (아비) (날) (어미) (칠) The father begets, the mother bears.

*부싱하다 *l.* 復生 (다시) (날) To rise again—from the dead; to be resurrected. *See* 부활하다.

*부안 *s.* 扶安 (붓들) (편안) A prefect in Chulla do. Lat. 35.42. Long 126.48.

부어지다 *s.* 여져; 진 To be cut; to be frayed.

부엌 *s.* 廚 (*쥬) A kitchen; a cook-house.

*부언 *s.* 浮言 (뜰) (말숨) Idle rumour; unfound statements; empty talk.

*부언랑셜 *s.* 浮言浪說 (뜰) (말숨) (물결) (말숨) Useless statements, falsehoods; lies.

부언ᄉᆞ셜 浮言之說 뜰 (말숨 갈) (말숨) A falsehood; a lie. *See* 부근ᄉᆞ셜

*부언하다 *s.* 浮言 (뜰) (말숨) To exaggerate; to speak without foundation. *See* 쭘치다

부얼부얼하다 *s.* To be well developed; to be handsome.

부엉딕새 *s.* An owl.

부엉이 *s.* 鵂 (*휴) An owl. *Also* 부헝이. *See* 올빼미.

*부여 *s.* 扶餘 (붓들) (남을) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.09 Long. 127.11.

부여잡다 *s.* 扶 (붓들—*받) 아; 은 To take a tight hold of; to twist round the hand. *See* 휘여잡다.

부여하다 / 灰色 (지—*회, 빛—*식 부애; 현 To be grayish; to be of a gray color. *See* 보얗다.

*부여하다 *s.* 附與 (붓칠) (줄) To deliver; to hand over; to give.

부역 *s.* Gray—as an animal.

부역이 *s.* A gray beast.

*부역하다 *l.* 赴役 (붓조칠) (역소) To engage in public work—as building roads, walls etc.

*부연 *s.* 桷椽 (며누리) (석가래) Rafter points spliced on at a slightly raised angle.

*부열 *s.* 浮熱 (뜰) (더울) Rising fever; a fever rash.

*부옹 *l.* 富翁 (부자) (늙은이) A rich person; a wealthy man. *See* 부민.

*부요하다 / 富饒 (부자) (넉넉) To be rich; to be affluent. *See* 요부하다

*부용 *s.* 芙蓉 (연못) 련못) The Hibiscus flower. *Hibiscus mutabilis.* *See* 련

*부용제국 *l.* 附庸之國 (붓흘) (뗏첫) (갈) (나라) A petty dependant state of feudal times, the chieftain over which had not the right of audience with the Emperor.

*부용하다 *s.* 附庸 (붓흘) (뗏첫) To be dependent.

*부운 *l.* 浮雲 (뜰) (구름) Floating clouds. Unsubstantial, uncertain insecure; precarious.

*부위 *l.* 副尉 (버금) (명위) A military officer of the 6th degree.

*부유 *s.* 蜉蝣 (하로살이 하로살이) [illegible] that [illegible] water *See* 하로살이.

*부유 *s.* 腐儒 (썩을) (선비) A pedant.

*부유하다 *s.* 浮遊 (뜰) (글) To have no settled occupation; to amuse oneself.

*부유하다 *l.* 富有 (부자) (있을) To be rich; to be abundant.

*부육 *s.* 腐肉 (썩을) (고기) Rotten meat; putrid flesh; flesh that has mortified.

*부윤 *s.* 府尹 (마을) (맛) A lieutenant governor of an important district—외유, 경유 and 한성부.

*부음 *l.* 訃音 (부고) (소리) An announcement of the death of parents or near relatives. *See* 돌부.

*부음 *l.* 副音 (버금) (소리) Secondary tone.

*부의장 *l.* 副議長 (버금) 의론 (어른) The vice-president of the Privy Council (중추원).

*부의전 *l.* 賻儀錢 (부의) (거동) (돈) Presents of money for funeral expenses. *See* 부조.

*부이 *s.* 芣苢 (길경이) (길경이) The *Plantago major.* (B. O.)

부이스럼하다 *s.* To be grayish.

*부인 *s.* 夫人 (지아비) (사롬) A lady; the wife of a gentleman; a lady of rank. (Hon.) Mrs.

*부인과 *s.* 婦人科 (며느리) (사롬 과목 Female complaints. *See* 산과.

*부인권 *s.* 否認權 아닐 (알 (권세, Veto.

*부임하다 *l.* 赴任 (다다를) (맛흘) To go to one's post; to take up an appointment; to enter on the duties of an office. *See* 도임하다.

*부앙하다 *l.* 扶昂 (붓들) (겨드랑이) To support under the arms—as servants their master. *See* 젓들다.

*부원 *s.* 富源 (부자) (근원) The source of wealth; basis of prosperity; a resource; means of raising money.

*부원슈 / 副元帥 (버금 으듬 장슈 The vice-generalissimo.

*부월 *s.* 斧鉞 (독긔) (부월) Capital punishment; execution. Battle axes, halberds—as carried by generals, admirals etc.

*부작 *l.* 符作 (부적—*셔) A spirit charm; spells; amulets. (쓰다).

*부잡하다 *s.* 浮雜 (뜰) (섞갈) To be dissolute; to be lewd; to be loose—in behaviour. *See* 잡되다.

*부쟈 *l.* 富者 (부자) (놈) A rich person. *See* 거부.

*부장 *l.* 副將 (버금) (장수) A lieutenant-[illegible] a second in command, [illegible] battle under the feudal [illegible] necessarily held by a military officer. *See* 중장.

*부장 s. 部將 (뻬) (장슈) A military officer of the rear rank, 6th degree.

*부장 s. 部長 (뻬) (어른) The commander of a subdivision of an army.

부적내다 s. 여; 낸 To be persistent; to be self-willed. *See* 억지쓰다.

부쩍부쩍 s. Importunately; persistently. Tightly.

*부젼 l. 附箋 (붓칠) (글) A small piece of paper with notes, pasted to a document.

부젼 l. 鍋 (*뎐) Shell ornaments worked in silk—and worn by little girls. Leather bands for tightening the strings of a double drum.

*부젼령 l. 赴戰嶺 (다다를) (싸홈) (고기) A mountain pass in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 40.32. Long. 127.33.

부젼부젼ᄒᆞ다 s. To be confusing; to be bothersome.

*부젼조젼 s. 父傳子傳 (아비) (전홀) (아돌) (전홀) What the father bequeaths the child inherits; like father like son. *See* 가정지학.

*부젼ᄒᆞ다 l. 復戰 (다시) (싸홈) To renew a battle; to recommence fighting.

*부절 s. 符節 (벙부) (마디) The two halves of a seal.

부절업다 s. 無益 (업을—*부), 대호—*익) 셔; 슨 To be useless; to be vain; to be good-for-nothing. *See* 긔적다.

*부졔ᄒᆞ다 s. 不齊 (아닐) (가지) To irregular; to be perturbed; to be inconsistent.

*부정명식 s. 不正名色 (아닐) (바를) (일홈) (빗) A mean office with which abuses are connected. Low servants given to extortion. *See* 비례지물.

*부정모혈 s. 父精母血 (아비) (정긔) (어미) (피) The father's life and mother's blood—of children.

*부정반사 s. 不正反射 (아닐) (바를) (도리킬) (쏠) Irregular reflection.

*부졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 不正 (아닐) (바를) To be impure; to be unchaste; to be unclean. *See* 교약ᄒᆞ다.

*부조 s. 父祖 (아비) (할아비) Father and grandfather Inherited propensities.

*부조 s. 助助 (붓들) (도울) A gift—to aid in a wedding or burial.

*부조이상 s. 父祖以上 (아비) (할아비) (써) (*뇬) Father, grandfather and beyond

*부조ᄒᆞ다 s. 扶助 (붓들) (도울) To assist; to support, to succour; to sustain.

*부족ᄀᆡ치 s. 不足掛齒 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (걸닐) Not enough to hang on the teeth—of no consequence; what is beneath one.

*부족됴 s. 不足條 (아닐) (발) (가지) Shortage.

*부족액 s. 不足額 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (익수) A deficit, the amount of money lacking.

*부족증 s. 不足症 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (증세) General debility; decline. *See* 음허화동.

*부족지탄 s. 不足之嘆 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (한식) Grief over what is insufficient.

*부족최 s. 不足責 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (부지질) A person whom it is useless to reprove. *See* 무족최.

*부족ᄒᆞ다 s. 不足 (아닐) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) To be insufficient, to be lacking; not to be enough. *See* 모자라다.

*부종 s. 浮腫 (뜰) 헌며) Dropsy; a dropsical swelling. *See* 부긔.

*부종 l. 付種 (붓칠) (씨) Sowing grain-planting seeds. *See* 락종.

*부종ᄒᆞ다 s. 扶從 (아닐) (좃칠) To attend; to accompany; to follow as one of the suite; to be attached to the suite of; to be in attendance upon.

*부주ᄒᆞ다 l. 附奏 (붓칠) (알욀) To append to a memorial to the Emperor.

*부쥬 s. 部洲 (뻬) (물가) A continent. *See* 대쥬.

*부쥬 s. 釜竹 (가마) (대) A Fusan pipe. *See* 부산쥭

*부즁 s. 府中 (마을) (가온ᄃᆡ) The official residence of a magistrate. *See* 아즁.

*부즉다소 l. 富則多事 (부자) (곳) (만흘) (일) If one be rich one has many responsibilities.

*부증 s. 浮症 (뜰) (증세) Dropsy -said to result from starvation. *See* 부긔.

*부지 l. 付紙 (붓칠) (조희) Paper made of pasted remnants and used to supply a lack at examinations.

*부지거처 s. 不知去處 (아닐) (알) (갈) (곳) An unknown place of flight. *See* 교비원주.

*부지기수 s. 不知其數 (아닐) (알) (그) (수ᄒᆞ) A countless number. *See* 거지무량.

부지런ᄒᆞ다 s. 勤 (부지런홀 *근) To be busy; to be diligent. *Opp.* 게으르다. *Also* 부지런ᄒᆞ다.

*부지불각에 s. 不知不覺 (아닐)(알)(아닐)(깰) Unexpectedly; all at once.

*부지세월 s. 不知世月 (아닐)(알)(인간)(달) Unconsciousness—of the world about one

*부지세월 s. 不知歲月 (아닐)(알)(히)(달) Ignorance—as to the time.

*부지소향 s. 不知所向 (아닐)(알)(바)(향홀) Not knowing where to go; in a quandary. *See* 막미소향.

*부지수 s. 不知數 (아닐)(알)(두어) Missing term

*부지소 s. 副知事 (다음)(알)(일) Deputy governor.

*부지인사하다 s. 不知人事 (아닐)(알)(사물)(일) To be unconscious. *See* 불성인사하다.

*부지즁 s. 不知中 (아닐)(알)(가온데) Unexpectedly; without one's knowledge.

부지지하다 s. To fry; to sound—as frying.

*부지예편 s. 不知體面 (아닐)(알)(몸)(낫) Ignorance of what is respectable, decent etc. *See* 불고염치.

*부지하락 s. 不知下落 아닐 알 아래 떨어질 No knowledge of what has become of him.

*부지하세월 s. 不知何歲月 (아닐)(알)(엇지 (하), 돌 At what time no one knows; ignorance as to the time. *See* 천연세월.

*부지하허인 s. 不知何許人 아닐 (알) (엇지 (하), 곳 사람 No knowledge of who he is—usually used in contempt. *See* 생부지명부지.

*부지하다 s. 扶支 (붓들)(지탱) To sustain; to support; to endure; to uphold. *See* 견디다

*부진근 s. 不盡根 (아닐)(다홀)(뿌리) An imperfect root; a surd.

*부진소수 s. 不盡小數 (아닐)(다홀)(적을)(두어) An imperfect decimal

*부진수 s. 不盡數 (아닐)(다홀)(두어) A fraction that cannot be reduced to a whole number; a remainder in division.

부진부진 s. Troublesome; bothersome.

*부진 s. 父執 (아비)(잡을) One about the same age as one's father; a father's friend or contemporary. *See* 존장.

부집강이 s. 火杖 (불—*화)(집흘이—*장) A wooden poker—for the fire.

부집존장 s. 父執尊長 아비(잡을 놀을) (어른) An elder who is a friend of one's father *See* 년비존장.

부집하다 s. To attack—by word; to dare; to challenge; to provoke to fight. (Prov.).

*부조 s. 附子 (붓칠)(아들) The poisonous seeds of the Wolf's-bane. *Aconitum variegatum.* *See* 현육.

*부조 s. 夫子 (지아비) (아들) A sage; a prophet; a hero. *See* 선생.

부조 s. 父子 아비, 아들 Father and son. *See* 모녀.

*부조간 s. 父子間 아비, (아들, 소이) Between father and son. *See* 모녀간.

부조런하다 s. 勤 부지런홀 근 To be diligent; to be busy; to keep up a constant round of. *See* 근하다. *Opp.* 게으르다.

*부조상리 s. 父子相離 아비)(아들)(서로)(떠날) At outs; (on) unfriendly terms—as father and son.

*부조유친 s. 父子有親 (아비)(아들)(있을)(친홀) Filial piety and parental love.

*부조형뎨 s. 父子兄弟 (아비)(아들)(맛)(아오) Those of the same household; kith and kin.

부질업다 s. 無益 (업슬 *무)(더홀—*익) 셔; 슨 To be useless; to be vain; to be good-for-nothing. *See* 괵적하다.

*부지 s. 不才 (아닐)(지조) Stupid; dull-witted; unintelligent; not wise or gifted. (Of oneself).

*부지다언 s. 不在多言 (아닐—*보)(있을)(만흘) (말숨) In a word; without a word. *See* 일언이폐지.

부지모상 s. 父在母喪 (아비)(있을)(어미)(상소) Mourning for a mother while the father is still living—worn for twelve months.

*부지하다 s. 不在 (아닐) (있을) Being absent; not at home.

*부찰하다 s. 簡察 (굽을) (살필) To examine; to inspect carefully.

*부채 s. 負債 (질) (빗) Debts; liabilities.

*부채자 s. 負債者 (질) (빗) (놈) A debtor.

*부채하다 s. 負債 (질) (빗) To be in debt; to be involved in debt.

*부창 s. 富昌 (부쟈) (창성) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*부창부슈 s. 夫唱婦隨 (지아비) (부를) (며느리) (좃흘) The husband sings and the wife follows—domestic harmony. *See* 녀필종부.

부처 s. 妻 보살

*부처 s. 夫妻 (지아비) (안히) Husband and wife. *See* 내외. A couple.

부첩 l. A noble's son—by a concubine. *See* 좌족.

*부천 l. 部薦 (폐) (천거) A recommendation for office of *pujang*.

부초 l. 蘿 (*히) An eschalot.

*부촌 l. 富村 (부쟈) (마을) A wealthy village. *Opp.* 빈촌.

*부총관 / 副摠官 (버금) 기누릿 (마술) A military officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

*부총지 l. 副總裁 (버금) (거누릴) (마로질) Vice president; assistant director.

*부추하다 s. 附囑 (부탁홀) (청촉) To stir up; to incite. *See* 격ᄒᆞ다.

*부츌하다 / 扶腋 (붓들 (겨드랑이—*의, To escort—by taking the arm; to assist—by the arms. *See* 겻들다.

부츌 s. The floor stones or boards of a water-closet.

*부친 l. 父親 (아비) (어버이) Your father. (Hon.) *See* 가군.

*부침하다 s. 浮沉 (쓸) (즘길) To float and sink alternately; to fluctuate; to vary.

부침하다 s. 播種 (씩릴 *파) (씨 *죵) To sow seed; to plant. *See* 파죵하다.

*부탁 l. 付托 (붓칠) (부탁) A charge; a care entrusted to one.

*부탁하다 l. 付托 (붓칠) (부탁) To charge; to entrust with. *See* 구칙ᄒᆞ다. To bet as an outsider on the result of a game.

*부테 l. 獸體 (즘 (몸) The style of characters that are written ~ to the line.

*부형하다 l. 俯聽 (굽을) (드를) To bend down and hear; to listen respectfully.

*부토하다 l. 盤土 (딜) (흙) To heap up earth; to build up.

*부통 l. 付筒 (붓칠) (통) A pipe with a bowl of inferior metal

*부판 l. 付板 (붓칠) (판ᄌᆞ) A board made by joining two pieces of wood. *Opp.* 외중이.

*부판 l. 孔板 (구무) (판ᄌᆞ) A square patch worn on the back of a mourner's overcoat.

*부패하다 s. 腐敗 (석을) (패홀) To be rotten; to be putrid; to be decayed.

*부평 l. 富平 (부쟈) (평홀) A post station in Kyong-sang-do; a prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.30. Long. 126.52.

부프다 s. 러; 픈 To swell up; to rise. *Also* 부븍다

부플다 s. 어; 픈 To swell up; to rise *Also* 부프다.

부플부플하다 s. To be frayed; to be worn. *See* 구짓구짓하다.

*부플모습하다 s. 父母俱歿 (아비) (ᄒᆞᆫ고낫) (어이) (엄슴 To take after both father and mother. *See* 부젼모젼.

부핏부핏하다 s. To be lumpy.

부희 s. What is large, what is puffed up.

부희짐 s. A large but light coolie load.

*부필 l. 富弼 (부쟈) (도을) D. A. D. 1083. A faithful minister of the *Song* dynasty

*부하 s. 部下 (폐) (아래) Jurisdiction; authority; sphere of duties; province.

*부하 s. 府下 (마을) (아래) Being under the jurisdiction of a governor.

*부하각군 s. 府下各郡 (마을) (아래) (갹) (고을) All the counties under the jurisdiction of a governor.

*부합하다 s. 符合 (마촐 (모돌) To coincide with; to tally; to match; to agree

*부항 s. 付缸 (붓칠) (항아리) A small crock used for heating cotton—that is applied to the region of pain. (부치다).

*부항붓치다 s. 付缸 (붓칠) (항아리) 부치, 친 To apply the cotton dish -to the part in pain.

*부허하다 s. 浮虛 (쓸) (뷔일) To be vain; to be useless; to be senseless. *See* 헛하다.

부헝이 s. 鵂 (*휴) An owl. *Also* 부엉이.

*부형 s. 父兄 (아비) (맛) Father and elder brother.

*부호 l. 符號 (벙부) (일홈) A cipher code.

*부호 s. 富戶 (부쟈) (집) A wealthy family—of the people. *See* 부민.

*부호뎡측 s. 符號定則 (벙부) (일홈) (뎡홀) (법) Law of signs (법측).

*부회 s. 府會 (마을) (모돌) The assembly of a city

*부회의원 s. 府會議員 (마을) (모돌) (의론) (인원) Member of a city assembly.

*부회장 / 副會長 (다을) (모돌) (어른) A vice-chairman.

*부획하다 s. 俘獲 (사로잡을) (엇을) To take captive; to capture.

*부흥 s. 扶興 (붓들) (닐) A post station in Chol-la-do.

*부흥 *l.* 復興 (다시) (닐) Revival; recovery; renewal.

*부흥회 *l.* 復興會 (다시) (닐) (모들) A Christina revival.

*부흥ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 復興 (다시) (닐) To recover; to improve; to revive—as business after depression.

*부ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 富 (부쟈) To be wealthy; to be opulent; to be affluent; to be corpulent. *See* 부대ᄒᆞ다.

*부ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 付 (붓칠) To paste thickly with paper.

부화 *s.* 肺 (허파—*폐) The lungs. (쌀락).

*부화 *s.* 浮華 (뜰) (빗날) False show

*부활ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 復活 (다시) (살) To revive; to rise from the dead *See* 부싱ᄒᆞ다

*부황 *s.* 浮黃 (뜰) (누루) A swelling or dropsy—caused by starvation. (나다).

북 *s.* The sound of tearing, rending, scratching etc. *See* 북.

북 *s.* 鼓 (*고) A drum. (치다).

북 *s.* 梭 (*사) A weaver's shuttle.

북 *s.* 培 (북도돌—*비) A heaping up of earth around plants etc. (주다) (도도다).

북괴이다 *s.* 여; 안 To lose; to be destroyed.

북나무 *s.* The *Rhus semi-alata.*

북닛치다 *s.* 逆上 (거스릴—*역) (옷 *상) 밧처; 천 To fly into a rage; to be angry. To overflow the banks.

북방망이 *s.* 鼓椎 (북—*고) (방망이—*퇴) A drumstick.

북방망이질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To beat a drum; to thump—as the heart.

북북 *s.* Scratching; scraping. *See* 박박.

북비 *s.* A cotton pad—for massage treatment.

북덕이 *s.* Rubbish of straw, sticks etc. *See* 부깅이.

북도도다 *s.* 培 (북도돌—*비) 아; 돈 To heap up earth; to hill up—plants.

북두 *s.* 腹 (*뇨) A belly-band; a pack-saddle girth.

북등 *s.* 鼓燈 (북—*고) (등불—*등) A drum shaped lantern.

북숨이 *s.* A bundle of rubbish. *See* 북이.

북적거리다 *s.* 거러; 린 To crowd: to crush; to be multitudinous. *See* 확자ᄒᆞ다.

북적북적 *s.* Crowding; crushing. Boiling; bubbling. *See* 확적확적.

북주다 *s.* 培 (북도돌 *비) 어; 준 To hill up—plants. *See* 북도도다.

북채 *s.* 鼓棍 (북—*고) (북채—*부) A drum stick.

북통 *s.* 鼓桶 (북—*고) (통—*통) The wooden frame—of a drum.

북틀 *s.* 鼓機 (북—*고) (틀—*긔) A frame on which to hang a drum.

북편 *s.* 鼓左 (북—*고) (원—*좌) A drumstick used in the left hand in beating the double drum.

*분 *s.* 粉 (가루) Face powder. (바르다).

*분 *l.* 分 (논흘) A division; a part; a fraction. A numerative of persons. (Hon.). One tenth of an inch. *s.* A minute.

분 *s.* 稅 (구실—*세) Toll; taxes; duty. (밧다) (붓다).

*분 *l.* 憤 (분흘) Anger; indignation. *See* 앙분. (나다) (내다).

*분 *s.* 盆 (동의) A flower pot.

분 *s.* 奮 (*시) Only following the noun. *See* 떠들.

분 *s.* A sound as of a cannon. *See* 뿡.

*분가ᄒᆞ다 *s* 分家 (논흘) (집) To take different houses; to separate. *See* 분호ᄒᆞ다.

*분간 *s.* 分揀 (논흘) (간력흘) A difference; a distinction; a discrimination. *See* 분별. A pardon; a reprieve.

*분간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 分揀 (논흘) (간력흘) To discriminate; to distinguish; to make a difference. *See* 분별ᄒᆞ다. To grant pardon; to set free.

*분개ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 憤慨 (분흘) (슬흘) To be angry and distressed.

*분격ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 憤激 (분흘) (격동흘) To become excited, to become angry, to be exasperated.

분얼 *l.* A sudden temper; a fury; a rage. *See* 골얼.

*분계 *s.* 分界 (논흘) (디경) A limit; a boundary; a frontier.

분계션 *s.* 分界線 (논흘) (디경) (실) Line of demarcation, the boundary line.

*분경 *s.* 分境 (논흘) (디경) A limit; a boundary; a frontier. *See* 분계.

*분정군 *s.* (— —군) 紛亭軍 (어지러울) (다들) 군소) Hangers on or "squeezers" about an official headquarters. *See* 협잡군.

*분경시대 *n.* 奔競時代 (다라날) (다톨) (때) (시 선) A time of hurry, a bustle.

*분고하다 *a.* 奔告 (다라날) (고홀) To make a hurried report.

*분곡 *n.* 粉麴 (분) (누룩) Flour leaven.

*분곡하다 *a.* 分穀 (논홀) (곡식) To divide the harvest; to give to each his share of the crops.

*분골쇄신 *n.* 粉骨碎身 (가루) (뼈) (부셔질) (몸) Pulverizing the bones and breaking the body; making one's utmost effort.

*분골쇄신하다 *v.* 粉骨碎身 (가로) (뼈) (부셔질) (몸) To grind one's bones to powder and break up one's body—as in making a supreme effort. *See* 마명 발톱.

*분꽃 *n.* 粉花 (가로) (꽃—*화) The four o'clock; Marvel of Peru, *Mirabilis Jalapa.*

*분국 *n.* 分局 (논홀) (관) Branch offices.

*분국 *n.* 分國 (논홀) (나라) A section of an empire or kingdom which is ruled over by an almost independent prince.

*분극 *n.* 分極 (논홀) (긋장) Polarization.

*분금하다 *n.* 分金 (논홀) (쇠) To take the points of the compass in placing a coffin, choosing a house site etc.

*분급하다 *v.* 分給 (논홀) (줄) To distribute; to divide among. *See* 분하다.

*분긔 *l.* 憤氣 (분홀) (긔운) Anger; wrath. *See* 노긔.

분길 *a.* (썰) What is soft and beautiful. (又다). *See* 온길.

*분깃하다 *a.* 分襟 (논홀) (옷깃—*금) To divide—an inheritance, to apportion—a patrimony. *See* 깃분하다.

분과 *n.* 分課 (논홀) (일과) A branch or section of a bureau.

분곽 *n.* (—쌕) A rouge box. *See* 분합.

*분관 *n.* 分官 (논홀) (벼슬) The apportionment of rank among graduates.

*분관하다 *n.* 分官 (논홀) (벼슬) To appoint to office.

*분광긔 *n.* 分光器 (논홀) (빗) (그릇) A spectroscope.

*분나다 *l.* 忿 (분홀) 나; 난 To get angry; to fly into a rage. *See* 분노하다.

*분내다 *l.* 忿 (분홀) 여; 낸 To get angry. To stir up, to make angry *See* 분나다

*분노하다 *l.* (로) 忿怒 (분홀) (노홀) To be angry; to be wrathful; to fire up; to take offence; to snarl. *See* 노하다.

*분담하다 *a.* 分擔 (논홀) (멜) To bear a partial responsibility; to take a portion of a work, duty, or obligation.

*분당지 *n.* 粉唐紙 (분) (당라) (조희) A kind of tissue paper from China.

*분당하다 *v.* 分黨 (논홀) (무리) To be disunited; to lack unity. *See* 각립하다.

*분뎜 *n.* 分店 (논홀) (장소집) A branch office. *See* 지뎜.

분도도기 *l.* 挑忿 (도돌—*도) (분홀—*분) Stirring up; exciting; making angry.

*분돈 *n.* (—돈) 分錢 (논홀) (돈—*젼) Daily payments of the interest and part of the principal.

*분동하다 *a.* 分洞 (논홀) (골) To divide up a village or ward of a district.

*분등하다 *a.* 分等 (논홀) (부리) To divide according to class; to classify. *See* 분하다.

*분뎌 *n.* 分帶 (논홀) (허) A flat belt—in contrast to a girdle.

*분뎌장 *n.* 分隊長 (논홀) (떼) (어룬) An officer in command of a sub-company.

분뎌질 *n.* Confusion; disturbance; uproar. (치다).

분뎌질치다 *a.* 질쳐; 쳔 To cause an uproar; to disturb; to create confusion.

*분란하다 *a.* 紛亂 (어지러울) (어지러울) To be confused, to be in disorder. *See* 소요하다.

*분량 *n.* 分量 (논홀) (헤아릴) Weight; quantity also used metaphorically.

*분렬하다 *a.* 分裂 (논홀) (찌질) To be rent asunder, or dissolved, to crack; to break or split open, to disjoin or disunite.

*분로되다 *a.* 分路 (논홀) (길) 여; 된 To take different roads. *See* 분수하다.

*분리 *n.* 分厘 (논홀) (리) The slightest quantity; an atom; a grain; a straw; a button.

*분리하다 *a.* 分釐 (논홀) (리홀) To divide the profits.

*분리하다 *v.* 分離 (논홀) (써날) To separate; to put asunder; to disorganize; to be disintegrated or dissolved; to set apart.

*분림하다 *l.* 賁臨 (분) (림홀) To attend or come

*분막심언 n. 忿莫甚焉 분홀 (말)(심홀)(언기) Ungovernable anger; unbounded fury.

*분망ᄒᆞ다 a. 奔忙 (다라날)(밀울) To be busy; to be overpressed—as with work.

*분메ᄒᆞ다 a. 分袂 (논홀)(소매) To separate—as one person from another; to bid goodbye.

*분명ᄒᆞ다 a. 分明 (논홀)(붉을) To be clear; to be distinct. *See* 명ᄒᆞ다.

*분모 n. 分母 (논홀)(어미) Denominator.

*분묘 n. 墳墓 (무덤)(무덤) A grave. *See* 산소.

*분무긔 n. 噴霧器 (뿜을)(안긔)(그릇) A spraying instrument; a spray.

*분문 n. 糞門 (똥)(문) The anus. *See* 항문.

*분반ᄒᆞ다 a. 分半 (논홀)(반) To halve; to divide in two. *See* 반분ᄒᆞ다

*분발심 n. 奮發心 (펼칠)(필) (무옴) Earnestness; energy; enthusiasm.

*분발ᄒᆞ다 a. 分發 (논홀)(필) To announce to each his particular part in a public work.

*분발ᄒᆞ다 n. 奮發 (펼칠)(필) To shew energy; to display enthusiasm; to act vigorously; to exert oneself.

*분방ᄒᆞ다 a. 分房 (논홀)(방) To apportion work to the various writers. (아젼). To live apart—as husband and wife

*분법 n. 分法 (논홀)(법) Division—in arithmetic. *See* 셰법.

*분벽 n. 粉壁 (가루) (벽) A white plastered wall.

*분벽사창 n. 粉壁紗窓 (가루)(바랄)(깁)(창) White washed walls and silken windows—a woman's room. *See* 규방 거각.

*분별ᄒᆞ다 a. 分辨 (논홀)(분별) To discriminate; to make a difference between. *See* 분별ᄒᆞ다.

*분별 n. 分別 (논홀)(분별) A discrimination. *See* 분별

*분별ᄒᆞ다 v. 分別 (논홀)(분별) To distinguish between—respectively; to separate, to classify. *See* 분별ᄒᆞ다.

*분병ᄒᆞ다 n. 忿病 (분ᄒᆞ (병들)다; 난 To be sick from anger, to be furious.

*분병ᄒᆞ다 a. 分兵 (논홀)(군사) To station troops—in various places; to assign positions to troops in the field.

*분복 n. 分福 (분수) (복) Blessings—decreed by God. *See* 분수.

*분부 n. 吩咐 (분부홀, 분부홀, An order command. *See* 명령.

*분부ᄒᆞ다 v. 吩咐 분부ᄒᆞ (분부홀) To order; to command. *See* 명ᄒᆞ다.

*분분ᄒᆞ다 a. 紛紛 (어지러울, 어지러울 To be numerous. To be confused, to be disorderly. *See* 분요ᄒᆞ다.

*분붕ᄒᆞ다 a. 分崩 (논홀) (문어질) To break and give way; to fall to pieces, to crumble.

*분비 n. 分配 (논홀 (짝) Distribution.

*분비금 n. 分配金 (논홀)(짝) (쇠) Dividends.

*분비ᄒᆞ다 a. 分排 (논홀)(버릴) To divide; to distribute; to contribute—each his portion. *See* 분ᄒᆞ다.

*분비ᄒᆞ다 a. 分配 (논홀) (짝) To distribute; to apportion; to allot; to assign; to divide.

분사 n. 硼砂 (분사 *붉) (쥬사—*사) Borax.

분사셰암ᄒᆞ다 a. To solder—metal.

*분산덤 n. 分散點 (논홀) (흣홀) (뎜) Virtual focus.

*분산ᄒᆞ다 v. 分散 (논홀) (흣홀) To distribute; to apportion. *See* 각산ᄒᆞ다.

*분산ᄒᆞ다 v. 奔喪 (다라날) (죽을) To visit the place of a parent's decease.

*분상 n. 墳上 (무덤) (웃) A grave. *See* 분묘.

*분셔 n. 分署 (논홀)(마을) A branch office. This term is usually applied to the police and forestry office.

*분석ᄒᆞ다 n. 分析 (논홀) (가를) To talk over; to speak against; to analyse; to assay, to conduct an assay or analysis. *See* 분ᄒᆞ다.

*분셩 n. 分性 (논홀) (셩품) Divisibility.

*분셩치ᄒᆞ다 v. 粉成朱 분 (가루) 붉을 To rub on rouge and powder. *See* 단장ᄒᆞ다.

*분수 n. 分數 (분수) (두어) Judgment; discrimination. The exact amount; the amount effected. Fractions. *See* 분복.

*분수단위 n. 分數單位 (논홀) (두어) (홑) (벼슬) Fractional unit.

*분수번화법 n. 分數變化法 (논홀)(두어)(번홀)(화)(법) Reduction of fractions.

분수업다 l. 無分數 (업술 *무)(분수—*분)(두어—*수) 셔; 슨 To lack sense; to be lacking in judgment.

*분수과 l. 噴水器 (뿔을)(물)(그릇) An apparatus for throwing up jets of water.

*분수령 n. 分水嶺 (논홀)(물)(고기) Mountain passes in Ham-kyong-do, and Kang-won-do.

*분수(쇠)이항 n. 分數二項 (논홀)(두어)(후)(록) Terms of a fraction.

*분수호다 n. 分受 (논홀)(밧을) To receive or take a portion of anything; to partake of; to share.

*분식호다 n. 分食 (논홀)(밥) To divide, apportion—as food or money. *Opp.* 독식호다.

*분신 n. 分身 (논홀)(몸) The incarnation of a Hindoo god (*avatara*) Delivery of a child; parturition.

*분실호다 n. 紛失 (어지러울)(일흘) To lose or to be lost.

*분심 l. 忿心 (분홀)(무옴) Anger; wrath. *See* 분긔.

*분소 n. 粉絲 (가루)(실) White silk thread.

*분소 n. 分閘 (논홀)(글) A participle.

*분소호다 / 憤死 (분홀)(죽을) To die in a fit of indignation.

*분야 n. 分野 (논홀)(들) The divisions of the earth corresponding to the twenty eight constellations.

*분약 n. 粉藥 (가루)(약) Medicinal powder, pulverized medicine.

*분연히 l. 憤然 (분홀)(그럴) In a fit of passion; enraged; spirited; animated; energetic.

*분외 l. 分外 (분수)(밧) More than one's share, extra; a going beyond one's proper province.

*분요호다 n. 紛擾 (어지러울)(흔들) To be confused, to be tumultuous; to be disorderly. *See* 번회호다

*분운호다 n. 紛紜 (어지러울)(어지러울) To be confused; to be endless. *See* 소요호다.

*분위긔압 n. 雰圍氣壓 (눈)(둘닐)(긔운)(누를) Atmospheric pressure.

*분육호다 n. 分肉 (논홀)(고기) To apportion meat.

*분의 l. 分誼 (논홀)(졍의) Intercourse; relationship; connection.

*분일호다 l. 噴溢 (뿔을)(넘칠) To flow out; to pour forth.

*분임호다 n. 分任 (논홀)(맛길) To undertake a share of work whether official or private; to be charged with the performance of certain duties.

*분작호다 n. 分作 (논홀)(지을) To divide up; to separate. *See* 반작호다.

*분잡호다 n. 紛雜 (어지러울)(섹길) To be mixed up, to be in confusion. *See* 분요호다.

*분전호다 l. 奮戰 (썰칠)(싸홈) To fight with energy.

*분제 n. 粉劑 (가루)(약지을) Pulvis; medicinal powders.

*분졍지도에 l. 憤情之到 (분홀)(뜻)(갈)(니를) While angry, in anger. *See* 분연히.

*분주다사호다 n. 奔走多事 다라날)(다라날)(만흘)(일) To be overburdened with work; to be busy. *See* 골몰무가호다

*분주불가호다 n. 奔走不暇 다라날)(다라날)(아닐)(겨를 To be very busy; to have no leisure. *See* 한미막가호다.

*분주호다 n. 奔走 (다라날)(다라날) To be busy; to be hurried. *See* 다소호다.

*분쥬 n. 盆紬 (동이)(명쥬) A kind of silk woven in *Sŏngch'ŏn.*

*분쥬시 n. 粉局紙 (분)(두루)(죠히) A fine kind of smooth white paper.

*분시 n. 蕩池 (통)(못) An earthen-ware urinal.

분지 n. 山椒 (뫼—*초)(후츳—*쵸) A kind of wild pepper. *See* 산쵸.

*분조 n. 分子 (논홀)(아들) Particles; atoms; the numerator in a fraction.

*분조력 n. 分子力 (논홀)(아들)(힘) Molecular force.

*분조식 n. 分子式 (논홀)(아들)(법) Molecular Formula.

*분조운동 n. 分子運動 (논홀)(아들)(옴직일) Molecular motion.

*분조인력 n. 分子引力 (논홀)(아들)(잇글)(힘) Molecular Attraction

*분지호다 n. 分地 (논홀 —지) To apportion an inheritance *See* 분집호다.

*분짱 n. 分掌 (논홀)(다들) A party; a division; a side—in a dispute.

*분집호다 n. 分執 (논홀)(다들) To take sides; to be pitted against one another.

*분징호다 n. 紛爭 (어지러울)(다들) To fight; to quarrel; to squabble.

*분천 h. 噴泉 (뿜을)(샘) A waterfall.

*분초 s. 分次 (논홀)(버금) Divisions; instalments.

*분탕 s. 粉湯 (분) 탕을 Flat vermicelli soup. *See* 당면.

*분탕질하다 s. 分盪 (논홀) 방당질) To use up completely; to finish.

*분첩 s. 粉帖 (분)(첩) Powdered paper—used for school boys to write on. *See* 분판

*분토 s. 粉土 (가루)(흙) A white kind of earth for coloring rice.

*분토 s. 糞土 (똥)(흙) Night soil.

*부로령 s. 分土嶺 (논홀)(흙)(고지) A mountain pass in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 41.13. Long. 127.40.

*분토사 s. 分土寺 (논홀)(흙)(절) A monastery in Ham-kyong-do.

*분통 s. 粉筒 (분)(통) A rouge box. *See* 분팍.

*분파하다 s. 分派 (논홀)(갈내—*래) To divide; to distribute; to apportion. *See* 파송하다.

*분파하다 s. 分派 (논홀)(물갈내) To sort out for distribution.

*분판 s. 粉板 (가루)(관조) A board covered with powder or flour on which boys learn to write.

분피 s. A difference; a discrimination.

분풀이하다 / 解忿 (풀—*히 (분홀—*분 To relieve one's anger—by an act of violence. *See* 화원하다.

분필 s. 粉筆 (가루)(붓) A chalk crayon. *See* 빅필.

*분하하다 s. 分下 (논홀) (아래) To apportion; to divide up. *See* 太하하다.

*분할하다 s. 分割 (논홀)(베힐) To alienate; to divide; to cut up; to break open; to cut.

*분합 s. 分合 (논홀) (모을) Division and addition.

*분합 s. 分閤 (논홀) (집) Windows closing in a balcony or verandah.

*분합 s. 粉盒 (가루)(합) A round box—for holding face-powder. *See* 분합.

*분합띠 s. 分合帶 (논홀) 모을 (띠 *대) A braid belt, in contrast to a cord belt. *Opp.* 혁.

*분향하다 s. 焚香 (불살을)(향긔) To burn incense.

*분호하다 s. 分戶 (논홀)(집) To establish a house for oneself, to set up another home. *See* 각거하다.

*분홍 h. 粉紅 (가루)(붉을) Pink; flesh color. *See* 도홍.

*분홍색 / 粉紅色 (가루 (붉을) 빗) The colour of cherry flowers; a rosy colour.

*분하다 s. 分 (논홀) To divide; to apportion. *See* 가르다; 분비하다.

*분하다 h. 忿 (분홀) To be angry. *See* 노하다.

*분호 s. 分戶 (논홀 (도닙) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*분화산 h. 噴火山 (뿜을) (불) (뫼) A volcano.

*분화소수 h. 分化小數 (논홀)(될) (적을 (두어 Reduction to circulating decimals.

*분화순환소수 分化循環小數 (논홀) (될) (좃칠) (고리) (적을) (두어) Reduction to circulating decimals.

*분화하다 s. 紛擾 (어지러울) (짓거릴) To make a bustle; to create confusion. *See* 분운하다.

*분화하다 h. 噴火 (뿜을) (불) To erupt—as fire from a volcano; to emit fire.

불 s. A sagging—in the middle. (밧다).

*불 s. 不 (아닐) A mark "imperfect" used on composition papers or at trials of archery.

불 s. 火 (*화) Fire 피우다 봐다 조히 지르다 (*매다 (못다) (*다, 나다 Light—of a lamp. (켜다) (쓰다). Shooting. (질하다).

불 s. 腎 (콩팟 *신) The testicles.

뿔 s. 角 (*각) A horn. A numerative of pieces of ginger, clams etc.

*불가 s. 佛家 (부체) (집) Buddhism. *See* 절.

*불가근 不可近 아닐 (*올) 갓가울 What one cannot approach, what should be kept at a distance.

불까다 (*케 (집—*중 헐닙 삼 본 것, 한 To castrate. *See* 불바르다

*불가무 不可無 아닐 (*올. 업슬 What cannot be dispensed with.

불가몸 (*불 (*가할 수, (가물—*한 Great drought, exceedingly dry weather.

*불가불 不可不 (아닐) (올흘) (아닐) Unavoidably; necessarily. *See* 부득불.

불가살이 An animal of fabulous nature said to be a devil, eater that appeared at the fall of *Songdo.*

*불가사 佛家寺 (부체 집) 절, Writings on Buddhism. *See* 경

*불가승수 s. 不可勝數 (아닐)(을릴) 이길) (두어) What is beyond number; is countless. *See* 가지두랍.

*불가신 s. 不可信 (아닐) (을릴) (믿을) Incredible; what is not to be believed. *See* 미개골.

*불가소문어타인 s. 不可使知於他人 (아닐)(을릴) (하여금) (도모) (는) (다을) (사람) Something not to be mentioned to others.

*불가소의 s. 不可思議 (아닐)(을릴)(생각) (의론) What is strange; what is inexplicable; what is beyond reason.

불가오리 s. A kind of thornback fish said to be poisonous—a depraved, cruel, character.

*불가항력 s. 不可抗力 (아닐) (을릴) (겨룰) (힘) Force major

*불가형언 s. 不可形言 (아닐) (을릴) (형상) (말슴) What is beyond description; what is beyond words to describe. *See* 일구난설

*불가하다 s. 不可 (아닐) (을릴) To be not practicable, to be unlikely *See* 부당하다.

*불감생심 s. 不敢生心 (아닐) (굿히) (날) (모음) What one does not dare to think of.

*불감하다 s. 不敢 (아닐) (굿히) To not dare; to not venture. *See* 황송하다.

불감사 s. 赤甲紗 (붉을—*짝) (갑—*갑) (깁—*사) Red silk gauze.

불개 s. A brownish red dog; the dog that causes the eclipse of sun or moon.

불개앙이 s. 赤蟻 (붉을 —*짝) (개앙이 —*의) A kind of red ant.

불강아지 s. A small puppy; the dog that causes an eclipse of sun or moon.

불꺼름 s. 臀底 (신—*신) (언덕—*안) The lower part of the abdomen. *See* 볼두렁.

불경불경 s. Twisting; wrenching; retching; gumming. *See* 불강불강

*불견정식 s. 不見定食 (아 ㅣ 볼) (경홀) (밥) All food is clean that one does not see (the preparing of).

*불결하다 s. 不潔 (아닐) (조촐홀) To be impure, to be dirty, to be unclean, to be corrupt.

*불계 s. 不計 (아닐) (계교) No special interest; without plans.

*불계수효 s. 不計 (아닐) (계교) Without interest; without any calculation. *See* 업히두고.

*불경 s. 佛經 (부쳐) (경문) The canon of Buddhism; the Buddhistic classics. *See* 불가서.

*불경수소년 s. 不經事少年 (아닐) (지낼) (일) (젊을) (해) An inexperienced youth.

*불경하다 s. 不敬 (아닐) (공경) To be impolite; to be disrespectful.

*불고가사하다 s. 不顧家事 (아닐) (도라볼) (집) (일) To not care for the affairs of one's household.

*불고염치하다 s. 不顧廉恥 (아닐) (도라볼) (청렴) (붓그러울) To be shameless; to be barefaced; to be regardless. *See* 모물염치하다.

*불고하다 s. 不顧 (아닐) (도라볼) To be careless of; to pay no attention to.

*불곡산 s. 佛谷山 (부쳐) (골) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-keu-do. Lat. 37.48. Long. 127.17.

*불곡사 s. 佛谷寺 (부쳐) (골) (졀) A monastery in Kyŏng-keu-do (Yang-ju).

불꽃 s. 火燄 (불—*화) (불쏠—*염) A flame; a blaze. *See* 화염.

*불공대천지수 s. 不共戴天之讐 (아닐) (홈가지) (날) (하늘) (갈) (원슈) Not to live under the same heaven as with the murderer of one's father. *See* 살부지수.

*불공설화 s. 不恭說話 (아닐) (공슌) (말슴) (말슴) Disrespectful language. *See* 입세지거리.

*불공정하다 s. 不公正 (아닐) (공번될) (바를) To be unfair, to be unjust.

*불공지설 s. 不恭之說 (아닐) (공슌) (갈) (말슴) Disrespectful language, impolite speeches. *See* 불공설화.

*불품조파하다 s. 不成自破 (아닐)(이룰) (스스로) (찌칠) To go to pieces of itself; to bring its own ruin. *See* 조전하다.

*불공평하다 s. 不公平 (아닐) (공번될) (평홀) To be unfair, to be unjust.

*불공하다 s. 不恭 (아닐) (공슌) To be disrespectful; to be irreverent. *See* 기만하다.

*불공하다 s. 佛供 (부쳐) (공양홀) To sacrifice to Buddha. *See* 지올니다

*불교 s. 佛敎 (부쳐) (フ르칠) Buddhist doctrine; Buddhism.

불구녕지르다 s. 질녀; 지른 To let the cat out of the bag; to divulge a secret. *See* 발쇠그리다.

*불구 s. 不具 (아닐) (갖출) Used at the end of an informal letter meaning "uncompleted," "unfinished." *Also* 불비.

*불구소절 s. 不拘小節 (아닐) (거리낄) (적을) (마듸) Not particular about trifles.

*불구에 s. 不久 (아닐) (오랠) Before long. *See* 미구에.

불군 s. One who stirs up friends or sets them at variance.

불끄다 s. 滅火 (멸홀—*멸) (불—*화) 불꺼; 근 To put out a fire; to [illegible]; to blow out. *See* 불켜다.

불그레ᄒᆞ다 s. To be reddish. *See* 불그스럼ᄒᆞ다.

붉그레ᄒᆞ다 s. To be reddish. *See* 샛붉어다.

불그스럼ᄒᆞ다 s. To be reddish. *See* 붉읏ᄒᆞ다.

불근불근ᄒᆞ다 s. To disagree; to be at out. To gum—as a toothless person. *See* 발근발근ᄒᆞ다.

불끈불끈ᄒᆞ다 s. To be fiery—as one's temper.

불끈쥐다 s. 쥐여; 쥔 To shut tightly; to close the fist.

*불근ᄒᆞ다 s. 不勤 (아닐) (부지런홀) To neglect one's duty; to be negligent indolent.

불끈ᄒᆞ다 s. To arise; to appear suddenly. *See* 발근ᄒᆞ다.

*불금이조금 s. 不禁而自禁 (아닐) (금홀) (말이) (스ᄉᆞ리) (금홀) Prevented by [illegible] from [illegible], drinking etc. *See* 부절이조절.

*불긔 s. 佛器 (부텨) (그릇) Dishes used in the service of Buddha.

*불긔이회ᄒᆞ다 s. 不期而會 (아닐) (긔약) (말이) (모들) To [illegible] to have an unexpected reunion. *See* 뎍우상봉ᄒᆞ다.

*불궁ᄒᆞ다 s. 不肯 (아닐) (즐길) To mutter displeasure: to express disapprobation. *See* 왕ᄋᆞ놋다.

*불긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 不緊 (아닐) (긴홀) To be unimportant; to be unnecessary. *See* 긴찬다.

*불쏫 s. 火焰 (불—*화) (불쏫—*염) A flame; a blaze. *See* 불쏫.

*불길지ᄉᆞ s. 不吉之事 (아닐) (길홀) (갈) (일) Unlucky affairs.

*불길지조 s. 不吉之兆 (아닐) (길홀) (갈) (징조) Unpropitious signs. *See* 흉조.

*불길ᄒᆞ다 s. 不吉 (아닐) (길홀) To be unlucky; to be unpropitious. *See* 흉ᄒᆞ다.

불씻 s. Kindling wood. *See* 불쏘시개.

*불기항장 s. 不開港場 (아닐) (열) (항구) (마당) An unopen port.

*불과 s. 不過 (아닐) (지날) Not excessive; not going beyond.

*불과시 s. 不過是 (아닐) (지날) (이) Not exceeding; not going beyond.

*불관지ᄉᆞ s. 不關之事 (아닐) (관계홀) (갈) (일) Matters [illegible] of [illegible] importance. *See* 부당지ᄉᆞ.

*불관ᄒᆞ다 s. 不關 (아닐) (계관) To not concern; to not affect. *See* 부당ᄒᆞ다.

*불남소위목 s. 佛前[illegible] [illegible] (남녀) [illegible]

불너먹기 s. A thief; a robber; a burglar. *See* 불한당.

*불녕 s. 不佞 (아닐) (죄조) I, myself;—a deprecatory term used in writing.

불노리 s. A torch-light procession.

불노이ᄒᆞ다 s. To shoot; to use a gun.

불놋다 s. 放火 (노홀—*방) (불—*화) 노하; 혼 To set fire to, to make a fire. *See* 불지르다.

*불농불상ᄒᆞ다 s. 不農不商 (아닐) (농ᄉᆞ) (아닐) (장ᄉᆞ) To neither trade nor work at agriculture. *See* 유식지민.

불눅불눅ᄒᆞ다 s. To be lumpy; to bulge out here and there.

불니다 s. 唱名 (부를) [illegible] (일홈 *명) 불녀; 닌 To "haze"—a new graduate. To be called; to be named.

불니다 s. 鍊 (련단—*련) 불녀; 닌 To fuse; to temper; to test the quality. *See* 련단ᄒᆞ다.

불니다 s. 불녀; 닌 To enlarge—by soaking. To winnow.

불님 s. Giving the names of accomplices in a crime. An expression—in cards.

불다 l. 吹 (불—*취) 어; 분 To blow. *Also* 부다.

불다 l. 招辭 (부를 *초) (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*ᄉᆞ) 어; 분 To make confession; to confess.

*불단 s. 佛壇 (부텨) (단) The Buddhist shrine in a private house.

불셩 s. Suitableness for burning—of wood.

*불당 s. 佛堂 (부텨) (집) A Buddhist temple or shrine. *See* 법당.

*불뎡관ᄉᆞ s. 不定冠詞 (아닐) (뎡홀) (갓) (말) The indefinite article.

*불도 s. 佛道 (부텨) (길) Buddhism; the doctrine of Buddha. *See* 불교.

불돌 s. A stone used to cover the fire in a brazier.

불똥 s. Candle snuff. Sparks. (떼다).

불두덩 s. 野岸 (몸짝—*신)(언덕—*안) The lower part of the abdomen. See 불거름.

불뚱이 s. An ugly temper; a malicious nature. See 골뚱이.

불뚜이 s. The bag part of a net; whatever hangs down.

불씨걸 s. Live coals of fire.

*불란가 s. 佛蘭西 부서 (ㅅㅅ) 수레 A French wagon or gun-carriage; a cannon.

*불란국 s. 佛蘭國 (부써) (란초) (나라) France. See 법국.

*불란서 s. 佛蘭西 (부써) (란초) (써녁) France. See 불란국.

*불량도배 s. 不良徒輩 (아닐)(어질)(인도)(물) A bad conductor.

*불량하다 s. 不良 (아닐) (어질) To be bad, to be wicked; to lack tenderness or virtue. See 불량하다.

*불령 s. 佛領 (부써) (거느릴) French colonies.

*불로초 s. 不老草 (아닐)(늙을)(ㅊ) An herb used as a medicine against old age. See 불소약.

*불리하다 s. 不利 (아닐) (리홀) To be unprofitable; to be a loss.

*불만더의스 s. 不滿底意思 (아닐) (출) (밋)(뜻)(성각) Dissatisfaction.

*불만족하다 s. 不滿足 (아닐)(출)(넉넉홀) To be discontented.

*불만하다 s. 不滿 (아닐) (출) To be dissatisfied.

*불망긔 s. 不忘記 (아닐) (니즐) (긔록) A note; a writing; a receipt. See 표.

*불망기본 s. 不忘其本 (아닐)(니즐)(그)(밋) Not forgetful of one's origin. See 불실기본.

*불망지은 s. 不忘之恩 (아닐)(니즐)(갈)(은혜) Favor or help never to be forgotten.

*불명단위 s. 不名單位 (아니)(일홈)(홀)(써슬) An abstract unit.

*불명산 s. 佛明山 (부처) (밝을) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.00. Long. 127 24.

*불명하다 s. 不明 (아닐) 밝을, To be doubtful; to be suspicious. See 분명하다.

불모 s. 不毛 (아닐)(털억) Uncultivated; waste; sterile, or unproductive ground.

*불모지디 s. 不毛之地 (아닐)(털억)(갈)(짜) Waste or uncultivated land—on account of excessive heat or cold

불목 s. The floor just above the fireplace.

불목한 s. A fireman in a Buddhist temple. See 부목.

*불목하다 s. 不睦 (아닐) (화목) To be unfriendly; to disagree; to lack harmony. See 불화하다.

*불문가지 s. 不問可知 (아닐) (무를)(옳을) (알) What one knows without asking. See 불언가상.

*불문곡직하고 s. 不問曲直 (아닐)(무를)(곱을)(곧을) Without inquiring into the right or wrong.

*불민하다 s. 不敏 (아닐) (민첩) To be dull; to be stupid. See 미기하다.

*불면증 s. 不眠症 (아닐)(잘)(ㅇ) (증) Sleeplessness; insomnia. See 숙기증.

불바로다 받나, 바른 To castrate. See 불치다.

*불발하다 s. 不拔 (아닐)(뽑) To fail to take; to storm without effect.

*불뱃다 s. 受火 (받을—*슈) (불—*화) 아; 은 To be baptized with fire—a Buddhistic ceremony. To be paddled, to be beaten as a criminal.

불방달다 s. 아; 단 To fail to get the proper card to complete the set.

불방울 s. Sparks. See 불똥.

불범 s. 豹 (표범—*표) A leopard.

*불법하다 s. 不犯 (아닐) (법홀) To not transgress, to break no law.

불법 s. 佛法 (부처) (법) The law of Buddha. Buddhism; the religion of Buddha. See 불교.

*불법 s. 不法 (아닐) (법) Lawlessness of actions, unlawful; illegal deeds; improper acts; wrong; wicked or immoral conduct.

*불법하다 s. 不法 (아닐) (법) To be wrong; to be unlawful

*불법행위 s. 不法行爲 (아닐) (법) (힝홀) (ㅎ) Unlawful actions; wrong doings; transgressions.

불벼룩 s. A small variety of flea. See 그루벌덕.

*불변 s. 不變 (아닐) (변홀) Unchanging; things immutable.

*불변식 s. 不變色 (아닐)(변홀)(빗) Unchanging colour.

*불변식소진 s. 不變色寫眞 (아닐)(변홀)(빗)(쓸)(참) A photograph that will not change in colour.

*불변호다 s. 不辨 (아닐)(분변) To make no distinction; to fail to distinguish.

*불변호다 s. 不變 (아닐)(변홀) To not change; to not vary.

불볏나다 s. 볏나; 난 To be blazing hot—of the sun.

*불복일호다 s. 不卜日 (아닐)(졈복)(날) To be any day at all; to be no particular day.

*불복호다 s. 不服 (아닐)(복복) To be dissatisfied; to dissent.

*불봉호다 s. 不逢 (아닐)(맛날) To not meet; to fail to meet.

*불분명호다 s. 不分明 (아닐)(논홀)(붉을) To be vague; to be indistinct. *See* 미분명호다.

*불분샹하호다 s. 不分上下 (아닐)(논홀)(웃)(아래) Not to distinguish top from bottom; to make no distinction of rank; not to know one's place. *See* 숙믹 불변호다.

*불분승부 s. 不分勝負 (아닐)(논홀)(이길)(질) The impossibility of knowing who will win or who will lose.

*불분승패호다 s. 不分勝敗 (아닐)(논홀)(이길)(패홀) To be undecided -as to victory and defeat.

*불분쥬야호다 s. 不分晝夜 (아닐)(논홀)(낫)(밤) To make no distinction between day and night—working all the time

불불이 s 各各 (각—*각)(각—*각) Each for himself. Piece by piece.

불붓치다 s 燒火 (불살을—*쇼)(불 ~*화)붓쳐; 친 To catch fire; to take fire; to be burned.

불붓치 s. A fan for blowing the fire.

*불비지례 s. 不費之惠 (아닐)(허비)(갈)(은혜) Favor rendered without a payment of money

*불빈호다 s. 不貧 (아닐)(간난) To be other than poor· to be well off. *See* 요부호다.

불빗 s. 火色 (불—*화)(빗—*식) Red; fire color. *See* 화광.

*불샹 s. 佛像 (부쳐)(얼골) Images of Buddha; Buddhistic idols.

*불샹견 s. 不相見 (아닐)(서로)(볼) Not on speaking terms. *See* 구슈간.

불샹놈 s. One of the lowest class; the meanest of the common people.

*불샹당호다 s. 不相當 (아닐)(서로)(맛당) To be inadequate; to be insufficient.

불샹히녁이다 s. 녁여; 온 To feel pity for; to have compassion for. *Also* 측은히녁이다.

불샹호다 s. 可矜 (옳을—*가)(불샹히녁일—*긍) To be pitiable. *See* 가긍호다; 불샹히녁이다.

*불샹호다 s. 不祥 (아닐)(샹셔) To be ominous; to be portentious; to be unlucky, inauspicious.

*불셔 s. 佛書 (부쳐)(글) Buddhist books.

*불석천금호다 s. 不惜千金 (아닐)(앗길)(일쳔)(쇠) To be regardless of expense

*불션 s. 不宣 (아닐)(펼) A term without special meaning used at the end of an informal letter. *Also* 불비.

*불션거힝호다 s. 不善擧行 (아닐)(착홀)(들)(힝홀) To act in a lawless way; to act contrary to orders.

*불셜 s. 佛說 (부쳐)(말숨) The teachings of Shaka; traditions respecting Shaka; Buddhist teachings or traditions.

*불셩모양 s. 不成規樣 (아닐)(일울)(모양)(모양) A wretched appearance; a miserable condition. *See* 지빈무의.

*불셩인소호다 s. 不省人事 (아닐)(술필)(사롬)(일) To be unconscious; to be beside oneself.

불쏘시기 s. Kindling-wood.

불손 s. 火鍤 (불—*차)(손—*시) A fire-shovel. (Prov.) *See* 부삽.

*불쇼호다 s. 不小 (아닐 젹을 Not to be a few; not to be small. *See* 파다호다

*불수년 s. 不數年 (아닐)(두어)(히) Not many years.

*불수일간 s. 不數日間 (아닐)(두어)(날)(소이) In a few days.

불쑥 s. Bulging out; projecting.

불쑥불쑥호다 s. To bulge out here and there—as a sack.

*불슈 s. 佛手 (부쳐)(손) A kind of citron.

*불슈다언 s. 不須多言 (아닐 모름즉이)(만흘)(말숨) In a single word; without a word. *See* 불필지언.

*불슌호다 s. 不順 (아닐)(슌홀) To be disobedient, to be rebellious. *See* 불공호다

*불슝분노호다 s. 不勝忿怒 (아닐)(이길)(분홀)(노홀) Not to restrain one's wrath and anger.

불씨 s. 火種 (불—*화) (씨 -*종) Live coals. (못다).

*불시로 s. 不時 (아니) (때) Untimely; sudden; unexpected.

*불시에 s. 不時 (아닐, 때) At any time, Out of season; suddenly. *See* 올디에.

*불신지공 s. 不息之工 (아닐) (쉬일) (갈) (장인, Work of without intermission, working regularly

*불신주곤 s. 不食口糧 (아닐 먹을 스스리) (도망홀) Contracting government debts without having anything to show for it.

*불신지심 s. 不信之心 (아닐) (믿을) (갈) (모음) Unbelief; an unbelieving heart.

*불신ᄒᆞ다 s. 不信 (아닐) (믿을) To disbelieve; to not trust.

*불신ᄒᆞ다 s. 不臣 (안일) (신하) To follow; to accompany; to be in attendance upon.

*불실기본 s. 不失其本 (아닐) (일흘) (그) (것) Not forgetful of one's origin; not forgetting the source. *See* 불망기본.

*불ᄉᆞ s. 佛寺 (붓처) (졀) A Buddhist temple.

*불ᄉᆞ약 s. 不死藥 (아닐) (죽을) (약) Medicine—the taking of which insures everlasting life. The fairy's medicine. *See* 불로초.

*불ᄉᆞ이조ᄉᆞ s. 不思而自思 (아닐) (생각) (말이) (스스로) (생각) Thinking of in spite of all one can do. *See* 욕망이 난망.

*불ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 不似 (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) To be ugly; to be beastly; to be cruel.

불악퀴 s. A violent headstrong person, an intense person *See* 쌀거머리.

*불안ᄒᆞ다 s. 不安 (아닐) (편안) To be disturbed; to feel under obligation. *Also* 미안ᄒᆞ다.

불알 s. 腎囊 (산— 신, 알—*란) The testicles.

*불암산 s. 佛巖山 (부처) (바위 (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do.

불어ᄒᆞ다 s. 羨 (부러울—*션) To eagerly desire; to envy; to covet. *See* 부러워ᄒᆞ다.

*불언가상 s. 不言可想 (아닐) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (올흘) (생각) What is expressed without words "It goes without saying" *See* 불언가지.

*불언가지 s. 不言可知 (아닐) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (올흘) (알) What is known without being told—"It goes without saying." *See* 불언가상.

*불여의ᄒᆞ다 s. 不如意 아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (뜻) To be not according to one's wishes. *See* 불합의ᄒᆞ다

*불여ᄒᆞ다 s. 不如 (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) To be not better than; to be inferior to; to be not so good as.

*불역지전 s. 不易之典 (아닐) (밧골) (갈) (법) An unchangeable law, no alternative

불연도 s. Of a sudden; at once; with haste. *See* 문득

*불연즉 s. 不然則 (아닐) (그럴) (곳) Since it is not so; if not so.

*불연지단 s. 不然之端 (아닐) (그럴) (갈) (것) A reason to the contrary.

*불연ᄒᆞ다 s. 不然 (아닐) (그럴) To be not so.

*불예ᄒᆞ다 不豫 (아닐) (미리) To be indisposed—of the king or a great personage; to fall sick.

*불용 s. 不用 (아닐) (쓸) A useless thing; a good-for-nothing article. *See* 바닥

*불우 s. 不虞 (아닐) (근심) A sudden eventuality; what is unexpected, unforseen, surprising.

불우리 s. An upright candle shade. A brazier cover.

*불우시ᄒᆞ다 s. 不遇時 (아닐) (맛날) (때) To miss the proper time; to come at the wrong time. *See* 불시 불우.

*불우지변 s. 不虞之變 (아닐) (근심) (갈) (변홀) A sudden misfortune. *See* 의외지변

*불우지환 s. 不虞之患 (아닐, 근심) (갈) (근심) A sudden disaster. *See* 불우지변

*불윤ᄒᆞ다 s. 不允 (아닐) (진실노) To disapprove; to dissent.

*불의 s. 不義 (아닐) (올흘) Unrighteousness; injustice. *See* 비례.

*불의에 s. 不意 (아닐) (뜻) Suddenly; unexpectedly; by chance; accidentally, unawares.

*불의지변 s. 不意之變 (아닐) (뜻) (갈) (변홀) An unexpected misfortune.

*불의지재 s. 不義之財 (아닐) (올흘) (갈) (지물) Unlawful gains; articles gained wrongfully. *See* 비래지물.

*불화출힝 s. 不宜出行 (아닐) (맛당) (날) (힝홀) Unpropitious journeyings. *See* 역마지액.

*불의힝셰 s. 不義行世 (아닐) (옳흘) (힝흘, 인간) An unfair act, an unjust deed.

*불의힝ᄉᆞ s. 不義行事 (아닐 (옳흘) 힝흘) (일 Unfair acts, unjust dealings

*불응ᄒᆞ다 s. 不應 (아닐) (응흘) To make no response to; to fail to answer to. See 불령ᄒᆞ다.

불아나게 s. Quickly; hastily.

*불이문해ᄉᆞ s. 不以文害辭 (아닐) (써) (글) (해흘 말ᄉᆞᆷ Do not do violence to the spoken language by the character.

*불이ᄉᆞ해지 s. 不以辭害旨 (아닐) (써) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (해흘) (뜻) Do not do violence to the thought by the words.

*불인ᄒᆞ다 s. 不仁 (아닐) (어질) To be paralysed—of the limbs. See 어줍다. To be inhumane; to be unkind.

*불일 s. 不日 (아닐) (날) Soon; in a few days; shortly.

*불일닉 s. 不日內 (아닐) (날) (안) Within a day; quickly. See 시각간.

*불일독봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 不日督捧 (아닐) (날) (독촉흘) (밧을) To order to collect within a day—as money.

*불일독쵀ᄒᆞ다 s. 不日督催 (아닐) (날) (독촉흘) (거둘) To collect within the day; to collect without passing the time.

*불일셩지ᄒᆞ다 s. 不日成之 (아닐) (날) (일을, 갈) To finish within a day; to be completed quickly.

*불일하송ᄒᆞ다 s. 不日下送 (아닐) (날) (아래) (보낼) To send within the day; to send quickly.

*불일ᄒᆞ다 s. 不一 (아닐) (한) To be unlike; to be unkind. See 다단ᄒᆞ다.

*불완젼평방ᄉᆞ s. 不完全平方數 (아닐) (완젼) (온젼) (평흘) (모) (두어) An imperfect square.

*불완젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 不完全 (아닐) (완젼 온젼, I'be in complete; to be imperfect

*불원쳔리ᄒᆞ다 s. 不遠千里 (아닐) (멀) (일쳔 리 져ᄅᆞᆫ 리 regardless of a thousand li; to not consider distance.

*불원ᄒᆞ다 s. 不遠 (아닐) (멀) To be not distant. See 갓갑다.

불젹불젹 s. Splashing; flapping.

불젼쵀다 s. 어; 쎄 To receive candle money—as a host from a gambling party.

*불졸지말 s. 佛徒之末 (부처) (제) (갈 Lit. last of disciples of Buddha; a layman who work for the Buddhists.

불주다 s. 어; 춘 To shut up; to silence; to beat. Opp. 불ᄇᆞᆺ다.

불줄기 s. 陽根 (신 —*신) (경락—*겨) The genital glands. See 불거름.

*불쥬의 s. 不注意 (아닐) (부을) (뜻) Improvidence; imprudence.

불지르다 s. 放火 (ᄇᆡ풀 *화) (불—*화) 질너; 지른 To set fire to; to burn up. See 불ᄇᆞᆺ다.

불집 s. A trap into which one falls oneself. (나다).

불집긔 s. 火鉗 (불—*화) (집게—*겁: A pair of tongs; a candle snuffers.

*불조 s. 拂子 (ᄇᆞᆯ칠) (아ᄎᆞᆯ) A brush of long white hair carried by Buddhist priests.

*불찰 s. 不察 (아닐) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) Dullness; failure to understand. See 불민.

*불찰 s. 佛刹 (부쳐) (졀) A Buddhist temple.

*불참ᄒᆞ다 s. 不參 (아닐) 참예, To take no part in; not to join with.

*불천지위 s. 不遷之位 (아닐) (옮길) (갈) (벼ᄉᆞᆯ) Tablets of the great that must not be moved from their places.

*불쳘쥬야ᄒᆞ다 s. 不撤晝夜 (아닐) (것을) (낟) (밤) Never to cease day and night. Opp. 허숑세월.

*불쳥긱 s. 不請客 (아닐) (청흘) (손) An uninvited guest.

*불쳥긱이ᄌᆞ리 s. 不請客而自來 (아닐) (청흘) (손) (말이) (스ᄉᆞ로리) (올) Coming without invitation.

*불초ᄒᆞ다 s. 不草草 (아닐) (플) (풀) To be imposing and superior in intelligence.

*불초ᄌᆞ s. 不肖子 (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A degenerate son. See 불효ᄌᆞ.

*불초ᄒᆞ다 s. 不肖 (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) To degenerate; to fall below the moral level of one's parents. See 불효ᄒᆞ다.

*불출 s. 不出 (아닐) (날) An idiot; a stupid person. See 지감.

*불취동셩 s. 不娶同姓 (아닐, 장가갈 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (셩) Not marrying with one of the same surname.

*불튱 s. 不忠 (아닐) (충셩) Disloyal; unfaithful; dishonest.

*불튱수 s. 不充數 (아닐) (치울) (두어) Imperfect number

*불튱불효ᄒᆞ다 s. 不忠不孝 (아닐) (충셩) (아닐) (효도). To be disloyal and unfilial.

*불튱ᄒᆞ다 s. 不忠 (아닐) (충셩) To be disloya

*불측지불 s. 不測之變 (아닐) (헤아릴) (갈) (변) An unforeseen misfortune *See* 의외지소.

*불측ᄒᆞ다 s. 不測 (아닐) (헤아릴) To be unfathomable; to be inscrutable. To be evil; to be wicked. *See* 흉악ᄒᆞ다.

*불측ᄒᆞ다 s. 不測 (아닐) (헤아릴) To be unexpected; to be unforeseen; to be unlooked for; to be startling.

*불치 s. 不治 (아닐) (다스릴) Misgovernment. *See* 함정.

불치 s. Refuse; grounds; sediment; leavings.

불치 s. Game taken with a gun what is shot. *Opp.* 덕치. Making fires.

불치다 s. 宮刑 (불칠—*군) (형벌—*칼) 불채; 천 To castrate. *See* 불까다.

*불치 불검ᄒᆞ다 s. 不侈不儉 (아닐) (사치) (아닐) (검박) To be neither lavish nor stingy.

*불치하문 s. 不恥下問 (아닐) (붓그러울) (아래) (무를) Not ashamed to inquire of one's inferiors.

불켱 s. A burning taper—with which to wake a sleeper.

불켜 불켜ᄒᆞ다 s. To retch; to twist; to wring. *See* 불겅불겅ᄒᆞ다.

불켜다 s. 點燈 (댐칠—*댐) (등—*등) 켜; 켠 To light—a lamp or candle. *Opp.* 불쓰다.

불콩 s. 赤太 (붉을—*적) (콩—*태) A kind of red bean.

*불쾌ᄒᆞ다 s. 不快 (아닐) (쾌홀) To lack cheerfulness; to be troubled. *See* 불평ᄒᆞ다.

*불탈주인석 s. 不奪主人席 (아닐) (빼아슬) (님) (사롬) (돗) Not usurping the place of host.

*불청ᄒᆞ다 s. 不聽 (아닐) (드를) Not to listen; not pay attention.

*불통삽항안 s. 不通商海岸 (아닐) (통홀) (장소) (바다) (언덕) An unopened port or shore of the sea.

*불통ᄒᆞ다 s. 不通 (아닐) (통홀) To be without communication; to be broken—as communication. To fail to know—of a recitation. To be out of touch with.

불툭불툭ᄒᆞ다 s. To bulge out here and there, to protrude. *See* 불룩불룩ᄒᆞ다.

불희 s. 火灰 (불—*화) (희쓸—*진) Ashes and soot.

불희지다 s. 하; 호 To go like the wind; to be like flakes of ashes—of what is soon dissipated, scattered, etc.

*불한령 s. 急令 (급홀—*급) (호여곰—*령) An order requiring haste.

*불패 s. 不牌 (아닐) (패) A useless domino—not completing a set.

*불편ᄒᆞ다 s. 不便 (아닐) (편홀) To be inconvenient; to be undesirable; to be uncomfortable. *See* 불안ᄒᆞ다.

*불폐풍일 s. 不蔽風日 (아닐) (가리울) (바람) (날) Unprotected from wind and weather—as destitute people.

*불평균등급 s. 不平均等級 (아닐) (평홀) (고를) (무리) (도뜰) Varying Scale.

*불평ᄒᆞ다 s. 不平 (아닐) (평홀) To be uncomfortable; to be uneasy. To be uneven. *See* 미안ᄒᆞ다.

*불평행스변형 s. 不平行四邊形 (아닐) (평홀) (다닐) (넉) (가) 형상) Trapezium.

불풍다다 s. 나; 난 To go in and out repeatedly; to slam the doors.

불피다 s. 火明 (불—*화) (붉을 *명) 어; 켠 To kindle; to light; to make a fire.

불피우다 s. 燃火 (불붓흘—*연) (불—*화) 픠워; 운 To light a fire; to kindle a fire.

*불폐풍우ᄒᆞ다 s. 不避風雨 (아닐) (피홀) (바람) (비) To stop for neither wind nor rain.

*불필다구 s. 不必他求 (아닐) (반ᄃᆞ시) (다를) (구홀) No other requirement.

*불필재언 s. 不必再言 (아닐) (반ᄃᆞ시) (두) (말숨) (In) a single word. *See* 일언단과.

*불하 s. 不下 (아닐) (아래) Not less than; not falling below.

*불하ᄒᆞ다 s. 不下 (아닐) (아래) To be not less than; to not fail of. To not come down or descend.

*불하일장 s. 不下一杖 (아닐) (아래) (한) (막대) Without a single blow—to confess everything.

*불학무식ᄒᆞ다 s. 不學無識 (아닐) (비홀) (업슬) (알) To be unlearned and ignorant. *See* 일자무식.

*불학이문장 s. 不學而文章 아닐) (비홀) (말이) (글) (글장) One who is a finished scholar without having studied—a born scholar.

*불학장면 s. 不學墻面 (아닐) (비홀) (담) (낫) Without study you are face to face with the wall. (Comp).

*불학ᄒᆞ다 s. 不學 (아닐) (배홀) To be unlearned; to be ignorant.

*ᄉᆞᆯ한강 s. 不下強 (아닐) 셤 무리) Robbers; brigands; thieves. See 화적.

*불한불열ᄒᆞ다 s. 不寒不熱 (아닐) (찰) (아닐) (더울) To be neither cold nor hot; to be temperate.

*불합ᄒᆞ다 s. 不合 (아닐) (모돌) To disagree. To be unsuitable. See 불화ᄒᆞ다.

*불합젼 s. 佛項錢 (부쳐) (목) (돈) Estimates for the army. See 군슈젼.

*불합답 s. 佛享畓 (부쳐) (누릴) (논) Paddy-fields devoted to the support of Buddhism. See 불답.

*ᄇᆞᆫ노산 s. 不好聞 (아닐) (됴ᄒᆞᆫ) 소이 Unfriendly terms. See 눈ᄒᆞᆫ

*불ᄒᆞ영겁 ᄒᆞ好光景 (아닐) (됴ᄒᆞᆯ) (빛 (볏) Inglorious circumstances; an unhappy situation. See 얼장풍마.

ᄇᆞᆫ노박 s. 赤朴硝 붉을 *적, (ᄉᆞᆫ박 ᄀᆞᆫ) (초박—*박) Red amber. See 박

*ᄇᆞᆯ호ᄒᆞ다 s. 不好 아닐 됴ᄒᆞᆯ To be not good. To dislike. See 슬힐ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄇᆞᆫ공불경ᄒᆞ다 ᄒᆞ恭不敬 아닐 (공도) (아닐) (공경) To be neither obedient nor respectful.

*불효조 s. 不孝子 (아닐) (효도) (아들) An unfaithful son. See 불효ᄌᆞ

*불효ᄒᆞ다 s. 不孝 (아닐) (효도) To be unfilial; to be disrespectful—to parents. See 불효ᄒᆞ다.

*불후ᄒᆞ다 s. 不朽 (아닐) (썩을) To be immortal.

*불흥ᄒᆞ다 s. 不興 (아닐) (일) To not increase; to not grow.

ᄲᅳᆯ히 s. 根 (*믄) A root. See 쎡리.

*불힝즁다힝 s. 不幸中幸 (아닐) (다힝) (가온ᄃᆡ) (다힝—*힝) A streak of luck in the midst of misfortune.

*불힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 不幸 (아닐) (다힝) To be unlucky; to be unfortunate.

*불화ᄒᆞ다 s. 不和 (아닐) (모로) To disagree; to be out of sympathy with; to be at outs. See 불합ᄒᆞ다.

붉근 s. Quickly; hastily. Shooting up. See 밝근.

붉다 s. 紅 (붉을—*홍) 어; 은 To be red.

붉어지다 s. 어지; 진 To swell up; to protrude. See 수수러지다.

붉읏붉읏ᄒᆞ다 s. 間間紅 소이 *간, 소이—*간) (붉을—*홍) To be spotted red See 붉그레ᄒᆞ다.

붉읏ᄒᆞ다 s. To be reddish. See 붉읏붉읏ᄒᆞ다

붉히다 s. 紅 (붉을—*홍) 붉혀; 힌 To dye red; to color red.

붐뷔다 s. 여; 뷘 To crowd; to crush together; to pack. See 분주ᄒᆞ다

쁨다 s. 噴 (쁨을 *분) 어, 은 To sprinkle water from the mouth; to spout out.

붑다 s. 히; 흔 To be large, to be puffed up. To be crowded. To be stifled with rage.

붓디다 s. 여; 딘 To delay matters by overdue haste

붓 s. 筆 (*필) A pen; a native brush pen. (미다). See 련필 딜필

붓닐다 s. 어; 닌 To stick to; to be attached to, to be fond of.

붓다 s. 註 (부을—*주) 부어, 분 To pour.

붓다 s. 浮腫 (쁨 *부) (헌데—*죵) 부어; 은 To swell up.

붓다 s. 滋 (부를—*즈) 부러; 른 To grow large; to increase.

붓다 s. 附 (붓칠—*부) 허; 흔 To stick fast; to adhere; to be attached to.

붓두 s. A kind of mat—used as a fan in cleaning rice.

붓두겁 筆頭 붓 ᄂᆞᆫ 머ᄂᆡ—*두 (갑 *갑) A cover that fits over the point of a brush-pen.

붓두막 s. 爐階 (솥 —*로 (셤ᄃᆞᆯ—*계) A fire-place in which to place a rice-kettle.

붓드다 s. 扶 (붓들—*부) 러; 른 To take hold of, to seize. To aid; to support. Also 붓들다.

붓드러주다 扶助 (붓들—*부, 도울 *조) 어; 준 To aid; to support; to ᄉᆞᆨ; to lend a hand; to take hold of.

붓들다 s. 扶 붓들 ᄆᆞ 어 른 To take hold of; to seize. See 붓드다. To aid; to support.

붓ᄯᅳᆺ르다 s. 附 (붓칠—*부) ᄯᅳᆺ라; 른 To follow; to be under the direction of. See 붓좃다.

붓석 s. Obstinately; persistently. Firmly. See 확적.

붓석붓석ᄒᆞ다 To be persistent, to be obstinate to have one's own way.

붓박이 s. Fixed firmly; not to be moved.

붓박이다 s. 박어; 인 To be firm; to be solid; to be fixed.

뻣뻣ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be stiff to be hard (Prov.)

붓잡다 *s.* 扶 (붓들—*부) 아ᄒᆞ 은 To retain, hold of; to seize, to arrest. *See* 붓들다.

붓잡히다 *s.* 被執 (입을—*피) (잡을—*집) 잡혀; 천 To be caught, to be seized hold of.

붓젹 *s.* Persistently; tightly. *See* 붓작

붓젹붓젹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hang on to; to be persistent. *See* 붓작붓작.

붓접ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 附接 (붓흘—*부) (붓흘—*접) To stay with; to be in the care of. To be a match for. To be in circumstances—fit to live.

붓좃다 *s.* 跟隨 (발뒤굼치—*근) (쑤를—*슈) 차; 천 To follow closely; to be under the leadership of.

붓뚜치다 *s.* 여; 천 To be followed up, to be followed close on the heels.

붓치 *s.* 屬 (붓흘—*쇽) Relatives; relations. A kind; a sort. *See* 소쇽.

붓치다 *s.* 力不足 (힘 ᄯᅥ러, (아닐—*불) (족흘—*족) 붓채; 천. To be lacking—in strength.

붓치다 *s.* 付 (붓칠—*부) 붓채; 천 To give; to hand to; to entrust to; to post—as a letter. *See* 집ᄒᆞ다.

붓치다 *s.* 붓채; 천 To light; to be burnt up; to fry (화젼) To fan; to blow—as a fire

붓치다 *s.* 接 (붓흘—*접) 붓채; 천 To paste; to glue, to stick. *See* 바르다 To graft on (접). To inoculate (싹흐).

붓치다 *s.* 耕作 (밧갈 *경 ᄎᆞ을 -*작 붓채; 천 To prepare the ground and sow.

붓치이다 *s.* 寓 (우거흘—*우) 치여; 인 To stay at; to find protection in; to find shelter. *See* 쓸니이다.

붓치이다 *s.* 치여; 인 To fly—of a flag. (v.i.)

붓침붓침 *s.* A winning way; a taking manner

붓치 *s.* 扇 (*션) A fan. (집ᄒᆞ다). *See* 션즈.

붓치잡이 *s.* The fan-hand—the left-hand or left side. (An expression used of blind people). *Opp.* 박대잡이.

뷔 *s.* 箒 (*츄) A broom. (티다). *Also* 비.

뷔다 *t.* 虛 (뷔일—*허) 여; 뭔 To be vacant; to be empty. *See* 공ᄒᆞ다.

뷔다 *s.* 여; 뭔 To dislocate; to sprain.

뷔이다 *s.* 空 (뷘 *공) 뷔여, 인 To be empty; to be vacant. To empty; to vacate *Also* 뷔우다; 뷔다

뷔우다 *s.* 空 (뷘 *공) 뷔워 운 To be empty, to be vacant. To empty. *Also* 뷔이다.

뷔웃뷔웃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be spotted white, to be gray in spots.

뷘탈 *t.* A nut that has no kernel; an empty shell. *See* 헛탈.

붕긋붕긋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bulge out here and there; to stick out in places.

붕긋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To bulge out; to puff out.

*붕당 *s.* 朋黨 (벗—*붕) (무리) An association; a party; a clique.

*붕됴 *s.* 鵬鳥 (새) (새) A fabulous bird of the Taoists written of by Chang-ja.

*붕비간 *s.* 朋輩間 (벗—*붕) (무리) (소이) Amongst friends; amongst associates. *See* 친구간.

붕사 *s.* 硼砂 (*붕) (*사) Borax. *See* 분사.

*붕산 *s.* 硼酸 (붕사—*붕) (실) Boracic acid.

붕새 *s.* 鵬 (*붕) A fabulous bird of great size

붕어 *s.* 鮒魚 (붕어—*부) (고기—*어) The carp; the goldfish.

붕우 *s.* 朋友 (벗—*붕, (벗—*우) A friend. *See* 친구.

*붕우유신 *s.* 朋友有信 (벗) (벗) (있슬) (밋을) Confidence amongst friends one of the five laws of human relationship.

*붕우책션 *s.* 朋友責善 벗 *붕) (벗) (꾸지즐) (착홀) Remonstrating with a friend

*붕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 崩 (죤을—*붕) To die—of the Emperor. *See* 죵ᄒᆞ다.

브허 *s.* 自 (스스리—*조) From—marking a limit of time or space. *Also* 브헐.

브헐 *s.* 自 (스스리—*조) From—marking a limit of time or space. *Also* 브허.

*북 *s.* 北 (북녁) The north. *See* 북쪽.

*북관 *s.* 北間 (북녁) (소이) The northern ward of the prison for official offenders. (금부).

*북관도 *s.* 北間島 (북녁) 소이) (셤) The region of Korean settlements beyond the Tumen. *See* 셔간도.

*북감 *s* 北瞰 (북녁) (감조—*제) Common potatoes. *See* 북감조

*북감사 *s.* 北監司 (북녁) (볼) (맛흠) The governor of the northern part of *Ham kyŏng* province stationed in *Kyŏng song*.

*북감조 s. 北薑 (북녕)(감조 *제) Common potatoes. *See* 북강.

*북경 s. 北京 (북녕)(서울) The "northern capital"—Peking.

*북계 s. 北境 (북녕)(디경) The northern frontier of a country; northern boundaries of a province.

*북극 s. 北極 (북녕) (ᄀᆞ장) The north pole. *Opp.* 남극.

*북극도 s. 北極圖 (북녕) (ᄀᆞ장) (그림) North Polar region.

*북극셩 s. 北極星 북녕 ᄀᆞ장 (별) The north polar star. *See* 니 ᄌᆞ.

*북관 s. 北關 (북녕) (짐) The province of *Ham kyong*. The far north. *See* 북도.

*북녁 s. 北 (북녁) The north side; the north. *See* 북.

*북당 s. 北堂 (북녁) (집) An honorific title for another's mother; your honorable mother.

*북딕 s. 北狄 (북녁) (오랑캐) Northern barbarians. *Opp.* 남만.

*북도 s. 北道 (북녁) (길) The north province. *Ham kyong*. *See* 북관.

*북동 s. 北洞 (북녁) (골) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

*북두 s. 北斗 (북녁) (말) The Dipper; the Great Bear. *See* 북신.

*북두칠경 s. 北斗七星 (북녁) (말) (닐곱) (별) The seven stars of the Big Dipper

*북딕 s. 北方 (북녁) (모—*방) The north. *See* 북편.

*북마 s. 北馬 (북녁) (물 *마) A horse from *Ham kyong* province.

*북망산 s. 北邙山 (북녁) (언덕) (뫼) A hill in Honan, China—a hill covered with graves. *See* 황천.

*북면 s. 北面 (북녁) (낯) The north side; the north. *See* 북쪽.

*북면ᄒᆞ다 s. 北面 (북녁) (낯) To have an audience with the king. To serve the king.

*북반구 s. 北半球 (북녁) (반) (구슬) The Northern Hemisphere.

*북방 s. 北方 (북녁) (모) The north. *See* 북편.

*북벌ᄒᆞ다 s. 北伐 (북녁) (칠) To make war against China to conquer China.

*북병영 s. 北兵營 (북녁) (군소) (영문) The head quarters of the lieutenant-general of the north in *Kyong song*.

*북병소 s. 北兵使 (북녁) (군소) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The lieutenant-general of the north (함경)—an officer of the rear rank. 2nd degree.

*북부 s. 北部 (북녁) (쎄) The north ward of the capital. *See* 북셔.

*북비지음 s. 北鄙之音 (북녁) (더러울) (갈) (소리) A wild plaintive sound—in music.

*북빙양 s. 北氷洋 (북녁 (어름) (바다 The Arctic Ocean. *Opp* 남빙양.

*북빙ᄒᆡ s. 北氷海 북녁, 어름) (바다) The North Polar Sea. *Opp* 남빙ᄒᆡ.

*북빅 s. 北伯 (북녁) 맏 The "north earl" the governor of the provinces of *Ham kyong*. *See* 함경감ᄉᆞ.

*북상로 s. 北鎗 (북녁) (샹토—*제) A cone to put up in a ball at the back of the head

*북셔 s. 北署 (북녁) (마을) The north ward of the capital. *See* 북부.

*북션 s. 北線 (북녁) (실) A telegraph line running north.

*북셩산 s. 北城山 (북녁) (지) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keu-do. Lat. 37.17. Long. 127.2

*북신 s. 北辰 (북녁) 별, The Dipper, the Great Bear. *See* 북두.

*북셔 s. 北風 (북녁) (바ᄅᆞᆷ—*풍) A north wind; a northerly breeze.

*북아미리가 s. 北阿美利加 (북녁) (언덕) (아ᄅᆞᆷ다ᄋᆞᆷ) (리ᄒᆞ) (ᄃᆡ ᄒᆞᆯ) North America.

*북양 s. 北洋 (북녁) (바다) The northern ocean

*북어 s. 北魚 (북녁) (고기) The "north fish"—the pollack (taken on the north coast of *Ham kyong*). *See* 명태

*북위션 s. 北緯線 (북녁) (씨) (실) North latitude.

*북인 s. 北人 (북녁) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A name of one of the four political parties of Korea. *See* 소북.

*북쪽 s. 北便 (북녁) (편ᄒᆞᆫ—*편) The north; the north side. *See* 북편.

*북죵 s. 北種 (북녁) (씨) A northern breed as Chinese horses.

*북쳥 s. 北廳 (북녁) (ᄀᆞᆫᄃᆡ) A prefect in H. Kyong do. Lat. 40.1 Long. 129.11

*북셔 s. 北產 (북녁) (날—*산) Northern creatures, animals etc. found in the north

*북ᄌᆞ산이 s. 北土產 (북녁) (흙) (날) A small breed of horses—from the north.

*북편 s. 北便 (북녁) (편홀) The north side; the north. *See* 북녁.

*북포 s. 北布 (북녁) (뵈) Linen from *Hamkyŏng*.

*북풍 s. 北風 (북녁) (바람) A north wind; a northern breeze.

*북학 s. 北學 (북녁) (비홀) The public schools of the north ward of the capital.

*북향하다 s. 北向 (북녁) (향홀) To face north. *Opp.* 남향.

*북홍 s. 北紅 (북녁) (붉을) A kind of scarlet dye. 노방홍

*북히 s. 北海 (북녁) (바다) The north sea

*북히도 s. 北海道 (북녁) (바다) (길) Hokkaido, Japan.

붓그럼 s. 羞 (붓그러울 —*슈) Shame; modesty. (두다).

붓그럽다 s. 羞 (붓그러울—*슈) 러워; 운 To be ashamed; to be bashful. *See* 그러다

*붕사 s. 硼砂 (붕사) (쥬사) Borax.

*붕사질 s. 硼砂質 (붕사) (쥬사) (즐) Pulo Boracis.

*붕산 s. 硼酸 (붕산 (살) Acid Boricum.

*붕산감유 s. 硼酸甘油 (붕사) (살) (즐) (기름) Glycerinum Acdi Borici.

*붕산유고 s. 硼酸油膏 (붕사) (살) (기름) (기름) Unguentum Acdi Borici.

*비 l. 比 (견줄) Ratio

비 s. 雨 (*우) Rain. (오다) (퍼이다).

*비 s. 碑 (비석) A stone tablet; a tombstone. (세우다).

비 s. 箒 (*추) A broom. (티다). *Also* 뷔.

*비가 s. 悲歌 (슬홀) (노래) A song expressing one's grief or lamentation.

*비각 s. 碑閣 (비석) (집) A tablet house; a house erected over stone tablets.

*비간 l. 比干 (견줄) (방패) A noted prime minister of the 은 dynasty. (12th century. B. C.)

*비갈 s. 碑碣 (비석) (비갈) Stone tablets with inscriptions—commemorative of good government. *See* 비석.

*비갈 l. 秘竭 (숨길) (홀) A secret communication—to an under official.

*비감 s. 脾疳 (비위) (감질) A disease peculiar to children.

*비감하다 s. 悲感 (슬홀) (감동) To be in sorrow over, to think of with grief—as of a prosperous or happy past. *See* 비창하다.

*비개도 s. 飛龍島 (놀) (섬홀) (섬) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34 44 Long. 128.20.

*비거하다 s. 飛去 (놀) (갈) To fly up off the ground; to fly away.

비격비격하다 s. To sound—as creaking, rubbing.

비겁다 l. 어; 건 To blame one by scolding another; to beat one over another's shoulders. *See* 뵈뎌다.

*비격 s. 飛檄 (놀) (격서) A circular despatch sent by express courier.

*비견 l. 鄙見 (머러울) (볼) (My) humble opinion or views; used chiefly in writing.

*비견하다 l. 比肩 (견줄) 엇기 To be shoulder to shoulder—to be alike; to be the same; to be equal—as of ability etc.

*비결 l. 秘訣 (숨길) (비결) A secret; the "mysteries" of an art *See* 비귀.

비계 l. The inner white skin of the pig.

*비계 l. 秘啓 (숨길) (엘) A secret communication to the king.

*비계 l. 秘計 (숨길) (계교) Underhand devices; secret schemes.

비계 s 浮橋 (뜰—*부) (두리—*교) A scaffold; a temporary stage or platform. (리다).

*비계 s. 比溪 (살질) (시내) A village in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.03. Long. 129.04.

*비경하다 s. 非輕 (아ㄴ 가벼야옴) To be not light; to be severe; to be strong.

*비교하다 l. 備考 (갓출) (상교) To note; to make a remark; to make an observation in writing.

*비교기 l. 比較器 (견줄) (비교) (그릇) An instrument for making comparisons.

*비교표 l. 比較表 (견줄) (비교) (봇) A comparative table.

*비교하다 l. 比較 (견줄) (비교) To compare; to make a comparison between. *See* 상교하다.

*비구 l. 比丘 (견줄) (언덕) A Buddhist priest (masculine of 비구니).

*비구니 l. 比丘尼 (견줄) (언덕) (즁) A Buddhist nun.

*비구얼다 l. 比定 (견줄) (상교홀) 아, 은 To draw cuts; to cast lots. *See* 제비 뽑다.

*비구하다 *l.* 比究 (견줄) (궁고홀) To have a second trial —of those who are equal.

*비국 *l.* 備局 (갖출) (관) The office of the Ministers of State. *See* 의정부.

*비금 *s.* 飛禽 (놀) (새) A flying bird.

*비금주수 *s.* 飛禽走獸 (놀새 닫라남) (즘승) Birds and beasts. *See* 비즘주둑.

*비기 *l.* 秘記 (숨길 긔록) Writings of a secret or mysterious character. *See* 비결.

삐기 *l.* 茅根 (띄—*모) (이삭—*수) Buds of reed grass.

비기다 *s.* 竝 (비길—*자) 비겨; 긴 To place alongside of; to put together.

*비관 *l.* 秘關 (숨길) (관주) A secret communication to an under official. *See* 비감.

*비난하다 *s.* 非難 (아닐) (어려울) To be not difficult.

*비난지사 *s.* 非難之事 (아닐) (어려울) (갈) (일) A easy task; something easily done.

*비난하다 *s.* 非難 (아닐) (어려울) To blame; to censure.

*비년 *l.* 比年 (견줄) (해) Every year.

비누 *s.* 鹽垢 (몰니질—*빈) (때 *후) Soap.

비눌 *s.* 鱗 (*린) Scales—of a fish etc. (고기).

비다 *l.* 祈 (빌—*긔) 러; 빈 To pray; to supplicate. *Also* 빌다.

비다 *s.* 刈 (빌 *예) 여; 빈 To cut as with a sickle

비다 *l.* 借 (빌—*차) 러; 빈 To borrow. *Also* 빌다.

*비다 *s.* 落傷 (떠러질 -*락) (상홀—*상) 여 *제 To dislocate; to put out of joint [not applied to animals]

비닥들다 *l.* 어; 은 To arrange —as a bird its feathers, to smooth.

비단 *l.* 緋 (*금) Silk; satin. *See* 깁.

*비단 *s.* 非但 (아닐) (다못) Not only that .... ..

비달먹다 *s.* 어; 은 To have mange—of horses. *See* 비틈먹다.

*비답 *l.* 批答 (쓸올) (떠답) A written response—from the king.

*비대하다 *l.* 肥大 (살질) (큰) To be corpulent; to be fleshy. *See* 옥즘하다.

*비멈 *s.* 飛點 (놀) (점) A mark in composition made by the examiner. *See* 관유.

*비도 *s.* 匪徒 (아닐) (무리) Rebels; brigands.

*비독 *s.* 非獨 (아닐) (홀노) Not only ..... *See* 비단.

*비돌 *s.* (—돌) 碑石 (비석) (돌—*석) A tablet stone; a stone to mark a grave.

*비표 *s.* 飛鳥 (놀) (새) A flying bird.

*비부 *s.* 飛頭 (놀) (머리) The beginning; the commencement.

*비둔하다 *l.* 肥鈍 (살질) (무딜) To be corpulent; to be fleshy. *See* 살지다.

삐드둑 *s.* Creaking, squeaking. *See* 삐드둑.

삐드둑삐드둑 *s.* Creaking; squeaking.

삐드둑삐드둑하다 *s.* To crack; to squeak. To waver; to stagger

비듬 *s.* 頭屑 (머리—*두) (가로—*셜) Dandruff.

비듬 *s.* 蔗 (비름—*현) Spinach

*비등하다 *l.* 比等 (비홀) (동수) To be alike; to be about the same; to resemble.

비둘이 *s.* 鳩 (*구) A pigeon.

비뎌다 *l.* 여; 뎐 To be at the mercy of; to be tossed about.

삐락이 *l.* 莢 (*이) Buds of reed grass. *See* 삐기.

*비례 *s.* 非禮 (아닐) (례도) What is not according to the rules of propriety; rudeness; impoliteness. *See* 불의.

*비례 *l.* 比例 (견줄) (견례) A precedent; an example. A ratio; a proportion.

*비례중항 比例中項 (견줄) (견례) (가온덕) (목) Mean proportional.

*비례차 比例差 (견줄) (견례) (어긔여질) Proportional Difference

*비례표 比例表 (견줄 견례 표) Proportion sign: double colon (::).

*비로국 *s.* 毗婁國 (이랑) (나라) (나라) Peru.

비로소 *s.* 始 (비로솔 *시) The beginning; (at) first. *See* 처음.

비로솔 *s.* 始 (비로솔—*시) The beginning; (at) first.

비록 *s.* 雖 (*슈) A word introducting a phrase and followed by an ending having the force of though, although. *See* 암만.

*비료 / 肥料 (살질) (지료) Manure.

*비룡 s. 飛龍 (놀) (룡) A flying dragon; a winged dragon.

*비루 s. 飛樓 (놀) (다락) A tower built for purposes of fortification.

*비루 l. 鄙陋 (더러울) (더러울) Meanness; what is base. *See* 천루.

*비루경고 s. 飛樓硬膏 (놀) (더러울) (굳을) (기름) Emplastrum Saponis.

비루히다 s. 乞 (빌—*걸) To beg. *See* 비라먹다.

비루먹다 s. 어; 은 To have the mange.

비루믈 s. Soap water.

*비루하다 l. 鄙陋 (더러울) (더러울) To be mean; to be base, to be low. *See* 천루ᄒᆞ다.

*비류 s. 匪類 (아닐) (같을) Bandits; rebels; insurrectionists.

비름 s. 莧 (*현) Spinach.

비름나물 s. 莧菜 (비름—*현, 나물—*채) Spinach used as food.

*비리 s. 非理 (아닐) (리치) What is contrary to right, an impropriety. *See* 불의.

비리다 s. 腥 (비릴—*성) 비 려; 린 To be fishy; to have the taste of fish. *See* 비리다.

*비리시 s. 比利時 (견줄) (리로) (때) Belgium.

*비리시국 s. 比利時國 (견줄) (리로) (때) (나라) Belgium.

비리우다 s. 腥 (비릴—*성) 리워; 운 To break a fast.

*비리호유ᄒᆞ다 s. 非理好遊 (아닐) (리치) (됴흘) (놀) To delight in going to law unjustly. *See* 연후이식비.

*비린 l. 比隣 (견줄) (리웃) A vicinity, neighbourhood, a neighbour; adjacent; near.

*비린 l. 鄙吝 (더러울) (린색ᄒᆞᆯ) Miserly; niggardly; parsimonious.

비린내 s. 腥臭 (비릴—*성) (내암새—*취) A fishy smell.

비릿비릿ᄒᆞ다 s. To be fishy; to haven strong odor. *See* 비릿비릿ᄒᆞ다; 치쓸다.

*비만증 l. 脹滿症 (창만ᄒᆞᆯ) (찰) (증세) A swelled abdomen; a bloated condition of the body.

*비망 s. 非望 (아닐) (분랄) Treason; rebellion.

*비면 s. 碑面 (비석) (낫) The face or front of a grave-stone or monument.

*비명 s. 非名 (아닐) (일홈) Another name; a different person.

*비명 s. 非命 (아닐) (목숨) A shortening of life—as through death by violence. *Opp.* 언명

*비명 s. 碑銘 (비석) (쓱일) An inscription on a grave-stone or monument.

*비명횡사ᄒᆞ다 s. 非命橫死 (아닐) (목숨) (빗길) (죽을) To die before one's time; to die before the time decreed.

*비모 l. 秘謀 (숨길) (꾀) A secret plan, design, device or stratagem.

*비목어 l. 比目魚 (견줄) (눈) (고기) The flounder—a medical name. *See* 가자미.

*비몽소몽간 s. 非夢似夢間 아닐 (꿈) (같을) (꿀) (ᄉᆞ이) Half dreaming, half awake—a vision.

*비문 s. 碑文 (비석) (글) An inscription on a stone; an epitaph.

*비미ᄒᆞ다 l. 卑微 (누질) (적을) To be of humble position; to be vulgar; to be mean; to be lowly.

*비밀관 l. 秘密官 (몸홀) (빽빽) (벼슬) Confidential Secretary.

*비밀동맹 l. 秘密同盟 (몸홀) (빽빽) (호가지) (밍세) A secret alliance.

*비밀도사 l. 秘密調査 (몸홀) (빽빽) (고로) (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) A confidential inquiry.

*비밀됴약 l. 秘密條約 (몸홀) (빽빽) (가지) (언약) A secret contract.

*비밀수입 l. 秘密輸入 (숨길) (빽빽) (시물) (들) Secret importation; smuggling.

*비밀수출 l. 秘密輸出 (숨길) (빽빽) (시물) (날) smuggled exportation.

*비밀회 l. 秘密會 (숨길) (빽빽) (모들) A secret meeting.

*비밀회의 l. 秘密會議 (숨길) (빽빽) (모들) (의론) A secret conference.

*비밀히 l. 秘密 (숨길) (빽빽) Secretly; silently *See* 은밀히.

*비밀ᄒᆞ다 l. 秘密 (숨길, 빽빽) To be secret, to be hidden; to be mysterious. *See* 은밀ᄒᆞ다.

*비박ᄒᆞ다 s. 非薄 (작을) (얇을) To be of no account; to be without ability (an expression of humility). To be rough; to be coarse; to be common; to be poor, to be shabby of quality or workmanship.

제해ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To pipe out; to whistle; to bawl. *See* 해주ᄒᆞ다.

*비방 *n.* 秘方 (비방) (모) A secret art; a private formula

비방울 *n.* 雨滴 (비 + 우 비방울—ᄯᅥᆨ) Rain drops (as from the eaves).

*비방ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 誹謗 비방 (비방) To calumniate; to slander. *See* 참소ᄒᆞ다.

*비방ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 比倣 견줄, 견줍 (비방) To be alike; to be equal; to be about the same. *See* 근사ᄒᆞ다.

*비범ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 非凡 (아닐) (무릇) To be uncommon; to be above the vulgar world; to be better than common. *See* 비상ᄒᆞ다.

*비변소 *n.* 備邊司 (갖출) (가) (맡을) The Office of the Ministers of State.

*비보 *n.* 飛報 (날) (갚을) A letter sent by an express courier; urgent message or news.

*비보ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 裨補 (도울) (가울) To assist; to help; to support; to aid.

*비복 *n.* 婢僕 (종) (종) Male and female slaves or servants. *See* 노복

비봉 皮封 (가죽—*피) (봉할—*봉) An envelope—for a letter. *See* 봉투.

*비봉산 *n.* 北漢山 북 쪽 에 있 는 A mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.16 Long 127.58.

*비부 *n.* 鄙夫 (더러울) (지아비) A person of low position; a humble individual.

*비부 *n.* 婢夫 (종) (지아비) One whose wife is a bond-slave.

*비부장이 *n.* 婢夫 (종) (지아비) The husband of a woman slave.

*비부지 *n.* 非不知 (아닐) (아닐) (알) What is not unknown.

*비분 *n.* 悲憤 (슬플) (불끈) Sorrowful indignation

비비 *n.* A kind of awl or drill.

비비 *v.* Round and round; round about. *See* 비빙.

비비각쉬 *n.* One who plays the 피리.

비비다 *v.* 擰 (비틀—*찬) 여; 빈 To drill; to bore. To rub; to roll.

*비비ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 比比 (견줄) (견줄) To be here and there; to be frequent. *See* 흔흔

*비비ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 霏霏 (비비흘) (비비흘) To fall heavily (said of rain or snow).

*비복몽난 *n.* 非絹不煖 아닐, 비단 아닐) (따울) No silk, no warmth—an old person must dress in silk to be warm

비싸다 *v.* 價高 (값—*가) (높을—*고) 싸; 짠 To be dear; to be costly. *Opp.* 헐ᄒᆞ다.

비사리 *n.* 柏皮 (사리—*츄) (가죽—*피) The bark of the *Sari* bush.

*비산쓰르엔 *n.* 砒酸 ..... (비상) (설) ... . Sodii Arsenas.

*비사주석ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 飛沙走石 (날) (모래) (다라날) (돌) To fly as dust and stones in a storm.

*비산비야 *n.* 非山非野 (아닐) (뫼) (아닐) (들) Rolling land; neither mountain nor plane.

*비산엣르엄엑 *n.* 砒酸 液 (비상) (설) (진) Liquor Sodii Arsenatis.

*비산염 / 砒酸鐵 (비상) (설) (쇠) Ferri Arsenas.

*비산ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 飛散 (날) (흩을) To melt away, to be dispersed; to be scattered; to drop off; to fall—as flowers, leaves or snow.

*비상망 / 備三望 (갖출) (석) (바랄) The three candidates for office from whom the king chooses one.

비상 *n.* 砒霜 (*비) (*상) Arsenic. *See* 신석.

*비상요화슈 *n.* 砒霜消化水 (비상) (비상) (삭아질) (될) (물) Liquor Arsenicalis.

*비상광션 *n.* 非常光線 (아닐 ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ 빛) (실) Extraordinary ray

*비상스건 非常事件 (아닐 ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ 일) (일) Unusual case.

*비상턴ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 飛上天 (오름) To fly up to heaven; to fly up to the clouds.

*비상ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 非常 (아닐) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ) To be unusual; to be out of the ordinary. *See* 비범ᄒᆞ다

*비상호 *v.* 非常 (아닐) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ) Extraordinary.

*비서과 *n.* 秘書課 (감출) (글) (일과) The office that has to do with secret documents of state.

*비서관 / 秘書官 (감출) 글) (벼슬) An officer who has to do with secret writings and documents of state.

*비서낭 *n.* 秘書郎 (감출) (글) (사나희) An assistant of a 비서관.

*비서승 *n.* 秘書丞 감출 (글) 이을 A secretary of the office of secret documents of state. *See* 승지.

*비서원승 . 秘書院丞 감출) 글) 집) (이을 A royal secretary

*비석 s. 碑石 (비석)(돌) A stone tablet; a tombstone. *See* 비갈.

*비석 l. 砒石 (비상)(돌) Arsenic. *See* 비상.

*비석광 l. 砒石鑛 (비상)(돌)(쇠돌) Arsenical Ore.

*비석산액 l. 砒石酸液 (비상)(돌)(실)(진) Liquor Arsenici Acidi.

*비선 s. 飛船 (놀)(배) A fast boat; an express-boat.

*비설 s. 飛雪 (놀)(눈) Falling snow

*비성 s. 鼻聲 (코)(소리) A nasal sound; a snuffling voice.

*비소 l. 砒素 (비상)(질) Arsenium.

*비소가본 s. 非所可論 (아닐)(바)(옳홀)(의론) What requires no consideration; a matter of no moment. *See* 처지도외.

*비소용액 l. 砒素溶液 (비상)(질)(풀)(진) Liquor arsenicalis.

*비쇼ᄒᆞ다 l. 鼻笑 (코 우슴 ᄒᆞ) To sneer at; to treat with contempt. *See* 압쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*비슈 l. 匕首 (비슈) 머리 A dagger, a short sword.

비스듬ᄒᆞ다 s. 横斜 (빗길—*킬)(빗길—*샤) To incline; to lean. *See* 젓비듬ᄒᆞ다.

비스틈ᄒᆞ다 s. 恰似 (흡족홀—*ᄒᆞᆷ (ᄀᆞᆺ흡—*소) To be alike; to be somewhat alike. *See* 방불ᄒᆞ다.

비슷비슷ᄒᆞ다 s. 恰似 흡족홀—*ᄒᆞᆷ, (ᄀᆞᆺ흡—*소) To be all alike; to be all about the same.

비슥ᄒᆞ다 s. 横 (빗길 *킬) To be inclined; to be leaning. *See* 기우듬ᄒᆞ다.

비슷ᄒᆞ다 s. 恰似 흡족홀—*ᄒᆞᆷ (ᄀᆞᆺ흡—*소) To be alike; to resemble. *See* 어지간ᄒᆞ다.

비슬비슬ᄒᆞ다 s. To run away; to escape.

*비습도 l. 比濕度 (견줄) (저질) (지날) Specific humidity.

*비습ᄒᆞ다 l. 卑濕 (누질) (저질) To be damp; to collect water. *See* 루습ᄒᆞ다. To be dropsical.

비슷ᄒᆞ다 s. 恰似 흡족홀 *킬 (ᄀᆞᆺ흡—*소) To be alike; to resemble. *See* 방불ᄒᆞ다.

*비승비속 s. 非僧非俗 (아닐) (즁) (아닐) (풍속) Neither bonze nor layman.

*비ᄉᆞ s. 飛絲 (놀) (실) Gossamer webs. *See* 야ᄉᆞ.

*비ᄉᆞ l. 比辭 (견줄) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Parables, illustrative stories. *See* 비유.

*비식증 l. 鼻塞症 (코) (막을) (증세) A disease in which the nose becomes stuffed up.

*비색ᄒᆞ다 s. 否塞 (막힐) (막을) To be stopped up; to be blocked; to be choked up; to be obstructed.

*비아소관 s. 非我所關 (아닐)ᄉᆞᆫ, (바) (게관) A matter of no importance to oneself.

*비안 s. 比安 (견줄) (편안) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.20. Long 128.25.

비앗다 s. 吐 (비앗홀—*ᄒᆞᆷ) 타; 흔 To spit out. *Also* 비앝다.

*비양ᄒᆞ다 l. 誹讓 (비방) (ᄉᆞ양) To make fun of; to treat with contempt. *See* 조롱ᄒᆞ다.

*비어 s. 飛魚 (놀) (고기) A flying fish.

비역 s. 男色 (사나희—* 남) (빗—* 식) Sodomy. *See* 비동.

비여지다 s. 여제; 전 To push out; to shove out. (v.i.)

*비연 l. 鼻烟 (코) (내) Snuff.

*비열 l. 比熱 (견줄) (더울) Specific heat.

*비에ᄒᆞ다 l. 睥睨 (흘겨볼) (흘겨볼) To gaze at angrily; to glare at.

새오기 s. 蓁 (*제) A kind of cotton found in certain grass sprouts. *See* 새가.

비오다 s. 降雨 (비—*우) (올—*라) 비와; 온 To rain.

비오리 s. 鳧 (오리—*부) A wild duck. *Also* 비오새.

비오비오 s. The cry of a hawk or buzzard.

*비옥 l. 比屋 (견줄) (집) A row of houses.

비읍 s. The name of the 6th consonant or radical of the Korean syllabary.

*비용 l. 費用 (허비) (쓸) Expenditure.

*비용예산 l. 費用豫算 (허비) (쓸) (미리) (산ᄉᆞᆫ) Estimated expenditure.

비웃 s. 青魚 (푸를 *청) (고기—*어) The herring, *Clupea elongata.* *See* 청어.

*비웃다 s. 誹笑 (비방) (우슴 *쇼) 셔; ᄉᆞᆫ To make fun of; to make sport of; to treat with contempt. *See* 조롱ᄒᆞ다.

*비위 s. 脾胃 (*비) (*위) Spleen and stomach —the appetite

*비유 l. 譬諭 (*비) (*유) A parable, a likeness; a figure. *See* 비ᄉᆞ.

*비유ᄒᆞ다 l. 譬諭 (비유—*비) (비유—*유) To liken; to make an example, to make a comparison. *See* 인증ᄒᆞ다.

*비육 ㄴ 肥肉 (살질) (고기) Fat meat; tender meat. (M.)

*비육불포 非肉不飽 아닐 고기 아닐 (배부를) No meat, no satisfaction —an old person must have meat to be satisfied.

비음한다 ㅅ To put on holiday dress.

*비읍 ㅅ 鄙邑 (더러울 (고을) An obscure country—as opposed to the town.

*비의 ㅅ 非義 (아닐) (옳을) Injustice, wrong; injury; impropriety.

*비(의)대요 ㅅ 比大小 (견줄) (큰) (작을) Comparison of ratios.

*비(의)이항 ㄴ 比二項 (견줄) (두) (목) Term of a ratio.

*비익한다 裨益 도울 더할 ㅣ ㅅ nse; to be profitable; to be advantageous.

*비인 ㅂ of Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.06. Long. l...

*비인 ㅅ 非人 (아닐) (사람) A beggar; a pauper.

*비인력소치 ㅅ 非人力所致 (아닐) 사람 (힘) (바) (일할) Impossible to be done by man.

*비인정 ㅅ 非人情 아닐 사람 뜻) Heartlessness; what lacks compassion. *See* 몰인정.

*비일비재 ㅅ 非一非再 아닐) (한) (아닐) (두) Neither once nor twice—many ... 자상

*비원 ㅅ 秘苑 (공돌) (동산) A private garden or park.

*비장 ㅅ 裨將 (도울 (장수) The Chief Assistant—of a governor, vice admiral, lieutenant-general etc. *See* 막하.

*비저 ㅅ 庇紵 (덮을) (모시) Grass cloth or white linen from *Pun, Chulla* province.

비적비적 ㅅ softly; to oneself—in crying.

*비전 ... which has been handed down in a family; a secret formula.

*비전지최 ㅅ 非戰之罪 (아닐) (싸울) (갈) (허물) He did not lose from want of valor; no fault of his own.

*비절 ㅅ 非節 (아닐) (절기) What is out of season. *See* 비시.

비접 ㄴ A small tumor on the eyelid. A refuge for a sick patient.

*비조 ㄴ 鼻祖 (코) (할아비) The earliest ancestor of a family; the founder of a house.

*비조석 ㅅ 非朝則夕 (아닐) (아침) (곧 저녁 ... in the morning, the evening—of what is sure to take place sooner or later.

... 다 ... every variety; to have all sorts. *See* 구색한다.

비쥬거리다 ㅅ 거러 ; 린 To bulge out. To pout; to look with contempt.

비죽비죽한다 ㅅ To bulge out. To pout; to look with contempt.

*비죽죽한다 ㅅ 尖 (뾰족—*참 To be pointed; to be jagged.

*비준교환 ㄴ 批准交換 (쳘을 (사귈 ... ratification.

*비줄한다 ㄴ 比準 (견줄) (준할) To compare; to make a comparision.

*비중 ㄴ 比重 (견줄) (무거울) Specific Gravity.

비지 ㅅ 太滓 콩—*재 (찔을—*찌) Settlings in the preparation of *tupu* (bean curd).

*비지 ㄴ 批旨 (칠 (뜻) The Emperor's reply to a memorial.

*비지어애 ㄴ 批旨內 (칠 (뜻) (안) In the Emperor's message of reply.

비지찌개 ㅅ A mixture of vegetables and bean-curd settlings.

비집다 ㄴ 어 ; 진 To spread open; to pull open. *See* 헤집다.

*비조 ㄴ 榧子 (비자) (열매) The nuts of a kind of yew tree. *Torreya nucifera.*

*비종 ㅅ 婢子 (종) (아들) A female slave —of an official.

... Laurels cut from the yew tree.

*비종주본 ... and creepers—birds, fish, beasts and reptiles.

*비지 ㅅ 備置 ... Preparations.

*비창 ㄴ 鼻瘡 (코) (헌데) Ulcers in the nose.

*비창한다 ㅅ 悲愴 (슬플) (슬플) To be mournful; to be sad. *See* 경개한다.

... spot"—fool place"—an expression of humility regarding one's home.

비척비척한다 ㅅ To stagger along. To have a strong odor.

비쳑지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To smell—as fish; to be strong—as an odor.

*비쳑ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 卑賤 (누질) (천흘) To be low and mean; to be base; to be vile

*비쳘 *s.* 非節 (아닐) (마딕 *졀) A time that is out of season.

*비쳡 *s.* 婢妾 (죵) (쳡) A maid-servant; used also in writing by women in a depreciatory sense of themselves.

*비취 *l.* 翡翠 (비취) (쥬롤) The small torquoise kingfisher

*비취옥 *l.* 翡翠玉 (비취) (쥬롤) (구슬) Chrysoprase; green pyroxene; malachite.

*비취죵 *l.* 翡翠簪 (비취) (쥬롤) (빈혀) A hairpin made of malachite.

*비치 *l.* 鼻痔 (코) (치질) Tumors in the nose

비치근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be strong—as a fishy taste or odor. *See* 누지근ᄒᆞ다

빼치다 *s.* 疲 (갓골—*퍼) 빼치; 친 To be fatigued; to be tired out.

비견ᄃᆡ *s.* 譬 (비유홀 *비) By comparison; for illustration. *See* 가령

비켜나다 *s.* 나; 난 To get out of the way; to avoid; to evade. *See* 피ᄒᆞ다.

비키다 *l.* 비켜; 킨 To remove; to get out of the way. To open.

*비한 *s.* 飛蝂 (놀) (벌) Hida in Japan.

*비한ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 悲嘆 (슬흘) (한식) To grieve; to mourn.

*비홍 *l.* 非紅 (아닐) (구리—*붕) A kind of metal. (Prov).

*비홍 *l.* 臂痛 (팔) (압흘) A sore arm; a lame arm.

*비홍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 悲慟 (슬흘) (슬흠) To grieve, mourn, or lament; to be sorrowful.

*비흑 *s.* 非特 (아닐) (특별) Not only . *See* 비록.

비파 *s.* 琵琶 (*비) (*파) A kind of guitar with twenty five strings. (중국).

*비파 *s.* 枇杷 (나무) (나무) The loquat, *Eriobotrya Japonica.*

*비파곶 *s.* 琵琶串 (비파) 비파 곳치 —*곶) An anchorage in Whang hai do Lat. 38.28. Long. 124.42

*비파산 *s.* 琵琶山 (비파) (비파) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat 35.46. Long. 128.30.

*비편ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 非便 (아닐) (편홀) To be inconvenient, to be unsuitable; to be unfit for use. *See* 불편ᄒᆞ다.

*비평 *s.* 批評 (쳘을) (평론홀) Criticism; censure; judgment.

*비평ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 批評 (쳘을) (평론홀) To criticise, to find fault with; to discuss the merits of; to pass a verdict upon; to censure; to condemn.

*비표 *l.* 比表 (견줄) (뜻) Ratio sign; colon (:).

*비필 *s.* 飛筆 (놀) (붓) Fast writing. *See* 주필.

*비하공소 *l.* 鼻下公事 (코) (아래) (공번될) (일, Work in obtaining food, gaining a livelihood. *See* 구명도싱.

*비학산 *s.* 飛鶴山 (놀) (학) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.12. Long. 129.04.

*비호 *s.* 飛虎 (놀) (범) An agile tigor. *See* 범호.

*비회비산류 *s.* 非灰非酸類 (아닐) (지) (아닐, (실, 홈류, Neutral, neither acid nor alkali

*비ᄀᆞ산 *s.* 飛鵝山 (놀) (거럭이) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.18. Long. 127.02.

*비희 *l.* 悲喜 (슬흘) (깃블) Sorrow and joy; pleasure and pain.

*비희교지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 悲喜交集 (슬흘) (깃거울) (사괼) (모ᄋᆞᆷ) To be half sorrowful and half glad; to be glad and sorry at the same time. *See* 일희일비ᄒᆞ다.

*비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 比 (견줄) To compare.

*비행ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 飛行 (놀) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To move fast; to rush along—as a train; to fly

*비환 *s.* 飛丸 (놀) (한줌) A stray shot; a random bullet.

*비환 / 悲歡 (슬흘) (깃거울) Sorrow and joy; pleasure and pain.

빅다 *s.* 相適 (서로—*상) (마질 *역) 어; 은 To be equal—as in gaming.

빅빅 *s.* Squealing; squeaking.

빽빽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 稠密 (빽빽 -* 밀) (빽빽— *밀) To be dense; to be thick. (Prov.) *See* 빽빽ᄒᆞ다.

빅수 *s.* 和數 (마질—*역) (두어—*수) A drawn game—in chess.

*빈가 *s.* 貧家 (간난) (집) A humble cottage; a poor family.

*빈계 *s.* 牝鷄 (암컷) (닭) A hen.

*빈계사신 *s.* 牝鷄司晨 (암컷) (닭) (맛흘) (새벽) A hen who announces the morning; a crowing hen—a domineering woman

*빈곤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 貧困 (간난) (곤흘) To be poor.

*빈국 *s.* 貧國 (간난) (나라) A destitute nation. *Opp.* 부국.

*빈국 s. 貧局 (간난) (판) A destitute situation—as of a grave site. *See* 부국.

*빈궁 s. 嬪宮 (계집) (집) The wife of the heir apparent. *See* 빈궁면.

*빈궁면 s. 嬪宮殿 (계집) (집) (대궐) The wife of the heir apparent.

*빈궁하다 s. 貧窮 (간난) (다할) To be poor; to be in poverty. *See* 곤궁하다.

*빈긱 s. 賓客 (손, 손 A guest, a visitor. (Respect.)

빈둥빈둥하다 s. To idle about; to loiter. *See* 뭔둥뭔둥하다.

빈들빈들하다 s. To be impudent; to be ill-bred. *See* 유들유들하다.

빈디 s. 蝎 (*갈) A bedbug, *cimex lectularius.*

빈디 교 s. A flat [illegible] *See* 납작곱.

빈랑 s. 檳榔 (*빈) (*랑) A betel-nut *Areca catechu*—used as a medicine.

*빈례 s. 賓禮 (손) (례도) Entertainment of a guest.

*빈례 s. 殯禮 (빈소) (례도) A funeral ceremony.

*빈마 s. 牝馬 (암컷) (말) A mare. (Comp.)

*빈모 s. 牝牡 (암컷) (숫컷) Male and female—of animals.

*빈민 s. 貧民 (간난) (빅성) Poor people; paupers; the poor or indigent.

*빈번하다 s. 頻繁 (자조) (번성할) To be in rapid succession; to be bustling; to be busy; to be close.

*빈부 s. 貧富 (간난 (부자, Proverty and riches; the poor and the rich. *See* 귀천.

*빈빈히 s. 頻頻 (자조) (자조) Following one upon the other; in rapid succession; frequently; often.

*빈빈하다 s. 頻頻 (자조) (자조) To follow in rapid succession; to be incessant; to be constant.

*빈빈하다 s. 彬彬 (빗날, 빗날) To be rich and elegant; to be handsome and refined.

*빈상 s. 貧相 (간난) (서로) Poor in appearance.

*빈소 s. 殯所 (죽엄) (바) The place where a corpse is laid out for burial.

*빈실 s. 賓室 (손) (집) A guest-chamber.

빈쇼파 *L.* A kind of wheat flour cake.

빈아 s. 鋏 (*채) A hairpin. *See* 빈혀.

빈자떡 s. A kind of bread made from lentil flour

*빈자요인 s. 貧者小人 (간난) (놈) (작을 (사롬) If one is poor, one is powerless

빈정거리다 s. 거려; 린 To make light of; to poke fun at; to make sport of. *See* 비양하다.

빈정빈정하다 . To poke fun at; to make sport of. *See* 들란들란하다.

*빈쥬 s. 賓主 (손) (쥬인) Guest and host.

*빈쥬지간 s. 賓主之間 (손, 님) (갈 소이) (Between) host and guest. S., 쥬각지외.

*빈쥬지례 s. 賓主之禮 (손) (님) (갈) (례도) The civilities between host and guest.

빈지 s 板子 (판조—*판) (아돈—*조) The shutters before a shop; a front wall of boards (드리다) (빼다).

*빈척하다 s. 擯斥 (내칠) (물니칠) To reject; to refuse; to condemn; to turn away or expel, to spurn.

*빈천지교 s. 貧賤之交 (간난 천돌) 갈 (사귐) Friends in poverty.

*빈천하다 s. 貧賤 (간난) (천돌) To be poor, to be mean [illegible] 간난하다.

*빈촌 s. 貧村 (간난) (마을) A village of poor people. 궁촌.

*빈핍하다 s. 貧乏 (간난) (다할) To be poor; to be in poverty; to be in distressed circumstances.

*빈한 s. 貧寒 (간난) (찰) Dire poverty; misery; want.

*빈한소처 s. 貧寒所處 (간난) (찰) (바 (곳) Poverty, [illegible] locality.

*빈한 (이) 도골하다 s. 貧寒到骨 (간난) (찰) (니를, 쎠) To be [illegible] poverty even to skin and bone. *See* 긔한이막심하다.

*빈한 (이) 막심하다 s. 貧寒莫甚 (간난) (찰) (말) 심할 To [illegible] very poor *See* 긔갈이중심하다.

*빈한하다 s. 貧寒 (간난) (찰) To be poor; to be reduced in circumstances. *See* 빈곤하다.

빈혀 s. 鋏 (*채) A hairpin. *See* 빈아.

뽕기 s. 茅筋 (띄—*모) (이삭—*슈) A kind of white grass.

빌니다 s. 借 (빌—*차) 빌녀; 닌 To lend; to loan—other things than money.

빌다 *L.* 借 (빌—*차) 어; 빈 To borrow; to ask—other things than money. *See* 취하다.

빌다 *L.* 祈 (빌—*긔) 여; 빈 To pray; to supplicate. *See* 츄원하다.

빌미 s. 祟 (*슈) Reason; cause—as of sickness.

빌어먹다 *v.* 乞食 빌—*걸) 밥—*식, 어어; 은 To beg food; to beg for a living *See* 얻어먹다.

빌엿질ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To ask alms; to beg. *See* 구걸ᄒᆞ다

빌엉방이 *n.* 乞客 (빌 *걸) (손—*각) A beggar. *See* 걸엉방이.

빔 *n.* A new dress as put on on festive occasions; a fine appearance. (츄석) (명일) (설) (눈).

빗 *n.* 梳 (*소) A comb. (질ᄒᆞ다).

빗 *n.* 債 (빗—*채) Debt. (지다).

빗 *n.* 色 (*쉭) Color. *See* 쉭. A recorder. Light. *See* 광.

빗 *v.* 橫 (빗길—*킹) Crosswise; obliquely. *See* 킹.

빗걸다 *v.* 어; 건 To accuse wrongfully; to blame one for another's faults. *See* 빗더다.

빗꼬다 *l.* 아; 쓴 To twirl; to twist. *See* 뒤틀다.

빗구럭이 *n.* 多債者 (만흘—*다) (빗—*채) (놈—*쟈) A hopeless debtor; one deeply in debt.

빗굿빗굿ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To lean; to incline; to be unsteady. *See* 빗굿빗굿ᄒᆞ다.

빗기 *v.* 斜 (빗길—*샤) What is crosswise, oblique or slanting.

빗기다 *v.* 梳髮 (빗—*소) (헐억—*발) 빗겨; 긴 To comb.

빗기다 *v.* 斜 (빗길—*샤) 비겨; 긴 To be cornerwise; to be uneven.

빗기우다 *v.* 梳髮 (빗—*소) (헐억—*발) 가워; 운 To comb.

빗나다 *v.* 耀 (빗—*휘) 나; 난 To shine; to be bright; to be brilliant. *See* 란란ᄒᆞ다.

빗나다 *v.* 나; 난 To turn out badly; to miss the mark; to become crooked.

빗내다 *v.* 出債 (날—*출) (빗—*채) 여; 낸 To contract a debt; to obtain money—on interest.

빗노아ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 放債 (노흘—*방) (빗—*채) To be a money lender; to make one's living by loaning money. *See* 체급ᄒᆞ다.

빗다 *v.* 醞 (비질—*양) 저; 진 To roll into balls—as dumplings etc. To mix up. To brew. *See* 버므리다.

빗다 *v.* 梳髮 (빗 *소) (헐억—*발, 비셔; 슨 To comb one's head.

빗대 *n.* The cords or splints running toward the centre—of what is woven in a circle.

빗더리다 *v.* 더려; 린 To mark toward the left—in writing characters.

빗떠보다 *v.* 橫視 (빗길—*킹) 볼—*시) 보외, 본 To look at askance; to look at sideways. *See* 옵겨보다.

빗두러지다 *v.* 러지, 진 To slope; to slant (of motion). *See* 빗두러지다.

빗두로 *n.* 橫 (빗길 *킹, Across corners; obliquely, slantingly.

빗뚜룸ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 斜 (빗길 *샤) To be inclined; to be askew; to be across corners; to be slanting.

빗두리 *n.* The foot of a hill or mountain; the slope of a hill. *See* 빗알.

빗뚝거리다 *v.* 거려; 린 To twist; to sprain.

빗뚝발이 *n.* 蹉蹉 (짤눙발이—*벽) (놈—*쟈) A cripple; one who limps—in walking

빗뚝빗뚝ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To totter back and forth. *See* 짤눙짤눙ᄒᆞ다.

빗뚝ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To twist; to sprain.

빗드듸다 *v.* 蹉 (빗드딜—*딜) 듸여; 짠 To twist; to strain.

빗들빗들ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be zigzag; to pull back and forth, to slope here and there. *See* 빈굿ᄒᆞ다.

빗듯다 *v.* 드러; 론 To hear wrongly; to misunderstand. *See* 잘못듯다.

빗다다 *v.* 여; 낸 To blame one over another's shoulders; to blame wrongfully. *See* 빗걸다.

빗다놋코 *v.* Blaming one over the head of another; censuring one indirectly.

빗물 *n.* 雨水 (비—*우) (물—*슈) Rain water; soft water.

빗새다 *l.* 여; 샌 To be indifferent, to be hard to please.

빗솔 *n.* 梳刷 (빗—*스) (슈쇄 -*쇄) A brush for cleaning a comb.

빗장 *n.* 門 (문빗장—*관) The crossbar—of a gate; a fence post.

빗접 *n.* 梳帖 (빗 -*소) (혀—*협) An oil paper wrap for combs.

빗접고비 *n.* A rack for holding comb cases.

빗최다 *v.* 照 (빗쵤—*죠) 여; 최 To shine; to reflect; to enlighten.

빗주다 *v.* 債給 (빗—*채) (줄 *급) 여; 준 To lend at interest; to loan money at interest.

빗쥬거라다 *v.* 거려; 린 To be quick-tempered. To pout. To scamper; to skip about. *See* 셋쥬거리다.

셋쥭셋쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To make faces at; to make mouths at. To be pointed; to protrude. *See* 셋쥭셋쥭ᄒᆞ다.

셋쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pointed; to be sharp; to protrude. To pout. *See* 셋쥭ᄒᆞ다.

빗지다 s. 負債 (짐—*부)(빗—*채) 빗지, 진 To contract debts; to get into debt.

빗치기 s. A brush or flat instrument for cleaning combs.

셋치다 s. 셋쳐; 친 To slope; to incline; to be askew. To mark to the left—in character writing. To be fatigued.

빗탈 s. 瓜岸 (기우러질—*쥭)(언덕—*안) The foot of a hill or mountain. The slope of a hill. *See* 두던.

빗탈거름 s. The gait of a drunken man.

빗튼다 t. 捻 (빗틀—*진) 러; 튼 To twist; to turn. (v.t.) *Also* 빗틀다.

빗틀거름치다 s. 듬쳐; 친 To stagger; to wabble from side to side.

빗틀다 t. 捻 (빗틀—*진) 어; 튼 To twist; to turn. (v.t.)

빗틀빗틀ᄒᆞ다 s. To be twisted; to be turned.

*빙거 s. 憑據 의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (웅거) Proof, evidence; a guarantee. *See* 증참.

*빙거ᄒᆞ다 s. 憑據 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (웅거) To prove; to test. *See* 의거ᄒᆞ다.

*빙고 s. 氷庫 (어름)(고집) An ice-house a storehouse for ice.

*빙고ᄒᆞ다 s. 憑考 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (샹고) To examine; to make proof of. *See* 빙거ᄒᆞ다.

*빙공영스ᄒᆞ다 s. 憑公營私 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (공번될, 경영ᄒᆞᆯ, 스ᄉᆞ로ᄋᆞᆯ) To use government authority dishonestly—in order to gain one's private ends.

빙그레 s. 莞爾 (우슬—*완) (너—*이) Smiling; grinning.

빙그레웃다 s. 우셔; 슨 To grin; to smile broadly.

빙그레ᄒᆞ다 s. 莞爾 (우슬—*완) (너—*이) To smile; to grin.

빙글 s. Round about; completing the circle

빙글방글 s. 莞爾 (우슬—*완) (너—*이) To laugh to oneself; to smile; to grin.

빙긋방긋 s. 莞爾 (우슬—*완) (너—*이) Laughing to oneself; smiling.

*빙과즈 s. 氷菓子 (어름) (과즈) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Ice cream.

*빙뇌 s. 氷腦 (어름) (노두 *노) Camphor.

쌜둥그러지다 s. 러져; 진 To go off in a pet; to turn away pouting.

*빙렴 s. 氷殮 (어름) (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ) The disturbing of an ancestral grave by frost.

*빙례 s. 聘禮 (빙문) (례도) The custom of giving presents when paying visits of ceremony—as on marriage, betrothal, birth, coming of age, succession to property etc.

*빙례ᄒᆞ다 s. 聘禮 (빙문) (례도) To give presents when paying ceremonial visits; to make congratulatory presents.

*빙린산 s. 氷燐酸 (어름) (린화) (ᄉᆞᆯ) Acidum Phosphoricum Glaciale.

*빙모 s. 聘母 (빙문) (어미) Mother-in-law—of the husband. *See* 장모.

*빙문 s. 聘問 (빙문) (무를) The passing of compliments between kings—through an envoy.

*빙문ᄒᆞ다 s. 聘問 (빙문) (무를) To pay a visit of ceremony; to make a formal call; to enquire after a person's health

*빙부 s. 聘父 (빙문) (아비) Father-in-law—of the husband *See* 장인; 빙장.

빙빙 t. Round and round.

빙빙과거 s. 氷氷過去 어름) 어름, 시날) (갈) Passing the time—to no purpose; living to no purpose.

쌜쌜막다 s. 여; 원 To wander about; to roll about helplessly. To be desperate. *See* 쌜쌜미다.

쌜쌜ᄒᆞ다 s. To be stretched tightly—as of a string. *See* 쌜쌜ᄒᆞ다.

*빙사과 s. 氷沙菓 (어름) (모래) (과즈) A kind of candy—made of rice.

*빙산 s. 氷山 (어름) (뫼) An iceberg; an ice-mountain—descriptive of this life.

*빙석 s. 氷石 (어름) (ᄃᆞᆯ) A crystal.

*빙설 s. 氷雪 (어름) (눈) Ice and snow.

*빙슈 s. 氷水 (어름) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Ice-water.

*빙실 s. 氷室 (어름) (집) An ice-house.

*빙옥 s. 氷玉 (어름) (구슬) Ice and jade—used of what is clear, pure etc.

*빙장ᄒᆞ다 s. 氷藏 (어름) (ᄀᆞᆷᄎᆞᆯ) To store away ice in winter.

*빙쟈 s. 憑藉 (빙거) (빙쟈) A pretext; an excuse. *See* 빙거.

*빙쟈ᄒᆞ다 s. 憑藉 (빙거, 빙쟈) To make a pretext of, to depend on; to do through.

*빙장 s. 聘丈 (빙문) (길) Father-in-law of the husband. *See* 가ᄉᆡ아비.

*빙경 s. 氷徑 (어름)(길) An ice-covered road. *See* 설경.

*빙경옥결 s. 氷貞玉潔 (어름)(곧을)(구슬)(맑을) Ice chastity and jade purity—virtue. *See* 설부화용.

*빙조산 s. 氷醋酸 (어름)(초)(실) Acidum Aceticum Glaciales.

*빙쥬 s. 氷柱 (어름)(기둥) An icicle; a stalactite.

*빙증ᄒᆞ다 s. 憑證 (빙거)(증호) To verify; to examine into the correctness of. *See* 고증ᄒᆞ다.

빙충맞다 s. 마자; 진 To be worthless, to be useless; to be good for nothing *See* 변변찮다.

*빙탄 s. 氷炭 (어름)(숫) Ice and burning charcoal—incompatibilities; enmity *See* 갈등.

*빙탄잔 s. 氷炭間 (어름)(숫)(ᄉᆞ이) Between ice and charcoal—incompatibility; enmity. *See* 구슈잔.

*빙탕 s. 氷糖 (어름) (엿—*당) Rock-candy; rock-sugar.

*빙판 s. 氷板 어ᄂᆞ (판조) A surface of ice; an ice flat. *Also* 어름판.

*빙폐 s. 聘幣 (빙문) (폐빅) Presents given when paying visits of ceremony; congratulatory presents made on occasions of marriage, betrothal, birth, coming of age, succession of property etc.

*빙표 憑票 (의지홀) (표) A note of identification; a passport. (맛다).

*빙히 s. 氷海 (아름) (바다) A frozen sea.

*빙히ᄒᆞ다 s. 氷解 (어름) (플) To melt; to be dissolved; to disappear.

ᄇᆞ라다 s. 望 (ᄇᆞ랄 *망) 라; 란 To hope for; to look with expectation.

ᄇᆞ라보다 s. 望見 (ᄇᆞ랄—*망) (볼—*견) 아; 본 To look towards; to look up to.

ᄇᆞ랄것업다 s. 無所望 (업슬 *무) 바—*소) (ᄇᆞ랄 *망) 서, 슨 To have no hope; to be helpless.

ᄇᆞ랄 s. 望 (ᄇᆞ랄 *망) Hope; expectation. *See* 소망.

ᄇᆞ려두다 s. 抛置 ᄇᆞ릴 *포) (둘 *치, 두워; 둔 To leave alone; to lay aside.

ᄇᆞᄅᆞ다 s. 迅 (ᄉᆞᆯ물—*신) ᄉᆞᆯ나; 서른 To be quick; to be swift. *See* 놀ᄂᆡ다.

ᄇᆞ리다 s. 棄 (ᄇᆞ릴—*긔) ᄇᆞ려; 린 To throw aside, to abandon *See* ᄂᆡ여ᄇᆞ리다; ᄇᆞ리다

ᄉᆞᆯ니 s. 速 (ᄉᆞᆯ물—*속 Quickly, swiftly. *See* 속ᄒᆞ

*봉연히 s. 浡然 (니러날 (그릴) Copiously; abundantly, (ᄆᆞᆯ)

*봉연히 s. 艴然 노ᄒᆞ (그릴) Angrily; fiercely. (Comp.)

*봉연변색ᄒᆞ다 s. 勃然變色 (노ᄒᆞ (그릴 변ᄒᆞᆯ) 빗 To change countenance suddenly—as from anger.

ᄇᆞᆰ다 s. 明 (ᄇᆞᆰ을—*명) 아; 온 To be bright; to be clear; to be brilliant. *Opp.* 어둡다. *See* 환ᄒᆞ다.

ᄇᆞᆰ아ᄂᆡ다 s. 紅 (ᄇᆞᆰ을—*홍) ᄇᆞᆰ애; 안 To be red or scarlet. *See* ᄇᆞᆰ웃ᄇᆞᆰ웃ᄒᆞ다.

ᄇᆞᆰ웃ᄇᆞᆰ웃ᄒᆞ다 s. 紅 (ᄇᆞᆰ을—*홍) To be spotted red.

ᄇᆞᆰ히다 s. 明之 (ᄇᆞᆰ을—*명) (갈—*지) ᄇᆞᆰ히; 힌 To make clear; to make manifest; to throw light upon.

ᄇᆞᆱ다 t. 踐 (ᄇᆞᆱ을—*쳔) 아; 온 To tread on; to step on; to trample.

ᄇᆞᆱ히다 t. 踐 ᄇᆞᆱ을—*쳔) ᄇᆞᆱ히; 힌 To be trodden on; to be trampled

ᄇᆡ s. 舟 (*쥬) A boat; a ship; a junk. (ᄒᆞᆫ다) (ᄲᅥ나다). *See* 목마.

ᄇᆡ s. 腹 (*복) The abdomen; the stomach (부ᄅᆞ다) (곱호다). *See* ᄇᆡ쎄기.

ᄇᆡ s. 梨 (*리) The pear.

ᄇᆡ s. A word used with a numeral meaning—so many times.

*ᄇᆡ결젼 s. 排結錢 (버릴) (미질) (돈) Land taxes in money.

*ᄇᆡ게 t. 拜啓 (졀) (엳) A respectful term used in the commencement of a formal letter.

ᄇᆡᄭᅮᆷ s. 臍 (*제) The navel.

ᄇᆡᄭᅮᆷ s. The squares on a *putok* board. *See* 어복뎡.

ᄇᆡᄭᅮᆷ츅외 s. A variety of melon—with a point at one end.

ᄇᆡ곱호다 s. 飢 (쥬릴—*긔) 곱하; 흔 To be hungry. *See* 시장ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄇᆡ교ᄒᆞ다 t. 背敎 (돌) (구ᄃᆞᆯ칠) To change one's religion; to become a pervert.

*ᄇᆡ국렴 s. 裵克廉 (셩) (이렴) (청렴) A. D. 1349 F. S. 星山. A minister of state Tă-jo.

*ᄇᆡ긔긔 t. 排氣機 (버릴) (긔운) (틀) An air-pump; air-hole.

비경 s. 船路 (배—*길) (길 -*로) The channel for ships as in a river. *See* 슈로.

비나무 s. 梨木 (비—*나) (나무—*목) A pear tree.

비다 s. 密 (섹쎅—*밀) 여; 빈 To be close; to be fine; to be tight. *See* 촘촘ᄒᆞ다.

비다 s. 孕 (유희밸—*잉) 여; 빈 To conceive; to be pregnant; to be with child.

비다르다 s. 異腹 다 [illegible] 비 ᄃᆞ 달나; 다 . To be born of a different mother.

*비당금 s. 配當金 (빽) (맛당) (쇠) Dividends

*비당ᄒᆞ다 s. 配當 (빽) (맛당) To pay a dividend

비쎗나다 s. 나; 난 To be sick at the stomach—from intemperate eating. *See* 창괴나다.

*비예ᄒᆞ다 s. 背題 (등) (쓸) To write the decision on the back of a petition—as an official. To counteract one official's orders through another.

*비명ᄒᆞ다 s. 排定 (버릴) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To decide on; to settle on. *See* 분비ᄒᆞ다.

*비도 s. 裵度 (성) (지날) D. A. D. 839. A celebrated statesman of the later period of the 唐 (당) dynasty. He ennobled as 晉國公 (진국공) for distinguished military services.

*비도ᄒᆞ다 l. 倍道 (곱) (길) To go double one's distance—on the road; to go quickly.

*비도ᄒᆞ다 l. 背道 (비반) (길) To renounce a religion or doctrine. *Opp.* 입교ᄒᆞ다; 입도ᄒᆞ다

*비독ᄒᆞ다 l. 拜讀 (절) (닑을) To read or peruse respectfully.

비ᄇᆞᆯ다 s. 아; 돈 To circle about; to idle about. (Dim.) *See* 베ᄃᆞᆯ다.

*비돈 l. 背屯 [illegible] in Kyong-sang-do

세드득세드득ᄒᆞ다 s. To squeak; to squeeze tightly; to creak.

세드득ᄒᆞ다 s. To squeak; to creak.

비쎄기 s. 腹 (비—*복) The stomach; the abdomen. *See* 비.

비라먹다 s. 여; 은 To beg. (Dim.) *See* 비러먹다.

*비랑 l. 背嚢 [illegible] 당) A Buddhist's bag; a soldier's knapsack.

비랑방이 s. [illegible] (Dim.) *See* 비령방이.

*비랑 l. 背梁 (등) (들처) A naval station in Kyong-sang-do.

*비렬ᄒᆞ다 s. 排列 (버릴) (벌) To arrange; to set in order; to place in a row.

*비례 l. 陪隷 (모실) (종) An attendent; a servant; a page.

*비례ᄒᆞ다 / 拜禮 (절) (례도) To worship; to bow down before—as a god; applied also to respectful salutations paid to the emperor.

*비령ᄒᆞ다 / 拜領 (절) 쵸치ᄅᆞᆨ) To receive respectfully as a gift from a superior.

*비뢰 l. 蓓蕾 (봇봉오리) (봇림) A bud; a flower yet to open.

*비롱 l. 排籠 (버릴) (롱) A hanging basket over a brazier—in which to dry things. A box in which a person having the itch is fumigated.

*비률 s. 排律 (버릴) (법) A kind of verse [illegible] in examinations—in which the characters are arranged as contrasts.

비리다 s. 腥 (비릴—성) 려; 린 To be rank; to smell frowzy; to have a fishy smell. (Dim.) *See* 버리다.

비린내 s. A smell of what is green etc.

비릿비릿ᄒᆞ다 s. To have a strong smell—as of fish.

비목 s. A book; a door fastening. *See* 걸쇠

*비목 s. 排木 (버릴) (나무) Rafter logs.

*비문 s. 配文 (빽) (글) A list of the crimes of one sent into exile.

비비리ᄒᆞ다 s. 匍伏 (길—*포) (엎딜—복) To creep; to crawl of a child.

*비반 s. 杯盤 (잔) (소반) A tray for carrying food. *See* 교조.

*비반 s. 盃盤 (잔) (소반) Wine-cups and plates.

*비반ᄒᆞ다 l. 背叛 (등) (비반) To rebel; to revolt. *See* 반역ᄒᆞ다.

*비반ᄒᆞ다 l. 背反 (등) (도리킬) To break a promise; to violate an engagement; to go back on one's word.

*비방 s. (쎙) 陪房 (모실) (방) Side buildings—as the servants quarters.

[illegible] 비 다난) 물) A matter of no account. [illegible] 욕 ᄇᆞᆫ단.

비부르다 s. 飽 (비부를—*포) 부너; 불른 To be satisfied; to have eaten enough. *Opp.* 시장ᄒᆞ다.

*비불ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] To [illegible] up —of Buddhist worship only.

비분녹이 s. A corpulent person. Whatever bulges out.

비비다 s. 撰(짤을—*잔)여; 된 To turn round and round—as a drill.

*비비하다 s. 排備(버릴)(갖출) To make arrangements for; to prepare for.

비비 t. Together—as strings twisted. (꼬다). *See* 비비.

*비산하다 s. 排算 (버릴) (초하로) To reckon by the month; to take monthy accounts. *See* 비년하다.

비쌀 s The side; the stomach—used in speaking of a stitch or pain. (뜻뜻하다)(결니다). *See* 비심.

*비샤하다 t. 拜謝(절)(사례) To thank; to express acknowledgments.

*비상 t. 拜上 (절) (웃) "My respects." (Epist.)

*비상 s. 賠償 (갑흠)(갑음) Reparation, blood money; amends, compensation; indemnity; recompense. (물다). *See* 벌금

*비상금 s. 賠償金 (바장) (갑흠) (쇠) Indemnity.

비석 s. A port; an anchorage. (Prov.)

*비석 t. 拜席 (절) (돗) A kneeling mat—as for worship.

*비설방 s. 排設房 (버릴) (베플) (방) A room where objects used in royal receptions are kept; the officer in charge of the *Pisŏlpang*.

*비설하다 s. 排設 (버릴) (베플) To arrange; to set in order—a place for the reception of guests.

*비소 / 配所 (짝) (바) A place of exile; exile. *See* 역소.

*비소가다 t. 配所 (짝) (바) 가; 간 To go into exile. *See* 명비가다

*비송내다 / 陪送 모실 보낼 여 낸 To send away with ceremony—as a guest or friend.

*비송하다 / 陪送 (모실) (보낼) To see away as a guest, or as the spirit of smallpox. *See* 전송하다.

*비송하다 / 背誦 등 외울 To repeat to memorize anything written.

*비수 t. 倍數 (갑절) (두어) Multiple.

*비수당 t. 排水堂 (헷칠) (물) (헤아릴) The tonnage—as of a ship.

*비수진 t. 背水陣 (등) (물) (진칠) A last resort—as of troops on defensive.

*비수하다 t. 拜受 (절) (받을) To receive; to acknowledge the receipt of.

*비승하다 t. 拜承 (절) (이을) To take note of; to hear with respect—used exclusively in writing and with reference to the action of the writer only.

*비승하다 t. 倍勝 (갑절) (이길) To be superior; to surpass; to be greater. *See* 월등하다.

*비승하다 t. 陪乘 (모실) (탈) To ride, either on horse back or in a carriage, in company with others; to ride together.

*비식하다 t. 培植 (북도들) (심을) To feed; to nourish; to rear; to cultivate—as plants.

*비식하다 / 陪食 모실 (밥) To eat with others; to eat together; to take meals in company; to take part in a banquet.

*비식하다 s. 配食 (짝) (밥) To serve food; to place the dishes before the guests at a dinner.

*비신 t. 陪臣 (모실) (신하) A retainer in waiting; a body-servant.

*비신하다 t. 背信, 비반(등울) To commit a breach of faith.

*비심 t. 背心 (등) (모음) A rebellious heart; a traitorous mind. (먹다). *See* 반심.

*비스하다 t. 倍蓰 갑절, 오갑절) To increase; to be many times a large as—the thing itself was, or something else with which it is compared; to surpass largely, to exceed greatly.

*비스하다 t. 拜辭 (절) (하직) To decline; to refuse—used in writing by an inferior when addressing a superior.

세알 s. A kind of sea-grass. *See* 참조.

비알이 s. 脾痛 (비—*복) (알흠—*흠) The bowels; the intestines. *See* 복흠.

비알하다 s. 脾痛 (비—*복) (알흠—*흠) 하; 흔 To have a pain in the stomach.

비알하다 / 陛謁 섬돌 뵈올 To present one's self before His Majesty; to have an audience of the Emperor.

비알 s. 蛇 (*사) A snake; a serpent. *See* 구렁이.

비알회쌀기 s. A kind of wild raspberry.

비암장어 s. 鰻鱺 (*만)(*리) The eel.

비앗다 s. 吐 (비앗흠—*토) 하; 흔 To spit out. *See* 토하다.

*비약하다 t. 背約 등 언약 To break a treaty.

*비양ᄒᆞ다 s. 培養 (북도둘) (기를) To bring up children well; to nourish; to foster; to tend; to train and develop the intellect. *See* 교육ᄒᆞ다.

*비여위ᄒᆞ다 l. 配與委托 (쌱) (즐) (부릴) (부탁) Assignment.

*비여ᄒᆞ다 l. 配與 (쌱) (즐) To allot.

*비역ᄒᆞ다 l. 背逆 (등) (거ᄉᆞ릴) To revolt; to rise against the king.

*비우 s. 俳優 (광대) (광대) An actor.

*비우 s. 配偶 (쌱) (쌱) A match; a couple; a spouse.

*비우ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] (천홀) Low actors; common stagemen

*비우ᄒᆞ다 l. 配偶 (쌱) (쌱) To unite (as in marriage); to match.

*비윤ᄒᆞ다 s. 白雲菜 (흰—*빅) (구름—*운) (캘기 *하) A large variety of chrysanthemum.

*비은망덕ᄒᆞ다 l. 背恩忘德 (등) (은혜) (닉길) (큰) To cast aside a favor and forget a kindness; to be ungrateful.

*비은ᄒᆞ다 l. 背恩 (등) (은혜) To forget a favor; to be ungrateful.

*비인 s. 裴頠 (성) (몸) B. circa, A. D. 130. A great literary man of China.

*비접 l. 配貼 (쌱) (붓칠) A patch pasted on.

*비젹ᄒᆞ다 / 配貼 (쌱 붓칠 [illegible] thickly with paper. *See* 부치다

*비죵 / 陪從 모실 [illegible] a follower; the retinue of a nobleman.

*비죵ᄒᆞ다 l. 陪從 (모실) (좃칠) To follow; to attend upon.

*비즁지 l. 倍重器 (갑졉) (무거울) (그릇) Multiplicator.

*비즁디게 / 倍重器가 [illegible] 지) (게교) Multiplicator.

*비직 / 陪持 모실 가 [illegible] courier.

비직비직ᄒᆞ다 s. To be close; to be fine; to be thick.

비질ᄒᆞ다 s. 行船 (ᄃᆞ닐—*힐) (비—*션) To put out—of a boat; to set sail. *See* 힝션ᄒᆞ다.

비짐 s. 船卜 (비—*복) (졍—*복) Cargo by boat; goods brought by junks. *See* 션복

*비ᄌᆞ l. 背子 (등) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A vest; a waistcoat. (닙다). *See* 갓ᄃᆞᆼ거리.

비착비착ᄒᆞ다 s. To tremble; to be weak.

*비차ᄒᆞ다 l. 貸借 (줄) (빌) To borrow.

비창 s. A ship's hold.

*비척 l. 排斥 (빅칠) (물니칠) Exclusive.

*비척ᄒᆞ다 s. 背斥 (등) (물니칠) To expel; to drive back. To go back on one's word. *See* 반ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

*비천 s. 白川 (흰 —*빅) (내 *천) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.00. Long 1[illegible]

비추 l. 白菜 [illegible] *빅) (나물 —*치) Cabbage. *See* 비

*비출ᄒᆞ다 s. 現出 (부러) (날) To appear in large numbers; to be plentiful.

*비치ᄒᆞ다 s. 排置 (버릴) (둘) To arrange; to set in order; to provide for before hand. *See* 비포ᄒᆞ다

*비칙비칙ᄒᆞ다 s. To smell—as milk; to have a strong odor. (Dim.) *See* 비칙비칙ᄒᆞ다.

비ᄎᆞ l. 白菜 (흐—*빅) (나물—*치) Cabbage. *See* 비추.

비ᄒᆞᆷ이 s. 腹 (배 *복) The belly; the abdomen. (Low.)

비ᄐᆞ다 s. 乘船 (ᄐᆞᆯ—*션) (비—*션) To go on board a ship. *See* 승션ᄒᆞ다.

*배ᄐᆡ s. 胚胎 (으히밸) (ᄐᆡ) Conception; pregnancy, conception, origin; germ.

*비틱ᄒᆞ다 s. 胚胎 (으히밸) (ᄐᆡ) To conceive; to be conceived; to be in a state of inception; to be formed in the mind, originate; to be pregnant.

*비포ᄒᆞ다 s. 排鋪 (버릴) (깔) To arrange; to set out. *See* 경영ᄒᆞ다.

비[illegible] 박 [illegible] married couple [illegible] 빅

*비합ᄒᆞ다 l. 配合 (쌱) (ᄒᆞᆸ) To fit; to match; to suit; to agree. *See* 아오르다.

*비합ᄒᆞ다 l. 配享 (쌱) (누릴) To be admitted to membership in a Confucian temple.

비호다 s. 學 (비홀—*학) 비화; 흔 To study; to learn. *See* 슈학ᄒᆞ다.

*비회ᄒᆞ다 s. 飛翻 (가닐) 거닐) To fly to [illegible] be irresolute. *See* 거닐다

[illegible] 背後, 등[illegible]) The back, the rear, lying with the back toward; facing backwards

*비ᄒᆞ다 l. 俾 (비홀) To give a commission to; to give office to. *See* 봉ᄒᆞ다.

*비힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 陪行 (모실) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To accompany a superior; to follow in service. *See* 모시다.

*빅 s. 白 (흰) White—in contrast to other colors. *Opp.* 흑.

*빅 s. 百 (일빅) A hundred

*빅 s. 伯 (맛) The third grade of nobility—an earl. The title of the governor of a province.

*빅가셔 s. 百家書 (일빅)(집)(글) Family writings.

*빅간쥭 s. 白竿竹 (흰, (대)(대) A white pipe-stem.

*빅개조 s. 白芥子 (흰)(겨조)(아돌) White mustard.

*빅강잠 s. 白殭蠶 (흰)(죽을)(누에) White stiffened silkworms—as they are put before spinning the cocoons (a medicine.)

*빅거이 s. 白居易 (흰)(살 ᄉᆞᆯ옴 \ D. 772-846. \ noted poet of the Tang dynasty. *See* 빅락텬.

*빅계 s. 百鷄 (흰) (돍) A white hen.

*빅계 s. 百計 (일빅) (계교) Many different plans.

*빅계무책 s. 百計無策 (일빅)(계교)(업슬)(묘책) A hundred plans without success—what there is no help for.

*빅계조 s. 白芥子 (흰)(계조 *개)(아돌—*조) White mustard seed.

*빅경 s. 白鏡 (흰) (거울) Spectacles with white crystals.

*빅곡 s. 百穀 (일빅) (곡식) Crops in general. *See* 잡곡.

*빅골 s. 白骨 (흰) (뼈) Human bones; the human skeleton.

*빅골난망 s. 白骨難忘 (흰) (뼈) (어려울) (니질) What is not to be forgotten while life lasts or until the bones become white. *See* 난망지은.

*빅공 s. 百工 (일빅) (장인) (Of) every kind—as of a man's ability for work.

*빅공쳔창 s. 百孔千瘡 (일빅)(구멍)(일쳔) (쳔챵) Countless wounds or sores—innumerable difficulties. *See* 동분셔쥴; 쳔창빅공.

*빅구 s. 白鷗 (흰) (갈막이) The white seagul.. *See* 갈막이.

*빅굴치 s. 白屈菜 흰) (굴쵸 나물 The Greater Celadine.

*빅귀시 s. 百句詩 (일빅) (글귀 *구, (글—*시) An ode of a hundred verses.

*빅규 s. 百揆 (일빅) (헤아릴) Officials generally; the official class.

*빅근초 s. 百根草 (일빅) (뿌리) (풀) A medicinal plant.

*빅금 s. 白金 (흰) (쇠) The white metal—silver. *See* 은.

*빅금 s. 伯禽 (맛) (새) D. B.C. 1063. A noted Chinaman, eldest son of Chu-kong.

*빅급 s. 白笈 (흰) (고리) A plant like the *Cymbidium* with pink flowers.

*빅급ᄒᆞ다 s. 白給 (흰) (줄) To give for nothing. (Comp.)

*빅긔 s. 白氣 (흰) (긔운) A white meteor.

*빅긔 s. 白旗 (흰) (긔) A white flag.

*빅긔 s. 白起 (흰) (니러날) D. B. C. 257. A great general of the state of Ts'in.

*빅과 s. 百菓 (일빅) (과일) The various kinds of fruits. The *Garcinia hebdi*

*빅관 s. 百官 (일빅) (벼슬) The various officials. *See* 만쵸.

*빅년 s. 百年 (일빅) (히) A hundred years.

빅년가긔 s. 百年佳期 (일빅) (히) (아름다올) (긔약) A hundred year happy bond a marriage contract.

*빅년초 s. 百年草 (일빅) (히) (풀) The century-plant.

*빅년회 s. 百年會 (일빅) (히) (모들) A century celebration.

*빅년히로ᄒᆞ다 s. 百年偕老 (일빅) (히) (ᄒᆞᆨ긔) (늙을) To grow old together, to be an old couple.

*빅녕동 s. 白檸檬 (흰) (나모) (나모) Lime fruit.

*빅단 s. 百端 (일빅) (옷) A hundred varieties; many different ways.

*빅단초 s. 百端草 (일빅) (옷) (플) A medicinal plant.

*빅담 s. 白毯 (흰) (담) White felt.

*빅담 s. 白痰 (흰) (담) White phlegm. *See* 적담.

*빅당 s. 白糖 (빅) (엿) White sugar.

*빅덕산 s. 白德山 (흰) (큰) (뫼) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.45. Long. 129.18.

*빅뎨 s. 白帝 (흰) (님금) The Spirit of the West or Autumn.

*빅뎡 s. 白丁 (흰), 장뎡. A butcher *See* 졔ᄆᆞᆺ쳐.

*빅동 s. 白洞 (흰) (거울) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*빅동이 s. 白童 (흰) (우희) A white skinned, white haired person.

*빅동젼 s. 白銅錢 (흰) (구리) (돈) White metal coins—of the new mint of nickels.

*백동화 s. 白銅貨(흰)(구리)(화) White metal money—nickels.

*백묘 n. 白鳥 (흰)(새) A swan.

*백두 s. 白頭 (흰)(머리) A white head—of an old person. *See* 백수.

*백두구 s. 白豆蔻 (흰) (두구) (두구) *Amomum cardamomum.*

*백두옹 s. 白頭翁 (흰)(머리)(늙은이) Pasque flower, *Anemone cernua.*

*백두산 s. 白頭山 (흰)(머리)(뫼) A highest mountain in Ham-kyong-do (8700 feet high.) Lat. 42.00. Long. 128.12

*백동 n. 白銅 (흰) (동나무) *Wistaria brachybotrys.*

*백지 s. 白地 (흰) (땅) Land lying idle; uncultivated land; unoccupied ground.

*백지징세하다 s. 白地徵稅 (흰)(땅)(부를)(구실) To demand taxes where no land is held

*백대 s. 白帶 (흰) (띠) A white girdle. Leucorrhœa.

*백대 s. 百代 (일백) (대신) For many generations; for ever; in after ages.

*백대지현 s. 百代之親 (일백) (대신 갈) (친할) Relatives of many generations.

*백라 s. 白癩 [illegible] in which white spots come out on the body.

*백락 s. 伯樂 맛 옳거운 An expert in horse keeping—of Ancient China.

*백락하다 s. 白落 (흰) (떨어질) To fail; to fall short of.

*백랍 s. 白蠟 [illegible] ed on certain trees—usually that deposited by the *coccus pela* on the Chinese ash; pewter.

*백량 s. 百兩 (일백) (두) A hundred chariots—as used in a wedding ceremony. (B.O.)

*백령도 s. 柏翎島 (잣) (신령) (도읍) Berlin.

*백령백리하다 s. 百伶百俐(일백)(영리할), (일백 영리할) [illegible] native [illegible] 신간정치다

*백로 s. 白露 (흰) (이슬) "White dew," one of the 24 solar terms occurring about Sept. 8th.

*백로 n. 白鷺 (흰 백로) The eastern egret. *Egretta modesta*

*백록산 s. 白鹿山 (흰) (사슴) (뫼) A mountain in Ham-kyong-do. Lat 41.27. Long. 129.32.

*백료 s. 百僚 (일백) (동료) The various officials. *See* 백관.

*백룡 s. 白龍 (흰) (룡) A white dragon.

*백리 s. 百里 (일백) (걸릴) A hundred cares. (B. O.

[illegible] 百里奚 (일백) (마을) (엿지) 7th [illegible] A wise counsellor and [illegible] statesman of ancient China. *See* 백리.

*백립 s. 白笠 (흰) (갓) A small white bamboo hat worn in half mourning. *See* 칠립.

*백마 s. 白馬 (흰) (말) A white horse. White pieces on a checker board.

*백마강 s. 白馬江 (흰) (말) (물) A river in Chung-chöng-do.

*백마산 s. 白馬山 (흰) (말) (뫼) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do.

*백마산성 s. 白馬山城 [illegible] 말, 뫼 재 성) A fort in Kyong-keui-do. Lat 37.17 Long 126.43.

*백만 s. 百萬 (일백) (일만) A million 1,000,000.

*백만량 s. 百萬兩 (일백) (일만) (두) A million *yang.*

*백만명 s. 百萬名 (일백) (일만) (일홈) A million persons.

*백만인 s. 百萬人 (일백) (일만) (사람) A million persons.

*백만원 s. 百萬圓 (일백) (일만) (둥글) A million dollars.

*백만환 s. 百萬圜 (일백) (일만) (둥글) A million dollars.

*백면 s. 白面 (흰) (낯) Young; inexperienced.

*백면 s. 白麵 (흰) (국슈) White flour; dry vermicelli.

*백면서생 s. 白面書生 (흰) (낯) (글) (날) The unofficial literary classes. *See* 일국서생.

*백모 s. 伯母 (맛) (어미) The wife of the father's elder brother. *Opp.* 백부.

*백모 s. 白茅 (흰) (띠) Imperata arundinacea.

*백모지전 s. 百畝之田 (일백) (이랑 갈) [illegible] (M.)

*백목 s. 白木 (흰) (나무) Cotton cloth. *See* 이명.

*백문 s. 白文 (흰) (글) The text without any marks or comments added.

*백문(이)불여일견 s. 百聞不如一見 (일백) (드를) (아닐) (같을) (한) (볼) A thousand hearings are not worth once seeing

*백물 s. 百物 (일백) (물건) Various objects. *See* 각물.

*백묵 s. 白墨 (흰) (먹) Chalk. *See* 백필.

*백묵수은말 s. 白墨水銀末 (흰) (먹) 물 (은) (가루) Hydrargyri Cretae

*백묵혼화제 s. 白墨混和劑 (흰) (먹) (혼합) (화합) (약) (제) Mistura cretae

*백미 s. 白米 (흰) (쌀) Hulled rice. *See* 입쌀.

*백미 s. 白薇 (흰) (고사리) *Vincetoxicum atratum.*

*백미 s. 白梅 (흰) (매화) The white plum.

*백반 s. 白礬 (흰) (백반) Alum

*백반 s. 百般 (일백) (가지) Many times, repeatedly.

*백반 s. 白飯 (흰) (밥) Boiled rice not mixed with any other article of food. *See* 흰밥. *Opp.* 밥.

*백반 s. 百般 (일백 일반) Every; all; several; multifarious

*백반감유 s. 白礬甘油 (흰) (백반) (달) (기름) Glycerinum Aluminis.

*백발 s. 白髮 (흰) (털억) A white head. (나다.)

*백발노인 s. 白髮老人 흰) (털억 (늙을) (사람) A white haired old person.

*백발백중 s. 百發百中 (일백) (쏠) (일백) (맞칠) In a hundred shots a hundred bull's-eyes. *See* 백전백승.

*백발(이 흰 털억다 s. 白髮還黑 (흰, 털억) (도라올) (검을) To turn black again —of white hair.

*백방 s. 百方 (일백) (모) In various ways; in all the different ways one could think of; every direction, all sides.

*백방하다 s. 白放 (흰) (노흘) To acquit; to set free. *See* 백방하다.

*△백산 s. 白盤山 (흰 (구슬) 외) A mountain in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 40.11. Long. 125.50.

*백빈 s. 白濱 (흰) (가) The lowest of the nobility. Poor soil.

*백보천양ᄒᆞ다 s. 白步穿楊 (일백) (거름) (뚤을) (버들) To trace an aspen leaf at a hundred paces.

*백복령 s. 白茯苓 (흰) (복령) (복령) White "China root" a medicine *Pachyma cocos.*

*백복령 s. 白茯苓 (흰) (다시) (고기) A mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.15. Long. 128.43.

*백복신 s. 白茯神 (흰) (복령) (귀신) The inside of the white "China root."

*백부 s. 伯父 (맏) (아비) A father's elder brother. *See* 큰아바지.

*백부근 s. 百部 (일백) (떼) (뿌리) The name of a medicine

*백부장 s. 百夫長 (일백) (사나히) (어른) centurion, a subluetenant. *See* 천부장.

*백부자 s. 白附子 흰) (붓칠 (아들) White seeds of the wolf's bane *Aconitum variegatum*

*백분 s. 白粉 (흰) (가루) The white powder used by women for their faces.

*백분 s. 百分 (일백) (노흘) One per cent.

*백분법 s. 百分法 (일백) (노흘) (법) Percentage. *Also* 백분산

*백분산 s. 百分算 일백) (노흘) (산놀) Percentage.

*백분지일 s. 百分之一 (일백) (노흘) (갈) (호) Once in a hundred times, one out of a hundred. $\frac{1}{100}$.

*백분표 s. 百分標 (일백) (노흘) (표) Sign of percent .01; %.

*백붕 s. 百朋 (일백) (벗) Treasures; valuables. (B.O.)

*백비탕 s. 百沸湯 (일백) (끌을) (끌을) Boiling water; hot water—used as medicine.

*백비샤례ᄒᆞ다 s. 百拜謝禮 (일백) (절) (샤례) (례도) To bow a hundred times in thanksgiving. *See* 백배하다.

*백비ᄒᆞ다 s. 百拜 (일백) (절) To bow a hundred times. *See* 백비샤례ᄒᆞ다.

백빡ᄒᆞ다 / 窒塞 (막혁 *밀) (막혁—*밀) To be stopped up; to be obstructed. To be thick; to be stupid. *See* 총총ᄒᆞ다

백백ᄒᆞ다 / 窒塞 (막혁 *밀) (막혁—*밀) To be stopped up; to be obstructed. To be thick; to be stupid. *See* 밀밀ᄒᆞ다.

*백사 s. 白沙 (흰) (모래) White sand.

*백사과 s. 白沙瓜 흰) (모래) (과일) White melons. *See* 럭사과

*백사명 s. 白沙汀 (흰) (모래) (물가) A port situated in Whang hai do Lat. 37.49. Long. 125.10.

*백사장 s. 白砂場 (흰) (모래) (마당) White sand flats.

*백사탕 s. 白砂糖 (흰) (모래) (수수—*당) White sugar.

*백산 s. 白山 (흰) (외) A mountain in P'yong an-do. Lat. 40.28. Long. 126.57.

*빅산령 s. 白山嶺 (흰) (뫼) (고귀) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.18. Long 127.20.

*빅샤 s. 白蛇 (흰) (비암) A white snake. *See* 흑샤

*빅샤쥬 s. 白蛇酒 (흰) (비암) (술) White snake wine—a medicine.

*빅상 s. 白象 (흰) (코끼리) A white elephant.

*빅셔 s. 白鼠 (흰) (쥐) A white rat. A servant or clerk employed for a great number of years.

*빅셜 s. 白雪 (흰) (눈) White snow—a poetic expression.

*빅셰 s. 百世 (일빅) (인간) For many generations; for ever; in after ages.

*빅셰후에 s. 百歲後 (일빅) (히) (뒤) After death (Hon.)

*빅셩 s. 百姓 (일빅) (성) The various surnames—the people. *See* 인민.

*빅쇼쥬 s. 白燒酒 (흰) (불살을) (술) White distilled spirit.

*빅숑 s. 白松 (흰) (소나무) A species of pine the leaves of which are covered with white powder

*빅슈 s. 白首 (흰) (머리) A white head. *See* 빅두.

*빅슈 s. 白鬚 (흰) (슈염) A white beard; also applied as a general term to all hair on the face.

*빅슈ᄀᆞ s. 白首文 (흰) (머리) (글) The "Thousand Character Essay," or "Wh[illegible]" so called from the fact that the writer's hair turned gray in his one night of effort when composing it. *See* 쳔ᄌᆞ.

*빅슈즁신 s. 白首衆神 (흰) (머리) (바람) (귀신) A white haired old person.

*빅슉모 s. 伯叔母 (맛) (아즈비) (어미) Wife of an elder brother of the father.

*빅슉ᄒᆞ다 s. 白熟 (흰) (낙을) To simply boil —without seasoning.

*빅씨 s. 伯氏 (맛) (각씨—*시) Oldest brother. (Hon.)

*빅신슈 s. 白辛樹 (흰) (쓸) (나무) Halesia carymbosa.

*빅실ᄒᆞ다 s. 白失 (흰) (일흘) To lose altogether.

*빅ᄉᆞ [illegible] matters. *See* 범ᄉᆞ.

*빅ᄉᆞ s. 白絲 (흰) (실) White thread.

*빅식 s. 白色 (흰) (빗) White colour.

*빅악산 s. 白嶽山 (흰) (뫼부리) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do (Chang-dan.) Lat. 37 45. Long. 127.13.

*빅안 s. 伯顔 맛) (얼골) D. A. D. 1294. A noted Mongol minister of Kublai Khan.

*빅안 s. 白眼 (흰) (눈) Fleshly sight; worldly knowledge. *See* 육안.

[illegible] Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.30. [illegible] Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. [illegible]

*빅약 s. 百藥 (일빅) (약) All kinds of medicines.

*빅약(이)무효ᄒᆞ다 s. 百藥無效 일빅) (약) (없을) (효험) To be a mortal disease—against which many remedies avail nothing.

*빅양 s. 白楊 (흰) (버들) The white poplar. *Populus alba.* The aspen. *Populus tremula.*

*빅양뎌 s. 栢梁殿 (잣) (들보) (집) A noted palace of Han Mu-se.

*빅어 s. 白魚 (흰) (고기) A variety of the genus *culter*—a fish peculiar to China. The *Salanx macrodon.* A moth. *See* 빌어.

*빅옥 s. 白玉 (흰) (구슬) White jade.

*빅옥 s. 白屋 (흰) (집) A thatched cottage; hut.

*빅우션 s. 白羽扇 (흰) (깃) (붓쳐) A fan of white plumes.

*빅운 s. 白雲 (흰) (구름) White cloud.

[illegible] Nam-kak mountains in Kyŏng-keui. *Also* 빅운ᄃᆡ.

[illegible] Mountains in Ch'ŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.57 [illegible] 124.40, Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. 128.00, and Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.02. Long. 127 31.

*빅읍교 s. 伯邑考 맛) (고을) (상고) Elder son of Su-pŏk, Mun-wang.

*빅의 s. 白衣 (흰) (옷) A mourner's dress; an unofficial dress.

*빅의빅ᄃᆡ s. 白衣白帶 (흰) (옷) (흰) (ᄯᅴ) White clothes and belt—a mourning suit.

*빅의경숑 s. 白衣政丞 (흰) (옷) (정ᄉᆞ) 니ᄅᆞᆯ A white dressed Minister—one who has risen without graduating.

*빅이 s. 伯夷 (맛) (오랑캐) A noble faithful to the 은 dynasty, who died of starvation at its fall. (12th century B.C.,

*빅이숙제 s. 伯夷叔齊 (맛) (오랑캐) (아자비) (나라) Two brothers, sons of 고죽군 who were faithful ministers of China—said to have left in despair and died in Korea. (Hai-ju).

*빅이의 s. 白耳義 (흰) (귀) (옳을) Belgium.

*빅인 s. 白人 (흰) (사롬) A white man.

*빅인걸 s. 白仁傑 (흰 이질) (호걸) N. P. 1268-1669. A great teacher. N.P. Hyuam (休菴).

*빅인종 s. 白人種 (흰) (사롬) (씨) The white race.

*빅일긔도 s. 百日祈禱 (일빅) (날) (빌) (빌) Prayer (with sacrifice) for a hundred days—as to the spirits of the hills etc.

*빅일셩공ᄒᆞ다 s. 百日成功 (일빅) (날) (일울) (공) To succeed after the hundred days—of prayer and sacrifice.

*빅일산 s. 白日山 (흰) (날) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.29. Long. 127.30.

*빅일홍 s. 百日紅 (일빅) (날) (붉을) *Gomphrena globosa. Lagerstramia indica.*

*빅일히 s. 百日咳 (일빅) (날) (기침) Whooping cough.

*빅임 s. 白荏 (흰) (깨) White sesamum.

*빅작 s. 伯爵 (맛) (벼슬) Count; an earl.

*빅작부인 s. 伯爵夫人 (맛) (벼슬) (지아비) (사롬) A countess.

*빅작약 s. 白芍藥 (흰) (작약) (약) White roots of the *Paeonia albiflora.*

*빅저 s. 白苧 (흰) (모시) White grass cloth. *See* 모시.

*빅전 s. 白錢 (흰) (돈) White money—nickels. *Also* 빅동전.

*빅젼로졸 s. 百戰老卒 (일빅) (싸홈) (늙을) (군ᄉᆞ) Veterans. *See* 경난군.

*빅젼빅승ᄒᆞ다 s. 百戰百勝 (일빅) (싸홈) (일빅) (이길) To gain one hundred victories—in a hundred fights. *See* 빅발빅중ᄒᆞ다.

*빅제 s. 百濟 (일빅) (건널) *See* 빅제국; 십제.

*빅제국 s. 百濟國 (일빅) (건널) (나라) An ancient kingdom on the west of Korea that existed from 18 B.C. to 660 A.D.

*빅족산 s. 百足山 (일빅) (발) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do Lat. 37.05. Long. 127.35.

*빅족충 s. 百足虫 (일빅) (발) (버레) A "hundred legged" creature—as a centipede.

*빅죵 s. 百種 (일빅) (씨) The various kinds of plants, grains etc. *See* 빅물.

*빅쥬 s. 白酒 (흰) (술) Vinum album.

*빅쥬 s. 白晝 (흰) (낫) Broad daylight. *See* 대낫.

*빅쥬 s. 栢舟 (잣) (비) A pine barque. (B. O.)

*빅쥬발검ᄒᆞ다 s. 白晝拔劍 (흰) (낫) (빨) (칼) To draw one's sword in broad daylight.

*빅즁날 s. 百中日 (일빅) (가온ᄃᆡ) (날—일) The 15th of the 7th moon—a Buddhist sacrificial day.

*빅즁력 s. 百中曆 (일빅) (가온) (책력) A calendar for one hundred years; an almanack for an indefinitely long period.

*빅지 s. 白紙 (흰) (조히) White unused paper. *See* 소고지.

*빅지 s. 白芷 (흰) (풀) A medicine—the root of the *Iris Florentina Angelica.*

*빅질소에 s. 百般那 (일빅) (질) (일) In whatever calling it may be. *See* 범어소에.

*빅징ᄒᆞ다 s. 百徵 (흰) (물늘) To demand without authority. *See* 빅디징세ᄒᆞ다.

*빅조 s. 栢子 (잣) (아들) A pine cone. *See* 잣.

*빅조목 s. 栢子木 (잣) (아들) (나무) Timber cut from Coulter's Pine.

*빅조천손 s. 百子千孫 (일빅) (아들) (일쳔) (손ᄌᆞ) A numerous posterity.

*빅젹간두 s. 百尺竿頭 (일빅) (자) (대) (머리) The last extremity; the end of all resources. *See* 디진무.

*빅청 s. 白淸 (흰) (물을) White honey. *See* 청밀.

*빅초 s. 百草 (일빅) (풀) The various kinds of plants.

*빅초상 s. 百草霜 (일빅) (풀) (서리) Soot—that gathers on the bottom of a rice kettle—used as a medicine. *See* 검뎡.

*빅충 s. 白虫 (흰) (벌레) A variety of *Atractylis ovata.*

*빅충 s. 百虫 (일빅) (버레) The various insects and reptiles.

*빅치 s. 白痴 (흰) (어리석을) A fool; a dunce.

*빅치 s. 白雉 (흰) (꽝) A white pheasant.

*빅치진 s. 白雉鎭 (흰) (꼬리) (진뎡) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do (Song-do.)

*빅탁 s. 白濁 (흰) (흐릴) Gonorrhœa. *See* 림질.

*빅탄 s. 白炭 (흰) (숯) Hard wood charcoal. *See* 검탄.

*빅탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 白頗 (흰) (탈) To acquit, to set free. *S.* 빅방ᄒᆞ다.

*빅ᄑᆞ s. 白鐵 (흰) (쇠) White metal. *See* 함ᄑᆞ.

*빅체 s. 百體 (일빅) (몸) All the body; the various members of the body. *See* 수지.

*빅토 s. 白套 (흰) (투 —*투) Without grammatical endings—of books so written. (Prov.)

*빅토 s. 白土 (흰) (흙) White soil—used in making dishes. (마다). *See* 세사. Chalk.

*빅퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 白退 (흰) (물너갈) To send away without granting anything.

*빅퉁 s. 白銅 (흰) (구리 —*동) Pewter.

*빅ᄒᆡ s. 白苔 (흰) (이ᄭᅵ) A cataract—on the eye. A coated tongue. (안다) (혀이다).

*빅판 s. 白板 (흰) (판ᄌᆞ) Altogether; clear; clean—in the sense of lacking. *See* 전ᄒᆞ.

*빅팔념ᄌᆞ s. 百八念珠 (일빅 여ᄃᆞᆯ 념ᄌᆞ) (구슬) The Buddhist rosary of 108 beads.

*빅패 s. 白牌 (흰) (패) A diploma—given to graduates for literary rank. *Chinese* (주다). *See* 홍패.

*빅편두 s. 白扁豆 (흰) (적을) (팟) White flat beans.

*빅포장 s. 白布帳 (흰) (뵈) (장막) A white linen tent. (치다).

*빅ᄒᆡ오 s. 白鷴 (흰) (ᄭᅵ오) (ᄌᆡᆼ ᄒᆡ), *Satyra nycthemera*, *See* ᄒᆡ오ᄌᆡᆼ.

*빅학 s. 白鶴 (흰) (학) *Siberian white crane, Grus leucogeranus.*

*빅한 s. 白鷳 (흰) (새) The black tailed heron.

*빅합 s. 白鴿 (흰) (비ᄃᆞᆯ기) A white pigeon.

*빅합 s. 白合 (흰) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) The root of the golden banded lily. *Lilium auratum.*

*빅합화 s. 白合花 (흰) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The lily. *Lilium auratum.*

*빅해무실리 s. 百害無一利 (일빅) (해ᄒᆞᆯ) (업ᄉᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆫ 가지ᄅᆞᆯ) without a single gain. *See* 유해무익.

*빅향목 s. 柏香木 (잣) (향긔) (나무) The cedar.

*빅호 s. 白虎 (흰) 범 The "white tiger"—a geomantic term meaning the right side.

*빅호 s. 百會 (일빅) (모ᄃᆞᆯ —*회) The pate; the crown of the head.

*빅호 s. 白狐 (흰) (여호) White fox.

*빅호 s. 白蒿 (흰) (쑥) *Artemisia schonidtiana.*

*빅호방 s. 白毫放光 (흰) (터ᄅᆞᆯ 여) (노흘) (빗) The hair that shoots from Buddha's brow.

빅호ᄉᆞ다 ᄆᆡᆨ다 (일ᄒᆞᆫ 가지ᄅᆞᆯ ᄆᆡᆨ다, 일ᄒᆞᆫ 가지 ᄒᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ —*회) 호쳐; 천 To [illegible] the mat; To [illegible] (생ᄒᆞᆫ 토ᄆᆡᆺ치다.

빅호ᄃᆞᆷ s. 百會穴 (일ᄒᆞᆫ 모ᄃᆞᆯ —*회) (구멍 —*혈) The ridge of the head; the soft part of the skull.

*빅홍 (이) 관일ᄒᆞ다 s. 白虹貫日 (흰) (무지ᄀᆡ 예ᄋᆞᆯ 관 T [illegible] by a white bow of light—an ill-omen seen in the sun.

*빅화 s. 百花 (일빅) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The various flowers.

*빅화 s. 百貨 (일빅) (저ᄅᆞᆯ) All kinds of goods.

*빅화사 s. 白花蛇 (흰) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (빅암) A white snake.

*빅화산 s. 白華山 (흰) (빗날) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.19. Long. 128.08

*빅활ᄒᆞ다 s. 白活 (알ᄫᅪᆯ) (살) To make a request of an official by word of mouth. *S.* 반소ᄒᆞ다

빈당이 s. 蘇魚 (*소) (고기 —*어) A kind of smelt.

빈당이속 s The inside of a smelt—a vacancy; a void. (ᄇᆞᆺ다).

빗두러지다 s. 러지; 진 To be crooked to be askew. (Dim.) *See* 잉도라지다.

쎗물빗줄ᄒᆞ다 s. To be cooked; to be here and there.

쎗주거리다 s. 거리; 린 To be quick tempered; to be hasty. *See* 쎗주거리다.

쎗쥭쎗쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be fiery; to be hasty; to [illegible] *See* 쎗쥭ᄒᆞ다.

쎗쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To start out. To be quick tempered; to be hasty. *See* 쎗쥭ᄒᆞ다.

빙경문이 s. A beggar. *See* 걸인.

빙그르르 s. Humming—as a top. *See* 핑그르르.

삥ᄃᆡ *l.* The stem of the artemisia—as used in weaving.

삥삥 *l.* Humming—as a top.

삥삥ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be stretched; to be pulled tighty—as a string. *See* 핑핑ᄒᆞ다.

삥어 *l.* 白魚 (흰 —*빅) (고기 —*어) A kind of smelt.

삥줄 *l.* A string with a stone at the end—used to bring down kites. (치다).

ㅅ

ㅅ The seventh consonant of the Korean syllabary, corresponding to *s.* when an initial and to *t.* when a final.

*사 *s.* 紗 (깁) Silk gauze. *See* 깁.

사각사각ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be tender —to the teeth. *See* 연ᄒᆞ다.

*사검관 *s.* 査檢官 (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (상고ᄒᆞᆯ) (벼슬) A public inspector.

*사검ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査檢 (살실ᄒᆞᆯ) (상고ᄒᆞᆯ) To examine; to critic ze.

*사공 *s.* 沙格 (모래) (칙) Sailors; boat-Sailors —boat- J. 산ᄇᆞᆯ노리 *s.* 船 (ᄇᆞᆯ ᄃᆡ) A ladder; a stair-

*사경회 *s.* 査經會 (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A Bible class.

사괴다 *s.* 交 (사괼—*표) 어; 란 To keep company with; to be friendly with; to be intimate with. *See* 알다.

*사공 *s.* 沙工 (모래) (장인) A shipmaster; a skipper. *See* 선장.

*사구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査究 (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (상고ᄒᆞᆯ) To investigate; to examine.

*사군 *s.* 沙斤 (모래) (날) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

사군사군ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To breathe heavily; to gasp. To be submissive. *See* 합ᄃᆡ살ᄃᆞᆷᄒᆞ다.

사금 *s.* A chip from a porcelain dish. *See* 쌀뭉어.

*사금 *s.* 砂金 (모래) (쇠) Gold dust.

사금파리 *s.* A damaged earthenware dish. *See* 사금팡이.

사금팡이 *s.* A damaged earthenware dish. *See* 쌀뭉어.

*사긔 *s.* 沙器 (모래) (그릇) Porcelain or China dishes. *See* 오긔.

사긔 *s.* A crowd; a group; a surrounding company—in a fight. What is wrapped up.

사과 *s.* A special name given to melons.

*사과 *s.* 沙果 (모래) (실과) A large variety of apple.

사다 *s.* 買 (살—*뮈) 사; 산 To buy; to sell. *Opp.* 파다.

사다 *l.* To be a little longer; to be taller.

사다 *l.* 居 (살—*거) 라; 산 To live; to dwell; to reside. *See* 거ᄒᆞ다.

사다ㄴ 生 (날—*싱) 라; 산 To live; to come to life.

사다 *s.* 賜價 (쉬울—*갑) (갑 —*가) 와; 판 To get one's deserts; to receive one's due. *See* 잘코산이. To be cheap. To be dear. *See* 업ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 비싸다

사다 *s.* 裹 (살—*파) 와; 판 To wrap up. *See* 싸리다. To be interested in.

사다 *s.* 煞; 판 To be hot—of the fire; to burn well

사다 *s.* 射; 판 To let escape involuntarily—as urine. To be steep.

사닥다리 *s.* 梯 (*ᄃᆡ, ㅅ ladder; a stair-

*사단쥬쇽 *s.* 紗緞紬緞 (깁) (비단) (면쥬) 붓침 (Gauze, satin, and silk goods.

*사면 *s.* 沙田 (모래) (밧) Sand flats; shore-lands. *See* 사ᄃᆡ.

*사명 *s.* 沙汀 (모래) (물가) A sandy shallow.

*사명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査定 (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To examine and settle; to investigate and determine.

*사도 *s.* 沙島 (모래) (섬) An island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 36.04. Long. 126.04.

*사도 *s.* 姻戚 혼인 -*인 (사돈—*사) Relatives by marriage—as the father of the husband and the father of the wife. *See* 사장.

사들 *s.* A dipper-shaped fishing net with a long handle. (Prov)

사ᄆᆞᆷ사들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 枯瘦 ᄆᆞᆯ 고) 모양 *모) To be dry; to waste away; to be emaciated. *See* 사들사들ᄒᆞ다.

*사등롱 *s.* 紗燈籠 (깁) (ᄃᆞᆼ) (롱) A silk gauze lantern.

사등이 *s.* 背 (등어리—*척) The back. *See* 등살.

사등이ᄲᅧ *s.* 脊骨 (등어리—*쳑) (ᄲᅧ—*골) The backbone; the spine.

*사ᄃᆡ *s.* 沙地 (모래) (싸) Sand flats; sandy land.

사ᄃᆞᆯ이 *s.* 梯 (*ᄃᆡ) A ladder; a stair-case. *See* 사닥다리.

사ᄃᆡ다 *s.* 奔走 다라날—*분) (다라날—*주) 어; 딘 To run about; to go here and there.

*사ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査對 사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆡᄒᆞᆯ To inspect; to examine. *See* ᄃᆡ질ᄒᆞ다

사라귀 *s.* A kind of sour grass used for food. *See* 쏨바귀.

사라지 *s.* A tobacco pouch -made of double paper. *See* 쌈지.

사래답 *s.* 位番 (위번—*위) (논—*답) Paddy-fields set apart for one in charge of a grave. *See* 묘답.

사래질ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 篩米 싸를 *작, 쌀 ᄆᆡ; To clean rice—with a sieve. *See* 삽음질ᄒᆞ다. ㅇ

*사랑 *s.* 蛇梁 (빅얍) (돌처) An island in Kyong-sang-do.

*사랑도 ᄂᆞ 蛇梁島 (니얌, 돌처, 섬) An island in Ko-jé Islands. Lat. 34.49. Long. 128.14.

사로자다 *s.* 警覺 (닝써울—*경) (잘—*처) 로자; 잔 To sleep lightly; to sleep "with one eye open."

사로잡다 ᄂᆞ 生捉 (나—ᄀᆡᆼ 살오잡을 *금) 아; 온 To take alive; to capture; to make prisoner. *See* 심금ᄒᆞ다.

*사롱 *s.* 紗籠 (깁) (롱) Gauze lanterns. *See* 롱롱.

사롱 *s.* Three years old—of animals.

*사리 *s.* 沙里 (모래) (마을) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

사리 *s.* A numerative of dishes of vermicelli, rolls of rope etc.

사리다 *s.* 사려; 린 To wind; to coil; to roll up; to curl. To be careful of oneself; to be anxious about oneself. *See* 서리다.

싸리나무 *s.* 紐木 (싸리 -*쥬) (나무—*목) A variety of the locust.

사리문 *s.* 柴門 (싸리—*싀) (문 — ᄀᆞ ᄂᆞ gate made of twigs wrapped with ropes. *See* 사목 싹.

사리사리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be wound round and round. *See* 접첩경첩ᄒᆞ다.

*사질 *s.* 沙疾 (모래) (밀질) Gravel. (Pathol.)

*사립 *s.* 笠笠 (도롱이) (삿갓) Large hats and rain coats.

사립싹 *s.* 扉 (*비) A gate made of twigs etc. wrapped with ropes. *See* 사리문.

사립짝문 *s.* 柴門 (싸리 *싀) (문 *문) A gate made of twigs wrapped with ropes.

사물 *l.* 人 (*인) A person; an individual; a man or a woman.

사물스럽다 *l.* 러워; 운 To be manly; to be manlike

사마귀 *l.* The mantis. A wart; a pimple. (돗다.

*사막 *s* 沙漠 (모래) (아득홀) A desert. *See* 모래톱. ㅎ

*사망표 死亡表 (죽을) (망홀) (밧) Table of mortality.

*사모 *l.* 紗帽 (깁) (사모) A palace cap; a court cap.

*사모력 *l.* 紗帽帶 (깁) (사모) (헌덕—*안) The ridge on the front of a palace cap. (지다).

*사모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 詐冒 (거짓) (무릅쓸) To lie.

사목사목 *s.* Gently; slowly; leisurely.

*사문 *s.* 沙紋 (모래) (문처) Sand figures.

*사문 *s.* 沙門 (모래) Priests.

*사문ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 查問 사실ᄒᆞᆫ 무를, To investigate; to inquire into. *See* 국문ᄒᆞ다.

사박사박ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft—to the teeth. *See* 아삭아삭ᄒᆞ다.

*사발 *s.* 沙鉢 (모래) (발이) A dish; an earthenware bowl. *Opp.* 대접. *See* 사기

사복 *s.* The rivet, an axle-pin. The space between.

*사석 *s.* 沙石 (모래) (돌) Sand and stones.

*사선 *s.* 紗扇 (깁) (붓처) A two-handled veil made of silk and carried by high officials, bridegrooms etc. A gauze fan.

*사슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査收 (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (거둘) To exam ne and receive.

*사술 *s.* 詐術 (간사) (술법) A deceitful scheme; fraud; a falsehood; lie; prevarication

사슬 *s.* 鐵索 (쇠—*실) (새끼—*삭) A chain. *See* 쇠사슬; 사실.

사슬산적 *s.* A string of meat. *See* 산적.

사슬돈 *s.* Loose cash.

*사시 *s.* 沙匙 (모래) (슈가락) An earthenware or porcelain spoon.

사시나무 *s.* 白楊 (흰—*빅) (버들 —*양) The white willow.

사실 *s.* 鐵絲 (쇠—*실) (실—*ᄉᆞ) A chain. *Also* 사슬.

사실사실 *s.* 散說 (흐허질 -*산) (모양—*모) Separating; falling off; breaking up. (Prov.)

*사실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 査實 (사실) (실홀) To investigate; to inquire into officially; to try a case. *See* 사핵ᄒᆞ다.

*사숨 *s.* 견홀 (모래) (숨) The *Adenophora polymorpha*. *See* 더덕.

*사안 *s.* 査案 (사실홀) (칙 상) The official report of evidence etc. *See* 치안

*사어 *s.* 鯊魚 (고기) (고기) Gobius.

사어 鯊魚 ᄂᆞ 고기 Name of a big headed fish, *Sphyraena obtusata*; *Sphyraena japonica*.

사오납다 *l.* 惡 (사오나올—*악) 나와; 온 To be fierce; to be ferocious; to be cruel *See* 악ᄒᆞ다.

사위 *s.* 婿 (*서) A son-in-law. *Also* 사회.

사위 s. Fear; dread of evil omens and bad luck.

사위다 s. 燼 (직—*신) 위여; 한 To go out to vanish. *See* 꺼지다.

사위ᄒᆞ다 s. To fear, to regard as unlucky.

싸움 s. 戰 (*전) A battle; a fight; a quarrel. *Also* 싸홈.

*사음도 s. 沙音島 (모래) (소래) (섬) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.56. Long. 126.17

싸이다 s. 裹 (쌀—*과) 싸여; 인 To be hidden in, to be enveloped in; to be wrapped in

*사인 l. 砂仁 (듀사) (어질) Inferior cardamoms or "grains of paradise."

*사월곳 s. 沙月串 (모래) (돌) (헤일—*판) An island (deserted L.) in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.37. Long. 126.19

사자바르다 s. 발나; 바른 To be bold; to be daring, to be impudent.

*사장 s. 沙場 (모래) (마당) Sand flats. *See* 모래톱

*사장 s. 査丈 (사돈) (길) Male relatives by marriage. *See* 사돈.

*사지산 s. 沙峙山 (모래) (사홈) 뫼 A mountain in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.59 Long. 127.28

싸전 s A rice store. *See* 미젼.

싸젼장이 s. A rice merchant.

*사조ᄒᆞ다 s. 查照 (사실홀) (빗초일) To take into consideration.

*사셜ᄒᆞ다 s. 沙蒸 (모래) (뜰—*흠) To roll in sand—a remedy for certain sweating diseases. *See* 모래셜ᄒᆞ다.

사조 l. 刷子 (가다듬을—*쇄) (아들—*조) A brush for hats etc.

*사지 s. 渣滓 (찟기) (찟긔) Sediment; dregs. *See* 찟긔

사지다 s. 여; 진 To be plucky; to be spunky; to be fearless.

*사찰 s. 查察 (사실홀) (솝힐) Critical examination; inspection. The sergeantat-arms of a meeting.

*사찰ᄒᆞ다 s. 查察 (사실홀) (솝힐) To examine critically; to collate; to inspect.

*사천 s. 沙川 (모래) (내) Sand and streams—as of land unsuited for agriculture.

*사초 s. 莎草 (잔듸) (풀) The *Cyperus rotundus*. *See* 세.

*사초ᄒᆞ다 s. 莎草 (잔듸) (풀) To sod a grave.

*사초롱 s. 紗燭籠 (깁) (촉불—*촉) (롱—*롱) Painted silk gauze lanterns *See* 사ᄅᆞᆼ.

*사출나다 s 査出 (사실홀) 날) 나 남 To become known, to be found out. *See* 발각ᄒᆞ다

*사출ᄒᆞ다 s. 査出 (사실홀) (날) To discover, to search out.

*사치도 s. 沙峙島 (모래) (고ᄃᆞᆯ) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.20. Long. 125.25.

*사칭ᄒᆞ다 s. 詐稱 (그짓) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) To make pretences; to sail under false colors.

싸다 s. 築 (싸홈—*축) 하; 흔 To build—a wall or fortification; to pile up; to heap up; to accumulate. *See* 격치ᄒᆞ다.

*사탄 s. 沙灘 모래) (여울) A marsh.

*사탕 s 沙糖 모ᄅᆞ 엿 ᄉᆞᆼ ᄒᆞ ar.

*사탕석회액 s. 砂糖石灰液 (모래) (엿) ᄃᆞᆯ) (지) (진) Liquor Calcis Saccharatus.

*사텩 s. 沙汰 (모래) (사텩) A land-slide; a ravalanche. 노려디다. *See* 붓사.

사마하 l. 薩婆訶 (보살—*살) (계집—*과) (부지질) A Sanskrit word repeated in prayers by a certain sect of Buddhists.

*사판 s. 沙板 (모래) (판) A pan of sand in which school children practise the writing of characters.

사중맛다 s. 마자; 진 To be ill-omened; to be giddy, to be frivolous.

싸호다 s 鬪 싸홈, *투) 싸화; 흔 To wage war, to fight, to quarrel. *See* 시비ᄒᆞ다.

싸홈 s. 戰 *젼) A battle, a fight; a quarrel. *Also* 싸올.

싸호ᄂᆞᆫ다 s 戰 (싸홈—*젼) To wage war, to fight; to quarrel. *See* 싸호다.

사회 s. 婿 (*셔) A son-in-law; the husband of a daughter. *Also* 사위.

*사회 s 沙灰 모래) (지) Lime burnt from oyster shells.

사흔날 l. 第三日 (ᄃᆞᆨ째—*데) (셕—*삼) (날 *일) The third day *See* 사흘

사흘 l. 三日 (셕—*삼) (날—*일) Three days, three and day

싸히다 畜 싸홈—*축) 싸혀; 한 To accumulate, to build; to heap up. To be piled up; to be numerous.

싹ᄒᆞ다 l. To be pungent—of a smell. *See* 알캐ᄒᆞ다.

*사회ᄒᆞ다 s 査覈 (사실홀, (사회홀) To investigate; to scrutinize. *See* 사실ᄒᆞ다.

*삭 s. 朔 (초하로) The beginning of the new moon; the 1st of the month—an expression found in the government calendar. A month.

삭 s. 屑 (품팔—*꼬) Wages; pay; hire; salary. (팔다).* *See* 공전.

삭 s. 芽 (움돗을—*앙) A sprout; a bud; a shoot. (나다) (돋다). *See* 움.

삭가 s. 屑價 (품팔—*꼬) (삽—*) Salary; wages. *See* 삭전.

*삭거고립ᄒᆞ다 s. 索居孤立 (한가할) (살) (외로울) (설) To live alone and apart.

삭군 s. 屑軍 (품팔—*꼬) (군소—*군) A laborer; a day-worker. *See* 모군.

삭기 s. 索 (*삭) A straw rope. (새다).

삭기 s. 雛 (*추) The young—of animals. (치다) (나다).

*삭녕 s. 朔寧 (초하로) (편안) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 38.08. Long. 127.10.

삭다 s. 消 (살아질—*쇼) 아; 은 To ferment; to effervesce; to change—in taste.

*삭단 s. 朔端 (초하로) (끗) The beginning and the middle of the moon.

삭면 s. 陳田 (묵을 *진) (밧—*면) An old worn-out field.

삭돈 s. 工錢 (장인—*공) (돈—*전) Wages; hire. *See* 삭전; 공전.

삭둑삭둑 s. In pieces; in scraps. Involved or disjointed (sentences). *See* 싹둑싹둑.

삭마 s. 屑馬 (품팔 *꼬) (말 *마) A hired horse; a horse for hire. *See* 꼬마.

*삭망 s. 朔望 (초하로) (보름) The 1st and 15th days of the moon—the times for ancestral sacrifice.

*삭방 s. 朔方 (초하로) (모방) The north. (Comp.) *See* 북방.

삭삭 *l.* Grinding; scraping; rubbing. Frequently; often.

싹싹 *l.* Breathing heavily. Grinding; grating; cutting.

*삭삭왕래ᄒᆞ다 s. 數數往來 (자조) (자조) (갈) (올) To go and come frequently.

싹싹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be obliging; to be [illegible] 어나낙ᄒᆞ다.

*삭서 s. 朔書 (초하로) (글) Monthly written examinations—in primary schools.

*삭서지 s. 朔書紙 (초하로) (글) (조희) Paper for written examinations—held monthly in primary schools.

*삭수 s. 朔數 (초하로) (두어) The number of months.

*삭안 s. 朔安 (초하로) (편안) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

*삭역 s. 朔易 (초하로) (박글) The changing of the years—New Years. (B.H.)

삭은코 s. The ridge of the nose. A nose that bleeds easily.

[illegible] 錢 (장인—*공) (돈—*전) Wages; hire. *See* 공전.

삭정이 s. A dead limb of a tree.

*삭주 s. 朔州 (초하로) (고을) A prefecture. Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39.57. Long. [illegible]

*삭초 s. 朔草 (초하로) (풀) Monthly contributions of tobacco—in official households.

*삭풍 s. 朔風 (초하로) (바람) Winter winds.

*삭하 s. 朔下 (초하로) (아래) Monthly wages. *See* 월급.

삭히다 s. 遮爛 (부르녹을 *농) (부르녹을 *란) 삭히; 힌 To let ferment; to leave to effervesce; to let change in flavor.

*산 *l.* 算 (산둘) Counters; sticks used in counting. An abacus. (놋다) (두다). *See* 쥬.

산 s. An actor; a theatrical performer. *See* 광대.

*산 s. 山 (외) A mountain; a hill. *Opp.* 물.

*산가 s. 山家 (외) (집) A house in the hills; a mountain cottage.

싼가리 s. A cheap bargain; a cheap article. One who treats a matter of importance lightly.

*산가지 *l.* 算 (산둘) Counting sticks. *See* 수가지.

*산각 s. 山脚 (외) (두리) The base of a mountain; foot of a hill; point where the spur of a mountain begins to rise. *See* 산록.

*산간 s. 山間 (외) (소이) (Among) the mountains. *See* 산중.

*산감 *l.* 刪減 (싹글) (덜) Extermination.

[illegible] 다 [illegible] 간 감 [illegible] Exterminate. To reduce, curtail, lessen; to decrease, diminish; to become less; to dwindle; to contract.

*산거 s. 山居 (외) (살) Living in mountain; mountaineer's life; hermitage.

*산거 [illegible] 다 [illegible] To erase, to expunge; to strike out; to omit; to cancel.

*산거ᄒᆞ다 s. 山居 (외) (살) To live in the mountains.

*산계 s. 山鷄 (외) (꿩) A copper pheasant.

*산계야픅 s. 山鷄野鴈 외 들 (꿩) (야생의) The "mountain hen" or pheasant and the ibis of the valley.

*산계호다 l. 算計 (산꾀) (계교) To calculate; to make a computation.

*산경 s. 山逕 (외) (길) A mountain road. *See* 산로.

*산교 l. 產敎 (낳) (연고) Confinement; childbirth. *See* 해복.

산고대씨이다 s. 쎄여; 센 To whiten the trees—as frost or snow.

*산곡 l. 散穀 (흣곡) (곡식) Harvests that go to waste—as in war times.

*산곡 s. 山谷 (외) (골짝이) A mountain valley. *See* 산협.

*산곡간 s. 山谷間 (외) (골짝이) (소이) Mountain valley.

산굴 l. 自然銅 (스스러—*짓) (그럼—*현) (구리 —*돌) Copper ore. *See* 주연동.

*산골 s. 山谷 (외) (골짝이 —*곡) A mountain valley. *See* 두메.

*산구 s. 山口 (외) (입) Yamaguchi in Japan.

*산국화 s. 山菊花 (외) (국화) (꽃) The wild chrysanthemom.

*산군 s. 山郡 (외) (고을) A mountain official district. *See* 산읍.

*산군 s. 山君 (외) (님군) A tiger. *See* 호랑이.

*산군읍 s. 山郡邑 (외) (고을) (고을) A mountain official district. *See* 산읍.

*산귀리 s. 山燕麥 (외) (도라갈) (음) *Heb. sativa.*

산금 s. 山禽 외 (새) Mountain birds; birds which frequent hills.

*산금 l. 産金 (낳) (쇠) Native gold; gold dug from home mines.

*산긔 l. 産期 (낳) (긔약) Limit of time for birth.

*산긔 s. 疳氣 (산증) (긔운) A general term applied to pains in the loins or pelvis.

*산긔 s. 山氣 외 기운 A mountain's aspect; the atmospheres of a mountain.

*산긔예 l. 散技藝 (흣흘) (지조) (지조) Drilling soldiers by small squads.

*산민 s. 山氓 (외) (손) A mountaineer, a hermit; a recluse.

*산파 s. 産科 (낳) (과목) Obstetrics; midwifery.

*산파의 l. 産科醫 (낳) (과목) (의원) An accoucheur.

*산팍 l. 産粥 (낳) (메역) Rice gruel—for woman during confinement.

*산판 l. 散官 (흣관) (벼슬) A non commissioned official.

사나희 s. 男 (*남) A person of the male sex; a male; a husband.

사남 s. 舍監 (됴졉—*호) (배플—*시) A compassionate appearance as seen in the giving of alms. *See* 슈단.

사남 s. 三日 (석—*산) (날—*일) Three days.

산놋다 l. 打算 (칠—*하) (산꾀—*산) 노하; 호 To count—with reckoning sticks or with an abacus. *See* 산두다.

*산농 s. 山農 (외) (농스) Mountain agriculture.

*산다 s. 山茶 (외) 차) *Camellica japonica.*

*산다화 s. 山茶花 (외) (차) (꼿) *Camellia japonica.*

*산단 s. 山丹 (외) (붉을) *Lilium Concolor.*

*산달 s. 山獺 (외) (슈달) A seal; a land otter.

*산답 l. 散畓 (흣허질) (논) Paddy fields scattered here and there.

*산당 s. 山堂 (외) (집) A house before a grave—used in ancestral sacrifices.

*산뎐 l. 散田 (흣허질) (밧) Scattered fields.

*산뎐 s. 山田 (외) (밧) Dry fields—on the mountains.

*산뎡 s. 山頂 (외) (니마) Mountain peaks.

*산뎡 s. 山亭 (외) (뎡주) A mountain pleasure house, a pleasure pavilion. *See* 강뎡.

*산뎡 s. 山頂 (외) (니마) The summit of a mountain; top of a hill.

*산도 s. 山桃 (외) (복숑아) The wild peach.

*산돈 l. 算錢 (산꾀) (돈—*젼) Money used as counters in gambling.

*산동쥬 s. 山東紬 (외) (동녁) (깁) Shantung silk.

산둘님 s. 山山雨 (도라올—*회) (외—*산) (비—*우) Traveling rain-clouds.

산둘이 s. A mountaineer; one acquainted with the mountains.

산둘이 s. 大虎 (큰—*범) (범—*호) A large species of tiger. *See* 괵호.

*산되야지 s. 山猪 (외) (되야지—*져) A wild-boar.

*산동 s. 山洞 (외 골 A village in Cholla-do. Lat. 35 11. Long. 127 31.

*산동 s. 山東 (외) (동녁) Shan-tung in China.

*산됴 s. 山鳥 (외) (새) Mountain birds; birds which frequent the hills.

*산두 s. 山頭 (외) (머리) The top of a hill or mountain.

산두노름 s. The play of a masked actor.

산두다 t. 打算 (칠—*산) (산물—*산) 어, 운 To reckon; to count; to calculate—with sticks. *See* 셈놋다.

*산두도감 山頭都監 (외) 때 (다 도감) (벌) A clown; a masked actor.

산두탈 t. Mask of an actor. *See* 산두도감

산드러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be gay; to be light and airy. *See* 간드러지다.

산들산들ᄒᆞ다 s. To be gay; to be frivolous; to be light and airy. *See* 간들간들ᄒᆞ다. To be cool.

*산뜽 s. 山背 (외) (등마루—*척) A mountain ridge.

*산뜽상이 s. 山背 (외) (갈비대—*척) A mountain ridge or top.

*산디 s. 山地 (외) (자) A grave site.

*산란ᄒᆞ다 t. 散亂 놋치즐, 어지러울 To be dizzy; to be dazed, to be stupified, to be confused. *See* 어즐ᄒᆞ다.

*산란ᄒᆞ다 t. 散亂 (흣틀 어지러울) To be in a state of confusion; to lie scattered about in disorder.

*산로 l. 產勞 (낳) (슈고로울) The exhaustion which follows parturition.

*산로 s. 山路 (외) (길) A mountain road.

*산로 s. 山爐 (외) (화로) A smelting works in the mountains.

*산록 s. 山麓 (외) (산밭) The base of a mountain; foot of a hill. *See* 산각.

*산록 s. 山麓 (외) (외밭) A mountain spur that slopes down to the plane below. *See* 산부리.

*산류 s. 酸類 (실) (종류) Acid.

*산릉 s. 山陵 (외) (언덕) An Imperial tomb.

*산릉도감 山陵都監 (외) 언덕, 도감 (벌) The director of a royal funeral.

*산리 s 山理 (외) (리치) Geomancy. *See* 산운.

*산림 s. 山林 (와) (수풀) A hermit; a sage; a philosopher—who retires from the world. *See* 령현. A mountain forest.

*산림국 s. 山林局 (외) (수풀) (관) The Bureau of Foresty.

*산림식물학 s. 山林植物學 (와) (수풀) (심을) (물건) (박을) Forest botany.

*산림천원 s. 山林川澤 (외) (수풀) (내) (못) Hills, forests, streams and lakes.

*산림학 s. 山林學 (와) (수풀) (비홀) The science of forestry.

*산림학교 s. 山林學校 (와) (수풀) (비홀) (학교) A school where the science of forestry is taught.

*산마눌 s. 山蒜 (외) (마눌—*산) Mountain garlic.

산매들니다 s. 接邪 (접홀—*정) (사특—*사) 들녀; 닌 To be possessed of a spirit; to be mad.

산메조ㅅ 唐粱 (나라—*당) (아가위—*여) *Imelanchier canadensis.*

*산매ᄒᆞ다 t. 散賣 [illegible] 팔 To sell piecemeal. *Opp.* 도매ᄒᆞ다.

*산망스럽다 t. 散妄 [illegible] 망녕, 러울 To be frivolous; to be flippant; to [illegible] *See* 요망스럽다

*산망어 s. 山蟒 (외) (구렁이) A python; a boa-constrictor.

*산망ᄒᆞ다 t. 散亡 (흣흘) (도망) To be lost; to be missing; to disappear; to vanish.

산덕 t. The throat—external.

산덕골 t. The throat; the windpipe.

*산면 s. 山面 (와) (낯) The front of a mountain.

*산명슈려ᄒᆞ다 t. 山明水麗 와 (즐울) 을 [illegible] To be impressive [illegible] Hills and sparkling—of streams. *See* 산쇼슈려ᄒᆞ다.

*산모 s. 酸模 (실) (법) Dock sorrel, *Rumex.*

*산모 l. 產母 (낳) (어미) A confined woman.

*산문 l. 產門 (낳) (문) The vagina.

*산문 s. 山門 (외) (문) A Buddhist gate.

*산물 l. 散物 (흣흘) (물건) Wasted articles.

*산미 l. 散米 (흣흘) (쌀) Wasted rice grain.

*산미 l. 產米 (낳) (쌀) Rice gruel—for women during confinement. *See* 산완.

*산미 l. 酸味 (실) (맛) An acid taste; a sour flavour.

*산믹화 s. 山梅花 (외) (믹화) (꼿) Mock orange.

*산믹 s. 山脈 (와) (믹) A chain of mountains; a ridge of hills.

*산발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 散髮 (흣흘) (펄역) To have the hair down; to have the hair loose. *See* 의발ᄒᆞ다.

산방 *l.* A scaffolding.

*산방 *l.* 產房 (낟) (방) A room in which a woman is confined.

*산방 *s.* 訕謗 (우지질 비방) Slander; calumny; backbiting.

*산방 *s.* 山房 (외) (방) A country house in the mountain.

*산방ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 訕謗 (우지질 비방) To slander; to defame; to indulge in calumny.

*산법 *l.* 算法 (산물) (법) Rules of reckoning; arithmetic; mathematics. *See* 쥬법.

*산병 *l.* 酸餠 (살) (떡) A kind of cake made of rice flour.

*산병 *l.* 散兵 (흣홀) (군사) Skirmishers.

*산보ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 散步 (흣홀) (거를) To stroll about; to saunter.

*산복 *s.* 山腹 (외) (비) The side of a mountain.

*산봉 *s.* 山峯 (외) (봉오리—*봉) A mountain peak; a summit.

산봉오리 *s.* A mountain peak.

*산부 *l.* 產婦 (낟) (여누리) A pregnant woman; a woman in child-bed; a lying in woman.

*산부리 *s.* 山觜 (외) (산발—*록) Projections running from a mountain; a mountain spur. *See* 산록.

*산비ᄒᆞ다 / 酸鼻 (실) (코) To sorrow, to grieve; to be distressed.

*산빙 *s.* 山氷 (외) (어름) Mountain ice—stored up for summer use.

*산비 *s.* 山背 (외) (등) The back of a mountain.

*산빅 *s.* 山白 (외) (흰) *The Tusminum sambac.*

*산빅쥭 *s.* 山白竹 (외) (흰) (대) A dwarfish bamboo, *Bambusa senanensis.*

*산사 *s.* 山査 (외) (아가위) The hill hawthorn. *C. dilegus cuneata. See* 아가위.

*산사육 *s.* 山査肉 (외) (아가위) (고기) The fruit of the *Crataegus cuneata.*

*산산히 / 散散 (흣헛질) (흣헛질) In pieces piecemeal.

*산산조각 *l.* 散散片 (흣헛질) (흣헛질) (조각—*편; Scattered fragments.

산산포타시염 *l.* 炭酸 ..... (숫) (실) ..... Potassin barbonas.

*산산호 *s.* 山瑚蝴 (외) (산호) (산호) *Galeola septentrionalis*

*산상 *s.* 山上 (외) (우) The summit of a mountain. *Opp.* 산하.

*산서 *s.* 山西 (외) (서녁) Shan-se in China.

*산셔 *l.* 算書 (산물) (글) A book on the method of working the abacus.

*산셕유 *s.* 山石榴 (뫼) (돌) (셕류) A species of azalia which blooms in autumn.

*산세 *s.* 山勢 (외) (형세) The appearance or form of a mountain. *See* 풍질.

*산셩 *s.* 山城 (외) (재) A mountain fortress; a walled mountain town.

*산셩 *s.* 山城 (와) (지) Yamashiro in Japan.

*산소 *s.* 山所 (외) (바) An ancestral grave. *See* 묘.

*산소 *s.* 酸素 (실) (필) Oxygen. *See* 한소.

산소위ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be pretentious; to make believe; to brag.

*산수 / 算數 (산물) (두어) A reckoning; a computation; a calculation.

*산슈 *s.* 山水 (외) (물) Hills and streams; scenery.

*산슈병 *s.* 山水屛 (외) (물) (병풍) A screen painted in scenery—of hills and streams. *See* 화병.

*산슈유 *s.* 山茱萸 (외) (슈유) (슈유) A sort of dogwood used as a vermifuge, *Cornus officinalis. See* 들쥭.

*산술 / 算術 (산물) (술업) Arithmetic; the science of calculating. *See* 수학

*산술경주 *l.* 算術競走 (산물) (겨를업) (다를) (다라날) An arithmetical race. *See* 계산경주.

*산승 *s.* 山僧 (외) (즁) A mountain Buddhist.

*산슝 *s.* 山鴿 (외) (비둙이—*구) A wild pigeon.

*산식 *l.* 算式 (산물) (법) The science of adding, subtracting etc. *See* 산법.

*산신 s. 山神 (외) (귀신) A guardian spirit of a mountain. *See* 산령.

*산신나무 s. 山神木 (외) (귀신) (나무—*목) A tree planted as the guardian spirit of an ancestral grave.

*산신당 s. 山神堂 (외) (귀신) (집) A shrine to a mountain spirit. *See* 산신당.

*산신령 s. 山神靈 (외) (귀신) (신령) A chief guardian spirit of a mountain. *See* 산신.

*산신제 s. 山神祭 (외) (귀신) (제소) Sacrifice to the guardian spirits of a mountain.

*산실 l. 產室 (날) (집) A building appropriated for a woman in child bed.

*산실청 l. 產室廳 (낟) (집) (도읍) (굴) The chief officer of the 산실청.

*산실청 l. 產室廳 (낟) (집) (청) The office [illegible] the queen's confinement. (안다).

*산심 l. 散心 (흣흠) (무음) Unsettled intentions; scattered thoughts. *Opp.* 도심.

*산소 s. 山寺 (외) (절) A temple in the hill.

*산삼 s. 山蔘 (외) (숨) Mountain ginseng; wild ginseng. *See* 가삼.

*산색 s. 山色 (외) (빋) A mountain view; hill landscapes.

*산악 s. 山岳 (외) (뫼뿌리) A lofty mountain peak.

*산안 s. 山鞍 (외) (벗) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*산야 s. 山野 (외) (들) Hills and moors.

*산약 l. 散藥 (흣흠) (약) A powdered medicine.

*산약 s. 山藥 (외) (약) The yam wild and cultivated. *Dioscorea quinquelaba.* *See* 마.

*산양 s. 山羊 (외) (양) A goat; the Asiatic chamois. *See* 염소.

*산양 s. 山蔘 (외) (칠) Ginseng cultivated on the mountains.

산양재 [illegible] 산양홀 *릭) (개—*쿠) [illegible] hunting

산양군 s. 獵人 (산양—*우) (사롬—*인) A hunter, a falconer. *See* 포슈.

*산양철도 [illegible] The Sanyō rail-road in Japan.

*산양피 s. 山羊皮 (외) (양) (가죽) Goat skins.

*산양회 s. 山羊會 (외) (양) (모돌) A military station in P'yŏng-an-do.

산양ᄒᆞ다 s. 獵 (산양—*릭) To hunt—with gun or falcon; to follow the chase

*산업 l. 產業 (날) (업) Possessions; calling; trade; real estate, landed property. *See* 세간.

*산역 s. 山役 (외) (역소) Mountain work—the preparation of graves etc.

*산역ᄒᆞ다 s. 山役 (외) (역소) To prepare or repair a grave.

*산연류여ᄒᆞ다 l. 潸然流淚 (눈물) (그릴) (흐를) (눈물) To be overflowing with tear-

*산연ᄒᆞ다 s. 潸然 (초줄) (그릴) To flow of tears.

*산영수 s. 山楹樹 (외) (영화) (나무) Cranberry tree.

*산요 s. 山腰 (외) (허리) The middle of a mountain.

*산욕 s. 山慾 (외) (욕심) Desire for propitious grave sites—in order to possess oneself of prosperity etc.

*산용 s. 山容 (외) (얼골) The aspect or shape of a mountain.

*산용 [illegible] 山晴雨表 외 [illegible] 물) (그릇) A mountain barometer.

*산운 s. 山運 (외) (운수) The circle of influence or fortune emanating from ancestral graves.

산울 l. A hedge; a row of bushes.

산울타리 s. 籬 (울타리 -*번) A hedge of bushes; an evergreen hedge row.

산유어 s. A kind of dish prepared from sliced beef and eggs.

*산유즈 s. 山柚子 (외) (나무) (아돌) The mountain almond or apricot.

*산유화 s. 山有花 (외) (있을) (꼿) Field songs. *See* 메나리.

*산음 [illegible] 山蔭 외 음덕 Happiness that comes from having propitious ancestral graves. (나다).

*산읍 s. 山邑 (외) (고을) A mountain official district.

*산음 s. 山蔭 (외) (음흘) Prosperity due to the possession of propitious ancestral grave sites. *See* 산음

*산인 s. 山人 (외) (사롬) A mountaineer; hermit; recluse; people who live in the mountains; hill folk.

*산익 *l.* 產額 (낟) (나마) Amount produced; the yield; income; harvest. *See* 소출익.

*산일 *l.* 產月 낟) (둘) The ninth month of pregnancy. *See* 산삭.

산장ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 生葬 (날—*장) (장소—*장) To bury alive. *See* 생장.

*산갈 *s.* 散褐 (흩) 장, *Grabs concinnatus*

산망이 *s.* A hunter; a falconer. *See* 포수.

*산적 *s.* 山賊 (뫼) (도적) Highwaymen; bandits

*산적 *l.* 散炙 (흩허질) (구울) Meat sliced and strung on a bamboo stick. *See* 갈남.

*산전 *s.* 產前 (낟 (앞) (Before) childbirth. *Opp.* 산후

*산전 *l.* 散錢 흩ᄒᆞᆫ (돈) Change; small money. *See* 패돈.

*산전 山戰 (뫼) (사홈) Mountain warfare.

*산전수전 *s.* 山戰水戰 (뫼) (싸홈) (물) (싸홈) Fighting by sea and land; undergoing the hardships of life. *See* 만고풍상.

*산제 *s.* 山祭 (뫼) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice to the guardian spirit of a mountain.

*산제 *s.* 山猪 (뫼) (도야지 *저) A wild-boar. *See* 산도야지.

*산제담 *s.* 山猪膽 (뫼 도야지 저) (담) Wild-boar's gall—a medicine.

*산제당 *s.* 山祭堂 (뫼) (제ᄉᆞ) (집) A mountain shrine where sacrifice is offered to spirits. *See* 산신당.

*산제피 *s.* 山猪皮 (뫼) (도야지—*저) (가죽) Wild-boar skin.

*산제ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 刪除 (싹글) (덜) To cancellate. *See* 도말ᄒᆞ다.

*산정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 散政 (흩허질) (정ᄉᆞ) To appoint to office at other than the regular times which is the 6th and 12th moons. *Opp.* 도목.

*산정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 刪正 (싹글) (바를) To correct

*산조 *s.* 酸棗 (실) (대조) A wild variety of the jujube—used as a medicine.

*산조인 *s.* 酸棗仁 (실) (대조) (씨) Seeds of a wild variety of the jujube *Zizyphus vulgaris.*

*산졸 *l.* 散卒 (흩허질) (군ᄉᆞ) Scattered troops.

*산졸되다 *l.* 散卒 (흩허질) (군ᄉᆞ) 되여, 되 To become scattered—of soldiers.

*산줄기 *s.* 山根 (뫼) (뿌리 *근) The ridge line of a mountain chain.

*산쥬 *l.* 算珠 (산풀) (구슬) The beads of an abacus.

*산쥬 *s.* 山紬 (뫼) (깁) Coarse silk—as made in mountain districts.

*산쥬 *s.* 山主 (뫼) (님) The proprietor of a hill or mountain

*산쥭 *s.* 山竹 (뫼) (대) Mountain bamboo.

*산중 *s.* 山中 (뫼) (가온ᄃᆡ) Among the mountains; the middle of a mountain. *See* 산간.

*산즁ᄉᆞᆫ간 *s.* 山中羣獸 뫼 (가온ᄃᆞ) (ᄆᆞᆫ갈) (ᄉᆞᆫ갈) Tigers of the mountains. *See* 산돌이.

*산증 *s.* 疝症 (병) (증세) Hernia; rupture. *See* 산기

*산지 *s.* 山紙 (뫼) (조희) Coarse paper.

*산지도 *s.* 山地島 (뫼) (쌀) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 38.56 Long. 126.12.

*산지사방ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 散之四方 (흩허질) (갈) (녁) (모) To be scattered in all directions

*산직이 *s.* 山直 (뫼) (곳을) A servant in charge of an ancestral grave. *See* 묘직이. A serpent. (Prov.)

*산진수궁 *s.* 山盡水窮 (뫼) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (물) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) No way either by water or land—in straits. *See* 다진무.

*산진이 *s.* 山隼 (뫼) (ᄆᆞᆨ을) A mountain falcon or wild falcon. *See* 슈진.

*산진히미 *s.* 山珍海味 (뫼) (보비) (바다) (맛) Various delicacies from mountains and seas.

*산진히착 *s.* 山珍海錯 (뫼) (보비) (바다) (섹길) Mountain rarities and sea flavors—all kinds of rich viands.

산짐 *l.* The tides on the 12th and 27th days of the moon.

산즈 *s.* Roof lathing on which the mud for the tiles is placed.

산즈 *l.* Cake made from wheat flour, oil etc

*산지각쳐ᄒᆞ다 散在各處 (흩흔) (엇골) (각) 곳 To be scattered here and there

*산지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 散在 (흩흘) (엇골) To be scattered; to be here and there.

*산천 *s.* 山川 (뫼) (ᄂᆡ) Mountains and streams. *See* 강산.

*산천긔도 *s.* 山川祈禱 (뫼) (ᄂᆡ) (빌) (빌) A prayer (with sacrifice) offered on a mountain.

*산청 *s* 山淸 (뫼 (묽을) A precinct in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.14. Long 127.54.

*산초 l. 散草 (흐터길) (풀) Coarse tobacco—for common use. *See* 절초.

*산초 s. 山椒 (외) (대조—*조) A wild variety of the jujube or date.

*산초 s. 山草 (외) (풀) Mountain tobacco.

*산초 s. 酸草 (실) (풀) Sheep-sorrel.

*산촌 s. 山村 (외) (마을) A mountain village.

*산총 s. 山蔥 (외) (파) *Allium Victorialis.*

*산초 s. 山椒 (외) (호초) A tree from the nuts of which oil is made. The *Xanthoxylon piperitum.* *See* 분지.

*산치자 s. 山梔子 (외) (치자) (아돌) Seeds of the *Gardenia florida*—used for yellow dye and medicine

*산치ᄒᆞ다 l. 散置 (흐터) (둘) To lie scattered here and there; to be dotted about.

*산칠 s. 山漆 (외) (옷칠) Rhus tricocarpa.

*산침제원계 s. 酸沈劑月桂 (실) (즘길) (약저울) (물) (계슈) Infusum Rosae Acidum.

*산채 s. 山菜 (외) (나물) Mountain vegetables. *Opp.* 야소.

산코 l. Snoring—in pretence of sleep. (고다).

산코고다 l. 라; 곤 To snore—of one pretending to sleep.

산타령 s. A kind of song—with a chorus to the mountains. *See* 득조박이.

*산탁목 s. 山啄木 (외) (또울) (나무) Green woodpecker.

*산탈 s. 山頃 (와) (탈) Disaster—due to having an unpropitious grave site. *See* 산화

*산턱 s. 山頂 (와) (니마 —*면) A mountain slope; a cliff.

*산통 l. 算筒 (산풀) (통) A kind of dice-box—for throwing divining sticks. A case for counting sticks. *See* 수통.

*산틀 s. 山澤 (외) (못) Mountains and lakes.

*산파 l. 産婆 (날) (계집) A midwife.

*산판 l. 算板 (산풀) (판지) An abacus. *See* 쥬판.

*산판 s. 山坂 (와, 언덕) A mountain slope—for burial sites or from which firewood is cut. *See* 산록.

*산편두 s. 山扁豆 (외) (적울) (콩) Mimosaleaved cassia, *Cassia mimosoides.*

*산포 s. 山砲 (외) (총) Mountain artillery.

*산포도 s. 山葡萄 (외) (포도) (포도) Wild grapes.

*산포ᄃᆡ s. 山砲隊 (외) (총) (떼) A company of mountain artillery.

*산포슈 s. 山砲手 (외) (총) (슈) A mountain hunter.

*산포ᄒᆞ다 l. 散布 (흐흘) (펼) To scatter about; to distribute broadcast.

*산표 l. 算標 (산풀) (표) Sign.

*산피 s. 山皮 (와) (가죽) A badger skin.

*산하 s. 山下 (외) (아래) Below a mountain; the region at the base of a mountain; ground at the foot of a hill.

*산하 s. 山河 (외) (물) Mountains and rivers; hills and streams.

*산학 l. 算學 (산풀) (비홀) Arithmetic. *See* 산법.

*산학박ᄉᆞ l. 算學博士 (산풀) (비홀) 넘울 (선비, Professor of Mathematics. *See* 수학박ᄉᆞ

*산학차 算學差 (산풀) (비홀) (어긔여질) Arithmetic difference.

*산혈 s. 山穴 (외) (구멍) A site for a grave.

*산협 s. 山峽 (외) (골학이) The region adjoining a mountain. *See* 두메.

*산형 s. 山形 (외) (형상) Yamagata in Japan.

*산호 s. 珊瑚 (산호) (산호) Coral; coral beads, red coral.

*산호만세 s. 山呼萬歲 외 (부를) (일만) (히) The hills cried out "Long live the Emperor"—echoed the sound.

*산호슈 s. 珊瑚樹 (산호) (산호) (나무) Coral.

*산호충 s. 珊瑚蟲 (산호) (산호) (버레) Coral polyp.

*산호치 s. 珊瑚菜 (산호) (산호) (나물) The beet.

*산후 l. 産後 날 (뒤) (After childbirth *Opp.* 산젼.

*산후발증 l. 産後發症 (날) (뒤) (닥울) (증세) Sickness following parturation.

*산히 s. 山海 (외) (바다) Hills and seas, land and water.

*산히당 s. 山海棠 (외) (바다) (아가위) *Pirus Taringo.*

*산ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 算 (산풀) To reckon, count, or compute; to calculate.

*산화 *s.* 山禍 (외) (지화) Misfortune arising from the possession of unpropitious ancestral grave sites. *Opp.* 산음.

*산화 *s.* 山火 (외) (불) Fires on the mountains.

*산화막니시염 *s.* 酸化 . (살) (될) .... Magnesn.

*산화싸리염 *s.* 酸化 ..... (살) (될) ... Barii Oxidum

*산화슈소 *s.* 酸化水素 (살) (될) (물) (흰) Oxide of Hydrogen

*산화쏘듸염 *s.* 酸化 ..... (살) (될) ... Sodii Oxidum.

*산화슈소 *s.* 酸化水素 (살) (될) (물) (흰) Oxide of Hydrogen.

*산화아연 *s.* 酸化亞鉛 (살) (될) (버금) (납) Zinci Oxidum.

*산화아연유고 *s.* 酸化亞鉛油膏 (살) (될) (버금) (납) 기름, 기름, Unguentum Zinci Oxidi

*산화안죄모니염 *s.* 酸化 ..... (살) (될) Oxide of Antimony.

*산화연 *s.* 酸化鉛 (살) (될) (납) Plumbi Oxidum.

*산화염 *s.* 酸化焰 (살) (될) (분쏫) Oxidizing flame.

*산화은 *s.* 酸化銀 (살) (될) (은) Argentis.

*산화질소 *s.* 酸化窒素 (살) (될) (막을) (흴) Nitrogen Oxide.

*산화창연 *s* 酸化蒼鉛 (살) (될) (푸를) (납) Bismuthi Oxidum.

*산화칼시염 *s.* 酸化 . .. (살) (될) .. Calcii Oxidum.

*산화철 *s.* 酸化鐵 (살) (될) (쇠) Terri Oxidum.

살 *s.* 矢 (*시) An arrow.

살 *s.* Age; years. (멧). *See* 나.

살 *s.* 整 (쏠—*석) A sting.

살 *s.* 肉 (*부) Flesh. *See* 고기.

살 *s.* The teeth of a comb.

살 *s.* 門窗 (문—*문) (살—*젼) Cross-bars; lattice.

*살 *s.* 殺 (죽일) Noxious influence; malaria; evil.

살 *s.* 箭 (*젼) A reed net hung out in the sea on poles.

쌀 *s.* 米 (*미) Hulled rice—used also of millet and other grains. *See* 곡식.

살가죽 *s.* Skin; hide.

쌀개 *s.* A short-haired dog. *Opp.* 삽살개.

살강 *s.* A large basket—used in the kitchen; a kitchen cupboard.

살강살강 *s.* To be soft; to be easy—to the teeth. *See* 설경설경.

살결이 *s.* The complexion; the appearance. (곱다) (험ᄒᆞ다). *See* 살갈.

살결박지우다 *s.* 縲紲縛 (버슬—*박, 지워, 운 To strip and bind a criminal.

살쾰뎡 *s.* Sausages.

살곰이 *s.* 暗中 (어두울—*암) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) Softly; secretly, unawares. *See* ᄀᆞ만히.

살곰살곰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be gentle; to be careful, to go softly. *See* ᄀᆞ만ᄀᆞ만히.

살구 *s.* 杏 (*힝) The apricot; the almond.

살그랑살그랑 *s.* To be dry and hard. To be chilly; to be bleak.

살근거리다 *s.* 거ᄅᆡ; 린 To rub; to wear. To go softly; to be gentle. *See* 슬근거리다.

살근살근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rub; to wear. To go softly; to be gentle. *See* 슬근슬근ᄒᆞ다.

살근히 *s.* Quietly; gently; secretly. *See* 살곰히.

*살긔 *s.* 殺氣 (죽일) (긔운) Noxious influence; death; destruction. *Opp.* 복긔.

살찌 *s.* 肥大 (살질—*비) (큰—*대) Flesh corpulency; fat. *See* 육ᄃᆡ.

살찌 *s.* 筋腹痛 (살—*젼) (비—*복) (알흘—*통) Cramps.

살짓 *s.* (짓) 箭羽 (살—*젼) (짓—*우) The feather of an arrow.

살내살내 *s.* Trotting; jogging.

살낭살낭 *s.* Cool; chilly. Shaking; flapping; moving. *See* 설넝설넝.

살녀내다 *s.* 여; 낸 To restore; to bring back to life. *See* 살니다.

*살년 *s.* 殺年 (죽일) (히) A year of evil—as famine; a year of noxious influence. *See* 흉년.

살니다 *s.* 살녀; 닌 To lengthen out; to make longer, taller etc. To make burn

살니다 *s.* 活命 (살—*활) (목숨—*명) 살녀; 닌 To save; to restore; to save from death. *See* 살녀내다.

살님 *s.* 治産 (다ㅅ·릴—*치) (낳—*산) A living; a livelihood, life together—as of husband and wife. *See* 살님살이.

살님살이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治産 (다ㅅ·릴—*치) (낳—*산) To live, to gain a livelihood; to get a living; to provide for a home.

살님ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To establish a home. *See* 치산ᄒᆞ다.

살다 *l.* 剩 (넉넉ᄒᆞᆯ—*잉) 아; 산 To be sufficient; to be of large size.

살다 *l.* 居 (살—*거) 아; 산 To live; to reside, to dwell.

살다 *l.* 生 (날—*싱) 아; 산 To live; to regain new life.

살다듬이 *s.* A smoothing of clothes temporarily—in laundry work.

*살단 *s.* 撒但 (새칠) (다만) Satan. *See* 마귀; 사탄.

살대 *s.* 箭 (살—*젼) The bamboo—of an arrow.

살덩 *s.* A piece of flesh; meat; the flesh.

살뜰히 *s.* 多情 (만흘—*다) (뜻—*졍) With affection; with all one's heart. Extremely. *See* 알뜰히.

살뜰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 多情 (만흘—*다) (뜻—*졍) To have affection for; to love with all one's heart. *See* 알뜰ᄒᆞ다.

살뜸 *s.* Cauterization on the bare skin.

*살두지[illegible] [illegible] (헤어질) An affair of death; a mortal disaster.

*살륙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殺戮 (죽일) (죽일) To slaughter; to kill. *See* 도륙ᄒᆞ다.

*삼[illegible] (석) 도 [illegible] The three-cornered sedge—used as a medicine. A surgeon's three-cornered probe.

살막 *s.* 箭幕 (살—*젼) (막—*막) A fisherman's hut.

살맛 *s.* 膚味 (살—*부) (맛—*미) Flesh; fat; a comely form.

살맞다 *s.* 中殺 (맞질—*즁) (죽일—*살) 마자; 진 To meet a noxious influence and die; to die from injuries inflicted by evil spirits; to die suddenly.

*살모사 *s.* 殺母蛇 (죽일) (어미) (뷔얌) A serpent that is supposed to eat the mother snake. *See* 독사.

살목 *s.* The poles of a *sal* net. Props; supports.

살밋 *s.* A string—for fish. 꿸덕.

살바지 *s.* 箭所址 (살—*젼 [illegible]) (터—*지) A target square; the ground about a target. *See* 살바탕.

살바탕 *s.* A bow-shot—a measurement of distance. *See* 솔바탕.

살발 *s.* Barefoot. (Prov.) *See* 맨발.

살방석 *s.* 箭方席 (살—*젼) (모—*방) (자리—*석) An arrow wiper; a sort of mat for cleaning arrows.

살벌 *s.* 螫蜂 (쏠—*석) (벌—*봉) A stinging bee, a bee with a sting.

*살벌지성 *s.* 殺伐之聲 (죽일) (칠) (갈) (소리) Rumors of death and slaughter.

*살벌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殺伐 (죽일) (칠) To kill; to slaughter; to massacre. *See* 살륙ᄒᆞ다.

*살별 *s.* 殺星 (죽일) (별—*셩) A baleful star—a comet. *See* 살셩.

살보리 *s.* 米牟 (쌀—*미) (보리—*모) Shelled barley. *See* 대맥.

*살부지슈 *s.* 殺父之讐 (죽일) (아비) (갈) (원슈) The murderer of one's father [illegible] 불구대텬지슈.

살붓치 *s.* 血屬 (피—*혈) (붓흘—*쇽) One's kith and kin; blood relatives. *See* 족쇽.

살비얌 *s.* 箭蛇 (살—*젼) (비얌—*사) A variety of serpent; a small snake. *See* 살모사.

살살 *s.* and *l.* Creeping; crawling.

살쌀 *s.* Softly; gently; little by little. Chilly. Unfriendly.

살쌀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be cool. To lack affection; to be inhuman. To tickle; to crawl on one—as an insect.

살살ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be thinish. *See* 살퓌다.

*살상 *s.* 殺傷 (죽일) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) Killing and injuring; murdering.

*살상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殺傷 (죽일) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) To kill and wound.

*살셩 *s.* 殺星 (죽일) (별) A baleful star bringing pestilence etc.—a comet. *See* 살별.

살쐬야기 *s.* The hairy caterpillar. *Aeraea.* An itching sensation—caused by the poison of the caterpillar. (쏠다).

*살싱 *s.* 殺生 (죽일) (날) Taking life; killing animals.

*살싱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殺生 (죽일) (날) To take life; to slaughter—animals. *See* 살해ᄒᆞ다.

살아[illegible] 되 다시살—*소) 나; 난 To escape with life; to come to life again.

살아생리별 *生離別 (살—*생) (저날*리) (리별 *별) A long fare-well; a separation for life.

살아생전 *生前 (살 *생) (앞 *전) During life.

살아지다 s. 消 (살아질—*소) 아져; 진 To vanish; to disappear; to go out—as fire. *See* 녹다.

살암모니악 s. Sal ammoniac.

살언치 s A saddle cushion.

살오다 s 燒 (불산을 *소) 살와; 온 To burn up; to burn. *See* 소화하다; 퇴우다.

살오다 s. 白 (알릴—*빅) 살와; 온 To tell—to a superior. *See* 고하다.

*살옥 s. 殺獄 (죽일) (옥) A trial for murder; a case of murder.

살으랑살으랑 s. Sounding clearly—as a high note.

살으렁살으렁 s. Sounding clearly—as a high note.

살이 s. The time of high tides—about the 8th and last of each moon. *Opp.* 놀.

살이하다 s. 生涯 (살—*생) (가—*애) To get a living; to gain a livelihood.

*살인하다 s. 殺人 (죽일) (사롬) To murder; to assassinate; to commit homicide.

살인기 s. Broken grains of rice.

살인기눈 s. 屑 (*삭) Snow—that falls in the form of rice grains.

살화보리다 s. 燒盡 (불살을—*분) (보릴—*리) 보려; 린 To burn up; to burn. *See* 퇴우다.

살팍 s. Speedily. Softly; gently; unawares. *See* 살곰이.

살팍 s. 鬢髮 (귀밋—*빈) (털억—*모) The hair on the temples.

살팍뼈이 s. A flat bone or tortoise-shell used for pushing the loose hair under the head-band.

살팍살팍 s. Softly; gently; silently; smoothly. *See* 살젓살젓.

살팍질하다 s. To push up the hair of the temples under the head-band. To comb.

살잡다 s. 皺 (주름잡힐—*추) 아; 온 To wrinkle (v. t.) To line. *See* 살잡히다.

살잡다 s. 아; 온 To prop up; to support.

살잡히다 s. 皺 (주름잡힐—*추) 잡혀; 힌 To be wrinkled. *See* 주름잡히다.

살장 s. 箭杖 (살—*전) (낄벙이) Poles on which a reed fishing net is hung. Pickets. (발더)

살적 s. 鬢髮 (귀밋—*빈) (털억—*모) The hair before the ears. *Also* 살팍.

살젓살젓 s. Softly; gently; smoothly. *See* 살팍살팍.

살쭉살쭉 s. Pulled; drawn. *See* 알짓알짓.

살쐬 s. 箭 (살—*전) A flying arrow.

살지다 s. 肥 (살질—*비) 살져; 진 To be fat; to be corpulent; to be fleshy. *See* 둥둥하다.

살지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To cross out; to mark across—as a returned note.

*살기무석하다 s. 殺之無惜 (죽일) (갈) (업슬) (앗길) To be worthy of death, to spare not but to slay. *See* 만소무석하다.

살집 s. 肌膚 (살—*긔) (살—*부) Fleshiness; corpulency. *See* 몰집.

살차다 s. 차; 찬 To have a tail—as a comet.

살창 s. 窗欞 (살—*창) 창—창 A cross-bar of either window. 영창.

살촉 s. 鏃 (*족) An arrow head.

살춤 s. The front of the head-band.

*살충지제 s. 殺虫之材 (죽일) (버레) (갈) (지목) Vermifuge; an anthelmintic.

*살충하다 s. 殺虫 (죽일) (버레) To take vermifuge; to use medicine to destroy the worms supposed to be in ulcers etc.

살치 s. A small flat variety of river fish.

살치다 s. 살쳐; 친 To mark out; to cross out—as a returned note. *See* 살지르다.

살코기 s. 正肉 (바를—*정) (고기—*육) Meat—without the fat, bones etc.

살터 s. 箭址 (살—*전) (터—*지) A place for archery; a target square. A fishing district. *See* 어전.

살훔지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To strip and pinion.

살찍지다 s. 찍져; 진 To be fat; to be fleshy; to be corpulent.

살판 *l.* A somersault on a tight rope. A pry; a lever, a handspike. *See* 살판넘음.

살판넘음 *l.* A somersault on a tight rope. *See* 살판.

살판하다 *l.* To perform on a tight rope.

살평상 *s.* 箭平床 (살—*전)(평)(상 —*살) A slat-bed.

살포 *s.* A three-pronged rake; a spade.

살풍이 *s.* A variety of burr. The *Xieyesbeckia Orientalis.*

살품 *s.* The bosom; the breast.

***살풍경** *s.* 殺風景 (죽일)(바람)(볕) An ill-omened affair; a deadly evil sign.

살피다 *s.* 疎 (성길—*소) 피여; 퍼 To be coarse; to be loose, to be open as stitches. *See* 성기다

살핏살핏ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be coarse; to be loose; to be open. *See* 설핏설핏.

살핏ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 疎 (성길—*소) To be coarse; to be loose; to be open—as woven goods. *See* 설핏ᄒᆞ다.

살피죽 *s.* The skin—of a person. (Low.) *See* 살가죽.

***살해ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 殺害 (죽일)(해롭) To kill; to murder, to put under. *See* 살상ᄒᆞ다.

***살활지권** *s.* 殺活之權 (죽일)(살)(갈)(권세) The power of life and death.

삶다 *s.* 煮 (삶을—*찡)아; 은 To boil; to cook by boiling.

***삼** *s.* 三 (석) Three—as in cards. *See* 셋

삼 *s.* 麻 (*마) Hemp.

삼 *s.* 眼釘 (눈—*안)(못—*뎡) A speck or mote in the eye. (서다).

삼 *s.* A numerative of wraps—as papers of needles etc (싸다)

***삼가** *s.* 三嘉 (석)(아름다울) A prefecture in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.20. Long. 128 09.

삼가다 *s.* 愼 (삼갈—*신) 가; 간 To take care; to use caution; to be on one's guard. *See* 조심ᄒᆞ다.

***삼각** *s.* 三角 (석)(뿔) Three corners or angles; a triangle.

***삼각각도** *s.* 三角角度 (석)(뿔)(뿔)(언덕) A triangular prism.

***삼각급수** *s.* 三角級數 (석)(뿔)(드릉)(두어) Trionometrical series.

***삼각법** *s.* 三角法 (석)(뿔)(법) Trigonometry.

***삼각산** *s.* 三角山 (석)(뿔)(뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do.

***삼각수** *s.* 三角鬚 (석)(뿔)(슈염) A beard with three divisions like that of the god of war *Kwan-Kong.*

***삼각술** *s.* 三角術 석 뿔, 술업, Trigonometry. *See* 삼각법.

***삼각주** *s.* 三角柱 (석)(뿔, 기둥) A three faced prism.

***삼각측량** *s.* 三角測量 (석)(뿔)(헤아릴)(헤아릴) Triangulation; triangular surveying.

***삼각측량법** *s.* 三角測量法 (석)(뿔)(헤아릴)(헤아릴)(법) Triangulation.

***삼각학** *s.* 三角學 (석)(뿔)(배홀) Trigonometry. *See* 삼각법; 삼각술.

***삼각학함수** *s.* 三角學函數 (석)(뿔)(배홀)(함)(두어) Trigonometrical function.

***삼각형** *s.* 三角形 (석)(뿔)(형상) A triangle; a triangular form.

삼갈으다 *s.* 갈나; 은 To cut the umbilical cord.

삼갈실 *s.* A three ply string.

***삼강** *s.* 三綱 석, 벼리 The Three Bonds between sovereign and subject, father and son, husband and wife. *See* 오륜.

***삼거리** *s.* 三街 (석)(거리—*가) A three-forked road.

***삼검** *s.* 三檢 (석)(검교ᄒᆞ) The three official inquest—over a dead body. *See* 검시.

***삼검관** *s.* 三檢官 (석)(검교ᄒᆞ)(벼슬) The officer who holds the third inquest over a dead body.

***삼개** *s.* 三階 (석)(섬돌) A third storey—as of a house.

***삼계** *s.* 三界 (석)(디경) The three worlds of the Buddha; the past present and future.

***삼경** *s.* 三經 (석 글, The three classics—the Book of Odes, *Sijŏn*, the Canon of History, *Sisŏn*, and the Book of Changes, *Chuyok.*

***삼경** *s.* 三更 (석 ,곳칠) T. the third watch—midnight (11 P.M. to 1 A.M.). *See* 초저녁.

***삼경랄** *s.* 三更물 (석)(밤)(헤아릴) The time of the third night-watch. *Opp.* 초저녁.

***삼고송** *s.* 三鈷松 (석)(그로)(소나무) A species of pine growing on Koyasan.

***삼공** *s.* 三公 (석)(귀인) The three Chief Ministers of State.

***삼공육경** *s.* 三公六卿 (석)(귀인)(여섯)(벼슬) High court officials.

*삼공형 s. 三公兄 (석) (귀인) (맏) The three councilors of a magistrate. The deputy magistrate (좌수) and two chief writers (호장).

*삼교 s. 三敎 (석) (구ᄒᆞ실) The three religions: Confucianism, Buddhism and Taoism.

*삼구부동촌 s. 三九不動寸 (셋) (아홉) (아닐—*불) (움직일) .무림) In the third and ninth moons one does not disturb the graves.

*삼국동맹 s. 三國同盟 (석) (나라) (홈가지) (밍세) Triple alliance.

*삼국소 s. 三國史 (석) (나라) (소긔) A History of the three Kingdoms of Korea—Silla, Kokuryŏ and Paik-je written about 1125 A.D.

*삼국지 s. 三國誌 (석) (나라) (지록) The History of the Three Kingdoms—of Ancient China. *Han, Wi* and *O.* (221-277 A.D.)

*삼군 s. 三軍 (석) (군소) Imperial guards. (Comp.) The three divisions of an army.

*삼귀 s. 三貴 (석) (귀홀) The three precious things: Chinese women, Korean gentlemen and Japanese Buddhists.

*삼귀일생 s. 三歸一成 (석) (도라갈) (흔) (일울) One out of three; one in every three.

*삼귀초 s. 三騎摠 (석) (물올) (거누릴) The captain of a company of cavalry—the 3rd company of a division.

*삼기 s. 三岐 (석) (외) Villages in Py'ongan-do. Lat. 40.00. Long. 124.44; in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.29. Long. 128.04.

삼기다 s. 삼겨; 긴 To breed; to produce; to accumulate; to be formed; to be born. *Also* 성기다.

*삼기년 s. 三朞年 (석) (낟) (히) A period of three years; three full years.

*삼기일 s. 三朞日 (석) (낟) (날) The first three days of the year.

*삼기월 s. 三朞月 (석) Three whole months.

*삼광 s. 三光 (석) (빗) The three lights: sun, moon and stars.

*삼광됴 s. 三光鳥 (석) (빗) (새) The paradise fly-catcher.

*삼남 s. 三南 (석) (남녁) The three southern provinces *Kyongsang, Chŏlla Ch'ungch'ŏng.* *See* 남도.

*삼남 s. 三男 (석) (사나희) The third son; three sons.

*삼남삼도 s. 三南三道 (석) (남녁) (석) (길) The three southern Provinces.

삼날이 s. A small bamboo hat worn by servants etc.

*삼년상 s. 三年喪 (석) (히) (상소) Three years of mourning. *See* 삼상.

*삼년초묘 s. 三年草墓 (석) (히) (플) (묘) Three years of grass and earth the season of mourning. *See* 삼년상.

삼다 t. 摠 (얽을—*믄) 아; 은 To make or weave—of string shoes.

삼다 t. 爲 (ᄒᆞ—*위) 아; 은 To practise; to adopt; to create; to elect; to use as

삼대 s. 麻東 (삼 —*마) (묵글—*속) A sheaf f hemp used of long hair etc

*삼대선 s. 三檜船 (석) (돗대—*도) (비—선) A (three-masted ship.

*삼당상 s. 三堂上 (석) (집) (웃) The three chief officers of a Board or Office.

*삼당숙 t. 三堂叔 (석) (집) (아ᄌᆞ비) A father's fourth cousins.

*삼당숙모 t. 三堂叔母 (석) (집) (아ᄌᆞ비) (어미) The wife of a 삼당숙.

*삼덕 s. 三德 (석) (큰) The three virtues: knowledge, charity and courage.

*삼덕도 s. 三德道 (석) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (길) A post station in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.13. Long. 127.10.

삼뎜뱁 s. The name of the 85th Chinese Radical. *Also* 삼수변. (氵).

*삼도 s. 三度 (석) (지날) Three times; thrice; three degrees.

*삼도습여 s. 三度習練 (석) (지날) (닉힐) (거둥) Three times practised; a three time rehearsal.

*삼동 s. 三冬 (석) (겨울) The three winter moons—winter. *See* 엄동.

*삼동 s. 三同 (석) (홈가지) The three parts two extremities and the middle.

삼동물님 s. That which is composed of three parts.

*삼동표 s. 三同豹 (석) (홈가지) (표범) A kind of leopard.

*삼도더질 s. 三條對質 (석) (가지) (더흘) (ᄆᆞᆺ당) Three sides as in a lawsuit.

*삼두록비 s. 三頭鹿鼻 (석) (머리) (여ᄉᆞ) (코) A three-cornered head and six-pointed nose—as of Minister O Cha So (Circa B.C. 520).

*삼등분 s. 三等分 (적) (무리) (논홀) Trisection.

*삼동 s. 三道 (적) (오홀) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.00 Long. 126.21.

*삼대 s. 三代 (적) (뒤신) Three generations as father, grandfather and greatgrandfather. The three ancient kingdoms of 하, 은, 주.

*삼략 s. 三略 (적) (도략) The name of a famous work on military tactics.

*삼령 s. 三嶺 (적) (여홀) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.42 Long. 128.11.

*삼릉 s. 三稜 (적) (모질) A lance

*삼릉침 s. 三稜鍼 (적) (모질) (바놀) A [illegible]

*삼릉형 s. 三稜形 (적) (모길) (형상) A prism.

*삼릉초주 s. 三稜硝子 (적) (모길) (염쇼) (아홀) A prism.

*삼리혈 s. 三里穴 (적) (리홀) (구멍) A place of acupuncture just below the knee.

*삼망 s. 三望 (적) (보랄) The three candidates recommended to the king from which he chooses one for office. See 비삼망.

삼면 s. 三面 (적) (낟) Three faces; three sides; three faced, three-sided.

*삼면각 s. 三面角 (적) (낟) (쏠) Trihedral angle.

*삼모장 s. 三稜杖 (적) (모질—*몽) (집힝이) A three-cornered baton or paddle for beating criminals.

*삼문 s. 三門 (적) (문) The three gates—of a prefecture.

*삼문판 s. 三門閥 (적) (문) (소이—*간) An official residence—having three gates. See 삼문.

*삼문파개 s. 三門全開 (적) (문) (한질) (열 -*귀) The opening of the three *yamen* gates—as on public occasions of punishment etc.

삼물막 s. A temporary dwelling built over a grave. See 움집.

*삼현현 s. 三絃絃 (적) (맛) (실) A three stringed musical instrument or guitar.

*삼미 三昧 (적) (어홀) With the whole heart, earnestly; heart and soul - ordinarily a Buddhist term.

삼박삼박 s. Lightly; easily; softly.

*삼발이 s. 三足 (적) (발—*족) A tripod. See 아리쇠.

*삼방 s. 三房 (적) (방) The 3rd of the three envoys sent yearly to China.

*삼방 s. 三防 (적) (막을) A village in Hwang-hai-do. Lat. 38.48 Long. 125.24

삼방관속 三房官屬 (적) (방) (벼슬) 붓[illegible] The three classes of *yamen* underlings 리속, 군로 and 라장.

*삼방승 s. 三方乘 (적) (모) (줄) Third [illegible] be

*삼남 三寶 적 갓 Triple [illegible]

*삼보전 s. 三寶殿 적 [illegible] 집 Dagoba

*삼보 三寶 (적) (보빈) The three Precious Ones—the Buddhistic trinity *Sŏkkamoni, Amita* and *Miryŏk*. Also used of the three expression: Buddha (*pul*), Law (*pŏp*) and Priesthood (*seung*).

*삼보 s. 三保 (적) (보젼) The three witnesses—to a public transaction. (받다) (둘다).

삼보 s. The steward of a Buddhist monastery.

*삼복하다 s. 三復 (적) (회복) To repeat thrice.

*삼복 s. 三伏 (적) (엄도림) Three 경 days of the 6th and 7th moons: the "dog days"—a festival. See 삼경.

*삼봉 s. 三峰 (적) (봉오리) Three peaks; three projections. A three-pronged hook—for fishing.

*삼부팔모 s. 三父八母 (적) (아비) (어미) The three fathers and eight mothers possible to a Korean.

*삼분지일 s. 三分之一 (적) (논홀) (갈 [illegible] The [illegible]

*삼분천하 s. 三分天下 (적) (논홀) (하놀) (아래) The tripartite earth—as divided in the time of the Three Kingdoms.

*삼불복 s. 三不伏 (적) (아닐) (엎드릴) The three which do not yield, viz., the centipede, the frog and the snake - the second of which destroys the first, the third the second, and the first the third. A play in dominoes.

삼불이 s. The three chiefs of the detective force of the capital.

*삼비 s. 三倍 (적) (곱배) Three times as much.

*삼비ᄒᆞ다 s. 三倍(석)(곱비) To increase by three-fold; to treble.

*삼비ᄒᆞ다 s. 三拜(석)(절) To bow three times.

*삼빅뉵십뉴 s. 三百六十州 (석) (일빅) (여슷) (열) (쥬뉴) The three hundred and sixty official districts—of Korea.

*삼빅초 s. 三白草 (석)(흰)(플) *Saururus Loweiri.*

삼싸다 s. 包裝 (쌀—*포)(나ᄆᆞᆯ—*최) 싸; 쌘 To wrap up; to make wraps for rice etc. with lettuce leaves

*삼산건 s. 三山巾 (석) (뫼) (슈건) A three-pointed kerchief.

*삼산표 s. 三山標 (석) (뫼) (표) Letters and stamps on foreign cotton goods—as T.T.T read by the Koreans 山山山. *See* 올ᄉᆞ표.

*삼산화비소 s. 三酸化砒素 (석) (실) (빈) (비상) (질) Arsenic trioxide.

*삼산화류황 s. 三酸化硫黃 (석) (실) (빈) (류황) (누루 Sulphur Trioxide

*삼산화질소 s. 三酸化窒素 (석) (실) (빈) (막을) (질) Nitrogen Trioxide

*삼삼오오 s. 三三五五 (석) (석) (다ᄉᆞᆺ) (다ᄉᆞᆺ) Threes and fives; in numbers of three or five.

*삼상 s. 三霜 (석) (셔리) Three years of mourning. *See* 삼년초토.

*삼상 s. 三上 (석) (ᄉᆞᆫ) Third upper—a mark in composition. *Opp.* 삼하

*삼세 s. 三世 (석) (인간) The three worlds; namely, the immediate past the present, and the next states of existence—as a Buddhist term.

*삼세 s. 三稅 (석) (구실) The three contributions made to the government of rice, money and cloth.

*삼셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 三省 (석) (술필) To keep strict watch over one's conduct; to examine one's conscience.

*삼소ᄒᆞᆷ —所作 석 (아 ᄆᆞᆯ) The three offices of the capital. *See* 동광.

*삼소셩식 s. 三素形式 석 (ᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆺ상) (법) Ternary form.

*삼슈 s. 三水 (석) (물) A prefect in Hamkyong-do. Lat. 41.18 Long. 127.12

*삼수량 s. 三手粮 (석) (손) (량식) Soldier's rations of rice.

*삼수미 s. 三手米 (석) (손) (쌀) Soldiers' rations—of rice when in active service.

*삼슈변 s. 三水邊 (석) (물) (가) The name given to the 85th Radical. (氵). *See* 삼염변.

*삼슘 s. 三蔔 (석) (슘) The third gathering or harvest of tobacco.

*삼슙구식 s. 三旬九食 (석) (열흘) (아홉) (밥) Nine meals in the three decades of the moon—used of those who are very poor.

*삼승 s. 三升 (석) (되) A kind of cotton cloth from Mongolia

*삼승 s. 三乘 (석) (ᄎᆞᆯ) A cube.

*삼승근 s. 三乘根 (석) (ᄎᆞᆯ) (ᄲᅮᆨ리) Cube root.

*삼승비 s. 三乘比 (석) (ᄎᆞᆯ) (견줄) Triplicate ratio.

*삼시 s. 三時 (석) (때) The three periods of the day: morning, moon and night.

*삼시 s. 三試 (석) (시험) The three official examiners—at *Kwagŏ*; the third examiner.

*삼시변 s. 三水邊 (석) (물—*수) (갓) The name of the 85th Chinese Radical. *Also* 삼슈변; 삼염변.

삼시우 s. A string twisted from three strands.

*삼신 s. 三身 (석) (몸) The triad of Buddhist deities, trimurti.

삼신 s. 麻鞋 (삼 —*마) (신 *혜) Hemp-string shoes. (Prov.) *See* 메토리.

*삼신 s. 三神 (석) (귀신) The three supreme spirits—supposed to preside over childbirth.

*삼신뎨왕 s. 三神帝王 (석) (귀신) (님금) (님금) The spirit that presides over conception—childbirth.

*삼신산 s. 三神山 (석) (귀신) (뫼) The three mountains of the gem—fairy-land.

*삼십 s. 三十 (석) (열) Thirty. *See* 셜흔.

*삼십 l. 三娶 (석) (쟝) A third marriage; a third wedding. *See* 삼취.

*삼십삼텬 s. 三十三天 (석) (열) (석) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The thirty three constellations of the heavens. *See* 이십팔슈.

*삼ᄉᆞ s. 三四 (석) (넉) Three or four.

*삼ᄉᆞ s. 三事 (석) (일) Uprightness. Daily necessaries; living. (B. H.)

*삼ᄉᆞ s. 三司 (석) (맛흘) The three offices of Justice. the Board of Justice, *Hyongjo*, the Chief Court, *Hansongpu*, and the Office of the Supreme Court, *Sahonpu*.

*삼스멍 s. 三四名 (석) (넉) (일홈) Three or four persons. *See* 삼스인.

*삼스인 s. 三四人 (석) (넉) (사름) Three or four men. *See* 삼스명.

*삼스초 s. 三四次 (석) (넉) (번금) Three or four times. *See* 수초.

*삼스ᄒᆞᆫ다 s. 三思 (석) (섬ᄀᆞᆨ) To reflect well—before acting; to give careful thought to a matter.

*삼싱 s. 三生 (석) (날) The Three Births in Buddhism: the life that is past, the present life, and the life that is to come.

*삼싱연분 s. 三生緣分 (석) (날) (인연) (분홈) Affinity or the lot by which people are brought together in the three lives of Buddhism.

*삼아문 s. 三衙門 (석) (아문) (문) The three *yamen* of a government headquarters.

*삼악셩 s. 三惡聲 (석) (모질) (소리) The three sounds that strike terror.

삼악스럽다 /. 러워; 운 To be spoiled; to be ill-bred. *See* 얌상스럽다.

*삼엉 s. 三尊 (석) (엄홀) The three persons to be feared: king, father and teacher.

*삼역셩 s. 三易姓 (석) (박꿀) (셩) To change three times—of the surname in case of a mother, daughter and grand-daughter in marriage.

삼현 s. Musical instruments—of which there are three. (치다).

*삼오야 s. 三五夜 (석) (다ᄉᆞᆺ) (밤) The night of the fifteenth of the lunar month.

*삼우 s. 三虞 (석) 셋째 The 3rd sacrifice after burial. *See* 초우; 지우.

*삼위일톄 s. 三位一體 (석) (벅ᄉᆞᆯ) (호) (몸) Three persons in one; the Trinity *See* 하ᄂᆞ님.

*삼음 s. 三音 (석) (소리) The three tones—as found in certain characters.

*삼인관 s. 印官 (석) (인쳘) (벼슬) The three officers bearing the seals of a government headquarters.

*삼인칭 s. 三人稱 (석) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) What is reported from a third person; what one hears of a third person and reports.

*삼일유가 s. 三日遊街 (석) (날) (놀) (거리) The three holidays—following graduation.

*삼일제 s. 三日製 (석) (날) (지을) The examination held on the 3rd of the 3rd moon—when the swallows return.

*삼월 s. 三月 (석) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The 3rd moon. *See* 모춘.

*삼월삼질 s. 三月三日 (석) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (석) (날—*ᄉᆞᆯ) The 3rd of the 3rd moon—an examination time. *See* 삼스.

*삼장이 s. 三絃隻 (석) (쳐멩—*ᄎᆞᆨ) (ᄀᆞᆺ홀—*ᄇᆡ) The three musical instruments that go together—the clarionet, the violin and the drum. *See* 륙장이.

삼장 s. 麻繩 (삼—*ᄆᆞ) (ᄆᆡᆼ장—*장) A hemp rope net—used as a wrap; a hair mat worn below a saddle.

*삼장법ᄉᆞ s. 三藏法師 (석) (감ᄎᆞᆯ) (법) (스승 A title conferred on the famous Buddhist traveler *Wönjang*.

*삼졈 s. 三點 (석) (문ᄎᆞᆯ) The three heavy impressions of the pen in a line when drawing. Three divisions; three parts.

*삼정승 s. 三政丞 (석) (정ᄉᆞ) (니을) The Three Ministers of State. *See* 삼덕.

*삼족 s. 三族 (석) (셔레) The three sets of relations—on the father's side, the mother's side, and the wife's side.

*삼쥴 /. 三絃 (석) (ᄇᆞᆯ) Silk with warp threads in groups of three.

*삼쥭시 s. 三足詩 (석) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (글) Verses composed of three stanzas.

*삼종 s. 三從 (석) (좃칠) A relative of the 8th (팔촌) male or female. *See* 지종; 종시.

*삼종매 s. 三從弟 (석) (좃칠) (아오) A younger fourth cousin—having the same great-great-grandfather.

*삼종민 s. 三從姊 (석) (좃칠) (누의) A man's female relatives of the 8th degree.

*삼종민부 s. 三從姊夫 (석) (좃칠) (누의) (ᄌᆞ아비) The husband of a 삼종민.

*삼종수 s. 三從嫂 (석) (좃칠) (아ᄌᆞ미) The wife of one's 삼종.

*삼종씨 s. 三從氏 (석) (좃칠) (갓씨—*사) An elder fourth cousin—having the same great-great-grandfather. *See* 삼종형.

*삼종의덕 三從依托 (석) (좃칠) (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (부ᄐᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ) The three great duties of a woman: obedience to her parents, obedience to her husband, and obedience to her son—who has inherited his father's estate.

*삼종지례 s. 三從之禮 (석) (좃칠) (갈) (례도) The three states of dependence—of a woman, in youth on her father, in middle life on her husband, and in old age on her son.

*삼종형 s. 三從兄 (석) (좃칠) (맛) A fourth cousin—having the same great-great-grandfather. 삼종씨.

*삼종형뎨 s. 三從兄弟 (석) (좃칠) (맛) (아오) A second cousin.

삼줄 *s.* 胎絃 (태—*태) (줄—*현) The umbilical cord.

*삼중 *s.* 三中 (석) (가온덕) Two points —in composition. *Opp.* 삼삼.

*삼중석 *s.* 三重席 (석) (거듭) (돗) Three mats placed one above another—for the reception of an honored guest.

*삼중적분 *s.* 三重積分 (식) (무거울) (싸흘) (노흘) Triple integral.

*삼중주 *s.* 三重酒 (석) (거듭) (술) Thrice distilled liquor.

*삼지 *s.* 三指 (석) (손가락) The three fingers that hold the bow—an expression used in archery.

삼지 *s.* 荷囊 (짤—*초) (갑—*갑) A pocket—as for tobacco.

*삼지구엽초 *s.* 三枝九葉草 (석) (가지) (아홉) (닙) (플) The three branch and nine leaf plant

*삼지노이 *s.* 三指底 (석) (손가락) (너를—*광) The width of three fingers.

*삼지창 *s.* 三枝槍 (석) (가지) (창) A three-pronged spear; a trident.

*삼진급법 *s.* 三進級法 (식 (나아갈) (써리) (법) Ternary scale

*삼질 *s.* 三日 (석 (삼 -*일) The 3rd of the 3rd moon—when the swallows return. *See* 삼소.

*삼지 *s.* 三才 (석) (지조) The three operating agencies in the world, i.e. heaven, earth, and man.

*삼지 *s.* 三災 (석) (지앙) The three varieties of misfortune—to which one is liable when unlucky. (들다) (나다).

*삼지팔난 *s.* 三災八難 (석) (지앙) (여덟) (어려울) The three varieties of disaster and eight misfortunes—to which one is exposed when under unpropitious influences.

*삼차신경 *s.* 三叉神經 (석) (갈나길) (귀신) (지날) Fifth Nerve.

*삼척 *s.* 三陟 (석) (오를) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.12. Long. 129.05.

*삼척동자 *s.* 三尺童子 (석) (자) (우히) (아돌) A child three feet high; a little child; a youngster. *See* 척동.

*삼천세계 *s.* 三千世界 (석) (일천) (인간 (디경) The three thousand worlds, the universe.

*삼척포 *s.* 三陟浦 (석) (오를) (개) A naval station in Kang won-do.

*삼천 *s.* 三川 (석) (내) A river in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 41.00. Long. 126.28.

*삼천리강산 *s.* 三千里江山 (석) (일천) (마흘) (물, 뫼) The three thousand *li* of streams and mountains—all Korea. *See* 팔도강산.

*삼천리강토 *s.* 三千里疆土 (석) (일천) (디경) (흙) Three thousand *li* of boundary—Korea. *See* 삼천리강산.

*삼천포 *s.* 三千浦 (석) (일천) (개) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.43. Long. 128.11.

*삼촌 *s.* 三寸 (석 (마디) An uncle on the father's side

*삼촌못 *s.* 三寸釘 (석) (마디) (못) A three-inch nail.

*삼초 *s.* 三焦 (석) (울) The three divisions of the trunk of the body.

*삼추 *s.* 三秋 (석) (가을) The three moons of autumn; autumn.

*삼춘 *s.* 三春 (석) (봄) The three moons of spring; spring.

*삼취 *s.* 三娶 (석) (장가갈) A third wedding; a third marriage. *See* 삼실.

*삼취 *s.* 三吹 (석) (불) The three bugle blasts—given on the departure of a general.

*삼층 *s.* 三層 (석) (층) Three stories; the third story.

*삼층루 *s.* 三層樓 (석) (층) (다락) The third story

*삼층루각 *s.* 三層樓閣 (석) (층) (다락) (집) A three story pavilion.

*삼층양옥 *s.* 三層洋屋 (석) (층) (집) A three story "foreign" house.

*삼층옥 *s.* 三層屋 (석) (층) (집) A three-storied house.

삼치 *s.* 箕 (*궤) A dust-pan shaped basket. *See* 삼태기.

삼치 *s.* 麻魚 (삼 -*마) (고기 -*어) The mackerel. *Scomber vernalis.*

삼치다 *s* 呑 (삼킬—*툰) 삼쳐; 천 To swallow. *See* 삼키다.

삼칠일 *s.* 三七日 (석) (닐곱) (날) Three weeks.

*삼칠초 *s* 三七草 (석) (닐곱) (플) Gyomra pinnatifida.

*삼차곡선 *s.* 三次曲線 (석) (버금) (굽을) (실) Cubic

*삼차근수 *s.* 三次根數 (석) (버금) (뿌리) (두어) Cubic surd.

*삼차방정식 *s.* 三次方程式 (석) (버금) (모) (길) (법) Cubic equation.

삼키다 *s.* 呑 (삼킬 -*툰) 삼켜; 킨 To swallow. *See* 삼치다.

삼탁이 s. 簸 (*궤) A dust-pan shaped basket. *See* 삼치.

***삼협지** s. 三帖紙 (식) (에) (겁을) A kind of three-ply paper.

***삼취** s. 三聚 (식) (취도) State of aggregation.

***삼태** s. 三胎 (식) (태) Triplets; three children at a birth.

***삼태** s. 三台 (식) (별) The Three Ministers of State. *See* 삼 [illegible]

***삼태육경** [illegible] (별) (여섯) (벼슬) The Three Ministers and six Presidents of Boards. *See* 삼공육경.

***삼태성** s. 三台星 (식) (별) (별) The three stars *t*, *x*, *λ*, in the Great Bear.

***삼태성** s. 三胎生 (식) (태) (날) Triplets; three children at a birth.

***삼판량승** s. 三板兩勝 (식) (관) (두) (이길) The best two out of three—in gaming.

***삼판선** s. 三板船 (식) (관조) (배) A sampan.

***삼판쥬** s. 三判酒 (식) (관단) (술) Champagne.

***삼팔쥬** s. 三八紬 (식) (여덟) (명쥬) A kind of Chinese silk.

***삼패** s. 三牌 (식) (패) The lowest of the three classes of prostitutes. *See* 은군자.

***삼편쥬** s. 三鞭酒 (식) (채찍) (술) Champagne

***삼하** s. 三夏 (식) (녀름) The three months of summer—summer. *See* 삼경.

***삼하** s. 三下 (식) (아래) One mark out of a possible three for "perfect" composition. *Opp.* 삼상.

***삼한** s. 三韓 (식) (나라) The three ancient *Han* kingdoms of Korea *Chin-han*, *Ma-han*, *Pyon-han* of the 2nd century B.C. A name also applied to the three later kingdoms of *Silla*, *Koguryŏ* and *Paik*.

***삼한갑족** s. 三韓甲族 (식) (나라) (갑옷) (겨레) A family holding rank and office since the time of the three *Hans*.

***삼합사** s. 三合絲 (식) (합홀) (실) A string twisted from three cords. *See* 삼사우.

***삼항** s. 三項 (식) (목) *See* 삼항식.

***삼항식** s. 三項式 (식) (목) (법) Trinominal expression.

***삼헌** s. 三獻 (식) (드릴) The 3rd offering made in sacrifice.

***삼헌관** s. 三獻官 (식) (드릴) (벼슬) The officer who offers the 3rd glass of spirit in sacrifice. *See* 제관.

***삼현** s. 三絃 (식) [illegible] A three-stringed musical instrument [illegible] *See* 삼미션.

***삼혈포** s. 三穴砲 (식) (구멍) (총) A three-barreled gun.

***삼혼칠백** s. 三魂七魄 (식) (혼) (넉) (넉) The three *hun* and seven *pik*—a common division of the soul.

***삼화** s. [illegible] (식) (화홀) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 38.44 Long. 125.13.

삼화항 [illegible] 和港 (식) (고로) (항구) The harbor of Chin-nam-po. *See* 등남포.

[illegible] 三皇 (식) 님금 [illegible] three first Emperors of China, 복희, 녀와, and 신농

***삭** s. 鍤 (가래) A spade; a shovel. *See* 가래.

삽분삽분ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft—to the teeth. To be light and airy. *See* 잡분잡분ᄒᆞ다.

삽살개 s. 狵 (*방) A long-haired dog.

***삽삽ᄒᆞ다** s. 颯颯 (삽삽홀) (삽삽홀) To be obedient, to be submissive; to be willing. To be smooth; to be slippery

***삽시간** s. 霎時間 (잠간) (때) (ᄉᆞ이) An instant; a moment; a flash. *See* 별안간.

***삽시에** s. 霎時 (잠간) (때) In an instant in a flash. *See* 잠시에

삽슬ᄒᆞ다 s. 尖澁 (적을—*요) (뭇—*요) To be bitterish; to be slightly bitter. *See* 삽슬ᄒᆞ다

삽전 s. 翣 (*삽) A kind of decorated paper banner—carried at funerals to frighten away evil spirits etc. *See* 명정.

삽질ᄒᆞ이 [illegible] 가래 [illegible] 이 ᄌᆞᆼ 스 staff with a spade shaped point.

삽쥬 s. 澁水 (쭈를 —*창) (삽홀 *출) A [illegible] *See* 컵출.

삿 s. A reed-grass mat. An interval; a space.

삿갓 s. 笠 (삿갓 —*립) A reed hat.

삿대 s. A boatman's pole.

삿바 s. A rope with which to bind a criminal or a wrestler at out the knees. *See* 고랑.

삿바지르다 *s.* 질너; 지른 To bind the legs of a criminal; to fetter the knees. *See* 표랑지르다.

삿바채우다 *s.* 채워; 운 To bind the legs of a criminal; to fetter.

삿삿치 *s.* Everywhere; in every corner. *See* 면면이

삿자리 *s.* 蓆席 (삿자리—*명) (돗—*석) A reed mat. *See* 포명.

삿츠리 *s.* The space between the legs. *See* 삿다구니.

삿침 *s.* The place where the warp threads cross—in weaving. Stones used to close up cracks in a wall.

삿침대 *s.* 機梭 (랄—*직) (쫄—*개) A bar on a weaving loom used for reversing the threads of the warp.

삿흘 *s.* The waist.

삿다구니 *s.* A crotch. *See* 삿다기.

삿다기 *s.* A crotch. *See* 삿흘.

삿폭 *s.* 間幅 (소이—*간) (폭—*복) The two inside parts of a pair of pants.

새 *s.* A variety of coarse reed-grass. Mud plastering for the roof. (올니다).

새 *l.* 鳥 (*됴) A bird.

새 *s.* 新 (*신) New—an adjective.

새 *s.* A measure of woven cloth—forty threads of woof. *See* 승새.

새빠딕은소릭 *l.* 鳥啄聲 (새 -*됴) (쪼을—*탁) (소리—*셩) Falsehoods; lies.

새가지 *l.* Rank of the 2nd degree. *See* 가쉬; 정헌.

새끼 *s.* 索 (*삭) Straw rope. (쐬다). *Also* 삭기.

새끼 *s.* 雛 (*추) The young—of animals. (치다). *Also* 삭기.

새끼가락 *s.* 小指 (적을—*쇼) (손까락—*지) The little finger. *Opp.* 엄지가락.

새끼집 *s.* The part enclosing the foetus—of animals. (내다).

새남ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To accompany the soul of the deceased in peace—by incantations. *See* 진어귀ᄒᆞ다.

새다 *s.* 漏 (샐—*루) 여; 센 To leak out; to run out; to filter through. *See* 흘니다.

새딕 *s.* 新宅 (새—*신) (집—*딕) The home of a newly married couple. A bride. *See* 신부.

새로 *s.* 新 (새—*신) Recently; lately; newly. *See* 비로소.

새롭다 *s.* 新 (새 -*신) 로와; 운 To be new. To be in need of; to require; to be important.

새로히 *s.* 新 (새—*신) Recently; lately; newly.

새록새록 *s.* Repeatedly; more and more.

새무ᄐᆞᆫ다 *s.* To be silent; to be morose; to pout. To be chilly. *See* 종죵ᄒᆞ다.

새물ᄉᆞᆫ다 *s.* To be chilly; to be cold.

새물정어 *s.* Fresh herrings.

새믹 *l.* 鷂 (*쵸) A chicken-hawk.

새발사ᄒᆞᆫ *l.* 丁香 (장명—*명) (할긔—*ᄒᆞᆫ) Cloves. *See* 명ᄒᆞᆫ.

새발사ᄒᆞᆫ나무 *l.* 丁香樹 (장명—*명) (살긔 -ᄒᆞᆫ) (나무 -*슈) Cloves. *See* 명ᄒᆞᆫ나무.

새발사ᄒᆞᆫ쏫 *l.* 丁香花 (장명—*명) (할긔 -*ᄒᆞᆫ) (쏫 *화, The blos. *See* 명ᄒᆞᆫ쏫.

새벽 *s.* 沙壁 (모래 -*사) (바라벽—*벽) A plastered wall.

새벽 *s.* 晨 (*신) Daybreak; dawn. *See* 죠ᄃᆞᆼ.

새벽질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To plaster a hut—with last coat of prepared plaster.

새벽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To plaster a wall with sand and lime mortar.

새별 *l.* (셩) 람명星 (셩 -*계) (붉을 *명) (별—*셩) The morning star. *See* 계명셩.

새삿스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be unreasonable; to go contrary to; to be out of order.

새새 *s.* Laughing; giggling.

새서방 *s.* 新郎 (새—*신) (사나희—*랑) A bridegroom; a newly married man. *See* 신랑.

새실새실 *s.* Giggling; laughing.

새아긔씨 *s.* 新婦 (새—*신) (며느리—*부) A bride; a newly married woman. *See* 신부.

새아님 *l.* 生員主人 (날—*셩) (안원 -*원) (님금—*쥬) "Your excellency"—as used by a slave to his master or a low class man to a high official *See* 셩원님.

새악씨 *s.* A maiden; a girl.

새알심 *l.* 鳥卵心 (새—*됴) (알—*란) (모음—*심) Rice or corn bread used in lentil porridge (*Chuk*).

새앙머리 *s.* Doing up the hair—of a palace waiting-maid. *See* 복상로.

새앙쥐 *s.* 小鼠 (적을—*쇼) (쥐—*셔) A small kind of mouse.

새오 *s.* 蝦 (*하) A shrimp; a prawn.

새오등 s. 蝦背 (새오—*하)(등—*배) A bent back—of an old person.

새오젓 s. 蝦醢 (새오—*하)(젓 -*히) Shrimp pickle. *See* 밋치젓.

새옴말르다 s. 말나; 바른 To be ambitious; to be envious.

새옹 s. 鍋 (*와) A brass rice pan or pot. *See* 로요.

새줄다 s. 아; 은 To prepare the warp for weaving.

새줄님이 s. 將來甲 (가뎌야옴—*경)(망녕—*랑) (군소—*군) A thoughtless, careless youngster. *See* 경박조.

새즘성 l. 鳥獸 (새—*됴) (즘승—*슈) Birds.

새청 s. A high key in musical sounds. A contradiction; faultfinding.

새청부리다 s. 부려; 린 To be unreasonable; to contradict oneself; to find fault. *See* 새삼스럽다.

새초 s. 柴草 (나무—*시)(플—*초) Straw used for thatching or for fuel. *See* 시초.

새청ᄒᆞ다 s. To be silent; to be morose; to be unsociable. To be chilly. *See* 새무롯ᄒᆞ다

새해기 s. The seed-stem of a variety of reed-grass.

새판 s. 新板 (새—*신)(판—*판) A new appointment. A new edition. *See* 신판.

새팟 l. 新畓 (스스러—*조)(날 '심, (팟—*두) A field seeded from last year's fallen grain.

새풍 s. 荻花 (갈대—*뎍)(못—*화) The pollen of reed-grass. *See* 갈풍.

새홀하기 l. 鶻 (새뎌—*젼) A small variety of hawk. *See* 새뎌.

샐녁 l. 曉明 (감을—*뎌 (붉을 '명) Dawn; daybreak. *See* 새벽.

샛감아다 s. 黑 (검을—*흠) 감애, 한 To be black. *See* 싯엄엇다

샛노라타 s. 黃黃 (츅—*진)(누루 '황) 노랙; 란 To be a bright yellow. *See* 신누럿다

샛붉아타 s. 眞紅 (춤 *진)(붉을—*홍) 붉애, 안 To be a bright red. *See* 새싯벌 엇다

샛파라타 s. 眞靑 (춤—*진)(푸를 *홍) 파래; 란 To be green or blue. *See* 싯퍼럿다.

상 s. 床 (*상) A table; a stand; a platform resting on legs. *See* 평상; 소반.

쌍 s. 雙 (*쌍) A pair; a couple. *Opp.* 외.

*상가 s. 喪家 (상소) (집) A mourner's house.

*쌍가마 s. 雙旋毛 (쌍)(돌—*션)(털역—*모) A double crown or point where the hair parts on the top of the head.

*쌍가마 s. 雙轎 (쌍)(보교—*교) A sedan-chair carried by two horses—one fore and one aft. *See* 승인교.

*상강 s. 霜降 (서리)(누릴) "Hoar-frost descends"—a solar period occurring about Oct 28th

*상강송 s. 霜降松 (서리)(누릴)(솔) A species of pine the leaves of which are covered with white powder. *See* 빅송.

*상계 s. 喪禊 (상소) (계) A guild formed to mutually aid in time of mourning. *See* 상교계

*쌍계 s. 雙溪 (쌍) (시내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*상고 s. 喪故 (상소) (연교) An affair of death. *See* 상변.

상고대 s. 凇 (*송) Icicles; frost.

*쌍곡션 s. 雙曲線 (두) (곱을) (실) Hyperbola.

*쌍곡션톄 s. 雙曲線體 (두) (곱을) (실) (몸) Hyperboloid.

*쌍곡여현 s. 雙曲餘絃 (두) (곱을) (남을) (줄) Hyperbolic cosine.

*쌍고함수 s. 雙曲函數 (두) (곱을) (함) (두어) Hyperbolic function.

*쌍교 s. 雙轎 (쌍) (교조) A two horse sedan-chair.

*상구 s. 喪具 (상소) (그출) Articles required for mourning.

쌍굴둑박이 s. A two funnelled steamer. *Opp.* 외굴둑박이.

상그시 s. A broad grin—as in laughing.

*쌍긔마 s. 雙騎馬 (쌍) (몰출) (몰) A span of horses—as when galloping side by side and with a rider jumping from one to the other.

*상긔성 s. 喪祈生 (상나무 (붓칠 (날) The mistletoe of the mulberry.

*쌍녀궁 雙女宮 (쌍)(계집) (집) Gemini II.

*상노 s. 床奴 (상) (종) A table slave.

*상뎐벽히 s. 桑田碧海 (상나무) (밧) 푸를) (바다) Mulberry fields and blue sea—representing the vicissitudes of life. *See* 부유현듸.

*쌍도 s. 雙刀 (두) (칼) Two swords. Both swords.

*쌍둥이 s. 雙童 (쌍) (우히) Twins. *See* 쌍심이.

*상두 s. 桑土 (상나무) (쁙리) Bark of the roots of the mulberry. (B. O.)

*상두 s. 喪輿 (상소 (수레 *여) A bier—on which to carry a coffin. See 상여.

*상두군 s. 喪輿軍 (상소) (수레 *여) (군소 *군) A bier carrier. See 유덕군.

*상란 s. 喪亂 (상소) (어지러울) Death and disorder; ruin and anarchy.

*상관죽 s. 雙鉤竹 (쌍) (한초) (국화) Acon te, wolf's bane.

*상례 s. 喪禮 (상소) (례도) The ceremonies of mourning. A catalogue or book of mourning ceremonies.

*상례비요 s. 喪禮備要 (상소) (례도) (갖출) (중요) A catalogue or book of mourning ceremonies.

*상록 s. 綠綠 (서리) (푸를) Verdigris; oxide of copper. See 동록.

*상류 s. 桑瘤 (뽕나무) (혹) A large fungoid growth on the trunk of a mulberry-tree.

*쌍륙 s. 雙六 두) (여섯) A game played with dice; a kind of backgammon.

*쌍륙치다 v. 雙六 치다) (쌍) (여섯) 둑쳐; 친 To throw dice.

*쌍륙판 s. 雙六盤 (두) (여섯) (소반—*반) A backgammon board.

*상릭 s. 喪笠 (상소) (갓) A mourner's wide hat. See 방립.

상망하다 v. To fail to recollect; to recall with difficulty.

*상망하다 v. 喪亡 (상소) (망할) To be lost—as a person; to die away.

*쌍모 s. 雙眸 (쌍) (눈조위) Both eyes.

*상모 s. 狀貌 (형상) (모양) Countenance; face; expression; appearance (Comp.) See 모양.

*상모비범하다 s. 狀貌非凡 (얼골) (모양) (아닐) (무릇) Not to be common.

*상목 s. 桑木 (뽕나무) (나무) The mulberry. See 뽕나무.

*쌍무역요약 s. 雙務的條約 (쌍) (힘쓸, (역할) (가지 연약; Reciprocity treaty.

*쌍문쥬 s. 雙紋紬 (쌍) (문의) (번쥬) A kind of native silk.

*쌍미 s. 雙眉 (쌍) (눈섭) Both eyebrows.

*쌍바라지 s. 雙扉 (쌍) (창—*유) A divided window—half opening each way.

*상번 s. 喪番 (상소) (번호) Mourning; death. See 번상.

*상보다 s. 床排 (상) (버릴) 아; 본 To set a table. See 상비보다.

*상복 s. 喪服 (상소) (옷) A mourner's dress. See 재복.

*상부 s. 孀婦 (과부) (여누리) A widow.

*상부 s. 喪夫 (상소) (길) A bier. See 상두.

*상부하다 v. 喪夫 (상소) (지아비) To lose a husband; to die—of a husband. See 과거하다.

망부다 s. 허; 흔 To mate—animals. (Prov.)

쌍백연 s. A combination in dominoes.

*상빈 s. 霜鬢 (서리) (귀밋) The hair on both sides of the head.

*상빈 s. 霜鬢 (서리) (귀밋) Gray hair.

*상비보다 s. 床排 (상) (버릴) 아; 본 To set a table. See 상보다.

*상비하다 v. 喪配 상소 짝 To lose a wife; to die—of a wife. See 상처하다.

*상뵉피 s. 桑白皮 (뽕나무) (흰) (가죽) The root bark of the mulberry.

*쌍산 s. 雙山 (쌍) 뫼, A post station in Kyong-sang-do; a mountain in P'yŏng an-do. Lat. 40.30. Long. 125.40.

*쌍쌍이 s. 雙雙 (쌍) 쌍) In pairs; in couples; two by two.

*상셕 s. 床石 (상) (돌) A stone sacrificial altar before a grave. (노락).

*상선 s. 喪扇 (상소) (붓치) A sackcloth veil, having two handles, carried by a mourner. A mourner's fan.

*상셩하다 v. 喪性 상소) (성품) To be mad with anger, sorrow etc; to be wild. See 실셩하다.

*쌍수 s. 雙數 (쌍) (두어) An even number.

*상슈 s. 喪需 (상소) (음식) Food prepared for sacrificial purposes. See 제슈.

*쌍슈 s. 雙手 (쌍) (손) Both hands.

*쌍슈 s. 雙樹 쌍) 나무) Post stations in Kyong-sang-do and Ch'ung-chŏng-do.

*상실 s. 桑椹 (뽕나무) (오쉬, The berry or fruit of the *Morus alba*; mulberries. See 오듸.

*상실 s. 桑實 (뽕나무) (열릴) Fruit of the mulberry. See 오듸.

*상실하다 s. 喪失 (상소) (일흘) To be ruined.

*상소 s. 喪事 (상소) (일) Mourning; an affair of death. (나다). See 상번.

*쌍소 s. 雙絲 (쌍) (실) A double-ply thread.

*쌍싱이 s. Twins. See 쌍동이.

쌍아 s. A disease—in which a second soft palate grows in the throat.

*쌍안 s. 雙眼 (쌍) (눈) Both eyes.

*쌍한경 s. 雙眼鏡 (두) (눈) (거울) Binocular field glass; an opera-glass.

*상어 s. 鮫魚 (교기) (고기) A shark.

*상여 s. 喪輿 (상소) (수레) A bier. *See* 상부.

*상연ᄒᆞ다 s. 爽然 (셔늘) (그럴) To be clear; to be evident; to flash upon one. To be refreshing. *See* 쇠연ᄒᆞ다.

*상엽 s. 桑葉 (상나무) (닙) Mulberry leaves.

*상옷 s. 喪服 (상소) (옷—*복) A mourner's dress. *See* 상복.

*상이 s. 桑耳 (상나무) (귀) A kind of mushroom

*상인 s. 喪人 (상소) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A mourner. *See* 상제.

쌍작삽이 s. Cross sticks fastened as a scissors and used as a support.

*상자 s. 桑柘 (상나무) (상나무) The mountain mulberry.

*상장 s. 喪杖 (상소) (집힘이) A mourner's staff—of bamboo for a father, and of wood for a mother.

*쌍전ᄒᆞ다 s. 雙全 (쌍) (온전) To be doubly advantageous; to be useful in two ways; to be mutually profitable.

*상제 s. 喪制 (상소) (법) A mourner. *See* 상쥬.

*상쥬 s. 喪主 (상소) (님) A mourner. *See* 상인.

*쌍쥬 s. 雙紬 (쌍) (면쥬) Silk woven of double strings.

*상즁 s. 喪中 (상소) (가온ᄃᆡ) During the time of mourning.

*쌍즈엽식물 s. 雙子葉植物 (두) (아ᄒᆞᆯ, ᄂᆞᆫ 싹을 ᄐᆞᄃᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆫ (식물) dicotyledonous plant, *dicotyledon.*

*상지 s. 霜災 (서리) (지앙) A scourge of frost. *See* 조상강.

*상채 s. 喪債 (상소) (빗) A debt contracted for mourning ceremonies. *Opp.* 혼채.

*쌍창 s. 雙窓 (쌍) (창) A divided window that opens each way. *See* 쌍바라지.

*상처ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 喪妻 (상소) (안해) To lose one's wife; to die—of a wife. *See* 상비ᄒᆞ다.

*상청 s. 喪廳 (상소) (청) The room in a house where the ancestral tablets are kept. *See* 려막.

쌍청 s. 雙淸 (쌍) (ᄆᆞᆯᆯ) A naval station in Hua-kyong-do.

*쌍춍 s. 雙出 (쌍) (날) A "double" in dill etc. (ᄒᆞ다).

*상충 s. 桑虫 (상나무) (버레) A parasite found on mulberry trees.

*쌍친 s. 雙親 (두) (어버이) Both parents.

*쌍코신 s. 雙鼻鞋 (쌍) (코—*비) (신—*혜) Double pointed shoes. *Opp.* 외코신.

쌍코ᄌᆞᆯ변조 s. Double pointed and fancy bordered shoes.

*상쾌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 爽快 (셔늘) (쾌ᄒᆞᆫ) To be well; to be bracing; to be refreshed. *See* 쇠원ᄒᆞ다.

*상태 s. 狀態 (셩상) (터도) Aspect; appearance; form; condition; state.

*쌍틱 s. 雙胎 (쌍) (틱) Twins; a birth of twins. *See* 쌍동이.

*상포 s. 喪布 (상소) (ᄇᆞ, Sackcloth for mourning.

*상항 s. 桑港 (상나무) (항구) San Francisco.

*상항 s. 狀況 (셩상) (ᄒᆞᆫᄆᆞᆫᄒᆡ) Aspect; appearance, condition.

*상회슈 s. 桑灰水 (상나무) (지) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Lye from the ashes of mulberry wood—a medicine.

쌍희쯔 s. 雙喜字 쌍) (깃거ᄒᆞᆯ) (글ᄌᆞ—*즈) "Double joy"—an expression used for decorative purposes.

쌍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To mate—animals.

*샤 *l.* 赦 (노ᄒᆞᆯ) An official pardon. (누리다).

*샤 s. 邪 (샤ᄒᆞᆨ) An evil spirit; a demon. Evil; corrupt; vile. *See* 마.

*샤각 s. 斜角 (빗길) (ᄲᅳᆯ) Oblique angle.

*샤각쥬 s. 斜角柱 (빗길) (ᄲᅳᆯ) (거푸집) Oblique prism.

*샤각좌표 s. 斜角坐標 (빗길) (ᄲᅳᆯ) (안질) (표) Oblique co-ordinates.

*샤간 s. 射干 (ᄲᅳᆯ) (밤패) *Balemeanda chinensis.*

*샤갈 s. 蛇蝎 (비암) (빈ᄃᆡ) A medicine.

*샤감 s. 舍監 (집) (볼) The superintendent of the students in a college or academy.

*샤격 s. 射擊 (ᄲᅳᆯ) (칠) Shooting; target practice.

*샤격운동 s. 射擊運動 (ᄲᅳᆯ) (칠) (옴길) (움직일) Target practice exercise.

*샤격ᄒᆞ다 s. 射擊 (ᄲᅳᆯ) (칠) To shoot at, to fire at.

샤ᄀᆞ동 、斜峽洞 마길 ᄀᆡ수 골) 、 mountain pass in Ham-kyong-do.

*사고 s. 斜高 (빗길) (높흘) Slant height.

*사고 s. 社告 (샤직) (고흐) The announcement or advertisement of a newspaper office or company as on papers for distribution.

*사곡ᄒᆞ다 s. 邪曲 (샤곡) (굽을) To be vicious; to be wicked.

*사교 s. 邪敎 (샤교) (그른칠) Heresy; corrupt religious teaching; a false religion; evil doctrines; this term is also applied to Christianity

*사귀 s. 邪鬼 (샤귀) (귀신) Evil spirits; demons; corrupt objects of worship. *See* 마귀.

*사끈차원ᄒᆞ다 l. 捨近取遠 (노흘) (갓가올) (가질) (멀) To leave the nearest and take the farthest

*사금석 s. 砂金石 (모래) (쇠) (돌) Aventurine.

*사긔 s. 邪氣 (샤곡) (긔운) The evil influence—accompanying the possession of devils. , (누리 다).

*사긔부리다 s. 부려, 린 To act under the influence of evil; to act as one possessed. *See* 요괴부리다.

*사과ᄒᆞ다 l. 赦過 (노흘) (허물) To condone a fault; to pardon a mistake.

*사과ᄒᆞ다 l. 謝過 (샤례) (허물) To acknowledge a fault; to confess.

*사관 s. 舍館 (집) (럭사) A government inn or lodging-house. (잡다 *See* 샤처.

*사념 s. 邪念 (간사) (싱각) Vicious mind; wicked thoughts; evil intentions.

*사누리다 l. 赦下 (노흘) (아래—*하) 누려; 린 To proclaim official pardon.

*사단 l. 社壇 (샤직) (단) An altar.

*사격장 s. 射的場 (쏠) (판혁) (마당) A place for practising target shooting.

*사격 s. 射的 (쏠) (판혁) Target shooting.

*사격학교 s. 射的學校 (쏠) (판혁) (비홀) (학교) A school where shooting is taught.

*사격ᄒᆞ다 s. 射的 (쏠) (판혁) To shoot a target—with a bow or rifle.

*사계 s. 舍弟 (집) (아오) A younger brother

*사면 l. 赦典 (노흘) (법) A reprieve, a pardon.

*사명 l. 射亭 (쏠) (명조) An archery house. *See* 사장.

*사도 s. 邪道 (샤곡) (길) Evil way; heretical doctrines.

사ᄃᆞ ᄉᆞ 蛇毒 (비얌) (독흘) Snake poison, a serpent's venom.

*사두창 s. 蛇頭瘡 (비얌) (머리) (헌데) A "serpent-head" boil—on the fingers or toes.

*사랑 s. 舍廊 (집) (힝랑) An outer guest-room. Husband—so called by the wife. *See* 긱실.

사렬 s. 蛇廉 (비얌) (정렬) A disturbance of a grave by "serpent atmospheres." *See* 풍렬.

사례ᄒᆞ다 l. 謝禮 (샤례) (례도) To thank; to express gratitude.

사로 s. 斜路 (빗길) (길) A winding road or path.

사록 s. 麝鹿 (샤향노로) (노로) The musk-deer, *Moschus moschiferus.*

*사룡 s. 蛇龍 (비얌) (룡) A serpent dragon. *Opp.* 어룡.

*사릉 s. 斜稜 (빗길) (모질) Slant edge.

사리 s. 瀉痢 (소흘) (리질) Diarrhoea.

*사리 l. 舍利 (집) (리흘) A gem supposed to spring from the brow of a faithful Buddhist at cremation.

*사리탑 l. 舍利塔 (집) (리흘) (탑) A pagoda where the ashes of the dead are kept. (Buddhist).

*사면 s. 斜面 (빗길) (낫) Inclined plane; slant face; lateral face.

*사면ᄒᆞ다 l. 赦免 (노흘) (면흐) To pardon.

*사무 l. 社務 (샤직) (무슬) Duties connected with a shrine, also affairs of a company or firm.

*사문관 l. 赦文官 (노흘) (글월) (벼슬) The officer who carries an order for a general pardon.

*사문칙ᄉᆞ l. 赦文勅使 (노흘) (글월) (칙명ᄒᆞᆫ 사ᄉᆞ) The officer who carries an order for a general pardon. *See* 사문관.

*사물 s. 邪物 (샤곡) (물건) An unpropitious thing.

*사뎨 s. 蛇蠐 (미얌) (외기) *Eragaria florida.*

사방육면톄 s. 斜方六面體 (빗길) (모) (여설) (낫) (몸) Rhombohedron.

사법 s. 邪法 (샤곡) (법) Supernatural or black arts; witchcraft; sorcery.

사변 s. 斜邊 (빗길) (가) Hypothenuse.

사변삼각형 s. 斜邊三角形 (빗길) (갓) (석) (별) (형상) Diagonal triangle.

사변형 s. 斜邊形 (빗길) (가) (형상) Hypothenuse.

*사변형 s. 斜邊形 (빗길) (가) (형상) Titragon.

*사불범정 s 邪不犯正 (사독)(아닐)(범할)(바를) The evil is not to violence to the righteous.

*사비 l. 社費 (회사) (허비) Expenses defrayed by a shrine or company.

*사빈호다 s. 卸白 (버슬) (흴) To leave out all formalities and write only the necessary part—in letters.

*사살호다 s. 射殺 (쏠) (죽일) To kill by shooting with a bow.

*사삼각형 s. 斜三角形 (빗길) (석) (뿔) (형상) Diagonal scale, oblique-angled triangle.

*사상조 s. 社宋子 (빈암) (상) (아들) *Sinum Mourners.*

*사생성 s. 斜上性 (빗길) (웃) (성품) Diageotropism.

*사석 s. 沙石 (모래) (돌) Sand and gravel.

*사석 s. 斜石 (빗길) (돌) Diagonal scale

*사선 s. 斜線 빗길) (실) Oblique line.

*사선적 s 斜線尺 (빗길)(실)(자) Diagonal.

*사설 l. 社說 (사독) (말숨) The editorial in a newspaper; a leading article.

*사설 s. 邪說 (사독) (말숨) Corrupt opinions; perverse views; vicious talk; wicked rumours.

*사설조힝 s. 邪說暴行 사독)(말숨)(사오나올) (도닐) False words and wicked acts. (M.)

*사세호다 l. 謝世 (샤례)(인 간) To die

*사쇼지물 s. 些小之物 (작을) (작을), (갈) (물건 What a trifle, a mere thing; a small particle. *See* 사쇼지스.

*사쇼지스 s. 些小之事 (작을) (작을) (갈) 일 Minute details; particulars. *See* 사비 지스

*사쇼호다 些少 작을 (적을 To be few; to be small; to be trifling.

*사슈 l. 射手 (쏠) (손) A skilful archer.

*사슈 l. 寫手 (불) (손) A writer—who assists candidates at examinations.

*사숙 s. 舍叔 (집) (아자비) "I"—in a letter to a nephew. "Your uncle."

*사시랑이 s. 些小 (작을) (작을—*요) A frivolous person; a giddy creature

*사신 s 邪神 (사독) (귀신) An evil god, demons.

*사신교 s. 邪神教 (사독 (귀신) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) Idolatry; paganism.

*사신우상 s. 邪神偶像 (사독) (귀신) (허수아비) (현상) Idols; objects of worship.

*사신호다 / 捨身 (노흘) (몸) To enter the priesthood.

*사심 s. 邪心 (사독) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) An evil mind, wicked heart; malicious intentions.

*사안 / 謝安 샤례 (편안) A.D. 320-385. A Chinese Minister and man of letters—noted for his love of ease and elegance.

*사양 s. 斜陽 (빗길) (볕) The evening

*사영 / 射影 (쏠) (그림ᄌᆞ) Projection

*사영도표 l. 射影圖表 (쏠) (그림ᄌᆞ) (그림) (ᄑᆞ홀) Projection diagram.

*사영심 s. 射影心 (쏠) (그림ᄌᆞ) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Circle of projection.

*사욕 s. 邪慾 (사독) (욕심) Evil passion or desire, sinful lust; selfish ambitions.

*사우 l. 社友 (샤직) (벗) A friend of a society or association; a partner in a firm.

*사우 s. 斜雨 (빗길) (비) A fine driving rain.

*사우 s. 麝牛 (샤향노로) (소) Musk ox, *ovibos muschatus.*

*사유호다 l. 赦宥 (노흘) (용셔홀) To pardon.

*사은숙비호다 / 謝恩肅拜 (샤례) (은혜) (엄슉) (절) To bow one's thanks—for favors received. *See* 사은호다

*사은호다 l. 謝恩 (샤례) (은혜) To return thanks—for favors received.

*사음 s. 邪淫 (사독) (음란) Adultery.

*사음 s. 舍音 (집) 소리) A tenant farmer. *See* 말음.

*사음호다 s. 邪淫 샤독)(음란) To commit adultery.

*사의 s. 邪意 (사독) (뜻) Perverse mind; vicious heart; malice, malicious intention.

*사인 l. 社印 (회사) (인칠) The legal seal of a company, or association.

*사인 l. 舍人 (집), 사ᄅᆞᆷ) Assistants to the Ministers of State

*사일 s. 社日 샤직) (날) Sacrificial days occurring in spring and in autumn.

*사원 l. 社員 (회사) (인원) A member of a company firm, or society.

*사장 / 謝狀 (샤례) (글) A letter of thanks; a letter of apology.

*사장 l. 社長 (회사) (어른) A village elder; a headman. An editor. The president of a company.

*사절 s. 斜截 (빗길) (ᄭᅳᆫ홀) Oblique section

*사절두각주 s. 斜截頭角柱 (빗길) (ᄭᅳᆫ홀) (머리) (뿔) (거ᄭᅮ칠) Truncated prism.

*사절두각추 名. 斜截頭角錐 (빗길)(끈흘)머리 뿔 (송곳 Truncated pyramid

*사절두원추 名. 斜截頭圓錐 (빗길)(끈흘)(머리)(둥글), 송곳 A truncated cone

*사절면 名. 斜截面 (빗길)(끈흘)(낯) Oblique section.

*사절ᄒᆞ다 名. 斜截 (빗길)(끈흘) To cut obliquely.

*사절ᄒᆞ다 自. 謝絶 (샤례)(끈흠) To decline; to refuse.

*사접ᄒᆞ다 名. 邪接 (샤즉)(붓흘) To be possessed of an evil influence or demon *See* 신접ᄒᆞ다.

*사죄문 自. 謝罪文 (샤례)(허물)(글) A sentence written by way of apology; a written apology.

*사죄장 名. 謝罪狀 (샤례)(허물)(글) A written pardon.

*사죄ᄒᆞ다 自. 赦罪 (노흘)(허물) To pardon crimes; to forgive sins. *See* 속죄ᄒᆞ다.

*사죄ᄒᆞ다 自. 謝罪 (샤례)(허물) To acknowledge one's fault or offence; to apologize. *See* 샤과ᄒᆞ다

사종 名. 邪宗 (사즉)(마루) A corrupt sect or heathenism (a term formerly applied to Christianity).

*사죠 名. 斜照 (빗길)(빗쬘) The evening sun.

*사죽 名. 斜竹 (빗길)(대) Bamboo rods.

*사즁 名. 社中 (사즉)(가온ᄃᆡ) A company, club, or association.

*사증 名. 邪症 (사즉)(증세) Epilepsy; convulsions—as possessed by demons. *See* 샤긔.

*사직 自. 社稷 (사즉)(피) The spirits of land and grain. One's country.

*사직단 自. 社稷壇 (사즉)(피)(단) An altar to the *Sajik*.

*사직지신 自. 社稷之神 (사즉)(피)(갈)(귀신) The chief spirit of the *Sajik*; the spirit of harvest.

*사직ᄒᆞ다 名. 辭職 (싹글)(직업) To dismiss from office. *Opp.* 복직ᄒᆞ다

*사진 名. 寫眞 (쓸)(춤) A photograph; a portrait; a drawing. (박다. *See* 화본.

*사진경 名. 寫眞鏡 (쓸)(춤)(거울) A camera,—used in photographing.

*사진관 名. 寫眞館 (쓸)(춤)(집사) A photographer's shop.

*사진당 名. 寫眞堂 (쓸)(춤)(집) A photographer's shop; a photographer.

*사진박다 名. 寫眞 (쓸)(춤)아; 은 To photograph.

*사진술 名. 寫眞術 (쓸)(춤)(술업) Photography

*사진소 名. 寫眞師 (쓸)(춤)(스승) A photographer.

*사진지 名. 寫眞紙 (쓸)(춤)(집)(조이) A kind of thick paper on which a photographic picture is mounted.

*사진첩 名. 寫眞帖 (쓸)(춤)(첩) A book for containing photographs.

*사진틀 名. 寫眞틀 (쓸)(춤)(시렁—*가) A photographer's camera.

*사진ᄒᆞ다 名. 寫眞 (쓸)(춤) To draw; to paint; to photograph; to take a portrait. *See* 화본내다.

*사질 名. 舍姪 (집)(주하) "I"—as used by nephews or neices to an uncle.

*사질 名. 邪疾 (샤흘)(병) Madness; acts—as of insanity. *See* 의집.

*사조긔게 自. 寫字機械 (쓸)(글조)(지을)(틀) A type-writer.

*사조관 自. 寫字官 (쓸)(글조)(벼슬) An official writer or sketcher.

*사지 自. 瀉劑 (쏫을)(지료) A purgative.

*사채 名. 社債 (샤즉)(빗) A debt contracted by a company or firm.

*사채권자 名. 社債權者 (회샤)(빗)(권세)(놈) Debenture holder.

*사처 名. 舍處 (집)(곳) A special guest-room. (잡다). *See* 샤관.

*사처방 名. 舍處房 (집)(곳)(방) A special guest-room.

사처처우다 名. 치워; 운 To prepare a special guest-room.

*사처ᄒᆞ다 名. 舍處 (집)(곳) To occupy for a time; to reside at.

*사ᄎᆡ 名. 斜尺 (빗길)(자) Diagonal scale.

*사축 名. 斜軸 (빗길)(축) Oblique Axis.

*사출목숨 名. 射出木質 (쏠)(날)(나무)(쎄) Medullary rays.

*사출화 名. 射出花 (쏠)(날)(꼿) Ray flower.

*사측 名. 社則 (샤즉)(법) The rules or regulations of a company or firm.

*사치 名. 奢侈 (사치)(사치) Extravagance; luxury.

*사치ᄒᆞ다 名. 奢侈 (사치)(사치) To be luxurious; to be extravagant. *See* 호사ᄒᆞ다.

*사퇴 名. 蛇退 (비암)(몰너갈) A snake's slough.

*샤특ᄒᆞ다 s. 邪慝 (샤특) (샤특) To be evil; to be corrupt; to be vicious. *See* 간사ᄒᆞ다.

*사명 s. 斜平面 (빗길) (평홀) (낫) Oblique plane.

*사포 s. 蛇脯 (비암) (포육) Dried snake flesh—a medicine.

*사풍 s. 斜風 (빗길) (바람) A side wind; breeze blowing from the side.

*사풍스럽다 s. 邪風 (샤특) (바람) 러워; 운 To be unruly; to be ill-bred; to be disorderly. *See* 경솔ᄒᆞ다.

*사하북 s. 沙下北 (빗길) (아래) (북녁) A mountain pass in Hum-kyong-do.

*사학 s. 邪學 (샤특) (비홀) False or heretical religions—all outside of Confucianism. *See* 이단.

*사학 s. 社學 (사직) (비홀) A village school.

*사함 / 謝函 사죄 ᄒᆞᄂᆞᆫ 편지 A letter of thanks; a letter of apology

*사항곡선 s. 斜航曲線 (빗길) (비) (굽을) (실) A loxodromic curve.

*사향 / 麝香 (사향) (향긔) Musk

*사향노루 / 麝獐 (사향) (노루—*장) The musk-deer. *Moschus moschiferus.*

*사향쥐 / 麝鼠 (사향) (쥐—*셔) The muskrat; a small variety of mouse.

*사형 s. 舍兄 (집) (맛) "I"—your older brother. (Epist.) *See* 형

*사회 / 社會 (사회) (모들) Sacrificial festivals. Society.

*사회당 s. 社會黨 (사직) (모들) (무리) Socialists' party; a socialist; a communist.

*사회상 s. 社會上 (회샹) (모들) (웃) Society.

*사회학 s. 社會學 (사직) (모들) (비홀) Sociology

*사ᄒᆞ다 / 瀉 (쏫을) To drain off; to purge. *See* 설사ᄒᆞ다

*사ᄒᆞ다 / 赦 (노홀) To forgive; to pardon.

*사행 s. 邪行 (샤특) (힝홀) Vicious conduct.

*삭과ᄒᆞ다 s. 削科 (삭글) (과거) To deprive of one's examination degree. *Opp.* 복과ᄒᆞ다.

*삭도 s. 削刀 (삭글) (칼) A razor.

삭둑삭둑 s In slices; in pieces.

*삭발위승ᄒᆞ다 削髮爲僧 삭발 ᄒᆞ여 (승) (중) To cut off one's hair and become a Buddhist.

*삭발ᄒᆞ다 剃髮 삭발 ᄒᆞ여 To cut the hair. *See* 면발ᄒᆞ다.

삭이다 s. 刻 (삭일 *각) 삭여, 인 To carve, to cut; to engrave. *See* 아로 삭이다.

삭이다 s. 釋義 (풀—*석) (올홀—*의) 삭여; 인 To interpret the thought of the 문리; to read the thought of the characters in the native forms of speech.

삭임장이 s. 刻手 (삭일—*각) (손—*슈) An engraver; a carver. *See* 각슈.

삭임질ᄒᆞ다 s. 刻 (삭일—*각) To carve; to engrave; to cut. *See* 각ᄒᆞ다.

삭임질ᄒᆞ다 s. 反芻 (도리길—*반) (쌉을—*작) To chew the cud.

삭ᄌᆞ삭ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 削削 (삭글, 꼿 삭글 To trim down what ought to be trimmed—of a composition. *Opp.* 필ᄎᆞ필ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

*삭직ᄒᆞ다 s. 削職 (삭글) (벼슬) To dismiss an official from his post; to be dismissed from office.

삭치다 s. 削 (삭글) 삭쳐; 친 To cut down; to lessen.

삭탈관직ᄒᆞ다 s. 削奪官職 (삭글 쌔아 ᄂᆞᆷ ᄂᆞᆫ 벼슬 To dismiss from office

*삭ᄒᆞ다 s 削 (삭글) To cut down—as an account; to throw off—as price.

*상 / 上 (웃) The top; the best; the first. *See* 우두머리.

'상 ᄭᅳᆫ 상주 A reward; a prize (주다). *See* 상급 *Opp.* 벌.

*상 s. 相 (얼골) The countenance—as in divination. (보다) *See* 얼골.

'상감 / 上監 우 ᄂᆞᆷ The King. His Majesty. *See* 금상.

*삼강 / 上江 (웃) (물) Rivers in Kang-won-do and Ch'ung-chong-do.

*상거 s. 相距 (서로) (상거) The distance; the space. *See* 동안.

*상격 s. 賞格 (상줄) (격식) The name of a primary examination for which a small reward is given. (ᄒᆞᆫ다

'상격ᄒᆞ다 相隔 서로 막 To be distant from; to be separated from.

*상견례 s. 相見禮 (서로) (볼) (례도) A ceremony of welcome, a meeting.

*상견ᄒᆞ다 s. 相見 (서로) (볼) To meet; to have an interview *See* 상볼ᄒᆞ다.

*상계 / 上計 (웃) (계교) The best plan; a first-class plan. *Opp* 하책 *See* 삼책.

*상계 /. 上界 (샹) (디경) The upper world; heaven or paradise.

*상경 /. 上卿 (샹) (벽슬) A title applied in ancient times to the chief minister of state

*상경 s. 常經 (썽찡) (글) The ordinary rules of morality.

*상경ᄒᆞ다 /. 上京 (샹) (셔울) To go up to the capital.

*상고 s. 商賈 (장수) (장수) Resident and traveling merchants. *See* 장ᄉᆞ

*상고 /. 上古 (샹) (네) Remote antiquity *See* 태고.

*상고건 s. 詳考件 (즈세) (샹고) (법) What is to be seen to; what needs looking after.

*상고션 s. 商賈船 (장수) (장수) (보치) A common lan.

*상고션 s. 商賈船 (장수) (장수) (비) Merchant ships; trading boats. *See* 상션.

*상고ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳考 (즈세) (샹고) To reflect well; to consider thoroughly.

*상골 s. 象骨 (코끼리) (뼈) Elephant's bones.

*상공 s. 相公 (정승) (귀인) A young gentleman; you. (Respect). *See* 대신.

*상교 s. 庠校 (상교) (상교) A Confucian school; a Confucian temple. *See* 향교.

*상국 /. 上國 (샹) (나라) The upper kingdom—a suzerain state.

*상국 s. 相國 (도올) (나라) A prime-minister; a premier.

*상궁 s. 尙宮 (오히려) (집) The lady superior of the palace ladies-in-waiting. *See* 나인.

*상궁지됴 s. 傷弓之鳥 (상ᄒᆞᆯ) (활) (갈) (새) A bird wounded by an arrow—of one who has experienced disaster.

*상규 s. 常規 (썽뀌) (법) Used or established rules, fixed regulations.

*상극 s. 相剋 (셔로) (이길) Things which are mutually destructive of one another—as fire and water. *See* 빙탄간.

*상금 s. 尙今 (오히려) (이제) Till now; up to the present.

*상급 s. 賞給 (상줄) (줄) A gift; a tip; a *pourboire*; backsheesh. (주다).

*상긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳記 (즈세) (긔록) To record fully; to write down in detail.

*상긔ᄒᆞ다 /. 上氣 (샹) (긔운) To rise—of anger or temperature; to be dizzy or giddy; to be too enthusiastic or fanatical. *See* 상열ᄒᆞ다.

*상ᄂᆡᄒᆞ다 s 相惡 (셔로) (뮈울) To hate one another.

*상기동 / 上棟 (샹) (기동—*동) The main post or chief pillar -in a building.

*상ᄆᆞᆯ / 上物 (샹) (것—*ᄆᆞᆯ) The best quality; first-class. *See* 상품.

*상빈 / 上賓 (샹) (손) An honored guest. *See* 귀ᄇᆡᆨ.

*상판 / 上板 (샹) (널) High offices. 'your honor,' 'your worship.' *Opp.* 하판

*상판 s. 相關 (셔로) (관계) What mutually affects or interests; interest; concern. *See* 관계ᄒᆞ다.

*상판 s. 商舘 (장ᄉᆞ) (집ᄉᆞ) A firm; a company.

*상판ᄒᆞ다 s. 相關 (셔로) (관계) To be connected; to be because of, to be of interest. *See* 결련ᄒᆞ다.

*상패 /. 上卦 (샹) (팜패) The best omen—as found by divining by the Eight Diagrams.

*상팜션 s. 常光線 (썽빗) (빗) (실) Ordinary ray.

*상편 /. 上篇 (샹) (책) A first volume—where there are but two or three. *See* 중편; 하편.

*상납 /. 上納 (샹) (드릴) Contributions etc. paid to the government. *See* 세납

*상납 /. 上納 (샹) (납 -*연) Lead of a superior quality.

*상납ᄒᆞ다 /. 上納 (샹) (드릴) To pay to the government, or to a superior.

*상년 /. 上年 (샹) (히) Last year. *See* 젼년.

*상년 s. 詳年 (상세) (히). A lucky year. *See* 길년.

상년 s. 常女 (썽녜) (계집—*녀) A low woman.

상년올 /. 昨今兩年 (어제—*작) (오제—*금) (두—*량) (히—*년) Last year and this—these two years. *See* 작금량년.

*상놈 s. 常漢 (썽뇐) (놈—*한) A low fellow; a vulgar scamp. *Opp.* 량반. *See* 상한.

*상단 /. 上段 (샹) (조각) The above or upper portion or division or paragraph.

*상달다 /. 上達 (샹) (달) To receive—as funds, on an account.

*상달ᄒᆞ다 v. 上達 (웃 통달) To send to a superior—a letter. To excel; to be préeminent. *See* 엿줍다.

*상담 s. 常談 (쎗쎗) (말숨) Common sayings; ordinary conversation. *See* 속언.

*상답 n. 上畓 (웃) (논) The best paddy-fields. *See* 옥답.

*상당각 s. 相當角 (서로) (맛당) (쏠) Corresponding angle.

*상당ᄒᆞ다 v. 上堂 (웃) (집) To raise the framework of a house.

*상당ᄒᆞ다 v. 相當 (서로) (맛당) To be one's duty; to be suitable; to correspond; to be fitting; to be adapted to; to accord well with. *See* 상역ᄒᆞ다.

*상덕 n. 上德 (웃 큰) Favor, kindness—from a superior.

*상덕ᄒᆞ다 v. 尙德 (숭상) (큰) To reverence virtue.

*상역ᄒᆞ다 s. 相敵 (서로) (뎍역) To disagree; to be in conflict; to fight.

*상역ᄒᆞ다 s. 相適 (서로) (아질) To agree; to be of one accord. *See* 걸맛다.

*상편 s. 賞典 (상줄) (법) Reward; prize.

*상면 n. 上田 (웃) (밧) Land of the best quality; upper fields.

*상뎐 n. 上典 (웃) (법) A master. *Opp.* 종.

*상뎐ᄒᆞ다 v. 上殿 (웃) (대궐) To go to Court; to attend at the palace.

*상뎨 n. 上帝 (웃) (님금) The High and Mighty Ruler—God. *See* 하ᄂᆞ님.

*상뎡 s. 詳定 (조세) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) Taxes or prices fixed by the government.

*상뎡제 s. 詳定制 조세 뎡ᄒᆞᆫ 젼례 Laws regarding the 상뎡.

*상동령 n. 上東嶺 웃 동녁 (어느) 고ᄀᆞᆺ 고ᄀᆞᆺ post station in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.53. Long. 128.32

*상동ᄒᆞ다 s. 相同 (서로) (엿흘) To agree; to share mutually.

*상등 n. 上等 (웃) (무리) First class. *Opp.* 즁등; 하등.

*상등병 n. 上等兵 (웃) (무리) (군ᄉᆞ) A military sergeant.

*상등사회 n. 上等社會 웃 (무리) 사ᄉᆞᆼ (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Upper class society.

*상등표, 相等標 서로 무리 표ᄒᆞᆫ of equa...

*상등ᄒᆞ다 s. 相等 (서로) (무리) To be similar; to correspond. *See* 상반ᄒᆞ다.

*상뎍ᄒᆞ다 s. 相對 서로 ᄃᆡᄒᆞᆯ To be face to face. *See* 상면ᄒᆞ다

*상ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 v. 上洛 ᄉᆞᆫ 낙슈 To visit Seoul; to pay homage to the Emperor (Comp.)

*상량 n. 上樑 (웃 들보) The ridge log

*상량문 n. 上樑文 (웃) (들보) (글) Characters or mottoes written on the ridge-log of the ceiling.

*상량ᄒᆞ다 s. 商量 (장ᄉᆞ) (헤아릴) To consult; to deliberate upon. *See* 가량ᄒᆞ다.

상량ᄒᆞ다 s. To be polite; to be respectful and submissive. *See* 조상ᄒᆞ다.

*상량ᄒᆞ다 v. 上樑 (웃) (들보) To raise the cross-beams or framework of a house.

*상려 s. 商旅 (장ᄉᆞ) (나그내) A merchant; a peddler.

*상례 s. 常例 (쎗쎗) (젼례) Usual practice; established custom or procedure; common usage.

*상례ᄒᆞ다 s. 相禮 서로 례도 ᄒᆞ To be mutually respectful. *See* 경ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다

*상령 s. 常令 (쎗쎗) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A post station in Kyung-sang-do.

*상로 s. 商路 (장ᄉᆞ) (길 Trading; merchandising.

*상로ᄃᆡ s. 商路邸 장ᄉᆞ 집 (무리) Merchants. *See* 시젼아ᄃᆡ

*상론ᄒᆞ다 s. 相論 서로 ᄃᆡᄒᆞᆫ 말 To consult together; to deliberate. *See* 상의ᄒᆞ다.

*상론ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳論 (조세) (의론) To discuss fully; to carry on a detailed argument

*상류 n. 上流 (웃) (흐를) A stream from above; a stream having its source higher up. *See* 근원.

*상륙 n. 商陸 (장ᄉᆞ) (뭇) Chinese pokeweed. *Phytolacca acinosa.*

*상륙ᄒᆞ다 v. 上陸 (웃) (뭇) To land; to go on shore.

*상림 n. 上林 (웃) (수플) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*상림산 s. 上林山 (웃) (수플) (뫼) A mountain in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.22. Long. 126.43.

*상림원 n. 上林苑 (웃) (수플) (동산) A noted Chinese park of antiquity.

상마 s. 牡馬 (수컷—*루) (ᄆᆞᆯ—*아) A stallion; a stud; a male horse. *Opp.* 피마.

*상마ᄒᆞ다 v. 上馬 (웃 ᄆᆞᆯ) To mount a horse. (Comp.) *See* 피마ᄒᆞ다.

*상마ᄒᆞ다 s. 相馬 (상볼) (볼) To judge horses.

*상말 s. 常談 (젯뎃) (말숨) The vernacular; the ordinary speech. *See* 속담

*상망지디 s. 相望之地 (서로) (부랄) (짤) (짜) Places within sight of one another; neighboring places. *See* 지근지쳐.

*상망ᄒᆞ다 s. 想望 (상각) (부랄) To think of with longing; to pine for; to desire to see.

*상면 l. 上面 (샹) (낸) Surface; the face as opposed to the back of anything.

*상면ᄒᆞ다 s. 相面 (서로) (낸) To meet with; to be acquainted with. *See* 뎌면ᄒᆞ다.

*상명ᄒᆞ다 s. 償命 (갈흠) (목숨) To give one's life as compensation; to give life for life.

*상모 s. 象毛 (고셔리) (털억) A red hair tassel—worn on soldiers hats horse bridles etc. *See* 쏙고마리.

*상모 s. 相貌 (얼골) (모양) Appearance; aspect.

*상목 l. 上木 (샹) (나무) Superior cotton goods.

*상목 l. 上項 (샹) (목—*항) Upper rapids; the upper stream.

*상목 s. 常木 (젯뎃) (나모) Ordinary cotton cloth; coarse cotton goods.

*상몽 s. 祥夢 (상셔) (꿈) A lucky dream *See* 길몽.

*상무 s. 商務 (장ᄉᆞ) (힘쓸) Commercial matters.

*상무국 s. 商務局 (장ᄉᆞ) (힘쓸) (귁) The Board of Commerce, in the Department of Agriculture and Commerce.

*상무ᄒᆞ다 l. 尙武 (슝상흘) (ᄒᆞ반) To reverence military pursuits.

*상문 l. 上文 (샹) (글월) The above sentence; what has been stated above.

*상문ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳問 (조셰) (무를) To question minutely; to interrogate fully.

*상문ᄒᆞ다 l. 上聞 (샹) (드를) To report or communicate to the emperor, or to the Government.

*상미 l. 上米 (샹) (쌀) Rice of the first quality *See* 아주먹이.

*상미 l. 上味 (샹) 맛) Superior flavor *See* 별미.

*상미만 s. 尙未晩 (오ᄒᆞ려) (몯홀) (느질) What is still not late; what happens early in the day.

*상박 s. 商舶 (장ᄉᆞ) (비) A merchant vessel.

*상박ᄒᆞ다 s. 相薄 (서로) (칠) To meet; to conflict; to be opposed.

*상반디극 s. 相反對極 (서로) (도리킐) (ᄃᆡ짱) (긋장) Reciprocal poles.

*상반비 s. 相反比 (서로) (도리킐) (져줄) Inverse ratio; reciprocal ratio.

*상반수 s. 相反數 (서로) (도리킐) (두어) Reciprocal.

*상반심 s. 相反心 (서로) (도리킐) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Circle of reciprocation.

*상반원 s. 相反圓 (서로) (도리킐) (둥굴) Circle of reciprocation.

*상반ᄒᆞ다 s. 相反 (서로) (도질히) To be contrary; to be exactly the opposite. *See* 반뎌ᄒᆞ다.

*상반ᄒᆞ다 s. 相半 (서로) (절반) To be half and half; to be mutually equal. *See* 평등ᄒᆞ다.

*상방 l. 上方 (샹) (모) A temple.

*상방 l. 上房 (샹) (방) "His honor's room"—so called by official underlings.

*상번 l. 上番 (샹) (번) Entering a higher office; promotion.

*상벌 s. 賞罰 (상줄) (벌줄) Rewards and punishment. *See* 은위.

*상법 s. 商法 (장ᄉᆞ) (법) Commercial Code.

*상법 s. 相法 (상볼) (법) The art or rules of physiognomy. *See* 상서.

*상보 s. 詳報 (조셰) (갑흘) Detailed information; full particulars.

상보다 s. 觀相 (볼—*관) (얼골—*상) 아; 본 To read the countenance—as in physiognomy.

*상보ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳報 (조셰) (갑흘) To report fully; to inform in detail.

*상복 s. 常服 (젯뼈) (옷) Ordinary clothes; every day dress.

*상복 s. 衰服 (고셔리) (옷) A dress cut according to the fashion. (B. O.)

*상본 s. 像本 (얼골) (뎃) The negative—in photography. *See* 화본.

상ᄇᆡ이다 s. 觀相 (볼 '관) 얼골 *상) 뷔여; 인 To have the countenance read—as in physiognomy

*상봉 l. 上峯 (샹) (봉오리) The highest peak.

*상봉하솔ᄒᆞ다 l. 上奉下率 (샹) (밧들) (아래) (거느릴) To treat superiors with respect and to oversee inferiors to have parents and family. *See* 부모처ᄌᆞ.

*상봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 相逢(서로)(맞날) To meet together; to be acquainted. *See* 뎌면ᄒᆞ다

*상부 l. 上部 (웃)(쎄) A superior office; the office that rules or directs.

*상부ᄉᆞ 사 l. 上副使 (웃)(다음)(ᄒᆞ여끔) The 1st and 2nd envoys sent to China.

*상분수 s. 常分數 (떳떳)(논홈)(두어) A proper fraction.

*상비군 s. 常備軍 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(군ᄉᆞ) Standing army.

*상비금 s. 常備金 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(쇠) A reserve fund.

*상비량 s. 常備糧 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(량식) Rice or grains stored up to meet an emergency.

*상비병 s. 常備兵 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(군ᄉᆞ) A standing army.

*상비함대 s. 常備艦隊 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(비)(때) A standing squadron.

*상비ᄒᆞ다 s. 常備 (떳떳)(ᄀᆞᆺ출) To be always ready or prepared.

*상빈 l. 賓(손)、(손) The chief guest.

*상백시 l. 上白是 〈웃〉(알ᄉᆡᆯ)(이) "I humbly present"—as of a letter. *See* 상서.

상사 s. A moulding; an edging. (처다).

*상사발 s. 常沙鉢 (떳떳)(모래)(발이대) A common bowl; a cheap dish. *See* 탕사긔.

상사치다 s. 사채; 친 To mould; to carve—a border.

*상산마누라 l. 上山床堂下 (웃)(의)(ᄯᅡ *ᄯᅡᆯ) (다락—*루) (아래 -*하) The spirit of the mountain behind *Songto*—worshipped by the old nobility of *Kyong*.

*상사 l. 上舍 (웃)、(집) A name given to a graduate in scholarship (진ᄉᆞ).

*상사향 s. 常麝香 (떳떳)(사향)(향긔) Inferior musk from the musk-deer.

*상상 s. 想像 (싱각 얼골) Supposition; imagination; fancy.

*상상력 s. 想像力 (싱각)(영상)(힘) Powers of imagination.

*상상봉 l. 上上峯 (웃)(웃)(봉오리) The highest peak of all, the very loftiest summit. *See* 메일봉.

*상상치 l. 上上件 (웃)(웃)(벌 *건) The very finest of all of things for sale etc. *See* 극품.

*상상품 l. 上上品 (웃)(웃)(품수) The very highest degree; the finest quality of all. *See* 극상품.

*상상ᄒᆞ다 s. 想像 (싱각)(영상) To picture to one's self; to conceive; to form an idea of; to imagine; to think about, to fancy; to think; to conjecture.

*상서 s. 尙書 (오히려)(글) The Canon of History *Sojon*. *See* 서전. A Chinese official rank equal to a Korean President of a Board.

*상서 s. 相書 (상볼)(글) Writings on the subject of physiognomy.

*상서 s. 祥瑞 (상서) (상서) A propitious omen. *See* 길조.

*상서롭다 s. 祥瑞 (상서)(상서)로와; 온 To be felicitous; to be of good omen.

*상서ᄒᆞ다 l. 上書 (웃)(글) To send a letter to a superior.

*상선 s. 商船 (장ᄉᆞ) (비) A merchant ship.

*상선회사 s. 商船會社 (장ᄉᆞ)(비)(모들, 깃) The Shosen Kwai-sha Steamship Company.

*상선ᄒᆞ다 l. 上船 (웃)(비) To go on board of a vessel; to embark; to get into a boat.

*상선ᄒᆞ다 l. 上船 (웃)(비) To embark, to go on board ship. *Opp.* 하륙ᄒᆞ다.

*상세 s. 詳細 (조세) (가늘) Details, full extent

*상세 s. 商稅 (장ᄉᆞ) (구실) Taxes levied on trade.

*상세 s. 庠序 (학궁) (초례) A place of learning; official schools. (M.)

*상세ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳細 (조세) (가늘) To be explicit; to be exact.

*상성 s. 商聲 (장ᄉᆞ) (소래) The 3rd of the five tones—the hissing sound.

*상성 l. 上聲 (웃) (소래) The rising or ascending tone—used in reference to characters as well as musical notes. *See* 평성.

*상소대개 l. 上疏大槪 (웃)(글)(큰)、대개) The conventional forms used at the close of a memorial to the king.

*상소반 s. 常小盤 (떳떳)、소반 *반) A cheap table; a common dining-table.

*상소ᄒᆞ다 l. 上疏 (웃) (글) To send a written communication to the King.

*상속권 s. 相續權 (서로) (니을) (권세) Right of inheritance, inheritance.

*상속인 s. 相續人 (서로) (니을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One who inherits; inheritor successor; heir.

*상수 s. 常數 (떳쑤) (두어) Common reckoning; a fixed number.

*상수 l. 上數 (숫) (두어) The best employment. The best hand at draughts. *See* 상칙.

*상수리 l. 橡實 (츙나무) (열매 *실) An acorn. *See* 도토리.

*상슈 s. 相水 (서로) (물) A post station in Kyong-keni do.

*상슈 l. 上壽 (숫) 목숨) The extreme limit of human life.

상슈지안락 s. 하; 호 To be disagreeable; to be unpleasant.

*상슌 上旬 (숫) (열흘) The first ten days of a moon; the first decade.

*상술 s. 相術 (상술 술업) The art of telling character by physiognomy.

*상술ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳述 (조세) (괴록) To state minutely.

상스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be low; to be vulgar, to be gross; to be rude. *See* 무지ᄒᆞ다

*상슈비 s. 相殺比 (서로) (줄) (견줄) Ratio. Compounded of.

*상슌상부 s. 相勝相負 (서로) 이길) (서로) 질) Winning and losing, mutually equal—in playing a game. *See* 막상막하.

*상시 s. 常時 (떳떳) (때) At all times; commonly. *See* 평시.

*상시 l. 上試 (숫, 시험) The 1st examiner —of *Kwago* papers.

*상시원 l. 上時院 (숫) (때) (도리킹) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.53 Long. 126.54.

*상식 l. 上食 (숫) (밥) The food offered before the tablet of a deceased parent night and morning. (올니다).

*상신석 s. 常信石 (떳떳) (밋을) (돌) Arsenic. *See* 당신석.

*상실 l. 橡實 (츙나무) (열매) An acorn. *See* 상수리.

*상실 s. 詳悉 (조세) (알) To throughly demonstrate; to treat in detail.

*상심 s. 傷心 (상홀) (마음) A grief

*상심ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳審 (조세) (술필) To investigate or try thoroughly.

*상ᄉᆞ s. 常事 (떳떳) (일) Every day affairs; common matters. *See* 례ᄉᆞ.

*상ᄉᆞ l. 上使 (숫) (ᄒᆞ여곰, The chief envoy—sent yearly to China.

*상ᄉᆞ l. 上巳 (숫) (비얌) The second of the five national holidays of the old calendar, which occurred on the 3rd of the 3rd moon. *See* 삼질.

*상ᄉᆞ s. 相思 (서로) (싱각) Thoughts of one another—of those separated.

*상ᄉᆞ s. 賞賜 (상줄) (줄) Awarding prizes.

*상ᄉᆞ도 l. 上使道 (숫) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (길) The superior officer—a name given to the provincial governor by the under magistrate's servants.

*상ᄉᆞ도 s. 相似圖 (서로) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (그림) Similar figure.

*상ᄉᆞ마 s. 相思馬 (서로) (싱각) (몰) A spiritual horse—supposed to understand the thoughts of its driver.

상ᄉᆞ목 s. The neck of a knot or ornament.

*상ᄉᆞ몽 s. 相思夢 (서로) (싱각) (쑴) Dreams mutually related in thought.

*상ᄉᆞ별곡 s. 相思別曲 (서로) (싱각) (리별) (곡됴) The name of a love song—to one absent.

*상ᄉᆞ병 s. 相思病 (서로) (싱각) (병둘) Mutual love-sickness. *See* 로증

*상ᄉᆞ비암 s. 相思蛇 (서로) (싱각) (비얌, A serpent—supposed to be in possession of a maiden.

*상ᄉᆞ시이다 l. 上司使 (숫) (맛흘) (ᄒᆞ여곰) 시 여; 인 To send a criminal to a higher court.

*상ᄉᆞ심 s. 相似心 (서로) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (ᄆᆞ음) Circle of similitude

상ᄉᆞ직선 s. 相似直線 (서로) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (곳을) (줄) Similar rectilineal figures.

*상ᄉᆞ형 s. 相似形 (서로) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (싱상) Similar figure.

*상ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 賞賜 (상줄) (줄) To confer as a reward, to bestow—in recognition of services rendered.

*상ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 上使 (숫) (ᄒᆞ여곰) To bring a prisoner from another district.

*상ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 相似 (서로) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) To be alike; to resemble each other closely.

*상ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 相思 (서로) (싱각) To think of each other with affection; to pine for each other.

*상ᄉᆡᆨ s. 上色 (숫) (빗) The best shade—of color.

*상싱상극 s. 相生相克 (서로) (날) (서로) (이길) Mutually producing and mutually destroying one another—of the five elements. (오힝).

*상성지리 s. 相生之理 (서로) (날) (갈) (리치) The law or principle of mutual production. *See* 오성지덕.

*상아 s. 象牙 (코끼리) (어금니) Ivory; elephant's tusks.

*상아세공 s. 象牙細工 (코끼아) (어금니) (가늘) (장인) Ivory work.

*상아지 s. 象牙紙 (코끼이) (어금니) (조히) Ivory paper.

*상안 s. 象眼 (코끼리) (눈) Inlaid metal work.

*상알ᄒᆞ다 l. 上謁 (웃) (보일) To have an audience of the emperor.

*상암쥬 l. 上嶌州 (웃) (바회) (고을) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.52 Long. 126.10.

*상약ᄒᆞ다 s. 相約 (서로) (언약) To agree; to enter into a contract. *See* 언약ᄒᆞ다.

*상양 l. 上洋 (웃) (바다) Shanghai. (comp.) *Also* 상히.

상양ᄒᆞ다 s. 猶豫 (머뭇거릴) (미쳐홀) To hesitate; to show indecision.

*상언빈감 l. 上言別監 (웃) (말솜) (다홀) (보) Palace pages—who dress in red.

*상업가 s. 商業家 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (집) A merchant trader.

상업다 s. 無常 (업슬—"무) (떳떳—"상) 셔; 슌 To be useless; to be vain; to be unreasonable. *See* 리업다

*상업등긔부 s. 商業登記簿 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (오를) (긔록) (문셔) A commercial register.

*상업등부긔 s. 商業謄簿記 장ᄉᆞ (업) (오를) (문셔) (긔록) A commercial register.

*상업부긔 s. 商業簿記 (장ᄉᆞ) 업 문셔) (긔록) Commercial book-keeping.

*상업상 s. 商業上 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (웃) Commercial.

*상업상공황 s. 商業上恐慌 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (웃) (두려울) (두려울) A commercial panic.

*상업상대야 s. 商業上大望 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (웃) (큰) (보랄) Commercial ambition.

*상업상리익 s. 商業上利益 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (웃) (리홀) (더홀) Commercial gains, or profits.

*상업상리해 s. 商業上利害 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (웃) (리홀) (해홀) Commercial gains and losses.

*상업장부 s. 商業帳簿 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (장막) (문셔) A trade book.

*상업학교 l. 商業學校 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) 비홀 (학교 A business college.

*상업회의소 s. 商業會議所 (장ᄉᆞ) (업) (모들) (의론) (곳) A chamber of commerce.

*상여 s. 賞與 (상줄) (줄) Giving a prize; awarding a reward.

*상여금 s. 賞與金 (상줄) (줄) (쇠) A pecuniary reward

*상여ᄒᆞ다 s. 賞與 (상줄) (줄) To confer as a reward; to bestow in recognition of services rendered.

*상열 l. 上熱 (웃) (더울) Redness of face —caused by fever etc.

*상열ᄒᆞ다 l. 上熱 (웃) (더울) To become red in the face—as from anger etc.

*상영 l. 上營 (웃) (영문) A government headquarters; the residence of a provincial governor. *See* 슌영.

*상오 l. 上午 (웃) (낮) The forenoon. *See* 오젼.

*상오상투ᄒᆞ다 相忤相鬪 서로 오홀 (서로) (싸홀) To quarrel and fight together.

*상용덕수 常用對數 (떳떳) (쓸) (더홀) (두어) Common Logarithms.

*상용지수법 常用祇數法 떳떳 쓸 벼리 (두어) (법) Common scale of notation

*상우례 s. 相遇禮 (서로) (맛날) (례도) The meeting ceremony—after a marriage.

*상우ᄒᆞ다 s. 相遇 (서로) (맛날) To meet.

*상운 s. 祥雲 상셔, 구름 ㅣ, a station in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.51 Long. 128 35.

*상운 s. 祥運 (상셔) (운수) Good luck; an influence causing prosperity. *See* 길운.

*상위 s. 相違 (서로) (어그러질) Difference; disagreement; discordance, inconsistency.

*상위 l. 上位 (웃) (벼슬) The highest rank; also used in the sense of 상좌.

*상위ᄒᆞ다 s. 相違 (서로) (어그러질) To differ, or disagree.

*상유 l. 上諭 (웃) (닐을) The Imperial Commands; an Imperial Decree.

*상의물론 l. 尙矣勿論 (오히려) (지부) (말) (의론) What is out of the question —not to be discussed.

*상의원 s. 尙衣院 오히려 (웃) (집) The office of the Royal robes.

*상의 /. 上意 (웃) (뜻) The imperial thought or mind; God's thought.

*상의하다 s. 商議 (장소) (의론) To discuss.

*상의하다 s. 相議 (서로) (화론) To consult together; to deliberate. *See* 공의하다.

*상의하다 s. 詳議 (조세) (의론) To discuss fully.

*상응각 s. 相應角 (서로) (응할) (뿔) Homologous angle.

*상응삼각형 s. 相應三角形 (서로) (응할) (석) (뿔) (형상) Homologous triangle.

*상응하다 s. 相應 (서로) (응할) To fulfil, to agree, to correspond.

*상이 s. 傷痍 (상할) (헌데) A wound.

*상인 s. 常人 (떳떳) (사람) An ordinary person. *See* 범인.

*상인 /. 上人 (웃) (사람) The upper classes; a title of respect attached to the name when addressing a Buddhist priest.

*상인 s. 商人 (장소) (사람) A merchant; a trader, a tradesman.

*상인해물지심 s. 傷人害物之心 (상할) (사람) (해로울) (만물) (갈) (모양) A desire to do people and to destroy property.

*상일 s. 常日 (떳떳) (날) Constantly. *See* 평일.

*상일 s. 祥日 (상서) (날) A lucky day. *See* 길일.

*상인지도 s. 相愛之道 (서로) (사랑) (갈) (길) On doctrine of love

*상이하다 s. 相愛 (서로) (사랑) To love one another

*상완 /. 上旬 (웃) (열) The first ten days of the month; the first decade of the month.

*상왕산 s. 象王山 (코끼리) (임금) (뫼) A mountain in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 38.56 Long. 126.41.

*상원 /. 上院 (웃) (집) The upper House of Parliament, the Senate.

*상원 /. 上元 (웃) (으뜸) The 15th of the 1st moon—중원 the 15th of the 7th moon 하원 the 15th of the 10th moon. The divisions of the cycle.

*상원 s. 祥原 (상서) (언덕) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 38.56 Long. 126.13.

*상월 s. 祥月 (상서) (달) A lucky month.

*상잔 s. 賞盞 (상줄) (잔) A tip—of drink.

*상장 /. 上狀 (웃) (글월) A letter. *See* 편지.

*상자 s. 傷者 (상할) (놈) A wounded man.

*상짓이 s. 相者 (상볼, 놈 *자) A physiognomist. *Also* 상자

*상전 s. 商廛 (장소) (장소집) Merchant shops.

*상전하다 s. 相戰 (서로) (싸홈) To join battle, to fight together. *See* 접전하다.

*상접하다 s. 相接 (서로) (붙흠) To join battle; to close. To touch; to be contiguous. *See* 교접하다.

*상정 s. 常情 (떳떳) (뜻) The ordinary mind, the common thought.

*상존호하다 /. 上尊號 (웃) (놉흘) (일홈) To bestow a title

*상조 /. 上照 (웃) (빗초일) "Please receive"—as of a letter. (Hon.)

*상종하다 s. 相從 (서로) (좇칠) To keep company with; to have intercourse with. *See* 휴척하다.

*상주하다 s. 賞給 (상줄) (줄—*급) 여; 준 To reward; to bestow upon.

*상주하다 /. 上奏 (웃) (알릴) To report to the Emperor.

*상쥬 s. 尙州 (오히려) (고을) A prefect in Kyong-sang do. Lat. 36.18 Long. 128.09.

*상쥬 /. 上主 (웃) (님) God—used by some of the Christians in China. *See* 상제.

*상쥬 s. 賞酒 (상줄) (술) A reward of wine; a treat; a drink. *Opp.* 벌쥬.

*상즈군 s. 尙州浦 (오히려) (고을) (개, ㅅ naval station in Kyong-sang-do

*상즉하다 s. 詳勦 (조세) (즉흠) To compare; to revise.

*상즁하 /. 上中下 (웃) (가온디) (아래) Top, middle, bottom. First, second, third Best quality, second-rate, inferior.

*상지 /. 上智 (웃) (지혜) Great intelligence; superior knowledge. *Opp.* 하우.

*상지상 /. 上之上 (웃) (갈) (웃) The very best; the head of a first class—in composition. *See* 극상.

*상지즁 /. 上之中 (웃) (갈) 가온디) The middle quality of a superior class.

*상지포 /. 上之浦 (웃) (갈) (개) An anchorage in Chöl-la-do.

*상지하 /. 上之下 (웃) (갈) (아래) The last of a first class—in composition.

*상지하다 s. 相持 (서로) (가질) To be separated; to part asunder. *See* 상별하다.

*상직군 /. 相直軍 (서로) (곳흘) (구스) A guard; a watch.

*상직ᄒᆞ다 /. 相直 (서로) (곳을) To guard; to watch over; to superintend.

*상조 s. 箱子 (상조) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A trunk; a chest; a box.

*상조 /. 尙子 (오히려) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A disciple or an adopted son of a Buddhist.

*상지 /. 上才 (웃) (지조) Superior talents; marked ability. *See* 대지.

*상지 /. 上裁 (웃) (마ᄅᆞ질) The decision of the emperor or of the Government.

*상좌 /. 上座 (웃) (자리) A seat of honor; the highest place—among writers. *See* 슈좌.

*상좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 相左 (서로) (원) To disagree; to be at variance. *See* 상위ᄒᆞ다.

*상찬 /. 上饌 (웃) (반찬) Superior side dishes—eaten with the rice.

*상채ᄒᆞ다 s. 償債 (갑흘) (빗) To repay a debt; to refund a loan.

*상처 s. 傷處 (상ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳) The wounded part; the wound.

*상청 /. 上廳 (웃) (청) Superiors; honored ones. Husband—so called by the wife. (Prov)

*상청 /. 上聲 (웃) (소ᄅᆞᆷ—*챰) High notes—in singing. *See* 하청.

*상청ᄒᆞ다 /. 上請 (웃) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) To prefer a request; make an application.

*상초 /. 上草 (웃) (풀) Superior tobacco; the first quality of tobacco. *Opp.* 막초.

*상쵸 /. 上焦 (웃) (ᄎᆞᆯ) The upper part of the trunk of the body. *Opp.* 하쵸.

*상총 /. 上寵 (웃) (괴일) Royal favor.

*상춘등 s. 常春藤 (ᄲᅳᆺᄲᅳᆺ) (ᄂᆞᆷ) Ivy.

*상획 s. 相劃 (서로) (그ᄋᆞᆯ, 어ᄂᆞᆫ획) Notes in characters—in the formula of geomancy.

*상층 /. 上層 (웃) (층) The top storey; the first class.

*상치 s. 相値 (서로) (맛날) An obstacle; a hindrance.

상치 /. 上作 (웃) (ᄆᆞᆯ) The first quality; first-class. *See* 상품.

상침 /. 上針 (웃) (바ᄂᆞᆫ) The ornamenting the upper edge of a hem. (Korea). Superior needles.

상츠옷 上針衣 (웃, 바ᄂᆞᆫ) (옷—*의) Clothes bound about with a hem. *See* 박이옷.

*상처 /. 上策 (웃) (묘책) The best plan. *See* 상계.

상탁이 s. A topknot. (Low.)

*상탁하부정 /. 上濁下不淨 (웃) (흐릴) (아래) (아닐) (깨ᄭᅳᆺ) If the upper source be disturbed the lower waters will be unclean—as the official class, so the people.

*상탕 /. 上湯 (웃) (ᄯᅳᆫ울) The upper bath—as sulphur springs.

상토 s. 髻 (*게) The topknot. (ᄯᅡ다).

*상토 /. 上土 (웃) (흙) A post station in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 40.50 Long. 126.26.

상토관 s. 髻冠 (상토—*게) (갓—*관) A small cap for the topknot.

상토ᄆᆡᆺ s. 髻脚 (상토—*게) (ᄆᆞᆺ—*더) The shaven part of the head below the topknot. (치다). *See* 뵈호

상토바당 s. A bare topknot—bareheaded.

상토보랑 s. 髻褰 (상토 *게) (표 *표) A wrap where the ropes meet in a topknot. (Prov.)

*상토하사ᄒᆞ다 /. 上吐下瀉 (웃) (토ᄒᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) (쏘ᄋᆞᆫ ᄃᆞᆯ) To vomit and purge. *See* 구토셜사ᄒᆞ다.

*상통천문ᄒᆞ다 /. 上通天文 (웃, 통ᄒᆞᆯ) (하ᄂᆞᆯ, 글) To understand the mysteries of the heavens; to understand the problem of astronomy—in contrast to a knowledge of the configuration of the land etc. *Opp.* 하달디리.

*상통ᄒᆞ다 s. 相通 (서로) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To keep company; to be interchangeable—of characters whose meanings are identical.

상투다 s. 尋頂 (밤을 -*슈) (상ᄎᆞᆯ *상) ᄒᆞᆫ 그 to have a private interview; to obtain a favor.

상파다이 s. The face; the countenance. (Low.) *See* 얼골.

*상판 s. 像板 (얼골 관 face, the countenance. (Low) *See* 모양.

*상팔조 /. 上八字 (웃 여ᄃᆞᆲ 글조 One who is "well starred;" a person born to fortune.

*상패 /. 上牌 (웃) (패) The first play—in dominoes.

*상편 /. 上篇 (웃) (칙) The first volume—when there are but two or three.

*상평통보 常平通寶 (ᄯᅳᆺᄯᅳᆺ 평ᄒᆞᆯ 통ᄒᆞᆯ) (보배) "Ever freely circulating treasure"—Korean cash.

*삼포 n. 麻布 (마포) (베) Coarse linen; coarse hemp cloth.

*삼포 n. 商舖 (장소) (젬) A shop; a store.

삼포도 By that; because of that; moreover.

*삼표 n. 傷表 (상표) (표) A wound mark or scar—a proof of drunkenness or debauchery.

*삼표 n. 商標 (장소) (표) A trade-mark. *See* 상호.

삼풍패속하다 v. 傷風敗俗 (상풍 패속) (풍속) To destroy ancient cherished customs; to act lawlessly.

*삼풍하다 v. 傷風 (상풍) (바람) To catch cold. *See* 신풍하다.

*삼품 n. 上品 (상) (품수) The first degree; the first quality. *See* 극품.

*삼품 n. 賞品 (상품) (품수) Rewards; prizes to be given.

*삼품 n. 商品 (장소) (품수) Merchandise; articles of trade.

삼품진렬소 n. 商品陳列所 (장소, (품수) (베풀) (렬) (곳) A commercial museum.

*삼피 n. 象皮 (코끼리) (가죽) An elephant's hide.

*상피 n. 相避 (서로) (피) Mutual relations that are incompatible—as incest etc. (붓다) (보다).

*상하 l. 上下 (상) (아래) Up and down; above and below. Superior and inferior of officials. *See* 귀천.

*상하권 l. 上下卷 (상) (아래) (책) The 1st and 2nd volumes—of a book in two parts.

*상하사불급 l. 上下事不及 (상) (아래) (일) (아닐) (미칠) Neither this nor that; a failure in every respect. *See* 두절개.

*상하지분 l. 上下之分 (상) (아래) (갈) (논홀, A distinction between high and low —of classes. *See* 반상지별.

*상하화순 l. 上下和順 (상) (아래) (고로) (순홀) The government and the people are in harmony.

*상학 n. 相學 (상볼) (배홀) The science or art of physiognomy.

*상학시간 l. 上學時間 (상) (배홀) (때) (소이) The hour at which school opens. *Opp.* 하학시간.

*상학일자 l. 上學日子 (상) (배홀) (날) (아들) The opening of school.

*상학죵 l. 上學鐘 (상) (배홀) (죵) The opening bell—of a school. *Opp.* 하학죵.

*상학하다 l. 上學 (상) (배홀) To begin school. *Opp.* 하학.

*상한 l. 上旬 (상) (열) The first ten days of the month; the first decade. *Opp.* 하한.

*상한 n. 象限 (형상) (한명) A quadrant.

*상한 n. 常漢 (샹녯) (놈) A low person; one of the lowest class. *Opp.* 양반.

상한 n. 傷寒 (상홀) (찰 Native fever, relapsing fever. *See* 소양.

상한 n. 傷寒 (상홀 (찰) An acute febrile disease; a fever.

*상한병 n. 傷寒病 (상홀) (찰) (병) Fever and cold—brought on by debauchery.

*상합하다 v. 相合 (서로) (모들) To join with; to correspond to. *See* 합의하다.

*상해하다 v. 傷害 (상홀) (해홀) To impair, to injure; to wound; to hurt.

*상항 l. 上項 (상) (목) The top; the upper part.

*상현 l. 上弦 (상) (활시위) The 1st quarter of the moon. *Opp.* 하현.

*상협 l. 上夾 (상) (구멍) A gold placer.

상혈하다 v. 上血 (상) (피) To vomit blood. *Opp.* 하혈하다.

상협 n. 箱篋 (상조) (상조) A box for clothing; a trunk.

*상호 n. 商號 (장소) (일홈) A trade name.

*상회 n. 商會 (장소) (모들) A mercantile company; firm.

*상힐하다 v. 相詰 (서로) (힐문) To dispute; to argue together. *See* 변힐하다.

*상하다 v. 傷 (상홀) To wound; to injure; to distress. *See* 여어지다.

상히 n. 恒常 (홍상—"홀) (샹녯—"상) Always. (Prov.) *See* 느루.

*상히 l. 上海 (상) (바다) Shanghai. *See* 상양.

*상화하다 v. 相和 (서로) (화홀) To accord; to agree; to harmonize. *See* 소화하다.

*상확ᄒᆞ다 s. 詳確 (자세) (확실) To be reliable, authentic, or certain—of evidence or news.

*상환ᄒᆞ다 s. 償還 (갑흘) (도라올) To pay back, to repay.

*상환ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 相換 서로) (밧골 To exchange; to trade.

삼활 l. 土竹 (흙—*쥭) (대—*쥭) Topsail yards.

*삼황 l. 上皇 (웃) (님금) An abdicated emperor.

써 s. 以 (*이) A form used in *Ümun* or *Sägwn* after the instrumental case.

서그러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be open-hearted; to be liberal-minded. *See* 서그럽다.

서그럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be open; to be free; to be liberal. *See* 너그럽다.

서글서글ᄒᆞ다 s. To be liberal; to be free; to be large-minded. *See* 서그러지다.

써내다 s. 여; 낸 To write.

서너 ᄂᆞ 二四 (석—*샤) (넉—*소) About three—in adjective.

서너너덧 s. 三四 (석—*삼) (넉—*소) Three or four—adjective form.

서넛 s. 三四 (석—*삼) (넉—*소) About three—a noun.

서다 s. 立 (설—*립) 셔; 선 To stand. To be; to exist—of an unborn child. *See* 니러서다. *Opp.* 안다.

써다 l. 割 (썰—*쩔) 쎠; 션 To cut up; to slice up. *See* 버히다.

써다 s. 써; 션 To go out—of the tides. *Opp.* 밀다.

서리도못보다 s. 보아; 본 To never even conceive, to never know the joys of motherhood.

써레 l. 耙 (*파) A harrow. (질ᄒᆞ다). *See* 장치.

서로 s. 相 (*샹) Together; each other. *See* 갓치.

서로관 s. Equals—in gaming.

서름서름ᄒᆞ다 s. 生疎 (날—*소) (설글—*소) To be unacquainted; to be unknown. *See* 셔어ᄒᆞ다.

써리다 l. 耙 (써레—*파) 써려; 린 To harrow.

서셩거리다 s. 거려; 린 To wander about aimlessly. *See* 비회ᄒᆞ다.

서셩서셩ᄒᆞ다 s. To wander about aimlessly; to walk back and forth. *See* 건일다

*서어ᄒᆞ다 s. 齟齬 서어ᄒᆞ 셔어ᄒᆞ; To be sorry; to feel sad. To be unacquainted; to be unskilled at. *See* 서름서름ᄒᆞ다.

*서운ᄒᆞ다 s. 齟齬 (서어ᄒᆞ) (서어ᄒᆞ *어) To be sorry; to feel sad; to be vexed. *See* 셔운ᄒᆞ다.

서투루다 l. 未慣 (못ᄒᆞ *이) (닉을—*관) 툴너; 루른 To be unskilled; to be unpracticed; to be raw. *See* 설ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ다.

서히 l. 三 석—*삼) Three. *Also* 셋.

써ᄒᆞ되 s. 以爲 (써 —*이) (ᄒᆞ *ᄒᆡ) An ending used after the instrumental case in *Ümun* and *Sägwn*.

석 l. 三 (*삼) Three—an adjective form used instead of 세 where required by euphony.

썩 s 快 V ry; much, quickly

석다 s. 朽 (넉을—*후) 어; 은 To rot; to decay. *Also* 썩다.

썩다 s. 朽 (넉을—*후) 어; 은 To rot; to decay. *Also* 석다.

석삭다 s. 아; 은 To be liberal. To be properly flavoured. *See* 곰삭다.

석삼년 s. 三年 (석—*삼 (히—*년) Three years or so; a long time.

썩썩 s. 速速 (속ᄒᆞ—*속) (속ᄒᆞ—*속) Very; much. Quickly, speedily.

썩이다 s. 朽 (넉을—*후) 썩여; 인 To cause to rot; to cause to decay.

선걱장소 s. 生疎 거ᄃᆞ — 보 장소 *샹 ᄉᆞ Unveiling ju ller *See 보정장소

선단 s. 立段 (설 —*립) (조각—*단) The upright hem or fold on a coat or garment. *See* 눈단.

선불질ᄒᆞ다 l. To shoot wide of the mark; to miss.

선소리 s. Songs sung—while standing. *See* 안진소리.

선우슴 l. Hypocritical laughter. (치다).

선일 s. 立事 (설—*립) (일—*ᄉᆞ) Work at which one stands.

선칠도 s. The name given to the second form of the 18th radical. 彳.

설 l. 除夕 (덜 —*졔) (져녁—*셕) New Year's Eve. Age. *Also* 살. Loosely; lightly.

설정설정ᄒᆞ다 s. 半生半熟 (절반—*반) (날—*셩) (절반—*반) (닉을—*슉) To be half cooked; to be raw. *See* 반셩반슉ᄒᆞ다.

설다 *l.* 未熟 (못흘—*이) (닉을—*슉) 어; 선 To be green; to be unripe; to be unfinished; to be unskilful. *Opp.* 나다.

설다로다 *s.* 와; 온 To be loose; to be easy; to treat lightly. *See* 설잡과다.

썰다 *l.* 切 (썰—*절) 어; 선 To cut up; to slice up. *See* 맹이다.

설물 *s.* Low water of the tide. *Opp.* 밀물.

설설 *l.* Back and forward—as of something shaking.

썰썰 *l.* Back and forward—as of something shaking.

설설ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To creep; to crawl.

설잡히다 *s.* 여; 휘 To be careless; to be indifferent; to be easy-going.

설치다 *s.* 설쳐; 친 To be sparing; to be easy-going.

설정설정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be half raw.

썰포날 *s.* Sulphonal.

설흔 *s.* 三十 (삼—*삼) (열—*십) Thirty. *See* 삼십.

설삶다 *s.* 아; 은 To be partially boiled.

섬소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be scattered; to be uneven. To be plain—in appearance; to be unornamented. To be unpractised.

섯둘 *l.* 閏月 (섯둘—*윌) (둘—*월) The 13th moon; the last month of the year.

세 *l.* 三 (삼—*삼) Three—adjective form.

세거리 *l.* 三衢 (삼—*삼) (거리—*가) A point where roads meet. *See* 삼거리.

세다 *l* 白 (ᄇᆡᆨ—*ᄇᆡᆨ) 어; 센 To be gray-headed.

세로 *l.* From top to bottom; downwards; on the perpendicular. *Opp.* 가로.

세살문 *l.* A gate with but three pickets.

세살붓치 *l.* A fan with but few spokes.

세우다 *s.* 立之 (셜—*립) (갈—*지) 세워; 운 To stand up. (v.t.)

셋 *l.* 三 (삼—*삼) Three—noun form. *See* 삼.

*서 *s.* 庶 (셔) The son of a concubine. *Opp.* 적.

*서 *s.* 西 (셔녁) The west. *See* 셔녁.

*서 *l.* 序 (셜) A preface. (짓다).

서 *s.* 舌 (혀—*셜) The tongue. *See* 혀.

*서각 *l.* 犀角 (물소) (쁠) Rhinoceros horn.

*서간 *s.* 書簡 (글) (편지) A letter; an epistle. *See* 서신.

*서간 *s.* 西間 (셔녁) (소이) A prison.

서거거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To grate in the teeth—as uncooked food.

서걱서걱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To crack; to crash. *See* 설정설정ᄒᆞ다.

*서거정 *s.* 徐居正 (천천) (살) (바를) A. D. 1419-1495. A famous writer and author. Wrote *Tong-guk Tong gam.* F.S. 達城 N.P. Sa-ka (四佳).

*서견 *s.* 徐甄 (천천) (질그릇) A.D. 1389-1392. A faithful courtier of high rank at the fall of Konryŏ.

*서게 *s.* 書契 (글) (엳) A special detective's notes.

*서계 *s.* 書契 (글) (글) A ticket; a bill of lading; a bill of exchange.

*서경 *s.* 西京 (셔녁) (셔울) P'yong-yang. Sakio—Kioto.

*서경덕 *s.* 徐敬德 (천천) (공경) (큰) A.D. 1501-1545. A man renowned for virtue and scholarship. F.S. Tung-sŭng. N.P. Wha-tam (花潭).

*서경우 *s.* 徐景雨 (천천) (볕) (비) A.D. 1573. F.S. 達城 N.P. 晩沙. A Minister of In-jo.

*서고문 *l.* 誓告文 (밍셔) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) A written oath.

*서고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 誓告 (밍셔) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To announce solemnly; to proclaim in a solemn manner.

*서교 *s.* 西教 (셔녁) (구라칠) Western teaching; foreign doctrine. *See* 서학.

*서국 *s.* 西國 (셕녁) (나라) Western states; foreign nations.

*서국 *s.* 西國 (셔녁) (나라) The island of Kiushiu; the western provinces of Japan.

*서긔 *s.* 書記 (글) (긔록) A clerk. A secretary; a writer; a tax collector. *See* 아젼. *See* 슈셔긔.

*서긔 *s.* 暑氣 (더울) (긔운) The heat of summer; hot weather.

*서긔 h. 瑞氣 (상셔) (긔운) Phosphorescent lights; auspicious influences; auspicious signs.

*서긔관 n. 書記官 (글) (긔록) (벼슬) An official secretary or librarian.

*서긔놀다 동 暑假放學 더운 긔약) 노ᄂᆞᆫ (볘홀) School holidays during the summer heat. *Opp.* 동긔방학.

*서긔뵈 n. 西箕伯 (셔녁) (키) (ᄇᆡᆨ) The governor of *Pyŏng-an* province. *See* 평안감ᄉᆞ.

*서긔싱 n. 書記生 (글) (긔록) (날) A secretary; a student interpreter.

*서긔쇼 n. 徐敬德 (셔ᄀᆡᆼᄃᆞᆨ) (ᄀᆡᆼ) (ᄃᆞᆨ) 花潭 (화담) A famous scholar of the time of Chŏl-jong. Son of 서영보.

*서긔지망 h. 庶幾之望 (못) (기워) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆯ랄) A matter that may be hoped for; a matter of desire or expectation.

*서긔ᄒᆞ다 h. 庶幾 (못) (기워) To make a request; to ask a favour; to make application to; to prefer a request in regard to.

*서과 n. 西瓜 (셔녁) (외) A water-melon. *See* 슈박.

*서관 n. 西關 (셔녁) (짓) The two western provinces of *Pyŏng-an* and *Whangha*. *See* 셔도.

*서광 n. 書狂 (글) (밋쳠) Bookmadness; bibliomania.

*서광 n. 徐廣 (ᄉᆞᆫ천) (넙을) A. D. 352—425. An erudite scholar, author of numerous commentaries and historical works.

*서ᄀᆡᆼ n. 書匠 (글) (쟝) A great scholar; a "walking encyclopedia."

*서남 n. 西南 (셔녁) (남녁) Southwest.

*서남간 n. 西南間 (셔녁) (남녁) (ᄉᆞ이) Southwest; the southwest quarter.

*서남ᄑᆞᆫ ᄇᆞᆯᄅᆞᆷ) 西南風 (셔녁) (남녁) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) A southwest wind. *See* 갈바ᄅᆞᆷ.

*서녘 n. 西方 셔ᄂᆞᆨ 모 ᄇᆞᆼ The west, the western quarter. *See* 셔방.

서느럽다 a. 러워; 운 To be cool; to be fresh, to be refreshing. *See* 시원ᄒᆞ다.

서늘ᄒᆞ다 a. 凉 (셔늘 *랑) To be cool; to be fresh—as of the weather.

*서너산 n. 西乃山 (셔녁) (이에) (외) Mount Sinai.

서답 n. A menstrual cloth. *See* 가ᄉᆡᆼ. Laundry work. (Prov.) *See* 마젼.

서답ᄒᆞ다 v. 洗衣 (ᄲᅳᆯ *셰, 옷 의) To do washing; to wash clothes. *See* 빨내ᄒᆞ다.

*서당 n. 書堂 (글) (집) A school; a room set apart for the study of characters. *See* 셔지. The oldest son. (Prov.)

서덜 n. A stony district; a rocky region.

*서ᄃᆡᆫ h. 瑞典 (상셔) 법) Sweden.

*서뎨 h. 庶弟 (못) (아오) A younger brother—by a concubine. *Opp.* 서ᄉᆞᆼ.

*서뎨 n. 書題 (글) (쓸) Writers; office clerks. *See* 셔리.

*서뎨쇼 n. 書題所 (글) (쓸) (바) An office or library of a great man's home.

*서도 n. 西道 (셔녁) (길) The western provinces of *Whangha* and *Pyŏngan*. *See* 셔관.

*서동 n. 書童 (글) (우히) A schoolboy. *See* 학동.

*서ᄃᆞᆫᄀᆞᆫ 書同文 글 ᄀᆞᆫ가지) 글 The law of composition in the character is the same. *Opp.* 거동ᄎᆡ.

*서두 n. 書頭 (글) 머리, Top page margin of a book. An introduction to a letter. *See* 허두.

*서두어 h. 鳳頭魚 (ᄌᆡ) (머리) (고기) *Sillago japonica.*

서들다 v. 어; 든 To make an effort; to hasten.

서ᄃᆞᆼ n. 書燈 (글) (등ᄇᆞᆯ) A lantern used for reading purposes.

*서ᄃᆡ n. 西方 셔녁) (모—*방) The west. *See* 셔관.

서ᄃᆡ n. A species of sea-fish.

*서랑 h. 婿郎 (사회) (사나희) A son-in-law. *See* 사회.

서럼 v. 設令 ᄇᆡ컨 *셜) 그여곰—*영, For example; for instance.

*서력 n. 西曆 (셔녁) (칙력) The Western Calendar—following the course of the sun instead of that of the moon. *See* 양력.

서령 n. 設令 (ᄇᆡ컨—*셜) (그여곰—*령) For example; for instance.

*서로 n. 西路 셔녁) 길) The west provinces—*Whangha* and *Pyongan*. *See* 셔관.

*서론 h. 緒論 (실마리) (의론) An introduction—to a book.

서로다 v. 打破 (칠—*타) (ᄇᆡ칠—*파) 르져; 진 To break; to smash; to overcome. *See* 돌보다.

서돗다 *s.* 洗濯 (씨슬—*세) (것을 —*철) 크자; 친 To wash dishes, to clean; to rinse; to sweep up. *See* 가시다.

*서리 *s.* 書吏 (글) (아전) The writers or clerks in government offices in the Capital. *See* 서대.

서리 *s.* 霜 (*상) White frost; hoarfrost.

*서리 *l.* 署理 (마을) (다스릴) A *Chargé d'affaires ad interim*; a deputy official. *See* 대리.

서리다 *v.* 盤結 (서릴—*반) (뭐 ㅣ *길) 서려, 친 To coil round; to clinch—of a nail.

서리서리하다 *v.* 盤結 (서릴—*반) (뭐질—*길) To be coiled around; to be in a coil. *See* 얽이설이하다.

*서리대신 *l.* 署理大臣 (마을) (다스릴) (큰) (신하) A minister ad interim.

*서림 *s.* 西林 (서녁) (수풀) A post station in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.47 Long. 124.56.

*서리인 *s.* 西來人 (서녁) (올) (사람) A man from the West; a Western.

*서매수 *s.* 徐邁修 (천천) (갈) (닥을) A. D. 1791. F.S. 達城 N.P. 穉軒. Prime minister of the time of Sun jo.

*서면 *s.* 西面 (서녁) (보) Western front or side.

서면히 *s.* Drawing back; ashamedly. *See* 설업시.

서면하다 *s.* To be afraid; to draw back; to be ashamed.

*서명응 *s.* 徐命膺 (천천) (목숨) (가슴) A.D. 1740 F.S. 達城. N.P. 保晩. Son of 서종태. Minister of Yong jong

*서명선 *s.* 徐命善 (천천) (목숨) (착할) A.D. 1755 F.S. 達城 N.P. 桐溪. Prime Minister of Cheung-jong.

*서명응 *s.* 徐命膺 (천천) (목숨) (가슴) F.S. 達城 A famous scholar and also a Minister of the time of Yong jong

*서명하다 *v.* 署名 (마을) (일홈) To write one's name; to sign—as a document.

*서목 *s.* 書目 (글) (눈) The reply sheet sent with a letter to a superior officer, the paper on which the official writes his reply.

*서목태 *l.* 鼠目太 (쥐) (눈) (콩) "Rat-eye beans"—a small kind of black bean *See* 흑태; 쥐눈이콩.

*서무 *l.* 庶務 (뭇) (힘쓸) General or miscellaneous affairs.

*서무국 *l.* 庶務局 (뭇) (힘쓸) (관) The Board of General Affairs in a government department.

*서무과 *l.* 庶務課 (뭇) (힘쓸) (공부) A Bureau where miscellaneous affairs are transacted.

*서문 *l.* 書文 (글씨) (글) A deed or written promise executed in a solemn and formal manner.

*서문 *l.* 序文 (펼) (글) A preface—to a book. *See* 서.

*서문 *s.* 西門 (서녁) (문) The west gate.

*서문중 *s.* 徐文重 (천천) (글) (무거울) A.D. 1654 F.S. 達城 N.P. 夢流. Grandson of 서경우. Prime Minister of Suk-jong.

*서물 *l.* 庶物 (뭇) (물건) All kinds of things.

*서미초 *l.* 鼠尾草 (쥐) (꼬리) (풀) Salvia joponica.

*서민 *l.* 庶民 (뭇) (빅성) The people. *See* 빅성.

*서반 *s.* 西班 (서녁) (반렬) The military nobility; the military official class. *Opp.* 동반.

*서반구 *s.* 西半球 (서녁) (절) (구슬) The Western Hemisphere. *Opp.* 동반구.

*서반아 *s.* 西班牙 (서녁) (반렬) (어금니) Spain.

*서반아국 *s.* 西班牙國 (서녁) (반렬) (어금니) (나라) Spain.

*서발 *l.* 序跋 (차례) (봄을) Preface and appendix—as of books.

*서방 *s.* 西方 (서녁) (모) The west. *See* 서편.

*서방 *s.* 書房 (글) (방) Mr.—the ordinary accompaniment of a surname; a husband.

*서방님 *s.* 書房主 (글) (방) (님—*쥬) Mr. (Hon.) A husband.

서방맞다 *s.* 迎婿 (마질—*영) (사회—*서) 마자; 친 To obtain a mate or husband.

서방맞치다 *s.* 迎婿 (마질—*영) (사회—*서) 맛쳐; 친 To find a husband for a girl slave.

*서방정토극락세계 *s.* 西方淨土極樂世界 (서녁) (모) (정할) (흙) (극진) (즐거울) (인간) (디경) A one of the paradises Buddhism.

서방질하다 *s.* 行淫 (힐흘—*힝) (음란—*음) To be lewd; to act the prostitute. *See* 힐챵질하다.

서박서박ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be soft; to be spongy; to be slushy. *See* 사박사박ᄒᆞ다.

*서부 *l.* 風蝨 (풍슬) (바ᄂᆞ리) A kind of wood louse.

*서부 *s.* 西部 (서녁) (아올) The westward of the capital. *See* 서서.

서부럼ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be loose, to be wide.

*서부즈ᄂᆡ *s.* 西部字內 (서녁) (ᄆᆡ) (글ᄌᆞ) (안) Within the western division of a district or city.

*서분ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 鬆 (느ᄀᆞᆯ—*완) To be loose. *See* 허슈ᄒᆞ다.

*서불가진신 *s.* 書不可盡信 (글) (아닐) (올ᄒᆞᆫ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆡᆺᄂᆞᆫ) Books are not all to be trusted.

*서불가진언 *s.* 書不可盡言 (글) (아닐) (올ᄒᆞᆫ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Characters cannot completely take the place of speech.

*서북 *s.* 西北 (서녁) (북녁) The northwest quarter.

*서북간 *s.* 西北間 (서녁) (북녁) (ᄉᆞ이) The northwest quarter.

*서북천 *s.* 西北川 (서녁) (북녁) (내) A river in Hun-kyong-do. Lat. 42.00. Long. 129.00.

*서북풍 *s.* 西北風 (서녁) (북녁) (ᄇᆞᄅᆞᆷ) A northwest wind.

*서북학회 *s.* 西北學會 (서녁) (북녁) (ᄇᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) The Western and Northern Educational Association

*서분서분ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be soft; to be yielding as to the teeth. *See* 곤ᄃᆞ라ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞ다.

*서빅 *s.* 西伯 (서녁) (맛) B. C. 1231-1135. King *Man wang* of Ancient China.

*서ᄇᆡ리아 *s.* 西伯利亞 (서녁) (맛) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (버ᄀᆞᆷ) Siberia.

*서산 *s.* 書算 (글) (산ᄃᆞᆯ) A paper talley—used by scholars to mark recitations. *See* 셔수.

*서산 *l.* 瑞山 (상셔) (외) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.55. Long. 126.34.

*서산대ᄉᆞ *s.* 西山大師 (서녁) (외) (큰) (스승) The learned teacher of *Samyunglang.*

*서산라귀 *s.* 西山驢 (서녁) (외) (라귀—*려) A large species of donkey.

*서산한 *s.* 西山曉 (서녁) (ᄆᆡ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) A style of song written in lines of seven characters.

*서사군 *s.* 書寫軍 (글) (ᄇᆞᆯ) 군ᄉᆞ. A writer; a secretary. *See* ᄃᆡ서군.

*서상기 *s.* 西廂記 서녁 (행ᄒᆞ) (긔록) One of the four wonderful books *Sotakeuwi.*

*서셔 *s.* 西署 (서녁) (마을) The western ward of the Capital.

*서셔히 *l.* 徐徐 (천천) (천천) Gently; slowly; sedately. *See* 찬찬이.

*서션 *s.* 西線 (서녁) (실) Western telegraph—by way of *Pyong yang.*

*서셤 *s.* 西成 (서녁) (일울) Autumn work—harvesting. (B. H.)

*서셩 *s.* 徐渻 (셩천) (몰 A. D. 1431-1395 A famous author said to have written the *Tong-mong-sun seup.*

*서속 *l.* 黍粟 (거장) (조) Glutanous rice and millet; small grain—as millet.

*서송ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 書送 (글) (보ᄂᆡᆷ) To write and send—as a letter; to write to.

*서수 *s.* 書數 (글) (두어) A lesson counter—used in primary schools. *See* 셔산

*서슈피 *l.* 犀皮 (물소) (가ᄑᆞᆨ—*피) Rhinoceros skin.

*서숙 *s.* 書塾 (글) (글방) A school room.

*서슈딕 *s.* 徐守德 (천천) (직ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) A.D. 1506-1545. Brother of Sŏ kyong-tŏk. N.P. Yong-tam (龍潭.

서슐 *s.* 鹽水 (소금 *영) (물 -*슈) The water left in the salt vats after evaporation. *See* 간슈.

서슬 *s.* 氣勢 (긔운—*ᄉᆡ) (형셰—*셰) The appearance—of pomp and majesty; a sight causing terror. Keenness; sharpness—of a knife.

*서슴다 *v.* 躊躇 (머ᄆᆞᆺ거릴 *쥬) (머ᄆᆞᆺ거릴 *져) 어; 온 To hesitate; to go unsteadily; to feel about. *See* 머ᄆᆞᆺ다.

*서습 *l.* 暑濕 (더울) (저질) Heat and dampness. *Opp.* 즁습.

*서시 *s.* 西施 (서녁) (베플) A famous woman of ancient China.

*서식 *s.* 書式 (글) (법) A formula; a written or printed form; the proper forms or expressions to be employed in writing

*서식ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 棲息 (깃드릴) (실) To live as the birds—in quiet and simplicity; to live as a rustic.

*서신 *s.* 書信 (글) (밋을) A letter. *See* 셔ᄌᆞ.

*서실표 *s.* 書失標 (서실ᄒᆞᆯ) (일흘) (표) A note given to replace one that is lost.

*서실하다 s. 喪失 (상실) (잃음) To lose. *See* 잃다.

*서스 / 瑞士 (상서) (선비) Switzerland.

*서스 s. 書肆 (글) (저조) A book-store.

*서스 s. 庶士 (풋) (선비) The gentry

*서스 l. 鼠思 (쥐) (생각) Anxiety; care; worry. (B. O.) *See* 근심.

*서스국 / 瑞士國 (상서) (선비) 나라) Switzerland. *See* 스위스국.

*서스왕복 s. 書翰往復 (글) (말씀 (갈) (회복) Letters going and coming—correspondence. *See* 편지거리.

*서생 s. 書生 (글) (날) A student; a scholar *See* 선비.

*서설포 s. 西生浦 (서녁) (남) (개) A naval station in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.26 Long. 129.18.

*서안 s. 書案 (글) (책상) A book-table; a writing-table. *See* 책상.

*서안 s. 西安 (서녁) (평안) Si-ngan; a head prefect in Shen-se province in China.

*서약 l. 誓約 (맹세) (언약) Oath; covenant; promise; agreement.

*서약하다 l. 誓約 (맹세) (언약) To make a solemn promise; to conclude a covenant; to make a formal agreement.

*서양 s. 西洋 (서녁) (바다) Foreign countries in general. *Opp.* 동양.

*서양각국 s. 西洋各國 (서녁) (바다) (각) (나라) The several Western States. *See* 서양국

*서양국 s. 西洋國 (서녁) (바다) (나라) Western nations; foreign countries.

*서양단 s. 西洋緞 (서녁) (바다, (비단) Foreign satin. *See* 양단.

*서양목 s. 西洋木 (서녁) (바다) 나무) Foreign cotton goods.

*서양사 s. 西洋紗 (서녁) (바다) (깁) Foreign muslin. *See* 양사

*서양산 s. 西陽山 (서녁) (볕) (뫼) A mountain P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.01 Long. 125.35.

*서양인 l. 西洋人 (서녁) (바다) (사롬) People of Western countries; Europeans; "foreigners."

*서양침 s. 西洋針 (서녁) (바다) (바늘) Foreign needles. *See* 양침

*서양철 s. 西洋鐵 (서녁) (바다) (쇠) Foreign tin or zinc. *See* 양철

*서양파 s. 西洋葱 (서녁, 바다, 파 *총 The leek, *Allium Porrum*

*서양포 s. 西洋布 (서녁) (바다) (베) Foreign linen. *See* 양목.

*서양항라 s. 西洋亢羅 (서녁) (바다) (홑올) (깁) Foreign cotton gauze. *See* 양항라.

*서양독활 s. 西洋獨活 (서녁) (바다) (홀노 (살) Asparagus.

*서언 l. 緒言 (실마리) (말씀) An introductory remark; an introduction; a preface.

*서얼 l. 庶孼 (풋) (움둣올) The son of a concubine. *See* 첩자.

*서역 s. 書役 (글) (역소) Writing; the labor of writing.

*서역 s. 西域 (서녁) (디경) Western regions—whence Buddhism arose; Mohommedan States. *See* 인도국.

*서역국 s. 西域國 (서녁) (디경) (나라) India and Tibet.

*서역군 s. 書役軍 (글) (역소) (군사) A writer; a secretary.

*서역하다 s. 書役 (글) (역소) To write characters.

*서열 l. 暑熱 (더움) (더울) Heat; hot weather.

*서염 l. 暑炎 (더움) (더울) Heat; hot weather.

*서영 s. 西營 (서녁) (영문) The western barracks—of *Pyong-yang.*

*서영보 s. 徐榮輔 (천천) (영화) (도올) F.S. 達城 N.P. 竹石. A famous scholar of the time of Sun-jo. Son of 서유신.

*서영보 s. 徐英輔 (천천) (꼿부리) (도올) A.D. 1817. F.S. 達城. A famous scholar of the time of Sun-jo.

*서영수 s. 西營使 (서녁) (영문) 하여곰) The officer in charge of the *Soyong.*

*서용하다 l. 敍用 (용서) (쓸) To recall from exile; to forgive an official offender. *See* 탕척서용하다.

*서운 l. 瑞雲 (상서) (구롬) A post station in Kang-won-do.

서울 s. 京 (*경) The capital; Seoul; Soul. *See* 경소.

서울뜩이 s. A native of the capital. *Opp.* 시골뜩이.

*서유기 s. 西遊記 (서녁, (놀) (긔록) (One of the Four Wonderful Books, *Saikeuso.*

*서유녕 s. 徐有寧 (천천) (있을, (편안) A.D. 1793. F.S. 達城. A famous military officer of the time of Chong-jong.

*서유대 s. 徐有大 (서유, 인물 ㄱㅗ ㅅㅣ) 1792. F.S. 達城. A famous soldier of the time of Chong-jong.

*서유신 s. 徐有臣 (서유, 인물 ㅅㅣㄴ) F.S. 達城. A famous scholar of the time of Chung-jong.

*서윤 l. 庶尹 (ㅅㅓ) (맛) The mayor of a city—as *Pyŏng-yang*.

*서융 s. 西戎 (서녁) (오랑캐) The wild tribes of the west

*서이 s. 西夷 (서녁) (오랑캐) Western barbarians, foreigners. *See* 서융.

*서인 s. 西人 (서녁) (사ㄹ) One of the four political parties. Westerners; foreigners; a west coast man. *See* 양인.

*서임식 l. 敍任式 (ㅅㅓ) (맛길) (법) Installation.

*서임ᄒᆞ다 l. 敍任 (길) (맛ㅎㅗㄴ) To make an official appointment.

*서왕모 s. 西王母 (서녁) (님금) (어미) Western Royal Mother—a fabulous personage said to dwell in Yoji (China).

*서왕세계 s. 西王世界 (서녁) (님금) (인간) (디경) Paradise—of Buddhism; Nirvana. *See* 극락세계

*서원 s. 書院 (글) (집) A spirit temple—erected by the government in honor of a person of merit. A literary room; a book-store. *See* 영당.

*서원 s. 誓願 (맹세) (원ㅎㅗ) A vow; an oath.

*서원 s. 書員 (글) (판원) The writers or secretaries of the five wards of the capital.

*서원ᄒᆞ다 s. 誓願 (맹세) (원ㅎㅗ) To make an earnest petition.

서재다 s. 여; 잔 To be wordy; to be given to talk. (Prov.)

*서장 s. 西藏 (서녁) (ㅈㅗㅎㅗ) Tibet.

*서장국 s. 西藏國 (서녁) (ㅈㅗㅎㅗ) (나라) Tibet.

*서장판 ㅅ. ㅂㅕㄹ狀官 ㄱㅡㄹ ㄱㅜㄴㅎㅕㄹ ㅂㅣㅅㅡㄹ, ㅅㅣ 3rd of the envoys sent to China yearly.

*서장책 s. 書杖 (글) (집ㅎㅣ) A school pointer.

*서장ᄃᆡ s. 西將臺 서녁ㅣ ㅈㅏㅇㅅㅜ ㄷㅐ A west fortress lookout.

*서적 s. 西賊 (서녁) (도적) Western rebels —as *Hong-Kyŏng-nă*.

*서적 s. 書籍 (글) (호적) A book.

*서적관 s. 書籍館 (글) (호적) (집) A library.

*서적실 s. 書籍室 (글) (호적) (집) A library room.

*서적포 s. 書籍舖 ㅅㅓㅈㅣㄱㅍㅗ (글) (호적) (저ㅈㅗ) A book-store.

*서전 s. 書傳 (글) (전ㅎㅗ) The Canon of History.

서절구투 l. 鼠竊狗偸 ㅅㅣ (도ㅈㅓㄱ) (개) (도적) A pilferer.

서ㅈㅣ ㅅㅓㅇㅅㅜㅣ (ㅅㅓㅇㅅㅜ) (겨레, Relatives by a ㄱㅗㄴ ㄱㅗㄴ See 서제.

ㅅㅓ (서녁) (ㄱㅕㄴ *편) The west ㅅㅗㄱ ㅍㅕㄴ.

ㅅㅓㅇ ㅈㅗㄴ (천천 (아ㄹㅡ) (ㅈㅗㅎㅗ) A.D. ㅅㅓㅇ城 N.P. 晩翠. Nephew ㅅㅣㄴ Prime Minister of Sukㅈㅗㅇ

*서중 l. 暑中 (더울) (가온ㄷㅣ) During the hot weather.

*서중 s. 書中 (글) (가온ㄷㅣ) In a document, book, or letter.

*서중휴가 l. 暑中休暇 (더울) (가온ㄷㅣ) (쉬일) (겨를) Summer vacation.

ㅁㅏㄹㅅㅡㄹ (더울) (ㅂㅕㄹ) Heat; hot ㅈㅣㄹ

ㅈㅣㅂ ㅅㅓ (ㅈㅗㅎㅗ) ㅅㅓㅈㅗ A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

ㅅㅓㅎㅗ 選 ㅈㅗㅎㅗ (디ㅂ) Keeping ㅎㅏㄴ ㅎㅏㄴ king a living. (B. C.)

ㅅㅓㅎㅗ 瑞 (천천) (ㅅㅓㅎㅗ) (ㄴㅏㄹ) A.D. 1754. F.S. 達城. N.P. 惺翁. Son of 서명균. Prime Minister of Yong-jong-tor three generations.

*서직 l. 黍稷 (가장) (피) Varieties of millet, the seeds of which differ in size of color.

*서증ᄒᆞ다 s. 暑症 (더울) (증세) Disease caused by heat.

*서자 l. 庶子 (ㅈㅗ) (아ㄷㅡㄹ) The son of a concubine *See* 얼ㅈㅗ.

*서자 s. (ㅈㅗ) 書字 (글 (글ㅈㅏ) Characters; writing; letters.

*서자서아자아 s. 書自書我自我 (글) (스ㅅ ㅅㅣㄴ ㄱㅡㄹ ㅅㅡㄴ ㅅㅣㄴ ㅂㅏㄹ ㅅㅣㄴ book by itself, and I by myself—said of one whose mind does not enter into what he reads.

*서재 s. 書齋 (글) (집) A school; a room for the study of characters. *See* 글방.

*서찰 s. 書札 (글) (편지) A letter. *See* 서신.

*서천 s. ㄱㅏㅇㅅㅣ ㄴㅏㅁㅂㅜ ㅅㅓ ㅅㅣ ㅈㅗㅎㅗ Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 31°. Lng. 126.00.

*서천포 *l.* 舒川浦 (면) (내) (개) A naval station in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.03. Long. 126.45

*서초 *s.* 西草 (서녁) (풀) Tobacco from the western provinces, *Pyŏng-an* and *Whanghă*.

*서초도 *s.* 西草島 서녁 (풀) 섬 An island in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 34.38. Long. 125.28 (Mackay I).

*서촉 *s.* 西蜀 (서녁) (나라) A district in China, *Seach'uan*.

*서축 *l.* 鼠縮 (쥐) (우무러짐) What is lacking—of grain that has been eaten by the rats. *See* 서파.

*서추보 *s.* 徐追輔 (성) (이름) (보) A.D. 1636. F.S. 逸城. A famous character of the reign of Hŏn-jong.

*서취 *s.* 書取 (글) (취홀) Taking note of; dictation.

*서취하다 *s.* 書取 (글) (취홀) To take note of; to dictate; to record.

*서치 *l.* 序齒 (차례) 니 Precedence according to seniority.

*서차 *l.* 序次 (차례) (버금) Order or sequence. *See* 차서.

*서책 *s.* 書冊 글 책 Books; a book. *See* 책.

서캐 *s.* 蟣 (*긔) A nit. (슬대). *See* 석하.

*서해안 *l.* 瑞海安 (상서) (바) (평안) The two counties of *Sŏ-sun* and *P'a-an* of *Nă-p'o*.

*서현 *s.* 西天 (서녁) (하눌) The Paradise of the West.

*서헌 *l.* 暑天 더울 (하눌) Heat hot weather

*서헌 *l.* 曙天 새벽 (하눌) The dawn, daybreak.

*서희하다 *l.* 暑退 (더움) (물너갈) To cool off; to refresh oneself. *See* 청량하다.

*서통 *s.* 書筒 (글) (통) An envelope.

*서피하다 *l.* To cool off; to refresh oneself from the heat.

*서파 *l.* 鼠破 (쥐) (헤칠) Refuse left by rats. (나다). *See* 서축.

*서판 *s.* 書板 (글) (판지) A writing board.

*서패 *l.* 庶派 (붓) (갈내) Posterity by a concubine. *See* 얼평.

*서편 *s* 西便 (서녁) (짠) The west side, the west. *See* 서쪽

*서평포 *s.* 西平浦 서녁 (평홀) (개) An anchorage in Kyong-sang-do.

*서포 *s.* 書鋪 (글) (차지) A book-store. *See* 책사.

*서폭 *s.* 書幅 (글) (폭—*복) A hanging scroll.

*서풍 *s.* 西風 서녁 바람 A west wind; an autumn wind. *See* 추풍.

*서흥 *s.* 瑞興 서녁 흥녁 A village in Hang-hă-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. 125.47

*서흠호다 *s.* 書歉 (글) (흠홀) To hand in a petition; to make a written application to a superior.

*서피 *l.* 鼠皮 (쥐) (가죽) Rat skin; squirrel skin.

*서익원 *s.* 徐益遠 성 천 이 름 A.D. 1614. F.S. 扶陽. A noted general of the time of Kwang-hă-jn.

*서학 *s.* 西學 서녁 배홀 Western teaching, foreign doctrine. *See* 서교.

*서한 *s.* 書翰 (글) (편지) A letter; an epistle; a dispatch.

*서향하다 *s.* 西向 (서녁) (향홀) To face west; to look toward the west.

*서협문 *s.* 西夾門 (서녁) (쏠) (문) The small side gate west of a *yamen*. *See* 동협문.

*서형 *s.* 庶兄 붓 아 An elder brother born of a concubine.

*서호진 西湖津 서녁 (호슈) 나루 An anchorage in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 38.26. Long. 126.29

*서홍유 *s.* 徐鴻儒 (천천) (기럭이) (선비) An insurgent leader the reputed founder of the secret society of the White Lily (白蓮敎), which attained [illegible] in the North of China A.D. 1622.

*서흥 *l.* 瑞興 (상서) (흥) A prefecture in Whang-hă-do. Lat. 38.26. Long. 126.29.

*서희순 *s.* 徐熙淳 (천천) (희홀) 순박) A.D. 1803 F.S. 逸城. A noted general of the reign of Sun-jo.

*서히 *s.* 西海 (서녁) (바다) The Yellow Sea. *Also* 서히바다.

*서화 *s.* 書畵 (글) 그림 Calligraphy and drawing; writing and painting.

*서화포 *s.* 書畵鋪 (글) (그림) (차지) A book and picture store.

*석 *s.* 石 (돌) A numerative of anything over ten bags—below that they are called *Som*. A surname.

석 *s.* 船泊處 (배—*댄) (대일—*빨) (못—*처) An anchorage; a bay.

석가래 *s.* 椽 (*연) A house rafter.

*석가모니 *s.* 釋迦牟尼 (중) (공) 모리) (중) The real founder of Buddhism—*Sakyamuna Buddha*.

*석가산 s. 石假山 (돌) (거짓) (뫼) An artifical mound of stones—as built in gardens etc.

*석가여래 s. 釋迦如來 (즁) (즁) (又홀) (은) *Sukgayorā Buddha*—the highest title of Buddha, he who is without origin or end.

*석간 s. 石澗 (돌) (시내) A stream which flows over a rocky bed.

*석간송 s. 石間松 (돌) (소이) (즘) A pine found growing on rocks.

*석간수 s. 石間水 (돌) (소이 ᄆᆞᆯ) A spring of water—from the rock.

*석간쥬 s. 石間硃 (돌) (소이) (쥬ᄉᆞ) Red earth. *See* 쥬ᄉᆞ.

*석간토혈 s. 石間土穴 (돌) 소이 (ᄌᆞᆷ) (구멍) Sufficient ground for a grave found among the rocks—a propitious site.

*석감 s. 石鹼 (돌) (비누) Soap.

*석결명 s. 石決明 (돌) (결단) (붉을) The ear-shell or *Haliotis*.

*석경 s. 石鏡 (돌) (거울) A crystal mirror; a looking glass. *See* 면경.

*석고 s. 石膏 (돌) (기름) Ground gypsum; plaster of Paris.

*석고디죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 席藁待罪 (돗) (짚) (기ᄃᆞ릴) (허물) To prostrate oneself before the gates of an official building—in supplication. *See* 면관돈슈ᄒᆞ다.

*석곡 s. 石谷 (돌) (골ᄶᅡ이) A post station in Kyong-keui-do.

*석곳 s. 石串 (돌) (ᄭᅥᆫ일—*관) A village in Whang-hă-do. Lat. 37.56. Long. 126 27

*석공 s. 石工 (돌) (장인) A stone mason.

*석교 s. 釋敎 (즁) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) Teachings of S'akya, the doctrines of Buddha.

*석교 s. 石橋 (돌) (ᄃᆞ리) A stone bridge.

*석구 s. 石臼 (돌) (확) A stone mortar.

*석굴 s. 石窟 (돌) (굴) A rocky cavern.

*석금 s. 石金 (돌) (쇠) Gold quartz.

석기다 s. 雜 (석길 *잡) 석겨; 긴 To be mixed; to be mingled; to be tangled.

석기우다 s. 雜 (석길—*잡) 기워; 운 To mix up; to mix together.

*석ᄯᅡ s. 石埭 (돌) (셩) A high craggy mountain.

*석관 s. 石棺 (돌) (관) A stone coffin; a sarcophagus.

*석권지세 s. 席卷之勢 (돗 ᄀᆞᆺ 긧올) 갈) (형세) A taking of possession little by little; a gradual appropriation.

*석권ᄒᆞ다 s. 席卷 (돗) (긧올) To take in succession; to seize one after the other.

*석남화 s. 石南花 (돌) (남녁) (ᄭᅩᆺ) *Rhododendron Metternich*.

*석냥 s. 石硫火 (돌) (류황—*류) (불—*화) Matches. *See* 석류화.

*석녀 s. 石女 (돌) (계집) A barren woman.

*석년애 s. 昔年 (녯) (히) Ancient time; in past years; in days gone by.

*석뉴유 s. 石腦油 (돌) (ᄂᆡ두) (기름) Coal oil; kerosene; naphtha. *See* 석란유.

석다 s. 雜 (석길—*잡) 겨; 긴 To mix up; to compound. (v. t.)

*석대ᄒᆞ다 s. 碩大 (클) (큰) To be great, immense, or vast.

*석뎐 s. 石田 (돌) (ᄲᅳᆯ) A stony field.

*석뎐 s. 釋奠 (노흘) (드릴) A sacrifice to Confucius—offered twice a year. *See* 대셩.

*석뎐대졔 s. 釋奠大祭 (노흘) (드릴) 큰) (졔ᄉᆞ) The great sacrifice to Confucius offered twice a year.

*석명 s. 石鉢 (돌) (ᄉᆞᆫ) A stone dish used as a medicine mortar.

*석란 s. 石欄 (돌) (란간) A stone balustrade.

*석란 s. 石蘭 (돌) (란초) *Gymnandenia rupestris*.

*석란국 s. 錫蘭國 (쥬셕) (란초) (나라) Ceylon. *See* 석란도

*석란도 s. 錫蘭島 (쥬셕) (란초) (셤) Ceylon Island

*석룡담 s. 石龍膽 (돌) (룡) (담) Gentiana.

*석룡ᄌᆞ s. 石龍子 (돌) (룡) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A lizard.

*석류 s. 石榴 (돌) (석류) The pomegranate. *Punica granatum*.

*석류황 s. 石硫黃 (돌) 류황) (류황—*황) Shavings with sulphur points—used as matches.

*석림 s. 石痳 (돌) (림질) Stone—in the bladder.

*석방ᄒᆞ다 s. 釋放 (노흘) (노흘) To acquit; to enfranchise.

*석문 s. 石紋 (돌) (문의) A stone of variegated colors.

*석문회 s. 石門灰 (돌) (문) (지) Cement; mortar. *See* 석회.

*석물 s. 石物 (돌)(물건) Objects carved in stone and used before graves.

*석묵 s. 石墨 (돌)(먹) Graphite.

*석미 s. 石梅 (돌)(매화) Coral.

석밥되다 s. 여; 원 To mix up; to mingle. *See* 석기다.

석밥지 s. 菘菜 (줌깁—*침)(나물—*채) Mixed pickle—of cabbage and turnips.

*석박지다 s. 石磚之地 (돌)(박석)(깔)(짜) A stone flat; a stony region.

*석반 s. 夕飯 (저녁)(밥) The evening meal. *Opp.* 조반.

*석반석 s. 石盤石 (돌)(소반)(돌) Slate stone.

*석방 s. 釋放 (노흘)(노흘) An acquittal.

*석방ᄒᆞ다 s. 釋放 (노흘)(노흘) To acquit.

*석벽 s. 石壁 (돌)(바랄) A wall of rock—as seen in a mountain pass.

*석별ᄒᆞ다 s. 惜別 (앗갑)(리별) To feel regret at parting—from a friend or relative.

*석보 s. 石堡 (돌)(보물) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do.

*석부 s. 石婦 (돌)(며느리) A barren woman.

*석분 s. 石粉 (돌)(똥) A urinary calculus.

*석불 s. 石佛 (돌)(부처) A stone Buddha.

*석비 s. 石碑 (돌)(비석) A stone tablet—in honor of an official. *See* 돌비.

석비레 s. Crumbling granite; a mixture of rock and earth.

*석산 s. 石蒜 (돌)(마눌) Nerine japonica.

*석산 s. 石山 (돌)(외) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.38. Long. 128.01. A rocky mountain.

*석산호 s. 石珊瑚 (돌)(산호) "Rock coral." *Opp.* 슈산호.

*석산화 s. 石蒜花 (돌)(마눌)(꼿) *Lycoris radiata.*

*석상 s. 石像 (돌)(형상) A stone image; a statue.

*석상 s. 席上 (돗)(우) In the room where a meeting is held; during the meeting or assembly; extempore.

*석서 s. 石鼠 (돌)(쥐) Mole-cricket.

*석성 s. 石城 (돌) (재) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.07 Long. 127.12.

석쇠 s. 炙鐵 (저질—*자) (쇠—*일) A wire gridiron for broiling meat. *See* 적쇠.

*석수 s. 石數 (돌)(수어 The number of logs—of grain etc *See* 셤수.

*석수 s. 石手 (돌) (손) A sculptor; a stone-cutter.

*석숭이 s. 石崇 (돌) (놉흘) An ancient millionaire who lived about the 3rd century A. D.

*석시 s. 釋氏 (즁) (각시) Sakamoni Buddha.

*석신명ᄒᆞ다 s. 惜身命 (앗갑)(몸) (목숨) To be careful of one's life and person.

*석실 s. 石室 (돌) (집) A house built of rocks or large stones.

*석스ᄉᆞ 碩士 (클)(션비 A noted scholar, Mr Respect) *See* 셕방.

*석양 s. 夕陽 (저녁) (볏) The evening sun, the afternoon. *See* 저녁.

*석양산도에 s. 夕陽山路 (저녁)(볏)(외)(길) On a mountain road at night—an expression used in connection with farewells.

*석어 s. 石魚 (돌) (고기) A species of *Sciena*—a fish said to have in its head a stone which is a cure for various ills. *See* 조긔.

석어틈 s. Flaws or blurs in crystal spectacles.

*석연년 s. 石延年 (돌) (벗을) (히) A.D. 994-1041. A scholar and poet, renowned as an artistic connoisseur.

*석염 s. 石鹽 (돌) (소금) Rock salt

*석영 s. 石英 (돌) (꼿부리) Qartz.

*석위 s. 石葦 (돌) (갈) *Polypodium Lingua.*

석위다 s. 섯 (사괼—*교) 여; 원 To mix; to mingle. (Prov.)

*석웅황 s. 石雄黃 (돌) (슈컷) (누루) Hartall; orpiment; yellow lead.

*석유 s. 碩儒 (클) (션비) A great philosopher; an eminent Confucianist.

*석유 s. 石油 (돌) (기름) Kerosene.

*석유등 s. 石油燈 (돌) (기름) (등불) A kerosene lamp. *See* 람푸.

*석융 s. 石絨 (돌) (깁) Asbestus.

*석의 s. 釋義 (풀) (올흘) Notes; commentary.

석이버섯 s. A kind of mushroom found growing on rocks. *Septogum fuliginosum*

*석인 s. 石人 (돌) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A stone image—as seen before a grave.

*석인 s. 石印 (돌) (인칠) A stone seal. *See* 석관.

*석일 s. 昔日 (녯) (날) Ancient times; anciently; in past years; in days gone by.

*석일 s. 夕日 (저녁) (날) The evening sun. *See* 석양.

*석장구 s. 石葬坑 (돌) (장소) (구멍이—*항) Stone built graves—in which people were buried alive in the *Koryŏ* dynasty. *See* 고려장.

*석자 s. 昔者 (옛) (놈) Long ago; past time. (Comp.)

*석장 s. 錫杖 (쥬석) (집행이) A staff furnished with metal rings which is carried by Buddhist begging priests.

*석장생 s. 石長生 (돌) (긴) (날) *Adiantum monochlamys.*

*석전 s. 石戰 (돌) (싸홈) Stone fights—at New-Year's season. (호다).

*석정 s. 石井 (돌) (우물) A fountain issuing from rocks.

석정 s. Earth and stone mixed—as found in digging a grave.

*석조 s. 石造 (돌) (지을) Things made of stone.

*석죠 s. 夕照 (저녁) (빗초일) The evening sun. *See* 석양.

*석종유 s. 石鍾乳 (돌) (죄북) (젓) Stalactites.

*석쥬 s. 石柱 (돌) (기동) A stone base of a pillar. (빗치다).

*석죽 s. 石竹 (돌) (대) [illegible] *Dianthus chinensis.*

*석죽화 s. 石竹花 (돌) (대) (쏫) The pink The flower of the *Dianthus chinensis.* The Sedum Alfredi. *See* 피랑이쏫

*석지 s. 石芝 (돌) (시초) A coral.

*석조황 s. 石雌黃 (돌) (암컷) (누루) A yellow kind of stone—used in preparing paint.

*석지 s. 石材 (돌) (지료) Stones for house building. Medicines in which there are stone ingredients.

*석창포 s. 石菖蒲 [illegible] The rock sweet-flag—a purple orchid. *Acorus graminetus.*

*석천사 s. 石泉寺 (돌) (샘) (졀) A monastery in Kyong-keui-do. (Yang-ju).

*석청 s. 石淸 (돌) (몰을) Honey found in the crevices of the rocks.

*석총 s. 石塚 (돌) (무덤) Stone built graves—in which people were buried alive in the *Koryŏ* dynasty. *See* 고려장.

*석축 s. 石築 (돌) (짜흘) A stone wall. *See* 층덕.

*석칠 s. 石漆 (돌) (옷칠) A superior kind of lacquer used as a cement.

*석탄 s. 石炭 (돌) (숫) Coal.

*석탄광 s. 石炭壙 (돌) (숫) (구멍이) A coal mine.

*석탄산 s. 石炭酸 (돌) (숫) (실) Acidum Carbolicum, Carbolic acid.

*석탄산갈유 s. 石炭酸甘油 (돌) (숫) (실) (돌) (기름) Glycerinum Acidi carbolici.

*석탄산맹좌제 s. 石炭酸猛坐劑 [illegible] Suppositoria Acidi Carbolnacum Sapone.

*석탄산유고 s. 石炭酸油膏 (돌) (숫) (실) (기름) Unguentum Acidi Carbolici

석탄산소다 s. 石炭酸曹達 [illegible] Solution of Carbol Acid.

*석탄석 s. 石炭石 (돌) (숫) (돌) Coal clinkers.

*석탄소 s. 石炭所 (돌 숫) (바) An office—having control of coal digging.

*석탄지 s. 炭焼 (숫 *잡) (살아질—*쇼) One who burns charcoal in a kiln; a charcoal burner.

*석탄타 s. 石炭—(돌) (숫) Coal tar.

*석탄타유 s. 石炭—油 (돌) (숫)—(기름) Coal tar oil.

*석탑 s. 石塔 (돌) (탑) A tombstone

*석판 s. 石版 (돌) (조각) A stone seal. *See* 석인. A stone for lithographing; a lithograph.

*석판 s. 石板 (돌) (판조) A stone slate a stone tablet.

*석필 s. 石筆 (돌) (붓) A slate-pencil, *See* 연필.

*석필 s. 石筆 (돌) (붓) A slate pencil.

*석함 s. 石函 (돌) (함, A stone hollowed out—as used for a place of burial.

*석회 s. 石灰 (돌) (지) Lime; cement.

*석회석 s. 石灰石 (돌) (지) (돌) Limestone.

*석회슈 s. 石灰水 (돌) (지) (물) Lime-water

*석회유 s. 石灰液 (돌) (지) (진) Aqua Calcis.

*석히 s. 石蟹 (돌) (게) A kind of mountain crab that lives under stones.

석히 s. 蝨 (*지) A louse; a nit. *See* 석개.

*석화 s. 石花 (돌) (쏫) Oysters. *See* 굴.

*석화 s. 石火 (돌) (불) Fire struck from a stone.

*석화광음 s. 石火光陰 [illegible] (그 불) Time flies swiftly.

*석화초 s. 石花菜 (돌)(꽃)(나물) A kind of sea-weed.

*석확 s. 石臼 (돌) (확—*구) A stone hollowed out—used as a dish.

*석황 s. 石黃 (돌) (누루) Yellow ochre.

*선 s. 線 (줄) A line—as of longitude.

*선 l. 善 (착할) Righteousness; uprightness. *Opp.* 악.

*선 s. 襈 (헤어질) Binding—of the hem of a garment. (치다) (두르다).

*선가 s. 船價 (비) (갑) Passage money—on board ship.

*선가 s. 仙家 (신선) (집) A Taoist; Taoist families. A fairy house.

*선각 s. 先覺 (먼저) (아두를) Seeing or perceiving anything in advance; a man of foresight. *See* 선각자.

*선각자 s. 先覺者 (먼저) (아두를) (놈) A man of foresight.

*선각하다 s. 先覺 (먼저) (아두를) To foresee.

*선거 s. 船渠 (비) (개천) A dock.

*선거구 l. 選擧區 (쓸) (들) (갈피) An election district.

*선거권 l. 選擧權 (쓸) (들) (권세) The right to elect; franchise

*선거법 l. 選擧法 (쓸) (들) (법) The law governing election.

*선거식 l. 選擧式 (쓸) (들) (법) Ceremony of setting apart.

*선거위원 l. 選擧議員 (쓸) (들) (의론할) (인원) The members elected to parliament.

*선거인 l. 選擧人 (쓸) (들) (사람) An elector.

*선거하다 l. 選擧 (쓸) (들) To choose; to select; to pick out; to elect; to make a selection; to conduct an election.

선걸다 s. 거워, 운 To be sorry; to be troubled; to be worried.

*선견 s. 先見 (먼저) (볼) Seeing beforehand; foresight.

*선견자 s. 先見者 (먼저) (볼) (놈) One who foresees; a seer; a prophet. *See* 선지자.

*선경 s. 仙境 (신선) (디경) Fairy land, heaven. *See* 과화요초.

*선고 s. 宣告 (펼) (고할) Pronouncing the judgment of a court; sentence; condemnation.

*선고 s. 先考 (먼저) (상고) One's deceased father; ancestors. *See* 선인.

*선고문 s. 宣告文 (펼) (고할) (글) A written condemnation; a sentence.

*선고서 s. 宣告書 (펼) (고할) (글) Sentence, or judgment.

*선고하다 s. 宣告 (펼) (고할) To pronounce sentence; to sentence; to notify; to announce.

*선공 s. 船工 (비) (장인) A shipwright.

*선공감 s. 繕工監 (다스릴 장인 볼) The office that has charge of bridges or articles woven from reeds, grass etc.

*선공후사하다 s. 先公後私 (먼저) (공번될) (뒤) (사사로울) To make public business of first and private affairs of secondary importance.

*선교사 s. 宣敎師 (펼) (구루칠) (스승) A religious preacher; a missionary.

*선교회 s. 宣敎會 (펼) (구루칠) (모들) A Mission. *See* 전도회.

*선교하다 s. 宣敎 (펼) (구루칠) To preach religion.

*선구 s. 船具 (비) (갖출) The rigging of a ship.

*선구 s. 先驅 (먼저) (몰) The horsemen riding in advance of a procession to clear the road.

*선군 s. 先君 (먼저) (님군) A deceased king or royal ancestor. *See* 선인.

*선군하다 s. 旋軍 (도리킬) (군사) To withdraw an army; to recall troops.

*선귀하다 s. 旋歸 (도리킬) (도라올) To return; to turn back.

*선궁 s. 仙宮 (신선) (집) A fairy palace.

*선금 s. 先金 (먼저) (쇠) First payment.

*선급 s. 先給 (먼저) (줄) A "tip" in advance; pay in advance.

*선급하다 s. 先給 (먼저) (줄) To give in advance; to give beforehand. *See* 선하하다.

*선기다 l. 善騎馬 (착할) (말탈) (재) A good horseman—of cavalry.

*선기옥형 s. 璇璣玉衡 (구슬) (구슬) (구슬) (저울대) A mural circle; an astronomical instrument.

*선과 l. 善果 (착할) (열매) Good fruit; excellent results.

*선관 s. 仙館 (신선) (집) A fairy palace.

*선관 s. 仙官 (신선) (벼슬) Gem; spirits. (Hon.)

*선나하다 s. (-아) 先拿 (먼저) (쇼올) To draw in advance. *See* 나에하다.

*선남선녀 *l.* 善男善女 (착할) (사나희) (착할) (계집) A good man and a good woman.

*선납 *s.* 先納 (먼저) (드릴) Presents—sent before a wedding.

*선녀 *s.* 仙女 (신선) (계집) A fairy; a goddess.

*선달 *s.* 先達 먼저 통달 A graduate in archery. *See* 출신.

*선당 *s.* 禪堂 (중) (집) A room in a Buddhist temple set apart for meditation. *See* 불당.

*선덕 *l.* 善德 (착할) (큰) Morality; virtue.

*선더 *s.* 船底 (배) (밑) The bottom of a vessel or boat.

*선뎨 *s.* 船梯 (배) (사닥다리) A ladder for use on board a ship.

*선뎨 *s.* 先帝 (먼저) (님금) Former or late Emperor.

*선뎡ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 選定 (쓸) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To elect; to choose.

*선도 *l.* 善道 (착할) (길) The path of virtue.

*선도 *s.* 先導 (먼저) (인도) Taking the lead; guiding; a guide.

*선도 *s.* 仙道 (신선) (길) Taoism.

*선도쟈 *s.* 先導者 (먼저) (인도) (놈) A leader.

*선도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先導 먼저 인도 To act a guide; to lead the way; to reach; to shew

*선동 *s.* 煽動 (불붓칠) (움지일) Excitement; stirring up.

*선동쟈 *s.* 煽動者 (불붓칠) (움지일) (놈) One who stirs up, or excites.

*선동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 煽動 (불붓칠) (움지일) To stir up; to incite; to instigate.

*선두 *s.* 船頭 (배) (머리) The prow—of a boat; the bow. A boat.

선두루다 *s.* 둘너 ; 두룬 To bind the edge—of a garment.

선득선득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be chilly; to be cold.

선득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 冷 (찰—*탕) To be chilly; to be cool—of sickness. *See* 차다 *Opp.* 따뜻ᄒᆞ다.

*선등 *s.* 先等 (먼저) (무리) What is ahead; what is in advance of others. *See* 비두.

*선등ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先登 먼저 오를 To be the first in scaling the wall of a castle.

*선뎨 *s.* 線第 (줄) (ᄎᆡ) Lace.

*선뎨 *s.* 先代 (먼저) (뎨신) The former or last generation; predecessors.

*선뎨 *s.* 仙臺 (신선) (집) Sendai in Japan.

*선뎨ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 善待之 (착할) (뎨접ᄒᆞᆯ) To treat kindly; to entertain hospitably. *See* 후뎨ᄒᆞ다

선뎨칭 *s.* 線對稱 (줄) (뎨ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆲ) Line symmetry, or symmetry with respect to an axis.

*선뎨ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 善待 (착할) (뎨접) To treat hospitably; to entertain kindly. *See* 관뎨ᄒᆞ다.

*선뎨정군 *s.* 宣威將軍 (펼) (위엄) (장슈) (군ᄉᆞ) A military title given to an officer of the rear rank, 4th degree.

*선량ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 善良 (착할) (어질) To be good; to be virtuous; to be moral.

*선뎨후학 *s.* 先弟後學 먼저 뎨ᄌᆞ (뎨) (배홀) Manners first and characters afterwards.

*선로 *s.* 船路 (배) (길) The channel for ships—as in a river. *See* 슈로.

*선로 *s.* 線路 (실) (길) A route; track; course; line *See* 길노.

*선리 *s.* 先來 먼저 옴 Head runners as before an envoy or high official.

*선망후실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先忘後失 (먼저) (닛칠) (뒤) (일흘) I lose all recollection of things in general; to lose one's memory; to grow childish—of an old person. *See* 건망증.

*선머리 *s.* 先頭 먼저 머리 (놈 *봄) The first; the chief; the foremost. *See* 선참.

*선면 *s.* 扇面 (붓칠) (낫) The face of a fan.

*선미 *s.* 船尾 (배) (꼬리) The stern of a vessel or boat. *Opp.* 선두. *See* 니물.

*선명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鮮明 (곱울 붉을) To be new; to be fresh; to be pretty. *See* 쌔끗ᄒᆞ다.

*선모 *s.* 腺毛 (힘줄) (털억) Glandular hair.

*선묘 *s.* 先墓 (먼저) (무덤) An ancestral grave. *See* 선영.

*선묘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鮮妙 (곱울) (묘ᄒᆞᆯ) To be beautiful; to be fresh; to be pretty. (Comp). *See* 긔묘ᄒᆞ다

*선문 *s.* 先文 먼저 글월 A notice beforehand; a warning; a word in advance. (노다). *See* 로문.

*선문놋다 s. 先聞 (몬저) (드를) 노하; 혼 To give notice beforehand; to give warning. *See* 로문놋다.

선물 l. 膳物 (즘—*산) (물건—*물) A gift; a present.

*선물 s. 先物 (몬저) (물건—*물) First fruits; the first ripe grain etc. *See* 신출.

*선미ᄒᆞ다 l. 善美 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (아름다울) To be good and beautiful.

*선박 s. 船舶 (비) (비) Ships or vessels.

*선박관리인 s. 船舶管理人 (비) (박) (ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (마ᄉᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A ship's captain or owner.

*선박등긔부 s. 船舶登記簿 (비) (비) (오ᄅᆞᆯ) (긔ᄅᆞᆨ) 문셔 Shipping register

*선박등긔증셔 s. 船舶登記証書 (비) (비) (오ᄅᆞᆯ) (긔ᄅᆞᆨ) (증거) (글) A certificate of registry of a ship; a ship's papers.

*선박소유권 s. 船舶所有權 (비) (비) (바) (잇ᄉᆞᆯ) (권세) The ownership of a ship.

*선박소유자 s. 船舶所有者 (비) (비) (바) (잇ᄉᆞᆯ) (놈) A shipowner.

*선박손해 s. 船舶損害 (비) (비) (덜) (해ᄒᆞᆯ) Ship-damage.

*선박지휘자 s. 船舶指揮者 (비) (비) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (두ᄃᆞᆯ) (놈) The director of a ship.

*선박출입 s. 船舶出入 (비) (비) (날) (들) The coming in or going out of ships.

*선박치권자 s. 船舶債權者 (비) (박) (빗) (권세) (놈) A ship's creditor.

선반 s. A shelf. (권다).

*선발ᄒᆞ다 s. 先發 (몬저) (떨) To start before another.

*선범샤의원 s. 先犯者醫員 (몬저) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) (의원) The first to experience a cure should be the physician.

*선복 s. 船腹 (비) (빅) The centre of the side of a ship or boat.

*선복 s. 船卜 (비) (졈) Freight—of a boat. *See* 비졈.

*선복 s. 仙服 (신션) (옷) A fairy's dress; a spirit's garb.

*선복화 s. 旋覆花 (도리깔) (업흘) (곳. *Inula britanica, var. vulgaris.

*선봉 s. 先鋒 (몬저) (칼날) The vanguard. Commander of the vanguard. *Also* 선봉쟉.

*선봉장 s. 先鋒將 (몬저) (칼날) (장슈) Captain or commander of the vanguard.

*선부 l. 膳夫 (반찬) (지아비) An official who takes charge of the food and liquors in a nobleman's household; a butler.

*선부유삼천 s. 宣部守三薦 (펼) (쟈) (직킬) (ᄉᆡᆨ) (천거) A recommendation for the three offices of 선젼, 부장 and 슈문장.

*선불션 l. 善不善 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (아닐) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) Good or evil. *See* 호불호.

*선비 s. 先妣 (몬저) (계집) A deceased mother.

*선비 s. 船費 (비) (허비) Expenses by boat.

선비 s. 儒 (*유) Scholars, the literati, savants. *See* 션뷔.

*션비 s. 先妣 (몬저) (무리) One who precedes another in learning or office; one whom another follows in the pursuit of learning.

*선비 s. 儒 (*유) Scholars; the literati. *Also* 션비.

*션사 s. 宣沙 (펼) (모래) A village in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.40. Long. 124.50.

*선산 s. 先山 (몬저) (외) An ancestral mountain; the mountain where are one's ancestral graves. *See* 션영.

*선산 s. 善山 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (외) A profect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.01. Long 128.19.

*선샤ᄒᆞ다 l. 善射 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (쏠) To shoot well; to be a good shot.

*선샤ᄒᆞ다 l. To make a present; to give.

*선상 s. 先上 (몬저) (웃) A first payment —on a debt.

*선상 s. 船商 (비) (장ᄉᆞ) A merchant who traffics in a boat; one who carries on the coasting trade.

*선상잔 s. 先上陣 (몬저) (웃) (진) The guard that precedes the king on a procession to a royal tomb.

선션ᄒᆞ다 s. 凉 (서늘—*랑) To be cool; to be fresh; to be refreshing.

*선세 s. 船稅 (비) (구실) Boat toll; boat hire. *See* 션가.

*선세 s. 先世 (몬저, 인간) Former generations. *See* 션디.

*선셈ᄒᆞ다 s. 先計 (몬저) (즘—*갑) To reckon up beforehand; to settle accounts in advance.

*선셜 s. 先說 (몬저) (소리) An account; a report; fame—as heard before meeting.

*선셩 s. 先聖 (몬저) (셩인) Former sages —as Confucius.

*선셜 s. 蟬聲 (민 ᄆᆞᆯ어) (소리) The note or chirp of a cicada.

선소리 *s.* A call or song of workers—by which they pull or strike together.

*선손거다 *s.* 先着手 (문저) (부딪칠 -*착) (손—*수) 허; 건 To strike the first blow; to begin a fight. *See* 선실기도ᄒᆞ다.

*선수 *s.* 船首 (배) (머리) The bow of a vessel or boat.

선수 *s.* [illegible] an expert. *See* 일슈.

*선슈 *s.* 先手 (문저) (손) The first party in a game, fight etc.

*선슈단 *l.* 善手段 (션ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) (쓰) A good hand; an expert. *See* 숙슈ᄀᆞ

*선슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先手 (문저) (손) To take part first; to be the first to play—in a game. *See* 선착ᄒᆞ다.

*선술 *s.* 仙術 (신션) (술법) The art of a *Sennin*, or mystic arts such as restoring the dead to life, riding on the air, etc.

*선시에 *s.* 先是 문저) (이) Before this; previous to this; for this forward

*선식 *s.* 鮮食 (싱선) 쌀 Food of fish; fish fare. (B. H.)

*선실기도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先失其道 은저ᄂᆡ 일흘 (그) (길) To commit the first offence.

*선심 *l.* 善心 (착ᄒᆞᆫ 마음, [illegible] a virtuous mind. *See* 션심.

*선ᄉᆞ *s.* 禪師 (션) (스승) A Buddhist priest. *See* 대ᄉᆞ.

*선ᄉᆞ *s.* 先師 (문저) (스승) A teacher. (M.)

*선ᄉᆞ *l.* 善事 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (일) Good acts; virtuous deeds.

*선ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 善事 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (셤길) To serve faithfully; to wait on loyally.

*선생 *s.* 先生 (문저) (날) The first born—an elder; a senior; a teacher; Mr. (Epist).

*선악 *l.* 善惡 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (모질) Good and evil.

*선악구별 *l.* 善惡區別 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (모질) (갈ᄅᆞ 다ᄂᆞᆯ [illegible] distinction between good and bad.

*선악과 *l.* 善惡果 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (모질) (실과) The fruit of good and evil—the forbidden fruit. (Bible).

*선악(이)지오ᄉᆞ *l.* 善惡皆師 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (모질) (다) (네) (스승) Good and evil are both one's teachers.

*선악(이)상반ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 善惡相半 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) (모질) (서로) (반) To be upright and evil at the same time; to be neither good nor bad.

*선안 *s.* 宣安 (펼) (편안) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*선암 *s.* 仙巖 (신션) (바회) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

선왕 *s.* 城隍 (재 *쳥) (허—*황) A mountain shrine or sacred tree. *See* 셩황당.

*선약 *s.* 仙藥 (신션) 약) The elixir of life. *See* 불로초.

*선양ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宣揚 (펼) (ᄃᆞᆯ닐) To proclaim, to notify, to promulgate.

*선어 *s.* 鮮魚 (신어) (고기) The lamprey. *See* 비암장어.

*선언 *s.* 宣言 (펼) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A proclamation; a declaration.

*선언 *l.* 善言 (착ᄒᆞᆫ) 말ᄉᆞᆷ) Good words, pious teaching.

*선언ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宣言 (펼) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To notify; to announce; to issue a notification; to declare—as war.

*선연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嬋姸 (고울) (요울) To be pretty and graceful.

*선영 *s.* 先塋 (문저) (무뎜) One's ancestral tombs. *See* 션산.

*선옹 *s.* 仙翁 (신션) 늙은이) Fan. ex; ancient genii. *See* 신션.

*선용 *s.* 船用 (배) (쓸) The expense of the equipment for a boat; the expense of going by boat.

*선용ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 選用 (쓸) (쓸) To select and use; to choose and employ.

*선용ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 先用 (문저) 쓸 To use beforehand, to make use of in advance. *See* 나이ᄒᆞ다.

*선위 *s.* 禪位 (스양) (벼슬) Abdicating the throne.

*선위ᄒᆞᆯᄉᆞ *l.* 善爲說辭 착ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ 말ᄉᆞᆷ (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Eloquent speech; eloquence. (M.)

*선위ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 禪位 (스양) (벼슬) To abdicate in favour of another; to resign the throne. *See* 션위ᄒᆞ다.

*선유 *s.* 先儒 (문저) (션비) A learned scholar of former times.

*선유ᄉᆞ *s.* 宣諭使 (펼) (닐ᄋᆞᆷ) (ᄉᆞ여관) An official whose duty is to quiet or reconcile.

*선유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 宣諭 (펼) (닐ᄋᆞᆷ, [illegible] to reconcile—officially.

*선유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 船遊 (배) (놀) To go for a boat excursion; to have a picnic on board a junk.

*선음 *s.* 先蔭 (문저) (음덕) Ancestral merit; the righteousness of one's ancestors. *See* 음덕.

*선인 s. 先人 (몬저) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Ancestors; men of former times.

*선인 s. 宣化 (펼) (어질) A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.56. Long. 128.35.

*선인 s. 先人 (몬저) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) "My deceased father." *See* 선친.

*선인 s. 船人 (비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Boatmen; sailors.

*선일 s. 仙人 (신션) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Fairies; genii. *See* 선옹.

*선인 s. 善人 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A virtuous man; an honest person.

*선인장 s. 仙人杖 (신션) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (집ᄒᆞᆷ이) A kind of medicine.

*선일 s. 先日 (몬저) (날) A few days ago; the other day; recently.

*선임 s. 船賃 (비) (삭) Passage fare; freight by a ship or boat

*선입ᄌᆞ위쥬 s. 先入爲主 (몬저) (들) (ᄂᆞᆷ) (ᄒᆞ) (님ᄀᆞᆷ) Whatever enters the mind first, becomes its master.

*선왕 s. 先王 (몬저) (님ᄀᆞᆷ) The ancient rulers; former kings.

*선장 s. 船裝 (비) (ᄎᆡᆨ장) Fitting out a vessel for passengers, or for battle; equipage.

*선장ᄒᆞᆫ ᄆᆞᆯᆞᆫ s. 船裝什物 (비) (ᄎᆡᆨ장) (ᄀᆞᆷᄆᆞᆫ—*슝) (ᄆᆞᆯ건) Articles for the equipment of a ship. *See* 선구.

*선쟈 s. 善者 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) A good man; a virtuous person.

*선젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 宣戰 (펼) (싸홈) To proclaim war.

*선쟝 s. 船長 (비) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) A captain; a skipper. *See* 함장.

*선장 s. 先場 (몬저) (마당) First papers — of candidates in examination. Early market. First; earliest.

*선장머리 s. 先場 (몬저) (마당) The opening of a market.

*선장이 s. 繕匠 (닥글) (장인) One who blocks out timbers for building.

*선장이 s. 船匠 (비) (장인) A boat-builder; a ship-carpenter.

*선장ᄒᆞ다 s. 先場 (몬저) (마당) To complete one's papers first—in examination.

*선적 s. 善積 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (싸홀) A post station in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.35. Long. 125.27.

*선적ᄒᆞᆷ권 s. 船積證券 (비) (싸홀) (ᄀᆞᆷ거) (문셔) Bill of Lading.

*선적ᄒᆞᆷ셔 s. 船積証書 (비) (호젹) (ᄀᆞᆷ거) (글) A ship's papers.

*선젹창 s. 船積港 (비) (싸홀) (항구) Port of loading.

*선전 s. 宣戰 (펼) (싸홀) A declaration of war

*선젼 s. 綿廛 (깁) (장ᄉᆞᆷ집) A silk store. *See* 션ᄉᆞᆷ젼.

*선젼관 s. 宣傳官 (펼) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (벼슬) A director of affairs; a master of ceremonies—in the Palace.

*선젼조칙 s. 宣戰詔敕 (펼) (싸홀) (조셔) (ᄎᆡᆨ셔) An imperial declaration of war.

*선젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 旋轉 (돌) (굴) To revolve—as a wheel; to roll along—as a ball; to turn round.

*선젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 宣戰 (펼) (싸홀) To declare war.

*선점ᄒᆞ다 s. 先占 (몬저) (졈칠) To take possession of first.

*선접군 s. 先接軍 (몬저) (붓ᄂᆞᆫ) (군ᄉᆞ) The first one in at the gates—for examination.

선접잡다 s. 定先接 (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ—*맹) (몬저—*션) (붓ᄂᆞᆫ—접, 아, 은 To get the first places in the examination arena.

*선정 s. 善政 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (졍ᄉᆞ) A mild government; an upright administration. *See* 인정.

*선정ᄉᆞ s. 先正 (몬저) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) Ancient sages, former good men.

*선정비 s. 善政碑 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (졍ᄉᆞ) (비셕) A stone tablet—in honor of a magistrate or official.

*선조 s. 先祖 (몬저) (할아비) Ancestors. *See* 션세.

*선쥬 s. 船主 (비) (님) A ship owner; a shipmaster.

*선중 s. 船中 (비) (가온ᄃᆡ) The interior of a ship; in or aboard a vessel.

선지 s. 鮮血 (벙글—*옹) (피—*혈) Blood from the neck of a slaughtered animal. *See* 션지피.

*선지 s. 先知 (몬저) (알) A prophet, one who knows the future. *See* 명인

*선지 s. 宣紙 (펼) (조히) A superior kind of Chinese paper. *See* 왕동지.

*선지자 s. 先知者 (몬저) (알) (놈) A prophet; one who knows the future.

선지피 s. 鮮血 (벙글—*옹) (피—*혈) Blood from the neck of a slaughtered animal. Blood from the nose. *See* 션지.

*선직면 s. 線織面 (실) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (낫) Ruled surface.

*선진 s. 先陣 (몬저) (진칠) Marching first; the front column of an army; the vanguard. *See* 션봉진.

*선진 s. 先進 (몬저) (나아갈) A senior in study; a superior in knowledge.

*선진국 s. 先進國 몬저 나아갈 (나라) Advanced states. Opp 후진국.

*선진병 先進兵 몬저 나아갈 군ᄉᆞ The soldiers of the vanguard.

*선진비 s. 先進費 (몬저) 나아갈 (비ᄉᆞ) Giving board in advance; selling on credit.

*선진자 s. 先進者 (몬저) (나아갈) (놈) A person superior to one's self in intellect or attainments.

*선진호다 s. 先進 (몬저) (나아갈) To go in advance; to take the lead.

*선조 / 扇子 (붓칠) (아들) A fan. See 미션

*선조 s. 先貰 (몬저) (주로) Partial payment in advance.

*선조지 / 扇子紙 (붓칠) (아들) (조희) A kind of paper used for fans.

*선지 s. 船材 (비) (지목) Materials used in shipbuilding.

*선참 s. 先站 (몬저) (참) The next stopping place on a journey. First; before. See 선머리.

*선참후계호다 s. 先斬後啓 (몬저) (버힐) (뒤) (장계) To behead and then inform the government—a reversal of ordinary law, as in war times; to be under martial law.

*선창 s. 船艙 (비) (선창) A ship's deck, a pontoon; a bridge of boats

선창 s. 磯 (*긔) A jetty; a quay; a pier. See 부두.

*선착호다 s. 先着 (몬저) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To be the first to arrive.

*선창 s. 船泊 (비) (곳) An anchorage; a harbor.

*선척 s. 船隻 (비) (ᄇᆡᆨ) Vessels; ships.

*선천 s. 宣薦 (펼) (천거) A recommendation for office of Sönyön Kwan

*선천 s. 宣川 (펼, 내) 人 (ᄀᆞᆯ) Prefect., Pyöng-an-do. Lat. 39.37. Long. 125.00.

*선철 s. 先哲 (몬저) (ᄇᆞᆰ) Former philosophers; ancient sages.

*선출 s. 先出 (몬저) (날) First fruits; first products. See 선물.

*선출호다 / 選出 ᄲᅡᆰ 날 To select, to assort; to pick or point out; to appoint; to elect.

*선취특권 s. 先取特權 (몬저) (가질) (특별) 권세 Lien; preferential right.

*선취특권자 /. 先取特權者 (몬저) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (특별) 권세 (놈) Lien holder

선치다 s. 치; 친 To bind clothes; to stitch binding on clothes.

*선치부 푸ᄅᆞᆯ금 s. 先置簿領出給 (몬저) (둘) 문서 (둬) (날) (줄) The receipt for the deed first taken the goods or property.

*선치호다 /. 善治 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To govern well; to administer mildly. See 명치호다.

*선치호다 / 繕治 다ᄀᆞᆯ 다ᄉᆞ릴) To repair; to mend; to effect repairs. See 슈선호다.

*선친 s. 先親 (몬저) (어버이) My late father; your late father. See 선인.

*선칙 /. 善策 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (묘칙) A good plan; a fine scheme.

*선턴 s. 先天 (몬저) (하ᄂᆞᆯ, The Eight Diagrams of Pakkwai. Congenital; hereditary. Opp. 후턴.

*선턴득 s. 先天毒 (몬저) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Congenital or hereditary Contamination.

*선턴병 先天病 (몬저) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (병들, A congenital or hereditary disease.

*선턴ᄉᆞ s. 先天事 (몬저) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (일) What is past and gone; what is obsolete

*선체 s. 船體 (비) (몸) The body of a ships.

*선퇴 s. 蟬退 (ᄆᆡ암이) (ᄇᆞᆷ너갈) The exuviae of the cicada medicinal.

*선표 s. 扇貂 (붓칠) (표ᄆᆡ, Fan ornaments—worn by officials.

*선태식물 s. 蘚苔植物 (잇기) (잇기) (심ᄒᆞᆯ) (물건) Bryophyta

*선태학 s. 蘚苔學 (잇기) (잇기) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) Bryology.

*선택호다 / 選擇 (ᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆡᆰᄒᆞᆯ) To choose; to select; to assort; to elect; to vote. See 선거호다; 선정호다.

선판 s. 扇板 (글—*편) (판ᄌᆞ—*판) An inscription board—as over a gate. Also 편판.

*선패 s. 先牌 (몬저) (패) The first card dealt out—in gambling See 상패.

*선패 s. 宗室 ᄌᆞᆼ 집, 겉ᄒᆡ The members of the royal clan. See 국ᄉᆞ

*선편 s. 船便 (배) (편) (By) boat; (on board) ship *See* 비편.

*선편 s. 先便 (몬저) (편) Former or previous opportunity—as for writing to another.

*선포ᄒᆞ다 s. 宣布 (펼) (펄) To notify; to decree; to publish; to promulgate.

*선표 s. 船票 (배) (표) A ship passage ticket. (맛다).

*선풍도골 s. 仙風道骨 (신선) (바람) (길) (뼈) A fairy form; fairylike; graceful. *See* 옥골선풍.

*선하심후하심 s. 先何心後何心 (몬저) (엇지) (ᄒᆞ올) (뒤) (엇지) (ᄒᆞ올) Before this mind afterward that mind. —changeableness of mind.

*선하ᄒᆞ다 s. 先下 (몬저) (누릴) To pay in advance; to pay before completion of work. *See* 선급ᄒᆞ다.

*선현 s. 先賢 (몬저) (어질) Righteous predecessors; ancient sages. *See* 현각.

*선혈 s. 鮮血 (붉을) (피) Fresh blood.

*선혜청 s. 宣惠廳 (펼) (은혜) (청) The office where rice contributions are received.

*선형 s. 扇形 (부채) (형상) Sector; fan-shaped.

*선호 s. 船號 (배) (일홈) The name of a ship.

*선혹인심ᄒᆞ다 s. 煽惑人心 (불붓칠) (혹ᄒᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To bewitch the people; to influence the mind to evil.

*선혹ᄒᆞ다 s. 煽惑 (불붓칠) (혹ᄒᆞᆯ) To lead astray.

*선회ᄒᆞ다 s. 旋回 (돌) (도라올) To revolve; to roll along; to turn round.

*선후 s. 先後 (몬저) (뒤) First and last; succession. *See* 전후.

선후거리 s. 前後帶 (앞 -*전) (뒤—*후) (구레—*대) The breast strap and the breeching on a harness.

*선후국 s. 先後畫 (몬저) (뒤) (그을—*획) The regular order of strokes in the writing of characters. *See* 선후획.

*선후도착ᄒᆞ다 s. 先後倒錯 (몬저) (뒤) (ᄀᆞᆺ구러질) (석길) To reverse the proper order; to "put the cart before the horse."

*선후지책 l. 善後之策 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (뒤) (갈) (묘책) Plan for better relations in future

*선후천 s. 先後天 (몬저) (뒤) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The two sets of Diagrams by *Fuhsieni* and *Mwanung*.

*선후획 s. 先後畫 (몬저) (뒤) (그을) The regular order of strokes in the writing of characters. *See* 선후국.

*선ᄒᆞ다 s. 先 (몬저) To be beforehand.

*선ᄒᆞ다 s. 善 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To be virtuous; to be good. *See* 어질다 *Opp.* 악ᄒᆞ다.

선행 (善行 (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (행ᄒᆞᆯ) Virtuous conduct; good deeds.

*선화당 s. 宣化堂 (펼) (될) (집) The provincial governors' quarters in the *Yŏngmun*.

*선화ᄒᆞ다 s. 仙化 (신선) (될) To die; to expire.

*설 s. 偰 (일홈) One of the nine Ministers of Shun, a half-brother and colleague of K'i.

*설강증 s. 舌强症 (혀) (구ᄇᆞᆯ) (증세) A disease of the tongue that prevents speech.

*설거정 s. 薛居正 (성) (살) (바를) A.D. 912-981. A historical writer. Author of the "Older" History of the T'ang dynasty.

설거지ᄒᆞ다 s. 洗器 (씨슬 *혀) (그릇—*긔) To wash; to clean. *See* 셔ᄅᆞᆺ다.

*설계ᄒᆞ다 s. 設契 (배플) (계) To meet—of a guild. *Opp.* 파계ᄒᆞ다.

*설계ᄒᆞ다 s. 設計 (배플) (계교) To devise a scheme; to concoct a plan.

*설경 s. 雪徑 (눈) (길) A road or path covered with snow. *See* 설로

*설경 s. 雪景 (눈) (경치) A snow covered landscape. *See* 설원.

*설경ᄒᆞ다 s. 舌耕 (혀) (밧갈) To obtain a living as a story-teller.

*설교 s. 說敎 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (구ᄅᆞᆯ칠) Preaching of the Buddha.

*설교ᄒᆞ다 s. 說敎 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (구ᄅᆞᆯ칠) To tell of the Buddha—as a bonze; to preach.

*설교ᄒᆞ다 s. 設校 (배플) (학교) To set up a school.

*설국ᄒᆞ다 s. 設局 (배플) (관) To open a medical dispensary. *Opp.* 파국ᄒᆞ다

*설궁 s. 雪宮 (눈) (집) The name of a palace of the kingdom. (M.)

*설기 s. 雪只 (눈) (다못—*지) A kind of steamed cake. *See* 흰무리.

*설련 s. 舌攣 (혀) 것을 A disease—said to be a contracting of the muscles of the tongue.

*설컵방증 s. 舌急縮症 (혀) (젼을) (쥬머니) (우부러질) A disease—marked by a contracting of the muscles of the tongue and lower abdomen.

설넝 s. 懸鈴 (돌—*현) (방울—*령) A hanging bell.

설넝설넝 s. 舌舌 (비파 -*술) (비파—*술) Freshly; softly. Cool; refreshing.

설넝탕 s. A stew of beef intestines etc.

*설단 s. 舌端 (혀) (끗) The tip of the tongue.

설대 s. 烟竹 (쥬먼 *현) (대—*죽) A pipe-stem. *See* 관쥭.

*설도 s. 舌刀 (혀) (칼) The tongue.

*설두ᄒᆞ다 s. 設頭 (베풀) (머리) To be the first; to begin.

*설령 s. 設令 (베풀) (하여곰) If; supposing. *See* 설약.

*설령 s. 雪嶺 (눈) (고기) A snow covered pass.

*설로 s. 雪路 (눈) (길) A road or path covered with snow. *See* 설경.

*설립 s. 設立 (베풀) (셜) Establishment; founding.

*설립ᄒᆞ다 s. 設立 (베풀) (셜) To establish; to set up; to begin. *See* 시작ᄒᆞ다.

*설마 s. 設麻 (베픈) (저을, Pray! truly; of a truth) *Also* 실마.

*설매 s. 雪馬 (눈) (말—*마) A kind of sled; a sledge.

*설만ᄒᆞ다 s. 褻慢 (더러울) (업수히녁일) To treat with contumely; to despise; to slander.

*설명 s. 說明 (말숨) (붉을) Elucidation; explanation; illustration.

*설명ᄒᆞ다 s. 說明 (말숨) (붉을) To explain, or expound. *See* 히셜ᄒᆞ다.

*설법 s. 說法 (말숨) (법) Explaining the Buddhist doctrines; religious discourse; preaching.

*설법ᄒᆞ다 s. 說法 (말숨) (법) To preach Buddhism; to expound the teachings of Buddha.

*설봉 s 舌鋒 (혀) (칼날) The tongue.

*설분ᄒᆞ다 s. 雪憤 (씨슬) (분ᄒᆞᆯ) To wipe out scores; to get square with an enemy.

*설비ᄒᆞ다 s. 設備 (베풀) (ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ) To provide; to lay in a stock of; to procure, and hold in readiness.

*설산 s. 雪山 (눈) (뫼) A mountain or hill covered with snow. A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.55. Long. 128.18.

*설사 s. 泄瀉 (샐) (쏫을) Diarrhoea. *See* 확변.

*설상 s. 雪上 (눈) (ᄒᆞᆫ) On the snow. *See* 설경.

*설상가상 s. 雪上加霜 (눈) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (서리) Frost on the snow,—misfortune on misfortune. *See* 업친ᄃᆡ업친치기.

*설서 s. 說書 (말숨) (글) A teacher of the heir apparent—an officer of the front rank, 7th degree.

*설성 s 舌聲 (혀 소리) Tongue sounds linguals. *See* 설치성.

*설시ᄒᆞ다 s. 設始 (베풀) (비로솔) To begin; to set up; to establish. *See* 설립ᄒᆞ다.

*설소 s 設使 (베풀) (ᄒᆞ여곰) If, supposing; although. *See* 설령.

*설소 s. 說辭 (말숨) (말숨) Speech; talk; conversaton. (M)

*설야 s. 雪夜 (눈) (밤) A snowy night.

*설약 s. 設若 (베픈) 又ᄒᆞᆫ If; supposing; although. *See* 설소

*설영ᄒᆞ다 s. 設營 (베풀) (영문, To establish a camp.

*설인ᄀᆡ 人. 薛仁貴 (셩) (어질) (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) A D. 670. A general of the Tang dynasty, employed as commander of an army sent against the Tibetans.

설음 *l.* 悲傷 (슬흘—*비) (희푸—*희) What is sorrowful; what is sad. *See* 비희

*설외 s. 雪意 (눈) (뜻) An aspect threatening snow.

*설왕설ᄅᆡ에 s. 說往說來 말숨) (갈) (말숨) (올, Words going and coming—conversation. *See* 언거언ᄅᆡ.

설워ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 悲 (슬흘—*비) To grieve; to be vexed; to be sad; to mourn.

*설원ᄒᆞ다 s. 雪寃 (씨슬) (원통) To "whiten" a grievance—as by revenge; to relieve one's heart. *See* 히원ᄒᆞ다.

*설월 s. 雪月 (눈) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Snow and moonlight.

*설조 s. 雪朝 (눈) (아ᄎᆞᆷ) A snowy morning.

*설전 *l.* 舌戰 (혀) (싸홈) An argument; wordy warfare.

*설전ᄒᆞ다 s. 舌戰 (혀) (싸홈) To fight with tongues; to quarrel.

*설정 s. 雪程 (눈) (길) A road through the snow. *See* 빙정.

설쥬 *n.* 楔 (*졀*) The door-posts. *See* 골방.

*설즁 *n.* 雪中 (눈) (가온듸) (Through) the snow, (to) the snow; while snow is falling. *See* 설상.

*설즁미 *n.* 雪中梅 (눈) 가온듸) (겨울) The winter plum. *See* 둥미.

*설쳥 *n.* 舌尖 (혀) (*졈*) The tip of the tongue.

*설쳥ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 設廳 (베풀) (대청) To set up office; to form—as a company. *See* 셜쳥ᄒᆞ다.

*설총 *n.* 薛聰 (셩) (귀분올) A famous minister and scholar of Kyong-ju Silla in reign of Sin-mun A.D. 681-692 N.P. So-song Kun-sa (小性居士).

설치 *n.* A long flat species of sea fish.

*설치 *n.* 雪恥 (씨슬) (붓그러울) Revenge; wiping out a disgrace. *See* 설원.

*설치셩 *n.* 舌齒聲 (혀) (니) (소리) A dental. *See* 합셩.

*설치ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 雪恥 (씨슬) (붓그러울) To wipe out disgrace; to remove a stain on one's character; to take revenge. *See* 히원ᄒᆞ다.

설치ᄒᆞ다 *n.* To get satisfaction—in eating, working, study. *See* 포식ᄒᆞ다.

*셜치ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 設置 (베풀) (둘) To establish; to found; to form.

*설탕 *n.* 雪糖 (눈) (엿—*당) White sugar.

*설파ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 說破 (말숨) (파홀) To divulge; to explain; to tell.

*설폐구폐ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 說弊救弊 (말숨) (헤여질) (구원) (헤여질) To tell of abuses and how to remedy them.

*설폐ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 說弊 (말숨) 헤여질) To point out abuses. *See* 구폐ᄒᆞ다.

설푸이 *n.* 蕪林 (포긔—*홈) (수플—*림) A woods; a jungle. (Prov.) *See* 수설이.

*설포ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 設圃 (베풀) (나물밧) To prepare a ginseng field.

설피다 *n.* 踈 (셩길—*소) 설펴; 즘 To be wide apart; to be separated—as the twigs in a woven fence. To be open hearted. *See* 설핏ᄒᆞ다.

설핏설핏ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 扶踈 (붓들—*부) (셩길—*소) To be open; to be separated; to be wide—as the threads in woven goods etc. *Also* 핏설ᄒᆞ다.

*설핏ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 踈 (셩길—*소) To be wide; to be separated; to be apart. *See* 셩기다. *Also* 설핏설핏ᄒᆞ다.

*설한 *n.* 雪寒 (눈) (칠) The snow and the cold.

*설한풍 *n.* 雪寒風 (눈) (칠) (바람) Snow and cold winds.

설합 *n.* 次箱 (구멍—*헐) (합—*함) A drawer—in a table etc.

*선셩 *n.* 楔形 (뭇글쥬) (싱샹) Wedge shaped; cuneiform.

*설혹 *n.* 設或 (베풀) (혹) If; supposing; although. *See* 가령.

*설후 *n.* 雪後 (눈) (뒤) After snow.

*설힝ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 設行 (베풀) (힝홀) To carry out; to do.

*설화 *n.* 雪花 (눈) (옷) Snow-flakes.

*설화 *n.* 說話 (말숨) (말숨) A saying, talk, or speech, a report or rumour.

*설화 *n.* 舌化 (혀) (되) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*설화ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 說話 (말숨) (말) To talk; to converse.

섬 *n.* 筍 (짱쥬리—*소) A willow basket.

섭다 *i.* 愁 (슘홀—*바) 여; 서른 To be grieved; to be sad; to be mournful. *See* 셜워ᄒᆞ다.

섬 *n.* 島 (도) An island. *See* 셤쥼.

섬 *n.* 階 (계) A flight of steps. *See* 셤돌.

섬 *n.* 石 (돌—*셕) A bag—as of grain.

*섬계 *n.* 纖芥 (가늘) (겨조) Dust. *See* 진개.

*섬강 *n.* 蟾江 (독겁이) (물) A river in Chŏl-la-do.

*섬거 *n.* 蟾居 (독겁이) (살) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

섬기다 *n.* 事 (셤길—*소) 셤겨; 긴 To serve; to wait on; to attend.

*섬뎐 *n.* 閃電 (번쩍일) (번기) A flash of lightning.

섬뜩ᄒᆞ다 *n.* To be disappointed—as from seeing an evil omen; to be startled; to be anxious. *See* 셤직ᄒᆞ다.

*셤라 *n.* 暹羅 (날뫼) (법) Siam.

*셤복지 *n.* 纖捷技 (가늘) (쥘) (가지) A runner.

*셤부다ᄒᆞ *n.* 贍富 (넉넉홀) (부쟈) To be rich; to be wealthy.

*셤사쥬 *n.* 蟾蛇酒 (독겁이) (빅얌) (술) Wine in which is a mixture of snake and toad flesh -a medicine.

*셤셤약골 *n.* 纖纖弱骨 (가늘) (가늘) (약홀) (뼈) A weak feeble person; a delicate person. *See* 약골.

*셤셤약질 s. 纖纖弱質 (가늘)(가늘)(약홀)(바탈) A weak person; a weakling. *See* 셤셤약골.

*셤셤옥슈 s. 纖纖玉手 (가늘)(가늘)(구슬)(손) Small hands—of women.

*셤셤ᄒᆞ다 s. 纖纖 (가늘)(가늘) To be long and slender; to be tapering; to be fine.

*셤셤ᄒᆞ다 s. 閃閃 (번득일)(번득일) To twinkle; to glitter.

*셤어 s. 譫語 (헛소ᄅᆞ)(말숨) Ravings; talking in one's sleep. *See* 잠고디.

셤억셤억ᄒᆞ다 s. To be afraid; to be troubled; to be anxious.

*셤유 s. 纖維 (가늘)(버리) Fibres; texture; the web—as of silk.

*셤유양결정체 s. 纖維狀結晶體 (가늘)(얽을)(모양)(민질)(슈졍)(몸) Fibrous Crystals.

*셤월 s. 纖月 (가늘)(돌) A young moon.

셤졍 l. 島中 (셤—*도)(가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) On an island; the middle of an island. *See* 도즁

*셤진 s. 纖塵 (가늘)(띡글) Dust; dirt.

*셤진 s. 蟾津 (두껍이 나루) A ferry in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.52. Long. 127.50.

*셤홍ᄒᆞ다 s. 閃汞 (번득일)(문득) To flash—as lightning.

*셤회 s. 蟾灰 (두껍이 지) The ashes of a burnt toad—used as a medicine.

셥 s. 葉 (*신) Leaves—used for fuel.

셥 s. The front part of a coat.

셥누룩 s. Leaven balls made from bran and coarse flour. *See* 가로누룩.

*셥리ᄒᆞ다 s. 攝理 (잡을)(다스릴) To superintend; to control; to direct; to administer; to manage.

셥본ᄒᆞ다 s. To be light; to lack weight.

셥붓셥붓 s. Stepping lightly.

셥산젹 s. Dried slices of meat. *See* 너부안이.

셥셥ᄒᆞ다 s. 愜然 (쾌홀—*챵)(그릴—*연) To be sorry; to be sad; to be sorrowful. *See* 셔어ᄒᆞ다.

셥슈 s. A green sleeveless coat worn by military underlings. *See* 쇼창옷.

*셥슈됴 s. 涉水鳥 (건널)(물)(새) Grallatores.

*셥셩 s. 攝生 (잡을)(날) Preservation of health; hygiene.

*셥셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 攝生 (잡을)(날) To take care of one's health.

*셥양ᄒᆞ다 s. 攝養 (잡을)(기를) To preserve, or take care of one's health.

*셥유ᄒᆞ다 s. 囁嚅 (머뭇거릴)(머뭇거릴) To chatter, prate, or tattle.

셥젹셥젹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be light. To interfere; to be impolite.

*셥졍 s. 攝政 (잡을)(정ᄉᆞ) The office of regent.

*셥졍왕 s. 攝政王 (잡을)(정ᄉᆞ)(님금) A regent; a king *ad interim*.

*셥졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 攝政 (잡을)(정ᄉᆞ) To take the government during the minority of the king, to rule as regent.

*셥진 s. 攝津 (잡을)(나루) Settsu in Japan.

셥쭉 s. 襜帷 (가—*편)(즉—*복) The front part of a coat

셧잡다 s. 誤捉 그루 *오)(잡을—*착) 아; 은 To arrest the wrong person; to take by mistake.

셧얼구러디다 s. To work at anything that turns up; to be unstable. *See* 셤벙셤벙ᄒᆞ다.

*세 l. 貰 (세낼) Rent; money paid for the use of the property of another. (주다)(네다).

*세 l. 勢 (형세) Power; authority, influence; strength. Aspect; condition; circumstances. *See* 세력.

*세 l. 稅 (구실) Duty on merchandise; taxes. *See* 구실.

*세 l. 歲 (히) The New-Year. (Prov.) *See* 설.

*세가 l. 勢家 (셩세)(집) A powerful family; an influential house. *See* 세력가.

*세간 l. 世間 (인간) (ᄉᆞ이) The world life. *See* 금세

세간 l. 家産 집 *가 난 *산 Household effects. *See* 가장즘물.

세간사리 s. 治産 (다ᄉᆞ릴—*차)(날—*산) A living; a livelihood. *See* 침활.

세간사리ᄒᆞ다 s. 治産 다ᄉᆞ릴 -*차) 날 -*산) To set up a home; to keephouse.

세간ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞ l. One having charge of the household. *See* 청직하.

*세강욕말ᄒᆞ다 s. 世降俗末 (인간)(누릴 ᄌᆞᆨ) 살 To descend toward the end—of the world and its affairs.

*세거지지 l. 世居之地 (인간)(살)(갈)(짜) The place where one's family has lived for many generations. *See* 고향.

*세계 l. 世界 (인간) (디경) The world; life; the times. *See* 세상.

*세계 l. 世系 (인간) (니을) A family genealogical table—the one unbroken male line. *See* 족보.

*세계고산표 l. 世界高山表 (인간)(디경)(놉흘, 뫼)(표홀) Bathy-Orographical.

*세계교통표 l. 世界交通表 (인간)(디경)(사괼)(통홀)(표홀) Commercial Chart.

*세계대하표 l. 世界大河表 (인간)(디경)(큰)(물)(표홀) Mercator's Projection.

*세계동물표 l. 世界動物表 (인간)(디경)(움직일)(물건)(표홀) Density of population

*세계상 l. 世界上 (인간)(디경)(웃) In the world; on earth. *See* 인간.

*세계식물도 l. 世界植物圖 (인간)(디경)(심을)(만물)(그림) Characteristic Vegetation

*세계인종도 l. 世界人種圖 (인간)(디경)(사롬)(씨)(그림) Races of mankind.

*세계종교도 l. 世界宗教圖 (인간)(디경)(마루)(가르칠)(그림) Prevailing Religions.

*세경도다 v. 勸導 (마을—*서)(지븥)타; 눈 To pay respects to the several officials—of a newly appointed magistrate.

*세곡 l. 稅穀 (구실)(곡식) Taxes paid in grain. *See* 대동미.

*세곶 l. 細串 (가눌)(뫼뿌리—*판) A promontory in Quelpaert. Lat. 33.17. Long 126.49

*세공 l. 細工 (가눌)(장인) Fine work; workmanship; any wares or fabrics which are the product of skilled labour.

*세공장 l. 細工場 (가눌)(장인)(마당) A workshop; factory; manufactory.

*세교 l. 世交 (인간)(사괼) An old family friendship. *See* 세의.

*세군 l. 細君 (가눌)(인군) My wife—a term of self-depreciation.

*세궁력진하다 l. 勢窮力盡 (형세)(다홀)(힘)(다홀) To be run ed, to be at the end of resources. *See* 당패하다.

*세균 l. 細菌 (가눌)(버레) Bacterium. *See* 미균.

*세금 l. 稅金 (부세)(쇠) Money paid as taxes or duties.

*세과 l. 世紀 (인간)(버리) A decade; a century; historical records of successive dynasties.

*세력 l. 勢客 (형세)(손) A person of influence; one having authority.

*세뢱 l. 歲客 (히)(손) New-Year's guests—who call on elders.

*세객 l. 說客 (달낼, (손) Glib tongued persons—as formerly employed by the State. *See* 변소.

*세관 l. 稅官 (부세)(벼슬) An official whose duties are connected with taxation; a tax-gatherer; a customs officer.

*세관 l. 稅關 (부세) (집) The Customs. A Costom House.

*세관규칙 l. 稅關規則 (부세) (집) (법)(칙), Customs Regulations.

*세관순라선 l. 稅關巡邏船 (부세) (집)(순ᄃᆞᆫ)(순라)(비, A Revenue Cutter.

*세관인력 l. 細管引力 (가눌)(대쪽)(잇끔) (집) Capillary attraction.

세나다 v. 나; 난 To swell up and become inflamed.

세나다 l. 貴 (귀홀—*귀) 나, 난 To be dear; to be precious.

*세납 l. 稅納 (구실) (드릴) Taxes. *See* 왕세.

*세납ᄒᆞ다 l. 稅納 (구실) (드릴) To pay taxes. *See* 구실밧치다.

*세내다 l. 貰出 세낼) (남—*줄) 여; 낸 To pay rent; to give rent for.

세다 l. 强 (구쇨—*강) 여; 낸 To be strong; to be powerful; to be tight. *See* 세太다. To be hot—as fire.

*세단족빅 l. 洗踏足白 (씨슬) (ᄆᆞᆷ옴) (발)(뵌) If one tramples a washing one's feet become white.

*세대 l. 細大 (가눌)(큰) Small and big; size; importance.

*세도 l. 勢道 (형세 ,길 Power; political authority. (흥다). *See* 형세.

*세뎨 l. 世代 (인간)(디신) Generations; ages. *See* 딕뎨.

*세랑 l. 細網 (가눌, 쿠) A fine gauzelike hat rim.

*세랑 l. 歲贈 (히) (랑식) New-Year's gifts—of rice. *See* 세미.

*세려 l. 細慮 (가눌) (싱각) Minute consideration; close attention; careful thought.

*세력 l. 歲曆 (히) (칙력) A calendar; almanack.

*세력 l. 勢力 (형세) (힘) Strength; influence; authority. *See* 권력.

*세력가 l. 勢力家 (형세)(힘)(집) Powerful families; influential clans.

*세렴 l. 細廉 (가눌) (발) A fine gauze screen

*세렴 l. 稅斂 (구실) (거둘) Taxes; the gathering of taxes.

*세례 l. 洗禮 (씨슬, (례도) Baptism. (주다)(밧다 *See* 침례.

세례수다 l. 施洗 (베풀—*시)(씨슬—*세)아; 준 To baptize.

*세로 l. 世路 (인간) (길) The course of life from the cradle to the grave.

*세록 /. 世祿 (인간) (록) A hereditary pension paid by the government. (M.)

*세류 /. 細流 (가늘) (흐를) Small streams; a streamlet; a rivulet.

*세률 /. 稅率 (구실) (법) The imposition or assessment of taxes or duties; taxation; duties.

*세률약명 / 稅率約定 (부세) (법) (언약) (정할) Tariff convention.

*세마 /. 洗馬 (씨슬) (말) The teacher of the king's son.

*세마포 /. 細麻布 (가늘) (삼) (뵈) Linen gauze.

*세만에 /. 歲晩 (히) (느질) The last.

*세말 /. 歲末 (히) (끗) The close of the year. *Opp.* 세초.

*세말 /. 細末 (가늘) (가로) Fine powder.

세말에팔니다 /. 팔녁; 닌 To be reduced in circumstances; to be an object of pity and scorn, to be despised.

*세말ᄒᆞ다 /. 細末 (가늘) (가로) To reduce to a powder.

*세모 /. 歲暮 (히) (저물) The close of the years; a present given at the end of the year.

*세모래 /. 細沙 (가늘) (모래—*사) Fine sand. *See* 모래.

*세모시 /. 細苧 (가늘) (모시—*저) Thin grass cloth. *See* 모시.

*세모ᄒᆞ다 /. 歲暮 (히, (저물) To be low—of the sun; to be late in the autumn.

*세목 /. 細木 (가늘) (나무) Fine cotton goods; gauze-like cotton.

*세목 /. 細目 (가늘) (눈) Details; particulars.

*세목 /. 稅目 (부세) (눈) A list of taxes, a tariff.

*세무 /. 細務 (가늘) (힘쓸) Little business; unimportant affairs.

*세무 /. 稅務 (부세) (힘쓸) Business connected with taxation.

*세무ᄉᆞ /. 稅務司 (구실) (힘쓸) (맛흘) A Commissioner of Customs.

*세문 /. 歲問 (히) (무를) New-Year's gifts. *See* 세미.

*세문안 /. 歲問安 (히) (무를) (편안) New-Year's greeting.

*세물 /. 貰物 (세낼) (물건) Rented objects; objects for rent.

*세물다 /. 貰 (세낼) 어; 문 To pay hire; to pay rent.

*세미 /. 稅米 (구실) (쌀) Taxes paid in rice. *See* 세곡.

*세미 /. 歲米 (히) (쌀) New-Year's rice—given by officials to their servants. *See* 세문.

*세미지ᄉᆞ /. 細微之事 가늘) (적을) 갈) (일) Minute affairs; every detail; particulars. *See* 사쇼지ᄉᆞ.

*세미ᄒᆞ다 /. 細微 (가늘) (적을) To be small; to be minute; to be particular.

*세민 /. 細民 (가늘) (박셩) Poorer or lower classes of people.

*세밀ᄒᆞ다 /. 細密 (가늘) (쎅쎅) To be secret; to be close; to be small.

*세벌 /. 世閥 (인간) (문벌) Family influence; social position—as of a clan.

*세보 /. 細報 (가늘) (갑흘) Detailed news or information.

*세부득이 /. 勢不得已 (형세) (아닐) 엇을) (일) What one has no control over, circumstances beyond one's control. *See* 박부득이ᄒᆞ다.

*세분도표 /. 細分圖表 가늘) 눈홀) (그림) 표) Detailed diagram.

세불양립 / 勢不兩立 (형세) (아닐) 두) (셜) Both cannot exist together; mutually exclusive.

*세비ᄒᆞ다 /. 歲拜 (히) (절) To call—on New-Year's Day; to wish a happy new year.

*세사 /. 細沙 (가늘) (모래) Fine sand.

*세상 /. 世上 (인간) (웃) The world; life; the times. *See* 세간.

*세상턴디 / 世上天地 (인간) (웃) (하늘) (짜) The world; the times; an intensive for 세상.

*세서 /. 細書 (가늘) (글) Writing in small characters; a fine hand.

*세서셩문ᄒᆞ다 /. 細書成文 (가늘) (글) (일홀) (글) To write in very small characters.

*세세 /. 世世 (인간) (인간) Successive dynasties, generations, or ages; generation after generation; for generations; for ages, forever; in prepetuity.

*세세셩문ᄒᆞ다 / 細細成文 가늘 가늘) (일홀, 글 To write in smallest characters.

*세세셩조ᄒᆞ다 /. 細細成字 (가늘) (가늘) (일홀) (글ᄌᆞ) To write in smallest possible letters.

*세세소졀 / 細細事節 가늘, 가늘) (일) (뜻) Minute details; particulars.

*세세히 *l.* 細細(가늘)(가늘) Carefully; minutely. *See* 분명ᄒᆞ.

*세세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 細細(가늘)(가늘) To be minute; to be particular. *See* 분명ᄒᆞ다.

*세셩 *l.* 歲星(히)(별) The Year Star—the planet Jupiter the revolution of which in twelve years constitutes a "great year."

*세손 *l.* 世孫(인간)(손지) The young heir apparent—son of the prince royal.

*세쇽 *l.* 世俗 인간) (풍쇽) The times; the customs of the age. *See* 풍쇽.

*세슈 *l.* 歲首 ᄒᆞ) (머리 The beginning of the year; the 1st moon. *See* 정초.

*세슈 *l.* 世讐 (인) (원수) Enemies for generations. *See* 세원

*세슈 *l.* 洗手 씨슬) (손 Face washing; water for washing purposes.

*세슈대야 *s.* 洗手大也 (씨슬)(손)(큰)(잇기) A large wash-basin.

*세슈되다 *l.* 世讐(인간)(원슈)여; 된 To be enemies for generations.

*세슈물 *s.* 洗水 (씨슬) (물) Water—for washing the face and hands.

*세슈쳔 *l.* 歲首薦 (히) (머리) (쳔거) Recommending a person of merit for office—one is sent at New-Years from each province by the governor.

*세슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 洗手 (씨슬) (손) To wash the face and hands.

*세습 *l.* 世襲(인간)(엄습ᄒᆞᆯ) Hereditary office or privileges.

*세습ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 世襲 (인간) (엄습ᄒᆞᆯ) To be hereditary, to be transmitted from generation to generation.

*세시 *l.* 歲時 (히) (때) The year and the time; the four seasons; the beginning of the year.

*세승 *l.* 細繩 (가늘)(노) A fine cord or string.

*세신 *l.* 細辛 (가늘) (매울) A marshy plant with yellowish green thick oval leaves—used as a medicine for rheumatism.

*세신 *l.* 世臣 (인간) (신하) A hereditary retainer; hereditary vassals.

*세ᄉᆞ *l.* 細事 (가늘) (일) A small matter; trifling affair, unimportant question.

*세ᄉᆞ *l.* 世務 (인간) (일) The business of the world; worldly affairs.

*세ᄉᆞ난측 *l.* 世事難測 (인간) (일) (어려울) (헤아릴) No understanding the ways of the world.

*세세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 細細 (가늘) (가늘) To be small, to be fine; to be exact.

*세업 *l.* 世業 (인간) (업) An occupation; a calling; a profession or business handed down from one's ancestors. *See* 가업.

*세영 *l.* 勢榮 (형세) (불뭇) Power; influence.

*세외 *l.* 世外 (인간) (밧) Beyond the material world; extra-mundane.

*세요 *l.* 細腰 (가늘) (허리) Slender-waisted—of women.

세우 *s.* A small insect. Very much.

*세우 *l.* 細雨 (가늘) (비) Fine rain. *See* 이슬비.

*세운 *l.* 世運 (인간) (운수) The tendency of the age; fashion of the day; direction in which affairs are tending. *See* 세ᄃᆡ.

*세육 *l.* 歲肉 (히) (고기) New-Year's meat. *See* 세찬.

*세은 *l.* 稅銀 (구실) (은) Duty—paid in money.

*세의 *l.* 世醫 (인간) (의원) A doctor whose ancestors for several generations back have followed the same profession.

*세의 *l.* 世誼 (인간) (정의) An old family friendship. *See* 세ᄆᆞᆫ.

*세인 *l.* 世人 (인간) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The public; people generally.

*세입 *l.* 稅入 (구실) (들) Import duty. *Opp.* 세출.

*세입 *l.* 歲入 (히) (들) Income; revenue for the year.

*세입세출 *l.* 歲入歲出 히) (들) (히) (날) Yearly income and expenditure.

*세입 *l.* 稅額 (무세) (액수) The amount of taxation; rate of assessment.

*세입칙 *l.* 稅額册 (구실) (액수) (문서) Assessment roll.

*세월 *l.* 歲月 (히) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Years and months; time. *See* 셰월.

*세월(이)여류ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 歲月如流 (히) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (조물) Time goes like running water.

*세작 *l.* 細作 (가늘) (지을) A spy.

*세젼 *l.* 歲前 (히) (앞) Before New-Years. *Opp.* 세후.

*세젼 *l.* 貰錢 (세낼) (돈) Money paid for hire or rent.

*세젼지물 *l.* 世傳之物 (인간) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(ᄀᆞᆺ) (물건) Things handed down from generation to generation; heirlooms. *See* 청젼구물.

*세제 *l.* 歲除 (휘)(뎔) The last day of the year.

*세졍 *l.* 世情 (인간)(뎡) The feelings and desires that are common to life; the world. *See* 세샹.

*세존 *l.* 世尊 (인간)(높홀) The most honorable or allwise—a title used in speaking of Buddha.

*세주다 *l.* 貰給 (세낼)(줄 *급) 어; 호 To pay rent; to rent out.

*세쥬 *l.* 歲酒 (휘)(술) New-Year's wine.

세지호다 *a.* 强 (굿셀—*강) To be powerful; to be strong.

*세조 *l.* 細字 (가늘)(글조) Small characters.

*세조 *l.* 世子 (인간)(아들) The Heir Apparent. *See* 동궁.

*세조궁 *l.* 世子宮 (인간)(아들)(집) The palace of the Heir Apparent.

*세찬 *l.* 歲饌 (휘)(반찬) New-Year's rice etc. for sacrifice. *See* 세욕.

*세찰호다 *l.* 細察 (가늘)(술필) To examine thoroughly; to consider carefully.

*세쳔 *l.* 世川 (인간)(내) A post station in Ch'ung-chong-do.

*세초 *l.* 歲初 (휘)(처음) The beginning of the year. *Opp.* 세말.

*세초 *l.* 歲草 (휘)(풀) New-Year's tobacco.

*세츌 *l.* 歲出 (휘)(날) Annual expenditure. *Opp.* 세입.

*세츌 *l.* 稅出 (구실)(날) Export duty. *Opp.* 세입.

*세측 *l.* 細則 (가늘)(법) Detailed regulations; minute rules.

*세측 *l.* 稅則 (부세)(법) Regulations concerning taxation; a commercial tariff.

*세치 *l.* 歲雉 (휘)(꿩) A New-Year's pheasant—a gift to superiors.

*세침 *l.* 細針 (가늘)(바늘) Fine needles. *See* 대침.

세타다 *l.* 强 (굿셀 *강) 세 ᄒᆞ; 흔 To be strong, to be powerful *See* 억세다.

*세탁호다 *l.* 洗濯 (씨슬)(씨슬) To wash —of clothes.

*세쳘호다 *l.* 洗澈 (씨슬)(씨슬) To wash.

*세토 *l.* 稅土 (구실)(흙) Rented land.

세쭈 *l.* New-Year's gaming.

*세틱 *l.* 世態 (인간)(틱도) The condition of the country; the attitude of society.

*세틱학 *l.* 世態學 (인간) (틱도) (빅흘) Social science; sociology.

*세파 *l.* 細葱 (가늘) (파—*총) Small onions; a long slender kind of onion.

*세평 *l.* 細評 (가늘) (평론) To discuss minutely; to talk over fully.

*세포 *l.* 細布 (가늘) (뵈) Gauze-like linen.

*세포계 *l.* 細胞系 (가늘) (포태) (핼) Cellular system.

*세포막김 *l.* 細胞原質 (가늘) 포태 , 셤흠) 싸흠 (el. tissue

*세포식물 *l.* 細胞植物 , 가늘 , 포태) , 심을, (만물, Cellular plants.

*세풍 *l.* 歲豐 (휘) (풍년) A plentiful year.

세피리 *l.* A small pipe or clarionet.

*세필 *l.* 細筆 (가늘) (붓) A small pen.

*세형 *l.* 世嫌 (인간) (혐의) An old family jealousy; a hereditary hatred. *See* 세슈.

*세후 *l.* 歲後 (휘) (뒤) After New-Year's. *Opp.* 세젼.

*세화 *l.* 歲華 (휘) (빗날) Time.

*세환 *l.* 歲宦 (휘) (ᄒᆞ믈며) New-Year's gifts—given by the king to officers of the court.

셈 *l.* Judgment; sense; ability. Meaning; cause. Counting up; reckoning

셈놋다 *l.* 노하; 흔 To reckon up; to count up. *See* 셈ᄒᆞ다.

셈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To reckon up; to count up.

*셩 *n.* 曹 (마을) Department.

*셩 *n.* 城 (재) The wall of a city; a walled city; a city. (싸흠).

*셩 *l.* 性 (셩픔) Nature; disposition; temper. *See* 셩픔.

*셩 *l.* 姓 (셩) A surname; a clan name.

셩 *n.* 兄 (맛—*형) Older brother or older sister (used between those of the same sex). *Also* 형.

셤 *l.* 怒氣 (노홀—*노) (긔운—*긔) Anger; temper. *See* 노엽.

*셩가 *n.* 聲價 (소리) (갑) Reputation; fame; honour; popularity.

셤가시다 *n.* 逆性 (거스릴—*역) (셩픔—*셩) 여; 신 To be vexing; to be annoying.

*셩가호다 *n.* 成家 (일을) (집) To succeed in life; to bring to successful issue—as one's study. *See* 치부ᄒᆞ다.

*셩각회 *n.* 城築 (재) (셩헐—*헙) The top of the wall of a city; the fortifications.

*성간 s. 城干 (재) (방패) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

*성강 l. 盛岡 (성호) (외) Morioka in Japan.

*성거 l. 盛擧 (성호) (들) An excellent enterprise.

*성급하다 l. 性急 (성품) (호급) To be quick; to be hasty; to be fiery. *See* 괴고하다.

*성격하다 s. 成格 (일울) (격식) To turn out according to pattern or rule; to be completed. *See* 득격하다.

*성결하다 l. 聖潔 (거룩) (몸울) To be pure; to be holy; to be sanctified.

*성경 l. 聖經 (성인) (경셔) The Sacred Canon of Confucianism. The Bible.

*성경 l. 盛京 (성호) (셔울) Province of Shing-king in China.

*성경성 l. 盛京省 (성호) (셔울) (숨힘) Province of Shing-king in China.

*성경현전 l. 聖經賢傳 (성인)(경셔)(어짐) (전홀) The Sacred Canon of Confucianism.

*성공하다 s. 成貢 (일울, (폐) To become mature; to grow to manhood.

*성괴 s. 成塊 (일울) (덩이) A lump supposed to form in the stomach and at last become a stone. *See* 적.

*성공 s. 成功 (일울) (공) Attainment of a proposed object; being crowned with success; success; completion.

*성공무덕 s. 成功無德 (일울) (공) (업슐) (큰) Merit without beneficial results; prayer to Buddha that obtains no answer.

*성공하다 s. 誠恐 (정성) (두려울) To be afraid; to be alarmed; to be filled with fear.

*성공하다 s. 成功 (일울) (공) To complete; to carry to a successful issue. To pray to Buddha. *See* 득공하다.

*성교 s. 聖敎 소리) (구룩칠) Ruling by word simply—as did king Yu. (B. H.)

*성교 l. 聖敎 (성인) (구룩칠) The sacred Doctrine—as applied to Confucianism or Christianity Roman Catholicism—so called by Catholics. *See* 성회.

*성구하다 s. 誠懼 (진실노) (두려울) To be afraid; to be alarmed; to be filled with fear

*성군 l. 聖君 (성인) (님군) A righteous king. *See* 인군.

*성군작당하다 s. 成羣作黨 (일울) (무리) (무리) To form a gang; to band together. 위력성당하다.

*성궁 l. 聖躬 (성인) (몸) His Majesty's Person

*성균관 s. 成均館 (일울) (고룰) (집) A Confucian temple. *See* 명륜당.

*성균관장 s. 成均館長 (일울 고룰)(집)(어룬) The chief of the College of Confucius. *See* 대소성.

*성급하다 l. 性急 (성품)(급) To be hasty; to be quick-tempered; to be touchy; to be irascible; to be excitable.

*성기 s. 星紀 (별) (긔록) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*성기 s. 成器 (일울) (그릇) Brass dishes; dishes. *Opp.* 파긔.

*성기 s. 星期 (별) (긔약) The 7th day of the 7th month of the old calendar, which was called the day of the marriage of the stars.

성긔다 s. 疎 (성길—*소) 여; 관 To be wide apart; to be separated. To be unfriendly. *See* 성긧하다.

성긧성긧하다 s. To be wide apart; to be separated. *Also* 성긧하다.

성긧하다 s. 疎 (성길—*소) To be wide apart; to be separated; to be clear of each other; to be unfriendly. *Also* 성긧성긧하다. *See* ㄷ믈다.

*성곽 s. 城郭 (재) (셩) City and suburbs.

*성관하다 s. 成冠 (일울, (갓) To put on a hat; to become a man; to be married. *See* 관례하다.

성권셩 s. Charity; consideration for others. Aid; help; assistance.

성나다 l. 怒 (노홀—*노) 다; 난 To become angry; to become enraged.

성내다 l. 發怒 (펵—*발) (노홀—*노) 여; 낸 To get angry; to work oneself into a rage. *See* 진노하다.

성낭하다 l. 鍊鍛 (련단홀—*련) (련단홀—*단) To reface tools—at a blacksmith-shop. (Prov.)

*성년 s. 成年 (일울) (히) Manhood; full grown person; adult.

*성농하다 s. 成膿 (일울) (고롬) To become ripe—of a boil. *See* 곱다

*성내 s. 城內 (재) (안) Within the city, inside the fortifications; the interior of a castle. *Opp.* 성외.

*성단 l. 聖斷 (성인) (결홀) The Imperial decision.

*성대하다 l. 盛大 (셩호) (큰) To be great and abundant.

*성당 l. 聖堂 (성인) (집) A place of worship; a church.

*성덕 l. 聖德 (성인) (큰) Royal favor; goodness. *See* 성은.

*성덕 *l.* 盛德 (성덕) (큰) Great virtue.

*성당 *l.* 聖殿 (성전) (대궐) The Temple. *See* 궤비당.

*성대명왕 *l.* 聖帝明王 (성인) (님금) (붉을) (님금) A holy and illustrious king.

*성뎨현 *s.* 成悌元 (일울) (공경) (으뜸) A. D. 1506-1532. A great scholar F. S. 昌寧 (K.S.) N.P. Tong-ju.

*성도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成道 (일울) (길) To become perfect; to attain Nirvana.

*성동 *s.* 成童 (일울) (우히) A grown up lad.

*성두 *s.* 城頭 (재) (머리) The top of the ramparts. *See* 셩상.

*성두 *s.* 星斗 (별) (말 Stars and planets.

*성디 *s.* 城地 (재) (짜) Castle ground; or land occupied by a fortress.

*셩뎨 *l.* 聖代 (셩인) (뎨신) The present (wise) age applied eulogistically to the rule of the reigning Emperor.

*셩관 *s.* 城館 (재) (집) A small guard house below a city wall.

*셩락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 省落 (덜) 간락ᄒᆞᆯ) To abridge or curtail.

*셩려 *l.* 聖慮 (셩인) (싱각) The gracious solicitude of the Emperor.

*셩례언 *s.* 省禮言 (말) (례도) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A form of letter address used to mourners or by partial mourners (*Pakin*) to outsiders.

*셩례ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成禮 (일울) (례도) To complete the ceremonies of marriage. *See* 대례.

*셩령 *l.* 聖靈 (셩인) (신령) The Holy Spirit. *See* 셩신.

*셩루 *s.* 城樓 (재) (다락) A tower over a city gate. *See* 문루.

*셩리 *l.* 性理 (셩품) (리치) Metaphysics.

*셩리학 *l.* 性理學 (셩품) (리치) (비홀) Metaphysics.

*셩린 *s.* 成隣 (일울 (돌) A D. 1392-1399. A noted minister who accompanied Tï-jo to Ham-heung. F.S. 昌寧 N.P. Tok-gong (獨公).

*셩립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成立 일울, (셜) To create, to form; to establish; to be established; to be formed; to be brought into existence; to stand; to be adopted.

*셩망 *s.* 聲望 (소리) (부랄) Reputation; fame, renown.

*셩명 *s.* 聲名 (소리) (일홈) Reputation, fame. *See* 셩화.

*셩명 *l.* 姓名 (셩) (일홈) Clan name and given name; one's name in full.

*셩명 *l.* 性命 (셩품) (목숨) Life.

*셩명 *l.* 聖明 (셩인) (붉을) Wise; sagacious—of the Emperor (ᄒᆞ다).

*셩명부 *l.* 姓名簿 (셩) (일홈) (문셔) A name list *See* 명부록.

*셩명부지 *l.* 姓名不知 (셩) (일홈) (아닐) (알) Unknown by name. *See* 부지하허인.

*셩명삼ᄌᆞ *l.* 姓名三字 (셩) (일홈) (석) (글ᄌᆞ—*ᄌᆞ) The three characters of name and surname.

*셩모 *l.* 聖母 (셩인) (어미) The Holy Mother—the Virgin Mary. *Also* 마리아.

*셩목ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成木 (일울) (나무) To become a tree.

*셩묘 *l.* 聖廟 (셩인) (소당) A temple dedicated of Confucius. *See* 문묘당.

*셩묘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 省墓 (ᄉᆞᆯ필) (무덤) To visit an ancestral grave.

*셩문 *s.* 城門 (재) (문) A city gate.

*셩문 *s.* 聲聞 (소리) (드를) Reputation; fame; renown.

*셩문계약 *s.* 成文契約 일울) (글) (글) 언약) A written contract.

*셩문전 *s.* 成文券 (일울, (글 문셔) A deed—as for property. *See* 문셔.

*셩미 *l.* 性味 셩품 맛) Nature; disposition; temper.

*셩법 *s.* 站法 (ᄉᆞᆷ) (법) A post station in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.06. Long. 128.02

*셩벽 *l.* 性癖 (셩품) (셩벽) Ambition; desire to excel others. *See* 긔벽.

*셩병ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成病 (일울 (병들) To grow sick; to become ill.

*셩복 *s.* 成服 일울, (옷) Putting on a mourner's dress—three days after death.

*셩복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 成服 (일울) (옷) To put on mourning.

*셩본조 *s.* 成本祖 (일울) 본들 (할아비) F.S. 昌寧 A minister of Sung-jong.

*셩부 *l.* 聖父 ᄉᆞᆼ인 아비 The Holy Father—God; the 1st Person of the Trinity. *See* 하ᄂᆞ님.

*셩부동녕 *l.* 姓不同而人 영) 아닐 *ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆯ가ᄂᆡ ᄒᆞ ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆯ 사ᄅᆞᆷ은 Not of the same surname therefore called outsider of an intimate friend. *See* 일가ᄂᆡ.

*성부지명성지 *l.* 姓不知名不知 (성)(아닐 *불, (알, (이름) (아닐 *불, (알, Unacquainted with name and surname. *See* 성명부지.

*성분력 *n.* 成分力 (일을)(논홀)(힘) Components.

*성불성간 *n.* 成不成間 (일을)(아닐)(일을)(소이 Whether it succeeds or not. *See* 위불위간.

*성불호다 *v.* 成佛 (일을)(부쳐) To become a Buddha.

*성비호다 *l.* 盛備 (성홀)(구출) To prepare abundantly.

*성산호다 *v.* 星散 (별) (흣홈) To be scattered here and there; to be dotted about; to be sprinkled about.

*성삼문 *n.* 成三問 (일을)(석)(무를) A.D. 1419-1458. A great scholar one of the six who died in behalf of king Tan-jong. Inventor of the *En-mum* F.S. 昌寧 (K.S.) N.P. Mă-juk. (梅竹).

*성상 *n.* 星霜 (별) (서리) The years or times.

*성상 *l.* 聖上 (성인)(웃) "His Majesty" —so called by the people.

*성상 *n.* 城上 (재)(웃) The top of a city wall. *Opp.* 성하.

*성상 *n.* 星象 (별)(형상) Stars; constellations.

*성서 *l.* 聖書 (거룩)(글) The Bible. *See* 성경.

*성서 *l.* 盛暑 (성홀)(더울) Mid-summer; the hottest period of summer.

*성서공회 / 聖書公會 (성인)(글)(공번될)(모들) The Bible Societies.

*성석호다 *v.* 成石 (일을)(돌) To turn to stone; to petrify.

*성세 *l.* 聖世 (성인)(인간) The age of the Sages. *See* 성덕.

*성세 *l.* 盛世 (성홀)(인간) Prosperous times; glorious ages.

*성세창 *n.* 成世昌 일을) 인간) (창성) A.D. 1541 F.S. 昌寧 N.P 禮曹 Minister of In-jong.

*성성 *n.* 星星 (별) (별) The 25th of the 28 constellations α, ε, τ, (2) π, ν, (2) Hydra 144° 22′ 44″ *l.* Scattered; separated.

*성성린 *n.* 成石璘 (일을 (돌) (물) A.D. 1338 F.S. 昌寧. Prime minister of Chung-jong.

*성성호다 *n.* 星星 (별) (별) To be few and scattered; to be sparse.

*성소 *l.* 聖所 (거룩)(바) The Holy place.

*성소구실호다 *v.* 省疏具悉 (술홀) (글) (구출) (다) To receive and take note of—a reply of the Emperor.

*성쇠지리 *l.* 盛衰之理 성홀 (쇠홀)(갈) (리치) The law of prosperity and decline.

*성슈 *l.* 聖壽 (성인)(목숨) The Emperor's age. *See* 만세.

성슈 *n.* Luck; fortune—as applied to days, times etc.

*성슈 *n.* 星宿 (별) (별) Stars; constellations.

*성슈함 *n.* 成守琛 (일을) (지킬) 구슬) A.D. 1506-1545. A great scholar and teacher F.S. 昌寧 (K.S.) N.P Ch'ŏng-sang (聽松).

*성숙취 *n.* 星宿菜 (별) 별, (나물) *Lysimachia Fortunei.*

*성숙호다 *v.* 成熟 (일을) (닉을) To become ripe; to be perfect.

*성시 *n.* 城市 (재) (저조) Thorough fares or frequented parts of the city—the city.

*성시산림 *n.* 城市山林 (지) (지조) (외) (수플) Woods and hills within the city enclosure.

*성씨 *l.* 姓氏 (성)(갑씨 *사) A surname; a clan name. (Hon.) *See* 성.

*성시 *l.* 性息 (성품) (쉬일) Nature; temper; ambition.

*성식 *n.* 聲息 (소리)(쉬일) News; tidings; word—as one's reputation. *See* 성화.

*성신 *l.* 聖神 (성인) (귀신) The Holy Spirit; the 3rd Person of the Trinity. *See* 성령.

*성신 *n.* 星辰 (별) (별) The stars. *See* 별.

*성실되다 *v.* 誠實 정성) (실홀 여; 될 To become filled out—as grain; to become complete.

*성실히 *n.* 誠實 (정성) (실홀) Earnestly; thoroughly.

*성실호다 *v.* 誠實 (정성) (실홀) To be truthful; to be genuine. *See* 진실호다.

*성실호다 *v.* 成實 (일을) (열어) To form —of grain, fruit etc. *See* 결실호다

*성심 *n.* 誠心 (정성) (무옴) Sincerity, guilelessness. *See* 실심.

*성소 / 盛事 (성홀) (일) A great event.

*성사 s. 成事 (일을) (일) Things done; acts; work accomplished

*성사 s. 星使 (별) (하여곰) An envoy; an ambassador.

*성사재천 s. 成事在天 (일을), (일) (있을) (하늘) Success rests with Heaven. Opp. 모사재인.

*성사후 s. 成事後 (일을) (일) (뒤) After a work is done.

*성사하다 s. 成事 (일을) (일) To complete a work; to finish an undertaking. See 성공하다.

*성색 s. 聲色 (소리) (빛) Sound and appearance—music and women. Bearing; manners; appearance; conduct.

*성안 l. 聖顔 (성인) (얼굴) The face of the Emperor.

*성약하다 s. 成約 (일을) (언약) To close an agreement; to effect an understanding.

*성양하다 s. 成樣 (일을) (모양) To develop, to take shape.

*성언하다 s. 成言 (일을) (말씀) To express in words; to express; to utter; to declare. See 성설하다.

성에 s. 犁銳 (보삽—*리) (저울때—*성) The beam of a plow.

*성역 s. 城役 재 역사 The building of a city wall; the work of building fortifications.

*성연 l. 盛宴 (성할) (잔치) A magnificent banquet.

*성외 s. 城外 (재) (밖) The outside of a city; beyond the walls.

*성요 s. 聲容 (소리) (얼굴) Voice and appearance.

*성운 s. 成運 (일을 옮김 A.D. 1439-1488 A great Confucian Scholar F.S. 召容 (K.S.) N.P. Tă-gok (大谷).

*성유 s. 聖諭 성인 명령 The Imperial Commands; an imperial order. See 성칙.

*성유하다 l. 性柔 (성품) 부드러울) To be gentle, to be docile, to be tractable.

*성은 l. 聖恩 (성인) (은혜 Divine favour Imperial favour. See 황은.

*성은 s. 盛恩 성할 (은혜) Bounteous benevolence; special favour.

*성음 s. 聲音 (소리) (소리) Sound—of all kinds. See 소리.

*성읍 s. 城邑 (재) (고을) A city and the country round it.

*성의 s. 盛意 성할 뜻 Kind thoughts; special consideration.

*성의 l. 聖意 (성인) (뜻) The Imperial views, intentions, mind, or opinion.

*성의 s. 誠意 (정성) (뜻) A sincere purpose; an honest intention. See 성심.

*성인 s. 成人 (일을) (사람) A grown up man; adult.

*성인 l. 聖人 (성인) (사람) A being said to be wholly inspired of God and therefore infallible and omniscient; a sage; a king. See 성현.

*성인지미 s. 成人之美 일을 (사람) (갈) 아름다울 Working for the good of others

*성인하다 s. 成人 (일을) (사람) To arrive at manhood; to become a man. See 장성하다.

성인 s. 凘 (*싀) A broken sheet of ice. Hoarfrost. (슬다).

성인하다 s. 凘語 (저울때 *성) (말씀—*어) To provide food etc. on the occasion of sale of goods or property.

*성왕 l. 聖王 (성인) (님금) A sage king; a divine ruler.

*성자 l. 聖者 (성인) (놈) A Sage, a saint.

*성장하다 s. 成章 (일을) (글장) To complete—as studies; to bring to a successful issue.

*성적 s. 成績 (일을) (자최) Result consequence; conclusion; the result of one's labour; achievement; deed; merit.

*성전하다 s. 成奠 (일을) (차릴) To powder; to put on rouge and powder.

*성전 s. 腥羶 (비릴) (누릴) Rank—as the smell of fish or raw meat.

*성정하다 s. 成釘 일을 (글—*정) To stamp with—an official seal.

*성정 l. 性情 (성품 Natural feelings, sentiments, or instincts. See 성품.

*성조 s. 成造 (일을) (지을) The spirit of the house that takes up its abode in the main beam.

*성조받다 s. 成造 (일을) (지을) 아, 은 To entertain the spirit of the house—as by sorcerers.

*성조하다 s. 成造 (일을) (지을) To construct; to build.

*성조하다 l. 性躁 (성품) (조급) To be hasty, to [illegible] disposition. See 성조하다

*성졸하다 l. 性拙 (성품) (졸할) To be [illegible] awkward, to be obtuse.

*성조 l. 聖詔 (거룩) (조서) The Imperial Command; an Imperial order.

*성죠 l. 聖朝 (성죠) The present dynasty; the Emperor.

*성숑ᄒᆞ다 s. 成膿 (일울) (고름) To come to a head—of an ulcer or an abscess. See 성농ᄒᆞ다.

*셩쥬 s. 星州 (별) (고을) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.50. Long. 128.19.

*셩쥬 s. 城主 (재) (님) "Your lordship"—the name by which the people address the magistrate of their ancestral district. See 본슈.

*셩쥬 l. 聖主 (셩인) (님금) A virtuous monarch.

*셩쥬바지 s. 成迚 (일울) (지울) Accompanying the spirit of the home into its quarters in a new house—by sacrifice.

*셩쥰 s. 成俊 (일울) (쥰걸) A D 1496. F.S. 림뎍 Nephew of 셩봉조. Prime minister of Yon-san.

*셩즁 s. 城中 (재) (가온ᄃᆡ) Within the walls—of a city. See 셩닉.

*셩즉군왕패즉역적 s. 成則君王敗則逆賊 (일울) (곳) (님군) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳) (거스릴) (도적) If he succeeds he is a king, if he fails he is a rebel.

*셩즉셩패즉패 s. 成則成敗則敗 (일울) (곳) (일울) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) If it succeeds it succeeds, if it fails it fails.

*셩지 l. 聖知 (셩인) (알) Great wisdom.

*셩지 l. 聖旨 (셩인) (뜻) The Imperial Commands; an Imperial order.

*셩지 s. 城址 (재) (터) The spot where a city formerly stood; the remains or ruins of a city.

*셩진 s. 城津 (재) (나루) A harbour in Ham-kyong-do, formerly a military station. Also 셩진창.

*셩질 l. 性質 (셩품) (밧탕) Disposition; temperament; nature; character. See 셩품.

*셩ᄌᆞ l. 聖子 (셩인) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The Son, the 2nd Person of the Trinity. See 예수.

*셩ᄌᆞ신손 l. 聖子神孫 (셩인) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (귀신) (손ᄌᆞ) Holy sons, divine posterity—of the imperial family.

*셩지 l. 聖旨 (셩인) (아ᄅᆞ실) Imperial decisions.

*셩찬 l. 盛饌 (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (반찬) Abundant fare; a plentiful supply of eatables. See 진찬.

*셩찬 l. 聖餐 (셩인) (반찬) The Cup—in the sacremental ceremony (Christian). (역다).

*셩찬례 l. 聖餐禮 (셩인) (반찬) (례도) The Lord's Supper.

*셩쳔 s. 成川 (일울) (내) A prefect in P'yŏng-an-do.

*셩쳔초 s. 成川草 (일울) (내) (플) Tobacco from Songch'ŏn, P'yŏng-an.

*산쳔ᄒᆞ다 s. 成川 (일울) (내) To flow in streams.

*셩쳔포락ᄒᆞ다 s. 成川淸落 (일울) (내) (개) (떠러질) To fall in torrents—of the rain.

*셩쳥ᄒᆞ다 s. 成廳 (일울) (대청) To meet as a guild; to form a company.

*셩초 s. 站草 (쥼길) (플) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*산촌ᄒᆞ다 s. 成村 (일울) (마을) To become a village or settlement.

*셩츄 l. 盛意 (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (뜻) Great affection.

*셩츅ᄒᆞ다 s. 成軸 (일울) (츅) To complete a volume of—written characters.

*ᄌᆞᆼ츅ᄒᆞ다 s. 成祝 (일울) (빌) To write out prayers for sacrifice. (Prov.)

*셩취 s. 成就 (일울) (나아갈) Gratification of one's wishes; completion of one's desire.

*셩취ᄒᆞ다 s. 成就 (일울) (나아갈) To bring about; to bring to a successful issue.

*셩취ᄒᆞ다 s. 成娶 (일울) (장가갈) To marry; to be married. See 셩관ᄒᆞ다.

*셩칙 l. 聖勅 (셩인) (칙셔) The Imperial Commands; an Imperial order.

*셩쵝 s. 成冊 (일울) (칙) An account book; an official record of events. See 일긔.

*셩칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 成冊 (일울) (칙) To note down; to keep a record of—usually of a magistrate. See 일긔ᄒᆞ다.

셩큰셩큼 s. Long legged; tall. Opp. 암큼암큼.

셩큼ᄒᆞ다 s. To be long; to be tall.

*셩텬 l. 聖天 (거륵) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The name of a Buddhist deity.

*셩톄 l. 聖體 (셩인) (몸) The person of the Emperor.

*셩토ᄒᆞ다 s. 聲討 (소ᄅᆡ) (칠) To denounce publicly.

*셩텹 s. 城堞 (재) (셩텹) City walls; fortifications.

*셩틱ᄒᆞ다 s. 成胎 (일울) (틱) To conceive; to become pregnant. See 잉틱ᄒᆞ다; 슈틱ᄒᆞ다.

*셩패 s. 成敗 (일울) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) Success or failure. See 승부.

*셩편ᄒᆞ다 s. 成篇 (일울) (칙) To complete a page—of composition.

*성표ᄒᆞ다 s. 成標 (일울) (표) To write out a receipt as for money; to give a written statement—of accounts, etc.

*성풍 s. 成風 (일울) (바람) The following out of customs; the venerating of customs.

*성품 l. 性品 (성품 품부ᄒᆞᆯ) Nature, disposition; temper *See* 성경.

*성하 s. 城下 (재) (아래) Beneath the fortifications.

*성학 s. 聲學 (소리) (비홀) The study of sounds and tones.

*성학 s. 星學 (별) (비홀) Astrology Astronomy *See* 천문학

*성학가 s. 星學家 별) (비홀) (집) An astronomer; an astrologer. *See* 천문학소.

*성학쟈 s. 星學者 (별) (비홀) (놈) An astronomer; astrologer. *See* 성학가

*성헌 s. 宿峴 (잘ᄒᆞᆫ) (고ᄀᆡ) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.43. Long. 128.46.

*성현 l. 聖賢 (성인) (어질) Holy men and virtuous beings—the latter lacking the inspiration of the former. *See* 성인.

*성혈 s. 腥血 (비릴) (피) Blood.

*성호 s. 成浩 (일울) (ᄒᆞᆯ) F.S. 昌寧 N.P. 牛溪 Son of 운슈람. A famous scholar of 1591 A.D.

*성혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 成婚 (일울) (혼인 To complete marriage. *See* 결혼ᄒᆞ다

*성회 l. 聖會 (성인) 모ᄃᆞᆫ, The Holy Church—of the Christians. *See* 교회.

*성회 s. 盛會 (성ᄒᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A gorgeous feast; a prosperous or delightful gathering.

*성홍 s. 猩紅 (ᄉᆡᆼ나비) (붉을) Bright red.

*성홍열 s. 猩紅熱 ᄉᆡᆼ나비 (붉을) (더울) Scarlatina

*성효 s. 誠孝 (정성) (효도) Fidelity; filial piety. *See* 효성

*성휘 l. 聖諱 (성인) 휘ᄒᆞᆯ) The personal name of a sage. (tabooed).

*성희안 s. 成希顔 일울) (ᄇᆞᆯ랄) (얼골 A.D. 1521 F.S. 昌寧 N.P. 仁齋 Prime Minister of Chung-jong.

*셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 盛 (성ᄒᆞᆯ) To be abundant; to be flourishing; to be prosperous. *See* 무셩ᄒᆞ다.

셩ᄒᆞ다 s. to be well to be sound, to be in good condition. *Opp.* 샹ᄒᆞ다

*셩화 s. 聲華 소리) 빗날 Reputation, a name. *See* 셩명

*성화 s. 性火 (성픔) (불) Temper; anger; impatience. *See* 화증. (나다) (ᄇᆞᆺ다).

*셩화 s. 星火 (별) (불) A falling star; a meteor—quickly; speedily.

*셩환 s. 成歡 (일울) (짓붐) A post station in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 37.05. Long. 127 05.

*셩화독촉ᄒᆞ다 s. 星火督促 별 (불) (독촉ᄒᆞᆯ) (지촉) To urge on as falling stars —to urge vehemently.

*셩황 l. 盛況 (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆼ려) Prosperous condition; thriving state.

*셩황당 s. 城隍堂 ᄯᅴ (여) (집) The shrine or temple of the tutelary guardian of a city. *See* 션앙당.

*셩황ᄒᆞ다 s. 誠惶 (진실노) (두려울) To be afraid, to be alarmed, to be filled with fear.

소 s. The centre; the inside—as of bread, cake etc.

*소 s. 所 (바) A government office.

소 s. 牛 (*우) Cattle; a cow; a bull.

*소 l. 素 (흴) Fasting from meat—as a religious rite.

쏘가리 s. A kind of small fresh-water fish.

소관소ᄉᆞ 所幹事 (바) (관셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (일) That which concerns one; a matter of interest. *Also* 소관ᄉᆞ.

소갈머리 l. Inside; inner heart; mind.

소갈지 l. Same as 소갈머리.

소개 s. 疏槪 (글) (대개) The general thought of a memorial

*소강ㄴ 所江 (바) (물) A naval station in Whang-hai-do.

*소거빅마대장군 l. 素車白馬大將軍 (집) (수레 (ᄉᆞᆫ) 말) (장슈 군ᄉᆞ The general in the white cart with the white horse—one of the gods of the sorcerers. *See* 디진빅마대장군.

*소경관 s. 燒經館 화ᄌᆞ이) (다이관) (관ᄎᆞ Scotland

*소견 l. 所見 (바) (볼) Opinion; idea. Aspect; appearance.

*소고 s. 所古 (바) (이) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat 39.41. Long. 126.10.

소고리 s. A small crock wrapped in bamboo for lowering into a gold mine.

*소고ᄒᆞ다 s. 訴告 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (알외ᄋᆞᆯ) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To bring a complaint or accusation of any kind before the authorities; to lay a judicial information against a person; to institute a civil action.

쏘곤거리다 *v.* 거려; 린 To whisper. *See* 작말거리다.

쏘곤쏘곤ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 耳語 (귀 *어) (알숨—*어) To whisper in the ear.

*소곳 *l.* 所串 (바) (꿰일 *관) Post stations in Whang-hai-do and P'yŏng-an-do.

*소교 *l.* 素轎 (흴) (보교) A mourner's white sedan-chair.

소국 / 素麴 (흴) (국—*김) Soup without meat

소국슈 *l.* Wine from *Han-san Ch'ung-ch'ŏng* province.

*소굴 *s.* 巢窟 (깃드릴) (굴) A den—as of wild animals or of robbers.

*소곤도 / 所斤道 (바) (날) (길) A naval station in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36 48. Long. 126.14.

소금 *s.* 鹽 *염 Salt. *Also* 소곰.

*소긱 *s.* 騷客 (글) (손) A poet; the literati.

*소관 *l.* 所管 (바) (주지ᄒᆞᆯ) Office; duty; post.

*소관 *l.* 所關 (바) (계관) Matter, interest, account. *See* 소영.

*소관ᄉᆞ *l.* 所關事 (바) (계관) (일) That which concerns one; a matter of interest. *See* 소관ᄉᆞ.

소나무 *s.* 松 (*송) The pine; the fir. *Also* 솔.

소납 *l.* A specialty; what one is particularly versed in in trade or business.

소뇌 *s.* 弩 (*노) A crossbow.

쏘다 *s.* 螫 (쏠—*석) 아; 쑨 To sting—of a bee.

쏘다 *s.* 射 (쏠—*샤) 아; 쑨 To shoot—with a bow. To be enamoured of—of a woman.

쏘다액 *s.* ..... 液 ..... (진) Liquor Sodae.

쏘다조히액 *s.* 泡起液 ..... (거품) (닐) (진) Liquor effervescens.

*소단국 *s.* 蘇丹國 (차즈이) (나ᄅᆞ) The Soudan

*소담스럽다 *s.* 素淡 (흰) (몸ᄉᆞᆯ) 러워; 운 To be fine; to be attractive; to be pretty, to be comely; to be beautiful.

*소담ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 素淡 (흴) (몸ᄉᆞᆯ) To be fine; to be attractive; to be showy; to be gay.

*소답이 *l.* 所答 (바) (ᄃᆡ답) Reply; answer. *See* ᄃᆡ답이.

*소당 *l.* 所當 (바) (맛당) What is suitable; what is necessary; what is proper. *See* 의례.

*소덕 *l.* 所德 (바) (ᄃᆞᆫ) Favor; kindness; an obligation.

*소동 *s.* 騷動 (소동ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) Disturbance; tumult; riot; uproar; commotion; war.

소동 *s.* The *Exadia rutnecarpa* the seeds of which are used for medicine.

*소동과 *s.* 蘇東坡 차즈이) (동녁) (언덕) A.D. 1036-1101. A famous scholar of Song Kingdom, China.

*소동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 騷動 (소동ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) To stir up; to excite; to disturb. *See* 소요ᄒᆞ다.

소드득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be well filled; to be rounded out.

*소득 *l.* 所得 (바) (엇을) That which one gets; earnings; income; revenue; perquisites.

소득소득 *s.* Dryish; dried out.

소들소들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dry; to be shrivelled.

소들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To regard as small; to treat with contempt.

쏘듸엄 *s.* Sodium.

쏘듸엄린산 *s.* ..... 燐酸 ..... (귀화) (산) Sodii Phosphas.

쏘듸엄벳왈벳왁 *s.* 液 ..... (진) Liquor Sodii Ethylatis.

쏘듸엄왁 *s.* ..... 液 ..... (진) Liquor Sodii.

쏘듸엄파이로린산 *s.* ... .. 燐酸 ..... (귀화) (산) Sodii Pyrophosphas.

소라 *l.* 螺 (*라) A spiral univalve shell; a conch.

소라기 *s.* 盆器 (세슈ᄒᆞᆫ *관) (그릇 *긔) A large earthenware crock. *See* 자박이.

소라반조 *l.* A wooden ceiling made of cross bars and boards.

소라진 *l.* 螺陣 (소라—*라) (진칠—*진) A circle manoeuver—of troops.

*소락란 *s.* 蘇絡蘭 (차즈이) (직ᄒᆞᆨ) (란초) An ancient female noted for her silk weaving.

소락소락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be rough; to be covered with lumps—as a frozen road. To be small. *See* 좁스럽다.

소락이 *l.* 螺殼 (소라—*라) (껍질 —*각) Univalve shells in general

*소란ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 騷亂 (소동ᄒᆞᆯ) (어지러울) To disturb; to stir up; to excite. *See* 소동ᄒᆞ다.

*소렴 *s.* 簾簾 (셤질) (발) A lattice; a a blind.

*소로 *l.* 所勞 (바) (슈고로울) Illness. Diligence; merit of industry.

소로장이 *n.* 羊腸匠 (양—*장) (발굽—*대) (학리*근) Rib-grass or ribwort. *Plantago major.*

소로히 *a* Inhospitably; unkindly.

*소료 *l.* 所料 (바) (료) A reckoning; a calculation Income; wages *See* 소식.

*소류ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 遡流 (거소릴) (흐를) To go against the current; to ascend a river.

소르를 *a.* With a wagging movement.

소리 *n.* 聲 (*셩) A sound; noise; word; speech. *See* 소릐.

*소리 *l.* 所利 (바) (리) Interest, profit. *See* 소득.

소리개 *n.* 鳶 (*연) A kite; a hawk. *See* 솔개.

소리군 *n.* 歌客 (노래—*가) (손—*픽) A traveling singer.

*소림 *n.* 踈林 (성긜) (수풀) A thinly-wooded forest or grove.

소릐 *n.* 聲 (*셩) A sound; noise. *See* 음셩. Word; speech. A song. (지르다).

소릐지르다 *n.* 高聲 (높흘—*고) (소릐—*셩) 질너; 지른 To cry out; to yell

소말소말ᄒᆞ다 *a* To be pitted from smallpox; to be perforated.

소매 *n.* 袖 (*슈) A sleeve. *Also* 사매.

*소망 *l.* 素望 (본뒤) (본랄) A long cherished hope or desire. *See* 숙망.

*소망 *l.* 所望 (바) (본랄) Expectation; hope of gain. *See* 소욕.

*소면 *l.* 素麵 (본) 수슈 Wonderful vermicelli, made of wheat flour, vermicelli prepared without meat.

*소목 *n.* 蘇木 (차목이) (나무) Sapan—a product of *Caalpina Sapan.*

*소문 *l.* 所聞 (바) (드를) News; rumour; reputation. (나다). *See* 풍문.

*소미젼신 *n.* 素昧平生 본뒤 어두올 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (날 An unknown person; a stranger.

*소밀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 素昧 (본뒤) (어두올) To be secret; to be unknown.

소밥디이 *n.* A "grass widow"; a deserted wife.

*소발ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 踈薄 (성긜) (엷을) To separate from; to neglect.

소박맛다 *n.* 마자; 진 To be driven off—of a wife.

소반 *n.* 盤 (*반) A dining table.

*소반 *l.* 素飯 (질) (밥) Food without meat. *See* 소찬.

*소밥먹다 *l.* 素飯 (질) (밥—*반) 어; 은 To eat bare rice without meat. *Opp.* 육식ᄒᆞ다.

*소범 *l.* 所犯 (바) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) Excessive indulgence—as a cause of sickness. *See* 소범상한.

*소범상한 *l.* 所犯傷寒 (바) (범ᄒᆞᆯ 상ᄒᆞᆯ) (찰) Sickness from over indulgence

*소벙 *l.* 素屛 (질) (병풍) A white screen.

*소복 *l.* 素服 (질) (옷) White clothes; mourner's clothes. *Opp.* 화복.

*소복담장 *l.* 素服淡粧 (질) (옷) 몸을 (단장) A white dress—as worn by a woman.

소복소복ᄒᆞ다 *n* To be plentiful, to be heavy—of standing grain. *See* 수복수복ᄒᆞ다.

*소복ᄒᆞ다 *l* 素服 (질) (옷) To dress in white—as a mourner. *See* 화복ᄒᆞ다.

소복ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 滿 (찰—*만) To be full. *See* 수복ᄒᆞ다.

*소복ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 蘇復 (소셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (회복) To be recovered from a sickness; to revive. *See* 소셩ᄒᆞ다.

*소본 *n.* 疏本 (글) (밋) Original copy of a memorial

*소부 *l.* 所負 (바) (질) Debt; what one owes. *See* 소포.

*소분 *n.* 疏分 (성긜 분랄) Impartial apportionment among different classes. Ex. O

*소분ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掃墳 (쓸) (무덤) To offer sacrifice to ancestors—on graduating.

*소비 *l.* 所費 (바) (허비) Expenses; cost. *See* 소입.

*소비 *n.* 疏批 (글) (답올) Reply of his majesty to a memorial.

*소비포 *l.* 所非浦 (바) (아닐) (개) A naval station in Kyung-sang-do.

소비 *n.* 都是 (도모지—*도) (이—*시) Altogether; completely. *See* 도시.

소사나다 *n.* 湧出 솟을 [illegible] 날 To spurt out; to flow in jets; [illegible]

소사스럽다 *a.* 라워; 운 To be cunning; to be unbecoming.

소사ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be cunning; to act in an unbecoming way. *See* 요사ᄒᆞ다

*소산 *n.* 蘇山 (차목이) (외) A post station in Kyong-sang do.

*소산 *l.* 所産 (바) (날) Native products or manufactured goods.

*소산물 *l.* 所産物 (바) (날) (만물) Products of the earth; what comes from the ground.

ㅣ ㄱ ㄴ ㄷ ㄹ ㅁ ㅂ ㅅ ㅇ ㅈ ㅊ ㅋ ㅌ ㅍ ㅎ ㅏ ㅐ ㅓ ㅔ ㅗ ㅘ ㅚ ㅛ ㅜ ㅝ ㅞ ㅟ ㅠ ㅡ ㅢ ㅣ

쏘자거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To poke; to bore. To seduce; to induce.

쏘샹쏘샹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To poke full of holes; to bore with an awl.

*소상 *s.* 疏上 (쇼) (샹) "With my respects"—an expression used by mourners at the end of a letter

소션 *l.* 素膳 (쇠) (쎤) A white fan. *Opp.* 칙션.

*소셰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 漱洗 (양치질ᄒᆞᆯ) 셔슬) To wash—the hands and face.

*소솔 *l.* 所率 (바) (거ᄂᆞ릴) Household; family. *See* 권솔

*소쇽 *l.* 所屬 (바) (붓ᄎᆞᆯ) Official underlings; *yamen* runners. One's subordinates. *See* 하인.

*소숑 *s.* 訴訟 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) A lawsuit; law case, accusation (민ᄉᆞᄉᆞ숑) (형ᄉᆞᄉᆞ숑).

*소숑권 *s.* 訴訟權 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (권세) Right of bringing a suit; litigious right.

*소숑디리인 *s.* 訴訟代理人 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (디신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An agent in a lawsuit; an advocate.

*소숑비 *s.* 訴訟費 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (허비) Expenses required in making a lawsuit; expenses litis.

*소숑수속 *s.* 訴訟手續 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (슈) (니을) Legal proceedings.

*소숑ᄉᆞ건 *s.* 訴訟事件 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (일) (일) A law case.

*소숑인 *s.* 訴訟人 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One who brings a lawsuit; a litigant.

*소숑인지 *s.* 訴訟印紙 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (인칠) (조희) A lawsuit postage stamp.

*소숑장 *s.* 訴訟狀 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (글) A law suit statement written out.

*소숑지 *s.* 訴訟紙 (알릴) (숑ᄉᆞ) (조희) Official paper sheets on which lawsuits are written.

*소ᄉᆞ *l.* 素數 (본ᄃᆡ) (ᄃᆞ어) Prime number.

*소슈공ᄉᆞ *s.* 疏水工事 (셩질) (몸) (장인) (일) The work of drainage

소스라지다 *s.* 라져; 진 To be startled; to be frightened.

소스러쎄리다 *s.* 려; 린 To give a start; to jump—from fear.

소슬대문 *s.* 高柱大門 (놉흘—*쥬) (기동—*쥬) (큰—*대) (문—*문) A high gate—as that before an official building. *Opp.* 평대문.

소슴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 湧 (소슬—*용) To bubble up, to boil out.

*소식 *l.* 素食 (질) (밥) Bare rice without meat. *See* 소밥먹다.

*소식 *l.* 所食 (바) (밥) Salary; pay; wages. *See* 월ᄉᆡ.

*소ᄉᆞᆫ *l.* 所生 (바) (날) Children; offspring. *See* 혈육.

*소셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蘇生 (소셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (날) To be restored to life; to revive.

소아쥬 *s.* White silk.

*소안 *s.* 蘇安 (차ᄌᆞ이) (편안) A post station in Chöl-la-do.

*소안도 *s* 所安島 (바) (편안) (셤) An island in Chöl-la-do. Lat. 34.10 Long. 126.41.

쏘아기 *s.* 楔 (*설) A plug; a wedge.

쏘아기 *s.* A bug in shape something like a castor bean.

*소양강 *s.* 昭陽江 (붉을) (볕) (물) A river in Kang-wön-do

*소약관 *s* 蘇若觀 차ᄌᆞ이 (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ) (볼ᄎᆞ) The wife of Tow T'ao (實酒) who was governor of Ts'in Chow at the close of the 4th century A.D., and was banished by Fu Kien to the desert of Tartary.

*소양산 *s.* 昭陽山 (붉을) (볕) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-wön-do. Lat. 37.46, Long. 127.46.

*소양증 *s.* 瘙癢症 (ᄀᆞᆯ을) (가려울) (증세) An itching sickness.

*소업 *l.* 所業 (바) (업) Trade; calling; profession; action; deeds. *See* 형애.

*소연 *l.* 所緣 (바) (인연) Cause; reason; motive. *See* 소이연.

*소연 *l.* 素鳶 (깁) (솔개) A white kite.

*소엽 *s.* 蘇葉 (차ᄌᆞ이) (닙) The *Perilla nankinensis.*

*소영ᄉᆞ *l.* 所營事 (바) (경영) (일) What one has planned for—as work, business. *See* 소작ᄉᆞ.

*소요 *s.* 騷擾 (소동ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) Disturbance; tumult; riot; uproar; commotion; war.

*소요산 *s.* 逍遙山 (헐) (뫼) A mountain in Kyöng-keu-do. Lat. 37.49. Long. 127.19.

*소요ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 騷擾 (소동ᄒᆞᆯ) (흔들) To be confusing; to be in an uproar. *See* 소동ᄒᆞ다

*소용 *l.* 所用 (바) (쓸) Use; service; things for use.

소용질ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To roll—as a horse. *See* 토용질ᄒᆞ다.

소용ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be brave; to be active. *Also* 효용ᄒᆞ다.

*소우 *n.* 疎雨 (성김)(비) Rain falling in scattered drops; a sprinkling of rain.

*소위 *l.* 所謂 (바)(닐을) It is said . . .; so called ..... *See* 가위.

*소위 *l.* 所爲 (바)(ᄒᆞ) It was for this act; work; cause; reason; effect; consequence; result.

*소유권 *l.* 所有權 (바)(잇슬)(권세) Right of possession; ownership.

*소유디 *l.* 所有地 (바)(잇슬)(짜) Land in one's possession; landed estate.

*소유ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 逍遊 (거스를)(놀) To swim with the stream; to go down stream in a boat.

*소율도 *n.* 所栗島 (바)(소리)(셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.13. Long. 127.16 (Peel Gap.)

*소의 *l.* 素意 (본디)(뜻) A long-cherished idea. *See* 숙지.

소이다 *l.* A verbal honorific ending.

쏘이다 *v.* 쏘여; 힌 To be stung.

*소이로 *l.* 所以 (바)(써) Because of this; therefore. *See* 서로.

*소이연 *l.* 所以然 (바)(써)(그럴) The matter; the cause; the reason.

*소임 *l.* 所任 (바)(맛흘) An office; a situation—of underlings.

*소입 *l.* 所入 (바)(들) Expense; cost.

*소원 *l.* 所願 (바)(원홀) One's desire; wish; longing. *See* 소욕.

*소원ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 溯源 (거스를)(근원) To investigate the origin of a matter; used also in the titles of books, etc.

*소장 *n.* 訴狀 (알일)(글) A written complaint—as to government authorities.

*소장 *l.* 所掌 (바)(ᄎᆞ지홀) An office or duty; official work given to underlings. *See* 소임.

*소장 *l.* 所長 (바)(간) A specialty; what one is particularly versed in. The head of an office or factory. *See* 장기.

*소존자 *l.* 所存者 (바)(잇슬)(놈) What I have; actually in possession.

*소졸ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疎拙 (성길)(졸홀) To be unskilful at, to be unacquainted with.

*소종 *n.* 疎鐘 (성길)(쇠북) A distant bell.

*소종뤼 *l.* 所從來 (바)(좃칠)(올) The course of events; the origin and history. *See* 소종졸

*소주 *n.* 蘇州 (차즈이)(고을) Soo-chow, a prefect in Kiang-su province in China.

*소중ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 所重 (바)(무거울) To be important; to be weighty.

*소중 *l.* 素症 (본디)(증세) A desire for meat. (나다)

소중ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 肉補 (고기—*육)(기울—*보) 증세; 먼 To satisfy an appetite for meat.

*소지 *l.* 所志 (바)(뜻) A written petition from the people to a magistrate. (정) ᄒᆞ다. *See* 원정.

*소진 *n.* 蘇秦 (차즈이)(나라) An eloquent man who lived in the days of the ten kingdoms. Died B.C. 318.

*소진ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訴陳 (알일)(베풀) To plead, or vindicate.

*소조출 *l.* 所自出 (바)(스스리)(날) Origin; derivation; source.

*소지 *l.* 所在 (바)(잇슬) The place where any person or thing is; whereabouts; in various places; here and there.

*소찬 *l.* 素饌 (흰)(찬) Side dishes—prepared without meat.

*소찬 *l.* 素餐 (흴)(밥) Living and eating in idleness. (B. O.)

*소채 *l.* 所債 (바)(빗) Debts; money owing *See* 소부.

*소천 *n.* 所川 (바)(내) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

*소철 *n.* 蘇轍 (차즈이)(수레) A.D. 1039-1112. Younger brother of the preceding, and celebrated like him as a poet and public functionary of Song, China.

*소청 *l.* 所請 (바)(청홀) A request; favor asked.

*소청 *n.* 疏廳 (글)(대청) A law suit office or plan of conference.

*소청ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疏請 (글)(청홀) To request; to ask; to petition.

*소출 *l.* 所出 (바)(날) Products; profits.

*소친ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 所親 (바)(친홀) To be intimate; to be friendly.

*소탈ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疎脫 (성길)(버슬) To be modest; to be free; to be gentlemanly.

*소탕 *l.* 素湯 (흴)(끌흘) Clear soup—made without meat.

*소탕ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 掃蕩 (쓸)(방탕홀) To w . out—as an insurrection; to rid of.

*소련 *l.* 所天 (바)(하늘) My husband.

*소렴 l. 訴狀 (송장, (글) A written complaint—as to government authorities.

*소예ᄒᆞ다 s. 疏遞 (글) (갈릴) To memorialize the government and retire from office.

소홀 s. 一統 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (거누림—*돌) Altogether; entirely, completely. *See* 전수히.

*소홀 s. 疏通 (글) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) Cutting a passage or channel through; drawing off water; drainage.

소회 s. 苦木 (쓸—*ᄂᆞᆨ) (나무—*목) The bitter tree.

*소리산 s. 蘇來山 (차죽이) (올) (와) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.22. Long. 127.00.

*소평 s. 所坪 (바) (들) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*소포 l. 所逋 (바) (포ᄆᆞᆯᆞᆨ) Government debts; money owed to a magistrate—by underlings. *See* 법포.

*소한증 l. (증 寒症 (본더) (찰) (증세) A disorder in the chest caused by cold.

*소합원 s. 蘇合元 (차죽이) (모돌) (옷들) Rose maloes pills derived from *Liquidambar orientalis.*

*소합향 s. 蘇合香 (차죽이) (모돌) (향긔) Liquid storax.

*소항쥬 s. 蘇杭州 (차죽이) (여) (고을) Hangchow and Soochow—famous cities of China.

*소향 s. 所向 (바) (향ᄒᆞᆯ) Intention; desire; design.

*소혈 l. 巢穴 (집드릴) (구멍) A den; a lair *See* 굴혈.

*소홀ᄒᆞ다 s. 疎忽 (성길) (문득) To be careless; to be remiss. *See* 법연ᄒᆞ다

*소ᄒᆞ다 l. 素 (긴) To fast—as from meat (during sacrificial season).

*소힝 s. 所行 (바) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) Actions; behaviour. *See* 힝슐.

*소활ᄒᆞ다 s. 疎闊 (성길) (넓을) To be separated; to be far apart.

속 l. 裏 (*리) The inside; the interior. Mind; heart; disposition. *See* 가온ᄃᆡ.

*속 s 束 (묵글) A sheaf a numerative of bundles of grain etc. A measure of land tax.

쏙 s. and l. With a prick; with a poke. *See* 쑥.

속것 l. 褕衣 (고의—*오) (옷—*의) A woman's underw[illegible] 즁의.

속고ᄒᆞ다 s. 疎; 곤 To pull out; to thin out.

속고의 l. Under wear; thin underclothes.

속고의젹삼 l. Thin drawers and undershirt.

속곱 s. Vegetables that have been weeded out.

속곱질ᄒᆞ다 s. To weed out or thin out vegetables.

*속곳 l. 褕衣 (고의—*오) (옷—*의) A woman's underwear.

속눈섭 l. 裡眉 (속—*리) (눈섭—*미) The eye lashes.

속닙 l. 裡葉 (속—*리) (닙 —*엽) The inside or new leaves—as of cabbage.

속닉 l 裏許 (속—*리) (허락—*허) Thought; design; intention.

속닉평 l. 內評 (안—*닉) (평론—*평) Thought; design; intention.

속다 s. 見欺 (볼—*견) (속일—*긔) 아ᄋᆞᆫ To be deceived, to be cheated; to be defrauded.

속닥속닥ᄒᆞ다 s. To whisper; to speak under the breath.

*속답ᄒᆞ다 s. 速答 (섈를) (ᄃᆡ답) An immediate answer.

속대 l. The heart of a cabbage head.

*속뎐 s. 粟田 (조) (밧) A millet field.

*속도 s. 速度 (섈를) (도수) Velocity speed.

*속뎌ᄒᆞ다 s. 束帶 (묵글) (ᄃᆡ) To put on ceremonial dress.

*속력 s. 速力 (섈를) (힘) Speed; rate of going. *See* 속도.

속마지 l. Drawers.

속바지젹오리 l. Underwear, drawers and undershirt. *See* 속고의셕삼.

*속박 s. 束縛 (묵글) (얽을) Binding; bondage, bonds; restraint.

*속박ᄒᆞ다 s 束縛 (묵글) (얽을) To tie up in a bundle, to fasten with a cord, to restrain; to circumscribe; to curb, to fetter; to repress; to coerce.

*속반 s. 粟飯 (조) (밥) A dish of millet.

속병 l. 裡病 (속—*리) (병들—*병) Internal sickness. *See* 속즁.

*속빙 s. 粟餠 (조) (ᄯᅥ) A kind of cake made of millet.

속살다 l. 아; 은 To sound another—as to his opinion; to get another's ideas.

속뵈다 l. 여; 인 To let one's designs be known.

속살 l. The inner nature; the hidden designs. *See* 속심.

쪽살거리다 s. 거랴; 린 To chatter; to talk; to babble.

쪽살다ㄴ 아; 산 To be resentful; to be quick to object.

쪽살쪽살하다 s. To chatter; to gabble; to talk.

*쪽사포 s. 速射砲 (쪽포) (쏠) (대포) A quick-firing gun.

*쪽선 s. 束線 (묵글) (실) Pencil of rays; pencil.

*쪽설과 s. 速成科 (쌔를) (일을) (과거) A quick course of study; a short but complete course of study.

*쪽성쪽패하다 s. 速成速敗 (쪽포) (일을) (묵포) (깨포) To win quickly and to lose again as quickly.

*쪽성하다 s. 速成 (쪽포) (일을) To accomplish quickly.

쪽소리하다 l. To consult secretly; to hold secret counsel.

쪽쪽 s. and l. With a thrust. Throbbing; pressing; beating. 쑤시다

쪽속드리 l. The very inside.

*쪽속히 s. 速速 (쪽포) 쪽포 (quickly; speedily; fast. *Opp.* 완완히.

*쪽속하다 s. 速速 쪽포) (쪽포 T; be quick; to be speedy. *Opp.* 완완하다.

*쪽수 s. 束數 (묵글) (두어) The number of bundles, sheaves etc.

*쪽수 s. 束脩 (묵글) (닥글) Anything presented to a teacher on entering his school; entrance-fee.

*쪽수무책 s. 束手無策 (묵글 손 (업포 (묘책 Without resource. 쑤 비계무책

*쪽수지례 s. 束脩之禮 (묵글) 닥글 갈 (례도) A present to a teacher. 쑤 폐빅.

쪽심 l. 中心 (가온듸 — *글) (모음 *심) Inner heart; secret intention. *See* 쪽살.

쪽서 s. 木賊 (나무 — *목) (도적 — *적) The *Equisetum hiemale.* 쑤 목적

쪽알머리 l. 心意 (모음 *심) (뜻 *의) Opinion; idea; design. (Low.) *See* 쪽알찌.

쪽알이 l. Internal—of disease. *See* 쪽병.

쪽알찌 l. 心志 (모음 *심) (뜻 *지) Opinion; idea; design. (Low.) 쑤 쪽알머리.

쪽옷 l. 裏衣 (쪽 — *리) (옷 — *의) Underclothing; women's underwear *Opp.* 겉옷.

쪽이다 s. 欺 (쪽일 — *긔) 쪽여; 인 To cheat; to deceive; to defraud.

쪽일수 s. 欺方 (쪽일 — *긔) (모 — *방) Sleight of hand; legerdemain. 쑤 눈어림.

쪽적상 l. An inner shirt.

쪽적오리 l. An inner shirt.

쪽절업다 s. 서; 슨 To be past help; to be beyond hope; to be vain. *See* 홀수업다.

쪽중 l. 內衆 안 — *뉘) 심장 *심) Intention; inner thought. (잡다).

쪽주다ㄴ 어; 준 To open one's heart to; to speak one's mind. *See* 흉정하다.

쪽중 l. 心病 모음 *심 (병들 — *병) Internal sickness. *See* 쪽알이

*쪽진사진 s. 速眞寫眞 쌔를 참 (본) 사진 An instantaneous photograph.

쪽타염하다 l. 心打點 (모음 — *심) (칠 — *타, 염할 — *념 To mind —

*쪽필 s. 速筆 (쪽포) (붓) Quick writing *Opp.* 눈필.

*쪽효 s. 速效 (쌔를) (효험) A speedy recovery; instant relief—as from medicine. *See* 쪽효.

*쪽히 s. 速 (쌔를) Quickly; swiftly; speedily. *See* 급히.

*쪽하다 s. 速 (쌔를) To be quick; to be swift; to be speedy. *See* 급하다.

*쪽행하 s. 速行 (쌔를) 돈 (녀) 수레, An express train. 쑤 급

*쪽힝하다 速行 쌔를 돈 T quickly; to carry out speedily. *See* 급힝하다.

*쪽화 s. 速禍 (쌔를) (지화) A sudden calamity.

손 s. A measure in selling goods. The spirit of the points of the compass. An ending having the force of "so much," however much.

손 s. 手 (*수) The hand.

*손 l. 孫 (손조) Descendants; posterity. *See* 증손.

손 s. 客 (*긱) A guest; a visitor. A person. *See* 나그내.

손가ㄹ 指 *가 ㄹ

손질질하다 s. 手疾 (손 — *슈) (질질 — *할) 하여; 션 To pilfer; to steal.

*손전 s. 孫權 (손조) (권홀) D. A.D. 1 A noted king of East Oh, China.

*손곱다 s. 아; 은 To be numb—of the hands.

손곱이 s. Counting on the hand from the thumb; the chief; the first. (처다).

손금 s. (—씀) 手紋 (손 *슈) (문채—*문) The lines of the palm of the hand. (보다).

손금장이 s. (—짱) A reader of fortune from the lines on the palm of the hand. A hand—at a game.

***손괴호다** l. 損壞 (멸) (파괴) To destroy the health; to fail in health. *See* 질괴호다.

손길 s The hand—viewed lengthwise.

손권 s. 孫權 (손조) (권세) D. A.D. 251. A noted King of East Oh, China.

손나다 l. 나; 난 To turn out well—of offspring.

***손녀** s. 孫女 (손조) (녀) A granddaughter. (보다).

손닉다 s. 熟手 (닉을—*슈) (손—*슈) 어; 은 To be skilled in; to be versed in. *See* 수닉다.

손님 客 (손 *킥) A guest; a visitor. *See* 킥.

손님마마 s. The spirit of smallpox—as a guest. *See* 호구별성.

손덕쥐 s. (—쩍) 手德 (손 *슈) (곤 *덕) A lucky hand—in gambling.

손뗴다 s. 畢竟 (다돌 *필) (여소 *역 뗴여; 인 To finish; to complete. *See* 필역호다.

***손도망다** l. 損逃 (멸) (무라) 마작; 진 To drive away from a village.

손등 s. (—뜽) 手背 (손—*슈) (등—*비 The back of the hand.

손딕다 s. 着手 (부드칠 —*착) (손—*슈, 여; 인 To touch; to take in the fingers; to lay hands on violently.

손목 s. 手頸 (손—*슈) (목—*항) The wrist. *See* 팔목.

***손무주** s. 孫武子 (손조) (호반) (아들) A noted general of ancient China.

손몰다 s. 아; 은 To lose at everything; to fail all round.

손바닥 s. (—빠) 掌 (*장) The palm of the hand.

***손방** l. 巽方 (손방) (로) The S.E. division of the cardinal points.

손방이 l. A green hand; a rough worker.

손방이다 l. 방여; 인 To be "green"—at work, to be unskilful.

손버릇 s. 手癖 (손—*슈) (모양—*용) Hand habits—as stealing, meddling, etc. (사오납다).

손뼉치다 s. 拍掌 (칠 —*박 (손바닥 *장) To clap the hands. *See* 손벽치다.

***손복호다** l. 損福 (멸) (복) To throw away one's good fortune.

***손부** s. 孫婦 (손조) (며느리) The wife of a grandson.

쏜살노 s. 箭矢 (젤—*살) (살—*시) Swiftly; like an arrow. *See* 쏠니.

***손상호다** l. 損傷 (멸) (상홀) To damage; to injure; to spoil. *See* 감상호다.

***손셔** s. 孫壻 (손조) (사회) A granddaughter's husband. *Opp.* 손우.

***손석** s. 孫奭 (손조) (클) A D. 962-1033. A celebrated scholar and statesman, of China, whose views on the interpretation of the classics rank among the highest authorities.

손소 s. 自手 (스스리—*조) (손—*슈) (With, one's own hands. *See* 친히.

***손실뎨면호다** l. 損失體面 (멸) (일흠) (몸) (낫) To lose face; to have one's reputation ruined.

***손실호다** l. 損失 (멸) (일흘) To lose; to meet with loss.

손아귀 s. The space between the thumb and index finger; strength of hand.

손아래 s. 手下 (손—*슈) (아래 —*하) One's subordinates. *See* 슈하.

***손우** l. 損友 (멸) (벗) An injurious friend. *Opp.* 익우.

손위 s. 手上 (손 *슈) (웃 *상) Those to whom one is subordinate. *See* 슈상.

***손익** l. 損益 (멸) (더홀) Loss and profit; advantage and disadvantage.

손익산 l. 損益算 (멸) (더홀) (산둘) Profit and loss.

손잡이 s. 手把 (손—*슈) (잡을—*파) A handle; a place to take hold of.

손장단 s. (—짱) 手長短 (손—*슈) (긴 (쌀을) Beating time with the hand—to music. (치다).

손조 s. (주) 自手 (스스리—*조) (손—*슈) Myself; himself. *See* 친히.

손쥬 s. 孫子 (손조) (아들—*조) Posterity; children. *Also* 손조.

손찌검호다 s. To strike; to beat with the hand.

손짓다 s. 지여; 진 To divide into handfuls.

손질호다 s. (—찔) 手質 (손—*슈) (홈질—*무) To finger; to point; to gesticulate.

***손조** s. 孫子 (손조) (아들) A grandson. (보다).

*손지수 *l.* (—수) 損財數 (멸)(지물)(두어) Luck for losing one's possessions. *See* 실물수.

*손지호다 *l.* 損財 (멸)(지물) To diminish one's goods; to lose one's property. *See* 실물호다

손톱 *s.* 爪 (*조) The finger nails.

*손책 *s.* 孫策 (손조)(책) A.D. 175-200. A famous king of East Oh. China.

손쳑치다 *s.* 拍掌 칠—*박)(손바닥 -*장) 쳑쳐; 천 To clap the hands

*손풍 *l.* 巽風 (손방)(바람) A south east wind.

*손해 *l.* 損害 (멸)(해홀) Loss; damage; detriment.

*손해금 / 損害金 (멸)(해홀)(쇠) Money paid for loss; pecuniary repayment.

*손해보험 *l.* 損害保險 (멸)(해홀)(보쳔)(험홀) Insurance against loss.

*손해비 *l.* 損害費 (멸)(해홀)(비비) Money paid to square up for damage or loss.

*손해비상금 / 損害賠償金 (멸)(해홀)(비상)(감홀) Compensation for damage.

*손해요상 *l.* 損害要償 면)(해홀)(요구홀)(갑홀) Claim for damage.

*손호다 *l.* 損 (멸) To damage, to injure, to spoil.

솔 *s.* 松 (소나무—*송) The pine.

솔 *l.* 刷子 (슈쇄—*쉐) (아홀—*즈) A brush. (질호다).

*솔가호다 *s.* 率家 (거누릴) (집) To get all one's family together.

솔개 *s.* 鳶、*연) A kite, a hawk *See* 소리개.

솔곰솔곰 *s.* Steadily; slowly; gently.

솔길너뎡즈 *s.* Planting pines in hope of a pleasure grove. *See* 식숑망뎡.

솔깃호다 *s.* To incline to; to lean towards; to yield to.

솔나무 *s.* 松木 (소나무—*송)(나무—*목) The pine tree.

솔닉다 *s.* 솔닉; 닌 To incline; to lean.

솔싸 *l.* 아; 손 To be numb; to feel a pricking sensation—as in the hands after work. To be sore.

솔박궁 *l.* A bow shot—a measurement of distance.

솔발 *s.* 率鉢 (거누릴—*솔)(바팔—*팔) A bell.

솔방울 *s.* 松子 (소나무—*송)(아홀 -*즈) Pine cones; fir seed vessels.

솔새 *s.* 松禽 (소나무—*숑)(새—*금) A bird that lives on pine seeds.

솔솔 *l.* Running out; leaking.

솔솔 *s.* and *l.* Softly; gently.

솔솔호다 *s.* and *l.* To be about the same. To be gentle—of the wind.

*솔양호다 *s.* 率養 (거누릴) (기를) To adopt a son of one of the same clan. *See* 계양호다.

솔옷 *s.* 蓬 (*쵸) A weed like dock. *See* 소모장이.

솔질호다 *l.* To brush down; to curry.

솔찜질 *s.* Steaming from pine leaves—a remedy.

*솔창호다 *s.* 率倡 (거누릴) (화광이) To employ an actor—to celebrate graduation.

*솔텬지하 *s.* 率天之下 (거누릴) (하놀) (갈) (아래) Under all the heavens; throughout the world.

*솔토지민 *s.* 率土之民 (거누릴) (흙) (갈) (빅셩) People of the world; all inhabitants of the earth.

*솔토지빈 *s.* 率土之濱 (거누릴 (흙) (갈) (물가 The circuit of the earth

솜 *l.* 綿 (*면) Cotton wool. (토막) (두다). *See* 거히.

솜솜 *l.* Pitted; perforated. Carefully; deeply.

솜씨 *s.* 手才 (손—*슈) (지조—*지) Skill of hand; ability—as seen in manufacturing. (낙다). *See* 슈직.

솜채 *l.* A cotton beater.

솜털 *l.* 綿毛 (솜—*면) (털억—*모) Down; downy feathers.

솜틀 *l.* 綿機 (솜—*면) (틀—*긔) A cotton picker.

솟 *s.* 鼎 (*뎡) An iron rice kettle. (걸다). *See* 식뎡.

솟뚜다 *s.* 아; 곤 To jump up. To protrude.

솟뚜라지다 *s.* 沸 (쓸을—*비) 이져, 진 To boil furiously, to boil up.

솟곰호다 *s.* To thin out—of plants.

솟곰질호다 *s.* To play at cooking—as a child.

솟나다 *s.* 나; 난 To be superior; to be better than; to be an improvement on.

솟다 *s.* 涌 (소을—*용) 소사; 슨 To shoot out; to spurt out; to come up to the top; to come out. To jump up. To protrude; to stick out.

쏫다 *s.* 아; 은 To throw out; to empty out.

솥발 s. 鼎足 (솥—*명) (발—*족) The three feet of an iron rice-pot.

솟보다 s. 仰視 (우럴 *앙) (볼—*시) 아; 본 To look on with respect.

쏫아지다 s. 아져; 진 To spill; to run out.

솟임 s. 鼎冠 (솟—*명) (갓 *관) A rice kettle cover.

솟적새 s. 豐年鳥 (풍년 *풍) (히—*년) (새—*됴) The "year of plenty" bird—supposed to announce good harvests.

솟치다 s. 솟쳐; 친 To come out; to protrude.

쇠 s. 鐵 (*털) Iron, metal.

쇠고기 l. 牛肉 (소—*우) (고기—*육) Beef. *See* 졍육.

쇠꼬리 s. A weaving loom handle—by which the warp and woof threads are moved up and down.

쇠공이 s. 鐵杵 (쇠—*털) (공이—*저) An iron pounder. (又 다).

쇠귀나물 s. 薑 (*육) An herb, shaped like a cow's ear.

쇠기름 l. 牛油 (소—*우) (기름—*유) Beef tallow.

*쇠년 s. 衰年 (쇠홀) (년) Old age; the time of age and feebleness.

쇠뇌 s. 弩 (*노) A crossbow.

쇠다 l. 쇠여; 인 To shine on. To cool off. To inhale; to fumigate.

쇠다 s. 衰 (쇠홀—*쇠) 여; 친 To be tough; to be hard—as vegetables when past the season. To be ugly; to be violent.

쇠다람나무 s. The name of a tree with white bark and a red heart.

쇠닷 s. 鐵矴 (쇠—*털) (닷—*명) An iron anchor.

쇠댁이 s. A kind of weed found in fields.

쇠뚱 s. Sparks -that fly from the anvil.

*쇠모ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰耗 (쇠홀) (모ᄒᆞ) To become decrepit by old age.

*쇠모ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰耗 (쇠홀) (쇠홀) To be weary, or exhausted.

쇠못 s. 鐵釘 (쇠 *털) (못—*명) Nails; a nail. (박다) (주다).

*쇠문 s. 衰門 (쇠홀) (문) A declining clan; a decaying family.

*쇠미ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰微 (쇠홀) (미율) To have waned; to have declined; to have dwindled; to be impaired; to be reduced.

쇠북 s. 鐘 (*종) A bell—as found in Buddhist temples.

쇠붓 s. 鐵筆 (쇠 -*털) (붓 *필) A metal pen. *See* 철필.

쇠비름 s. 莧 (비름 *현) Purslane. *Portulaca oleracea.*

쇠비 s. Altogether, entirely. *See* 쇠동.

쇠사슬 s. 鐵鏈 (쇠—*털) (사슬—*련) An iron chain. *See* 사슬.

쇠시랑 s. An iron rake.

*쇠약ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰弱 (쇠홀) (약홀) To be exhausted; to be debilitated; to be worn out.

*쇠약ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰弱 (쇠홀) (약홀) To become weak; to be enfeebled; to become enervated. *See* 쇠잔ᄒᆞ다, 잔약ᄒᆞ다.

*쇠운 s. 衰運 (쇠홀) (옴길) Decline, or decay.

쇠자로칼 s. An iron handled knife.

쇠자루 s. 鐵把 (쇠—*털) (잡을—*파) An iron rake.

*쇠잔ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰殘 (쇠홀) (쇠잔) To be worn out; to be weak; to be frail; to be debilitated. *Opp.* 부셩ᄒᆞ다.

쇠젓 l. 牛乳 (소—*우) (젓—*유) Cow's milk. (싸다). *See* 우유.

*쇠증 s. 衰症 (쇠홀) (증세) General debility.

*쇠진ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰盡 (쇠홀) (다홀) To decay; to go to pieces; to decrease—in vigor.

쇠젼 s. Chinese cash.

쇠띄 s. 鋼 (*구) A metal hoop or band.

쇠동 s. Altogether; entirely. *See* 아조.

*쇠폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰敝 (쇠홀) (폐홀) To be debilitated, to be weak and worn out. *See* 쇠약ᄒᆞ다.

*쇠ᄒᆞ다 s. 衰 (쇠홀) To decay; to decline; to fade away. *Opp.* 셩ᄒᆞ다.

쇤네 s. "I"—used by a slave to his master.

숨곳 l. 錐 (*츄) An awl; a gimlet.

*송구영신ᄒᆞ다 l. 送舊迎新 (보낼) (녜) (마질) (새) To dismiss the old and appoint the new.

*송구ᄒᆞ다 l. 悚懼 (두려울) (두려울) To fear; to be afraid, to tremble.

*송규렴 s. 宋奎濂 (나라) (별) (물) A famous scholar of Korea.

*송직ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 送客 (보낼)(손) To escort a visitor on his departure; to see a guest off.

송당송당 s. In shoes; in shavings. (헐다). *See* 싹둑싹둑.

송둥이 s. A small rice pot. (Prov.)

송두리치 s Altogether; wholly; all.

*송순 / 宋純 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A.D. 1493-1583 A scholar ᄂᆞ P Kwang (송계)

*송명ᄉᆞᆫ / 宋明臣 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 N.P. 蝶泉 A famous scholar of Korea.

*송무괴 ᄂᆞ 朱無極 (나라)(업을)(어딜) 8th century B.C. A mystic philosopher of China.

*송별연 ᄂᆞ 送別宴 (보낼)(ᄀᆡ별)(잔치) A farewell banquet. *See* 전별연.

*송별ᄂᆞᆫ 送別會 보ᄂᆞᆫ ᄀᆡ별 모ᄃᆞᆯ A farewell entertainment.

*송별ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 送別 (보낼)(ᄀᆡ별) To escort on departure; to see off; to bid farewell; to part. *See* 전별ᄒᆞ다.

*송ᄉᆞ귀 / 宋時烈 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A.D. 1606-1689 F.S. 尤庵 N.P. 同春 A famous scholar and statesman ᄂᆞ ᄆᆞᆼ ᄀᆡ ᄀᆡ. A Minister of the time of Suk-jong.

*송금 ᄂᆞ 送金 (보낼)(쇠) Remittance.

*송시열 / 宋時烈 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A.D. 1607 F.S. 尤庵 N.P. 尤菴. A famous Minister of the time of Hyo-jong, founder of the *No ron*, and one of Korea's great scholars.

송사리 s. 鮠 (*어) Diminutive fish—as seen in a brook.

송아지 s. 犢 (*독) A calf. *See* 송치.

*송양지인 / 宋襄之仁 ᄂᆞ라 ᄂᆞ제 갈ᄒᆞ여ᄂᆞᆫ Useless virtue; meaningless goodness.

*송영ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 送迎 (보낼)(마질) To meet on arrival and escort on departure; to welcome and see off.

*송옥 / 宋玉 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A poet of the state of Ts'u, circa B.C. 300.

*송인 / 宋寅 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 NP 頤庵 A famous writer of Korea.

*송인명 / 宋寅明 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A.D. 1689 F.S. 櫟山 N.P. 泛虛亭 Minister of Yung-jong.

*송일 / 宋鎰 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 A.D. 1514 F.S. 櫟山. Prime Minister of Chung-jong.

송장 ᄂᆞ 尸 (주검—*시) A dead body; a corpse. *See* 죽엄.

*송준길 ᄂᆞ 宋浚吉 (나라)(깊) (길ᄒᆞᆯ) F.S. 同春 N.P. 同春. A Minister in the time of Hyo-jong.

송치 s. The foetus of the calf of a slaughtered animal. *See* 송아지.

송ᄒᆞᆫ ᄂᆞ A falcon.

*쇼 ᄂᆞ 沼 (못) A pool; a deep part—of a river or lake where dragons are supposed to be. (지다).

*쇼가 ᄂᆞ 小家 (ᄌᆡᆷ) (집) A concubine. *See* 별실.

*쇼가지 / 小加只 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆡ로 ᄆᆞᆼ슴 ᄂᆞ ᄆᆞᆼ ᄀᆡ ᄀᆡ. Lat. 33.09 Long. 126.09.

*쇼가ᄒᆞ다 s. 嘯歌 (쉬파람) (노래) To sing.

*쇼각ᄒᆞ다 s. 燒却 (불살을) (물니칠) To burn up; to destroy by burning.

쇼경ᄋᆞᆨ 小經藥 적을 (소이 물건) (칠) One who deals in toilet articles; a fancy goods store.

*쇼갈 s. 消渴 (살아질) (목ᄆᆞᆯ을) Quenching of thirst.

*쇼갈ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 消渴 살아ᄂᆞᆫ 목ᄆᆞᆯ을 ᄒᆞ여. 될 To slake thirst. *See* 히갈ᄒᆞ다

쇼갈ᄌᆞᆼ 消渴症 살아ᄂᆞᆫ 목ᄆᆞᆯ을 ᄌᆞᆼ세 Diabetes.

*쇼개 ᄂᆞ 紹介 이을 ᄂᆞᆫ ᄀᆡ ᄂᆞ go-between a mediator. (녹다). *See* 련비.

쇼개장 紹介狀 이을 ᄂᆞᆫ 글 ᄂᆞ letter of introduction.

*쇼개ᄒᆞ다 s. 紹介 (니을) (낫) To act as go-between; to make mischief.

*쇼기 s. 燒距 (살을) (상거) Focal distance.

*쇼기밉 s. 消忌法 살아ᄂᆞᆫ (부릴) (법) Casting out multiplies.

*쇼진세념ᄒᆞ다 s. 消塵歲月 (살아질) (보낼) (히) (돔) To banish care; to dissipate ennui; to pass the time.

쇼경 ᄂᆞ 盲人 (관슈—*밍) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A blind person. *See* 장님.

*쇼경 ᄂᆞ 小經 (적을) (굿칠) Pedicel, *pedi-culus.*

*쇼경 ᄂᆞ 小莖 (적을) (줄기) Stemlet.

쇼경단쳠구경 ᄂᆞ 盲之觀場 (관슈—*밍, ᄀᆞᆫ구경 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄀᆞᆫ ᄒᆞ) Like a blind man's seeing the paintings of a room. *See* 밍자단청.

쇼경슈슈 ᄂᆞ Broom-corn.

쇼경의장뜨기 ᄂᆞ 盲之拈醬 (관슈—*밍) (쓸—*지) (진질ᄒᆞᆯ—*ᄒᆞᆸ) (장—*장) A ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ ᄂᆞ dipping up soy—darkness ᄀᆞᆫ ᄂᆞ

*쇼고 ᄂᆞ (一구) 小鼓 (적을 (복) A kind of drum with a handle.

*쇼곡 ᄂᆞ 小斛 적을, 헤 Dry measure.

*쇼공 l. 小功 (적을) (공) Mourning for aunts, uncles etc. to be worn five months. *Opp.* 대공.

*쇼공 s. 召公 (부를) (귀인) The famous duke of Shao of China.

*쇼국 l. 小國 (적을) (나라) "My humble country"—an expression of respect. A small country.

*쇼군물 l. 小軍物 (적을) (군소) (만물) The smaller arms and weapons of war as used on lesser occasions.

*쇼극 s. 消極 (살아질) (구할) The negative pole—of electricity.

*쇼근인수 s. 消極因數 (살아질) (극리) (인할) (두어) Rationalizing factor.

*쇼긔 l. 小朞 (적을) (돌) The 1st sacrifice to parents—at the end of the 1st year. *See* 소상.

*쇼길 l. 小吉 (적을) (길할) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.13 Long. 125.44, a village in P'yong an-do. Lat 40 16. Long 125 22.

*쇼길호리 l. 小吉號里 (적을) (길호) (일홈) (마을) A post station in P'yong-an-do

*쇼과 l. 小科 (적을) (과거) Literary examinations for scholarship. *See* 진소.

*쇼괄호 l. 小括弧 (적을) (괄을) (활) Parenthesis. *See* 즉괄호; 대괄호.

*쇼광 s 祖光 봉 (빗) A spring landscape.

*쇼남록 l. 小男鹿 (적을) (사나희) (사슴) A male deer; a buck.

쇼낙이 s. 驟雨 다칠 *취) (비 *우 A dash of rain; a shower. (오다.

*쇼남 l. 小南 (적을) (남녁) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*쇼녀 l. 小女 (적을) (계집) I; "your daughter. A girl; a young woman.

*쇼년 l. 少年 (젊을) (히) Youth; boyhood. *See* 청년.

*쇼년비 l. 少年輩 (젊을) (히) (무리) Youths and maidens; young people.

*쇼농 l. 小農 (적을) (농소) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.24. Long. 127.30.

*쇼농보 l. 小農堡 (적을) (농소) (막을) A post station in Ham-kyŏng do.

쇼담 s. A disease of the foot—of horses.

*쇼담지저 s. 消痰之材 (살아질) (담) (갈) (지목) Medicine to dissipate phlegm.

*쇼담호다 s. 消痰 (살아질) (담) To dissipate phlegm—as by medicine.

쇼뎨 l. A perpendicular pole on which an actor performs. (놀니다).

쇼뎨 l. 孝竹 (효도—*효) (대 *죽) A pole surmounted by a dragon figure—planted before the house of a successful graduate.

*쇼대상 l. 小大祥 (적을) (큰 (상서) The "lesser" and "greater" sacrifices—to ancestors.

쇼뎨쟝이 l. 踏板 (탈 *나) (판 *진) One who performs on a pole and crossbar; an acrobat.

*쇼뎨 l. 少弟 (젊을) (아오) I; myself—used in letters to an older friend. *Opp.* 로형.

*쇼뎡 l. 小艇 (적을) (비) A small boat; a yacht.

*쇼도 l. 小刀 (적을) (칼) The short sword formerly worn in Japan; a small knife.

*쇼도 l. 小島 (적을) (섬) A small island.

*쇼독 s. 消毒 (살아질) (독할) Counteracting a poison; disinfection.

*쇼독법 s. 消毒法 (살아질) (독할) (법) The law of using antidotes or disinfectants

*쇼독소 s. 消毒所 (살아질) (독할) (바) A disinfecting station.

*쇼독실 s. 消毒室 (살아질) (독할) (집) A disinfecting room.

*쇼독약 s. 消毒藥 (살아질) (독할) (약) An antidote to a poison; a disinfectant.

*쇼독제 s. 消毒劑 (살아질) (독할) (약지을) An antidote to a poison; antiseptics.

*쇼독지 s. 消毒材 (살아질) (독할) (지료) Antiseptic drugs.

*쇼독호다 s. 消毒 (살아질) (독할) To counteract a poison, to disinfect.

*쇼동 l. 小童 (적을) (아희) A lad; a little boy.

*쇼동대동 l. 小東大東 (적을) (동녁) (큰) (동녁) The small and great kingdoms of the East. (B.O.)

*쇼됴호다 s. 蕭條 (쓱) (가지) To be lonesome; to be alone, or solitary.

*쇼두화 l. 小頭花 (적을) (머리) (꽃) Head.

*쇼디명 l. 小地名 (적을) (짜) (일홈) An insignificant place; an unknown location. *See* 동명.

*쇼뎌 l. 小隊 (적을) (떼) A company—of soldiers.

*쇼디상 l. 小隊長 (적을) (떼) (어른) A captain of a company. *See* 참위.

*쇼덕 s. 昭德 (붉을) (덕신) An enlightened or glorious age.

*쇼덕 l. 小隊 (적을) (떼) A company consisting of twenty soldiers.

*쇼판 l. 小板 적을 (판자) A wooden base board—carved and ornamented.

*쇼러송 / 小呂宋 (적을, (법) (나라) Luzon—of the Philippines in contrast to *Taysong*—Spain.

*쇼력 l. 小曆 (적을) (책력) A small almanach; a small calendar.

*쇼렴 l. 小殮 (적을) 검슴홀) A simple burial. *Opp.* 대렴.

*쇼렴포 l. 小殮布 (적을, 검슴홀) (보) Linen with which to wrap a dead body.

*쇼렴ᄒᆞ다 l. 小殮 (적을) (검슴홀) To lay out a dead body for burial temporarily. *See* 대렴ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼령산 s. 昭靈山 붉을 신령 (외) A mountain in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.57. Long. 127.26.

*쇼로 l. 小路 (적을) (길) A by-way; a narrow road. *See* 대로.

*쇼록 l. 小錄 적을 기ᄅᆞ ᄉᆞ résumé, a recapitulation of the important points in a letter. *See* 대지.

*쇼론 l. 少論 (젊을) (의론) One of the four political parties. *See* 도론.

쇼름 l. Pimples on the skin. (돗다).

*쇼릉 / 小陵 (적을 언덕) A post station in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.32. Long. 127.17.

*쇼리 l. 小吏 (적을) (아전) Official writers; *yamen* clerks.

*쇼리 l. 小利 (적을) (리홀) Small profits. *See* 대리.

*쇼마 l. 小便 (적을) (쇼변—*변) Urine. (보다). *See* 오좀.

쇼마보다 l. 아; 본 To urinate. *See* 오좀누다.

*쇼만 / 小滿 적을 ᄎᆞᆨ "Grain fills" one of the 24 solar periods occurring about May 21st.

*쇼매 l. 小賣 (적을) (팔) Retail.

*쇼멸ᄒᆞ다 s. 消滅 (살아질) (멸홀) To destroy utterly; to annihilate.

*쇼명관 s. 道明關 (길) (붉을) (관길) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 41.33. Long. 126.14.

*쇼명ᄒᆞ다 s. 昭明 붉을, 붉을 To be clear; to be bright; to be luminous To be clever. *See* 확ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼모품 s. 消耗品 (살아질 (쇠홀) 물ᄉᆞ) Materials that waste and disappear—as food, clothing, etc. *Opp.* 생비품.

*쇼모ᄒᆞ다 s. 召募 (부를) (뽑) To levy—as troops or police; to enlist; to recruit.

*쇼모ᄒᆞ다 s. 消耗 (살아질) (쇠홀) To reduce; to curtail; to lessen; to consume; to waste.

*쇼목 s. 小木 (적을) (나무) Small wood—in contrast to large timber (대목). A wood worker who makes small articles. *See* 쇼목장이.

*쇼목 s. 昭穆 (붉을) (소ᄆᆡ) The left and right sides. Degrees of relationship. (되다). *See* 촌수.

*쇼목장이 s. 小木匠 (적을) (나무) (장인) A cabinet-maker; a carpenter. *Sc* 쇼목.

*쇼문 s. 小門 (적을) (문) A small gate. The vagina.

*쇼물리학 / 小物理學 (적을) (만물) (리ᄉᆡ 학홀 Elementary Physics.

*쇼미 l. 小米 (적을) (쌀) Millet. *See* 좁쌀.

*쇼민 l. 小民 (적을) (빅셩) The lower classes of people; poor people. *Opp.* 대민.

*쇼미 l. 小妹 (적을) (누의) A game of dressing as a woman—played by boys.

*쇼믜 s. 消梅 (살아질) (미화) A variety of plum bearing very small fruit.

*쇼밀 l. 小麥 (적을) (보리) Wheat. *See* 보리.

*쇼빙 l. 小丙 (적을) (관수) "I;" "myself" used by a blind man to an official.

*쇼방계 s. 消防計 (살아질) (막을) (계교) A company of fireman; a fire company.

*쇼방긔 s. 消防器 (살아질) (막을) (그릇) A fire-engine.

*쇼방긔계 s. 消防機械 (살아질 막을) (긔계) (긔계) A fire-engine; a fire extinguisher.

*쇼방부 s. 消防夫 (살아질) (막을) (지아비) A fireman.

*쇼방열 s. 消防熱 (살아질 막을 더울) Hectic fever.

*쇼방ᄒᆞ다 s. 消防 (살아질) (막을) To extinguish; to put out—as a fire; to stamp out—as a disease.

*쇼변 l. 小便 (적을) (쇼변) Urine. (보다). *See* 쇼마. *Opp.* 대변.

쇼변보다 *l.* 放溺 (노흘—*방) (오좀—*뇨) 아; 론 To urinate.

*쇼변불통 *l.* 小便不通 (적을) (쇼변) (아닐) (통홀) Complete stoppage of the urine.

*쇼변본 *l.* 小變分 (적을) (변홀) (논홀) Small variation.

*쇼변불금 *l.* 小便不禁 (적을) (쇼변) (아닐) (금홀) Urinary weakness.

*쇼변불리 *l.* 小便不利 (적을) (쇼변) (아닐) (리홀) Stoppage of the urine.

*쇼변소 *l.* 小便所 (적을) (쇼변) (바) A water-closet.

쇼쳘 *l.* A span—by thumb and first finger.

*쇼보 *l.* 小補 (적을) (기울) A little benefit or assistance.

*쇼복 *l.* 小腹 (적을) (비) The abdomen.

*쇼본 *l.* 小本 (적을) (밋) A small size—as of negatives in photography etc. *Opp.* 대본.

*쇼부 *l.* 少婦 (젊을) (며느리) A young woman.

*쇼분 *l.* 小分 (적을) (논홀) Subdivision.

*쇼불하 *l.* 小不下 (적을) (아닐) (아래) Not less than . . . . ; at least. *See* 다불과.

*쇼북 *l.* 小北 (적을) (북녁) One of the four political parties. *See* 북인.

*쇼북간신 *l.* 小北奸臣 (적을) (북녁) 간소) (신하) A cunning rascal; a flatterer; a talebearer.

*쇼비물 *s.* 消費物 (살아질) (허비) 물건 Things that are consumed.

*쇼비ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 消費 (살아질) (허비) To spend; to consume.

*쇼빅산 *l.* 小白山 (적을) (흰) (뫼) Mountains in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 20.37. Long. 128.00 and in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.44. Long. 130.01 and Lat. 41.38. Long. 128.24.

*쇼사 *l.* 小蛇 (적을) (초ᄒᆞ로) A post station in P'yŏng-an-do.

*쇼샤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 簫索 (쑥) (찌질) To be dried up; to be shrivelled up.

쇼샤스럽다 *s.* 럽워; 운 To be cunning; to be evil; to be seductive. *See* 요망스럽다.

*쇼상 *l.* 小祥 (적을) (상셔) The 1st anniversary of the death of parents. *See* 쇼긔. *Opp.* 대상.

*쇼상강 *s.* 瀟湘江 (물) (물) (물) The *Soang* river—a famous stream of China.

*쇼상반죽 *s.* 瀟湘班竹 (물) (물) (아루ᄅᆞ) (대) The specked bamboo—used for pipe-stems. *See* 반죽.

*쇼상팔경 *s.* 瀟湘八景 (물) (물) (여ᄃᆞᆲ) (볏) The eight views of the *Soang*.

*쇼샹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昭詳 (볼을) (조셰) To be exact; to be clear; to be explicit. *See* 쇼명ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼서 *l.* 小暑 (적을) (더울) "Slight heat" one of the 24 solar periods occurring about July 7th. *Opp.* 대서.

*쇼셕힝장 *l.* 小西行長 (적을) (셔녁) (힝홀) (긴) A name given to one of the Japanese Generals in the war of the 16th century—*Konishi*.

*쇼션 *l.* 小船 (적을) (비) A small boat. *See* 거루.

*쇼셜 *l.* 小說 (적을) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Small talk; gossip. A story book—in the character. *See* 야ᄉᆞ.

*쇼셜 *l.* 小雪 (적을) (눈) "Little snow"—one of the 24 solar periods occurring about Nov. 22nd. *See* 대셜.

*쇼셜가 *l.* 小說家 (적을) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (집) A novelist.

*쇼셜칙 *l.* 小說冊 (적을) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (칙) A novel; a work of fiction. *See* 쇼셜

*쇼셤유 *l.* 小纖維 (적을) (가늘) (얽을) Fibril, fibrilla.

*쇼셩 *l.* 小成 (적을) (일울) A graduate in in scholarship —a *Chinsa*. *See* 진ᄉᆞ

*쇼쇼 *s.* 簫韶 (풍뉴) The name of a class of music. (B. H.)

*쇼쇼명빅히 *s.* 昭昭明白 (볼을) (볼을) (볼을) (흰) Clearly, distinctly, manifestly. *See* 분명히.

*쇼쇼히 *l.* 小小 (적을) (적을) Little by little. Meanly; closely.

*쇼쇼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昭昭 (볼을) (볼을) To be evident; to be clear; to be manifest. *See* 명명ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼쇼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 小小 (적을) (적을) To be narrow-minded; to be small. To be a trifle. *See* 잣갈다.

*쇼수 *l.* 小數 (적을) (두어) Decimal fractions.

*쇼수 *l.* 少數 (적을) (두어) A small number; the minority.

쇼수 *s.* 零數 (떠러질—*명) (두어—*수) The amount over; what is over and above.

*쇼수뎜 *l.* 小數點 (적을) (두어) (뎜) A decimal point; decimal sign.

*쇼슈 *l.* 小豎 (적을) (더벙머리) A small child.

*소승 h. 小僧 (적을)(중) I; myself—used by Buddhists to the laity.

*소승 h. 小乘 (적을) (탈) "The small conveyance" a system of Buddhism developed by those of the south of India. *See* 대승.

*소시 h. 少時 (젊을)(때) (In) youth; (in) boyhood.

*소시에 h. 少時 (젊을)(때) A little while; a short time.

*소시장 s. 燒尸場 (불살을)(주검)(마당) A cremation ground.

*소식 s. 消息 (살아질) (쉬일) Rumor; report; news. *See* 긔별.

*소식ᄒᆞ다 s. 消食 (살아질)(밥)ᄒᆞ여; 된 To digest food. *See* 쇼화되다.

*소식제 s. 消食劑 (살아질 밥)(제료) A digestive; an aid to digestion.

*소실 h. 小室 (적을) (집) A concubine. *See* 쇼가; 쳡실.

*소쇼 s. 召史 (부를) (소ᄉᆞ) A widow. *See* 홀어미.

*소ᄉᆞ h. 小事 (적을)(일) A small affair, an insignificant matter. *Opp.* 대ᄉᆞ

*소ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 小事 (적을)(섬길) To be uncertain; to be not sure. *See* 알ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*소셩 h. 小生 (적을)(날) I; myself—used by the literati before high officials.

*소안 s. 韶顔 (봄)(얼골) A pretty face; a smiling face.

*소애 h. 少艾 젊을, 쏙 A girl, a young woman

*소양 s. 霄壤 (하눌)(흙덩이) Heaven and earth; talent and stupidity.

*소양증 h. 상한症 몸알 병, 증세 Heaviness, soreness of the side, disagreeable taste in the mouth etc. from native fever.

*소양지간 s. 霄壤之間 (하눌)(흙덩이)(갈)(ᄉᆞ이) The difference between heaven and earth -used of distinctions between persons. *See* 텬양지간.

*소양지차 s. 霄壤之差 (하눌)(흙덩이)(갈) 어그러질) Difference as great as heaven and earth; a very wide difference.

*소언 h. 小言 (적을 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Grumbling, scolding; finding fault with

*소여 h. 小輿 (적을)(수레) A sham coffin and cortege preceding the real remains at a royal funeral—a device to cheat malignant spirits. *Opp.* 대여.

*소연히 s. 蕭然 (쑥) (그럴) Lonely; desolate

*소연ᄒᆞ다 s. 昭然 (볼을) (그럴) To be clear; to be bright; to be evident.

*소열ᄒᆞ다 s. 消炎解(살아질, 더울 약시을) Antifebrile medicine, febrifuge.

*소엽 h. 小葉 (적을)(닙) Foliolum, leaflet.

*소엽병 h. 小葉柄 (적을) (잎) (자루) A partial petiole.

*소옥 h. 小屋 (적을) (집) A small hut; a cot.

*소요ᄒᆞ다 s. 逍遙 (노닐) (놀 To ramble, stroll or saunter. *See* 뷕회ᄒᆞ다

*소용 s. 韶容 (봄) (얼골 A pretty face

*소옹 s. 邵雍 (놉흘) (화할) A.D. 1011—1077. Called 쇼ᄌᆞ (邵子). the Philosopher Shao. One of the famous schoolmen of the Song dynasty.

*소우 h. 小雨 (적을) (비) Fine or drizzling rain.

*소위 h. 少尉 (젊을) (벼슬) Second lieutenant. *See* 참위.

*소위후보생 h. 少尉候補生 (젊을)(벼슬)(기ᄃᆞ릴)(ᄉᆞᆯ), (날) Military cadets.

*소유두 h. 小乳頭 (적을) (졋) (머리) Papulae.

*소융 s. 小戎 (적을) (오랑캐) A war-chariot. (B. C.)

*소융증 h. 小陰症 (젊을) (그늘) (증세) Dry mouth with ulcers—in native fever.

*소읍 h. 小邑 (적을) (고을) An insignificant official district.

*소의군 s. 昭毅軍 (볼을) (거들) (군사) The royal chair bearers on a progress within the Palace walls.

*소인 h. 小人 (적을)(사ᄅᆞᆷ) I; "myself" -used before officials. The inferior man in contrast to 군ᄌᆞ. A witked counsellor.

*소일지간 h. (—)(ᄌᆞ)ᄉᆞ一之間 (적을) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (갈) (ᄉᆞᆫ식) One regret—in the midst of rejoicing.

*소일ᄒᆞ다 h. 消日 (살아질 날) To pass the time with games; to take recreation.

*소ᄋᆞ h. 小兒 (적을)(아히) A little child.

*소ᄋᆞ회 h. 小兒會 (적을 아히) 모ᄋᆞᆯ) A sunday school; a childrens' meeting.

*소원 h. 小圓 (적을) (둥글) A small circle.

*소장 h. 小腸 (적을) (창ᄌᆞ) The urinary intestines.

*소장 h. 少將 (젊을) (장슈) A major-general ᄉᆞ 감장, 참ᄅᆞ, 대장.

*소장 h. 小將 (적을 장슈 A rear admiral; a major-general. I.

*쇼장 f. 少長 (젊을) (어른) Young and old; persons of all ages; all.

*쇼장지변 s. 蕭墻之變 (숙) (담) (갈) (변할) Domestic troubles. *See* 조출지간

*쇼저 f. 小姐 (적을) (개집) A young lady, a miss.

*쇼저ᄒᆞ다 s. 昭著 (볼을) (나타날) To be clear; to be bright; to be distinct. *See* 현저ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 消洒 (살아질) (고요) To relieve monotony; to take recreation. *See* 쇼일ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼전 f. 小篆 (적을) (전ᄌᆞ) The "lesser seal," a style of writing invented about the 3rd century B.C. (It was intended to do away with the elaborate forms of the *Tajŏn*).

*쇼젼 f. 小戰 (적을) (싸울) A slight contest; a skirmish. *Opp.* 대젼.

*쇼졍 f. 小正 (적을) (바를) Small printed letters.

*쇼존셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 燒存性 (살아질) (잇슬) (성품) To char; to roast.

*쇼주 f. 小註 (적을) (주낼) The lesser comments—of the Classics. (내다) *See* 대주.

*쇼쥬 s. 燒酒 (살아질) (술) Distilled spirits.

*쇼쥬게ᄉᆡ 少主計 (적을) (님금) (게교) A pay master of the lowest rank corresponding to a second lieutenant.

*쇼즁판 f. 小中閘 (적을) (가온ᄃᆡ) (짐) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.11. Long. 125.32 (Maury's I.)

*쇼지 f. 燒紙 (살아질) (조희) Sacrificial paper—burnt to departed spirits. (올니다).

*쇼지권 f. 所持權 (바) (가질) (권세) Ownership.

*쇼지올니다 f. 燒紙 (살아질) (조희) 올녀; 닌 To burn sacrificial paper.

*쇼진분수 s. 消盡分數 (살아질) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (논홀) (두어) A vanishing fraction.

*쇼진션 s. 消盡線 (살아질) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (실) A vanishing line.

*쇼진ᄒᆞ다 s. 消盡 (살아질) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be consumed or exhausted.

*쇼집ᄒᆞ다 s. 召集 (부를) (모들) To convene.

*쇼즈 f. 小子 (적을) (아들) I—used in speaking.

*쇼좌 f. 少佐 (젊을) (도울) A major in the army; captain in the navy. *See* 참령; 대위장.

*쇼창 f. 小瘡 (적을) (헌ᄃᆡ) Small eruption on the skin.

*쇼창옷 s. 小氅衣 (적을) (창의) (옷 —*외) A small outer coat. *See* 즐ᄉᆞᆨ.

*쇼창지지 s. 消脹之劑 (살아질) (창ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (지목) Medicine for swelling or flatulency. *Also* 쇼ᄉᆡᆨ지지.

*쇼창ᄒᆞ다 s. 消暢 (살아질) (화창ᄒᆞᆯ) To take an outing; to have a picnic. *See* 쇼쾌ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼천 s. 小錢 (적을) (돈—*젼) Chinese cash. *See* 푸천.

*쇼첩 f. 少妾 (젊을) (첩) "I your concubine"—used conventionally for "I your wife." (Epist.) *See* 의젼.

*쇼체ᄒᆞ다 s. 消滯 (살아질) (걸닐) To get rid of an obstruction—as dyspepsia. *See* 쇼화ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼청도 f. 小靑島 (적을) (푸를) (셤) An island in Whang-hai-do Lat. 37.49. Long. 124.35.

*쇼초 s. 小草 (적을) (플) Small print *See* 대초.

*쇼총 f. 小銃 (적을) (총) A rifle, fire-arms.

*쇼츈 f. 小春 (적을) (봄) Little spring, a term applied to the month of November.

*쇼취ᄒᆞ다 s. 嘯聚 (부파람) (모들) To call together; to summon to a gathering.

쇼치 s. 風致 (바람—*증) (일월—*치) Ability to entertain; powers to interest. *See* 풍치.

*쇼칭 f. 小秤 (적을) (달ᄀᆞᆯ홀) Weight.

*쇼탄 s. 消炭 (살아질) (숫) Unburnt or carbonized cinders of wood.

*쇼텰광 f. 沼鐵礦 (못) (쇠) (쇠돌) Bog iron ore

*쇼탁업 f. 小托葉 (적을) (부탁) (입) Stipel.

*쇼탐대실 f. 小貪大失 (적을) (탐ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) (일흘) Grasping at small things and losing much.

쇼텰 s. The wallflower.

*쇼파오 f. 小坡兒 (적을) (언덕) (오히) A post station in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 40.21. Long. 125.32.

*쇼포 f. 小包 (적을) (쌀) Small package; packet.

*쇼포우편 f. 小包郵便 (적을) (쌀) (짜발) (편홀) Parcel post.

*쇼풍ᄒᆞ다 s. 逍風 (거닐) (바람) To take fresh air; to go for an outing. *See* 운동ᄒᆞ다.

*쇼피ᄒᆞ다 f. 小避 (적을) (피홀) To urinate. *See* 쇼마보다.

*쇼하 s. 顧何 (옷) (엇지) D. B.C. 193. A wise man of Han, China.

*쇼화ᄒᆞ다 s. 消夏 (살아질) (녀름) To counteract or avoid the heat.

*쇼학 f. 小學 (적을) (비홀) A school book—treating of virtues etc.

*쇼학교 f. 小學校 (적을) (비홀) (학교) A primary institute of learning; a high school.

*쇼학독본 f. 小學讀本 (적을) (비홀) (닑을) (ᄎᆞᆨ) Primary school readers.

*쇼한 f. 小寒 (적을) (찰) "Slight cold"—one of the 24 solar periods occurring about Jan 6th.

*쇼함대 f. 小艦隊 (적을) (군함) (떼) A small battle fleet.

*쇼호 f. 小戶 (적을) (집) A small house; an insignificant family. *Opp.* 대호.

*쇼회 f. 小會 (적을 (모들) A small company or assembly.

*쇼홍단슈 f. 小紅丹水 (적을) (붉을) (붉을) (물) A river in Ham-kyong do.

*쇼회향 f. 小茴香 (적을) (물) (회ᄎᆡ) A fragrant seed like dill *Feniculum dulce.*

*쇼ᄒᆞ다 f. 小 (적을) To be small; to be little. *See* 젹다.

*쇼화 s. 燒火 (살아질) (불) To burn up. *See* 살오다.

*쇼환장 s. 召還狀 (부를) (도라올) (글) A written summons.

*쇼환ᄒᆞ다 s. 召還 (부를) (부를) To recall; to remand.

*슈 s. 贖 슉홀 A pledge, a ransom, a fine. (몸ᄃᆞ) (밧치다).

*슉가 s. 俗家 (풍슉) (집) A layman's house—in contrast to a Buddhist temple.

*슉물ᄒᆞ다 s. 屬公 (붓칠) (귀인) To become a public property. *See* 젼물ᄒᆞ다

*슉국 s. 屬國 (붓칠) (나라) Vassal or dependent states; colonies.

*슉금 s. 贖金 (슉ᄒᆞᆯ홀) (쇠) Indemnity petite.

*슉긱 s. 俗客 (풍슉) (손) A layman—in contrast to a Buddhist priest. *See* 슉인.

*슉담 s. 俗談 (풍슉) (말숨) Common talk; the vulgar tongue; colloquial in contrast to the literary style. *See* 육담. *Also* 슉ᄃᆞᆷ말.

*슉답 s. 瘠畓 (니을) (논) Poor quality of paddy-fields.

*슉뎐 s. 瘠田 (니을) (밧) Inferior fields.

*슉되다 s. 俗 (풍슉) 여; 된 To be common; to be vulgar.

*슉디 s. 屬地 (붓칠) (짜) Tributary lands.

*슉ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 s. 續買 (니을) (살) To continue to use; to subscribe for.

*슉량ᄒᆞ다 s. 贖良 (슉홀) (어질) To buy one's freedom; to redeem one's person.

*슉론 s. 續論 (니을) (의론) A speech following up the leading speaker.

*슉론ᄒᆞ다 s. 續論 (니을) (의론) To follow the speaker with remarks.

*슉류 s. 俗流 (풍슉) (흐를) A vulgar style or methods. The vulgar crowd.

*슉명 s. 俗名 (풍슉) (일홈) The secular name which a person bore while living.

*슉문 s. 屬文 (붓칠) (글) An understanding of composition—in the character. *See* 통문.

*슉물 s. 俗物 (풍슉) (물건) A common or illiterate person; a vulgar fellow; common articles; inelegant things.

*슉박 s. 束縛 (묵글) (얽을) A yoke.

슉밧치다 s. 贖納 드릴 *남 (슉홀 *슉, 밧칠; 전 To pay a ransom; to pay a fine.

*슉방 s. 屬邦 (붓칠) (나라) A dependent state. *See* 슉국

*슉빈ᄒᆞ다 s. 續聘 (니을) (빙문) To nominate in succession.

*슉설 s. 俗說 (풍슉) (말숨) A popular saying; a vulgar tradition.

*슉셩 s. 俗姓 (풍슉) (셩) The lay name—in contrast to the name taken after becoming a Buddhist.

*슉ᄉᆞ s. 俗事 풍슉 (일) The common affairs of life, an ordinary business.

*슉어 s. 俗語 (풍슉) (말숨) The common colloquial; vulgarism.

*속언 s. 俗言 (풍속) (말솜) Common talk, the vulgar tongue, the colloquial as opposed to the *munja*. *See* 속담

*속인 s. 俗人 (풍속) (사롬) A man of the world, a layman—in contrast to a Buddhist priest.

*속장 s. 屬長 (붓칠) (어문) A leader—a term used in the Christian Church.

*속전 s. 贖錢 (속질) (돈) A fine. (뭇처다) (물다).

*속정 s. 俗情 (풍속) (뜻) The customs of the world; the attitude of society. *See* 세덕.

*속죄금 s. 贖罪金 (속질) (허물) (쇠) Indemnity money; a ransom.

*속죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 贖罪 (속질) (허물) To atone for crimes or sins.

*속주 s. 俗字 (풍속) (글ᄌᆞ) A character not classically correct.

*속태 s. 俗態 (풍속) (ᄐᆡ도) The behaviour manner or bearing of the world.

*속편 s. 續編 (니을) (엮글) A supplementary treatise.

*속풍 s. 俗風 (풍속) (바람) A vulgar manner; coarse ways. *See* 풍속.

*속한이 s. 俗漢 (풍속) (놈) A longhaired Buddhist; a bonze who has drifted back into the world. *See* 중요목이.

*속현ᄒᆞ다 s. 續絃 (니을) (줄) To marry again—of a widower. (Comp.) *See* 재취ᄒᆞ다.

*속ᄒᆞ다 s. 贖 (속질) To redeem; to ransom; to atone for; to pay a fine.

*속ᄒᆞ다 s. 屬 (붓칠) To depend on; to be subordinate to; to be under the jurisdiction of.

솔기 s. 縫 (홋—*봉) A seam. *See* 혼솔.

*송 l. 頌 (기릴) A panegyric; a composition.

*송 l. 誦 (외일) A recitation.

*송강 s. 松江 (솔) (물) Matsue in Japan.

*송경ᄒᆞ다 l. 誦經 (외일) (경문) To chant the *Sûtras* (Buddhistic). *See* 독경ᄒᆞ다.

송그리다 s. 쪼ᄀᆞ리; 린 To squat on the heels.

*송교ᄒᆞ다 l. 送交 (보낼) (사괼) To commit; to transfer to.

*송균 s. 松菌 (솔) (버섯) A kind of mushroom.

*송금 s. 松禁 (솔) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) A prohibition against the cutting of pines.

*송곡 s. 松皮 (솔) (가족—*피) Pine bark.

*송과떡 s. 松皮餠 (솔) (가족 -*피) (떡—*병) Cake made from the inner bark of the pine.

*송관 l. 訟官 (송ᄉᆞ) (벼슬) A magistrate; a justice; a judge.

*송낙 s. 松絡 (솔) (곡갈 -*납) A Buddhistic cap made from the *Wisteria Chinensis*.

*송당 s. 松堂 (솔) (집) A post station in Quelpaert. Lat. 33.32. Long. 126.47.

*송덕ᄒᆞ다 l. 頌德 (칭송ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) To commend virtue.

*송도 s. 松路 (솔) (ᄇᆞᆯ) A post station in Kyông-sang-do.

*송명 s. 松陰 (솔) (그ᄂᆞᆯ) A shady place—among the pines.

*송정 l. 訟庭 (송ᄉᆞ) (뜰) The square before the magistrate—where a lawsuit is decided. A court of law.

*송도 s. 松島 (솔) (셤) An island in Hamkyong-do. Lat. 42.14. Long. 130.19. (Nikoliaki I.)

*송도 s. 松道 (솔) (길) The city of Songdo. *See* 키셩.

*송동ᄒᆞ다 l. 唆動 (두러울) (움직일) To incite; to egg on

*송라 s. 松蘿 (솔) (청머루) A creeping plant found on the pine. *Wisteria Chinensis*.

*송라 s. 松羅 (솔) (벌) A post station in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 36.17 Long. 129.15.

*송림 s. 松林 (솔) (수플) A pine wood.

*송명 s. 松明 (솔) (ᄇᆞᆰ울) A torch. *See* 관솔.

*송민 l. 訟民 (송ᄉᆞ) (빅셩) People who enter a complaint or lawsuit.

*송방 s. 松房 (솔) (방) A *Songdo* store; a *Songdo* guild.

*송빅 s. 松栢 (솔) (잣) The commoupine and the nut-pine.

*송산 s. 松山 (솔) (뫼) Matsuyama in Japan.

*송산 s. 松山 (솔) (뫼) A mountain in Whang-hai do. Lat. 38.05. Long. 126.05.

*송셩 s. 松聲 (솔) (소리) The sound of wind amongst pines.

*송셩 s. 頌聲 (칭송ᄒᆞᆯ) (소리) Applause.

*송셩 s. 鬆性 (얼억엉길) (셩품) Porosity.

송송 l and s. In holes; perforated.

*송수 s. 松樹 (솔) (나무) Pines.

*송순 s. 松筍 (솔) (순) Pine buds.

*송순주 s. 松筍酒 (숑) (슌) (줘) Wine mixed with pine buds.

*송사 l. 訟事 (숑스) (일) A lawsuit. *See* 경소.

*송사ᄒᆞ다 l. 訟事 (숑스) (일) To enter upon a lawsuit; to go to law. *See* 경소ᄒᆞ다.

*숑숨 s. 松蔘 (숑) (숨) Ginseng from *Songdo.*

*숑쉰 s. 松生 (숑) (날) A village in Kyong-keui-do (Lat. 37.52 Long. 128.56); as mountain in Pyeng-an-do Lat. 40.00. Long. 124.51.

숑아리 s. A bunch—as of grapes, flowers etc. *See* 숑이.

*숑악ᄉᆞ 松岳山 (숑) (악우리) (산) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do (Song-do). Lat. 37.38. Long. 126.43.

*숑안 l. 訟案 (숑안) (칙살) A petition—as filed by the plaintiff in a suit.

*숑양 s. 松陽 (숑) (뱃) *Ehretia serrata.*

*숑양ᄒᆞ다 l. 頌揚 (기릴) (돋일) To praise; to extol.

*숑어 s. 松魚 (숑) (고기) The salmon. *See* 숑어.

*숑연 s. 松烟 (숑) (연긔) Pine tar—used in making ink.

*숑연히 l. 竦然 (두려울) (그릴) Shuddring with fear; to stand up with fright—of ones hair.

*숑엽 s. 松葉 (숑) (닙) Pine needles—used for food by the poor.

*숑엽쥬 s. 松葉酒 (숑) (닙) (슌) Drink mixed with pine needles.

*숑영 s. 松影 (숑) (그림ᄌᆞ) The shade of a pine tree.

*숑유 s. 松油 (숑) (기름) Turpentine. *See* 숑진.

*숑음 s. 松陰 (숑) (그늘) The shade of a pine tree.

숑이 s. A bunch—of grapes, flowers etc. *See* 숑아리.

*숑이 s. 松茸 (숑) (버셧—*용) Pine mushrooms.

숑이술 s. 不過酒 (아닐 —*불) (거를—*록) (술—*쥬) Strong unmixed spirit

*숑엽 s. 松葉 (숑) (입ᄒᆞ) The points of pine twigs used in medicine.

*숑졍유 s. 松精油 (숑) (졍밀) (기름) Turpentine.

*숑죽 s. 松竹 (숑) (대) The pine and the bamboo.

*숑지 s. 松脂 (숑) (기름) Turpentine; resin. *See* 숑진.

*숑진 s. 松津 (숑) (진익) Terebinthinous resin from pines; turpentine; resin. *See* 숑지.

*숑진류 s. 松津類 (숑) (나무) (죵류) Resin.

*숑조 s. 松子 (숑) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A pine-cone, *See* 숑.

*숑젹 l. 訟敵 (숑스) (젹) "My opponent" —in a lawsuit, used by both plaintiff and defendant. *See* 숑민.

*숑졍 s. 松楹 (숑) (졍아) A shade or projecting roof of pine branches.

*숑쥬 s. 松楸 (숑) (가래나무) Pines and oaks planted about a grave.

*숑지ᄒᆞ다 s. 松枝 (숑) (가지—*지) To fasten up pine branches—as a sign of "no admittance." (Prov.)

*숑쵹ᄒᆞ다 l. 囑託 (칙숑홀) (밀) To pray for; to request for.

*숑츙이 s. 松虫 (숑) (버레) An insect that eats pine leaves.

*숑츙목 s. 松虫木 (숑) (버레) (나무) Dead pines—that have been killed by worms.

*숑침 s. 松針 (숑) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) Pine-needles.

*숑판 s. 松板 (숑) (관ᄌᆞ) Pine boards.

*숑편 s. 松餠 (숑) (썩—*빙) Rice cake —steamed on a layer of pine needles.

*숑풍 s. 松風 (숑) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) A wind blowing through pine trees.

*숑하 s. 松下 (숑) (아ᄅᆡ) Under a pine, the space or ground underneath a pine.

*숑화 s. 松禾 (숑) (벼) A prefect in Whang-hai-do Lat. 38.13 Long. 125.04

*숑화 s. 松花 (숑) (못) Pine flowers.

*숑화식 s. 松花色 (숑) (못) (빗) A yellow color. A vagrant; a rake.

*수 l. 數 (두어) A number; an account. Fate; destiny. Means; possibility. A few. (adj.)

수가지 l. Counting sticks. *See* 산가지.

*수관초목 l. 數間茅屋 (두어) (간) (띠) (집) A thatched hut.

*수고 s. 愁苦 (근심) (괴로올) Anxiety and trouble.

*수구지가 l. 數口之家 (두어) (입) (갈) (집) A family of several members. (M.)

쑤근쑤근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 耳語 (귀—*이) (말솔—*어) To whisper; to speak under the breath. *See* 쏙갈쏙갈ᄒᆞ다.

수나다 *s.* 나; 난 To obtain means; to get possession of money.

***수년** *l.* 數年 (두어) (히) A few years.

수놋다 *l.* 籌算 (셀 *다) (산놀—*산) ᄒᆞ; 곤 To count with sticks or an abacus. *See* 쥬놋다.

수닉다 *s.* 어; 온 To be skilled in.

수다 *s.* 어; 슌 To cook—as gruel etc- (쥭) (물) (에쥬) (록).

***수다식솔** *l.* 數多食率 (두어) (만흘) (밥) (거ᄂᆞ릴) A numerous family; a large household.

***수다ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 數多 (두어) (만흘) To be multitudinous; to be many; to be endless. *See* 다다ᄒᆞ다.

***수대귀** *s.* 數 (두어) The size; the amount; the number. *See* 숫.

수대부려ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be numerous; to be abundant. To be in confusion.

수렴은ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be gentle; to be mild. *See* 슌슉ᄒᆞ다.

***수뎍히방** *l* 數的解方 (두어) (뎍실) (풀) (모) Numerical solution.

***수도** *l.* 數度 (두어) (지닐) Several times; frequently.

수두룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 多 (만흘—*다) To be much, to be many.

수둑수둑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 多 (만흘—*다) To be much—of several.

수둑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 多 (만흘—*다) To be much; to be many.

***수디** *l.* 數代 (두어) (디신) Several generations.

***수란ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 悉亂 (근심) (어지러올) To be disturbed, to be confused.

***수량** *s.* 數量 (두어) (헤아릴) Measurements.

수록 *s.* A connective used with future participles—till; by; the more—the more. *See* 오록.

수루루 *s.* Gliding; slipping; softly; gently. *See* 후루루.

***수리** *l.* 數里 (두어) (마을) Several *m.*

***수리** *l.* 數理 (두어) (리치) Laws governing mathematics.

수리 *s.* 車 (*거) A cart; a chariot. *Also* 수레.

***수목** *l.* 數目 (두어) (눈) Elements, number; numerals; amount. *See* 수.

***수법** *l* (셈) 數法 (두어) (법) Arithmetic. *See* 산슐.

수북수북 *s.* 過高 (두두—*ᄒᆞ) (흘 *만) Heaped up—of several. *See* 소복소복.

수북ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許多 (허락—*허) (만흘—*다) To be heaped up; to be in a considerable quantity. *See* 소복ᄒᆞ다.

***수ᄇᆡᆨ** *l.* 數百 (두어) (일ᄇᆡᆨ) A few hundred.

수사오납다 *l.* 나옥; 온 To be ill-fated; to be unfortunate.

***수삼차** *l.* ■三次 (두어) (식) (버금) Several times, two or three times.

쑤셔거리다 *s.* and *l.* 거러; 린 To poke; to nudge; to probe.

쑤셕쑤셕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To poke; to nudge; to probe. *See* 쏘삭삭쏘ᄒᆞ다.

***수세관** *s.* 收稅官 (거둘) (부세) (버슬) Collector of a port.

수세외 *s.* 葫 (*호) An edible gourd. *See* 슈셍이외.

***수소** *l.* 水素 (물) (흴) Hydrogen. *See* 산소; 단소.

수수리지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be swelled; to be rounded.

수수ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be ordinary; to be medium. *See* 쓸쓸ᄒᆞ다.

***수슉간** *s.* 嫂叔間 (아지미) (아자비) (스이) Between brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law.

쑤시다 *l.* 刺 (지를—*조) 쑤셔; 신 To throb; to beat; to poke; to open up.

***수식** *l.* 數式 (두어) (법) Numerical expression.

***수심** *s.* 愁心 (근심) (무옴) Uneasiness, anxiety; melancholy. *See* 근심.

***수십** *l.* 數十 (두어) (셜) Several score or several tens.

***수십년** *l.* 數十年 (두어) (셜), (히) Several tens of years; a score of years.

***수십년이리로** *l.* 數十年以來 (두어) (셜) (히) (써) (올) From a score of years ago.

***수식** *s.* 愁色 (근심) (빗) A melancholy countenance; an anxious look.

***수식ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 愁色滿面 (근심) (빗) (출) (낯) To have an anxious look.

***수색권** *s.* 搜索權 (더듬을) 차질) (권세) Right of search.

***수색(이)만면ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 愁色滿面 (근심) (빗) (출) (낯) To have an anxious look.

***수색ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 搜索 (더듬을) 차질) To search for; to hunt for.

***수용** *s.* 瘦容 (파리홀) (얼골) An emaciated appearance; a wasted look.

숙웃ᄒᆞ다 s. To be overhanging; to bend forward.

*수인 l. 數人 (두어) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Several persons; a few people.

*수일 l. 數日 (두어) (날) A few days.

*수일간 l. 數日間 (두어) (날) (ᄉᆞ이) In or during a few days.

*수임쟈 s. 受任者 (맛ᄃᆞᆯ) (맛ᄎᆞᆯ) (놈) An agent.

*수운 l. 數厄 (두어) (ᄋᆡ) Luck; fortune; fate.

*수월 l. 數月 (두어) (ᄃᆞᆯ) A few months.

*수죄ᄒᆞ다 l. 數罪 (두어) (허ᄆᆞᆯ) To announce the crimes for which one is punished.

*수죄구발 l. 數罪俱發 (두어)(허ᄆᆞᆯ)(ᄀᆞᆷᄭᅥ) (발ᄒᆞᆯ) Conviction covering several offences.

*수중연신법 l. 數重電信法 (두어) (거ᄃᆞᆸ) (번ᄀᆡ) (ᄆᆞᆺᄉᆞᆯ) (법) Multiplex telegraphy.

*수직선 s. 垂直線 (드리울) (곧을) (실) Altitude of angle; perpendicular line.

*수즈 l. 數字 (두어) (글ᄌᆞ) Numerals; several characters; figures.

*수즈계수 s. 數字係數 (두어) (글ᄌᆞ) (ᄆᆡᆯ) (두어) Numerical Coefficient.

*수쳑ᄒᆞ다 s. 瘦瘠 (파리ᄒᆞᆯ) (파리ᄒᆞᆯ) To be lean; to be thin, to be emaciated. *See* 파리ᄒᆞ다.

*수쳔 l. 數千 (두어) (일쳔) Several thousands.

*수쳔년 / 數千年 (두어) 일쳔) (히) Several thousand years.

*수쳔지 l. 數千錢 (두어) (일쳔) (히) Several thousand *yang* of money.

*수ᄎᆞ l. 數次 (두어) (버금) Several times. *See* 두ᄎᆞ.

수처일 / 充數 ᄎᆡ울—*ᄉᆞᆼ (두어—*수) Anyone—to fill up the number.

*수탐ᄒᆞ다 s. 搜探 더듬을 (더듬을) To inspect; to examine. *See* 처탐ᄒᆞ다

수툥 / 算筒 산ᄃᆞᆯ—*ᄃᆞᆼ (ᄒᆞᆫ—*통) A case for counting sticks.

*수투젼 s. 數鬪牋 (두어) (싸ᄒᆞᆯ) 조히) A pack of eighty cards.

*수판 l. 數板 두어) 판) An abacus; a counting board. *See* 쥬판.

수평이 / 林藪 수플—*ᄃᆞᆷ) (수플—*수) A forest; a woods. *See* 숩.

수플 s. 林 (*림) A forest; a woods. *See* 숩림.

*수학 l. 數學 (두어) (비홀) The study of mathematics. *See* 수법.

*수학가 l. 數學家 (두어) (비홀) (집) A mathematician

*수학역진조 l. 數學的振子 (두어) 비홀) (ᄃᆞᆨ실 ᄯᅳᆯᄒᆞᆷ, 아ᄃᆞᆯ, Mathematical Pendulum.

*수학역최리 l. 數學的推理 (두어) (비홀) (ᄃᆞᆨ실) (밀) (리치) Mathematical induction.

*수질찬티 s. 數叱 (두어 (ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) 하; 훈 To be many in number

*수검ᄒᆞ다 / 搜檢 (더듬을) (검ᄉᆞᆯ) To examine—as at the customs. *See* 수검ᄒᆞ다.

*수회 l. 數回 (두어) (도라올) Several times, frequently; several bouts (as of wrestling); several games (as of chess, billiards etc.).

*수회 s. 愁懷 (근심) (품을) Anxiety; care.

*수효 l. 數爻 (두어) (수효) Number; amount

수힌 l. 五十 (다ᄉᆞᆺ—*오) (열—*십) Fifty.

*수항 l. 數行 (두어) (ᄃᆞᆫᄂᆞᆯ) Several lines of writing.

쑥 s. Of a sudden; with a jerk. *See* 쑥.

쑥 s. A fool; an ignoramus.

쑥 s. 艾 (*애) Artemisia; mugwort. A name of contempt.

쑥갓 s. A vegetable with *Snak* shaped leaves, used as food.

쑥고 s. 艾膏 (쑥—*애) (기ᄅᆞᆷ—*고) A sticky paste made from artemisia.

숙덕거리다 s. 거려; 린 To hold secret counsel.

쑥떡 s. 艾餠 (쑥—*애) (떡—*병) Cake made from artemisia paste.

숙덕숙덕ᄒᆞ다 s. To hold secret counsel. *See* 숙은숙은ᄒᆞ다.

쑥쑥 s. and l. Suddenly; quickly. With jerks; with throbs. *See* 쑥쑥.

쑥쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. and l. To throb; to beat. *See* 쑥쑥ᄒᆞ다.

순두부 s. 水豆腐 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*수) (ᄑᆞᆯ—*두) (ᄇᆞᆨ을—*부 Curd paste of bean-curd

순물 s. 豆腐水 (ᄑᆞᆯ—*두) (ᄇᆞᆨ을—*부ᄆᆞᆯ *수 Water strained off from bean curd.

술 s. A spoon.

술 s. 酒 (*쥬) Spirit; drink; "wine." *See* 곡화.

술김에 s. 醉中 (취홀—*쥬) (가온딕—*즁) Because of drunkenness; when drunk. *See* 취중에.

술넝술넝ᄒᆞ다 s. 躁動 (소동홀—*소) (움직일—*동) To waver; to be unstable; to be unsteady. *See* 소요ᄒᆞ다.

술막 s. 酒幕 (술—*쥬) (장막—*막) A drinking house; a wine shop. *See* 술막.

술쌱디 s. 酒傷 (술—*쥬) (자로 *딕) A great drinker.

술술 l. and s. Common Leaking; running out. *See* 살살.

술올ᄒᆞ다 s. To be well formed. *See* 맵시ᄂᆞᆫ다.

술잔 s. (—쌍 酒盞 (술 *쥬) (잔—*빈) A wine glass

술준 s. (—쥰) 酒樽 술 *쥰, 술준 *준) A wine crock.

술쿠넘 s. 酣 (*커) A drinking party; a "wine" picnic.

술취ᄒᆞ다 s. 醉酒 (취홀—*쥬) (술—*쥬) To be drunk from wine.

숨 l. 息 쉬실—*식) Breath; respiration. (쉬다) (쉬다) (지다). *See* 숨갈.

숨갈 l. A breath; a respiration. *See* 호흡.

숨막다 l. 息絕 (쉬실—*식) (긋처질—*졀) 아; 끈 To smother; to extinguish. *See* 긔막히다.

숨기다 s. 隱匿 (숨을—*은) (숨갈—*닉) 숨겨, 긴 To hide, to conceal; to dissimulate. *See* 은휘ᄒᆞ다.

숨다ㄴ 隱 (숨을—*은) 어; 은 To hide; to conceal oneself

숨밤굴질ᄒᆞ다 s. 匿戲 (숨갈—*닉) (희롱*희) To play hide and seek. To dive.

숨쉬다 l. 呼吸 (부를—*호) (마실—*흡); 여; 선 To breathe; to respire.

숨쉴샛 l. 呼吸間 (부를—*호) (마실—*흡) (스이—*간) In a breath; quickly

숨지다ㄴ 殞命 (떠러질—*운) (목숨—*명) 숨져; 진 To expire; to die. *See* 운명ᄒᆞ다.

숨차다 l. 차; 찬 To be breathless, to be out of breath.

숨통 l. 命門 (목숨—*명) (문—*문) The windpipe.

숩 l. 藪 (수플—*수) A woods; a forest. *See* 수플.

숩정이 s. A woods; a forest.

숫 s. 數 (두어—*수) The amount; the size; the number. (지다).

숫것 s. Something new or untried.

숫되다 s. 數多 (두어—*수) (만흘—*다) 되여; 된 To be many; to be much.

숫보기 s. An innocent guileless creature.

숫색악시 s. A young unmarried girl.

숫접다 s. 數多 (두어—*수) (만흘—*다) 저워; 운 To be much; to be many. To be entire; to be complete. To be liberal. To be shy.

숫지다 s. 數多 (두어—*수) (만흘—*다) 수져; 진 To be much; to be many.

숫ᄒᆞ다 s. 數多 (두어—*수) (만흘—*다) To be many; to be in great numbers.

숙숫 s. 數多 (두어) (만흘) Many; in great numbers.

쉬 l. Have a care!—as used by *yamen* underlings.

쉬 l. 蛆 (구덕이—*져) The pupa of the blue-bottle fly. (쓸다). *See* 구덕이

쉬다ㄴ l. 休 (쉬일—*휴) 여; 선 To rest; to refresh oneself. *See* 복다.

쉬다 陰 (쉬일 —*에) 여, 선 To spoil of food, meat etc. *See* 변미ᄒᆞ다. To become hoarse. (목).

쉬쓸다 l. 蛆生 (구덕이—*져) (날—*셩) 어; 쓴 To flyblow.

쉬이 s. 易 (쉬울—*이) Soon; quickly; easily.

쉬파람 l. 嘯 (*쇼) Whistling—through the lips. (불다). *See* 회파람.

쉬파리 l. 蒼蠅 (푸를—*창) (파리—*승) The blue bottle fly. *Musca vomitoria.*

쉰무 s. 蔣 (무—*쟝) A species of mustard plant. *See* 만청. *Also* 순무.

쉽다 l 易 (쉬울 -*이 쉬여, 인 To be easy; to be feasible *See* 헐ᄒᆞ다

*슈 l 綉 슈노 (노하)

*슈 l 壽 (목숨) Old age; long life.

*슈 l. 水 (물) Water—in relation to burial

*슈 s. 首 (머리) A numerative of fowls etc. (Comp.)

슈 s. 雄 (슈컷—*웅) The male—of animals etc. *Opp.* 암.

*슈가락 s. (—까) 匙 (*시) A spoon. (질ᄒᆞ다). *See* 슈져.

*슈가ᄒᆞ다 s. 收家 (거둘) (집) To sieze house and furniture for debt.

*슈각 l. 水閣 (물) (집) A house built over water; a water pavilion.

*슈간 s. 樹間 (나무) (소이) Among trees; spaces between trees.

*슈간 s. 手簡 (손) (편지) A letter; an epistle.

*슈갑 s. 手鉀 (손) (고랑--*국) Handcuffs. (지르다).

슈개 s. (—개) A male dog. *Opp.* 암개.

*슈강궁 s. 壽康宮 (목숨) (편안) (집) A palace in Kyong-keui do. (P'yong-ch'ŏn).

*슈건 l. 手巾 (손) (슈건) A handkerchief.

*슈견 s. 手繭 (손) (견식) Skill; ability. *See* 슈단.

*슈길 s. 手決 (손) 보, 길, A official or private mark. (두다).

*슈게 s. 水鵝 (물) (돍) A water rail.

*슈고 l. 受苦 (밧을) (괴로울) Hardship; suffering; fatigue

슈고로이 l. 受苦 (밧을) (괴로울) Hardly; with difficulty; in a wearisome way.

*슈고롭다 l. 受苦 밧을) (괴로움—*고, 로와; 온 To be wearying, to be fatiguing; to be hard.

*슈고ᄒᆞ다 l. 受苦 (밧을) (괴로울) To suffer hardship; to be fatigued. *See* 괴롭다.

*슈규션 s. 垂曲線 (드리울) (굽을) (실) Catenary.

*슈꼴 l. 壽骨 목숨 해) One destined to long life; one likely to live long. *Opp.* 부꼴.

*슈뇌ᄒᆞ다 s. 羞惱 (붓그러울) (붓 ᄃᆞ러울 To be ashamed; to be abashed. *See* 슈참ᄒᆞ다.

*슈공 l. 手工 (손) (강인) Pay for manual labor. *See* 품갑.

*슈공ᄒᆞ다 s. 垂拱 (드리울) (팔짓) To fold the hands.

*슈교 s. 點校 (헌슈) (비교) Careful, reading or comparison; exact examination.

*슈교 s. 首校 (머리) (장교) A provincial chief of the soldiery.

*슈교 s. 手巧 (손) (공교) Skill; ability. *See* 솜씨.

*슈구 l. 水口 (물) (입) An opening for water—as in a city wall.

*슈구 l. 守舊 (직흘) (녜) To hold to old customs; conservatism. *Opp.* 귀화.

*슈구가 l. 守舊家 (직흘) (녜) 집, One who adheres to old customs; a conservative.

*슈구당 l. 守舊黨 (직흘) (녜) (무리) Conservatives—those opposed to the entrance of foreigners. A conservative party. *See* 완고당. *Opp.* 귀화당.

슈구레 Boiled oxhide—used as food.

*슈구막이 l. 水口防 (물) (입) (막을—*방) An opening in the hills. Wooden images planted as spirit guardians before a mountain ravine.

*슈구문 l. 水口門 (물) (입) (문) A watergate—in a city fortifications. *See* 시구문.

*슈구여병 l. 守口如瓶 (직흘) (입) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (병) Keeping one's mouth as one would cork a bottle—to keep silence. *See* 함구무언.

*슈구장문 l. 水口藏門 물 (입) (감출) (문) An opening for streams and a circle of hills behind—requirements for a grave site. *See* 슈구막이.

*슈구ᄒᆞ다 l. 守舊 (직흘) (녜) To hold to ancient customs; to be conservative. *Opp.* 귀화ᄒᆞ다.

*슈구화 s. 繡球花 (슈노흘) (둑방울) (쏫) The geranium.

*슈국 l. 水菊 (물) (국화) A variety of China aster.

*슈군 l. 水軍 (물) (군소) Marines; bluejackets. *See* 히군.

슈군대장 水군大將 물 군소 (큰) (장슈) An admiral or a commander of marines. *Opp.* 육군대장.

*슈군뎨독 l. 水軍提督 (물) (군소) (ᄭᆞᆯ올) (거느릴) An admiral-in-chief. *Opp.* 육군뎨독.

슈귀관 s. Boards for nailing coffins.

*슈궁ᄒᆞ다 l. 守宮 (직흘) (집) To guard the palace.

*슈근 l. 水芹 (물) (미나리) Water celery —used as medicine.

*슈근 l. 水根 (물) (뿌리) Source; head waters.

*슈근 l. 水靳 (물) (앗길) *Siam nazonicum.*

*슈금 l. 水禽 (물) (새) A water-fowl. *See* 슈됴.

*슈금중 囚禁中 가ᄉᆞ 금ᄒᆞᆯ 가온ᄃᆡ In prison.

*슈금ᄒᆞ다 囚禁 가ᄉᆞ 금ᄒᆞᆯ To put in the lockup; to imprison. *See* 구류ᄒᆞ다.

*슈금화 l. 水金花 (물) (쇠) (새) The Touch-me-not.

*슈급 s. 首級 머ᄅᆞ ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆷ The head of a criminal after decapitation.

*슈금비 s. 水汲婢 (물) (긷기) (종) A woman slave—a *yamen* water carrier

*슈기 s. 羞氣 (붓그리울) 기운 Bashfulness; shame. *See* 슈치.

*슈기 s. 手旗 (손) (기) A general's flag

*슈긔 s. 手記 (손) (긔록) A note; a receipt. A manuscript. *See* 슈표.

*슈긔 l. 水氣 (물) (긔운) Dampness—of the ground, grain etc.; Vapour; mist. Dropsy. *See* 습긔.

*슈긔력ᄒᆞ다 s. 隨其力 (ᄯᅡ를) (그) (힘) To do according to one's ability.

*슈과 l. 水瓜 (물) (외) *Pyrus japonica.*

*슈관 l. 水管 (물) (대쪽) A pipe for conducting water; a water pipe.

*슈납ᄒᆞ다 s. 收納 (가둘) (드릴) To collect and hand in.

*슈낭 l. 水囊 (물, (주머니) A strainer. *See* 려슈낭.

*슈노 (一로) s. 首奴 (머리) (죵) The head slave—of a *yamen*.

슈노이 l. 刺繡 (ᄎᆞᆯ—"ᄌᆞ) (슈노흘—"슈) Embroidery.

슈놈 s. 雄 (슈컷—"웅) The male—of animals. *Opp.* 암놈.

*슈놋ᄒᆞ다 l. 繡 (슈노흘) ᄒᆞ; ᄒᆞᆫ To embroider.

슈눅 s. 襪縫 (보션—"말) (솔—"봉 The instep seam—in stockings. (박다)

슈닉다 s. 닉어; 은 To be practised; to be skilled.

*슈단 s. 手段 (손) (조각) Means. Skill; sleight of hand. *See* 슐ᄊᆡ.

*슈단화 s. 水丹花 (물, (붉을) (꼿) A variety of red flower.

*슈달 l. 水獺 (물) (슈달) An otter; the common otter.

*슈답 l. 水畓 (물) (논) A rice-field; a paddy-field. *See* 골답.

*슈답 s. 酬答 (슈작ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆡ답) A response; a reply.

*슈당금 s. 手當金 (손) (맛당) (쇠) Salary—paid to officials.

*슈덕도 s. 愁德島 (근심) (큰) (셤) An island in Chŭl-la-do. Lat. 33.59. Long. 126.16. (Ripple L.)

*슈뎌 l. 水底 (물) (밋) The bottom of the water.

*슈뎐 l. 水田 (물) (밧) Paddy-fields. *See* 논.

*슈뎡 s. 首點 (머리) (뎜) Origin.

*슈뎨ᄌᆞ s. 首弟子 (머리) (아오) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The first disciple; the chief pupil

*슈뎡 l. 水亭 (물) (뎡ᄌᆞ) A small house built over, or near, the water.

*슈도 s. 隧道 (ᄯᅡᆯ을) (길) A tunnel.

*슈도 s. 囚徒 (가ᄃᆞᆯ) 무리) Convicts, prisoners in goal.

*슈도 l. 水道 (물) (길) The bed of a stream; the current. A conduct; an aqueduct. *See* 은구.

*슈도긔 s. 囚徒記 (가ᄃᆞᆯ) (무리) (긔록) A list of prisoners.

*슈도ᄒᆞ다 s. 修道 (닥글) (길) To practise a doctrine: to follow a religion.

*슈ᄃᆞᆯ l. 水梁 (물) (ᄃᆞᆯ쳬—"량) The bed of a stream.

슈ᄃᆞᆯ지귀 s. The pivot of a hinge. *See* 슈쇠 *Opp.* 슈ᄃᆞᆯ지귀.

*슈됴 l. 水鳥 (물) (새) A water-fowl; aquatic birds.

*슈두 s. 首頭 (머리) (머리) Chief; head. *See* 괴슈.

*슈두쟈 s. 首頭者 (머리) (머리) (놈) A chief; a head. (Low.) *See* 우두머리

슈ᄃᆞᆯ슈ᄒᆞᆫ다 s. 半枯 (절반—"반) (무ᄃᆞᆯ—"고) To be partially dry. *See* 시ᄃᆞᆯ시ᄃᆞᆯ.

*슈딩 s. 首經 (머리) (테두리) Hemp wrapping for a mourner's head.

*슈ᄃᆡ s. 手袋 (손) (전ᄃᆡ) A leather valise.

*슈라 s. 水刺 (물) (ᄉᆡᆼ션—"ᄌᆞ) The king's repast. (올니다)

*슈릭려 l. 水落藜 (물) (레려ᄌᆞ) (명아주, Chenopodium.

*슈락산 l. 水落山 (ᄯᅳᆯ) (ᄯᅥ러질) (뫼) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do. (Yang-ju).

*슈란 l. 水卵 (물) (알) A soft poached egg. (ᄃᆞ다).

*슈람 l. 水藍 (물) (쪽) Liquid indigo.

*슈량ᄒᆞ다 s. 隨量 (ᄯᅡ물) (헤아릴) To be according to one's capacity.

슈럭슈럭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be fearless; to be bold. To be fat; to be good looking.

*슈령 s. 水嶺 (물) (진흙—"녕) A marsh; a quagmire, a bog.

*슈려ᄒᆞ다 s. 秀麗 (쎅여날) (빗날) To be beautiful—as scenery. *See* 명랑ᄒᆞ다.

*슈력 *l.* 水力 (물) (힘) Water power or the force of a current.

*슈련 *l.* 睡蓮 (조름) (련꽃) *Nymphea tetragona.*

*슈련장 *l.* 水練場 (물) (련습홀) (마당) A swimming place.

*슈련ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 垂憐 (드리울) (불상히녁일) To pity, to sympathize with, to compassionate.

*슈렴 *l.* 水廉 (물) (청렴) The disturbing of a grave by water.

*슈렴반경 *s.* 收斂半徑 거둘 거둘 길 반 지름길 Radius of convergence

*슈렴속선 *s.* 收斂束線 거둘 거둘, 묶을 실 Convergent rays

*슈렴원 *s.* 收斂圓 (거둘) (거둘) (둥글) Circle of convergence.

*슈렴셜 *s.* 收斂錢 거둘 거둘 돈, Money raised by a collection.

*슈렴제 *s.* 收斂劑 (거둘) (거둘) (약지을) Astringent medicines; an astringent.

*슈렴지 *s.* 收斂材 (거둘) (거둘) (지료) Astringent drugs.

*슈렴쳥졍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 垂簾聽政 (드리울) (발) (드를) (정ᄉᆞ) To take counsel of her ministers—as a queen ruling during the king's minority.

*슈렴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 收斂 (거둘) (거둘) To collect; to take up a subscription. *See* 슈렴ᄒᆞ다.

*슈령 *l.* 守令 (직칠) (하여곰) Magistrates; prefects; provincial mandarins. *See* 외임.

*슈ᄋᆞ 首領 머리 거느릴, The head of a political party; chieftain; leader

*슈량계 *l.* 水量計 (물) (헤아릴) (계교) Water meter.

*슈령칠ᄉᆞ *l.* 守令七事 (직칠 하여곰 령ᄒᆞᆫ 일곱 일 seven things to be done of work of the country magistrate.

*슈로 *l.* 水路 (물) (길) (By) water; (by) sea. *Opp.* 육로.

*슈로션 *l.* 水路線 (물) (길) (실) Water course line.

*슈로지공 *l.* 受勞之功 (받을) (슈고로울) (갈) (공) The gain or merit due for endurance of hardship. *See* 속수지례.

*슈뢰 *l.* 水雷 (물) 우뢰 A torpedo.

*슈뢰구축명 *s.* 水雷驅逐艦 (물) (우뢰 몰) (쫓칠 배 A torpedo-boat destroyer

*슈뢰뎡 *l.* 水雷艇 (물) (우뢰) (배) A torpedo-boat.

*슈뢰뎨 *l.* 水雷隊 (물) (우뢰) (떼) A fleet of torpedo boats.

*슈뢰슐 *l.* 水雷術 (물 우뢰) (ᄭᅦ) The art of employing torpedoes especially in the navy.

*슈뢰포 *l.* 水雷砲 (물) (우뢰) (대포) A torpedo. (놋텨)

*슈뢰화 *l.* 水雷火 (물) (우뢰) (불) A torpedo.

*슈룡골 *l.* 水龍骨 (물) (룡) (뼈) *Polypodyum vulgare.*

슈루쵸 *s.* 蕺 (나물—ᄭᅮᆞ소) A plant from which tinder for flint and steel is made

*슈루ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 垂淚 (드리울) (눈물) To shed tears; to cry

*슈류 *s.* 垂柳 (드리울) (버들) The weeping willow.

*슈륙 *l.* 水陸 (물) (뭍) (By) water and (by) land.

*슈륙군 *l.* 水陸軍 (물) (뭍) (군ᄉᆞ) Marines and infantry.

*슈륙ᄇᆡ ᄀᆞᄌᆞ 水陸兵具 ᄆᆞᆯ ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ 슈ᄒᆞ다 ᄇᆞ와 뭍 ᄀᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ ᄒᆞ다 To master troops by sea and overland.

*슈리 *s.* 首吏 (머리) (아젼) A chief *yamen* clerk. *See* 리방.

슈리 *s.* 鷲 (슈리—*취) An eagle. *See* 슐긔.

*슈리ᄒᆞ다 修理 ᄀᆞᆯ ᄃᆡ수ᄉᆞᆯ 1. To repair; to rebuild. *See* 슈보ᄒᆞ다.

*슈린감사 *s.* 繡隣甲紗 슈ᄂᆞᆫ 비ᄂᆞᆯ, 갑옷 ᄀᆞᆫ

*슈마 *l.* 睡魔 (조롬) (마귀) Sleepiness; drowsiness.

*슈만호 水晶ᄆᆡ ᄀᆞᆯ 구ᄅᆞᆫ ᄂᆞᆫ, A kind of cornelian used for pipe mouthpieces.

*슈말 *s.* 首末 (머리) (ᄭᅳᆺ) The head and the tail, the first and the last. *See* 슈미.

*슈망 *s.* 首望 (머리) (보ᄅᆞᆯ) The first of three recommended to the king for office. *Opp.* 부망.

*슈먹시다 t. 水墨(물)(먹—*묵)먹제; 전 T. spread over the paper—as inferior ink.

*슈면 s. 垂面 (드리울)(낯) Perpendicular plane.

*슈면 t. 水面 (물)(낯) The surface of water; to top of the water.

*슈명어텬호다 t. 受命於天 (받을)(목숨)(놀)(하놀) To receive commands from God or Heaven.

*슈명장슈호다 / 壽命長壽 (목숨)(목숨)(길)(목숨) To live long, to have long life. *See* 빅즈쳔손.

*슈모 s. 首母 (머리)(어미) A waiting-maid who dresses a bride for a wedding.

*슈모 t. 首謀 (머리)(꾀) A ringleader.

*슈모슈모 r. 誰某誰某 누구 (아모)(누구)(아모) Certain ones; so and so. *See* 모야모야.

*슈모쟈 t. 首謀者 (머리)(꾀)(놈) A ringleader; a principal—in a crime.

*슈모호다 t. 受侮 (받을)(업슈히녁일) To be insulted; to be abused.

*슈모화 t. 水毛花 (물)(털 여)(꽃) *Scirpus lacustris*, var.

*슈목 s. 樹木 (나무)(나무) Trees; standing timber.

*슈목(이)참텬호다 s. 樹木參天 (나무)(나무)(참예)(하놀) To reach to the heavens—of forest trees.

*슈문 t. 水門 (물)(문) A water-gate; a flood-gate; a lock. *See* 슈구.

*슈문군 t. 守門軍 (직힐)(문)(군소) Soldiers under the command of the palace gatekeeper.

*슈문슈답호다 s. 隨問隨答 (따를)(무를)(따를)(디답) To follow questions with answers—conversation. *See* 응구첨디호다.

*슈문장 t. 守門將 (직힐)(문)(장슈) The officer in command of the palace gates.

*슈문졈 t. 水門箭 (물)(문)(살) A water-gate—as through a city wall. *See* 슈문.

*슈문호다 t. 守門 (직힐)(문) To guard a gate.

*슈미 t. 壽眉 (목숨)(눈섭) Long eyebrows—a mark of longevity. *See* 빅미.

*슈미 s. 愁眉 (근심)(눈섭) A distressed or anxious appearance. *See* 슈용.

*슈미 s. 首尾 (머리)(꼬리) Head and tail, beginning and end; the whole particulars, result, end, opportunity; time; occasion. Circumstances; case.

*슈미산 s. 須彌山 모를(미)(구즉홀)(외) The name of a fabulous mountain of wonderful height, rising from the middle of the ocean, and forming the axis of the universe.

*슈미상졉호다 s. 首尾相接 (머리)(꼬리)(서로)(붓흘) To meet of head and tail.

*슈믹 t. 水麥 (물)(보리) Unhusked wheat or barley.

슈박 t. 西瓜 (서녁—*셔)(외—*과) A watermelon

*슈반 s. 首班 (머리)(반렬) Chief; the head—as of a class etc.

*슈반구 s. 水半球 (물)(절반)(구즐) Water Hemisphere. *Opp.* 륙반구.

*슈반판소 s. 首班判事 (머리)(반렬)(쓴단)(일) Chief judge.

*슈방 s. 殊方 (다를)(모) A peculiar way, various regions or localities.

*슈방 s. 殊邦 (다를)(나라) A strange country; foreign lands.

*슈변 t. 水邊 (물)(가) A shore; a beach.

*슈병 t. 繡屛 (슈노흘)(병풍) An embroidered screen.

*슈병 t. 水兵 (물)(군소) The naval troops; a sailor on board of a man-of-war. *See* 슈군.

*슈보 s. 修補 (닥글)(기울) Repairing.

*슈보호다 s. 修補 (닥글)(기울) To repair, to rebuild; to fix. *See* 즘슈호다

*슈복 s. 壽福 (목숨)(복) Old age and happiness.

*슈복강녕 s. 壽福康寧 (목숨)(복)(편안)(편안) Long life, happiness and peace.

*슈복이 s. 守僕 (직힐)(죵) A guardian of an ancestral temple.

*슈봉 s. 收捧 (거둘)(밧을) Collecting—money. *See* 슈쳬.

*슈부 s. 首富 (머리)(부쟈) The rich man—of a district. *See* 거부.

*슈부 s. 壽富 (목숨)(부쟈) Old age and riches.

*슈부 t. 首府 (머리)(마을) Capital city.

*슈부 t. 水夫 (물)(지아비) A common sailor, a boatman.

*슈부금 s. 手附金 (손)(붓칠)(쇠) Bargain money; earnest money.

*슈부다남조호다 s. 壽富多男子 (목숨)(부쟈)(만흘)(사나히)(아들) To have long life, riches and many sons.

*슈부장 t. 水夫長 (물, 지아비)(어룬) The chief of common sailors.

*슈분 h. 水分 (물) 논홀 Moisture.

*슈분ᄒᆞ다 h. 守分 (직힐) (분수) To mind one's own affairs.

*슈불석권ᄒᆞ다 手不釋卷 (손) (아닐) 노흘) (칙) Never to lay aside one's book—as a lover of study.

*슈비ᄃᆡ h. 守備隊 (직힐) (갖출) (떼) A garrison.

*슈비ᄒᆞ다 h. 守備 (직힐) (갖출) To garrison; to make preparations for defence.

*슈비ᄒᆞ다 s. 水飛 (물) (놀) To wash and soak in preparation for use as medicine.

*슈비 s. 隨治 (ᄯᆞ를) (모실) The clerks or writers who accompany an official to his district in the country.

*슈ᄇᆞᆨ s. 手背 (손) (등) The back of the hand.

*슈산 h. 水產 (물) (날) Marine productions.

*슈산 h. 守山 직힐 뫼) Post stations in Kang-wŏn-do and Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.19. Long. 128.42.

*슈산 h. 水山 (물) (뫼) A post station in in Ch'ung-chŏng-do; a mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.23. Long. 128 50.

*슈산쎄리엄 h. 水酸 ..... (물) (실) Oxalate of Cerium.

*슈산암모니엄 / 酸 .. .. 실) . . . Ammonii Oxalas.

*슈산암모니엄윅 h. 酸 .. 液 (물) (실) ..... (진) Liquor Ammonii Oxalatis.

*슈산호 s. 水產瑚 (물) (산호) (산호) Coral. *Opp.* 석산호.

*슈산화쏘듸엄 h. 水酸化 ..... (물) (실) (될) ..... Sodii Hydras.

*슈산화암모니엄 h. 水酸化 ..... (물) (실) (될) ..... Ammonii Hydras.

*슈산화연 / 水酸化鉛 물) 실) 될) (납) Hydrate of Lead

*슈산화칼시엄 h. 水酸化 (물) (실) (될) Slaked Lime

*슈산화포타시엄 h. 水酸化 ... (물 실 될 , Potassii Hydras.

*슈산회샤 h. 水產會社 (물) 낳) (모들 (회샤) Marine product company.

*슈상화 s. 穗狀花 이삭) (모양) (꼿) Spike.

슈살막이 s. A pole surmounted by a duck planted as a spirit guardian before a ravine or opening in the hills.

*슈샤영 s. 垂射影 (드리울) (쏠) (그림ᄌᆞ) Orthogonal projection.

*슈상 s. 首相 머리, 도울) The prime minister; premier. *See* 총리대신.

*슈상 h. 水上 (물) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The region or space about water; the top of the water.

*슈상 s. 手上 (손) (ᄭᅩᆺ) Superiors; those to whom one is subject. *See* 슈하.

*슈상경찰 / 水上警察 물) ᄭᅩᆺ) 닐위올) (ᄉᆞᆷ갈) The police which manages affairs connected with accidents happening upon the waters.

*슈상그르다 s. 殊常 (다를) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ) 글너; 그른 To be suspicious; to be doubtful looking.

*슈상슈하간 s. 手上手下間 (손) (ᄭᅩᆺ) (손) (아래) (ᄉᆞ이) Between, superiors and subordinates.

*슈상스럽다 s. 殊常 (다ᄅᆞ) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ, 러워, 운 To be suspicious, to be doubtful looking.

*슈상지인 s. 殊常之人 (다를) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A suspicious looking person.

*슈상ᄒᆞ다 s. 殊常 (다를) (ᄲᅥᆺᄲᅥᆺ) To be suspicious; to be doubtful looking; to be odd; to be peculiar. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다.

*슈서 h. 水鼠 (물) (쥐) *Sorex platycephalus.*

*슈석긔 s. 首書記 (머리) (글) (긔록) A chief official writer or secretary.

*슈서량단 s. 首鼠兩端 (머리) (쥐 (두, (ᄭᅩᆺ Hesitating whether to take one course or the other; playing the hypocrite.

*슈셕 s. 首席 (머리) (돈) The head a table; the chief seat in a company. *See* 슈좌.

*슈셕 s. 燧石 (불ᄲᅩᆺ) (돌) Flint.

*슈셕 h. 水石 (물) (돌) Water and rock; streams and mountains. *See* 천셕.

*슈션 s. 垂線 (드리울) (실) Perpendicular line; plumb line.

*슈션 s. 受禪 (밧을) (터닥글) Accession to the throne—by abdication of another.

*슈션 h. 水仙 (물) (신션) Daffodil.

*슈션 h. 水線 (물) (실) A telegraphic cable—by sea.

*슈션거 s. 修船渠 닥글 (ᄇᆡ) 개천) Dry dock; graving dock.

*슈선국 *l.* 繡線菊 (슈노홀) (실) (국화) *Spiræa japonica.*

슈선슈선ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 人情洶湧 사롬—*인) (뜻 *정) (흉흉홀—*흉) (소슬—*슬) To be in tumult; to be in confusion.

슈선스럽다 *s.* 煩亂 (번거 -*번) (어지러울—*란) 러워; 운 To be confusing; to be disturbing; to be troublesome.

*슈선안니선 *l.* 水先案內船 (물) (몬저) (책샹) (안) (비) Pilot cutter; a pilot boat.

*슈션장 *s.* 修船場 (닥글) (빠) (마당) A place where ships are repaired, a dry dock.

*슈션창 *l.* 水仙菖 (물) (신션) (창포) Gladiolus.

*슈션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 修繕 (닥글) (닥글) To repair; to mend; to effect repairs.

*슈션화 *s.* 水仙花 (물) (신션) (꼿) A narcissus. The jonquil.

슈션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 煩亂 (번거—*번) (어지러울—*란) To be in confusion; to be tumultuous. *See* 분잡ᄒᆞ다.

*슈셰 *l.* 水勢 (물) (형세) The force of a current of water; the speed at which a river flows.

*슈셰 *l.* 水稅 (물), 구실) A tax paid for water for paddy-fields.

*슈셰 *s.* 收稅 (거둘) (부세) The collection of taxes; tax gathering.

*슈셰관 *s.* 收稅官 (거둘) 구실), (벼슬) A tax-gatherer; a government collector. *See* 셰관.

*슈셰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 收稅 (거둘) (구실) To collect taxes or custom.

*슈셰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 受洗 (밧을) (씨슬) To be baptized.

*슈셩 *s.* 守城 (직힐) 쌔, A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.45. Long. 128.45.

*슈셩 *l.* 水星 (물) (별) The planet Mercury.

*슈셩 *l.* 水聲 (물) (소리) The sound of water. The "water" tone, a low note.

슈셩슈셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be an uproar; to cause confusion.

슈셩이 *s.* 瀋 (짐—*쇼) Ground up straw, used for polishing brass dishes.

슈셩이외 *s.* A puffball cucumber. An edible gourd. *See* 수세화.

*슈셩장 *l.* 守城將 (직힐) (쟈) (장슈) The general guarding the ramparts.

*슈셩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 守成 (직힐) (일울) To guard one's patrimony; to preserve what is already established; to maintain visiting institutions.

*슈셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 守城 (직힐) (쌔) To guard a city.

*슈소 *l.* 水素 (물) (흴) Hydrogen.

슈쇠 *s.* 樞軸 (슈컷—*축) (쇠—*렬) The pivot of a hinge or millstone. *Opp.* 암쇠. *See* 슈돌져귀.

*슈숑ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 輸送 (시를) (보낼) To carry; to convey; to transport.

*슈쇽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 贖罪 (시를) (쇽홀) To pay a fine and receive freedom.

*슈수됴 *l.* 手數料 (손) (헤아릴) Commission, fee.

슈슈 *s.* 秫 (*출) Chinese broom-corn; Barbadoes millet. *Sorghum vulgare.*

슈슈씌기 *s.* 才談 (지조 *지, (말솜—*담) A riddle; a conundrum.

*슈슈상판ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 授受相關 (맛길) (밧을) (서로) (계관) To have a mutual interest in—as debtor and creditor.

*슈슈방관ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 袖手傍觀 (소매) (손) (겻) (볼) To put one's hands in one's sleeves and look on—indifference.

*슈술 *s.* 手術 (손) (쎄) Manipulation; practical surgery.

*슈술비 *s.* 手術費 (손) (쎄) (허비) Pay for surgical operations.

*슈슈인심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 收拾人心 (거둘) (주을) (사롬) (모음) To gain public opinion; to win hearts.

*슈슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 收拾 (거둘) (주을) To win; to gain over, to pacify.

*슈시 *s.* 水柿 (물) (감) A large variety of persimmon.

*슈시변통ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 隨時變通 (ᄯᅡᄅᆞᆯ) (쎄) (변홀) (통홀) To work according to the season; to seize the opportunity. *See* 릿시쳐변ᄒᆞ다.

*슈시쳐변ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 隨時處變 (ᄯᅡᄅᆞᆯ) (쎄) (곳) (변홀) To seize the opportunity.

*슈시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 收屍 (거둘) (죽엄) To lay out a body for burial.

*슈시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 垂示 (드리울) (보일) To give instructions; to furnish with directions, to direct.

*슈식 *s.* 首飾 (머리) (쑹일) Ornaments worn in the hair or ornamental head dress.

*슈식동물 *s.* 首飾等物 (머리) (쑹일) (무리) (만물) Head ornaments worn by women.

*슈식ᄒᆞ다 s. 修飾 (닥글) (꾸밀) To adorn; to embellish; to ornament; to put on ornaments.

*슈신 s. 修身 (닥글) (몸) Ethics; morals. *See* 슈신학.

*슈신 h. 睟辰 (환갑) (때) A birthday. (Hon.).

*슈신 h. 水神 (물) (귀신) Water god. *See* 물귀신.

*슈신제가ᄒᆞ다 s. 修身齊家 (닥글) (몸) (가직) (집) To live uprightly and provide for one's home. *See* 치국평턴하ᄒᆞ다.

*슈신학 s. 修身學 (닥글) (몸) (비홀) Moral science; ethics.

*슈심 h. 水深 (물) (깁흘) The depth of water.

*슈심 s. 獸心 (즘승) (ᄆᆞ옴) A cruel heart; cruelty; a bestial mind.

*슈심 s. 垂心 (드리울) (ᄆᆞ옴) Orthocenter.

*슈심 s. 樹心 (나무) (ᄆᆞ옴) Pith.

*슈ᄉᆞ s. 水帥 물 ᄒᆞ어끔) A naval commander of ancient Korea.

*슈ᄉᆞ제독 s. 水師提督 (물) (스슌) (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ옴) (거느릴) An admiral. *See* 슈군제독.

*슈ᄉᆞ전ᄒᆞ다 s. 殊死戰 (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (죽을) (싸홈) To fight until death.

*슈ᄉᆞ학 s. 修辭學 (닥글) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (비홀) Rhetoric.

*슈숨 h. 水蔘 (물) (인숨) Fresh ginseng.

*슈식 h. 水色 (물) (빗) Colour of the water.

*슈식 s. 秀色 (쎄여날) (빗) A beautiful woman; a lovely sight.

*슈식 s. 羞色 붓그러올 빗 A blush of shame; color from bashfulness. *See* 슈티

*슈셩식물 h. 水生植物 (물) (날) (심을, 일굴) Hydrophyte

*슈쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 收刷 (거둘) (슈쇄ᄒᆞᆯ) To finish; to complete; to collect; to gather—as taxes *See* 슈봉ᄒᆞ다.

*슈안 h. 水安 (물) (편안) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*슈안 h. 綏安 드릴 (평안) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. [illegible] 38.16. Long. 126.30.

*슈압계 h. 水壓計 (물) (누를) (계교) Hydraulic gauge.

*슈압긔 h. 水壓機 (물) (누를) (틀) A hydraulic press; a hydrostatic press.

*슈압긔관 h. 水壓機關 물 누를 긔틀 (집) A water-pressure engine.

슈알치 s. 鵱 (*새) A large species of duck. A falconer.

*슈야모야 s. 誰也某也 (누구) (잇기) (아모) (잇기) So and so; this person and that.

*슈약 h. 水藥 (물) (약) Liquid medicine. *See* 물약.

*슈양 s. 垂楊 (드리울) (버들) A weeping willow.

*슈양버들 s. 垂楊 (드리울) (버들) A weeping willow.

*슈양모 s. 受養母 받을 기를 (어미) A foster-mother. [illegible]

*슈양미 s. 水楊梅 물 [illegible] 미) *Geum japonicum, Ranunculus sceleratus.*

*슈양부 [illegible] 受養父 받을 기 [illegible] 아ᄇᆞ) A foster-father. *See* 양아바ᄉᆡ

*슈양산 [illegible] 首陽山 [illegible] 리) An mountain in Whang-[illegible] 38.08. Long. 126.[illegible]

*슈양산 s. 水楊酸 (물) (놀니) (실) Acidum Salicylicum.

*슈양산ᄒᆞ야곤 h. 水楊酸 [illegible] 닐) (실) ..... Guaiacol Sali[illegible]

*슈양산니리엄 h. 水楊酸 ..... (물) (놀닐) (실) .. ... Lithii Salicylas.

*슈양산진영 [illegible] 首陽山鎭營 [illegible] (졔) A military station in Whang-hai-do.

*슈양산ᄒᆞ야 [illegible] 水楊酸 [illegible] 실 Sodii Salicylas.

*슈양산창연 s. 水楊酸蒼鉛 (물) (놀닐) (실) (쥬ᄉᆞᆯ) (납) Bismuthi Salicylas.

*슈양주 s. 受養子 받을 기를 (아ᄃᆞᆯ) An adopted son—of a different surname. *See* 양아ᄃᆞᆯ

*슈양ᄒᆞ다 s. 受養 받을 기를 To adopt; to bring up.

*슈어군 s. 守禦軍 직힐 막을 군ᄉᆞ) Guards.

*슈어청 h. 守禦廳 직힐 막을 (쳥ᄉᆞ) A guard house.

*슈어ᄒᆞ다 h. 守禦 직힐 막을 To defend; to protect.

*슈업 s. 修業 (닥글) (업) Practising or studying an art or science.

*슈업증서 修業證書 [illegible] 업 [illegible] 글 [illegible] certificate of study accomplished.

*슈업ᄒᆞ다 s. 修業 (닥글) (업) To devote one's self to the study of any science or accomplishment; to exercise one's self in; to practise.

*슈역 s. 首譯 (머리) (말) The chief interpreter who accompanies the envoy to Peking.

*슈역 s. 殊域 (다를) (디경) Foreign country

*슈연 l. 水烟 (물) (연긔) A water-pipe, a hubble-bubble. *See* 슈연통.

*슈연 s. 晬宴 (돌잡) (잔치) The eye of festival—at sixty years of age. *See* 환갑.

*슈연디 l. 水烟筒 (물) (연긔) (통) A water-pipe; a hubble-bubble. *See* 슈연.

*슈연시 s. 晬宴詩 (환갑) (잔치) (글) A poem written for the sixty year festival.

*슈연이나 s. 雖然 (비록) (그럼) Although it be so .....; notwithstanding the fact that ..... *See* 연이나

*슈연통 s. 水烟筒 (물) (연긔) (통) A water pipe, a hubble-bubble. *See* 슈연디.

*슈염 s. 鬚髯 (슈염) (슈염) The beard and whiskers. *See* 염.

*슈엽 l. 樹葉 (나무) (닙) Leaves.

*슈영 l. 水英 (물) (쏫부리) Water-parsley, *Oenanthe stolonifera.*

*슈영 s. 水營 (물) (영문) The headquarters of a vice-admiral. *Opp.* 병영.

*슈오지심 (은)긴지유지 s. 羞惡之心人皆有之 (붓그러울) (슬흘) (갈) (모음) (사ᄅᆞᆼ) (다) (잇슬) (갈) A sense of shame belongs to every man.

*슈오ᄒᆞ다 s. 羞惡 (붓그러울) (슬흘) To feel shame and dislike over. (Comp.)

*슈옥ᄒᆞ다 s. 囚獄 (가둘) (옥) To imprison; to lock up.

*슈요 s. 須要 (모름직이) (중요) Requirements; indispensable things. *See* 필요.

*슈요 l. 壽夭 (목숨) (요소ᄒᆞᆯ) Old age and premature death.

*슈요일 l. 水曜日 (물) (빗날) (날) Wednesday.

*슈유 s. 獸類 (즘성) (유싱) A bestial heart or mind.

*슈유 s. 羞辱 (붓그러울) (욕ᄒᆞᆯ) An insult.

*슈유ᄒᆞ다 s. 受辱 밧을 욕ᄒᆞᆯ To be disgraced, to be insulted *See* 봉욕ᄒᆞ다.

*슈융 s. 羞容 붓그러울 얼골 An ashamed face; a bashful appearance.

*슈융젹동긔 l. 水用摘動器 (물) (쓸) (지흘 (움직일) (그릇) A hydraulic brake.

*슈융ᄒᆞ다 s. 需用 (쓸) (쓸) To use; to make use of.

*슈우 s. 殊遇 (다를) (디접ᄒᆞᆯ) Special treatment, favours.

*슈우 l. 水牛 (물) (소) A water-buffalo.

*슈우피 l. 水牛皮 (물) (소) (가죽) The skin of a water-buffalo.

*슈운 s. 輸運 (시를) (옴길) Transportation

*슈운ᄒᆞ다 s. 輸運 (시를) (옴길) To transport; to bring.

*슈유 s. 受由 (밧ᄂᆡ) (말미암을) Leave of absence. *See* 말미.

*슈유 s. 茱萸 (슈유) (슈유) A species of *Zanthoxylum.*

*슈유간 s. 須臾間 (모ᄅᆞᆷ직이) (잠간) (ᄉᆞ이) (In) a moment; (in) an instant.

*슈유나무 s. 茱萸木 (슈유) (슈유) (나무—*목 The *Evodia rutaecarpa*—the seeds of which are used as medicine.

*슈유불리 s. 須臾不離 모ᄅᆞᆷ직이 ᄌᆡ근ᄃᆞᆺ (아ᄃᆡ) (ᄇᆡ날) Not to be left for a moment; impossible to do without.

슈육 s. 熟肉 (닉을—*육) (고기—*육) Cooked meat without water. *See* 편육.

슈육지 s. 水豚 (나무—*목) (도야지—*돈) A porpoise.

*슈은 s. 水銀 (물) (은) Quicksilver; mercury.

*슈은 s. 殊恩 (다를) (은혜) Great favour; special kindness.

*슈은강고 s. 水銀硬膏 (물) (은) (굿셀) (기름) Emplastium Hydrargyri.

*슈은긔압계 l. 水銀氣壓計 (물) 은 (긔운) (누를) (계교) A mercurial gauge.

*슈은광 l. 水銀鑛 (물) (은) (쇠ᄃᆞᆯ) Mercurial ore

*슈은망극ᄒᆞ다 s. 受恩罔極 (밧을) (은혜) (업슬) (구ᄌᆞᆼ) To receive unbounded favour.

*슈은유고 l. 水銀油膏 (물) (은) (기름) (기름) Unguentum Hydrargyri.

*슈은제 s. 酬恩祭 (갑흘) (은혜) (제ᄉᆞ) A thank offering—in sacrifice.

*수은제제 l. 水銀製劑 (물)(은)(만질)(약지을) Suppositoria Hydrargyri.

*수은찰제 l. 水銀擦劑 (물)(은)(떠둠을)(약지을) Linimentum.

*수은청우계 l. 水銀晴雨計 (물)(은)(개일)(비)(계교) A mercurial barometer.

*수은청온계 l. 水銀寒暖計 (물)(은)(찰)(더울)(계교) A mercurial thermometer.

*수은호다 s. 受恩 (받을)(은혜) To receive favor or kindness.

*수은환제 l. 水銀丸劑 (물)(은)(환조)(약지을) Pilula Hydrargyri.

수울 s. A tassel; stamens—of a flower. *Also* 술.

*수응 s. 許應 (갑을)(응을) A permit; a grant.

*수음 l. 樹陰 (나무)(그늘) The shade cast by trees.

*수음 s. 手淫 (손)(음난) Masturbation.

*수응호다 s. 許應 (갑을)(응을) To grant; to give as desired.

*수의 s. 獸醫 (즘승)(의원) A veterinary surgeon.

*수의 l. 壽衣 (목숨)(옷) A shroud; a dress for the dead. *See* 슈의.

*수화 l. 繡衣 (슈노흘)(옷) A secret detective. *See* 암힝어소.

*수의스도 l. 繡衣使道 슈노흘(옷)(부릴 관)(길) A secret commissioner or dectective—sent out by the government. *See* 암힝어소.

*수의야힝 s. 繡衣夜行 슈노흘(옷) 밤(다닐, Wearing a gentleman's clothes at night—hence, unrecognized talents. *See* 금의야힝.

*수의학 l. 獸醫學 (즘승)(의원)(비홀) Veterinary surgeon studies.

*수인 l. 水仁 (물)(어질) A post station in Kang-wong-do.

*수인스뎐텬명 s. 修人事待天命 (닥글 사롬 일 기드릴, 하늘 목숨) After doing what man can do await God's command. *Also* 슈인스연후에 뎌텬명.

*수인호다 s. 修人事 닥글 사롬 일) To salute; to become acquainted

*수임 s. 首任 (머리) (맛홀) The chief of a particular class of underlings.

*수임 l. 水荏 (물)(깨) Water sesamum—cultivated for its oil only. *See* 들깨.

*수임쟈 s. 受任者 (받을) (맛홀) (놈) A Commission agent.

*수입 s. 收入 (거둘) (드릴) Income.

*수입 l. 輸入 (시를) (들) Importation; import Receipts, revenue; income *Opp.* 슈출

*수입금 s. 收入金 (거둘) (들) (쇠) Money received; income; revenue.

*수입세 s. 輸入稅 (시를) (물) (부세) Import duty.

*수입품 s. 輸入品 (시를 (들, (즘수) Goods imported; imports.

*수입호다 l. 輸入 (시를) (들) To import.

*수입호다 s. 收入 (거둘) (들) To collect; to receive.

*수원 l. 水原 (물) (언덕) A prefect in Kyong-ken-do Lat 27.13. Long. 127.0.

*수원 l. 水源 (물) (근원) The source of a stream.

*수원 s. 隨員 (따를) (관원) An official attendant.

*수원수구 s. 誰怨誰咎 (누구) (원망) (누구) 허물) That one's colaborer and that one's fault.

*수읍호다 s. 殊邑 다를) 고을 To be many; to be above the number. *See* 쉬수호다.

수자리 s. 戍 (*슈) Frontier guards. (살다).

*수작 s. 酬酌 (갑을) (갑을) Speech; manner of expression.

*수작호다 s. 酬酌 (갑을) (갑을) To have a talk; to chat; to converse together.

*수장호다 s. 水葬 (물 장소) To bury at sea. *Opp.* 회장.

*수장호다 s. 修粧 닥글 (단장) To touch off; to adorn; to give the finishing touches.

*수작 l. 水雀 (물) (참새) The tree-pipit.

*수장 s. 手掌 (손) (손바닥) The palm of the hand.

*수장집다 s. 手掌 (손) (손바닥, 허; 혼 To mark an outline of the hand—as a signature.

수저 匙箸 슈가락—*시) (저—*저) Spoon and chopsticks. *See* 슈가락.

*수적 s. 水賊 물 (도적) Sea robbers; pirates. *See* 히랑적.

*수적 s. 手迹 손 (자최) Works or acts—done during life. *See* 돌적

*슈전 *l.* 水戰 (물) (싸홈) A sea-fight. *Opp.* 육전.

*슈젼로 *s.* 守錢奴 (직힘) (돈) (오랑캐) A miser.

*슈젼즁 *s.* (—쭝) 手顫症 (손) (떨) (증세) Trembling of the hands—a disease.

슈젼이 *s.* 麥湯 (밀—*릭) (쓸은—*랄) Small pieces of wheat-flour bread—in soup.

*슈졀스의ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 守節死義 (직힘) (절개) (죽을) (옳을) To be faithful unto death.

*슈졀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 守節 (직힘) (절개) To preserve chastity; to be faithful unto death. *See* 정절ᄒᆞ다.

*슈제 *s.* 水劑 (물) (약지을) Aquae.

*슈졍 *l.* 水程 (물) (길) Distance by water.

*슈졍 *s.* 修正 (닥글) (바를) Modification.

*슈졍 *l.* 水晶 (물) (슈졍) Rock crystal.

*슈졍궁 *l.* 水晶宮 (물) (슈졍) (집) A palace of rock crystal in the sea where the dragon king lives; Davy Jones' Locker.

*슈졍과 *s.* 水晶菓 물 다릴 *전) (과즈—*과) A stew of dried persimmons and honey.

*슈졍관 *l.* 輸精管 (시를) (정밀) (대쪽) Vas deferentia.

*슈졍렴 *l.* 水晶簾 (물) (슈졍) (발) A screen or curtain made of strings of crystal beads.

*슈졍산 *s.* 水精山 (물) (정밀) (뫼) A mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.51 Long. 127.58.

*슈졍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 修正 (닥글) (바를) To amend; to collect; to repair.

*슈조 *s.* 輸漕 (시를) (옴길) Carrying—by cart and by boat.

*슈조 *l.* 水藻 (물) (마름) Aquatic plants.

*슈조관 *s.* 收租官 (거둘) (조셰) (벼슬) Formerly an official tax collector.

*슈조물 *s.* 受造物 (밧을) (지을) (만물) Created things; creation.

*슈족 *l.* 水族 (물) (겨레) Aquatic tribes; marine animals.

슈쪽 *s.* The right half of a cheque for money. *Opp.* 암쪽.

*슈졸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 守拙 (직힘) (졸홀) To be temperate; to be moderate; to be careful. *See* 안분ᄒᆞ다.

*슈족 *s.* 手足 (손) (발) Hands and feet.

*슈족곡션 *s.* 垂足曲線 (드리울) (발) (굽을) (실) Pedal curve.

*슈족삼각형 *s.* 垂足三角形 (드리울) (발) (셰) (뿔) (형 상) A pedal triangle.

*슈죵 *s.* 首從 (머리) (좃칠) A principal and an accessory as in a crime.

*슈죵 *l.* 水腫 (물) 헌데) Dropsy.

슈죵드다 *s.* 助役 (도울—*조) (역스—*역) 리; 든 To lend a hand; to aid.

*슈죵드리 *s.* 水腫脚 (물) (헌데) (드리—*각) Elephantiasis.

*슈즙다 *s.* 煮汁 (붓그러울 알ᄉᆞᆷ홀—*습) 어, 은 To be a flame.

*슈쥬 *s.* 水紬 (물) (깁) Silk woven of threads wound from cocoons placed in cold water.

*슈쥭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 守株 (직힘) (그루) To adhere to; to persist in; to cling to—as antiquated customs.

*슈준긔 *l.* 水準器 (물) (법) (그릇) A level—used in surveying

슈준의 *l.* 水準儀 (물) (법) (거동) A level.

*슈준측량 *l.* 水準測量 (물) (법) (헤아릴) (헤아릴) Leveling.

슈즙 *s.* The brim; the top—of a dish. (Prov.)

*슈즁에 *l.* 手中 (손) (가온ᄃᆡ) In the hand, within one's power *See* 장즁에.

*슈즁에 *l.* 水中 (물) (가온ᄃᆡ) On the water; on the sea.

*슈즙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 修葺 (닥글) (슈즙홀) To build; to rebuild; to repair.

*슈증긔 *l.* 水蒸氣 (물) (찔) (지운) Watery vapour.

슈지 *s.* 休紙 (쉬일—*휴) (조희—*지) Waste paper.

*슈지오지조응 *s.* 誰知烏之雌雄 (누구) (알) (가마귀 , 갈 (암컷 (슈컷) Who knows whether the passing crow is a male or a female.

*슈직션 *s.* 垂直線 (드리울) (곳을) (실) A vertical line; a perpendicular line.

*슈직쳑동 *s.* 垂直擲動 (드리울) (곳을) (던질) (움직일) A vertical throw.

*슈직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 守直 (직힐) (번들) To guard; to take care of. *See* 과슈ᄒᆞ다

*슈진이 *s.* 手陣 (손) (독슐) A tame falcon.

*슈딜 *s.* 首絰 (머리) (슈딜) A rope which a mourner ties round his head.

*슈질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 水疾 (물) (병) To be seasick. *See* 멀미ᄒᆞ다.

*슈지 *s.* 秀才 (쎄여날) (지조) Great ability; conspicuous talent. *See* 총각.

*슈지 s. 手才 (손) (지조) Skill of hand ability in manufacture. *See* 슈교.

*슈지 l. 水災 (물) 지앙 Devastation from floods. *See* 슈환.

*슈좌 s. 首座 (머리) (자리) The chief seat.

*슈착 s. 收搾 (거둘) (어그러질) Aberration.

*슈찰 l. 手札 (손) (편지) A letter.

*슈참ᄒᆞ다 s. 羞慚 붓그러울 붓그러울) To feel ashamed; to blush. *See* 슈치ᄒᆞ다.

*슈창ᄒᆞ다 s. 首唱 (머리) (부를) To be the first to do; to be the inventor.

*슈처평균 s. 隨處平均 (따를) (곳) (평홀) (고를) Neutral equilibrium.

*슈천 s. 隨川 (따를) (내) A post station in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.38. Long. 125.13.

*슈첨 s. 手尖 (손) (뾰족홀) The point of a finger.

*슈청 s. 隨廳 (따를) 대청) A *yamen* "boy." *See* 즁인. A *yamen* dancing-girl. (드리다) (들다).

*슈청방 s. 隨廳房 (따를) (대청) (방) A servant's quarters; a steward's room.

*슈총 l. 手銃 (손) (총) A pistol.

*슈초 l. 樹杪 (나무) (끗) The topmost point of a tree.

*슈축ᄒᆞ다 s. 修築 (닥글) (차질) To build; to rebuild; to repair.

*슈출 l. 輸出 (시를) (날) Exportation.

*슈출품 l. 輸出品 (시를) (날) (물수) Exports.

*슈출ᄒᆞ다 l. 輸出 (시를) (날) To export.

*슈출ᄒᆞ다 s. 秀出 (빠여날) (날) To excel; to surpass.

*슈취인 s. 受取人 (받을) (취홀) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Payee.

*슈치 s. 羞恥 (붓그러울) (붓그러울) Shame; disgrace.

슈치젹 s. 外痔疾 (밧—*외) (치질—*치 병 *질 External piles. *Opp.* 암치질.

*슈치ᄒᆞ다 s. 羞恥 (붓그러울) (붓그러울) To feel ashamed; to blush. *See* 무안ᄒᆞ다.

*슈직ᄒᆞ다 s. 受職 ᄇᆞᆯ 벼슬 To receive office; to enter on official duties—of high officials. *See* 슈임ᄒᆞ다.

*슈침 l. 水沉 (물) (조길) What has been in the water; water stains.

*슈침 l. 繡枕 (슈노흘) (벼기) An embroidered pillow.

*슈침되다 l. 水沉 물 조길 되여; 된 To be submerged; to be in the water.

*슈젹ᄒᆞ다 l. 水沉 (물, 조길) To fall into the water; to be soaked; to sink.

슈셕 l. 水槽 (물) (진) A trough for carrying off water.

슈컷 s. 雄 (*웅) The male of animals. *Opp.* 암컷.

*슈턴 s. 獸炭 (즘승) (숫) Carbo Animalis.

*슈텹 s. 手帖 (손) (쳑) A note book; a small book.

*슈텹ᄒᆞ다 s. 受帖 밧을 글 To receive orders to enter on office—of inferior officials. *See* 슈직ᄒᆞ다.

*슈토 l. 水土 (물) (흙) Water and earth—climate. *See* 풍토.

*슈토불복 l. 水土不服 (물) (흙) (아닐) 먹을 Unsuitableness of climate.

*슈통 l. 水筒 (물) (통) A trough for water.

*슈통인 s. 首通引 (머리) (통홀) (일홀을) A chief of the official waiting boys (즁인).

*슈ᄐᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 s. 羞縮 붓그러울, (압흘) To be ashamed, to feel shame. *See* 압축ᄒᆞ다.

*슈태 s. 羞態 (붓그러울) (태도) The appearance of shame.

*슈태ᄒᆞ다 s. 受胎 밧을 ᄌᆡ, To become pregnant. *See* 잉태ᄒᆞ다; 포태ᄒᆞ다.

*슈택사 l. 水澤瀉 물 못 쏫을) Water plantain, *alisma plantago.*

*슈ᄃᆡ충 l. 水黽蟲 물 ᄇᆞᆯ 버레) A water-beetle, *Cybister Japonicus.*

*슈패 l. 水敗 (물) (패홀) Devastation from floods. *See* 슈지.

*슈편ᄒᆞ다 s. 隨便 ᄯᆞᆯ (편홀) To suit one's convenience; to do in the easiest way. *See* 즁편ᄒᆞ다.

*슈평 l. 水平 (물) (평홀) The level of water; the marine level.

*슈평긔 l. 水平器 (물) (평홀) (그릇) Water level.

*슈평면 l. 水平面 (물) (평홀) (낫) Horizontal plane.

슈평산 l. 水平山 물 평홀) (외) A mountain in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 41.20. Long. 129.19.

*슈평젹돌 s. 水平擲動 물 평홀) (던질) (움직일) Horizontal throw.

*슈포 l. 水泡 (물 ᄀᆞᆺ홈, Bubbles of water. A watery eruption.

*슈포진 f. 水泡疹 (물)(겁흠)、발반호) A vesicular eruption.

*슈표 f. 手標 (손)(표) A note; a receipt. *See* 슈긔.

*슈표 f. 水豹 (물)(표범) The common seal.

*슈품 s. 手品 (손)(품수) Skill o' hand; a practised hand. *See* 슈지.

*슈품 s. 袖品 (소매) 품수) Measurement —for clothes; a pattern.

*슈피 f. 樹皮 (나무)(가죽) Bark.

*슈필 f. 水筆 (물) (붓) Water-pens kept in a water-case.

*슈필질ᄒᆞ다 f. 水筆 (물) (붓) To write with water on a blackboard.

*슈하 s. 手下 (손)(아래) Subordinates; those under one. *See* 슈샹.

*슈하 f. 水下 (물 아래) That which lies under the water; below the water.

*슈하물 s. 手荷物 (손) (메일) (물건) Luggage.

슈하지, s. 鷹匠者 (매 *비) (미—*응)、눔—*자) A falconer. *See* 슈알치.

*슈학ᄒᆞ다 s. 受學 받을) (비홀) To learn; to study.

*슈한 s. 手翰 (손) (글) A letter.

*슈한 f. 水旱 (물) (가물) Flood and drought.

*슈한 s. 壽限 (목숨) (한명) The limit of life; age.

*슈함 s. 收斂 (거둘) (검은흔젹—*염) A coming off of the scabs after smallpox.

*슈해 f. 水害 (물) (해홀) Damage caused by flood or freshet.

*슈해ᄒᆞ다 s. 受害 받홀) (해로울) To suffer; to endure hardship.

*슈창 s. 首倡 、머리) 、시작) The head man—of a district. *See* 좌슈.

*슈쳐즈 f. 水鞋子 (물) (신) (아돌) Long boots—worn by military officers when in court dress. *See* 목화.

*슈형 s. 手形 (손) (형샹) An impression of the hand given as a seal or witness.

*슈형리 s. 首刑吏 (머리) (형벌) (아젼) The chief writer or clerk of an office of justice.

*슈형학 f. 水形學 (물) (형샹) (비홀) Hydrography.

*슈호 f. 水戶 (물) (집) Mito in Japan.

*슈호됴약 s. 修好條約 (닥글) (됴흘) (가지) (언약) Treaty of friendship.

*슈훈 s. 殊勳 (다를) (공) Meritorious service; merit; eminent work; distinguished action; prowess—in battle.

*슈훈 s. 垂訓 (드리울) (フᄅᆞ칠) Giving instructions.

*슈훈ᄒᆞ다 s. 垂訓 (두리울) (フᄅᆞ칠) To teach; to instruct.

*슈ᄒᆞ다 f. 壽 (목숨) To live long. *See* 장슈ᄒᆞ다.

*슈화 f. 水火 (물) (불) Water and fire—enmity; incompatibility.

*슈화목금도 f. 水火木金土 (물) (불) (나무) (쇠) (흙) The Five Elements; water fire, wood, metal, earth (in common parlance 금목슈화토).

*슈화불통ᄒᆞ다 f. 水火不通 (물) (불) (아닐) (통홀) Not to share fire or water with—of an enemy.

*슈화샹구 f. 水火相仇 (물) (불) (서로) (원쉴) Water and fire are destructive of each other.

*슈화석회 f. 水化石灰 (물) (될) (돌) 、지) Slaked lime.

*슈화쥬 s. 繡花紬 (슈노흘) (뵷) (깁) Flowered silk.

*슈환 f. 水患 (물) (근심) Disaster from floods. *See* 슈해.

*슈황증 s. 手荒症 (손) (거칠) (증세) Pilfering; stealing.

*슉 s. 叔 (아자비) A paternal uncle.

*슉가 s. 宿痂 (잘) (병) An inveterate or chronic disease.

슉굴ᄒᆞ다 s. To be disheveled; to be uncombed. (Prov.)

*슉궁 s. 督宮 (슉궁) (집) An overseer of public stores.

*슉녀 s. 淑女 (몸을) (계집) A gentlewoman; a lady.

*슉념 s. 宿念 (잘) (싱각) A long-cherished intention.

*슉뎡 s. 驛亭 (역슈) (편안) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

슉다 s. 前傾 (압—*쳔) (기우러질—*질) 、어) To be bowed; to be bent; to be inclined forward. *Opp.* 젓다.

슉뎍이 s. A large sun-hat worn by labourers.

*슉독ᄒᆞ다 s. 熟讀 (닉을) (닑을) To learn by rote; to know by heart.

*슉디황 s. 熟地黃 (닉을) (짜) 、누루) Cooked *Rehmannia glutinosa.*

*슉록비 s. 熟鹿皮 (닉을) (소슴) (가죽 *피) Tanned deerskin—what is soft; pliable. (又다).

*숙료 s. 宿料 (잘) (헤아릴) The money paid for lodging at a hotel.

*숙믈 s. 熟湯 (닉을) (국—*탕) Rice-water—eaten at regular meals. *See* 숙탕

*숙마 s. 熟麻 (닉을) (삼) Bleached hemp.

*숙망 s. 宿望 (잘) (볼랄) A cherished hope; a desire one has entertained for a long time.

*숙면 s. 熟面 (닉을) (낫) A well known face. *See* 구면.

*숙모 s. 叔母 (아자비) (어미) An aunt—said only of a father's sister, or of the wife of a father's younger brother.

*숙믹 s. 菽麥 (보리) Beans and wheat. An imbecile; an idiot; an ignoramus. *See* 믹즐이.

*숙믹불변 s. 菽麥不辨 (콩 (보리 아닐) 분별) Ignorant of the difference between beans and wheat—an ignoramus; an imbecile. *See* 어로불변.

*숙번 s. 熟藩 (닉을) (디황—*라) Cooked *Chamæmaj.* A kind of medicine. *See* 숙디황.

*숙부 s. 叔父 아자비 (아비) An uncle; a younger brother of a father. *See* 삼촌.

*숙부인 s. 淑夫人 (곱을) (지아비) (사롬) The wife of an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree. *Opp.* 정부인.

*숙분 s. 宿憤 (잘) (분호 Enmity of long standing; an old grudge.

*숙불환성 s. 熟不還生 (닉을 아닐 (도라올) (날) What is cooked cannot be made raw; what is ripe cannot be made green.

*숙비호다 s. 肅拜 (엄슉) (절) To bow; to prostrate oneself—before the king. *See* 사은호다.

*숙살지긔 s. 肅殺之氣 엄슉 죽일 갈 (긔운 Atmospheres that cause death—like the winds of autumn.

*숙살호다 s. 肅殺 (엄슉) (죽일) To cut down; to clear—as jungle.

*숙상 s. 肅霜 엄슉 (서리) Severe frost.

*숙석 s. 熟石 (니을) (돌) Sand stones; prepared stones—for building

*숙석 s. 夙昔 (일을) (네) Yesterday; previous day; ancient times.

*숙설소 s. 熟設所 (닉을) (베플) (바) A temporary kitchen arranged as for a feast.

*숙설지지 s. 熟設大知 닉을 베플 큰 벼슬) (알) A master of a feast—as at wedding or sacrificial ceremonies.

*숙셩호다 s. 夙成 (일을) (일울) To be precocious; to be prematurely developed. *See* 조달호다.

*숙소 s. 宿所 (잘) (바) A dwelling place; a residence; an abode. (대다). *See* 사쳐

*숙소창 s. 宿所站 (잘) (바) (청) A place to sleep; a place to pass the night.

*숙소호다 s. 宿所 (잘) (바) To sleep; to lodge. *See* 류숙호다.

*숙속 s. 菽粟 (콩) (조) Beans and grain.

*숙슈 s. 熟手 (닉을) (손) A cook. An experienced hand; a skilful person. *See* 숙슈단.

*숙슈간 s. 熟手間 닉을 (손) 사—*칸 A kitchen—erected specially for a festal occasion.

*숙슈단 s. 熟手段 (닉을) (손) (조각) An experienced hand; a skilful worker *See* 션슈.

*숙슈련단 s. 熟手鍊鍛 (닉을) (손) (련단홀) (련단홀) An experienced person.

*숙슉호다 s. 肅肅 (엄슉) (엄슉) To be grave; to be dignified; to be serious. (B. O.)

*숙습 s. 熟習 (닉을) (닐힘) A habit; a usage; a use.

*숙습(을)난방 s. 熟習難防 닉을 (닐힘) 어려울 (막을 Hard to change one's habits. *See* 구여성성

*숙습(이)난급 s. 熟習難及 (닉을) (닉힘) (어려울) (밋출) It is hard to equal a practised hand.

*숙습호다 s. 熟習 닉을 (닉힘 To be conversant with; to be versed in; to be experienced. *See* 힝습호다.

*숙식 s. 宿食 (잘) (밥) Board and lodging. *See* 침식.

*숙식호다 s. 宿食 (잘) (밥) To have board and lodging. *See* 류숙호다

*숙쇽 s. 熟熟 닉을 실 Ripe; tender; soft; well-cooked (as food) 익힌 음식

*숙쇽호다 s. 熟思 닉을 싱각 To soliloquize.

*숙야 s. 夙夜 (일을) (밤) Day and night; day after day and night after night; early and late; continuously.

*숙약 s. 夙約 (일을) (언약) A previous engagement; a standing agreement.

숙어지다 *s.* 垂前 (드리울—*슈) (압 · *젼) 어져 ; 진 To bend forward ; to nod assent to. *Opp.* 젓버듬ᄒᆞ다.

*숙연 *s.* 宿緣 (잘) (인년) A relation or affinity existing from one's previous state of existence, (Buddhist).

*숙유 *s.* 宿儒 (잘) (션비) An experienced philosopher.

숙으러지다 *s.* 垂首 (드리울—*슈) (머리—*슈) 러져 ; 진 To bend forwards ; to give in to ; to nod assent to.

*숙와 *s.* 宿意 (잘) (뜻) A desire, or grudge of long standing ; a cherished desire.

숙이다 *s.* 俛 (숙일—*런) 숙여 ; 인 To bend over ; to bow forward ; to incline.

*숙인 *s.* 淑人 (몸울) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A good man.

*숙원 *s.* 宿怨 (잘) (원망) An old feud ; deeprooted enmity.

*숙원 *s.* 宿願 (잘) (원ᄃᆞᆨ) A desire one has entertained for a long time.

*숙정패 *s.* 肅靜牌 (엄숙) (고요ᄒᆞᆯ) (패) A tablet carried on a long pole before a general, the characters on which exhort the soldiers to "majesty and silence."

*숙주 *s.* 熟紬 (니울) (깁) Launtried native silk. *Opp.* 싱쥬.

숙주 *s.* 綠豆芽 (푸를 -*록) (팟—*두) (올—*아) Lentil sprouts ; green bean shoots. (나물).

*숙지 *s.* 宿志 (잘) (뜻) A long-cherished intention.

*숙질 *s.* 叔姪 (아자비) (죡하) Paternal uncle and nephew.

*숙채 *s.* 宿債 (잘) (빗) Former debts. *See* 구채.

*숙천 *s.* 肅川 (엄숙) (내) A prefect in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.31. Long. 126.02.

*숙체 *s.* 宿滯 (잘) (걸닐) Chronic dyspepsia. *See* 적체.

*숙청 *s.* 熟淸 (니울) (몰울) Refined honey. *Opp.* 조청.

*숙청궁금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 肅淸宮禁 (엄숙) (몰울) (집) (금ᄒᆞᆯ 금) To strictly forbid entrance to the palace.

*숙초근 *s.* 宿草根 (잘) (플) (뿌리) A perennial plant.

*숙쵸 *s.* 熟綃 (니울) (깁) A kind of silk.

*숙취 *s.* 宿醉 (잘) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) Drunkenness continued for several days.

*숙친ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 熟親 (니울) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) To be very intimate ; to be well acquainted with. *See* 절친ᄒᆞ다.

*숙치 *s.* 熟菜 (니울) (나물) Cooked or preserved vegetables.

*숙철 *s.* 熟鐵 (니울) (쇠) Wrought iron.

*숙폐 *s.* 宿弊 (잘) (히여질) An evil of long standing ; an inveterate abuse.

*숙포 *s.* 熟布 (니울) (뵈) Bleached hempen cloth.

*숙항 *s.* 叔行 (아자비) (항렬) My father's generation. *Opp.* 즈항.

*숙호충비 *s.* 宿虎衝鼻 (잘) (범) (찌를) (코) Tickling the nose of a sleeping tiger—stirring up unnecessary trouble.

*숙흥야민ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 夙興夜寐 (일울) (날) (밤) (잘) To rise early and sleep at nightfall.

*숙환 *s.* 宿患 (잘) (근심) A chronic disease.

*순 *s.* 純 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) What is pure ; unmixed ; the natural condition.

*순 *s.* 筍 (순) A sprout ; a shoot ; a bud. (지로다). *See* 싹.

*순 *l.* 順 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) Passing to the right—in dominoes.

*순간륙 *s.* 瞬間軸 (눈잠작일) (스이) (쵹) Instantaneous axis.

*순검 *s.* 巡檢 (순힝) 、잡고ᄒᆞᆯ) A policeman ; a constable. *See* 순포.

*순경도다 *s.* 巡更 (순힝) (곳칠) 라 ; 돈 To go the rounds—as a constable or watchman.

*순고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 淳古 (순박) (녜) To be old fashioned ; to be guileless.

*순교 *s.* 巡校 (순힝) (장교) A country policeman ; a constable.

*순국ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殉國 (죽라죽을) (나라) To die for one's country. *See* 순절ᄒᆞ다.

*순귀령 *l.* 順歸便 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) 、도라갈) (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) A chance messenger ; one who happens to be going.

*순근 *l.* 蓴捲 (무궁화) (무궁화) A convolvulus.

*순금 *s.* 純金 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (쇠) Pure gold.

*순금지환 *s.* 純金指環 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (쇠) (손가락) (고리) A finger ring of pure gold.

*순니마 *l.* 順騎馬 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A return pony ; a horse that is returning. *See* 회마.

숟님금 *s.* 舜 (*순) King Shun of ancient China (About 2255 B. C.) *See* 유우시.

숟뜻이 *s.* Refuse tobacco—gathered at the close of the season.

*순라 s. 巡邏 순힝 (순라) The rounds of a constable or watchman. (나다, 잡다).

*순라군 s. 巡邏軍 순힝 (순라) (군스) A watchman; a constable who goes the rounds.

*순라나다 s. 巡邏 순힝 (순라) 나, 남 To go the rounds—as a watchman or constable.

*순량ᄒᆞ다 l. 順良 순량 (어질) To be gentle; to be good. *See* 유순ᄒᆞ다.

*순력돌다 s. 巡歷 순힝 (지날) 아, 돈 To make a round of inspection—as a provincial governor.

*순령슈 s. (술) 巡令手 순힝 (ᄒᆞ여금) (손) Soldiers who repeat the orders of the general—as buglers. *See* 긔슈.

*순료 s. 醇醪 (ᄀᆞᆨ쥬) (ᄇᆞᆨ쥬) Thick wine; ardent spirits.

*순류ᄒᆞ다 l. 順流 순류 (흐를) To go with the stream; to drift with the tide.

*순릉 l. 純陵 순젼릉, 언덕) A village in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 40.00. Long. 127.45.

*순리 l. 順理 순리 (리치) (According) to principle; the law of submission to the principles of nature. *Opp.* 역리.

*순만ᄒᆞ다 l. 順娩 순만 (히산ᄒᆞᆯ) To give birth to; to bring forth. *See* 히산ᄒᆞ다.

*순망간 s. 旬望間 (열흘) (보름) (ᄉᆞ이) Between the 10th and 15th of the moon.

*순망즉치한 s. 脣亡則齒寒 (입설) 망ᄒᆞᆯ (ᄌᆞᆺ) 니 (찰) If you lose the lips the teeth are cold; our dependence on one another. *See* 젼아상ᄉᆡ.

*순망치한 s. 脣亡齒寒 (입설) 망ᄒᆞᆯ (ᄌᆞᆺ) 니 (찰) *See* 순망즉치한

*순무대장 s. 巡撫大將 순힝 (어루만질) (큰, 장슈 A general sent to quiet a revolt among the people. *See* 순무영

*순무소 s. 巡撫使 순힝 (어루만질) (ᄒᆞ여금) An officer sent by the king to quiet a revolt among the people.

*순무어ᄉᆞ s. 巡撫御史 순힝 (어루만질) (모실) (ᄉᆞ긔) The royal messenger—sent to quiet the people in times of trouble.

*순무영 s. 巡撫營 순힝 (어루만질) (영문) A government headquarters established during political trouble.

*순민 l. 順民 순ᄆᆞᆫ (빅셩) Obedient subjects; submissive lower classes.

*순박ᄒᆞ다 s. 純朴 순박 (검박) To be honest, to be guileless *See* 고박ᄒᆞ다.

*순변 s. 巡弁 순힝 (ᄆᆞᆨ갈) The captain of the telegraph guards.

*순보 l. 旬報 (열흘) (갈홀) A paper issued every ten days.

*순비 s. 巡盃 순힝 (잔) A round—of drink.

*순사 s. 巡査 순힝 사ᄉᆞᆯ홀) Constables, police. *See* 슌검

*순산ᄒᆞ다 l. 順産 순ᄂᆞᆫ (낳) To bring forth with little labor *See* 히복ᄒᆞ다.

*순산ᄒᆞ다 s. 巡山 순힝 (뫼) To go rounds of inspection—over the mountains.

*순상 s. 巡相 순힝 (서로) A governor of a province—so called by scholars.

*순서 l. 順序 순ᄂᆞᆫ (ᄎᆞ레) A program; a time table. *See* 절초.

*순성 l. 順城 순ᄂᆞᆫ (재) A post station in Ch'ung-chong-do.

*순셩 s. 脣聲 입설) (소리, Lip sounds labials. *See* 슌치셩

*순셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 巡城 순힝 (재) To go the rounds of a city wall.

*순셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 順成 순ᄂᆞᆫ (일울) To come about easily; to turn out favorably.

*순수 s. 巡狩 순힝 (슌힝) A progress of the emperor to a tributary state. (M.) *See* 거둥.

*순슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 純粹 순젼ᄒᆞᆯ (슌젼ᄒᆞᆯ) To be pure; to be undefiled; to be unadulterated.

*순슉ᄒᆞ다 s. 醇熟 순슉ᄒᆞᆯ (닉을) To be well-fermented—of liquor. To be sincere, to be true; to be trusting. *Opp.* 지독ᄒᆞ다

*순순히 l. 順順 순ᄂᆞᆫ 순ᄂᆞᆫ) Willingly, freely.

*순순ᄒᆞ다 l. 順順 순ᄂᆞᆫ (순ᄒᆞᆯ) To be willing; to be submissive.

슌ᄃᆡ s. Sausages.

*순쇼환쇼ᄉᆞ s. 純消環小數 순젼ᄒᆞᆯ (ᄉᆞᆯ칠 ᄀᆞᆫ 슌을 ᄂᆞ어 ᄇᆞᆫ 순환ᄒᆞᄂᆞᆫ 소수 repeating decimals.

*순시 s. 旬試 열흘 시험) Archery practice—three times a month. *See* 순제

*순시 s. 巡視 (순힝) (불) The rounds of a criminal before his execution. A quiver on a long pole carried at executions.

*순식간 l. 瞬息間 (눈쌈짝일)(쉬일)(소이) (In) the twinkling of an eye. *See* 별안간.

*순실ᄒᆞ다 s. 純實 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(실ᄒᆞᆯ) To be guileless; to be gentle.

*순심 l. 順心 (순ᄒᆞᆯ)(무옴) An obedient mind, a submissive heart.

*순사 s. 巡査 (순힝) (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) A policeman; a watchman. *See* 순포

*순사 s. 巡使 (순힝) (ᄒᆞ어픔) A provincial governor. *See* 감ᄉᆞ.

*순사도 s. (一ᄯᅩ) 巡使道 (순힝)(ᄒᆞ어픔)(길) The governor of a province—so called by subordinates and underlings.

*순색 s. 純色 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(빗) Of one color; unmixed shades.

*순안 l. 順安 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (면안) A prefect in Py'ong-an-do. Lat. 39.16. Long. 125.54.

*순양 l. 順陽 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (볏) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*순양 s. 純陽 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (볏) The 4th moon. Purity; chastity—of unmarried men. *Opp.* 순음

*순양함 s 巡洋艦 (순힝)(바다)(군함) A cruiser.

*순영 s 巡營 (순힝)(영문) A provincial governor's headquarters. *See* 감영.

*순욱 s 荀勗 (풀)(빗날) D. A.D. 212. A great scholar and statesman of China.

*순은 s. 純銀 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (은) Pure silver *See* 젼은.

*순음 s. 純陰 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (그늘) The 10th moon. Purity; chastity—of unmarried women. *Opp.* 순양.

*순의 l. 順意 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (뜻) Free will; willingness.

*순익 s. 純益 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(더ᄒᆞᆯ) Net profit.

*순장ᄒᆞ다 s. 旬葬 (열흘)(장ᄉᆞ) To bury within ten days—without the ceremony of choosing the day.

*순장ᄒᆞ다 s. 殉葬 (ᄯᅡ라죽을) (장ᄉᆞ) To bury alive with—as servants with their dead master (an ancient custom).

*순장 s. 巡將 (순힝) (장슈) A military officer; a chief of guards.

*순전 l. 旬前 (열흘)(앞) Before ten days. *Opp.* 순후.

*순젼히 s. 純全 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(온젼) Wholly; completely *See* 온젼히.

*순젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 純全 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(온젼) To be pure; to be spotless. *See* 젼금.

*순졀ᄒᆞ다 s. 殉節 (죽을ᄯᅡ름) (졀개) To give up one's life for chastity.

*순제 s. (一쎄) 旬製 (열흘) (지을) A subject or theme sent officially in a circular letter to the scholars of the district.

*순정수학 s. 純正數學 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(바를)(두어)(비홀) Pure mathematics.

*순정식물학 s. 純正植物學 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (바를)(심을)(물건)(비홀) Theoretical or pure botany.

*순졸 s. 巡卒 (순돌)(군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers who go the rounds—for inspection of telegraphs.

*순종 s. 脣腫 (입설)(헌ᄃᆡ) A boil on the lip.

*순종ᄒᆞ다 l. 順從 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (좃칠) To comply with; to yield obedience to. *See* 복종ᄒᆞ다.

*순쥬졍 s. 純酒精 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (술) (졍밀) Absolute alcohol.

순지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To nip the top—in order to nourish the leaves etc.

*순직ᄒᆞ다 s. 純直 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ)(곳을) To be upright; to be honest. *See* 졸직ᄒᆞ다.

순질다 s 折筍 (썩글 -*순) (순—*순)어; 은 To trim; to prune.

*순찰ᄉᆞ s. 巡察使 (순힝) (샹칠) (ᄒᆞ어픔) The governor of a province. *See* 감ᄉᆞ.

*순창 s. 淳昌 (순박) (창셩) A prefect in Chol-la-do. Lat 35 15. Long. 127.12.

*순천 l. 順川 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (내) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.26. Long. 126.18.

*순청 s. 純青 (순젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (푸를) Unmixed blue or green.

*순축 l. 順軸 (순ᄒᆞᆯ) (축) A kind of top-knot pin.

*순초 s. 巡哨 (순돌) (순초) Guards; pickets.

*순초군 s. 巡哨軍 (순돌) (순초) (군ᄉᆞ) Constables or soldiers who go the rounds.

*순초ᄒᆞ다 s. 巡哨 (순돌)(순초) To go the rounds—of soldiers, constables etc.

*순치셩 s. 脣齒聲 (입설)(니)(소리) The lip and tooth sound—as heard in F. *See* 설셩.

*슌차지셰 s. 唇齒之勢 입설 (니) 같 (형세, A combination of lip and tooth —where two are mutually dependent

*슌텬 l. 順天 (슌텰) (하늘) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do.

*슌텬명호다 / 順天命 슌텰 하늘 명 숭) To obey the commands of heaven. *Opp.* 역텬명호다.

*슌텬포 s. 順天浦 슌텰 하ᄂᆞ 개 ᄂᆞ naval station in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.36. Long. 127.41.

*슌통 l. 順通 (슌텰) (통텰) "Perfect recitation"—in the repeating of characters.

*슌편 l. 順便 (슌텰) (편텰) A chance messenger; a favorable opportunity. *See* 회편.

*슌편호다 / 順便 (슌텰) 편텰 To be convenient; to be easy; to be gentle.

*슌포 s. 巡捕 슌텰 잡을 A constable, a policeman. *See* 포교

*슌포막 s. 巡捕幕 슌텰 잡을 막 A police-box. *See* 파출소

*슌풍 / 順風 슌텰 (바람 ᄂᆞ fair wind; a fair breeze. *Opp.* 역풍.

*슌홍 s. 純紅 슌견텰 붉을 Pure red color—unmixed with any other shade.

*슌후 l. 旬後 (열텰) (뒤) After ten days. *Opp.* 슌젼.

*슌후호다 a. 淳厚 (슌박) (둣터울) To be pure; to be open hearted; to be gentle.

*슌흑 s. 純黑 (슌견텰) (검을) Unmixed black.

*슌흥 l. 順興 슌텰 (님) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36 2 Long. 128.23.

*슌히다 / 順 슌텰 To be submissive, to be obedient; to be tame; to be docile. *See* 슌량호다.

*슐히션 s. 巡海船 (슌텰) (바다) (비) A revenue cruiser.

*슌힝호다 s. 巡行 (슌텰) (둔닐) To make a round of inspection.

*슌화 l. 蓴花 (무궁화) (옷) The flowers of the convolvulus.

*슌화지리 s. 循環之理 (좃칠, 고리 갈) (리치) The principle of movement—in the order of fate, destiny etc.

*슌환급슈 s. 循環給水 ᄂᆞ 고리 ᄃᆞ 줄 ᄂᆞ 주어, Intermittent supply

*슌환소수 s. 循環小數 좃칠 고리 적 숫 주어 Circulating decimal

*슌환졀 s. 循環節 (좃칠) (고리) (마듸) Repetend.

*슌환지리 s. 循環之理 좃칠 (고리) (리치) The law of change; fate; the course of fortune.

*슌환호다 s. 循環 (좃칠) (고리) To move in a circle; to follow—in the order of fate.

*슌황 s. 純黃 (슌견텰) (누루) Unmixed yellow.

*슐 l. A tassel; the stamen of a flower. *Also* 슈술.

*술 s. 術 (쟤) Magical tricks; jugglery; mystic arts. *See* 술수.

*술 s. 戌 (개) The 11th of the Twelve Branches. From 7 to 9 o'clock P.M.

*술긱 s. 術客 (쟤) (손) A magician; a sorcerer

*술말 s. 戌末 (개) (끗) The last of the 11th Korean hour—from 8.30 to 9 P.M.

술통호다 s. To be ordinary; to be common. *See* 술술호다

*술방 s. 戌方 (개) (모) The region of *sul* that between north and west.

*술법 s. 術法 (쟤) (법) Magical tricks; mysteries. *See* 술슈.

*술셔 s. (—쩌) 術書 (쟤) (글) Writings on sorcery or magic.

*술수 s. (—쑤) 術數 (쟤) (두어) Sleight of hand; magical tricks; legerdemain. *See* 술법.

*술시 s. (—씨) 戌時 (개) (제) The time from 7 to 9 o'clock P.M.

*술ᄉᆞ s. (쓰) 術士 (쟤) (션비) A magician; a sorcerer; a juggler. *See* 술긱.

*술슈 s. 術數 (쟤) (법) Sorcery; divination. *See* 술수.

*술업가 / 術業家 쟤 업 갈, Sorcerers, diviners; fortune-tellers.

*술정 / 戌正 개 바를 The middle of the 11th Korean hour—8 o'clock P.M.

*술자지놈 s. 述職之臣 지을 ᄌᆞ 갈 숭 Special envoy presented with tribute

*술직호다 述職 (지을) (벼슬) To send tribute to the emperor from tributary states. (M.)

*술조 s. 戌初 개 (처음) The first of the 11th Korean hour—7 o'clock P.M.

숨숨 l. Pitted; perforated.

숫 s. 炭 "탄" Charcoal.

숫가마 s. 炭窯 (숫 "탄") (가마—"요") A pit for burning charcoal.

숫것 *s.* New goods; unserved food.

숫곡 *s.* 全穀 (온전 -*전) (곡식—*육) New grain—not yet served as food.

숫돌 *s.* 礪石 (숫돌—*려) (돌—*석) A whetstone.

숫막 *s.* 炭幕 (숫—*탄) (장막—*막) A shed before a charcoal pit. An inn. *See* 관막.

숫먹 *s.* 炭墨 (숫—*탄) (먹—*묵) Inferior ink. *Opp.* 좋먹.

숫무 *s.* A sort of cabbage radish.

숫복이 *s.* A rustic; an ignoramus; an imbecile. *See* 어리복이.

숫불 *s.* 炭火 (숫 -*탄) (불—*화) A charcoal fire. (피우다).

숫새악씨 *s.* 閨媛 (집—*규) (계집—*랑) An unmarried girl.

숫장이 *s.* 炭匠 (숫—*탄) (장인—*장) A charcoal worker.

숫제히 *s.* Entirely; simply. *See* 망초에.

숭덩숭덩 *s.* Thickly; in large slices. *See* 숭당숭당.

*숭록대부 *s.* 崇祿大夫 (높을) (록) (큰) (지아비) A title given to officers of the rear rank, 1st degree.

*숭배ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 崇拜 (높을) (절) To reverance; to respect; to honour; to venerate; to worship.

*숭상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 崇尙 (높을) (숭상ᄒᆞᆯ) To exercise; to carry on; to practise.

숭숭 *l.* In holes; perforated. *See* 송송.

숭어 *l.* 鯔魚 (숭어—*제) (고기—*어) The mullet. *Mugil capito.*

숭어뛰 *l.* A "mullet's jump"—an acrobat's feat.

숭어찜 *l.* A dish of stewed mullet.

*숭정대부 *s.* 崇政大夫 (높을) (정ᄉᆞ) (큰) (지아비) A title given to officers of the rear rank, 1st degree.

*숭조 *s.* 崇朝 (높을) (아침) All the morning.

숭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 凶 (흉ᄒᆞᆯ—*흉) To be hateful; to be ugly; to be unlucky; to be bad. *See* 흉ᄒᆞ다.

숭 *l.* 縫 (홈—*봉) The border; an edge; a hem—of a garment.

쓰다 *s.* 寫 (쓸—*사) 써; 쓴 To write. (글).

쓰다 *s.* 用 (쓸—*용) 써; 쓴 To use; to make use of; to do; to employ.

쓰다 *s.* 掃 (쓸 -*소) 러; 쓴 To sleek; to smooth; to sweep. *Also* 쓸다.

쓰다 *s.* 苦 (쓸—*고) 써; 쓴 To be bitter. *See* 짭솔ᄒᆞ다.

쓰다 *s.* 着 (부드칠—*착) 써; 쓴 To put on—of hat, head-band etc. *Opp.* 벗다.

쓰닥도다 *s.* 苦甘 (쓸 -*고) (돌—*감) Sweet or bitter—good or bad.

쓰러기 *s.* Sweepings; dust.

스러지다 *s.* 消 (살아질—*쇼) 러져; 진 To disappear; to go gradually out of sight. *See* 살아지다.

쓰러지다 *s.* 踣 (쓰러질—*박) 러져; 진 To be beaten down—as by wind and rain; to fall over.

스럼 *l.* 懷 (회포—*회) Grief; care; anxiety.

스럽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* An ending used with words of color and having the force of "ish."

스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 A verbal termination usually having the force of "able," "like" or "what causes."

쓰레받기 *s.* A dust-pan.

쓰래장판 *s.* A dust-pan.

쓰래질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To do sweeping up; to dust.

쓰래판 *s.* A dust-pan.

쓰르람쓰르람 *s.* The call of the cicada "scissors-grinder" etc.

쓰르람이 *s.* 蜩螗 (울—*명) (*조) A species of harvest-fly *Cicada orni. See* 매암이.

쓰르몰 *s.* Softly; gently; easily.

쓰리 *l.* An instrument for cutting ice.

쓰리다 *s.* 쓰려, 린 To smart; to pain; to be sore. *See* 쓸아리다. To harrow; to rake—a paddy-field.

스무 *s.* 二十 (두—*이) (열—*십) Twenty—as used in combination with other numbers.

스물 *s.* 二十 (두—*이) (열—*십) Twenty. *See* 이십.

스믜나무 *s.* 樞 (*추) The name of a thorn tree.

쓰믜다 *s.* 여; 린 To come in—of water; to soak in. (Prov.)

스스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be slightly acquainted with; to be formally polite. *Opp.* 무관ᄒᆞ다.

스승 *s.* 師 (*사) Master; teacher. *See* 선생.

스스로 *s.* 自 (스스러—*즈) Of itself; oneself; himself; alone. *See* 조련.

쓰저거리다 s. 거려 ; 린 To sweep lightly. To be careless; to be lazy.

쓰적쓰적 s. Steadily ; unceasingly

*슬갑 s. 膝甲 (무릅) (갑) Knee-leggings—as worn by Chinese.

슬겁다 s. 慧 (슬긔—*혀) 거워 ; 운 To be wise; to be intelligent; to be clever. *See* 슬긔롭다.

슬근거리다 s. 거려 ; 린 To rub back and forth; to draw back and forward.

슬근슬근 s. Gently; softly; slowly. *See* 슬멋슬멋

슬금슬금 s. 徐徐 (천천—*셔) (천천—*셔) Steadily, softly *See* 구만구만.

슬금히 s. 暗然 (어두울—*암) (그럴—*연) Secretly. *See* 구만히.

슬긋슬긋ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake; to quiver. *See* 일긔일긔ᄒᆞ다

슬긔 s. 智 (*지) Wisdom; prudence; inteligence.

슬긔롭다 s. 智 (슬긔 *지) 로와 ; 온 To be wise; to be intelligent; to be bright; to be shrewd. *See* 슬겁다.

쓸기 s. 膽 (*담) The gall; the bile. *See* 담.

쓸니다 s. 쓸녀 ; 닌 To be swept up; to be cleaned.

쓸니다 s. 磨 (쓸—*차) 쓸녀 ; 닌 To be rubbed ; to be rasped , to be polished.

쓸니다 s. 歪 (쓰러질—*비) 쓸녀 ; 닌 To lean over; to bend over, to be one-sided.

쓸다 s. 어 ; 슨 To attach—as certain insects do their eggs; to take on.

쓸다 s. 掃 (쓸—*소) 어 ; 슨 To sweep; to clean up.

슬멋슬멋 s. Steadily; gently; softly. *See* 슬근슬근.

슬멋서 s. Secretly; softly; gently; slowly. *See* 슬금히.

슬슬 s. Secretly ; suspiciously ; aimlessly. *See* 슬슬.

쓸쓸 s. Secretly ; suspiciously.

슬슬ᄒᆞ다 s. To be well-formed ; to be even. *See* 써그를ᄒᆞ다.

쓸쓸ᄒᆞ다 s. To change; to seem different; to treat coolly.

쓸아리다 s. 아려 ; 린 To smart—as a sore.

슬쩍 s. Suddenly ; all at once. *See* 살작.

슬쩍슬쩍 s. Rubbing; rasping; grating. Little by little, moderately *See* 살작살작.

슬타 s. 厭 (슬흘—*염) 허 ; 혼 To refuse; to dislike ; not to wish. *Opp.* 됴타.

쓸타 s. 磨 (쓸흘—*차) 허 ; 혼 To rub; to rasp ; to polish ; to file.

*슬하 s. 膝下 (무릅) (아래) Under the care of one's parents.

*슬하지락 s. 膝下之樂 (무릅·(아래) (갈) (즐거울) Joy about one's knees—an abundant posterity.

*슬한증 s. 膝寒症 (무릅) (찰) (증세) A rheumatic disorder in the knees.

슴겁다 s. 淡味 (맑을—*담 맛 -*미) 거워 ; 운 To be tasteless; to be insipid. *See* 슴슴ᄒᆞ다.

쓸바귀 s. 苦菜 (쓸—*고) (나물—*채) A kind of sour grass—used for food ; the sow-thistle, *Sonchus oleraceus.*

쓸빠 s. 苦 (*도) A kind of sour grass. *Sonchus oleraceus.*

쓸쎅쓸쎅 s. Throbbing ; beating—as a swelling.

슴슴 s. Pitted ; marked.

쓸쓸이 s. 用度 (쓸—*용) (법도 -*도) Expenses ; requirements—domestically.

슴슴ᄒᆞ다 s. 淡淡 (몸을—*담) (몸을—*담) To be tasteless; to be insipid. *See* 슴겁다. *Opp.* 간간ᄒᆞ다.

슬엄거리다 s. 거려 ; 린 To creep about; to crawl.

슬엄슬엄 s. Creeping ; crawling.

*습 s. 濕 (저질) Dampness. Rheumatism; neuralgia etc.

*슴악ᄒᆞ다 s. 習樂 (닉힐) (풍류) To be skilled as a musician—of piano or organ.

*습격ᄒᆞ다 s. 襲擊 (엄습) (칠) To fall upon ; to assault ; to attack.

*습공ᄒᆞ다 s. 襲攻 (엄습) (칠) To nod the head in assent; to acquiesce in. *See* 습격ᄒᆞ다.

*습긔 s. 濕氣 (저질) (긔운) Damp air; dampness.

*습관 s. 習慣 (닉힐) (버릇) Habit, custom; practice ; form; manner. *See* 버릇.

*습담 s. 濕痰 (저질) (담) Consumption.

*습도 s. 濕度 (저질) (도수) Humidity; relative humidity.

*습도계 s. 濕度計 (저질 도수 계표) Hygrometer ; hygroscope.

*습도험 s. 濕度驗 (저질) (도수) (증험) Hygroscope.

*습례ᄒᆞ다 s. 習禮 (닉힐) (례도) To be practised in ceremonies—of royal weddings.

*습보ᄒᆞ다 s. 習步 (닉힐) (거름) To be a practised walker.

*습속 s. 習俗 (닉힐) (풍쇽) Common custom, manner —as of a nation.

■습속견문 s. 習熟見聞 (닉힐) (닉을) (볼) (드를) What one is accustomed to see and hear.

쌉슬ᄒᆞ다 s. To be bitterish. *See* 삽슬ᄒᆞ다.

*습습ᄒᆞ다 s. 習習 (닉힐) (닉힐) To be mild; to be gentle.

*습신 s. 襲鞋 (엄습) (신 *혀) Shoes for the dead. *See* 염신.

*습싱 s. 濕生 (저질) (낟) "Damp birth" —as of insects that are supposed to be spontaneously generated in damp places. *See* 화싱.

*습악ᄒᆞ다 s. 習樂 (닉힐) (풍류) To be practised in music; to be skilled in music and dancing.

■습여성성 s. 習與性成 (닉힐) (더불) (성품) (일울) What is attained by native —skill and practise.

*습열 s. 濕熱 (저질) (더울) Dampness and heat.

*습용ᄒᆞ다 s. 襲用 (엄습) (쓸) To use or employ hereditarily; to hold by hereditary right—as land.

*습의 s. 習藝 (닉힐) (가동) Skill; practise.

*습의 s. 襲衣 (엄습) (옷) The dress of a dead body prepared for burial.

*습의ᄒᆞ다 s. 習藝 (닉힐) (거동) To practise; to attain skill in.

*습장 s. 什長 (열) (어룬) A corporal of a file of ten soldiers.

*습조 s. 濕燥 (저질) (무를) Moist and dry—of ground; the nature—as regards dryness or otherwise.

*습종 s. 濕腫 (저질) (헌데) Abscesses and ulcers—caused by dampness. *See* 습창.

*습증 s. 濕症 (저질) (증세) A disease caused by dampness; rheumatism.

*습진 s. 濕疹 (저질) (발반ᄒᆞᆫ) Eczema.

*습진ᄒᆞ다 s. 習陣 (닉힐) (진) To be inured to military exercise. *See* 됴련ᄒᆞ다.

*습조 s. 習字 (닉힐) (글조) Writing; penmenship; calligraphy.

*습조필 s. 習字筆 (닉힐) (글조) (붓) A pen for practice in writing characters —used by school-boys.

*습조ᄒᆞ다 s. 習字 (닉힐) (글조) To be practised in the writing of characters —as a schoolboy.

*습창 s. 濕瘡 (저질) (헌데) The itch; scabies.

*습ᄒᆞ다 s. 濕 (저질) To be damp; to be moist. *Opp.* 조ᄒᆞ다.

쏫가스르다 s. 슬너; 스른 To poke fun at; to jest with. *See* 조롱ᄒᆞ다.

슷다 s. 쳐; 쳔 To baste—clothes.

슷쳐보다 s. 屢覽 (지날—*랔) (볼—*람) 아; 본 To look over; to glance over.

슷쳔질ᄒᆞ다 s. 加針工 (더ᄒᆞᆯ—*가) (바늘—*침) (장인—*공) To do basting—of clothes.

슷정ᄒᆞ다 s. To pretend not to know; to take no notice of; to treat with contempt. To baste; to sew with long stitches.

싀 s. A prefix used with certain names of relatives to denote—on the husband's side.

*싀가 s. 媤家 (싀가) (집) The home of the husband. *Opp.* 친정.

*싀고모 s. 媤姑母 (싀가) (할미) (어미) An aunt on the husband's side.

싀골 s. 鄉 (*향) The country—in contrast to the capital. *See* 하향.

싀골놈이 s. A countryman; a man from the provances. (Low.)

싀골탁이 s. A native of the country. *Opp.* 서울탁이.

싀근싀근ᄒᆞ다 s. 酸 (실—*산) To be sour; to be sourish. To be on edge—as the teeth. To be footsore. *See* 싀큰싀큰ᄒᆞ다.

싀근초 s. A drug supplied by varieties of *Umbelliferae*.

싀근처 s. A drug supplied by varieties of *Umbelliferae*.

싀근ᄒᆞ다 s. 酸 (실 *산) To be sour; to be sourish. *See* 싀큰ᄒᆞ다.

싀금싀금ᄒᆞ다 s. 酸 (실—*산) To be sourish. *See* 싀콤싀금ᄒᆞ다.

싀금털털ᄒᆞ다 s. 酸 (실—*산) To be sourish; to be sour and acid.

싀금ᄒᆞ다 s. 酸 (실—*산) To be sourish. *See* 셔콤ᄒᆞ다.

*시기 s. 猜忌 (시기) (꺼릴) Jealousy; envy. *See* 투기.

*시기다 v. 猜忌 (시기) (꺼릴) To be jealous of, to envy. *See* 투기하다.

시누이 s. 小姑 (작을—*고) (할미—*모) A sister-in-law of the wife. *Opp.* 올케

시다 a. 酸 (실—*산) 어; 신 To be sour. To be pretentious. *Also* 시다.

*시동생 s. 舅同生 (시아비—*구) (같을—*동) (날 생) A brother-in-law—of the wife.

시둥스럽다 a. 러워; 운 To be vain like; to be pretentious. *See* 시큰둥하다.

시둥시둥하다 a. To be pretentious; to be vain.

시들하다 a. To be uninteresting; to lack flavor.

*시랑 s. 豺狼 (시랑) (일히) A species of wolf. *See* 승랑이.

*시량 s. 柴糧 (나무) (량식) Food and fuel. *See* 계욱.

*시마복 s. 緦麻服 (가늘) (삼 옷) Mourning for distant relatives worn for three months.

시모 s. 媤母 (시가) (어미) A mother-in-law (of the wife).

*시목 s. 柴木 (싸리) (나무) Fuel; firewood.

*시문 s. 柴門 (싸리) (문) A fence gate. *See* 사립싹문.

시부 s. 舅 (시아비—*구) Father-in-law (of the wife.)

*시비 s. 柴扉 (사립) (사립싹 A gate of rude construction. *See* 시문

*시삼촌 s. 媤三寸 (시가 석 (마디) An uncle—on the husband's side.

*시슈 s. 柴水 (싸리) (물) Fuel and water.

*시시오다 ᄒᆞ 猜猜시긔 ᄒᆞ기 *ᄒᆞ; 시ᄒᆞ; 운 To be jealous, to be envious. *See* 시기하다.

*시아버니 s. 舅 (시아비—*구) Father-in-law (of the wife, or on the husband's side).

시아자바 媤叔 (시아비—*구) 아즈비—*숙 An uncle—on the husband's side.

시아자바디 媤叔 (시아비—*구) 아즈비—*숙) An uncle—on the husband's side.

시어머니 s. 姑 (시어미—*고) Mother-in-law (of the wife).

시영 s. Sorrel. A quagmire; a bog.

시원하다 a. 爽快 (서늘—*상) (쾌할—*쾌) To be refreshing; to be cooling. ᄉᆞ 서늘하다 ᄅᆞ

*시원조모 s. 媤王祖母 (시가) (할아비) (할아비) (어미) The paternal grandmother of the husband.

*시외조부 s. 夫外祖父 (시가) (밧) (할아비) (아비) The husband's maternal grandfather. *See* 시외조모

*시외편 s. 媤外戚 (가시) (밧) (겨레—*척) The husband's relatives on the mother's side.

씌우다 a. 씨워; 운 To put on—as a hat on another's head. To make spend. To have write.

*시의 s. 猜疑 (시긔) (의심) Suspicion.

시원하다 a. 爽快 (서늘—*상) (쾌할—*쾌) To be refreshing; to be cool; to be pleasant; to be as one desires. *See* 상쾌하다.

*시장 s. 柴場 나무ᄒᆞ 마당 A place where fuel is cut. *See* 나무갓.

*시정 s. 柴政 (나무) (정ᄉᆞ) The matter of fuel.

*시집 s. 媤家 (시가) (집—*가) The husband's home.

시집가다 s. 嫁 (시집갈 *가) 가; 간 To get married—of a bride. *See* 출가하다.

시집살이 s. Living with a husband—in contrast to being in one's former home.

시척지근하다 s. 酸味 (실—*산) (맛—*미) To be sourish. To be pretentious; to put on airs.

*시초 s. 柴草 (나무) (풀) Fuel of dried grass etc. *See* 화목.

시큰둥이 s. A disagreeable person.

시큰둥하다 s. To be pretentious; to put on airs.

시큰시큰하다 ᄂᆞ 酸 실 *산 To be sourish; to be sour. To be sore—as the feet. *See* 시근시근하다.

시큰하다 a. 酸 (실—*산) To be sour. *See* 시큰하다.

시큼하다 a. 酸 (실—*산) To be sour. *See* 시큼하다.

시큼시큼하다 a. 酸 (실—*산) To be sour, to be sourish ᄂᆞ 시큰시큼하다.

*시탄 s. 柴炭 (나무) (숫) Wood and charcoal.

시편 s. (On) the husband's side.

*씨호 s. 柴胡 (나무) (오랑캐) A bitter plant like gentian—used as a sudorific.

씬둥지다 s. 둥제; 진 To be pretentious; to put on airs; to be vain.

씬두리 s. 上腿 (몸—*살) (두리—*갈) The thigh; the upper leg. *See* 넙적두리

씬몰 s. 酸水 (실 -*산) (물 *슈) (To) water—of the mouth. (나다). Dislike; disgust.

씽겁초 s. 菠薐菜 (땃당—*당) (도라갈—*귀) (닙—*협) Leaves of a variety of the *Umbelliferæ*. Spinach.

씬트림 s. 吐酸 (토할—*토) (실—*산) Bitter eructations from the stomach. *See* 심묵.

씽굿씽굿 s. Smiling; grinning. *See* 빙굿빙굿.

씽숭씽숭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be unsettled—in mind.

씽아 s. 酸草 (실—*산) (풀—*초) A sour grass—used as food.

*승 s. 僧 (즁) A female Buddhist *See* 보살.

*승 s. 升 (되) A measure of forty threads of warp—in weaving.

*승 s. 丞 (니을) An affix to the names of *yamen* clerks, writers etc.

*승가 s. 僧家 (즁) (집) The Buddhist priesthood—as distinguished from laity.

*승간ᄒᆞ다 s. 乘間 (틈) (소이) To avail oneself of the time; to seize the opportunity. *See* 승시ᄒᆞ다.

*승강 s. 昇降 (오를) (누릴) Ascending and descending; rising and falling; fluctuation—as in price.

*승강구 s. 昇降口 (오를) (누릴) (입) The entrance of a house; a porch.

*승강이ᄒᆞ다 s. 升降 (오를) (누릴) To quarrel; to dispute; to wrangle. *See* 시비ᄒᆞ다.

*승강ᄒᆞ다 s. 升降 (오를) (누릴) To ascend and descend—promotion and degredation To be right or wrong.

*승게 s. 升啓 (오를) (열) To the honored person above mentioned—a conventional phrase written on envelopes. *See* 게문.

*승경 l. 勝景 (승할) (볕) Excellent scenery; a fine landscape.

*승경도 s. 僧景圖 (즁) (볕) (그릴) A game of "view"—arranged in the order of the various Buddhist monasteries.

*승교 s. 乘轎 (틈) (교즁) A sedanchair. (Prov.) *See* 보교.

*승구 l. 勝區 (승할) (갈피) A place noted for its scenery; famous places.

*승군 s. 僧軍 (즁) (군ᄉᆞ) A Buddhist soldier.

*승귀제 s. 乘除除 (틈) (도라갈) (제할) Multiplication and division. *See* 산술.

*승긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 乘機 (틈) (틈) To take occasion; to seize the opportunity.

*승급수 s. 昇級數 (오를) (도롬) (두어) Ascending series.

*승긔 l. 勝氣 (이길) (긔운) A desire for superiority; a spirit of rivalry.

*승긔씨 s. 升旗杆 (오를) (긔) (대—*간) A government flagstaff.

*승긔자염 l. 勝己者厭 (이길, 몸) (놈) (슬흘) Hatred of one's superiors—in ability. *See* 긔긔ᄒᆞ다.

*승긔전 s. 升氣箭 (오를) (긔운) (살) A rocket; fireworks.

*승낙 s. 承諾 (니을) (허락) Acceptance; acknowledgement.

*승낙ᄒᆞ다 s. 承諾 (니을) (허락) To concur; to assent; to agree.

*승답 s. 僧畓 (즁) (논) Paddy-fields owned by Buddhist. *See* 불답.

*승당 s. 僧堂 (즁) (집) A temple of Buddhist nuns. *See* 암조.

*승뎍ᄒᆞ다 s. 承嫡 (니을) (뎍실) To take the place of a lawful child—of the sons of a concubine. *See* 계뎍ᄒᆞ다.

*승녕부 s. 昇寧府 (니을) (편안) (마을) Office of the Ex-Emperors's Affairs.

*승도 s. 僧徒 (즁) (무리) Buddhist priests; priests; clergymen.

*승도 s. 僧桃 (즁) (복숭아) The nectarine; a peach having no down.

*승두션 s. 僧頭扇 (즁) (머리) (붓처) A fan having a round knob at the end.

*승등ᄒᆞ다 s. 昇等 (오를) (무리) To be promoted one grade.

*승디 l. 勝地 (승할) (짜) A place noted for its natural scenery; famous places.

승디 s. The name of a species of seafish.

*승량 s. 升量 (오를) (헤아릴) Liquid Measure.

승량이 s. 촤貍 (싀랑 -*싀) (일어 -*랑) The name of a creature—said to resemble a horse and to devour children. *See* 일희.

*숭량지 s. 升量器 (오를) (헤아릴) (그릇) Graduated Measure.

*승려 s. 僧侶 (중) (짝) Buddhist priests. *See* 승도.

*숭륙호다 s. 陞六 (오를) (여섯) To rise to the 6th degree of rank—when one is eligible for office in the country. *See* 출륙호다.

*승률 s. 乘率 (탈) (법) Rate per cent.

*승리 s. 勝利 (이길) (리할) Victory; mastery.

*승마 s. 乘馬 (탈) (말) Four horses. (B. O.) *See* 긔마.

*승마 s. 升麻 (오를) (삼) The name of a drug supplied by various plants of the genera *Cimicifuga* and *Astilbe*.

*승덕 s. 乘德 (탈) (덥흘) Power.

*승명 s. 僧名 (중) (일홈) The Buddhist name in contrast to the lay name (속셩). *See* 법명.

*승명호다 s. 承命 (니을) (목숨) To receive orders from the king. *See* 봉명호다.

*승모호다 s. 乘暮 (탈) (져믈) To be overtaken by night; to arrive late.

*승무 s. 僧舞 (중) (춤출) Buddhist dances.

*승문고 s. 升聞鼓 (오를) (드를) (북) A drum before the palace—by the beating of which people may gain the ear of the king.

*승문원 s. 承文院 (니을) (글) (마을) The outer Office of the Royal College of Literature.

*승묵 s. 繩墨 (노) (먹) The blackened line used by carpenters for making wood.

*승발 s. 承發 (니을) (필) A despatch messenger—an *yam*. *See* 한방.

*승방 s. 僧房 (중) (방) A Buddhist room—for women.

*승법 s. 乘法 (탈) (법) Multiplication.

*승봉산 s. 僧逢山 (중) (가) (외) A mountain in Chŏlla-do. Lat. 34 51. Long. 126.32.

*승보 s. 陞補 (오를) (기울) A primary examination of candidates for *Ch'on*—held in the country.

*승복 s. 僧服 (중) (옷) The garments worn by Buddhist priests.

*승복호다 s. 承服 (니을) (항복홀) To submit; to acquiesce.

*승부호다 s. 勝負 (이길 질) To win or lose; to succeed or fail; to contend.

*승산 s. 勝算 (이길) (산홀) A plan which is certain to succeed.

*승사 s. 僧舍 (중) (집) A Buddhist temple.

*승상 s. 丞相 (니을) (정승) A prime min ster.

*승상접하호다 s. 承上接下 (니을) (웃) (붓흘, (아래) To have the beginning and the end correspond; to be consistent throughout—as to social position and rank.

*승석 s. 僧夕 (중) (져녁) The time of the evening meal.

*승션호다 s. 乘船 (탈) (비) To go on board a ship; to sail in a vessel. *See* 비ᄐᆞ다.

*승속 s. 僧俗 (중) (풍속) Priesthood and laity; bonzes and laymen.

*승속이가외 s. 僧俗以畏 (중) (풍속) (쓰올) (두려울) Laymen fear the bonze.

*승수 s. 乘數 (탈) (두어) Multiplier.

*승슈호다 s. 繩繡 (노) (노) To be numerous—of posterity. (B. O.)

승승호다 *l.* To be abundant; to be fresh.

*승시호다 s. 乘時 (탈) (때) To avail oneself of the time; to sieze the opportunity. *See* 승간호다.

*승ᄉᆞ각신 s. 丞史閣臣 (니을 ᄉᆞ귀) (집) (신하) The high literati and senators.

*승시 s. 升目 되) (수ᄑᆡ *체) A measure of dry goods—forty threads of warp. *See* 올ᄉᆡ.

승아 s. Sorrel.

*승안 s. 承顔 (니을) (얼골) A meeting with a superior.

*승안호다 s. 承顔 (니을) (얼골) To pay a visit to a superior. *See* 숑후호다.

*승야도주호다 s. 乘夜逃走 (탈) (밤) (도망) (다라날, To escape in the night. *See* 야간도주호다.

*승야호다 s. 乘夜 (탈) (밤) To be by night; to make use of the night.

*승어부 *l.* 勝於父 (이길) (놀) (아비) An improvement on one's father.

*승여 s. 乘輿 (탈) (수레) The king's chariot.

*승운산 s. 勝雲山 (이길 구름) 외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.29. Long. 128 47.

*승유 *l.* 勝遊 (승흘) (놀) An entertaining amusement.

*승윤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 承允 (니을) (진실노) To permit; to grant. *See* 윤허ᄒᆞ다.

*승인 *s.* 承認 (니을) (알) Approval; commendation.

*승인ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 承認 (니을) (알) To be approved.

*승장 *s.* 僧將 (즁) (장수) A general in command of Buddhist troops.

*승전 *s.* 承傳 (니을) (전홀) Orders from the king

*승전고 *s.* 勝戰鼓 (일길) (싸홈) (북) The drum of victory—in battle. (울니다).

*승전니시 *s.* 承傳內侍 (니을) (전홀) (안) (모실) A eunuch of superior rank.

*승전ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勝戰 (이길) (싸홈) To win a battle. *See* 승젼ᄒᆞ다.

*승제 *s.* 乘除 (홀) (멀) Multiplication and division.

*승제 *s.* 承祭 (니을) (제소) Sacrifices—offered on the anniversary of the death of parents. (Prov.) *See* 긔제.

*승제분합 *s.* 乘除分合 (홀) (멀) (논홀) (모들) Multiplication, subtraction, division, addition.

*승정원 *s.* 承政院 (니을) (졍소) (마을) The office of the Royal Secretaries—in the Palace. *See* 정원.

*승조원 *s.* 乘組員 (올) (인믄) (인원) Fellow offices on the same ship. Fellow passengers.

*승종ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 承從 (니을) (좃칠) To follow; to obey.

*승즁 *s.* 僧衆 (즁) (무리) Buddhist priests. *See* 승도.

*승즁상 *s.* 承重喪 (니을) (거듭) (상소) Mourning for a grandfather—of the eldest grandson who takes the place of the deceased father.

*승지 *s.* 承旨 (니을) (뜻) The Royal Secretary to a Board—an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*승직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 陞職 (오를) (직업) To rise in office—of under officials. *See* 승급ᄒᆞ다.

*승진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昇進 (오를) (나아갈) To rise in the world; to obtain advancement; to be promoted.

*승첩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勝捷 (이길) (첩셔) To win a battle. *See* 승젼ᄒᆞ다.

승첩보 *s.* An uninteresting thing; an insipid creature. *See* 식물ᄒᆞ다.

*승침 *s.* 昇沈 (오를) (즁길) Beat; going and coming; rising and falling.

*승턴입디ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昇天入地 (오를) (하놀) (들) (짜) To rise to heaven or descend to earth

*승턴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昇天 (오를) (하놀) To ascend up to heaven.

*승통 *s.* 承統 (니을) (실마리) To appoint as heir or successor—of the son of a concubine.

*승통 *s.* 僧統 (즁) (거느릴) A superior among Buddhists.

*승패 *s.* 勝敗 (이길) (패홀) Victory and defeat. *See* 셜패.

*승평세계 *s.* 昇平世界 (오를) (평홀) (인간) (디경) The age of peace and plenty. *See* 태평건곤.

*승표 *s.* 乘標 (홀) (표) Multiplicat.on sign; times or ×.

*승하ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 昇遐 (오를) (멀) To ascend to the distant land—to die (of the king). *See* 도라가다; 국홀나다.

*승학 *s.* 陞學 (오를) (비홀) A primary examination of candidates for *Ch'on. See* 승부.

*승혜 *s.* 繩鞋 (노) (신) String-shoes worn by mourners. *See* 노가리.

*승호군 *s.* 升戶軍 (오를) (집) (군소) Soldiers raised in the provinces for service in the Capital.

*승홍 *s.* 昇汞 (오를) (슈은) Hydrargyri Perchloridum.

*승후 *s.* 承候 (니을) (뭐) Meeting—of a superior; a communication.

*승후관 *s.* 承候官 (니을) (뭐) (버슬) The officer who daily inquires after the health of the king and royal family.

*승후ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 承候 (니을) (뭐) To inquire concerning one's health. (Epist.) *See* 문안ᄒᆞ다.

*승ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 勝 (승홀) To excel; to be superior to. *See* 낫다.

*승ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 乘 (홀) To multiply; to calculate. *See* 구구ᄒᆞ다.

*승화물 *s.* 昇華物 (오를) (빗날) (물건) Sublimation.

슴 *s.* With a flash; with a dash—as something passing.

슴호다 *s.* 哀 (슴홀—*ᄒᆡ) 슴허; 흔 Alack; alas; (Comp.) To be sorry. To grieve for. To be pitiable.

슴히 *s.* 哀 (슴홀—*ᄒᆡ) Bitterly; sadly; sorrowfully.

식식ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be vigorous; to be strong.

시 *s.* The honorific form inserted between the radical of a verb and the ending.

*시 *s.* 時 (때) The time; the hour. *See* 때

*시 *s.* 詩 (글) Lyric poetry. A kind of examination verse in eighteen stanzas, with seven characters to a line.

씨 *s.* 氏 (각씨—*시) An honorific ending added to names.

세 *s.* 緯 (*위) The woof—of cloth. *Opp.* 날.

씨 *s.* 核 (*핵) Seed. The kernel; the stone. *See* 씨앗.

*시가 *l.* 市街 (저조) (거리) The streets of a town; a town.

*시가 *l.* 市價 (저조) (갑) The selling price of any commodity.

*시가 *s.* 時價 (때) (갑) Exchange; speculating in stocks.

*시각 *l.* 視角 (볼) (쌀) Visual angle.

*시각 *s.* 時刻 (때) (삭일) Hours and minutes—time.

*시간 *s.* 時間 (때) (소이) For a little while; for an instant.

*시간표 *s.* 時間表 (때) (소이) (표홀) A timetable.

*시감 *s.* 時感 (때) (감동) An epidemic accompanying the season. *See* 시환.

*시강 *l.* 侍講 (모실) (외일) The official title of the Imperial Tutor or Lecturer of Japan.

*시강원 *l.* 侍講院 (모실) (외일, (마을) The school of the Heir Apparent.

*시격 *s.* 詩格 (글) (격식) The rules governing the class of poetry known as 시. A style of Chinese versification.

*시계 *s.* 時計 (때) (계교) A clock; a watch; a timepiece. *See* 시표.

*시계전 *s.* 時計舖 (때) (계교) (집) A shop where watches and clocks are sold.

*시구 *l.* 市區 (저조) (갈피) A municipal district.

*시구개정 *l.* 市區改正 (저조) (갈피) (곳칠) (바를) City improvement.

*시국 *s.* 時局 (때) (판) The times; the age we live in.

*시근 / 始根 비롯 뿌리, The original source; the first cause. *See* 근원.

씨근씨근거리다 *s.* 喘 (헐떡헐—*천) To gasp; to pant.

시글시글하다 *s.* 多說 (만 놈—*다) (모양—*모) To be multitudinous; to be in great numbers. *See* 가지두렁.

*시금 *l.* 市價 저조, (갑—*가) Market prices. *See* 시가.

*시금석 *l.* 試金石 (시험) (쇠) (돌) A touch stone. *See* 금석 돌.

*시금술 *l.* 試金術 (시험, 쇠) (꾀) The art of assaying.

*시급지사 *s.* 時急之事 (때) (급홀) (갈) (일) Matters requiring haste.

*시급하다 *s.* 時急 (때) (급홀) To require haste; to be pressing; to be urgent. *See* 긴급하다.

*시기 / 時氣 때 기운, Diseases peculiar to the season. *See* 시절.

*시기 *s.* 時期 (때) (기약, A period; term; date.

*시기 *s.* 時機 (때) (기틀) The times; the conditions; the opportunity.

*시꾼 *s.* 詩客 (글) (손) A writer of lyrics; a poetaster.

*시관 *l.* 試官 (시험) (벼슬) An examiner of *Kwago* papers.

*시굉 *s.* 兕觥 (들소) (잔) The horn cup—used in praying for long life for a superior. (B. O.)

시내 *l.* 溪 (*계) A brook; a stream. *See* 개천.

시내강변 *l.* 溪邊 (시내—*계) (가—*변) The shore or bank of stream.

시난고난하다 *s.* To grow worse by degrees.

*시내산 *s.* Mount Sinai.

*시녀 / 侍女 (모실) (계집) Waiting maids—in the Palace. *See* 나인.

시님 *s.* A form of address among Buddhists.

시다르다 *s.* 달나; 다른 To handle roughly.

시닥이 *s.* The plane-tree.

시달리다 *s.* 들너, 닌 To be botothered; to be troubled; to be pestered. To be roughly handled. *See* 부닥기다.

*시엄 *l.* 視點 (볼) (멈) Point of view.

*시업 *l.* 匙楪 (숫가락) (떼덥) A cup for sacrifice.

*시제 제 제목 글 쓰 \ theme for a verses on examination. *Opp.* 부제

ㄱㄴㄷㄹㅁㅂㅅㅇㅈㅊㅋㅌㅍㅎㅏㅓㅕㅗㅛㅜㅠㅡㅣㅐㅔㅘㅙㅚㅝㅞㅟㅢㅑㅒㅖㅛㅠㅡㅣㅐㅔㅘㅙㅚㅝㅞㅟㅢㅑㅒㅖ

씨도리 *s.* A head of cabbage—cut off to let the seed stalk grow from the roots.

씨도적못ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be helpless—as against one's origin; to conform to one's kind. *See* 부천조천ᄒᆞ다.

*시둑 . 侍讀 (모실) (읽을) A royal teacher.

*시동 *l.* 尸童 (주검) (아이) A child made to stand on the sacrificial table to represent the deceased.

*시됴 *n.* 詩調 (글) (곡됴) The name of a three stanza lyric. A song.

*시두 *n.* 時痘 (때) (역질) Smallpox—as caused by spirits. *See* 역질

*시두 / 市斗 (저자) (말) A market grain measure.

시드럭부드럭 *a.* Slowly; by degrees; gradually.

시득부득 *a.* Softish; damp; half dry.

시득시득ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 乾悅 (무를—*잔) (모양—*모) To be dryish. *See* 시들시들ᄒᆞ다.

시들다 *a.* 어; 든 To be dried up—by disease; to be emaciated.

시들부들 *a.* 枯脫 (무를—*고) (모양—*모) Dryish; patially dried.

시들시들ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 枯脫 (무를 *고) (모양—*모) To be partially dry; to be dryish.

시들ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 零落 (차질—*심) (뜻뜻—*상) To be a matter of indifference; not to fear.

*시뎨 *n.* 時代 (때) (대신) Age; period; time; reign; rule.

시라손이 *s.* A tiger's cub—the weakest of the litter. A weakling; a good-for-nothing person. A louse.

*시랑 *l.* 豺狼 일히 -*시) (일히) A kind of wolf—a cruel treacherous animal. *See* 승랑이.

시러곰 *a.* 得 (엇을—*득) Cannot but .....; no alternative. Indeed.

시렁 *s.* 架 (*가) Poles on which to hang clothes.

시렁가래 *s.* 架杆 (시렁—*가) (대—*간) Crosspoles in a room—used as a shelf

시렁시렁ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To talk nonsense; to haver.

*시력방형 *l.* 示力方形 (보일) (힘) (모) (형상) Parallelogram of forces.

시루 *s.* 甑 (*증) An earthenware steamer—for cooking.

시루떡 *s.* Steamed bread.

시루뎃 *s.* (—문) A grass net placed in the bottom of a food steamer.

시루벋 *s.* Dough used to stop up the edges of a food steamer.

시룩시룩ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be shaky; to be unsteady. *See* 시룩시룩ᄒᆞ다.

시뭇시뭇ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To talk nonsense; to wander in speech; to haver. *See* 시렁시렁ᄒᆞ다.

시뭇장이 *n.* A nonsensical character; a wild creature. *See* 실업장이.

시뭄 *s.* 憂愁 근심—*우) (근심—*수) Anxiety; care; worry.

씨름ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 脚觝 (두리—*각) (희롱—*희) To wrestle.

*시리 *n.* 站利 (베플) (리로) A post station in Ham-kyong-do.

시리 *s.* An ending used after causative forms denoting to make; to cause to do.

시리다 *s.* 寒 (칠—*한 시려; 린 To be cold—of the hands, feet, ears, nose etc. *See* 차다.

시리기 *s.* 枯菜 (무를—*고) (나물—*치) Dried radish leaves—used for soup. (닥래).

*시묘ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 侍墓 (모실) (무덤) To attend at the graves of ancestors.

*시무 *n.* 時務 (때) (힘쓸) Public business; the business of the hour.

*시무ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 視務 (볼) (힘쓸) To attend to business.

*시문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 試問 (시험) (무를) To sound. (Comp.)

시물시물 *a.* Trickling; running.

*시민 *l.* 市民 (저조) (빅성) Trades-people.

*시민 *l.* 市民 (저조) (빅성) The inhabitants of a town.

*시민권 *s.* 市民權 (저조) (빅성) (권세) Civil right.

*시민여조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 視民如子 (볼) (빅성) (같흘) (아들) To treat the people as one's own sons.

시빅이다 *s.* 여; 인 To decide on a time; to fix a time.

*시반 *n.* 時半 (때) (절 반) Half an hour.

*시방 *s.* 時方 (때) (모) Now; at this time. *See* 이제.

시쁠ᄃᆞᆯ다 *s.* 아; 란 To begin rhyming verses—of schoolboys.

*시번 *l.* 市番 (저조) (가) A market neighborhood. *See* 시쟝.

*시변 *s.* 時變 (때; 변ᄒᆞᆯ) Misfortunes of the times; of the age.

*시병 *s.* 時病 (때) (병들) Epidemics that accompany the season. *See* 시질.

*시령ᄒᆞ다 l. 侍病 (모실) (병들) To attend; to wait upon—in sickness. *See* 시탕ᄒᆞ다.

*시봉 l. 侍奉 (모실) (받들) Attendance, waiting on parents. *See* 시하.

*시부 s. 詩賦 (글) (글) Two kinds of poetry—시 and 부.

시브다 s. 欲 (ᄒᆞ고지흘 *욕) 시버, 분 To wish; to desire—used with verbs of action after the radical in ㅗ.

시브렁거리다 s. 거려; 린 To play the fool; to pester; to bother. *See* 심엽다.

시브렁시브렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To act up; to pester; to bother.

*시비 l. 侍婢 (모실) (죵) A woman slave.

*시비 l. 是非 (올흘) (그를) The right and wrong; a dispute; a quarrel. *See* 곡직.

*시비곡직 l. 是非曲直 (올흘)(그를)(굽을) (곳을) Right or wrong, crooked or straight.

*시비ᄒᆞ다 l. 是非 (올흘) (그를) To dispute; to quarrel; to wrangle. *See* 다토다.

*시비지단 l. 是非之端 (올흘) (그를) (갈) (곳) A dispute; a wrangle; a question of right and wrong.

*시빈 l. 侍嬪 (모실) (모실) Underlings who accompany an official on the road.

*시살 l. 弑殺 (웃사ᄅᆞᆷ죽일) (죽일) Murdering or assassinating one's superior.

*시살ᄒᆞ다 l. 弑殺 (웃사ᄅᆞᆷ죽일) (죽일) To kill a superior, or a parent.

*시상관 l. 尸床板 (죽엄) (상) (관ᄌᆞ) The board on which a dead body is placed when laid out.

*시사 l. 試射 (시험) (쏠) Contests in archery—for prizes.

*시사ᄃᆡ l. 試射基 (시험) (쏠) (ᄃᆡ) *긔 A place for contests in archery; the arena—for archery.

*시상 l. 市上 (저ᄌᆞ) (우) (In) the market. *See* 시경.

*시서 s. 詩書 (글) (글) The Book of Odes, and the Canon of History

시서ᄒᆞ다 s. To be collected as food *See* 잉잉ᄒᆞ다.

시석 s. 矢石 (살) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Arrows and stones—as tools in warfare; arrows and bullets.

*시설 l. 柿雪 (감) (눈) Persimmon bloom—a medicine. (돗다).

*시세 s. 時勢 (때) (형세) The state of affairs; existing circumstances; signs of the times. *See* 판세.

시세닷다 s. 値價 (맛날 *치 갑—*가) 다라; 흔 To be reasonable—in price. *See* 시급닷다.

시셩그러ᄒᆞ다 s. To be wide apart. To be cold—of food.

*시소 l. 試所 (시험) (바) The examination arena. *See* 장즁.

*시쇽 s. 時俗 (때) (풍쇽) Customs of the day. *See* 풍쇽.

*시승 l. 市升 (저ᄌᆞ) (되) A market peck measure.

*시시 s. 嘻嘻 (빅흘) (빅흘) Hi! hi—in laughing.

*시시 s. 時時 (때) (때) (From) time to time. *See* 때때.

*시시때때 s. 時時 (때) (때) From time to time; from hour to hour.

시시부지ᄒᆞ다 s. To waste; to spend carelessly. *See* 희지부지ᄒᆞ다.

*시시비비 s. 是是非非 (올흘올흘) 올흠) (그를) 그를) True or false; yes or no. Right is right and wrong is wrong. *See* 왈시왈비; 왈가왈부.

*시식 s. 時食 (때) (밥) Food—as for particular seasons of sacrifice.

*시신 l. 尸身 (죽엄) (몸) A dead body; a corpse. *See* 시ᄃᆡ.

*시신 l. 侍臣 (모실) (신하) A retainer in waiting; a body servant; an attendant.

*시신경 l. 視神經 (볼) (귀신) (글) The optic nerve.

*시쇼 s. 時祀 (때) (제ᄉᆞ) A general sacrifice in the 10th moon—to ancestors beyond the 2nd degree. *See* 시제.

*시ᄉᆞ s. 時事 (때) (일) The present times; the circumstances of the day; the existing state of affairs.

*시ᄉᆞ l. 示事 (보일) (일) Things to write about; the purpose of my letter (Comp.)

*시ᄉᆞ여귀ᄒᆞ다 l. 視死如歸 (볼) (죽을) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (도라갈) To regard death as going home; to not fear death.

*시ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 侍仕 (때) (벼슬) To have a public situation—as underlings. *See* 구ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*시생 l. 侍生 (모실) (날) I; "your junior."

씨아 s. A cotton-gin.

씨아질ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To separate the seeds from raw cotton—with a cotton-gin.

*시악 *s.* 恃惡 (믯올) (모질) Wickedness; violence.

*시악ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 恃惡 (믯올) (모질) To be furious, to be violent, to defy death.

씨알 *s.* A seed grain. Offspring. *See* 종주.

씨알머리 *s.* A "chip of the old block" —an expression of contempt.

시앗 *s.* 妻妾之間 (안해—*쳐) (첩—*쳡) (갈—*지) (소이—*간) The expression "you" used by the wife to a concubine and *vice versa*; wife and concubine. (보다) (싸홈).

씨앗 *s* 種子 (씨 —*종) (아돌—*조) Seed. *See* 씨.

씨앗머리 *s.* A "chip of the old block" —an expression of contempt used by a mother to her child.

시앗처다 *a.* 앗처; 친 To take liberties; to bother; to annoy.

*시야비야 *s.* 是也非也 (올흠) (잇기) (그름) (잇기) Right or wrong; true or false.

*시약심상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 視若尋常 (볼) (그흔) (찾질) (혓껏) To view as of no account; to pay no attention to. *See* 시이불견ᄒᆞ다.

*시약ᄒᆞ다 *l* 施藥 (베풀) (약) To dispense medicines gratis.

씨억씨억 *s.* Brightly; intelligently; in a lively manner. *See* 길쎅길쎅.

*시언 *s.* 矢言 (잉셔흠) (맹숨) Vow; oath.

*시역 *l.* 弑逆 (조사롤죽일) (거스를) Murdering one's superior.

*시역 *s.* 時疫 (때) (병) Diseases peculiar to the season. *See* 시긔.

*시역ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 始役 (비로솜) (역ᄉᆞ) To begin a work; to start in an undertaking.

시옷 *s.* The name of the consonant ㅅ.

*시용ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 試用 (시험) (쓸) To use as a trial; to try.

*시우 *s.* 時雨 (때) (비) A drizzling shower of rain.

시우쇠 *s.* 熟鐵 (닉을—*슉) (쇠—*텰) Wrought iron.

시욱지 *s.* 河豚 (물—*하) (도야지 —*돈) The globe-fish. *See* 복어.

시운 *s.* 水銀 (물 *수 (은—*은) Quicksilver. *See* 슈은.

*시운 *s.* 時運 (때) (운수) Luck; fortune.

*시운(이)불힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 時運不幸 (때) 운수) (아닐) (다힝) To be unlucky; to be bad—of one's fortune. *See* 불시불힝ᄒᆞ다.

시위 *s.* 弦 (줄—*현) A bowstring.

시위 *s.* 漲水 (찬일홀 *창) (물—*수) Floods—an in the rainy season. (나다).

*시위 *s.* 侍衛 (모실) (호위홀) The royal Body-Guards. A call of the attendants of the king on procession. *See* 시위ᄒᆞ다.

*시위ᄃᆡ *s.* 侍衛隊 (모실) (호위홀, 떼) The royal Body-Guards.

*시위운동 *s* 示威運動 (보일) (위엄) (움긱일) A movement made by a political party to show off its influence or power.

*시위ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 侍衛 (모실) (호위홀) To wait upon the king.

*시위ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 示威 (보일) (위엄) To show off; to make a show.

시울 *s.* 邊 (가—*변) The lips; a border; an edge. *See* 가.

*시은ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 施恩 (베플) (은혜) To shew kindness; to confer a favour.

*시의 *s.* 時宜 (때) (맛당) What suits the times.

*시의 *l.* 示意 (보일) (뜻) Things to write about. (Comp.) *See* 시ᄉᆞ.

*시이불견ᄒᆞ다 *l* 視而不見 (볼) (말이) (아닐) (볼) To be as though one saw it not; to view with indifference. *See* 시약심상ᄒᆞ다.

*시인 *l.* 侍人 (모실) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Attendants; servants.

*시인 *l.* 矢人 (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An arrow maker. (M.)

*시인 *l* 市人 (저ᄌᆞ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A market tradesman. *See* 장군.

*시인 *s.* 詩人 (글) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A poet. (Comp.)

*시일 *s.* 時日 (때) (날) Date; day and hour; time.

*시임 *s.* 時任 (때) (맛흠) The present incumbent—of office.

시왕가르다 *s.* (—왕) 갈나; 가른 To accompany the soul of the deceased in peace—by incantations. *See* 새남ᄒᆞ다.

*시원임 *s.* 時原任 (때) (원덕) (맛흠) The present incumbent—of an office.

시월 *l.* 十月 (열—*월) (돌—*월) The 10th moon.

시월상ᄃᆞᆯ *l.* 十月 (열—*삼) (돌 —*월) The 10th moon.

*시월지변 *l.* 十月之變 (열—*십) (둘) (갈) (변호) The political disturbance of the 10th moon. (1884).

*시작(이)반 *l.* 始作卽半 (비로솔) (지을) (곧 *즉) (절반—*반) A beginning made is equal to one half a task.

*시작호다 *l.* 始作 (비로솔) (지을) To begin; to invent. *See* 창시호다.

*시장 *l.* 諡狀 (시호) (글월) The document conferring posthumous rank.

*시장 *l.* 試場 (시험) (마당) The examination arena. (Comp.) *See* 장즁.

*시장 *l.* 市長 (저조) (어른) The president of a city assembly; a mayor.

*시장 *l.* 市場 (저조) (마당) Market.

시장긔 *s.* (—*긔) 飢腸氣 (쥬릴—*긔) (창조 *장) (결—*긜) (리을—*긔) Hunger.

시장호다 *s.* 飢腸 (쥬릴—*장) To be hungry. (Respect.) *See* 히지다.

시제 *s.* Now; at present. (Prov.) *See* 이제.

시져거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To rub; to wear.

시젹시젹 *s.* Gently; softly; slowly.

*시전 *s.* 詩傳 (글) (전홀) The Book of Odes—lyrics of ancient China said to have been collected and arranged by Confucius.

*시전 *l.* 市廛 (저조) (젼) Market shops. *See* 시정.

*시젼지 *s.* 詩箋紙 (글) (조희) (조희) Ornamental ruled note paper. *See* 화젼지.

*시졀 *s.* 時節 (때) (졀긔) A season—as regards the harvest. *See* 세월.

*시졔 *s.* 時祭 (때) (졔소) A sacrifice to original ancestors—further back than the fourth generation. *See* 시소.

*시졔 *l.* 施濟 (베풀) (건널) Alms; charity. *See* 구졔.

*시졔호다 *l.* 施濟 (베풀—건널) To give alms; to dispense charity.

*시졍 *l.* 市井 (저조) (우물) A market place; a market.

*시정 *s.* 施政 (베풀) (정소) Administration; government.

*시정 *l.* 市政 (저조) (정소) The municipal organization of a town; the municipal administration.

*시정기션호다 *l.* 施政改善 (베풀) (정소) (곤쳔) (착홀) To reform and re-establish the government.

*시정비 *l.* 市井輩 (저조) (우물) (무리) A market tradesman. *See* 시정앗치.

*시정앗치 *l.* 市井輩 (저조) (우물) (무리—*비) A market trader. *See* 시인.

*시조 *l.* 始祖 (비로솔) (할아비) The original ancestor; the founder of a family. *See* 조샹.

*시조산 *l.* 始祖山 (비로솔) (할아비) (뫼) The graves of one's earliest ancestors. *See* 션산.

*시족 *s.* 氏族 (각시) (겨레) The family or all the persons bearing the same family name.

*시쥬 *l.* 時鐘 (때) (쇠북) A clock; a timepiece. *See* 주명쥬.

*시죵 *l.* 侍從 (모실) (좃칠) A chamberlain.

*시죵 *l.* 始終 (비로솔) (모츰) The beginning and the end, first and last; throughout.

*시죵(이)여일호다 *l.* 始終如一 (비로솔) (모츰) (又홀) (호) To be the same throughout.

*시죵원 *l.* 侍從院 (모실) (좃칠) (집) Board of chamberlains.

*시죵호다 *l.* 侍從 (모실) (좃칠) To attend; to wait on; to serve.

*시준가 *s.* 時準價 (때) (평홀) (갑) The current price.

*시쥬 *s.* 詩酒 (글) (술) Verses and wine.

*시쥬 *l.* 施主 (베풀) (쥬인) The giving of money etc. for service to Buddha and the spirits. The principal person concerned in conducting a funeral; any person who gives a donation of money to a temple, a donor.

*시쥬승 *l.* 施主僧 (베풀) (쥬인) (즁) A Buddhist monk—lays for sacrificial purposes etc.

*시쥬호다 *l.* 施主 (베풀) (쥬인) To give alms to Buddhists—for sacrifice etc.

*시즁 *l.* 市中 (저조) (가온디) The town; the market.

*시즁 *l.* 侍中 (모실) (가온디) "In attendance on you"—an expression used in letters.

*시즁 *l.* 尸中 (즁엉) (즁녕) Impurity from contact with a corpse. *See* 추긔.

*시지 *l.* 試紙 (시험) (조희) Examination paper. *See* 졍초.

시지리다 *s.* 酒臥 (의지홀—*와) (누울—*와) 질녀; 닌 To doze off; to take a nap. (Prov.)

시지부지호다 *s.* To squander; to waste; to spend carelessly. *See* 희지부지호다.

*시직 *l.* 市直 (저즈) (갑) The current price of rice. *See* 시가.

*시진 *l.* 市津 (저즈) (나루) A village in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 36.04. Long. 127.07.

시진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be worn out; to be exhausted; to be tired.

*시질 *s.* 時疾 (씨) (병) Epidemics accompanying the season. *See* 염병.

*시집 *s.* 詩集 (글) (모흘) A collection of poems.

*시쟈 *s.* 時在 (씨) (잇슬) Supplies on hand; cash on hand.

*시저젼 *s.* (—ᄌᆞ—) 時在錢 (씨) (잇슬) (젼) A cash box.

*시저시저 *s.* 時在時在 (씨) (잇기) (씨) (잇기) Now's the time. *See* 시호시호.

*시저젼 *s.* 時在錢 (씨, (잇슬) ,돈) Cash on hand. *See* 시쟈.

*시져ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 試才 (시지) (지조) To examine—as to one's ability. *See* 취시ᄒᆞ다.

*시차한란계 *l.* 示差寒暖計 (보일) (어그러질) (찰) (더울) (계교) A differential thermometer.

*시참 *l.* 視察 (볼) (솔필) Charge; overnight.

*시찰민정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 視察民情 ,볼) (솔필) (빅성) (뜻) To observe the condition of the people.

*시찰ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 視察 (볼) (솔필) To take charge; to oversee.

*시철가 *s.* 時節歌 (씨) (마듸—*짓) (노래—*가) Songs of the season as sung by field workers. *See* 방아타령.

*시초 *l.* 市草 (저즈) (플) Tobacco as sold in the market.

*시초 *s.* 蓍草 (시초) (플) The divining plant. The *Achillea sibirica.*

*시초 *l.* 始初 (비로솔) (처음) The beginning; the first. *See* 근원.

*시초잡다 *l.* 始初 (비로솔) (처음) 아; 온 To make a beginning; to get a start.

*시초졈 *s.* 蓍草占 (시초) (플) (졈칠) Divining with the 시초.

*시축 *s.* 詩軸 (글) (축) A roll of verse composition as composed by several persons. *See* 유지.

*시축 *l.* 視軸 (볼) (축) Line of collimation, optical axis.

*시취 *l.* 尸臭 (죽엄) (내암새) The odor—from a corpse.

*시친 *l.* 屍親 (죽엄) (친홀) The relatives of the deceased.

*시침 *s.* 時針 (씨) (바놀) The hour hand—of a time-piece. *Opp.* 라침.

*시큰동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To make pretensions; to swagger; to put on airs. *See* 검방지다.

*시탕ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 侍湯 (모실) (끌을) To wait on one's parents in sickness. *See* 시병ᄒᆞ다.

*시톄 *l.* 屍體 (죽엄) (몸) A corpse; a dead body. *See* 송장.

*시톄 *s.* 時體 (씨, 몸) The fashion of the day or season; fashions. *See* 시쇽.

*시쳥 *l.* 始痛 (비로솔) (압흘) The first day of sickness—as in smallpox. *Opp.* 이쳥ᄒᆞ다.

시쳥머리지다 *s.* 리져; 진 To put on airs; to pretend.

시쳥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 厭 (슬흘—*엳) To be annoying; to dislike; not to wish. *See* 엳증나다.

*시계 *s.* 時計 (씨) (쾌) A watch; a time-piece. *See* 시게.

시퍼럿타 *s.* 青 (푸를—*청) 피레; 션 To be green. *See* 샛파랏타.

*시폐 *s.* 時弊 (씨) (ᄃᆞᆫ 여질, An evil of the present day; an existing evil.

*시표 *s.* 時標 (씨) (시표) A watch; a time-piece. *See* 시게.

시쿠무죽죽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 青 (푸를—*청) To be greenish. *See* 감쿠무죽죽ᄒᆞ다.

*시하 *l.* 侍下 (모실) (아래) Parents both living.

*시하생 *l.* 侍下生 (모실) (아래) (날) "Your humble servant"—to a friend of one's father. (Epist.)

*시하인 *l.* 侍下人 모실, (아래) (사ᄅᆞᆷ "Your worship's servant." (Epist.)

*시학관 *l.* 視學官 (볼) (비호) (벼슬) An official sent to inspect schools or academies; the inspector of public schools.

*시한 *s.* 時限 (씨) (한명) A period; a term; a date.

*시헌 *l.* 市憲 (저즈) (법) Municipal regulation.

*시험 *s.* 試驗 (시험) (증험) An experiment.

*시험관 *s.* 試驗管 (시험) (증험) (거누ᄅᆞᆯ) Test tube.

*시험문뎨 *l.* 試驗問題 (시험) (증험, (무를) (뜰) Question for examination.

*시험소 *l.* 試驗所 (시험) (증험) (바) An office where examinations are made an examining office; an experimental station.

*시험ᄒᆞ다 s. 試驗 (시험) (증험) To test; to try; to examine.

*시혜ᄒᆞ다 l. 施惠 (베플) (은혜) To show kindness.

*시호 s. 柴胡 (나무) (오랑캐) A bitter plant, like gentian; used as a sudorific.

*시호 l. 諡號 (시호) (일홈) A posthumous title.

[illegible] (어조ᄉᆞ) (ᄯᅢ (어조ᄉᆞ) (아닐) (두), 옴 Times and seasons never come back *See* 물실호시

*사회 s. 社會 (글) (모들) A meeting or association, of poets or poets; A club—the members of which meet to compose poetry and essays.

*시흥 l. 始興 (비로ᄉᆞᆯ) (일) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.29. Long. 127.04.

*시흥 s. 詩興 (글) (흥치) The joy of writing verses.

*시행 l. 施行 (베플) (힝ᄒᆞᆫ) Performance—as a ceremony; administering or executing—as laws.

*시행ᄒᆞ다 l. 施行 (베플) (힝ᄒᆞᆫ) To grant a request; to act accordingly; to put into operation.

*시화 s. 時花 (ᄯᅢ) (곳) A post station in Ch'ung-chong-do.

[illegible] 히) (즁년) To have a time of peace [illegible]

[illegible] 時 [illegible] 근ᄉᆞᆷ [illegible] peculiar to the season—as native fever; influenza etc. *See* 시질.

[illegible] B.C. 259-210. One, who was first so called "Son of Heaven" Emperor of China.—built the Great Wall. *Also* 진시황뎨.

*식 s. 息 (쉬일) Road measure. Your children. (Epist.)

*식 s. 式 (법) Each—at a time.

*식가 s. 食價 (밥) (갑) The price of a meal. *See* 연가.

*식견 s. 識見 (알) (봄) Experience; wisdom [illegible]

*식곤ᄌᆞᆼ [illegible] 困症 [illegible] 증세 Langor; drowsiness—after eating. *See* 로곤증.

*식공ᄒᆞ다 s. 食供 (밥) (공궤ᄒᆞᆯ) To provide with food.

*식구 s. 食口 (밥) (입) Member of a family; those to be fed. *See* 식솔.

*식근 s. 食根 밥 [illegible] a sign of prosperity and good living. Property fields. *See* 식복.

*식긔 s. 食器 (밥) (그릇) Brass table dishes. *See* 유발.

*식긱 s. 食客 (밥) (손) One who depends upon another for support; a dependant; a hanger-on; a parasite.

*식과 s. 式科 (법) (과거) An examination held every three years. *See* 감시.

*식년 s. 式年 (법) (히) The year of the *Sibyno*. Every third census year.

식다 s. 熄滅 (ᄇᆞᆯ—*허) (약ᄒᆞᆫ—*약) 어; 은 To be soft; to be weak.

식다 s. 消 (서늘ᄒᆞᆯ—*쳥) 어; 은 To be cool; to be cooled off.

*식때 s. 食時 (밥) (때—*시) Meal times.

*식태령 s. 食傣令 (밥) (기ᄃᆞ릴) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Official orders to eat—to underlings.

*식당 s. 食堂 (밥) (집) A dining room or hall.

*식당지이 s. 食堂直 (밥) (집) (ᄆᆞᆺᄎᆞᆯ) A steward.

*식당집 s. 食堂 (밥) (집) A dining hall, a dining room. *See* 식당.

*식뎡 s. 食鼎 (밥) (솥) A rice pot; a kettle in which food is prepared. *See* 가마.

*식도 s. 食刀 (밥) (갈) A kitchen knife. *See* 시갈.

식ᄃᆞᆨ식ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 s. To talk nonsense; to blab. *See* 헛셜슈셜ᄒᆞ다.

식ᄃᆞᆨ식ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 s. To blather; to blab; to talk nonsense.

*식량 s. 食量 (밥) (헤아릴) Capacity for eating.

*식량 s. 食糧 (밥) (량식) Provisions; victuals.

*식록 s. 食祿 (밥) (녹) Pension.

*식료 s. 食料 (밥) (헤아릴) Food; eatables; provisions. *See* 식물.

*식모 s. 食母 (밥) (어미) A female cook—usually a slave.

*식목ᄒᆞ다 s. 植木 (심을) (나무) To plant trees.

*식물 s. 植物 (심을) (만물) The kingdom of trees and plants, vegetable matter. *Opp.* 동물

*식물 s. 食物 밥 (물ᄀᆞᆫ [illegible] ables, provisions.

*식물계 s. 植物界 (심을 [illegible] 디경) The vegetable kingdom

*식물형태학 s. 植物形態學 (심을)(물건)(형상)(체도)(비홀) The study of vegetable forms.

*식물해부학 s. 植物解剖學 (심을)(물건)(풀)(갈을)(비홀) Vegetable anatomy.

*식물화석학 s. 植物化石學 (심을)(물건)(될)(돌)(비홀) Fossil botany or palæophytology.

*식민 s. 殖民 (부릴)(박성) Colonial peoples.

*식민디 s. 殖民地 (부릴)(박성)(짜) A colony.

*식민ᄒᆞ다 s. 殖民 (부릴)(박성) To colonize.

*식보ᄒᆞ다 s. 食補 (밥) 기을) To be refreshed—from eating. *See* 욕보ᄒᆞ다

*식복 s. 食福 (밥)(복) Luck—in eating; good fortune—in being helped to food. *See* 식수.

*식부국 s. 式部局 (법) 써, (관) Department of Ceremonies.

*식불감미 s. 食不甘味 (밥) (아닐) (들) (맛) An unpleasant flavor.

*식불언 s. 食不言 (밥)(아닐)(말숨) No talking at meal times—a Confucian motto.

*식비 s. 食婢 (밥) (종) A female slave cook. *See* 식모.

*식비ᄒᆞ다 s. 飾非 (꾸밀)(아닐) To hide a fault; to conceal a crime.

*식산 s. 殖産 (불) (날) Increasing the productions of a country.

*식신 s. 食神 (밥) (귀신) One's luck in eating—as found by magic.

*식ᄉᆞ s. 食事 (밥)(일) Eating; fare. *See* 식음.

*식언 s. 食言 (밥) (말숨) Eating one's words; breaking a promise.

*식언ᄒᆞ다 s. 食言 (밥) (말숨) To "eat one's words" -to go back on one's promise. *See* 거짓말ᄒᆞ다.

*식열 s. 食熱 (밥) (더울) Fever brought on by overeating. *See* 식상.

*식염 s. (ᄂᆞᆷ) 食鹽 (밥) (소곰) Table salt; common salt.

*식품 s. 殖産 부를) (날) Products. *See* 소산.

*식상 s. 食床 (밥) (상) A table of food—for sacrificial purposes.

*식상 s. 食傷 (밥) (상홀) Sickness caused by something eaten or by eating to excess; indigestion.

*식셔 s. 飾緖 (꾸밀) (실마리) The selvedge—of woven goods.

*식설적설 s. 飾說空說 (꾸밀) (말숨) (말숨) (손) (말숨) Useless talk, words to no purpose. *See* 헛설수설.

*식성 s. 食性 (밥) (성품) Taste; appetite; likes and dislikes in eating. *See* 식품.

*식솔 s. 食率 (밥) (거ᄂᆞ릴) The members of one's family. *See* 인구.

*식소반ᄒᆞ다 s. 食少飯頓 (밥) (적을) (밥) (번거) To have much to do and little to eat.

*식송 s. 植松 (심을) (솔) A post station on the [illegible] road. Lat. 39.50, Long. 125.20.

*식송탕영ᄒᆞ다 s. 植松蕩營 (심을) (솔) (불알) (경조) To plant pines in the hope of a pleasure grove. *See* 송길버 경조.

*식송ᄒᆞ다 s. 息訟 (쉬일) (송사) To withdraw from the prosecution of a lawsuit; to stop legal proceedings.

*식수 s. 食數 (밥) (두어) Fate; destiny in the matter of eating. *See* 식복.

*식수거리다ᄒᆞ 飾說 (꾸밀) (말숨—*ᄂᆞᆯ) 서려; 린 To talk, to blab, to "badger."

씩씩 *i.* Breathing heavily -as in sleeping. To laugh. To be clear; fresh *See* 시시시.

씩씩ᄒᆞ다 *i.* To breathe heavily.

*식언 s. 食言 (밥) (말숨) Eating one's words; breaking a promise.

*식언ᄒᆞ다 s. 食言 (밥) (말숨) To "eat one's words" -to go back on one's promise. *See* 거짓말ᄒᆞ다.

*식열 s. 食熱 (밥) (더울) Fever brought on by overeating. *See* 식상.

*식염 s. (ᄂᆞᆷ) 食鹽 (밥) (소곰) Table salt; common salt.

*식욕 s. 食慾 (밥) (욕심) A desire to eat; appetite. *See* 식람.

*식육치 s. 食肉齒 (밥) (고기) (니) Carnassal molar.

식은죽먹기 s. Eating warm gruel—what is easy.

*식음 s. 食飮 (밥) (마실) Food; meat and drink. *See* 음식.

*식음(을)전폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 食飮全廢 (밥) (마실) (온전) (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) To cease from eating; to fast from food.

식이다 s. 使喫 (부릴—*소) (부릴—*환) 식여; 힌 To set to work; to employ; to make (to do), to cause (to make). *Also* 식히다.

식임서ᄒᆞ다 s. 使喫 (부릴—*소) (부릴—*환) T. transmit orders—as from an official to the people.

*식후복약 s. 食後服藥 (밥) (뒤) (입) (약) Taking medicine after meals. *Opp.* 공심복.

*식장 s. 式場 (법) (마당) The place or building where a ceremony is performed.

*식전 s. 食前 (밥) (앞) Before eating; before meals. *Opp.* 식후.

*식쥬인 s. 食主人 (밥) (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The proprietor of an eating-house. *See* 쇼쥬인.

*식지 s. 食紙 (밥) (조히) Oiled paper—for covering food. *See* 유지.

*식지 s. 食指 (밥) (손가락) The "tasting" finger—the forefinger.

*식조 s. 識字 알 ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆨ Knowledge of characters. *See* 유식ᄒᆞ다.

*식조 s. 植字 심을 ᄉᆞᆫ (글ᄌᆞ) Type-setting; typography. *Opp.* 취조.

*식조우환 s. 識字憂患 (알) (글ᄌᆞ) (근심) (근심) "A little learning is a dangerous thing."

*식조ᄒᆞ다 s. 植字 (심을) (글ᄌᆞ) To set up type; to type set.

*식지지도 s. 殖財之道 (부를) (지물) (갈) (길) Way of increasing wealth.

*식지학 s. 殖財學 (부를) (지물) (배홀) Chrematistics; the science of wealth.

*식찬 s. 食饌 밥 (반찬) Cooked dishes eaten with rice. *See* 반찬.

*식채 s. 食債 (밥) (빗) The price of a meal. *See* 식가.

식체 s. 食滯 밥 걸닐 Indigestion, dyspepsia. *See* 식ᄒᆞᆯ.

*식충 s. 植蟲 (심을) (버레) Zoophytes.

*식충이 s. 食虫 (밥) (버레) A gourmand; a glutton. *See* 걸귀.

*식칼 s. 食刀 (밥) (칼—*도) A large kitchen knife; a carving knife. *Also* 식도.

*식탈 s. 食頃 (밥) (탈) A sickness—brought on by overeating. *See* 식상.

*식탐 s. 食慾 (밥) 탐ᄒᆞᆯ Desire to eat; greed for food. *See* 식욕

*식포ᄉᆞ 食飽 밥 족ᄒᆞ (포식) Food-va ance.

*식품 s. 食品 (밥) (품수) Appetite; taste. *See* 식성.

*식혜 s. 食醯 (밥) (식혀) Fermented rice mixed with oil, salt etc.

*식후 s. 食後 (밥) (뒤) After meals; after eating. *Opp.* 식전.

식히다 s. 使喫 (부릴—*소) (부릴—*환) 식혀; 힌 To set (to work), to employ, to make (to do); to cause (to make). *Also* 식이다.

식히다 s. 冷却 ᄂᆞᆺᄎᆞᆨ—*거 다ᄅᆞᆷ *열) 식혀, 힌 To cool—as food

*신 s. 式 (법) 이ᄒᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆫ (일) Law, rules, regulations. (B. O.)

*신 l. 信 (밋ᄂᆞᆯ) Faith; trust.

*신 s. 申 (ᄀᆞᆯ) The 9th of the Twelve Branches—From 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.

신 l. 腎 (*신) The penis.

*신 s. 臣 (신하) I. Your devoted subject—used in addressing the king.

신 s. 履 (*리) Shoes. (신다) (벗다).

*신 s. 神 (귀신) A spirit; demons; gods—used by some Protestant sects for "God."

*신가파 s. 新嘉坡 (새) (아름다ᄋᆞᆯ) (언덕) Singapore.

*신간 s. 新鹽 (새) (소곰—*염) New salt. *Opp.* 구간.

*신개 s. 申槪 ᄉᆞᆫ 에셔 VI D. FS 쥬ᄆᆞᆫ NI 贡嘉. Minister of State Sé-joong.

*신강 s. 新疆 (새) (디경) Chinese Turkestan.

*신강 s. 新薑 (새) (싱강) Fresh ginger.

*신건 s. 新件 (새) (벌) New unlaundried clothes. *See* 새것.

*신건축 ᄉᆞ 新建築 ᄉᆞ 새집 ᄇᆞᆨ (집) Newly built; a new building.

*신경노복 s. 身役奴僕 (몸) (ᄀᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) (종) (종) Slave—as well as master. *See* 걸노상면.

*신계 s. 新溪 (새) 시ᄂᆡ) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.30. Long. 126.46.

*신경 ᄉᆞ 申景 ᄀᆞᆯ ᄉᆞᆫ VI D. FS 쥬ᄆᆞᆫ. A famous general of Korea.

*신경 *l.* 骨經 (콩팟)(경락) The nerves of the body. *See* 콩팟.

*신경 *l.* 信經 (밋을) (경셔) A system of belief; a creed.

*신경계 *s.* 神經系 (귀신 (경락) (멜) The nervous system.

*신경병 *s.* 神經病 (귀신 (경락, 병들) Nervous and mental diseases.

*신경열 *s.* 神經熱 (귀신) (경락) (더울) Nervous or typhoid fever.

*신경인 *s.* 申景禋 (경) (빗) (세소) A. D. 1650. F. S. 쭈미. A famous general of Korea.

*신경절 *s.* 神經節 (귀신) (경락) (마디) Ganglion.

*신경통 *s.* 神經痛 (귀신) (경락) (알흠) Neuralgia.

*신경학 *s.* 神經學 (귀신) (경락) (비홈) Neurology.

*신정호 *s.* 申景祺 (성) (빗) (호박) A. D. 1648. F. S. 쭈미. A famous general of Korea.

*신고셔 *l.* 申告書 (거됴) (교홈) (글) Official reports or returns; a request; a notice.

*신고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 辛苦 (미울) (쌀) To go to some trouble; to put oneself out. *Opp.* 위쓰다.

*신고ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 申告 (펼) (교홈) To announce; to advertize; to publish; to make known; to notify.

*신곡 *s.* 神曲 (귀신) (곰울) Leaven; yeast.

*신곡 *s.* 新麴 (새) (누룩) New leaven—for the preparation of fermented liquors. *See* 구곡.

*신곡 *s.* 新谷 (새) (골짝이) A post station in Ch'ung-chŏng-do.

*신곡어리 *s.* 新穀之初 (새) (곡식) (갈—*지) (처음—*초) The first of the harvest season.

신골 *s.* A last—for shoes. (치다).

*신곳 *s.* 新串 (새) (에일—*관) A post station in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 35.35. Long. 125.07

*신공제 *s.* 申公濟 (성) (귀인) (경녈) F. S. 高靈. N. P 伊溪. A great scholar of Korea.

*신교 *s.* 新敎 (새) (구룬철) The new religion; Protestantism.

*신교 *l.* 信敎 (밋을) (구룬철) Religious belief; faith.

*신구 *s.* 新舊 (새) (네) The New and Old.

*신구셔 *s.* 新舊書 (새) (네) (글) New and Old books. *Also* 신구셔젹.

*신구셔젹 *s.* 新舊書籍 (새) (네) (글) (호젹) Old and new books. *See* 신구셔.

*신구셰 *s.* 新舊歲 (새) (네) (히) The old and new years—the New Year.

*신구식 *s.* 新舊式 (새) (네) (법) New and old laws.

*신구약 *s.* 新舊約 (새) (네) (언약) The Old and New Testaments. *See* 셩경.

*신구학문 *s.* 新舊學文 (새) (네) (박홈) (글) The New and the Old learning.

*신군 *s.* 神軍 (귀신) (군소) Spirit soldiers. *See* 신졸; 신병.

*신금산 *s.* 新金山 (새) (쇠) (뫼) The "New Diggings"—Australia, in contrast to the "Old Diggings" (구금산), California.

*신긔 *l.* 腎氣 (콩팟) (긔운) Virile power. *See* 양긔.

*신긔 *s.* 身氣 (몸) (긔운) Health; strength.

*신긔답 *s.* 新起畓 (새) (닙) (논) Newly prepared paddy fields. *Opp.* 원답.

*신긔젼 *s.* 新起田 (새) (닙) (밧) Newly prepared fields.

*신긔롭다 *s.* 神奇 (귀신) (긔이홀) 로와; 온 To be marvellous; to be supernatural. *See* 신묘ᄒᆞ다.

*신긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 神奇 (귀신) (긔이홀) To be marvellous; to be supernatural. *See* 신긔롭다.

신기다 *s.* 納履 (드릴—*납) (신—*리) 신겨; 긴 To put on—of shoes, stockings etc. for another. (Causative form of 신다).

*신간 *s.* 新墾 (새) (짜뷔) Newly tilled or reclaimed—as land.

*신간디 *s.* 新墾地 (새) (짜뷔) (짜) A piece of land newly tilled or reclaimed.

*신판 *s.* 新官 (새) (벼슬) A new incumbent. *Opp.* 구판.

*신광 *s.* 神光 (귀신) (빗) A fort in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.51. Long. 126.57.

*신광한 *s.* 申光漢 (성) (빗) (한슈) A. D. 1748. F. S. 쭈미 A great general of Korea.

*신광한 *s.* 申光漢 (성) (빗) (한슈) A. D. F. S. 高靈. N. P. 錦溪. A famous scholar of the time of In-jo.

신나무 *s.* 槭樹 (신나무—*목) (나무—*슈) The maple.

신날 *s.* 履帶 (신 *리) (날 - *경) String or rope for shoes. (새다).

*신낭 *l.* (실) 腎囊 (콩팟) (주머니) The scrotum. *See* 불알.

*신년연회 *s.* 新年宴會 (새 (년) (잔치 (모들) New year's feast.

*신념 *s.* 宸念 (대궐) (생각) The Emperor's care or anxiety.

*신년 *s.* 新寧 (새) (평안) A village in Kyongsang-do. Lat. 36.00 Long. 128.45.

*신농씨 *s.* (실) 神農氏 (귀신) (농스) (각씨—*시) The 2nd of the five Ancient Rulers of China (2838 to 2648 B.C.) He is said to have been oxheaded and to have taught his people the uses of medicine and agriculture.

신다 *l.* 着履 (부피칠 —*착) (신—*리) 어; 은 To put on—shoes, stockings etc.

*신다 *s.* 新茶 (새) (차, New tea, or tea of this year's produce.

*신답 *s.* 新畓 (새) (논) Newly prepared paddy-fields. *See* 신개답.

*신당 *s.* 神堂 (귀신) (집) A spirit temple; a joss-house.

*신덕 *s.* 神德 (귀신) 큰) The virtues or attributes of the God, Divine help.

*신덕 *l.* 信德 (밋을) (큰) Virtue; fidelity; virtuous; faithful.

*신뎐 *s.* 神殿 (귀신) (대궐) A Shintō temple; a shine.

*신뎐 *s.* 新田 (새) (밧) Newly reclaimed rice-fields.

*신도 *s.* 新都 (새) (도읍) A new capital; the new as opposed to the old mountain, Ch'ung-ch'ung capital. A site for future capital below *Kyryong*.

*신도 *l.* 信徒 (밋을) (무리) Believers; saints. *See* 신자.

*신도 *s.* 薪島 (섬) (섬) An island in Chölla-do. Lat. 34.13. Long. 126.48. (Stanley I.).

*신도 *s.* 神道 (귀신) (길) Teachings of the spirits; shintoism; the doctrines of the gods.—including the worship of the imperial ancestors.

*신도 *s.* 新刀 (새) (갈) A newly cast sword; a new sword.

*신도 *s.* 新道 (새) (길) A newly built road.

신도 *l.* 信徒 (밋을 (무리) Believers, followers of the Christian religion. *See* 신자.

*신도교 *s.* 神道敎 (귀신) (길) (구룩칠) Shintoism. *See* 신도.

신도주 、 新稻酒 새) 벼) (술) Spirit made from newly harvested rice.

*신동 *s.* 神童 (귀신) (우히) A wonderfully clever boy; an inspired youth.

*신됴약 *s.* 新條約 (새) (가지) (언약) A new treaty.

신들메 *s.* 履索 (신 *리) (신들메—*긔) Shoelaces, strings with which to fasten shoes. (메다).

신들메호다 、 、 부피칠 *착 、신들메 *긔 To lace on shoes; to tie shoes.

*신디 *l.* 信地 (밋을) (짜) An appointed position, a place of trust.

*신라 *s.* (실나) 新羅 (새) (벌) The ancient kingdom of *Silla* that existed in the south east of Korea (57 B.C.—935 A. D.)

*신랑 *s.* (실) 新郎 (새) (사나희) A bridegroom. *Opp.* 신부.

*신력 *s.* 宸慮 (대궐) (생각) The imperial will.

*신력 *l.* 信力 (밋을) (힘) The efficacy of faith—a Buddhist term.

*신력 *s.* 神力 (귀신) (힘) Spiritual power; divine power. Superhuman strength.

*신력 *s.* 新曆 (새) (책력) The new calendar or new style of reckoning the years.

신레받니다 *s.* (실) 받녀; 닌 To initiate a new graduate.

*신령 *s.* 神靈 (귀신) (신령) Spirits of the hills; mountain spirits.

*신령ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 神靈 (귀신) (신령) To be spiritual; to be supernatural. *See* 령 검ᄒᆞ다

*신료 *s.* 臣僚 (신하) (동관) A fellow-retainer; retainers in the service of the same lord.

*신루ㄴ 蜃樓 (조기) 、다딕) A mirage.

*신리학 *s.* 神理學 (귀신) (리치) (비울) Theology; divinity.

*신림 s. 神林 (귀신) (수풀) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*신마 s. 神馬 (귀신) (말) The sacred horse attached to a Shinto shrine.

*신만 s. 申晩 (성) (노질) A. D. 1763 F S. 주내. Prime Minister of Yöng-jon.

*신말 s. 申末 (납) (끝) The close of the 9th hour. From 4:30 to 5 o'clock P.M.

*신망 s. 新網 (새) (그물) A new headband. *Opp.* 파망.

*신앙이 l. 信仰愛 (믿을) (우러를) (사랑) Faith, hope, and charity.

*신명 s. 身命 (몸) (목숨) The life of the body; life. *See* 신상.

*신명 s. 神明 (귀신) (밝을) The guardian spirits.

*신명 s. 新明 (새) (밝을) A post station in Kyöng-sang-do.

*신모 s. 神謀 (귀신) (꾀) A mysterious plan; a deep scheme.

*신모 s. 辰牡 (때) (수컷) An animal fit for food. (B. O.)

*신목 s. 新木 (새) (나무) New cotton.

*신묘 s. 辛卯 (여물) (토끼) The 28th year of the cycle 1831; 1891; 1951.

*신묘 s. 新墓 (새) (무덤) A new grave. (Prov.) *Opp.* 구산.

*신묘ᄒᆞ다 s. 神妙 (귀신) (묘할) To be noble; to be honorable; to be admirable; to be wonderful. *See* 신통ᄒᆞ다

*신문 s. 新聞 (새) (드를) A newspaper. *See* 신문지.

*신문기 s. 新文記 (새) (글) (기록) A new deed—given on the sale of property along with the old deeds. *Opp.* 구문기.

*신문기자 s. 新聞記者 (새) (드를) (기록) (놈) The editor of a newspaper. A journalist.

*신문과 l. 訊問科 (무를) (무를) (일과) Examination of a prisoner.

*신문상공격 s. 新聞上攻擊 (새) (드를) (웃) (칠) (칠) Newspaper attack.

*신문종람소 s. 新聞縱覽所 (새) (드를) (방종할) (볼) (바) A free reading room.

*신문지 s. 新聞紙 (새) (드를) (조희) A newspaper. *See* 신문.

*신문ᄒᆞ다 l. 訊問 (무를) (무를) To hold an inquest.

*신물 s. 新物 (새) (물건) Fresh things—as fish etc.

*신물 l. 信物 (믿을) (물건) A keepsake. *See* 신표, 정표.

*신미 s. 辛味 (매울) (맛) A bitter taste; acridity.

*신미 s. 辛未 (여물) (양) The 8th year of the cycle 1871; 1931; 1991.

*신미 s. 新米 (새) (쌀) New rice or millet. *See* 햇쌀.

*신민 s. 臣民 (신하) (빅성) The officials and the people.

*신밀ᄒᆞ다 s. 神密 (귀신) (빽빽) To take precautions; to be careful—as in carrying out a secret plan. *See* 은밀ᄒᆞ다.

*신밀ᄒᆞ다 l. 愼密 (삼갈 빽빽) To do secretly; to be secret about.

신발 s. Shoes. *See* 신.

*신발명 s. 新發明 (새) (펼) (밝을) A discovery; an invention.

*신발명ᄒᆞ다 s. 新發明 (새) (펼) (밝을) To discover; to invent.

신발ᄒᆞ다 s. 發足 (쏠—*파) (발 *족) To wrap the feet—as do pedestrians.

*신방 s. 新房 (새) (방) A marriage chamber.

*신방구비 s. 神方仇非 (귀신) (모) (원슈) (아닐) A military station in Ham-kyong-do.

*신벌 s. 神罰 (귀신) (죄) Divine punishment.

*신법 s. 新法 (새) (법) A new law, or edict; a new way; a novel method.

*신병 s. 身病 (몸) (병들) Bodily sickness.

*신병 s. 神兵 (귀신) (군사) Spirits—that fight as soldiers. *Opp.* 신장.

*신보 s. 申甫 (성) (겨우) The combined names of two heroes of China, B. C. 827.

*신보 s. 申報 (펼) (갑흘) A daily paper. A report; an announcement; a communication.

*신보 s. 新報 (새) (갑흘) A new report; news; gazette.

*신복 s. 臣僕 (신하) (죵) Servants; retainers; vassals; subjects.

*신복 s. 臣服 (신하) (항복할) Submitting to the yoke of; paying homage.

*신부 s. 神父 (귀신) (아비) A Spiritual Father a Roman Catholic priest *See* 슈교.

*신부 s. 新婦 (새) (며느리) A bride. *Opp.* 신랑.

*신부례 s. 新婦禮 (새) (며느리) (례도) The ceremony of going finally to the home of the bridegroom. *See* 의접가다.

*신불 s. 神佛 (귀신) (부처) Kami and Buddha.

*신불해 s. 申不害 (성) (아닐) (해홀, B.C. 337. Commonly called 申子 or the Famous philosopher Shen. A philosopher of the State of 鄭 and one of the earliest among the promulgators of the doctrines of Lao Tsze. In B.C. 351 the prince of Han (韓) made him Minister of state.

*신산 s. 神山 (귀신) (뫼) A post station in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.31. Long. 126.37.

*신산 s. 新山 (새) (뫼) New sites for graves. *Opp.* 구산.

*신산하다 s. 辛酸 (매울) (실) To be unhappy; to be troubled; to be grievous. *See* 심난하다.

*신상 s. 身狀 (몸) (형상) The body; the person; the appearance.

*신사 s. 神社 (귀신) (사직) A temple of the gods.

*신사 s. 新射 (새) (쌀) A recruit at archery.

*신사군 s. 新射軍 (새) (쏠) (군소 A recruit at archery. *See* 신사

*신상 l. 紳商 (띠, 장소, A wealthy merchant.

*신상 s. 神像 (귀신) (형상) An image of the god.

*신상 s. 身上 (몸) (것) The body; the person.

신상호하다 s. 結髮 갓 *관 (례도—*예) To become an elder; to take a topknot. *See* 관례하다

*신서 s. 新書 (새) (글) New books.

*신서 s. 新西國 (새) (서녘) (나라) New Zealand.

*신석 l. 信石 (믿을) (돌) Arsenic. *See* 비상

신선 s. 神仙 (귀신) (신선) Genii; supernatural beings; fairies. *See* 선인.

신선초 s. 神仙炒 (귀신) (신선) (볶—*구) A lighted fuse used to waken a sleeper—for the amusement of the onlookers. (놋다). *See* 딱금불.

*신선로 s. 神仙爐 (귀신) (신선) (화로) A cooking brazier—having charcoal in the middle and the food round about. *See* 열구자.

*신선하다 s. 新鮮 (새) (고울) To be new and beautiful; to be fresh and sweet.

*신설 s. 新設 (새) (배풀) A new opening up—as of business etc.

*신설하다 s. 新設 (새) (베풀) To open up new—as a store.

*신섭 l. 愼攝 (삼갈) (잡을) Treatment—of sickness.

*신섭하다 l. 愼攝 (삼갈) (잡을) To treat; to medicate; to care for health. *See* 조리하다; 조섭하다

신세 s. 身世 (몸) (인간) Condition of life—as regards meat and clothing. *See* 팔조.

*신세 s. 新歲 (새) (해) The New Year. *See* 새해.

*신성 s. 神聖 (귀신) (성인) A deity; a saint.

*신성하다 s. 神聖 (귀신 (성인) To be sacred; to be holy.

*신속히 l. 迅速 (빠를 속할) Speedily.

*신속하다 l. 迅速 (빠를 속할) (속할) To be marvelously quick. *See* 빠르다.

신수 s. 身數 몸 (두어) Luck, fortune as regards meat and clothing. *See* 팔조.

*신수 l. 腎水 (콩팥) (물) Spermatic fluid. *See* 슈정.

*신수 s. 薪水 (섶나무) (물) Fuel and water.

*신수 l. 信宿 (믿을) (잘) Three nights' sleep—of one making a journey. (B. O.)

신수유 s. 申守榆 (성) (아자비) (비) A.D. 1477 [illegible] 高麗 N. P. 保閑堂. A Prime Minister of Sŏ-jo.

*신숭겸 s. 申崇謙 (성) (높홀) (겸손) A famous general of Konjŏ. Wang-gŏn A.D. 918-944. 平山.

*신승 s. 神僧 (귀신) (중) A Buddhist who possesses supernatural powers. *See* 도승.

*신승선 l. 愼承善 (삼갈) (이을) (착홀) F.S. 동몸 Prime Minister of Song-jong father-in-law of Yŏn-san.

*신시 s. 申時 (남) (때) The time from 3 to 5 o'clock p.m.

*신식 s. 新式 (새) (법) New laws.

*신식총 s. 新式銃 (새) (법) (총) A new kind of gun.

*신신당부ᄒᆞ다 v. 申申當付 (펼)(펼)(맛당)(붓칠) To charge explicitly; to commission with great care. *See* 신신부탁ᄒᆞ다.

*신신부탁ᄒᆞ다 v. 申申付托 (펼)(펼)(붓칠)(부탁) To charge carefully; to give explicit orders. *See* 신신당부ᄒᆞ다.

*신신히 v. 申申 (펼) (펼) Explicitly; carefully. *See* 부디부디.

*신신ᄒᆞ다 a. 新新 (새)(새) To be new, to be fresh.

*신실ᄒᆞ다 v. 信實 (믿을) (실흘) To be sincere; to be trustworthy; to be authentic. *See* 참실ᄒᆞ다.

신심 s. 身心 (몸) (무옴) Body and mind.

*신심 s. 神心 (신령) (무옴) The mind of a spirit; a spirit's mind.

*신사 s. 紳士 (의) (선비) A gentleman; a man of quality.

*신사 s. 神祠 (귀신) (소당) A Shintō shrine.

*신사 s. 神事 (귀신) (일) A festival; a a fête. Spiritual work, a miracle.

*신사 s. 辛巳 (여울) (뱀알) The 18th year of the cycle 1821; 1881; 1941.

*신사업 s. 新事業 (새) (일) (업) New work.

*신사ᄒᆞ다 a. 身死 (몸) (죽을) To die; to be deceased.

*신사ᄒᆞ다 s. 神祀 (귀신) (제소) To sacrifice to spirits.

*신안 s. 申安 (펼) (편안) A post station in Chŏl-la-do.

*신안 s. 新安 (새) (편안) Post stations in Kang-wŏn-do, Kyong-sang-do and P'yŏng-an-do.

*신앙심 s. 信仰心 (믿을) (우럴) (무옴) Faith; belief; devotion.

*신앙ᄒᆞ다 v. 信仰 (믿을 (우럴) To believe —as in God; to be devout.

*신약 s. 神藥 (귀신) (약) Supernatural medicine. *See* 영약

*신약 s. 新約 (새) (언약) The New Testament. *See* 성경. *Opp.* 구약.

*신약전서 s. 新約全書 새) (언약) (온전) (글) The complete New Testament. *See* 구약전서.

*신약ᄒᆞ다 s. 身弱 (몸) (약흘) To be weak; to be frail in health.

*신양 s. 新陽 (새) (볕) New spring.

*신양 s. 新樣 (새) (모양) A new style of dress; a new method; a new way of doing anything—of action.

*신어 s. 神語 (귀신) (말숨) A supernatural composition—of characters.

*신여철 s. 申旅哲 (성) (너) (룸을) A.D. 1634 F.S. 주111 A great general of modern Korea.

*신역 s. 身役 (몸) (역소) Money paid for exemption from government labor.

*신연 s. 新延 (새) (마질) A new official arrival. (맛다).

*신연맛다 s. 新延 (새) (마질) 마자; 진 To ceremonially meet a new official on his entrance to his district.

*신열 s. 身熱 (몸) (더울) Fever.

*신염 s. 新鹽 (새) (소곰) New salt. *Opp.* 구염.

*신용 s. 信用 (믿을) (쓸) Trust; faith; confidence.

*신용개 s. 申用漑 (성) (쓸) (물대일) A.D. 1523 F.S. 高皇 N.P. 靖樂 Grandson of 신숙주. Minister of Chung-jong.

*신용기한 s. 信用期限 (믿을) (쓸) (긔약) (한명) Term of credit.

*신용증권 s. 信用證券 (믿을) (쓸) (증거) (문셔) A bill of credit.

*신용ᄒᆞ다 v. 信用 (믿을) (쓸) To believe; to trust; to repose confidence in; to have faith in.

*신우 s. 神祐 (귀신) (도울) Aid rendered by God, or the gods.

*신우 s. 宸憂 (대궐) (근심) Imperial care or anxiety.

*신우지초 s. 新寓之初 (새) (우거흘) (갈) (처음) The first arrival, the beginning of one's residence.

*신유 s. 辛酉 (여울) (닭) The 58th year of the cycle 1861; 1921; 1981.

*신은 s. 新恩 (새) (은혜) Post stations in Ch'ung-chŏng-do and Ham-kyŏng-do.

*신은 s. 新恩 (새) (은혜) Graduating; a graduate.

신음신음 s. Groaning; in pain.

*신음지셩 s. 呻吟之聲 (부르지질) (읍흘) (갈) (소리) Groaning; the sound of moaning. *See* 음셩.

*신음ᄒᆞ다 s. 呻吟 (부르지질) (읍흘) To hum to one's self; to groan; to moan. *See* 음셩.

*신의 s. 信義 (믿을) (옳흘) Truth and righteousness.

*신의 ㄴ 信義 (믿을) (올흠) Faith and righteousness.

*신응 s. 新鷹 (새) (매) An untaught falcon.

*신이 s. 辛夷 (매울) (오랑캐) *Magnolia Kobus.* The *Magnolia Purpurea.*

*신이이도 s. 神仙島 (신) (선) (섬) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.11. Long. 125.05.

*신이화 s. 辛夷花 (매울) (오랑캐) (꽃) The *Magnolia conspicua.* *See* 개나리

신익상 s. 申翼相 (성) (날개) (서로) A.D. 1634 [illegible] Minister of Suk-jong.

*신인 s. 神人 (귀신) (사름) A spiritual personage; a mysterious being.

*신인 s. 新人 (새) (사름) A bride or bridegroom. *See* 신부.

*신임 ㄴ 新任 (믿을) (맛길) Confidence; trust.

*신임투표 ㄴ 信任投票 (믿을) (맛길) (던질) (표) A vote of confidence.

*신임투표하다 ㄴ 信任投票 (믿을) (맛길) [illegible] to; to take a vote of confidence.

*신임하다 s. 新任 (새) (맛흘) To be newly appointed; to take office newly.

*신임하다 ㄴ 信任 (믿을) (맛길) To entrust with confidence, to confide willingly.

*신입 s. 新入 (새) (들) A novice; a green hand. *See* 초입.

*신입교출하다 s. 新入放出 (새) (들) (내) [illegible] replace one another "the new comes the old goes."

*신입례 s. 新入禮 (새) (들) (례도) The ceremonies of entering office.

신원 s. 申元 성 [illegible] 申山 N.P. 稱號. Prime Minister of Suk-jong great grandson of 선경전.

*신왕하다 s. 身旺 (몸) (왕성홀) To be sound in body; to be in perfect health.

*신원식이다 s. 伸寃 (펼) (원통) 식여, 진 To redress a wrong.

*신원하다 s. 伸寃 (펼) (원통) To redress a wrong. *See* 설원하다.

*신월 s. 新月 (새) (돌) A new moon; a crescent.

*신작로 s. 新作路 (새) (지을) (길) A new road.

*신장 / 腎臟 (콩팟) (오장) The kidneys.

*신장 s. 神將 (귀신) (장수) The general in command of the "spirit soldiers." *See* 황건력사.

*신장 s. 身長 (몸) (긴) The height of the body; one's height. *See* 키.

*신장 申檣 성 [illegible] 號 N.P. 삼학 A great writer of Korea.

*신장근 / 伸張筋 (펼 [illegible] 힘줄) Extensor.

*신장정 s. 新章程 (새) (글장) (길) New laws; new regulations or rules.

*신전 s. 新錢 (새) (돈) Newly minted money. *Opp.* 구전.

신전 s. 鞋廛 (신—[illegible]) (전—[illegible]) A shoe store.

*신전 s. 神前 (귀신) (앞) Before a shrine or altar.

*신전 s. 身前 (몸) (앞) The previous state of existence. *Opp.* 신후.

*신전하다 ㄴ 信傳 (믿을) (전홀) To announce carefully; to make known faithfully.

*신절 ㄴ 愼節 (삼갈) (아디) State of health; one undergoing treatment.

*신접 s. 新接 (새) (붓흘) A recent arrival —who takes up his abode. *See* 신접살님.

*신접살님 s. 新接 (새) (붓흘) Life newly begun; a newly set up home.

*신접살이 s. 新接 (새) (붓흘) Life newly begun—after buying a house etc. *See* 신접.

*신젼하다 s. 神[illegible] (귀신) (붓흘) T[illegible] [illegible] 사흐다

*신제 s. 新製 (새) (지을) New manufacture.

[illegible] 하다 / 新製 [illegible] for the first time; to manufacture anew.

*신정 s. 申正 (펼) (바를) The middle of the *sin* hour—4 o'clock P.M.

신정 s. 新情 (새) (뜻) A new affection; young love.

*신정 s. 新政 (새) (정소) A new administration.

*신정지초 s. 新情之初 [illegible] 음) The [illegible] affection.

*신경지초 s. 新政之初 (새) (경소) (갈) (처음) Entrance upon a new office.

*신조군함 s. 新造軍艦 새 지을 (군소) (군함) A newly built man-of-war.

*신뢰하다 t. 信賴 (믿을) (의뢰) To rely on; to depend upon; to trust.

*신주 s. 神主 (귀신) (님금) An ancestral tablet

*신주 s. 新酒 (새) (술) New wine, or this year's brewing.

*신중하다 t. 愼重 (삼갈) (무거울) To be exceedingly careful; to be circumspect; to be important.

*신지도 s. 薪智島 (섶나무) (지혜) (섬) An island in Chol-la-do.

*신체무의하다 t. 信之無疑 (믿을) (갈) (없을) (의심) To be undoubtedly trustworthy.

*신진대사 s. 新陳代謝 새 베풀 (대신) (사례) Bidding goodbye—of the old to the new; change; substitution.

*신진하다 s. 新進 (새) (나아갈) To come out recently; to be but recent.

*신하 s. 臣子 (신하) (아들) A subject; a vassal; a retainer; a minister. *See* 신하.

*신하도리에 s. 臣子道理 (신하) (아들) (길) (리치) The duties of a minister of state.

*신하지도 s. 臣子之道 (신하) (아들) (갈) (길) The part of a subject; the proper attitude of a minister of state.

*신하지도리 s. 臣子之道理 (신하) (아들) (갈 길) (리치) The duties of a minister or retainer.

*신재 s. 新材 (새) (재목) Freshly cut materials—as for building; fresh compounds—for medecine.

*신재식 s. 申在植 (셤) (있을) (심을) F.S. 平山 N.P. 梁溪 A famous scholar of the time of Hon-jong.

*신참례하다 s. 新參禮 (새) (참예) (례도) To enter for the first time—a guild or club. *See* 허참례.

*신차 s. 神借 (귀신) (빌) Praying for spirit strength—in contrast to supernatural strength gained from medicine. *Also* 산신차. *Opp.* 약차.

*신착립 s. 新着笠 (새) (부딪칠) (갓) A new white hat—of one who has recently become an elder. *See* 판례하다; 신상로.

*신창진 s. 新倉津 (새) (고집) (나루) An anchorage in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.50. Long. 126.48.

*신창 s. 新昌 (새) (창성) A prefect in Chung-chong-do. Lat. 36.40. Long. 127.10.

*신천 t. 信川 (믿을) (내) A prefect in Whang-hai do. Lat. 38.10 Long. 125 33.

*신청 s. 新淸 (새) (몱을) Fresh honey.

신청보 s. An undesirable thing; an unpleasant affair. (ㄷ다).

*신청주 s. 新淸酒 (새) (몱을) (술) Fresh fermented liquor—prepared in autumn.

*신초 s. 新草 (새) (풀) Fresh tobacco. *Opp.* 진초.

*신초 s. 申初 (펼) (처음) The beginning of the sin hour—3 o'clock P.M.

신총 s. The small side cords of string shoes. (섭다) (비다).

*신축 s. 辛丑 (미울) (소) The 38th year of the cycle 1841; 1901, 1961.

*신춘 s. 新春 (새) (봄) New spring, early spring.

*신출 t. 申出 (펼) (날) An overture; a representation.

*신출 s. 新出 (새) (날) Fresh supplies—of fish, vegetables etc.

*신출귀몰하다 s. 神出鬼沒 (귀신) (날) (귀신) (빠질) To divinely appear and demoniacally vanish. supernaturally.

*신칙하다 s. 申飭 (펼) (신칙) To caution; to warn. *See* 엄칙하다.

*신탁 s. 神託 (귀신) (부탁) Divine communications; inspiration of the spirits.

*신탁 t. 信托 (믿을) (부탁) Committing to the care of; charging with; entrusting

*신탁하다 t. 申托 (펼) (부탁) To commission with; to give charge to. *See* 신신부탁하다.

*신체 s. 身體 (몸) (몸) A corpse; a body. *See* 현대.

*신체강장지인 s. 身體强壯之人 (몸) (몸) (강호) (장호) (갈) (사롬) A person strong and healthy.

*신청하다 t. 信聽 (믿을) (드를) To put confidence in; to hear with confidence. *See* 고지듯다.

*신통하다 s. 神通 (귀신) (통할) To be marvellous; to be wonderful. *See* 희이하다.

신틀 s. 履機 (신—*구) (틀—*과) A frame on which string shoes are made.

*신판 s. 新版 (새) (조각) A new edition; a new publication. New plates—for printing; a new state of things. *See* 새판.

*신편 *l.* 信便 (믿을) (편홀) A trusty messenger *See* 인편.

*신포 *s.* 新浦 (새) (개) An anchorage in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 40.00. Long. 128.13.

*신포서 *s.* 申包胥 (성) (쌀, 서로) A high official of the kingdom of Ts'u and friend of Wu Yün q. v., B.C. 520.

신풀이 *s.* Following the dictates of a spirit that has taken possession of one

*신풍 *s.* 信豐 (믿을) (풍년) Post stations in Ham-kyong-do and Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.38. Long. 127.23.

*신풍 *s.* 晨風 (새벽) (바람) A small variety of falcon. (B. O.)

신풍나무 *s.* 楓 (신나무—풍) The plane-tree

신풍스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be bad; to be evil; to be objectionable.

*신필 *s.* 神筆 (귀신) (붓) Marvellous writing; a wonderful hand.

*신하 *s.* 臣下 (신하) (아래) A minister, a statesman; a subject; a servant. *See* 군신.

*신학 *s.* 神學 (귀신) (비홀) Theology.

*신학교 *s.* 神學校 (귀신) (비홀) (학교) A theological school.

*신학학교 *s.* 神學學校 (귀신) (비홀) (비홀) (학교) A theological school.

*신학문 *s.* 新學問 (새) (비홀) (무를) "New learning"; modern education. *Opp.* 구학문.

*신학쇼선 *s.* 新學小生 (새) (비홀) (적을) (날) An inexperienced, uncultured person. *See* 신친.

*신학회 *s.* 神學會 (귀신) (비홀) (모둘) A theological meeting. A bible class. *See* 사경회.

*신허증 *l.* 腎虛症 (콩팟) (뷔일) (증세) Loss of virile power, general debility.

*신허하다 *l.* 腎虛 (콩팟) (뷔일) To be impotent.

*신혈 *s.* 新穴 (새) (구멍) A new digging —for gold.

*신호 *s.* 新戶 (새) (집) A newly recorded house—in the government records. *See* 현호.

*신호 *s.* 神戶 (귀신) (집) Kobe. (Japan).

*신호 *l.* 信號 (믿을) (일홈) A mark; sigo; token; emblem; badge or crest.

*신호지세 *s.* 晨虎之勢 (새벽) (범) (갈) (형세) Like a tiger at twilight—one in desperate need.

*신혼 *s.* 晨昏 (새벽) (어두울) Morning and evening.

*신혼 *s.* 新婚 (새) (혼인) A recent marriage.

*신혼 *s.* 神魂 (귀신) (혼) The soul.

*신혼골슈 *s.* 神魂骨髓 (귀신) (혼) (뼈) (뼈관 ㅅ ㅜ, soul and body

*신호지절 晨昏之節 (새벽) (어두울) (갈) (마디) Morning and evening salutations to parents. *See* 혼명신성.

*신회 *s.* 申晦 (성) (그믐) A.D. 1766 F.S. 주山 Brother of 신만. Prime minister of Yong-jong.

*신홍쥬 *s.* 申弘周 (성) (클러기) (두루) A.D. 1812. 上ㅏ 州山 A noted general of Korea.

*신효 *s.* 神效 (귀신 ㅍ한) Wonderfully educacious—as a medicine. *See* 즉효.

*신후 *s.* 身後 (몸) (뒤) The next state of of existence—a Buddhist term. After death. *See* 소후.

*신후스 *s.* 身後事 (몸) (뒤) (일) Things after death.

*신후지디 *s.* 身後之地 몸 (뒤) (갈) (짜) One's place of burial, after death

*신흠 *s.* 申欽 성) (공경) A.D. 1626 F.S. 주山 N.P. 象村. Prime Minister of In-jo.

*신흥 *s.* 新興 (새) (날) Post stations in Kyong sang-do, Whang hai-do, Kang-won-do, and Ch'ung-chong-do.

*신흥 *s.* 神興 (귀신) (날) A village in Chul-la-do Lat. 36.26. Long. 127.05.

*신희 *s.* 新禧 (새) (복) Congratulation on the New Year.

*신히 *s.* 辛亥 (매울) (도아지) The 48th year of the cycle 1851; 1911; 1971.

*신힝 *s.* 新行 (새 ㄱ홀) Marriage—of a bride. A post station in Whang-hai-do. *See* 우귀.

*신힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 新行 (새) (힝홀) To get married—of a bride *See* 신부례ᄒᆞ다.

*신화 *s.* 神火 (귀신) (불) Spirit fires. *See* 귀화.

실 *l.* 絲 (*ㅅ) A thread.

*실 s. 實 (열미) (Cash) on hand; real. *See* 실수.

*실가 s. 實價 (실호) (갑) The real price.

*실가 s. 室家 (집) (집) The wife.

*실가지락 s. 室家之樂 (집) (집) (갈) (즐거울) Conjugal felicity.

실감레 l. 綠輪 (실—*소) (메—*폐) A spool or tablet on which to wind thread. *See* 실패.

*실결ᄒᆞ다 s. 失結 (일흘) (결식) To lack completeness; to have a defect or a part wanting. *Opp.* 득결ᄒᆞ다.

*실계ᄒᆞ다 s. 失計 (일흘) (계교) To be unsuccessful; to fail; to miscarry; to fail to accomplish an object. *See* 실치.

실ᄭᅮ리 l. A ball of thread or yarn.

*실군 s. 實軍 (실호) (군소) A trustworthy hand—at manual labor.

실굽말이 l. A thin rim on the bottom of a dish.

실그러지다 s. 不正 (아닐—*볼) (바를—*정) 러져; 진 To be slanting; to be crosswise; to be sideways. *See* 실그러지다.

실금가다 l. 가; 간 To be cracked; to be damaged.

*실긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 失期 (일흘) (긔약) To fail in one's promise; to fail to keep an agreement. *See* 위긔ᄒᆞ다.

*실긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 失機 (일흘) (지들) To lose the opportunity; to be defeated.

*실기둥실기둥ᄒᆞ다 s. To totter back and forth; to be askew; to be crosswise.

실기둥실기둥ᄒᆞ다 s. To totter back and forth; to be askew; to be crosswise. *See* 실기죽실기죽ᄒᆞ다

*실기본ᄒᆞ다 s. 失其本 (실) (그, 근본) To lose the original; to lose one's family seat; to lose one's origin.

실기죽실기죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake backwards and forwards, to be askew.

실기죽실기죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake backwards and forwards; to be askew. To urge on mutually.

*실과 s. 實果 (열미) (과실) Fruit. *See* 과실.

실낫ᄀᆞᆺ다 s. ᄀᆞᆺ하; 흔 To be like a thread—of human life, easily broken.

*실노 s. 實 (실호) Truly; surely; verily. *See* 과연.

*실농군 s. 實農軍 (실호) (농소) (군소) A trustworthy farm-hand. *See* 실머슴.

*실농ᄒᆞ다 s. 失農 (일흘) (농소) To miss the season for agriculture.

실눈실눅ᄒᆞ다 s. To wink; to shake; to flap.

실눅실눅ᄒᆞ다 s. To be unsteady; to be askew. *See* 실죽실죽ᄒᆞ다.

실니다 s. 載 (시를—*지) 실녀; 닌 To be loaded; to load; to lade. (집).

*실녀 s. 室內 (집) (안) Your wife. *See* 실가.

실다히 s. 實正 (실호) (바를 -*정) Sincerely; truly

*실답다 s. 實 (실호—*실) 다와; 온 To be sincere; to be trustworthy.

실답잔타 s. 不實 (아닐 -*실) (실호 *실) 하; 흔 To be untrustworthy; to be insincere.

*실당ᄒᆞ다 s. 失當 (일흘) (맛당) To be improper; to be unbecoming; to be unjust. (Comp.)

*실덕ᄒᆞ다 s. 失德 (일흘) (큰) To bring disgrace to one's self; to meet dishonour.

실렁실렁 s. Nonsensical; wandering, havering.

실쭝머룩ᄒᆞ다 s. To dislike; to feel repugnance at.

*실디 s. (—*ᄯᅡ) 實地 (실호) (ᄯᅡ) Practice as opposed to theory; the real thing. Sincerity. *See* 실속.

*실디상 s. 實地上 (실호) (ᄯᅡ) (웃) Of practical application.

*실디시험 s. 實地試驗 (실호) (ᄯᅡ) (시험) (증험) A practical examination.

*실력 s. 實力 (실호) (힘) Effective power.

*실례ᄒᆞ다 s. 失禮 (일흘) (례도) To commit a blunder—in the rules of deportment; to fail in the conventialities of social life. *See* 실슈ᄒᆞ다.

*실로 s. 失路 (일흘) (길) Losing the way.

*실로ᄒᆞ다 s. 失路 (일흘) (길) To lose one's way; to mistake the road.

*실록 s. 實錄 (실호) (긔록) Authentic records.

*실료 s. 實料 (실호) (료) A substantial salary.

*실리면 s. 實里面 (열미) (마을) (낫) A post station in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat 37.08. Long. 226.48.

실마리 l. 統 (*통) The end of a string; a beginning; a clue.

*실망 s. 失望 (일흘) (보랄) Despair; disappointment.

*실망ᄒᆞ다 s. 失望 (실흘) (부랄) To be disappointed; to despair; to be forlorn. *See* 락망ᄒᆞ다.

*실어오 s. 失語人 (실흘 (즘 (사롤—*위) A trustworthy servant. *See* 성동군.

실인심멋 s. Gentle, slowly, careful. *See* 살금살금

*실표ᄒᆞ다 s. 失標 (실흘) (무명) To lose an ancestral grave.

*실물ᄒᆞ다 s. 失物 (실흘) (만) To lose things; to lose. *See* 견실ᄒᆞ다.

실이쥬근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be lukewarm. To be loose.

실쌍 s. Frayed ends of threads in sewing.

*실본 s. 失本 (실흘) (뫼) Loss of origin; principal, capital etc.

*실본ᄒᆞ다 s. 失本 (실흘) (뫼) To lose one's capital in business. To lose track of one's ancestral seat. To be untrue—of a photograph.

*실봉 s. 實捧 (실흘) (밧을) Accounts that can be collected. *Opp.* 란봉.

*실부실 s. 實不實 (실흘) (아닐) (실흘) Trustworthy or untrustworthy. *See* 유무실.

*실빅ㅣ 實栢 (열미) (잣) Pine-nut kernels.

*실상 s. 實狀 (실흘) (형상) Truly; verily. Genuineness; reality. *See* 실속.

*실섭ᄒᆞ다 s. 失攝 [illegible] the care of one's health. *Opp.* 됴섭ᄒᆞ다

*실세ᄒᆞ다 s. 失勢 (일흘) 형세) To lose influence, to lose the opportunity.

*실션 s. 室星 (집) (별) The 13th of the 28 constellations *γ* (Markab) *β* (Scheat) Pegasus 330° 41′ 59″ ㄴ.

*실셩 s. 實誠 (실흘) (졍셩) Truly; surely; verily.

*실성ᄒᆞ다 s. 失性 (일흘) (셩픔) To lose one's natural self; to change in disposition. *See* 상성ᄒᆞ다.

*실소 s. 實騷牛 (실흘) (농스—*놀) (소 · *우) A good beast for agriculture. *See* 농우.

실속 s. (—쇽) Genuineness; inner worth. *See* 리히.

*실속도 s. 實速度 (실흘) (속흘) (지날) Real velocity.

실솔 s. [illegible] A cricket. *See* 귀쓰람이.

*실수 s. 悉數 (다) (두어) The whole lot; all the amount

*실수 s. 實數 (열미) (두어) Dividend.

*실슈 s. 失手 (일흘) (손) A mistake; a blunder.

*실슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 失手 (일흘) (손) To blunder; to make a slip; to make a failure. *See* 실언ᄒᆞ다.

*실시 s. 實施 (실상) (베풀) Truly; effectually.

ㅅ시장화슈소산 s. ... .. 試化水酸物 ..... (즘흘) (물) 、농) (질) (실, Schcles Hydrocvanic Acid.

*실시ᄒᆞ다 s. 失時 (일흘) (때) To miss the opportunity; to lose an occasion. *See* 실세ᄒᆞ다

*실시ᄒᆞ다 s. 實施 (실상) (베풀) To enforce; to carry into effect; to come into operation; to take effect.

*실신ᄒᆞ다 s. 失信 (일흘) (밋을) To break faith; to lose confidence in. *See* 위긔ᄒᆞ다.

*실심 s. 實心 (실흘) (마음) A sincere heart; sincerity. *See* 진심.

*실심ᄒᆞ다 s. 失心 (일흘) (마음) To be [illegible] to be sad. *See* 락심ᄒᆞ다.

*실ᄉᆞ s. 實事 (실상) (일) The real facts; the circumstances. A fact; an actual occurrence.

실ᄉᆞ쉐 s. A matter of profit or gain. (ᄉᆞ미다).

*실식ᄒᆞ다 s. 失色 (일흘) 빗 To flush; to change color—as from anger. *See* 실쉭ᄒᆞ다.

*실언 s. 失言 (일흘) (말숨) A mistake or blunder in speech.

*실언ᄒᆞ다 s. 失言 (일흘) (말숨) To make a slip of the tongue; to commit oneself by a statement. *See* 실슈ᄒᆞ다.

*실업 s. 實業 (실상) (업) Literally, true trade or profession—applied chiefly to the trade of a skilled artizan.

*실업과 s. 實業課 (열미) (업) (일과) Industrial studies.

실업다 s. 서 ; 슨 To be frivolous; to be nonsensical; to be untrustworthy. *See* 경쉭다.

실업시 s. Thoughtlessly; foolishly. *See* 경쉭게.

실업장이 s. A frivolous character; a harum-scarum creature. *See* 실업장이.

*실업ᄒᆞ다 s. 失業 (일흘) (업) To lose one's means of living.

실업(의)아들놈 s. A make show of a person; an empty, vain, good for nothing fellow.

*실용산술 s. 實用算術 (실상)(쓸)(산술)(재) Practical arithmetic.

실우다 s. 어; 운 To temper—metal. *See* 담으다.

*실음 s. 失音 (일흠)(소리) Hoarseness; loss of speech.

*실음ᄒᆞ다 s. 失心 (일흘)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ—*심) To become silent; to be speechless—as from grief.

실음ᄒᆞ다 s. 厭 (슬흘—*염) To object to; to dislike; not to wish

실아 s. A gumboil. An ending used with verbs of action and added to the radical in ᄀᆡ so that .

*실익 s. 實益 (실상)(더흘) Net proceeds; net earnings.

*실인 s. 室人 (집)(사ᄅᆞᆷ) My wife. *See* 실ᄂᆡ.

*실인심ᄒᆞ다 s. 失人心 (일흘)(사ᄅᆞᆷ)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To lose the confidence of; to lose the good will of. *See* 직실인심ᄒᆞ다 *Opp.* 득인심ᄒᆞ다

*실액 s. 實額 (실상)(ᄃᆡ가) Amount in hand; real assets.

실ᄋᆡ이ᄒᆞ s. Dried cabbage or turnip leaves. (나ᄆᆞᆯ)(국).

실ᄋᆡ이ᄀᆞᄃᆡ s. Strings of dried turnip or cabbage leaves.

*실작인 s. 實作人 (실흘)(지을)(사ᄅᆞᆷ) A trustworthy tenant; a reliable hand—in charge of agriculture. *See* 실농군.

*실절ᄒᆞ다 s. (—뎔) 失節 (일흘)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To be out of season; to fail of the proper time. To violate one's chastity—as a widow in remarrying. *See* 실행ᄒᆞ다.

*실젹 s. 實跡 (실상)(자최) Actual traces or evidence—of an occurrence; actual clue—to a crime; traces or ruins—of old buildings.

*실제덕ᄌᆞᄌᆞ s. 眞際的振子 (실상)(즈음)(뎍실)(쇠줄)(아ᄅᆞᆷ) Physical pendulum.

*실정 s. (—졍) 實情 (실흘)(뜻) The real intention; the real facts. *See* 실ᄃᆞᆫ.

*실조ᄒᆞ다 s. (—쪼) 失操 (일흘)(잡을) To make a mistake; to blunder. *See* 실례ᄒᆞ다.

*실족ᄒᆞ다 s. (—쪽) 失足 (일흘)(발) To slip; to trip; to make a false step. *See* 락상ᄒᆞ다.

실쑥실쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To be unsteady; to be shaky; to be askew.

실쑥실쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To be unsteady; to be shaky; to be askew.

실쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. 厭 (슬흘—*염) To dislike; to feel repugnance for. *See* 실즁나다.

실쑥ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sideways; to be cornerwise; to be across corners. *See* 빈쑥ᄒᆞ다.

*실젹젹 s. 實敵敵 (실흘) (꾸) (뷔일) A military manœuver—of strong appearance while in reality weak. *Opp.* 허ᄎᆞ실.

실즁나다 s. (—쭝) 厭症 (슬흘—*염) (즁세—증) To become disgusted.

*실지ᄒᆞ다 s. (—찌) 失志 (일흘) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To lose one's will; to wander—in mind. *See* 부득지ᄒᆞ다.

*실ᄌᆡ ᄒᆞ(력) 實職 (실흘)(직업) Genuine rank—in contrast to purchased rank, or that which is such in name only. *See* 실함

*실진 s. 失眞 (일흘) (참) Madness; insanity. (되다). An untrue photograph. *Opp.* 득진.

*실진ᄒᆞ다 s. 失眞 (일흘) (참) To become insane; to wander in mind. To be untrue—as a photograph. *Opp.* 득진ᄒᆞ다.

*실질 s. 實質 (실상) (바탕) Matter.

*실ᄌᆡ ᄒᆞ (력) 實才 (실흘)(지ᄂᆞ) Marked ability; a noted scholar. *See* 거벽.

*실ᄌᆡ문 s. 實在文 (실흘) (잇슬)(글) The exact amount.

*실천장졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 實踐章程 (실상)(ᄇᆞᆯ을)(글장)(길) To enforce regulation; to put into operation.

*실쳠ᄒᆞ다 s. 實踐 (실상) (ᄇᆞᆯ을) To take part in; to be directly engaged in; to have practical experience of.

*실총ᄒᆞ다 s. 失寵 (일흘) (ᄆᆞᆷ일) To lose royal favor; to lose favor.

*실쳑ᄒᆞ다 s. 失策 (일흘) (ᄭᅬ) To be unsuccessful; to fail; to miscarry.

실컷 s. To the full; to extremes. *See* 한쭉.

실쿰ᄒᆞ다 s. 厭 (슬흘—*염) To dislike; to feel repugnance for. *See* 실즁ᄒᆞ다.

실타 s. 厭 (슬흘—*염) ᄒᆞ; ᄒᆞᆫ To dislike; to refuse. *See* 마다.

실텁 / 絲帖 (실 *ᄎᆞ)(텨 *엽) A paper wrap for thread.

*실톄 s. 失體 (일흘) (몸) Disgraceful conduct—applied only to the conduct of persons in high positions.

*실체경 s. 實體鏡 (실상) (톰) (거울) Stereoscope.

*실태ᄒᆞ다 s. 失態 (일흘) (톰) To lose one's dignity, to do badly. *See* 실슈ᄒᆞ다.

*실토ᄒᆞ다 s. 實吐 (실상) (비왈톰) To tell the whole truth; to speak with sincerity. *See* 오경ᄒᆞ다.

실틔 *l.* A skein of thread, yarn etc.

실틔가다 *l.* 가; 간 To be cracked.

*실팍지다 s. 確實 (실호—*확) 팍져; 진 To be solid; to be substantial.

실팍ᄒᆞ다 s. 確實 (실호—*확) 팍ᄒᆞ여실호—*실, To be solid, to be thick, to be fat. *See* 확실ᄒᆞ다.

*실판 s. 實板 (실호) 판ᄉᆞ) A good opportunity.

*실판ᄒᆞ다 s. 失板 (일흘) (판ᄌᆞ) To miss a chance—in gaming.

*실패 s. 失敗 (일흘) (패호) Failure; loss-ing—as in trade, a murder, a mistake.

실패 *l.* 絲牌 (실—*ᄉᆞ) (패—*폐) A flat piece of wood on which to wind thread.

*실패ᄒᆞ다 s. 失牌 (일흘) (패—*폐) To lose a good dominoe—by a bad play.

*실패ᄒᆞ다 s. 失敗 (일흘) (패호) To be defeated, to be worsted; to lose—as in gambling.

*실험 s. 實驗 (실상) (증험) Inspection; verification.

실허ᄒᆞ다 s. 厭惡 (슬흘—*염) (깔—*ᄋᆞ) To dislike, to feel a distaste for, to refuse. *See* 슬리다.

*실혼쳐 s. 實婚處 (실ᄒᆞᆫ) (혼인 곳) A reliable marriage alliance.

*실혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 失魂 (일흘) (혼) To lose one's wits; to become deranged. *See* 경혼ᄒᆞ다.

*실효 s. 實效 (실상) (효력) Effect; practical or satisfactory results; success.

*실ᄒᆞ다 s. 實 (실호) To be solid; to be substantial; to be genuine. *Opp.* 허ᄒᆞ다.

*실행 s. 實行 (실상) (힝호) True actions; genuine behaviour.

*실행ᄒᆞ다 s. 失行 (일흘 힝실 To commit lewdness. ᄉᆞ 실검ᄒᆞ다

*실행ᄒᆞ다 s. 實行 실상 힝호 To carry out (the [illegible]

*실화 s. 失火 (일흘) (불) An accidental fire; conflagration that has broken out accidentally.

*실화ᄒᆞ다 s. 失火 (일흘) (불) To take fire by accident. *See* 불나다.

*실환쳐 s. 實換處 (실호 [빤픈, 곳 A trustworthy exchange—for money.

*심 s. 心 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) The heart; the centre.

*심겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 心怯 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (겁호 To be nervous; to be cowardly; to fear. *See* 심약ᄒᆞ다.

*심경 s. 心經 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (지날) The heart with the veins and arteries.

*심곡 s. 心曲 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (곱을) (In) the mind; at heart.

*심곡 s. 深谷 (깁흘) (골ᄒᆞ이) A deep valley.

*심교 s. 心交 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (사괼) A heart friendship.

*심교 s. 心巧 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (공교) A keen mind, genius. *Opp.* 목교.

*심궁 s. 深宮 (깁흘) (집) The woman's quarters—in the Palace. The Imperial Palace.

심규 *l.* 深閨 (깁흘) (집) A chamber set apart for women; the women's apartments.

심그다 s. 種 (심을—*종) 심거; 군 T[illegible] w[illegible] A[illegible]심으다

*심긔 s. 心氣 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (긔운) One's strength and mind. *See* 신긔.

*심덕 s. 心德 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (덕) Virtue, uprightness of heart. *See* 심ᄃᆡ

*심덕부 *l.* 沈德符 (성) (ᄃᆞᆫ 사ᄅᆞᆷ 명부) A D 1388 F.S. 貴松. Minister and governor of a province in the reign of Tai-jo.

*심동 s. 深冬 (깁흘) (겨울) Midwinter. *See* 엄동.

*심동 s. 深洞 (깁흘) (골) A post station in Whang-hai-do.

*심동ᄒᆞ다 s. 心動 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (움ᄌᆡᆨ일) To be agitated in mind.

*심득덕 s. 心得的 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (엇을) (덕실) Something to be understood; a thing to keep in mind. *Opp.* 판망덕

*심디 s. 地心 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (짜) The mind; the heart. *See* 심장.

*심란ᄒᆞ다 s. 心亂 ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ 어ᄌᆡ러울 To [illegible] ᄉᆞ 심산ᄒᆞ다

*심람 *l.* 深藍 (깁흘) (쪽) A deep blue colour; dark blue.

*심[illegible] 心煩 ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ 번ᄒᆞ [illegible] heart; anxiety. *See* 념려.

*심력 s. 心力 (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (힘) An effort of heart. Mental power; the heart and strength. *See* 정력.

*심련원 l. 沈連源 (성) (니을)(근원) A D 1551 F.S. 靑松 N.P. 煐菴 Great grandson of 심회 Prime ministers of Myong-jong.

*심리학 s. 心理學 (명올) (리치) (비홀) Mental science; metaphysics.

*심리ᄒᆞ다 l. 審理 (쇰림) (다스릴) To examine critically; to investigate the causes or principles—which underlie things

*심림 l. 深林 (김홀)(수플) A thick wood; a dense forest.

*심모 l. 深謀 (김물)(꾀) A deep plan; a subtle schome. *See* 원려.

*심목 s. 心目 (명올)(눈) The mind and the eyes; the mind.

심뫼보다 s. 覓蔘 (차질—*력) (인숑—*숌) 아; 본 To look for wild ginseng.

심방변 s. The name of the 61st. Radical (忄).

*심방ᄒᆞ다 s. 尋訪 (씀방) (차질) To hunt up a friend; to visit. *See* 심문ᄒᆞ다.

*심병 s. 心病 (명올) (병) Sickness at heart; anxiety. *See* 심통.

*심복 s. 心腹 (명올) (비) Sympathy; tenderness of feeling. *See* 지긔.

*심복 s. 心服 (명올) (항복) True submission, or obedience.

*심복지인 s. 心腹之人 (명올) (비) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A confident; a bosom friend. *See* 지긔지우.

*심복ᄒᆞ다 s. 心服 (명올) (항복) To have sympathy for; to have a liking for. To submit; to bear obedience to.

*심부름 l. 使役 (ᄒᆞ여곰—*소) (역소—*역) A message; an errand.

심부름군 l. 使喚軍 (부릴—*소) (부를 *환) (군사—*군) A message servant; menials. *See* 소환.

심부름ᄒᆞ다 l. To go on an errand; to serve.

심비 s. 鋼 (*혀) The end of a blade that fastens into the handle.

*심사원 s. 審査員 (쇰림) (사실홀) (관원) A member of examining committee.

*심산 s. 深山 (김홀) (뫼) A retired mountain. *See* 궁곡.

*심산 s. 心算 (명올) (산ᄃᆞᆯ) Mental reckoning; mental arithmetic. *See* 수학구구.

*심산궁곡 s. 深山窮谷 (김홀) (외) 다홀) (플렉이) High mountains and deep valleys.

*심산ᄒᆞ다 s. 心酸 (명올) (실) To be unsettled in mind, to feel disturbed.

*심상 s. 心喪 (명올) (상소) Mourning in heart, without the dress—as for a teacher.

*심상규 l. 沈象奎 (성) (고기리) (별) A. D. 1823 F. S. 靑松 N. P. 斗室. Prime minister of the time of Sonjo.

*심상인 s. 心喪人 (명올) (상소) 사ᄅᆞᆷ) A mourner who has celebrated the two great sacrifices. *See* 심제.

심상찬타 s. 不尋常 (아닐—*ᄉᆞᆷ) (차질—*심) (쩬쩟—*상) 하; 혼 To be uncommon, to be out of the ordinary, to be suspicious.

*심상히 s. 尋常 (차질) (쩬쩟) Indifferently; commonly; ordinarily. (넉이다). *See* 등한히.

*심상ᄒᆞ다 s. 尋常 (차질) (쩬쩟) To be common; to be ordinary; to be useless. *See* 레ᄉᆞ롭다.

*심서 s. 心緖 (명올) (실마리) Thought; reflection.

*심성 s. 心星 (명올) (별) The 5th of the 28th constellations Antares; σ. τ. Scorpio 245° 0′ 25″ l.

*심성 s. 心性 (명올) (성픔) Nature; disposition. The quality of the mind; mind. *See* 심ᄃᆡ.

*심수경 l. 沈守慶 (성) (직홀) (경소) A D 1576 F.S. 靈山. N.P. 聽天堂. Grandson of 심정 Prime Minister of Sonjo.

*심수현 l. 沈壽賢 (성) (목숨) 어딜) A. D 1723 F. S. 靑松 N. P. 玉山. Prime Minister of Yong-jong.

*심수ᄒᆞ다 s. 深邃 (김홀) (깊을) To be deep; to be secluded. *See* 유수ᄒᆞ다.

*심술 s. 心術 (명올) (쩌) Temper; disposition—used in a bad sense. (ᄆᆞ리다) *Opp.* 심덕 *See* 심소.

심술ᄆᆞ럭이 s. A jealous creature; an envious fellow. *See* 험상ᄆᆞ럭이.

심술꾼 s. A jealous person; an envious man. *See* 심술ᄆᆞ기.

*심술머리 s. 心術 (명올) (쩌) A bad temper; an ugly disposition. *See* 심정머리.

*심술장이 s. 心術匠 (무용) (쎄) (장인—*장) A jealous creature; an envious person. *See* 심술통이.

*심술통이 s. 心術桶 (무용) (쎄) (장인—*장) An ugly creature; a jealous fellow.

*심신 s. 心神 (무용) (귀신) The mind; the wits. *See* 정신.

*심신 이상하다 s. 心神異常 (무용) (귀신) (이상) (어그러울) To be deranged; to be unhinged in mind.

*심심산곡 (깊을심深) (깊을심) (산) (골곡谷) A deep mountain pass. *See* 심산궁곡.

심심소일하다 s. 消寂 (살아질 *소) (고요—*적) To break the monotony. *See* 소적하다.

*심심장지하다 s. 深深藏之 (깊을) (깊을) 감출 (갈) To hide carefully; to conceal with care.

심심파적하다 s. 破寂 (깨칠 *파) (고요 *적) To break the monotony. *See* 소견하다.

심심풀이하다 s. 破寂 (깨칠 *파) (고요 *적) To kill time; to pass the time. 파적하다.

심심하다 s. 寂寂 (고요—*요) (고요—*로) To be lonely, to be uneasy from loneliness. *See* 적적하다. To be tasteless.

심소 s. 心思 (무용) (생) The thoughts of the heart; the intention. *See* 심경.

심소부리다 s. 러; 린 To interfere; to hinder. *See* 훼방치다.

*심악산 s. 深岳山 (깊을, 외악이) (외) A mountain in Kyong-keui-do (Kyo-ha).

*심악스럽다 s. 深惡 (깊을) (악할) (모질 러워운) To be vile; to be terribly bad. *See* 그악스럽다

*심악하다 s. 甚惡 (심할) (악할) 모질 To be exceedingly wicked; to be vile. *See* 그악하다.

*심야 s. 深夜 (깊을) (밤 Late at night. The middle of the night. *See* 한밤.

*심약 s. 沈約 (성) (언약) A. D. 441—513. A statesman and scholar employed under the Sung and Yang dynasties.

심약하다 s. 心弱 (무용) 약할 To be weak-minded; to be easily led.

*심양 s. 瀋陽 (성 Mukden. *See* 봉천.

*심역이다 s. 定時 (정할—*정) (때—*시; 익어, 인 To fix the time; to decide on a time.

*심연강 s. 深淵江 (깊을) 못 River in Kyong-keui-do—tributary of the Han.

*심열 s. 心熱 (무용) (더울) Internal fever—proceeding from heat.

*심영 s. 沈永 (성) (길 F. S. 沈悠. N. P. 南坡. Great grandson of 심청원. Prime Minister of In-jo.

심오다 s. 種 (심을—*종) 심어; 은 To sow grain; to plant. *See* 파종하다.

*심온 s. 沈溫 (성 A. D. 1400 F. S. 昌德. Son of 심덕부. Prime Minister of Tai-jong Father-in-law of Sé-jong.

*심의 s. 深意 (깊을) (뜻) Deep meaning; a hint.

*심의 s. 深衣 (깊을) (옷) A mourner's large overcoat. *See* 중단.

*심의 s. 心意 (무용) (뜻) Idea, aim. *See* 심경.

*심익현 s. 沈益顯 (성) (더할) (나타날) N. P. 鳴皐. A noted character writer of Korea.

*심와 s. 心窩 (무용) (굴) The pit of the stomach.

*심원 s. 心願 (무용) (원할) Heart's desire; one's earnest wish.

*심원하다 s. 深遠 (깊을) (멀) To be profound; to be subtle, or deep—of meaning; to be deep-laid; to be intricate.

*심장 s. 心臟 (무용) (오장) Heart.

*심장형곡선 s. 心臟形曲線 (무용) (오장) (형상) (굽을) (실) Cardioid.

*심장하다 s. 深藏 (깊을) (감출) To hoard; to secrete—as treasure in disturbed times.

*심장 s. 心腸 (무용) (창자) Heart and feelings. *See* 무용.

심장부 s. 心臟部 (무용) (장기부위) 장 (곳) (나눌) (부) The heart as from the Classics.

*심제 s. 心制 (무용) (법) One who enters the intermediate period between mourning and common dress. *See* 심상.

*심정 s. 深情 (깊을) (뜻) Affection; friendly feelings.

*심정 s. 心情 (무용) (뜻) Affection; the heart's desire.

*심정 f. 沈貞 (성)(곳을) A. D. 1531 F. S. 貴山. N. P. 道遙亭. A Prime Minister of Chung-jong.

*심조증 s. 心燥症 (무음)(조)(증세) General depression of spirits.

*심주 s. 心柱 (무음)(기둥) The central or main pillar of a building.

*심중 s. 心中 (무음)(가온데) (In) the mind; at heart.

*심중소발 v. 心中所發 (무음)(가온데)(바)(펠) Making known what is in the heart. See 심중소회.

*심중소회 s. 心中所懷 (무음)(가온데)(바)(품을) What is in the heart; the secret intents of the heart. See 심중소발.

*심지 s. 心志 (무음)(뜻) The will; the heart. See 심술.

심지 s. 炷 (*주) A lamp-wick

*심지 s. 心志 (무음)(뜻) Mind, intention, purpose.

*심지어 f. 甚至於 (심)(니를)(놈) Even to; as much as.

*심지원 f. 沈之源 (성)(갈)(근원 F. S. 晴松. N. P. 晩沙. Prime Minister of Hyo-jong.

*심중 s. 心症 (무음)(증세) Disgust; repugnance; distaste. (내다). See 화증.

*심천 s. 深淺 (깁흘)(얏흘) Deep and shallow. The mind. See 후박.

심정 s. Temper; disposition; mind—usually in a bad sense. See 심소.

*심청 f. 深青 (깁흘)(푸를) A deep green colour; dark green.

*심축호다 s. 深祝 (깁흘)(빌) To pray earnestly.

*심충 s. 心蟲 (무음)(충) An evil heart

*심판 f. 審判 (솔필)(판단) The Final Judgment.

*심판일 s. 審判日 (솔필)(판단)(날) The Day of Judgment.

*심판호다 f. 審判 (솔필)(판단) The judge; to decide—officially.

*심포염 s. 心包炎 (무음)(쌀)(더울) Pericarditis.

*심포염수종 s. 心包炎水腫 (무음)(쌀)(더울)(물)(브엇) Hydro-pericarditis.

*심학 s. 心學 (무음)(비홀) Moral philosophy.

*심혈 s. 心血 (무음)(피) The heart's blood; warm blood—of animals, used as medicine.

*심혼 s. 心魂 (무음)(혼) The heart; the soul.

*심희 f. 沈喜 (성)(깨천) A. D. 1478 F. S. 青松. Son of 심온. Prime Minister of Sé-jo.

*심회 s. 心懷 (무음)(품을) Sadness of heart, tenderness. See 회포.

*심홍 s. 深紅 (깁흘)(붉을) Deep red; crimson. See 진홍.

*심흑 s. 深黑 (깁흘)(검을) A deep black colour; jet black

*심희수 f. 沈喜壽 (성)(깃불)(목숨) A. D. 1548 F. S. 青松. N. P. 一松. Minister of Sun-jo.

*심히 f. 甚 (심호) Exceedingly; very; extremely. See 민우.

*심호다 f. 甚 (심호) To be extreme; to be precise; to be exacting. See 그악호다.

*심화 s. 心火 (무음)(불) Anger; passion; desire. See 화증.

*심화병 s. 心火病 (무음)(불)(병들) Sickness—caused by anger etc. See 심화.

*심환지 f. 沈煥之 (성)(빗날)(갈) A. D. 1790 F. S. 青松. N. P. 晩圃. Prime Minister of Cheung-jong.

*심황 s. 深黃 (깁흘)(누루) A deep yellow colour; dark yellow.

*십 s. 十 (열) Ten. See 열.

*십계 s. 十誡 (열)(경계) The Decalogue; the Ten Commandments.

*십계명 s. 十誡命 (열)(경계)(명홀) The Decalogue; the Ten Commandments. See 십계.

*십구세기 s. 十九世紀 (열)(아홉)(인간)(머리) The nineteenth century.

*십년 s. 十箇年 (열)(낳)(히) Decade.

*십년감슈호다 s. 十年減壽 (열)(히)(감홀)(목숨) To have one's life shortened by ten years—as through terror, hardship etc; to be scared to death.

*십년일득 s. (一)(득) 十年一得 (열)(히)(홀)(엇을) Successes—once in ten years. See 천재일시.

십다 s. 欲 (호고져홀—*유) 히; 흔 To wish; to desire—used with verbs of action and added to the radical in 고. See 시브다.

씹다 s. 噛 (씹을—*셜) 어; 은 To chew. See 넙다.

*십대손 s. 十代孫 (열)(더신)(손조) Decendants to the 10th generation.

*십목 s. 十目 (열)(눈) Ten eyes—judgment of the multitude.

*십목소시 s. 十目所視 (열)(눈)(바)(볼) What is seen by many. See 각인소시.

*십팡일장 s. 十盲一杖 (열) (소경) (호) 집을이 One staff for ten blind men —a friend in need. *Opp.* 쿠우일모.

*십벌지목 . 十伐之木 (열, 칠, 갈, 나무, A tree with ten cuts in it (falls)—of those tempted to evil. *See* 근목자후.

*십분 s. 十分 (열) (논홀) Ten parts or ten tenths—hence all; complete; very much; very.

*십분일저울 s. 十分一秤 (열 논홀 (저울눈) Decimal balance.

*십분지일 s. 十分之一 (열) (논홀) (갈) (호) A tenth part. *Also* 십분의일.

*십상 s. 十上 (열) (웃) The very best; superlative quality, the highest grade of anything whatever. Extraordinary, very. *See* 데일.

*십삼팔구 s. 十尙八九 (열) (오히려 어 롬) (아홉) Fight or nine times out of ten.

*십선 s. 十宣 (열 (손가락 The points of the ten fingers—as expression used by physicians.

*십수가일호다 s. 十輸其一 (열) (시골 그 (호 To pay one tenth.

*십순법 s. 十乘法 (열) (홀) (법) Decimal system.

*십승지디 s. 十勝之地 (열) (승홀) (갈) (싸) The ten places of refuge.

*십시일반 s. 十匙一飯 (열 수가락 (밥) Ten spoonfuls make one meal. *See* 파화숙식.

*십소일선 s. 十笑一善 (열 웃을 (남) Ten to one he will.

*십신구소 s. 十死九死 (열) (닉) (아홉 (죽을) Ten to one he will be destroyed of death.

*십억 s. 十億 (열) (억) Billions.

*십여차 s. 十餘次 (열) (남을) (버금, Ten times or more.

*십이분요수 s. 十二分小數 (열) (두) (논홀 (적을 (셈 Duodecimal.

*십이사도 s. 十二使徒 (열, 두 (하여곰 부리) The twelve Apostles.

*십이지파 s. 十二支派 (열) (두) (가지 갈래 The twelve Tribes of Israel.

*십인지장 s. 十人之將 (열 사롬 갈 어른 A match for ten men; the master of ten men.

*십일료 s. 十一條 (열) (호) (가지 A tenth part -given as a commission in merchandising.

*십일제 s. 十一除 (열) (호) (제홀) One tenth (commission—on the sale of goods.

*십장생 s. 十長生 (열) (긴) (날) The ten everlasting ones: the deer, the pine, the crane, the bamboo, the sun, the mountain, the everlasting flower, the turtle, the water and the clouds.

*십지부동호다 s. 十指不動 (열) (손가락) (아닐) (움즉일) Not to move even one of his ten fingers—of a lazy fellow.

*십진급수 s. 十進級數 (열) (나아갈, (드릴) (두어) Decimal scale.

*십진법 s. 十進法 (열) (나아갈) 법) Carrying tens.

*십조 s. 十字 (열) (글조) The character for ten.

*십조가 s. 十字架 (열) (글조) (시렁) A cross; a crucifix.

*십조가 s. 十字街 (열, (글조) (거리) The place where two streets cross or where a street forks.

*십조가상 s. 十字街上 (열) (글조) (거리) (우, A crossroads.

*십조각 s. 十字閣 (열) (글조) (집) A watch-tower—placed at a crossroads.

*십조군 . 十字軍 (열 글조 군사) A soldier of the cross; a crusader.

*십조대로상 s. 十字大路上 (열 글조 (큰 길 우 A crossroads.

*십촌 s. 十寸 (열) (마듸) The 10th degree —in relationship; 4th cousins; those having the same male ancestor of the fifth generation. *See* 소촌.

십출기 . 十出奇 (열 (날 기이 (꾀) The eighteen military manoeuvers—of cavalry. *See* 마상지.

*십팔대 . 十八代 (열 (여덟 (세대) Ten generations.

싯과사다 s. 여; 신 To wash; to rinse. To irritate.

씻기다 s. 拭 (씨슬—식) 씻겨; 긴 To cause to wipe away; to cause to rub.

싯다 s. 載 (시를—지) 시러; 론 To load; to lade. (짐.

씻다 s. 洗 (씨슬—세) 씨셔; 손 To wash.

싯둑싯둑호다 . To feel a dislike for, to feel repugnance toward. To presume; to be pretentious.

싯부다 s. 싯버; 본 To regard as insufficient, to look upon with contempt.

싯부다 *s.* 不怕 (아닐—*불) 두려울 *파, 싯버; 분 Not to fear; to be indifferent to.

씻부시다 *s.* 여; 신 To wash; to rinse.

싯치다 *s.* 싯쳐; 친 To wash; to rinse. (Prov.)

싯침호다 *s.* 悟然 (안전—*연) (그럴—*연) To pretend not to know; to take no notice of. *See* 넘현물교호다.

싯태질호다 *s.* 駄運 (실을—*대) (옴길—*운) To transport; to carry on beasts of burden.

싱겅스립다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be marvelous; to be supernatural—as the skill of a sorcerer.

싱겅싱겅호다 *s.* 냉냉 (찰—*랭) (찰—*랭) To be cool; to be chilly.

싱글싱글 *s.* Giggling; laughing to oneself. *See* 싱글싱글 ᄒᆞᆫ.

싱싱호다 *s.* 生生 (날—*셩) (날—*셩) To be whole; to be hale; to be hearty; to be flourishing. *See* 싱싱ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄉᆞ *s.* 絲 (실) Thousandth place—decimal.

*ᄉᆞ *s.* 詞 (글) A form of poetical composition.

*ᄉᆞ *l.* 四 (넉) Four *See* 너ᄆᆞᆺ.

*ᄉᆞ *l.* 巳 (비암) One of the Twelve Hours from 9 to 11 o'clock A.M.

*ᄉᆞ가 *s.* 私家 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로울) (집) A private house. *See* 민가.

*ᄉᆞ각 *l.* 四角 (넉) (쓸) An astrological term—applied to an unpropitious group of stars. Writing that includes characters from ancient verses.

*ᄉᆞ각쥬 *l.* 四角柱 (넉) (쓸) (기둥) Four faced prism.

*ᄉᆞ각셩 *l.* 四角形 (넉) (쓸) (형상) A quadrangle; quadrilateral.

*ᄉᆞ간 *s.* 司諫 (맛흘) (간호) A royal censor. *See* 디간.

*ᄉᆞ간원 *s.* 司諫院 (맛흘) (간호) (집) The office of the royal censors.

ᄉᆞ갈 *s.* 楞 (*국) Spikes for shoes used in mountain climbing. (Prov.)

*ᄉᆞ개 *l.* 四介 (넉) (낫) Four mailed horses (B. O.)

*ᄉᆞ거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 死去 (죽을) (갈) To die.

*ᄉᆞ건 *l.* 事件 (일) (법) Particulars; case.

*ᄉᆞ검관 *s.* 司檢官 (맛흘) (검호홀 (벼슬) An inspector; a coroner.

*ᄉᆞ견 *s.* 私見 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로울) (볼) The private opinion of a person; the selfish or obstinate views; my personal opinion.

*ᄉᆞ계 *l.* 四季 (넉) (ᄯᅡᆯ재) The four seasons.

*ᄉᆞ계도 *l.* 四季圖 (넉) (ᄯᅡᆯ재) (그림) Pictures of the four seasons—as seen on screens.

*ᄉᆞ계색 *l.* 四季塞 (넉) (ᄯᅡᆯ재) (초ᄒᆞᆫ토) The four lasts or ends of the different seasons.

*ᄉᆞ계화 *l.* 四季花 (넉) (ᄯᅡᆯ재) (곳) A flower that blooms in all the four seasons. *See* 장춘화.

*ᄉᆞ경 *l.* 四境 (넉) (디경) The four boundaries of the state. (M.)

*ᄉᆞ경 *l.* 死境 (죽을) (디경) A deadly situation; the point of death. *See* ᄉᆞ디

*ᄉᆞ경 *l.* 四更 (넉) (곳칠) The four night watches. *See* ᄉᆞ경령.

*ᄉᆞ경방 *l.* 四更鼓 넉) (곳칠) (세아ᄆᆡᆯ) About the fourth night watch

ᄉᆞ경스립다 *l.* 러워; 운 To be early in the morning. *See* 아경스럽다.

ᄉᆞ경ᄎᆞ이 *l.* The cock that crows at the fourth watch of the night.

*ᄉᆞ고 *l.* 事故 (일) (연고) Cause; reason.

*ᄉᆞ고 *l.* 史庫 (ᄉᆞ긔) (집) The office of historical records.

*ᄉᆞ고기 *s.* 私肉 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로울) (고기—*육) Private slaughtering of cattle; illicit butchering of animals. *See* 판육.

*ᄉᆞ고무인호다 / 四顧無人 (넉) (도라볼) (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) No one to be seen—on all sides.

*ᄉᆞ고무친 *l.* 四顧無親 (넉) (도라볼) (업슬) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) To wholly lack kith and kin; to have no relatives. *See* 혈혈단신

*ᄉᆞ고무친지디 / 四顧無親之地 (넉) (도라볼) (업슬) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅡᆯ) (짜) A place where one has no friends or relatives. *See* 천리타향.

*ᄉᆞ고참봉 / 史庫參奉 (ᄉᆞ긔) (집) 참예) (맛흘) The officer in charge of historical records.

*소고ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 三顧 (넉) (도라볼) To look around

*소곡 *s.* 私穀 (소스로올) (곡식) Private supplies of grain. *Opp.* 국곡.

*소굽 *l.* 四蹄 (넉) (쎅) The bones of the four legs of animals.

*소구류ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 私拘留 (소스로올) (거리셜) (머믈) To imprison unofficially. *See* 소포청.

*소군지도 *l.* 事君之道 (셤길) (님군) (길) The doctrine of loyalty to the King.

*소군ᄌᆞ [illegible] (연감ᄌᆞ、ᄒᆞ여감) 님군 ᄃᆞ돔) The name of a medicine. *Suispualis indica*

*소국 [illegible] 四國 (넉) (나라) Sikoku in Japan.

*소굴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 私掘 (소스로올) (팔) To sell another's grave site or grave.

소리신ᄉᆞ *l.* 事貴迅速 일 (귀ᄒᆞ [illegible] 셜올) (셜올) Business is best done quickly before others know.

*소리일셩 *l.* 四鄰一成 (넉) (도라갈) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (일올) One in four; one out of four.

*소ᄉᆞᆫ *l.* 四窮 (넉) (궁ᄒᆞᆯ) Widowers, [illegible] *See* 환과고독.

*소ᄉᆞ *s.* 伺隙 (엿볼) (틈) Spying; eavesdropping.

*소ᄉᆞᆼ *l.* 四維 (넉) (ᄇᆞ장) The four cardinal points; north, south, east and west.

*소ᄉᆞᆫ *l.* 事機 일 [illegible] the beginning—of an affair. *See* 소본.

*소ᄉᆞᆫ *s.* 絲筋 (실) (힘줄) The line of threads; thread.

*소ᄉᆞᆸᄒᆞ다 *l.* 賜給 (줄) (줄) To give; to present—by the Emperor or K[illegible]

*소ᄉᆡ *l.* 史記 (소ᄉᆡ) (긔록) Historical records; annals. *See* 력ᄉᆡ.

*소ᄉᆡ 事機 일 ᄎᆡᆫ [illegible] (ᄎᆡᆫ) (틀) The real motives; the centre of action or activity. Opportunity; favorable moment; right time. *See* 소본.

*소ᄉᆡ *l.* 士氣 (션비) (긔운) The ability of the literati; the power of the scholar class.

소ᄉᆡ *l.* The four corner joints—of a box etc. (맛초ᄃᆞ다).

*소ᄉᆡ년 *l.* 四箇年 (넉) (낫) (히) Four years.

*소ᄉᆡ일 *l.* 四箇日 (넉) (낫) (날) Four days.

*소ᄉᆡ월 *l.* 四箇月 (넉) (낫) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Four months.

*소ᄉᆡ *s.* 騷客、글、(손) A scholar; a poet

*소과 *s.* 司果 맛ᄎᆞᆯ 과실 The first rank after graduating in archery.

*소과 *s.* 絲瓜 (실) (외) *Luffa Cylindrica.*

*소관 *l.* 史官 (소ᄉᆡ) (벼슬) An official clerk or secretary. A chronicler; one who writes historical records. *See* 기ᄉᆞ관.

*소관 *s.* 辭官 (말숨) (벼슬) An officer who conveys royal orders—as a eunuch.

*소관 *l.* 士官 (션비) (벼슬) Inferior military officers—as lieutenants, captains etc. *See* 부관.

*소관 *l.* 四關 넉) (닷ᄃᆞᆯ) The four regions of acupuncture—on hands and feet. (풀ᄃᆞ).

*소관소 四館 [illegible] 집, 바 The four offices of the literati. [illegible] 서ᄇᆞᆸ 보ᄀᆞ.

*소관청 *l.* 仕親廳 (벼슬) (볼) (청) The residence of three Chiefs of Police.

*소관ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 仕親 (벼슬) (볼) To call on the officer daily—as *yamen* underlings.

*소녀 *l.* 士女 (션비) (계집) Men and women

*소념 *s.* 思念 (싱각) (싱각) Idea; thought.

*소념ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 思念 (싱각) (싱각) To think; to reflect; to ponder over; to consider.

*소농ᄀᆞᆫ [illegible] 四民 [illegible] 션비 농ᄉᆞ [illegible] (장ᄉᆞ) Scholars, agriculturalists, manufacturers and merchants. *See* 사농.

*소단 *l.* 師團 스ᄌᆞᆫ) (ᄆᆞᆯᄆᆞᆫ) A division of an army.

*소단 *l.* 事端 일) (끗) The origin or commencement of an affair; the occasion of trouble etc. *See* 소ᄉᆡ

*소단 *l.* 四端 넉) (끗) The results of the four fundamental principles — (인) charity, (의) duty to one's neighbor, [illegible] causes pity; 의 = causes diffidence; 례 = causes to decline a favor; 지 = causes disputes.

*소단장 *s.* 師團長、군ᄉᆞ) (ᄆᆞᆯᄆᆞᆫ) (어른) Commander of an army division.

*소담 *s.* 私談 (소스로올) (말숨) Private talk; a quiet discourse. *Opp.* 공담.

*소답 *s.* 私畓 (소스로올) (논) Paddy-fields owned by private citizens—in contrast to government fields. *Opp.* 공답.

*소대 四大 (넉) (큰) The four members [illegible] *See* 소지.

*소대기서 l. 四大奇書 (넉)(큰)(기특)(글) The Four Books of Wonders: The History of the Three Kingdoms (삼국지) and the novels (서상기) (슈호지) (서유긔).

*소대독신 l. 四大六身 (넉)(큰)(여슷)(몸) The four members and the six parts of the body—the whole body.

*소대문 l. 四大門 (넉)(큰)(문) The four great gates of the capital or of a walled city.

*소대부 l. 上大夫 (션비) 큰) (지아비) An illustrious official. *See* 소대주.

*소대석신 l. 四大色腎 (넉)(큰)(빗,(콩팟) The four members and the whole body—the whole body.

*소당 l. 固當 (일)(맛당) Truly; assuredly; of a truth. *See* 진실노.

*소당 s. 祠堂 (소당) (집) An ancestral tablet house.

*소당 l. 娼女 (계집—*창) (계집—*녀) A low dancing-girl usually carried about from place to place.

*소당방 s. 祠堂房 (소당) (집, 방) An ancestral tablet room. *See* 소당.

*소뎌 s. 私邸 (소소로울) (집사) A private house; my house.

*소뎐 s. 私田 (소소로울) (밭) Private lands or fields.

*소뎨 s. 師弟 (스승) (뎨즈) Teachers and pupils; master and disciples.

*소뎨 s. 私弟 (소소로울) (집) A private house; my house.

*소뎨간 s. 師弟間 (스승) (아오) (소이) (Between, teacher and pupil.

*소뎨지간 s. 師弟之間 (스승) (아오) (갈) (소이) The relation between teacher and pupils.

*소도 l. 四都 (넉) (도읍) The four fortresses—occupied by a *Yu-su* 유슈.

*소도 l. 使徒 (하여곰) (무리) An apostle. (Christian).

*소도 l. (一 또) 使道 (하여곰) (길) "Your worship"; "your honor"—to a magistrate.

*소도류슈 l. 四都留守 (넉) (도읍) (머믈) (직힐) The four *Yusus* or governors of the country.

*소도호다 s. 私屠 (소소) (도륙) To slaughter cattle privately, without official permission.

*소도목 s. 私都目 (소소) (도읍) (눈) Privately appointing people to office.

*소도슈 l. 使道主 (하여곰) (길) (님금) The name given to a magistrate by his servants.

*소독호다 s. 騷毒 (배플) (독호) To inflame; to excite; to anger.

*소디 l. 死地 (죽을) (짜) The point of death; deadly circumstances. A place of death. *See* 소경.

*소디동고 l. 死地同苦 (죽을) (짜) (홈가지) (괴로울) To be like death itself of hardships.

*소도시 s. 司導寺 (맛홀) (인도) (마을) An office of direction in state affairs.

소랑호다 s. 愛 (소랑—*인) To love; to have affection for; to like.

*소략 l. 史略 (소긔) (대강) The name of a primary history of Korea.

*소량 s. 思量 (싱각) (헤아릴) Thought; consideration.

*소려 s. 思慮 (싱각) (싱가) Meditation.

*소려증 s. 思慮症 (싱각, (싱각) (증세) Insomnia; sleeplessness. *See* 불면증.

*소력 s. 私力 (소소로울) (힘) Private means; influence; personal authority.

*소례 l. 事例 (일) (젼례) The forms or necessaries for the undertaking of a work. *See* 소뎨.

*소례 l. 四禮 (넉) (례도) The four ceremonies; doing up the hair, marriage, sacrifice and burial.

*소례편람 l. 四禮便覽 (넉) (례도) (편홀) (볼) A book explaining the four ceremonies; doing up the hair, marriage, mourning and sacrifice.

*소령 l. 使令 (하여곰) (하여곰) Official servants; *yamen* underlings. *See* 관속.

*소령 s. 辭令 (말숨) (하여곰) A command or order (from the Government); official patent (as of rank or office).

*소령관 s. 司令官 (맛홀) (하여곰) (벼슬) A commander-in-chief.

*소령부 s. 司令部 (맛홀) (하여곰) (쩨) Headquarters of a commander-in-chief.

*소령장관 s. 司令長官 (맛홀) (하여곰) (어룬) (벼슬) A commander-in-chief.

*소로 l. 仕路 (벼슬) (길) The way of rank and office. *See* 환로.

*소룩 l. 史祿 (스긔) (록) An official employed B. C. 220, as a lieutenant of the general T'u Hwei, China, in the campaign undertaken for the subjugation of the southern regions to the Empire of 始皇帝. He cut the first canal constructed in the territory south of the mountains (the modern 廣東).

*스론 /. 士論 (선비) (의론) A council of the literati.

*스룬거 / 四輪車 (넉) (박회) (수레) A four-wheeled wagon.

*스룬 s. 師律 (군사) (법) Military law. *See* 군률.

*스률 /. 四律 (넉) (법) Rhyming poetry in four stanzas—with five or seven characters to a line. *See* 즘월.

*스리 s. 私利 (스스로울) (리홀) Self-interest; a personal advantage; a private gain.

*스리 /. 事理 (일) (리치) The underlying principles; the fact and principles involved. *See* 스실.

*스리당연 / 事理當然 (일) (리치) (맛당) (그릴) A matter not to be questioned; what is true.

*스린 /. 四隣 (넉) (리웃) The four quarters (East, South, West, North), all the neighborhood.

*스림 /. 士林 (선비) (수플) The company of literary men. *See* 유림.

*스립 s. 私立 (스스로울) (셜) What is established by private citizens—as schools etc. *Opp.* 관립.

*스릭 s. 絲笠 (실) (갓) A kind of hat worn by officials—bound about the rim with silk thread. *See* 흡양립.

*스립학교 s. 私立學校 스스로울) (셜) (비홀) (학교) A private school

*스립ᄒᆞ다 s. 繼立 (니을) (셜) To [illegible], to be recognized as successor to the headship of a family.

*스마 s. 私馬 (스스로울) (몰) Private ponies. *Opp.* 관마.

*스마 /. 駟馬 (슈레—*세) (몰) Horses for the service of the government.

*스마광 s. 司馬光 (맛흘) (몰) (빗), A. D. 1009-1086. A great statesman of the Song Kingdom, China.

*스마상여 s. 司馬相如 (맛흘) (몰) (서로 又홀) B. C. 126. A famous scholar and [illegible]

*스마정 s. 司馬貞 (맛흘) (몰) (곧을) A. D. [illegible] A noted historian of China.

*스마천 s. 司馬遷 (맛흘) (몰) (옴길) B. C. [illegible] The great historian of ancient China.

*스마치 s. 坐馬赤 (안질—*짜) (몰—*말) (붉을—*적) [illegible] government riders.

*스마표 s. 司馬彪 (맛흘) (몰) (표범) A. D. 240—305. A historical commentator of China.

*스말 /. 巳末 (비얌) (끗) The end of the *Su* hour; from 10.30 to 11 o'clock A.M.

*스말 /. 四末 (넉) (끗) The four extremities of the body—hands and feet. *See* 수지.

*스배 s. Beating; pounding; hammering. *See* 란장.

*스망 /. 死亡 (죽을) (망홀) Death; decease.

*스망 /. 事望 (일) (부랄) A good omen—in business etc.

*스망자 /. 死亡者 (죽을) (망홀) (놈) A dead person.

*스망지환 /. 死亡之患 (죽을) (망홀) (갈) (근심) Anxiety and trouble caused by a death.

*스망ᄒᆞ다 /. 死亡 (죽을) (망홀) To die; to be dead.

*스면 s. 辭免 (스양) (면홀) Declining; refusing to accept.

*스면 /. 四面 (넉) (낫) The four sides of anything; all sides. *See* 스방.

*스면각 /. 四面角 (넉) (낫) (쓸) Tetrahedral angle.

스면발이 /. A small white parasite—found on man. A troublesome character. *See* 빅족홀.

*스면산 /. 四面山 (넉) (낫) (외) A mountain in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.57. Long. 127 [illegible]

*스면수역ᄒᆞ다 /. 四面受敵 (넉) [illegible] every quarter.

*스면ᄎᆞ방 [illegible] 四面八方 [illegible] 모 [illegible] four cardinal points with the [illegible] divisions; the four sides with their [illegible] *See* 스면.

*스면좌표 / 四面坐標 (넉) (낫) (안질) (표홀) Quadriplanar co-ordinate.

스면톄 [illegible] 四面體 (넉) (낫) (몸) Tetra- [illegible]

*스명 /. 使命 (ᄒᆞ야곰) (명홀) An errand.

*스명 s. 辭命 (말슴) (목숨) A royal summons. (M.)

*스명긔 [illegible] 使命旗 [illegible] banner of authority carried by a provincial governor, admiral, general etc.

*스명ᄒᆞ다 /. 俟命 (기다릴) (목숨) To await commands—from the King.

*스모 s. 師母 (스승) (어미) A teacher's wife

소모와기 *l.* Dominoes—made of bone and ebony.

*소모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 慕蓋(셤가) (소모) To long for; to desire; to emulate. *See* 앙모ᄒᆞ다.

*소목 *l.* 四目 (넉) (눈) Four eyes—the monarch's watchful care. (B. H.)

소못 *s.* Greatly; much.

*소못ᄎᆞ다 *s.* 透徹 (투쳘ᄒᆞ—*투) (소못ᄎᆞᆯ—*철) 서; 춘 To reach to; to pierce through; to arrive at.

*소못비몽간 *s.* 似夢非夢間 (ᄉᆞᆷ) (쏭) (비) (몽) (간) Neither dreaming nor waking; between waking and sleeping; in a vision.

*소무 *l.* 事務 (일) (힘쓸) Affairs, things; phenomena. *See* 공무.

*소무국 *l.* 事務局 (일) (힘쓸) (판) A place or office where business is transacted.

*소무관 *l.* 事務官 (일) (힘쓸) (버슬) A business official.

*소무소 *l.* 事務所 (일) (힘쓸 (바) An office, a business office.

*소무숑ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 使無訟 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (업슬) (송ᄉᆞ) To avoid a lawsuit; to refrain from going to law.

*소무실 *l.* 事務室 (일) (힘쓸) (집) A business office.

*소무여ᄒᆞᆯ *l.* 死無餘恨 (죽을) (업슬) (남을) (한ᄒᆞᆫ) Ready to die—one's life work being finished.

*소무위원 *l.* 事務委員 (일) (힘쓸) (맏길) (인원) A business committee.

*소무원 *s.* 事務員 (일) (힘쓸) (인원) Officers charged with the management of business.

*소무한신 *l.* 事無閒身 (일) (업슬) (한가) (몸) An idler; one who has no work.

*소무ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 耘貿 (스ᄉᆞ로올) (무역ᄒᆞᆯ) To buy up grain privately.

*소문 *l.* 四門 (넉) (문) The four gates—cardinal points. (B. H.)

*소문결박 *s.* 私門結縛 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올) (문) (민질) (얽을) An unofficial binding of the arms of a criminal.

*소문방 *l.* 死門方 (죽을) (문) (모) A region of death—as discovered by divination. *Opp.* 생문방.

*소물 *l.* 事物 (일) (물건) Abstract and concrete things.

*소물상 *l.* 事物上 (일) (만물) (우) In abstract and concrete things.

*소미 *l.* 賜米 (줌) (쌀) Rice given by the government to officials as a good luck or long life sign.

*소믹 *l.* 死脈 (죽을) (맥) A lifeless pulse. A "dead pulse"—a unpropitious geomantic formation of the hills. *Opp.* 생믹.

*소방삭 *l.* 四孟朔 (넉) (맛) (초ᄒᆞᆫ토) The first months of the four seasons. *Opp.* 소계삭.

*소반공비 *l.* 事半功倍 (일) (절반) (공) (갑졀) Half the work and double the profit.

*소방 *l.* 四方 (넉) (모) The four cardinal points; the four sides; all sides. Fourth power. (Math.) A four cornered lantern. *See* 소변팔방.

*소방등 *l.* 四方燈 (넉) (모) (등) A square lantern.

*소방죽 *l.* 四方竹 (넉) (모) (대) A species of Bambusa with a rectangular stem.

*소방침 *l.* 四方枕 (넉) (모) (벼ᄀᆡ) A square pillow.

*소번ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 事煩 (일) (번거) To have various duties; to be crowded with work. *See* 호번.

*소법 *s.* 師範 (스승) (법) A teacher; an instructor.

*스법학교 *s.* 師範學校 (스승) (법) (배홀) (학교) A normal school.

*소법 *s.* 司法 (맛흘) (법) Administration of justice judicature.

*소법경찰 *s.* 司法警察 (맛흘) (법) (경ᄎᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) The judicial police.

*소법관 *s.* 司法官 (맛흘) (법) (버슬) A judicial officer.

*소법권 *s.* 司法權 (맛흘) (법) (권세) Judicial power.

*소법대신 *s.* 司法大臣 (맛흘) (법) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for justice.

*소법부 *s.* 司法部 (맛흘) (법) (ᄯᅴ) The judicial part of a government.

*소법성 *s.* 司法省 (맛흘) (법) (마을) Judicial Department; Department of Justice.

*소법쳐분 *s.* 司法處分 (맛흘) (법) (곳) (논흘) Judicial proceedings.

*소법차관 *s.* 司法次官 (맛흘) (법) (버금) (벼슬) The Vice Minister of State for Justice.

*소법ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 司法 (맛흘) (법) To administer justice.

*ᄉᆞ법대신 s. 司法大臣 맛흘 (법)(큰)(신하) The Minister of Justice.

*ᄉᆞ변 l. 四邊 (넉) (가) The four sides or quarters; all sides.

*ᄉᆞ변 l. 事變 (일) (변홀) An emergency; a startling occurrence.

*ᄉᆞ변주서 l. 事變注書 (일)(변홀)(물대일)(글) An official recorder of startling [illegible]

*ᄉᆞ변형 l. 四邊形 (넉) (가) (형상) Quadrilateral.

*ᄉᆞ별ᄒᆞ다 l. 死別 (죽을) (리별) To be separated by death.

*ᄉᆞ보 s. 師保 (스승) (보젼) The tutor of an heir-apparent.

*ᄉᆞ보 s. 私報 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올) (갑흘) A private telegram.

*ᄉᆞ복 s. 司僕 (맛흘) (종) The government stables

*ᄉᆞ복거덩 s. 司僕馬夫 (맛흘) (종) (물)—[illegible] sapok stables.

*ᄉᆞ복리마 s. 司僕理馬 (맛흘)(종)(다ᄉᆞ릴)(물) The head mapu who practised on the King's pony before procession.

*ᄉᆞ복마 s. 司僕馬 (맛흘)(종)(물) A sapok pony.

*ᄉᆞ복음 [illegible] Four Gospels. See 성경

*ᄉᆞ복시 s. 司僕寺 [illegible] office having charge of the Royal Stables.

*ᄉᆞ본 l. 事本 (일) (밋) The origin; the source.

*ᄉᆞ본ᄉᆞ l. 事本事 [illegible] The origin of an affair; See 본ᄉᆞ.

*ᄉᆞ부 s. 師傅 (스승)(스승) A teacher; an instructor. The governor of a prince; See 선싱.

*ᄉᆞ부 s. 師父 (스승) (아비) Teacher and father; a teacher.

*ᄉᆞ부 l. 士夫 (션비) (지아비) A noble lord; a gentleman of noted family. See ᄉᆞ족.

*ᄉᆞ부가 l. 士夫家 (션비)(지아비)(집) A noble's house. See 반가.

*ᄉᆞ부쥬 l. 四肢 (넉)(ᄉᆞ지—*지) The four limbs of the body.

*ᄉᆞ분원 l. 四分圓 (넉)(논홀)(둥글) A quadrant.

*ᄉᆞ분지일 l. 四分之一 (넉)(논홀)(갈)(호) One in four times; one fourth.

*ᄉᆞ불여의ᄒᆞ다 l. 事不如意 (일) (아닐) (곳흘) (뜻) To turn out contrary to one's wishes.

*ᄉᆞ배 l. 四倍 (넉) (갑절) Four times, or quadruple.

*ᄉᆞ배ᄒᆞ다 l. 四拜 (넉) (절) To kowtow four times—as before a god or the king.

*ᄉᆞ산분리ᄒᆞ다 l. 四散分離 [illegible] (논홀) (떠날) To fly to all sides; to scatter in all directions. See 동쳐셔주ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄉᆞ산분주ᄒᆞ다 l. 四散奔走 (넉) (흣허질) [illegible] tions. See 각산진비ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄉᆞ산ᄒᆞ다 l. 四散 (넉) (흣흘) To disperse in all directions; to scatter in disorder. To be scattered in every direction; to disperse.

*ᄉᆞ상지근 s. 絲狀枝根 (실) (형상) (가지) (뿌리) Fibrous root.

*ᄉᆞ상 l. 死傷 (죽을) (상할) Death and wounds; the wounded and the dead.

*ᄉᆞ상 s. 思想 (싱각) (싱각) Thought; consideration. Purpose; intention.

*ᄉᆞ상 l. 死狀 [illegible] appearance. See ᄉᆞ경

*ᄉᆞ상병 l. 死傷 [illegible] Dead and wounded soldiers

*ᄉᆞ상자 l. 死傷者 (죽을) (상할) (놈) The dead and wounded.

*ᄉᆞ서 l. 四書 (넉) (글) The Four Classics; Nono (론어) Mangja (밍ᄌᆞ) Chungyong (즁용) and Tăhak (대학).

*ᄉᆞ서 l. 四序 (넉)(ᄎᆞ례) The four seasons of the year.

*ᄉᆞ서 s. 司書 (맛흘) (글) An office that had to do with the government literary.

*ᄉᆞ서삼경 l. 四書三經 [illegible] The Four Books, Analects [illegible] Meng [illegible] (즁용) and Great Learning (대학), and the three Canons, Classics; Canon of Changes (주역) Canon of History (서전) and Book of Poetry (시젼).

*ᄉᆞ서인 l. 士庶人 (션비) (뭇) (사름) Gentry and common people.

*ᄉᆞ석 s. 私席 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올) (자리) Unofficial quarters.

*ᄉᆞ션 s. 私船 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로올) (ᄇᆡ) A private ship. Opp. 관션.

*소션상 s. 四仙床 (넉)(신션)(상) A large dining table

*소설 s. 辭說 말숨) (말숨) Words; speeches. (Low).

*소설ᄒᆞ다 s. 辭說 (말숨) (말숨) To talk; to brawl; to speak carelessly.

*소셰 s. 事勢 (일)(형셰) Policy; political motives; circumstances. *See* 소셰.

*소셰고연ᄒᆞ다 / 事勢固然 (일)(형셰)(진실노) (그럴) To be truly so—of motives etc. *See* 소셰당연ᄒᆞ다.

*소셰난계ᄒᆞ다 . 事勢難繼 (일) (형셰) (어려울) (꼿) To be a difficult state of affairs; to be circumstances hard to decide. *See* 진퇴유곡.

*소셰당연ᄒᆞ다 / 事勢當然 (일 (형셰) (맛당) (그럴) To be so; to be thus—of circumstances etc *See* 소셰고연ᄒᆞ다.

*소셰부득이ᄒᆞ다 / 事勢不得已 (일)(형셰) (아닐) (엇을) (일의) To have no control over circumstances. *See* 부득이ᄒᆞ다.

*소셰불연 s. 事勢不然 (일) (형셰) (아닐) (그럴) Unsuitable circumstances.

*소셩 s. 司成 (맛흘) (일울) A director of the literati.

*소셩 s. 賜姓 (줄) (셩) A new surname as given by the government.

*소송션 s. 賜送扇 (줄) (보낼) (붓체) A large fan—given to officers by the government.

*소숑과 s. 司訟課 (맛흘) (숑소) (공부) An office that has to do with law suit petitions.

*소송ᄒᆞ다 s. 賜送 (줄) (보낼) To give; to bestow—publicly.

*소쇼 s. 邵伯 (소지) (몸울) 11th century A. D. A scholar of high repute, and author of one of the commentaries on (司馬光) Sa-ma-kwang's Mirror of History.

*소숙 s. 嗣淑 (니을) (니을) Posterity; children. *See* 조숀.

*소숙지망 s. 嗣淑之望 (니을) (니을) (갈) (ᄇᆞ랄) Hopes of posterity; chances to have a son.

*소숑 s. 訴訟 (숑소) A lawsuit; a public complaint.

*소숑아문 s. 訴訟衙門 (맛흘) (숑소) (아문) (문) A law court; a *yamen* where lawsuits are decided.

*소슈 s. 死水 (죽을) (물) Stagnant water.

*소슈 s. 師受 (스승) (밧을) What is taught one by a teacher.

*소슈 s. 私讐 (소ᄉᆞ로울) (원슈) A private enemy, a personal foe.

*소슈듀 s. 四季柳 (넉) (쇽) (버들) *Amelanchier canadensis, var japonica.*

*소슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 死守 (죽을) (직힐) To defend to the last.

*소숙 / 私塾 (소ᄉᆞ로 ᄒᆞᆯ) (셔젹) A private boarding school

소슴 s. 鹿 (*록) A stag; a deer. *See* 록슈.

*소습ᄒᆞ다 s. 私習 (소ᄉᆞ로울) (닉힐) To rehearse; to practise privately—preparatory to public demonstration. *See* 닉히다.

*소승 s. 史乘 (소지) (물) A history; chronicles; annals.

*소승근 / 四乘根 (넉) (물) (뿌리) Fourth root.

*소승승장 s. 死僧蠅杖 (죽을) (즁) (거즐) (징ᄒᆞ이) Beating a dead Buddhist—of what is useless, contemptible. *See* 건문발검.

*소시 s. 巳時 (비얌) (때) The 6th Korean hour, from 9 o'clock to 11 A.M *See* 오젼.

*소시 s. 四時 (넉) (때) The four seasons. *See* 쵼허츈동.

*소시이비 似是而非 (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로) (올흘) (말이) (아닐) Apparently so and yet not so; apparently true but not true.

*소시가졀 s. 四時佳節 (넉) (때) (아름다울) (졀긔) The festivals of the four seasons.

*소시장춘 s. 四時長春 (넉) (때) (긴) (봄) Constant spring; spring all the year round.

*소시졀 / 四時節 (넉) (때) (마듸) The four seasons. *See* 소시.

*소신 s. 使臣 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (신하) An envoy; a foreign representative; an ambassador. *See* 젼권대신.

*소신ᄒᆞ다 s. 辭神 (하직) (귀신) To bid farewell to the spirit at the close of a sacrifice. *Opp.* 참신ᄒᆞ다.

*소신항차 s. 使臣行次 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (신하) (항ᄒᆞᆯ) (버금) The journeying of an envoy.

*소실 s. 事實 (일) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) The truth of the matter; the right; the circumstances. *See* 곡직.

*소심 s. 私心 (소ᄉᆞ로울) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Selfishness; partiality. (Comp.) *Opp.* 공심.

*소십구일 s. 九十九日 (넉) (열 아홉) (날) The forty ninth day—on which is held a Buddhistic ceremony in honor of a deceased person.

*소소 l. 四綠 (넉) (삼) A string—of four strands.

*소소 l. 士師 (션비) (스승) The official in charge of a prison. (M.

*소소 s. 司事 (맛흘) (일 Secretaries of various government offices.

*소소 s. 私事 (소소로올) (일) Embezzlement; the wrong use of public office to better one's own ends. Private affairs.

*소소 l. 事事 (일) (일) All matters; all sorts of business.

*소소 s. 仕事 (벼슬) (일) Labour.

*소소롭다 s. 私 (소소로올) 로와; 온 To be private; to be personal; to be selfish. *Opp.* 공번되다.

*소소망녕 s. [illegible] 소소롭슬 심각 (망녕될) (심각) Good for nothing anxieties; useless cares.

*소소명 l. 奚烈明 (소리) (심각) (붉을) D. A.D. 761. A famous insurgent leader of the Tang Kingdom China.

*소소불성 l. 事事不成 (역) (일) (아닐) (일을) Every work proves a failure. *See* 만사소성.

*소소니 령호다 l. 事事叮嚀 (일) (일) 말슴) (드를) To be mindful of what is said in everything.

*소소여의호다 l. 事事如意 (일) (일) (같흘) (뜻) To be as you wish in all things. *Opp.* 만사불성호다.

*소소이 [illegible] 事事 [illegible] taking; each work. *See* 만사

*소소인 [illegible] 소소로올 [illegible] affairs. *Opp.* 공공지로

*소식 [illegible] 소슴 [illegible] of the face when speaking.

*소식 l. 四色 (넉) (빗) The four political parties: *Noron*, *Soron*, *Namin* and *Sopeuk*. *See* 편식.

*소식지디 l. 四塞之地 (넉) (막힐) (갈) (짜) A position guarded on all sides.

*소싱 l. 死生 (죽을) (살) Death and life; dead and alive. *See* 싱소.

*소싱 s. 師生 (스승) (날) A teacher; teacher and pupil. *See* 스뎨.

*소싱 l. 四生 (넉) (날) The four kinds of birth: 1st Womb birth (티싱) as of mammals, 2nd Egg birth (란싱) as of birds, 3rd Damp birth (습싱) as of insects, 4th Transformation birth (화싱) as of moths etc.

*소싱결단 [illegible] 죽을 [illegible] 결단 (결단홀) Risking one's life; a decision—regardless of costs. *See* 이소위한.

*소싱판두호다 l. 死生關頭 [illegible] 살) 판단 머리 [illegible] danger of death; to be in danger of destruction.

*소싱동고 l. 死生同苦 (죽을) (살) (호가지) (괴로올) Standing together in life and death. *See* 환란상구.

*소싱(이)유명 l. 死生有命 (죽을) (날) (잇슬) (목숨) Death and life are decreed by Providence.

*소싱존망 l. 死生存亡 (죽을) (살) (잇슬) (망홀) Dead or alive; one's fate.

*소싱결물호다 l. 死生出決 (죽을) (살) (날) (쌔길) To be dead or alive.

*소악 l. 四岳 (넉) (뫼부리) The four mountains of China. Noted offices of the time of king 요, 24th cent. B.C.

*소악호다 l. 賜樂 줄) (풍류) To celebrate with court music etc.

*소안 s. 司案 맛흘) (칙상) A servant within the royal palace who has charge of writing materials etc.

*소알 s. 司謁 (맛흘) (뵈올) A servant within the royal palace who introduces guests etc.

*소약 s. 司鑰 (맛흘) (열쇠) A servant within the royal place who carries the keys.

*소악 l. 死藥 죽을) (약) Deadly medicine; poison

*소악슈 s. 司樂手 (맛흘) (풍류—"악) (손) A court musician.

*소약호다 l. 賜藥 줄) (약) To give the death potion—as to a condemned criminal.

*소양호다 s. 辭讓 (소양) (소양) To decline; to refuse; to resign. *Opp.* 강권호다

*소양호다 l. 飼養 (일) (기를) To keep—a horse; to [illegible] cattle.

*소어 s. 私語 (소소로올) (말슴) Talking in a low voice; whispering

*소어호다 s. 私語 (소소로올) (말슴) To address or talk in a low voice; to whisper.

*소업 l. 事業 (일) (업) Occupation; business. *See* 공업.

*소역 l. 使役 (호여곰) (역소) Employment—as a labourer, work; service.

*소역원 s. 司譯院 (맛흘) 관) (집) An office of foreign languages.

*소역호다 l. 使役 (호여곰) (역소) To employ.

*스연 *l.* 事緣 (일) (인연) Origin; particulars or circumstances; a matter. *See* 스정.

*스오츠 *l.* 四五次 (넉) (다섯) (바금) Four or five times. *See* 삼스츠.

*스온셔 *s* 司醞署 (맛흘) (술) (마을) An ancient office that has to do with sacrificial liquor, spirit etc.

*스용원 *s* 司甕院 (맛흠) (독, (집) The Office of crocks and earthenware dishes.

*스욕 *s.* 私慾 (스스로올) (욕심) Selfish desires. *See* 물욕.

*스용 *s.* 私用 (스스) (쓸) Private business. Private use. *Opp.* 공용.

*스용 *s.* 司勇 (맛흠) (용밍) A petty public officer connected with the office of the 5th Brigade—of the 9th degree.

*스용권 *l.* 使用權 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (쓸) (권세) Right of use; power to employ.

*스용쟈 *l.* 使用者 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (쓸) (놈) Consumer—as opposed to producer.

*스용ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 私用 (스스로올) (쓸) To use one's self; to put to private uses.

*스우 *s.* 祠宇 (스당) (집) An ancestral temple. *See* 스당.

*스운 *l.* 四韻 (넉) (운) A composition of verse in four stanzas. *See* 단률.

스위 *s.* A roller used in games of "promotion" "views" etc. A throwing of dice, rollers etc.

*스위스국 *l* 士威士國 (선비) (위엄) (선비) (나라) Switzerland. *See* 서스국.

*스유 *l.* 事由 (일) (말민암을) Reason; ground; the facts of the case.

*스유 *s* 私有 (스스로올) (잇슬) Privately owned, belonging to a private person. *Opp.* 관유.

*스유디 *s.* 私有地 (스스로올) (잇슬) (ᄯᅡ) Private lands. *Opp.* 관유디.

*스유물 *s.* 私有物 (스스로올) (잇슬) (만물) A thing in the possession of a private individual; private property. *Opp.* 관유물.

*스유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 思惟 (싱각) (싱각) To think; to consider

*스은 *s.* 師恩 (스승) (은혜) Favour of one's master.

*스의 *s.* 辭意 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (뜻) Thought; design; intention. *See* 경의.

*스의 *s.* 私意 (스스로올) (뜻) Private feelings or opinions—as opposed to those based on public considerations only.

*스의 *l.* 事宜 (일) (맛당) The times; circumstances.

스이 *s.* 間 (*ᄯᅡᆫ) An interval; a space. *See* 틈.

*스이먹다 *s.* 어; 은 To lunch between meals. *See* 것두리먹다.

*스익 *s.* 私益 (스스로올) (더흘) Private advantage; personal gain.

*스인 *l.* 士人 (선비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A gentleman; the gentry.

*스인긔 *l.* 四人棋 (넉) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (바듀) A four-handed game of draughts; *Puck. See* 넷바둑

*스인교 *l.* 四人轎 (넉) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (보교) A four-man chair. *See* 팔인교.

*스일 *l.* 巳日 (비암) (날) The "serpent" days corresponding to the zodiacal sign Virgo.

*스일성복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 四日成服 (넉) (날) (일을) (옷 To put on mourning on the fourth day.

*스읍셔원 *l* 賜邑書院 (줄) (니마) (글) (집) A public office or pavilion the name of which has been given by the king.

*스임 *s.* 辭任 (스양) (맛길) Declining; refusing—as office. *See* 스직.

*스읍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 賜額 (줄) (니마) To give a name to—officially as of an office, public building etc.

*스원 *s.* 私怨 (스스) (원망) A private enmity; a personal hatred. Secret hatred; private grievances. *See* 스혐.

*스원 *s.* 寺院 (졀) (집) A monastery; an abbey.

*스월 *l.* 四月 (넉) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The 4th moon.

*스월팔일 *l.* 四月八日 (넉) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (여ᄃᆞᆲ) (날) The 8th day of the 4th moon.

*스장 *s.* 辭狀 (스양) (글월) A letter declining office. (노ᄐᆞ).

*스쟈 *l.* 使者 (ᄒᆞ여곰) (놈) An ambassador; a royal messenger; an angel.

*스쟈 *l.* 死者 (죽을) (놈) The deceased.

*스쟈도리 *l.* 士者道理 (선비) (놈) (길) (리치) The doctrines of the literati.

*스쟈부활 *l.* 死者復活 (죽을) (놈) (다시) (살) Resurrection of the dead.

*스장 n. 師長 (스승) (어른) A teacher; a master.

스장방 s. A thief's quarters—in a prison.

스장이 s. 獄卒 (옥—*옥) (군소—*졸) A jailer; a turnkey. *See* 옥졸.

*스적 l. 事蹟 (일) (자최) *L'ana facie* [illegible] history. *See* 스업.

*스전 s. 私錢 (스소로올) (돈) Private [illegible] spurious coin—made by private parties. *Opp.* 공전.

*스전 l. 史傳 (스긔) (전홀) A history; a chronicle.

*스정 l. 事情 (일) (뜻) Circumstances.

*스정 l. 巳正 (바얌) (바룰) The middle of the 巳 hour—10 o'clock A M.

*스정 l. 事情 (일) (뜻) A[illegible], matters; circumstances. *See* 스연.

*스정 s. 私情 (스소로올) (뜻) Private feelings; private desires. Circumstances.

*스정호다 l. 事情 (일) (뜻) To explain one's affairs; to make known one's circumstances

*스조 l. 四祖 (넉) (할아비) One's father, grandfather, great-grandfather and great great-grandfather. (미이다).

*스조거 s. 絲繰車 (실) (실) (수레) A reeling wheel.

*스조긔게 s. 絲繰機械 (실) (실) (긔) (긔게) A reeling machine.

*스조단즈 l. 四祖單子 (넉) (할아비) (홀) (아룰) The names of the four male ancestors—as given by candidates for examination.

*스조당긔게 s. 絲繰踏機械 (실) (실) (밟을) (긜) (긔게) A reeling lathe.

*스족 l. 士族 (션비) (겨레) Relatives of a man of rank. *See* 스부.

[illegible] (계집) (션비) [illegible] (어미) (계집) Women of a gentry class.

*스죄 l. 死罪 (죽을) (허물) A capital crime; a crime punishable with death.

*스족 l. 四足 (넉) (발) Four feet.

스족발이 l. 四足白 (넉) (발) (흰—) The four feet.

*스족슈 l. 四足獸 (넉) (발) (즘승) A quadruped; a four-footed beast.

*스종슈 l. 四從叔 (넉) (조칠) (아자비) An eleventh cousin.

*스주젼 s. 私鑄錢 (스소로올) (지을) (돈) Counterfeit money; spurious cash.

*스주젼호다 s. 私鑄錢 (스소로올) (지을) (돈) To counterfeit money; to coin spurious cash.

*스쥬 l. 四柱 (넉) (기동) The four columns of the *p'altja* viz.—the four sets of two characters each for year, month, day and hour of birth. (보다). *See* 팔주.

*스쥬단즈 l. 四柱入字 (넉) (기동) (여룸) (글즈) The eight characters that are exchanged at betrothal,—of birth year, month, day, hour.

*스쥬단ᄌ [illegible] 四柱ᄂᆡ ᄀᆞᆫ [illegible] 기동 (홀) (아룸) The *saju* letter—as sent to the house of the *fiancée*.

*스쥬뒤들다 s. 私囑牢 (스소로올) (두룰) (굿을—*르) 어 ; 홀 To put one through the *chu-ei* torture unofficially.

스쥬보다 l. 四柱보ᄂᆡ [illegible] 긔, 기동, (점칠 [illegible] 아 ; 본 To tell fortunes by dates of birth etc. *Opp.* 상보다

*스쥬인 s. 私主人 (스소로올) (쥬장) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One's host; the proprietor of an inn. (잡다).

*스쥬장이 l. 四柱匠 (넉) (기동) (장인) A *saju* writer.

*스쥬젼 s. 私鑄錢 (스소로올) (부을) (돈) Private minting of money.

*스ᄌᆞ s. 絲竹 (실) (대) String and wind instruments of music; the guitar and flute.

*스ᄌᆞᆼ l. 寺中 (졀) (가온ᄃᆡ) (In) a monastery; the priests of a monastery.

*스 [illegible] The four middle months of the three divisions of the year.

*스즈동혈 l. 死則同穴 죽을 (곳) (호가지) [illegible] The same ground awaits the [illegible]

*스지 s. 獅子 (스즈) (아룸—*즈) A lion. *Also* 스즈.

[illegible] or members of the body. *See* 스례.

[illegible] affairs; one having a thorough knowledge of the subject in mind.

*스지곡직 l. 事之曲直 (일) (갈) (굽을) (곧을) The right and wrong of things; the truth.

*스지결릭 l. 四肢疼痛 (넉) (스지) (알홀) [illegible] native fever (염병).

*스지유무 l. 事之有無 (일) (갈) (잇슬) (업슬) Whether or not of the affair; as to reality or not.

*소지통 *l.* 四肢痛 (넉) (소지) (알흘) Disease of the four members.

*소직 *s.* 絲織 (실) (짤) A fine silk stuff woven with twisted thread.

*소직 *s.* 辭職 (소양) (버슬) Resignation.

*소직 *l.* 吏直 (관직) (곳을) A post-station in Kyong-sang-do.

*소직상소 *s.* 辭職上疏 (소양) (버슬) (곳) (글) A resignation of office.

*소직상소호다 *s.* 辭職上疏 (소양) (버슬) (곳) (글) To send in a resignation of office; to decline rank.

*소직소 *s.* 辭職疏 (소양) (버슬) (글) A written resignation.

*소직정원서 *s.* 辭職請願書 (소양) (직업) (청홀) (원홀) (글) Application to resign; a resignation—by letter.

*소직청원호다 *s.* 辭職請願 (소양) (버슬) (청홀) (원홀) To send in a written resignation.

*소직호다 *s.* 辭職 (소양) (버슬) To decline rank, to resign office.

*소진긔법 *l.* 四進記法 (넉) (나아갈) (벼리) (법) Quarternary scale.

*소진신퇴호다 *l.* 已進申退 (비알) (나아갈) (납) (물너갈) To go to and return from office—during the course of the day.

*소진호다 *l.* 仕進 (벼슬) (나아갈) To go daily to office.

*소집 *s.* 私集 (소소로올) (모흘) Private collections—of writings, compositions etc. *See* 소초.

*소조 *s.* 嫡子 (니을) (아들) A son whose right of succession as heir to the headship of a family is recognized; a male heir.

*소조 *s.* 獅子 (스조) (아들) A lion. *See* 수지.

*소조국 *s.* 獅子國 (스조) (아들) (나라) Ceylon. *See* 석란국.

*소조평 *l.* 四字平 (넉) (글조) (평홀) Four low characters—an imperfect combination in the composition of verse.

*소지 *s.* 私財 (소소로올) (지물) Private property; one's own goods.

*소지감 · 司宮監 (맛흘) (맛흘) (불) The Office of meat and fuel.

*소찬 *l.* 賜饌 (줄) (밥) Food given as presents by the government.

*소찰 *l.* 寺刹 (졀) (졀) A monastery; a Buddhist temple.

*소찰호다 *l.* 伶俐 (령리홀—*령) (령리홀—*리) To be wise; to be intelligent; to be clever.

*소채 *s.* 私債 (소소로올) (빗) Private debts. *Opp.* 공채.

*소창 *l.* 社倉 (마을) (챵고) District storehouses.

*소차불피 *l.* 死且不避 (죽을) (또) (아닐) (피홀) Though I die I'll not run.

*소처 *l.* 四處 (넉) (곳) All places; everywhere. *See* 쳐처.

*소천 *l.* 四川 (넉) (내) A province in China.

*소천 *l.* 泗川 (물) (내) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do Lat. 35.00 Long. 128.04.

*소천년고국 *l.* 四千年古國 (넉) (일쳔) (히) (년) (나라) A four thousand year old state—Korea.

*소천년종사 *l.* 四千年宗社 (넉) (일쳔) (히) (마루) (사직) A four thousand year old tablet house—of Korea.

*소철 *l.* 四節 (넉) (졀긔—*졀) The four seasons. *See* 소시.

소철나무 *l.* 소鐵木 (쇠 —*동) (푸를—*청) (나무—*목) The *Xylosma racemosum.* *See* 동청목

소철살이 *l.* The mistletoe of the *Xylosma racemosum.*

*소청국 *l.* 四節麴 (넉) (졀긔—*졀) (국—*봉) A kind of evergreen artimesia. *See* 인진.

*소청 *s.* 司譯 (맛흘) (통역) Official interpreters in the government schools.

*소초 *s.* 私草 (소소로올) (풀) Private writings. *See* 소집.

*소초 *l.* 巳初 (뱌알) (처음) The beginning of the 9th hour—9 o'clock A.M.

*소촌 *l.* 四寸 (넉) (마듸) Male cousins on the father's side; sons of the father's brother. *See* 종씨

*소촌명 *l.* 四寸釘 (넉) (마듸) (못) A four-inch nail.

*소촌미부 *l.* 四寸妹夫 (넉) (마듸) (누의) (지아비) The husband of a cousin on a paternal uncle's side.

*소총 *l.* 四聰 (넉) (귀붉을) The four ears—the monarch's receiving tidings from all quarters of the kingdom. (B. H.)

*소숙 *l.* 四叔 (넉) (법) Four principles.

*소친 *s.* 私親 (소소로올) (친홀) Private parents—as those of an adopted son who has become king.

*소친자도 *l.* 事親之道 (셤길) (어버이) (갈) (길) The doctrine of filial piety.

*소초방정식 *l.* 四次方程式 (넉) (버금) (모) (길) (법) Biquadratic equation, quadratic equation.

*소락ᄒᆞ다 s. 私落 (소소로울) (자로) To use for private ends; to embezzle.

*소래후 l. 士大夫 (션비) (큰—*대) (자아비 *부) A nobleman, a courtier. *See* 소대부

*소먼왕 l. 四天王 (넉) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (남금) The four great kings of Deva.

*소명 l. 黑驪 (흘) (쇠) Four black horses. (B. O.)

*소예 l. 四體 (넉) (몸) The four limbs or members. The body. *See* 소지.

*소예 l. 事體 (일) (몸) A matter; an affair—considered fundamentally. *See* 소리. Kind or nature of an affair. Condition; state.

*소토 l. 死土 (죽을) (흙) Dead earth. Surface earth.

*소토리 l. 俚土俚 (말솜) (흙) (소토리) Slang; the talk of the lower classes. A provincialism; a dialect; a country form of speech—in contrast to that of Seoul. *See* 방언.

*소퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 辭退 (소양) (물너갈) To decline or refuse.

*소퇴ᄒᆞ다 l. 仕退 (벼슬) (물너갈) To return daily from office.

*소통 s. 私通 (소소로울) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) Private reports of their master—among underlings. (통니다).

*소통오달ᄒᆞ다 l. 四通五達 (넉) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄉᆞᆺ) (통달) To meet and cross—of roads.

*소통ᄒᆞ다 l. 四通 (넉) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To divide into four; to branch out into four. To extend in all directions; to open out on all sides.

*소통ᄒᆞ다 s. 私通 (소소로울) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To report privately—among official underlings. To have illicit intercourse.

*소태 l. 死胎 (죽을) (틱) Still-born

*소택 s. 私宅 (소소로울) (집) One's own house; private house; my house.

*소판 s. 祠版 (소당) (조각) A wooden ancestral tablet.

*소팔눈이 l. 四八目 (넉) (여듧) (눈—*목) Squint eyes.

소평이치다 s. 아ᄉᆡ; 천 To die; to expire.

*소푸 l. 昭浦 (짤) (개) A post station on Kanghwa-do Island. 강화도

소푸서ᄉᆞ s. 司圃署 맛 ᄂᆞᆺ볼 관올 The office of the royal gardens.

*소도쥬 s. 私庖厨 (소소로울) (포쥬) (부엌) Private slaughtering of animals—for beef.

*소포청 s. 私捕廳 (소소로울) (잡을) (청사) Arresting and punishing privately, unlawfully.

*소표 l. 四標 (넉) (표) The marks on the four sides—as of land.

*소표 l. 四表 (넉) (밧) The four cardinal points; all sides. (B. H.).

*소표에 l. 四表 (넉) (밧) In all directions, everywhere.

*소필귀정 l. 事必歸正 (일) (반ᄃᆞ시) (도라갈) (바를) The matter will turn out right.

*소학 l. 史學 (스긔) (비홀) Historical study.

*소학 l. 四學 (넉) (비홀) The schools of the four wards of the capital.

*소함 s. 私函 (소소로울) (편지) A private letter.

*소항 l. 事項 (일) (목) Articles (as in a document); points; facts; circumstances.

*소항 l. 四項 (넉) (목) Terms of a proportion.

*소향ᄒᆞ다 l. 思鄕 (싱각) (싀골) To think of one's native place.

*소헌로ᄉᆞ s. 대ᄀᆞᆯ뎡ᄆᆞᆺᄂᆞᆯ 집 마을 The Office of the Supreme Court.

*소혈 l. 死血 죽을 피 Dark ill-bred blood, as from an ulcer.

*소현 s. 私嫌 (소소로울) (혐의) Private hatred; personal dislikes; animosity. *See* 소원.

*소형 s. 師兄 (스승) (맛) A term of respect used only by students in writing to other students senior to themselves, when it is attached as a suffix to the name of the addresses of the letter.

*소형 l. 死刑 (죽을) (형벌) Capital punishment (에쳐ᄒᆞ다).

소형에쳐ᄒᆞ다 l. 處死刑 곳 ᄒᆞ다 눈—*어) (죽을—*소) (형벌—*형) To put to death.

*소호 s. 絲毫 (실) (털억) The smallest particle. *See* 호리.

*소회 l. 死灰 죽을 ᄉᆞᆷ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄌᆞᆨ; ashes or cinders left after the fire has been extinguished.

*소회듀 s. 假灰鹼 (거ᄎᆞᆯ) (재) (풍류) Alkaloid.

*소후 l. 死後 (죽을) (뒤) After decease; after death. *Opp.* 성젼.

*소ᄒᆞᆫ뎡 s. 死後功名 죽을 ᄂᆡ 문ᄃᆡ 얼ᄒᆞᆷ) Posthumous honor or rank. After death

*스후명장 ㅣ 死後名將 (죽을)(뒤)(일홈)(장슈) After death one is dubbed a general.

*스후영심환ㅣ 死後清心丸 (죽을)(뒤)(몸을)(무용)(한지) After death an elixir of life (청심환) is useless. *See* 생부후약공론.

*스히ㅣ 死海 (죽을)(바다) The Dead Sea.

*스히ㅣ 四海 (넉)(바다) The Four Seas—all the world. *See* 턴하.

*스히룡왕ㅣ 四海龍王 (넉)(바다)(룡)(님금) The Dragon King of the Four Seas.

*스히지내형뎨ㅣ 四海之內皆兄弟 (넉)(바다)(갈)(안)(다)(맛)(아오) All within the Four Seas are brothers.

*스힝ㅣ 私行 (소ᄉᆞ로올)(둔닐) Travelling secretly; going incognito. Private undertakings.

*스힝ㅣ 使行 (ᄒᆞ여곰)(힝ᄒᆞᆯ) The sending of the envoy with tribute to China.

*스힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 疾行 (싸를)(힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To go quickly; to move swiftly.

*스화ㅣ 士禍 (션비)(지화) Disaster to the literary classes.

*스화 *s.* 和 (소ᄉᆞ로올) (ᄑᆞ로) Reconciliation; restoration of good will.

*스화ㅣ 賜花 (쥴)(쏫) Bows of flowers—given to graduates by the king. *See* 어ᄉᆞ화.

*스환ㅣ 仕宦 (벼슬)(벼슬) Rank; office.

*스환ㅣ 使喚 (ᄒᆞ여곰)(부ᄅᆞᆯ) A servant; an underling. *See* 하인.

*스환가ㅣ 仕宦家 (벼슬)(집) A distinguished official house. *See* 명환가.

*스환ᄒᆞ다ㅣ 使喚 (ᄒᆞ여곰)(부ᄅᆞᆯ) To serve; to be in the service of.

*솔갈다 *s.* 아쇠; 온 To be wise; to have judgment; to be clever. (Prov.) *See* 솔깁다. To fit loosely; to be shaky.

솔키 *s.* A pivot; an axle-pin.

숌 *s.* 狸 (*리) A wild cat.

*솔피 *s.* A kind of small spade used by paddy-field workers.

*솖허보다 *s.* 보아; 본 To look after; to guard; to take charge of.

*솖히다 *s.* 審 (솖힐—*심) 솖혀; 힌 To investigate, to examine into.

*솜 *s.* 蔘 (숨) Ginseng.

*솜게 *s.* 蘇溪 (무성ᄒᆞᆯ) (시내) A post station in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.15 Long. 126.45.

*솜뇌 *s.* 蔘腦 (솜) (녀후) The stem of a root of ginseng.

*솜라만상 *s.* 森羅萬像 (무성ᄒᆞᆯ)(벌)(일만)(형상) The many and varied forms of matter in the universe; all things; many and various matters.

*솜루ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 漏泄 (샐) (샐) To leak out; to run out.

*솜림 *s.* 森林 (무성ᄒᆞᆯ)(수플) A forest; a woods.

*솜부 *s.* 蔘附 (인숨) (부ᄌᆞ) Ginseng and wolf's-bane.

*솜샹 *s.* 蔘商 (인숨) (장ᄉᆞ) Ginseng merchants.

*솜셩 *s.* 參星 (석) (별) The 21st of the 28 constellations α, β, γ, δ, ε, ζ, η, χ Orion 19°. 34″ 6′.

*솜솜과 *s.* 森森坡 (무성ᄒᆞᆯ)(무성ᄒᆞᆯ)(언덕) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.49 Long. 129.34.

솜솜ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 淡味 (몸을—*담) (맛—*이) To be tasteless, to be insipid. *See* 심심ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 셩말ᄒᆞ다.

솜장 *s.* A saddle hair blanket.

*솜적 *s.* 蔘賊 (인숨)(도젹) Ginseng thieves.

*솜졍과 *s.* 蔘政課 (인숨) (졍ᄉᆞ) (일과) The office of ginseng—attached to the Treasury

*솜졍과 *s.* 蔘正果 (인숨) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (실과) Preserved ginseng.

*솜토 *s.* 蔘土 (인숨) (흙) A kind of earth used as fertilizer for ginseng fields.

*솜파 *s.* 三波 (식) (물결) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.32. Long 129.26.

*솜포 *s.* 蔘圃 (인숨) (나ᄆᆞᆯ밧) Ginseng fields.

솜흐다ㄴ To be violent; to be ugly.

*솜뇨증 *s.* 遺溺症 (앙솜ᄒᆞᆯ)(오쥼)(증셰) A disease of the bladder. *See* 오좀소ᄃᆡ.

*솜여 *s.* 遲滯 (앙솜ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈닐) Procrastination; delay.

시 *s.* A verbal connective—used with the future participle.

시금시금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 酸 (실—*산) To be sourish, to be sour. *See* 시금시금ᄒᆞ다.

시금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 酸 (실—*산) To be sour. *See* 시금ᄒᆞ다.

시납ㄴ 胡笳 (오랑캐 *호)(며—*역) A small kind of trumpet. *See* 호역.

시ᄆᆞᄃᆞ다ㄴ 떠; 든 To be separated; to be a distance apart. *See* 쵸현ᄒᆞ다.

사쑥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be gay; to be sumptuous. To become suddenly angry. *See* 쌧쑥ᄒᆞ다.

시들시들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dry. *See* 시들시들ᄒᆞ다.

서돌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To consider small; to look upon as little. *See* 서돌ᄒᆞ다.

서로에 *s.* Not to mention; "let alone."

서로서로 *s.* 新新 새 *신) (새 *신) Repeatedly; more and more.

서롭다 *s.* 新 (새—*신) 로와; 온 To be new; to be fresh. To be lacking; to be necessary. To be earnest.

서롱거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To tease; to make fun of.

서롱시ᄃᆞᆼᄒᆞ다 *s.* 耶弗(사도 *샤) 시ᄃᆞᆼ—*ᄒᆞᆼ) To tease; to jest with.

서릴 *s* A kind of wild asparagus.

서바람 *s.* (싸) Autumn winds. *See* 츄풍.

서숀 *s.* 菟絲子 시숌 *토) 실 *ᄉᆞ, (야ᄃᆞᆯ—*ᄌᆞ) Dodder—*Cuscuta chinensis.* *See* 토ᄉᆞ즈.

서안님 *s.* 나ᄆᆞᆯᄒᆞ 웃 *상 (법 *면) (님 *쥬) A name given to an old master—by a slave. *See* 서방님.

서알 *s.* 嫉妬 (투긔—*질) (투긔 -*투 Jealousy; envy. *See* 시긔.

서양ᄉᆞ 羊 *강 (ᄆᆞᆫ)ger. *See* 신강.

서양나무 *s.* 黃楊木 (누루 -*양 ᄆᆡ화 *뫽) (나무—*목) A large tree—said to have an odor of ginger.

서우다 *s.* 嫉妬 (투긔—*질) (투긔—*투) 시워; 운 To be jealous. (Prov. *See* 서알ᄒᆞ다.

서우다 *s.* 經夜 (지날 -*경) (밤—*야) 시워; 운 To be awake all night; to be up all night. *See* 경야ᄒᆞ다.

서ᄌᆞ식ᄌᆞ *s.* Worshiping among goddess. *See* 희쥬희죽.

서른동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To put on airs; to make pretensions. *See* 서른ᄑᆞᆷᄒᆞ다.

서른서른ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sourish. To be painful—as a sprain. *See* 사른사른ᄒᆞ다.

서른ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sour. To be sore—as a sprain. *See* 서른ᄒᆞ다.

서름서름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sourish. *See* 서름서름ᄒᆞ다.

서름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sour. *See* 서름ᄒᆞ다.

서ᄂᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be chilly; to be cold.

*색 *s.* 色 (빗) Color—especially of the face; beauty. *See* 빗. Lewdness. (쓰다). A political class.

*색가 *s.* 色家 (빗) (집) A house of prostitution.

색갈다 *s.* 改色 (곳칠—*ᄀᆡ) (빗—*색) 아; 간 To change—as clothes; to take the new and put away the old.

색거리 *s.* Looks; beauty; clearness of complexion. Giving out grain that is to be paid for by next year's crops.

*색계 *s.* 色界 빗 (디경) The region of form or desire, one of the three worlds of the Buddhists.

*색골 *s.* 色骨 (빗) (뼈) A libertine; a debauchee; a prostitute. *See* 음ᄆᆞᆯ.

*색구 *s.* 色球 (빗) (구슬) Chromosphere.

*색광 *s.* 色狂 (빗) (밋칠) Sexual madness.

*색달 *s.* 色疸 (빗) (병) Sickness due to sexual excess.

색대 *s.* 器色筒 (긔—*간) (빗—*색) (쥥—*통) A pointed bamboo—used for testing rice in the bag.

*색떡 *s.* 色餠 (빗) 떡 *ᄇᆡ (Colored) cake.

색동거리 *s.* A "red rope"—with which to bind criminals. *See* 오라.

*색리 *s.* 色吏 (빗) (아전) A *yamen* clerk in charge of a public office. *See* 히식.

색모 *s.* Taxes—paid in grain.

*색목 *s.* 色目 (빗) (눈) A political party; a division. *See* 편식.

*색병 *s.* 色病 (빗) (병) Disease brought on by excess. *See* 부족ᄒᆞᆷ.

*색병 *s.* 色餠 빗 떡 Colored cake or rice bread. *See* 색떡.

*색부 *s.* 嗇夫 (인식ᄒᆞᆯ) (지아비) A stingy fellow; a miser; a niggard; a muckworm.

*색분산 *s.* 色分散 (빗) (논흘) (흣흘) Dispersion of light.

*색상 *s.* 色相 (빗) (얼골) Form and substance; appearance and reality.

*색ᄉᆞᆷ *s.* 色慾 빗 샹ᄉᆞᆷ, Lewdity brought on by excess. *See* 색병.

*색상즈 *s.* 色箱子 (빗) (샹즈) (아ᄌᆞᆯ) A box in which the Buddhist pictures are put.

*색션 *s.* 色扇 (빗) (부체) A colored fan whether folder or otherwise.

*색소 *s.* 色素 (빗) (흴) Coloring matter.

*색소립 *s.* 色素粒 (빗) (ᄀᆞᆫ) (알알) Chromolencite, chromoplastid.

*색소에 *s.* 色素體 (빗) (ᄆᆞᆷ) (몸) Chromatophore.

색ᄉᆞ다 用色 ᄆᆞᆺᄃᆞᆼ ᄒᆞ *색 써. 쏜 To have sexual intercourse. *See* 범방ᄒᆞ다.

*색실 *s.* 色絲 (빗) (실—*ᄉᆞ) Colored thread; dyed cord.

*색심 *s.* 色心 (빗) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) A mind for lust. *See* 색욕.

식소지 *s.* Paper wraps for the ends of tamboos on which meat is strung.

*식ᄉᆞ *s.* 色絲 (빗) (실) Colored thread.

*식식이 *s.* 色色 (빗) (빗) Every color; every shade.

식식ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To breathe heavily.

*식욕 *s.* 色慾 (빗) (욕심) Desire; passion; lust. *See* 식심.

*식운한퍼 *s.* 求覓行狀 차심 (숨을) 찾을 (미어ᄒᆞᆯ) In a search for what is hidden, one does what is unseemly.

식음 *s.* The Korean reading of the characters as compared with 음 or the Chinese names. *Opp.* 음.

*식장 *s.* 色掌 (빗) (ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) One in charge of an office or work.

*식정 *s.* 色情 (빗) (뜻) Lust, desire. Love for the other sex; lascivious desire. *See* 식심.

*식조 *s.* 色租 (빗) (벼) Rice paid to one overseeing the harvest.

*식쥬가 *s.* 色酒家 (빗) (술) (집) A woman who sells drink; a barmaid.

*식지 *s.* 色紙 (빗) (조희) Colored paper. A square piece of thick fancy paper used for writing poems on. A piece of cloth sewed upon a garment to repair it; a patch.

*식체 *s.* 色滯 (빗) (걸닐) Disease or dyspepsia brought on by excess. *See* 식상.

*식ᄎᆞ지 *s.* 色次知 (빗) (버금) (알) A dancing-girl master. The governor of *Pyöngan.*

*식칙 *s.* 權設 (악을) (우지질) A sinecure; a makeshift; a mere substitute. *See* 논구림.

*식탐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 色貪 (빗) (탐ᄒᆞᆯ) To lust after; to desire lewdly. *See* 탐탐ᄒᆞ다.

*식향 *s.* 色鄕 (빗) (시골) Any part of the country where there are many dancing girls.

*식황 *s.* 色荒 (빗) (거칠) Excess re debauchery, lewdness. (B. H.) *See* 식욕.

신ᄀᆞᄐᆞ다 *s.* To slope; to be twisted. *See* 알굿ᄒᆞ다.

신녹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be oblong. *See* 신녹ᄒᆞ다.

신녹신녹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To twitch; to pull. *See* 신녹신녹ᄒᆞ다.

신주경 A kind of spectacles with long oval glasses.

신쑥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 不正 (아닐—*불) (바를—*정) To be sideways; to be askew.

신즘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dislike; to be unwilling.

심 *l.* 泉 (*천) A spring of water.

심돈 *l.* 放文 (노흘—*방) (글—*문) Money received for sales.

심물 *l.* 泉水 (심—*천) (물—*슈) Spring water

심젼 *l.* 放文 (노흘—*방) (글—*문) Money received for sales.

*싱 *s.* 生 (날) I; myself—as used by the literary class in addressing officials *See* 우리. The year of birth. (무슴). Raw; uncooked. *See* 날. Foolish; vain

*싱가 *s.* 生家 (날) (집) One's birth home—in contrast to one's home by adoption.

싱각 *s.* 思 (*ᄉᆞ) Thought; idea; opinion. *See* 뜻.

*싱각 *s.* 生角 (날) (쓸) Horn un oftened by heat. *Opp.* 화각.

싱각ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 思 (싱각 *ᄉᆞ) To think; to meditate; to consider. *See* 착념ᄒᆞ다.

*싱강 *s.* 生薑 (날, (싱강) Green ginger. *Also* 싱양. *Opp.* 건강.

*싱거지방 *s.* 生居之方 (날) (살) 갈) (모) Location; region of occupation.

*싱것 *s.* 生物 (날) (만ᄆᆞᆫ—*물) Raw material—for food; unripe fruit. *See* 날것.

*싱견 *s.* 生絹 (날) (비단) Raw-silk.

*싱계 *s.* 生計 (날) (계교) Occupation; livelihood; means of livelihood. *See* 싱활.

*싱계무칙 *s.* 生計無策 (날) (계교) 업슬) (ᄭᅩ칙 Means of livelihood; plans for a livelihood.

*싱경지폐 *s.* 生梗之弊 (날) (곳셀) (갈) (폐) Political disturbances; trouble. *See* 대싱경.

*싱곡 *s.* 生穀 (날) (곡식) Unripe grain.

*싱군 *s.* 生甲 (날) (군사) A novice; a green hand."

싱글싱글 *s.* Laughing; smiling. *See* 싱글싱글.

*싱금 *s.* 生金 (날) (쇠) Gold as dug from the earth; unrefined gold.

*싱금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 生擒 (날) (사로잡을) To take alive; to capture; to make a prisoner of.

싱굿싱굿 *s.* Smiling; grinning. *See* 싱굿싱굿.

*싱긔 *s.* 生氣 (날) (긔운) Vital force; breath, life. *Opp.* 숙긔.

*싱긔 *s.* 省記 (감ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔록) An official list of names of office holders.

*생긔복덕 s. 生氣福德 (날) (긔운) (복) (덕) Strength, happiness and favor — as found in certain days.

*생긔일 s. 生氣日 (날) (긔운) (날) A day of strength—as discovered by incantation etc.

*생기다 s. 生 (날) 생겨; 긴 To acquire; to appear; to produce; to grow; to accumulate; to be born. *See* 나다.

*생과 s. 生菓 (날) (실과) Unripe fruit.

*생광 s. 生光 (날) (빗) Favor; satisfaction; joy. "Face" *See* 생식.

*생광스럽다 s. 生光 (날) (빗) 러워; 운 To be favorable, to be kind; to be satisfactory; to gain "face."

*생남례 s. 生男禮 (날) (사나희) (례도) The ceremonies on the birth of a son.

*생남ᄒᆞ다 s. 生男 (날) (사나희) To beget a son. *See* 득남ᄒᆞ다.

*생녀ᄒᆞ다 s. 生女 (날) (딸) To beget a daughter. *Opp.* 득남ᄒᆞ다.

*생년 s. 生年 (날) (히) The year of one's birth *See* 연갑.

생면견 s. Indifference, interest in other than the subject in hand. (보다).

*생생 s. 生地 (날) (짜 *디) Newland, uncultivated land.

생당목 s. 生唐木 (날) (당나라) (나무) Unbleached cotton cloth *See* 짓목.

생제쓰다 s. 제써 쓴 To beg or ask impudently; to demand by force.

*생도 s. 生徒 (날) (무리) A student; a scholar; a pupil. *See* 학도.

*생도 s. 生道 (날) (길) The chances of living—of one very sick. Livelihood; business. *See* 생업.

*생도지방 s. 生道之方 (날) (길) (갈) (모) Ways and means of living or getting a livelihood.

*생되다 s. 生 (날) (어) 되 To be raw; to be green. To be unknown to one.

*생동 s. 生銅 (날) (구리) Unrefined copper.

생동생동ᄒᆞ다 s. To be well; to be sound in body. To be clear-headed, to keep one's head—in spite of drink etc.

생동찹쌀 s. 生粘米 (날) (끈) (찹) (쌀) — *염) (찰—*미) Glutinous millet. *See* 찰염미.

*생동이 s. 生동 (날) (무리) We or mine; a self-depreciatory expression.

*생디 s. 生地 (날) (짜) Newland; uncultivated land. *See* 생생.

*생디황 s. 生地黃 (날) (짜) 누루) Uncooked 디황 *Rehmannia glutinosa.* *Opp.* 슉디황.

생릭이 s. A greenhorn; a raw hand.

*생량ᄒᆞ다 s. 生凉 (날) (셔늘) To be cool; to be fresh—as in the autumn season. *See* 셔늘.

*생령 s. 生靈 (날) (신령) The spirit or ghost of a living person. The spirits of one's deceased ancestors.

*생로 s. 生路 (날) (길) A strange road; a path travelled for the first time.

*생록지 s. 生綠紙 (날) (거를) (조희) Unsized or unglazed paper.

*생률 s. 生栗 (날) (밤) Raw chestnuts. *See* 날밤.

*생리 s. 生梨 (날) (비) A variety of cultivated pear.

*생리 s. 生理 (날) (리치) The laws pertaining to life or organism.

*생리별 s. 生離別 (날 *떠날) (리별) A long separation or farewell.

*생리사별 s. 生離死別 (날 *떠날) (죽을) (리별) Saying farewell or dying.

*생리학 s. 生理學 (날 리치) (비흘) The science of physiology.

*생리ᄒᆞ다 s. 生利 (날 리흘) To profit, to pay. *See* 식리ᄒᆞ다.

*생리 s. 生來 날 옴 From birth; from the first of things real quality; essence.

*생리에 s. 生來 (날) (올) While living. *See* 생젼에.

*생마 s. 生馬 (날) (몰) A wild horse.

*생마 s. 生麻 (날) (삼) Raw hemp.

*생먹다 s. 어; 은 To be rude; to be uncivil; to be wild.

*생면 s. 生面 (날) (ᄂᆞᆺ) An unknown face. *See* 초면.

*생면 s. 生綿 (날) (솜) Cotton.

*생면강산 s. 生面江山 (날) (ᄂᆞᆺ) (ᄀᆞᆷ) (뫼) Places seen for the first time.

*생면대칙 s. 生面大責 날 ᄂᆞᆺ) 근) 무지짐) Blaming the wrong person. *See* 무젱지책.

*생면목 s. 生面目 날 ᄂᆞᆺ) 눈) An unknown face. *See* 초면.

*생면부지 s. 生面不知 날) ᄂᆞᆺ 아닐) (알) Unknown by face. *See* 금시초견.

*생명 s. 生命 날 목숨 Life. *See* 목숨.

*생명보험 s. 生命保險 날 목숨 보젼) 김흘) Life insurance.

*성명보험회사 s. 生命保險會社 (날)(목숨)(보전)(험할)(모들)(회사) A life assurance company.

*성명슈 s. 生命水 (날)(목숨)(물) The Water of Life (Bible.)

*성명지산 s. 生命財産 (날)(목숨)(지물)(날) Life and property

*성모 s. 生母 (날)(어미) One's own mother—in contrast to a stepmother. *Opp.* 양부.

*성모시 s. 生苧 (날)(모시—*째) Unbleached grass-cloth.

성목 s. 吐酸 (토할—*도)(실—*산) Bitter eructations from the stomach. *See* 게즈림.

*성목 s. 生木 (날)(나무) Unwashed and unlaundried cotton goods.

*성목숨 s. 生命 (날)(목숨—*명) Life. *See* 성명.

*성문방 s. 生門方 (날)(문)(모) A likely region; a place of safety. *Opp.* 소문방.

*성물 s. 生物 (날)(물건) Fresh things; raw objects. Living things. *See* 풍물.

*성물학 s. 生物學 (날)(만물)(배홀) Biology.

*성민 s. 生民 (날)(박성) The people (M.)

*성미 s. 生鷹 (날)(미 -*응) An untamed falcon.

*성복 s. 生鰒 (날)(전복) Undried *chŏnpok* —the ear shell *Haliotis.*

*성부 s. 生父 (날)(아비) One's own father —in contrast to a foster-father or stepfather. *Opp.* 양부.

*성부모 s. 生父母 (날)(아비)(어미) One's own parents—in contrast to foster-parents. *Opp.* 양부모.

*성불 s. 生佛 (날)(부체) An immortal Buddha; a living Buddha. *See* 활불.

성불여사 s. 生不如死 (날)(아닐)(같을)(죽을) Better be dead; what is not worth the living for. (ᄒᆞ다).

*성산 s. 生産 (날)(낳) Produce.

*성산ᄒᆞ다 s. 生産 (날)(낳) To bear a child.

*성살지권 s. 生殺之權 (날)(죽일)(갈)(권세) The power of life and death. *See* 살활지권.

*성삼팔 s. 生三八 (날)(석)(여돏) A kind of Chinese silk.

*성석회 s. 生石灰 (날)(돌)(숫) Quicklime.

*성선 s. 生鮮 (날)(성션) Fresh fish. *See* 물고기.

성세 s. 生世之樂 (날)(세상)(갈)(즐길) Worldly joy, pleasures of this life.

성소리ᄒᆞ다 s. To lie; to tell what is false.

*성소ᄒᆞ다 s. 生疎 (날) (성글) To be unskilled at; to be strange; to be estranged from. *Opp.* 친숙ᄒᆞ다.

*성쇠 s 生鐵 (날)(쇠 -*털) Raw metal—unsmelted. *See* 성털.

성술 s. The first glasses of drink.

*성슈 s. 生水 (날) (물) Running water. A spring of water.

*성숙 s. 生熟 (날) (닉을) Crudeness and ripeness; condition.

*성시 s. 生時 (날)(때) The hour of one's birth.

*성식 s. 生殖 (날)(부를) Interest; profit. *See* 리.

*성식 s. 生食 (날) (밥) Raw food; uncooked fodder.

*성식긔 s 生殖機 (날)(부를)(틀) Reproductive organ.

*성식포 s. 生殖胞 (날) (부를) (포치) Gonophore.

*성식ᄒᆞ다 s. 生殖 (날) (부를) To reproduce.

*성식ᄒᆞ다 s. 生食 (날) (밥) To feed raw grain to.

*성신 s. 生辰 (날) 때 Birthday. (Respect) *See* 탄일.

*성심 s. 生心 (날) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Intention; thought. Boldly.

*성ᄉᆞ s. 生死 (날) (죽을) Life and death; living and dying; live or die.

*성ᄉᆞ s. 生絲 (날) (실) Raw silk.

*성ᄉᆞ관두 s. 生死關頭 (날) (죽을) (관계) (머리) A matter of life and death.

*성ᄉᆞ당 s. 生祠堂 (날) (ᄉᆞ당) (집) A temple erected in honor of one who is still living.

*성ᄉᆞ문 s. 生死門 (날) (죽을) (문) A gate of life or death.

*성ᄉᆞ유무 s. 生死有無 (날) (죽을) (있슬) (없슬) Whether dead or alive. *See* 흥망성쇠.

*성숨 s. 生蔘 (날) (숨) Green or raw ginseng. *See* 슈삼.

*성식 s. 生色 (날) (빛) Favor; obligation. *See* 성광.

*성식ᄒᆞ다 s. 生色 (날) (빛) To be complemented; to be glorified; to be favored. *See* 성광ᄒᆞ다.

*성성이 s. 猩猩 (ᄎᆞᆨᄂᆞᆨ이) (ᄎᆞᆨᄂᆞᆨ이) An ape with yellow hair and sharp ears that speaks, dresses and drinks spirit.

성성이판 s. A gambling table; a gambling clique.

*성성지리 s. 生生之理 (날) (날) (갈) (리치) The law of birth, the law of life. S. 조선지다.

*성성ᄒᆞ다 s. 生生 (날) (날) To be fresh; to be new; to be well kept.

*성애 s. 生涯 (날) (물가) Occupation; business; profession. *See* 업.

*성애ᄒᆞ다 s. 生涯 (날, (물가) To do; to work at—for a living. *See* 가업ᄒᆞ다.

*성양 s. 生驒 (날) (볏) A post station in P'yong-an-do.

*성양가 s. 生養家 (날 기를) (집) One's real and one's adopted home.

*성양가봉사 s. 生養家奉祀 (날 기를 집) (받들) (제ᄉᆞ) Sacrifice to both one's own and one's adopted father

*성어스장어스ᄒᆞ다 s. 生於斯長於斯 (날) (늘 이) (긴 놀, 이) To be born and brought up.

*성어토귀어토ᄒᆞ다 s. 生於土歸於土 (날) (흙) (돌아갈 흙) To come from the earth and to return to the earth again.

*성업 s. 生業 (날) (업) Occupation; business; calling; trade; profession. *See* 성애.

*성유 s. 生乳 (날) (젓) Raw milk.

*성육 s. 生肉 (날) (고기) Raw meat. *Opp.* 숙육.

*성육 s. 生育 (날) (기를) Rearing or bringing up—as children; growing; growth.

*성육ᄒᆞ다 s. 生育 (날) (기를) To rear; to bring up; to nurture; to produce, to cultivate or grow.

*성의ᄒᆞ다 s. 生意 (날) (뜻) To intend; to design; to form a project.

*성이지지ᄒᆞ다 s. 生而知之 (날 말이ᄋᆞ) (알 갈) To be educated from one's birth up. *See* 학이지지ᄒᆞ다.

성인손 s. A sore finger from which the nail comes off (알터).

*성일 s. 生日 (날) (날) A birthday. *See* 성신.

*성왕방 s. 生旺方 (날) (왕성ᄒᆞᆯ) 모) The region of life and prosperity—in geomancy.

*성원 s. 生員 (날) (성원) A graduate in the second examination for scholarship. *See* 진사. Sir; Mr.

*성원복시 s. 生員覆試 (날) (성원) (엎 ᄒᆞᆯ) (시험) The second examination that is passed before becoming a graduate.

*성원초시 s. 生員初試 (날) (성원) (처음) (시험) A *chosen* graduate of a secondary examination.

*성월 s. 生月 (날) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The birth moon. *See* 성월.

성작이 s. A rent; a tear. A falsehood. A novice; a greenhorn.

성작이의다 s. 여; 뭔 To slander; to speak against. To tear; to rend.

*성장ᄒᆞ다 s. 生葬 (날) (장ᄉᆞ) To bury alive. *See* 산장ᄒᆞ다.

*성자리 s. A new situation; a place free from occupation.

*성자 s. 生者 (날) (놈) Living things.

*성자ᄉᆞ자 s. 生者死者 (날) (놈) (죽을) (놈) Living things and dead things.

*성장ᄒᆞ다 s. 生長 (날) (긴) To grow up; to be born and brought up.

*성저 s. 生苧 (날) (모시) Course yellow grass cloth.

*성전 s. 生前 (날) (앞 Before death, while living. *See* 일성.

*성조경정 s. 生存競爭 (날 있ᄉᆞᆯ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄐᆞᆯ) The struggle for existence.

*성존경정ᄒᆞ다 s. 生存競爭 (날) (있ᄉᆞᆯ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄐᆞᆯ) To struggle for existence.

*성존ᄒᆞ다 s. 生存 (날) (있ᄉᆞᆯ) To live; to be living. (Respect).

*성쥬 s. 生紬 (날) (면쥬) Unbleached silk.

성죡 s. An unpractised shoulder—in drawing the long bow.

성진안 s. 生絹安 (날 깁ᄃᆞᆫ) (편안) Thin silk gauze—as made in China

*성질 s. 甥姪 (생질) 조ᄒᆞ ᄉᆞ sister's son —a nephew (of a brother).

*성질녀 s. 甥姪女 (생질) (조ᄒᆞ) (계집) A sister's daughter—a niece (of a brother).

성질부 s. 甥姪婦 (생질 조ᄒᆞ) (며ᄂᆞ리) Wife of a sister's son.

*성질서 s. 甥姪壻 (생질 조ᄒᆞ ᄉᆞ이) Husband of a niece by a sister

*성지 s. 生材 (날 지목 Raw materials—as for building.

*성지 s. 昏迷 (혼미) (지양) Sinning ignorantly; a sin through ignorance. (B. H.)

*성지지방 s. 生財之方 (날) (지물) (갈) (모) Means for life and livelihood

*성지하다 s. 生財 (날) (지물) To acquire goods and fortune. *See* 성리하다.

*성창 s. 生昌 (날) (창셩) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*성초 s. 生綃 (날) (비단) A kind of unbleached silk.

*성출하다 s. 生出 (날) (날) To be produced spontaneously; to grow of its own accord.

*성칠 s. 生漆 (날) (옷칠) Raw lacquer.

*성청 s. 生淸 (날) (몰올) Honey. *See* 꿀.

*성치 s. 生雉 (날) (쒕) A dead pheasant.

*성치 s. 萵 (*와) Lettuce.

*성치 s. 生菜 (날) (나물) Raw vegetables.

*성탈 s. 生頉 (날) (탈) Excuses. Misfortunes.

*성텬 s. 生鐵 (날) (쇠) Unwrought iron. Native metal. *See* 성쇠.

성파리 s. A fly—a rude person; an impolite fellow. (又치)

*성판 s. 生板 (날) (판지) Without reason; foolishly; unwittingly. *See* 진물.

*성포 s. 生布 (날) (뵈) Unbleached cotton or hemp cloth.

*성핀잔주다 s. 生貧盞 (날) (쑤시길—*최) (부랄—*알) 어; 준 To scold wrongly; to reprimand unjustly.

*성항라 s. 生亢羅 (날) (돕올) (비단) Unbleached silk gauze.

*성혈 s. 生血 (날) (피) Warm blood.

*성호령하다 s. 生號令 (날) (일홈) (호여흠) To reprimand wrongfully, to scold unjustly. *See* 강호령하다.

*성혼 s. 生魂 (날) (혼) Life.

*성하다 s. 生 (날) To revive; to return to life or prosperity; to remove as the shadow of an eclipse.

*성활 s. 生活 (날) (살) Occupation; livelihood. *See* 성애.

*성활력 s. 生活力 (날) (살) (힘) Power of maintaining life; vitality.

*성활상 s. 生活上 (날) (살) (우) To make a living.

*성활하다 s. 生活 (날) (살) To live; to subsist; to be alive. *See* 성업하다.

*성황 s. 笙簧 피리) (피리) A reed instrument or pipe.

솨솨 *l.* Hissing—of steam; bursting through—of water.

솰솰 *l.* Bubbling; the sound of water poured from a bottle. *See* 솔솔.

*쇄골 *l.* 鎖骨 (좀올쇠) (뼈) The clavicle.

*쇄락하다 *l.* 灑落 (쇄릴) (떠러질) To be clean and bright; to be fresh.

쇄문도주하다 *l.* 鎖門逃走 (좀올쇠) (문) (도망) (다라날) To lock the gates and run away. *See* 잡아도주하다.

*쇄소하다 *l.* 灑掃 (쇄질) (쓸) To sprinkle and sweep up a room.

*쇄항하다 *l.* 鎖港 (좀올쇠) (항구) To close a port, etc.

*쇄폐하다 s. 鎖閉 (좀올쇠) (닷을) To shut; to close.

쇄액 s. and *l.* A call accompanied by the throwing of beans—said to drive off malignant spirits.

쇄쇄 s. The sound of a falling stone or of something thrown.

ㅇ

ㅇ The ninth of the primary consonants, silent when an initial and sounded as "ng" where a final.

아 *l.* Ah! oh! marking surprise etc. *See* 아야.

아까 s. 俄 (*아) Just now; a moment ago.

아가리 s. 口 (입—*구) The snout; the muzzle; the mouth. A nozzle; an an opening. *See* 입.

*아가사창 *l.* 我歌査唱 (나) (노래) (사돈) (부를) Singing my song—undertaking to talk to me when I should remonstrate with you.

아가위 s. 棠 (*당) Various species of pyrus; the hawthorn.

*아감 s. 阿甘 (언덕) (돌) A post station in P'yong-an-to Lat. 40.37 Long. 125.34.

아감이 s. 鰓 (*시) The red inner gills—of a fish. *See* 아감지.

아감지 s. 鰓脂 (아감어—*시) (젓—*히) Pickled fish gills.

아감지 s. 鰓 (아감이—*시) Fish gills. 아감이.

*아감창 s. 牙疳瘡 (어금니) (감창) (헌데) A disease of the gums and cheeks.

*아결ᄒᆞ다 s. 雅潔 (몸을) 몸을) To be nice: to be pleasing; to be agreeable.

*아골 s. 牙骨 (어금니) (뼈) The lower jawbone.

*아교 s 阿膠 (언덕) (아교) Glue made from ox-hide; strong glue.

*아교쥬 s. 阿膠珠 (언덕) (아교) (구슬) A kind of medicine made from 아교.

*아구창 s. 牙口瘡 (어금니) (입 (헌데) A disease of the corners of the mouth. (먹다).

*아국 l. 我國 (나) (나라) Our country.

*아국 s. 俄國 (아라) (나라) Russia.

아귀 s. A crotch; a fork. (트다). An inner angle or corner. Strength. (찌다) (세다) (부르다). *See* 악쥐.

*아귀 l. 餓鬼 (주릴) (귀신) The spirit of one who has died of starvation.

아귀 / 惡鬼 (모질 *악) (귀신—*귀) A wicked spirit held in great awe.

아귀부르다 s. 물너; 부튼 To be weak—as a spring; to be soft.

아귀세다 s. 여; 센 To be strong; to be hard. To be headstrong.

아귀아귀 s. Greedily—in eating. (Dim.) *See* 어귀어귀.

아귀차다 s. 차; 찬 To be strong; to be firm; to be strong-minded. *See* 아귀세다.

아귀항이 s. A crotch; a fork. A meeting point. A gore in the side of a garment.

아궁 s. 灶口 (아궁지—*조) (입—*구) A kitchen fireplace.

*아궁분형 l. 我躬不暇 (나 (몸) (아닐) 지날) A case where one cannot provide for oneself—then how help others?

아궁이 s. 灶口 (아궁지—*조) (입—*구) A kitchen fireplace; a fireplace—below the floor. *See* 아궁지.

아궁지 s. 灶口 (아궁지—*조) (입—*구) A kitchen fireplace; a fireplace—below the floor. *See* 아궁이.

아금니 s. 牙 (*아) The molar teeth. *See* 어금니.

아굿아굿ᄒᆞ다 s. To be uneven—as teeth or a row of points; to be jagged. *See* 아츳아츳ᄒᆞ다.

아굿ᄒᆞ다 s. To be almost alike; to be about the same.

아긔자긔ᄒᆞ다 s. To be delightful; to be pleasing.

아긔죵아긔죵ᄒᆞ다 s. To walk wide; to wabble from side to side.

*아기 s. 兒只 (언덕) (다못—*지) A little boy or girl; a baby. (Respect). *See* 우희.

*아기씨 s. 阿只氏 (언덕) (다못—*지) (각씨—*시) A young girl; a maiden.

*아긱 s. 雅客 (몸을) (손) An elegant guest; a person of refinement.

*아긱 l. 衙客 (아문) (손) Favorites or intimates of a country magistrate.

*아관 l. 亞官 (버금) (벼슬) An official deputy; one who takes office *ad interim*. *See* 화슈; 합장.

*아관 s. 俄館 (아라) (집사 The Russian Legation. *See* 아공관.

*아나 s. 猗儺 (부드러울 부드러울 Pliant twigs; soft branches. (B. O.)

아나나뵈야 l. A call—to a cat.

*아노 s. (—로) 衙奴 (아문) (종) Official slaves—who attend a magistrate on his way to his station. *See* 아역.

아늑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be cosy; to be neat; to be sheltered.

아니 l. s. 不 (아닐—*불) No; not—marking unwillingness.

아니쌍다 s. 齷齪; 은 To be nauseating; to be sickening; to be disgusting. To feel sickness or nausea.

아닐다 l. s. To be not so. No! (Low).

아다 / 知 알 *지 알아 안 To know; to understand. *Also* 알다

*아단 s. 阿丹 (언덕 몸을) Idem

*아담 s. 雅談 (몸을) (말숨) An elegant discourse refined conversation.

*아담스럽다 s. 雅淡 몸을) (몸을) 러워; 운 To be elegant; to be refined

*아담ᄒᆞ다 s. 雅淡 (몸을) (몸을) To be refined; to be cultured; to be accomplished. *See* 젹엇ᄒᆞ다

*아당 s. 阿黨 (언덕) (무리) A crowd; a company; a band.

아당스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be praiseworthy, to be beautiful. *See* 아름답다.

아당ᄒᆞ다 s. 諛 (아첨홀—*유) To praise; to flatter; to cajole. *See* 아첨ᄒᆞ다.

*아뎡 l. 我廷 (나) (조뎡) Our government.

*아도ᄒᆞ다 l. 餓殍 (주릴) (것구러질) To fall down from hunger.

아둔ᄒᆞ다 l. 闇純 (어두울—*암) (둔홀—*둔) To be stupid, to be stupid. *See* 어둔ᄒᆞ다.

아드득아드득 s. Crunching—rubbing. *See* 싸득득싸득득; 아지직아지직.

아득아득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 흡흡 (아득ᄒᆞᆯ—*코) (아득ᄒᆞᆯ—*료) To be dizzy; to be vague; to be uncertain. *See* 왓질ᄒᆞ다.

아득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 杳然 (아득ᄒᆞᆯ—*료) (그럴—*연) To be dizzy; to be vague.

*아둥 *l.* 我等 (나) (무리) We.

아듸줄 *s.* The rope which stretches the sail.

아둥거리다 *s.* 거러 ; 린 To be over twisted of a string. To quarrel; to be at variance.

아ᄃᆞᆯ *s.* 子 (*조) A son. *See* 조석. *Opp.* 쌀.

*아라비아수즈 *s.* 亞剌比亞數字 (버금) (수라) (견줄) (버금) (두어) (글조) Arabic notation.

*아라ᄉᆞ *s.* 俄羅斯 (아라) (발) (이) Russia. *See* 아국 ; 도국.

아래 *s.* 下 (*하) Below; beneath. *See* 밋쳐. The lower part. *See* 하. *Opp.* 우.

아레더 *s.* (—레) The lower part; the lowest place. *See* 우덕.

아래턱 *s.* 頷 (턱 —*합) The lower part of the chin. The lower part of a door or window. *Opp.* 초턱.

아ᄆᆡ디사ᄅᆞᆷ *s.* A man of East Seoul. *Opp.* 우디사ᄅᆞᆷ. *See* 도감족속.

아랑쥬 *s.* A coarse spirit drink. (Low).

아랑주 *s.* 亞紬 (아루릐—*반) (깁—*쥬) Cloth, composed of silk and cotton. *See* 반쥬.

*아랑포 *s.* 阿郎浦 (언역) (사나희) (개) A naval station in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.02. Long. 125.17.

*아레 *s.* (—예) 衙隷 (아문) (하예) *Yamen* slaves. *See* 아역.

아로롱아로롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 班 (아루럭—*반) To be variegated; to be mottled. *See* 아롱아롱ᄒᆞ다.

아로샥이다 *s.* 雕 (아로샥일—*료) 샥여 ; 인 To carve; to cut. *See* 각ᄒᆞ다.

아롱아롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 班 (아루럭—*반) To be variegated; to be mottled; to be mixed. *See* 알녹알녹ᄒᆞ다

*아륜 *s.* 牙輪 (어금니) (박회) Cogs; a cog-wheel. An ivory or bone wheel.

*아류산 *s.* 亞硫酸 (버금) (류황) (실) Acidum sulphurosum.

*아류산ᄀᆞᄉᆞ *s.* 亞硫酸 (버금) (류황) (실) . ... Sulphurous Acid Gas.

*아류산쏘듸엄 *s.* 亞硫酸 . (버금) (류황) (실) . .. Sodii Sulphis.

아르릉거리다 *s.* 거러 ; 린 To growl; to snarl. *See* 을으렁거리다.

아르릉아르릉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To snarl; to growl. *See* 아르릉거리다

아르르ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be acrid. To be sore. *See* 알커근ᄒᆞ다.

아르롱아르롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To grumble; to growl; to quarrel. *See* 아르렁아르렁ᄒᆞ다.

아르숭아르숭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To doubt; to be indistinct.

아른거리다 *s.* 거러 ; 린 To pretend admiration for; to flatter. To waver; to shimmer. *See* 아른아른ᄒᆞ다.

아른것 *s.* (—굿) Interest; what concerns.

아른아른ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fair spoken; to flatter. To shimmer; to be indistinct. *See* 알진거리다.

아른에ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To meddle; to interfere. To recognize.

아름 *s.* (—름) Chestnuts that have escaped from the outer shell. (줍다). Whatever escapes from its outer shell.

아ᄅᆞᆷ *s.* (—ᄅᆞᆷ) 抱 (안을—*포) An armful. (짝다). *See* 아ᄅᆞᆷ드리.

아ᄅᆞᆷ답다 *s.* 美 (아ᄅᆞᆷ다올—*이) 다와 ; 온 To be beautiful; to be admirable; to be fine; to be delicious. *See* 아ᄃᆡ답다.

아ᄅᆞᆷ드리 *s.* An armful—in size. *See* 아ᄅᆞᆷ.

아ᄅᆞᆷ아ᄅᆞᆷᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hesitate; to doubt; to not know exactly. To be indistinct. *See* 아르숭아르숭ᄒᆞ다.

아ᄅᆞᆷ아리 *s.* An acquaintance; knowledge; intimacy. *See* 면분.

아ᄅᆞᆷ차다 *s.* 차 ; 찬 To be an armful; to be beyond one's powers.

아ᄅᆞᆷ치 *s.* Special money; personal possessions—in contrast to a general fund for the house.

아리다 *s.* 러 ; 린 To be acrid; to be slightly peppery. To be painful; to be sore. To be angry.

아리새 *s.* 倉庚 (창고—*창) (벌—*경) The oriole.

아리쇠 *s.* A tripod dish to place over the fire.

아리수ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To play false; to make a pretense.

아리잠직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be quiet; to be stupid; to be stolid.

,아리키다 *s.* 리겨, 킈 To make known; to explain.

아릿답다 *s.* 雖 (아릿다울 *고) 와, 온 To be beautiful. *See* 곱다. To be admirable; to be fine, to be delicious.

아릿아릿ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dizzy; to act with difficulty; to be stupid. *See* 알연ᄒᆞ다.

*아마 *s.* 亞麻 (버금) (삼) Flax.

아마 *l.* Perhaps; probably. *See* 응당.

아마도 *l.* Perhaps; probably.

아마위 *s* A military cape.

아모 *l.* 某 (*오) Such; any

아모러커나 *l.* In any way; as you choose. *See* 아모리쇼겡.

아모러케 *l.* In any way; as you choose. *See* 아모러커나.

아모러만 *l.* Certainly. *See* 암.

아모럼 *l.* Certainly; of course. *See* 아모러만.

아모리 *l.* 雖然 (비록—*수) (그럴—*연) However much; however great. *See* 비록.

아모리쇼겡 *l.* Any way at all; as one chooses; blindly.

아모커나 *l.* In any way; any way at all. *See* 아모러커나.

아모됴록 *l.* 某條 (아모—*모) (가지—*됴) By all means; without fail.

*아문 *s.* 衙門 (아문) (문) A *yamen*; an official residence of a mandarin.

아물거리다 *s.* 거릭; 린 To answer back; to reply in an impudent way. *Also* 아물아물ᄒᆞ다. To close up; to shut up. (v. t.)

아물다 *s.* 들어; 른 To head up—of a boil. *See* 합창ᄒᆞ다. To join together.

아물아물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dim; to be indistinct. To swarm. *Also* 아물거리다

*아미 *s.* 蛾眉 (나뷔 (눈섭) A woman's eyebrows. *See* 눈섭.

*아메리가 *s.* 亞美利駕 (버금) (아름다울 (리홀) (덕홀) America.

*아메리가쥬 *s.* 亞美利加洲 (버금) (아름다울) (리홀) (덕홀) (물가) The American continent

*아메리젼 *s.* 亞美利駕 버금 (아름다울 (리홀) 군울) An American.

*아미나붓 *s.* 阿彌陀佛 (언덕 ᄌᆞ독홀) (언덕) (무ᄉᆞ) The favorite Buddha of the Koreans.—The repetition of this name is supposed to charm away disease, and act as a safeguard at all times.

아바님 *s.* 父主 (아비—*부) (님—*쥬) Father. (Hon.) *See* 아바지.

아바지 *s.* 父 (아비—*부) Father. (the common form—Hon.) 아범; 아비. Low, 아버니 a form in common use

*아방 *s.* 亞房 (버금) (방) A second room; the next lower room.

*아방 *l.* 我邦 (나) (나라) Our country.

*아방궁 *s.* 阿房宮 (언덕 방 집) A vast palace built by 진시황뎨. B.C. 212.

아버지 *s.* 父 (아비—*부) Father. (Hon.) *See* 아비. *Also* 아바지.

아범 *s.* 父 (아비—*부) Father. (Low). *See* 힌랑아범; 물아범.

*아병군 *s.* 牙兵軍 (어금니) (군소) (군소) The lowest rank of soldiers—those in the front.

*아편 *s.* 阿片 (언덕 ᄌᆞᆺ) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The poppy. *See* 양귀ᄇᆡ ᄭᅩᆺ

아푸아르도이성말 *s.* 衙門 (지울) (헤아릴) Avoirdupois weight.

아쁠ᄉᆞ *s.* Ah! oh! what a pity! *See* 악화

*아비 *l.* 衙牌 (아문) (픈) A *yamen* personal slave who accompanies the master. *Opp.* 판비.

아비 *s.* 父 (*부) Father. (Low). *See* 어루신ᄂᆡ

*아비리가 *s.* 阿非利駕 (언덕) (아닐) (리홀) (덕) Africa.

*아비산 *s.* 亞砒酸 (버금) (비상) (실) Acidum Arseniosum.

*아비산동 *s.* 亞砒酸銅 버금 비상 실 (구리) Cupri Ardenis.

*아비산조락시엄뎍 *s.* 亞砒酸 酸 (버금 비상 실 (ᄌᆞᆫ) L. pour l'Iasen Arsenicus

아삭아삭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To crunch; to break under the teeth. *See* 앗삭앗삭ᄒᆞ다.

*아산 *s.* 岡山 (언덕) (뫼) A fort on Tumen River. Lat. 42.31. Long. 130.18.

*아산 *s.* 牙山 (어금니 뫼) A province in Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.40. Long. 126.59.

아살피다 *s.* 희어. 픈 To be poor; to be badly done. to be feeble. *See* 아스푹ᄒᆞ다.

아셔라 *s.* Stop! Quit!—(imperative of 앗다). *See* 그만두어라.

*아세아 *s.* 亞細亞 (버금) (가늘) (버금) Asia.

*아세아대륙 *s.* 亞細亞大陸 버금 가늘 (버금) (륙) (뭍) The continent of Asia.

*아성 *s.* 亞聖 (버금) (성인) A second rate sage—as *Mencius, An-ja, Cheung-ja, Cha-sa.* *Opp.* 대성.

*아설 *s.* 牙舌 (어금니) (소리) A "tooth" sound—a dental.

*아속 *s.* 衙屬 (아문) (붓칠) *Yamen* servants, writers, runners etc. *See* 관속.

*아속 *s.* 雅俗 (몸을) (풍속) Refinement and vulgarity; elegance and clumsiness; what is stylish and what is common.

아수ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be too little; to be insufficient; to regard as lacking. (Prov.) *See* 아쉬ᄒᆞ다.

아쉴다 *s.* 수쉬; 운 To be lacking; to be in need of; to require.

*아쉬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be lacking. To be mean

아스ᄅᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short; to be lacking. To be unenlightened; to be stupid. *See* 아수ᄒᆞ다. 어슈ᄅᆞᆨᄒᆞ다.

아슈아슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pointed; to be barbed; to be jagged. *See* 아ᄎᆞ아ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

아슴 *s.* Nine years old—of animals.

*아씨 *l* 阿氏 (언덕) (각씨—*시) "Young mistress"—a name by which servants designate the wife of their master. *See* 아기씨.

아시에 *l.* At the beginning. *Also* 애시에

*아ᄉᆞ *l.* 餓死 (주릴) (죽을) Starvation; death from starvation.

*아ᄉᆞ지경 *l* 餓死之境 (주릴) (죽을) (갈) (디경) A state of death and starvation.

*아ᄉᆞ라 *s.* 俄斯羅 아ᄉᆞ) (이) (벌) Russia. (Prov.) *See* 아라ᄉᆞ

*아ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 餓死 (주릴) (죽을) To die of hunger; to be starved to death.

아아 *s.* Oh! marking surprise, fear, pain etc. *See* 애고.

아압 *s* 額押 (니마—*윅) (구리울 -*얼) A fur cap worn by women. (쓰다). *See* 아엽.

*아양스럽다 *s.* 阿揚 (아당할) (모양) 러워; 운 To be pretty; to look nice; to be beautiful. *See* 아당스럽다.

*아어 *s.* 俄語 (아ᄉᆞ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Russian; the Russian language.

*아역 *s.* 衙役 (아문) (역ᄉᆞ) *Yamen* runners; official servants; underlings. *See* 아속; 아ᄉᆞ.

*아연 *s.* 鴉煙 (가마귀) (연긔) Opium. *See* 아편연.

*아연 *s.* 俄然 (악가) (그럴) Suddenly; in a moment; without warning.

*아연 *s* 亞鉛 (버금) (납) Zinc.

*아염유ㄴ *s.* 亞鉛油膏 (버금) (납) (기름) (기름) Unguentum zinci.

*아염화슈은 *s.* 亞鹽化水銀 (버금) (소금) (될 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄉᆞᆫ) lly ırargyri subchloridum; subchloride of mercury. Calomel.

*아염화슈은유ㄴ *s.* 亞鹽化水銀油膏 (버금) (소금) (될) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (기름) Unguentum Hydrorgyri Subchloridi.

아예 *l.* From the first. Entirely, altogether. *See* 아ᄋᆞ.

아오 *s.* (—우) 弟 (*예) Younger brother; younger sister—used only between or in reference to persons of the same sex. *See* 동싱. (ᄌᆞ다) (보다).

아오ᄃᆞ다 *s.* ᄃᆞ; ᄃᆞᆫ To suffer as a nursing child from the effects of the mother being pregnant.

아오르다 *s.* 幷 (아오를—*병) 올너; 오ᄅᆞᆫ To unite; to join together; to annex. *See* 병ᄒᆞ다.

아오보다 *s.* 보아; 본 To have a younger brother born to one; "nose out of joint."

*아오지 *s.* 阿吾地 (언덕) (나) (못) A fort in Ham-gyeng do. Lat. 42.19. Long. 130.19.

아욱 *s.* (—욱) 葵 (*규) Marsh mallow. *Malva verticillata.*

아욱장아지 *s.* Marsh mallow soaked in soy. An uninteresting character.

*아유화창연 *s.* 亞次化蒼鉛 (버금) (기름질) (흴) (푸를) (납) Bismuth Subiodide.

아울나 *s.* 並 (아오를—*병) And; besides, in addition to *See* 아오르다.

아웃 *s.* 半斗 (절반—*반) (말—*두) Half a dry measure, 815 of a gallon or 5 catties. 말아웃 A measure and a half —15 catties.

아우룩아우룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 不平 (아닐—*불) (맹ᄒᆞᆯ—*평) To be jagged; to be peaked; to be lumpy.

*아우석 *s.* 鴉羽色 (가마귀) (ᄀᆡ) (ᄇᆡ) Greenish black colour, like that of the wings of a crow.

*아위 *s.* 阿魏 (언덕) (나라) Assafoetida.

*아유ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 阿諛 (아당ᄒᆞᆯ) (아당ᄒᆞᆯ) To flatter, wheedle, cajole; to curry favour with.

아이 *l.* From the first; at once; altogether. *See* 아예.

*아의 *l.* 我意 (나) (ᄲᅳᆺ) One's own opinion; selfishness; selfwill; obstinacy.

*아이 s. 阿耳 (언덕) (귀) A fort in P'yŏng-an-do.

아이다 l. 빼앗 (아일—*차) 여; 빈 To be robbed; to be despoiled; to be outdone. *See* 빼앗다.

아이오도폼유제 s. ..... 乳劑 ... ... (젖) (약지을) Iodoform emulsion.

아이오도폼좌제 s. ..... 坐劑 ..... (아질) (약지을) Iodoform suppository.

*아인 s. 俄人 (아까) (사롬) A Russian.

아ᄒᆞ s. 弟 (이오—*예) Younger brother; younger sister—used only between or in reference to persons of the same sex. (Comp.) *Also* 아오.

아작아작 s. Grating; gritting—the teeth.

*아장 l. 亞將 (버금 (장슈, A subordinate officer. *See* 부장.

아장아장 s. 꼬장 (닉숩—*슈) (거름 —*보) Step by step—as a child learning to walk. *See* 왓치걸앗치걸.

아젼 s. 衙 (*리) An official's writer; a clerk; a *yamen* secretary. *See* 셔리.

*아졍ᄒᆞ다 s. 雅樹 (몸을) (졍일) To be elegant; to be refined; to be cultured. *See* 고졍ᄒᆞ다.

아조 s. (—주) Altogether; entirely; completely. *See* 죄ᄇᆞ.

*아졸 s. 雅拙 (몸을) (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) A spick and span literati—of no special use or service.

*아조 l. 我朝 (나) (조명) The present dynasty.

아주먹이 s. White clean rice. *See* 상미. What is taken without being paid for.

*아쥬 s. 牙州 (어금니) (고을) A naval station on Ko-je island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.54. Long. 128.42.

아쥬까리 s. 皮麻子 가ᄌᆞ—*마) (삼—*마) 아ᄃᆞᆯ *ᄌᆞ) The castor bean. *See* 피마주.

*아즁 s. 衙中 (아문) (가온ᄃᆡ) A *yamen*; the inside of an official building.

아즁간ᄒᆞ다 s. To be lacking; to be short, to be defective; to be objectionable—in character. *See* 어즁간ᄒᆞ다.

아지랑이 s. 遊絲 놀—*유) (실 —*소) Gossamer webs. (셔이다). *See* 유ᄉᆞ.

아지 못게라 l. 未知 (못ᄒᆞᆯ *ᄆᆡ) (알—*지) I know not—an introductory word.

아지지아지직 s. Grating; creaking.

아직 s. 尙 (*고) Yet; up to this time. *See* 아직것.

아직것 s. Up to the present time. *See* 엿태.

*아진산 s. 阿珍山 (언덕) (보비) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.49. Long. 128.16.

아질아질ᄒᆞ다 s. 眩暈 (현긔—*현) (그릴 —*현) To be dizzy; to be giddy, to be uncertain. *See* 엿득엿득ᄒᆞ다.

*아즈메 s. 衙子弟 (아군) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (아오) A name by which underlings or the people designate an official's son.

아즈머니 s. 嬸 (아지미—*수) A name given by sons or their wives to the wives of those of the father's generation who have the same clan character. A sister-in-law. (Hon.) *See* 아주미.

아즈미 s. 嬸 (아지미—*수) A lower form for 아즈머니.

아즈머니 s. An honorific form for 아지. *See* 아즈비.

아즈비 s. 叔 (*슉) A low form for 아지버니.

아즈씨 s. 叔父 (아즈비 *슉) (아비—*부) An honorific form of 아즈.

아지 s. (—째) 叔 (아즈비—*슉) A name given by sons or their wives to those of the father's generation who have the same clan character—uncle etc. A name given by wives to those of the husband's generation who have the same clan character. *See* 아즈비.

*아차산 s. 峩嵯山 (놉흘) (놉흘) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-sang-do Lat. 37.35 Long. 127. 22

아처롭다 s. 可憐 (아쳔ᄒᆞᆯ *렴) To be pitiful; to be sad to see. *See* 불상ᄒᆞ다.

아쳔ᄒᆞ다 s. 諂 (아쳔ᄒᆞᆯ *쳠) To praise; to flatter; to cajole. *See* 알낭알낭ᄒᆞ다.

*아쳥 s. 鴉青 (가마귀) (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) Dark blue color. (드리다). *See* 야쳥

*아초산 s. 亞硝酸 (버금) (염쵸 —ᄉᆞᆯ) Acidum Nitrosum.

*아초산너처졍 s. 亞硝酸 ... .. 精 (버금) (염쵸) (ᄉᆞᆯ 정긔 Spiritus Etheris Nitrosi.

*아초산소듸염 s. 亞硝酸 . (버금) (염쵸) (ᄉᆞᆯ) . Sodii Nitris.

*아초산아밀 s. 亞硝酸 ... 버금) 염쵸) (ᄉᆞᆯ .. Amyl Nitris.

*아초산에ᄐᆞᆯ s. 亞硝酸 ..... (버금) (염쵸) ᄉᆞᆯ) Spiritus Etheris Nitrosi.

*아초산이텔 s. 亞硝酸(버금)(염초)(실)...Ethyl Nitris.

*아초산창연 s. 亞硝酸蒼鉛(버금)(염초)(실)(푸를)(납) Bismuth Subnitrate.

*아취 s. 雅趣 (바를) (지취) Elegance; refinement; style.

*아치 s. 雅致 (바를) (일입) Beautiful views; fine landscapes.

아칫아칫ᄒᆞ다 a. To be jagged; to be irregular. *See* 아숙아숙ᄒᆞ다.

아츰 s. 朝 (조) 朝 (*조) Morning. Breakfast. (먹다). *Opp.* 저녁. *See* 오젼.

아츰밥 s. (—조) 早飯 (일을 *조)(밥—*반) Breakfast. *See* 조반.

*아연산창연 s. 亞硝酸蒼鉛 (버금) (숫) (실) (푸를) (납) Bismuthi Subcarbonas.

*아레조 l. 我太祖 (나) (클) (할아비) The Founder of the present dynasty. *See* 고황뎨.

*아파 s 阿波 (언덕) (물결) Kagawa in Japan.

*아편 s. 鴉片 (가마귀) (조각) Opium. *See* 아편연, 양편.

*아편아모니엄팅크 s. 鴉片 (가마귀) (조각) .. .. (장뎡) (넷) Tinctura opii.

*아편연 s. 鴉片烟 (가마귀) (조각) (연긔) Opium. *See* 아편. 아편연.

*아표 l 餓莩 (주릴) (죽을) A dead body—from starvation. (M.)

아하 l. Ah! ha!—marking surprise etc.

*아한셩 s. 阿限城 (언덕) (한명) (재) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do Lat. 36. 44. Long. 127. 09.

*아헌 s. 亞獻 (버금) (드릴) The second glass offered in sacrificial ceremony.

*아헌관 s 亞獻官 (버금) (드릴) (벼슬) The officer in charge of the second glass at official sacrifices.

*아흑ᄒᆞ다 s. 訝惑 (의심홀) (혹홀) To misunderstand; to doubt; to be suspicious of. *See* 의아ᄒᆞ다.

아홉 s. 九 (*구) Nine. *See* 구.

아흐레 s. 九日 (아홉—*구) (날—*일) The 9th, 19th or 29th of the moon; nine days.

아흐렛날 s. 九日 (아홉—*구) (날—*일) The ninth, nineteenth or twenty ninth day—of the month.

아흔 s. 九十 (아홉—*구) (열—*십) Ninety.

*아화 s. 阿火 (언덕) (불) A post station in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*악 s. 樂 (풍유) Music (especially that consisting of drums, fifes, etc.)

*악 s. 惡 (모질) Wickedness; evil; perversity. *Opp.* 선

*악감정 s. 惡感情 (사오나올) (늣길) (뜻) A fierce desire for revenge. *See* 감정.

*악공 s. 樂工 (풍뉴) (장인) Musician to the King; official musicians. *See* 악공.

*악구 s. 惡口 (모질) (입) Scurrilous or insulting language.

*악귀 s. 惡鬼 (모질) (귀신) An evil spirit; a demon.

*악긔 s. 惡氣 (모질) (긔운) Miasma.

*악긔 s. 樂器 (풍뉴) (그릇) Musical instruments.

*악긔고 s. 樂器庫 (풍뉴) (그릇) (고집) A storehouse for musical instruments.

*악판 s. 樂官 (풍뉴) (벼슬) An officer in charge of government musical instruments.

*악녀 s. 惡女 (모질) (계집) A bad woman; a virago; a wench.

*악념 s. 惡念 (모질) (념각) Wicked thoughts, an evil mind.

악다구니ᄒᆞ다 s. To abuse, to scold; to tongue-lash. *See* 악다귀ᄒᆞ다.

악다귀ᄒᆞ다 s. To use abusive language; to tongue-lash. *See* 악다구니ᄒᆞ다.

*악담 s. 惡談 (모질) (말숨) A curse; a malediction; an abuse. *See* 악셜.

*악담ᄒᆞ다 s. 惡談 (모질) (말숨) To curse; to abuse. *See* 앙에ᄒᆞ다.

*악당 s. 惡黨 (모질) (무리) A band of bad men.

*악도 s. 惡徒 (모질) (무리) A rabble; a mob; a low crowd *See* 악돌이.

*악독ᄒᆞ다 s. 惡毒 (모질) (독홀) To be cruel; to be hard; to be desperate. *See* 악ᄒᆞ다.

*악돌이 s. 惡徒 (모질) (무리—*도) A wicked fellow; a scamp. *See* 악도.

악독악독ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pitted—from small pox *See* 악악악악ᄒᆞ다.

*악디 s. 樂隊 (풍뉴) (떼) A band of music.

악령 s. 惡靈 (모질) (신령) The malicious and avenging spirit of a deceased person or animal.

*악마 s. 惡魔 (모질) 귀신) A demon; a devil; an evil spirit.

*악명 s. 惡名 (모질) (일홈) A bad name; a disgraceful name or reputation.

악명듯다 s. 드러; 흔 To get a bad name; to be wrongly slandered.

*악모 s. 握毛 (모질) (털억) Straggling hairs—of a brush pen.

*악모 s. 岳母 (외부리) (어미) Mother-in-law—of the husband. *See* 빙모.

*악몽 s. 惡夢 모길 (꿈) A bad dream; a night-mare. *See* 흉몽.

*악물 s. 惡物 (모질) (만물) An abandoned wretch. *See* 독물.

악물다 s. 어; 문 To shut the teeth tightly; to gnash on; to hold spite.

*악미 s. 惡米 (모질) (쌀) Red rice—of an inferior quality.

악바리 s. A plucky or fierce youngster; a bad character. *See* 악보.

악박악박ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pitted—from smallpox. *See* 악독악독ᄒᆞ다.

*악병 s. 惡病 (모질) (병들) A maligant or contagious disease.

*악보 s. 樂譜 (풍류) (족보) A musical book; musical notes.

*악보 s. 惡甫 (모질) (놈) A bad character; a wicked fellow. *See* 악물; 악바리.

*악보 s. 惡報 (모질) (갑흠) Evil tidings; news of death etc.

*악보찬송가 s. 樂譜讚頌歌 (풍류) (족보) (가릴) (기릴) (노래) A book of music.

*악부 s. 岳父 (외부리) (아비) A father-in-law—of the husband. *See* 악장; 장인.

*악비 s. 岳飛 외부리 (놈) A.D. 1103-1141. A great general of the Song kingdom, China.

*악산 s. 惡山 (모질) (외) A craggy mountain.

*악심ᄒᆞ다 s. 惡心 모질 (심사, T) harbour evil thought.

*악서 s. 惡書 (모질) (글) Bad hand writing.

*악설 s. 惡說 (모질) 말숨, Insults; slander; backbiting. *See* 악담

*악성 s. 惡聲 (모질) 소리, An evil sound —insults; abuse

*악성 s. 惡性 모질 (성품) Ill nature, bad quality

*악성자 s. 惡性者 모질 성품 놈 An ill-natured man; a person of bad disposition.

*악소년 s. 惡少年 (모질) (젊을) (히) An abandoned youth; a vicious youngster.

*악속 s. 惡俗 모질 풍속 Bad practices or manners; evil habits or customs.

*악수 s. 惡獸 (모질) (즘성) A harmful animal

*악수 s. 握手 잡을 손 To hold the hands—of a corpse.

*악수상봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 握手相逢 (잡을) 손 (서로) 맛날) To meet and cross hands, to meet and shake hands

*악수흔연 s. 握手 欣然 (잡을) 손 깃붐 (그릴) Clasping hands, in delight, shaking hands. *See* 흔연악수.

악쓰다 s. 惡惡 (방소—*소) (모질—*악) 악써; 쓴 To be desperate; to be violent; to yell. *See* 악지쓰다.

*악습 s. 惡習 (모질) (닉힐) A bad habit; a vice.

*악식 s. 惡食 (모질) (밥) Bad fare; unseasoned food.

*악심 s. 惡心 (모질) (ᄆᆞ음) Corrupt thoughts, an evil mind.

*악사 s. 惡事 (모질) (일) A bad affair; a wicked action; an evil deed.

*악생 s. 樂生 (풍류) (날) A professor of music. Official musicians. *See* 악공.

*악어 s. 鰐魚 (악어) (고기) A crocodile or alligator.

*악어(ᄂᆞ이시) s. 惡語馬鹿 모질 말숨 (싀울) (배풀) Bad words are easily said.

*악언 s. 惡言 모질 말숨 Bad language, evil speech. *See* 악담

*악연 s. 惡緣 (모질) (연분) Bad relation, unfortunate connection or affinity.

*악연ᄒᆞ다 s. 愕然 (놀날) (그릴) To be afraid; to be terrified; to be startled

*악의 s. 惡意 (모질) (뜻) Ill will; evil determination; malicious intention.

*악의악식ᄒᆞ다 s. 惡衣惡食 (모질) 옷, (모질 밥) To be badly dressed and fed. *Opp.* 호의호식ᄒᆞ다.

*악인 s. 惡人 (모질) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A bad or wicked man; an impious or profligate fellow; a scamp, knave, villain, scoundrel, rogue.

악자악자ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pitted—from small-pox. *See* 악죽악죽ᄒᆞ다.

*악장 s. 岳丈 (외부리) (길) A father-in-law—of the husband. *See* 장인.

*악종 s. 惡種 (모질) (씨) An insignificant troublesome character, a danger us creature. *See* 악보.

악죽악죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pitted; to be rough; to be in hollows. *See* 억박억박ᄒᆞ다.

*악증 s. 惡症 (모질) (증세) An acute disease; a violent disorder. A bad fall

악지쓰다 s. 지써; 쓴 To be desperate; to [illegible] as a spoiled bull. *See* 악쓰다.

*악질 s. 惡疾 (모질) (병) A malignant or virulent disease.

*악착스럽다 s. 齷齪 (악착흘) (악착흘) 러워; 운 To be malicious; to be ugly; to be treacherous. *See* 악착하다.

*악착하다 s. 齷齪 (악착흘, 악착흘) To be desperate; to be ugly; to be treacherous as of an insignificant pugilistic creature. To be painful; to be frightful.

*악처 s. 惡妻 (모질) (안히) A scolding wife; a shrew.

*악첩 s. 惡妾 (모질) (쳡) A bad mistress; an ill-natured concubine.

*악초악목 s. 惡草惡木 (모질) (플) (모질) (나무) Weeds and useless trees.

*악취 s. 惡臭 (모질) (내암새 *츄) A bad smell; a foul odor.

*악충 s. 惡虫 (모질) (버레) A parasite; noxious insects or reptiles.

*악치 s. 惡毛 (모질) (털—*모) Straggling hairs—of a brush pen. A poor quality of thing.

악치둣 s. Desperately; violently—as a spoiled child.

악퀴 s. A crotch; a fork. Decision. (직다).

악퀴짓다 s. 지여; 진 To decide; to make up one's mind. *See* 귀정하다.

*악풍 s. 惡風 (모질) (바람) A bad wind. An evil custom.

*악필 s. 惡筆 (모질) (붓) Bad hand writing; a bad hand.

*악한 s. 惡漢 (모질) (놈) A wicked fellow; a bad man.

*악혈 s. 惡血 (모질) (피) Bad blood; inflammation.

*악형 s. 惡刑 (모질) (형벌) Torture; punishment. (주다).

*악형소 s. 惡刑所 (모질) (형벌) (바) A government office of justice; an official place of torture.

*악형소속 s. 惡刑所屬 (모질) (형벌) (바) (붓) The underlings of an office of justice.

*악형틀 s. 惡刑機 (모질) (형벌) (틀—*긔) An instrument of torture.

*악희 s. 惡戱 (악흘) (희롱) A mischievous trick; a naughty act.

*악하다 s. 惡 (모질) To be bad; to be wicked; to be evil. *Opp.* 선하다. *See* 모질다.

안 s. 內 (안—*내) Inside; interior; within. *See* 속. *Opp.* 밧; 겨혹.

안 s. 不 (아님—*붇) Not, usually marking unwillingness. Sometimes used interchangeably with 못.

*안ㄴ 案 (책상) The front view. A book-table. A note book used in criminal cases.

안가업하다 s. (—하) To carry on a trade—from the woman's quarters in selling wine, food etc.

*안가하다 s. 安家 (편안) (집) To be in comfortable circumstances—of the family.

*안간 s. 安澗 (편안) (시내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

안간힘 s. (—간) Grunting; sighing—as remonstrances, threats. (쓰다.)

*안갑 l. 鞍匣 (안장) (갑) A blanket worn over a Korean wooden saddle. *See* 안구.

*안강 s. 安康 (편안) (편안) Health; strength; happiness; comfort; freedom from calamity. A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.57. Long. 129.05.

*안거하다 s. 安居 (편안) (살) To live a tranquil life; to be free from care.

*안건 l. 案件 (책상) (별) A case; a trial.

*안검하다 s. 按檢 (안칠) (검칠) To examine; to investigate; to inquire into.

*안계 l. 眼界 (눈) (디경) A view; a landscape.

*안계 s. 安溪 (편안) (시내) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*안경 l. 眼鏡 (눈) (거울) Spectacles; glasses. (쓰다). *See* 학슬경.

*안경 s. 安慶 (편안) (경사) Nan-king in China.

*안고슈비하다 l. 眼高手卑 (눈) (높흘) (손) (낫) To be skilful at criticizing but poor at execution.

안고지기 l. Wrestling.

*안곡 s. 安谷 (편안) (골) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*안골포 s. 安骨浦 (편안) (뻐) (개) A naval station in Kyong-sang-do.

*안공 l. 眼孔 (눈) (구멍) The socket of the eye.

*안교 s. 安郊 (편안) (들) A village in Kyong-sang-do.

*안구 l. 鞍具 (안장) (구홀) The trappings that go with a saddle. *See* 안장.

*안긔 s. 安奇 (평안) (긔독) A post town in Kyŏng sang-do. Lat. 36.37. Long. 128.38

안가다 s. 抱 (안을 *포) 거; 긴 To be carried in the arms. *See* 안다. To set a hen.

안기 l. 霧 (*하) Fog; mist; vapor. (셔이다) (것다) To clear off.

*안과태평ᄒᆞ다 s. 安過太平 (평안) (지날) (클) (평홀) To be prosperous and peaceful. *See* 안과ᄒᆞ다.

*안과ᄒᆞ다 s. 安過 평안 (지날) To be prosperous; to have lived well. *See* 안과태평ᄒᆞ다.

*안광 l. 眼光 (눈) (빗) Glittering of the eye. Keen eyes.

*안광 l. 眼眶 (눈) (눈가) The eyelid.

*안남 s. (왕) 安南 (평안) (남녁) Annam.

*안녕 s. 安寧 (평안) (평안) Peace; tranquillity; health.

*안녕딜셔 s. 安寧秩序 (평안) (평안) (차례) (차례) A government of quiet and order.

*안녕ᄒᆞ다 s. (알) 安寧 평안 평안) To be in peace; to be quiet; to be well *See* 안한ᄒᆞ다.

*안녕ᄒᆞ시오닛가 s. 安寧 (평안) (평안) Are you at peace? How do you do?

*안닉 s. 案內 (책상) (안) Guide; guiding showing the way. Acquainting with; knowledge Knocking at the door, invitation.

*안닉ᄒᆞ다 s. 案內 (책상) (안) To act as a guide; to shew the way; to invite,—used only of an invitation received by the person employing the words.

안다 l. 抱 (안을—*포) 아; 은 To hold in the arms. To set, to hatch. *See* 안기다.

안다 s. 앉 (안질 *좌) 저, 진 To sit down, to live, to be. To collect (몬지). To form—as seed.

안달ᄒᆞ다 s. 熱中 (더울—*열) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) To be eager, to be excited, to be worked up.

*안담이시이다 l. 按擔 (안찰) 메일) 여; 인 To admit a responsibility on to another. *Also* 안담이ᄒᆞ다

*안담이ᄒᆞ다 l. 按擔 (안찰 메일 To be responsible for; to guarantee. *See* 안담이씨우다; 안아맛다.

*안담ᄒᆞ다 l. 按擔 안찰 메일, To guarantee; to be responsible for; to answer for. *See* 안담이ᄒᆞ다.

*안뎐 s. 安典 (평안) (법) A post station in P'yŏng-an-do.

*안뎡 s. 安定 (평안 뎡홀) A village in P'yŏng an do. Lat. 39 07. Long. 125.56.

*안뎡식이다 s. 安定 (평안, 뎡홀) 식여 인 To quiet, to still, to soothe. *See* 안심식이다.

*안뎡평균 s. 安定平均 (평안) (뎡홀) (평홀) (고를 Stable equilibrium.

*안뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 安定 (평안) (뎡홀) To quiet one-self; to be still. *See* 안돈ᄒᆞ다.

*안도 s. 安島 (평안) (셤) The castle Island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.03. Long. 127.36.

*안도ᄒᆞ다 s. 安堵 (편평) (담) To be tranquil; to feel a sense of security; to be free from anxiety or trouble.

*안돈ᄒᆞ다 s. 安頓 (편안) (두ᄃᆞ릴) To quiet down; to be calmed; to be still. *See* 안졍ᄒᆞ다; 안돈식이다.

*안돈식이다 s. 安頓 (평안, 두ᄃᆞ릴) 식여; 인 To quiet; to tranquillize; to pacify. *See* 안돈ᄒᆞ다.

*안동 s. 安東 (평안) (동녁) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36 31. Long. 125.37.

*안동ᄒᆞ다 l. 眼同 (눈) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) To keep an eye on; to follow up.

*안동답답이 l. 按堵沓沓 안ᄃᆞᆫ 가ᄃᆞᆷ) (답답홀) (답답홀) Fact to face with a post—a perplexity.

*안두 l. 案頭 (책상) (머리) The top of a table.

*안ᄃᆡ / 案對 책상 ᄃᆡ홀) The view; the front landscape.

*안다 s. 安樂 (편안) (즐길) Comfort; ease; contentment; happiness.

*안락ᄒᆞ다 s. 安樂 (평안) (즐길) To be happy.

*안력 l. 眼力 (눈) (힘) Strength of vision; perception.

*안령 s. 安寧 (편안 편안 Tranquility, security; tranquil; secure; peaceful

*안령ᄒᆞ다 s. 安寧 (평안 편안) To feel secure.

안롱 l. A royal message-servant.

*안롱 l. 鞍籠 (안장) (롱) An oil-paper covering—for an official chair.

*안림 s. 安林 (평안) (수플) A village in Kyŏng-sang-do.

*안문ᄒᆞ다 l. 按問 (안찰) (무를) To examine or try, as a criminal; to question; as a witness.

*안민 s. 安民 (평안) (빅셩) Peaceable people. Act of governing the people in peace.

*안마 s. 鞍馬 (안장)(말) A saddle-horse.

*안막 l. 眼膜 (눈)(멀풀) A disease of the eyes—as cataract.

*안면 s. 顔面 (얼굴) (낯) Acquaintanceship

*안면박대ᄒᆞ다 s. 顔面薄待 (얼굴)(낯)(엷을)(대접) To treat meanly; to degrade—to the face.

*안면부지 s. 顔面不知 (얼굴) (낯) (아닐) (알) One whose face is unknown.—a stranger.

*안면ᄒᆞ다 s. 安眠 (편안) (졸) To sleep soundly.

*안모 s. 顔貌 (얼굴) (모양) The face; visage; appearance.

*안목 l. 眼目 (눈) (눈) The eyes. Experience.

*안문 s. 安文 (평안)(글) A. D. 1389-1392. Son of An-keui F. S. P'ung-Keui (豐基) (K.S. N P. Kyom ji (豐基)

*안목소견에 l. 眼目所見 (눈)(눈)(바)(볼) Through, or in what is seen; by experience.

*안목소시에 l. 眼目所視 (눈)(눈)(바)(볼) Through, or in what is seen.

*안무사 l. 按撫使 (안찰) (어루만질) (하여금) An officer whose duty it is to soothe or pacify the people. A name given to the north governor of 함경.

*안무영 l. 按撫營 (안찰) (어루만질) (영문) The office of the 안무.

*안무ᄒᆞ다 l. 按撫 (안찰) (어루만질, To soothe; to pacify. *See* 안유ᄒᆞ다.

*안민 s. 安民 (편안 (백성) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*안민도 s. 安民島 (편안) (백성) (섬) Lindsey Island in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*안민ᄒᆞ다 s. 安民 (편안) (백성) To give tranquillity to the nation; to enable the people to live in security.

*안반 s. 安盤 (평안) (소반) A table on which dough is kneaded. (피나무안반나모라다. To blame the implements because ignorant of how to work them).

안밧 s. (—밧) 內外 (안 —*니) (밧—*외) Inside and out side; in and out.

안방 s. (—빵) The inner apartments—the women's quarters.

안벅처고밧벅처다 s. 벅처; 천 To set two at variance by flattering the one and slandering the other.

*안변 s. 安邊 (편안) (가) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 38.51. Long. 127.32.

*안보 s. 安保 (편안) (보전) A post station in Kang-wŏn-do.

*안본 l. 贋本 (거짓) (책) A spurious copy of a work.

*안부 s. 安否 (평안) (아닐) Well or not?—an inquiry regarding health.

*안부 l. 鴈夫 (기럭이) (지아비) The goose-carrier at a wedding.

*안부 s. 安富 (편안) (부자) A post station in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do.

*안분비례 s. 按分比例 (안찰) (논홀 견줄) (견례) Partative proportion.

*안분ᄒᆞ다 s. 安分 (편안 (본수) To be content with ones circumstances.

*안비막기ᄒᆞ다 l. 眼鼻莫開 (눈) (코) (말) (열) To be overburdened with work; to be very busy—having no time for any thing else.

*안빈락도ᄒᆞ다 s. 安貧樂道 (편안) (간난) (즐거울) (길) To be content amid poverty and to delight oneself in To (Doctrine).

*안비ᄒᆞ다 s. 安排 (평안) (비포홀) To arrange; to set in order. (Comp).

*안산 l. 案山 (책상) (뫼, A front mountain; a front view.

*안산 s. 安山 (편안) (파) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do Lat. 37. 20 Long. 127. 04; a post station in Whang-hai-do.

안산 s. 內山 (안—*닉) (파—*산) The inner side—of mountains. *See* 밧산

안세음 s. A tip to the waiting maid—of an inn. A mental reckoning.

안셔ᄒᆞ다 s. To forgive; to overlook. (Prov.)

*안석 l. 案席 (책상) (돗) A rest for the back, a chair back

*안셩 s. 安城 (편안) (재) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.02. Long. 127.19; a village in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.33. Long. 125.41.

안쇽 s. (—쏙) Secret; private—as regards official "wire pulling" Antipathy; opposition.

*안쇼 s. 安昭 (편안) (볽을) A village in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.07. Long. 127.55.

*안손방 l. 眼損方 (눈) (덜) (모) An unpropitious site—as regards moving.

안스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To feel pity for. (Prov.)

안슴흐다 s. 슴허; 흔 To feel pity for; to commiserate.

*안시ᄒᆞ다 l. 按視 (안찰) (볼) To investigate; to examine, to see.

*안식교 s. 安息敎 (평안) (쉬힐) (구르칠 Seventh-day Advent t.

*안식국 s. 安息國 (평안) (쉬힐) (나라) Parthia.

*안식일 s. 安息日 (평안) (쉬힐) (날) The Sabbath.

*안식향 s. 安息香 (평안) (쉬힐) (향긔) Gum benjamin; benzoin.

*안식향산 s. 安息香酸 (평안) (쉬힐) (향긔) (살) Acid Benzoi.

*안식향산화아몰 s. 安息香酸 ... (평안, 쉬힐 ... ...ol Benzoas.

*안식향산니트륨염 s. 安息香酸 ... 평안 (쉬힐) (향긔) (살). Lat.in Benzoas.

*안식향산쏘다염 s. 安息香酸 (평안 쉬힐 ... ... Benzoas.

*안식향산암모니염 s. 安息香酸 평안 (쉬힐) (향긔) (살) ... Ammonii Benzoas.

*안신 s. ... (평안) ... (프러 ... ... Lat. 38.18 Long. 127.35.

*안식하다 s. 安息 (평안) (쉬힐) To rest; to repose; to do no labour.

*안신하다 s. 安身 (평안) (몸) To settle down; to live. See 안명하다.

안심 s. A fillet of beef.

*안심시키다 s. 安心 평안 ...무옴, 식여, 인 To calm another—in mind. See 안명시키다.

안심하다 ... 아님—*븐) (평안—*안 안심 ... To be ...scribed as by a kindness; to feel under obligation. See 불안하다.

*안심하다 s. 安心 평안 ... To put one's mind at rest, to become quiet in one's mind. See 안정하다

*안색 s. 顔色 (얼골) (빗) Color—of the face; complexion.

안아 s. Hollo; here. (Low.)

안아맛다 s. 擔當 (메일—'담 맛당 '당 맛하 ... To be responsible for, to take charge of. See 담당하다

안악 ... ..., wife. See 안히

*안악 ... 安岳 ... 평안 ... 뫼쩌리 A prefect in Whang-hai-d ... Lat. ...; Long. 125.20.

안악비 s. Women. See 안악.

*안약 s. 眼藥 (눈) (약) Eye-wash.

*안양하다 s. 安養 (편안) (가를) To nurture; to foster; to bring up; to nourish; to support; to tend; to rear.

*안언 s. 安彦 (편안) (몸) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

안에가 s. A trip-up in wrestling.

안연 s. 顔淵 얼골 ... BC ...14 – 483. The famous Anja—a second class Sage of China. See 안자.

*안연하다 s. 安然 (평안) (그를) To be at peace, ... be tranquil; to be calm. See 안안하다

*알오꼿 s. 訛音串 (비일) (나) (못치—*관) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 41.24. Long. 129.38.

*안온 s. 安穩 (편안) (편안) Peace tranquillity; comfort; ease; concord

*안요 s. 顔料 (얼골) (지료) Foreign dyes; various materials for dyeing.

안우긔 s. 安于 ... 어즈스 그릇) ... 1.S. ... 92. Son of ... I.S. ... ... (名臣).

*안위 s. 安危 (평안) (위력) Safety or danger; welfare.

*안위하다 s. 安慰 (평안) (위로) To console; to comfort To sacrifice to demons; to propitiate spirits. See 위로하다.

*안유 s. 安裕 (편안) (넉넉) A minister of Koryo in reign of Ch'ung-yul-wang. ... 1275-1309. F.S. P'ung-keui (風興) (K.S.) N.P. Hoe-hyun (晦軒).

*안유하다 ... 安諭 ... 평안 ... ... —by words; to pacify. See 안위하다.

*안읍 s. 安邑 (편안) (그늘) A post station in ... ... Lat. ... 41. Long. ...

안안 s. 安岸 ... 안 ... ... Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.31. Long. 127.55 a fort in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.33 Long. 125.20.

*안인 s. 安仁 (편안) (어질) A post station in Kang-won-do.

*안인포 s. 安仁浦 (편안) (어질) (개) A naval station in Kang-won-do.

*안일경산 s. 安逸正山 (편안) (편안) (바를) (외) A post station in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37.06. Long. 139.12.

*안일하다 ... 安逸 ... 안 ... ... live a tranquil life; to be free from care.

*안원 s. 安原 ... 안 ... ... A fort in Ham-kyong-do (Tumen). Lat. 42.43. Long. 130.2...

안작 The first of a pair—as couplets in verse etc. Opp. 맛작.

안잠자다 s. (—잠) 잠자; 잔 To sleep with—for company.

안장 *s.* 鞍 (*한) A saddle. (짓다 To saddle. *See* 안갑. (벗기다 To take off)

안장코 *s.* A broken or flattened nose.

*안즈 *s.* 晏子 (느질) (아들) A noted minister of the ancient kingdom 제.

*안작 *l.* 贋作 (거짓) (지을) A spurious thing.

*안장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安葬 (평안) (장소) To have buried with proper ceremonies in a proper ground. *See* 장ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*안전 *l.* 案前 (책상) (앞) A name by which magistrates of the 5th and 6th degree are called by their servants.

*안전판 *s.* 安全瓣 (편안) (온전) (대쪽) Safety-tube.

*안전막ᄃᆞ이 / 眼前첫ᄀᆡ 눈 ᄉᆞᆼ ᄆᆞᆯ (눈 가지) Favorite official servants.

*안전에 / 眼前 (눈 앞 Before the eyes, in the presence of.

*안전ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安全 (평안) (온전) To be secure; to be safe.

*안접ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安接 (평안) (붙을) To be settled—after moving; to have a home arranged. *See* 안신ᄒᆞ다.

*안정 *s.* 安貞 (편안) (곧을) A post station in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36 23. Long. 128.31.

*안정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安靜 (평안) (고요) To be quiet; to be peaceful; to be tranquil. *See* 한가ᄒᆞ다.

*안조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 贋造 (거짓) (지을) To counterfeit; to imitate fraudulently; to forge.

안쪽 *s.* The inner sides—as of the legs. The inside. *Opp.* 밧쪽.

*안존ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安存 (평안) (있을) To be quiet; to be calm; to be composed. *See* 아존ᄒᆞ다.

안둉 *s.* Decision. (잡다).

안둉ᄃᆞ리 *s.* A short legged in-toed person. *Opp.* 밧둉ᄃᆞ리.

안둉잡다 *s.* 잡아; 은 To decide on.

*안쥬 *s.* 安州 (편안) (고을) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.37 Long. 125.55.

안쥬 *s.* 酒 (*효) A mouthful taken after a drink of spirit. (초리다).

안쥬장 *s.* (쥬) 內主張 (안 *너) (님금) (ᄇᆡ슬) Oversight of work for the woman's quarters or by women. *See* 너쥬쟈.

*안진경 *s.* 顔眞卿 (얼굴) (참) (ᄇᆡ슬) A D. 709. A noted man of the Tang kingdom, China.

*안쥬창라 *s.* 安州項羅 (평안) (고을) (목) (비단) Cross-lined silk made in *Anju*.

*안쥬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安住 (평안) (머므를) To live in ease and contentment; to be free from care or trouble.

안직 *s.* Yet; still. *Also* 아직.

*안진도 *l.* 雁陣圖 (기럭이) (진칠 (그림) A picture of wild geese—gathering as in autumn.

*안진방이 *s.* 跛者 (안진방이—*피) (놈—*자) One crippled in the legs. *See* 파감.

안진소리 *s.* Classic songs sung when sitting—in contrast to others, when the singer stands. *Opp.* 선소리.

*안질 *l.* 眼疾 (눈) (병) Disease of the eyes.

*안질모니 *s.* 安質母尼 (평안) (바탕) (어미) (즁) Antimony.

안차다 *s.* 안차; 찬 To be bold; to be fearless; to be plucky. *See* 당돌ᄒᆞ다.

*안찰ᄉᆞ *l.* 按察使 (안찰) (ᄉᆞᆼ여끔) A special officer sent to inquire into official difficulties.

*안찰ᄒᆞ다 / 按察 (안찰) (ᄉᆞᆼ힘) To examine; to inquire into—officially. *See* 안핌ᄒᆞ다.

*안창 *s.* 安昌 (평안) (창셩) Post station in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.33. Long. 128.15; Ch'ung-ch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36.51 Long. 127.51.

*안쳥 *l.* 眼睛 (눈) (눈ᄌᆞ위) The eyes; the pupil; the expression of the eyes. *See* 눈쳥.

안츄루다 *s.* 졸너; 츄룬 To restrain; to keep down—pain or anger (Prov.)

*안츄 *s.* 安裕 (편안) (수레박휘) A D. 1311-1331. A famous scholar and relative of Anju. F.S. P'ung-keui (順興) (K.S.), N.P. Kon-ja (謹齋).

안치다 *s.* 안쳐; 선 To seat (v.t.); to let settle—of food. *Also* 안치우다.

안치우다 *s.* 치워; 운 To seat one; to have one be seated. *Also* 안치다.

*안치ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安置 (평안) (둘) To send into imprisonment and exile an official. *See* 위리안치ᄒᆞ다.

*안침 *l.* 安枕 (평안) (벼기) A pillow; a rest—for the arm.

*안책 *l.* 案冊 (책상) (책) An official list of names or blue-books.

안악감다 *s.* 가와; 온 To plague; to cause pain to; to tease.

안락갈이 *s.* A small worm supposed to live in pine trees—whose bite causes itching. A persistent fellow; a plague; a nuisance.

*안녕 *s.* 久泰 (평안) (클 Tranquillity; security.

*안녕경 *s.* 安宅經 (평안) (집) (글) Books of fortune, for the peace of the household used by blind sorcerers.

*안녕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安宅 (평안) (집) To bring peace to the home—by magic.

*안평 *s.* 安平 (평안) (평홀) A post station in Kyong-sang-do.

*안표 *l.* 眼標 (눈) (표홀) A mark—by the eye.

*안하무인 *l.* 眼下無人 (눈) (아래) (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The greatest man in the world used of conceited persons.

*안하에 *l.* 眼下 (눈 (아래) Under the eyes.

*안한ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安閑 (평안) (한가) To be well; to be at peace. *See* 평안ᄒᆞ다; 안경ᄒᆞ다

*안행부리 *s.* 安享富貴 (편안 누릴 부ᄌᆞ (귀ᄒᆞ, To enjoy riches and blessing.

*안향ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 安享 (평안 누릴 To be peaceful; to be comfortable; to be blessed.

*안험ᄒᆞ다 按驗 안찰 증험 To gather evidence in a case of law. ᄉᆞᆫ 안찰ᄒᆞ다

*안협 *s.* 安峽 (평안 산골) A prefecture in Kang-won to Lat. Long.

*안흐ᄅᆡ이다 安輯 (편안 ᄒᆞ시여, 안 To quiet intestinal worms—by medicine

*안휘 *s.* 安徽 (평안) (아롬다울) Province of Ngan Whi in China.

*안흥 *s.* 安興 (편안 긔 Port town in Ch'ung-ch'ong-do. Lat. 36.44. Long. 126.17, Kang-won-do. P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.38. Long. 126.02.

안히 *s.* 妻 (*처) A wife. *See* 부인.

*안평슌 *s.* 晏平仲 (느질) (평홀) (버금 D. C.) A noted statesman of ancient China.

*안핵ᄉᆞ *l.* 按覈使 (안찰) (핵실) (ᄒᆞ여곰) A royal inspector—an officer sent to quiet a revolt, and to inquire into the causes.

*안행 *l.* 雁行 기럭이 (ᄉᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄂᆡ of geese—a group of brothers. *See* 형뎨.

알 *s.* 卵 (*란) Egg; spawn. (ᄂᆞᆨ ᄭᅮᆯ 다 것다 ᄉᆞᆯ 이러 A grain.

알강이 *s.* A grain. *See* 알.

알게라 *l.* I know—an introductory word.

알게ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To notify; to make known. ᄂᆞᆫ 알니디

알깃다 *s.* 격리; 튼 To cackle.

알근알근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be in pain; to be sore. To be sharp. *See* 알ᄎᆞᆨᄒᆞ다.

알괘라 *l.* Know—an introductory word. *Opp.* 아지 못게라.

알나알낙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* ᄀᆞ, 아루ᄅᆡ—*반) To be spotted; to be variegated—in color. *See* 아로롱아로롱ᄒᆞ다.

알낙허 *s.* 나하; 곤 To lay—an egg.

알낭방이 *s.* A flatterer.

알낭알낭ᄒᆞ다 To ... for; to flatter. *See* 알진알진ᄒᆞ다. To be sore.

알녹알녹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 斑 (아루ᄅᆡ *반) To be variegated; to be spotted; to be mottled. *See* 알나알낙ᄒᆞ다.

알너다 *s.* 알너; 닌 To notify; to make known. *See* 알게ᄒᆞ다.

알다 *l.* 知 (알—*지) 알아; 안 To know; to understand. To be acquainted with. *See* 아다.

알뜰살뜰히 *s.* Greedily; miserly; stingily. *See* 살뜰히.

알뜰히 *s.* Excessively; very; extremely. *See* 알뜰살뜰히.

알뜰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be economical; to be careful. To be beautiful *See* 아양스럽다.

알말 *s.* 卵黃 (알—*란) (마롬—*반) The *marsilia quadrifolia* on the leaves of which fish deposit eggs.

알맘이 *s.* The kernel—of a nut; the ball—of the eye. *See* 알강이. A solid ... what is soft.

*알묘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 謁廟 (보일) (사당) To visit the ancestral tablets—of the King or Emperor.

알못다 *s.* 頭 (못질—*덕) ᄃᆞ자; 진 To fit; to suit

알밤 *s.* Chestnuts that have escaped from the outer shell.

알밧다 *s.* 밧아; 은 To be short and stout.

*알복 *s.* 秸服 (버질) (옷) Rice in the sheaf—paid as taxes. (B. H.)

알비기 *s.* A fish full of eggs. *Opp.* 어비기.

알비다 *s.* 비여; 빈 To be full of eggs. *See* 알ᄎᆞᆫ다.

알싸ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be acrid; to be peppery; to be sharp. *See* 알알ᄒᆞ다

*알선ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 斡旋(물)(돌) To revolve; to turn round.

*알성 *s.* 謁聖 (보일) (성인) The examination following the king's visit to the temple of Confucius.

*알성급뎨 * 謁聖及第 보일, 성인, 밋칠) (ᄎᆞ례) A graduate in examination following the king's visit to the Temple of Confucius.

*알성급뎨도장원 *s.* 謁聖及第壯元 (보일) (성인) (밋칠) (ᄎᆞ례) (모돌) (장ᄎᆞᆯ) (웃듬) Same as 알성장원

*알성장원 *s.* 謁聖壯元 (보일) (성인) (장ᄎᆞᆯ) (웃듬) The first graduate in examination following the king's visit to the Temple of Confucius.

*알성ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 謁聖 (보일) 성인 To worship in the temple of Confucius – of officials or graduates.

*알소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 訐訴 (거질) (알일) To carry tales to a superior; to tattle. *See* 됴쟈질ᄒᆞ다.

알속ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To contract together; to agree to privately. *See* 약속ᄒᆞ다. To take possession of; to appropriate.

암ᄉᆞᆷ알ᄉᆞᆷ *s.* Mottled; wavy—of color. Hesitating; doubting.

알쓸다 *s.* 쓸어; 쓴 To deposit eggs—of insects etc. *See* 알비다.

알신거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To dance about; to waver before one; to obstruct the view. *See* 알신알신ᄒᆞ다

알신알신ᄒᆞ다. *s.* To dance about; to flutter before one; to obstruct one's vision. *See* 알신거리다

알ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be uncertain.

알아내다 *s.* 내여; 낸 To guess; to tell; to see through. *See* 알아ᄃᆞᆺ다.

알아ᄃᆞᆺ다 *s.* 드러; 른 To understand; to hear intelligently. *See* 알아채우다.

알아먹다 *s.* 먹어; 은 To understand. (Low.) *See* 알아ᄃᆞᆺ다.

알아모이다 *s.* 모여; 인 To pay attention; to listen.

알아차리다 *s.* 차려; 린 To get ready; to wait on. To bear in mind; to understand. *See* 정신ᄎᆞ리다.

알아채우다 *s.* 채워; 운 To anticipate; to guess; to see through. *See* 알아ᄎᆞ리다.

알알ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To smart; to be sore. To be sharp; to be acrid. *See* 아르르ᄒᆞ다.

알약 *s.* 丸藥 (환ᄌᆞ *환) (약—*약) Pills. (Prov.) *See* 환약.

알연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be forgetful; to be stupid; to hesitate. *See* 아릿아릿ᄒᆞ다.

*알연ᄒᆞ다 鳴然 (울) (그릴) To chirp; to call—as the crane.

알외다 *s.* 쵸 (알일—*주, 와여, 왼 To confide in; to tell to; to make known to a superior. (Comp.) *See* 품ᄒᆞ다.

*알이다 *s.* 쵸 (알일—*주) 이여; 인 To confide in, to tell to, to make known to a superior.

*알인ᄌᆞ존현리 *s.* 遏人欲存天理 (막을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (욕심) (있ᄂᆞᆫ 하ᄂᆞᆯ) (리치, What prevents the desires of man and leaves free the will of heaven. (M.)

알뜽지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be acrid; to be sharp. To smart; to be sore. (Dim.) *See* 아리다.

*알자 *s.* 謁者 (보일) (놈) The director of sacrifice before Confucius' tablet. *See* 찬자.

알지이다 *s.* 지여; 인 To have a speck or film—on the eye.

알젓 *s.* 卵醢 (알—*란) (젓—*히) Salted fish-spawn. (담으다).

알젼 *s.* Cash—on hand. (Prov.)

알씨근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be acrid; to be sharp; to smart. *See* 알싹지근ᄒᆞ다.

알씬거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To waver; to flutter before the eyes; to obstruct the view. To deceive; to flutter. *See* 알씬알씬ᄒᆞ다.

알씬알씬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To waver; to flutter before the eyes. To deceive; to flatter. *See* 알신알신ᄒᆞ다.

알뚱알뚱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flatter To shimmer. *See* 알뚱거리다.

알뚱거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To flatter *See* 아당ᄒᆞ다.

알캐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pungent—of a smell *See* 알싸ᄒᆞ다.

알타 *s.* 痛 (알흘—*즁) 알하; 흔 To be sick. *See* 품알나다; 알ᄑᆞ다.

알토란 *s.* The taro—used in reference to what is round, complete, whole. *See* 토란.

*알현소 *s.* 謁見所 (보일) (보일) (곳) The audience hall; an apartment set apart for reception.

*알현ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 謁見 (보일) (보일) To have an interview with; to pay respects to.

앍이 *s.* A wedge—used in junk caulking.

암 *l.* Certainly; of course. *See* 아ᄆᆞ럼.

암 *s.* 牝 (암컷—*빈) Female—a prefix. *Opp.* 슈.

암개 *s.* (—케) A female dog. *Opp.* 수개.

***암계** *l.* 暗計 (구만히) (게교) An underhand scheme; a secret plot.

***암긔** *l.* 諳記 (알) (지둑) A sign; a mark *See* 암표.

암끼 *s.* Treachery; an ugly disposition.

암내 *l.* Odor of the armpits.

암내 *s.* 牝臭 (암컷 *빈) (내암새—*취) Odor—of animals in heat.

암놈 *s.* A female—of animals. *Opp.* 수놈.

***암대륙** *l.* 暗大洲 (어두울) (륜) (물가) The dark Continent—Africa. *See* 암대쥬.

***암둔ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗鈍 (구만히) (둑흘) To be treacherous; to be revengeful. *See* 암독ᄒᆞ다.

암돌져귀 下槪 (아레 *하) (지도리 *쵸) The lower part of a door hinge. *See* 암쇠. *Opp.* 숫돌져귀.

***암둔ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗鈍 (어두울) (둔흘) To be stupid; to be foolish; to be silly; to be dull.

***암듕션** *l.* 暗輪船 (구만히) (박회) (션) A screw steamer. *Opp.* 명듕션.

암만 *s.* However; in whatever way. *See* 아모라. A certain amount.

***암매** *l.* 暗賣 (구만히) (팔) A secret sale. ᄒᆞ다 To sell secretly.

***암모** *l.* 暗謀 (구만ᄒᆞ) (외) A secret plot. (드러나다) (하다). To lay a secret plot.

***암모불궤ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗謀不軌 (구만히 외) (아닐) (궤) To plot treason.

암모니아찰새 *s.* ..... 燦劑 ... (로칠) (약) (물), Linimentum Ammoniae.

암모니악슈은경교 *s.* ..... 水銀硬膏 . . (물) (은) (굿을) (기름) Emplastrum Ammoniacic Hydrorgyro.

암모니엄빅반 *s.* . 白礬 (흰) (빅반) Ammonium Alum.

암모니엄슈은 *s.* 水銀 . (물) (은) Hydrargyrum Ammoniatum.

***암민** *l.* 暗民 (어두울) (빅셩) Ignorant people—meaning usually the ignorant lower classes.

***암믹** *l.* 暗買 (구만히) (살) A secret purchase. ᄒᆞ다 To buy secretly.

***암믹ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗昧 (어두울) (어두울) To be stupid; to be foolish; to be dark; to be idiotic.

***암산** *l.* 暗算 (구만히) (산둘) Mental calculation. ᄒᆞ다 To make amental calculation. *See* 실산.

***암살** *l.* 暗殺 (구만히) (죽일) Secret assassination. ᄒᆞ다 To murder secretly.

***암상** *l.* 暗箱 (어둘) (샹조) Camera obscura.

암상내다 *l.* 내여; 낸 To act in a wilful way; to be ugly.

암상스럽다 *l.* 러워; 운 To be wilful; to be wicked; to be treacherous. *See* 암상스럽다.

***암션** *l.* 暗線 (구만히) (실) Dark line.

***암세계** 暗世界 어두울 인간) 디경 The dark world. *See* 흑암세계.

암소 *s.* 牝牛 (암컷 *빈) 소 *우 A cow; a heifer. *Opp.* 슈소.

암쇠 *s.* The hollow part of an iron on which a pivot turns; the lower part of a hinge. *See* 암돌져귀.

***암쇼ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗笑 구만ᄒᆞ 우슴) To laugh in one's sleeve. *See* 비쇼ᄒᆞ다.

***암수** *l.* 暗數 (구만히) (두어) Cheating; trickery. *See* 암수거리.

암수거리 A trick . . . *See* 암수.

암슈 *s.* 雌雄 (암컷—"조) (슈컷—"웅) Male and female—of animals. *See* 자웅.

***암실** *l.* 暗室 (구만히) (집) A gloomy dwelling; a dark abode—as a prison.

암소슴 *s.* 牝鹿 (암컷—"빈) (소슴—"록) A doe; a female deer.

***암암지즁** *l.* 暗暗之中 (어두울) (어두울) (갈) (가온ᄃᆡ) In secret; in private; by oneself.

***암암ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 巖巖 (바회) (바회) To be high; to be lofty—of mountains.

***암암ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 闇闇 어두울 (어두울) ᄒᆞ다 To be dark; to be clouded; to be obscure. *See* 암암ᄒᆞ다. To dance—before the eyes.

***암야** *l.* 暗夜 (어두울) (밤) A dark night. (Comp.)

***암약ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 闇弱 (어두울) (약홀) To be ignorant and irresolute.

***암장ᄒᆞ다** *l.* 暗葬 구만ᄒᆞ ᄂᆞᆺ 下 To secretly bury—on another's grave site. *See* 야장ᄒᆞ다; 평토장ᄒᆞ다.

***암젼** *l.* 暗箭 (구만히) (살) A secret shot; a shot from an ambush. A revengeful mind; a desire to injure.

***암젼난방** 暗箭難防 구만ᄒᆞ (살) 어려울) (막을) Difficult to guard against the secret arrow.

암쪽 *s.* The left half of a cheque for money. *Opp.* 수쪽.

*암주 *s.* 庵主 (암조) (쥬인) The keeper or occupant of a cell, cottage or monastery

*암쥬 *l.* 暗主 (어두울 ,님금) An unenlightened king. *See* 혼군.

암쥭 *l.* Cruel for nursing children (먹이다).

*암즁에 *l.* 暗中 (어두울 (가온다 Darkness; in the dark.

*암즈 *s.* 菴子 (암조) (아들) A small Buddhist temple; a Buddhist nunnery.

암창내다 *s.* 내어; 낸 To be in heat—of animals.

*암초 *l.* 暗礁 (구만히) (바회) A sunken rock

암치 *s.* 乾雉魚 (무를—*간) (민어 *민) (고기—*어) Dried perch. *See* 민어.

암치질 *s.* 內痔疾 (안 *니) (치질—*치) (병—*질) Internal piles. *Opp.* 수치질.

암콰나 *l.* 第 (초헤 —*헤) However it may be; whatever it be, In any way. *See* 아모커나.

암켯 *s.* 牝 (*빈) A female—of animals. *Opp.* 숫것.

*암애 *l.* 暗靄 (어두울) (물) Opaque body.

*암흑ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 暗黑 (구만히) (샤특ᄒᆞᆯ) To be secretly wicked; to be deep and cunning. *See* 암악ᄒᆞ다.

암팡스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To take an unfair advantage—of a combatant; to be malicious. *See* 암ᄒᆞ다.

압깔지다 *s.* 져, 진 To be determined; to be undaunted.

*암악ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 暗惡 (구만히) (강악ᄒᆞᆯ) To be treacherous, to be ugly; to be malicious. *See* 암흑ᄒᆞ다.

*암표 *l.* 暗標 (어두울) (표) A secret sign.

*암해ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 暗害 (구만히) (해ᄒᆞᆯ) To injure secretly; to take secret revenge. *See* 음해ᄒᆞ다.

*암호 *l.* 暗號 (구만히) (일홈) A secret sign; a pass-word; cipher—in telegraphy. ᄒᆞ다 To give the pass-word.

*암흑 暗黑 (어두울) (검을) Pitch-dark. ᄒᆞ다 To be pitch-dark.

*암히 *l.* 暗 (구만히) Secretly; furtively; stealthily.

*암ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 暗 (구만히) To be treacherous; to be ugly; to be revengeful; to fuss about nothing. *See* 암상스럽다. To be ignorant.

*암행어ᄉᆞ *l.* 暗行御史 (구만히) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (오실) (소긔) A royal detective—who travels *incognito.*

*암힝ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 暗行 (구만히) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To act in secret. To travel in disguise.

압 *s.* 前 (*젼) What is before; the front. (서다); (지로다) The exterior. *Opp.* 뒤.

압가리 *s.* 鞅 (*앙) Breast harness for horses.

*압귀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 壓鬼 (누를) (귀신) To meet a demon in sleep; to have a nightmare.

*압근지디 *s.* 鄰近之地 (친압ᄒᆞᆯ) (갓가울) (갈) (여 Neighbouring land, land in proximity.

*압근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鄰近 (친압ᄒᆞᆯ) (갓가울) To be very near; to be neighbouring; to be close. *See* 압립ᄒᆞ다. To be familiar.

*압긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 壓氣 (누를) (긔운) To coerce; to restrain by force. To render unpropitious; to cut off the current of propitious atmosphere.

압니 *s.* 門齒 (문—*문) (니—*치) The incisors. *Opp.* 어금니.

압니마 *s.* 顙 (니마—*익) The forehead; the brow.

압다 *s.* Ah!—marking surprise etc.—used in reply. *See* 앗다.

압다토다 *s.* 爭先 다툴 *젼) 본즈—*션) 아; 은 To be rivals; to vie with each other.

*압도 *s.* 鴨島 (오리) (셤) An island in Kyong-keui-do (Koyang).

*압두ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 壓頭 (누를) (머리) To be superior to; to excel. *Opp.* 압두ᄒᆞ다.

압뒤 *s.* 前後 (압 —*젼) (뒤—*후) Before and behind; altogether.

압딕 *s.* 南道 (남녁—*남) (길 —*도) The front provinces—경긔; 충쳥, 젼라, 경상. *See* 남도.

*압력 *s.* 壓力 (누를) (힘) Pressure.

*압령ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 押領 (잡을) (거느릴) To have in charge; to keep an eye on; to conduct a criminal *See* 압송ᄒᆞ다.

*압록강 *s.* 鴨綠江 (오리) (푸를) (물) A river on the N.W. frontier—of Eui-ju, The Yalu.

*압뢰 *s.* 押牢 (누를) (굿을) A prison menial.

*압메군 *s.* A blacksmith's helping hand—who uses the big hammer.

*압모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鄙侮 (친압ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슈히넉일) To despise; to contemn; to scorn; to look down upon.

압문 *s.* 前門 (압—*전) (문) The front gate or principal entrance of an enclosure. *See* 뒤문; 중문; 협문.

***압박** *s.* 壓迫 (누를) (핍박홀) Persecution; hardship. (당홈다).

***압박ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓迫 (누를) (핍박홀) To persecute; to treat unkindly.

***압부송ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押送 (잡을) (보낼) (붓칠) 붓) (보낼 To arrest and send to headquarters.

***압부ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押付 (잡을) (붓칠) To arrest and consign.

***압살ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓殺 (누를) (죽일) To crush to death.

***압상ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押上 잡을) (올) To arrest and hand over *See* 잡아올ᄒᆞ다

압서다 *v.* 압서, 선 To stand in front; to be in advance. *Opp.* 뒤서다.

압셔 *s.* 先是 (먼저—*션) (이—*시) Formerly; before; already.

***압션ᄒᆞ다** *v.* 狎暱 친압홀) (더러울) To dally; to flirt; to frolic.

***압송ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押送 (잡을) (보낼) To send a criminal before a magistrate. *See* 압령ᄒᆞ다.

***압수ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押收 (잡을) (거둘) To detain in custody.

***압시ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓視 (누를) (볼) To look on with contempt; to despise. *See* 업수히녁이다.

***압ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓死 (누를) (죽을) To be crushed to death.

압압히 *s.* Everyone; all parties included. *See* 면면이.

***압연히** *v.* 黯然 (감을, 그믈) Darkly, obscurely.

***압연ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 黯然 (검을) (그럴) To be dark; to be obscure.

***압자긔** *s.* 壓搾機 누를) (ᄉᆞᆯ들) (거를) A screw-press; a press

압잡이 *s.* 前驅 (압—*전) (몰—*구) The front handles of a chair. One going before to lead the way; a vanguard.

압장서다 *s.* 서; 선 To take the lead; to be before.

압정깅이 *s.* 前脛 (압—*전) (도리 *경) The shin; the front part of the leg below the knee.

***압제** *s.* 壓制 (누를) (제어홀 Tyranny, despotism; oppression.

***압제력** *s.* 壓制力 (누를) (제어홀) (힘) Tyranny; oppression.

***압제정서** *s.* 壓制政治 (누를) (제어홀) (정ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) An oppressive government. *Opp.* 공화정치.

***압제ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓制 (누를) (제어홀) To tyrannize; to oppress; to prey upon.

***압존ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓尊 (누를) (높을) To coerce; to force respect and reverence from.

압지거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To pretend friendship; to flatter *See* 아른거리다.

압지압존ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To pretend friendship and devotion to a superior; to flatter. *See* 압지거리다.

***압좌ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 押坐 (잡을) (안질) To confine, to put under arrest.

압창 *s.* 前站 (압—*전) (참—*참) The next stage on a journey; the first resting place.

압채 *s.* The front place—in a two man chair. *Opp* 뒤채.

***압척초** *s.* 鴨跖草 (오리) (발바닥) (풀) Commelina communis.

***압축공긔게** *s.* 壓縮氣力計 (누를) (줄어질) (긔운) (힘) (계교) Compressed air manometer.

***압츌ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 壓出 (누를) (출) To be superior as a composition; to be first—as in a competitive examination papers.

***압칙지디** *s.* 狎邪之地 친압홀) 갓가울) (갈 (싸) Land in the immediate neighborhood of a grave or a house site.

***압핍ᄒᆞ다** *s.* 狎逼 (친압홀) (갓가울) To be too near; to be unfortunately close—so as to render a place unpropitious. *See* 갓갑다.

압하ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 痛 (압흘—*통) To be sick; to be sore; to pain. *See* 압흐다.

압흐다 *s.* 痛 (압흘 *통) 압하; 흔 To be sick. *See* 알하. To suffer; to be in pain. *See* 알근알근ᄒᆞ다.

압희 *s.* 前 (압—*전) Before; in front. *Opp.* 뒤에. *See* 전에.

***압히** *s.* 押海 (잡을) (바다) A village in Chŏl-la-do. Lat 34 19 Long 126.37.

앗갑다 *s.* 악 애셕 홀홈 *가) 앗길—*석) 가와; 온 To be a pity; to be a shame; to be a misfortune—as over the loss of what is prized. *See* 아쉬웁다.

앗기다 *s.* (되) 앗겨; 긴 To be careful of; to be economical of; to be sparing of; to think much of.

앗다 *s.* An interjection of surprise. To stop; to quit. *See* 알다.

앗다 *s.* 奪 (쌔아슬 *탈) 아사; 슨 To wrest from; to despoil; to deprive of by force. *See* 륵탈ᄒᆞ다.

앗다 *s.* 아사; 손 To hull; to shell.

앗독수 *s.* A sudden move—as in chess.

앗독앗독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 旋轉 (현젼—*현) (그럴—*연) To be giddy; to be dizzy; to be dazed. *See* 앗독ᄒᆞ다.

앗독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 旋轉 (현젼—*현) (그럴—*연) To be giddy; to be dizzy. To be confused. *See* 앗독앗독ᄒᆞ다.

앗삭 *s.* With a smash—a an egg breaking. *Also* 앗삭앗삭ᄒᆞ다.

앗삭앗삭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To sound—as crunching etc. *See* 앗삭앗삭.

앗솟ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be high; to rise above the normal. To feel chilly.

앗삭앗삭 *s.* Crunching; grinding—between the teeth. *See* 아삭아삭.

앗질이 *s.* Stupidity; fear; ignorance.

앗차 *s.* Ah! pshaw! what a pity! *See* 아뿔사.

앗치 *s.* A person—of an office; an ending used as "er" in English. (구울). (밥ᄉᆞ) (바느질). Used with amounts of cash and signifying "worth of."

앗치젓앗치젓 *s.* Step by step—as a child learning to walk. *See* 아장아장.

애 *i.* Fie!—an expression of contempt.

*애각지다 *s.* 遐角 (멀 가) (쓸) 지; 진 To be separated; to be far-apart; to be away from. To be eccentric.

*애고 *s.* 艾膏 (쑥) (기름) A kind of medicinal candy prepared from artemisia. *See* 쑥고.

애국에 *s.* 當初 (맛당—*당) (처음—*초) First of all; at first; at the beginning. *See* 애초에.

애끌 *i.* A large kind of chisel.

*애급국 *s.* 埃及國 (띠끌) (밋칠) (나라) Egypt.

애기름 *i.* (—씨름) The first pressure of oil from sesamum etc. (짜다).

*애년 *s.* 艾年 (쑥) (히) A young person; a youth.

애당초에 *i.* First of all; from the first. *See* 애국에.

*애섬 *s.* 碍性 (거리쩰) (성품) Impenetrability.

애시에 *s.* First of all; from the first. *See* 애당초에; 아시에.

*애안ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 碍眼 (거리쩰) (눈) To be unpleasant to the eye.

*애엽 *s.* 艾葉 (쑥) (닙) Leaves of mugwort or artemisia.

애오라지 *s.* 聊 (*료) A particle indicating purpose. (Comp.)

애적에 *s.* First of all; from the first. In childhood. *See* 애저녁에.

애저녁에 *s.* First of all; from the first. *See* 애젼에.

애젼에 *s.* First of all; from the first. (Prov.) *See* 아시에.

애찧다 *i.* 쎠여; 찐 To clean grain—a first time, by a pestle.

*애즈시원 / 哀憎之願 (ᄉᆞᆫ가) (갈) (원망) A look of displeasure; an expression of resentment. *See* 앙앙지심.

*애쳬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 靄滯 걸닐) 걸닐) To be sorry for; to be disturbed about; to feel upset about.

*애초 *i.* 艾艸 (쑥) (풀) Artemisia or mugwort, of which moxa is made.

애초에 *s* First of all; from the first; at the beginning. *See* 애적에.

*애쟝 *s.* 艾醬 (쑥) (셜울) Mugwort or artemisia soup—used only in 1st and 2nd moons. —노리—the 애당 holiday.

*앙 *s.* 怏 (분ᄒᆞᆯ) The sound of refusal; a snarl etc.

앙가발이 *s.* A kind of crab. An insignificant violent creature. *See* 앙발이.

앙금다 *s.* 글너; 곤 To be healed—of an abscess. *See* 아물다. To be finished.

앙금 *s* Deposit; sediment; refuse.

앙금쌀쌀 *s.* Creeping—as a crab. *See* 앙금앙금.

앙금앙금 *s* Creeping. *See* 앙금쌀쌀.

*앙급자손ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 殃及子孫 (앙화) (밋칠) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (손ᄌᆞ) To visit evil on posterity for past offences.

*앙ᄃᆞᆫ다 *i.* 仰弄 우롱) (희롱) To joke or sport with an elder. (Prov.) *See* 희롱ᄒᆞ다.

*앙동ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 昂騰 (우럴) (ᄂᆞᆯ) To rise.

*앙망ᄇᆞᆯ급 *i.* 仰望不及 (우럴) (ᄇᆞ랄) (아닐) (밋칠) Hopes that can never be attained; what is beyond one's reach.

*앙망ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 仰望 (우럴) (ᄇᆞ랄) To look up to with hope.

*앙면ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 仰面 (우럴) (ᄂᆞᆺ) To look up at; to gaze up at.

*앙모ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 仰慕 (우럴) (ᄉᆞ모) To look up to with respect.

앙발이 *s.* A crap that walks sideways; a little waddling child. (Prov.) An insignificant violent creature. *See* 앙가발이.

*앙분 *s.* 怏忿 분ᄒᆞᆯ) 분ᄒᆞᆯ) Spite, revenge; vengeance. *See* 원심.

*앙분ᄒᆞ다 s. 怏忿 분ᄒᆞ, 분ᄒᆞ, To turn furiously on; to cherish hatred against. *See* 노ᄒᆞ다.

앙살피우다 s. 피워; 운 To answer back; to cry out—as a child when threatened. *See* 앙탈ᄒᆞ다.

앙살ᄒᆞ다 s. To deny guilt; to answer back, [illegible] before being beaten. *See* 앙살피우다.

앙설피다 s. [illegible], 정설 [illegible] 피여. 킨 To be wide apart; to be separated; to be scattered. (Prov. *See* 설피다.

*앙사ᄒᆞ다 s. 仰射 (우럴) (쏠) To shoot up at the sky.

*앙시ᄒᆞ다 s. 仰視 (우럴) (볼) To look up to with reverence. *See* 우러러보다.

*앙심 s. 怏心 [illegible] 모음) A fretful disposition; a discontented nature. (먹다). *See* 분심.

*앙악거리다 s. 怏怏 [illegible]) 거려; 린 To growl; to grumble, to fret. *See* 앙앙ᄒᆞ다.

*앙알앙알 s. 怏怏 (분홀) (분홀— 앙 [illegible] 앙알거리다.

*앙앙불쾌ᄒᆞ다 s. 怏怏不快 (분홀) (분도) 아닌 쾌ᄒᆞ [illegible] discontented, unsatisfied.

*앙앙지심 s. 怏怏之心 (분홀) (분홀) (갈) (ᄆᆞ음) A fretful disposition; a grumbling discontented nature. *See* 혐의.

*앙앙ᄒᆞ다 s. 怏怏 (분홀) (분홀) To cry; to fret [illegible] child. *See* 앙알앙알.

*앙우 l. 仰友 (우럴) (벗) A superior friend; a friend to whom one looks up.

*앙장 l. 仰帳 우럴) (장막) A small canopy; a tent cover.

*앙장ᄒᆞ다 l. 鞅掌 (못비) (맛날) To be rendered helpless; to be unconscious. (B. O.)

앙종ᄒᆞ다 s. To be small; to be diminutive. *See* 작놉맛다.

앙큼스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be bold; to be impudent. *See* 앙큼ᄒᆞ다, 고얀스럽다.

앙큼앙큼 s. With short steps—in walking. *Opp.* 성큼성큼.

앙큼ᄒᆞ다 s. To be brazen-faced; to be impudent. *See* 앙큼스럽다.

앙탈ᄒᆞ다 s. To deny guilt; to answer back, to make excuses. *See* 앙살ᄒᆞ다.

*앙텬대쇼ᄒᆞ다 l. 仰天大笑 (우럴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (큰) (우슬) To look up to heaven and laugh over what is ridiculous or beyond expression; to burst out laughing.

*앙텬축슈ᄒᆞ다 l. 仰天祝手 (우럴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (빌) (손) To look up to heaven in prayer—bowing the head and rubbing the hands.

*앙토 s. 央土 (가온ᄃᆡ) (흙) A post station in P'yong-an do.

*앙토 l. 仰土 (우럴) (흙) Mudplaster of the ceiling. 붓치다) (치다).

*앙판 s. 秧板 (모) (언덕 The seedling plot in a paddy field. *See* 모판.

*앙혼 l. 仰婚 (우럴) (혼인) A marriage contracted with one of a higher social scale.

*앙화 s. 殃禍 (앙화) (재화) Suffering; misfortune—supposed to come as retribution for past sins. (밧다) *See* 화.

야 The second vowel of the syllabary long (*l.*) and short (*s.*) corresponding to *ya* in *yard*.

야 *l.* Hollo! An expression used when two pieces touch in a game played with cash.

*야간 *l.* 夜間 (밤) (ᄉᆞ이) In the night; during the night.

*야간도주ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜間逃走 (밤) (ᄉᆞ이) (도망) (다라날) To [illegible] the night; to fly at night.

야거리 *l.* A small boat with only one mast; a small mast.

*야견ᄉᆞ *l.* 野繭絲 (들) (고치) (실) Threads of the wild silk worm.

야경스럽다 *l.* 러워; 운 To be violent; to be uproarious; to be noisy. *See* 야경치다.

야경치다 *l.* 경쳐; 친 To make a fuss; to create an uproar. *See* 야거부리다.

*야계 *l.* 野雞 (들) (닭) A jungle fowl; Gallus bankiva.

*야경 *l.* 野景 (들) (경치) Country scenery.

*야경 *l.* 夜景 (밤) (경치) Scenery by night; a night view.

*야경 *l.* 夜警 (밤) (경동ᄒᆞᆯ) A night guard.

*야경 *l.* 野逕 (들) (길) A road through a field.

*야곡ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜哭 (밤) (울) To cry or howl in the night time.

*야공 *l.* 夜工 (밤) (장인) Night work.

*야공ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜攻 (밤) (칠) To attack by night.

*아구 l. 夜具 (밤) (긔구) Bed-covering; a wadded night-dress.

*아국 l. 野菊 (들) (국화) Feverfew. Chrysanthemum Indicum.

*아금 l. 夜衾 (밤) (니불) Bedclothes.

*아금 l. 野禽 (들) (새) Wild birds.

아금아금 s. Little by little; a little. *See* 작음작음.

*아금학 l. 冶金學 (풀무) (쇠) (비홀) Metallurgy.

아굿아굿ᄒᆞ다 s. To be separated alternately—as the teeth of a saw. (Dim.) *See* 아굿아굿ᄒᆞ다.

*아긔 l. 夜氣 (밤) (긔운) Night air.

*아긔부리다 l. 慈氣 (자아낼) (긔운) 부리다 To be dissatisfied; to be discontented; to be ugly. *See* 아뇨ᄒᆞ다.

*아긱 l. 夜客 (밤) (손) A night robber.

*아광쥬 l. 夜光珠 (밤) (빗) (구슬) The stone that shines at night—the carbuncle or ruby. *See* 야명쥬.

*아광패 l. 夜光貝 (밤) (빗) (자기) A kind of top-shell, Turbo marmorate.

*아뇨ᄒᆞ다 (—됴) l. 慈鬧 자아낼 (짓거릴) To create an uproar; to make a row. *See* 야경스럽다.

아단 l. An uproar; a clamor; a row. (나다) (치다) (ᄒᆞ다).

아단치다 l. 喧 (짓거릴—*천) 단쳐; 천 To create an uproar, to make a disturbance. *See* 큰소리ᄒᆞ다.

아단ᄒᆞ다 l. To make a noise; to create an uproar or tumult. *See* 아단치다.

*아뎨 l. 夜啼 (밤) (울) Crying at night—as a baby.

*아도 l. 夜盜 (밤) (도적) Night thieves.

*아독ᄒᆞ다 l. 夜讀 (밤) (닑을) To read or study at night; to read or study till late at night.

아드롤ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft and thin. *See* 아들아들ᄒᆞ다.

아들아들ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft and delicate; to be thin. *See* 아드롤ᄒᆞ다.

*아란 l. 夜闌 (밤) (느질) To carry on a conversation late into the night.

*아뎌 l. 野地 (들) (짜) Waste land.

*아로 l. 野老 (들) (늘글) An old farmer; an old labourer.

*아로살ᄅᆡᆷ l. 耶路撒冷 어조사 (길) (쵸홀) (찰) Jerusalem. *Also* 예루살ᄅᆡᆷ.

아롯ᄒᆞ다 l. To be droll; to be odd; to be peculiar. *See* 얄망궂다.

아리다 s. 아려; 린 To be thin and unsubstantial.

*아릭 l. 夜來 (밤) (올) During the night; since night.

*아마 l. 野馬 (들) (말) A gossamer web. *See* 아지랑이.

*아만 l. 野蠻 (들) (오랑캐) A savage; a barbarian, a heathen. *See* 야만

아말스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be hard; to be cruel; to be unkind. *See* 아말쓰다.

아말치다 s. 말쳐; 천 To be hard; to be cruel; to be unkind. *See* 아말스럽다.

*아명사 l. 夜明砂 (밤) (붉을) (모래) The droppings of bats—used as medicine.

*아명쥬 l. 夜明珠 (밤, 붉을) 구슬, A precious stone that shines at night—the carbuncle or ruby. *See* 아광쥬.

*아무방ᄒᆞ다 l. 也無妨 (잇기) (업슬) (방해로울) To make no difference, to be all the same. *See* 무방ᄒᆞ다

*아박ᄒᆞ다 l. 夜泊 (밤) (대일) To spend the night on board of a vessel.

*아반 l. 夜半 (밤) (절반) Midnight. *See* 밤즁. *Opp.* 정오.

*아반무례 l. 夜半無禮 (밤) (절반) (업슬) (례도) Midnight requires no ceremony in dress.

*아발 l. 夜發 (밤) (발ᄒᆞᆯ) An inferior prostitute who offers herself in the streets; a street walker.

*아번 l. 夜番 (밤) (번) A night watch.

아보리ᄒᆞ다 s. To be damaged; to be broken. (Prov. Open ports). *See* 버여지다.

*아부 l. 野夫 (들) (지아비) A rustic or clownish person.

*아불답빅 l. 夜不踏白 (밤) (아닐) (붑을) (흰) At night do not tread upon what is white—it being usually water.

아씻아씻 s. Hesitating—as one on the point of speaking.

아씻ᄒᆞ다 s. To be not complete; to lack a little. To be on the point of saying. (Prov.)

*아비ᄒᆞ다 l. 野鄙 (들) (더러울) To be vile; to be depraved.

*아산 l. 野山 (들) (뫼) A hillock; a hill on a plain.

아살스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be cunning; to be crafty; to be hypocritical.

*아상 l. 野桑 (들) (뽕나무) *Pyrus Toringa.*

*아상 l. 夜商 (밤) (장ᄉᆞ) Night trade, or a traffic carried on at night.

*야상인 /. 夜商人 (밤)(장사꾼) (사복) One who carries on traffic or trade at night.

*야설 /. 夜雪 (밤)(눈) Snow that falls during the night.

*야소 /. 耶蘇 (어조소) (다시살) Jesus. *See* 예수

*야소교 /. 耶蘇敎 (어조소)(다시살) (구로칠) Protestant Christianity.

*야소교신자 /. 耶蘇敎信者 (어조소)(다시살)(구로칠)(믿을)(놈) Believers in Christianity; a Christian.

*야속하다 /. 野俗 (들)(풍속) To be inhospitable; to be hard; to be unkind. *See* 야심하다.

*야순하다 /. 夜巡 (밤)(순행) To go round for inspection at night.

야속야속하다 *s.* To be crafty; to be tricky.

*야습하다 /. 夜襲 (밤)(엄습) To make a night attack—of military operations.

*야시 /. 夜市 (밤)(저자) A market open at night.

*야식 /. 夜食 (밤)(밥) Dinner.

야식끕다 (——뜹) *s.* 고와; 은 To be disgusting; to be mean; to be sickening. *See* 아니꼽다.

*야식하다 /. 夜食 (밤)(밥) To dine.

*야심 /. 野心 (들)(욕심) Treacherous mind; treachery; treason; inordinate ambition.

야심스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be spoiled; to be ill-bred.

*야심하다 /. 也甚 (의기) (심홈) To be extreme; to be beyond bounds; to be persistent. *See* 야속하다.

*야심하다 /. 夜深 (밤) (깁흠) To be late at night.

*야사 /. 野史 (들) (소긔) Private written comments on the government dynasty etc. *Opp.* 국사.

*야사 /. 夜事 (밤)(일) Coition.

*야색 /. 夜色 (밤)(빗) Scenery by night; the night

*야야 *s.* 耶 어조사 A particle placed after words to express doubt or interrogation.

*야아춘 /. 野鵝椿 (들)(가아귀)(나무) *Euscaphis staphyleoides.*

*야야 ……夜夜 밤 밤 Night after night mightly; every night *See* 미야.

*야야 /. 爺爺 (아비)(아비) Father.

*야어하다 /. 夜漁 (밤) (고기잡을) To fish by night.

*야업 /. 夜業 (밤) (업) Night work.

*야업 /. 野業 (들) (업) Field work.

*야연 /. 夜筵 (밤) (자리) Evening banquet; feasting at night.

*야연 /. 野宴 (들) (잔치) Picnic.

*야영 /. 野營 (들) (진) A military encampment in the country.

*야외 /. 野外 (들 (밧) The district outside of a town

야외다 *s.* 외여; 왼 To be short; to be somewhat lacking in length. To be narrow-minded; to be mean; to be stingy.

*야외연습 /. 野外演習 (들 밧 (단련홈 (익힘) Drill out in the open.

*야용 (이)회음 / 冶容誨淫 (풀무) (얼골) (풍을) (음란) Painting the face is a sign of adultery.

*야우 /. 野牛 (들) (소) Cattle allowed to graze at large, a wild ox or buffalo.

*야유 /. 夜遊 (밤) (놀) Night amusements; walking at night for pleasure.

*야음 /. 夜飮 (밤) (마실) Drinking at night.

*야인 /. 野人 (들) (사롬) A savage; a rustic. *See* 야만.

*야장하다 / 夜葬 (밤 장사 / ury in the night; to inter secretly. *See* 후장하다

*야장이 /. 冶匠 (풀무) (장인) A blacksmith—who makes metal dishes etc.

야잣하다 *s.* 잔하; 흔 To be small and insignificant; to be stupid.

*야저 /. 野猪 (들) (도야지) A wild hog; wild boar.

*야전 /. 夜戰 (밤) (싸홈) A battle fought at night.

*야전 /. 野戰 (들) (싸홈) A battle in the open country.

*야전포 /. 野戰砲 (들) (싸홈) (대포) A field-gun.

*야전포병 /. 野戰砲兵 들 싸홈 대포 (군수) Field art. ...

*야전하다 *s.* 夜戰 (밤) (싸홈) To fight by night.

*야점 /. 夜店 밤 장사집 A stall where things are sold at night.

*야쥬 /. 夜珠 (밤) (구슬) Fireworks. *See* 승긔전.

야쥭야쥭 *s.* Boldly; impudently. Loosely; poorly.

야즁 /. Last; latest. *See* 나종.

*야즁 /. 夜中 (밤) (가온딕) Midnight.

*야지 *l.* 野池 (들) (못) A pond in the country.

야지러지다 *v.* 缺 (야지러질—*결) 리지; 진 To be chipped; to be broken; to be damaged. *See* 여지러지다.

야조나무 *l.* 椰 (*야) The cocoa-nut tree. *Cocos nucifera.*

*야차 *l.* 夜叉 (밤) (작살이) A fierce spirit that takes on various forms and is said to devour men. Ogres; devils.

야청 *s.* 鴉青 (까마귀-*아) (푸를 *청) Dark blue color. *See* 아청.

*야츌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 揶揄 (야아냄) 날) To stimulate; to excite; to lead on.

*야초 *l.* 野草 (들) (나물) Lowland herbs—in contrast to 산초.

*야편두 *l.* 野扁豆 (들) (편울) (팟) *Rhynchosia volubilis.*

*야포 *l.* 野砲 (들) (대포) Field-artillery.

*야포도 *l.* 野葡萄 (들) (포도) (포도) Wild grapes.

*야포ᄃᆡ *l.* 野砲隊 (들) (대포) (떼) Artillery company.

*야풍 *l.* 野風 (들) (바람) Rustic or rude manners.

*야학 *l.* 夜學 (밤) (비홀) Learning at night; night study.

*야학 *l.* 夜瘧 (밤) (학질) Night fever. *See* 메누리고금.

*야학 *l.* 野鶴 (들) (학) A kind of crane. *See* 두루미.

*야학교 *l.* 夜學校 (밤) (비홀) (학교) A night-school.

*야학ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜學 (밤) (비홀) To learn at night, to study at night.

*야한 *l.* 夜寒 (밤) (찰) Cold nights.

*야합ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 野合 (들) (모들) To have illicit intercourse.

*야항ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜航 (밤) (비질홀) To navigate by night.

*야호 *l.* 野狐 (들) (여호) A common fox.

*야회 *l.* 夜會 (밤) (모들) A meeting held at night; an evening party.

아ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be close; to be stingy. To be over particular; to be over nice.

*야힝ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 夜行 (밤) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To go by night; to walk in the night.

*야화 *l.* 野花 (들) (꼿) Wild flowers.

*야화화 *l.* 耶華和 (어조ᄉᆞ) (빗날) (교로) The name used in Chinese for Jehovah. *See* 하ᄂᆞ님.

*약 *s.* 藥 (약) Medicine; drugs. (다리다) (짓다) (쓰다). *See* 약지.

*약가 *s.* 藥價 (약) (갑) Price of medicine.

*약간 *s.* 若干 (ᄀᆞᆺ홀) (방패) A little. *See* 여간.

*약게 *s.* 藥劑 (약) (글) A dispensary; a drug shop. *See* 약방.

*약게봉ᄉᆞ *s.* 藥劑奉事 (약) (글) 밧들) (일) A officer in charge of the government dispensary. A medicine clerk.

*약골 *s.* 弱骨 (약홀) (뼈) A weakling; a weak person. *Opp.* 장골; 강골; *See* 잔골.

*약국 *s.* 藥局 (약) (관) A dispensary; a medicine shop. *See* 약게.

*약긔 *s.* 約期 (언약, 긔약 A late agreed upon.

*약긔 *s.* 弱氣 (약홀) (긔운) Weakness; feebleness.

*약과 *s.* 藥果 (약) (과실) Cakes made from wheat flour, oil and honey.

*약관 *s.* 弱冠 (약홀) (갓) A youth; a young person.

*약관 *s.* 藥罐 (약) (그릇) A pot in which medicinal decoctions are prepared; a pot used for boiling water.

*약관 *s.* 約款 (언약) (가지) The article of a treaty; clauses of an agreement.

*약낭 *s.* 藥囊 (약) (쥬머니) A medicine pocket—carried at the coat strings.

*약년 *s.* 若年 (ᄀᆞᆺ홀) (히) Youth.

약념 *s.* 藥 (*시) Seasoning—for food. *See* 고명.

약념ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To season; to flavor. *See* 고명ᄒᆞ다.

*약능 *s.* 藥能 (약) (능홀) The virtues of a medicine

약다 *v.* 약아, 은 To be bright looking, to be clever. *See* 령리ᄒᆞ다.

*약엄 *s.* 藥店 (약) (장ᄉᆞ집) A drug-store; an apothecary shop.

*약명셔 *s.* 約定書 (언약) (명홀) (글) A written contract.

*약명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 約定 (언약) (명홀) To promise; to agree; to make a treaty.

*약독 *s.* 藥毒 (약) (독홀) The strength or poison of a medicine.

*약됴 *s.* 約條 (언약) (가지) A contract; a treaty; an agreement. *See* 언약.

*약됴기졍 *s.* 約條改正 (언약) 가지) (곳칠) (바를 Treaty revision.

*약됴장졍 *s.* 約條章程 (언약) (가지) (글장) (길) The clauses of a treaty.

*약됴ᄒᆞ다 s. 約條 (언약)(가지) To contract; to agree. *See* 상약ᄒᆞ다.

약ᄃᆡ / 駱駝 약ᄃᆡ *(다) 약ᄃᆡ *(라) A camel. *See* 락ᄃᆡ.

*약락히 s. 若略 (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (간략) Little by little; in small quantities.

*약락ᄒᆞ다 s. 若略 (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (간략) To be small, little, short. *See* 약됴ᄒᆞ다.

*약력 s. 藥力 (약) (힘) The effect of a drug—on the constitution.

*약령 s. 藥令 (약) (ᄒᆞᆞᆞᆞ) The time [illegible] 공슈 and 대구 in the 3rd and 9th months.

*약롱 s. 藥籠 (약) (대그릇) A medicine chest

*약료 s. 藥料 (약) (ᄃᆡ야ᄆᆞᆯ) Material for medicine.

*약마복중 s. 弱馬服重 (약ᄒᆞᆞ, 물, 짐) (무거ᄆᆞᆯ) A weak pack-horse and heavy load—used of what is beyond one's powers.

*약명 s. 藥名 (약) (일ᄒᆞᆞ) Names of medicines; medical terms.

*약물 s. 藥水 (약) (물—*슈) Medicinal water. *See* 약슈.

*약물 s. 藥物 (약) (ᄆᆞᆞᆞᆞ) Medicines; materia medicin.

*약물학 s. 藥物學 (약) (ᄆᆞᆞᆞᆞ) Meteria medica.

약ᄇᆞᆰ다 s. 발나; 은 To be bright; to be intelligent; to be clever. *See* 약삭ᄇᆞᆰ다.

*약밥 s. 藥食 (약) (밥—*식) Glutinous rice prepared and mixed with dates, peanuts, honey etc. *See* 약식.

*약방 s. 藥房 (약) (방) A medical office; a dispensary. *See* 약국.

*약방문 s. 藥方文 (약) (모) (글월) A medical prescription. *See* 화계.

*약병 s. 藥甁 (약) (병) A medicine bottle.

*약보ᄒᆞ다 s. 藥補 (약) (기ᄋᆞᆞᆞ) To gain strength—from the use of medicines.

*약ᄇᆞᆞᆞ s. 藥褓紙 (약) (보ᄌᆞ) (조희) Paper—for medicine powders.

*약분 s. 約分 (간략ᄒᆞᆞ 는ᄒᆞᆞ) Dividing numerator and denominator by a common factor. Reduction to lowest terms.

*약불즁ᄅᆞ면 s. 若不相他 (만약) (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (다ᄅᆞ) If [illegible] do not agree with him

*약비 s. 若輩 (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (무리) Young people; the young; persons of immature knowledge or experience.

약삭바ᄅᆞ다 s. 발나; 은 To be bright; to be clever. *See* 약다.

*약산 s. 藥山 (약) (뫼) A famous mountain in Pyong-an-do. (Yong-ben). Lat. [illegible] Long. 126.04.

약산젹 s. Seasoned beef-steak.

*약삼 s. 藥商 (약) (장ᄉᆞ) A medicine dealer; a drug peddlar.

*약셔 s. 藥書 (약) (ᄀᆞᆞ) A general term [illegible] to any book or treatise on medicines or the treatment of disease.

*약석 s. 藥石 (약) (ᄃᆞᆞ) Medicines; drugs.

*약셩가 s. 藥性歌 (약) (셩ᄑᆞᆞ) (노래) A work on the nature and characteristics of medicines. *See* 본초.

*약속ᄒᆞ다 s. 約束 (언약) 묵ᄀᆞᆞ \ binding contract, a treaty. *See* 약됴.

*약속슈형 s. 約束手形 (언약) (묵ᄀᆞᆞ) (손) (형상) Promissory note.

*약속ᄒᆞ다 s. 約束 (언약) (묵ᄀᆞᆞ) To make a contract; to form a treaty. *See* 약됴ᄒᆞ다.

*약쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 略少 (간략) (젹ᄋᆞᆞ) To be small; to be little; to be of short measure. *See* 샤쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*약수 s. 約數 (간략ᄒᆞᆞ) (두어) Exact divisor; exact measure.

*약수분히 s. 約數分解 (간략ᄒᆞᆞ) (두어) (ᄂᆞᆞᆞᆞ) [illegible] to factors.

*약쑥 s. 藥艾 (약) (쑥 *애) Artemisia—from which medicine is made.

*약ᄉᆞᆞ s. 藥酒 (약) (ᄉᆞᆞ—*쥬) Medicinal wine. *See* 약쥬.

*약슈 s. 藥水 (약ᄒᆞᆞ) (물) The weak water—the Euphrates.

*약슈 s. 藥水 (약) (물) Medicine in a liquid form. *See* 약물.

*약슈건 s. 藥巾 (약) (슈건—*건) A medicine linen wrap.

약시셰ᄒᆞ다 s. 治療 (다ᄉᆞᆯ릴—*치) (나ᄋᆞᆞ—*료) To medicate; to give medicine to; to live by medicine. *See* 치료ᄒᆞ다.

*약ᄀᆞᆞ약식ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 그ᄆᆞᆞᆞᆞ ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ (이) (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (이) To be so and so; to be in this way. *See* 약시ᄒᆞ다.

*약시ᄒᆞ다 s. 若是 (ᄀᆞᆞᆞᆞ) (이) To be so and so, to be thus. *See* 약ᄎᆞ약ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

*약식 s. 藥食 (약) (밥) *See* 약밥.

*약소 s. 藥師 (약) (스승) God of medicines; a name given to 여러 Buddha (如來) who is said to be the mitigator of man's sufferings.

약약ᄒᆞ다 a. To be difficult to bear; to be hard.

*약연 s. 藥硏 (약) (갈) A kind of iron morter shaped like a boat in which a wheel with a handle on the axis is pressed to and fro so as to pulverize drugs.

*약용 s. 藥用 (약) (쓸) Medical use.

*약용식물학 s. 藥用植物學 (약) (쓸) (심을) (물건) (비롤) Medical or pharmaceutical botany.

*약용ᄒᆞ다 v. 藥用 (약) (쓸) To use as a medicine.

*약이 s. 藥餌 (약) (먹기) Medicine which a sick person is taking.

*약인 s. 若人 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A young man; a lad. *See* 소년.

*약원 s. 藥園 (약) (동산) A garden where medicinal plants are cultivated.

*약장 s. 藥欌 (약) (ᄀᆞᆷ출) A sideboard for medicines.

*약자션슈 s. 弱者先手 (약ᄒᆞᆫ) (놈) (몬져) (손) Giving the weak party the first play.

*약장 s. 弱將 (약ᄒᆞᆫ) (장슈) A weak general; an incapable or faint-hearted captain

*약장 s. 藥醬 (약) (장) Medicinal soy.

*약장 s. 約長 (언약) (어룬) The chief of a literati guild.

*약지움 s. 藥秤 (약 (지울 -*칭) A medicine scales. *See* 약칭.

*약정 s. 藥精 (약) (정긔) Active Principle of a drug.

*약졍 s. 約正 (언약) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) A tax-collector; one who gathers money and grain for an official.

*약제 s. 藥劑 (약) (약지을) A medical compound.

*약졸 s. 弱卒 (약ᄒᆞᆫ) (군ᄉᆞ) Effeminate troops; a poor-spirited or craven soldiery; a weak army.

*약쥬 s. 藥酒 (약) (술) Fermented spirit

*약지 s. 藥紙 (약) (조희) Paper for packing medicines.

*약질 s. 弱質 (약ᄒᆞᆫ) (바탕) A weakling; a delicate person. *See* 셤셤약질.

*약종 s. 藥種 (약) (씨) A medicine; a drug.

*약지 s. 藥材 약 (지목) Material from which medicines are made. *See* 약

*약채 s. 藥債 (약) 빗 A medical bill; the price—of medicines.

*약차 s. 藥劑 (약) (밀) Strength—derived from medicines. *See* 차력.

*약초 s. 藥草 (약) (플) Medicinal plants.

*약치료ᄒᆞ다 s. 藥治料 (약) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (헤아릴) To cure sickness by medicine

*약초 s. 藥草 (약) (플) A medicinal herb.

*약치ᄒᆞ다 s. 藥治 (약) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To control a disease by medicine. *See* 치료ᄒᆞ야.

*약침 s. 藥針 (약) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) Medicine and acupuncture.

*약칭 s. 藥稱 (약) (저울) A medicine scales. *See* 약지움.

*약ᄉᆞ불이ᄒᆞ다 s. 若此不已 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔) (이) (아ᄂᆡᆯ) (임이) To always do thus; to never cease doing thus (련).

*약ᄉᆞ약ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s 若此若此 又흔 (이) To be so and so; to be this way and that way. *See* 약ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

*약ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 若此 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔) (이) To be so and so; to be thus. *See* 여ᄎᆞ여ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

*약탕 s. 藥湯 (약) (끌을) Medical bath.

*약탕관 s 藥湯罐 (약) (끌을) 차관) A dish in which medicines are prepared. *See* 약주구리.

*약ᄒᆞᆯ s. 藥硫 약) (쇠) Powder and shot.

약주구리 s. A dipper or ladle in which to prepare medicines. *See* 약탕관.

*약포 s. 藥舖 (약) (펼) A drug store; an apothecary shop.

*약포 s. 藥圃 (약) (동산) Fields of medicinal herbs.

*약포 s. 藥脯 약) 포육) Beef cut thin, dried and prepared with spices.

*약품 s. 藥品 (약) (물ᄉᆞ) Medicines or *materia medica*.

*약하오 s 若何 (ᄀᆞᆺ흔) (엇지) How is it? How does it do?

*약헌 s. 藥衡 (약) 저울대) An apothecary's scales. *See* 약칭.

*약효 s. 藥効 약 효험) Benefits derived from medicine.

*약ᄒᆞ다 s. 弱 (약ᄒᆞᆫ) To be weak, to be feeble; to be fragile. *Opp.* 강ᄒᆞ다. *See* 잔약ᄒᆞ다.

*약환 s. 藥丸 (약) (한조) Powder and shot or ball.

얄개 s. Fussing; grumbling. (Prov.)

미
촬
영

*양귀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 養氣 (양긔) (과운) To indulge; to encourage; to give vent to one's desires.

*양긔년 *l.* 兩箇年 (량) (낸) (년) Two years; two years duration.

*양직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 養客 (기를) (손) To provide for a guest.

*양과즈 *s.* 洋菓子 바다) (실과) (아ᄌᆞᆯ) Foreign sweets; foreign confectionery.

*양관 *s.* 洋館 (바다) (집사) A foreign house; a foreign settlement.

*양관텰 *s.* 陽關鐵 (볏) (집) (발) The style of writing verses with the high and low characters in a similar order in each couplet.

*양광 *s.* 佯狂 (거짓) (밋칠) Feigned madness.

*양텰 *s.* 陽瘧 (볏) (그) Slight fever with bloody or yellow stools—in typhus.

*양녀 *l.* 養女 (기를) (계집) An adopted daughter. *See* 양ᄯᆞᆯ

*양노ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 佯怒 (거짓) (노ᄒᆞᆯ) To feign anger.

*양요 *s.* 洋擾 (바다) (요란ᄒᆞᆯ) The war with foreigners (1866).

*양단 *s.* 洋緞 (바다) (비단) Foreign satin. *See* 서양단.

*양ᄯᆞᆯ *l.* 養女 (기를) (계집—*녀) An adopted daughter.

양달영 *s.* Foreign drilling; twilled cotton. *See* 양대포.

*양담 *s.* 洋毯 (바다) (담요) A foreign rug.

*양담요 *s.* 洋毯褥 (바다) (담요) (요) A foreign rug.

*양대포 *s.* 洋大布 (바다) (큰) (ᄇᆡ) Thick foreign drilling. *See* 양달영.

*양덕 *s.* 陽德 (볏) (큰) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 39.04 Long. 127.50

*양뎐긔 *s.* 陽電氣 (볏) (번기) (긔운) Positive electricity.

*양도 *s.* 洋刀 (바다) (칼) Foreign cutlery.

*양도 *s.* 楊島 (버들) (셤) An island close to Quelpaert

*양도인 *s.* 讓渡人 (ᄉᆞ양) (건ᄂᆡᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An assignor.

*양독 *s.* 陽毒 (볏) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Scarlatina. *See* 양독발반. *Opp* 음독.

*양독발반 *s.* 陽毒發斑瘡 (볏 (독ᄒᆞᆯ) (필) (어루럭이) Scarlet-fever or scarlatina. *See* 양독.

*양됴 *s.* 陽鳥 (볏) (새) Wild geese (B. H.) *See* 기럭이.

*양두ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 讓頭 (ᄉᆞ양) (머리) To decline the first place; to refuse the chief seat; to give credit to another. *Opp.* 압두ᄒᆞ다.

*양등 *s.* 洋燈 (바다) (등) Foreign lamps. *See* 석유등.

*양디 *s.* 陽地 (볏) (짜) A sunny place. *See* 양명방. *Opp.* 음디.

*양디 *s.* 壤地 (곡정이) (짜) A locality; place; district; country; territory.

*양디것 *s.* 陽地 (볏) (짜) A sunny place; a spot where the sun strikes. *See* 양디.

*양디ᄇᆡᆨ *s.* 陽地 (볏) (짜) A spot on which the sun shines. *See* 양디편.

*양디편 *s.* 陽地 (볏) (짜) A sunny place. *See* 양디것.

*양란 *s.* 洋亂 (바다) (어지러울) The war with foreigners (1866). *See* 양요.

*양력 *s.* 陽曆 (볏) (책력) The Gregorian Calendar to suit the revolution around the sun—in contrast to lunar which is arranged to suit the phases of the moon.

*양례 *l.* 葬禮 (ᄅᆞᆯ) (례도) A funeral ceremony.

*양로원 *l.* 養老院 (기를) (늙을) (집) An asylum for the old.

*양로ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 養老 기를) (늙을 To care for the old. To nurse one's self in old age

*양롱 *s.* 佯聾 (거짓) (귀먹을) Feigning deafness.

*양료리 *s.* 洋料理 (바다) (헤아릴) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Foreign food

*양류 *s.* 楊柳 (버들) (버들) The willow

*양마석 *s.* 羊馬石 (양) (말) (돌) The two stone figures placed in front of a grave.

*양말 *s.* 洋襪 (대양) (버션) Foreign socks.

*양명방 *s.* 陽明方 (볏) (붉을) (모) A bright sunny situation. *See* 양디ᄇᆡᆨ.

*양명증 *s.* 陽明症 (볏) (붉을) (증세) Hollowness of the eyes, sleeplessness etc in typhus or native fever.

*양명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 陽明 (볏) (붉을) To be bright; to be in possession of his faculties—of an old person.

*양모 *l.* 養母 (기를) (어미) A foster-mother. *See* 슈양모

*양모 *s* 羊毛 (양) (털역) Wool, goat's hair. *See* 양호.

*양목 s. 洋木 (바다) (나무) Foreign cotton. *See* 서양목.

*양목경 l. 養目鏡 (기를) (눈) (거울) Glasses—to aid the sight. (Prov.) *See* 안경.

*양목ᄒᆞ다 l. 養木 (기를) (나무) To cultivate trees or shrubs.

*양목ᄒᆞ다 l. 養目 (기를) (눈) To aid the eyes; to help the sight—as by spectacles.

*양물화 s. 洋物貨 (바다) (물건) (보화) Foreign goods.

*양민창 s. 楊梅瘡 (버들) (매화) (헌데) Syphilis.

*양발ᄒᆞ다 l. 養髮 (기를) (털억) To let one's hair grow long; to pay attention to the hair. *Opp.* 단발ᄒᆞ다.

*양범ᄒᆞ다 s. 揚帆 (놀닐) (돗) To sail.

양병 s. 瓶 (병—*병) A large earthenware jar with a narrow neck.

*양병 s. 佯病 (거짓) (병풀) A sickness attended with fever etc. *See* 세병. A pretended sickness—in order to escape duty. *Opp.* 옴병.

*양병원 l. 養病院 (기를) (병들) (집) A hospital.

*양병ᄒᆞ다 l. 養病 (기를) (병들) To aggravate a disease—by neglect of the proper means of remedy.

*양병ᄒᆞ다 l. 養兵 (기를) (군ᄉᆞ) To provide for troops etc.

*양병ᄒᆞ다 s. 佯病 (거짓) (병들) To feign sickness.

양보라 s. 洋紬 (바다—*양) (보라 -*갈) A magenta color

*양보료 s. 洋步蓐 (바다) (거를) (요) A foreign carpet.

*양보ᄒᆞ다 l. 讓步 (ᄉᆞ양) (거를) To decline to step forward first.

*양복 s. 洋服 (바다) (옷) Foreign dress.

양복거 l. Food made from beef's stomach.

*양부 l. 養父 (기를) (아비) A foster-father. *See* 수양부.

*양부모 l. 養父母 (기를) (아비) (어미) Foster-parents.

*양비대발ᄒᆞ다 s. 揚臂大跋 (놀닐) (팔) (큰) (말심) To roll up his sleeves and roar out in anger

*양사 s. 洋紗 (바다) (깁) Foreign muslin. *See* 서양사.

*양산 s. 洋算 (바다) (산줄) Foreign reckoning—by figures. *See* 륄산.

*양산 s. 陽傘 (볕) (일산) The royal canopy; the red umbrella carried before the king. *See* 황양산.

양산도희 s. The name of a festival with music and dancing.

*양상 s. 洋商 (바다) (장ᄉᆞ) Foreign merchants. *See* 양함.

*양서 s. 洋書 (바다) (글) Foreign writing—languages that are written horizontally from left to right.

*양선 s. 洋船 (바다) (비) A foreign ship. *See* 이양선.

*양션ᄒᆞ다 s. 佯善 (거짓) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To simulate virtue; to be a hypocrite.

*양성 l. 養成 (기를) (일울) Nurture; training; development.

*양성 s. 陽城 (볕) (재) A prefect in Kyŏng-keul-do. Lat. 37.09. Long. 127.16

*양셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 養成 (기를) (일울) To bring up; to rear; to foster

*양손녀 l. 養孫女 (기를) (손ᄌᆞ) (계집) An adopted grand-daughter.

*양손ᄌᆞ l. 養孫子 (기를) (손ᄌᆞ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) An adopted grandson.

*양육 s. 洋鬻 (바다) (붓ᄒᆞᆯ) Foreign articles, western goods.

*양슈인 l. 讓受人 (ᄉᆞ양) (밧을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An assignee.

*양신 s. 楊愼 (버들) (삼갈) A. D. 1488-1559. A distinguished scholar and philosophical writer.

*양실 s. 陽室 (볕) (집) A small ridge built along the eave to shade the front of the house

*양심ᄒᆞ다 l. 養心 (기를) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To cheer one's mind; to cultivate the mind in—as teachings.

*양ᄉᆞ s. 洋絲 (바다) (실) Foreign thread.

*양숨ᄒᆞ다 l. 養蔘 (기를) (숨) To cultivate ginseng.

*양싱ᄒᆞ다 l. 養生 (기를) (날) To live a life aesthetically; to live by ease and exercise.

*양싱방 l. 養生方 (기를) (날) (모) Rules for aesthetic living and exercise.

*양싱법 l. 養生法 (기를) (날) (법) Rules for aesthetic living and exercise.

*양싱지방 l. 養生之方 (기를) (날) (갈) (모) Rules for aesthetic living and exercise.

*양싱지법 l. 養生之法 (기를) (날) (갈) (법) Rules for aesthetic living and exercise.

양아 s. 蘘 (천—*양) A medicinal plant—the *Lilium giganteum.*

*양아들 *l.* 養子 (기를) (아들—*조) An adopted son—of the same clan. *See* 양조

*양아바지 *l.* 養父 (기를) (아비—*부) A foster-father. *See* 양부.

*양아버니 *l.* 養父 (기를) (아비 *부) A foster-father; an adopted father.

*양아비 *l.* 養父 (기를) (아비—*부) A foster-father.

*양안 *s.* 洋鞍 (바다) (안장) A foreign saddle.

*양안장 *s.* 洋鞍橐 (바다) (안장) (단장) A foreign saddle.

*양안호다 *l.* 養眼 (기를) (눈) To care for the eyes

*양약 *s.* 洋藥 (바다) (약) Foreign medicines; Western drugs.

*양약국 *s.* 洋藥局 (바다) (약) (관) A foreign medicine shop.

*양양 *s.* 襄陽 (클) (볕) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.05. Long. 128.31.

*양악부지호다 *s.* 佯若不知 (거짓) (又같) (아니) (알) To pretend not to know.

*양양조족호다 *s.* 揚揚自得 (돋닐) (돋닐) (스스리) (엇을) To be full of one's own greatness; to be wise and great in one's own conceit.

*양양호다 *s.* 洋洋 (바다) (바다) To be wide and deep, to flourish.

*양양호다 *s.* 揚揚 (돋닐) (돋닐) To be in a highflown, or vainglorious manner.

*양어 *s.* 洋語 (바다) (말숨, Western languages. *See* 영어.

*양어머니 *l.* 養母 (기를) (어미—*모) A foster-mother. *See* 양모.

*양어미 *l.* 養母 (기를) (어미—*모) A foster-mother.

*양언호다 *s.* 揚言, 돋닐) (말숨) To make known; to announce; to publish; to proclaim

*양어호다 *l.* 養魚 (기를) (고기) To keep fish.

*양억 *s.* 楊億 (버들) (억) A. D. 974-1020. A celebrated scholar, distinguished by his precocious genius.

*양언 *s.* 佯言 (거짓) (말숨) Pretence; falsehood; lies.

*양언호다 *s.* 揚言 (돋닐) (말숨) To publish or blaze abroad.

*여여인 *l.* 讓與人 (소양) (줌) (사물) A transferrer; a grantor.

*양여호다 *l.* 讓與 (소양, 줌) To transfer; to make concessions; to concede; to give up.

*양역 *s.* 陽厥 (볕) (칙역) A violent complication following on typhus to which women are subject. *Opp.* 음역.

*양염 *s.* 洋鹽 (바다) (소곰) Foreign salt.

*양영 *l.* 夜影 (밤) (그림ᄌ) The shade of any object seen on a moon-light night.

*양예 *s.* 揚譽 (돋닐) (기릴) Exalting or speaking highly of; laudation; acclamation.

*양옥 *s.* 洋屋 (바다) (집) A foreign house; a brick house.

*양위호다 *l.* 讓位 (소양) (벼슬) To abdicate the throne.

*양유 *s.* 羊乳 (양) (졋) Glossocomia lanceolata.

*양육 *s.* 羊肉 (양) (고기) Mutton.

*양육원 *l.* 養育院 (기를) (기를) (집) A poor asylum.

*양육지은 *l.* 養育之恩 (기를) (기를) (갈) (은혜) The kindness of caring for and bringing one up.

*양육호다 *l.* 養育 (기를) (기를) To bring up; to rear; to care for—adopted children. *See* 치다.

*양을 *s.* 洋緯 (바다) (갑) Foreign silk.

양으로 *s.* Falsely; foolishly. *See* 짓으로.

*양은 *s.* 洋銀 (바다) (은) Foreign silver; nickel; pewter. A foreign dollar. *See* 양은전.

*양은전 *s.* 洋銀錢 (바다) (은) (돈) Foreign silver money.

*양의 *s.* 洋醫 (바다) (의원) A foreign physician; a Western medical doctor.

*양이 *s.* 洋夷 (바다) (오랑캐) Western barbarians; foreigners.

*양인 *s.* 洋人 (바다) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A man from the West—a foreigner.

*양일호다 *s.* 洋溢 (바다) (넘칠) The overflow; to inundate.

*양월 *s.* 陽月 (볕) (돌) The 10th moon. (Comp.)

*양적력 *s.* 陽積歷 (볕) (겹칠) (지날) Positive electricity.

*양잠 *l.* 養蠶 (기를) (누에) Cultivation of the silkworm; sericulture. 호다.

*양잿물 *s.* A laundry preparation made from washing soda; lye.

*양장 *s.* 洋粧 (바다) (단장) Foreign binding—for books.

*양장 *s.* 羊腸 (양) (창ᄌᆞ) Literally 'the entrails of a goat'; used only in reference to winding and rough roads.

*양전 s. 洋氈 (바다)(전) A foreign rug or carpet.

*양제 s. 洋製 (바다)(지을) Western manufacture; foreign manufacture.

양종 l. 終末 (모침 -*종)(끝—*말) The last; the latest. *So* 양종.

*양종 s. 洋種 (바다)(씨) Western kinds —as plants. Eurasians.

*양종 s. 陽腫 (볕)(헌데) A boil on an exposed part of the body. *Opp.* 음종.

양종두리 s. A boil on the outside of the leg.

*양주호다 s. 佯走 (거짓)(다라날) To pretend to escape.

*양쥬 s. 楊朱 (버들)(붉을) A philosopher of the 4th. cent. B. C. whose sole doctrine was "selfishness." *Opp.* 묵조.

*양쥬 s. 洋酒 (바다)(술) Foreign spirit; Western liquors.

*양쥬 s. 楊州 (버들 (고을) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.43. Long. 127.18.

*양쥬호다 l. 釀酒 (비질)(술) To brew wine.

양즙 (-집) l. Water steeped with prepared beef's stomach.

*양증 s. 陽症 (볕) (증세) A sickness attended with fever, restlessness etc. *Opp.* 음증. *See* 양병.

*양지 s. 洋紙 (바다)(조희) Foreign paper.

*양지 s. 陽智 (볕) (지혜) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.13. Long. 127.20.

양지머리 s. The tender part of the breast of a beef.

*양지쵹 s. 羊脂燭 (양)(기름)(촉불—*촉) Tallow candles.

*양조호다 s. 揚塵 (날) (티살 To stir up the dust. *See* 먼지내다.

*양조ᄌᆞ 養子 (기를) (아들) An adopted son. *See* 수양ᄌᆞ.

*양ᄌᆞ s. 樣子 (모양 (아들) Appearance, looks. Dimension; size.

*양ᄌᆞ강 s. 揚子江 (버들 (아들) (물) Yang-tse River in China.

*양ᄌᆞ호다 l. 養子 (기를) (아들) To adopt a son. *See* 슬하호다.

*양창 s. 洋鎗 (바다) 창 A foreign spear, a bayonet.

*양척호다 s. 攘斥 (물니칠) (물니칠) To drive away; to expel; to turn out.

*양쳥 s. 佯妻 (거짓) (겹) A concubine who has been taken to wife with the marriage ceremony

*양쳥 s. 陽川 (볕) (내) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.32. Long. 126.57.

*양쳥 s. 洋靑 (바다) (푸를) Foreign blue or green dye.

*양초 s. 洋草 (바다) (풀) Foreign tobacco.

*양총 s. 洋銃 (바다) (총) A foreign gun.

*양쵹 s. 洋燭 (바다) (쵹불—*촉) Foreign candles.

*양츅 l. 養畜 (기를 (즘승 Domestic animals. To rear; to breed—animals cattle.

*양츈가졀 s. 陽春佳節 (볕 봄 아름다울) (절긔) The pleasant days of springtime.

*양츈 s. 陽春 (볕) (봄) The spring.

*양츈화시 s. 陽春和時 (볕) (봄) (고로) (때) The beautiful days of spring. *See* 방츈화시.

*양츈화긔 s. 陽春和氣 (볕) (봄) (고로) (긔운) The fragrant air of spring.

*양취호다 s. 佯醉 (거짓) (취홀) To pretend to be intoxicated.

양치물 l. 漱水 (양치질홀 -*수) (물—*슈) Tooth wash.

양치소금 l. 漱鹽 (양치질홀—*수) (소금 *염) Salt—used with tooth wash.

양치질호다 l. To wash the teeth; to rinse the mouth. *See* 양치호다.

*양치호다 l. 養齒 (가를) (니) To care for the teeth.

양치호다 l. 漱 (양치질홀—*수) To wash the teeth. *See* 양치질호다.

*양칠 s. 洋漆 (바다) (옻칠) Foreign paint

*양칠간쥭 s. 洋漆竿竹 (바다) (옻칠) (대) (대 Foreign painted pipe-stems.

*양침 s. 洋針 (바다) (바늘) Foreign needles. *See* 셔양침.

*양탈호다 s. 搶奪 (빼아슬) (빼아슬 To sieze by force

*양텬 s. 洋鐵 바다 (쇠) Foreign tin zinc. *See* 셔양텬.

*양텰 s. 陽轍 (볕) (갈힐) A house site in contrast to 음텰 the choice of a grave site. (Germany).

*양포 s. 洋布 (바다) (베) Foreign cotton or hempen cloth. *See* 셔양포.

*양표 s. 洋標 (바다) (표) The trademark on foreign goods.

*양피 s. 陽皮 (볕) (가죽) The foreskin.

*양피 s. 羊皮 (양) (가죽) A sheep skin.

*양학 s. 洋學 (바다) (비홀) Foreign teaching—as Christianity.

*양학자 s. 洋學者 (바다) (비홀) (놈) A person versed in European learning.

*양항 s. 洋行 (바다) (장소) A foreign mercantile firm; a Western hong.

*양항라 s. 洋亢羅 (바다) (놈올) (깁) Muslin; foreign cotton gauze. *See* 서양항라.

*양현고 l. 養賢庫 (기를) (어질) (고집) The name of a government storehouse.

*양혜 s. 洋鞋 (바다) (신) Foreign shoes; Western boots.

*양호 s. 羊毫 (양) (털억) Wool. *See* 양모.

*양호유환 l. 養虎遺患 (기를) (법) (써칠) (근심) Trouble brought on by training a tiger—used of an unfaithful guest.

*양호필 s. 羊毫筆 (양) (털억) (붓) A wool pen-brush

*양호ᄒᆞ다 l. 養虎 (기를) (법) To keep a tiger.

양회 l. A part of a beef's stomach cut up and eaten raw.

*양홍 s. 洋紅 (바다) (붉을) Turkey-red dye.

*양육ᄒᆞ다 l. 養育 (기를) (기를) To bring up; to nourish, to care for.

*양화 s. 洋貨 (바다) (보화) Foreign goods in general.

*양화바부 s. 楊花鹿蔔 (버들, (꽃) (뿔) (무) A kind of early radish.

*양화진 s. 楊花津 (버들) (꽃) (나루) A town and ferry about 15 li from Seoul to the west, where the foreigners are buried. *Also* 양화도.

*양화포 s. 洋花布 (바다) (꽃) (뵈) Foreign print-goods; cretonne.

어 The third vowel of the syllabary long (l.) and short (s.), corresponding nearly to u when short and en when long.

어 l. Ah!—marking fear. *See* 애고.

어 l. Yes!—among friends. *See* 오.

*어가 l. 御駕 (모실) (멍에) His Majesty's sedan-chair

*어가 s. 漁歌 (고기잡을) (노래) A fisherman's song.

*어간 s. 於間 (놀) (스이) A hall; a passage way; a partition space.

*어간유 s. 魚肝油 (고기) (간) (기름) Cod-liver oil.

어간저비 l. What stands between; a partition.

*어갑주 l. 御甲冑 (모실) (갑옷) (투구) The king's coat of mail; the royal armor.

어개 s. A boatman's call—by which to pull together. *See* 어야.

어거ᄒᆞ다 l. 馭 (어거홀 *어) To drive a chariot; to drive the royal chariot. To govern, to use

*어격 l. 語格 (말숨) (격식) Grammatical rules.

*어고 l. 御庫 (모실) (고집) His Majesty's treasure houses.

*어공미 l. 御供米 (모실) (이바지) (쌀) The king's rice; rice for the use of the king. *See* 슈라쌀.

*어구 s. 漁具 (고기잡을) (그릇) Fishing implements, such as nets, fishing hooks, etc.

*어구 l. 御溝 (모실) (개천) A spring inside the palace enclosure

*어국 l. 御局 (모실) (판) The palace medical dispensary.

*어군막 l. 御軍幕 (모실) (군사) (장막) The royal pavilion or tent.

*어굴ᄒᆞ다 l. 語屈 말숨) (굽홀) To silence one an argument. *See* 어궁ᄒᆞ다.

어귀 l. 洞口 (골—*동) (입—*구) An entrance to a gorge or bay.

어귀어귀 s. Greedily. *See* 아귀아귀.

*어궁 l. 御宮 (모실) (집) The royal palace.

*어궁ᄒᆞ다 l. 語窮 (말숨) (궁홀) To have nothing to say; to be beyond expression. *See* 어굴ᄒᆞ다.

어그러지다 s. 違 (어길—*위) 러지; 친 To fail to fit, to be unsuited; to be askew. To transgress. *See* 어긔여지다

어근버근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be disjoined; to be askew; to disagree; to be contrary.

어글어글ᄒᆞ다 s. 俊秀 (준걸 *준) (빼어날—*슈) To be handsome; to be commanding; to be elegant.

어금니 s. 牙 (*아) The molars. *See* 아금니.

어금막기다 s. 닥져; 간 To intertwine; to reverse; to change.

어금지금ᄒᆞ다 s. To be somewhat alike; to resemble. *See* 비슷ᄒᆞ다.

어긋나다 s. 굿나; 난 To fail to meet or fit; to turn out contrary to.

어긋마치다 s. 마쳐; 친 To fit into—as rows of teeth; to wedge into each other.

어긋어긋ᄒᆞ다 s. To be rickety; to be shaky; to be out of order.

어긔다 *s.* 違 (어길—*위) 긔여; 권 To violate; to break: to go contrary to; to transgress.

어긔뎌다 *s.* 뎌여; 린 To be contrary; to be opposed. *See* 어긔여다.

어긋뎌다 *s.* 뎌여; 린 To reply by a speech to the contrary; to reply in a captious way To be contrary to. *See* 어긔뎌다

어긔여지다 *s.* 違 (어길 *위) 여져; 잔 To be disjointed, to become loosened; to be askew. *See* 어그러지다

어긔엿차 *s.* A boatman's or coolie's call —to pull or lift together. *See* 어야.

어긔저거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To walk stiffly.

어긔주어긔주ᄒᆞ다 *s* To walk stiffly.

어긔차다 *s.* 의차; 찬 To be headstrong; to be obstinate, to be determined.

*어긔즛ᄒᆞ다 *s* 於其中 ᄂᆞᆯ (그) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be between; to be midway.

*어락 *s.* 魚藿 (고기) (메역) Fish and sea-weed.

*어락젼 *s.* 魚藿廛 고기 메역) (장ᄉᆞ집) A fish and sea-weed shop.

어녹이다 *l* 解凍 ᄀᆞᆯ 히, 얼 *ᄀᆞᆯ) 녹여; 인 To freeze and thaw. *See* 녹이다.

*어눌ᄒᆞ다 *l* (—둘) 語訥 (말숨) (어들ᄃᆞᆯ) To stammer; to stutter.

어니 *s.* 兄 (앗—*형) Elder brother; elder sister—among those of the same sex. *See* 형.

어누 *s.* (— 니) 那 (엇지—*냐) What? which?—among several.

어누ᄉᆡ *s.* (—니) Beforehand; ahead of time; already; so soon. *See* 발셔.

어다 *l.* 凍 (얼—*동) 얼여; 언 To freeze; to congeal. *Also* 얼다.

*어동어셔 *s* 於東於西 ᄀᆞᆯ 동녁) (ᄀᆞᆯ 셔녁, by east or west—this way or that.

*어동육셔 *s* 魚東肉西 (고기) (동녁) (고기) (셔녁) Fish to the east and flesh to the west—as arranged on the sacrificial table.

*어두귀면지졸 *s.* 魚頭鬼面之卒 (고기) 머리 (귀신 ᄂᆞᆺ 갈 ᄉᆞᆫ) Soldiers with fish heads and devil faces as seen pictured on doors—a low rabble.

*어두봉미 *s* 魚頭鳳尾 고기 머ᄅᆡ 새, (쐬리) Fish heads and "pope's noses" of chicken ... de. cuts.

*어두육미 *s* 魚頭肉尾 (고기) (머리) (고기 (쐬리) Fish heads and beef tails for delicacies.

*어둔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 語鈍 (말숨) (둔ᄒᆞᆯ) To speak thickly; to stammer.

어둡다 *s.* 暗 (어두울 —*암) 두워; 운 To be dark; to be dim; to be obscure. *See* 컴컴ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 붉다.

어드러케 *s.* How? (Prov.)

어드메 *s.* Where? (Prov.) *See* 어듸.

어뜩시벽 *s.* 黎明 (검을 *려) (붉을—*명) Earliest dawn.

어득어득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dark; to be dim; to be twilight. *See* 어둡다.

어든이 *l.* A fool; an idiot.

어듸 *s.* 何處 (엇지—*하) (곳—*쳐) Where? Somewhere. *See* 어드메.

*어란 *s.* 魚卵 (고기) (알) Fish-spawn; soft-roe.

*어랑젼 *l.* 御覽錢 (모실) (볼) (ᄇᆞᆯ) What is for royal use; what is for the king's service.

'어랑 에ᄋᆞ의 *s.* 於量乃宜 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (헤아릴) (알—*ᄒᆞᆫ 즘ᄉᆡ *의) A sufficiency; the proper amount for the capacity.

어랑칙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be indefinite; to be ambiguous.

어릠이 *s.* A coarse sieve.

어레빗 *s.* 大櫛 (큰—*대) (빗—*소, A coarse comb. *Also* 얼네빗.

어려셔 *s.* 兒時 (어ᄒᆡ *오) (ᄯᅢ—*시) From childhood; from infancy.

어려히 *s.* 難 (어려울—*난) With difficulty; with labor.

어련히 *s.* Undoubtedly; certainly.

어렴프시 *s.* Indistinctly; dimly.

어렴풋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dim; to be indistinct.

어렵다 *s.* 難 (어려울—*난) 려워; 운 To be difficult; to be hard. To be in distress.

*어로 *l.* 御路 (모실) (길) The way for a royal progress.

어로만지다 *s.* 撫 (어로만질 -*무) 만져; 진 To feel; to handle; to touch; to sleek. *See* 더듬다. To pacify; to quiet; to calm.

*어로불변 *s* 魚魯不辨 (고기) 다라) 아ᄂᆞᆯ (분별) Not knowing the difference between 魚 and 魯; unlettered; ignorant.

*어록 *l.* 語錄 (말숨) (긔록) A mixture of mandarin (관화) in the classic style (문리) to serve as connectives and endings.

*어롱 *s.* 魚籠 (고기) (대그릇) A fisherman's basket.

*어롱어롱ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be mixed—in color; to be mottled; to be variegated. *See* 얼우숭ᄒᆞ다.

*어룡 *s.* 魚龍 (고기) (룡) The fish dragon in contrast to the 수룡.

어루광대 *s.* A clown; a jester.

어루럭이 *s.* 斑 (*반) Marks or spots on the skin.

어루신네 *l.* 丈夫 (어른—*장) (놈 자) Father. (Hon.) *See* 어른. Sir—to a friend of one's father.

어른 *l.* 丈夫 (어른—*장) (놈—*자) An elder; an adult—one wearing a top knot, a father. *See* 장자.

어룽이 *s.* Marks or spots on the skin. (Prov)

어르눅다 *s.* 눅어, 운 To be gentle; to be quiet; to be soft. (Prov)

어르롱어르롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be variegated; to be mottled; to be mixed—in color.

어른어른ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 搖曳 (게집 ~*마) (어른거릴—*사) To flicker; to waver before the eyes.

어름 *l.* A banana.

어름 *s.* 氷 (*빙) Ice.

어름어름 *a.* Indefinitely. In any way at all.

어름어름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be indefinite; to be undecided.

어름장 *s.* 氷塊 (어름—*빙) (멍이—*괴) A block of ice.

어름치 (—름) A kind of river fish.

어리 *s.* A hen-coop; a pen.

어리광부리다 *s.* 부려; 린 To be childish; to act like a baby.

어리광스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be childish; to be babyish.

어리다 *s.* 稚 (어릴—*치) 어려; 린 To be young; to be youthful.

어리더듬다 *s.* 들어; 운 To finger about after—as in the dark; to look here and there for. *See* 더듬다.

어리둥절ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dazed; to be a dazed.

어리쌩쌩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be indefinite; to be uncertain.

어리석다 *s.* 癡 (어리석을—*치) 석어; 운 To be ignorant; to be stupid; to lack sense. *See* 미욱ᄒᆞ다

어리우다 *s.* 리워; 운 To be deceptive; to be delusive—as a spirit's presence or a slightly shaded color.

어리축축ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be rude and stupid; to be impudent and ignorant.

어린것 *s.* 兒 (어릴—*령) A child; a baby. *See* 유치.

어린양ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be childish; to act as a baby. *See* 어리광부리다.

어린우히 *s.* 幼兒 (어릴 *유) (우히—*우) A child; a baby. *See* 어린것.

어린에ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be childish, to act as a baby. *See* 어린양ᄒᆞ다

어림 *s.* 類例 (부을—*성) (잔—*작) An approximation; a conjecture; a guess.

어림업다 *s.* 업서; 슨 To be wide of the mark; to be nonsensical; to be astray.

어림장이 *s.* An imbecile; an idiot; a stupid person.

어림ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To guess; to make an estimate; to conjecture.

*어림ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 御臨 (모실) (림호) To come as the king.

어릿어릿ᄒᆞ다 *s* To be dazed, to be stupified; to be uncertain.

*어마 *l.* 御馬 (모실) (말) The king's pony—on which to ride. *See* 어승마.

어맘 *s.* 母 (어미 *모) Mother (Low.) *See* 어멈.

*어망 *s.* 漁網 (고기잡을) (그물) A fishing-net.

*어망선 *s.* 漁網船 (고기잡을) (그물) (비) A fishing boat.

*어망홍리 *s.* 漁網鴻狸 (고기잡을) (그물) (기럭이) (걸닐) Catching a goose in a fishing-net—arresting the wrong person.

어머니 *s.* 母 (어미—*모) Mother. (Hon. form—in common use.) *See* 어미.

*어멈 *s.* 母 (어미—*모) Mother. (Low.) *See* 어머니.

*어명 *l.* 御命 (모실) (목숨) A royal command; an order from the king. *See* 왕명.

*어모장군 *l.* 禦侮將軍 (막을) (업수히녁일) (장수) (군소) An officer whose duty it was to provide against foreign insults.

*어목선 *s.* 魚目扇 (고기) (눈) (붓치) A fan with a white horn rivet or pin.—as carried by a mourner.

*어물 *s.* 魚物 (고기) (만물) Products of the sea—fish.

*어물전 *s.* 魚物廛 (고기) (물건) (장소집) A fish shop.

어물어물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swarm to congregate. To gum. To mumble. To fumble about.

어물쩍거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To hesitate; to flounder. To fumble about.

어믈쩍어믈쩍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hesitate; to blunder. To fumble about. *See* 어믈어믈ᄒᆞ다.

어미 *s.* 母(*모) Mother—of animals etc. *See* 모.

어밤 *s.* Judgment; skill to estimate; ability to reckon up.

어버이 *s.* 親(*친) Father. (Comp.) *See* 부친.

어벌정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be familiar; to be presumptuous.

*어변성룡 *s.* 魚變成龍 (고기) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (일울) (룡) A fish changed into a dragon —used of persons who reform in behaviour or who rise to a high position from a low.

*어벌 *s.* 魚鼈 (고기) (자라) Fish and turtles.

*어보 *l.* 御寶 (모실) (보비) The royal seal. *See* 어인.

어복 *s.* The middle of a draught board; the middle. The calf of the leg. The size of an armhole in a coat (Prov.) The under-cut—in beef (Prov.)

*어복 *l.* 御服 (모실) (옷) The royal dress.

*어복 *l.* 御卜 (모실) (졈복) The king's sorcerer.

*어복뎡 *s.* 於腹點 (늘) (비) (뎜) The middle square of a *patok* board

*어부 *s.* 漁父 (고기잡을, 아바, A fisher; an angler. *See* 어옹.

어부승 *s.* Rice thrown into water for good-luck —on the 15th of the 1st moon. The last of all; the very extreme.

*어분에 *s.* 於分 (늘) In one's proper place—as decreed by God.

*어분에족의 *s.* 於分足矣 (늘) (ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) (밤) (즁으) Sufficient for his place, what is in keeping with his station.

*어불성설 *l.* 語不成說 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (아닐) (일울) (말ᄉᆞᆷ, Words to no purpose

*어비식 *l* 御陪食 (모실) (모실) (밥) Food eaten with the king; a royal repast shared in.

*어빅미 *l.* 御白米 (모실) (흰) (쌀) White rice—such as the king eats.

*어살 *s.* 漁箭 (고기잡을) (살—*젼) A stationary fishing net—hung on poles. *See* 어젼.

어살굿다 *l.* 구져; 친 To be rude; to be coarse; to be rough; to be comical.

*어샤진 *l.* 御寫眞 (모실) (ᄇᆞᆰ) (ᄎᆞᆷ) The king's photograph.

*어상 *s.* 魚商 (고기) (장ᄉᆞ) A fish peddler; a fish dealer.

어샹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 相半 (서로—*샹) (졈반—*반) To be moderate.

어셔 *s.* Quickly; hurry. *See* 급히.

*어셔각 *l.* 御書閣 (모실) (글) (집) The office of the royal manuscripts.

어셔리나무 *s.* A tree with yellow flowers.

어석어석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To crunch; to sound—as animals eating.

어석소 *s.* A bullock; a heifer. (Prov.)

*어션 *s.* 漁船 (고기잡을) (비) A fishing-junk.

*어션 / 御膳 (모실) (반찬) Side dishes on the royal table

어셜픠다 *l.* 퍼여; 젼 To be coarse and loose

어셜피 / Carelessly; badly, roughly.

*어셰겸 *s.* 魚世謙 (고기) (인간) 겸손) A. D. 1560 T. S. 成從 N. P 西川. A noted scholar and official of King *Chung-jong.*

*어셩 *l.* 語聲 말ᄉᆞᆷ) (소리, The voice; the sound of the voice. *See* 어음

어셩군 *s.* A go-between in business. *See* 거간. A loafer; an idler. *See* 한산지인.

*어슈물 *l.* 御水 (모실) (물) The king's drinking water.

어슈러소 *s.* A young beast—as a heifer or bullock.

어슈룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be simple.

어슈션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be mixed up; to be helter-skelter.

*어슈우물 *l.* 御水井 (모실) (물) (우물—*졍) The king's well.

어스러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be folded down. To be odd; to be peculiar; to be eccentric.

어스름 *s.* 朝昏 (처음—*초) (어두울—*혼) Twilight.

어스름ᄃᆞᆯ밤 *s.* A hazy night.

어슈ᄇᆡ슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To loiter; to be lazy; to slurk work. To be alike; to be the same.

어슥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be tilted up.

어슨놈 *s.* An eccentric character; a lawless fellow.

어슨ᄒᆡᄒᆞ다 *s.* To affect originality; to be presumptuous.

어슷어슷ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be at angles; to be askew.

어숫ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be at angles; to be askew; to be irregular.

*어슨마 *l.* 御乘馬 (모실) (탈) (말) The King's pony—on which to ride. *See* 어마.

*어승차 *l.* 御乘車 (모실) (탈) (수레) The royal chariot.

*어시에 *s.* 於是 (늘) (이) At this time, hereupon.

*어시호 *s.* 於是乎 (늘) (이) (어호) At that; thereupon; thus.

*어심에 *s.* 於心 (늘) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) In the mind; by the heart.

*어ᄉᆞ *l.* 御史 (모실) (ᄉᆞ긔) A royal inspector who travels *incognito* to examine into the acts of officials.

*어ᄉᆞ (에) 족의 *s.* 於斯足矣 (늘) (이) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) (즉오) That will be sufficient.

*어ᄉᆞ지간에 *s.* 於斯之間 (늘) (이) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) In any case. *See* 어ᄉᆞ어피.

*어ᄉᆞ출도 *l.* 御史出道 (모실) (ᄉᆞ긔) (날) (길) The arrival of the royal detective—accompanied by all manner of surprises etc.

*어ᄉᆞ화 *l.* 御賜花 (모실) (줄) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The wreath boughs—presented by the King to graduates.

*어ᄉᆞᆫᄃᆞ *l.* 語澁 말ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄉᆞᆷᄀᆞᆨ) To stammer; to blunder in speech.

*어새 *l.* 御璽 (모실) (옥새) The Imperial seal.

*어ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *l.* 語塞 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (막힐) To be silenced: to have no words with which to reply.

*어압 *l.* 御押 (모실) (누를) The royal seal.

어야 *s.* A boatman's call by which to pull together. *See* 어야차

어야차 *s.* A boatman's call—by which to pull together. *See* 어엿차.

*어언간에 *l.* 於焉間 (늘) (잇기) (ᄉᆞ이) Already; so soon; in a twinkle. *See* 어언지간에.

*어언지간에 *l.* 於焉之間 (늘) (잇기) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) Already; so soon; in a twinkle. *See* 어언간에.

*어업조심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 漁業操生 (고기잡을) (업) (ᄌᆞ뵈 (날) To live by means of fishing.

*어염 *s.* 魚鹽 (고기) (소금) Fish and salt the necessaries of life in a country.

*어염시수 *s.* 魚鹽柴水 (고기) (소금) (나무) (물) Fish, salt, fuel and water.

*어염세 *s.* 魚鹽稅 (고기) (소금) (부세) Fish and salt tax.

어엿부다 *a.* 幡 (어엿블 *편) 엿버; 분 To be beautiful; to be pretty; to be charming. *See* 얌전ᄒᆞ다.

어엿부장스럽다 *a.* 러워; 운 To be beautiful; to be pretty; to be handsome.

어엿비넉이다 *a.* 憐 (어엿블—*편) 녁여; 인 To think beautiful; to look on with favor.

어엿시 *a.* Clearly; distinctly; brightly.

어엿차 *s.* A boatman's call—by which to pull together. *See* 어ᄀᆞ엿차.

*어영군 *l.* 御營軍 (모실) (영문) (군ᄉᆞ) Royal Guards—no longer in existence.

*어영대장 *l.* 御營大將 (모실) (영문) (큰) (장ᄉᆞᆼ) The general of the Royal guards. *See* 어깡.

어영스럽다 *a.* 러워; 운 Try to be pretentious; to be presumptuous. *See* 어ᄭᅮ럽다.

*어영청 *l.* 御營廳 (모실) (영문) (청사) The headquarters of the Royal Guard.

*어옹 *s.* 漁翁 (고기잡을) (늙은이) A fisherman; an angler. *See* 어부.

*어용선 *l.* 御用船 (모실) (쓸) (배) A ship used by royalty, the king's boat.

어우러지다 *s.* 交雜 (사귈—*교) (섞을—*잡) 져; 진 To be locked in battle; to fight hand to hand.

어우르다 *s.* 올너; 은 To unite; to twist together. *See* 어울니다; 합ᄒᆞ다 To close—in battle.

어울니다 *s.* 올녀; 은 To be united; to be twisted together. *See* 어우르다.

어ᄌᆡ잡다 *s.* 잡아; 은 To give an approximate estimate; to venture a guess.

*어유 *s.* 魚油 (고기) (기름) Fish-oil.

*어육되다 *s.* 魚肉 (고기) (고기) 되어; 된 To be ruined; to be mutilated; to be cut up—as fish.

*어음 *l.* 語音 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (소리) Pronunciation; accent. *See* 음셩.

*어음 *s.* (음) 分票 (눌) (소리) A note for money—cut in two each party taking half. *See* 표.

*어의 *l.* 御醫 (모실) (의원) The royal physician—belonging to the middle class.

*어의사 *l.* 御醫司 (모실) (의원) (집) Offices of the royal physician. *See* 너국.

어이 *s.* Mother—of animals. Alas!

어이 *s.* How? in some way! *See* 엇더러케 (Prov.)

어이ᄉᆞᆯ *s.* 母女 (어마—*모) (게집 —*녀) Mother and daughter.

어이어이 *i.* A funeral call or lament.

어이없다 *a.* 업서, 슨 To be hopeless; to be beyond expression. *See* 긔막히다.

*어인 *i.* 御印 (모실) (인) the royal seal. *See* 어보.

*어원 *i.* 語原 (말숨, 근언) The origin or derivation of a word.

*어장 *i.* 御將 (모실) (장슈) The general of the royal guards. *See* 어영대장.

*어장 *s.* 漁場 (고기잡을 (마당) A fishing district—where nets are placed

어저씌 *s.* 昨日 (*어제 -*작) (날 *일) Yesterday.

어제 *s.* 昨 (*작) Yesterday. *See* 작일.

어제오늘 *s.* 昨今兩日 (어제—*작 -금) (오—*랑) (날—*일) Yesterday and to-day—these two days. *See* 작금량일.

어저귀 *s.* White hemp—used in making strings.

*어전 *i.* 御前 (모실) (앞) The royal presence; before the King.

*어젼 *s.* 漁箭 (고기잡을) (살) A fishing district. *See* 어살.

*어전풍류 / 御前風流 모실) (앞) (바람) (흐를) Music before the King; palace music.

*어전회의 *i.* 御前會議 (모실) (앞) (모들) (의론) The King's private council; the privy council.

어정어정ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 徘徊 (건닐—*비) (건닐—*회) To walk back and forth.

어깽방이 *s.* An upstart; a parvenu.

*어제 *i.* 御製 (모실) (지을) Royally executed—as a composition written under instruction from the throne.

*어조사 *i.* 語助辭 (말숨) (도을) (말숨) Characters without thought in themselves that serve as points, inflections etc. in a sentence

*어즐ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 語訥 (말숨) (굴흘) To find it hard to speak—as from diffidence etc. *See* 언즐ᄒᆞ다.

어쓸업다 *a.* 업서; 슨 To be without help; to lack influence.

어즙다 *i.* 즙어; 온 To be stiff; to be thick; to be useless. *See* 불인ᄒᆞ다.

*어쥬 *i.* 御酒 (모실) (술) Wine supplied by the government.

*어즁 *i.* 御中 (모실) (가온ᄃᆡ) An honorific used after assemblies etc.

*어즁간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 於中間 (늘) (가온ᄃᆡ) (ᄉᆞ이) To be insufficient; to be lacking. *See* 야외다.

*어즁되다ᄉᆞ 於中 (늘) (가온다) 되여; 된 To be insufficient To be neither one thing nor another. *See* 어지쌀다.

어지간히 *s.* Nearly; almost; about. *See* 거의.

어지다 *a.* 賢 (어질—*현) 지러; 진 To be good; to be liberal; to be kind; to be honest. *Also* 어질다.

어지간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be somewhat alike; to be about the same; to be passable. *See* 흡ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다

어지러이다 *s.* 亂 (어지러울—*란) 러여; 인 To trouble; to make an uproar, to cause confusion.

어지럽다 *s.* 亂 (어지러울—*란) 러워; 운 To be dizzy; to be giddy; to be confused. *See* 요란ᄒᆞ다.

어지쓸다 *s.* 쓸아; 온 To be insufficient; to be lacking; to be neither one thing nor another.

*어진 *i.* 御眞 (모실) (초) The royal photograph; photograph of the king.

어질다 *a.* 賢 (어질—현) 지러; 진 To be good; to be liberal; to be kind; to be virtuous. *See* 착ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 모질다.

어질어질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dizzy; to be giddy; to be uncertain. *See* 아득아득ᄒᆞ다.

어질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dizzy; to be confused. *See* 현란ᄒᆞ다.

*어좌 *i.* 御座 (모실) (자리) The royal throne.

*어찬 *s.* 魚饌 (고기) (반찬) Side dishes prepared from fish.

*어챵ᄒᆞ다 *i.* 御唱 (모실) (부ᄅᆡ칠) To arrive; to come (Hon.).

어처군이 *s.* A wonderful machine for minting money—a something beyond description.

어처군이업다 *s.* 업서; 슨 To be beyond description; to be beyond words to describe.

어청이 *s.* 鉄脣 (이지러질—*결) (입설—*슌) A hare-lip. *See* 언청이.

*어촌 *s.* 漁村 (고기잡을) (마을) A fishing village.

*어쵸 *s.* 漁樵 고기잡을, (나무ᄇᆡ) Fishing and cutting wood (Comp.).

*어처어ᄯᅴ예 *s.* 於此於彼 (늘 이) (늘) (여) In any case. *See* 어ᄉᆞ지간.

어ᄎᆞ에 *s* 於此 (늘) (이) At this place; here.

*어처 *s.* 魚菜 (고기) (나물) Fish and vegetables.

*어탑 *i.* 御榻 (모실) (자리) The king's throne; the royal seat.

*어탕 *s.* 魚湯 (고기) (쓸을) Fish soup—as used in sacrifice.

*어투 *l.* 語套 (말숨) (투) Manner of speech.

*어투 *l.* 語調 (말숨) (치도) Manner of speech or peculiarities—as found in different districts. *See* 어훈.

*어포 *s.* 魚脯 (고기) (포육) Dried fish or flesh.

*어피 *s.* 魚皮 (고기) (가죽) Shark skin.

*어피집 *s.* 魚皮匣 (고기) (가죽) (갑—*갑) A spectacle case made of shark skin.

*어필 *l.* 御筆 (모실) (붓) His Majesty's autograph or writing.

*어필각 *l.* 御筆閣 (모실) (붓) (집) The palace in which royal manuscripts are kept.

*어하 *l.* 御下 (모실) (아래) An honorific ending used with proper names.

어하어하 *l.* A call—to a horse.

*어학 *l.* 語學 (말숨) (비홀) The science of language; linguistics; philology.

*어학교 *l.* 語學校 (말숨) (비홀) (학교) A language school.

*어학도 *l.* 語學徒 (말숨) (비홀) (무리) A language school student.

*어학자 *l.* 語學者 (말숨) (비홀) (놈) A philologist.

*어학하다 *l.* 語學 (말숨) (비홀) To study languages.

*어함 *l.* 御銜 (모실) (명함) The royal signature. *See* 어휘.

*어한하다 *l.* 禦寒 (막을) (찰) To keep out the cold as by clothing, drink etc.

*어항 *s.* 魚缸 (고기) (항아리) A fish globe.

어허 *s.* Ah! ha!—marking surprise. *See* 허.

*어혈 *s.* 瘀血 (엉길) (피) Blood poisoning after child birth.

*어혈지다 *s.* 瘀血 (엉길) (피) (질지; 진 To be injured internally; to have blood poison; to be bruised. *See* 피멍지다.

*어혜 *s.* 御鞋 (모실) (신) His Majesty's shoes.

*어혜 *s.* 魚醯 (고기) (식혜) Salt pickled fish. (Comp.)

*어회 *s.* 魚膾 (고기) (회) Raw fish—prepared in vinegar and mustard.

어훈 *l.* 語調 (말숨) (구분칠) Manner of speech; form of speaking. *See* 어투.

*어휘 *l.* 御諱 (모실) (휘홀) The names of the various kings—under taboo and not to be named.

어화 *s.* An expression used in songs—generally expressive of gladness.

*억 *s.* 億 (억) One hundred thousand; an indefinite number 100,000,000.

*억강부약하다 *s.* 抑强扶弱 (억제) (강홀) (붓홀) (약홀) To coerce the strong and help the weak.

*억견 *s.* 臆見 (가슴) (볼) Opinion; notion; idea; one's private views.

*억계 *s.* 臆計 (가슴) (계교) An estimate; a calculation.

억누루다 *s.* 눌너; 은 To coerce; to force obedience from; to subject.

억둑박이 *s.* A person marked—from small-pox. *See* 억죽박이.

억둑억둑하다 *s.* To be pitted, to be marked from small-pox. *See* 억죽억죽하다.

*억류 *s.* 抑留 (억제) (머물) To force to stop; to detain.

*억록 *s.* 抑祿 (억제) (구레) Plunder; robbery.

*억만 *s.* 億萬 (억) (일만) One million; an indefinite number.

억매다 *s.* 띄여; 믿 To be engaged with; to be taken up with *Also* 얽매다.

*억매흥정 *s.* 抑買興成 (억제) (살) (팔) (일울—*성) Forced merchandising—trade carried on by compelling others to buy and sell.

*억매하다 *s.* 抑買 (억제) (살) To buy by force; to compel to sell.

억박억박하다 *s.* To be pitted—from small-pox. *See* 억둑억둑하다.

억보 *s.* An overbearing manner. A brutal person.

*억산하다 *s.* 臆算 (가슴) (산풀) To form an estimate; to make a calculation.

억새 *l.* The nettle.

*억상 *s.* 臆想 (가슴) (상각) A hypothesis.

*억설 *s.* 臆說 (가슴) (말숨) One's own opinion, one's private ideas; arbitrary or personal views; preconceived notions; prejudice.

억세다 *s.* 세여; 센 To be determined; to be strong; to have force of character. *See* 굿세다.

억슈장마 s. 長霖 (긴—*장) (장마—*림) A long and heavy rainy-season.

*억양 s. 抑揚 (억제) (높낮) Variation of tone, intonation; emphasis or the reverse, vocalization.

*억울ᄒᆞ다 s. 抑鬱 (억제) (답답) To be depressing; to be annoying.

*억양반복ᄒᆞ다 s. 抑揚反覆 (억제) (높낮) (도리킴) (됨) To emphasize or to leave unemphasized (Rhetoric).

*억제ᄒᆞ다 s. 抑制 (억제) (억제—*제) To restrain; to control; to moderate. *See* 금ᄒᆞ다.

*억조 s. 億兆 (억) (억조) Ten thousand times ten thousand; millions. The people.

*억조창생 s. 億兆蒼生 (억, (억조) (푸를) (날) The masses; the people

억쥬ᄃᆡ다 s. 억여; 된 To pretend; to put on; to be presumptuous. *See* 어뎡스럽다.

억쥬박이 s. A fellow marked—from small-pox. *See* 억둑박이.

억쥬억쥭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be deeply pitted; to be marked from small-pox. *See* 얽다.

*억지로 s. 抑志 (억제) (뜻) By force; with violence.

억지쓰다 s. 지써; 쓴 To use violence; to be lawless.

억척 s. Extreme. Hardness, difficulties.

억척스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be extreme; to be hard.

*억겁만겁 s. 億劫萬劫, 억 (일천) (일만, (겁호) Endless *Kalpas*—Buddhistic endless ages.

*억탁 s. 壓度 (가슴) (헤아릴) Force; violence. *See* 억료.

*억탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 抑奪 (억제) 빼ᄋᆞ슬) To plunder; to force; to coerce.

억판 s. Force; violence. *See* 억탁.

*억탁심정 s. 抑何心情 (억제) (엇지) (무음) (뜻) What mind? what motive?—as in demanding the reason of insult.

*억혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 抑婚 (억제) (혼인) To marry by force.

*언감심심히 s. 焉敢生心 (엇지) (굿히) (낳) (무옴) Presumptuously.

언거번거ᄒᆞ다 s. To gossip, to exaggerate what is seen.

*언기언ᄒᆞ ᄂᆞ, ᄉᆞ, 말슴 말슴 (올) Conversation; talk. *See* 말ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞ다.

*언덕ᄒᆞ다 l. 偃蹇 (누울) (절) To rise and fall—as a range of hills.

언구럭스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To exaggerate; to pretend; to be false.

*언급ᄒᆞ다 s. 言及 (말슴) (밋칠) To give one's word; to mention; to allude to

*언과기실 s. 言過其實 (말슴 (지날) (그, (실상) To exaggerate; tall talk.

*언관 s. 言官 (말슴) (벼슬) An official whose duty it is to correct the king if he blunder in speech.

*언권 s. 言權 (말슴) (권세) The "floor;" the right of speech in an assembly.

*언너에 s. 言內 (말슴) (안) In his words; in what he says.

언ᄊᆞ s. 언져; 진 To put on top; to place above.

*언단 l. 諺壇 (속담) (호) A petition in the Unmun.

*언단 s. 言壇 (말슴) (단 A pulpit; a speaker's platform. *See* 강딘

*언담 s. 言談 (말슴 말슴 Language; speech. *See* 언ᄉᆞ.

언덕 s. 坡 (*파) An embankment; the shore. *See* 언덕바지.

언덕바지 s. 岸 (언덕—*안) The slope—of a bank. *See* 둔ᄃᆡ.

*언뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 言定 (말슴) 뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To give one's word; to decide. *See* 작뎡ᄒᆞ다.

*언론 s. 言論 (말슴) 의론) Speech, discussion; expression of sentiments.

*언론조유 s. 言論自由 말슴) (의론) (ᄌᆞ유) (스스ᄅᆡ 말릐 않음) Freedom of speech.

*언론ᄒᆞ다 s. 言論 말슴 (의론) To speak, to discuss.

*언무슈문ᄒᆞ다 l. 偃武修文 ᄂᆞ울) (ᄉᆞᆷ반) (닥글) (글) To put aside the military and pay attention to the literary.

*언무이가 s. ,,無二價 말슴 (둘 (갑) No word of two prices; fixed rates.

*언무족이천리 s. 言無足而千里 (말슴) (업슬 (발 ᄉᆞᆼ이) ᄀᆞᆺ ᄂᆞ호 W.thout feet words travel a thousand *li*. *See* 언비천리.

*언문 l. 諺文 (속담) (글월) The native Korean writing; the Unmun. *See* 국문.

*언문 s. 言文 (말슴) (글월) Speech and writing; oral and written languages.

*언문일치 s. 言文一致 (말슴) (글) (호) (일울) The oneness of the oral and written languages.

*언미필에 s. ,,未畢 (말슴) (못호) (다) Whilst speaking; just as I was saying it.

언발에오좀누기 *l.* 凍足放溺 (얼—*둘) (발—*족) (노흘 *발) (오좀 -*뇨) Urinating on frozen feet—said that is only temporary *See* 동족방뇨

*언변 *s.* 言辯 (말숨) (말) Eloquence; power of expression. *See* 언담.

언비지덩이 *l.* A frozen lump of dung—used to describe a white fleshy person.

*언비천리 *s.* 言飛千里 (말숨) (놀) (일천) (마을) Words fly a thousand *li*—of rumor, report, gossip. *See* 언무족이천리.

*언셩 *s.* 言聲 (말숨) (소리) The tone of the voice; the voice. *See* 어셩.

언손불기 *l.* Blowing the breath on frozen hands—transient aid.

*언순리직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言順理直 (말숨,(순홀)(리치) (곳을) To be true; to be according to right principles. *See* 언경리슈ᄒᆞ다.

*언슈 *s.* 言授 (말숨) (입질) Oral instructions; a practice handed down from preceding generations; a proverbial expression; tradition.

*언ᄉᆞ *s.* 言辭 (말숨) (말숨) Words; language. *See* 구언.

*언ᄉᆞ불공ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言辭不恭 (말숨,(말숨) (아닐) (공슈) To speak unguardedly or disrespectfully.

*언ᄉᆞ소 *s.* 言事疏 (말숨) (일) (글) A memorial, a complaint written out and sent to His Majesty.

언ᄉᆞ잘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To carry tales; to tattle; to gossip.

*언안 *s.* 斷案 (지안) (처분) A written judgment.

언약 *s.* 約 (*약) An agreement; a compact; a treaty. *See* 리약.

언약ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 約 (언약—*약) To agree; to promise; to make a treaty. *See* 말ᄒᆞ다.

*언양 *l.* 彦陽 (글) (볏) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.30. Long. 129.04

*언어 *s.* 言語 (말숨) (말숨) Words; language; conversation. *See* 말.

*언어불통 *s.* 言語不通 (말숨)(말숨) (아닐) (통홀) Unintelligibility of language.

*언어불공ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言語不恭 (말숨) (말숨) (아닐) (공슈) To use disrespectful language.

*언어상통 *s.* 言語相通 (말숨) (말숨,(서로) (통홀) Verbal communication.

*언어행ᄉᆞ *s.* 言語行事 (말숨) (말숨) (힝홀) (일) Words and deeds.

*언여 *l.* 諺譯 (속담) (번역) The Korean native writing—the Unmun. (Prov.) The translation of the classics into Unmun. *See* 언문.

*언연히 *l.* 偃然 (누울) (그럴) Leaning; reclining.

*언외에 *s.* 言外 (말숨) (밧) Beside the actual words; under the words; between the lines.

*언유시리 焉有是理 (엇지) (잇슬) (이) (리치) Can there be such a law as this?

*언월도 *l.* 偃月刀 (누울) (돌) (갈) The sword of justice—as carried by the god of war.

언잔타 *s.* 잔하ᄒᆞ 흔 To be bad; to be defective. *Opp.* 됴타. *See* 됴찬타.

언제 *l.* 何時 (엇지—*하) (때—*시) When? at what time? sometime.

언정 *s.* 寧 (출하리—*녕) A connective used after 출하리—even though.

*언정리순ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言正理順 (말숨) (바를) (리치) (슌홀) To be truthful in words and honest in reasoning. *See* 언순리직ᄒᆞ다.

*언졸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言拙 (말숨) (졸홀) To be unable to speak freely from diffidence. *See* 어굴ᄒᆞ다; 어졸ᄒᆞ다.

*언족이시비 *s.* 言足以飾非 (말숨) (족홀) (써) (꾸밀) (아닐) A glib-tongued fellow; fair speech—that can prove black, white.

*언즁유언 *s.* 言中有言 (말숨) (가온ᄃᆡ) (잇슬) (말숨) Words are hidden away in words.

*언즁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 言重 (말숨) (무거울) To be slow of speech; to be quiet.

*언즉시야 *s.* 言則是也 (말숨) (곳) (올흘) (잇기) The words are true but .....

*언지무궁 *s.* 言之無窮 (말숨) (갈) (업슬) (다홀) What is impossible to express in words.

*언지무익 *s.* 言之無益 (말숨) (갈) (업슬) (더홀) No use of words; words are useless.

*언지장야 *s.* 言之長也 (말숨) (갈) (긴) (잇기) Endless speeches—long winded talk.

*언지하익고 *s.* 言之何益 (말숨) (갈) (엇지) (더홀) What use of words?

*언집ᄒᆞ다 s. 言執 (말솜)(잡을) To give the starting word—in a dispute or quarrel.

*언지 s. 言才 (말솜) 지조) Eloquence; power of speech. *See* 구지.

언치 s. 韉(*천) A pad worn beneath a saddle.

언치 l. A jay

언치다 s. 滯 (걸닐—*체) 쳐여; 천 To have indigestion. (Prov.) *See* 체ᄒᆞ다.

언치다 s. 언쳐; 천 To be aground—of a ship; to rest on; to obstruct.

*언칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 言責 (말솜) (꾸지질) To warn; to reprove; to rebuke; to admonish.

*언탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 言托 (말솜)(부탁) To entrust a matter verbally; to charge verbally

언턱 s. Asperities; roughness. Cause; grounds; evidence.

어떤거리 s. Evidence; cause; grounds—for an action.

*언품 s. 言品 (말솜) (품수) Manner of speech; degree of correctness in conversation.

*언필칭 s. 言必稱 (말솜) (반ᄃᆞ시) (일컬을) Every word, what is constantly on the tongue, a mannerism in speech. *See* 언필칭요순.

*언필칭요순 s. 言必稱堯舜 (말솜) (반ᄃᆞ시) (일컬을) (요임금) (순임금) Every word is kings Yo and Sun, constant talk of Yo and Sun; mannerism in speech. *See* 언필칭.

*언힐ᄒᆞ다 s. 言詰 말솜) (칙문) To argue; to dispute. *See* 힐란ᄒᆞ다

*언히 l. 諺解, 언담) (문) Notes in Unmun—as explanatory of the Classics.

*언행 s. 言行 (말솜) (힝실) Words and actions.

*언행심사 s. 言行心思 (말솜) (힝실) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (생각) Words, actions and thoughts

*언힝일치ᄒᆞ다 s. 言行一致 (말솜) (힝실) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (일ᄉᆞᆯ) Words and actions agreeing with each other; conformity of practice and precept.

얼 l. A coarse thread in the woof—of cloth; a flaw in the weaving.

*얼 s. 孼 (옴ᄃᆞᆫ올) A stalk sprout; a second growth shoot—a son of a concubine.

얼간ᄒᆞ다 s. To salt slightly.

얼골 s. 孼 (*모) The face; the countenance. *See* 면상.

얼교조 s. A table.

얼구다 s. 凍 (—얼*동) 구워; 얼군 To freeze.

얼근얼근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sweetish and sharp—to be like a relative.

얼근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be slightly acrid; to be peppery. To be the worse for drink. To be sore.

얼금이 s. A coarse sieve. *See* 어렴이.

얼낙녹을낙ᄒᆞ다 l. To freeze and thaw by turns—used of changeableness of mind.

얼너마치다 s. 마쳐; 천 To be fair-spoken; to flatter.

얼너붓다 l. 붓허; 훈 To fight hand to hand; to come to close quarters.

얼넉 s. Spotted; marked.

얼넉괴 s. 班猫 (아롱질—*밴) (고양이—*묘) A tiger cat.

얼넉얼넉ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be marked. *See* 얼녹얼녹ᄒᆞ다.

얼넉얼넉ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be marked. *See* 얼넉얼넉ᄒᆞ다.

얼넉집 s. A mixed house of tile and thatch.

얼네 s. A kite-string reel.

얼니불 s. 駁 (*박) A dappled horse.

얼넝거리다 s. 거려; 린 To flatter; to compliment etc.—in order to gain one's ends. *See* 얼넝똥쌍ᄒᆞ다.

얼넝똥쌍ᄒᆞ다 s. To flatter; to cajole. *See* 얼넝얼넝ᄒᆞ다.

얼넝얼넝ᄒᆞ다 s. To waver. To flatter; to be fair-spoken. *See* 얼넝거리다.

얼놈얼놈 s. Flattering; charming—with intent to deceive.

얼녹얼녹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be mottled. *See* 얼눅얼눅ᄒᆞ다.

얼눅얼눅ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be marked. *See* 어듬어듬ᄒᆞ다.

얼는 s. Quickly; hurriedly; at once. *See* 넘ᄂᆞᆯ

얼는얼는ᄒᆞ다 s. To waver; to flicker. To do quickly

얼니다 s. 얼녀; 닌 To charm. To console. *See* 얼니우다.

얼니다 l. 얼녀; 닌 To agree; to be of one mind. To be twisted together. *See* 비합ᄒᆞ다.

얼니우다 s. 니워; 운 To charm; to deceive; to delude; to fascinate. *See* 얼니다

얼다 . 凍 (얼—*동) 얼어; 언 To freeze; to congeal. *Also* 어다. To drink; to get drunk.

*얼동셔 s. 孼同婿 (옹동울)(호가지)(소회) A new son-in-law or daughter-in-law to take the place of one deceased.

*얼동싱 s. 孼同生 (옹동울)(호가지)(날) A younger brother by a concubine.

얼뜨다 t. 얼뗘; 쓴 To be foolish; to be stupid; to be a dotard; to lack judgment. *See* 쥬졸다.

얼뚝이 t. A stupid person; a fool; an idiot. *See* 어림장이.

얼마 t. 幾何 (몃—*히)(엇지—*하) How much? How many? A little; something. *See* 몃.

얼바르다 t. 말나; 른 To dry with the frost.

얼마쯤 t. How much? Some.

얼멍얼멍ᄒᆞ다 s. To be poked full of holes; to be pitted. *See* 악박악박ᄒᆞ다.

얼멍이 s. A coarse sieve.

얼싸지다 t. 싸져; 진 To lack sense; to have no wits.

얼버물니다 s. 물녀; 닌 To be uncertain or confused in speech; to be mixed in statement.

얼븨다 t. 븨여; 뷘 To be indistinct; to be confused.

얼부푸다 t. 부퍼; 푼 To enlarge or swell up—from freezing.

얼숭덜숭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted and irregular in color.

얼숭얼숭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be mixed; to be confused.

얼신얼신ᄒᆞ다 t. To be confused.

얼시고나 s. An expression of hilarity. *See* 얼시고절시고.

얼시고절시고 s. A line from a Korean song—repeated in time when dancing. *See* 얼시고나절시고나.

얼신 s. Quickly; hurriedly; speedily.

얼신ᄒᆞ다 s. To be at every turn; to be frequent.

*얼실지육 s. 殽鯚之肉 (소릐)(소릐)(갈)(고기) Meat from an unpropitious animal or bird; unsavory food (M.)

얼얼ᄒᆞ다 t. To be acrid; to be astringent. To be numb; to be feelingless.

얼우다 s. 誘 (쳐일—*유) 얼워; 운 To lead on; to entice; to entertain.

얼우숭얼우숭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be spotted; to be mottled. To be indefinite. *See* 얼닉얼닉ᄒᆞ다.

얼우숭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be indefinite. To be passable. To be spotted. *See* 얼우숭얼우숭ᄒᆞ다.

얼찍지근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be acrid; to be sharp; to smart. *See* 얼찌근ᄒᆞ다.

얼찌근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be acrid. To be numb; to be feelingless. *See* 림다.

*얼조 s. 孼子 (옹동울)(아ᄃᆞᆯ) The son of a concubine. *See* 서조.

*얼중 s. 孼統 (옹동울)(가ᄂᆞ릴) The child of a concubine.

얼중탕 s. A coarse hat—made in 중탕.

*얼파 s. 孼派 (옹동울)(갈내) The branch of a family by a concubine.

얼핏 s. 忽地 (잡간—*삽) (찌—*시) Quickly, at once. *See* 얼닉.

*얼형 s. 孼兄 (옹동울)(맛) A male child by a concubine, born before the lawful heir.

얽다 s. 얽어; 은 To be pock-marked. *See* 얽음얽음ᄒᆞ다.

얽다 s. 얽어; 은 To wrap; to tie up. To involve

얽박이 s. 痘瘢 (역질—*두)(흔젹—*흔) A pock marked person. *See* 역두박이.

얽음방이 s. A pock-marked person. *See* 곰보.

얽음숨숨ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pock-marked. 얼망얼망ᄒᆞ다.

얽음얽음ᄒᆞ다 s. To be pock-marked. *See* 얽음숨숨ᄒᆞ다.

얽이 s. Wrapping rope.

얽이노다 s. 노하; 흔 To "take one in;" to put under obligation; to get hold of one's heart.

얽이섥이ᄒᆞ다 s. To be mixed up; to be tangled.

얽이치다 s. 이쳐; 친 To tie up; to wrap with string. To "take one in." *See* 얽이노다.

얽히다 s. 屈 (얽을—*켠) 얽혀; 힌 To weave together; to tangle up; to be mixed up.

*엄계 s. 嚴戒 (엄홀) (경계) Keeping vigilant watch.

*엄계ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴戒 (엄홀)(경계) To forbid strictly.

*엄곤 s. 嚴棍 (엄홀) (곤장) A severe paddling.

*엄금ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴禁 (엄홀)(금홀) To prohibit severely.

*엄관 s. 閹官 (고ᄌᆞ) (벅슬) A chamberlain attached to the ladies' apartments in the Palace.

엄나무 *s.* 海桐 (바다—*히) (오동—*동) The thorny ash.

엄니 *l.* 牙 (어금니—*아) The large incisors; tusks. *See* 어금니.

*엄메 *s.* 嚴飭 (엄할) (쌜) An order threatening the defendant, written on the plaintiff's letter by the magistrate.

*엄독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴督 (엄할) (독촉할) To demand urgently; to order vehemently.

*엄동 *s.* 嚴冬 (엄할) (겨울) A severe winter; winter. *See* 동한.

*엄동설상 *s.* 嚴冬雪ㅅ (엄할) (겨울) (눈) (Through) cold and over the snow winter. *See* 엄동설한.

*엄동설한 *s.* 嚴冬雪寒 (엄할) (겨울) (눈) (찰) (Through) cold and snow—winter. *See* 엄동설상.

*엄령 *s.* 嚴令 (엄할) (ᄒᆞ여금) Strict order; grave commands.

*엄령지하 *s.* 嚴令之下 (엄할) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (갈) (아래) (Under) stringent orders.

*임류 *s.* 淹留 (머므를) (머므를) To stay; to remain; to sojourn.

*엄명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴明 (엄할) (붉을) To be exceeding clear.

*엄명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴命 (엄할) (명할) To order strictly.

*엄몰ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 淹沒 (빠질) (빠질) To be destroyed by water—as a field by an inundation.

*엄밀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴密 (엄할) (빽빽) To be strict and secret; to be quiet and vigilant.

엄밤지다 *s.* 재; 진 To grow luxuriantly—as vegetables (Prov.) *See* 진밤지다.

*엄벌 *s.* 嚴罰 (엄할) (형벌) A severe punishment.

엄벙쥼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be free; to be familiar; to be friendly like. *See* 엄벙ᄒᆞ다.

엄벙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be free; to be open; to be familiar.

엄부럭부리다 *s.* 려; 린 To be naughty—as a child.

*엄부형 *s.* 嚴父兄 (엄할) (아비) (맛) Father and elder brother. (Hon.)

엄살ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To make an unnecessary fuss—as when beaten lightly; to pretend pain or hardship.

*엄살ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掩殺 (ᄀᆞ리울) (죽일) To attack unawares; to stab in the back. *See* 엄습ᄒᆞ다.

*엄슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴囚 (엄할) (가둘) To imprison rigorously.

*엄숙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴肅 (엄할) (엄숙 *숙) To be imposing; to be severe; to be stern. *See* 엄엄ᄒᆞ다.

*엄습ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掩襲 (엄습) (ᄀᆞ리울) To possess one self of—of soldiers; to take secretly; to make a raid on. *See* 엄살ᄒᆞ다.

*엄시하 *s.* 嚴侍下 (엄할) (모실) (아래) One who has only a father.

엄신 *l.* 苫鞋 (풀—*짚) (신—*혜) A mourner's shoes—worn for three months. *See* 엄집섹이.

*엄신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掩身 (ᄀᆞ리울) (몸) To clothe oneself.

*엄악ᄒᆞ다 / 掩惡 (ᄀᆞ리울) (모질) To conceal one's bad deeds; to feign innocence.

*엄어 *s.* 醃魚 (젓담을) (고기) Salt fish. *See* 저ᄀᆞᆫ고기; 자반.

*엄엄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 晻曖 (어두울) (어두울) To be darkish; to be gloomy; to be dusky.

*엄엄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴嚴 (엄할) (엄할) To be imposing; to be dignified; to be severe. *See* 엄위ᄒᆞ다.

*엄연히 *l.* 奄然 (문득) (그릴) Suddenly; unexpectedly.

*엄연ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 儼然 (진즐) (그럴) To be dignified; to be respectable; to be stern. *See* 엄엄ᄒᆞ다.

*엄위ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 嚴威 (엄할) (위엄) To be imposing; to be dignified; to be severe. *See* 엄ᄒᆞ다.

*엄유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奄有 (문득) (잇슬) To gain possession of.

*엄장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴莊 (엄할) (엄장—*장) To be imposing; to be stern; to be severe.

*엄장죄슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴杖牢囚 (엄할) (막더) (우리) (가둘) To beat severely and imprison rigorously.

*엄장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴杖 (엄할) (막더) To beat severely.

*엄적ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掩跡 (ᄀᆞ리울) (자최) To conceal one's identity; to hide one's social posit on. *See* 쳥쥼ᄇᆡ젹ᄒᆞ다.

*엄졀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴切 (엄할) (곤졀) To be severe and dignified.

*엄정중립 *s.* 嚴正中立 (엄할) (바를) (가온ᄃᆡ) (설) A strict neutrality.

*엄정지하 *s.* 嚴政之下 (엄할) (정ᄉᆞ) (갈) (아래) (Under) stringent regulations—as when before a magistrate.

*엄졍ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚴正 (엄할) (바를) To be solemn; to be grave; to be majestic; to be dignified; to be stern.

*엄중ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴重 (엄즁) (즁ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strict, severe, rigid, rigorous; to be strong, secure, wellfortified.

*엄지 s. 嚴旨 (엄ᄌᆡ) (ᄉᆞᆼ) Royal displeasure—as accompanied by imprisonment of the offender

엄지가락 s. 拇 (*무) The thumb.

엄지머리총각 s. A man who has passed youth and is still unmarried.

엄지발가락 s. The great-toe.

엄지발톱 s. The great-toe nail. A cock's spurs. The large claws of an animal

엄짚섹이 l. 苫鞋 (쯈—*햬) (신—*햬) A mourners' shoes. *See* 엄신.

*엄징ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴懲 (엄ᄃᆡᆼ) (징게) To deal with severely—as with a criminal. *See* 엄치ᄒᆞ다.

엄창나다 s. 참 나; 난 To be extreme; to be over much.

*엄처ᄒᆞ다 l. 掩置 (ᄋᆞᆷ치ᄒᆞᆯ) (둘) To hide away.

*엄치ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴治 (엄ᄒᆡ) (다스릴) To deal severely with an offender. *See* 엄징ᄒᆞ다.

*엄칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴飭 (엄ᄒᆡᆨ) (신칙) To strictly charge.

*엄친 s. 嚴親 (엄ᄎᆞᆫ) (어버이) Father. (Hon.) *See* 어버이.

*엄칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴責 엄ᄎᆡᆨ) (무지질) To scold; to threaten. *See* 엄치ᄒᆞ다.

*엄토ᄒᆞ다 l. 掩土 (ᄋᆞᆷ토) (흙) To inter temporarily or poorly.

*엄톤ᄒᆞ다 l. 掩頓 (ᄋᆞᆷ돈) (상토 –*게) To cover the top-knot—by taking hat or cap. (Prov.)

*엄포ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴怖 (엄포) (무지질, To threaten; to intimidate; to make afraid.

*엄한 s. 嚴寒 (엄ᄒᆞᆫ) (찰) Severe cold.

*엄형 s. 嚴刑 (엄ᄒᆡᆼ) (형벌) Severe punishment.

*엄형ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴刑 (엄ᄒᆡᆼ) (형벌) To inflict punishment. *See* 엄치ᄒᆞ다.

엄호 l. The name of the 53rd Chinese radical 广.

*엄혹ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴酷 (엄혹) (혹독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be severe; to be strict; to be stringent; to be harsh.

*엄홀ᄒᆞ다 l. 奄忽 (문득) (문득) To die; to expire.

*엄홰ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴 (엄ᄒᆞᆯ) To be imposing; to be stern; to be severe. *See* 엄숙ᄒᆞ다.

*엄회초돌ᄒᆞ다 s. 嚴誨照律 (엄회) (회심) (쵸돌) (법) To examine rigidly and carry out the law.

*업 s. 業 (업) Patrimony; property; calling; trade; profession. *See* 성애.

업구렁이 s. The guardian serpent of the house—to whom sacrifice is offered. There is also the guardian weasel, rat, dog, child, demon etc

업누르다 s. 눌너; 누믄 To coerce; to oppress; to silence. *See* 누르다.

업다 l. 無 (업슬—*무) 업서; 슨 To be without; to not have; to be absent; to not be. *Opp.* 잇다.

업다 s. 負 (질—*부) 업어; 은 To carry on the back.

업다 s. Ah! pshaw!

업다 s. 覆 (업흘—*복) 업히, 흔 To upset; to turn over; to turn upside down. *Opp.* 업처다.

업더시다 s. 더져; 진 To fall forwards, to fall headlong. *See* 업흐러지다.

업드러지다 s. 顚 (업드러질—*뎐) 러져; 진 To fall forwards, to fall headlong. *See* 업흐러지다.

업드러치다 s. 러려; 린 To throw forwards; to cast headlong.

업드리다 s. 伏 (업드릴—*복) 드려; 린 To bend forward; to bow down before. To force forwards. *See* 업더다.

업더다 s. 伏 (업뜰—*복) 더여; 린 To prostrate oneself before. *Opp.* 잣바지다.

*업무 s. 業務 (업) (힘쓸) Work; calling. (Comp.)

업박잡박 s. Helter-skelter; in confusion; upside down.

업서지다가다 l. 져가; 간 To disappear; to diminish; to grow less.

업서지다 l. 敗 셔져; 진 To be less; to be diminished. *See* 거덜나다 To be finished.

업수히넉이다 l. 侮 (업수히넉일—*모) 넉여; 인 To despise; to disdain; to look on with contempt. *See* 멸시ᄒᆞ다.

업시 l. Without.

업시ᄒᆞ다 l. To deprive of; to take away; to diminish. To destroy. *See* 파ᄒᆞ다.

업의 l. A ghost; a terror—as used to frighten children.

*업이 s. 業已(업)(이화) Already. (Comp.)
*업원 s. 業冤 (업)(원동) A retribution; a paying up for past failure. (불상) (Buddhist).
업족제비 s. The guardian weasel of the home to which sacrifice is offered.
업줄 s. The inner skin of the abdomen.
업지르다 s. 業質(기우리길 —*정)(업질—*복) 질너 ; 지른 To spill; to upset. *See* 업치다.
업질너절받기 s. A forced bow — as required from children.
업집 s. A shanty or outhouse, with but one slope of roof—where spirits are worshipped.
*업혹 s. 業惑 (업) (가들) Creatures bearing marks of retributive judgment—as serpents.
업치다 s. 업채 ; 친 To upset; to turn over. *See* 업지르다.
업치락뒤치락하다 s. To be sometimes up and sometimes down—used to express changeableness of mind.
업친뒤업치다 s. Misfortune on misfortune.
업하놋다 s. 노하 ; 흔 To turn over; to lay down; to turn upside down (v. t.) *Opp.* 잣치노다.
업히물이 s. A play in cards by which one of the six in hand is discarded and one drawn from the central group.
업허삼다 s. 삼아 ; 은 To stake one's original money and gains on a new game; to wheedle into; to cajole; to outwit
업흐러지다 s. 顚(업드러질—*면) 러져 ; 진 To fall forwards. *See* 뼈구러지다. To be under the influence of.
업히다 s. 업허 ; 힌 To get on the back—as a child to be carried. To be influenced by; to be cheated—in playing a game.
엇 s. Across the corner; angularly; on the bias.
엇가다 s. 엇가 ; 간 To branch off sideways; to go askew.
엇걸니다 s. 걸녀 ; 닌 To be under restraint from; to be influenced by; to be at a dead lock.
엇결노 s. Across the grain.
엇껴다 s. 겨러 ; 른 To stack—as arms; to lock together.
엇그루 s. The stump of a tree that has been cut on the bevel. Grain sown between the first and second seed times.
엇그제 s. 再昨日 (두 *저)(어제 -*자) (날 *일, Day before yesterday. *See* 저작일.
엇게 s. 肩 (*견) The shoulders.
엇다 t. 得 (엇을 *득) 엇어 ; 은 To get; to gain; to find; to acquire; to commit. *Opp.* 일타.
엇다 s. 不正 (아님—*불) (바를—*정) 어셔 ; 슨 To be contrary, to be askew; to be sideways.
엇다 s. Ah! pshaw!
엇더러케 t. How? In some way. (Prov.) *See* 엇더케.
엇더케 t. 如何 (又호 —*여) (엇지—*하) How? In what way? In some way. *See* 웨 ; 엇더러케.
엇더헌지 t. Whether this way or that; in some way or other.
엇더ᄒᆞ다 t. 如何 (又호—*여) (엇지—*하) To be so; (to be) how?
엇던 t. 何等 (엇지—*하) (무리—*등) What. What kind of? A certain. *See* 엇젼.
엇득엇득ᄒᆞ다 s. To be rough; to be craggy. To be lawless. To be almost alike; to be just about the same. (Prov.)
엇득엇득ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dizzy; to be dazed; to be stupified *See* 엇득ᄒᆞ다.
엇득ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dizzy. To be dim—as twilight. *See* 엇질ᄒᆞ다
엇먹다 s. 먹어 ; 은 To go contrary to; to be askew; to pull sideways; to be lawless.
엇붓다 s. 붓허 ; 흔 To fasten cornerwise. To depend on through the influence of another.
엇비슷ᄒᆞ다 s. To be about alike; to be nearly the same.
엇셰음ᄒᆞ다 s. To pay a second party (creditor of the first) instead of the first creditor.
엇어먹다 t. 乞食 (빌—*걸) (밥—*식) 먹어 ; 은 To beg; to ask alms. *See* 동냥ᄒᆞ다.
엇지 t. 何 (*하) How? In what way? So; in some way. *See* 엇더케.
엇지 s. A medium size—as of fish; a moderate length. Amount; worth—of cash.
엇지ᄒᆞ야 t How? In what way?
엇질엇질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dizzy; to have vertigo. *See* 어질어질ᄒᆞ다.
엇질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dizzy; to have vertigo. *See* 엇질엇질ᄒᆞ다.

엇전 *l.* 何 (엇지—*하) What sort? What kind of? *See* 무슴.

에 *l.* Fie!—marking disgust. A case ending, in, to.

에써나 *s.* Eh!—marking fear, surprise. *See* 에쓰나.

에쓰 *s.* Alas! oh, *See* 아.

에쓰나 *s.* Eh!—marking surprise, fear etc. *See* 에써나.

에넘느러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be in disorder; to be pell-mell.

에누리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 浮買 (셀 —*부, (갈—*가, To ask more than the price *Also* 외누리ᄒᆞ다.

에두루다 *l.* 둘너; 쓴 To wind round. To crowd around. *See* 에워싸다.

에라 *l.* Away! Get out!

에멀모지로 *l.* Stupidly; carelessly; lazily.

에여가다 *s.* 가; 간 To go by a round-about way. To go quickly.

에우다 *s.* 圍 (두를—*위) 에워; 운 To surround; to circle about.

에이다 *s.* 에여; 인 To cross out; to cut a nick into. To be roundabout.

에워싸다 *s.* 싸; 짠 To surround; to circle about. *See* 둘너싸다.

에칠산쏘듸염익 *s.* ... . 醚 . . 液 .. .. (칠) .. ... (전) Liquor Sodii Ethylate.

에칠쥬정 *s.* ..... 酒精 .. . (술) (졍긔) Alcohol ethylicum.

엔간ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be tolerable; to be not bad. To be probable.

엔구뷔치다 *l.* 뷔쳐; 친 To coil up; to whirl about (*v.i.*)

엔담 *l.* A surrounding wall. The square in the writing of characters.

엔쥬리 *s.* The circumference; a surrounding enclosure. A solution.

엔틈 *l.* The inside angle; a crack.

엔간엄다 *s.* 엄서; 슨 To be unexpected; to be unforeseen.

엣다 *s.* Here! take this—from 여긔잇다 It is here.

엉 *s.* Eh?—as of one who hears badly.

엉거쥬정ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be in uncertainty; to stand in doubt.

엉겅퀴 *s.* An annual plant with rough stalk, large three parted leaves and yellow flowers.

엉금엉금 *s.* Creeping; on all fours.

엉긋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be separated; to draw apart—as a joint in wood.

엉긔다 *s.* 긔여; 긘 To go on all fours. To seek to please—as a servant.

엉긔다 *s.* 凝 (엉켤—*응) 긔여; 긘 To congeal; to stiffen; to become solid.

엉너리치다 *s.* 리쳐; 친 To praise too highly; to advertise extravagantly—as goods for sale. *See* 느림시ᄒᆞ다.

엉덩이 *l.* 尻 (*구) The rump. *See* 엉둥머리.

엉둥머리 *l.* 尻 (엉덩이—*구) The rump.

엉둥이 *s.* A spoiled child.

엉둥춤 *l.* The rump dance—used of a fine sight; what is good.

엉머구리 *s.* Frogs. (Prov.) *See* 머구리.

엉석봇다 *l.* 야; 운 To spoil; to indulge; to suffer the conduct of a spoiled child.

엉성ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 쭝ᄆᆞᆫ (떠러질—*정) (별 —*셩) To be shrivelled up; to be dried up. To be open. *See* 헝셩ᄒᆞ다.

엉세판 *s.* Ruin—in business. What is beyond one's power.

엉엉 *s.* Crying; bawling.

엉엉거리다 *l.* 거러; 린 To cry; to bawl.

엉어리 *l.* The core of a boil.

엉얼엉얼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To growl; to murmur; to threaten.

엉이 *s.* Mother—of animals (Prov.)

엉이줄 *s.* The large written ㅗㅈ of the syllabary (반졀).

엉쿠르다 *s.* 쿠러; 른 To tangle; to mix up. *See* 엉크다.

엉크다 *s.* 크러; 픈 To tangle; to mix up. *See* 엉킈다.

엉클다 *s.* 클어; 픈 To tangle; to mix up. *See* 엉크르다.

엉큼대왕 *s.* An ambitious man; a powerful person; one who excels.

엉큼엉큼 *s.* With long strides—in walking.

엉큼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To outwit; to excel; to outdo.

엉킈다 *s.* 킈여; 킌 To be tangled; to be mixed up, to be in confusion. *See* 엉클다.

엉터리 *s.* Meaning; ground; base. (업다). *See* 터문이.

여 The fourth vowel of the syllabary having variations long (*l.*) and short (*s.*) and used as 어 preceded by Y.

여 *l.* 礁石 (바회) (돌) A reef; a rock in the sea.

*여가 *s.* 餘暇 (남을) (겨를) Leisure; spare time.

여가업다 *s.* 無餘暇 (업슬—*무 [illegible]) [illegible] leisure.

*여간 *s.* 如干 (깃흘) (방패) So much; a certain quantity or amount; a little of. *See* 조곰.

*여경 *s.* 餘慶 (남을) (경사) The remaining luck; the luck or benefit which descends to the posterity of a person of great merit.

*여곡 *s.* 餘穀 (남을) (곡식) Grain remaining over from last year's crop.

*여공불급하다 *s.* 如恐不及 (깃흘, [illegible]) [illegible] failure; to be anxious to do better.

*여구히 *s.* 如舊 (깃흘) (녜) As formerly. *See* 외구히.

*여구하다 *s.* 如舊 (깃흘) (녜) To be as formerly; to be as it was anciently.

*여국가동휴쳑하다 *l.* 與國家同休戚 (더블 나라 [illegible]) In the service of the state [illegible] or pain are all the same. (Comp.)

여긔 *s.* 此處 (이—*ᄎᆞ) (곳—*처) Here—marking rest. 이리 Here—marking motion. *See* 에.

*여긔 *s.* 餘氣 (남을) (긔운) Surplus strength. Smouldering anger.

여기뎌긔 *s.* 此處彼處 (이—*ᄎᆞ) (곳 [illegible]) Here and there.

*여기방ᄎᆞ *s.* 餘皆倣此 (남을) (다) (본밧을) (이) The remainder is all of the same.

*여과 *s.* 餘窠 (남을) (자리) Vacant public offices.

*여광 *s.* 餘光 (남을) (빗) The setting sun; twilight.

*여관여[illegible]하다 [illegible] 여[illegible]여관하다.

여낙낙하다 *l.* To be tender; to be soft; to be gentle; to be submissive.

*여년 *s.* 餘年 (남을) (헤) Remaining years—of life.

여닐곱 *s.* 六七 (여섯—*륙) (닐곱—*칠) Six or seven.

여다 *l.* 열어; 연 To open—of flowers; to form—of fruit. *Also* 열다.

여다 *l.* 開 (열—*개) 열어; 연 To open. (v. t.) *Also* 열다.

*여담절각 *l.* 汝墻折角 (너) (담—*장) (꺽 [illegible]) [illegible] born every body's fault but one's own. *Also* 여장절각.

*여당 *s.* 餘黨 (남을) (무리) The remnant of a party, or of rebels, still leagued together.

*여덕 *s.* 餘德 (남을) (큰) The benefits that descend to the posterity of a man of great merit.

*여독 *s.* 餘毒 (남을) (독할) The result or effects of a sickness.

*여됴 *s.* ([illegible]) 餘條 (남을) (가지) The amount remaining—as of money invested. *See* 령수.

여드레 *s.* 八日 (여듧—*팔) (날—*일) Eight days, the 8th of the moon.

여드레날 *s.* 八日 (여듧—*팔) (날—*일) The eighth, eighteenth or twenty eighth day—of the moon.

여[illegible] *s.* Eight years old—of animals. [illegible]

[illegible]

*여득천금 *s.* 如得千金 (깃흘) (엇을) (일천) (쇠) As good as a thousand *yang*—as a piece of bread to one starving.

여든 *s.* 八十 (여듧—*팔) (열—*십) Eighty.

여듧 *s.* 八 (*팔) Eight. *See* 팔.

여둡 *s.* An eight years old beast—of horses or cattle.

*여등 *l.* 汝等 (너) (무리) You; ye. (Comp.) *See* 너희.

*여디 *s.* 餘地 (남을) (따) Unoccupied land; an empty plot of ground; empty space or room in which to place anything.

*여디도 *s.* 輿地圖 (수레) (따) (그림) A map or chart of a country; an atlas.

여디업다 *s.* 無餘地 (업슬—*무) (남을—여 [illegible] 디 [illegible]) [illegible] resource; to be ruined; to be hopeless.

여디업시 *s.* 無餘地 (업슬—*무) (남을—*여 [illegible]) [illegible] to an extreme. *See* 무여디하게.

*여량 *s.* 輿梁 (수레) (돌다리) A wooden bridge. (M.)

여러 *s.* 衆 (무리 *중) Several; many. *Also* 여럿, 여러히. *See* 뭇.

*여력 *s.* 餘力 (남을) (힘) Remaining power or strength; spare time.

*여록 s. 餘祿 (녕을) (산발) Remaining burial sites—below the chief ancestral grave.

여름 s. 實 (*실) Fruit; berries. (Prov.) *See* 열리.

*여리 s. 如來 (녀흐) (음) The highest title given to a Buddha. *Also* 여리불.

*여망 s. 餘望 (녕을) (보랄) Remaining hope; hope still left.

*여무가론 s 餘無可論 (녕을) (업슬) (옳슬) (의론) Nothing to speak of further; nothing of account beyond.

여물 s. 莖 (*촤) Chopped hay; dried grass cut up for feed.

*여물 s. 餘物 (녕을) (물건) Things remaining over.

*여미 s. 餘味 (녕을) (맛) The taste of anything which remains after it has been eaten; after flavour.

*여민동락ᄒᆞ다 v. 與民同樂 (더불) (빅성) (호가지) (즐길) To rejoice together with the people.

*여민락 v. 與民樂 (더불) (빅성) (즈거울) A kind of tune played by a band.

*여반장 s 如反掌 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (도릴) (손바닥) What is like turning over one's hand —something easy.

*여발유처 s. 如拔齲齒 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (쎌) (앙흘) (나) Like pulling an aching tooth.

*여범인등 s. 與凡人同 (더불) (무릇) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (호가지) Like everybody else.

여보 s. Hollo! Here! Friend! Other forms are 여보다; 여보게; 여보시오; 여봅시오.

*여부 v. 與否 (더불) (아닐) Neither one thing nor the other; what is impossible to state.

여부업다 v. 세; 손 To be certain; to be beyond doubt.

*여불비복유 s. 餘不備伏惟 (녕을) (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (업슬) (오직) (convent.ional phrases used at the end of letters. (Comp.)

*여비 s. 餘匪 (녕을) (비도) The remaining rebels, remnants of a gang of robbers.

*여상ᄒᆞ다 s. 如常 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (ᄯᅢᆨᄯᅢᆨ) To be none the worse; to be as usual; to be unchanged.

여섯 s. 六 (*륙) Six. *See* 엿.

*여세추이ᄒᆞ다 v. 與世推移 (더불) (인간) (길) (옮길) Drifting with the world.

*여수 s. 餘數 (녕을) (두어) Remainder; surplus; what is over and above.

*여슈 v. 與受 (줄) (밧을) Trade; exchange; circulation—of goods in merchantry.

*여슈길 v. 與受路 (줄) (밧을) (길—*로) Circulation—of goods; means of exchange business etc.

*여슈동죄 v. 與受同罪 (줄) (밧을) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (허물) Giver and receiver alike guilty.

여슷 s. 六歲 (여슷—*록) (히—*세) Six years old—of animals.

*여습 s. 餘習 (녕을) (닉일) Traces of a past habit; an old appetite.

*여시 s. 餘時 (녕을) (ᄯᅢ) Another time.

*여시여시ᄒᆞ다 s. 如是如是 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) To be so and so. *See* 이리 이리ᄒᆞ다.

*여사 s. 餘事 (녕을) (일) Surplus work; work over and above.

*여소군 v. 與送軍 (수레) (션비) (군사) Bearers at a royal funeral.

*여소여소ᄒᆞ다 s. 如斯如斯 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) To be so and so; to be thus and thus. *See* 여소ᄒᆞ다.

*여소ᄒᆞ다 s. 如斯 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (이) To be so and so; to be in this way. *See* 여시여시ᄒᆞ다.

*여앙 s. 餘殃 (녕을) (지앙) Retribution; calamity following evil deeds. *See* 여읜.

*여언 s. 褒言 (기릴) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Praise; commendation.

*여얼 s. 餘孽 (녕을) (킈) Evil effects of a misfortune or punishment. *See* 여앙.

여엿보다 s. 窺視 (엿ᄇᆞᆯ—*규) (볼—*시) 보아; 본 To peer into; to spy into. *Also* 엿보다.

*여에 s. 餘 (녕을) Besides.

*여옥기인 s. 如玉其人 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (구슬) 그 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A superior man—in form and character.

여외다 s. 瘦 (파리흘—*수) 외여; 윈 To be thin; to be poor in flesh. *See* 파리ᄒᆞ다.

여울 s. 灘 (*탄) Shallows; rapids. *See* 여흘.

여울 s. 湍 (*탄) Rapids; a whirl-pool; a shallow *See* 여흘.

*여음 s. 餘蔭 (녕을) (음덕) Remaining blessing—from ancestors.

*여의사 s. 如意紗 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (ᄯᅳᆺ) (깁) Brocade silk gauze.

*여슈동죄 l. 與受同罪 (여)(슈)(동)(죄) (줌)(밧을)(한가지)(허물) The giver and receiver equally guilty

*여의쥬 s. 如意珠 (여)(의)(쥬) The dragon's precious stone by which it rises.

*여의ᄒᆞ다 s. 如意 (여)(의) To turn out as one wishes.

여이 s. 狐 (*호) A fox. (Prov.) *See* 여호.

*여인상약ᄒᆞ다 s. 與人相約 (여)(사롬)(서로)(언약) To make a contract with another.

*여일 s. 餘日 (여)(날) Remaining days; days yet left.

*여일히 s. 如一 (여)(일) All alike; just the same.

*여일ᄒᆞ다 s. 如一 (여)(일) To be the same; to be unchanged.

*여외 s. 餘厄 (여)(익) Remains of ill-luck. *See* 여얼.

*여외(이)미진ᄒᆞ다 s. 餘厄未盡 (여)(익)(아닐)(다ᄒᆞᆯ) Troubles still ahead, remaining difficulties.

*여자슈자 l. 與者受者 (여)(줌)(슈)(밧을) The giver and the receiver.

*여장히안 s. 如藏蟹眼 (여)(장)(게)(눈) Like a crab's closing its eyes; putting entirely out of sight. *Also* 게눈감초듯ᄒᆞ다.

*여젼히 s. 如前 (여)(젼) As formerly; as usual.

여젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 如前 (여)(젼) To be none the worse; to be as before.

*여졍 s. 與情 (여)(졍) The feelings of the public; popular sentiment.

*여존ᄒᆞ다 s. 餘存 (여)(존) To remain over; to be on hand.

*여죵가리 s. 餘終 (여)(죵) Remnants; what is over and above.

*여증 s. 餘症 (여)(증) Effects of a sickness.

여지러지다 s. 缺 (여)(지러질—*결) 러져; 진 To be slightly broken; to be damaged. *See* 이지러지다.

*여지 s. 餘財 (여)(지) Spare money; surplus funds.

*여지 s. 餘在 (여)(잇을) A remainder; anything over. *See* 여지문

*여지문 s. 餘在文 (여)(잇을)(글) The amount over—as in making out an account. *See* 여표.

*여ᄎᆞ좌석 s. 如坐針席 (여)(안질)(바늘)(자리) Like sitting on a mat full of needles.

*여좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 如左 (여)(왼) To be as follows, to be as below recorded.

*여초 s. 餘抄 (여)(초) Extra papers—sent in by one undergoing examination.

*여축 s. 餘蓄 (여)(쌓을) Stores, hoards—of grain.

여츄여졀다 s. 無餘蓄 (업슬—*무)(여, 나ᄆᆞᆷ—*여, 슌 To be neither more nor less; to have nothing over.

*여츌일구 s. 如出一口 (여)(날) (한 입, 이 *one mouth*, *harmonious*. *See* 일구여츌.

*여취여광ᄒᆞ다 s. 如醉如狂 (여)(취ᄒᆞᆯ)(여)(밋칠) To be beside oneself; to be drunk and mad from some sudden delight or disappointment *See* 여광여취ᄒᆞ다

여치 l. A kind of long green winged insect—of the grasshopper species.

여치 l. 六寸 (여)(*륙—*촉) (마듸—*촌) Six inches—a common expression of measurement.

*여ᄎᆞ여ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 如此如此 (여)(이, 여)(이) To be so and so; to be in this way. *See* 여ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다.

*여ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 如此 (여)(이) To be so and so; to be in this way. *See* 여ᄉᆞ여ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*여타조별ᄒᆞ다 l. 與他自別 (더ᄒᆞᆯ 다ᄅᆞᆫ 스ᄉᆞ로) (별) To be more intimate with than with others; to be on friendly terms with.

*여탈 l. 與奪 (줄) (쎽아슬) Giving and taking away.

*여텬디무궁 l. 與天地無窮 (더불)(하ᄂᆞᆯ)(ᄯᅥ) (업슬 다ᄒᆞᆯ) To last as long as heaven and earth

*여텬디히망 l. 與天地偕亡 (더불)(하ᄂᆞᆯ)(ᄯᅥ) (ᄒᆞᆲᆡ 망ᄒᆞᆯ) To perish as well as heaven and earth perish together.

*여파 s. 餘波 (남을)(물결) Waves remaining after a storm.

*여풍 s. 餘風 (남을)(바람) Surviving customs or habits.

*여하오 s. 如何 (여)(하) (엇지) How indeed? How is it?

*여한 s. 餘寒 (남을)(찰) Remaining cold; the cold continuing into the spring.

*여합부절ᄒᆞ다 s. 如合符節 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (부ᄒᆞ) (마ᄃᆡ) To be alike in every particular; to be exactly the same.

*여향 s. 餘香 (녀을) (향긔) Lingering fragrance.

*여허ᄒᆞ다 s. 如許 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (허락) To be so; to be thus.

*여혈 s. 餘血 녀을) (피) Blood that gathers in a sore; surplus blood.

*여혈 s. 餘穴 (녀을) (구멍) Remaining sites for burial.

*여혐 s. 餘嫌 (녀을) (혐의) Inherited enmity.

*여형약뎨 s. 如兄若弟 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (형) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (아오) (Like) brothers together.

*여형여뎨 s. 如兄如弟 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (형) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (아오) Like brothers together—in intimacy. *Also* 여형약뎨.

여호 s. 狐 (*호) A fox. *See* 여아.

*여혹 s. 如或 (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (혹) If perchance ... ...

*여혼 s. 餘痕 (녀을) (흔젹) Remaining traces.

여홀 s. 灘 (*탄) Shallows; rapids. *See* 여울.

여희다 s. 희여; 희 To lose parents—by death. (Comp.)

*여흥 s. 餘興 (녀을) (흥치) Some entertaining feat performed to induce mirth at a feast; interest; joy.

*여흥(이)미진ᄒᆞ다 s. 餘興未盡 (녀을) (흥치) (못흘) (다흘) To have interest still remaining; to still find joy too.

*여흔 s. 餘恨 (녀을) (흔흘) Remaining hatred or dislike.

*역 s. 驛 (역마) Government post stables—where horses are kept under the care of a 마판. *See* 마반.

*역 s. 亦 (즉) Also; besides; as well. *See* 역여시.

*역가 s. 役價 (역ᄉᆞ) (갑) Yearly supplies sent by a magistrate to the one in charge of his office in Seoul or the provincial capital.

*역가미 s. 役價米 (역ᄉᆞ) (갑) (쌀) Supplies of rice—for those in public service.

*역경 s. 易經 (밧골) (글) The Book of Changes.

*역공소 s. 逆公訴 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (공번될) (일) An action at law brought against the accuser.

*역군 s. 役軍 (역ᄉᆞ) (군ᄉᆞ) A laborer; a coolie.

역귀 s. 蓼 (*료) A name for various species of *Polygonum*—smart-weed. Prince's Feather.

역금시됴 s. A class of songs—with long-drawn-out notes.

역금질ᄒᆞ다 s. To badger—with words; to bother.

*역관 s. 譯官 (번역) (벼ᄉᆞᆯ) An official interpreter—of Chinese.

역나위ᄒᆞ다 s. To side with; to take the part of.

*역노 s. 驛奴 (역마) (죵) A low official servant in charge of a 역.

*역놈 s. 驛漢 (역마) (놈—*한) A low official servant in charge of a 역. *See* 역한.

역다 s. 織 (역글—*핀) 거; 근 To plait; to weave.

*역담ᄒᆞ다 s. 逆談 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To speak disrespectfully to; to contradict.

*역답 s. 驛畓 (역마) (논) Paddy-fields reserved for those in courier service. *See* 역전.

*역당 s. 逆黨 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (무리) A gang of rebels. *See* 역류.

*역뎐 s. 驛田 (역마) (밧) Fields reserved for underlings in courier service. *See* 역답.

*역뎡 s. 驛亭 (역마) (뎡ᄌᆞ) An inn or a resting-place on the roadside.

*역도 s. 逆徒 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (무리) Rebels; insurgents.

*역독ᄒᆞ다 s. 譯讀 (번역) (닑을) To translate and read; to translate orally (as a book).

*역둔토 s. 驛屯土 (역마) (둔ᄎᆞᆯ) (흙) Post stations and public lands.

*역디ᄉᆞ지ᄒᆞ다 s. 易地思之 (밧골) (싸) (ᄉᆡᆼ각) (갈) To put oneself in the place of another.

*역디즉지연 s. 易地則皆然 (밧골) (싸) (쪽) (다) (그럴) If one could exchange places one could do so too. (M.)

*역란 s. 逆亂 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (어지러울) Rebellion; revolt; insurrection.

*역려 s. 逆旅 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (나그내) An inn—used of this earth.

*역려건곤 s. 逆旅乾坤 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (나그내) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (짜) This earthly inn—a place of sojourn for a night or two. *See* 역려과킥.

*역려과킥 s. 逆旅過客 (거ᄉᆞ릴) (나그내) (지날) (손) A sojourner in an inn—a man in life. *See* 역려건곤.

*역로 s. 驛路 역마 (길) A land-road on which post-stations are established.

*역류 s. 逆流 (거스릴)(흐를) A head tide or current. Rebels; traitors. *See* 역적

*역류수 s. 逆流水 (거스릴)(흐를)(물) Opposing currents. *See* 역수.

*역류하다 s. 逆流 (거스릴)(흐를) To go against the current or stream; to roll back—as waves; to whirl; to surge.

*역륜하다 s. 逆倫 거스릴)(인륜 To be against the law of nature—as parricide, incest etc.

*역률 s. 逆律 (거스릴)(법) The laws governing rebellion.

*역리 s. 逆理 (거스릴)(리치) What is contrary to general principles, right laws etc.

*역리 s. 驛吏 (역마 (아전) Writers or clerks in service in the 역

*역마 s. 驛馬 (역마)(물) A government post-horse.

*역마초점 驛馬直星 (역마 (모 (곳을 (별 The post-horse star—to be born under which means a wandering life.

*역말 s. 驛村 (역마)(마을—*촌) Post.

*역명하다 s. 逆命 (거스릴)(명홀) To set commands at nought; to rebel.

*역모하다 s. 逆謀 (거스릴)(꾀) To conspire; to plot seditious schemes. *See* 역적질하다.

*역병 s. 疫病 (역질)(병) A contagious disease; pestilence; plague.

*역부 s. 驛夫 (역마)(지아지) Coolies held in readiness at a post-station.

*역무여하 s. 亦無如何 (아홉 (모 (엇을) To have no alternative. *See* 이역무득.

*역비 s. 驛婢 (역마)(종) A female slave in charge of a 역.

*역산 s. 逆産 거스릴 (낳) An abnormal (illegal) birth.

*역사곡선 s. 逆斜曲線 (거스릴)(빗길)(굽을)(실) Anticlinal curve.

*역성 s. 逆性 (거스릴)(성품) A mind of rebellion; a rebellious deposition.

역성하다 s. To take the part of; to side with. *See* 편역하다.

*역소 s. 役所 (역사) (바) A place of work; a place of public labor.

*역속 s. 驛屬 (마발) (붙을) Courier-service underlings.

*역수 s. 逆水 (거스릴)(물) An opposing current or stream *See* 역류수

*역수도국 s. 逆水道谷 (거스릴)(물)(길)(골악이) Waters that interfere with a site—as a grave or house.

*역수하다 s. 逆水 (거스릴)(물) To go against the stream or current.

*역술하다 s. 譯述 (번역)(지록) To translate.

*역시 s. 亦是 (또)(이) Also; as well; too. *See* 또.

*역신 s. 逆臣 (거스릴)(신하) Treacherous officials. *See* 간신.

*역신 s. 疫神 역질 (귀신 The Spirit of small-pox. *See* 마

*역심 s. 逆心 (거스릴 (모음 A rebellious mind.

*역심내다 s. 逆心 (거스릴)(모음)내여; 낸 To oppose; to contradict.

*역사 s. 役事 (역사) (일) Work; undertakings; business; calling.

*역사하다 s. 役事 (역사) (일) To carry on public works—as making roads.

*역여시 s. 亦如是 (또)(같을)(이) Also; as well; too. *See* 역시.

*역인 s. 役人 (역사) (사람) Yamen underlings—tax collectors.

*역인 s. 驛人 (역마)(사람) A post servant.

*역원 s. 役員 (역사) (인원) An official (esp. the managing official of a private firm

*역원 s. 驛員 역마)(관원) A *Cheng-in* a "middle man." *See* 역판.

*역장 s. 驛長 (역마) (어른) The head official in charge of a post-station. A station-master on the railway.

*역적 s. 逆賊 (거스릴)(도적) Rebellion; treason. Rebels; traitors. *See* 역적놈.

*역적놈 s. 逆賊놈 (거스릴) (도적) (놈—*한) A rebel; a traitor—to his country. *See* 역신.

*역적질하다 s. 逆賊 (거스릴) (도적) To rebel; to raise an insurrection. *See* 모역하다.

*역전하다 s. 逆戰 (거스릴) (싸홀) To march against an attacking party.

*역정 s. 驛程 (역마) (길) The number of miles between the different post-stations on a highroad.

*역정내다 s. 逆情 (거스릴) (뜻) 내여; 낸 To get angry; to fly into a rage.

*역졸 s. 驛卒 (역마) (군소) Low servants in service at a post.

*역졸신호다 s. 役終身 (정역 무기 몸) To be in the chain gang for life.

*역증내다 s. 逆症 (거스릴) (증세) 내여; 낸 To have a distaste for.

*역질 s. 疫疾 (역질) (병) Small-pox. *See* 마마.

*역조이교지 s. 易子而敎之 (밧골) 아들) (말이) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (갈) Exchanging children to be taught—a principle of Confucianism.

*역지소행 s. 亦在適中 (또) (잇슬) (ᄆᆞᆺ칠) 가온ᄃᆡ) One who also knows of a fault or crime pertaining to several.

*역참 s. 驛站 (역마) (참) A postal distance; the interval between post stations.

*역촌 s. 驛村 (역마) 마을 A settlement of post-horse servants.

*역출호다 s. 譯出 (번역) (날) To translate; to render from one language into another.

*역천명호다 s. 逆天命 (거스릴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To violate the commands of heaven—in contrast to 순천명호다. *See* 역천호다.

*역천호다 s. 逆天 (거스릴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To violate the commands of heaven. *See* 역천명호다.

*역태 s. 驛遞 (역마) (갈) Carrying letters; post.

*역태국 s. 驛遞局 (역마) (갈) (관) The central post-office.

*역토 s. 驛土 (역마) (흙) Post station grounds.

*역풍 s. 逆風 (거스릴) (바람) A head wind.

*역풍역수호다 s. 逆風逆水 (거스릴) (바람) (거스릴) (물) To have head winds and head waves.

*역풍호다 s. 逆風 (거스릴) (바람) To go against the wind.

*역학 s. 譯學 번역) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) The name of an offici. interpreter of the middle class.

*역한 s. 驛漢 (마발) (농) Postal underlings.

*역혼 s. 逆婚 (거스릴) (혼인) A breaking of the marriage line—as when a younger brother marries before an older.

*역호다 s. 逆 (거스릴) To be against one. To feel nauses; to be sick at the stomach; to feel a dislike or distaste for.

*역치호다 s. 譯解 (번역) (풀) To translate and explain; to paraphrase; to translate and comment on.

*역환 s. 疫患 (역질) (근심) Small-pox. *See* 역질.

*연 s. 鳶 (소리개) A kite—the bird. A paper kite.

*연 l. 碾 (갈) A mortar with a wheel like pestle.

*연 s. 鉛 (납) Lead.

*연 l. 軟 (부드러울) Light; delicate—as a shade of color.

*연가 s. 烟價 (연긔) 갑 The price of a meal—in an inn. *See* 식가.

*연감 s. 軟柿 (부드러울) (감—*시) A soft persimmon. *See* 연시.

*연강 s. 沿江 (좃칠) (물) Villages along to river.—as along the Han.

*연계 s. 軟鷄 (부드러울) (ᄃᆞᆰ) Spring chickens.

*연경 s. 烟鏡 (연긔) (거울) Spectacles with dark glasses.

*연경 s. 燕京 (연나라) (셔울) Peking—the Yen Kingdom Capital. *See* 북경.

*연경고 s. 鉛硬膏 (납) (ᄀᆞᆺ물) (기름) Emplastrum Plumbi.

*연경호다 s. 延頸 (느릴) (목) To stretch out the neck.

*연고 s. 緣故 (인연) (연고) Cause; reason; motive. *See* 사ᄅᆞᆷ.

연고로 s. 故 (연고—*로) For this reason—the instrumental case of 연고. *See* 그런고로.

*연골 l. 軟骨 (부드러울) (뼈) Childhood; youth—the tender age.

*연구회 l. 研究會 (갈) (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A society or association for investigating scientific truths, political topics, etc.

*연구호다 s. 研究 (갈) (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) To think out; to search into; to study.

*연군 s. 鉛軍 (납) (군소) Miners; a miner.

*연극 l. 演劇 (부ᄅᆞᆯ) (심ᄒᆞᆯ) A theatrical performance; a play.

*연극장 l. 演劇場 (부ᄅᆞᆯ) (심ᄒᆞᆯ) (마당) A theatre; an opera-house.

*연금 l. 捐金 (ᄇᆞᆫᄅᆞᆯ) (쇠) Giving money in charity; a subscription.

*연금ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 捐金 (연김) (희) To subscribe money to a fund; to make a donation.

*연긔 *s.* 烟氣 (연긔) (긔운) Smoke. *See* 내.

*연긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 延期 (연긔) (긔약) To postpone to another day; to put off.

*연기 *s.* 燕岐 (나라) (희) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng do.

*연관 *s.* 烟管 (연관) (대쪽) A tobacco pipe.

*연관장이 *s.* 烟管匠 (연관) (대쪽) (장인) A maker of tobacco pipes.

*연관집 *s.* 烟管집 (연관) (대쪽) (어리여질) A sheath for a tobacco-pipe.

*연관집 *s.* 烟管筒 (연관) (대쪽) (통) A sheath for a tobacco pipe.

*연광 *s.* 鉛礦 (납) (구멍이) A lead mine.

*연낙 *s.* 然諾 (그럴) (허락) Assent; consent; approval.

*연년익슈 *s.* 延年益壽 (느릴) (히) (더할) (목숨) Joy of long life—as found on screens etc.

*연단 *l.* 演壇 (부를) (단) A platform from which a speech is delivered; a rostrum.

*연달ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 演達 (부를) (통달) To communicate verbally; to tell; to state.

*연제 *s.* 緣 (인연) The favorable opportunity.

*연적 *l.* 硯滴 (벼루) (떠러질) An inkwater dish.

*연뎨 *l.* 演題 (부를) (글뎨) The subject or topic upon which one is to speak or deliver a lecture.

*연독 *s.* 鉛毒 (납) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Lead poison.

*연돌 *s.* 煙突 (연긔) (구들) A chimney; a stove pipe.

*연뎐상목 *l.* 軟地插木 (부드러울) (짜) (꼬질) (나무) Soft ground. Soft ground easily yields to stakes driven in.

*연뎡 *s.* 椽廳 (석가래) (집) A bench for sitting on while enjoying the cool air of the evening.

*연ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 宴樂 (잔치) (즐길) To feast and make merry, to enjoy one's self at a banquet.

*연령초 *s.* 延齡草 (마질) (나) (풀) Birthroot.

*연로 *s.* 沿路 (좃칠) (길) Bordering on a road or route.

*연로 *s.* 路路 수레 길 The route taken by the Emperor when going anywhere. *See* 어로.

*연로각읍 *s.* 沿路各邑 (좃칠) (길) (각) (고을) The various districts along the main road.

*연루 *s.* 烟樓 (연긔) (다락) An opium den.

*연름 *s.* 捐廩 덜 [illegible] A contribution given from one's official salary.

*연리랑길 *s.* 延李朴金 버들 「오얏, 빗, (희) The *Yis* of Yon-an and the *Kims* of Kwang-san the highest of the aristocracy.

*연무 *s.* 煙霧 (연긔) (안기) Mist; fog.

*연무ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 演武 (부를) (호반) To practice military exercises.

*연무장 *l.* 演武場 (부를) 호반 마당 A military hall; a hall or ground where lemen and [illegible] warlike exercises are practised.

*연무즁 *s.* 煙霧中 (연긔) (안기) (가온ᄃᆡ) (In) mist and fog.

*연마ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 研磨 갈 갈 To grind and polish; to study hard; to apply one's self diligently to; to improve.

*연명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 捐命 (보릴) (목숨) To sacrifice one's life; to die.

*연미 *s.* 煙煤 (연긔) (그을) Soot.

*연명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 延命 (마질) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To visit the provincial governor—of district magistrates.

*연목 *s.* 椽木 (석가래) (나무) Rafters; ceiling logs.

*연목구어 *s.* 緣木求魚 (인연) (나무) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) (고기) Seeking fish on trees—an impossibility; a waste of time.

*연무 *s.* 延袤 (벗을) (벗칠) Width; breadth.

*연문 *l.* 衍文 (너를) (글) A pleonasm; useless characters.

연문이 *l.* A deformed person; a monstrosity.

*연미 *l.* 燕尾 (제비) 꼬리 A "swallow-tail" beard—one that divides.

*연미복 *l.* 燕尾服 (제비) (꼬리) (옷) Official ceremonial robes.

*연미지욕 *s.* 燕眉之足 (불붓흘) (눈섭) (갈, 욕 [illegible] that falls unexpectedly. *See* 락미지욕.

*연맥 s. 燕麥 (나라) (보리) A species of oats, *Avena fatura.*

연바랑 l. The frame that holds a medicine mortar.

*연보하다 l. 捐補 (멀) (기울) To take up a collection.

*연뵝 s. 戀病 (련각) (병들) Love-sickness.

*연보금 l. 捐補金 (멀) (기울) (쇠) Church offerings.

*연보전 l. 捐補錢 (멀) (기울) (돈) Church contributions of money.

*연분 s. 鉛粉 (납) (가루) Lead cosmetic.

*연분 s. 緣分 (인연) (논홀) The appointed lot by which people are brought together; affinity. *See* 인연.

*연분홍 l. 軟粉紅 (연홀) (가루) (붉을) A kind of light red dye.

*연빈하다 s. 延賓 (마질) (손) To invite guests.

*연빙하다 s. 延聘 (마줄) (빙문) To go to meet; to meet and invite.

*연산 s. 鉛山 (납) (뫼) A lead mine.

*연산 s. 連山 A country in S. Chung-chŏng. Lat. 36.06. Long. 127.24.

*연상 s. 燕商 (연나라) (장소) A Peking merchant.

*연상 l. 硯床 (벼루) (상) An inkstone table.

*연상 s. 鉛商 (납) (장소) A gold merchant.

*연석 s. 寶石 (제비) (돌) Stones resembling gems.

*연석 l. 宴席 (잔치) (돈) A festal mat.

*연석 l. 硯石 (벼루) (돌) An inkstone. *See* 벼루.

*연설 s. 演說 (부를) (말숨) A lecture; a speech; an address.

*연설 s. 筵說 (자리) (말숨) An audience—of the emperor.

*연설사 l. 演說士 (부를) (말숨) (선비) A lecturer; a speaker; an orator.

*연설회 l. 演說會 (부를) (말숨) (모들) A lecture meeting.

*연설하다 s. 演說 (부를) (말숨) To lecture; to deliver a speech.

*연소탕 s. 燕巢湯 (제비) (집드릴) (끌을) Soup—which is made of a swallow's nest. One kind of Chinese food.

*연소형 s. 燕巢形 (제비) (집드릴) (형상) Like a swallow's nest—said of a grave site.

*연소하다 s. 燃燒 (불살을) (불살을) To burn; to catch fire; to be consumed by fire.

*연수 l. 軟水 (연홀) (물) Soft water. *Opp.* 경수.

*연슈 l. 宴需 (잔치) (음식) Food spread out at a feast.

*연수 l. 硯水 (벼루) (물) Ink-stone water.

*연수정 s. 烟水晶 (연긔) (물) (슈졍) Smoky quartz.

*연습소 l. 演習所 (부를) (익힐) (곳) A pence for practice—in study etc.

*연슈하다 s. 沿襲 (좃를) (응습힐) To be handed down from antiquity.

연습하다 l. 演習 (부를) (익힐) To exercise or practice.

*연시 s. 軟柿 (부드러울) (감) A ripe persimmon. *See* 연감.

*연소 l. 演士 (부를) (선비) A lecturer; a public speaker.

*연쇠 l. 鳶色 (솔기) (빗) Hawk's colour; a light brown colour. *See* 다갈색.

연쇄 l. Pottery varnish.

*연아편환제 s. 鉛粉片丸劑 (납) (가아귀) (조각) (뭉즈) (약지을) Pilula Plumbi Cum Opis.

*연안 s. 沿岸 (조칠) (언덕) The coastline; the coast.

*연안 s. 延安 (마질) (편안) A prefect in Whang-hai do. Lat. 37.56. Long. 126.10.

연안하다 s. 紅柿 (붉을—*홈) (감—*시) 안져; 진 To grow ripe; to become soft and mellow—of persimmons.

연알 l. The wheel like pestle—of a 연.

*연애지보 l. 涓埃之報 (여리질) (틔글) (갑) (갑흘) Even by the smallest talent serving the king.

*연약하다 l. 軟弱 (부드러울) (약홀) To be tender; to be weak, to be gentle. *See* 약하다.

*연연약질 l. 軟軟弱質 (부드러울) (부드러울) (약홀) 바탕) A weak body; a tender gentle person. *See* 섬섬약질.

*연연하다 l. 娟娟 (고울) (고울) To be beautiful; to be delicate. *See* 어엿부다.

*연연하다 l. 涓涓 (흠물) (흠물) To trickle; to run.

*연영 s. 烟焰 (연긔) (불쏫) Flame; blaze; glare.

*연운 s. 烟雲 (연긔) (구름) Clouds; mist.

*연유 s. 由緣 (인연 말미암을) Circumstance; cause; reason. See 연고.

*연의 l. 演義 (부를) (외론) Speakers on the side of a debate.

*연의 l. 演義 (부를) Comments; explanatory notes.

*연이 s. 然而 (그럴) (말아) So doing; thus a thing

*연이부망 자여지유야 s. 然而不[illegible] 自[illegible] 그런 말이 아닌 망[illegible] 스스로 (못될) 갈 [illegible] 일기) Doing thus, not one but what comes to destruction.

*연이나 s. 然 (그럴) Although; though it be so. See 그러나.

*연일 s. 延日 (마질) (날) A prefect in Kyung-sang-do. Lat. 34.00. Long. 129.22.

*연일석 s. 延日石 (마질) (날) (돌) Whetstones from 연일, 경상도.

*연완 l. 姸婉 나라 (고을 A handsome person; a beauty (B. O.)

*연원 s. 淵源 (못) (근원) Origin; first principles—of science.

*연작 l. 燕雀 (제비) (종재) Swallows and sparrows; small birds.

*연장 s. [illegible]械 그릇 (자) 라게 (게) Implement; instrument; utensil. See 라게.

*연조 l. 演操 (부를) (잡을) Drill; practice

*연조 l. 捐助 (보릴) (도울) Subscription.

*연조금 l. 捐助金 (보릴) (도울) (쇠) Subscription.

*연조문 [illegible] An arch outside of the "N[illegible] Gate [illegible] the Chinese Envoy. (Destroyed 1895).

*연주하다 [illegible] (양심) To announce to the king—as Minister of State.

연줄 s. An introduction; a reference; a recommendation.

연줄 s. (—쭐) A kite-string.

연줄연줄하다 s. To arrive at through acquaintances—as in gaining a bride etc.

*연죽 s. 烟竹 연긔 대 [illegible] stem and mouthpiece of a pipe. See 담뇌대.

*연죽전 s. 烟竹廛 (연긔) (대) (젼) A tobacco-pipe store.

*연즁 s. 然中 (그런) (가온대) Thus; while [illegible] that case.

*연즉 s. 然則 그런 [illegible] If it be so, since it is so; then

*연즉내하오 s. 然則奈何 (그럴 [illegible] 엇지) 오 [illegible] What shall be done?"

*연지 s. 臙脂 (연지) (기름) Vermilion.

*연진 s. 烟塵 (연긔) (틔글) Dust.

*연질 s. 燃質 (불붓흘) (바탕) Inflammable material

연주망 s. 碾子 (연조—넌) (아들) A stone roller for hulling rice.

*연차호다 l. 研磋 (갈) (갈) To polish or burnish; to study hard.

*연초 s. 烟草 (연긔) (플) Tobacco. See 담배.

*연초세 s. 烟草稅 (연긔) (플) (구실) Tobacco tax.

*연초쇡 s. 烟草色 연긔 [illegible] (빗) A green color. An official servant in charge of tobacco supplies.

*연촌 s. 烟村 (연긔) (마을) A village seen dimly in the distance; a hamlet obscured by mist or rain.

*연츄 l. 燕雛 (제비) (삭기) Young swallows.

*연타호다 s. 延拖 (느릴) (쇠울) To put off; to procrastinate.

*연통 s. 烟筒 (연긔) (통) A stove pipe; a chimney. See 굴둑.

*연틱 s. 烟台 (연긔) (별) Chefoo.

*연파로핀 l. 軟 ..... (연홀) ..... Soft Paroffin, Vaseline.

*연판 s. 鉛版 (납) (조각) A stereotype plate.

*연평 s. 延平 (마질) (평홀) An island in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 37.37. Long. 125.40.

*연필 s. 鉛筆 (납) (붓) A lead-pencil.

*연필화 s. 鉛筆畵 (납) [illegible] Pictorical sketches taken with a lead-pencil.

*연호호다 s. 延呼 (자) (불홀) To memorialize the king [illegible]

*연풍 s. 延豐 (마질) (풍년) A prefect in [illegible] Lat. 37.48 Long. 127.[illegible]

*연풍덕 l. 軟風席 [illegible] 집) Waiting [illegible] young girl.

*연하 s. 沿河 (좃칠) (하슈) The banks of a river; along the course of a river.

*연하 s. 煙霞 (연긔) (안긔) Mist; fog.

*연하즁 s. 煙霞中 (연긔) (안긔) (가온듸) In fog and mist.

*연하ᄒᆞ다 l. 宴賀 (잔치) (하례) To give a congratulatory banquet.

*연함석 l. 鷰含石 (졔비) (먹음을) (돌) Stones on which the swallow breaks its eggs to let out its young—luck signs.

*연회 l. 宴會 (잔치 (먹일 A banquet, a ceremonial feast. *See* 잔치.

*연회비 l. 宴會費 (잔치) (먹일) (허비) Expenses of a feast.

*연회ᄒᆞ다 l. 宴會 (잔치) (먹일) To feast; to hold a festival—in honour of a guest. *See* 잔치ᄒᆞ다.

*연혁 s. 沿革 (좃칠) (곳칠) Successive changes; history; course of events.

*연호삭 s. 延胡索 (버들) (오란캐) (차짇) *Corydalis.*

*연호잡역 s. 烟戶雜役 (연긔) (집) (석길) (역ᄉᆞ) The various requirements of government—as taxes pertaining to a house.

*연홍지탄 l. 鷰鴻之歎 (졔비) (기럭아) (갈) (탄식) The sigh of the swallow who does not understand the goose—of inferior people toward superior.

*연회 l. 宴會 (잔치) (모들) A social or friendly meeting at a saloon or restaurant; a feast or banquet.

*연회비 l. 宴會費 (잔치) (모들) (허비) Expenses of a banquet.

*연회석 l. 宴會席 (잔치) (모들) (돗) The place where a friendly meeting is held.

*연회시 l. 宴會時 (잔치) (모들) (때) Time of a banquet.

*연회실 l. 宴會室 (잔치) (모들) (집) Banquet hall.

*연회ᄒᆞ다 l. 宴會 (잔치) (모들) To meet for a banquet.

*연후에 s. 然後 (그럴) (뒤) After; afterwards.

*연후지ᄉᆞ s. 然後之事 (그럴) (뒤) (갈) (일) What follows after so and so.

*연ᄒᆞ다 l. 軟 (부드러울) To be tender; to be soft; to be delicate.

*연히 s. 沿海 (좃칠) (바다) The sea-shore; coast; maritime districts.

*연히무역 s. 沿海貿易 (좃칠) (바다) (무역ᄒᆞᆯ) (반끈) Coasting trade.

*연히변 s. 沿海邊 (좃칠) (바다) (ᄀᆞᆺ) The shore of a sea.

*연히안 s. 沿海岸 (좃칠) (바다) (언덕) The coast of the sea

*연히읍 s. 沿海邑 (좃칠) (바다) (고을) A district on the sea-coast.

*연힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 燕行 (연나라) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To journey to Peking—of the Korean tribute envoy.

*연화합물 s. 鉛化合物 (납) (ᄒᆞᆯ) (모들) (물건) Compounds of Lead.

열 l. The barrel of a gun. The cracker of a whip; the uncut end of a string.

열 s. 十 (*십) Ten. *See* 십.

열 l. 膽 (쓸긔 *담) The gall—said to be the seat of courage. *See* 쓸기.

*열 s. 熱 (더울) Fever. *See* 열긔.

*열구지물 s. 悅口之物 (깃불) (입) (갈) (물건) Dainties; sweetmeats.

*열구자탕 s. 悅口子湯 (깃불) (입) (아들 *조) (끌을) Food prepared in the *열구조.

*열구조 s. 悅口子 깃불 입 아들) A brass charcoal soup-dish. *See* 신션로.

*열구ᄒᆞ다 s. 悅口 (깃불) (입) To please the taste; to tickle the palate.

열굽 s. 麻菜 (삼—*마) (닙 *엽) Hemp leaves. (Prov.)

*열긔 s. 熱氣 (더울) (긔운) Fever. *See* 열.

*열긔관 s. 熱機關 (더울) (긔운) (집) Caloric engine; thermic engine.

열나다 s. 열나; 난 To feel hot over; to be angry; to be put out.

*열뇨ᄒᆞ다 s. 熱鬧 (더울) (짓거릴) To be bustling; to be noisy; to be a hubbub.

열니다 s. 開 (열—*ᄒᆞ) 녀; 닌 To open. (v. t.) *Opp.* 닷치다.

열니다 s. 녀; 닌 To open—of flowers; to form—of fruit. *See* 빗치다.

열다 l. 어; 연 To open—of flowers; *See* 퍼다. To form— f fruit *See* 빗치다. *Also* 여다.

열다 l. 開 (열—*ᄒᆞ) 어; 연 To open. (v. t.) *Opp.* 닷다.

열대 l. 鑰 (*약) A key. *See* 열쇠.

*열뎐긔 s. 熱電氣 (더울) (번기) (긔운) Thermo-electricity

*열뎐원 s. 熱電源 (더울) (번기) (근원) Thermoelectrical element.

*열도 s. 熱度 (더울) (지날) The degree of heat.

*열독 s. 熱毒 (더울) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) A fever rash.

*열디 s. 熱帶 (더울) (띄) The Equator.

*열락 s. 悅樂 (깃불) (즐길) Merriment; gayety; felicity; hilarity.

*열락ᄒᆞ다 s. 悅樂 (깃불) (즐길) To rejoice; to make merry.

*열랑ᄒᆞ다 s. 閱覽 (지낼) (볼) To be experienced, to have a wide knowledge.

여럿 s. 衆 (무리—*즁) Several; many. *Also* 여러.

*열량계 s. 熱量計 (더울) (헤아릴) (계교) Calorimeter.

*열력곤삼ᄒᆞ다 s. 閱歷艱辛 지낼 (지낼) (어려울) (매울) Experienced in the hardships of life—used to wind and frost. *See* 비상간고.

*열력ᄒᆞ다 s. 閱歷 (지낼) (지낼) To experience; to pass through.

여름 s. Ten years old —of animals.

열무 s. Fresh half-grown turnips or other roots used for 김치.

열무날 s. The ten days of highest tides. From the 10th of the moon to the 20th and from the 25th to the 5th of the following moon.

*열문 s. 衙門 (아울) (문) A much frequented official house—as of that of the family in power.

열미 s. 實 (*실) Fruit; berries. *See* 여름.

열박 s. 匏 (박—*포) A gourd; a calabash.

*열병 s. 熱病 (더울) (병들) Native fever. *See* 열증.

*열복ᄒᆞ다 s. 悅服 (깃불) (항복) To acquiesce; to agree to. (Comp.

*열비ᄀᆞᆫ전계 s. 熱氣電氣計 (더울) (김길 무거울 번개) (계교) Thermo-electrical multiplicator.

열싸게 *l.* Quickly; swiftly. *See* 걸싸다.

열싸다 *l.* 싸; 싼 To be agile; to be active; to be quick. *See* 표ᄒᆞᆫ다.

*열선 s. 熱線 (더울) (실) Heat line.

*열성 s. 熱誠 (더울) (정성) Earnestness. *See* 헌성.

열쇠 *l.* 鎗 (*약) A key. *See* 열대 *Opp.* 잠을쇠.

열씨 s. 麻子 (삼—*마) (아들—*조) Hemp-seed.

*열심 s. 熱心 (더울) (마음) Earnestness; fervour. *See* 헐심.

*열심으로 *l.* 熱心 (더울) (마음) Eagerly; zealously, fervently; earnestly.

*열심ᄒᆞ다 s. 熱心 (더울) (마음) To be earnest, to be diligent, to be eager or spirited.

열업다 *l.* 서; 슨 To be shameful; to be disgraceful.

열업시 *l.* Ashamed; in a bashful way. *See* 서연이.

열업장이 *l.* A brazen-faced fellow; a disgrace.

*열(희)슈도 s. 熱輸導 (더울) (시를) (인도) Convection.

*열인ᄒᆞ다 s. 閱人 (지낼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To understand human nature.

*열원 s. 熱源 (더울) (근원) Source of heat.

*열월 s. 閱月 (지낼) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Past months.

*열원력 s. 熱原力 (더울) (근본) (지날) Thermo electricity.

열적다 *l.* 적어; 은 To interfere; to meddle.

연즁이 s. A young house-sparrow. A young fowl. (Prov.)

*열증 s. (—즁) 熱症 (더울) (증세) Native fever. *See* 염병.

*열차 s. 熱車 (더울) (수레) Radiometer.

*열철 s. 熱鐵 (더울) (쇠) Molten iron.

열흥적다 *l.* 적어; 은 To interfere; to meddle.

*열혈 s. 熱血 (더울) (피) Hot blood; intense feelings; burning passions.

열흘 s. 十日 (열—*십) (날—*일) Ten days. The 1st to the 9th of the month.

열흘날 s. 初十日 처음—*초) (열—*십) (날—*일) The tenth day of the month.

*열희ᄒᆞ다 s. 悅喜 (깃불) (깃불) To rejoice; to show gladness; to be joyful.

*열ᄒᆞ다 s. 熱 (더울) To be feverish; to be hot.

*열화 s. 熱火 (더울) (불) Anger; rage; passion.

염다 *l.* 濕 (젊을—*박) 어; 은 To be [illegible], to lack the [illegible] 젊ᄆᆞᆨᄒᆞ다

*염 s. 鬚 (슈염) The beard. *See* 나롯.

*염가 s. 鹽價 (소금) (갑) Price of salt.

*염강슈 s. 鹽薑水 소금 싱강 (물) Salt and ginger water—a medicine.

*염강슈 s. 鹽强水 (소금) (ᄀᆞᆺ셀) (물) Muriatic acid.

*염공 *l.* 染工 (물드릴) (장인) A dyer.

염그다 *s.* 稔 (영글—*힘) 그러; 근 To be ripe; to be hard of grain *Also* 염글다.

염글다 *s.* 稔 (영글—*힘) 어; 염근 To be ripe; to be hard—of grain. *Also* 염그다. *See* 염을다.

*염긔 *n.* 鹽氣 (소금) (긔운) Saline or brine taste, saltness. *See* 함미.

*염담슈 *s.* 鹽膽水 (소금) (쓸개) (물) Brine.

*염뎐 *s.* 鹽田 (소금) (밧) The sea-beach where salt is made.

*염두 *s.* 鹽斗 (소금) (말) A salt measure.

*염라국 *s.* 閻羅國 (마을) (법) (나라) The Buddhist Purgatory

*염라대왕 *s.* 閻羅大王 (마을) (법) (큰) (님금) The name of the 5th King of Hades. *See* 더부왕.

*염량 *s.* 炎凉 (더울) (찰) Worldly wisdom; the way of the world. *See* 염량세태.

*염량세태 *s.* 炎凉世態 (더울) (찰) (인간) (형도) Hot and cold is the way of the world -with you in prosperity, against you in adversity. *See* 염량.

*염막 *s.* 鹽幕 (소금) (장막) A salt evaporation hut.

*염물소 *l.* 染物師 (물드릴) (물건) (소송) A dyer.

*염미 *s.* 鹽味 (소금) (미화) The seasoning or taste of food. The condition, mode, manner, state, way, position of affairs, state of health. Salted plums.

*염반 *s.* 鹽飯 (소금) (밥) Salted rice—for lack of side dishes.

*염밧 *s.* 鹽田 (소금) (밧—*면) Salt fields; nitrous soil.

*염벅 *s.* 鹽田 (소금) (밧—*면) A house where salt is prepared by evaporation.

*염병 *l.* 染病 (물드릴) (병들) Native fever—of which there seem to be several varieties. *See* 염질.

*염분 *s.* (—푼) 鹽分 (소금) (논흘) The dividing of profits among the shareholders of salt-works.

염분 *s.* The womb.

염분빠지다 *s.* 脫陰 (버슬—*찰) (그분—*음) 져; 진 To fall—of the womb. *See* 탈음하다.

*염산 *s.* 鹽酸 (소금) (실) Hydrochloric or muriatic acid.

*염산금계랍 *s.* 鹽酸金鷄蠟 (소금) (실) (쇠) (돔, 랄) A kind of quinine

*염산포타시염 *s.* 鹽酸 ..... (소금) (실) ... ... Potassii Chloras.

*염석 *s.* 鹽石 (소금) (돌) Salt stone—found in the preparation of salt.

*염세 *s.* 鹽稅 (소금) (부세) Salt taxes—paid by owners of ovens.

염소 *s.* 山羊 (뫼—*산) (양—*양) A goat.

*염소 *s.* 鹽素 (소금) (질) Chlorine.

*염소가쓰 *s.* 鹽素 ..... (소금) (질) ..... Chlorine Gas.

*염소석관 *s.* 鹽素石灰 (소금) (질) (돌) (숫) Calx Chlorinata.

*염소석관액 *s.* 鹽素石灰液 (소금) (질) (돌) (숫) (진) Liquor Calcis Chlorinatae.

*염소소다액 *s.* 鹽素素多液 (소금) (질) (질) (만흘) (진) Liquor Sodae Chlorinatae.

*염소소다요제 *s.* 鹽素素多糊劑 (소금) (질) (질) (만흘) (풀) (약지을) Cataplasma Sodae Chlorinatae.

*염소액 *s.* 鹽素液 (소금) (질) (진) Liquor Chlori.

*염소증제 *s.* 鹽素蒸劑 (소금) (질) (찔) (약지을) Chlorine Gas.

*염슈 *s.* 鹽水 (소금) (물) Salt water, Brine.

*염식 *l.* 染色 (물드릴) (빗) The colour of which anything is dyed.

*염식집 *l* 染色家 (물드릴) (빗) (집 *가) A dyehouse; a dyer.

*염식ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 染色 (물드릴) (빗) To dye. *See* 물드리다.

*염열 *s.* 炎熱 (더울) (더울) Scorching heat.

*염오ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 厭惡 (슬흘) (뮈울) To hate; to dislike.

염을다 *s.* 稔 (영글—*힘) 어; 염은 To be fully ripe; to be mature.

*염의 *l.* 厭意 (슬흘) (뜻) Dislike; hate; loathing the sight of—as food; having an aversion to.

*염장 *s.* 鹽場 (소금) (마당) A salt flat.

*염전 *s.* 鹽廛 (소금) (잔ᄉᆞ집) A salt store.

*염전병 *s.* 鹽煎餠 (소금) (지질) (떡) A kind of cracknel made of rice mixed with a little commom salt.

염접ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To turn off the edges.

*염정 *s.* 鹽井 (소금) (우물) Salt wells.

*염정수 s. 鹽井水 (소금) (우물) (물) Mother-liquor; mother-lye from which salt is obtained

*염증 / 厭症 s. 厭症 (증세) Imposition, dislike of work.

*염증 s. 炎症 (더울) (증세) Inflamation.

*염증 s. 炎蒸 (더울) (찔) Heat; hot air.

*염직 / 染織 물드릴 짤 Dying.

*염직공장 / 染織工場 물드릴 (짤) (장인 마당 A place for dying.

*염직회사 s. 染織會社 (물드릴) (짤) (모둘) (회사) A dyeing company.

*염질 s. 染疾 (물드릴) (병) Native fever. See 열병.

*염창 s. 鹽倉 (소금) (창묘) Salt ovens.

*염초 s. 鹽硝 (소금) (염초) Saltpetre; nitre.

*염초산 s. 鹽硝酸 (소금) (염초) (실) Nitric acid.

*염탕 s. 鹽湯 (소금) (끌을) A mixture of salt and hot water—a medicine.

*염텬 s. 炎天 (더울 (하늘) Hot weather.

*염화금 s. 鹽化金 (소금) (될) (쇠) Chloride of Gold.

*염화금쏘디엄 s. 鹽化金 (소금) (될) . Chloride of Gold and Sodium.

*염화니리엄 s. 鹽化 (소금) (될) ..... Lithii Chloridum.

*염화바리엄 s. 鹽化 (소금) (될) .. Barii Chloridum.

*염화쏘듸엄 s. 鹽化 (소금) (될) ..... Sodii Chloridum.

*염화수소산 s. 鹽化水素酸 (소금) (될) 물 (실) Hydrochloric Acid

*염화수소산아비산듸 s. 鹽化水素酸亞砒酸液 소금 물 (실) (비금) (박상) (실) (진액) Liquor Arsenici Hydrochloricus.

*염화슈은 . 鹽化水銀 (소금) (될) (물) 은, Hydrargyri Chloridum.

*염화아연 s. 鹽化亞鉛 (소금) (될) (비금, 납) Zinci Chloridum.

*염화아연액 . 鹽化亞鉛液 (소금) (될) 비금 납 액, Liquor Zinci Chloridi.

*염화안듸모니엄액 s. 鹽化 ..... 液 소금 (될) . Liquor Antimonii Chloridi

염화암모니엄 s. 鹽化 (소금) (될) .. Ammonii Chloridum.

*염화칠연액 s. 鹽化漆鉛液 (소금) 될, 물 납 액, Liquor Lithargyri Chloridi.

*염화칼시엄 s. 鹽化 (소금 될) ..... Calci Chloridum

*염화칼시엄액 s. 鹽化 ... 液 (소금) (될) . (진액) Liquor Calcii Chloridi.

*염화포타시엄 s. 鹽化 . . (소금) (될) ..... Potassii Chloridum.

*염화합물 s. 鹽化合物 (소금) (될) (모둘) [만물] Compound of Chlorine.

*엽 s. 葉 (닙) The name of the one cash piece money—used in the country.

엽구리 s. The side.

*엽궐연 葉卷烟 (닙) 것을) (연긔) Manila cigars. See 려송연.

*엽서 . 葉書 (닙 글) A post-card. Also 업서.

*엽전 s. 葉錢 (닙) (돈) The cash-piece money—used in the country.

*엽전평 s. 葉錢坪 (닙) (돈) (들) The value of country cash.

*엽조 s. 葉子 (닙) (아둘) Gold leaf. See 금.

*엽조금 s. 葉子金 (닙) (아둘) (쇠) Fine gold.

*엽 . 葉 .) Leaf glass Leaf 닙댱번.

*엽평 s. 葉坪 (닙) (들) Cash money as reckoned 량.

엿 s. 六 (여섯 *륙) Six—adj. form. See 륙.

엿 s. 飴 (*이) Candy; sweetmeats.

엿가락 s. A stick of candy.

엿기름 s. 麥芽 (밀—*맥) (움—*아) Dry sprouted barley—for making candy.

엿다 s. Here; it is here. See 엔다.

엿다 s. 淺 (엿볼—*천) 허; 흔 To be shallow. See 얏다.

엿네 s. Yet; still. See 엿녁.

엿녁 s. Yet; still. See 이씨.

엿밥 s. 飴食 (엿—*이) (밥—*식) Paste from which candy water has been pressed.

엿방아 s. 投壺 (던질 -*우) (조희—*현) The name of a game of cards. See 투젼.

엿보다 t. 窺 (엿볼—*규) 아; 본 To spy; to pry into; to watch in secret.

엿시 s. 六日 (여섯 *륙) (날—*일) A period of 六 days—the 6th day of the moon.

엿시날 s. 六日 (여섯—*륙) (날—*일) The sixth, sixteenth or twenty sixth—of the moon.

엿주다 *l.* 奏 (알욀—*주) 주여; 문 To make known; to tell—to a superior. *Also* 엿줍다.

엿줍다 *l.* 奏 (알욀—*주) 주여; 온 To announce to; to make known; to tell—to a superior. *See* 고하다. *Also* 엿주다.

엿치기 *s.* A game played with candy.

예 *s.* Here. *See* 여기.

예 *l.* Yes. (Prov.) *See* 녜.

*예각 *l.* 銳角 (날가라울) (쌀) Acute angle.

*예각삼각형 *l.* 銳角三角形 (날가라울)(쌀)(석)(셤)(형상) Acute angled triangle.

*예금 *l.* 預金 (미리) (쇠) Deposit of money.

*예금국 *l.* 預金局 (미릴) (쇠) (판) A saving's bank.

*예금액 *l.* 預金額 (미리) (쇠) (익수) Deposits of money.

*예고하다 *l.* 預告 (미릴) (고홀) To inform beforehand.

*예국 *l.* 穢國 (더러울) (나라) The Foul Kingdom—the name of a district on the east of ancient Korea. *See* 예나라.

*예기 *l.* 預期 (미리) (긔약) Anticipation; expectation.

*예기 *l.* 銳氣 (날가라울) (긔운) Valor; bravery; ardor to fight

*예기 *l.* 穢氣 (더러울) (긔운) Foul air; miasma.

*예기방창 *l.* 銳氣方張 (날가라울)(긔운)(모)(베풀) The bloom of youth.

예기치르다 *l.* 질너; 지른 To intimidate; to frighten; to deprive of valor.

*예기하다 *l.* 預期 (미리) (긔약) To anticipate; to expect, or conclude.

*예기 *s.* 藝妓 (지조) (창기) A dancing or singing girl.

*예궐하다 *l.* 詣闕 (나아갈) (대궐) To have an audience of the King.

*예나라 *l.* 穢國 (더러울) (나라—*국) The Foul Kingdom a district on the east of ancient Koren. *See* 예국.

*예놈 *l.* 穢漢 (더러울) (놈—*한) The barbarians of 예국—supposed to be specially avaricious.

예단 *l.* A prayer or statement made to a spirit before a ceremony—as marriage.

*예덕 *l.* 睿德 (붉을) (큰) Imperial Virtues.

*예명도 *s.* 預定圖 (미리) (명홀) (그림) A prearranged outline—as of land, fields etc.

*예명하다 *l.* 豫定 (미리) (명홀) To fix previously.

*예도 *s.* 輿圖 (수레) (그림) A map of the world. *See* 여지도.

*예둔 *l.* 銳鈍 (날가라울) (무딜) Shrewdness and stupidity; acute and dull-witted; capacity.

*예디 *s.* 輿地 (수레) (짜) The globe; earth; world.

*예디도 *s.* 輿地圖 (수레) (짜) (그림) A map of the world.

*예디승람 *l.* 輿地勝覽 (수레) (짜) (이길) (붉) A famous geography of Korea written about A.D. 1450 by No Sa-sin and others.

*예료하다 *l.* 預料 (미리) (혜아릴) To think out in advance; to consider before hand.

*예명 *l.* 叡明 (붉을) (붉을) Discerning, wise, far-seeing—of the Emperor.

*예문관 *s.* 藝文館 (지조) (글) (집) The government house where the ancient Classics are kept—occupied by members of the 옥당.

*예문관대제학 *s.* 藝文館大提學 (지조) (글) (집) (큰) (쓰을 (비롯) A highest office among the literati—held only by those of the *Ann-sŏ* rank.

*예문박소 *s.* 藝文博士 (지조) (글) (넓을) (선비) The chief officer of the Government Library, 예문관.

*예맥 *l.* 穢貊 (더러울) (오랑캐) North eastern barbarians—inhabiting *Kingwŏn*.

*예방하다 *l.* 預防 (미리) (막을) To provide against; to make preparations against evil—by magic etc.

*예병 *l.* 銳兵 (날가라울) (군소) Brave soldiers.

*예본금 *l.* 預本金 미리) (밋) (쇠) Original capital. *See* 저본금.

*예봉 *l.* 銳鋒 (날가라울) (칼날) A sharp spear.

*예분 *s.* 藥粉 (쏫술) (가루) Pollen.

*예비병 *l.* 預備兵 (미리) (그출) (군소) Troops in reserve.

*예비하다 *l.* 預備 (미리) (그출) To prepare for; to make ready

*예산 *l.* 預算 (미리) (산줄) Appropriations. A previous calculation; estimates.

*예산금 *l.* 預算金 (미리) (산줄) (쇠) Appropriation.

*예산안 *l.* 預算案 (미리) (산줄) (책상) Budget.

*예산외에 *l.* 預算外 (미리) (산줄) (밧) Beyond appropriations.

*예산표 *l.* 預算表 (미리) (산줄) (표홀) A table of appropriations.

*예산ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 預算 (미리) (셀ᄃᆞᆯ) To calculate beforehand; to form an estimate.

*예상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 預想 (미리) (생각) To anticipate.

예셔 *s.* 此處 (이—*ᄎᆞ) (곳—*처) Here; from here.

*예수 *l.* 耶蘇 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소) Jesus. *See* 야소.

*예수교 *l.* 耶蘇敎 어조ᄉᆞ *야, 다시살—*소) (구로칠 *교) Protestant Christianity. *See* 야소교; 헌유교, 로마교.

예수교례ᄇᆡᆨ당 *l.* 耶蘇敎禮拜堂 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (례도) (집) (칠) A Christian place of worship.

*예수교셔칙 *l.* 耶蘇敎書冊 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (글) (칙) Protestant Christian books.

*예수교셔회 *l.* 耶蘇敎書會 (어조ᄉᆞ* 야) (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (글) (모들) The Korean Religious Tract Society.

*예수교션교ᄉᆞ *l.* 耶蘇敎宣敎師 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야 (다시살 *소, (구로칠 (베풀 (구로칠) (스승) Protestant Missionaries

*예수교인 *l.* 耶蘇敎人 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Christian.

*예수교젼도실 / 耶蘇敎傳道室 (어조ᄉᆞ *야, (다시살 *소 (구로칠 젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (길) (칠) An Evangelistic centre or office.

*예수교젼도인 *l.* 耶蘇敎傳道人 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (길) (사) A preacher of the Gospel.

*예수교학교 / 耶蘇敎學校 어조ᄉᆞ—*야, (다시살—*소) (구로칠) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (학교) A Christian School.

*예수교회 *l.* 耶蘇敎會 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (다시살—*소 (구로칠) (모들) The Christian Church.

예수교회규측 / 耶蘇敎會規則 (어조ᄉᆞ—*야 (다시살—*소 (구로칠) (모들) (법) (법) Christian rules and regulations.

예수교회당 耶蘇敎會堂 어조ᄉᆞ—*야) (소경ᄒᆞᆯ—*소) (구로칠) (모들) (집) A Christian Church.

예슌 *n.* 六十 (여ᄉᆞᆺ—*륙) (열—*십) Sixty.

*예심 / 預審 미리) (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ A preliminary examinat on—of a criminal.

*예심관ᄉᆞ / 預審判事 (미리) (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ 판단) (일) A judge who examines a criminal preliminarily.

*예약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 預約 (미리) (언약) To agree in advance; to make a previous agreement; to arrive at an understanding beforehand.

*예언 *l.* 預言 (미리 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Prophecy.

*예언자 *l.* 預言者 (미리) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (놈) A prophet; a foreteller.

*예언ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 預言 (미리) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To foretell; to predict; to prophecy.

예쥬 *l.* A substitute. (Prov.)

*예지 *l.* 銳志 (날카로울) (뜻) Energy; zeal; ardour; enthusiasm, earnestness; resolution; determination.

*예지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 叡智 (ᄆᆞᆰ울) (지혜) To be talented, to be foreseeing; to be wise—of the Emperor.

*예진ᄒᆞ다 銳進 날카로울 나아갈) To dash forward; to advance eagerly.

*예ᄎᆞᆨ *l.* 預差 (미리) (차ᄀᆡᆼᄒᆞᆯ) Office in reserve.

*예ᄎᆞᆫ *l.* 預次 미리) (버금) A substitute; something provided beforehand.

*예ᄎᆞᆫᄉᆞᆺ / 預次使丈 미리) (버금 (ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) 버금) A substitute to serve in case of loss.

*예탁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 預度 (미리) (헤아릴) To guess; to anticipate; to foresee.

*예형 / 叡聽 (ᄆᆞᆰ울) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) The hearing of the Emperor. His majesty's ability.

예ᄀᆞᆺ다 *n.* 此 있ᄂᆞᆫ—*처 (이 —*ᄎᆞ) Here' —take it; it is here. *As* 옜다.

옛부다 *n.* 옛바, 분 To be beautiful; to be handsome; to be pretty. *See* 옛부장스럽다.

옛부장스럽다 *n.* 러워; 운 To be beautiful; to be handsome; to be pretty. 보ᄀᆞ 뚝뚝ᄒᆞ다.

*영 *l.* 影 (그릴ᄌᆞ) A vivid picture in composition. A photograph negative. *See* 그림ᄌᆞ

*영 / 永 길 l. over. *See* 영영히.

*영 *n.* 營 (영문 A government head, the official residence of a governor, general or admiral etc. *See* 영문.

*영가무도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 詠歌舞蹈 (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ) (노래) (ᄎᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ 일 l. dance and sing.

*영가ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 詠歌 (ᄉᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ) (노래) To sing songs.

영감ᄒᆞ 永感下 길 (감동) (아래) A person of everlasting sorrow—an orphan.

*영건ᄒᆞ다 s. 營建 (경영홀) (세울) To construct; to build.

*영걸 s. 英傑 (옷쎠리) (호걸) A brave fellow; a hero. *See* 영웅호걸.

*영걸지쥬 s. 英傑之主 (옷쎠리) (호걸) (갈 (님굼) A famous man; a wonderful character.

*영결죵텬 l. 永訣終天 (긴) 영결홀) (모칠) (하눌) A long or eternal farewell—death. *See* 영별.

*영결ᄒᆞ다 l. 永訣 (긴) (영결홀) To part forever; to separate never to meet again. *See* 영별ᄒᆞ다.

*영공관 s. 英公館 (옷쑤리) (공번될) (집) The British Legation.

*영공소 s. 英公使 (옷쑤리) (공번될) (하여 품) The British Minister.

*영구 s. 營口 (영문) (입) Ning-kow in China.

*영구준힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 永久遵行 (긴) (오랠) (좇칠) (힝홀) To be established forever—as laws and customs. To follow continually; to obey constantly.

*영구히 l. 永久 (긴) (오랠) For a long time.

*영구ᄒᆞ다 l. 永久 (긴) (오랠) To be a long while.

*영국 s. 英國 (옷쎠리) (나라) Great Britain; the British Empire. *See* 영길리.

*영귀ᄒᆞ다 s. 榮貴 (영화) (귀홀) To be rare and glorious; to be precious.

*영긔죵 l. 泳氣鐘 (무즁약질홀) (긔운) (죄북) A diving-bell.

*영길리 s. 英吉利 (옷쎠리) (길홀) (리홀) England. *See* 영국.

*영광 s. 榮光 (영화) (빗) Glory, splendor; honor. *See* 영화.

*영납 s. 營納 (영문) (드릴) Whatever is paid into the governor's office. *See* 상납

*영노 s. 營奴 (영문) (죵) Government slaves.

*영단 s. 英斷 (옷쑤리) (결단) An excellent decision; a wise judgement; promptness in decision.

*영당 l. 影堂 (그림주) (집) The hall or apartment in which ancestral pictures are placed.

*영덕 s. 盈德 (출) (큰) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.30. Long. 129.20.

*영뎌리 s. 營邸吏 (영문) (관샤) (아젼) The 아젼 in charge of a magistrate's office in the provincial or national capital.

*영뎨 s. 英帝 (옷쎠리) (님굼) The English King.

*영돗 l. 永同 (긴) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.12. Long. 127.49.

*영동팔경 s. 嶺東八景 (바다) (동녀) (여돏) (경치 The eight beautiful views of 강원 province.

*영령 s. 英領 (옷쑤리) (거누릴) The British colonies.

*영류 s. 癭瘤 (목) (혹) A tumor.

*영리 s. 營吏 (영문) (아젼) Clerks; writers etc. of a 영문.

*영명 s. 英名 (옷쑤리) (일홀) Fame; renown; distinction; reputation. *See* 고명.

*영무 s. 英武 (옷쑤리) (호반) Warlike courage; bravery (Comp.)

*영문 s. 英文 (옷쎠리) (글) The English language. *See* 영셔.

*영문 s. 營門 (영문) (문) A government head-quarters; the official residence of a governor, admiral or general. *See* 영.

*영문록 s. 榮聞錄 (영화) (무롬) (긔록) The names of those who come to congratulate the successful candidate after examination.

*영문영무ᄒᆞ다 s. 英文英武 (옷쎠리) (글) (옷쎠리) (호반) To be great and glorious in all respects—of the king.

*영미국 s. 英美國 (옷쎠리) (아롬다울) (나라) Great Britain and America.

*영미법덕 s. 英美法德 (옷쎠리) (아롬다울) (법) (큰) Great Britain, America, France and Germany.

*영미ᄒᆞ다 l. 永買 (긴) (살) To buy for good.

*영방 s. 營房 (영문) (방) The secretary's room—of the country *ajun*.

*영벌 l. 永罰 (긴) (벌줄) Eternal punishment. *Opp.* 영상.

*영별 l. 永別 (긴) (리별) An eternal separation—death. *See* 영결죵텬.

*영불출세ᄒᆞ다 l. 永不出世 (긴) (아닐) (날) (인간) To go out no more forever.

*영산 l. 影算 (그림주) (산줄) Trigonometry. *See* 영수.

*영산법 l. 影算法 (그림주) (산줄) (법) Trigonometry. *See* 영산.

*영산홍 l. 映山紅 (빗초일) (븨) (붉을) Red and yellow azaleas, *Rhododendron indicum* and *sinense*.

*영상 s. 英商 (옷쎠리) (장소) English merchants.

*영상 l. 影像 (그림주) (형상) A portrait bust; statue; image.

*영서 s. 英書 (뿌루리) (글) English; the English written language. *See* 영문

*영선비 s. 營繕費 (경영호) (기물) (허비) Expences for repairs

*영선소 s. 營繕所 경영호) (기물) (맛흘) The Office of Public works.

*영선ᄒᆞ다 s. 營繕 (경영호, (기물) To repair; to fix—as a house road etc.

*영세 l. 永世 (긴) 인간) Long ages, past or future; a long time; for many ages; for all ages; forever.

*영세불망 l. 永世不忘 (긴) (인간) (아닐) (니질) Everlasting remembrance; unending gratitude.

*영속 s. 營屬 (영문) (붓흘) Hangers on at a yamen.

*영수 s. 數 (수) 影數 (그림조 (두어) Trigonometry. *See* 영산법

*영실 l. 永日 (긴) 날) Everlasting life *Opp* 영별.

*영양 s. 英陽 (뿌루리) (볕) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36 36. Long. 129.05.

*영어 s. 英語 (뿌루리) (말숨) The English language. *See* 영국말.

*영업 s. 營業 (경영호) (업) Business; calling; profession.

*영업세 s. 營業稅 (경영호) (업) (구실) Sale tax.

*영업조심ᄒᆞ다 s. 營業操心 경영호) (업 (조로) (날) To live by a trade, business or profession.

*영예 s. 榮譽 (영화) (기릴) Honour; fame; renown; prestige.

*영영무궁 l. 永永無窮 긴 긴 업슬) 다홀 Eternal; everlasting; without end.

*영영방매 l. 永永放賣 (긴) 긴) 노흘) (팔) A sale by which the seller renounces every claim.

*영영쵸쵹ᄒᆞ다 s. 營營逐逐 경영호) 짐 영짇) 쏫짇) Perplexed after, to eagerly strive for.

*영영ᄒᆞ l. 永永 긴) (긴) Forever, eternally; perpetually. *See* 영원히.

*영오 s. 穎悟 자로) 세두를 Acuteness, sagacity; shrewdness; discernment.

*영오ᄒᆞ다 s. 穎悟 (자로) (세두를) To be bright; to be clever; to be sharp. *See* 령리ᄒᆞ다.

*영욕 s. 榮辱 (영화) (욕될) Glory and shame.

*영요 s. 榮耀 (영화) 빗날 Pomp splendour; grandeur; magnificence; luxury.

*영우ᄒᆞ다 s. 縈紆 (얽힐) (얽힐) To encircle; to encompass; to surround; to twine round.

*영위 s. 營爲 (경영호) (ᄒᆞ) Office; duty; place.

*영웅 s. 英雄 (뿌루리) (숫컷) A man of lofty character; a hero. *See* 호걸.

*영웅지지 s. 英雄之材 (뿌루리) (슈컷 갈 지목 Tool making of a hero or great character.

*영웅호걸 s. 英雄豪傑 (뿌루리) (슈컷) (호길 호걸 Noble characters and heroes. *See* 영웅.

*영유 l. 永柔 (긴) (부드러물) A prefect in Pyong-an-d. Lat. 39 19 Long. 125 30.

*영인 s. 英人 (뿌루리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Englishmen, Britishers.

*영오 s. 嬰兒 (어릴) (오히) An infant.

*영원히 l. 永遠 (긴) (멀) Forever, eternally; perpetually. *See* 길히.

*영원ᄒᆞ다 l. 永遠 (긴) (멀) To be eternal; to be unending.

영장 l. 葬 (장소—*장) A funeral; a burial. *See* 장소.

영장ᄒᆞ다 l. 葬 장소 *장 To inter, to manage a funeral. *See* 장소ᄒᆞ다.

*영장 s. 營將 영문) 장슈 A colonel

*영적 l. 影迹 (그림조) (자최) Traces; evidence; signs; indications; appearances; vestiges; remains; ruins. *See* 형적.

*영접ᄒᆞ다 s. 迎接 (마질) (졉흘) To go out and meet; to receive.

*영접위원 s. 迎接委員 (마질) (졉흘) (버릴) (원원) An entertainment committee.

*영접ᄒᆞ다 s. 迎接 (마질) (졉흘) To go out and meet; to receive.

*영경 l. 影幀 (그림조) (영정) A painted picture of a person; a portrait.

*영조ᄒᆞ다 營造 경영호) 지을 To construct; to build

*영종 l. 永宗 (긴) (마루) An island in Kyŏng-kedo close to Kang-wha

*영주 s. 瀛洲 (바다) (물가) A spirit mountain; a fairy-land.

*영쥬인 s. 營主人 (영문) (님) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) *See* 영문이.

*영쥴 s. 英律 (뿌루리) (쥴길) Superiority; elegance.

*영지 s. 英智 (뿌루리) 지혜 Distinguished ability; eminent talent.

*영조 s. 鐵子(갓온)(아돌) The S shaped hook to which a hat string is fastened.

*영지 s. 英才 (뽓부리) (지조) Distinguished ability; eminent talent.

*영창 l. 映窓 (빗조일, (창) A window; window slides. *See* 살창.

*영척 s. 英尺 (뽓부리) (자) One English foot.

*영천 l. 永川 (긴) (내) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.54. Long. 128.35.

*영천 s. 榮川 (영화) (내) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.50. Long. 128.35.

*영축 s. 盈縮 (출) (쥭날) Profit and loss; more or less.

*영춘 l. 永春 (긴) (봄) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 37.09. Long. 128.47.

*영탄하다 l. 詠嘆 (읍흠) (한식) To compose verses; to write poetry.

*영평 l. 永平 (긴) (평홀) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 38.02. Long. 127.05.

*영하읍 s. 營下邑 (영문) (아래) (고을) The districts under a government head-quarters.

*영향 l. 影響 (그림주) (소리) Literally 'shadow and echo'; influence; effect.

*영허하다 s. 盈虛 (출) (뷔일) To be abundant or deficient; to increase and decrease; to grow and decline; to change; to vary; to fluctuate; to wax and wane—as the moon; to ebb and flow—as the tide.

*영회하다 s. 縈廻 (얽힐) (도라올) To twine round.

*영희면 l. 永禧殿 (긴) (복) (대궐) The tablet house of the Kings

*영흥 l. 永興 (긴) (일) A prefect in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 39.35. Long. 127.20.

*영히 s. 嬰孩 (어릴) (어릴) An infant.

*영화 s. 榮華 (영화) (빗날) Glory; honor. *See* 영광.

*영화 s. 英和 (뽓부리) (고토) English-Japanese.

*영화롭다 s. 榮華 (영화) (빗날) 로와; 은 To be glorious; to be honorable.

*영화주뎐 s. 英華字典 (뽓부리) (빗날) (글조) (법) English-Chinese Dictionary.

*영화주뎐 s. 英和字典 (뽓부리) (고토) (글조) (법) English-Japanese Dictionary.

*영황 s. 英皇 (뽓부리) (님군) The king of Great Britain.

*오 The fifth vowel of the syllabary, long (*l.*) and short (*s.*), corresponding to *o* in sound.

*오 l. 五 (다숫) Five. 다숫.

오 l. Yes! (Low.) *See* 오냐.

오가리 s. The pumpkin; citron etc. sliced and dried.

*오가소립 s. 吾家所立 (나) (집) (바) (셥) My pupil; one whom I brought up.

*오가작통하다 l. 五家作統 (다숫) (집) (지을) (거느릴) The custom of five houses uniting for protection.

*오가피 l. 五加皮 (다숫) (더플) (가족) The root bark of various *araliaceous* shrubs. Red Chinese wine.

*오각 l. 五角 (다숫) (쓸) Five angled; pentagonals. 50 *sen.*

*오각쥬 l. 五角柱 (다숫) (쓸) (기둥) Five-sided prism.

*오각형 l. 五角形 (다숫) (쓸) (형상) Pentagon.

*오갈피 l. 五加皮 (다숫) (더플—*가) (가족) *See* 오가피.

오감스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be muddled; to be hair-brained; to lack sense or judgment.

*오강 l. 五江 다숫 (물) The five ports of Seoul on the Han. 용산, 셔강, 삼기, 가문물, and 한강.

*오결 l. 五結 (다숫) (빅짐) A government tax of 500 coolie loads, marked by a special character.

*오결 l. 誤決 (그롯) (결단) A wrong decision—in a lawsuit.

*오계 l. 五季 (다숫) (말계) Five dynasties of China from A.D. 907-960. 後梁, 後唐, 後晉, 後漢, 後周. *See* 오덕.

*오계 l. 五戒 (다숫) (경계) The five Buddhist commandments against murder, theft, adultery, lying, and intemperance.

*오계 s. 烏鷄 (검을) (고) The silkfowl having black flesh.

*오계 l. 誤計 (그롯) (계교) A useless scheme.

*오경 l. 五更 (다숫) (못칠) The five watches of the night; the 5th watch from 3 to 5 o'clock A.M. Midnight. *See* 밤중.

*오경 l. 五經 (다숫) (글) The five classics —쥬역, 시젼, 셔젼, 례긔 and 츈추.

*오경 s. 烏鏡 (검을) (거울) Spectacles with dark colored crystals. *See* 오슈경.

*오경슌라 l. 五更巡邏 (다숫) (못칠) (슌돌) (슌라) The last watch of the night.

*오교 l. 五考 (다섯) (상교) The five reports from a country magistrate during his term of office.

*오고 l. 午鼓 (낮) (북) The noon day drum—which used to hang in the Palace.

*오곡 l. 五穀 (다섯) (곡식) The five grains: hemp, millet, rice, wheat and pulse. *See* 잡곡.

오금 s. The inner angle of the knee or elbow.

오금박다 s. 아; 온. To catch one in a fault which he has condemned in others.

*오공 s. 蜈蚣 (지네) (지네) A centipede.

오공이 l. A short thick-set fellow—of great strength. (Prov.) *See* 쇠공이.

*오괴하다 l. 迂怪 (오할흘) (괴이홀) To be peculiar; to be lawless; to be abandoned.

*오교 l. 五敎 (다섯 구분할 ㅣ ㅇ five cardinal precepts viz., 친 親 친홀 between parent and child, 의 義 옴홀) between master and servant, 별 別 다를) between husband and wife. 서 序 (차례) between the old and the y..., and 신 信 (밋홀) between friends.

*오구목 s. 烏臼木 (검울) (절구) (나무) *Sapium sebiferum.*

*오국 l. 誤國 (그릇) (나라) Destruction of a state caused by bad government.

*오국요인 l. 誤國小人 (그릇) (나라) (젹을) (사롬) Craven officials who ruin the state.

*오군 s. 吾君 (나) (인군) My King You—to one's lord.

*오군만년 s. 吾君萬年 (나) (인군) (일만) (히) Long live our King.

*오군문 l. 五軍門 (다섯) (군소) (문) The five ancient barracks of the capital. *See* 오영문.

오군오군하다 s. To be bent in; to be battered in. *Opp.* 벗을벗을하다.

오그러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be battered; to contract; to twist. (v.i.) To be broken. (Prov.)

오그리다 s. 그려; 린 To bend; to squeeze out of shape; to batter.

*오근미지 s. 吾謹遠之 (나) (삼갈) (멀) 갈 Keeping clear of, taking part in.

*오금 l. 五金 (다섯) (쇠) The five kinds of metals: gold, silver, copper, lead and iron.

*오금 s. 烏金 (검울) (쇠) Dark gold—supposed to be the finest in quality.

오금 s. The back of the knee. The whole body

*오기 s. 吳起 (나라) (일) A celebrated commander in the service of the State of Wei, at the beginning of the 4th century B. C.

*오기년 l. 五個年 (다섯) (낫) (히) Just five years.

*오기인 l. 五個人 (다섯) (낫) (사롬) Just five persons.

*오기월 l. 五個月 (다섯) (낫) (둘) Just five months.

*오관 l. 五官 (다섯) (벼슬) The five senses: hearing, seeing, tasting, smelling, and thinking.

*오관참장 l. 五關斬將 (다섯) (관) (버힐) (장슈) He killed the officer and passed the five guard posts,—of Kwan the God of War. An expression used in dominoes.

*오나라 s. 吳國 (나라) (나라—*국) The name of an ancient feudal state.

오냐 l. Yes!—to a servant. *See* 그라.

*오년급 l. 五年級 (다섯) (히) (드를) Fifth year course of study.

*오년생 l. 五年生 (다섯) (히) (날) Fifth year student.

오누의 s. 男妹 (사나희 —*남) (누의—*민) Brother and sister. (Low).

오뉘 s. 筈 (*살) The notched end of an arrow that fits over the string.

오늘 s. 今日 (이제—*금) (날—*일) To-day.

오늘날 s. 今日 (이제—*금) (날—*일) To-day.

오늘밤 s. 今夜 (이제—*금) (밤—*야) To-night.

오다 s. 來 (올—*릭) 와; 온 To come; also used as "to go" in English.

오달지다 l. 달져; 진 To be precocious. To be firm and solid.

*오대량 五大樑 (다섯 큰 들보 The five beams of a large house. *See* 오량

*오대리국 奧大利國 (깁흘 큰 리홀) (나라) Austria.

*오대리아 s. 澳大利亞 (물) (큰) (리홀) (버금) Australia.

*오대부쥬 l. 五大部洲 (다섯 큰 ᄯᅴ 쥴 가) The five continents. *See* 오대쥬

*오대양 五大洋 (다섯 큰 바다 The five great oceans, viz., the Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic and Antarctic.

*오대쥬 l. 五大洲 (다섯) (큰) (물가) The five continents of the globe. *See* 오대부쥬.

*오던 *l.* 五福 (다숫)(벅) The five natural relationships. (B.H.) *See* 오륜.

*오도 *s.* 吾道 (나)(길) Confucianism. *See* 유도.

*오도 *l.* 五島 (다셧)(셤) Goto Islands in Japan.

오도둑뼈 *s.* The cartilage at the end of a bone.

오도둑오도둑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To sound—as crunching or gnawing. *See* 바드득바드득ᄒᆞ다.

*오도올 *s.* 吳道 - (나라)(길)(호) F. S. 海州 N.P. 四波. A famous Chinese artist of antiquity.

*오도조 *s.* 吳道子 (나라)(길)(아돌) The most famous artist of antiquity—China.

오둑감스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be unreasonable *See* 새삼스럽다.

오둑독이 *s.* A special kind of song with —irregular notes. A medicine for the itch. Fire crackers.

오돌오돌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be hard and lumpy; to be tasteless—of food

오되다 *l.* 되여; 된 To be precocious; to be quick; to be clever To be tightly wound.

*오동 *s.* 烏銅 (검을)(구리) Black metal.

*오동 *s.* 梧桐 (오동)(오동) The *Sterculia plantanifolia.*

*오동상장 *s.* 桐梧喪杖 (오동)(오동)(상소)(집힐이) A mourner's staff of 오동 wood carried after the death of the mother. *See* 죽상장.

*오동슈복 *s.* 烏銅嵩福 (검을)(구리)(묵을)(복) Inlaid black metal ornamentation.

오둥둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fleshy; to be well filled out.

오듬이 *s.* The end; a point; the top.

오디 *s.* 桑椹 (왕나무—*상)(오듸—*심) The fruit of the mulberry

*오듬 *s.* 吾等 (나)(무리) We.

*오등작 *l.* 五等爵 (다소)(무리)(벼슬) The five orders of nobility. *See* 오작, 공후빅조남.

*오디리 *s.* 澳地利 (물)(짜)(리홀) Austria. *See* 듕아리.

*오딕 *l.* 五代 (다숫)(럭디 Five generations. Five dynasties of China from A.D. 907 to 960. 後梁; 後唐; 後晉; 後漢; 後周. *See* 오게.

*오딕산 *l.* 五臺山 (다셧)(집)(뫼) A famous mountain in Kang-wŏn-do. (Kang-neung). Lat. 37.49. Long. 128 35.

오라 *l.* 紅絲 (붉을 *숑)(실—*소) The "red rope"—for binding criminals. *See* 포승.

오라바람 *l.* The executioner's rope—used in an abusive sense.

오라버니 *s.* Older brother—used by and in relation to a sister. *See* 옵바.

오라씨 *s.* Younger brother—used by and in relation to a sister. *See* 옵바.

오락가락 *s.* Going and coming.

*오락되다 *s.* 誤落 (그릇)(떠러질) 여; 된 To be omitted; to be lacking—as a letter missed out

오락이 *s.* A thread—in weaving. *See* 올

오례 *s.* A collection of rice—in spirit worship. (Prov.) The call for pigs. A strangler's knot.

오뎨 *s.* 久 (오랠—*구) Long—in time.

오레다 *s.* 久 (오랠—*구) 래여, 랜 To be long—in time. *See* 더더다

오랑캐 *s.* 兀 (*강) A barbarian; a savage; a foreigner. *See* 되놈.

오랑캐쏫 *s.* The *Dianthus chinensis.*

*오량 *l.* 五樑 (다숫)(들보) A house with five main beams.

*오량각 *l* 五樑閣 (다숫)(들보)(집) A house with five main beams; a large house.

오러미 *s.* Sister-in-law—the wife of a brother (Prov.) *See* 올케.

오려 *l.* 早稻 (일을—*조)(벼—*도) Early paddy.

오려논 *l.* 早稻畓 (일을—*조)(벼—*도)(논—*답) Fields of early paddy.

*오려빅복 *s.* 烏驢白腹 (검을)(나귀)(흰)(비) A black donkey with white belly.

오련ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be beautifully tinted —of dyeing. To be clear; to be definite.

*오령 *l.* 誤聆 (그릇)(청령) Mistaken inspection; a report that is in error.

오롯오롯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be distinct; to be clear; to be separated.

오롯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be distinct, to be clear. *See* 똑똑ᄒᆞ다.

*오례 *l.* 五禮 (다숫)(례도) The five ceremonies—marriage, burial, military ceremony, entertaining a guest, doing up the hair. (B. H.)

오로지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 自專 (스스리—*조)(오로지—*젼) To have in one's power; to act on one's own responsibility.

*오론ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 誤論 (그릇) (의론) To reason falsely; to be mistaken.

오롱이죠롱이 *s.* This and that; this way and that way; various.

오롱죠롱 *s.* Lumpy; in bunches.

*오류 *l.* 五流 (다숫) (흐를) The five regions of exile. (B. H.)

*오류월 *l.* (—뉴월) 五六月 (다숫) (여숫 *둘—*월) The fifth and 6th moons

*오륙지월 *l.* 五六朔月 다숫 여숫 (날) (둘) Five or six months.

*오륙인 *l.* 五六人 (다숫) (여숫) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Five or six persons.

*오륙차 *l.* 五六次 (다숫 여숫) (번금) Five or six times

*오륜 五倫 (다숫 인륜 The five natural laws. 의, 친, 차례, 분별, 신.

오르ᄂᆞ리다 *s.* 上下 (오ᄅᆞᆫ—*상) (아래—*하) ᄂᆞ려 ᄒᆞᆫ To rise and fall; to go up and down.

오로ᄃᆞ나ᄂᆞ리락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 升降 (오ᄅᆞᆯ—*승) (ᄂᆞ릴—*강) To go and come; to ascend and descend.

오르ᄅᆞᆯ *s.* A word expressive of shivering, shuddering.

오룩죠룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be lumpy; to be in bunches. *See* 오롱죠롱.

*오통즁조 *s.* 於隱仲子 (어조ᄉᆞ) (언덕) (번금) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) One who makes pretentions to clean-handedness. (M.)

오리 *s.* 鴨 (*압) A duck.

*오리 *l.* 五里 (다숫) (마을) Five *li*—a measure of distance, 1½ miles.

오리 *s.* 條 A numerative of boards, strings, bands etc. A fishing hook with several points.

오리나무 *s.* 楨瓜木 (개똥—*똥) (외—*과) (나무—*목) A tree with red wood—found along streams.

오리다 *s.* 오려; ᄒᆞᆫ To cut lengthwise; to split.

오리목 *s.* Wood cut in narrow lengths. *See* 대오리.

*오림 *l.* 五痲 다숫 (림질) The five kinds of bladder disease.

오르다 *s.* 카 오ᄅᆞᆯ *ᄉᆞᆫ 올나, 온 To go up; to mount. *See* 올나가다.

*오마ᄃᆡ 五馬隊 다숫 ᄆᆞᆯ ᄃᆡ Horsemen five abreast.

*오마삭ᄃᆡ 다 五馬作隊 다숫 (ᄆᆞᆯ (직ᄆᆞᆯ), ᄃᆡ) To draw up horsemen five abreast in a royal procession.

*오만동 *l.* 五萬同 다숫) (일만) ᄒᆞ가지) A salt water insect—used as an aphrodisiac

*오만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 傲慢 (오만) (거만ᄒᆞᆯ) To be proud; to be overbearing; to be insolent. *See* 교만ᄒᆞ다

*오말 *l.* 午末 (낫) (ᄆᆞᆺ) 12.30 p.m

*오망ᄒᆞᆯ다 傲妄 오만) 망녕 ᄃᆡ려, 진 To be cracked; to be hare-brained; to be silly. *See* 오망부리다

*오망부리다 *l.* 傲妄 (오만) (망녕) 부려; ᄅᆡᆫ To be cracked; to be hare-brained; to be eccentric. *See* 오망스럽다.

*오망스럽다 *l.* 傲妄 (오만) (망녕) 러워; 운 To be rude; be wild, to be hare-brained.

*오명 *s.* 汚名 (더러울) (일홈) A bad name or reputation; evil notoriety.

*오목 *s.* 烏木 (검을) (나무) Ebony—*Maba ellipitica.*

오목ᄃᆡ *s.* Pools of water—as on the road

오목오목ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 凹 (오목—*요) To be in hollows; to be pitted; to be concave

오목ᄒᆞ다 凹 오목 *소 To be Hollow, to be or in *See* 우묵ᄒᆞ다.

*오묘ᄒᆞ다 奧妙 깁 묘ᄒᆞᆯ) To be deep; to be mysterious to be profound.

*오무지ᄒᆞᆫ 五畝之宅 다숫 이랑 집) A house having five "acres" of land (M.)

*오문 *s.* 澳門 (물) (문) Macao.

*오문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 誤聞 (그릇) (드ᄅᆞᆯ) To hear wrongly; to get the wrong meaning.

*오물 *s.* 汚物 (더러울) (물건) Anything filthy, dirty, or unclean; the menses.

오물거리다 *s.* 거려; ᄅᆡᆫ To swarm. To gum—in eating.

오물앙이 *s.* A toothless person.

오물오물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swarm; to coogregate. To gum—in eating.

오물이다 *s.* 므려; ᄅᆡᆫ To shut tightly; to close up; to unite.

*오미 *l.* 五味 (다숫) (맷) The five tastes: salty, sweet, sour, acid and bitter.

*오미ᄌᆞ *l.* 五味子 다숫 맛 아ᄃᆞᆯ) *Schizandra chinensis*—the seeds of which are used as a tonic

오밀조밀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pretty; to be beautiful *See* 아기자기ᄒᆞ다.

*오미 s. 烏梅 (까마귀) (매화) Dried plums—a decoction of which makes a cooling drink.

*오민 l. 寤寐 (멸) (잘) Waking and sleeping.

*오민불망ᄒᆞ다 l. 寤寐不忘 (멸) (잘) (아날) (니질) To remember, waking and sleeping.

*오민소복ᄒᆞ다 l. 寤寐思服 (멸) (잘) (싱각) (옷) To think of, waking and sleeping.

*오반 l. 午飯 (낮) (밥) Dinner; the noon meal.

*오방 l. 五方 (다숫) (모) The five cardinal points: east, west, south, north and centre

*오방 l. 五房 (다숫) (방) The name of certain mercantile firms of the capital.

*오방신장 l. 五方神將 (다숫) (모) (귀신) (장슈) The guardian spirits of the five cardinal points.

*오변형 l. 五邊形 (다숫) (가) (ᄒᆞᆼ상) Pentagon.

*오복 l. 五服 (다숫) (옷) The five degrees-of-mourning garb. 참쳬, 지쳬, 대공. 소공, 시마. The five distances—each of 500 *li*, when bringing grain to the capital as taxes (B. H.).

*오복 l. 五福 (다숫) (복) The five blessings: old age, wealth, health, love of virtue, peaceful death.

*오봉산 l. 五峯山 (다숫) (봉오리) (뫼) A mountain with five peaks—associated with torāji roots. The fist.

*오부 l. 五部 (다숫) (ᄯᅴ) The five wards of the capital. *See* 오서.

오부리다 s. 부려ᄒᆞ린 To be proud; to be arrogant; to be vain. *See* 거만ᄒᆞ다.

오부슈ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sufficient; to be enough; to be satisfactory.

*오불관 s. 吾不關 (나) (아니) (게관ᄒᆞᆯ) No concern of mine.

오봇ᄒᆞ다 s. To have plenty, to be sufficient; to be satisfactory.

오봇ᄒᆞ다 s. 饒富 (넉넉—요) (부쟈—부) To be sufficient; to be plenty; to be satisfied.

*오비이락 s. 烏飛梨落 (까마귀) (놀) (비) (떠러질) The crow flies a pear falls—blaming others for one's misfortunes.

*오비삼쳑 s. 吾鼻三尺 (나) (코) (석) (자) I myself am in difficulties—how can I help you? *See* 아공불열.

*오비일쉭 s. 烏飛一色 (까마귀) (놀) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (빗) Flying crows have one color—all of a kind; equal.

*오빅조 s. 五倍子 (다숫) (모실) (아돌) Chinese galls—the nut galls of the tariff, formed on the *Rhus semi-alata*.

*오빅년유풍 l. 五百年遺風 (다숫) (일빅) (히) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (바람) Customs handed down for five centuries.

*오빅라한 l. 五百羅漢 (다숫) (일빅) (벌) (한슈) The five hundred disciples of Buddha whose images are seen in Buddhist temples.

*오빅조 l. 五百条 (다숫) (일빅) (억조) Five hundred *cho*.

오사리 l. The early harvest; the first fruits; the first catch of fish etc.

오사리잡놈 l. A young reprobate: a creature born to vice.

오사오삭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be chilly. To rustle of the leaves; to sound—as crunching.

*오살ᄒᆞ다 s. 屠殺 (죽일) (죽일) To massacre; to slaughter; to exterminate.

*오살ᄒᆞ다 s. 誤殺 (그릇) (죽일) To kill a person by mistake.

*오샤 s. 烏蛇 (검을) (비암) A kind of black snake. *Opp.* 빅샤.

*오샤례 l. 五祀禮 다숫) (샤례) (례도) Sacrifice and thanksgiving to the five spirits of the house: of the kitchen, rooms, stairway, gate, godown.

*오샤ᄒᆞ다 s. 誤寫 (그릇) (쎡) To copy wrongly.

*오샹 l. 五常 (다숫) (ᄯᅴ젯) The five virtues: charity, uprightness of mind, propriety, wisdom, truth. *See* 오륜.

*오셔 l. 五署 (다숫) (마을) The five wards of the capital. *See* 오부.

*오셔 l. 五瑞 (다숫, 홀) The tablets of the five classes of nobles: 공, 후, 빅, 주, 남, (B. H.

*오셔니 l. 五署內 (다숫) (마을) (안) Within the five departments. *See* 오부조니.

*오셔락조ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤書落字 (그릇) (글) (떠러질) (글조) To write incorrectly and omit characters. *See* 오조락셔ᄒᆞ다.

*오셔조니 l. 五署字內 (다숫) 마을) (글조) (안) Within the five departments—as of a city. *See* 오부조니.

*오셔ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤書 그릇) 글) To write a character incorrectly. *See* 락조ᄒᆞ다.

*오석 s. 烏石 (검을) (돌) Black stone; a kind of black marble.

*오성 / 五星 (다섯)(별) The five planets: the gold star, Venus, the wood star, Jupiter, the water star, Mercury, the fire star, Mars, the earth star, Saturn.

*오성 l. 五聖 (다섯) (성인) The five sages: 공조, 맹조, 안조, 증조 and 조소.

*오소리 s. 烏蘇里 (까마귀) (차죽이) (아울) A name given to land adjacent to Vladivostok.

*오슈정 s. 烏水晶 (검을) (물) (거울) Black crystals for spectacles. *See* 오정.

오슈리 s. 貙 (*단) A variety of badger.

*오슈부동 l. 五獸不動 (다섯) (즘승) (아닐) (움직일) The five animals that mutually fear each other: the elephant, the mouse, the cat, the dog, the tiger.

오슈슈 s. Crumbling; falling in a heap. Whistling; blowing.

*오슈유 s. 吳茱萸 나라) 슈유) 슈유. The *Evodia rutaecarpa*—a tonic.

*오슈정 s. 烏水晶 (검을) (물) (슈정) Black crystal.

*오슉 s. 吳淑 (나라) (묽을 I. ㅅ D. 947. D. A D. 1002. A celebrated scholar and author of Korea.

*오슌졀 / 五旬節 (다섯 열흘) (졀기) A name given to Pentecost.

오스스ᄒᆞ다 s. To feel a chilly sensation; to feel cold chills.

*오승 l. 五升 (다섯) (되) A kind of hempen cloth woven of five 새, each of forty strings.

*오시 / 午時 (낫) (때) Midday—from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. *See* 낫.

*오시목 s. 烏柿木 검을 감 나무 A kind of persimmon with black wood. *See* 먹감나무.

*오시슈 s. 吳始壽 (나라) 비로슬 목숨 A.D. 1672 F S. 同福. A famous scholar of the time of Hyŏn-jong.

*오시오중 l. 五矢五中 (다섯) (살 다섯) (맛칠) Five shots and five sleeves

*오신명ᄒᆞ다 / 誤身命 그릇 몸 목숨) To die by violence; to die before one's time.

오실오실ᄒᆞ다 s. To shiver. *See* 오스스ᄒᆞ다

*오심 l. 五心 (다섯) (ᄇᆞᆷ) The five regions of feeling: palms of the hands, soles of the feet and the heart; the heart; the feelings.

*오십 l. 五十 (다섯) (열) Fifty.

*오십보(로)쇼ᄇᆡᆨ보 l. 五十步笑百步 (다섯) (열 거름) 우슴 (일ᄇᆡᆨ 거름 Condemning another for a fault of which one is himself guilty.

*오십억 l. 五十億 (다섯) (열) (억) Fifty *ok*.

*오십젼 l. 五十錢 (다섯) (열) (돈) Fifty cents.

*오십조 l. 五十兆 (다섯) (열) (억조) Fifty *cho*.

*오ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 誤死 (그릇) (죽을) To die a violent death; to die an unpropitious death.

*오ᄉᆡᆨ l. 五色 (다섯) (빗) The five colors: white, black, red, blue or green, yellow.

*오ᄉᆡᆨ단쳥 s. 五色丹靑 다섯 빗) (붉을) (푸를) A painting in the five colors.

*오ᄉᆡᆨ(이)령농ᄒᆞ다 / 五色玲瓏 (다섯) (빗) 령롱ᄒᆞᆯ) 령롱ᄒᆞᆯ To shine in all the five colors.

*오악 l. 五岳 (다섯) (외뿌리) The five projections of the face—cheeks, brow, chin and nose. The five famous mountains of China—태산, 화산, 숭산, 형산, 항산.

*오약 s. 烏藥 (까마귀) (약) The *Lindera strychnifolia*.

오얏 s. 李 (*리) The plum. *Prunus communis*. *See* 조도.

*오억 l. 五億 (다섯) (억) Five *ok*

*오언 l. 五言 (다섯) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A composition in verse with five characters to the line. *See* 칠언

*오언졀구 l. 五言絶句 (다ᄉᆞ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (끈흘) (글구) Chinese poetry of four lines, each consisting of five characters.

*오여부지 s. 吾亦不知 (나) (또) (아닐— ᄂᆞᆫ 알 Neither do I understand.

*오여운운 s. 吾亦云云 (나) ᄯᅩ) (닐 올) (날 올 My sentiments [ ] I [ ].

*오역죄 l. 五逆罪 (다섯) (거ᄉᆞ릴) (허물) Great crimes committed against superiors: murdering one's father, murdering one's mother, wounding Buddha's person, killing his immediate disciple, and murdering a Buddhist priest.

*오예 s. 汚穢 (더러울) (더러울) Being foul or dirty, defilement; dirtiness; filth; dirt.

*오예물 s. 汚穢物 더러울 더러울 물건 A dirty thing. ㅅ. 오예ᄒᆞ물

*오예소가ᄒᆞᆫ 汚穢掃柯 (더러울 더러울) (쓸) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞᆫ) A garbage box.

*오에장 s. 汚穢場 (더러울)(더러울)(마당) A garbage heap; a dumping quarter for refuse.

*오에지물 l. 穢汚之物 (더러울)(더러울)(갈) (물건) A dirty thing; something unclean.

*오영문 l. 五營門 (다섯)(영문)(문) The headquarters of the five generals in the capital.

*오오ᄒᆞ다 s. 嗷嗷 (지거릴)(지거릴) To clamor; to raise a row.

*오옥 l. 五玉 (다섯) 구슬) The tablets carried by the five classes of the nobility 공, 후, 빅, 주, 남, (B.H.)

*오우 s. 烏芋 (검을) (토란) *Scirpus Plantagineus.*

*오운 l. 五雲 (다섯) (구름) Colored clouds.

*오운겸 l. 吳允謙 (나라)(진실노)(겸손) A.D. 1619 F.S. 海相 N.P. 秋浦 A famous scholar of Korea.

*오위장 l. 五衛將 (다섯)(모실)(장수) A Captain of the Palace Guard—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd, degree.

*오음 l. 五音 (다섯) (소리) The five tones or musical notes 궁, 상, 각, 치, 우. *See* 육률.

*오음육률 l. 五音六律 (다섯) (소리) (여섯) (법) The five sounds and the six laws governing music.

*오의 l. 奧義 (깁흘) (올흘) The mysteries or recondite principles of any science or art.

*오인 l. 五人 (다섯) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Five persons.

*오인이 s. 吾人 (나) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) All the persons including one's self; we.

*오인이상 l. 五人以上 (다섯) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (써) (ᄂᆞᆞᆫ) Over five persons; five persons and more.

*오인ᄒᆞ다 s. 誤認 (그릇) (알) To misconceive; to misunderstand; to be in error.

*오일경조 l. 五日京兆 다섯) (날) (셔울) (징조) A five days trial—at work etc. A short effort; a failure; what is unsubstantial.

*오원 l. 五圓 (다섯) (둥글) Five dollars.

*오월 l. 五月 (다섯) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The 5th moon.

*오월국 l. 五月菊 (다섯) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (국화) Early chrysanthemum.

*오유ᄒᆞ다 s. 遨遊 (놀) (놀) To ramble; to travel; to roam.

*오장 l. 五臟 (다섯) (오장) The five inward parts: heart, liver, spleen, lungs, kidneys; the heart; the feelings. *See* 오심.

*오장육부 l. 五臟六腑 (다섯)(오장)(여섯) (륙부) The five inward parts and six viscera: heart, liver, spleen, lungs, kidneys, gall, stomach, small and large intestines and the paunch.

*오작 l. 五爵 (다섯) (벼슬) The five orders of nobility, viz. *See* 오등작.

*오작 s. 烏鵲 (까마귀) (가치) Crows and magpies.

*오작교 s. 烏鵲橋 (까마귀) (가치) (ᄃᆞ리) The bridge of crows and magpies across the Milky Way on the 7th day of the 7th moon.

*오징어 s. 烏賊魚 (까마귀)(도적)(고기) The cuttle-fish. *Sepia officinalis.*

*오전 l. 五錢 (다섯) (돈) Five cents.

*오전 l. 午前 (낫) (앞) The forenoon. *Opp.* 오후.

오전부리다 s. 부려; 린 To be absurd; to lack judgment; to rave. *See* 망령 ᄒᆞᆫ다.

오전스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be absurd; to be stupid.

*오전ᄒᆞ다 l. 鏖戰 (다ᄆᆞᆫ이) (싸홈) To fight fiercely; to engage in a bloody battle.

*오제 s. 吾儕 (나) (무리) I, my, me—used among equals.

*오정 l. 午正 (낫) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) Mid-day; noon.

*오정포 l. 午正砲 (낫) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (포) The noon gun; to twelve o'clock cannon shot.

*오조 s. 吾曹 (나) (무리) We;—used only in writing.

오조 l. 早粟 (일을—*조) (조—*속) Early millet.

*오족 l. 五足 (다섯) (발) Silk with woof arranged in rows of five threads each. *See* 삼족.

오줌 s. 尿 (*뇨) Urine. *See* 쇼변.

오줌개 s. The bladder. (누다) (싸다) *See* 오줌통.

오줌누다 s. 누어; 눈 To urinate.

오줌마렵다 s. 러워; 운 To desire to urinate.

*오줌박혜 s. 人中白 (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) (진 *빅) Urinal salts—used as medecine. *See* 유석; 인중빅.

오줌싸개 s. One who urinates involuntarily. A kind of poisonous insect.

오좀싸다 s. 放尿(내칠—*방)(오좀—*뇨)싸; 싼 To urinate involuntarily.

오좀소히ㅅ 증세 s. 尿溺症(요닉증 *증.(오좀—*뇨)(증세—*증) A disease of the bladder.

오좀통 s. The bladder.

오죽 s. How much?—used with a question as an intensive.

*오쥬 s. 梧州 (오동) (고을) Io-chow in China.

*오죽 s. 烏竹 (검을)(대) Black bamboo

*오즘 l. 午中 (낮) (가온디) Mid-day; noon. *See* 오시. (Comp.)

*오즘 l. 五中 (다숫)(맛칠) Five ball's-eyes—with five shots.

*오지 l. 汚池 (더러울)(못) A rich lake—full of fish. (M.)

오지그릇 s. 漆土器 (옻칠—*칠) (흙—*토) (그릇—*긔) Black polished earthenware dishes

오지다 s. 오저; 진 To be hard; to be severe. To be composed; to carry weight. (Prov.)

오지직오지직 s. Frying. Crunching. *See* 바지직바지직.

오직 s. 惟 (*유) But; only.

*오ᄌᆞ 낙서ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤字落書 (그릇)(글ᄌᆞ)(떨어질)(글) To write incorrectly with omissions. *See* 오셔락ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다.

*오ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 誤字 (그릇)(글ᄌᆞ) To write a character incorrectly. *See* 락셔ᄒᆞ다.

오죽 s. Used with a question as an intensive to express an affirmation—how? very; thus.

*오착ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤錯 그릇 그롯 To make a mistake; to blunder.

*오착ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤捉 (그롯) (잡을) To arrest by mistake.

*오초 l. 午初 (낮)(처음) 11 o'clock A.M.

*오촌 l. 五寸 (다숫) (마듸) A second-cousin—on the father's side *See* 당숙.

*오촌뎡ㅣ 五寸釘 (다숫) 마듸 못) A five-inch nail.

*오쵸군ᄇᆞᆼᄒᆞ다 l. 五哨運放 (다숫)(쇼쵸ㅅ)(옮을)(노흘) To fire by companies of fives—a military manœuvre.

*오추마 s. 烏騅馬 가마귀 (추마 (말) A black horse—as ridden by 항우

오ᄎᆞ A coal used in laboratories

*오치ᄉᆡᆼ물ᄒᆞ다 l. 五彩繽紛 다숫 치칠 (섞을흘) (뒤섞을흘) To shine in all the five colors.

*오탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 汚濁 (더러울)(흐릴) To be dirty; to be filthy; to be unclean.

*오톄 l. 五體 (다숫)(몸) The five parts of the body—the head and the four limbs.

*오ᄒᆞᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞ다 l. 傲悍 오만 괄흘 To be ugly; to be violent. *See* 암독ᄒᆞ다

*오ᄒᆞᆫ셩ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤汗生 그릇ᄒᆞᆫ (그롯) 날, To destroy one's place of life; to make one's life a failure.

*오포 l. 午砲 (낮) (총) The noon gun. *See* 오경포.

*오품 l. 五品 (다숫) (품수) The five natural substances. *See* 오품 (B II)

*오한두통 l. 惡寒頭痛 (뮈울)(칠)(머리)(알흘) A chill; sickness attended by shivering.

*오한증 l. 惡寒症 (뮈울) (칠) (증세) A chill.

*오함ᄒᆞ다 s. 凹陷 (오목) (빠질) To be concave; to be depressed; to be hollowed, or indented.

*오합군민 s. 烏合群民 (가마귀) (모흘) (여지러울)(뷕셩) Mobs; noisy crowds of people. *See* 오합지졸.

*오합지졸 s. 烏合之卒 (가마귀) (모흘) (갈) 군ᄉᆞ, Soldiers collected in many places; a crowd; a mob.

*오현금 l. 五絃琴 (다숫) (줄) (거문고) A musical instrument of five strings played by the emperor 슌임ᄒᆞ.

*오형 l. 五刑 (다숫) (형벌) The five punishments—beheading, strangling, exile, imprisonment and beating.

*오호라 l. 嗚呼 (슯흘) (부를) Alack; alas!

*오히라 s. 於戲 (한식흘) (한식흘) Alas! oh!

오후 l. 午後 낫 뒤 The afternoon *Opp.* 오젼. *See* 하오

오히려 s. 猶 *유 Still more, so much the more. As yet.

*오히 l. 誤解 (그롯) (풀) A mistake; a wrong explanation.

*오히뎡 l. 誤解點 (그롯) (풀) (뎜) A wrong conclusion.

*오히ᄒᆞ다 l. 誤解 (그롯)(풀) To make a mistake; to draw a wrong conclusion.

*오힝 l. 五行 (다숫) (힝흘) The five primary substances—metal, wood, water, fire and earth. *See* 금목슈화토.

*오히ᄒᆞ다 s. 誤解 (그롯) (풀) To misconstrue; to misunderstand; to misthink.

*오화당 l. 五花糖 (다숫) (꼿) (엿) Candy. *See* 과즈.

*오활ᄒᆞ다 l. 迂闊 (오활흘) (넓을) To be visionary, to be wilful, be extravagant etc. *See* 허탄ᄒᆞ다

*옥 s. 玉 (구슬) A species of nephrite known as jade, the green and white varieties being most highly prized; pre-eminently the gem.

*옥 s. 獄 (옥) A prison. *See* 감옥서.

*옥계 s. 玉階 (구슬)(섬돌) The court-yard before the king's palace chamber.

*옥계 s. 玉鷄 (구슬)(닭) A white hen—much prized.

*옥골 s. 玉骨 (구슬) (뼈) A beautiful white complexion; a handsome person.

*옥골션풍 s. 玉骨旋風 (구슬) (뼈) (구슬) (바람) A white complexion and handsome features.

*옥교 s. 玉轎 (구슬) (교조) The king's open sedan-chair.

*옥구 s. 沃溝 (기름질) (개천) A prefect in Chel-la-do. Lat. 35 54 Long. 126.49.

*옥구도 s. 屋久島 (집) 오랠) (섬) Yaku-shima in Japan.

*옥과 s. 玉果 (구슬) (실과) A prefect in Chel-la-do. Lat. 35 17. Long 127.12.

*옥과화 s. 玉菓花 (구슬) (과실) (ㄷ) Mace —a spice.

*옥관조 s. 玉貫子 (구슬) (꿰일) (아들) Jade head-band rings. *See* 금관조.

*옥녀 s. 玉女 (구슬) (계집) A fairy, an elf. An expression also used in geomancy.

*옥녀봉 s. 玉女峯 (구슬) (계집) (봉오리) A beautifully formed mountain peak.

옥노 s. A horse-hair snare for catching birds. (Prov) *See* 올노.

옥니 s. Front teeth that turn in.

*옥답 s. 沃畓 (기름질) (논) Superior paddy-fields.

*옥당 s. 玉堂 (구슬) (집) The name of the office of the 교리; a rank of the 5th degree.

*옥당목 s. 玉唐木 (구슬, 나라) (나무) Blue piece-goods. *See* 옥양목.

*옥뎌 s. 玉笛 (구슬) (더 "덕) A jade flute.

*옥뎨 s. 玉帝 (구슬) (님금) The "Jade Emperor" used in Chinese literature as the highest of the gods. *See* 옥황상뎨.

*옥도 s. 玉度 (구슬) (거운) The King's health.

*옥도(가)이령호다 s. 玉度偏寧 (구슬) (거운) (아닐) (편안) To be impaired of the health of the King; to be unwell—of His Majesty.

*옥도경기 s. 沃度丁幾 (기름질) (지날) (장명) (긔) Tincture of iodine.

*옥돌 s. 玉石 (구슬) (돌—*석) Jade. *See* 옥.

*옥동 s. 玉童 (옥) (우히) A boy fairy; an elf.

*옥련 s. 玉輦 (구슬) (련) The King's palanquin or closed sedan-chair. *See* 옥교.

*옥로 s. 玉鷺 (구슬) (빅로) A jade egret —as worn by civil officials. *Opp.* 옥호.

*옥루 s. 屋漏 (집) (샐) A corner of a room. (B. O)

*옥루 s. 玉樓 (구슬) (다락) A magnificent upper story or building.

*옥리 s. 獄吏 (옥) (아전) A jailer.

*옥면 s. 玉面 (구슬) (낫) A beautiful face.

옥모 s. A horse-hair snare for catching birds. (Prov.)

*옥문 s. 獄門 (옥) (문) The gate of a jail. A mode of punishing a criminal by exposing his head, after execution, near the gate of a prison house.

*옥미 s. 玉梅 (구슬) (매화) White plum blossoms.

옥미다 s. 막여; 뭔 To be in a hard knot.

옥미듭 s. A hard knot.

*옥바라지 s. 獄役 (옥) (이바지) Aiding a prisoner by food, supplies etc.

*옥방 s. 玉房 (구슬) (방) A jade worker's shop.

*옥배 s. 玉盃 (구슬) (잔) A jade cup.

*옥새 玉璽 (구슬) (옥소) A jade tablet as carried by the Emperor.

*옥상 s. 屋上 (집) (웃) The ridge of a house.

*옥셔 s. 玉書 (구슬) (글) A royal writing or proclamation. *See* 죠셔.

*옥석 s. 玉石 (구슬) (돌) Precious stones, a jewel; gem. Gem and stone, the good and vile.

*옥석(이)구분 s. 玉石俱焚 (구슬) (돌) (홈뻐) (불살을) Destroying, without distinction, jade and stone.

*옥소 s. 沃素 (기름질) (흰) Iodum, Iodine.

*옥소명긔 s. 沃素丁幾 (기름질) (긔) (장명) (긧) Tinctura Iodi. *Also* 옥도명긔.

*옥소유고 s. 沃素油膏 (기름질) (긔) (기름) (기름) Unguentum Iodi.

*옥소익 s. 沃素液 (기름질) (즐) (진) Tincture of iodine.

*옥소증제 s. 沃素蒸劑 (기름질) (찔) (약지을) Vapor Iodi.

*옥소칠제 s. 沃素漆劑 (기름질) (칠) (약질) (약지을) Linimentum Iodi.

*옥슈 s. 玉手 (구슬) (손) The King's hand; a beautiful woman's hand.

*옥슈 s. 獄囚 (옥) (가둘) A prisoner.

*옥슈 s. 玉水 (구슬) (물) Clear water—as in a stream or lake.

*옥슈슈 s. 玉秫 (구슬) (슈슈—*출) Corn; maize.

*옥식 s. 玉食 (구슬) (밥) The King's rice; the finest quality of rice.

옥실옥실ᄒᆞ다 s. To swarm; to crowd together; to congregate. To be great —of delight or interest.

*옥ᄉᆞ s. 獄事 (옥) (일) A murder. A matter of crime; a cause for imprisonment.

*옥ᄉᆞ s. 玉璽 (구슬) (옥ᄉᆞ) The Imperial Seal—of China.

*옥ᄉᆞ장이 s. 獄司匠 (옥) (맡흘) (장인) A jailer. *See* 옥ᄉᆞ; 압ᄉᆞ.

*옥색 s. 玉色 (구슬) (빛), Bluish green shades of color. *See* 은색.

옥신각신ᄒᆞ다 s. 誤訂 (그릇—*오) (게교—*정) To make a mistake; to decide wrongly.

*옥안 s. 玉顔 (구슬) (얼골) Your lovely face—you. *See* 화용월태.

*옥야 s. 沃野 (기름ᄒᆞᆫ 들) A fertile plain.

*옥야천리 s. 沃野千里 (기름질) (들) (일천) (마을) A fertile plain one thousand li in extent.

*옥양목 s. 玉洋木 (구슬 바다) (나무) Bleached piece-goods.

*옥양 s. 沃壤 (기름질) (흙덩이) Rich land; a fertile district.

*옥양사 s. 玉洋紗 (구슬) (바다 건) Bleached foreign muslin.

*옥예화 s. 玉芙花 (구슬) (부ᄅᆞ라) 꽃 Passion flower, *Passiflora Cærulea.*

옥ᄋᆞᆯ옥ᄋᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 s. To congregate; to swarm.

*옥외옥식 s. 玉衣玉食 (구슬 옷) 구슬) (밥) Fine clothes and rich fare. *See* 금의옥식.

*옥인 s. 玉人 (구슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A worker in jade. (M.)

*옥장이 s. 玉匠人 (구슬) (장인) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A worker in jade.

옥졸 s. 獄卒 옥) (군ᄉᆞ) A jailer, a prison keeper. *See* 옥ᄉᆞ장이.

*옥중 s. 獄中 (옥 (가온ᄃᆡ) Within a prison.

*옥지 s. 玉趾 (구슬) (발ᄃᆡ굼치) The feet of the King. The feet of the crane

옥지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To crush; to smash (Prov.)

*옥줌 s. 玉簪 (구슬) (빈혀) A jade hair-pin.

*옥중화 s. 玉鐘花 구슬 ᄇᆞᆫ혀 ᄭᅩᆺ) A white lily. *Funkia ovata.*

*옥천 s. 沃川 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질) (ᄂᆡ) A prefect in Ch'ung chóng-do. Lat. 36.19. Long. 127.47.

*옥촉셔 s. 玉蜀黍 (구슬) (촉ᄉᆞ) (기장) Indian corn; maize.

*옥츄경 s. 玉樞經 (구슬 (지도리 글 \ book—on spiritualism.

*옥츌향 s. 玉椿香 (구슬) (츄나무 엿) A kind of sugar candy. *See* 과ᄌᆞ.

*옥칙문 s. 玉勅文 구슬) (칙) (글월) Official dynastic records.

*옥톄 s. 玉體 (구슬) (몸) The person of the king.

*옥토 s. 沃土 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질) (흙) Fertile land. *See* 옥답.

*옥토 s. 玉兎 (구슬) (토기) The jade rabbit said to be in the moon.

*옥토기 s. 玉兎 (구슬) (토기—*토) The jade rabbit—in the moon. A white rabbit.

*옥판 s. 玉板 (구슬) (판ᄌᆞ) A jade button ornament.

*옥패 s. 玉佩 (구슬) (ᄎᆡ몸) Jade dress ornaments.

*옥편 s. 玉篇 (구슬) (칙) The ordinary Chinese-Korean dictionary; a dictionary. *See* 주편.

옥하소담 s. 屋下架屋 (집) (아ᄅᆡ) (ᄉᆞᆺ우로 올) 말솜) All sorts of talk; gossip. *See* 퍽담.

*옥함 s. 玉函 (구슬) (함) A large jade box. *See* 옥함.

*옥합 s. 玉匣 (구슬) (합) A small jade box. *See* 옥합.

*옥항 s. 玉缸 (구슬) (항아리) A small glass jar

*옥호 s. 玉虎 (구슬) (범) A jade tiger—as worn by military officials. *See* 옥호.

*옥호 s. 玉壺 (구슬) (병) A jade bottle; a glass bottle.

*옥화듀황 s. 沃化硫黃 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (듀황) (누루) Sulphuris Iodidum.

*옥화듀황유고 s. 沃化硫黃油膏 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질) (ᄆᆞᆯ) 듀황 누루 기ᄅᆞᆷ (기ᄅᆞᆷ) Unguentum Sulphuris Iodi.

*옥화만갑 s. 沃化 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질) (ᄆᆞᆯ) ..... Manganesii Iodidum.

*옥화비석슈은익 s. 沃化砒石水銀液 (기ᄅᆞᆷ질, ᄆᆞᆯ (비상 ᄆᆞᆯ ᄆᆞᆯ) 은) (진) Liquor Arsenici et Hydrargyri Iodidi.

*옥화비소 s. 沃化砒素 (기름질)(질)(비상)(질) Arsenici Iodidum.

*옥화비소수은액 s. 沃化砒素水銀液 (기름질)(질)(비상)(질)(물)(은)(진) Liquor Arsenici et Hydrargyri Iodidi.

*옥화쏘파염 s. 沃化 ..... (기름질)(질) Sodii Iodidum.

*옥화수소 s. 沃化水素 (기름질)(질)(물)(질) Hydrogen Iodide.

*옥화수소산 s. 沃化水素酸 (기름질)(질)(물)(질)(실) Acidum Hydriodicum.

*옥화수소산당장 s. 沃化水素酸糖漿 (기름질)(질)(쭉)(흰)(설)(슈슈)(장) Syrupus Acidi Hydriodici

*옥화수은 s. 沃化水銀 (기름질)(질)(물)(은) Hydrargyri Iodidum.

*옥화수은유고 s. 沃化水銀油膏 (기름질)(질)(물)(은)(기름)(기름) Unguentum Hydrargyri Iodidi.

*옥화아연 s. 沃化亞鉛 (기름질)(질)(버금)(납) Plumbi

*옥화연유고 s. 沃化鉛油膏 (기름질)(질)(납)(기름)(기름) Unguentum Plumbi Iodidi.

*옥화얼 s. 沃化鐵 (기름질)(질)(쇠) Ferri Iodidum.

*옥화얼당장 s. 沃化鐵糖漿 (기름질)(질)(쇠)(수수)(장) Syrupus Ferri Iodidi.

*옥화얼환제 s. 沃化鐵丸劑 (기름질)(질)(쇠)(둥글)(약지을) Pilula Ferri Iodidi.

*옥화포락시염 s. 沃化 ..... (기름질)(질) ..... Potassi Iodidum.

*옥화포락시염비두설제 s. 沃化 ..... 飛痘雪劑 (기름질)(질) ..... (눈)(떡러울)(요질)(약지을) Limmentum Potassii Iodidi C. Sapone.

*옥화포락시염액 s. 沃化 ..... 液 (기름질)(질) ... . (진) Liquor Potassi Iodidum.

*옥황상제 s. 玉皇上帝 (구슬)(황제)(초)(님금) The Jade Supreme Ruler; the highest of the heavenly gods. (Taoist.)

온 l. 全 (온전 *전) All; whole; entire. (Prov.) *See* 모든. *Also* 원.

온 l. The reading of the interrogation expletive (호) 무.

온갖 l. 各樣 (각—*각)(모양—*양) Every kind of; all sorts of.

온고 s. A double hamper—used on pack animals for carrying garbage etc.

*온고이지신호다 s. 溫古而知新 (다솔)(네)(알이)(알)(새) To be acquainted with the old and also versed in the new.

*온공호다 s. 溫恭 (다솔)(공손) To be respectful; to be polite; to be genial.

온구로 s. All; completely. (Prov.) *See* 온통.

온구바지 s. Wide pantaloons that hang over the leggings.

*온긔 s. 溫氣 (다솔)(긔운) Heat; warm air.

온긔돌다 s. 돌아; 돈 To warm; to heat. To circulate—of heat. *See* 펏빗호다.

*온난 s. 溫暖 (다솔)(따울) Warmth; heat.

*온당호다 l. 穩當 (편안)(맛당) To be suitable; to be convenient; to be secure.

*온도 s. 溫度 (따울)(지날) Temperature.

*온돌 s. 溫突 (다솔)(구둥) A floor that can be heated.

*온딕 s. 溫帶 (다솔)(띄) The tropics; the temperate zones.

*온량 s. 溫涼 (다솔)(서늘) Warmth and cold; warm and cold; temperature.

*온량 s. 溫良 (다솔)(어질) Honesty; simplicity; gentleness; quiet.

*온량호다 s. 溫良 (따울)(어질) To be respectable; to be gentle.

*온릭 s. 溫冷 (다솔)(찰) Warmth and cold; warm and cold; temperature.

온삼이 l. 全 (온전—*전) All; completely; entirely. (Prov.) *See* 원.

*온성 l. 穩城 (편안)(재) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.58. Long. 130.07.

*온슈 s. 溫水 (다솔)(물) Sulphur springs; hot springs. *See* 온정. Boiling water.

*온슉호다 l. 穩宿 (편안)(잘) To sleep well.

*온슌호다 s. 溫順 (다솔)(순홀) To be genial, to be gentle; to be respectful. *See* 온공호다.

*온습호다 s. 溫習 (다솔)(익힐) To con over a lesson; to strengthen one's knowledge of a subject by repeated study.

*온실 s. 溫室 (다솔)(집) A hot house; a green house.

*온식 l. 慍色 (노홀)(빗) Enraged countenance; fierce look.

*온안 l. 愠顏 (노홀)(얼골) A pleasant face, gentle countenance.

*온양 s. 溫陽 (다솔 옛) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.42. Long. 127.16.

*온언 s. 溫言 (다솔) (말솜) Gentle language; soft or soothing words.

*온언순소 s. 溫言順辭 (다솔) (말솜) (순할 말솜) Gentle kind words

*온역 s. 瘟疫 (병) (병) A pestilence; plague.

*온오호다 a. 溫傲 (다솔) (머을) To be warm; to be genial; to be mild.

*온유겸손호다 a. 溫柔謙遜 (다솔) (부드러울) (겸손) (소양) To be gentle and unassuming.

*온유호다 a. 溫柔 (다솔) (부드러울) To be mild, to be gentle.

*온의 l. 慍意 (노흠) (뜻) A feeling of resentment.

*온자호다 l. 蘊藉 (싸일) (빙조) To be modest, to be reserved; to be cultured, to be perfect.

온전이 l. 全 (온전—*전) Wholly; entirely; completely. *See* 원통.

온전호다 l. 全 (온전—*전) To be entire, to be whole. *See* 완전호다

*온제 s. 溫劑 (다솔 약지을) Warm medicine—good for "cold" deseases.

*온정 s. 溫井 (다솔) (우물) Sulphur springs.

*온중 s. 溫中 (다솔 가온되) Warming the stomach—as by medicine.

*온지 s. 溫材 (다솔) (지목) Materials from which medicine is made. *Opp.* 됨치.

*온쳐호다 a. 溫處 (다솔) (곳) To make and keep warm.

*온천 s. 溫泉 (다솔) (셈) Sulphur springs.

*온축호다 l. 蘊蓄 (싸일) (싸힘) To store up; to amass; to collect in quantities; to accumulate.

*온탕 s. 溫湯 (다솔) (믈물) Warm water.

온통 s. 全 (온전—*전) Wholly; completely; entirely. (Prov.) *See* 호겁에.

*온포 s. 溫袍 (다솔) (도포) A wadded garment.

*온포호다 a. 溫飽 (다솔) (비부를) To live at one's ease without working for a living; to have a comfortable independence.

*온혈 s. 溫血 (다솔) (피) Warm blood—as that of the deer, drunk as a tonic.

*온후 s. 溫厚 (다솔) (두터울) Mildness cordiality; amicable; affable.

*온후호다 a. 溫厚 (다솔) (두터울) To be honest; to be straight forward; to be simple; to be gentle.

*온화호다 a. 溫和 (다솔) (고로) To be warm. To be genial; to be warm-hearted.

*온호다 a. 溫 (다솔) To be warm. *See* 짯짯호다

올 l. Early crops, fruits etc.—before the ordinary season.

올 l. The strands of a rope; the threads of warp and woof. *See* 오락이.

올 s. This year. *See* 금년.

올감이 s. A strangler's knot.

올강올강호다 a. To be lumpy; to be full of grains.

올곳다 l. 꼿자; 진 To be sincere; to be true.

올근불근호다 a. To be slippery. To be lumpy.

올나가다 s. 上去 (웃—*상) (갈—*거) 가. 간 To go up to mount To die.

올남올남호다 a. To shake—as water in a bottle.

올니다 s. 올녀; 닌 To lift up; to bring up; to send or offer respectfully. *See* 드리다. To lose money in gambling.

올니다 s. 올녀;닌 To infect; to seize on to one—as sickness. To cover with—as gilding. To execute; to kill. (Low.)

올니의산 s. ..... 酸 (셜) Accidum Oleicum

올니익산슈은 s. 酸水銀. (셜) (믈) (은) Hydrorgyri Oleas

올니익 산아연 유고 s. ..酸亞鉛油膏 .. . (셜) (버금) (납 기름) (기름) Unguentum zinci Oleatis.

올니익산아연 s. ..... 酸亞鉛 ..... (셜) (버금 (납) Zinci Oleas.

올딱올딱호다 a. To vomit; to spit out; to run over.

올락졸락호다 a. To be lumpy; to be bunchy. To be small.

올망 l. 漁網 (고기잡을 -*어) (그물—*망) A long-net for deep sea fishing.

올망대 l. (— — 세) Poles on which fishing-nets are suspended in the water.

올망졸망호다 a. To be lumpy; to be bunchy. To be small.

올빈이 s (—셜) 梟 (*五) A small kind of horned owl. *See* 부헝.

올소이다 a. To be so; an honorific ending for 일다 (How.)

올시 l. The meshes of cloth etc.

울신걸신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To go and come; to hesitate. To wrangle. *See* 시비ᄒᆞ다.

*울연독좌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 兀然獨坐 (울연독좌) (그럴) (홀노) (안질) To sit alone.

*울울 *s.* 兀兀 (울울ᄒᆞᆯ) (울울ᄒᆞᆯ) A word descriptive of boiling, blowing etc.

울울떨다 *l.* 떠러; 떤 To shiver; to shake.

*울올고봉 *s.* 兀兀高峰 (울울ᄒᆞᆯ) (울울ᄒᆞᆯ) (높을) (산봉오리) A high single peak.

울챵이 *s.* 蝴蝶 (*파) (*두) A tad-pole; a young frog. Their tails are said to drop off at the sound of thunder—hence the saying "It takes fear to develop a man"

울치 *s.* Yes' right!

울치안소 *s.* 不可 (아닐—*불) (울홀 *가 Not to be allowed, permitted or tolerated; bad; wrong; condemnable; impossible.

울케 *s.* A sister-in-law wife of a brother

울캣다 *l.* All right! That's so!

울키다 *s.* 울켜; 킨 To be caught—as with a loop or lasso.

울타 *s.* 是 (이—*시) 하; 호 To be so; to be true; to be right. (Low.) *See* 가ᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 그르다.

울퉁불퉁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be lumpy; to be covered with wounds; to be pimply. *See* 음탕퉁ᄒᆞ다.

울쭉이ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To make a living out of the sale of piece-goods etc.

울흔 *s.* 右 (울흘—*우) Right—of the side, hand etc. *Opp.* 왼.

울흔편 *s.* 右邊 (울흘—*우) (가—*변) The right side. *Opp.* 왼편.

옭다 *s.* 옭아; 은 To tie; to bind; to wrap.

옭싹 *s.* Spitting; vomiting.

옭옭 *l.* A word expressive of the wind whistling, vomiting etc.

옮다 *l.* 遷 (옮을—*천) 옮아; 은 To move; to change places. To have caught—a disease.

옴 *l.* 疥癬 (옴—*개) (헌데—*청) The itch.

옴겨놋타 *s.* 노타; 흔 To put in another place; to move.

옴기다 *s.* 遷 (옴길—*천) 옴겨; 긴 To move; to transplant; to transpose. (v.t.) *See* 이운ᄒᆞ다.

옴나위 *l.* Ability to adapt oneself to circumstances; resource. *See* 변통수.

옴밧다 *l.* 밧하; 흔 To lack; to be short

옴벙통 *l.* (—제틀) A large fumigating jar-shaped basket—used in cases of itch

옴살 *s.* Bosom friendship; intimacy.

옴살이다 *l.* 사려, 사린 To be very intimate; to be banded together; to be familiar.

옴실옴실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swarm; to crowd together.

옴장이 *l.* A person who has the itch.

옴종 *l.* 疥癰 (옴—*개) (헌데 —*종) Chronic itch with boils.

옴죽옴죽 *s.* Moving; shaking; starting; jumping.

옴죽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To start—as from fear, to jump; to shake; to move.

옴질옴질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swarm, to congregate.

옴족옴족ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To shake; to waver. (Dim.) 움족움족ᄒᆞ다.

옴치려지다 *s.* 縮 (옴치려길—*축) 려져, 진 To draw in; to retire; to contract.

옴파리 *s.* A child's rice-bowl.

옴팡 *s.* A hut; a cabin; a little house.

옴피우다 *l.* 피워; 운 To fumigate a patient in an 옴벙통.

옵다 *s.* 옵아; 은 To take in the string of a kite. To fail—in an undertaking. *See* 곱다.

옵바 *s.* Brother—used in relation to a sister. *See* 오라버니.

옵여너다 *s.* 너허; 흔 To put in prison. (Low.)

옵여파다 *s.* 여파; 판 To bore out. To get a liking for; to have a craving for

옵의다 *s.* 의여; 인 To bore into; to scratch out.

옷 *s.* 衣 (*의) Clothes; dress. *See* 의복.

옷 *s.* 漆 (*칠) Varnish; lacquer.

옷거리 *s.* 衣幌 (옷—*의) (장막—*장) A horizontal pole on which to hang clothes, a wardrobe.

옷고름 *s.* 衣纓 (옷—*의) (끈—*영) Coat-strings.

옷끌 *s.* 衣樣 (옷—*의) (모양—*양) A style of dress.

옷깃 *s.* 襟 (*금) The collar of a coat.

옷나무 *s.* 漆木 (옷칠—*칠) (나무—*목) The varnish tree.

옷둑 *s.* 兀 (*올) Perpendicular.

옷독이 *s.* A plaything like a ball—arranged so as always to fall point downwards.

옷보 *s.* 衣褓 (옷—*외) (보조—*복) A cloth-wrap for clothes. *See* 보조기.

옷삭옷삭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 瑟瑟 (뷔울—*오) (청—*한) To shiver. To crunch—in the teeth.

옷아즈비 *s.* A plant with a yellow juice—used as a remedy for lacquer-poisoning.

옷전션 *s.* A lacquered fan.

옷줄맛다 *s.* 마자; 진 To tie a lacquered string on the face as a remedy against twisting of features.

옷즈막 *s.* 衣幅 (옷—*와) (쪽—*복) The front part of a coat.

옷칠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 漆 (옷칠 *칠) To lacquer, to varnish.

외 *l.* 瓜 (*과) Cucumbers. Melons (Prov.) *See* 춤외.

*외 *l.* 外 (밧) Outside; beyond. A note placed on rejected papers at examinations. A prefix to denote relationship on the mother's side.

외 *s.* 獨 (홀노—*독) Only; a single. *See* 홀.

외 *s.* Lath; strips wrapped together with ropes on which the mud is plastered.

*외가 *l.* 外家 (밧) (집) The mother's former home.

*외가셔 *l.* 外家書 (밧) (집) (글) Books outside the list of the Classics.

*외간 / 外艱 (밧 간난 Mourning for a father. *Opp.* 뉘간.

*외간 / 外簡 (밧 (관직, \ man's letter, a letter addressed to a husband or male relative. *Opp.* 뉘간.

*외간남ᄌᆞ 外間男子 밧 ᄉᆞ이 사ᄂᆞᆫ (아ᄅᆞᆷ) A strange man; one not the husband.

*외감 / 外感 (밧 (감동 Sickness, disease caused by outside influences. *Opp.* 뉘상.

*외강 / 煨薑 (구을 (성강) Cooked ginger Medicine).

*외강닉유ᄒᆞ다 / 外剛內柔 (밧 굿셀 안, 부드러울 To be stern in appearance but gentle in heart.

*외겁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 畏怯 (두려울) (겁낼) To fear and dread.

외겹 *s.* 單 (홑—*단) One only—as a ply of cloth. *See* 홋겹.

*외경 / 外頸 밧 (목) The head—used in a contemptuous sense.

*외교 / 外交 (밧) (사괼) Foreign intercourse.

*외교가 *l.* 外交家 (밧) (사괼) (집) One skilled in diplomacy; a diplomatist.

*외교관 *s.* 外交官 (밧) (사괼) (벼슬) Diplomatic officials.

*외교관보 *l.* 外交官補 (밧) (사괼) (벼슬, (가ᄋᆞᆯ) Officials who have to do with foreign affairs.

*외교권 *l.* 外交權 (밧) (사괼) (권세) Foreign office powers.

*외교방침 / 外交方針 (밧) (사괼) (모) (바ᄂᆞᆫ) Diplomatic course of action.

*외교방칙 / 外交方策 (밧) (사괼) (모) (ᄭᅥᆨ) Diplomatic policy

*외교사회 *l.* 外交社會 (밧 (사괼 회샤, 모ᄃᆞᆯ) Diplomatic circle.

*외교슈단 / 外交手段 (밧) (사괼) (손) (조각 Skill in diplomacy.

*외교닉치 / 外交內治 (밧) (사괼 (안) (다ᄉᆞᆯ일) Foreign diplomacy and home offices.

*외교ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外交 (밧) (사괼) To be in relation to foreign nations.

*외구 *l.* 外舅 (밧, (외삼촌) Father-in-law—on the wife's side. *See* 장인.

*외구 *l.* 外寇 (밧) (도적) Foreign enemies; foreign complications; foreign war.

*외구ᄒᆞ다 / 煨灸 구을 ᄉᆞᆯ To prepare medicines by cooking.

*외국 *l.* 外國 (밧 (나ᄅᆡ Foreign states. *See* 타국.

*외국공ᄉᆞ 外國公使 밧, (나ᄅᆡ (공번될) (ᄉᆞ신) Foreign representatives.

*외국공채 *l.* 外國公債 밧, (나ᄅᆡ (공번될 빗, Foreign bonds.

*외국교 *l.* 外國敎 (밧) (나라) (구ᄅᆞ칠) Foreign teachings.

*외국교통 *l.* 外國交通 (밧) (나라) (사괼) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) International intercourse.

*외국법 *l.* 外國法 (밧) (나라) (법) Foreign law.

*외국션 *l.* 外國船 (밧) (나라) (ᄇᆡ) Foreign ships.

*외국손님 外國客 밧 (나라 손 ᄇᆞᆫ) Foreign guests

*외국어 *l.* 外國語 (밧) (나라) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Foreign language.

*외국어학 l. 外國語學 (밧)(나라)(말숨)(비홈) The study of foreign languages.

*외국어학교 l. 外國語學校 (밧)(나라)(말숨)(비홈)(학교) A school for the study of foreign languages.

*외국어학교장 l. 外國語學校長(밧)(나라)(말숨)(비홈)(학교)(어룬) Director of Foreign language school

*외국인 l. 外國人 (밧)(나라)(사롬) A foreigner.

*외국집 l. 外國家屋 (밧)(나라)(집—*가)(집—*옥) Foreign houses

외굴둑박이 s. A steamer with one funnel only. *Opp.* 쌍굴둑박이.

*외긔 l. 外氣 (밧)(긔운) The open air.

*외긔 l. 外記 (밧)(긔록) Outside literature—that not included in the Classics. *See* 외가셔.

*외긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 畏忌 (두려울)(쓰릴) To be anxious about; to be afraid of.

*외기 l. 外技 (밧)(지조) Cheating—in gaming.

*외긱 l. 外客 (밧)(손) A traveler; a stranger.

*외과 l. 外課 (밧)(일과) External treatment—as of boils etc. *Opp.* 닉과.

*외과 l. 外科 (밧)(과거) Surgery.

*외과 l. 外踝 (밧)(발목뼈) External malleolus.

*외과의 l. 外科醫 (밧)(과경)(의원) A surgeon.

*외관 l. 外棺 (밧)(관) An outside coffin. *Opp.* 닉관.

*외관 l. 外觀 (밧)(집) The outside of the wrist or ankle. *Opp.* 닉관.

*외관 l. 外觀 (밧)(볼) Outward show; appearance.

외나무ᄃᆞ리 s. 獨木橋 (외—*쳑)(나무—*목)(ᄃᆞ리—*교) A bridge of only one log.

외눈의부쳐 s. The pupil of an only eye—used of what is precious.

외눈즁이 s. A one-eyed person. *See* 외구.

외다 l. 誦 (외일—*송) 외야; 원 To recite. *See* 강ᄒᆞ다.

외다ᄒᆞ l. 左 (원—*좌) 외야, 원 To be out of the way. To be false. *Opp.* 바르다.

외따다 s. 따라; 산 To be alone; to be solitary. *Also* 외ᄯᅳᆯ다.

외따로 s. Isolated; solitary *See* 홀노.

외ᄯᅳᆯ다 s. 따라; 산 To be alone; to be isolated. *See* 고젹ᄒᆞ다.

외대 l. 一目 (호—*일)(눈—*목) A one-eyed person. *See* 외구. *Also* 외대박이.

*외대 l. 外大 (밧)(큰) Minister of foreign affairs.

외대션 s. 一帆船 (호—*일)(조—*범)(비—*션) A one-masted junk.

*외대 l. 外題 (밧)(쓸) Matter foreign to the subject in hand.

*외도 l. 外道 (밧)(길) Provinces outside of the capital or 경긔도. Debauchery; lewdness.

*외도ᄒᆞ다 l. 外道 (밧)(길) To be debauched; to be lewd. *See* 외입ᄒᆞ다.

외독 l. 獨櫝 (독—*쳑)(독—*독) A single piece of wood serving as an ancestral tablet.

외독조 l. 獨子 (홀노—*독)(아ᄃᆞᆯ—*조) An only son.

외ᄯᅳᆯ s. 獨女 (홀노—*녀)(계집 -*녀) An only daughter.

외뒤 s. 一目 (호—*일)(눈—*목) One eyed; blind of one eye.

*외ᄃᆡᄃᆞᆨ다 l. 外待 (밧)(ᄃᆡ졉) To treat coldly.

*외람ᄒᆞ다 l. 猥濫 (외람ᄒᆞᆯ)(넘칠) To be presumptuous; to be improper. *See* 참람ᄒᆞ다.

*외론 l. 外論 (밧)(의론) Public opinion.

외ᄃᆞᆫ다 s. 孤 (외로울—*고)(로외; 온 To be alone; to be without relatives. *See* 고단ᄒᆞ다. To be forsaken.

*외면 l. 外面 (밧)(낫) External appearance, exterior. *See* 외양.

*외면젹 l. 外面積 (밧)(낫)(쌕흘) The surface.

*외면ᄒᆞ다 l. 外面 (밧)(낫) To turn away the face; to look away from.

*외모 l. 外貌 (밧)(얼골) The external appearance; looks; exterior. *See* 모양.

외목 s. A monopoly; an exclusive right of sale.

외목 s. Lathing of wrapped sticks—for house walls.

외목 s. One; a single—as 외목길.

*외무 l. 外務 (밧)(힘쓸) Foreign affairs.

*외무국 *l.* 外務局 (밧) (힘쓸) (판) The Foreign Office.

*외무국장 *l.* 外務局長 (밧) (힘쓸) (관) (어른) The head clerk of the Foreign Office.

*외무과 *l.* 外務課 (밧) (힘쓸) (일과) Official duties connected with Foreign Affairs.

*외무과장 *l.* 外務課長 (밧) (힘쓸) (일과) (어른) Chief of the Office of Foreign Affairs.

*외무대신 *l.* 外務大臣 (밧) (힘쓸) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for Foreign Affairs.

*외무부 *l.* 外務府 (밧) (힘쓸) (마을) The Foreign Office. *See* 외아문

*외무성 *l.* 外務省 (밧) (힘쓸) (살필) The Department of State for Foreign Affairs.

*외무지사 *l.* 外務之事 (밧) (힘쓸) (갈) (일) Foreign Affairs. *Opp.* 내무지사

*외무아문 外務衙門 (밧) (힘쓸) (아문) (문) The Yamen of Foreign Affairs.

*외무차관 *l.* 外務次官 (밧) (힘쓸) (버금) (벼슬) The Vice-Minister of State for Foreign Affairs.

*외문 *l.* 外聞 (밧) (드를) Reputation; publicity; notoriety; fame; honour

*외물 *l.* 外物 (밧) (물건) External things; a foreign matter.

*외방 *l.* 外方 (밧) (모) Foreign parts, official positions in the country. *Opp.* 내직.

*외방 *l.* 外房 (밧) (방) Outside rooms. A concubine. *See* 별방.

*외방사리 *l.* 外方 (밧) (모) Living in the country; living in foreign parts.

*외부 *l.* 外部 (밧) (마을) The Foreign Office.

*외부뉘빈호다 *l.* 外富內貧 (밧) 부자 (안) (가난) To pretend to be rich when poor.

*외부대신 *l.* 外部大臣 (밧) (떼) (큰) (신하) The Minister for Foreign Affairs.

*외부차관 *l.* 外部次官 (밧) (마을) 버금 벼슬 The Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs. *Also* 외무차관.

*외아협판 *l.* 外衙協辦 (밧) 아울 차 (관단) The Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs. *Also* 외무차관.

*외빈뉘부호다 外貧內富 (밧) 가난 (안) 부자 To pretend to be rich

*외삼촌 *l.* 外三寸 (밧) (석) (마디) A maternal uncle. *See* 외구

*외삼촌딘 *s.* 外叔母 (밧) (아즈비—*요) (어미—*모) The wife of a maternal uncle, an aunt. *See* 외숙모

외상 *s.* 獨床 (홀노—*득) (상—*상) A single table—to accommodate but one person.

*외상 *l.* 外上 (밧) (웃) Credit—in business. *Opp.* 맛돈.

*외손 *l.* 外孫 (밧) (손조) Grand-children by a daughter.

*외손녀 *l.* 外孫女 (밧) (손조) (계집) A granddaughter by a daughter.

*외손봉소호다 *l.* 外孫奉祀 (밧) (손조) (받들) (제소) To sacrifice to ancestors—on the mother's side.

외손잡이 *s.* An opponent whom one could overcome with one hand

*외손조 *l.* 外孫子 (밧) (손조) (아들) A grandson by a daughter.

*외수 *l.* 外數 (밧) (두어) Cheating; trickery. *See* 외기.

*외수호다 *l.* 外數 (밧) (두어) To trick; to deceive in gambling.

*외숙 *l.* 外叔 (밧) (아즈비) A maternal uncle. *See* 외삼촌딘.

*외숙모 *l.* 外叔母 (밧) (아즈비) (어미) The wife of a maternal uncle an aunt. *See* 외삼촌딘.

*외술 *l.* 外術 (밧) (술업) Sorcery; magic; legerdemain.

*외시골 *l.* 退鄉 (물러 *하) (싀골—향) Outside country districts—in contrast to Seoul. *See* 외방

외식호다 (겉치레 호다) 속영 To fake a deal, etc.

외식호다 外飾 (밧) 꾸밀 To put on a hypocrite; to make a fair appearance.

*외신 *s.* 外臣 (밧) (신하) Foreign subject, i.e. a foreigner, who, in addressing the Emperor, calls himself his subject out of respect.

*외사 *l.* 外使 (밧) (하여곰) A foreign envoy.

외사촌 *l.* 外四寸 (밧) (넉) (마디) A cousin by a maternal uncle. *See* 외종.

*외생 *l.* 外甥 (밧) (싱질) A sister's son—a nephew.

외아들 *s.* 獨子 (홀노—*독) (아들—*조) An only son

*외아문 *l.* 外衙門 (밧) 아 (문) The Foreign Office. *Opp.* 내아문.

외알짐이 *s.* An animal that kicks with one foot only.

*외야 *l.* 外野 (밧) 들) Suburban.

*외양 *l.* 外樣 (봣) (모양) Outward appearance.

*외양 *l.* 外洋 (봣) (바다) The outside sea; the great ocean. *See* 대양.

*외양간 *s.* 喔喔間, 억일 (억일) (소이) A stable. (Prov.) *See* 마구간.

*외에 *l* 外 (봣) Outside; beyond; over and above. *See* 밖과.

외오다 *s.* 誦 (외울—송) 외와; 운 To recite. *See* 외이다.

*외외당당ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 巍巍堂堂 눕ᄂᆞᆫ (눕눕) (집) (집) To be grand; to be imposing.

*외외ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 巍巍 (눕눕) (눕눕) To tower up in a grand or imposing manner.

*외우 *l* 外憂 (봣, 근심) The period of 50 days mourning for the death of a mother.

*외읍 *l.* 外邑 (봣) (고을) Outside counties.

*외의 외衣 (봣) (옷) Outer garment; a gown.

*외응 *l* 外應 (봣, 응홀) Outside assistance. *Opp.* 내응.

외이다 *s.* 誦 (외울—*송) 외와; 운 To recite. *See* 강ᄒᆞ다.

*외이 *l.* 外夷 (봣) (오랑캐) Foreign barbarians; also used before the restoration of Japan in the sense of foreigners.

*외인 *l.* 外人 (봣, 사ᄅᆞᆷ) A stranger, an outsider; an alien. *See* 타인.

*외임 *l.* 外任 (봣) (맛ᄂᆞᆷ) A provincial appointment. *See* 수령. *Opp.* 내직.

외입봣ᄂᆞᆫ *s* A dissolute appearance; a licentious life.

외입장이 *s.* A debauchee; a dissolute character; a lewd person. *See* 란봉.

*외입ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 誤入 (그릇—*오) (들—*입) To be lewd; to lead a public life of debauchery.

*외자 *l.* 外上 (봣) (웃—*상) Credit; time given to pay a debt. *See* 외상.

*외장 *l.* 外庄 (봣) (전장) Land or property owned at a distance from one's home.

*외접ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外接 (봣) (전홀) To be circumscribed about.

*외조 *l.* 外祖 (봣) (할아비) A maternal grand father.

*외조모 *l* 外祖母 (봣) (할아비) (어마) A grandmother—on the mother's side.

*외조부 *l.* 外祖父 (봣) (할아비) (아비) A grandfather—on the mother's side.

*외족 *l.* 外族 (봣) (겨레) Maternal relatives.

*외종 *l.* 外從 (봣) (좃칠) A younger male cousin—by a maternal uncle.

*외종씨 *l.* 外從氏 (봣) (좃칠) (각씨—*시) An older male cousin—by a maternal uncle.

외주ᄆᆞᆯ집 *l.* A house open to the street—without inner apartments.

*외증 *l.* 外症 (봣) (증세) External disease. *Opp.* 내증.

*외증조 *l* 外曾祖 (봣) (원직) (할아비) A mother's great-grandfather

외지 *l.* Pickle. (담그다).

*외직 *l.* 外職 (봣) (직업) A country official appointment. *Opp.* 내직.

*외채 *l.* 外債 (봣) (빗) A foreign debt.

*외척 *l* 外戚 (봣) (친당) Relations on the mother's side. *Sy.* 외족.

*외청닉소ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外靖內訴 (봣) (아청) (안) (알일) To commend outwardly but to despise in heart.

*외촌 *l.* 外村 (봣) (마을) Outside villages.

*외축ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 畏縮 (두려울) (우무러질) To shrink up; to be drawn up—as with cold;—of persons under the influence of fear; to shrink back; to flinch.

*외축 *l* 外畜 (봣) (것) The outside.

*외치 *l.* 外治 (봣) (다ᄉᆞ릴) External medical treatment. *Opp.* 내치

*외치ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外治 (봣) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To treat externally. *Opp.* 내치ᄒᆞ다.

외치ᄒᆞ다 *l* 外侈 (봣) (사치) To keep up appearances—while in reality starving.

*외청닉소ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 外親內疎 (봣) (친홀) (안) (셩길) To be outwardly friendly while inwardly full of hate.

*외침ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 畏針 (두려울) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) To dread acupuncture.

외코신 *s.* Ordinary leather shoes with one cord running down the toe. *Opp.* 쌍코신

외토리 *s.* 獨 (홀노—*독) A solitary person; one living alone. *See* 독부. A single one—of fruit that grows in pairs—as chestnuts etc.

외통장군 *s.* "Check"—in chess. A one-eyed person. *See* 곱새ᄉᆞ.

외통장이 *s.* -目 (혼—*일) (눈—*목) A one-eyed person. *See* 일구.

*외투 *l.* 外套 (봣) (씨울) Overcoat.

*외턱 *l.* 外宅 (봣) (집) Outside houses, or homes.

*외편 /. 外便 (밧) (편) Relatives on the mother's side. *See* 외족.

*외표 /. 外表 (밧) (밧) External appearance; form; exterior. *See* 외면.

*외풍 /. 外風 (밧) (바람) A draught

*외피 /. 外皮 (밧) (가죽) Epidermis.

*외한하다 /. 畏寒— (두려울) 찰) To shiver with cold; to be benumbed

*외할머니 / 外祖母 (밧 *외) (할아비 *조) (어미—*모) The grand mother—on the mother's side.

*외할아버지 /. 外祖父 (밧 *외 할아비 *조) (아비—*부) The grandfather—on the mother's side. *See* 외할아버지.

*외형 /. 外形 (밧) (몸) Extremes—of a proportion.

*외호 /. 外濠 (밧) (히자) The moat around a castle.

*외형 /. 外形 (밧) (형상) External form.

왼 /. 左 (*좌) Left—in contrast to right. *Opp.* 바른.

왼 /. 全 (온전—*전) All; entire; complete. *See* 온.

왼돌 /. 一月 (호—*월) (돌—*월) A full moon; a moon of thirty days. *See* 망

왼손잡이 /. A left-handed person.

왼통 / 全統 온전 *전 (거느릴 *통 Entire all completely *See* 전혀, 다.

왼편 /. 左便 (왼—*좌) (편—*편) The left side. *See* 좌편.

왈왈 / A word expressive of [illegible]

웅 s. Excrescences found on trees.

*웅고집이 s. 頑固執 (막을) (굳을) (잡을) A headstrong person; an obstinate character. *See* 주막의걸음.

웅골지다 s. 골지, 찬 To be well-filled as grain, fruit etc. To be genuine; to be substantial.

웅골차다 s. 골찰; 찬 To be well-filled—as grain, fruit etc. To be genuine; to be substantial.

웅곳 s. The root of an herb having a bitter taste.

*웅긔 /. 甕器 (독) (그릇) An earthenware dish. *See* 오긔.

*웅긔젼 / 甕器店 독 (그릇) 장소집 s. earthenware crockery-shop. *See* 오긔뎜.

웅달우물 s. An ordinary spring of water.

웅도라지 s. A protruding knot—in wood.

웅도라지다 s. 라지; 친 To be hurt; to feel put out.

웅도리 /. 節節 (그릇—*찰) (마디—*절) A knot; a joint.

웅도리뼈 /. A joint—of the body.

웅둥이 s. A medium-sized crock.

웅박이 s. 土器 (흙—*긔) (그릇—*긔) An earthenware dish.

*웅산 s. 甕算 (독) (산물) Castles in the air; vain calculations. *See* 오게.

*웅서 s. 翁婿 (늙은이) (사회) Father in law and son-in-law.

*웅셩 s. 甕城 (독) (재) Protecting outer walls—as of a city gate.

*웅손 s. 甕飧 (독) (밥) A small rice dish. (Mf).

*웅솥 s. 甕鼎 (독) (솥—*경) A small rice-kettle

웅숭망숭하다 s. To rave—as a drunken man

웅숭구리다 s. 悚縮 (두려울—*숙) (주러질—*축) 구리; 친 To crouch down; to shrug one's shoulders.

*웅씨 s. 雄氏 (화홈) (각시) The surname *Ong.*

웅긔무 s. 小甑 작을 [illegible] 시루 *증 A small earthenware steaming-dish.

*웅식하다 /. 雄塞 막을 막을 [illegible] stop up; to block. To be in straightened circumstances. *See* 군식하다.

웅알웅알하다 s. To mutter; to growl; to mumble.

*웅용조처하다 雄容措處 (홈용) (놓을) 곳 [illegible] to restore quiet, to bring about peace.

*웅용하다 s. 雄容 (화홈) (얼굴) To be quiet; to be peaceful; to be still. *See* 용용하다

*웅위하다 雄衛 (얼 모실) [illegible] the leader; to accompany the chief.

웅이 s. A knot—in wood; excrescences found on trees. *See* 판술.

웅이웅이마디 s. A joint in a knot—as complication.

*웅저 s. 癰疽 헌데 [illegible] A carbuncle a malignant abscess.

*웅정 s. 雍正 (화홈) (바를) The title of the reign of Emperor Yun Chŏng, 1723-1736. (China).

*웅절 *s.* 癰節 (병) 마디) Enlargement of the joints—a disease.

*웅졸ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擁拙 (옹) (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) To be narrow-minded; to be small in mind.

웅종ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be small-featured; to be small-minded.

*웅쥬 *s.* 熊主 (곰은아) (님굼) A daughter of the king by a concubine. *See* 공쥬.

*웅진 *l.* 熊津 (곰) (나루) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 37.48. Long. 125 20.

*웅창 *s.* 癰瘡 (헌데), (헌디) A carbuncle, a malignant abscess.

*웅체 *l.* 壅滯 (막을), (막힐) Stoppage; constriction.

*웅치 *s.* 雍齒 (화ᄒᆞᆯ) (니) The name of an ancient of the Han Kingdom who was at variance with the Emperor—rivals; combatants.

*웅폐총명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 壅蔽聰明 (막을) (ᄀᆞ리울), (귀밝을) (밝을) To interfere with the enlightened acts of the king; to be false to the king.

*웅폐ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 壅蔽 (막을) (ᄀᆞ리울) To conceal; to hide. To stop up; to obstruct; to choke; to block up.

웅ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be injured; to suffer from; to be hurt by.

요 The sixth vowel of the syllabary, long (*l.*) and short (*s.*), and correspond ing to *yo*.

*요 *s.* 堯 (님금) The great king of China held as a deity by the Koreans—his history is related in the *Sŏ-gun*.

요 *s.* That—demonstrative. (Dim.) *See* 쇼; 됴.

요 *s.* 褥 (*욕) A sleeping mat; a mattress.

*요건 *s.* 要件 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (일) An important question, a vital point.

*요결 *s.* 要決 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (뷔길) An important decision.

*요괴 *s.* 妖怪 (요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) A ghost; a spectre; an apparition; a hobgoblin; a spook.

*요괴스럽다 *s.* 妖怪 (요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) ᄅᆞ워; 운 To be supernatural; to be magical; to be seductive.

*요괴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 妖怪 (요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) To be supernatural; to be magical; to be seductive.

*요공ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 要功 (요구ᄒᆞᆯ) (공) To boast; to brag.

*요구자 *s.* 要求者 (요긴) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) A claimant.

*요구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 要求 (요구ᄒᆞᆯ) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) To ask earnestly; to demand as necessary. *See* 군청ᄒᆞ다

*요귀 *s.* 妖鬼 (요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (귀신) A supernatural being; a demon; an evil spirit. *See* 샤귀

*요긔 *l.* 窈窕 (빗날 (얼골, A beauty; a handsome person (B. O.)

요긔 *s.* 此處 (이—*쳐) (곳 *쳐) This place, here (Dim. *Opp.* 됴긔.

*요긔 *s.* 妖氣 요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔운 Natural phenomenon; an evil atmosphere—as from the presence of malignant spirits.

요긔부리다 *s.* 부려ᄂᆞ Ti To be seductive; to act as if possessed. *See* 샤긔부리다.

*요긔스럽다 *s.* 妖氣 (요망ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔운) 러워; 운 To be seductive; to be uncanny, to be enticing.

*요긴히 *s.* 要緊 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) Necessarily

*요긴ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 要緊 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be important; to be necessary.

*요단 *s.* 要端 (요긴ᄒᆞᆫ) (끗) The essential points.

*요뎜 *s.* 要點 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (뎜) An essential point; important feature; the main points; gist.

*요도 *s.* 腰刀 (허리) (칼) A sword.

*요도셩 *s.* 啓明星 (빗날) (견ᄂᆞᆯ) (별) The morning star; Venus.

*요동ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 搖動 (흔들) (움직일) To shake; to disturb. *See* 움직 움직ᄒᆞ다.

*요됴숙녀 *s.* 窈窕淑女 (고요) (고울) (몸울) (계집) A beauty, an attractive woman.

*요두견목ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 搖頭轉目 (흔들) (머리) (굴닐) (눈) To shake the head and roll the eyes.

요뒤 *s.* 褥布 (요—*욕) (뵈—*포) The outer covering of a mattress.

*요디 *s.* 要地 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅡ) A position of strategic importance; the key to a military position.

*요딜 *s.* 腰絰 (허리) (헉) A thick rope used as a girdle by mourners.

*요뒤 *s.* 腰帶 (허리) (ᄃᆡ) A waist-belt; a girdle.

*요란ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擾亂 (요란) (어지러울) To be tumultuous; to be uproarious; to be in commotion. *See* 떠드다; 들네다.

요략 *s.* 要略 (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) (로략) An abstract; a summary; an abridgement; a compendium.

요런 *s.* 如此 (ᄀᆞᄐᆞᆯ—*여) (이—*ᄎᆞ) Like this; such a. (Low.).

*요령 s. 搖鈴 (흔들)(방울) A hand-bell. *See* 요리.

*요령 s. 要領 (요긴홀)(옷깃) The essentials, (as of speech or writing).

*요령 s. 遙嶺 (멀)(고지) A distant hill or mountain.

*요로 s. 要路 (요긴홀)(길) An important road.

*요론 s 要論 (요긴홀)(의론) Important views.

요리 s. 此處 (이—*초)(곳—*처) Here! Come here! (Low.)

요리조리 s. Here, there! This and that. (Low).

*요리ᄒᆞ다 s. 要利 (요구홀)(리홀) To put out money at interest.

*요마 s. 妖魔 (요망홀)(귀신) An apparition; ghost.

*요망ᄒᆞ다 s. 尿歷 (적을)(적을) To be small; to be little; to be mean.

*요망것 s. 尿歷 (적을)(적을) A little thing; a small object.

*요망떠다 s. 妖妄 (요망홀 망녕) 러, 런 To act frivolously; to be hare-brained.

*요망떨다 s. 妖妄 (요망홀)(망녕) 어, 런 To act frivolously; to be hare-brained.

*요망ᄂᆞ리다 s. 妖妄 요망홀 망녕 부려, 런 To act foolishly; to be hare-brained, to be giddy

*요망스럽다 s. 妖妄 요망홀 (망녕) 러워, 운 To be frivolous, to be hare-brained.

*요망ᄒᆞ다 s. 妖妄 요망홀 망녕 To be supernatural; to be magical; to be seductive.

*요물 s. 妖物 (요망홀) 만물) What is supernatural, a supernatural thing; those who practise magic arts.

*요민 s. 饒民 (넉넉) (빅성) Wealthy subjects; people of means. *See* 부자.

*요민ᄒᆞ다 s. 擾民 (흔들)(빅성) To be in confusion of the people; to raise a tumult.

요밀요밀ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tasteful; to be comely. To be abundant; to be plenty.

요밀조밀ᄒᆞ다 s. To be neat with the hands; to be careful of trifles

*요부 s. 妖婦 요괴홀)(여ᄂᆞ리) A wicked woman.

*요부ᄒᆞ다 s. 饒富 (넉넉) (부쟈) To be well off; to be in comfortable circumstances. *See* 요요ᄒᆞ다.

요분질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be lewd in action—of women

*요배ᄒᆞ다 s. 遙拜 (멀) (절) To worship from a distance.

*요ᄉᆞ스럽다 s. 妖邪 (요망홀)(사특홀) 러워; 운 To be fascinating, to be deceptive; to be seductive.

*요사ᄒᆞ다 s. 妖邪 (요망홀)(사특홀) To be fascinating; to be deceptive; to be seductive.

*요슈 s. 天壽 (요ᄉᆞ홀)(목숨) A sudden death; a premature death. ᄒᆞ다

*요순 s. 堯舜 (닙금)(님금) Emperors Yo and Sun who lived in the 23rd Cent. B. C.—now regarded as ideal rulers.

*요술 s. 妖術 (요망홀) (술법) Magical arts. *See* 귀술.

*요술ᄭᅵ 妖術客 요망홀 (술법) (손) One who practises magical arts.

*요신 s. 要信 (요긴홀) (ᄉᆡ올) An important letter.

*요ᄉᆞ s. 要事 (요긴홀) (일) Business; anything to be done.

요ᄉᆞ이 s. At this time; these days.

*요ᄉᆞ하다 s. 天死 요ᄉᆞ홀 (죽을) To die prematurely. *See* 조ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다

요악ᄒᆞ다 s. 妖惡 요망ᄉᆞ, 악홀 To be seductive; to be fascinating; to be uncanny. *See* 간악ᄒᆞ다.

*요약 s. 要約 (요긴홀) (언약) An important agreement.

*요양미망 搖擾未定 흔들 찬 아닐) (망홀) Disturbed affairs; matters not yet quieted.

*요언 s. 妖言 (요망홀) (말솜) Magical spells; uncanny acts.

*요얼 s. 妖孽 (요망홀)(얼ᄌᆞ) Portents of disaster, demoniacal omens; calamity; disaster.

*요여 s. 腰輿 (녁ᄉᆞ)(수레) The chair on which the spirit of the dead returns from the funeral

*요요ᄒᆞ다 s (—요) 窈窕 (요요홀)(요요홀) To be beautiful; to be refined

*요요ᄒᆞ다 s. 夭夭 ᄆᆞᆯ 요ᄆᆞᆯ 요 to be beautiful; to be pretty—of flowers. (B. O.)

*요용 s. 要用 (요긴홀) (쓸) Importance; necessity; moment.

*요용전 s. 쓸ᄆᆡ암 요긴홀 ᄀᆞᆯ 젼, A thing of use; a necessary article.

*요용소치 s. 要用所致 (요긴홀) (쓸) (바) (힐힐) A matter of importance; something very important.

*요용품 s. 要用品 (요긴홀) (쓸) (품수) A necessary article; necessaries.

*요위 s. 腰圍 (허리) (에울) The loins.

*요의 s. 要義 (요긴홀) (오흠) The important thought.

*요인 s. 妖人 (요망홀) (사롬, A magician; a wizard; a sorcerer. *See* 요인.

*요임 s. 要任 (요긴홀) (맛흠) An office of great trust; a good billet. *See* 중임.

*요점 s. 要點 (요긴홀) (뎜) The essential points; the important feature; the gist.

*요절 s. 要節 (요긴홀) (마듸) The important verses; the important point

*요절나다 v. 腰絕 (허리) (끈흠) 날 나; 난 To be destroyed; to be broken up.

*요절호다 s. 腰絕 (허리) (끈흠) To be ridiculous; to cause one's back to break from laughter.

*요정 s. 妖精 (요망홀) (정긔) Spirits; goblins; evil creatures. *See* 샤귀.

*요족하다 v. 饒足 (넉넉) (족홀) To be enough; to be sufficient.

*요지 s. 要旨 (요긴홀) (뜻) The main points; the gist. *See* 대지

*요지 s. 瑤池 (구슬) (못) A lake in the mysterious land where 션녀 and 션왕모 dwell; heaven.

*요지경 s. 瑤池鏡 (구슬) (못) (거울) Landscape pictures seen through a microscope; stereoscopic views.

*요지부동 s. 搖之不動 (흔들) 〻 (갈) (아닐) (움지일) What remains intact even when shaken.

*요참호다 s. 腰斬 (허리) (버힐) To kill by cutting through the waist—a Chinese form of punishment.

*요청호다 s. 要請 (요구홀) (청홀) To demand or apply for.

*요충 s. 要衝 (요긴홀) (찌를) A strategic position. *See* 요지.

*요충지다 s. 要衝地 요긴홀 (찌를) 〻 (짜) A position of strategic importance.

*요충지다 s. 要衝之地 (요긴홀) (찌를) (갈) (짜) A strategic position *See* 요해처.

*요텬 s. 遙天 (멀) (하놀) The distant sky

*요철 s. 凹凸 (오목홀) (볼록홀) Prominence and depression; high and low; uneven.

*요통 s. 腰痛 (허리) (알흘) A lame back

*요패 s. 要牌 (허리) (패) A wooden tablet carried by a soldier on which is written his age, name etc.

*요피무두 s. 要避無地 (요구홀) (피홀) (아닐—*불) (엇흠) No escape to be found beyond hope.

*요해지다 s. 要害之地 (요긴홀) (해홀) (갈) (짜) A strategic point, a key to a position

*요해처 s. 要害處 (요긴홀) (해홀) (곳) The key to a position; a strategic point. *See* 인후지다.

*요항 s. 要港 (요긴홀) (항구) A port which has a strategic importance.

*요호 s. 饒戶 (넉넉) (지게) Rich homes; wealthy people.

*요희 s. 妖姬 (요망홀) (계집) A low woman; a woman who causes trouble and disaster

*요힝 s. 僥倖 (요힝) (요힝) Luckily; happily.

*요힝수 s. 僥倖數 〻 (요힝) (요힝) (두어) A fortunate move.

*욕 s. 辱 (욕홀) Insult; abuse; outrage; disgrace. *See* 욕셜.

*욕계 s. 慾界 (욕심) (디경) The region of desire -a Buddist term. *See* 삼계.

*욕곡타두 s. 欲哭打頭 (호고져홀) (울) (칠) (머리) Striking a child about to cry—making matters worse.

*욕교반졸호다 s. 欲巧反拙 (호고져홀) (공교) (도리킬) (졸홀) To fail through too great an effort to succeed.

*욕급부형 s. 辱及父兄 (욕홀) (밋칠) (아비) (맛) Disgrace that includes even brothers and father.

욕긔부리다 v. 慾氣發 방소 *소) (욕심—*욕) 부려; 린 To give vent to desire; to give loose rein to lust.

*욕망 s. 慾望 (욕심) (볼랄) Ardent desire; longings for

*욕망이난망 s. 欲忘而難忘 (호고져홀) (니질) (말이) (어려울) (나질) Unable to forget even though one wished to.

욕먹다 s. 어; 은 To be disgraced; to be abused; to have a hard time.

욕보다 ㅅ 긴쑤 볼 ·'건 유 ·'유) 아; 본 To be abused; to be disgraced; to have a hard time.

욕보이다 s. 보여; 인 To disgrace; to insult.

*욕샹 s. 慾想 (욕심) (성각) To lust after; to be enamoured of.

*욕셔 s. 褥暑 (장마) (여물) Very hot weather.

*욕셜 s. 辱說 (욕됴) (말숨) Insulting language. *See* 욕.

*욕속부달 s. 欲速不達 (욕고져홀) (속홀) 아닐 (즁달 Trying to make imperfect work.

*욕실 s. 浴室 (목욕) (집) A bath room. *Also* 목욕실.

*욕심 s. 慾心 (욕심 무옴 Lust, desire, passion. *See* 욕.

*욕소무지 s. 欲死無地 (업슬) (짜) 호고져 주올 No place even in which to die—disgraced

*욕의 s. 浴衣 (목욕) (옷) The single garment worn before taking a bath; a bathing dress.

*욕심 s. 慾情 (욕심) (뜻) Covetousness; greed; lust; passion.

*욕탕ᄒᆞ다 s. 浴湯 (목욕) (물을) To take a hot bath.

*욕통 s. 浴桶 (목욕) (통) A bath-tub. *Also* 목욕통.

*욕호셔이라거 ㅅ 欲投鼠而忌器 호고져 홀ᄉᆞ록 (먼길 취 말이) 셔ᄃᆞᆯ 그릇 He would like to beat the rat but fears to break the dish (true).

*욕ᄒᆞ다 s. 辱 (욕됴) To insult; to abuse. *See* 즐욕ᄒᆞ다.

*욕화 s. 慾火 (욕심) (불) Passion; lust; desire.

*용 l. 勇 (용밍) Strength; power, activity.

*용 s. 茸 (뽀다물) Deer's horns.

*용 l. 用 (쓸) Daily expenditure.

*용간ᄒᆞ다 l. 用奸 (쓸) (간사홀) To use cunning; to practice deceit.

용갈기다 s. 거; 긴 To tell lies; to speak falsehoods. (Low.)

*용공 s. 庸工 (뜻뜻) (장인) An unskilful workman. Hired man, laborer.

*용구 l. 用九 (쓸) (아홉) A complete set of *Yang* lines in the *Yêkeng* diagrams.

*용군 s. 庸君 (뜻뜻) (님군) A daimiō of small capacity.

*용긔 l. 勇氣 (용밍) (긔운) Courage; valour; bravery.

*용관 s. 冗官 (번거홀) (벼슬) Superfluous or supernumerary officials; a sinecure.

*용권ᄒᆞ다 l. 用權 (쓸) (권세) To exercise authority; to wield influence.

*용납ᄒᆞ다 s. 容納 (용납) (드릴) To tolerate; to permit; to grant; to contain. *See* 용서ᄒᆞ다.

*용단 l. 勇斷 용ᄃᆞᆫ 결단 Prompt decision; determination; resolution.

*용단ᄒᆞ다 l. 勇斷 용밍 (결단) To decide promptly; to act with resolution

*용달회사 l. 用途會社 쓸 (즁달 모흘 회사 A company of creditors.

*용달ᄒᆞ다 l. 用達 (쓸) (즁달) An agent who supplies an office with all the necessary articles.

*용뎜 s. 鎔點 (녹을) (뎜) Melting point.

*용도 l. 用度 (쓸) (법도) Daily expenditure.

*용도ᄒᆞ다 l. 勇跳 (용밍) (뛸) To jump up, to bestir one's self.

용두질 l. Masturbation

*용략 l. 勇略 (용밍) (도략) A daring plan; a bold scheme.

*용량 s. 容量 (용납) (헤아릴) Forgiveness treating leniently

*용력 l. 勇力 (용밍) (힘) Immense strength; physical courage. *See* 용밍.

*용력(이)ᄆᆞᆫ인ᄒᆞ다 l. 勇力過人 (용밍) (힘 ᄀᆞᆺ남 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To have extraordinary strength; to have supernatural power.

*용력ᄒᆞ다 s. 用力 쓸 힘 ᄒᆞ다 To put forth strength.

*용렬ᄒᆞ다 ㅅ 庸劣 뜻뜻 용렬홀 Be ordinary, to be common—of ability etc. To be stupid; to be base.

*용모 s. 容貌 (얼골) (모양) The appearance; looks; demeanour.

*용모괴이ᄒᆞ다 容貌怪異 얼골 모양 ᄒᆞᆷᆞᆫ 사ᄅᆞᆷ Be made of with the marks or peculiarities of appearance of a common man; to be unusual

*용무 l. 勇武 (용밍) (호반) Powers in war; warlike ability.

*용무지디 l. 用武之地 (쓸) (호반) (ᄀᆞᆯ 싸 Land where military power develops.

용밍 l. 勇氣 용밍 냉 Great physical endurance, determination.

*용번ᄒᆞ다 s. 冗煩 (번거홀) (번거) To be busy; to be much occupied

*용병 l. 勇兵 (용밍) (군ᄉᆞ) Brave soldiers.

*용병 s. 冗兵 (번거홀) (군ᄉᆞ) A superfluous number of troops.

*용병어신ᄒᆞ다 l. 用兵御臣 (쓸) (군ᄉᆞ 거ᄂᆞ리 To ago

*용병ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 用兵 (쓸) (군ᄉᆞ) To handle troops.

*용부 ᄉᆞ 傭夫 (품팔) (지아비) A hired man; labourer; workman.

*용부 ᄉᆞ 傭婦 (품팔) (지어미) A hired woman; a female labourer.

*용비 ᄂᆞ 用費 (쓸) (허비) Expenditure; fees.

*용비 ᄉᆞ 冗費 (번거ᄒᆞᆯ) (허비) Excessive expenditure.

*용샤ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容赦 (용납) (노흘) To pardon; to excuse; to forgive.

*용셔ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容恕 (용납) (용셔ᄒᆞᆯ) To pardon; to forgive. *See* 루여주다

*용슈 ᄉᆞ 湧水 (물소ᄉᆞᆯ) (물) A sort of basket used for straining liquor.

*용슈지르다 ᄂᆞ 湧水 (물소ᄉᆞᆯ) (물) 질너; 지른 To put a basket-strainer into a jar of spirit.

*용슈ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容手 (용납) (손) To make provision; to provide means.

용쓰다 ᄂᆞ 용써; 쓴 To expend strength.

*용ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容膝 (용납) (무릅) To be but sufficient for one to get into—as a room. *See* 용신ᄒᆞ다

*용신ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容身 (용납) (몸) To be but sufficient—as a small house or room. *See* 용ᄉᆞᆯᄒᆞ다.

*용심 ᄂᆞ 用心 (쓸) (무옴) Designs; intentions; attitude of heart.

용심부리다 ᄂᆞ 부려; 린 To give loose rein to jealousy etc.

*용심ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 用心 (쓸) (무옴) To be cautious about to be careful. To attend

*용ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞ 用事 (쓸) (일) Business.

*용ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞ 勇士 (용밍) (선배) A courageous scholar (M.)

*용식ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 用色 (쓸) (빗) To practice lewdness; to have sexual intercourse

*용언 ᄉᆞ 庸言 (뗏뗏) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Circumspect speech. (B. C.)

*용우ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 庸愚 (ᄒᆞᆯ럴ᄒᆞᆯ) (미련ᄒᆞᆯ) To be ignorant; to be stupid. *See* 미욱ᄒᆞ다.

*용융ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 熔融 (녹을) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) To melt.

*용의 ᄉᆞ 庸醫 (용렬ᄒᆞᆯ) (의원) A physician of mediocre capacity.

*용의ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 用意 (쓸) (쓴) To make preparations; to make ready

*용이ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容易 (용납) (쉬울) To be easy. *See* 쉽다.

*용인 ᄉᆞ 庸人 (뗏뗏) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Common run of men; a man of ordinary—ability; a mediocre person.

*용익 ᄉᆞ 溶液 (흐를) (진) A solution.

*용왕즉젼ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 勇往即前 (용밍) (갈) (곳) (앞) To advance to the front.

*용장 ᄂᆞ 勇將 (용밍) (장ᄉᆞ) A general of great physical strength.

*용장 ᄉᆞ 冗長 (번거ᄒᆞᆯ) (긴) Too long—of style; redundant.

*용장 ᄂᆞ 用杖 (쓸) (막) (ᄃᆡ) A paddle for beating criminals.

*용젹 ᄉᆞ 容積 (용납ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄊᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) The cubic contents of any vessel; holding capacity; quantity.

*용젼여슈ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 用錢如水 (쓸) (돈) (又ᄒᆞᆯ) (물) To spend money like water, to be extravagant.

*용젼ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 勇戰 (용밍) (싸홈) To fight bravely.

*용정ᄊᆞᆫ다 ᄉᆞ 舂精 (방아) 정ᄒᆞᆯ) 씨여; 씬 To clean rice carefully.

*용졸ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 庸拙 (뗏뗏) (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) To be pinched; to be narrow; to be mean.

*용지 ᄂᆞ 用紙 (쓸) (조희) Blank paper forms for use.

*용지불갈ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 用之不竭 (쓸) (갈) (아닐) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To use freely and yet not fail.

*용지하쳐 ᄉᆞ 用之何處 (쓸) 갈) (엇지) (곳) For what purpose; the way used.

*용진ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 勇進 (용밍) (나아갈) To advance bravely; to dash forward; to push forward vigorously — as troops.

*용지 ᄉᆞ 庸才 (뗏뗏) (지조) Mediocre ability; possessed of little talent.

*용졸ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 庸劣 (못다울) (졸을) To be base, to be mean; to be degenerate.

*용투ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 勇鬪 (용밍) (싸홈) To fight bravely

*용하 ᄂᆞ 用下 (쓸) (아래) Expenses; money expended.

*용한ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 勇悍 (용밍) (사오나울) To be fearless and bold; to be spirited; to be warlike; to be valiant; to be courageous.

*용허ᄒᆞ다 ᄉᆞ 容許 (용납) (허락) To grant; to give permission.

*용형 s. 用刑 (쓸) (형의) The spirit of dislike or enmity.

*용형 s. 用刑 (쓸) (형벌) Punishment; flogging.

*우 무과 s. 容或無怪 (용혹무괴) (혹) (넙슬) (괴이홀) To be perhaps true or so.

용우다 l. To be stupid; to be common, to be ordinary—of ability.

용우다 l. 善說 (착홀 셜) (잇기—*지) To be clever, to be well done; to be able.

*용히다 s. 鎔解 (녹을) (풀) To melt down—as metal; to fuse.

*용히량 s. 溶解量 (호를) (풀) (헤아릴) Measure of solubility.

*용흥 s. 周行 (두루 다닐) (도널) Circumspect behavior; conduct in life. BC

*용화다 s. 鎔和 (녹을) (고로) To mix; to blend

우 The seventh vowel of the syllabary, long (l.) and short, (s.) corresponding in sound to *u* in *lute*.

*우 s. 禹 (님금) One of the [illegible] Kings of the Golden Age, China 2205 B.C.

우 添加 더오 *업 ; *가 Profit in a trade. (Prov.) *See* 더욤; 멋두리

우 l. 上 (웃—*상) The top, above. Besides. *Opp.* 아래.

*우각 s. 牛角 (소) (쌀) Cows' horns.

우각뜸뜨다 s. 쑴뜨 ; 뜬 To cauterize with burning ox-horn.

우각뜸 s. A dish used in ox-horn cauterization.

*우기다 s. 寄居, 붓칠 살, [illegible] one's abode in a strange place. *See* 류접하다.

우겨쌀이 s. 採角 (우그러질—*구) (쌀—*각 Cow's [illegible] at the joint

우걱지걱 s. Creaking—as does a pack when the animal walks.

우겨대다 s. 대여, 땐 To deny; to argue.

우겨와다 s. 와· 싼 To crowd round; to crush about.

*우골 s. 牛腦 (소) (골—*슈) Ox brains.

*우골 s. 牛骨 (소) (쎄) Ox bones.

*우골교 s. 牛骨膏 (소) (쎄) (기름) Ox bone stew—used as a medicine.

*우구 l. 雨具 (비) (그출) Waterproof articles. *See* 우비.

*우국지심 s. 憂國之心 (근심) (나라) (갈) (모음; Anxiety for the state.

*우국지소 s. 憂國之士 (근심) (나라) (갈) (션비) Scholars interested in or anxious for the state.

*우국하다 s. 憂國 (근심) (나라) To be anxious in behalf of one's country.

*우군 l. 右軍 (올흘) (군소) The right wing of an army. *Opp.* 좌군.

우굴우굴하다 s. To congregate; to be numerous; to swarm. To be hollowed out; to be wrinkled.

우굴주굴하다 s. To be wrinkled.

우궁 l. 右弓 [illegible] To shoot to the right—in archery. *Opp.* 좌궁

*우금 l. 于今 (어조소) (이제) Till now; up to the present. *See* 지금.

우금 s. 山陝 (뫼—*산) (모롱이—*오) A ravine; a valley (Prov.)

우금 s. 牛禁 (소) (금홀) A prohibition—forbidding the slaughter of cattle.

우곤우곤하다 s. To turn inwards; to face in.

우곤하다 s. To turn inwards; to face in

*우긔 l. 雨氣 (비, (긔운) Rainy appearance.

우니무라다 s. 무라 ; 판 To growl; to grumble at; to [illegible]

우널이 s. The sides or instep of a leather shoe.

우다 l. 뭇 (울—*곡) 우러, 운 To cry; to weep.

우다위 s. A general broker. (Prov.)

*우단 l. 羽緞 (깃) (비단) Velvet.

우당탕 s. The sound of feet; footsteps.

*우도 l. 友道 (벗) (길) The rules regulating intercourse of friends.

*우도 s. 牛島 (소) (섬) Islands Montresor in Chol-la-do, and Beaufort near Quelpart.

우도 [illegible] 더욤 [illegible] (가) boot—in a trade. (Prov.) *See* 멋두리.

*우묘 l. 羽調 (깃) (곡묘) A peculiar song with long drawn notes.

*우두 *s.* 牛痘 (소) (두역) Vaccination. (놋다).

우두멍우두멍 *s.* Rushing, falling; crashing.

우두머리 *s.* 上頭 (웃—*상) (머리 *두) The best; the most skilful hand. The head; the chief. *See* 웍닥이.

우둘우둘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fat; to be corpulent. To blaze out with anger.

우딘 *s.* The upper part of a town or district. *Opp.* 아래딘.

우두넛다 *l.* 너허; 흔 To vaccinate.

우돈커니 *s.* 空立 (기드릴 *져) (설 —*립) Without work; idly

*우둔 *s.* 牛臀 (소) (엉덩이) The rump of an ox

우둔우둔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To tremble. To be stupid; to be idiotic

*우둔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 愚鈍 (어리석을) (둔홀) To be stupid; to be thick-headed *Ne* 미련ᄒᆞ다.

*우둥 *s.* 優等 (넉넉) (무리) The first—in quality or position

우둥살다 *s.* 揀優等 (가질—*잡) (넉넉 *우) (무리—*등) 쓸아; 은 To choose the first or number one.

*우둥생 *s.* 優等生 (넉넉) (무리) (날) Number one—among students or in classes.

우둥지르다 *s.* 질너; 지를 To nip off sprouts in order to improve the growth—as from the tobacco plant. To taste.

*우딕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 優待 (넉넉) (디졉) To treat courteously, or handsomely.

우락 *l.* A peculiar song with long drawn notes.

*우랑 *l.* 牛囊 (소) (쥬머니—*낭) Bull's testicles—an article of food.

*우량 *s.* 雨量 (비) (헤아릴) Mean annual rainfall.

*우량계 *l.* 雨量計 (비) (헤아릴) (계교) Pluviometer; rain gauge.

우려나다 *s.* 나; 난 To steep; to give forth as color, flavor etc.

우러러보다 *s.* 仰視 (우럴 *앙) (볼—*시) 보아, 본 To look up to; to regard with respect. *See* 쳐다보다.

우럭이 *s.* The black bass.

우럴다 *s.* 仰 (우럴—*앙) 러러; 런 To look up to; to regard with respect.

우래껴다 *s.* 켜; 켠 To mimic birds reptiles etc.—with a whistle made from a peach or apricot stone.

우렁우렁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To sound deep and full.

우렁이 *s.* 田螺 (밧—*젼) (소라—*라) The periwinkle.

우렁차다 *s.* 렁차; 찬 To be strong; to be gigantic; to be burly. *See* 웅장ᄒᆞ다.

*우려ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 憂慮 (근심) (싱각) To be anxious; to be filled with apprehension

*우렬 *s.* 優劣 (넉넉) (용렬) Excellence and worthlessness; the good and the bad; competence and incompetence; fitness or unfitness; capacity.

*우례 *s.* 優禮 (넉넉) (례도) Courteous or handsome treatment.

*우로 *l.* 雨露 (비) (이슬) Rain and dew—descriptive of royal favor.

*우로지ᄭᅩᆺ *l.* 雨露之澤 (비 (이슬) (갈) (못, The blessing of rain and dew.

*우록 *s.* 麋鹿 (큰ᄉᆞᆷ승) (ᄉᆞᆷ승) Deer; fallow-deer.

우뢰ㅅ 雷 (*뢰) Thunder. *See* 뢰셩.

우루루 *s.* A word descriptive of the sound of thunder, falling rocks etc.

우르를 *s.* A word descriptive of the sound of thunder, falling rocks etc.

우룸 *s.* 泣 (울—*읍) Weeping; crying.

우리 *s.* 圈 (*권) A pen—for animals.

우리 *s.* 我等 (나—*아) (무리—*등) We; our. *See* 나.

우리부리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be imposing; to be fierce; to be terrible.

우리우리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be imposing; to be grand; to be majestic.

*우마 *s.* 牛馬 (소) (말) Cows and horses.

*우멍진우게 *s.* 盂皿晴雨計 (그릇) (그릇) (기일) 비) (계교 A cistern barometer.

*우모 *s.* 羽毛 (깃) (털 역) A feather.

*우모 *s.* 羽旄 (깃) (긔) A flag; a banner. *See* 긔발.

*우모 *s.* 牛毛 (소) (털 역) Ox hair.

*우몽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 愚蒙 어리석을) (어릴) To be childish; to be stupid; to be foolish. *See* 우미ᄒᆞ다.

우무 *s.* A kind of jelly made of seaweed.

우무가사리 *s.* Sea-weed—used as an article of food.

우무까시 *s.* Sea-weed—used as an article of food.

우묵우묵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 凹 (오목—*요) To be pitted; to be hollowed out; to be in hollows.

우묵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 凹 (오목 *요) To be hollow; to be excavated.

*우문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 右文 (울흠) (글) To honour literature above military pursuits.

우물 *s.* 井 (*졍) A well.

우물고누첫수 *s.* An unanswerable argument.

우물안고기 *s.* 井底蛙 (우물—*졍) (밋—*뎌) (개고리—*와) A fish in a well—an inexperienced or ignorant person. *See* 졍뎌와.

우물지다 *s.* 져; 진 To dimple; to be hollow—as a dimple.

우물치다 *s.* 물쳐; 천 To clean out a well.

우므러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To shrink up; to draw up.

우믈우믈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swarm; to crowd. To gum—as a toothless person; to mumble.

*우미어 *s.* 牛尾魚 (소) (꼬리) (고기) Fish of the genus, Platycephalous.

*우미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 優美 (넉넉) (아름다울) To be elegant, genteel, graceful, or refined.

*우미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 愚迷 (어리석을) (희미ᄒᆞᆯ) To be stupid; to be dense; to be unintelligent.

*우미ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 愚昧 (어리석을) (어두울) To be stupid; to be thick-headed. *See* 우몽ᄒᆞ다.

*우민 *s.* 愚民 어리석을 (빅셩) The ignorant crowd; an ignoramus. *See* 우민.

*우박 *l.* 雨雹 (비) (우박) Hail. Violence; force. *See* 우리.

*우방 *s.* 牛蒡 (소) (풀) Burdock.

*우방 *l.* 右方 (울흠) (모) The right side; the right.

*우방조 *s.* 시 牛蒡子 소 (풀) (아들) *Arctium lappa*—a natural me

*우번 *l.* 右番 울흠 번 The right division—of officials who hold office for four days and then give place to those of the left. *Opp.* 좌번.

*우번 *l.* 右藩 (울흠) (가) A prison for thieves and low criminals. *Opp.* 좌번.

우복동 *s.* A region in *Chulla*—Fairyland; Elysium.

*우부 *s.* 愚夫 (어리석을) (아비) A foolish father; an ignorant person.

*우부 *s.* 愚夫 어리석을 (지아비) A foolish fellow; ignorant people.

*우부방 *l.* 右阜旁 (울흠) (언덕 곁) The name of the 20th and 163rd Chinese Radicals. (阝). *See* 좌부방.

*우부승지 *l.* 右副承旨 (울흠) (다음) (니을 (뜻) The king's secretary of a Board to the Right. *Opp.* 좌부승지.

*우부우부 *s.* 愚夫愚婦 어리석을 (지아비) (어리석을 (계집 Ignorant fellows, one of the common people.

*우부우부 *s.* 愚夫愚婦 어리석을 지아비, (어리 (계집 어미) Stupid husbands and [illegible] the people of the world.

*우분 *s.* 牛糞 (소) (똥) Cow dung—used as medicine.

*우비 *l.* 雨備 (비) (又흠) Oil-paper wraps; waterproof coverings. *See* 우구.

*우비쳐스원 *l.* 雨備差使員 (비) (又흠) (차정흠) (ᄒᆞ여공) (관원) The officer who carries the umbrella and rain coat of the Chinese envoy.

*우빈 *l.* 右賓 (울흠) (손) The teacher of the heir apparent—an officer of the front rank. 2nd degree.

*우빙킥 *l.* 右賓客 (울흠) (손) (손). *See* 우빈.

*우산 *l.* 雨傘 (비) (일산) A parasol; an umbrella.

우산도 于山島 어조ᄉᆞ, 뫼 섬 An island in the south-east of Dagalet Island.

*우상 *l.* 右相 (울흠)ᄒᆞ(졍승) The 3rd of the three Ministers of State. *Opp.* 좌상

*우상 *s.* 偶像 허슈아비 셩상 An idol, an image; a joss. *See* 우.

우석우석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rustle; to crackle.

우세ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嘲笑 조롬 *조 (우슴—*쇼) To cause laughter at one's own expense; to be laughed at.

*우셔 *s.* 郵書 (파발) (글) A letter sent by post.

*우선 *s.* 郵船 (파발) (비) A mail ship.

*우선ᄒᆞ사 *s.* 郵船會社 사발 비 (모들) 지사, A mail ship [illegible]

*우설 *s.* 牛舌 (소) (혀) Ox-tongue. *Also* 쇠셔

*우설 *l.* 雨雪 (비) (눈) Rain and snow.

*우설봉 *s.* 牛舌蜂 (소) (혀) (벌) *Polistes* sp.

우세ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 근심 ᄒᆞᆫ 근심 The world full of sorrows; miserable world

*우셰 l. 雨勢 (비) (형세) The appearance of rain

*우셰 s. 郵稅 (파발) (부세) Postage.

*우셰 s. 優勢 (넉넉) (형세) Superior power.

*우셰ᄒᆞ다 s. 憂世 (근심) (인간) To mourn over the time.

*우셩 s. 牛星 (소) (별) The 9th of the 28th Constellations α, β, π Aries. ω, A, B, Sagittarius. 301° 15′, 11″.

*우셩 l. 羽聲 (짓) (소리) The fifth tone.

*우셩 l. 雨聲 (비) (소리) The sound of rain. (Comp.)

*우송ᄒᆞ다 s. 郵送 (파발) (보낼) To send by post; to post; to mail.

*우쇽 s. 牛贖 (소) (속죽) A fine imposed for unlicensed slaughter of cattle.

우수 s. 零數 (떠라질 *명) (두어—*수) A surplus; a remainder—of money in a transaction. *See* 우소.

*우수 s. 偶數 (짝) (두어) Even number. *Opp.* 긔수.

*우수 s. 優數 (넉넉) (두어) A superior; one more skilled.

우수리 s. The small change—over and above the round sum. *See* 여져.

*우수마발 s. 牛溲馬勃 (소) (오좀) (물) (똥) Cow's urine and horse's dung—of what is common and of no account.

우수수 n. Rustling; falling. *See* 와스스

*우수수러 s. 憂愁悲慮 (근심) (근심) (성각) (성각) Anxiety; worry; care.

*우수히 s. 優數 (넉넉) (두어) Liberally; sufficiently.

*우슈 l. 雨水 (비) (물) The second solar term "Rain Water" occuring about February 19th.

*우슈 l. 右手 (올흔) (손) The right hand. *Opp.* 좌슈.

*우슈불합 s. 牛迹不陷 (소) (도릴) (아닐) (싸질) What will bear the step of an ox—what is solid, firm, substantial.

*우슌풍됴ᄒᆞ다 l. 雨順風調 (비) (슌ᄒᆞᆯ) (바람) (고로) To have rain and wind in season; to have light rains and gentle winds.

우슬우슬ᄒᆞ다 s. To drizzle; to be chilly. *See* 부슬부슬ᄒᆞ다.

우스름ᄃᆞᆯ밤 s. A dim moonlight night; a clouded moon.

*우슬 s. 牛膝 (소) (무릅) Ox's knee—a medicine. The dried stalks of *Pupalia geniculata* and *Achyranthes aspera*.

우슴 s. 笑 (*쇼) Laughter.

*우습 s. 雨濕 (비) (저질) Being wet by rain; being damp moist, or soaked with rain

*우승지 s. 右承旨 (올흘) (니을) (뜻) A secretary to the right—one of the offices of the old government.

*우승렬패 s. 優勝劣敗 (넉넉) (익길) (용렬) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) The superior gaining, the inferior losing; the survival of the fittest.

*우신 s. 郵信 (파발) (믿을) Postal intelligence; news received by post.

우신국 s. 郵信局 (파발) (믿을) (관) A post-office. *See* 우편국.

*우심ᄒᆞ다 s. 尤甚 (더욱) (심ᄒᆞᆯ) To be excessive; to go beyond bounds.

*우씨 l. 禹氏 (나라) (각시) The surname *U.*

우소 s. 餘剩 (남을—*어) (넉넉—*임) A surplus; a remainder. *See* 우수.

우슴 l. 笑 (*쇼) Laughter.

우슴ᄃᆞ다 l. 可笑 (올흘—*가) (우슬—*쇼) 스워; 운 To be laughable; to be ridiculous; to be droll. *See* 호다.

우슴ᄯᅡᆨᄒᆞᆫᄃᆞ다 l. To laugh and jest.

*우셩 l. 友生 (벗) (날) A friend; an acquaintance. (B. O.)

우악살스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be coarse; to be rough; to be rude.

*우악ᄒᆞ다 s. 愚惡 (어리석을) (모질) To be barbarous; to be savage.

*우야 l. 雨夜 (비) (밤) Rainy night.

*우약 s. 牛約 (소) (언약) New York.

*우양 s. 牛羊 (소) (양) Cattle and sheep.

*우양 s. 雨暘 (비) (별) Rain and sunshine; rain and drought.

*우어자 l. 偶語者 (짝) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (놈) A whisperer; a secret agent.

*우어ᄒᆞ다 l. 偶語 (짝) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To whisper; to talk secrets.

우업다 l 無上 (업슬—*무) (무리—*등) 업서; 슨 To be supreme; to be absolute; to be without a superior.

우엣 s. Above; on the top.

*우역 s. 郵驛 (파발) (역마) Post-station.

*우역 s. 牛疫 (소) (병) Cattle disease.

*우연히 s. 偶然 (우연) (그럴) Unexpectedly; accidentally; by chance. *See* 의외에.

*우연ᄒᆞ다 s. 偶然 (우연) (그럴) To happen; to be unexpected; to be accidental.

우우 l. The sound of the wind or waves.

*우움 s. 笑 (우슴—*쇼) Laughter. (Comp.) *See* 우슴.

*우유 s. 牛乳 (소)(젖) Cow's milk. *See* 쇠젖.

*우유 s. 牛油 (소)(기름) Butter.

*우유당 s. 牛乳糖 (소)(젖)(슈슈) Saccharum Lactis.

*우유도일호다 s. 優遊度日 (넉넉)(놀)(지날)(날) To idle the day away. *See* 놀세월호다

*우육 s. 牛肉 (소)(고기) Beef.

*우윤 l. 右尹 (올흘)(맛) Registrar of the Right of the Office of Justice (한셩부). *Opp.* 좌윤.

*우은 s. 優恩 (넉넉)(은혜) Abundant favour; gracious kindness used only with reference to the Emperor.

*우의 l. 友誼 (벗)(졍의) Friendship; amity; brotherly love.

*우의 l. 雨衣 (비)(옷) A rain-coat.

*우의 s. 羽衣 Garment—made of feathers.

*우의 l. 雨意 (비)(뜻) Signs of rain. *See* 우취.

*우의 s. 牛醫 (소)(의원) A veterinary surgeon.

*우의정 l. 右議政 (올흘)(의론)(졍소) The Minister of the Right—3rd Minister of State. *Opp.* 좌의정. *See* 우합.

우이다 s. 우어; 욘 To jeer at; to make fun of. (Prov.) *See* 홍보다.

*우이송경 s. 牛耳誦經 (소)(귀)(외일)(글) Reciting the classics into a cow's ear—teaching a fool.

*우익 l. 羽翼 (깃)(놀기) Wings—aids; assistants.

*우익 l. 右翼 (올흘)(놀기) The right wing of an army. *Opp.* 좌익.

*우익장 s. 右翼將 올흘 놀기 장슈 The general of the right wing. *Opp.* 좌익장.

*우인 s. 虞人 산냥 사롬 A game-keeper; a practised huntsman. (M

*우입 l. 雨笠 (비)(갓) A rain-hat made of bamboo-sheath or the leaves of the *suge* plant.

*우의호다 l. 友愛 (벗)(소랑) To be affectionate; to exhibit brotherly love.

*우장 l. 雨裝 (비)(힝장) Waterproof articles. *See* 우비.

*우장 s. 牛漿 소 (장) Natural water in China.

*우자 s. 愚者 (어리셕을)(놈) A foolish fellow; an ignoramus.

우자스럽다 s. 어위; 욘 To be foolish; to be stupid; to be thick headed

우장 s. 愚將 (어리셕을)(장슈) An ignorant or foolish general.

*우장 s. 牛漿 소 (장) Cow-pox.

*우적우적호다 s. To crash; to make a great noise.

*우전 s. 郵傳 (과발) (젼홀) Sending by post.

*우전 l. 羽前 (깃) (압) Uzen in Japan.

우졀다 l. 졉어; 욘 To outdo; to be superior to.

*우접호다 s. 寓接 (붓칠) (붓흘) To reside with; to live in; to move to. *See* 우거호다

우졍 s. 故 (짐짓—*쇼) Intentionally; purposely. (Prov.) *See* 일부러.

*우족 s. 羽族 (깃) (겨레) Feathered tribes.

*우족 l. 右族 (올흘) (겨레) The real wife's descendants—in contrast to the children of a concubine.

우주 s. 낫쵸아 어리석은 조소 l. In speaking humbly of one's self.

우주다 l. 주어; 줌 To give boot—in a trade

*우주소산금 지 酒醋 조항 (소) 초 (소나무) (석) (금홀) Official prohibition—concerning three things, slaughtering cattle, making drink, cutting pines.

*우주 l. 宇宙 (집) (집) The universe.

*우주지간 l. 宇宙之間 (집) (집) (갈) (소이) The universe, the solar system.

우주인력 s. 宇宙引力 (집) 심 당길 (힘) Gravitation. *See* 홍력.

우죽 s. A top branch; the top boughs.

우쭐대다 s. 더여. 뜬 To put on airs; to be [illegible]

*우죤호다 s. 愚蠢 (어리셕을) (움직일) To be stupid; to [illegible] leadless, to be idiotic. *See* 무지호다.

*우중에 l. 雨中 (비) (가온더) (In) the rain.

우중에 Again; once more—of what is [illegible] foolish etc. *Also* 우완에.

우중츙호다 s. To be lowering; to be clouded.

우즐즐호다 s. To be heaped up; to be in layers.

*우 [illegible] 깃 [illegible] woven from feathers. [illegible] 모ᄉᆞ

우직ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 戇 (우직ᄒᆞᆯ *ᄒᆞᆫ*) To be bold; to be outspoken; to be fearless.

*우질 *n.* 牛疾 (소) (병) Cattle disease. *See* 우역.

우질부질ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be bold and handsome.

*우징 *l.* 雨徵 (비) (징조) Signs of rain. *See* 우뒤.

*우찬셩 *l* 右贊成 (올흘ᄉᆞ도울) (일을) Counsellor of the Right—the 2nd adviser of the Ministers of State. *Opp.* 좌찬셩.

*우측 *l.* 右側 (올흘) (졋) The right side.

*우탁 *l.* 禹倬 (님금) (놉흘) A.D. 1275-1309. A famous scholar and courtier F.S. Tan-yang (K.S.) N.P. Yuk-tong (昌東).

*우한이 *s.* 牛漢 (소) (너를) A butcher. *See* 도우한이.

*우텬 *l.* 雨天 (비) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Rainy weather.

*우톄 *s.* 郵遞 (역) (갈닐) The Post.

*우톄물 *s.* 郵遞物 (역) (갈닐) (물건) Post articles.

*우톄ᄉᆞ *s.* 郵遞司 (역) (갈닐) (맛흘) A post-office. *Also* 우톄국.

*우톄통 *s.* 郵遞筒 (역) (갈닐) (통) A post-box.

*우톄학교 *s.* 郵遞學校 (역) (갈닐) (비흘) (학교) A postal service school.

우둔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be stupid; to be thick-headed; to be foolish. *See* 우문ᄒᆞ다.

*우뒤 *l.* 雨㫆 (비) (뒤도) Signs of rain. *See* 우징

*우뒤 *l.* 右台 (올흘) (별) The 3rd. of the three Ministers of State. *Opp.* 좌뒤.

*우편 *s.* 郵便 (역) (편흘) A post; mail. *See* 우톄.

*우편 *l.* 右便 (올흘) (편흘) The right hand side. *Opp.* 좌편

*우편각부 *s* 郵便脚夫 (역) (편흘) (두리) (지아비) A postman; letter-carrier.

*우편국 *s.* 郵便局 (역) (편흘) (판) A post-office. *See* 우신국.

*우편뎐신국 *s.* 郵便電信局 (역) (편흘) (우뎨) (젓흘) (판) A office where postal and telegraphic business is transacted

*우편뎐신학교 *s.* 郵便電信學校 (역) (편흘) (번기) (젓흘) (비흘) (학교) A school where young men are educated for postal and telegraphic services.

*우편마거 *s.* 郵便馬車 (역) (편흘) (물) (수레) A post coach; a post-chase.

*우편물 *s.* 郵便物 (역) (편흘) (물건) Postal articles.

*우편빈달 *s.* 郵便配達 (역) (편흘) (쥭) (ᄉᆞᆯ) A postboy; postman.

*우편샹 *s.* 郵便箱 (역) (편흘) (샹ᄌᆞ) A post-box.

*우편션 *s.* 郵便船 (역) (편) (비) A mail steamer

*우편엽서 *s.* 郵便葉書 (역) (편흘) (닙) (글) A postal card; post-card.

*우편인ᄉᆞ *s.* 郵便印紙 (역) (편흘) (인) (조히) A postage stamp.

*우편위톄 *s.* 郵便爲替 (역) (편흘) (ᄒᆞ) (ᄇᆡ신) Postal money order.

*우편취급소 *s.* 郵便取扱所 (역) (편흘) (가질ᄉᆞ) (곳) A bureau of postal affairs.

*우편통 *s.* 郵便筒 (역) (편흘) (통) A mail-box.

*우포장 *l.* 右捕將 (올흘) (잡을) (장슈) The lieutenant of the Right in charge of the detectives and soldiers of the prison. *Opp.* 좌포장.

*우포청 *l.* 右捕廳 (올흘) (잡을) (마을) The prison to the Right for low criminals. *Opp.* 좌포청.

*우표 *s.* 郵票 (역) (표) A postage stamp. *See* 인치.

*우표세 *s.* 郵票稅 (역) (표) (쥬실) Stamp tax

*우피 *s.* 牛皮 (소) (가쥭) Cowhide.

*우합 *l.* 右閤 (올흘) (집) The 3rd of the three Ministers of State. *Opp.* 좌합.

*우합ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 偶合 (우연) (모들) To meet unexpectedly.

*우회ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 迂廻 (멀) (도라올) To take a round about course, etc.

*우후 *s.* 虞侯 (나라) (제후) A provincial military officer—a general's aide-de-camp (of the rear rank 3rd degree). *Opp.* 영장.

*우후 *l.* 羽後 (깃) (뒤) Ugo in Japan.

*우후 *l.* 雨後 (비) (뒤) After the rain.

우희 *l.* 上 (웃—*샹*) Above; on top; over; the top.

*우ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 愚 (어리석을) To be stupid; to be simple; to be rude. *See* 우직ᄒᆞ다.

*우환 *s.* 憂患 (근심) (근심) Sadness; grief; distress. *See* 근심.

*우환질고 s. 憂患疾苦 (근심)(근심)(병) 괴로움) Sickness and distress; disease and sorrow.

*우황 s. 牛黃 (소)(누루) Cow bezoar.

*우황 l. 又況 (또) (하물며) Moreover, how much more; *a fortiori*. *See* 황차.

욱세 s. 黑鼠 (어리석을—*우) (쥐운—*과) Impetuosity; rashness. *See* 욱기.

욱다 s. 욱어; 은 To be bent in; to be battered. To have one's prospects ruined.

욱닥이다 s. 닥여; 인 To treat in a fierce manner; to be savage to.

*욱리인 郁李仁 (빗날) (오얏) (씨) The seeds of the thorn-apple.

욱신욱신ᄒᆞ다 s. To throb; to pulsate. To be numerous; to crowd.

*욱실 s. 燠室 (더울) (집) A heated room. *Opp.* 랭돌.

욱실욱실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be numerous; to crowd together; to swarm. To be warm.

욱으러지다 s. 러져; 진 To shrink; to turn in; to be battered in. *See* 씨우러지다.

욱으리다 s. 으려; 린 To turn in; to batter. To arrest.

욱이다 s. 여; 인 To batter in. To contradict; to be headstrong; to have one's own way.

*욱일 s. 旭日 (날빗) (날) The morning sun; the rising sun.

욱적욱적ᄒᆞ다 s To jabber; to gabble.

욱지르다 s. 질너; 른 To put to silence. *See* 욱닥이다.

욱질니다 s. 질너; 닌 To be put to silence; to be shut up. To be hurt by; to be struck by.

욱큼 s. 掬 (*국) A handful.

*운 l. 運 (옴길) Luck; fortune. *See* 수.

*운 l. 韻 (운) Rhyme.

*운각 s. 雲刻 (구름) (삭일) Carved or ornamental borders—on tables, hat crowns, plates etc.

*운간 s. 雲間 (구름) (소이) Between or amongst the clouds.

*운감 s. 運感 (운수) (감동) An epidemic—of typhoid fever, influenza. *See* 시환.

운감ᄒᆞ다 l. 敢動 (흠향—*흠) (먹일—*향) To influence the sacrificial food—of the spirits.

*운거슈 l. 運車手 (운전) (수레) (손) A motor-man. *See* 장거슈.

*운구ᄒᆞ다 l. 運柩 (옴길—널) To move in a funeral procession.

*운긔 l. 運氣 (옴길—긔운) An epidemic; a plague; a visitation,—as of fever. *See* 시환.

운김 l. The vapor that rises from sacrificial food.

*운현증 l. 暈眩症 (히뜨무리ᄒᆞᆯ) (그) (증세) Vertigo; epilepsy.

*운남 s. 雲南 (구름) (남녁) Unnan in China.

*운닙ᄒᆞ다 s. 運貼 (옴길) (종발) To transport; to carry.

*운데 雲梯 (구름) (사다리) A lofty tower for scaling walls in warfare.

*운동 l. 運動 (옴길) (움직일) Movement; motion exercise -hygienic.

*운동긔 l. 運動機 (옴길) (움직일) (틀) Gymnastic equipment.

*운동량 l. 運動量 (옴길) (움직일) (헤아릴) Momentum.

*운동력 l. 運動力 (옴길) (움직일) (힘) Strength for athletics. Power to move or influence.

*운동복 l. 運動服 (옴길) (움직일) (옷) Gymnastic uniform.

*운동비 l. 運動費 (옴길) (움직일) (허비) Athletic expenses.

*운동장 l. 運動場 (옴길) (움직일 마당) A place where gymnastic exercises are performed.

*운동제구 l. 運動諸具 (옴길) (움직일) (모둘) (갓출) Athletic implements. *See* 운동긔.

*운동쥬 l. 運動棒 (옴길) (움직일) (둘—*긔) Gymnastic implments—like crossbars, etc.

*운동학 l. 運動學 (옴길) (움직일) (비홀) Kinematics.

*운동ᄒᆞ다 l. 運動 (옴길) (움직일) To move about; to go from place to place. To take a walk; to exercise; to practise gymnastics. *See* 힘쓰ᄒᆞ다.

운두 s. Height. The sides of a shoe.

*운량관 l. 運糧官 (옴길) (량식) (벼슬) An officer in charge of grain transports.

*운량ᄒᆞ다 l. 運糧 (옴길) (량식) To transport grain.

*운릉도 s. 雲陵島 (구름) (릉) (섬) An island in Chöl-la-do. Lat. 34.21. Long. 129.05.

*운명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 殞命 (떠러질) (목숨) To expire; to die.

*운모 *s.* 雲母 (구름) (어미) Mica; transparent scales of stone.

*운모병 *s.* 雲母屛 (구름) (어미) (병풍) A cloud painted screen.

*운모석 *s.* 雲母石 (구름) (어미) (돌) Mica talc. The scum floating on the surface of a solution.

*운모지 *s.* 雲母紙 (구름) (어미) (조희) Paper with various figures or patterns consisting of particles of pulverized talc

*운목 *l.* 韻目 (운) (눈) The rhyming character at the end of a line.

*운무 *s.* 雲霧 (구름) (안기) Cloud and mist.

*운문 *s.* 雲紋 (구름) (문치) Brocade.

*운문대단 *s.* 雲紋大緞 구름 (문치) (큰) (비단) Brocade—silk.

*운문중 *s.* 雲霧中 (구름) (안기) (가운ᄃᆡ) (Among) clouds and mist—indistinct; Lazy.

*운반ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運搬 (옴길) (옴길) To transport; to carry; to convey.

*운봉 *s.* 雲峯 (구름) 봉오리) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.19. Long. 127.41.

*운불ᄒᆞ다 *l* 運不 옴길 (허비) Transport charges; freight.

*운산 *s.* 雲山 (구름) (뫼) Hills or mountains. A prefect in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 40.08. Long. 126.02; a mountain in Kyong-sang-do.

*운산법 *l.* 運算法 (옴길) (산둘) (법) Operation working out of a problem.

*운산ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運算 (옴길) (산둘) To work out a problem

*운선ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運船 (옴길) (비) To sail about.

*운송계약 *l.* 運送契約 (옴길 (보낼) (글) (언약, A contract for carrying goods.

*운송료 *l.* 運送料 (옴길) (보낼) (헤아릴) The price of carrying, carriage.

*운송보험 *l.* 運送保險 (옴길) (보낼) (보전) (험홀, Transportation insurance.

*운송비 *l.* 運送費 (옴길) (보낼) (허비) The price of carrying.

*운송선 *s.* 運送船 (옴길) (보낼) (배) A boat for conveying goods or passengers; packet boats; a passage boat.

*운송영업인 *l.* 運送營業人 (옴길) (보낼) (경영홀) (업) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A transporter; carrier; porter.

*운송인 *l.* 運送人 (옴길) (보낼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A carrier; porter; teamster; transporter.

*운송장 *l.* 運送狀 (옴길) (보낼) (글) A bill of lading.

*운송장 *l* 運送場 (옴길, (보낼) (마당) The place where goods are transported.

*운송품 *l.* 運送品 (옴길) (보낼) (ᄀᆞᆷ수) Goods transported.

*운송ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運送 (옴길) (보낼) To carry; to transport.

*운수 *l.* 運數 (옴길) (두어) Luck; fortune; destiny. *See* 수ᄋᆡ.

*운수불행ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運數不幸 옴길) (두어) (아닐) (다힐, To be unlucky; to be unpropitious.

*운수소관 *l.* 運數所關 (옴길) (두어) (바) (관계홀) A matter of luck; fortune.

*운슈 *s.* 雲樹 (구름) (나무) A friend. (Comp.)

*운슈 *l.* 運輸 (옴길) (사ᄅᆞᆯ) Transportation.

*운슈회샤 *l.* 運輸會社 (옴길) (사ᄅᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (회샤) A transportation company.

*운슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運輸 (옴길) (사ᄅᆞᆯ) To transport. *See* 슈운ᄒᆞ다.

*운신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運身 (옴길) (몸) To walk with difficulty as an invalid.

*운아상 *s.* 雲亞孀 (구름) (버금) (적은비) A placard board carried behind a bier with the character 亞 written on it.

*운역ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運役 (옴길) (역소) To unite in a work free; to lend help.

*운연 *s.* 雲烟 (구름) (연긔) Haze; mist.

*운예 *s.* 雲翳 (구름) (ᄀᆞ리울) Darkening of the sky; cloudiness.

*운용ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運用 옴길 (쓸) To employ; to use.

*운우 *s.* 雲雨 (구름) (비) Clouds and rain. Sexual intercourse.

*운운 *s.* 云云 (닐올) (닐올) *Et cetera*—a contraction in writing.

*운위 *s.* 云爲 (닐올) (ᄒᆞ) Words and deeds. In such a way. *See* 언힝.

*운이 *s* 云云 (닐올) (니) And so forth, and so on.

*운인 *s.* 雲靷 (구름) (구름) Mist; fog. *See* 히미.

*운전비 *l* 運轉費 (옴길) (굴) (허비, Price of transportation.

*운전ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 運轉 (옴길) (굴) To transport; to turn round. *See* 슈운ᄒᆞ다.

*운조ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ 運漕 (옴길) (옴길) To transport; to convey; to carry

*운종룡풍종호 s. 雲從龍風從虎 (구름) 좃칠) 룡 (바람 좃츨 (범) Clouds come with the dragon, and wind comes with the tiger.

*운쥬ᄒᆞ다 / 運籌 옴길) (도모) To form plans; to devise schemes; to concert measures

*운집ᄒᆞ다 s. 雲集 구름) (모일) To assemble in large numbers; to flock together.

*운조 ㅣ (—쓰) 韻字 (운) (글조) The rhyming character. The last or rhyming syllable in poetry

*운치 ㅣ 韻致 (운) (일울) Elegance; symmetry of form, taste, beauty of arrangement, harmony of design.

*운쳐ᄒᆞ다 / 運置 옴길) 둘 To transport, to place

*운ᄎᆞ 韻脚 운) 착) A book of rhymes See 규장젼운.

*운필ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ 運筆 옴길) 붓) To wield a pen—to write.

*운하 s. 雲霞 구름) (안개) Clouds and haze

*운하 / 運河 옴길) 물) An artificial channel designed for transportation; a canal.

*운하셔다 s. 雲霞 구름 안개 셔어, 긴 To settle down as mists, fog etc.

*운하지착ᄒᆞ다 s. 運河開鑿 (옴길) 물 (열) 뚤을 To excavate a canal

*운하세 / 運河稅 (옴길) (물) (누세) Canal dues.

*운하ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ 運荷 (옴길) (실을) To transport goods.

*운향관 / 運餉官 (옴길) (먹을 것어곰) The officer responsible for military supplies, a commissary officer

*운혜 s. 雲鞋 (구름) 신, Shoes, with ornamented toes—worn by women.

*운형ᄒᆞ다 / 運行 (옴길) (다닐 To move.

*운화ᄒᆞ다 / 運貨 (옴길) (보화, To transport goods

울 s. 族 (만흘—*다) 겨레—*족, Relations 세다.

울 s. 籬 (울타리 *번) An enclosure, a fence.

울거미 s. The string that binds the top of twine sandals.

울렉 s. Gulping

울렉울렉 s. A word expressive of vomiting, gulping etc.

울근불근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be out of harmony; to be unsuitable; to disagree

*울금ᄉᆞ 鬱金 답답 쇠 A plant from which is made a yellow dye; the *Curcuma Longa*

*울금분 s. 鬱金粉 (답답) (쇠) (가로) Turmeric root pulverized.

*울금염 s. 鬱金染 (답답, (쇠 물드릴, Dye made from an infusion of turmeric root.

*울금주 s. 鬱金酒 답답) 쇠) 술 Wine mixed with 울금. See 울금ᄉᆞ

울긔 s. 鬱氣 답답, 긔운 Pent up feelings, fretfulness, sorrow, See 울화.

울넝울넝ᄒᆞ다 s. To thump; to sound See 두근두근ᄒᆞ다.

울니다 울녀; 닌 To resound; to echo. To be famous.. To make to cry.

울다 / 哭 울—*곡 울어, 운 To cry, to weep. See 울걱울적ᄒᆞ다

울다 / 鳴 (울—*명) 울어; 운 To cry, to crow.

울다 / 鳴 울—*명) 울어; 운 To neigh.

*울도 s. 鬱島 (셩홀) 님) A prefect Dagalet Island in Kang-wan-do. Also 울릉도

울도ᄒᆞ다 s. 鬱悼 답답 질그를 To be anxious to excel, to be ambitious

울두 s. 扁豆 (적을—*편) (콩—*두) A kind of bean *Dolichos lablab.*

울뚱이 s. An irritable disposition; a headstrong nature. See 울뚱이

울쳐 s. 籬柵 (울타리—*ᄎᆞ) 쇠—*데) Cross sticks—of a fence.

*울릉도 s. 鬱陵島 (답답) 언덕, (셩) Dagalet Island.

울멱줄멱ᄒᆞ다 s. To be rough; to be uneven; to be craggy.

*울민ᄒᆞ다 s. 鬱悶 (답답 (민망홀) To be melancholy, to be lonesome; to fail in heart.

*울산 s. 蔚山 셩홀) (외) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35 31. Long. 129.15.

울섶 *s.* 藩 (섶—*신) Branches or twigs used in making a fence. *See* 거섶.

울연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be dyed a delicate color; to be tinted. To be dim.

울우다 *s.* 우위; 운 To threaten.

울울ᄒᆞᆯ다 *s.* 헐허; 훈 To sound in the stomach; to rattle; to boil.

*울울부득지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱鬱不得志 (답답)(답답)(아닐)(엇을)(못) To be anxious and disturbed in thought.

*울울창창ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱々蒼々 (답답)(풀) To be luxuriant and thick—of trees.

*울울ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱鬱 (답답)(답답) To be anxious; to be uneasy. *See* 갑갑ᄒᆞ다. To be dense.

울이다 *s.* 울너; 힌 To steep (v.t.); to bring out as skill, color etc. To beat.

울장 *s.* (—쟝) 藩杖 (울타리—*번) (막대*장) A fence stake.

*울적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱積 (답답) (싸흘) To be uneasy; to be pent up—of feelings.

*울증 *s.* (—쭝) 鬱症 (답답) (증세) Sickness characterized by anxiety or uneasiness.

*울지경딕 *s.* 尉遲敬德 (성) (뎌 될, (몽경) (큰) An ancient warrior—whose picture figures on doors etc.

*울진 *s.* 蔚珍 (셩흘) (보비) A prefect in Kang won-do. Lat 36.53. Long. 129.19.

*울창ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱蒼 (답답) (프를) To be thick and luxuriant—of trees.

*울창주 *s.* 鬱鬯酒 (답답) (창긔) (술) Superior wine mixed with 울금 and used in sacrificial ceremonies.

*울치ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鬱悒 (답답) (업드릴) To be anxious; to be desolate.

울컥 *s.* Spouting.

울컥울컥 *s.* Gulping.

울타리 *s.* 藩 (*번) A twig fence; an enclosure.

울툼불툼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pebbled; to be rough; to be full of knolls.

*울홀 *s.* 倏忽 (져근듯) (문득) Immediately; suddenly; at once.

*울흥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蔚興 (셩흘) (닐) To be flourishing; to be prospering.

*울화 *s.* 鬱火 (답답) (불) Pent up feelings—that cause a fever. *See* 울긔.

*울화병 *s.* 鬱火病 (답답) (불) (병들) A fever—brought on by anxiety etc.

*울화증 *s.* 鬱火症 (답답) (불) (증세) Melancholia.

움ᄎᆞᆨ *s.* Spitting out; vomiting.

움움 *l.* With an outburst; with a rush.

움치다 *s.* To go with a rush; to burst forth.

움 *l.* 芽 (*아) A sprout; a shoot. *See* 싹.

움 *l.* 窨 (*음) A dugout; a hut in the earth; a cellar.

움나다 *l.* 萌芽 (싹—*밈) (싹—*아) 움나; 난 To sprout.

움누의 *s.* A sister-in-law—to take the place of a deceased sister.

움막 *l.* 窨室 (움—*음) (집—*실) A dugout; a cellar.

움뽕 *s.* 女桑 (계집—*녀) (뽕나무—*상) A small second-growth mulberry

움쑬움쑬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To pitch up and down; to plunge in and out. To start; to jump.

움쓸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To draw back; to start; to pitch.

움적움적ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 動 (움직일—*동) To move; to shake. *See* 움직움직ᄒᆞ다.

움직움직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 動 (움직일—*동) To shake. (Repeatedly.) *See* 움직이다.

움직이다 *s.* 動 (움직일—*동) 여; 인 To shake; to move; to agitate. *See* 요동ᄒᆞ다.

움직ᄒᆞ다 動 (움직일—*동) To shake. *See* 동ᄒᆞ다.

움질움질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To crawl; to wind along.

움치다 *s.* 움쳐; 천 To draw back; to pull in; to start.

움치러씨티다 *s.* 뗙려; 천 To draw back; to draw in.

움쿰 *s.* 掬 (*국) A double handful.

움키다 *s.* 움켜; 킨 To take up with both hands. *See* 그러쥐다

움파 *l.* Onion sprouts—as grown in a cellar.

움푹움푹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be in hollows; to be full of holes. *See* 우묵우묵ᄒᆞ다.

움푹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be hollowed out; to be pitted. *See* 깁숙ᄒᆞ다.

움쌀 *s.* 加米 (더흘—*가) (쌀—*미) Rice mixed with barley and millet.

움씨 *s.* 加種 (더흘—*가) (씨—*종) Seed sown later and between the drills of the first sowing.

움의갈 *s.* 劓 (*긔) A knife with a hooked point.

움의다 *s.* 의여; 읜 To be bent—as a scoop or knife; to be hooked.

웃 *s.* 上 (*상) Upper; the best; the highest *See* 위.

웃거리 *s.* Outer robes.

웃기 *s.* Cakes of bright colors made of rice-flour.

웃날들다 *s.* 들어; 든 To clear off—of the weather.

웃다 *l.* 咲 (우슴—*쇼) 우셔; 슨 To laugh; to giggle. *See* 히히ᄒᆞ다.

웃뚝 *s.* Standing; upright; on end

웃뚝웃뚝 *s.* Standing; on end—of several objects.

웃마치 *s.* A name given to their superior by yamen constables. An extra load—on top of the pack.

웃물 *s.* Water strained off from boiled food.

웃바람 *s.* A starboard wind; a draught.

웃석웃석 *s.* A word expressive of crunching, eating, gnawing

웃저고리 *s.* An outside jacket.

웃적웃적 *s.* Hard; strongly; with force—as in pulling.

웃주ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 듸여; 딘 To put on airs; to be pretentious. *See* 멈벙이다.

웃줄거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To move up and down; to wave.

웃줄웃줄 *s.* Up and down—as one dancing.

웃짐 *s.* 添服 (더홀—*헉) (짐 *복) An extra burden—on the top of a load. (처다). *See* 웃마치.

웃턱 *s.* The upper jaw. The top of a mountain. The upper part. *Opp.* 아래턱.

웃통 *s.* The upper part of the body.

웃품 *s.* 上品 (웃—*상) (품수—*품) The first quality, the highest rank.

*위 *s.* 尉 (벙위) An office of justice. Rank or office held by the king's son-in-law. A military office.

위 *s.* 上 (웃—*상) The top. *See* 상.

*위 *s.* 位 (버슬) Rank; position. The altar on which the ancestral tablet is placed.

*위각나다 *s.* 逆角 (어그러질) (쌀) 각 나; 난 To be a contradiction. *See* 갈등나다

*위각ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 逆脚 (어그러질) (두리) To be dislocated—of the leg.

*위격 *s.* 逆格 (어그러질) (졍식) What is contrary to plan or pattern—bad taste; lack in judgment.

*위계 *s.* 爲計 (가짓) (계교) Trick; artifice; stratagem; manœuvre.

*위경 *s.* 危境 위딕) (디경) Danger; peril.

*위경 *s.* 胃經 (비위) (굴) The stomach and surroundings. (Med.)

*위고금다ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 位高金多 (버슬) (놉을) (돈) (만흘) To be high of rank and rich.

*위고망중ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 位高望重 (버슬 놉을) (명강) (무거울 To be high in rank and reputation.

*위골 *s.* 逆拂 (어그러질) (쌔) Dislocation; what is out of joint.

*위공 *s.* 偉功 (너그러울) (공) Great achievements; eminent work; distinguished deeds; meritorious services; prowess—in battle.

*위국슌졀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爲國殉節 (ᄒᆞ) (나라) (죽을) (마딕) To die for one's country.

*위국ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爲國 (위ᄒᆞᆯ) (나라) To be for one's country; for the sake of one's country.

*위국ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 圍棘 (둘을) (가시) To surround a criminal with a fence of thorns—while in exile. *See* 가극ᄒᆞ다.

*위급존망지ᄎᆞ *s.* 危急存亡之秋 위ᄐᆡ) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) (잇슬) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (가을) A critical and dangerous moment.

*위급ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 危急 (위ᄐᆡ) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) To be dangerous; to be perilous.

*위긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 違期 (어그러질) (긔약) To break a contract; to fail in an agreement. *See* 건긔ᄒᆞ다

*위긔 *s.* 危機 (위ᄐᆡ) (긔틀) Danger; a time of peril; matters of fear.

*위긔국 *s.* 圍棋局 (둘을) (바둑) (판) A *patok* gaming house.

*위긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 委棄 (보릴) (보릴) To throw away; to reject; to abandon.

*위판 *s.* 尉官 (정위) (버슬) Military officers.

*위권 *s.* 威權 (위엽) (권세) Power; weight, influence; ascendency; sway; authority.

*위권 *s.* 僞券 (가짓) (문셔) A forged note, bill, or ticket.

*위난 *s.* 危難 위ᄐᆡ) (어려울) Danger; peril; jeopardy.

*위답 *s.* 位畓 (버슬) (논) Paddy fields set apart as a provision for sacrificial purposes. *See* 졸답.

*위대ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 偉大 (너그러울 큰) To be great; to be glorious; to be heroic; to be brilliant.

*위도 s. 蔚島 (고요돗처) (셤) An Island in Chöl la do. Lat 35 50. Long. 126.25.

*위디ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲待 (ᄒᆞ) (디접) To treat with respect; to entertain; to show honor to. *See* 접디ᄒᆞ다.

*위란ᄒᆞ다 s. 危亂 (위란) (어지러울) To be tumultuous; to be in disorder; to be dangerous—of a kingdom.

*위람ᄒᆞ다 s. 危濫 (위람) (넘칠) To be presumptuous; to be rash; to be lawless.

*우려ᄒᆞ다 s. 憂慮 (근심) (성각) To be anxious or concerned about.

*위권 s. 威力 위엄) (힘) Authority; power, majesty; force. *See* 권셰.

*위권셩당 s. 威力成黨 (위엄) (힘) (일울) (무리) Authority in the hands of the crowd—mob-rule.

*위권셩당ᄒᆞ다 s. 威力成黨 (위엄) (힘) (일울) (무리) To have power in the hands of the mob.

*위렬 s. 威烈 (위엄) (밍울) Being majestic or influential; glory; power; might; potency.

*위령되다 s. 違例 (어그러질) (법) 되여; 된 To violate the proper forms in poetic composition.

*위령 s. 威令 (위엄) (ᄒᆞ여곰) An imposing command or order. *See* 위풍.

*위령션 s. 蔚靈仙 (풀) (신령) (신션) A drug produced from several plants. The *Clematis armandi.*

*위로금 s. 慰勞金 (위로) (슈고로올) (쇠) Money conferred in consideration of public services.

*위로ᄒᆞ다 s. 慰勞 (위로) (슈고로올) To console; to comfort. *See* 안무ᄒᆞ다.

*위룡ᄒᆞ다 s. 威壟 (위엄) (두려울) To cause fear; to be awe-inspiring. *See* 듕룡ᄒᆞ다.

*위릉치 s. 萎陵菜 (이우러질) (언덕) (나물) *Potentilla Chinensis.*

*위리안치ᄒᆞ다 s. 圍籬安置 (둘울) (울타리) (편안) (둘) To send into exile and surround with a fence of thorns. *See* 가극ᄒᆞ다.

*위립ᄒᆞ다 s. 圍立 (둘울) (셜) To assemble; to congregate; to surround.

*위망 s. 威望 (위엄) (ᄇᆞ랄) Reliance placed in the emperor by his subjects; hopes or expectations,—formed of a superior by an inferior.

*위명 s. 僞名 (거짓) (일홈) A false name.

*위명 s. 威名 (위엄) (일홈) Prestige; renown; fame; influence; glory—of a country.

*위명ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲名 (ᄒᆞ) (일홈) To be named; to be so called.

*위무 s. 威武 (위엄) (ᄒᆞᆫ반) Fierceness and violence (M.).

*위무괴 s. 魏無忌 (나라) (업슬) (ᄭᅵᆯ) D. B.C. 244 A famous Chinaman of the *Yü* Kingdom.

*위문ᄒᆞ다 s. 慰問 (위로) (무를) To make kind inquiries for; to show sympathy for. *See* 됴상ᄒᆞ다.

*위물 s. 僞物 (거짓) (물건) A counterfeit article.

*위미부진ᄒᆞ다 s. 萎靡不振 (이우러질) (쓰러질) (아닐) (ᄎᆞᆯ질) To be fallen; to be gone to ruin; to be worthless.

*위미ᄒᆞ다 s. 萎靡 (이우러질) (쓰러질) To wither; to be baffled; to decline; to be inert.

*위민부모ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲民父母 (ᄒᆞ) (빅셩) (아비) (어미) To be parents of the people.

*위민ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲民 (위ᄒᆞᆯ) (빅셩) To do in behalf of the people.

*위반ᄒᆞ다 s. 違反 (어길) (도리킬) To turn away from; to act contrary to; to contravene; to disobey.

*위방 s. 危邦 (위ᄒᆡ) (나라) A dangerous country.

*위방불입 s. 危邦不入 (위ᄒᆡ) (나라) (아닐) (들) Go not into a disturbed country.

*위범쟈 s. 違犯者 (어길) (법ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) An offender.

*위법ᄒᆞ다 s. 違犯 (어길) (법ᄒᆞᆯ) To infringe or violate laws; to offend.

*위법조폐 s. 爲法自斃 (ᄒᆞ) (법) (스ᄉᆞ로) (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) Slain by the law one has one's self made; falling into one's own pit.

*위병 s. 痿痺 (파리ᄒᆞᆯ) (병) Paralysis; a disease in which the flesh dries up.

*위병 s. 胃病 (비위) (병들) Indigestion; stomach trouble.

*위복 s. 威福 (위엄) (복) Trouble and happiness.

*위부모보채조ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲父母保妻子 (ᄒᆞ) (아비) (어미) (보젼) (안해) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) To do honor to parents and care for children.

*위부모ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲父母 (ᄒᆞ) (아비) (어미) To honor one's parents. *See* 보채조ᄒᆞ다.

위불업다 s. 업셔; 슨 To be without doubt; to be without fail.

*위불위간 s. 爲不爲間 (호) (아닐) (호) 소이) Whether it succeeds or not. *See* 성불성간.

*위비ᄒᆞ다 s. 違背 (어길) (등) To act contrary to; to break (as a promise), etc.

*위산ᄒᆞ다 s. 違算 (어길) (산둡) To make an error in counting; to miscalculate.

*위서 s. 僞書 (거짓) (글) A forged letter; a forgery.

*위선 s. 緯線 (씨) (실) Lines of latitude. *See* 경선.

*위선 s. 爲先 (호) (먼저) First; in advance. Ancestral worship. Already

*위선수 s. 爲先事 (호) (먼저) (일) Worshipping one's parents; doing in behalf of parents.

*위선자 s. 僞善者 (거짓) (착홀) (놈) A false saint; a pretended philanthropist.

*위선지도 s. 爲先之道 (호) (먼제) (갈) (길) The doctrine of ancestor worship.

*위세 s. 威勢 (위엄) (형세) Majesty; dignity; severity. *See* 위의.

*위셩 s. 閒星 (비위) (별) The 17th of the 28 Constellations, Musca Barcalis 44° 8′ 47″.

*위셩 s. 危星 (위텨) (별) The 12th of the 28 Constellations including stars in Aquarius and Pegasus, 330° 33′ 45″.

*위성 s. 緯星 (씨) (별) The revolving stars —or planets. *See* 정성.

*위셩 s. 僞聖 (거짓) (거룩) A pretended saint; a false prophet; an impostor.

*위수 s. 位數 (벼슬) (두어) Order or place of a figure in a number.

*위쇼 s. 韋昭 (가죽) (붉을) 3rd century A.D. A functionary under the Wu dynasty circa A.D. 275, celebrated as a historical commentator.

*위식 s. 違式 (어길) (법) Informal; contrary to form.

*위신ᄉᆞ도에 s. 爲臣之道 ᄒᆞ) (신하 (갈) (길) The duties of a courtier.

*위심ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲甚 (호) (심홀) To be severe; to be intense.

*위싱 s. 衛生 (호위홀) (날) The preservation of health; sanitation; hygiene.

*위싱공학 s. 衛生工學 (호위홀) (날) (장인) (비홀) Sanitary engineering.

*위싱국 s. 衛生局 (호위홀) (날) (관) Sanitary office; a sanitarium.

*위싱샹 s. 衛生上 (호위홀) (날) (웃) Under sanitary law.

*위싱학 s. 衛生學 (호위홀) (날) (비홀) The study of hygiene

*위싱ᄒᆞ다 s. 衛生 (호위홀) (날) To observe sanitary laws.

*위안제 s. 慰安祭 (위로) (편안) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice to quiet the spirit after danger of fire etc.

*위암 s. 危岩 (위텨) (바회) A steep rock; dangerous cliffs.

*위약금 s. 違約金 (어길) (언약) (쇠) A payment of money such as that imposed upon a party who has failed to perform agreement

*위약ᄒᆞ다 s. 違約 (어길) (언약) To break an agreement, to act contrary to what has been promised.

위어 s. The name of a fish. The call to make a dog follow a falcon, to drive off birds etc

*위언ᄒᆞ다 s. 違言 (어길) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To misstate, to lie.

*위엄 s. 威嚴 (위엄) (엄홀) Majesty, dignity, authority; solemnity; nobleness. *See* 위.

위엄차다 s. 차; 찬 To be stern; to be terrible; to be forbidding. *See* 위름ᄒᆞ다.

*위업 s. 偉業 너그러울) (업) A great achievement; an extraordinary deed.

*위업ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲業 (호) (업) To do for a living; to work at. *See* 생애ᄒᆞ다.

*위연탄활 s. 喟然嘆曰 (숨홀) (그럴) (한숨 (갈) H heaved a long sigh and said

위유가다 s. 侯行 (위—*후) (도닐—*형) 가; 간 To accompany a brudegroom and assist at the wedding. (Prov.).

*위유ᄉᆞ s. 慰諭使 (위로) (닐올) (ᄒᆞ여곰) An officer sent to console and help the people under misfortune.

*위유ᄒᆞ다 s. 慰諭 (위로) (닐올) To condole with; to soothe or pacify by dint of exhortation.

*위의 s. 威儀 (위엄) (거동) A sense of decorum; dignity of demeanor. *See* 위엄.

*위의 s. 威儀 (위엄) (거동) Imposing appearance; dignified deportment; imposing.

*위의(가)당당ᄒᆞ다 s. 威儀堂堂 (위엄) (거동) (집) 집 I have a grand and majestic appearance.

*위이 s. 委蛇 (보릴) (비암—*샤) A dignified bearing—as of one retiring from the presence of the king. (B.O.)

*위인 s. 僞印 (거짓)(인철) A false seal; a forgery.

*위인모충 s. 爲人謀忠 (ᄒᆞ)(사ᄅᆞᆷ)(쎠)(츙셩) Fidelity in service.

*위인모충ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲人謀忠 (ᄒᆞ)(사ᄅᆞᆷ)(쎠)(츙셩) To be faithful in service.

*위인이 s. 爲人 (ᄒᆞ)(사ᄅᆞᆷ) Person; manner of man; a man's character

*위일ᄒᆞᆫ슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲一箇事 (ᄒᆞ)(ᄒᆞᆫ)(놈ᄒᆞᆯ)(ᄉᆡᆼ) To make a great deal of; to make of first importance.

*위임례식 s. 委任禮式 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(맛긺)(례도)(법) The ceremony of installation. *See* 션거식.

*위임장 s. 委任狀 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(맛긺)(글) Power of attorney; certificate of appointment.

*위임쟈 s. 委任者 (맛긺)(맛ᄒᆞᆯ)(놈) Consignor.

*위임ᄒᆞ다 s. 委任 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(맛긺) To entrust; to give in charge; to commit to the care of; to commit—to the management of another; to entrust—as the execution of any business; to apply to; to commission; to engage the services of—as of a lawyer.

*위원 s. 委員 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(판원) A delegate; a deputy; a commissioner; anyone deputed or chosen for a special purpose; a committee.

*위원 s. 渭原 (위슈)(군원) A prefect in Pyöng-an-do.

*위원장 s. 委員長 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(판원)(어ᄅᆞᆫ) Chairman of a committee.

*위원회 s. 委員會 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(판원)(모ᄃᆞᆫ) A meeting held by a committee. A committee meeting.

*위장 s. 冠狀 (위로)(글월) An anniversary letter sent by distant friends on the occasion of the lesser and greater sacrifices. *See* 표장ᄒᆞ다.

*위장부 s. 偉丈夫 (너그러울)(갈)(지아비) Full in stature; a tall man, a giant.

*위졀 s. 委折 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(ᄆᆡᆺ글) Reason; motive. *See* 곡졀.

*위졍 s. 僞証 (거짓)(증ᄒᆞᆯ) False accusation; perjury; a forged bond.

*위조문셔 s. 僞造文書 (거짓)(지을)(글)(글) Counterfeit deeds.

*위조ᄒᆞ다 t. 僞造 (거짓)(지을) To counterfeit; to fabricate.

*위쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲主 (ᄒᆞ)(님) To give the first consideration to; to count of first importance; to consider chief.

*위즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 危重 (위ᄒᆡ)(무거울) To be very dangerous—of symptoms in sickness. *See* 위급ᄒᆞ다.

*위즁 s. 危症 (위ᄒᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ)(증세) Dangerous symptoms—in sickness. *See* 즁즁.

*위지소경 s. 危平死境 (위ᄒᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ)(너ᄅᆞᆯ)(죽을)(디경) Death symptoms; the point of death.

*위징 s. 魏徵 (나라)(부ᄅᆞᆯ) D. A. D. 666. A great minister of the Tang Kingdom China.

*위지삼잡ᄒᆞ다 s. 圍之三匝 (에울)(갈)(석)(감—ᄀᆞᆺ갑) To surround by three lines.

*위즈손ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲子孫 (ᄒᆞ)(아ᄃᆞᆯ)(손ᄌᆞ) To make provision for one's descendants; to consider posterity.

*위즈지도에 s. 爲子之道 (ᄒᆞ)(아ᄃᆞᆯ)(갈)(길) The duties of a son; filial piety.

*위지쵸셕 s. 危在朝夕 (위ᄒᆡᆨᄒᆞᆯ)(잇ᄉᆞᆯ)(아ᄎᆞᆷ)(저녁) Not knowing what a day will bring forth.

*위착나다 s. 違錯 (어그러질)(그ᄅᆞᆯ)나; 난 To be a contradiction, to disagree—of statements.

*위처즈ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲妻子 (위ᄒᆞᆯ (안히)(아ᄃᆞᆯ) To do one's duty toward wife and children.

*위쵸 s. 危礁 (위ᄒᆡᆨ)(바회) A steep rock; dangerous cliffs.

*위쵸ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲祖 (ᄒᆞ)(나부) To honor parents. (Prov.) *See* 위친ᄒᆞ다.

*위치 s. 位置 (벼슬)(둘) The order in which things are arranged; position; site; situation. Situation—of land etc; relation—of persons or of a country.

*위칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 違勅 (어길)(칙셔) To infringe an Imperial order.

*위친지도 s. 爲親之道 (ᄒᆞ)(어버이)(갈)(길) The duties of filial piety.

*위친ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲親 (ᄒᆞ)(어버이) To honor one's parents. *See* 위쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*위칭ᄒᆞ다 s. 僞稱 (거짓)(닐ᄏᆞᆯ) To used a false name; to pretend to be.

*위탁물 s. 委托品 (ᄇᆡᆫᄀᆡᆷ)(부ᄇᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ)(ᄆᆞᆫᄉᆞᆼ) Any article given or received in trust; a consignment.

*위탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 委托 (위튁) (부탁ᄒᆞᆯ) To give in charge; to entrust.

*위톄젼 s. 爲替券 (위) (톄신ᄒᆞᆯ) (문셔) A bill of exchange.

*위톄슈형 s. 爲替手形 (위) (톄신ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) (형상) A bill of exchange.

*위토 s. 位土 (위ᄉᆞᆯ) (흙) Lands set apart for those who care for an ancestral grave.

*위태ᄒᆞ다 s. 危殆 (위태ᄒᆞᆯ) (위태ᄒᆞᆯ) To be dangerous; to be perilous; to be hazardous.

*위판 s. 位板 (위ᄉᆞᆯ) (판ᄌᆞ) The raised surface on which the ancestral tablet rests.

*위판 s. 僞版 (거짓) (조각) A false print; deceptive publication.

*위패 s. 位牌 (위ᄉᆞᆯ) (패) Tablets in honor of the spirits of the dead. *See* 신쥬.

*위패당 s. 位牌堂 (위ᄉᆞᆯ) (패) (집) An ancestral hall.

*위풍 s. 威風 (위엄) (바람) An awe-inspiring presence; dignity; majestic deportment; imposing appearance. *See* 위품.

*위풍(이)름름ᄒᆞ다 s. 威風凜凜 (위엄) (바람) (찰) (찰) His dignified manners swayed all around.

*위품 s. 威品 (위엄) (품수) Dignity; severity; an awe inspiring presence. *See* 위셰.

*위필 s. 僞筆 (거짓) (붓) A forged writing.

*위한ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲限 (ᄒᆞ) (한명) To set a time; to fix a date.

*위험ᄒᆞ다 s. 危險 (위태) (험ᄒᆞᆯ) To be dangerous; to be perilous; to be hazardous. *See* 위태ᄒᆞ다.

*위협 s. 威脅 (위엄) (협박ᄒᆞᆯ) Force; violence; power. (ᄒᆞ다).

*위ᄒᆞ다 s. 爲 (ᄒᆞ) To honor; to regard with favor; to worship. To be because of.

*위ᄒᆞ야 s. 爲 (ᄒᆞ) For the sake of; in consideration of; for.

*위히위 s. 威海衛 (위엄) (바다) (호위) Wei-hai-wei in China.

*윙윙ᄒᆞ다 s. To sound—as a spinning wheel.

*유강 s. 儒綱 (슈컷) (강ᄒᆞᆯ) A noted reader—of the Classics.

유거ᄒᆞ다 s. 據 (유거—*거) To inhabit.

*유걸 s. 雄傑 (슈컷) (호걸) A brave man.

*유계 s. 雄鷄 (슈) (닭) A fine cock.

*유담 s. 熊膽 (곰) (쓸기) Bear's gall—one of the three famous medicines, the others being ginseng and deer's horns.

유뎌리 s. A pit, a cellar.

유덩이 s. 沼 (못—*쇼) A pool; a pit full of water. *See* 웅덩이.

*유문 s. 雄文 (슈컷) (글) A remarkable scholar; one skilled in characters.

*유문거벽 s. 雄文巨擘 (슈컷) (글) (클) (엄지가락) A renowned scholar.

*유변 s. 雄辯 (슈컷) (말) Eloquence. A good speaker.

*유본 s. 熊本 (곰) (밋) Kumamoto in Japan.

유셩유셩ᄒᆞ다 s. To crowd together; to swarm; to congregate. *See* 흥셩흥셩ᄒᆞ다.

*유시ᄒᆞ다 s. 雄視 (슈컷) (보일) To recognize as superior; to admit the superiority of.

*유어 s. 雄魚 (슈컷) (고기) A fresh-water fish with long dorsal fin and sharp pointed tail.

유얼거리다 s. To murmur; to growl; to answer back.

유얼유얼 s. Murmuring; complaining; growling.

*유예 s. 雄蕊 (슈컷) (붓술) A stamen.

유유 *l.* Humming; buzzing.

*유장ᄒᆞ다 s. 雄壯 (슈컷) (장ᄒᆞᆯ) To be burly; to be strong, to be gigantic.

*유장 s. 熊掌 (곰) (손바닥) Bear's paws—one of the eight delicacies on which the king dines

*유쥬기음 s. 雄州雉雌 (슈컷) (고을 (강) 고을) (암) large and fine district.

*유지 s. 雄才 (슈컷) (지조) Distinguished ability.

*유창조화 s. 雄唱雌和 (슈컷) (부른 (암) 화답ᄒᆞᆯ) The male calls, the female responds—conjugal felicity.

*유천 s. 熊川 (곰) (내) A prefect in Kyeng-sang do. Lat 35°. Long. 128.10

유천 s. An idiot; a fool; an ignoramus.

유치다 s. 흘쳐; 친 To snatch; to catch; to claw. To teat. *See* 흘치다.

유치다 s. 攫 (유ᄎᆞᆯ—*ᄎᆞᆨ) 여; 친 To snatch; to catch at. *See* 취ᄒᆞ다.

유형이 s. A pit. *See* 굴형형이.

*융판 s. 雄板 (슈컷) (판자) A long-headed person; a brainy character.

*융피 s. 熊皮 (곰) (가죽) Bear skin.

*융황 s. 硫黃 (유컷) (누루) Flowers of sulphur.

유 The eighth vowel of the syllabary, long (l) and short (s) and corresponding in sound to *yu*.

*유가 s. 遊街 (놀) 거리) Rejoicing over success at the *Kwago* examination. *See* 삼일유가.

*유가 s. 儒家 (션비) (집) Writers on Confucianism; Confucianism.

*유가서 s. 儒家書 (션비) (집) (글) Writings on Confucianism.

*유각ᄒᆞ다 v. 遺却 (써칠) (물너칠) To forget; to lose sight of; to discharge from memory.

*유감 s 遺憾 (써칠, 호홀) Troubles that follow from some cause or other. *See* 유혼.

*유감 s. 乳柑 (졋) (감ᄉᆞ) Mandarine orange.

*유감ᄒᆞ다 l. 有感 (잇슬) (감동) To be worthy of thanks; to be under obligation to. *See* 감사ᄒᆞ다.

*유거도 s. 幽巨島 (오히려) (큠) (셤) An island Nimrod Island in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.16. Long. 126.05.

*유거ᄒᆞ다 s. 幽居 (그윽홀) (살) Living in solitude; a retired life.

*유건 s. 儒巾 (션비) (슈건) A cap worn by candidates at examinations.

*유계 s. 遺戒 (써칠) (경계) Instructions or precepts left by a dying person; the will of a dying teacher or father.

*유계 s. 兪棨 (몸을, 창) F.S. 柳溪 N.P. 市南 A noted minister of Korea and great scholar who lived about 1650.

*유경 s. 鍮檠 (놋) (등경) A brass lamp.

*유고 s. 油膏 (기름) (기름) Unguentum.

*유고ᄒᆞ다 l. 有故 (잇슬) (연고) To be a reason for; to have a cause.

*유고ᄒᆞ다 s. 諭告 (닐을) (고홀) To instruct; to advise; to counsel; to inform.

*유곡 s. 幽谷 (그윽홀) (골싹이) A retired valley; a ravine; a gorge.

*유골 s. 遺骨 (써칠) (뼈) The bones of a deceased person; the remains of the dead; the pieces of bones left after burning the body.

*유공ᄒᆞ다 l. 有功 (잇슬) (공) To be meritorious; to be praiseworthy.

*유교 s. 遺敎 (써칠) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) The last wish or requests of one dying. *See* 유언.

*유교무류 l. 有敎無類 (잇슬) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (업슬) (동류) If there be a doctrine teach it to all alike.

*유구무언 l. 有口無言 (잇슬) (입) (업슬) (말숨) No excuse to offer.

*유군 s. 幼君 (어릴) (인군) A young daimiō; a youthful sovereign.

*유규 s. 幽閨 (그윽홀) (집) A bed-chamber.

*유기 s. 鍮器 (놋) (그릇) A brass dish. *See* 식기.

*유기 l. 有機 (잇슬) (틀) Organic.

*유기산 l. 有機酸 (잇슬) (틀) (실) Organic acid.

*유기질 l. 有機質 (잇슬) (긔틀) (바탕) Organic Matter.

*유기체 l. 有機體 (잇슬) (틀) (몸) Organic body.

*유기형 l. 有機形 (잇슬) (틀) (형상) Organic matter.

*유기ᄒᆞ다 s. 遺棄 (써칠) (ᄇᆞ릴) To forget; to miss.

*유녹 s. 遊客 (놀) (손) One who gives himself to idle pursuits; a man of pleasure; a debauchee; a sensualist.

*유과돌다 s. 遊街 (놀) (거리--*가) 도라; 돈 To go through the forms of visitation--on graduating.

*유과ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊科 (놀) (과거) To go through the forms of visitation—on graduating.

*유관작ᄒᆞ다 l. 有官爵 (잇슬) (벼슬) (벼슬) To have rank; to hold office.

*유권력ᄒᆞ다 l. 有權力 (잇슬) (권세) (힘) To have power; to possess authority. *See* 유세ᄒᆞ다.

*유난무난 l. (란—란) 有難無難 (잇슬) (어려울) (업슬) (어려울) Difficult to have and difficult to do without.

*유납 s. 鍮鉛 (놋) (납—*연) A kind of lead; zinc.

*유녀 s. 遊女 (놀) (계집) A dancing-girl; a prostitute.

*유녀 s. 幼女 (어릴) (계집) A young daughter; a young girl.

*유년 s. 幼年 (어릴) (히) Young; juvenile; time of youth.

*유년학교 s. 幼年學校 (어릴)(년)(배울)(학교) A military school for young lads.

*유능제강 s. 柔能制强 (부드러울)(능할)(제어할)(강할) The soft overcomes the hard—gentleness is more powerful than force.

*유단 s. 油單 (기름)(홑) Thick oil-paper. *See* 유삼.

*유덕하다 l. 有德 (있을)(큰) To be virtuous; to be upright.

*유덕호사롬 l. 有德之人 (있을)(큰)(갈지인)(사롬) A wealthy person; a man of substance.

유멍밖이다 s. 여; 인 To be marked—as one beaten.

*유도 s. 油桃 (기름)(복숭아) A nectarine.

*유도 s. 儒道 (션비)(길) Confucianism. *See* 유불선삼도.

*유도 s. 幽都 (그윽홀)(도읍) The north. (B. H.).

*유도 s. 乳道 (젖)(길) The breasts. The supply of milk.

*유도하다 s. 誘導 (꾀일)(인도) To introduce; to incite.

*유독 s. 遺毒 (쎠칠)(독홀) Any evil left by the preceding generation; an inherited disease.

*유독히 l. 惟獨 (오직)(홀노) One alone; by oneself.

*유독하다 l. 有毒 (있을)(독홀) To be poisonous; to be venmonous.

*유둔 s. 油芚 (기름)(풀) Thick oil-paper. *See* 장유지.

유들유들하다 s. To be impudent; to be bold. *See* 빈들빈들하다.

유뎌군 s. Pall-bearers; bier carriers. *See* 상두군.

유만하다 l. To be great; to be considerable; to be extreme.

*유람민 s. 遊覽客 (놀)(볼)(손) A globe-trotter.

*유람하다 s. 遊覽 (놀)(볼) To go about to see.

*유력쟈 l. 有力者 (있을)(힘)(놈) A strong man, a man of influence.

*유력하다 s. 遊歷 (놀)(지날) To travel about for pleasure.

*유력하다 l. 有力 (있을)(힘) To be wealthy; to be rich; to be influential.

*유렵하다 s. 遊獵 (놀)(산양) To hunt for pleasure.

*유령 s. 幼齡 (어릴)(나) Young; youthful.

*유령시좃ᄎᆞ하다 s. 依令施行 (의지)(명령)(베풀)(힝) To act in accord with orders.

유로ᄒᆞ면션 l. 有路從乘船 (잇슬)(길)(말)(홀)(배) If there is an overland road do not go by boat.

*유루하다 s. 遺漏 (쎠칠)(샐) To omit; to leave out; to fail to perform—what ought to be done.

*유리하다 l. 有理 (있을)(다ᄉᆞ릴) To be true; to be right.

*유림 s. 儒林 (션비)(수풀) The class of Confucian scholars. *See* 스림.

유리 s. 由來 (말미암을)(올) Reason; cause, origin.

*유막 s. 帷幕 (장막)(장막) A curtain; a tent.

*유말 s. 酉末 (돍이)(끗) From 6.30 till 7 o'clock P.M.

*유명 s. 幽明 (그윽홀)(붉을) Death and life; the living and the dead. (어다로다).

*유명단위 l. 有名單位 (있을)(일홈)(홑)(벼슬) Concrete unit.

*유명무실하다 l. 有名無實 (있을)(일홈)(업슬)(실홀) To have the name without the reality.

유명분수 l. 有名分數 (있을)(일홈)(논ᄉᆞ)(두어) Denominate factor.

유명수 l. 有名數 (있을)(일홈)(셀ᄉᆞ)(두어) Applicate number; denominate number.

유명ᄒᆞ인 l. 有名之人 (있을)(일홈)(갈)(사롬) A renowned man; a famous character.

*유명ᄒᆞ지하다 l. (一一또) 有名字 (있을)(일홈)(글ᄌᆞ) To be renowned, to be famous.

*유명하다 l. 有名 (있을)(일홈) To be renowned; to have a name; to be famous. *See* 홍ᄒᆞ하다.

*유모 s. 乳母 (젖)(어미) A wet-nurse.

*유무 l. 有無 (있을)(업슬) The existent and the non-existent.

*유무상통하다 l. 有無相通 (있을)(업슬)(서로)(통홀) To give what one has for what one has not; to exchange or barter.

*유무세 l. 有無勢 (있을)(업슬)(권세) Existent and non-existent power.

*유무실 *l.* 有無實 (있을) (없을) (실할) Whether true or not .....; whether or not . ..... *See* 허실.

*유무죄간에 *l.* 有無罪間 (있을) (없을) (죄) (사이) While undecided as to innocent or guilty.

*유문 *s.* 遺文 (끼칠) (글) Any writing left by a deceased person; a written will; a posthumous writing.

*유물 *s.* 遺物 (끼칠) (물건) Things or property left by a deceased person; bequest; legacy.

*유물 *s.* 油物 (기름) (물건) Oiled articles.

*유민 *s.* 遊民 (놀) (백성) People who do not labour; idle persons; non-producers.

*유바지 *s.* 油袴 (기름) (바지—*고) Oil-cloth trousers. *See* 유삼.

*유방 *s.* 乳房 젖, 방) The breasts. The next room.

*유방백세 *s.* 遺芳百歲 (끼칠) (꽃다울) (일백) (세) A name handed down to future generations.

*유방직락 *s.* 遊放直落 (놀) (노흘) (곳을) (떠러질) Free fall.

*유벽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 幽僻 (그윽할) (궁벽ᄒᆞᆯ) To be secluded, to be lonely; to be solitary. *See* 궁벽ᄒᆞ다.

*유별ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有別 (있을) (본별) To be different. *See* 별ᄃᆞᆫ다.

*유병ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有病 (있을) (병들) To be sick; to be ailing. *See* 알다.

*유보ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遊步 (놀 (거를, To take a walk.

*유복지인 *l.* 有福之人 (있을) (복) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A fortunate person; a lucky fellow.

*유복지친 *l.* 有服之親 (있을) (옷) (갈) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) Relatives for whom one wears three months' mourning. *See* 당닉지친.

*유복조 *s.* 遺腹子 (끼칠) (배) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A posthumous son.

*유복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有福 (있을) (복) To be favored; to be fortunate; to be blessed. *Opp.* 팔복ᄒᆞ다.

*유부녀 *s.* 有夫女 (있을) (지아비) (계집) A married woman.

*유부유조간 *s.* 猶父猶子間 (또ᄒᆞᆯ) (아비) (또ᄒᆞᆯ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (사이) Like a father—of an uncle, like a son—of a nephew; ralationship of uncle and nephew. *See* 숙질간.

*유불선삼도 *s.* 儒佛仙三道 (선비) (부처) (신선, (석) (길) The three religions: Taoism, Buddhism and Confucianism.

*유불여무 *l.* 有不如無 (있을) (아닐) (又ᄒᆞᆯ) (없을) Better have none at all.

유산 *s.* A sufficiency; a matter of no concern.

*유산 *s.* 遺産 (끼칠) (낳) Assets.

*유산 *s.* 乳酸 (젓) (실) Acidum Lacticum.

*유산 *s.* 油酸 (기름) (실) Acidum Oleicum.

*유산리 *s.* 遊山客 (놀) (뫼) (손) A geomancer. A picnicker.

*유산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遊山 (놀) (뫼) To picnic in the mountains.

*유삼 *s.* 油衫 (기름) (적삼) A water-proof coat. *See* 유단.

*유상류황 *s.* 乳狀硫黃 (젓) (형상) (류황) (누루, Sulphur Lactum

*유상무상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 有象無象 있을) (형상) (없을) (형상) To be material or immaterial; to be visible or invisible.

*유서 *s.* 遺書 (끼칠) (글) A will; a last testament. *See* 유ᄆᆞ.

*유서윤 *s.* 諭書綸 (날ᄋᆞᆼ) (글) (윤) The case holding the seven royal commands to provincial governors—used of authority or force generally.

*유세리 *l.* 有勢客 (있을) (형세) (손) A person of influence; one having authority.

*유세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有勢 (있을) (형세) To have authority—in the government. To command a high price. *Opp.* 무세ᄒᆞ다.

*유성 *s.* 遊星 (놀) (별) A wandering star; a planet.

*유소 *s.* 儒疏 (선비) (글) A memorial sent by the literati.

*유소문ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有所聞 (있을) (바) (드를) To be famous; to be celebrated. *See* 유명ᄒᆞ다

*유소여허ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有所如許 (있을) (바) (又ᄒᆞᆯ) (허락) To feel disturbed about; to have a cause for uneasiness.

*유소혐연ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 有所嫌焉 (있을) (바) (혐의) (언긔) To have an aversion to; to dislike.

*유속 *s.* 遺俗 (끼칠) (풍속) Customs or manners handed down from ancient times; practices which have survived from the past.

*유슉협후ㅣ 狗蠅獃后 (오히려) (붓침) (쉬울) (뒤) Of little account; of no importance.

*유송진류 s. 油松津類 (기름) (소나무) (진액) 그옴 Oleo-resin.

*유슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 幽囚 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (가둘) To confine in a house; to imprison.

*유슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 柔順 (부드러울) (슌ᄒᆞᆯ) To be yielding; to be accommodating. *See* 랑슌ᄒᆞ다.

*유술 s. 柔術 (부드러울) (슌법) The art of throwing others by sleight of hand tricks, said to have been introduced by a naturalized Chinese and improved by some Japanese in the Keian era; a man who is skilled in such art.

*유시 s. 幼時 (어릴) (때) The period of childhood.

*유시 s. 酉時 (둙이) (때) From 5 to 7 o'clock P.M.

*유식지민 s. 遊食之民 (놀) (밥) (갈) (빅셩) The non working classes.

*유식ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊食 (놀) (밥) To live idly.

*유식ᄒᆞ다 l. 有識 (잇슬) (알) To be learned; to be educated. *Opp.* 무식ᄒᆞ다.

*유식ᄒᆞ다 s. 侑食 (권ᄒᆞᆯ) (밥) To leave the spirits in quietness to partake of the sacrifice.

*유신 s. 維新 (오직) (새) The restoration of 1868.

*유신ᄉᆞ업 s. 維新事業 (오직) (새) (일) (업) New occupations; new callings.

*유신지초 s. 維新之初 (오직) (새) (갈) (처음) At the beginning of reform; the first of a reform period.

*유신ᄒᆞ다 s. 維新 (오직) (새) To reform; to restore; to make new.

*유실 s. 幽室 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) A bed-chamber

*유실난봉 l. 有實濫捧 (잇슬) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) (어러울) (빗을) A reprobate, well enough off, but who fails to pay his debts.

*유실무실 l. 有實無實 (잇슬) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슬) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) Whether real or not

*유실물 s. 遺失物 (ᄌᆞᆯ) (일흘) (물건) Anything lost or dropped.

*유실ᄒᆞ다 s. 遺失 (ᄌᆞᆯ) (일흘) To lose.

*유심 s. 唯心 (오직) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Mere notion; fancy, or imagination.

*유심히 l. 有心 (잇슬) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) With intention, wilfully.

*유심ᄒᆞ다 l. 有心 (잇슬) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To design; to purpose; to intend.

*유ᄉᆞ l. 有司 (잇슬) (맛흘) One in charge of an office.

*유ᄉᆞ s. 遊絲 (놀) (실) Gossamer webs. *See* 아지랑이. The hair-spring of a watch.

*유ᄉᆞ 有事 (잇슬) (일) An emergency; [illegible]

*유ᄉᆞ(가)불여무ᄉᆞ l. 有事不如無事 (잇슬) (일) (아닐) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘) (업슬) (일) Letting things alone; not stirring up more trouble.

*유안 s. 儒案 (션비) (칙상) Family records of the literati—found in each district.

*유암 s. 乳癌 (졋) (바회) A breast disorder—of nursing mothers.

*유암ᄒᆞ다 s. 幽暗 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (어두울) To be dark; to be gloomy; to be dismal.

*유약ᄒᆞ다 s. 柔弱 (부드러울) (약ᄒᆞᆯ) To be weak; to be tender; to be frail.

*유어 s. 游魚 (놀) (ᄆᆞᆨ기) Fish disporting themselves.

*유언 s. 遺言 (ᄆᆡᆺ칠) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A parent's last request; a will. *See* 유명.

*유언 s. 諛言 (아당ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Flattery; adulation; sycophancy; blandiloquence; honeyed words.

*유언호 s. 兪彦鎬 (ᄆᆞᆰ을) (션비 호경) A.D. 1730 ᄂᆞᆫ 祖漢 ᄂᆞᆫ 別名. A great statesman of the time of Chông-chong

*유언ᄒᆞ다 s. 遺言 (ᄆᆡᆺ칠) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To make last directions; to leave one's will.

*유업 s. 遺業 (ᄆᆡᆺ칠) (업) A heritage; an inheritance.

*유여ᄒᆞ다 l. 有餘 (잇슬) (놈을) To have to spare; to be sufficient.

*유연 s. 遊宴 (놀) (잔치) Feasting; a banquet.

*유연히 s. 油然 (기름) (그릴) In clouds; in columns.

*유엽전 s. 柳葉箭 (느릅나무) (입) (살) A short arrow—as shot from a cross-bow.

*유예 s. 遊藝 (놀) (지조) Amusing arts; such as dancing, music, or the drama.

*유예미결 s. 猶豫未決 (오히려) (미리) (못ᄒᆞᆯ) (결단 ᄒᆞᆯ) [illegible] tation; doubt.

*유예ᄒᆞ다 s. 猶豫 (오히려) (미리) To hesitate, or waver; to be lenient.

*유영ᄒᆞ다 s. 游泳 (물즁약길흘) (물즁약길흘) To amuse one's self by swimming.

*유유라 s. 唯唯 (올흘) (올흘) Yes, yes.

*유유ᄒᆞ다 l. 悠悠 (갈) (갈) To be dim; to be indistinct; to be obscure.

*유의유식ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊衣遊食 (놀) (옷) (놀) (밥) To eat and dress without working.

*유의ᄒᆞ다 l. 有意 (잇슬) (뜻) To intend; to think of.

*유응부 s. 兪應孚 (몰을) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (믿을) A.D. 1453-1456. A military officer one of the "faithful six" who died for Tan-jong F.S. 仁同 K.S. N.P. T'euk-ke (特溪)

*유익ᄒᆞ다 l. 有益 (잇슬) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) To be profitable; to be advantageous; to be useful. *See* 유조ᄒᆞ다.

*유인 s. 幽人 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A person with leisure.

*유인 s. 遊人 (놀) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A general term applied to holiday-makers; excursionists, sight seers, and all persons frequenting places of entertainment.

*유인 s. 孺人 (어릴) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A deceased wife—of a gentleman.

*유인ᄒᆞ다 s. 誘引 (꾀일) (잇쓰을) To tempt; to seduce; to lead astray. *See* 꾀이다.

*유일신교 s. 唯一神敎 (오직) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (귀신) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) Worshippers of one God or one spirit.

*유오 s. 遺兒 (ᄭᅦ칠) (우히) A foundling.

*유오 s. 幼兒 (어릴) (우히) A young child.

*유오 s. 乳兒 (졋) (우히) An infant, a nursing child. *See* 유치

*유왕유목ᄒᆞ다 s. 愈往愈篤 (더욱) (갈) (더욱) (도타울) To increase as one goes on; to grow more and more.

*유원 s. 幽園 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (동산) A sequestered garden.

*유월절 l. (ㅡㅡ월) 逾越節 (넘을) (건널) (졀ᄎᆞ) A Korean term for the Passover.

*유월ᄒᆞ다 s. 逾越 (넘을) (건널) To overtop; to supercede, or surpass; to pass over.

*유자긔 s. 油搾器 (기름) (ᄎᆡ다리) (그릇) An oil press; a machine by which oil is extracted from seed.

*유장 s. 儒狀 (션비) (글) A petition from the literati.

*유장 s. 幼壯 (어릴) (장ᄒᆞᆯ) Young and healthy; youthful and robust.

*유자 s. 儒者 (션비) (놈) A person learned in Chinese scholarship; a Confucianist; a follower of Confucius.

*유장 s. 油醬 (기름) (장) Oil and soy.

*유장 s. 油帳 (기름) (장막) An oil-paper tent.

*유장증 s. 乳房症 (졋) (김) (증세) A disease of the breasts. *See* 유옹.

*유적 s. 遺跡 (ᄭᅦ칠) (자최) His.orical monument:

*유적ᄒᆞ다 s. 幽寂 (그윽ᄒᆞᆯ) (고요) To be quiet; to be secluded; to be sequestered.

■유전물 s. 油煎物 (기름) (지질) (물건) Anything fried or broiled; a fry.

*유전소귀신 l. 有錢使鬼神 (잇슬) (돈) (부릴) (귀신) (귀신) Money moves even spirits.

*유전ᄒᆞ다 s. 遺傳 (ᄭᅦ칠) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) To be hereditary (as a disease).

*유점소 s. 楡岾寺 (느릅나무) (고기) (졀) A famous monastery in the Diamond mountains. *See* 장안사; 표훈소; 신계소.

*유제 s. 乳劑 (졋) (약지을) Emulsion.

*유정 s. 酉正 (닭어) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) 6 o'clock P.M.

*유정ᄒᆞ다 l. 有情 (잇슬) (뜻) To love; to have affection for. *See* 다정ᄒᆞ다.

*유정ᄒᆞ다 s. 遺精 (ᄭᅦ칠) (정긔) To have involuntary emissions.

*유조ᄒᆞ다 l. 有助 (잇슬) (도울) To be advantageous; to be useful. *See* 리롭다.

*유죄 l. 有罪 (잇슬) (허ᄆᆞᆯ) Guilty. *Opp.* 무죄.

*유죄무죄 l. 有罪無罪 (잇슬) (죄) (업슬) (죄) Guilty or innocent. Guilt or innocence.

*유죄 s. 宥罪 (두남ᄒᆞᆯ) (허ᄆᆞᆯ) To pardon an offence.

*유죄ᄒᆞ다 l. 有罪 (잇슬) (허ᄆᆞᆯ) To be guilty.

*유족ᄒᆞ다 l. 有足 (잇슬) (족ᄒᆞᆯ) To suffice; to be sufficient. *See* 넉넉ᄒᆞ다

*유종 s. 乳腫 (졋) (헌ᄃᆡ) An abscess on the breast. *See* 유옹.

*유주 s. 幼主 (어릴) (쥬인) A youthful head of a family.

*유주영준ᄒᆞ다 l. 有酒盈樽 (잇슬) (술) (ᄎᆞᆯ) (술준) To have the wine glass brimful.

*유즙 s. 乳汁 (젖) (즙) Milk.

*유지 s. 油脂 (기름) (기름) Pitch; tar; resin.

*유지 s. 油紙 (기름) (조희) Oil paper. *See* 유둔

*유지하다 l. 有知覺 있을 알 [illegible] To have sense; to know.

*유지군자 l. 有志君子 (있을) (뜻) (임군) (아들) A superior man of thought.

*유지방침 s. 維持方針 (버리) (가질) (모) (바늘) Plans to tide over difficulties; ways and means of maintenance.

*유지소 l. 有志士 (있을) (뜻) (션비) Sympathizers' well-wishers.

*유지인사 l. 有志人士 있을 뜻 사람 (션비) Thinking people. *See* 유지군자.

*유지자 l. 有志者 있을 뜻 놈 [illegible] pathizers; well-wishers *See* 유지인소

*유지쟈소경셩 l. 有志者事竟成 (있을) (뜻) (놈) (일) (모칠) (일울) Thinking [illegible]

*유지호다 s. 維持 (버리) 가질) To maintain, to preserve; to tide over a cr[illegible]; to carry on successfully under difficulties.

*유지호다 l. 有志 (있을) (뜻) To think; to have ideas.

*유즈 l. 柚子 (유즈) (아돌) The pumelo.

*유조손호다 l. 有子孫 (있을) (아돌) (손주) To leave posterity.

*유조녀호다 l. 有子女 (있을) (아돌) ([illegible] 있을 [illegible] To [illegible] sons and daughters.

*유조손손호다 l. 有子有孫 (있을) (아돌) (있을 [illegible] To [illegible] children and grandchildren.

유착호다 l. To be ponderous; to be enormous.

*유처처처호다 l. 有妻處處 (있을) 안처 (칭가갈 [illegible] To [illegible] time—while the first wife still lives.

*유척긔 s. 俞拓基 (셩), 주울 (덕), A.D. 760 F.S. 祀漢 N.P 知守. A famous minister of the time of Yong-jong.

*유초 s. 酉初 (돌이) (처음) 5 o'clock P.M.

*유촉호다 s. 遺囑 (쎠칠) (쳥촉) To leave instructions; to make a last request

*유츄만년 [illegible] 遺臭萬年 (쎠칠) (내암새 [illegible] To [illegible] reputation for all time. *Opp.* 유방빅세.

유츅지다 s. 蓄 (쳑; 진 To be retired; to be solitary. *See* 구석지다.

*유출호다 s. 誘出 (쾌일) (날) To coax out; to decoy

*유치 s. 幼稚 (어릴) (어릴) A nursing child; a baby.

*유치에젼 s. 乳雅 (졋) (어릴 A simple child; a nursing child.

*유치원 s. 幼稚園 (어릴) (어릴) (동산) A kindergarten; a child's garden.

*유치호다 s. 幼稚 (어릴) (어릴) To be simple; to be childish.

*유칙 l. 遺勅 (쎠칠) (칙셔) The will, instruction, or command left by an Emperor on his death bed.

*유칠 s. 油漆 (기름) 옷 Paint; varnish.

*유쾌 s. 愉快 (화홀) 쾌홀) Pleasure, delight, comfort, or joy.

*유쾌호다 s. 愉快 (즐불) (쾌홀) To be refreshing; to be grateful

*유태교 s. 猶太敎 (오히려) (클) (구로칠) Judaism. *Also* 유대교.

유[illegible] [illegible] Judea. *Also* 유대국.

*유태인 The Jew; Jews. *Also* 유대인.

*유[illegible]호다 [illegible] 길[illegible] To stay long; to remain long.

*유통 l. 流通 [illegible] A [illegible]-letter used among the literati.

*유풍 s. 乳痛 (졋) (알흘) A disease of the breasts. *See* 유장증.

유[illegible] 젖 [illegible] The [illegible] the udder.

*유포 s. 油布 (기름) (배) Oiled cloths.

*유표 s. 遺表 (쎠칠) (표) A memorial sent at death.

유표호다 [illegible] 있을 표홀 To be distinguishable; to bear a mark.

유풍 [illegible] 젼[illegible] Inherited qualities; customs left by preceding generations.

*유풍여속 s. 遺風餘俗 (쎠칠) (바람 (남을 [illegible] [illegible] inherited [illegible] qualities inherited from one's ancestors.

유피 楡皮 (느릅나무) (가죽) Elm bark—used as a medicine.

*유하소건인지 l. 有何事件 (있을) (엇지) (일) 쁨) For whatever reason.

*유하소관인지 l. 有何事關 (있을) (엇지) (일) (관) For whatever reason.

*유학 s. 幽壑 (그윽홀)(구렁 혈이) A deep gorge; a sequestered valley

*유학 s. 幼學 (어릴)(배홀) A scholar; a savant—after death called 학생.

*유학ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊學 (놀)(배홀) To travel for study.

*유한 l. 有限 (있슬)(한명) Limited. *Opp.* 무한.

*유한급수 l. 有限級數 (있슬)(한명)(등급)(두어) Finite series.

*유한소수 l. 有限小數 (있슬)(한명)(적을)(두어) Terminate decimal.

*유한위환전 l. 有限爲換錢 (있슬)(한명)(ᄒᆞᆫ)(밧귤)(돈셔) A time draft.

*유한정정ᄒᆞ다 s. 幽閒靜貞 (그윽홀)(한가)(고요)(곳을) To be refined; to be virtuous and exalted—as a lady.

*유한ᄒᆞ다 l. 幽閉 (그윽홀)(한가) To be confined in one's own house; to be imprisoned.

*유향 s. 乳香 (젓)(향긔) Frankincense.

*유향 s. 儒鄕 (션비)(시골) The literati and country deputies.

*유험ᄒᆞ다 l. 有驗 (있슬)(증험) To be efficacious (as medicine).

*유협 s. 遊俠 (놀)(협ᄉᆞ) Gallantry; chivalry; a chivalrous person.

*유형적 l. 有形的 (있슬)(형상)(적실) Material things—as compared with invisible things. *Opp.* 무형적.

*유형무적ᄒᆞ다 l. 有形無跡 (있슬)(형상)(업슬)(자최) To be suspicious but lacking evidence to convict.

*유형물 l. 有形物 (있슬)(형상)(물건) Material objects. *Opp.* 무형물.

*유형체 l. 有形體 (있슬)(형상)(몸) Material body.

*유형학 l. 有形學 (있슬)(형상)(배홀) Material science.

*유형ᄒᆞ다 l. 有形 (있슬)(형상) To have form, shape, appearance.

*유혹 s. 猶或 (오히려)(혹) Probably; sometimes. *See* 설혹.

*유혹가야 s. 猶或可也 (오히려)(혹)(옳을)(잇기) Probably thus; likely so.

*유혹ᄒᆞ다 s. 誘惑 (달낼)(혹홀) To beguile; to seduce; to tempt away. *See* 쇄이다.

*유혼일 s. 遊魂日 (놀)(혼)(날) The spirits' festal day—one of the unpropitious days in the calendar.

*유회 s. 油灰 (기름)(지) Putty—made from oil and lime.

*유회 s. 儒會 (션비)(모들) The literati; the scholar class.

*유훈 s. 俞泓 (몸을)(깁흘) A.D. 1584. F.S. 杷溪 N P 松塘 A famous statesman of the time of the Japanese War 1591.

*유효ᄒᆞ다 l. 有効 (있슬)(본받을) To be efficacious; to have effect, power, strength or influence.

*유훈 s. 遺訓 (ᄌᆞ칠)(구든칠) Instructions or will left by a dying person.

*유희 s. 遊戲 (놀)(희롱) Sport; game; amusement.

*유희장 s. 遊戲場 (놀)(희롱)(마당) A theatre; a pleasure ground. *See* 연희장.

*유희ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊戲 (놀)(희롱) To meet for pleasure; to play.

*유흥 s. 遊興 (놀)(흥치) Pleasure; amusement.

*유ᄒᆞ다 s. 柔 (부드러울) To be tender; to be yielding; to be pliant.

*유혹 s. 遺惑 (ᄌᆞ칠)(혹홀) Troubles that follow from one cause or another.

*유히 s. 遺骸 (ᄌᆞ칠)(히골) The remains of a dead person.

*유히ᄒᆞ다 l. 有害 (있슬)(히홀) To be injurious; to be harmful; to be mischievous.

*유힘ᄒᆞ다 s. 遊行 (놀)(ᄃᆞ닐) To travel about; to walk for pleasure.

*유화 s. 油畵 (기름)(그림) An oil-painting.

*유화술 s. 油畵術 (기름)(그림)(술법) The art of painting in oil colours; oil painting.

*유화소 s. 畵油師 (그림)(기름)(스승) An oil-painter; one who paints with oil colour.

*유환ᄒᆞ다 s. 宥還 (ᄉᆞ남ᄒᆞᆯ)(도라올) To bring back—as from exile.

*유활거 s. 遊滑車 (놀)(밋그러울)(수레) A loose pulley.

*육 s. 肉 (고기) Meat.

*육간 s. 肉間 (고기)(ᄉᆞ이) A butcher's stall.

육개장 s. A dish of chopped beef prepared in fat; dog's flesh.

*육계 s. 肉桂 (고기)(계슈나무) Cinnamon.

*육고 s. 肉庫 (고기)(고집) A yamen butcher-shop. (Prov.)

*육과 s. 肉果 (고기)(과ᄉᆞ) Flesh; fat—of beef.

*육다골소 s. 肉多骨小 (고기)(만흘)(뼈)(적을) Much flesh but few bones.

*육담 s. 肉談 (고기) (말숨) The vernacular —in contrast to Chinese readings. *See* 상담.

*육덕 s. 肉德 (고기) (큰) Fleshiness; plumpness; corpulence.

*육두구 s. 肉豆蔻 (고기) (팟) (쿨) Nutmeg.

*육미 s 肉味 (고기) (맛) Taste of flesh.

육지엇 s. Taste; flavor.

육미부치 s. Meat dishes. *See* 저쌀부치.

*육보호다 s. 肉補 (고기, (보홀) To receive strength from meat. *See* 약보호다.

육부치 s. Meat dishes.

*육산포림 s. 肉山脯林 (고기) (뫼) (포육) (수풀) Large supplies of meat.

*육슈 s. 肉水 (고기) (물) Beef soup; beef-tea.

*육신 s. 肉身 (고기) (몸) This mortal body; the human body. *See* 경육.

*육신승천호다 s. 肉身昇天 (고기) (몸) (오를) (하눌) To ascend to heaven in the body.

*육식 s. 肉色 (고기) (빗) Flesh color.

*육안 s. 肉眼 (고기) (눈) Fleshly sight —the vision of common mortals; worldly knowledge.

*육영공원 s. 育英公院 (기를) (영웅) (집) A school where English is taught.

*육영원 s. 育兒院 (기를) (영희) (집) An orphanage; an asylum for poor children.

*육장 s. 肉醬 (고기) (장) Meat soy.

*육장 s. 肉將 (고기) (장수) A man of strength but lacking shrewdness.

*육종용 s. 肉蓯蓉 (고기) (쑬) (부용) Choke weed.

*육중호다 s. 肉重 (고기) (무거울) To be heavy; to be ponderous. *See* 헤대호다.

*육즙 s. 肉汁 (고기) (즘벌) Soup.

*육쥭이 s. 肉直 (고기) (곳을) One who supplies an official with meat. A meat merchant.

*육찬 s. 肉饌 (고기) (반찬) Meat dishes—eaten with rice.

*육체 s. 肉滯 (고기) (걸닐) Indigestion—caused by eating meat.

*육초 s. 肉燭 (고기) (쵸불—*촉) A tallow candle. *See* 쵸.

*육탈골립호다 s. 肉脫骨立 (고기) (버슬) (뼈) (셜) To lose flesh and to have the bones stand out. *See* 피골이상접호다.

*육탈호다 s. 肉脫 (고기) (버슬) To be only skin and bone; to be emaciated. *See* 파리호다.

*육탕 s. 肉湯 (고기) (끌을) Beef soup.

*육포 s. 肉脯 (고기, (포육) Dried beef.

*육회 s. 肉膾 (고기 (회) Minced beef.

*윤(씨) 尹氏 (맛) (각시) The surname Yoon Mrs Yoon.

*윤개 s. 尹愷 (맛) (즐거울) A.D. 1554 F.S. 坡州 N.P. 海寧. A disciple of 김안국, a famous minister of the time Myong-jong

*윤근슈 s. 尹根壽 (맛) (뿌리) 목숨) F.S. 海平 N.P. 月汀. A prince and chief scholar of time of Song-jo.

윤나다 *v.* 윤 나; 난 To shine; to be bright, to be elegant. *See* 광나다.

*윤년 *n.* 閏年 (불을) 히) Leap-year.

*윤두슈 s. 尹斗壽 (맛) (동녁) (지날) A.D. 1707 F.S. 坡平. A noted minister of the time of Yong-jong.

*윤두슈 s. 尹斗壽 맛) (말) (목숨) A.D. 1593 F.S. 海平 N.P. 梧陰. A noted prince and minister of Son-jo.

*윤둘 *n.* 閏月 (불을 둘—*월) The intercalary moon.

*윤방 s. 尹昉 맛) (볼을) A.D. 1623 F.S. 海平 N.P. 白 [illegible] 윤두슈 A.D. [illegible] of 률곡 who became prime minister and prince.

*윤봉구 *n.* 尹鳳九 맛) 새) (아홉) N.P. 坡平 F.S. 坡平. A famous hermit of highest rank in the reign of Yong-jong.

*윤삭 *n.* 閏朔 (불을) (초호로. The intercalary moon.

*윤선거 s. 尹宣擧 맛) (베풀) (들) F.S. 坡平 N.P. 美村 Father [illegible] the Sim party and a great scholar.

*윤슌 · 尹淳 맛) (슌박) F.S. 坡山 N.P. 月 [illegible] A famous minister in time of Suk-jong.

*윤순지 · 尹順之 맛 [illegible] 갈 F.S. 海平 [illegible] 윤두슈 and famous scholar in time of Hyo-jong.

*윤승훈 s. 尹承勳 (맛) (나울) (공) A.D. 1609 F.S. 海平 N.P. 晴峯. A famous scholar and minister of the time of Son-jo.

*윤신동 s. 尹愼東 (맛) (사조) (동녁) A.D. 1789 F.S. 海平 N.P. 方湖. A famous Confucianist and minister of the time of Chŏng-jong.

*윤식ᄒᆞ다 s. 潤色 (져질) (빗) To embellish or improve; to ornament.

*윤옥 l. 尤玉 (진실노) (구슬) Your son. (Epist.)

*윤은보 s. 尹殷輔 (맛) (클) (도울) A.D. 1528 N.P. 海平. A minister and scholar of the time of Chung-jong.

*윤인경 s. 尹仁鏡 (맛) (어질) (거울) A.D. 1636 F.S. 坡平. A minister and prince of the time of Chung-jong

*윤일 l. 閏日 (불을) (날) The intercalary day—February 29th.

*윤원형 l. 尹元衡 (맛) (으뜸) (저울대) F.S. 坡平. A prime minister and prince of the time of Myong-jong.

*윤월 l. 閏月 (불을) (돌) The intercalary moon—inserted seven times in nineteen years to make up the annual deficiency of the lunar years as compared with the solar.

*윤증 s. 尹拯 (맛) (건질) A.D. 1689 F.S. 坡平 N.P. 明齋. A disciple of 우암 who became famous under the *Soron*, son of 윤선거.

*윤지선 s. 尹趾善 (맛) (맏굼ᄀᆞ) (착홀) A.D. 1687 F.S. 坡平. A prime minister of the time of Suk-jong.

*윤지완 s. 尹趾完 (맛) (맏굼치) (완전) A.D 1695 F.S. 坡平 N.P. 晩洲. A famous minister of the time of Suk-jong.

*윤조운 s. 尹子雲 (맛) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (구름) A.D. 1415 F.S. 茂松 N.P. 樂閑. A prince and minister of the time of Ye-jong.

*윤치 l. 潤澤 (져질) (치도) Gloss; a rich color.

*윤택ᄒᆞ다 l. 潤澤 (져질) (못) To be bright; to be shining; to be brilliant.

윤포 l. Sackcloth used in spirit worship. *See* 주포.

*윤필지조 l. 潤筆之資 (져질) (붓) (갈) (조ᄃᆞ) The price of a painting, drawing etc.

*윤필상 l. 尹弼商 (맛) (도울) (장ᄉᆞ) A.D. 1487 F.S. 坡平. A famous prince and minister of Sŏng-jong.

*윤하ᄒᆞ다 l. 允下 (진실노) (아래) To grant; to agree to—of the King.

*윤허ᄒᆞ다 l. 允許 (진실노) (허락) To grant; to agree to; to assent to—of the King. *See* 윤하ᄒᆞ다.

*윤호 s. 尹壕 (맛) (히ᄌᆞ) A.D 1124 F.S. 坡平. A great statesman and father-in-law of Sŏng-jong.

*윤회 s. 尹淮 (맛) (물) F.S. 茂松 N.P. 清香. A great scholar and statesman, of the time of Tă-jong.

*윤힘임 s. 尹行恁 (맛) (힘홀) (생각) F.S. 南原 N P 閑齋 Chief Confucianist and minister of the time of Sŏn-jo.

울모 s. 證據 (*의) (*아) The *Croix lacrymæ*.—Jol s tears. *See* 울어.

울목이 s. 蝮蛇 (빈ᄇᆞᆯ -*빠) (비암—*샤) A species of spotted serpent with red neck. *See* 쌀모샤.

*울 s. 緞 (깁) A kind of satin.

*울멱 s. 戎狄 (오랑캐) (오랑캐) A barbarian; also used formerly in the sense of foreigners.

*울모직 s. 絨毛織 (깁) (털억) (쌀) Woollen stuff.

*융복 s. 戎服 (군ᄉᆞ) (옷) A uniform; a military dress.

*융ᄉᆞ s. 戎事 (오랑캐) (일) Matters relating to war; military affairs.

*융이 s. 戎夷 (오랑캐) (오랑캐) Barbarous nations; foreign barbarians.

*융ᄎᆞ s. 戎帥 (오랑캐) (쥬홀) A chief, the head of a gang. (B. O.)

*융통ᄒᆞ다 s. 融通 (화홀) (통홀) To circulate of money.

*융회ᄒᆞ다 s. 融會 (화홀) (모홀) To understand thoroughly; to comprehend fully.

으 The ninth vowel of the syllabary long (*l.*) and short (*s.*) and corresponding in sound very nearly to *eu*.

으드득 s. Rubbing; grinding; grating. *Also* 으드득으드득.

으드득으드득 s. Rubbing; grinding; grating. *Also* 으드득.

으드등으드등 s. Sticking. Wrangling.

으둥그러지다 s. 러져; 진 To shrivel up; to dry up.

으로 s. The ending of the instrumental case.

*으름 l. 木通實 (나무—*목) (통홀—*물) (열미 -*실) Fruit of the *clematis grata*.

으르릉ᄒᆞ다 s. 릉어; 렌 To tremble; to shiver.

으석으석ᄒᆞ다 s. To wander about—as a disreputable character.

으스러뜨리다 *s.* 碎 (부셔질—*쉐) 뜨려, 린 To grind to powder; to pulverize. *See* 부스러뜨리다.

으스러지다 *s.* 뜨려; 린 To tremble; to shiver. (Prov.)

으스러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be wounded; to be bruised

으스름달밤 *s.* A dim moon-lit night. *See* 어스름달밤.

으스름에 *s.* In the twilight.

으스스ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 凉寒 (솔흘—*오) (찰—*한) To be chilly; to feel cold. *See* 으슥으슥.

으슥으슥 *s.* Wandering here and there. Cold; chilly. *See* 으스스ᄒᆞ다.

으슥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be deep; to be dense, to be thick.

으심으심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 可怕 (올흘—*가) (두려올—*파) To be terrible; to be frightful. To be chilly.

으슴프러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be obscure; to be indistinct. To be deceptive; to be unreliable.

으은리 *s.* 亞細 (니을—*현) (들 *교) A medicinal plant. *See* 현교.

으적으적 *s.* Crunching; grinding; breaking.

으젓잔타 *s.* 不善 (아닐—*불) (착홀—*션) 잔타; 흔 To be ill-bred; to be impudent. *Opp.* 으젓ᄒᆞ다.

으젓ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 善 (착홀—*션) To be serious; to be well-behaved; to be dignified. *Opp.* 으젓잔타.

으짓감이 *s.* 破土器 (뎌여질—*파) (흙—*운) (그릇—*긔) A broken earthenware dish—as used for a brazier.

으쳐지다 *s.* 쳐져; 진 To be broken; to be crushed; to be ground up.

으그러뜨리다 *s.* 뜨려, 린 To be squeezed to pieces; to smash; to crush.

으그러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be crushed; to be smashed. *Also* 으므러지다.

으그지르다 *s.* 질너; 지른 To squeeze to pieces; to smash; to crush.

으히다 *s.* 히여; 힌 To grind; to powder; to break up. *See* 으히다.

으히다 *s.* 히여; 힌 To pulverize; to grind up—as in compounding medicine.

으붙니다 *s.* 붙내; 닌 To join; to fasten together—as timbers.

으물다 *s.* 물어; 문 To shut the teeth; to join tightly.

으박다 *s.* 陰道 (음—*구) (집박홀—*박) 박아, 은 To silence; to shut up *See* 으박지르다

으박지르다 *s.* 질너; 지른 To silence; to oppress; to grind down. *See* 으박다

*은 *s.* 銀 (은) Silver. *See* 은조.

*은가 *s.* (—까) 銀價 (은) (갑) The price of silver.

*은가 *l.* 隱家 (숨을) (집) A secluded house; a retired hut; a house of refuge; a shelter, a refuge.

*은거자 *l.* 隱居者 (숨을) (살) (놈) One who has retired from the direction of household affairs in favour of his successor.

*은거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 隱居 (숨을) (살) To live secretly; to live in seclusion; to retire.

*은결 *l.* 隱結 (숨을) (미질) Taxes from fields that are not registered; taxes unlawfully raised. *See* 은복.

*은결 *s.* (—열) 銀波 (은) (물결—*파) Waves of silver—used of what is bright or beautiful.

은결드다 *l.* 드러; 든. To be injured internally.

*은고 *s.* 恩顧 (은혜) (도라볼) Special favours; receiving special favours.

*은고 *s.* (—ᄭᅩ) 銀庫 (은) (고집) A silver storehouse; a treasury.

*은공 *s.* 恩功 (은혜) (공) Favor; grace. *See* 은덕.

*은구 *l.* 隱溝 (숨을) (개천) A subterranean train.

*은구어 *s.* 銀口魚 (은) (입) (고기) A kind of fish.

*은국 *s.* 銀國 (은) (나라) Argentina.

*은군조 *l.* 隱君子 (숨을) (임군) (아들) A scholar hermit who refuses office. A woman who is secretly a prostitute. *See* 삼패

*은근히 *s.* 慇懃 (은근홀) (은근홀) Silently; secretly; unawares—of what is good. *See* 비밀히.

*은근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 慇懃 (은근홀) (은근홀) To be intimate with; to be secretly in union with. To be zealous.

*은금 *s.* 銀金 (은) (쇠) Silver and gold.

*은금보패 *s.* 銀金寶貝 (은) (쇠) (보배) (자개) Silver, gold and precious stones. *See* 은금보화.

*은금보화 *s.* 銀金寶貨 (은) (쇠) (보배) (보화) Silver, gold and precious stones. *See* 은금보패.

*은급 s. 恩給 (은혜) (줄) A pension received from the government.

*은긔 s. 銀器 (은) (그릇) A silver dish.

*은기 l. 隱岐 (숨을) (와) Oki in Japan.

*은광 s. 銀礦 (은) (쇠돌) Silver ore.

*은닉ᄒᆞ다 l. 隱匿 (숨을) (숨길) To conceal; to hide. *See* 숨기다.

은닙사 s. Silver mounted buttons—on a bridle.

은달 s. A street-arab. *See* 즁달.

*은덕 s. 恩德 (은혜) (큰) Grace; favor. *See* 은혜.

*은뎐 s. 恩典 (은혜) (법) Special favour; grace.

*은뎐 s. 恩奠 (은혜) (드릴) A national sacrifice.

*은뎐 s. 殷奠 (룰) (드릴) A rich and sumptuous sacrifice.

은동거리 s. A silver ferrule next to the mouth-piece or bowl of a pipe.

은두구리 s. A silver teapot shaped vessel for wine—used of what one prizes.

*은둔ᄒᆞ다 l. 隱遁 (숨을) (도망) To retire from the world; to lead a hermit's life; to become a recluse.

*은라 s. 銀羅 (은) (비단) A kind of silk gauze.

*은록 s. 恩祿 (은혜) (록) Pension received from the government.

*은룰 s. 殷栗 (나라) (밤) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.27. Long. 13ᵊ.55.

*은명 s. 恩命 (은혜) (목숨) The gracious commands of a Government or of a feudal lord.

은목감이 s. A band of silver round the mouth-piece or bowl of a pipe. A kind of pipe-stem.

*은물 s. 銀水 (은) (물—*슈) Melted silver.

*은밀히 l. 隱密 (숨을) (쎽쎽) Secretly; silently. *See* 은근이.

*은밀ᄒᆞ다 l. 隱密 (숨을) (쎽쎽) To be secret; to be hidden; to be silent. *See* 비밀ᄒᆞ다.

은바듸 s. Silver coat-string ornaments—worn by women.

*은박 s. 銀箔 (은) (발) Silver mounting; silver coloring.

*은방 s. 銀房 (은) (방) A silversmith's shop.

*은복 l. 隱卜 (숨을) (졈) Taxes unlawfully raised.

*은복ᄒᆞ다 l. 隱伏 (숨을) (업딤) To lie concealed; to lie hid.

*은봉 l. 隱峰 (숨을) (갈날) The blunted end of a stroke in writing characters.

은봉박다 s. 아; 은 To inlay with silver.

*은봉채 s. 銀鳳釵 (은) (새) (빈혀) A silver hat-pin with a bird-shaped head.

*은부 s. 殷富 (룰) (부자) Wealth; riches; wealthy; opulent.

*은분 s. 銀粉 (은) (가로) Powdered silver.

*은비 s. 銀盃 (은) (잔) A silver wine cup, (generally used with reference to a cup given by way of reward).

*은산 s. 銀山 (우) (뫼) A silver mine.

*은산 s. 殷山 (나라) (뫼) A prefect in P'yŏng-an-do. Lat 39.22. Long. 126 26.

*은샤 s. 恩赦 (은혜) (노흘) Forgiveness; pardon; acquittal.

*은샤 s. 恩謝 (은혜) (샤례) Gratitude or thankfulness for favours, (received from a superior).

*은샤금 s. 恩賜金 (은혜) (줄) (쇠) Money given as rewards.

*은샹 s. 恩賞 (은혜) (샹줄) A reward, (conferred upon a person by his superior.

*은셔피 s. 銀鼠皮 (은) (쥐) (가죽) Ermine; the fur of the ermine.

*은셰계 s. 銀世界 (은) (인간) (디경) Silvery world; a large piece of ground covered with snow or studded with white blooming trees.

*은셰공 s. 銀細工 (은) (가늘) (장인) Anything made of silver.

*은슉목 s. 銀飾眼 (은) (목숨) (목) Inlaid silver ornamentation—as of pipe-stems etc.

*은시저 s. 銀匙箸 (은) (숫가락) (져가락) Silver spoons and chopsticks.

*은신법 l. 隱身法 (숨을) (몸) (법) The art of becoming invisible.

*은신ᄒᆞ다 l. 隱身 (숨을) (몸) To hide, to conceal oneself. *See* 은닉ᄒᆞ다; 은젹ᄒᆞ다.

*은실 s. 銀絲 (은) (실—*ᄉᆞ) Silver thread. *See* 은ᄉᆞ.

*은ᄉᆞ s. 銀絲 (은) (실) Silver thread. *See* 은실.

*은ᄉᆞ l. and s. 隱士 (숨을) (션비) A hermit scholar—who refuses office etc. *See* 처ᄉᆞ.

*은사 s. 恩師 (은혜)(스승) A benevolent teacher; or a master to whom one is indebted for his kind instruction.

*은사 s. 恩賜 (은혜)(줄) A gracious present (of the Emperor or other members of the Imperial family).

*은사 s. 隱事 (숨을)(일) A hidden affair; a secret.

*은사금 s. 恩賜金 (은혜)(줄)(쇠) Money—a gift from the Emperor.

*은사중엄 l. A hermit's death—a word used for what is lonely and pitiful.

*은사하다 s. 恩賜 (은혜)(줄) To give a gracious present.

*은색 s. 銀色 (은)(빛) A silver color; a light blue shade.

*은어 s. 銀魚 (*은)(고기) A kind of fish; the silver fish—a decoration.

*은연지중 l. 隱然之中 (숨을)(그릴)(갈)(가운데) In quiet, in repose.

*은연히 l. 隱然 (숨을, (그릴) Composedly; quietly.

*은우 s. 恩遇 (은혜, 뒤접을) Kind treatment; a gracious reception.

*은우 l. 隱憂 (숨을) 금심) Hidden, secret smoldering anxieties. (B.O.

은은하다 l. 殷殷 (그윽을—*유 궁빛ㄱ "빛, ㄱ ㅡ ㅡ ㅡ ㅡ to ㅡ ㅡ

*은은하다 l. 隱隱 (숨을)(숨을, To sound—as from some hidden place or from a distance.

*은은하다 s. 殷殷 (성홀) (성홀) To be great.

*은의 s. 恩義 (은혜)(올흠) Kindness and justice.

*은인 s. 恩人 (은혜)(사롬) A benefactor; a helper.

*은일 s. 隱逸 (숨을 관안, Retirement, seclusion; estrangement from the world.

*은잔 s. 銀盞 (은) (잔) A silver wine cup.

*은장색 s. 銀匠 (은) (장인) A silversmith. *See* 은장이.

*은장이 s. 銀匠 은 장인) A silversmith *See* 은장색.

*은적하다 l. 隱跡 (숨을)(자최) To conceal all trace of; to hide evidence. *See* 은신하다.

*은전 s. 銀錢 (은)(돈) Silver money.

*은정 s. 恩情 (은혜) 뜻 kindness; consideration; affection. *See* 정.

*은조사 s. 銀絽紗 (은) 김을 김 A kind of silk for summer wear

*은종 s. 隱腫 숨을) (헌데) An internal abscess

*은죽절 s. 銀竹節 (은) (대) (마듸) A silver hair-pin with leaf ornamentation.

*은지환 s. 銀指環 (은) (손가락) (고리) Silver finger-rings.

*은진 s. 隱疹 (병) (병) Small pimples—as from heat. *See* 두드러기.

*은진 s. 恩津 (은혜) (나루) A prefect in Chung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.02. Long. 127,1

*은조 s. 銀子 (은) (아들) Money; silver bullion. *See* 은.

*은초 s. 銀硝 (은, (염초) White nitre.

*은혜 s. 恩惠 (은혜) (혜일) Grace; favor; kindness—as from God. *See* 은혜.

*은침 s. 銀針 (은) (바늘) A silver needle used for acupuncture.

*은칭 s. 銀稱 (은) (저울) Scales for weighing gold and silver.

*은퇴 l. 隱退 (숨을) (집) The house where one lives in retirement.

*은택 s. 恩澤 (은혜) (못) Grace; favor; kindness. *See* 은혜.

*은판 s. 銀板 (은) (판지) A silver plate.

은표 s. 銀票 은) 표, A bank-note, bank-notes. *See* 은행표.

은표 s. 銀表 은 밧) A silver watch

*은하 s. 銀河 (은) (하슈) The Milky-way.

*은하슈 s. 銀河水 (은) (하슈) (물) The Silver River—the Milky-way.

*은합 s. 銀盒 (은) (합) A silver box.

*은행 s. 銀行 은 항소 A bank—for money. *Also* 은항. *See* 은항소

*은행권 s. 銀行券 은 항소 문서 A bank-note 은 ㅡ 은 ㅡ.

*은행소 s. 銀行所 은 항소) (곳) A banking-house; a place where silver is kept. *Also* 은항소

*은행표 s. 銀行票 은) (항소 표, A bank-bill, 은항표

*은혈 l. 隱穴 (숨을) (구멍) A secret opening; a closed entrance -in joining.

*은혈 s. 銀穴 (은) (구멍) A silver mine.

*은혈장식 l. 隱穴粧飾 숨을, 구멍 (단장, 꾸밈 A lock that fasts is without a key or with a snap that cannot be seen

*은혈장색 l. 隱穴匠色 (숨을) 구멍) 장인) 빛 A maker of holes One who makes and fastens in a way that cannot be seen from the outside.

*은혜 s. 恩惠 (은혜) (은혜, Favor, grace, kindness *See* 은혜.

*은형 s. 銀衡 (은) (저울대) A scales for weighing silver. *See* 은칭.

*은홍 l. 殷紅 (성홍) (붉을) Bright red.

*은홍색 l. 銀紅色 (은홍) 붉을) (빛) A light vermilion. *See* 분홍.

*은휘하다 l. 隱諱 (숨길) (휘할) To conceal; to keep secret; to hide. *See* 은닉하다.

*은혜 s. 恩惠 (은혜) (놀랄혜할혜) Favour and compassion; benevolence; mercy; grace.

*은행 s. 銀杏 (은) (살구) The Salisburia acuminata. *See* 은용.

*은행 s. 銀行 (은) (항할) A bank—for money. *See* 은행스.

*은행권 s. 銀行券 (은) (항할) (문서) A bank-note.

*은행나무 s. 銀杏樹 (은 (살구)(나무) The maiden-hair tern tree. *Also* 은용나무.

*은행리감선 銀行利減金 은) (갈홀) (리) (덜) Bank discount.

*은행소 s. 銀行所 (은) 항홀) (바) \ banking-house; a place where silver is stored. *See* 은행.

*은행수표 s. 銀行手票 (은) (항홀) (손) (표홀) A bank-check.

*은행업자 s. 銀行業者 (은) (항홀) (업) (놈) A banker

*은행초 s. 銀杏色 (은) (살구) A light green color.

*은행장 s. 銀行長 (은) (항홀) (어룬) Manager of a bank.

*은행지폐 s. 銀行紙幣 (은) (항홀 (죄조) (폐백) A bank-note.

*은행표 s. 銀行票 (은) (항홀) (표) A bank-cheque *See* 은표.

*은화 s 恩化 은혜) (될) Gracious influence.

*은화 s. 銀貨 (은) (보화) Silver coin.

*은환 s. 銀環 (은) (고리) A silver ring.

*을 s. 乙 (새) One of the ten calendar terms. Second.

을 s. The ending of the accusative case.

*을골 s. 乙骨 (새) (뼈) The bone, said to be in the throat of a cat or tiger, that causes the purring sound.

을근을근하다 s. To growl; to snarl; to scold; to wrangle. *See* 을으렁거리다.

*을과 s. 乙科 (새) (과거) The 2nd class of graduates in contrast to 갑 and 병.

을너메다 s. 에여; 맨 To threaten furiously a criminal. *See* 을으다.

을뚝이 l. An ignoramus; a lout.

*을묘 s. 乙卯 (새) (토끼) The 52nd year of the cycle 1855; 1915; 1975.

*을미 l. 乙未 (새) (미할) The 32nd year of the cycle 1835; 1895; 1955.

*을반 s. 乙班 (새) (반렬) Second class.

*을번 s. 乙番 (새) (번) Second number; second class.

*을보 s. 乙樑 (새) (들보—*량) A house beam—crooked op so as to make more room. (Prov.)

*을부 s. 乙部 (새) (떼) The second of two divisions; class B.

을사 s. 乙巳 (새) (비암) The 42nd year of the cycle 1845; 1905; 1965. A year of famine (1781)—used now as an expression for poverty, suffering etc.

*을야 s. 乙夜 (새) (밤) In the night; at night

*을유 s. 乙酉 (새) (닭) The 22nd year of the cycle 1825, 1885; 1945.

을으다 s. 을너; 으른 To threaten; to rate—a criminal.

을으렁거리다 s. 거려; 린 To growl; to roar. *See* 을으렁을으렁하다.

을으렁을으렁하다 s. To growl; to roar. *See* 아르릉아르릉하다.

*을조 s. (一쪼) 乙字 (새) (글자) The character 乙; the shape of the character 乙.

*을지문덕 s. 支文德乙 (새) (고을) (큰덕) (홀) A famous general of Ko-ku-ryŏ who defeated the Chinese.

*을축 s. 乙丑 (새) (소) The 2nd year of the cycle 1865; 1925; 1985.

*을해 s. 乙亥 (새) (도야지) The 12th year of the cycle 1815; 1875, 1935.

읊다 s. (읍다) 초 (읊호—*영) 읊허; 흔 To intone; to chant.

*음 s. 陰 (그늘) The female or negative principle in nature as opposed to 양. Shade.

*음 s. 音 (소릭) Accent; tone; pronunciation. The names or readings of the Chinese characters. *Opp.* 훈음.

*음각 s. 陰刻 (그늘) (새길) The characters of a seal or stamp cut into the stone in contrast to 양각.

*음건하다 s. 乾 (그늘) (건할) To dry in the shade. *Opp.* 양건하다.

*음경 s. 陰莖 (그늘) (줄기) The private part of man; membrum virile.

*음곡 s. 音曲 (소릭) (곡됴) A musical performance.

*음구 l. 飮具 (마실) (그릇) Drinking utensils, such as glasses, cups, wine-pots, etc.

*음극광 s. 陰極光 (그늘) (극장) (빛) Cathode light.

*음기 s. 陰氣 (그늘) (기운) The female element; shade; coolness. *Opp.* 양기.

*음꾼 l. 飮客 (마실) (손) One fond of wine; a wine bibber; a drunkard.

*음냉 s. 陰冷 (그늘) (그) Chills with blunted condition of the body in relapsing fever. *Opp.* 양열.

*음낭 s. 陰囊 그늘, (유머니) The scrotum, the testicles.

*음낭수종 s. 陰囊水腫 (그늘) (유머니) (물) (종기) Hydrocele.

*음녀 s. 淫女 (음란, (계집) A lewd woman; a prostitute. *See* 음부

*음달 s. 陰地 (그늘) (짜—*디) The shady side; the part hidden from the sun. *See* 음디.

*음담패설 s. 淫談悖說 (음란) (말씀) 패역할) (말씀) Lewd speeches; foul talk.

*음덕 s. 陰德 (말할) (큰) Secret good; hidden virtue.

*음뎐긔 s. 陰電氣 (그늘) (번기) (기운) Negative electricity.

*음독 s. 音讀 (소리) (낡을) Reading aloud; reading Chinese characters by their 음 only.

*음독 s. 陰毒 (그늘) (독할) Cold sweats with numbness of the body and blueness of the finger tips. *Opp.* 양독.

*음독ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰毒 (그늘) (독할) To be malicious; to be cruel; to be ugly. *See* 독ᄒᆞ다

*음동 s. 陰冬 (그늘) (겨울) Winter; cold weather.

*음됴 s. 音調 (소리) (고조) Tune; harmony.

*음디 s. 陰地 (그늘) (짜) The shady side; the side hidden from the sun. *See* 음달. *Opp.* 양디

*음란ᄒᆞ다 s. 淫亂 음란) (어지러울) To be impure; to be lewd. *See* 음탕ᄒᆞ다.

*음력 s. 陰曆 (그늘) (칙력) Calendar of the East following the phases of the moon in contrast to 양력.

*음료 s. 飮料 (마실) (헤아릴) Things to drink—tea, wine etc.

*음료슈 s. 飮料水 (마실) (헤아릴) (물) Drinking water.

*음률 s 音律 소리) (법) A tune, music, harmony. Musical pitch according to the twelve bamboo pitch pipes. *See* 률.

*음랭ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰冷 (그늘) (찰) To be shady and cool, to be cloudy and cold. *See* 음산ᄒᆞ다.

*음모 s. 陰謀 (그늘) (꾀) A secret design; intrigues; machinations.

*음모ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰謀 (그늘) (꾀) To concoct secret plans; to conspire secretly.

*음모불궤ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰謀不軌 (그늘) (꾀) (아닐) (수레박ᄒᆞ) To [illegible] treason, to conspire.

*음모가 s. 陰謀家 (그늘) (꾀) (놈) A plotter of secret treason.

*음문 s. 陰門 (그늘) (문) The vulva.

*음물 s. 陰物 (그늘) (물건) Anything that intoxicates or fascinates. Woman. (Low).

*음병 s (병, 陰病 그늘 병들, A sickness attended with chills, etc. *See* 음증. *Opp.* 양병.

*음복ᄒᆞ다 l. 飮福 (마실) (복) To drink the wine offered in sacrifice to ancestors.

*음부 s. 陰府 (그늘) (마을) Hell. *See* 디옥.

*음부 s. 陰部 (그늘) (떼) The private parts.

*음부 s. 淫婦 (음란) (며느리, An unfaithful wife. *See* 화냥년.

*음분 s 淫奔 (음란) (다라날) Unchaste lewdness.

*음산ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰散 (그늘) (흐터질 To be cloudy and chilly. *See* 음랭ᄒᆞ다.

*음상ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 音相似 소리 서로 ᄀᆞᆺ 을) To be the same in sound.

*음서 s. 淫書 (음란) (글) Bawdy books.

*음셩 s. 音聲 (소리) (소리) The sound of the voice; a voice. *See* 셩음.

*음셩 s. 淫聲 (음란) (소리) Lewd songs.

*음셩 s. 陰城 (그늘) (졔) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ing-fu Lat. 30 00. Long. 127.40

*음슈 s. 陰水 (그늘) (물) Semen. *See* 졍슈.

*음슈ᄒᆞ다 l. 飮水 (마실) (물) To drink water.

*음식 l. 飮食 (마실) (밥) Food; nourishment. *See* 밥.

*음식뎜 l 飮食店 (마실) (밥 (집막) An eating house; a restaurant.

*음신 s. 音信 (소리) (밋을) Letters; news; tidings. No communication—as between friends, no tidings. *See* 쇼식, 셔신.

*음신불통 s. 音信不通 (소리) (밋을) (아닐) (통할) No letters; no news.

*음실 s. 陰室 (그늘) (집) A dark room.

*음심 s. 淫心 (음란)(모음) Desire; lust; lewdness. *See* 음탕.

*음스 s. 淫辭 (음란)(말솜) Lewd language.

*음식 s. 音色 (소리)(빛) Timbre.

*음식 s. 淫食 (음란)(빛) Giving one's self up to every lewdness; lechery.

*음악 s. 淫樂 (음란)(풍류) Carnal pleasures; venery; lascivious enjoyment.

*음악 s. 音樂 (소리)(풍류) Music.

*음악대 s. 音樂隊 (소리)(풍류)(떼) A military or public band of music.

*음악련습소 s. 音樂練習所 (소리)(풍류)(련습홀)(너칠)(곳) A training school for musical students.

*음악부 s. 音樂部 (소리)(풍류)(떼) Office for the training of music.

*음악사 s. 音樂師 (소리)(풍류)(스승) A musician; a music teacher.

*음악학교 s. 音樂學校 (소리)(풍류)(비홀)(학교) A music school.

*음악회 s. 音樂會 (소리)(풍류)(모들) A musical company.

*음애 s. 陰崖 (그늘)(언덕) A shaded bank.

*음약ᄒᆞ다 l. 飮藥自盡 (마실)(약)(스스히)(곳) To take poison and die.

*음약ᄒᆞ다 l. 飮藥 (마실)(약) To take poison

*음양 s. 陰陽 (그늘)(빛) The primeval forces developed from 태극 by the interaction of which the whole universe is said to have been formed. Odd and even; male and female.

*음양배합ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰陽配合 (그늘)(빛)(짝)(모들) To write of the *Eum* and *Yang*; to meet—of two mated or wedded.

*음양가 s. 陰陽家 (그늘)(빛)(집) Magic; necromancy; magicians. *See* 음양쟉.

*음양각 s. 陰陽刻 (그늘)(빛)(삭일) A style of seal in which the character cutting is a mixture of 음각 and 양각.

*음양쟉 s 陰陽客 (그늘)(빛)(손) A magician; a necromancer. *See* 음양가.

*음양짝 s. 淫羊藿 (음란)(양)(메역) A medicine—an aphrodisiac.

*음양력 s. 陰陽曆 (그늘)(빛)(책력) The Russian Calender—regulated from the movements of both sun and moon

*음양립 s. 陰陽笠 (그늘)(빛)(갓) A superior kind of hat with muslin covered rim and silk-work crown.

*음양슈 s. 陰陽水 (그늘)(빛)(물) A mixture of cold and hot water.

*음양지리 s. 陰陽之理 (그늘)(빛)(갈)(리치) The law of 음양.

*음역 s. 陰疫 (그늘)(빡골) A violent complication following on relapsing fever, to which males are subject.

*음영ᄒᆞ다 s. 吟咏 (음흘)(음흘) To sing or compose a song.

*음영히 s. 陰影核 (그늘)(그림ᄌᆞ)(씨) The umbra.

*음욕 s. 淫慾 (음란)(욕심) Impure desire; lust. *See* 음심.

*음용슈 l. 飮用水 (마실)(쓸)(물) Drinking water.

*음우 s. 陰雨 (그늘)(비) A long continued rain.

*음울ᄒᆞ다 s. 陰鬱 (그늘)(그늘) To be shaded; to be thick; to be dark. *See* 음탕ᄒᆞ다.

*음웨력 s. 陰越歷 (그늘)(건널)(지날) Negative electricity.

음전ᄒᆞ다 l. To be guileless; to be sincere; to be gentle.

*음정 s. 音程 (소리)(갈) Intervals.

음표 l. 於音 (놀—*어)(소리—*음) The half of a note of exchange.

*음종 s. 陰症 (그늘)(헌데) A disease in the secret parts. *Opp.* 양종.

*음쥬ᄒᆞ다 l. 飮酒 (마실)(술) To drink wine or other ardent spirits.

*음쥭 s. 陰竹 (그늘)(대) A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 47.08. Long. 127.33.

*음증 s. 陰症 (그늘)(증세) A disease marked by chills etc. in contrast to 양증. *See* 음병.

음지 l. 於音 (놀—*어) (소리—*음) A note of exchange.

*음지교차 s. 音之交叉 (소리)(갈)(사괼)(어긔여질) Interference of sound.

*음질 s. 陰疾 (그늘)(병) Gonorrhœa.

*음차 s. 音叉 (소리)(어긔여질) A tuning fork.

*음청 s. 陰晴 (그늘)(ᄇᆡ일) Cloudy and clear weather; rain and sunshine.

*음청긔 s. 陰晴計 (그늘)(ᄇᆡ일)(바늘) The hand of a weather barometer.

*음청표 s. 陰晴標 (그늘)(ᄇᆡ일)(표) Weather signals.

*음충맞다 *a.* 바자; 진 To be lewd; to be lecherous; to be licentious.

음[illegible]다 *a.* 陰濕 (그늘) (축랑) (호) To [illegible]ning; to be crafty; to be deceitful. [illegible] 다

*음침하다 *a.* 陰沉 (그늘) (중길) To be shady; to be dark; to be cloudy. *See* 침침하다.

*음탕하다 *a.* 淫盪 (음란) 탕호 To be lewd; to be lecherous. *See* 음호다.

*음탕하다 *a.* 淫蕩 (음란) (방탕) To be lewd; to be lustful; to be licentious. *See* 음탕하다.

*음통하다 *a.* 淫通 (음란) (통할) To have carnal knowledge—as a young person.

*음[illegible] 남의 [illegible] 다 To be cunning; to be crafty; to be deceitful. *See* 음측하다.

*음측하다 *a.* 陰惻 (구만히) (사측) To be cunning; to be crafty; to be deceitful. *See* 음측스럽다.

*음택 *n.* 陰擇 (그늘) (갈릴) The choice of a grave site in contrast to the choice of a house site 양택.

*음풍 *n.* 陰風 (그늘) (바람) An unpropitious wind; noxious atmosphere.

*음풍 *n.* 淫風 (음란) (바람) Lewd manners or habits.

*음해하다 *a.* [illegible] (구만호 [illegible] 해홀) To injure secretly. *See* 암해하다

*음흉하다 *a.* 흉[illegible] 조[illegible] (소[illegible] 비롯) Atrocious.

*음허상동 陰虛傷動 (그늘) 뷔일 보) 움직일) Consumption—brought on by excess.

*음형 *n.* 陰形 (그늘) (그림조) Shade; shadow.

*음호 *n.* 陰戶 (그늘) (지게) The vulva.

*음흉스럽다 *a.* 陰凶 구만호 [illegible] 흉인 To be cunning; to be crafty; to be hypocritical. *See* 음흉하다.

음[illegible]머니 *n.* A receptacle for all that is [illegible]

*음흉하다 *a.* 陰凶 (구만히) (흉호) To injure secretly. *See* 음흉하다.

*음호다 [illegible] 음[illegible] To be lewd; to be lecherous. *See* 음탕하다.

*음행 *n.* 淫行 (음란) (힝실) Lewd actions; unfaithfulness—of a wife. *See* 음욕.

*음화 *n.* 陰火 도[illegible] Phosphorescent light Friar's lantern; ignis-fatuis.

*읍 *n.* 邑 (고을) The official town of a district—where the magistrate resides. *See* 고을.

*읍각부동 *n.* 邑各不同 (고을) (각) (아닐) (호가지) Every district has its own customs

*읍권 *n.* 邑權 (고을) (권세) District authority.

*읍내 *n.* 邑內 (고을) (안) The official town of a district—where the magistrate resides. *See* 읍촌.

*읍대 *n.* 邑邸 (고을) (집사) An official centre; a magistrate's town.

*읍례 *n.* 揖禮 (읍홀) (례도) Salutation.

*읍리 *n.* 邑吏 (고을) (아전) A village official.

*읍리 *n.* 邑里 (고을) (마을) A village.

*읍무 *n.* 邑務 (고을) (힐쓸) District official business.

*읍선생 *n.* 邑先生 (고을) (몬저) (날) The influential and intelligent man of a district.

*읍소호다 *a.* 泣訴 (울) (알일) To complain with tears in the eyes.

*읍속 *n.* 邑屬 (고을) (붓칠) Yamen servants; writers; runners etc. *See* 아속비.

*읍양지풍 *n.* 揖讓之風 (읍홀) (소양) (갈) (바람) Bowing by lifting the hands and stepping aside for.

*읍양호다 *a.* 揖讓 (읍홀) (소양) To decline respectfully in favor of another.

*읍인 [illegible] 읍[illegible] 고을 사[illegible] A person living [illegible] 읍

*읍중 *n.* 邑中 (고을) (가온디) (Within) a district. *See* 읍내.

*읍지 [illegible] 읍[illegible] 고을 [illegible] 긔록 [illegible] district annals or records.

*읍진 *n.* 泣塵 (저질) (틔쓸) Dust and water; a slight mixture—of mud.

*읍징호다 *a.* 邑徵 (고을) (부를) To refer to the district—as tax-collections etc.

*읍촌 *n.* 邑村 (고을) (마을) A district village or settlement.

*읍혈 *n.* 泣血 (울) (피) Tears of blood.

*읍호 *n.* 邑豪 (고을) (호걸) Wealthy villagers; rapacious aristocrats.

*읍[illegible]다 揖 읍[illegible] [illegible] the hands and lifting them before the face

옷듬 [illegible] 것 (*천) The first, the chief; the head; the original; the principal

옷석옷석 *s.* Crunching. *See* 옷적옷적.

옷슥옷슥 *s.* Up and down, up and down —as the shoulders of a dancer.

옷지옷적 *s.* Crunching; smashing—as of falling timbers. *See* 옷석옷석.

*의 *l.* 義 (옳을) Faithfulness; righteousness; loyalty; patriotism.

*의 *s.* 衣 (옷) Clothes; covering; the husk.

*의 *l.* 誼 (의보옳) Intercourse; relationship, friendship; affection.

의 *s.* The genitive case-ending—of; of the.

*의가 *s.* 醫家 (의원) (집) Physicians; writers on medicine.

*의가 *s.* 衣架 (옷) (시렁) A clothes-press; a wardrobe.

*의가서 *s.* 醫家書 (의원) (집) (글) The forms for medical prescriptions. *See* 의세.

*의가지락 *s.* 宜家之樂 (맛당) (집) (갈) (즐거울) Domestic joys. *See* 실가지락.

*의가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 依家 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) To secure a house.

*의각지세 *s.* 猗角之勢 (비길) (뿔) (갈) (형세) A dead-lock; a state of mutual helplessness.

의거리 A wardrobe. *See* 의장.

*의거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 依據 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (웅거) To secure a livelihood; to take up one's abode. *See* 의빙ᄒᆞ다.

의건모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To take up one's abode; to obtain a living.

의게 *s.* Ending of the dative case—to; to the. (Of persons or personified things). *See* 호ᄃᆡ.

*의견 *l.* 意見 (뜻) (볼) Opinion; idea. *See* 의량.

*의견서 *l.* 意見書 (뜻) (볼) (글) A written statement of one's opinion.

*의결 *s.* 議決 (의론) (결단) Consultation and decision.

*의결ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 議決 (의론) (결단ᄒᆞᆯ) To decide; to resolve.

*의고문ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 依古文 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (녜) (글월) To be according to ancient writings. *See* 몽고문ᄒᆞ다.

*의구총 *l.* 義狗塚 (올흘) (기) (무덤) The grave of a faithful dog.

*의구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 依舊 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (녜) To be as formerly; to be unchanged. *See* 여젼ᄒᆞ다.

*의구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 疑懼 (의심) (두려울) To doubt and fear.

*의군 *l.* 義軍 (올흘) (군ᄉᆞ) Loyal or patriotic soldiers; a band of volunteers.

*의귀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 依歸 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (도라갈) To depend upon; to rely on; to commit one's self to the disposal of another.

*의금부 *l.* 義禁府 (올흘) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) (마을) The prison for official offenders. *See* 금부.

*의긔 *l.* 義氣 (올흘) (긔운) Chivalry; heroism; public spirit. *See* 호긔.

*의긔남ᄌᆞ *l.* 義氣男子 (올흘) (긔운) (사나ᄒᆡ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A hero; a man of chivalry. *See* 호걸.

*의긔양양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 意氣揚揚 (뜻 긔운) (놉흘) (놉흘) To be unconquerable—of chivalry etc.

*의긔지용 *l.* 義氣之勇 (올흘) (긔운) (갈) (용맹) Moral courage. *Opp.* 일긔지용.

*의관 *l.* 意館 (뜻) (집) The Italian legation.

*의관 *l.* 議官 (의론) (벼슬) Privy Councillors. Senators.

*의관 *s.* 衣冠 (옷) (갓) Hat and clothes; a suit. *See* 옷.

*의관 *s.* 醫官 (의원) 벼슬) The royal surgeon.

*의관긔 *s.* 衣冠氣 옷) (갓) (손) People of caps and dress—the official class. *See* 의관지인.

*의관렬파ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 衣冠裂破 (옷) (갓) (찢길) (헤여질) To have hat and clothes torn.

*의관문물 *s.* 衣冠文物 (옷) (갓) (글) (만물) Dress and customs.

*의관지인 *s.* 衣冠之人 (옷) (갓) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) People of dress and caps—the official class. *See* 의관긔.

*의난처 *s.* (—란) 疑難處 (의심) (어려울) (곳) A doubt; a difficulty

*의녀 *l.* 義女 (올흘) (계집) A virtuous woman.

*의녀 醫女 (의원) (계집) A woman physician. *Also* 녀의.

*의념 *s.* 疑念 (의심) (싱각) Doubt; suspicion, disbelief.

*의령 *s.* 宜寧 (맛당) (명안—*녕) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.17. Long. 128.21.

*의단 *s.* 疑團 (의심) (둉굴) Doubt; scepticism; dubitation.

*의당 /. 義膽 (올흑) (담) Chivalrous mind; heroic spirit.

*의대리 s. 意大利 (뜻)(큰)(리홀) Italy.

*의당당히 s. 宜當當 (맛당) (맛당) (맛당) Of necessity; certainly.

*의당소 s. 宜當事 (맛당)(맛당)(일) The right thing; the proper thing.

*의당ᄒᆞ다 s. 宜當 (맛당) (맛당) To be right; to be suitable; to be proper. *See* 걸맞다.

*의덕 s. 懿德 (굿셀) (큰) Morality; virtue; moral faculties.

*의뎐 s. 儀典 (거동)(법) A regulation; rules of ceremony.

*의뎨 /. 議題 (의논) (명홀) (뻐슬) Subject for discussion.

*의뎨 /. 義弟 (올흘)(아오) Brothers—in faith and loyalty.

*의뎡관 /. 議定官 (의론) (명홀) (벼슬) A sort of committee in the Board of Decorations.

*의뎡안 s. 議定案 (의론)(명홀)(책상) A question decided.

*의뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 議定 (의론 (명홀) To discuss and settle; to consider and decide.

*의도 /. 義徒 (올흘) (무리) "The righteous army"; the insurgents.

*의동일실 義同一室 (올흘) (ᄒᆞ가지) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (집) Loyalty—like that of one and the same family.

*의디욱 /. 蟻地獄 (개암이) (싸) (옥) An ant-lion.

*의디 s. 衣帶 (옷) (띄) Clothes and girdle, garments; cape or uniform.

*의뎐 s. 衣殿 (옷) (의뎐) The royal robes.

*의뎐반방 s. 衣帶飯桶 (옷) (전뎌) (밥) (쥬머니) A clothes-horse and scrap bag—of a useless and good for nothing person.

*의량 /. 意量 (뜻) (헤아릴) Capacity of mind. *See* 의소.

*의려ᄒᆞ다 s. 疑慮 (의심) (생각) To be in doubt; to be uncertain. *See* 의혹ᄒᆞ다.

*의렬 /. 義烈 (올흘) (뎌울) Gallantry, heroism; chastity; chivalry; faithfulness.

*의례 s. 依例 (의지홀) (젼례) By precedent; by law. *See* 의법. Originally.

*의례젼 s. (—— 뎬) 古例件 (의지홀) (젼례) (법) A matter of precedent.

*의론ᄒᆞ다 /. 議論 (의론) (의론) To consult together; to talk over; to discuss.

*의롭다 /. 義 (올흘—*의) 로와; 은 To be just; to be true.

*의뢰뎍 s. 依賴的 의지홀 (힘입을 (뎍실) Dependence on others.

*의뢰심 s. 依賴心 의지홀 (힘입을, 무옴) A mind that depends on the help of others.

*의뢰인 s. 依賴人 의지홀 (힘입을, 사ᄅᆞᆷ, One who requests or relies upon another as applicant, a petitioner

*의뢰ᄒᆞ다 s. 依賴 (의지홀) (힘입을) To apply for; to solicit; to depend.

*의롱 s. 衣籠 (옷) (롱) A clothes-press.

*의료 s. 醫療 (의원) (나을) Medical treatment.

*의리 /. 義理 (올흘) (리치) Truth and right; what appeals to the heart and mind as true.

*의리당연 / 義理當然 올흘 리치 맛당) (그럿) What is according to law and right.

*의리부동ᄒᆞ다 /. 義理不同 올흘) (리치) (아닐) (ᄒᆞ가지 To be contrary to truth and right; to be insincere.

*의림지 /. 義林池 올흘 (수플) (못) A lake in North Ch'ung-ch'ung Ch'ch'ŏn county.

*의막 s. 依幕 (의지홀) (장막) A tent pitched in the way of a procession etc.

*의모 /. 義母 (올흘) (어미) An adopted mother.

*의무 /. 義務 (올흘) (힐살) Duty; obligation.

*의문 s. 儀文 (거동) (글월) Ceremonies, manners, style. *See* 법.

*의문ᄒᆞ다 s. 疑問 의심ᄒᆞ 무ᄅᆞᆯ To ask of what one doubts.

의뭉스럽다 s. 라워; 운 To be intelligent; to be bright; to be clever.

의뭉ᄒᆞ다 s To be intelligent; to be bright, to be liberal.

*의미 /. 意味 (뜻) (맛) The flavor; taste; interest.

*의복ᄒᆞ다 s. 衣服 옷 입을 To be thinly clad.

*의법 s. 儀法 거동 (법) Established rules; an example; a model; a precedent.

*의법 s. 依法 (의지홀) (법) According to law.

*의법ᄒᆞ다 s. 依法 의지홀 (법) To be according to law. To lay a criminal prostrate—for paddling.

*의병 *l.* 義兵 (을흉) (군소) Troops raised and supported by public subscription. The insurgents.

*의병장 *l.* 義兵將 (을흉) (군소) (장슈) An officer in command of 의병.

*의복 *s.* 衣服 (옷) (옷) Clothes; dress. *See* 의표

*의복개량 *s.* 衣服改良 (옷) (옷) (곳칠) (어질) Reform in style of garments.

*의복(이)남루하다 *s.* 衣服襤褸 (옷) (옷) (해어질) (해어질) To be in rags.

*의복음식 *s.* 衣服飮食 (옷) (옷) (마실) (밥) Clothes and food.

*의복풍산술 *s.* 醫卜風水術 (의원) (졈복) (바람) (식) (술법) The three arts of medicine, magic, and geomancy.

*의부 *l.* 義父 (을흉) (아비) A step-father. *Opp.* 서모.

*의부 *l.* 衣父 (즁의) (아비) An adopted father.

*의부 *l.* 義婦 (을흉) (며느리) A chaste woman; a faithful wife.

*의부하다 *s.* 蟻附 (개암이) (붓흘) To assemble in large numbers; to swarm; to flock together in crowds.

*의분 *l.* 義憤 (을흉) (분홀) Righteous anger.

의붓아비 *l.* A step-father.

*의빈부 *s.* 儀賓府 (거동) (손) (마을) Office of the king's son-in-law.

*의빙하다 *s.* 依憑 (의지홀) (빙거) To act according to; to comply with; to be according to precedent; to merely copy. *See* 빙거하다.

*의상 *s.* 衣裳 (옷) (치마) Dress; clothes. *See* 의복.

*의서 *s.* 醫書 (의원) (글) A doctor's book; works on medicine. *See* 의가서.

*의세하다 *s.* 依勢 (의지홀) (형세) To presume on one's position or circumstances. *See* 빙세하다.

*의성 *l.* 義城 (을흉) (재) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 36.16. Long. 128.42.

*의송 *s.* 議送 (의론) (보낼) A petition to the governor concerning something that a magistrate has been unable to settle.

*의수히 *s.* 依數 (의지홀) (두어) Fully; completely.

*의수장연하다 *s.* 依數當然 (의지홀) (두어) (맛당) (그럴) To pass as true—of falsehoods etc.

*의수하다 *s.* 依數 (의지홀) (두어) To be complete; to be full; to fail in nothing.

*의술 *s.* 醫術 (의원) (술법) Medical art; the science of medicine.

*의술가 *s.* 醫術家 (의원) (술법) (집) A medical family.

*의식 *s.* 儀式 (거동) (법) Forms of ceremony; rite; etiq. ette.

*의식 *s.* 衣食 (옷) (밥) Food and clothing.

*의식지방 *s.* 衣食之方 옷) (밥) (갈) (모) Means of livelihood; a place where one gains food and clothing.

*의식지우 *s.* 衣食之憂 (옷) (옷) (갈) (근심) Anxiety as to food and dress.

*의식족이지례절 *s.* 衣食足而知禮節 (옷) (밥) (넉넉홀) (마) (알) (례도) (마디) When clothed and fed one does ceremony.

*의신 *s.* 疑臣 (즁의) (몸) I; myself—used by the lower classes before an official

*의심스럽다 *s.* 疑心 (의심) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) 러워; 운 To doubt; to be suspicious of. To be doubtful; to be suspicious. *See* 의심업다.

*의심업다 *s.* 疑心 (의심) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) 업어; 슨 To be suspicious; to cause doubt. *See* 아ᄂᆞ하다.

*의심하다 *s.* 疑心 (의심) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To doubt; to be suspicious of; to be uncertain. *See* 의려하다.

*의소 *l.* 意思 (뜻) (싱각) Thought; idea. *See* 의향.

*의소 *s.* 醫師 (의원) (스승) A physician; a doctor. *See* 의원.

*의소 *l.* 義死 (을흉) (죽을) Martyrdom.

*의소 *l.* 義士 (을흉) (션비) A faithful loyal person; a chivalrous person; a patriot; a martyr.

*의소 *l.* 議事 (의론) (일) Discussion; debate.

*의소부도처 *l.* 意思不到處 (뜻) (싱각) (아닐—*불) (니를—*도) (곳—*처) What is beyond one's power of thought.

*의소실 *l.* 議事室 (의론) (일) (집) An assembly hall; the hall where Houses of the Diet meet.

*의소처 *l.* 意思處 (뜻) (싱각) (곳) The object or grounds of one's thoughts or desires.

*의소하다 *l.* 義死 (을흉) (죽을) To die as a faithful martyr.

*의소하다 *l.* 議事 (의소) (일) To deliberate over affairs of state.

*의생 n. 醫生 (의원) (날) A medical doctor.

*의아ᄒᆞ다 v. 疑訝 (의아) 의심 To doubt, to suspect. *Se.* 의심ᄒᆞ다

의안 n. 議案 (의논ᄒᆞᆫ 안건) Proposition to be discussed at a public assembly; a bill; a project.

*의안 n. 疑案 (의심) (책상) A matter impossible to settle; a matter of doubt.

*의약 n. 醫藥 (의원) (약) Physician and medicine.

*의약복서 n. 醫藥卜筮 (의원) (약) (졈) (졀) Doctors, medicine and sorcery.

*의약부참 n. 醫藥同參 (의원) (약) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (참예) An official medical office.

*의업 n. 醫業 (의원) (업) The business of a physician; medical profession.

*의역ᄒᆞ다 l. 意譯 (뜻) (번역) To translate the meaning of a phrase etc.

*의연금 l. 義捐金 (올흠) (보ᄇᆞᆯ) (쇠) Money given in charity; subscription money for a charitable purpose.

*의연ᄒᆞ다 l. 義捐 (올흠) (보ᄇᆞᆯ) Giving anything in charity; contribution.

*의연히 n. 依然 (의지) (그럴) Indistinctly; dimly.

*의옥 n. 疑獄 (의심) (옥) Doubt.

*의외 l. 意外 (뜻) (밧) Unexpectedly; unforeseen; unthought of. *See* 넘의.

*의외지변 l. 意外之變 (뜻) (밧) (갈) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) An unexpected encounter, disaster etc. *See* 의외지ᄉᆞ

*의외지ᄉᆞ l. 意外之事 (뜻) (밧) (갈) (일) Unexpected business. *See* 돌연ᄉᆞ변.

*의ᄉᆞ 義勇 올흠 (날랠) (군ᄉᆞ) (무ᄉᆞᆫ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) courage; heroism

*의용병 l. 義勇兵 (올흠) (날랠) (군ᄉᆞ) Volunteers.

*의ᄒᆞ다 v. 依依 의ᄒᆞ다 To be fresh and green. To be indistinct. *See* 의희ᄒᆞ다.

*의희ᄒᆞ다 v. 依稀 (흐릿) To be bright, shining, or clear (as water); (as the surface of the water); to ripple.

*의이 n. 薏苡 (율모) (율모) Seeds of Coix lachryma. *See* 율모

*의이인 n. 薏苡仁 (율모 율모 ᄲᅡ) Seeds of the Coix lachryma.

*의인 l. 義人 (올흠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A faithful man; a loyal subject, a just person.

*의인ᄆᆞᆯ용 n. 疑人勿用 (의심 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (말 (쓸) Do not employ doubtful or suspicious people.

*의원 n. 醫員 의원 과의 A physician; a surgeon; a medicine-man *See* 의ᄉᆞ.

*의원 l. 議員 (의론) (인원) A member of an assembly; a member of the Imperial Diet.

*의원 l. 議院 (의론, 집) A house of the Imperial Diet.

*의원면본관ᄒᆞ다 l. 依願免本官 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) (면ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆫ) (벼슬) To relieve one of office in response to a written resignation.

*의장 n. 衣欌 (옷) (곰ᄒᆞᆯ) A clothes-press. *See* 의가히.

*의재언ᄒᆞ 疑在言外 의심 ᄂᆞ 말ᄉᆞᆷ (말) (ᄭᅡᆨ) (ᄭᅡᆨ) from what is doubtful or suspicious —in the reading of characters.

*의장 l. 議長 (의론) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) The President of the Privy Council or of an assembly or meeting.

*의장병 n. 儀仗兵 (거동) (집ᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) Military escort; guard of honour.

*의적 l. 義賊 (올흠) (도적) A virtuous outlaw—who robs the rich to feed the poor.

*의전 n. 衣廛 (옷) (젼) A clothes store.

*의젼례 n. 依前例 (의지) (앞) (젼례) Precedent; established rites; former laws.

*의제 n. 衣制 (옷) (법제) Fashion as to clothing.

*의절ᄒᆞ다 l. 義絕 (올흠) (끈흘) To break off—friendship. To separate—as relatives by marriage, on the death of the uniting party.

의젓ᄒᆞ다 n. 졈 (착ᄒᆞᆯ —젼) To be honest; to be trustworthy; to be clever—usually of a child. *See* 어질다.

*의정관 議政官 ᄂᆞ라 ᄉᆞᆷ ᄆᆞᆫ (ᄆᆞᆫ) A counsellor of state, (long since abolished.)

*의정대신 n. 議政大臣 (의론) (정ᄉᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ) (신하) A Prime Minister ᄂᆞ ᄒᆞᆫ 신

*의정부 l. 議政府 (의론) (정ᄉᆞ 마을) Office of the Minister of State ᄂᆞ 정부

*의주 l. 義州 (올흠) (고을) A prefecture in Pyeng-an do Lat. 40.07. Long. 124.1

*의중지인 l. 義重之人 올흠 (무거울) 갈 사ᄅᆞᆷ A trusted person to lead

*의중 n. 疑症 (의심) (증세) Doubt; suspicion.

의지 s. 依 (*의) Something to depend on; a means of support.

의지ᄒᆞ다 s. 依 의지ᄒᆞ—*의, To lean. To find shelter; to obtain support; to be by means of. *See* 기ᄃᆡ다.

*의질 s. 疑疾 (의심) (병) Fears—of contracting a disease. Madness.

*의질 l. 義姪 (즁의) (죡하) An adopted nephew.

*의ᄌᆞ l. 義姊 (올흠) (누의) An adopted sister

*의ᄌᆞ l. 義子 (올흠) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) An adopted son—not a relative. *See* 양ᄌᆞ.

*의ᄌᆞ s. 衣資 (옷) (ᄌᆞ뫼) Means for providing clothing.

*의ᄌᆞ s. 椅子 (의ᄌᆞ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A chair. *See* 교의.

*의ᄉᆡᆨ l. 意思 (뜻) (지ᄉᆡᆨ) Thoughts; mind; soul. *See* 의ᄉᆞ.

*의ᄉᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 l. 蟻聚 (개암이) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To gather together like ants, (in great numbers).

*의ᄉᆞ s. 衣資 (옷) (버금) Material for making clothes.

*의탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 依托 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (부ᄐᆞᆨ) To depend on; to have the influence of; to be supported by; to live on. *See* 의지ᄒᆞ다.

*의ᄃᆞ s. 宜土 (맛당) (흙) Suitable land—for culture. *See* 소산.

*의표 s. 衣表 (옷) (밧) Style of dress; one's clothing. *See* 의관.

*의표 l. 意表 (뜻) (밧) Unexpected. *See* 의외.

*의학 s. 醫學 (의원) (비홀) Medical science; medicine.

*의학교 s. 醫學校 (의원) (비홀) (학교) Medical school; College of Medicine in the Imperial University.

*의학박ᄉᆞ s. 醫學博士 (의원) (비홀) (넓ᄅᆞᆯ) (션비) A learned degree conferred for proficiency in medicine. M.D.

*의학ᄉᆞ s. 醫學士 (의원) (비홀) (션비) One who has taken the first degree in medicine.

*의합ᄒᆞ다 l. 意合 (뜻) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To agree; to be like-minded.

*의향 l. 意向 (뜻) (향홀) Intention; object. *See* 의ᄀᆞᆷ.

*의혈 s. 蟻穴 (ᄀᆡᆷ이) (구멍) An ant's nest.

*의형 l. 義兄 (올흠) (맛) Brotherhood; a contract of brotherhood.

*의형 l. 舍兄 (즁의 맛 "My humble brother"—as used before officials.

*의형데 l. 義兄弟 (올흠 맛) 아오) Brotherhood—among those not related.

*의형의데 s. 宜兄宜弟 (맛당) (맛) (맛당) (아오) Alike as older and younger brothers; either may be older or younger.

*의호 s. 宜乎 (맛당) (어조ᄉᆞ) Surely; necessarily. *See* 반ᄃᆡ.

*의혹ᄒᆞ다 l. 疑惑 (의심) (혹홀) To doubt; to suspect; to mistrust. *See* 의심ᄒᆞ다.

*의혼ᄒᆞ다 議婚 (의론 혼인) To negociate a marriage; to discuss a marriage.

*의회 l. 議會 (의론) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A public or national assembly; the Imperial Diet.

*의회통규칙 l. 議會通規則 (의론) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (통홀) (ᄇᆞᆯ) (법) (법ᄎᆞᆨ) Rules of order for public assemblies.

*의희ᄒᆞ다 s. 依稀 (의지ᄒᆞᆯ) (드ᄆᆞᆯ) To recollect dimly; to be indistinct; to be indefinite. *See* 의의ᄒᆞ다.

*의ᄌᆞ l. 義州 (올흠) 닏 A profect in Kyeng-sang-do. Lat. 35.08 Long. 128.38

*이명 l. The sound of a wheel; a ringing in the ears. *See* 이이ᄒᆞ다.

*응 l. 應 (응홀) A grunt of reply.

*응고ᄒᆞ다 s. 凝固 (엉길) (굿을) Solidification.

*응고점 s. 凝固點 (엉길) (굿을) (뎜) Solidifying point.

*응교 l. 應敎 (응홀) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) The name of a literary rank of members of the 옥당, (the front rank 14 degree).

*응구첩ᄃᆡᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 l. 應口輒對 (응홀) (입) (ᄎᆞᆨᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆡ홀) To give an immediate response; to give a prompt reply.

*응구ᄒᆞ다 l. 應口 (응홀 (입) To reply, to answer. *See* 응ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

*응군 l. 鷹軍 (미) (군ᄉᆞ) A falconer.

응그리다 s. 커려; 린 To roar; to cry; to bellow. (Prov.)

*응낙ᄒᆞ다 l. 應諾 (응홀) (허락) To respond to; to assent to. *See* 허ᄒᆞ다.

*응납ᄒᆞ다 s. 應納 (응홀) (드릴) To pay to the Government.

*응답 l. 應答 (응홀) (ᄃᆡ답) A response; a reply. *See* ᄃᆡ답.

응당 *l.* 應 (*응) Doubtless; without doubt; surely; certainly. *See* 아마.

*응대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應對 (응ᄃᆡ) (대ᄒᆞᆯ) To respond; to reply to. *See* 대답ᄒᆞ다.

*응모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 應募 (응ᄆᆞ) (부를) To respond to a call for military service; to subscribe to a Government or private loan; to respond to a request for subscriptions for a particular purpose.

응방다 *l.* 방아; 온 To spoil; to humor—a child. To be prosperous from a propitious burial site. (Prov.)

*응변ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應變 (응ᄇᆞᆫ) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) To meet an unexpected contingency.

*응수 *l.* 應數 (응ᄉᆞ) (두어) A side play—preparatory to a final attack in playing a game.

*응슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 擔受 (가ᄉᆞᆷ) (받을) To accept—as a post; to undertake—as duties.

*응시 *s.* 應試 (응ᄉᆡ) (시험) The name of an examination for the *Kwago.*

*응식 *l.* 應食 (응ᄉᆡᆨ) (밥) Food given as salary. *See* 소식.

*응양ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鷹揚 (매) (놀닐) To increase; to rise high up in the air; to be blown up in the air.

응얼거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To hum; to mumble; to growl. *See* 응얼응얼ᄒᆞ다.

응얼응얼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To growl; to hum; to mumble. *See* 응얼거리다.

응얼이 *s.* The core of a boil or abscess.

*응역ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應役 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (역ᄉᆞ) To complete government work. To give money in place of public work.

*응용긔계학 *s.* 應用機械學 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) (긔ᄀᆞᆯ) (긔계) (비ᄒᆞᆨ) Applied mechanics.

*응용수학 *l.* 應用數學 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) (두어) (비ᄒᆞᆨ) Applied mathematics.

*응용식물학 *l.* 應用植物學 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) (심ᄀᆞᆯ) (몰건 (비ᄒᆞᆨ Practical or applied botany.

*응용ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應用 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) To apply in practice (as scientific principles).

*응용화학 *l.* 應用化學 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (쓸) (뭉) (비ᄒᆞᆨ) Practical chemistry.

응울ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To cry; to bawl.

응이 *s.* 凝液 (ᄀᆞᆯ모—*의) (ᄀᆞᆯ모 -*이) The dried sediment of 의이.

*응원ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應援 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) (당길) To aid; to help; to succour.

*응접실 *l.* 應接室 (응ᄒᆞᆸ) (붓칠) (집) An audience chamber.

*응접ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應接 (응ᄒᆞᆸ) (붓칠) To confer; to hold an interview.

*응제 *l.* 應製 (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (지을) The name of a special examination—requiring no 초시 certificate for entrance.

*응축긔관 *l.* 凝縮汽關 (엉길) (주러질) (김) (집) Condensing engine.

*응취력 *s.* 凝聚力 (엉길) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (힘) Cohesion.

응크리다 *s.* 크려; 린 To bristle up; to threaten.

*응포ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應砲 (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (대포) To answer a cannon or rifle shot by the same; to fire a return volley.

*응험ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應驗 (응ᄒᆞᆷ) (증험) To be a sign, to be a proof. *See* 증ᄒᆞ다.

*응ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 應 (응ᄒᆞᆫ) To correspond to; to fulfil. *See* 응답ᄒᆞ다 To answer to. To echo. *See* 응ᄀᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 To meet—as armies. To attack.

이 The tenth vowel of the syllabary long (*l.*) and short (*s.*) and corresponding in sound to *i.* in *ravine.*

이 *s.* The nominative case ending of nouns which end with a consonant sound.

이 *s.* After a participle—he; he who. *See* 자.

*이 *l.* 二 (두) Two. *See* 둘.

이 *s.* 此 (*ᄎᆞ) This; this man. *Opp.* 뎌.

*이가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移家 (옴길) (집) To remove (v.i.); to change one's residence. *See* 이거ᄒᆞ다.

*이갑 *l.* 二甲 (두 -*이) (다리—*교) 실 -*사 Thread of two strands. *Also* 이겹실.

*이거이ᄀᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移去移來 (옴길) (갈) (옴길) (올) To circulate—as goods, money etc. in trading.

*이거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移居 (옴길) (살) To move (v.i.); to change one's residence *See* 이ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*이검 *l.* 二檢 (두) (샹고ᄒᆞᆯ) A second inquest—held by a magistrate.

*이게ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已揭 (일의) (들) To have already noted—as in a newspaper.

*이결감 *l.* 已決監 (일의) (결단) (볼) The jail where condemned criminals are confined.

*이결슈 *l.* 已決囚 (임의) (결단) (가둘) A prisoner already condemned. *Opp.* 미결슈.

*이결소 *l.* 已決事 (임의) (결단) (일) What is already decided.

*이결소건 *l.* 已決事件 (임의) (결단) (일) (건) Matter already decided.

*이결소안 *l.* 已決事案 (임의) (결단) (일) (책상) Matters already decided.

*이결소항 *s.* 已決事項 (임의) (결단) (일) (목) Matters already decided

*이결안 *l.* 已決案 (임의) (결단) (책상) Matters already decided.

*이결ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已決 (임의) (결단) To be already decided, to be corrected

*이경 *l.* 二更 (두) (못칠) The second watch of the night.

*이교 *l.* 異敎 (다를) (구릇칠) A different or foreign religion; heterodoxy; heresy.

*이구ᄒᆞ다 / 이久 (임의) (오랠) To be long ago; to be formerly. *See* 허구ᄒᆞ다.

*이국 *l.* 異國 (다를) (나라) A foreign land; other States. *See* 타국.

*이국인 / 異國人 (름) (나라) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A foreigner; people of a different country.

이그리지다 *s.* 리져; 진 To act up; to put on airs—as a street "swell."

이글이글ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flame up; to flash.

*이금되다 *s.* 弛禁 (부릴) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) 되여; 뒨 To remove restrictions—by the government.

이긔다 *s.* 勝 (이길—*슝) 긔여; 긘 To conquer; to vanquish; to overcome. *Opp.* 지다.

*이긔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已記 (임의) (긔록) To have already noted -as in a newspaper.

*이긔년 *l.* 二個年 (두) (낫) (히) Two years.

*이긔인 *l.* 二個人 (두) (낫) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Two men.

*이긔월 *l.* 二個月 (두) (낫) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Two months.

*이과지ᄉᆞ *l.* 已過之事 (임의) (지날) (갈) (일) Past affairs; bygones. *See* 이왕지ᄉᆞ.

*이남 *l.* 以南 (써) (남녁) The south; the southern side. *Opp.* 이북.

이내 *s.* And then; withal; and yet.

이녁 *s.* 之子 (갈—*지) (아ᄃᆞᆯ—*조) Thou; you. *See* 겨.

이년 *s.* An expression of contempt used to a woman, as 이놈 is to a man. Used often playfully to a little girl.

*이년급 *l.* 二年級 (두) (히) (드ᄅᆞᆨ) Of the second year—as students, studies etc.

*이년생 *l.* 二年生 (두) (히) (날) Students —of the second year.

이놈 *s.* 此匹 (이—*ᄎᆞ) (놈—*한) You rascal! You scamp!

*이닉 *l.* 以內 (써) (안) Toward the inside; inside of; within; not more or farther than.

*이단 *l.* 異端 (다를) (끗) Heresy; superstition—all teaching that does not conform to Confucianism. *See* 이단지도.

*이단사설 *l.* 異端邪說 (다를) (끗) (사ᄉᆞᆨ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Heresy and heterodoxy.

*이단지도 *l.* 異端之道 (다를) (끗) (갈) (길) Heretical teaching; doctrines of superstition. *See* 이단

이래 *s.* Yet; still. *See* 이래ᄌᆞ지.

이래ᄌᆞ지 *s.* Yet; still; up to this time. *See* 한직.

*이대션 / 二桅船 (두) (돗대 *도) (배—*션) A two-masted ship. *See* 이쎄

*이적 *s.* 夷狄 (오랑캐) (오랑캐) Foreign barbarians; barbarous people.

*이적지풍 *s.* 夷狄之風 (오랑캐) (오랑캐) (갈) (바람) Barbarian customs.

*이도 *l.* 二度 (두) (지날) Twice.

*이동 *l.* 以東 (써) (동녁) The east; the eastern side.

*이동변삼각형 *l.* 二同邊三角形 (두) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (갓) (셕) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (형상) Isosceles triangle.

이동지다 *l.* 동져; 진 To be incoherent; to be disconnected.

이드ᄅᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 *s.* To glisten; to shine. To be soft; to be tender *See* 이들이들ᄒᆞ다.

이들이들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To glisten; to shine. To be soft; to be tender. *See* 이드ᄅᆞᆯᄒᆞ다.

이듬날 *s.* 翌日 (이튼날—*익) (날—*일) The next day.

이듬히 *s.* 翌年 (이튼날 *익) (히 *년) Next year.

이듬 *s.* Two years old—of animals.

*이등 *l.* 二等 (두) (무리) Second class.

*이등변삼각형 *l.* 二等邊三角形 (두)(무리)(석)(쌀)(진상) Isosceles triangle.

이듯지 *s.* So much; thus. *See* 이더지.

이둑지 *s.* So much; thus. *See* 이둑지.

이뎌지 *s.* So much; thus. *See* 이도지.

*이란격석 *s.* 以卵擊石 (써)(알)(칠)(돌) Striking a stone with an egg—the weaker attacking the stronger. *See* 알노돌치기.

이랑 *s.* 畝 (*무) The ridge of a furrow. A measure of land.

이러쿠러 *s.* Thus and thus; so and so. *See* 이러호.

이러나뎌러나 *s.* 於此於彼 (눌—*어)(이—*초)(눌—*어 더—*피) Whether this or that; this way or that way; however.

이러뎌러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 如此如彼 (그흘—*여)(이—*초)(그흘—*여)(뎌—*피) To be so and so. *See* 이리이리ᄒᆞ다.

이러므로 *s.* 是以 (이—*시)(써—*이) For this reason, because of this.

이러이러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 如此如此 (그흘—*여, 이—*초) To be this and that; to be so and so. *See* 이러ᄒᆞ다.

이러케 *s.* 如此 (그흘—*여)(이—초) So; in this way; thus. *See* 이러호

이러ᄒᆞ시 *s.* 若是 (그흘—*약)(이—*시) So; thus; in this way. *See* 이러케.

이러ᄒᆞᆫ *s.* 若是 (그흘—*약)(이—*시) So; thus; in this way. *See* 이러ᄒᆞ시.

이러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 如此 (그흘—*여)(이—*초) To be so; to be in this way. *See* 이러뎌러ᄒᆞ다.

이럭뎌럭 *s.* In this way and in that; in an uncertain way. *See* 이렁뎌렁.

이런 *s.* 若此 (그흘—*약)(이—*초) This; such a, such kind of—ting used in abusive language.

이렁뎌렁 *s.* In this way and that; hesitatingly. *See* 이럭뎌럭; 이리쿵뎌리ᄒᆞ다

이렁셩뎌렁셩 *s.* Hesitatingly; undecided. *See* 이렁뎌렁.

*이록ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 移錄 (옴길) 기록 ᄒᆞ다 To write; to copy off

*이론 *l.* 異論 (다를) (의론) A different opinion or argument; objection.

*이론가 *l.* 異論家 (다를)(의론)(집) One who habitually objects to other's opinion; a detractor.

*이롱증 *s.* 耳聾症 치, (귀먹을 증세 Deafness—the result of disease.

*이롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 耳聾 (귀) (귀먹을) To be deaf. *See* 귀먹다.

이로ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To begin; to commence.

*이륜 *s.* 耳輪 (귀) (박회) Ear rings.

이리 *s.* In this way; so. Here an adverb of motion. *Opp.* 더리.

이리 *s.* 魚脂 (고기—*어)(봄—*츈) Fish melt; soft roe. *Opp.* 알.

이리뎌리 *s.* In this way and that; here and there. *See* 이럭뎌럭.

이리뎌리뒤쳑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To search here and there, to look about.

이리밧기 *s.* A milt fish. *Opp.* 알비기.

이리이리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 如此如此 (그흘—*여)(이—*초)(그흘—*여)(이—*초) To be so and so; to be such and such. *See* 약시약시ᄒᆞ다.

이리쿵뎌리쿵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hesitate; to be undecided. *See* 이렁셩뎌렁셩ᄒᆞ다.

*이릭 *l.* 以來 (써) (올) After the time; since; hence-forth; in future.

*이릭에 *l.* 迄來 (갓가올) (올) Hitherto; recently. *See* 근릭.

*이막작 *s.* 近來 (갓가올—*근) (올—*릭) At this time; just now.

*이만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已晩 (임의) (느질) To be already late.

이맘제 *s.* 此時 (이—*초) (제—*시) At this time, just now.

*이베ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移賣 (옴길) (팔) To sell out.

*이멸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 夷滅 (죽일) (멸ᄒᆞᆯ) To destroy; to kill.

*이명 *l.* 異名 (다를) (일홈) A different or another name; a nickname.

*이명증 *l.* —— 耳鳴症 (귀) (울) (증세) A ringing in the ears.

*이모 *l.* 二毛 (두) (털빛) Literally 'hair of two colours'—black and white; grey-haired.

*이모 *s.* 姨母 (이모) (어미) A mother's sister; a maternal aunt.

*이모부 *l.* 姨母夫 (이모 어미) (지아비) A maternal aunt's husband

*이모지년 *s.* 二毛之年 (두) (털빛) (갈) (히) The year of first gray hair—thirty two.

*이모지ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 *s.* 以貌取人 (써) (모양) (가질) (사ᄅᆞᆯ) To judge of people by their looks.

*이목 *l.* 耳目 (귀) (눈) Ears and eyes.

*이목구비 s. 耳目口鼻 (귀)(눈)(입)(코) Ears, eyes, mouth and nose—all the faculties.

이목이 s. A serpent creature that has failed to become a dragon—used of a low disreputable character. *See* 이심이.

*이문 s. 移文 (옴길)(글) An official letter from one magistrate or officer of the same rank to another.

*이문 l. 耳門 (귀)(문) The lower outside opening of the ear.

*이문목견에 l. 耳聞目見 (귀)(드를)(눈)(볼) What we hear and see.

*이문목견하다 l. 耳聞目見 (귀)(드를)(눈)(볼) To hear and see.

*이물 l. 異物 (다를)(만물) An odd character; a droll creature; a peculiar object.

이물스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be droll; to be peculiar; to be odd.

*이민디 s. 移民地 (옴길)(빅성)(싸) The place whither people are allowed to emigrate; a colony.

*이민하다 s. 移民 (옴길)(빅성) To emigrate—of the people; to colonize.

*이리하다 s. 移買 (옴길)(살) To buy—after selling out elsewhere.

이바지하다 s. 供(이바지 —*끔) To entertain with refreshments; to dine. *See* 공궤하다

*이발지사 l. 已發之矢 (임의)(발홀)(갈)(살) What is gone; what is beyond hope.

*이방승 l. 二方乘 (두)(모)(홀) Second power; square.

*이번 l. 異變 (다를)(변홀) A strange occurrence; a terrible thing.

*이보법 l. 耳報法 (귀)(갑홀)(법) Laws or doctrines taught by spirits.

*이복 l. 異腹 (다를)(비) Literally 'a different womb'; used in expressions such as 이복동성.

*이복동성 s. 異腹同生 (다를)(비)(홈가지)(날) Step-brothers and sisters, born of different mothers. *See* 이복형뎨.

*이복형뎨 s. 異腹兄弟 (다를)(비)(맛)(아오) Step-brothers and sisters, born of different mothers. *See* 이복동성.

*이분모 l. 異分母 (다를)(논홀)(어미) Unlike denominators.

*이북 l. 以北 (써)(북녁) The north; the northern side.

*이비하다 l. 已備 (임와)(갓출) To be already prepared.

*이빅억 l. 二百億 (두)(일빅 ,억) Two hundred *ôk* 20,000,000,000.

*이빅조 l. 二百兆 (두)(일빅)(억조) Two hundred *cho* 200,000,000,000,000.

*이비하다 s. 移配 (옴길), (짝) To have one's place of exile changed.

*이비 s. 移拜 (옴길) (졀) A change of place—as of an official.

이삭 s. 穗 (*수) A head—of grain; an ear—of corn.

이삭줍다 s. 주어; 은 To glean.

*이산이슈하다 s. 移山移水 (옴길) ,외) 옴길,(물) To remove mountains and seas.

*이산화만믄 l. 二酸化 (두)(실)(될) Manganese Dioxide.

*이삼거 l. 二三個 (두) (석) (낫) Two or three pieces—of articles.

*이삼년 l. 二三年 (두) (석) (히) Two or three years.

*이삼년간 l. 二三年間 (두)(석)(히)(소이) For two or three years; in two or three years.

*이삼삭 s. 二三朔 (두)(석)(초하로) Two or three months.

*이삼인 l. 二三人 (두)(석)(사롬) Two or three men.

*이삼인즁 l. 二三人中 (두) (석) (사롬 ,가온딕) Among two or three persons.

*이삼일 l. 二三日 (두) (석) (날) Two or three days.

*이삼일간 l. 二三日間 (두)(석)(날)(소이) Two or three days.

*이삼원 l. 二三圓 (두)(석)(둥굴) Two or three dollars.

*이삼월 l. 二三月 (두) (석) (둘) Two or three months.

*이삼월간 l. 二三月間 (두)(석)(둘)(소이) During the first or second moon.

*이삼삭 s. 二三朔 (두)(석)(초하로) For two or three months.

*이삼차 s. 二三次 (두) (석) (버금) Two or three times.

*이상 l. 異狀 (다를)(모양) Strange or unusual figures; extraordinary phenomenon.

*이상 / 二上 (두) (웃) Second upper—a mark for composition.

*이상 l. 以上 (써) (웃) What is past; what is above a certain point. *Opp.* 이하.

*이상야릇ᄒᆞ다 s. 異常 (다를) (쩟쩟) To be strange and peculiar.

*이상에는 l. 以上 (써) (웃) Over and above. After.

*이상ᄒᆞ다 l. 異常 (다를) (쩟짓) To be extraordinary; to be strange; to be singular. *See* 유별ᄒᆞ다; 괴이ᄒᆞ다.

*이서 l. 以西 (써) (서녁) The west; the western side.

*이석격석 l. 以石擊石 (써) (돌) (칠) (돌) One stone striking another—of equals in strength. *See* 돌노돌치기.

*이설ᄒᆞ다 s. 移設 (옴길) (배풀) To change; to remove.

*이세 l. 伊勢 (여) (형세) Ise in Japan.

*이성 l. 異姓 (다를) (성) Of another name —as relatives by marriage. *Opp.* 동종.

*이성지합ᄒᆞ다 s. 二姓之合 (두) (성) (갈) (모들) To unite—of two surnames at marriage.

*이소 s. 二所 (두) (바) The 2nd examination quadrangle

*이송ᄒᆞ다 s. 移送 (옴길) (보낼) To send; to conduct; to accompany —as an exile, a foreigner etc.

*이요통장ᄒᆞ다 l. 以少凌長 (써) (젊을) (능멸) (어른) To insult an elder; to treat with disrespect punishable with exile.

*이슈변 l. 二水邊 (두) (물) (가) The name of the two dots of the 15th Radical.

*이슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 移囚 (옴길) (가둘) To transport; to conduct —a prisoner

*이순 l. 二筍 (두) (순) The second seed shoot of the tobacco plant cut off in order to encourage the leaves.

이숙ᄒᆞ다 s To last a long time. *See* 오래다.

이슬 s. 露 (*로) Dew.

이슬아치 s. 郡吏 (뫼들—*욱) (오앗—*리) The fruit of the thorn tree.

이슬바지 s. Dew-fall. (Prov.)

이슬비 s 細雨 (가늘—*세) (비—우) Drizzle; fine rain; mist. *See* 세우.

*이승비 s. 二乘比 (두) (곱) (비교ᄒᆞᆯ) Duplicate ratio.

*이시 s. 移施 (옴길) (배풀) A change; a transplanting.

*이시위천 l. 以食爲天 (써) (밥) (ᄒᆞᆯ) (하늘) Men worship food as heaven.

*이식ᄒᆞ다 s. 移植 (옴길) (심을) To transplant.

*이신벌군ᄒᆞ다 l. 以臣伐君 (써) (신하) (칠) (님금) To overcome the King—by an officer of State

*이실고지ᄒᆞ다 l. 以實告之 (써) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) To tell truthfully *See* 이실직고ᄒᆞ다.

*이실직고ᄒᆞ다 l. 以實直告 (써) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) (곧을) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To speak out according to truth. *See* 이실고지ᄒᆞ다.

*이심 l. 貳心 (두) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Of two opinions —undecided. *Opp.* 일심

*이심 l. 異心 다를) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Rebellious intention or thought; treachery; disloyalty.

이심스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be hard; to be extreme.

이심이 s. A serpent that has failed to become a dragon. *See* 이목이.

*이심전심 l. 以心傳心 써) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (전ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Communicating from mind to mind; telepathy.

이심ᄒᆞ다 l. 已甚 임의) (심ᄒᆞᆯ) To be extreme; to be excessive. *See* 심ᄒᆞ다.

*이십 l. 二十 (두) (열) Twenty *See* 스믈.

*이십소록 l. 二十四祿 (두) (열) (넉) (녹) The twenty-four divisions of the compass

*이십소절긔 l. 二十四節氣 (두) (열) (넉) (마딕) (긔운) The twenty-four solar terms or periods of fifteen days each.

*이십소효 l. 二十四孝 (두) (열) (넉) (효도) The twenty four Chinese celebrated for their great filial piety.

*이십억 l. 二十億 (두) (열) (억) Twenty *ok* 2,000,000,000.

*이십전 l. 二十錢 (두 (열) 돈) Twenty cents.

*이십조 l. 二十兆 (두) (열) (억조) Twenty *cho* 20,000,000,000,000.

*이ᄉᆞ l. 異事 (다를) (일) Other matters; different subjects.

*이ᄉᆞ단 l. 二師團 (두) (군ᄉᆞ) (동글) Two divisions—of an army.

*이ᄉᆞ위한호교 l. 以死爲限 (써) (죽을) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (한정) Even though one die; without regard to life. *See* 한ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다

이ᄉᆞ이에 s. 這間 (여긔—*어) (ᄉᆞ이—*간) This time; during the interval. *See* 저간.

*이ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s 移徙 옴길) 옴길 To move, to change one's residence *See* 반이ᄒᆞ다

*이색 l. 異色 (다를) (빛) A different color.

*이식럴 s. 以色列 (써, 쓰)(럴) The word used in Chinese for Israel. *Also* 이스라엘.

*이싱 l. 二生 (두) (날) Presents of living objects made to the emperor on obtaining rank—a goat and a goose. (B.H.)

*이앙ᄒᆞ다 s. 移秧 (옴길) (모) To transplant. *See* 이종ᄒᆞ다.

*이약분수 l. 已約分數 (임의) (간략ᄒᆞᆫ) (논홀) (두어) Lowest terms.

*이양션 l. 異樣船 (다를) (모양) (비) A foreign ship. *See* 양션.

*이어ᄒᆞ다 s. 移御 (옴길) (모실) To remove to another palace—of the King.

*이억 l. 二億 (두) (억) Two 억. 2,000,000,000,000.

*이언 l. 二言 (두) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Literally 'two words;' breaking word; contradicting one's self.

*이엄 l. 二嚴 (두) (엄홀) The 2nd command—in preparation for a royal progress.

*이엄ᄒᆞ다 s. 弛嚴 (부릴) (엄홀) To revoke,—as a severe act.

이에 s. 乃 (*내) Which is; namely—a particle conjunctive and disjunctive used only in 학음. *See* 인ᄒᆞ야.

이에셔 s. 於此 (놀—*어) (이—*ᄎᆞ) "Than this,"—에셔 being used as "than

*이역부득 s. 移易不得 (옴길) (밧끌) (아님—*불) (엇을) What cannot be remedied *See* 역부득ᄒᆞ다.

이엄 l. 額掩 (니마—*앆) (구리옴—*엄) A woman's winter cap. (Prov.) 아얌.

*이에 l. 伊豫 (여) (이리) Ehime in Japan

이외에 l. 以外 (써) (밧) Beyond this; outside of this.

이우다 s. 凋 (이울—*표) 우러; 윤 To die—as flowers; to fade.

이우러지다 s. 凋 (이우러질—*엽) 러져; 전 To dry up; to shrivel; to shrink.

*이우ᄒᆞ다 s. 移寓 (옴길) (붓칠) To remove from one's native district. *See* 이ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*이운ᄒᆞ다 s. 移運 (옴길) (옴길) To remove; to transport; to convey from one place to another. *See* 옴기다.

*이위보도ᄒᆞ다 l. 已爲報道 (임의) (ᄒᆞ) (갈홀) (길) To have already reported. (Comp.)

*이윤 l. 伊尹 (여) (맛) B.C. 1766. A famous minister of ancient Tang, China.

이육ᄒᆞ다 s. 已而 (임의—*이) (말이—*이) To be long; to last a long time.

*이의(라)물론ᄒᆞ고 l. 已往勿論 (임의) (칠으) (말) (의론) What is past and gone outside of consideration.

이의 l. 異議 (다를) (의론) A different opinion or argument; opposite views; objection.

이이가 s. 此人 (이—*ᄎᆞ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) This man; this person. *Opp.* 더이가; 그이가.

*이이ᄒᆞ다 s. 蛙蛙 (비암—*사) (비암—*사) To be at ease; to be restful. (B.O.)

*이인 l. 異人 (다를) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Magicians or people possessed of supernatural powers.

*이인 l. 二人 (두) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Two persons.

*이인이상 l. 二人以上 (두) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (써) (웃) Two persons or more.

*이일학 l. 二日瘧 (두) (날) (학질) Tertian fever.

이이 s Hollo!—a low call.

이이치다 s. 이치; 천 To bother; to interfere. *See* 셔어치다.

*이와젼와 l. 以訛傳訛 (써) (그릇) (젼홀) (그릇) By lies to teach lies; by what is wrong to propagate wrong.

*이왕 l. 已往 (임의) (갈) Before; formerly. *See* 임의; 이젼.

*이왕지ᄉᆞ s. 已往之事 (임의) (갈) (갈) (일) Past affairs; bygones. *See* 이파지ᄉᆞ.

*이왕지ᄉᆞ(논)물구 l. 已往之事勿咎 (임의) (갈) (갈) (일) (말) (허물) Not censuring another for his past misconduct.

*이원 l. 二圓 (두) (둥글) Two dollars.

*이월 l. 二月 (두) (둘) The 2nd moon.

*이위 s. 伊威 (여) (위엄) The sow-bug *Oniscus.*

*이장ᄒᆞ다 s. 移葬 (옴길) (장ᄉᆞ) To exhume and bury in another place.

*이작ᄒᆞ다 移作 (옴길) (지을) To transfer fields from one tenant to another.

*이제 s. 今 (*금) Now. *See* 금방.

*이젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 移轉 (옴길) (굴) Removal of residence to another place.

*이젼 l. 二錢 (두) (돈) Two cents.

*이젼 l. 以前 (써) (압) Before; formerly.

*이전에 *l.* 以前 (써) (알) Before; previously; formerly. *Opp.* 이후에. 네; 거왕.

*이전ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移轉 (옴길) (굴) To remove one's residence to another place.

*이조 *l* 爾曹 (너) (무리) You—in the plural sense; used in the written language by superiors when addressing inferior.

이조 *l.* 二兆 (두) (억조) Two *cho.* 2,000,000,000,000

*이종 *l.* 姨從 (이모) (촌촐) Male cousins—by a maternal aunt. *See* 이종씨.

*이종민 *s.* 姨從妹 이모 (촌질 누의 Female cousins—by a maternal aunt

*이종미부 *l.* 姨從妹夫 (이모) (촌친) (누의) (지아비) Husband of a cousin by the mother's sister.

*이종씨 *l.* 姨從氏 (이모) (촌촐) (각씨) Older male cousins—by a maternal aunt. *See* 이종.

*이종수ᄂᆞᆫ *l.* 姨從四寸 (이모 (촌실) (넉 마디) Cousins—by a maternal aunt.

*이종ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移種 (옴길) (심을) To transplant. *See* 모종ᄒᆞ다

*이 주간 *l.* 二週間 (두) (두루) 소이 Two weeks. *Opp.* 일주간.

*이쥬디 *s.* 移住地 (옴길) (머므를) (짜) The place to which one intends to emigrate.

*이쥬민 *s.* 移住民 (옴길) (머므를) (박성) An emigrant.

이쥬억ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To forget; to fail—in memory.

*이쥬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 移住 (옴길) (머므를) To remove one's dwelling; to emigrate.

이죽거리다 *s* 거려; 린 To hint at indirectly; to suggest in a roundabout way

이죽이죽 *s.* Drolly; peculiarly of stories, speeches etc.

*이중 *l.* 二中 (두) (가온ᄃᆡ) Second middle—a mark in composition. A second bull's-eye in archery.

이지러지다 *s.* 缺 (이지러질) 저; 진 To be slightly broken; to be damaged.

*이지수 *l.* 知數 (알) (알) (두어) A known quantity.

이지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已知 (일의) (알) To be already known; to be known.

*이직ᄒᆞ다 *s* 移職 (옴길) (벼슬) To transfer from one office to another—of underlings.

이질 *l.* 姨姪 (이모) (족하) A wife's nephew—by a sister.

*이질녀 *l.* 姨姪女 (이모) (족하) (딸) A wife's niece—by a sister.

*이질부 *l.* 姨姪婦 (이모) (족하) (며느리) A nephew's wife—on the wife's side.

*이질서 *l.* 姨姪壻 (이모) (족하) (사회) A niece's husband on the wife's side.

이즈러지다 *s.* 缺 (이즈러질—*결) 러지, 진 To be slightly broken; to be damaged. *See* 야즈러지다

*이지발신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 以財發身 (써) (지물) (발흘) (몸) To rise through wealth.

*이지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 已誌 (일의) (시를) To have already noted or recorded; to have already loaded.

*이천 *l.* 二千 (두) (일천) Two thousand. 2,000.

*이천 *s.* 伊川 (너) (내) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat. 3826. Long. 126.40.

*이천만 *l.* 二千萬 (두) (일천) (일만) Two thousand *man.* 20,000,000

*이천만구 *l.* 二千萬口 (두) (일천 일만) (입) Twenty million people

*이천만동포 *l* 二千萬同胞 (두) (일천) (일만) (한가지) (배) Twenty million fellow countrymen

*이천만명 *l.* 二千萬名 (두) (일천) (일만) (일홈) Twenty million persons.

*이천만민 *l.* 二千萬民 (두) (일천 (일만) (빅성) Twenty million people

*이천만성령 *l.* 二千萬生靈 (두) (일천) (일만) (날) (신령) Twenty million souls.

*이천만인구 *l* 二千萬人口 (두) (일천) (일만) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (입) Twenty million individuals.

*이천만인민 *l.* 二千萬人民 (두) (일천) (일만) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (빅성) Twenty million persons.

이천만ᄌᆞᆷ *l.* 二千萬衆 (두) (일천 일만) (무리) Twenty million people.

*이초 *l* 二草 (두) (풀) A second crop of tobacco leaves.

*이쥬기ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 *l* 以充其代 (써) (치울) (그) (ᄃᆡ신) To put in the place of

이층양옥 *l.* 二層洋屋 (두 층 (바다 집) A two-storey foreign house.

이층옥 *l* 二層屋 (두 층 집 A two-storey house.

*이쳐전령 *l.* 以次傳令 (써 (버금) (전ᄒᆞᆯ) (호여ᄅᆞᆷ) Ranks, orders; relative position.

*이하 *l.* 耳朶 (귀) (ᄆᆞᆯ기) The lobe of the ear, the ear

*이라판ᄒᆞ다 s. 移他處 (옴길) (다를) (짓) To move to another district of the country. *See* 이라ᄒᆞᆫ다.

*이례리 s. 伊太利 (뎌) (클) (리홀) Italy. *Also* 의대리.

*이라ᄒᆞᆫ다 s. 移他鄕 (옴길, (다를) (짓) To move to another part of the country. *See* 이라판ᄒᆞ다

*이례동폴 l. 異體同稱 (다를) (몸) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (칭) Different in form but similar in kind.

이튼날 s. 翌日 *익 (날 -*일) The second day. *Also* 잇흔날.

*이틀 s. 二日 (두) (날—*일) Two days. The 2nd of the month. *Also* 잇흘.

*이틀거리 l. 二日痞 (두) (날—*일) (학질—*학) Diurnal ague.

*이팔청츈 l. 二八靑春 (두) (여듧) (프를) (봄) The Spring time of 'sweet sixteen;" youth. *See* 쇼년.

*이패 l. 二牌 (두) (패) A prostitute, a low woman. *See* 탕쥬; 삼패

*이패ᄒᆞ다 s. 貽羞 (씨칠) (붓여길) To become an abuse.

*이포역폭 l. 以暴易暴 (써) (사오나올) (밧골) (사오나 올) Exchanging violence for violence.

*이포ᄒᆞᆫ옥다 s. 移捕囚 (옴길) (잡을) (대 셩) To be transferred to the *Po-chŏng* prison.

*이풍역쇽ᄒᆞ다 s. 移風易俗 (옴길) (바람) (밧골) (풍쇽) To reform—of manners and customs.

*이필 l. 異筆 (다를) (붓) Another or different handwriting.

*이하 l. 伊賀 (뎌) (하례) Iga in Japan.

*이하 l. 二下 (두) (아래) Four marks—in composition. What remains; what is below a certain point. *Opp.* 이상.

*이학 l. 耳學 (귀) (비홀) Learning by hearsay.

*이항식 l. 二項式 (두) (목) (법) Binomial expression.

*이항식명리 l. 二項式定理 (두) (목) (법) (뎡홀) (리치) Binomial Theorem.

*이향 l. 異鄕 (다를) (시골) Another district; a strange place. *See* 다향.

*이현금 l. 二絃琴 (두) (줄) (거문고) A two-stringed musical instrument.

*이환령비현령 l. 耳環鈴鼻環鈴 (귀) (골) (방울) (코) (골) (방울) A ring for the ears, a ring for the nose—used of an unstable character.

*이혐조ᄒᆞ다 s. 移棲朝 (옴길) (현벌) (무리) To be removed to the prison of a criminal.

이호 l. "Lights out"—a bugle call.

*이후에 l. 以後 (써) (뒤) Afterwards; later on *Opp.* 이전에.

*이후지소ᄉᆞ l. 以後之事 (써) (뒤) (갈) (일) Later affairs things to come.

*이회 l. 二回 (두) (도라올) A second term.

익기 s. 쏨 (*적) Moss; lichen.

익기나무 s. A kind of plant from the seeds of which red paint is made.

*익년 s. 翌年 (잇흔날) (히) The next year; the following year; the succeeding year.

*익랑 s. 翼廊 (날개) (월랑) The wings or side buildings of a temple enclosure.

*익만 s. 翌晩 (잇흔날) (느질) The next evening; ensuing night.

*익모초 s. 益母草 (더홀) (어미) (풀) Motherwort *Leonurus sibiricus.*

*익산 s. 益山 (더홀) (뫼) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.51. Long. 127.12.

익살 s. Peculiarity; oddity; drollery.

익살부리다 s. 부려 ᄒᆞᆫ To be peculiar; to be droll; to be odd

익살스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be droll; to be odd; to be peculiar.

*익선관 s. 翼蟬冠 (놀긔) (민알이) (갓) A royal cap made in the shape of a locust.

*익성 s. 翼星 (놀긔) (별) The 27th of the 28 Constellations: 22 Stars in Crater and Hydra 170° 58′ 9″

*익야 s. 翌夜 (잇흔날) (밤) The next night; night after.

*익언 s. 益言 (더홀) (말솜) Profitable words; useful discourse.

*익우 s. 益友 (더홀) (벗) A useful friend. *Opp.* 쇼우.

*익위사 s. 翊衛司 (도올) (호위) (맛흘) Formerly the official house of a magistrate.

*익일 s. 翌日 (잇흔날) (날) The next day; day after.

*익월 s. 翌月 (잇흔날) (둘) The next or following month.

*익죠 s. 翌朝 (잇흔날) (아ᄎᆞᆷ) The next or following morning; tomorrow morning; morning after

*익지인 s. 益智仁 (더홀)(지혜)(씨) The seed of the *Nephelium longana* and also of the *Alpinia cardamomum*.

익카서너 s. Up you come!—as in lifting a child that has fallen. A call by which to lift together.

*인 s. 印 (인칠) A government seal; an official stamp.

인 s. 癮 (벵--*은) A craving; an appetite. 인박이다 To acquire an appetite

*인가 s. 人家 (사롬) (집) A home; a dwelling-house. *See* 인호

*인가 s. 認可 (알) (옴흠) Official sanction; acknowledgement, approval; a permit. *See* 인히; 허가.

*인가목 s. 印哥木 (인칠) (성) (나무) A small straight tree from which medicine is made.

*인가세 s. 認可稅 (알) (옴흠) (구실) Permit tax.

*인가처 s. 人家處 (사롬) (집) (곳) An inhabited region, a place where men live.

*인가ᄒᆞ다 s. 認可 (알) (옴흠) To permit —officially; to give official sanction; to approve; to pass. *See* 윤허ᄒᆞ다

*인각유일능 s. 人各有一能 (사롬) (각) (잇슬) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (능ᄒᆞᆯ) Every man has his special talent.

*인각ᄒᆞ다 s. 印刻 (인칠) (삭일) To engrave; to carve

*인간 s. 人間 (사롬) (소이) The world. The family. *See* 세계샹.

*인간 s. 印簡 (인칠) (편지) An official stamped letter.

*인간대ᄉᆞ s. 人間大事 (사롬) (소이) (큰) (일) The great events among men—marriage and burial.

*인간리별 s. 人間離別 (사롬) (소이) (ᄯᅥ날) (리별) Farewell to the world—death.

*인간공도 s. 人間公道 (사롬) (소이) (귀인) (길) The way of justice among men—as growing gray with age.

*인간벽력 s. 人間霹靂 (사롬) (소이) (벽력) *(벽), (벽력) *See Man's thunderbolt, a gun.

*인간흥락 s. 人間行樂 (사롬) (소이) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (즐길) The delights of life.

*인거장이 s. 引鋸匠 (잇글) (톱) (장인) A wood-sawyer.

*인걸 s. 人傑 A hero; a distinguished person; a eminent man.

*인걸(은)디령 s. 人傑地靈 (사롬) (ᄒᆞ걸) (짜) (신령) Heroes are born of special places.

*인격 s. 人格 (사롬) (격식 Character; personality. *See* 지격.

*인견ᄒᆞ다 s. 引見(잇글)(볼) To introduce or lead in and see (as a visitor).

인경 s. 鐘 (죄롱—*죵) The Great Bell—of the Capital. A large bell.

*인골 s. 人骨 (사롬) (뼈) Human form; human bones.

*인공 s. 人工 (사롬) (장인) Made by man; artificial; the work of man; human handiwork.

*인공ᄒᆞ다 s. 因公 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (귀인) To be on public service; to be for the government.

*인교 s. 人轎 (사롬) (보교) A travelling chair; a palanquin.

*인교 s. 人巧 (사롬 (공교) A skilfully made object.

*인교ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 印交代 (인칠) (사괼) (ᄃᆡ신) To give up the seal—at change of office. *See* 교구ᄒᆞ다.

*인구 s. 人口 (사롬) (입) Mouths—to feed (of a household). *See* 호가.

*인구수 s. 人口數 (사롬) (입) (두어) Number of persons.

*인구수효 s. 人口數爻 (사롬) (입) (두어) (수효) Number of persons.

*인구준힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 因舊遵行 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (예) (조칠) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To follow ancient law.

*인구전파ᄒᆞ다 s. 因口傳播 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (입, 젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄑᆞᆯ릴) To pass from mouth to mouth.

*인군 s. 人君 (사롬) (인군) A king; a ruler of the people. *See* 님군.

*인군 s. 仁君 (어질) (인군) Benevolent monarch.

*인귀상반 s. 人鬼相伴 (사롬) (귀신) (서로) (ᄯᅡᆨ) Men and devils united together

인끈 s. 綬 (*슈) The cord of an official seal.

*인긔 s. 人器 (사롬) (그릇) Natural parts; original make-up.

*인긔 s. 人氣 (사롬) (긔운) A brilliant person; a genius.

*인긔 s. 引氣 (잉긜) (긔운) Gravitation. *See* 흡력.

*인긔 s. 人氣 (사롬) (긔운) The spirit, feelings, or good will of the people.

*인긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 忍饑 (참을) (주릴) To contend patiently against hunger.

*인기성이도지ᄒᆞ다 s. 因其性而導之 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (그) (성품) (말이) (인도) (갈) To lead according to one's proclivities or bent.

*인기아취ᄒᆞ다 s. 人棄我取 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄇᆞ릴) (나) (가질) To take what others throw away.

*인긔위시 s. 人皆謂之 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (다) (닐올) (갈) Every one says ... . *See* 인긔왈.

*인긔왈 s. 人皆曰 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (다) (ᄀᆞᆯ) Every one says ..... *See* 인긔위지.

*인과조칙 s. 引過自責 (당겸) (허물) (스스리) (ᄭᅮ지질) Blaming oneself for past failure.

*인과 s. 因果 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (열ᄆᆡ) Literally 'cause and effect'. a Buddhist term which originally denoted the reward or punishment meted out in this world for acts committed in a previous state of existence.

*인관 s. 印官 (인칠) (버슬) An official entrusted with a seal.

*인궤 s. 印櫃 (인) (궤) A seal box.

*인내 s. 忍耐 (참을) (견ᄃᆡᆯ) Endurance; fortitude.

*인내ᄒᆞ다 s. 忍耐 (참을) (견ᄃᆡᆯ) To display endurance; to act with fortitude; to bear up.

*인낙ᄒᆞ다 s. 認諾 (알) (허락) To sanction; to approve of; to signify approval.

인다고 s. Give me. (Low.) *Also* 이다고

*인덕 s. 仁德 (어질) (ᄐᆞᆨ) Benevolence; humanity; kindness.

*인뎜 s. 寅點 (동방) (뎜) The first fifteen minutes of 4 o'clock.

*인뎨 s. 姻弟 (혼인) (아오) I—used in letters to a brother-in-law.

*인뎡 s. 人丁 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (장뎡) A family; the members of the family.

*인뎡세 s. 人丁稅 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (장뎡) (ᄇᆞ세) A capitation tax.

*인뎡시 s. 人定時 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅢ) The time or hour when all is quiet—night.

*인뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 認定 (알) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To recognize; to determine; to settle.

*인도 s. 引導 (잇ᄭᅳᆯ) (인도) Guidance.

*인도 s. 印度 (인칠) (지날) India.

*인도ᄉᆞ —두) 印刀 (인칠) (갈) A Korean smoothing iron—used for pressing seams.

*인도고 s. 印度膏 (인칠) (지날) (기름) India-rubber.

*인도국 s. 印度國 (인칠) (지날) (나라) India.

*인도양 s. 印度洋 (인칠) (지날) (바다) The Indian Ocean.

*인도적ᄒᆞ다 s. 人盜賊 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (도적) (도적) To seduce; to abduct; to sell into slavery.

*인도ᄒᆞ다 s. 引導 (잇ᄭᅳᆯ) (인도) To lead; to conduct; to guide.

*인동 s. 忍冬 (참을) (겨울) The stem of the mistletoe—a medicine for colds.

인동 s. 仁同 (어질) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.59. Long. 128.25.

*인동쥬 s. 忍冬酒 (참을) (겨울) (술) A liquor containing an extract of the honey-suckle.

인ᄆᆞᆯ이다 s. ᄆᆞᆯ녀; 닌 To crowd about; to crush in; to create confusion.

인쑥이 s. 印匣 (인칠 *인) (궤—*궤) A seal-case; a stamp box.

*인등ᄒᆞ다 s. 仍燈 (인ᄒᆞᆫ—*잉) (등ᄇᆞᆯ) To keep the lights burning as in Buddhistic ceremonies etc.

*인력 s. 人力 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (힘) Human strength; the power of man.

*인력거 s. 人力車 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (힘) (수레) A Japanese jin-riki-sha. *See* 동양차.

*인류 s. 人類 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Man—as opposed to the brute creation. *See* 인종.

*인류학 s. 人類學 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆯ류) (비홀) Ethnology; the science of the human race. *See* 인종학.

*인륜 s. 人倫 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (인륜) Man's relationships—the five laws of deportment.

*인륜대소 s. 人倫大事 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (인륜) (큰) (일) The great matter of human relationship—marriage.

*인마 s. 人馬 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Man and horse—necessaries for travelling.

*인마역동 s. 人馬亦同 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅩ) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) Man and horse are the same—an expression used in exhorting to considerate treatment of the latter

*인(이)막지기조지악 s. 人莫知其子之惡 (사롬)(말)(알)(그)(아돌)(갈) (오길) Man does not know his own son's failures.

*인말 s. 寅末 (동방)(못) The last of the 인 hour or 5 o'clock A.M.

*인망 s. 人望 (사롬)(부랄) Worth; character; what one's hopes rest on.

*인면 s. 人面 (사롬)(낫) Human face.

*인면슈심 s. 人面獸心 (사롬)(낫)(즘성)(무옴) Human in face, but beastly at heart.

*인명 s. 人命 (사롬)(목숨) Human life.

*인명수 s. 人名數 (사롬)(일홈)(두어) The number of persons.

*인명(이)지즁 s. 人命至重 (사롬)(목숨)(지극)(즁홀) Life is the all important thing.

*인명(이)저텬 s. 人命在天 (사롬)(목숨)(잇슬)(하늘) One's life depends on God.

*인모 s. 人毛 (사롬)(터럭) Human hair.

*인모(를)난측 s. 人謀難測 (사롬) (꾀) (어려울)(헤아릴) There is no fathoming the schemes of man.

*인목 s. 人牧 (사롬) (칠) The shepherd of the people—the king (M.)

*인묘조 s. 仁廟朝 (어질) (샤당) (아젼) The posthumous name of King Injong.

*인문 s. 仁聞 (어질)(드돌) A reputation for benevolence. Reports of righteousness (M.)

*인물 s. 人物 (사롬) (만돌) Human appearance; looks.

*인물병 s. 人物屛 사롬 만돌 빙즌 screen painted in human figures.

*인물슈심호다 s. 人物雖存 사롬 만돌 (잇) (화길) To look up a run-away wife—an allusion to Confucius.

*인물초지 s. 人物次知 (사롬) (만돌) (버금 알) The dispensing of justice as by the Hansongpu.

*인민 s. 人民 (사롬) (빅셩) The people; the plebian class.

*인민보호 s. 人民保護 사롬, 빅셩 보션 두옴, Protection of the people.

*인민보호쳔 s. 人民保護權 (사롬 빅셩) 보젼 (두옴 권세) Power to protect the common people.

*인민일심으로 s. 人民一心 (사롬) (빅셩) (호나) (마음) With the consent of the people

*인발 s. (一뿔) 印撥 (인칠) (젼주—*뿔) The impression or stamp of an official seal.

*인방 s. 寅方 (동방) (모) The East. The lintel—of a door.

*인변 s. 人邊 (사롬) (가) The name of the 9th Chinese radical 亻.

*인벌 s. 人別 (사롬) (다룰) Registration; census.

*인병*ᄉᆞᄉᆞ다 s. 因病致死 (인홀) (병들) 일울 (죽을) To fall sick and die—from some disease, to die from the effects of.

*인봉가슈호다 s. 印封物四 (인칠 봉홀) (갈) 가물 To put into the cangue and seal it with an official seal.

*인봉호다 s. 印封 (인칠) (봉홀) To stamp with an official seal.

*인봉호다 s. 印封 (인칠) (봉홀) *봉) To fill up a grave again after an examination of the bones. *See* 귀봉쇽호다.

*인봉가슈호다 s. 印封枷囚 (인칠) 봉홀) 갈 가물 To seal and stamp a cangue on.

*인부 s. 人負 (사롬) (질) Coolie transport—of official goods

*인부모집호다 s. 人負募集 (사롬) (질) (부를) (모돌) To gather together coolie labourers.

*인분 s. 人糞 (사롬) (똥) Human excrement. *See* 똥.

*인불언귀무지 s. 人不言鬼不知 (사롬) 아니 (말숨 귀신) 아니 알 When men do not speak even devils cannot understand them.

*인불제소 s. 寅不祭祀 (동방) (아닐) (졔소) (졔소) On 寅 day there should be no sacrificing to spirits.

*인비목셕 s. 人非木石 사롬 아닐 나무 돌 Man is not wood or stone

*인산호다 s. 因山都監 인홀 와 모돌 (일) To conduct a royal funeral.

*인산호다 s. 因山 (인홀) (외) To bury a king; to conduct a royal funeral.

*인상서 s. 人相書 (사롬) (서로) (글) The description of a person.

*인상서호다 s. 人相食 (사롬) (서로) (먹을) To devour one another; famine

*인상찰 s. 人相學 (사롬) (서로) (비홀) The art or science of telling fortunes from the expression of the face; physiognomy.

*인상ᄒᆞ다 s. 及傷 (칼날) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) To wound with a sword.

*인성 s. 人聲 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (소리) People's voices.

인성만성ᄒᆞ다 s. To crowd; to surge to and fro.

*인성접ᄒᆞ다 v. 印成帖 (인칠) (일ᄋᆞᆷ) (붓칠—*업) To mark with an official stamp.

*인성학 s. 人性學 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (셩픔) (비홈) Ethnology.

*인쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 忍笑 (ᄎᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ) (우ᄉᆞᆷ) To repress a smile; to forbear to laugh.

*인수 s. 人數 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄃᆞ어) The number of persons; number of soldiers.

*인수 s. 因數 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞ어) Factor.

*인슈셰 人首稅 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (머리) (구실) Poll tax.

*인슈ᄒᆞ다 v. 引水 (잇ᄃᆡ올) (물) To bring water—as by hose etc.

*인슌고식 s. 因循姑息 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅳᆯ) (아ᄎᆡ) (쉬일) Conservative and temporizing.

*인슌고식지게 s. 因循姑息之計 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅳᆯ) (아ᄎᆡ) (쉬일) (갈) (계교) Conservative and temporizing plans. *See* 인슌고식.

*인슌고식ᄒᆞ다 s. 因循姑息 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (좃ᄎᆞᆯ) (아ᄎᆡ) (쉬일) To be slow and dilatory; to be unprogressive and temporizing.

*인슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 因循 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅳᆯ) To procrastinate; to delay.

*인술 s. 仁術 (어질) (ᄉᆞᆯ업) Literally "benevolent art"; the science of medicine.

*인승ᄒᆞ다 s. 因乘 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄐᆞᆯ) To multiply.

*인시 s. 寅時 (동방) (때) The hours of 3 and 4 A.M.

*인시 s. 人時 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (때) The seasons—spring, summer etc., (B. H.)

*인신 s. 人臣 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (신하) A subject; vassals.

*인신 s. 印信 (인칠) (ᄆᆡᆺ올) An official seal.

*인신공격 s. 人身攻擊 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (몸) (칠) (칠) Personal attack.

*인신판 s. 印信官 (인칠) (ᄆᆡᆺ올) (벼슬) An officer in charge of a government seal.

*인심 s. 仁心 (어질) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Humane mind; benevolent heart; humanity; benevolence; humanitarianism.

*인심 s. 人心 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Disposition; character; nature; race characteristics.

인심소판 s. 人心所辦 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (바) (처판) What is according to one's mind; a matter of consideration.

*인심(이)흉흉 s. 人心洶洶 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (흉흉ᄒᆞᆯ), 흉흉ᄒᆞᆯ Men's minds being greatly alarmed and excited.

*인ᄉᆞ s. 人事 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (일) Human affairs.

*인ᄉᆞ유명 s. 人死留名 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (죽ᄋᆞᆯ) (머ᄆᆞᆯ, (일홈) The man when he dies leaves his reputation.

*인ᄉᆞ불성 s. 人事不省 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (일) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆼ할) One ignorant of the affairs of the world; an ignoramus.

*인ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 人事 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (일) To salute; to make the acquaintance of.

*인숨 s. 人蔘 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄉᆞᆷ) Ginseng. The *Aralia quinquefolia*—said to be a strengthening medicine.

*인숨졈과 s. 人蔘點果 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄉᆞᆷ) (다ᄆᆞᆯ) (실과) Ginsang-jam.

*인셩 s. 人生 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (날) Man; human beings.

*인셩즁젼 s. 人生中錢 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (날) (ᄃᆞᆫ) Money came after man—is therefore of less value.

*인쇄 s. 印刷 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) Printing.

*인쇄국 s. 印刷局 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆨ) Printing Bureau.

*인쇄긔계 s. 印刷機械 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (긔계) A printing machine.

*인쇄ᄆᆞᆯ s. 印刷物 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆨ건) Anything printed; a print.

*인쇄소 s. 印刷所 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (곳) A printing office; a publishing house. *See* 인쇄소; 활판소; 책관.

*인쇄인 s. 印刷人 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A printer.

*인쇄지 s. 印刷紙 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) (조희) Printing paper.

*인쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 印刷 (인칠) (거ᄅᆞᆯ) To print.

*인아지친 s. 姻婭之親 (혼인) (혼인) (갈) (친ᄒᆞᆯ) Relations by marriage.

*인어 s. 人魚 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (고기) A creature of the sea, said to be half woman, half fish having long hair and weeping pearls for tears; a mermaid.

*인연 s. 人緣 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (연) A fairy; an elf—as seen by those in luck.

*인연 s. 人烟 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (연긔) A house.

*인연 s. 因緣 (인ᄒᆞᆫ) (인연) Bond; union—as decreed by heaven. *See* 연분.

*인연ᄒᆞ다 s. 因緣 (인ᄒᆞᆯ) (인연) To be connected; to be because of, to be a bond. *See* 샹관ᄒᆞ다.

*인영 s. 人影 (사람) (그림조) A man's shadow.

*인욕 s. 人慾 (사람) (욕심) Human desires; human lusts.

*인용ᄒᆞ다 v. 引用 (끌) (쓸 To consult (as books of reference); to quote; to make extracts from.

*인육 s. 人肉 (사람) (고기) Human flesh.

*인육증 s. 引飮症 (당길) (마실) (증세) A disease characterized by thirst.

*인의 s. 仁義 (어질) (올흘) Benevolence; kindness; mercy.

*인의 s. 引儀 (인살) (거동) An officer who calls out the forms to be repeated by the King in ancestral worship, or at festivals.

*인의례지 s. 仁義禮智 (어질) (올흘) (례도) (지혜) Charity, fidelity, ceremony and knowledge.

*인인 s. 人人 (사람) (사람) Men; persons; people; everybody.

*인인 s. 仁人 (어질) (사람) A benevolent person; a kindhearted man.

*인인셩ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 因人成事 (인ᄒᆞᆫ) (사람, 일을 일, To accomplish a matter by the aid of others.

*인임ᄒᆞ다 s. 仍任 (인ᄒᆞᆫ 임) (맛흘) To be retained in office beyond the ordinary time.

*인이ᄒᆞ다 s. 仁愛 (어질) (스랑) To love; to cherish; to have affection for. *See* 스랑ᄒᆞ다.

*인원 s. 人員 (사람) (인원) Persons; members.

*인원 s. 人員 (사람) (판원) The number of people.

*인작 s. 人作 (사람) (지을) Works of art, handiskill. *Opp.* 천작

*인장묘발 s. 寅葬卯發 (동방) (장ᄉᆞ) (즉기) (필) Burial in the *in* hour and receiving blessing in the *myo* hour—immediate blessing following propitious burial.

*인쟈 s. 仁者 (어질) (놈) A humane merciful, charitable, or benevolent person; a philanthropist; one who shews sympathy or consideration for others.

*인장 s. 印章 (인칠) (글장) Any seal, stamp, or postal mark affixed to a document or letter.

인제 s. 即今 (곳—*즉) (이제—*금) Now; at this time. *See* 즉금.

*인적 s. 人跡 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) 자최) Human footprints; marks or traces of man.

*인적부도쳐 s. 人跡不到處 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (자최) (아닐) (니ᄅᆞᆯ) (곳) A region without trace of inhabitants.

*인절미 s. 引絶味 인살 ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) 맛) A kind of bread made from ᄎᆞᆯ쌀.

*인접ᄒᆞ다 v. 引接 (인살) (접ᄒᆞᆯ) To meet; to go out to meet.

*인제 s. 人祭 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (제ᄉᆞ) Human sacrifices—common till the beginning of this dynasty especially in 장산.

*인졍 s. 仁政 (어질) (정ᄉᆞ) A righteous rule; a just administration.

*인졍 s. 仁政 (어질) (정ᄉᆞ) A humane government; benevolent administration

*인정 s. 人情 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (뜻) Human sympathy, consideration.

*인졍 s. 寅正 (동방) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) 4 o'clock A.M.

*인정간에 s. 人情間 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (뜻) (ᄉᆞ이) (Out) of consideration; (from) sympathy.

*인정세틱 s. 人情世態 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (뜻) (인간) (틱도) The condition of the world and humanity.

인정쓰다 s. 정써; 쓴 To bribe Yamen paddlers to beat lightly. To bribe the underlings of Hades after death. To bribe

*인조물 s. 人造物 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (지을) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) What man makes; manufactured articles.

*인조사향 s. 人造麝香 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (지을) (사향노로) (향) Manufactured musk, imitation musk.

*인존ᄒᆞ다 仍存 인ᄒᆞᆫ *잉) 있ᄉᆞᆫ *존) To be retained in office beyond the ordinary time.

*인죵 s 人種 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (씨) Mankind; the human race, inhabitants. *See* 인류

*인죵지말 s 人種之末 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (씨) (갈) 말, The last of mankind, the offscouring of the earth

*인죵학 s. 人種學 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (씨) (배홀) Anthropology.

인주 s. Give me.— —오; — —ᄒᆞ쇼셔. (Prov.)

인줄 s. A rope barrier. Means; help. (Prov.)

*인쥬 s. 印朱 (인줘) (붉을) Red stamping ink.

*인쥬 s. 人主 (사름) (님굼) The sovereign.

*인쥰ᄒᆞ다 v. 認准 (알) (쥰ᄒᆞᆯ) To examine and confirm.

인즁 s. 人中 (사름) (가온ᄃᆡ) The perpendicular furrow on the upper lip—depth and length denote respectively riches and longevity.

인즁방 s. Studs—used in house building.

*인즁뇨 s. 人中白 (사름) (가온ᄃᆡ) (흰) Urea—used as medicine.

*인즁승텬 s. 人衆勝天 (사름) (무리) (이길) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Men in multitudes can conquer heaven.

*인즁황 s. 人中黃 (사름 (가온ᄃᆡ) (누루) A medicine said to have been prepared by Chinese physicians from human faces.

*인증 s. 引證 (인굴) (증거) Proof; evidence brought forward in support of a statement.

*인증ᄒᆞ다 v. 引證 (인굴) (증거) To bring forward testimony; to adduce evidence. *See* 비유ᄒᆞ다.

*인지 s. 印紙 (인칠) (죠희) A cheque; a stamped note. A postage stamp.

*인지미발ᄒᆞ다 s. 人智未發 (사름) (지혜) (못ᄒᆞᆯ) (필) To be undeveloped of human wisdom.

*인지상정 s. 人之常情 (사름) (갈) (썻썻) (뜻) Thoughts common to mankind.

*인지세 s. 印紙稅 (인칠) (죠희) (구실) Stamp tax.

*인지조례 s. 印紙條例 (인칠) (죠희) (가지) (견례) Stamp regulations.

*인진 s. 茵蔯 (풀) (풀) *Artemisia capillaris* —a medicine. *See* 약쑥.

*인질알 s. 人癲 (사름) (잔질 —*잔) Fits; convulsions—caused by seeing a crowd.

*인지위덕 s. 忍之爲德 (참을) (갈) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄅᆞᆫ) Patient endurance becomes virtue.

*인조 s. 人子 (사름) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The son of a man. Used for the Son of Man—Christ. Men; the children of men.

*인조 s. 因子 (인ᄒᆞᆫ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Factors.

*인조ᄒᆞ다 s. 仁慈 (어질) (ᄉᆞᆯ랑) To be merciful; to be kind; to be tender; to be humane. *See* 어질다.

*인지 s. 人才 (사름) (지조) Talent; men of talents.

*인지멸조지피 s. 人在名虎在皮 (사름) (일홈) (일ᄒᆞᆫ) (법) (잇슬) (가죽) Man leaves a name (good or bad), a tiger leaves a skin.

*인찰지 s. 印札紙 (인) (편지) (조희) Lined paper; ruled paper for letters.

*인찰ᄒᆞ다 s. 印劄 (인칠) (글—*차) To rule paper

*인척 s. 人尺 (사름) (자) A rule used only for measuring a man's height.

*인척 s. 姻戚 (혼인) (겨레) Relationship by marriage.

*인천 s. 仁川 (어질) (내) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.26. Long. 126.42. 80 *li* from Seoul. The port of Chemulpo.

*인청ᄒᆞ다 s. 引請 (인ᄉᆞᆯ) (청ᄒᆞᆯ) To make request for another; to recommend.

*인초 s. 寅初 (방동) (처음) 3 o'clock A.M.

*인총 s. 人叢叢 (사름) (다) Crowds of people; multitudes.

*인총수 s. 人總數 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (다) (두어—*수) The number of a crowd.

인치 s. 英寸 (ᄲᅩᆺ부리—*영) (마ᄃᆡ—*촌) Inch—Eng. measure.

인치다 v. 打印 (칠 —*ᄒᆞ) (인칠 *인) 인쳐; 친 To stamp—with an official seal.

*인톄 s. 人體 (사름) (몸) Human body; human form.

*인편 s. 人便 (사름) (편) (By) means of some one; (through) some person.

*인품 s. 人品 (사름) (품) A man's moral and intellectual level.

*인피 s. 人皮 (사름) (가죽) Human skin.

*인풍ᄒᆞ다 v. 引風 (잇ᄂᆞᆯ) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) To take cold—as in a wound. To fly in the wind.

*인허ᄒᆞ다 s. 認許 (알) (허락) To give official sanction; to give approval; to acknowledge.

*인허장 s. 認許狀 (알) (허락) (글월) A permit; a written sanction.

*인형 s. 人形 (사름) (형상) Human shape.

*인형 s. 姻兄 (혼인) (맛) You—used in letters to a brother-in-law.

*인형 s. 仁兄 (어질) (맛) Literally 'talented elder brother;' a polite expression used both in the spoken and written languages in the sense of you in allusion to the person addressed, and in the sense of Mr. when a third person is spoken of.

*인호 s. 人戶 (사룸) (지게) Census; number of houses. See 인가.

*인홀불견ᄒᆞ다 s. 因忽不見 (인홀) (문득) (아니) (볼) To disappear suddenly.

*인후 s. 咽喉 (목구멍) (목구멍) The gullet; the larynx. Sore-throat.

*인후병 s. 咽喉病 (목구멍) (목구멍) (병듦) Sore-throat

*인후지디 s. 咽喉之地 (목구멍) (목구멍) (갈) (싸) A strategic point; the key to a position. See 요해처.

*인후ᄒᆞ다 s. 仁厚 (어질) (두터울) To be liberal; to be humane. See 인ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다.

*인휼 s. 仁恤 (어질) (불샹히넉일) Compassion; pity; benevolence.

*인희디광 s. 人稀地廣 (사룸) (드물 [illegible]) (넓을) Inhabitants few and territory wide.

*인ᄒᆞ다 s. 因 (인홀) To be because of.

*인ᄒᆞ야 s. 因 인ᄒᆞ Because of—a post form following the accusative. See 드디여.

*인히중 s. 人海中 (사룸) (바다) (가온디) In crowds of people; in the multitude.

*인힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 印行 (인칠) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To print.

*인화 s. 人和 (사룸) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) Harmony among men. (M.) National harmony.

인 s. The name of a measure of paper used at 감시 examinations. Early. (Comp.)

*일 s. 一 (ᄒᆞᆫ) One.

일 l. 事 (*ᄉᆞ) Work; action; affair; event. Damage; loss.

*일가 s. 一家 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (집) One family; all related by blood. See 겨레; 일가존ᄌᆞ.

*일가중 s. 一家中 ([illegible]) (가온데) One clan; one family. See 일가

*일가화목ᄒᆞ다 s. 一家和睦 ([illegible]) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞ홀) The whole family being in harmony.

*일각대문 s. 一角大門 ([illegible]) A front gate having only posts and roof—with no servants' quarters. See 일각문.

*일각문 s. 一角門 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (쁠) (문) A gate having no servants' quarters. See 일각대문.

*일각(이)여삼추 s. 一刻如三秋 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (삭일) [illegible] hour (is) like a whole season.

*일간 s. 日刊 (날) (삭일) Daily publication—of newspapers.

*일간 s. 日間 (날) (ᄉᆞ이) Interval; period of time.

*일간두옥 s. 一間斗屋 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄉᆞ이) (말) (집) One small house in all the expanse.

*일개서싱 s. 一箇書生 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (글) (날) A single literati.

*일거금 s. 一醵金 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (술추렴ᄒᆞᆯ) (쇠) One share. See 일고금.

*일거량득 s. 一擧兩得 ([illegible]) (을) Killing two birds with one stone.

*일거(에)무소식 s. 一去無消息 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (갈) (업슬) (삭아질) (쉬일) No news since departure. See 일무소식.

*일거ᄒᆞ다 s. 逸居 (편안) (거ᄒᆞᆯ) To live in retirement, to lead a secluded life.

*일건 s. 一件 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (벌) One (suit); one (set).

*일건 s. 一件 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (벌) A question; a case; particular point in a question.

*일건ᄉᆞ s. 一件事 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (벌) (일) One case or question.

*일계 s. 日計 (날) (계교) A daily account of receipts and expenditure.

*일고금 s. 一股金 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄃᆞ리) (쇠) One share in business.

일고동 l. 事機 (일 *ᄉᆞ (긔틀—*긔) The essential; the important part; the part on which all depends.

*일괴 s. 一塊 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (덩이) A simple mass or lump.

*일공 s. 日工 (날) (장인) Day labor.

*일공 s. 一空 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (뷜) An empty house.

*일공ᄉᆞ s. 日公使 (날) (공번될) (ᄉᆞ신) The [illegible] Mi[illegible]

*일구 s. 一口 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (입) One mouth—as a member of a family.

*일구 s. 逸口 (편안) (입) A wrong speech; evil words (R.H.)

*일구난설 s. 一口難說 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (입) (어려올) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) What is difficult to express. See 일필난긔. Opp. 일언단파.

*일구여출 s. 一口如出 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (입) (ᄀᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) (날) What is unanimous as with one voice. See 여출일구

*일구이언ᄒᆞ다 s. 一日二言 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (일) (두) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To contradict; to be double-tongued.

*일구월심 s. 日久月深 (날) (오랠) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (깊을) Many days; days and months. See 년심세구ᄒᆞ다.

*일국 s. 一國 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (나라) The whole kingdom, all the kingdom. See 온일국

*일국 s. 日國 (날) (나라) Japan. See 왜국.

일군 l. (一-군) 役軍 (역ᄉᆞ—*역) (군ᄉᆞ—*군) A worker; a laborer; a common coolie. See 삭군.

*일군 s. 日軍 (날) (군ᄉᆞ) Japanese soldiers.

*일군뎨 s. 日軍隊 (날) (군ᄉᆞ) (뎨) Japanese soldiers.

*일귀 s. 一句 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (글귀) A phrase; a word.

*일근 s. 日勤 (날) (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) Daily official work.

*일금 s. 一禁 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) A prohibited thing.

*일급 s. 一級 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (두를) First class (as in schools); first grade; one grade (as of rank).

*일급 s. 日給 (날) (줌) Daily wages. See 월급.

일ᄭᅩᆺ l. 事端 (일—*ᄉᆞ) (ᄭᅩᆺ—*단) Affair; business; undertaking.

일ᄀᆞᆺ거리다 s. 기려; 린 To pull sideways—as of cloth of soft texture. See 일긋일긋ᄒᆞ다.

일ᄀᆞᆺ일ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be drawn—as sewing badly done. See 일ᄀᆞᆺ일ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞ다.

일ᄀᆞᆺ일ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft in texture; to pull from side to side. See 일ᄀᆞᆺ거리다.

*일긔 s. 日氣 (날) (긔운) The weather.

*일긔 s. 日記 (날) (긔록) A diary; a journal.

*일긔 s. 一期 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (긔약) A fixed period of time; one term.

*일긔부 s. 日記簿 (날) (긔록) (문셔) A daybook.

*일긔지욕 s. 一己之慾 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (몸) (갈) (욕심) Anxiety for one's own skin; selfish desire.

*일긔부됴ᄒᆞ다 s. 日氣不調 (날) (긔운) (아닐—*불) (고ᄅᆞ) To be unsettled—of the weather. To be out of season. See 일긔불슌ᄒᆞ다.

*일긔불슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 日氣不順 (날) (긔운) (아닐) (슌ᄒᆞᆯ) To be tempestuous—of the weather. See 일긔부됴ᄒᆞ다.

*일긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 日記 (날) (긔록) To make notes of daily; to note in a diary.

*일기 s. 壹岐 (ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔) Iki in Japan.

일기죽일기죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake from side to side; to be unstable. See 일기죽일기죽ᄒᆞ다.

일기죽일기죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To pull from side to side—as cloth of soft texture; to wabble—in gait. To be contradictory—in speech. See 일긋일긋ᄒᆞ다.

*일긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 一緊 (ᄒᆞᆯ) (긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be necessary; to be all-important.

*일기 s. 一個 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) One; one piece.

*일기셔싱 s. 一箇書生 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (글) (날) One poor scholar.

*일기년 s. 一個年 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (ᄒᆡ) One year.

*일기인 s. 一個人 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) One single person.

*일기일 s. 一箇日 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (날) One single day.

*일기년 s. 一個年 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (ᄒᆡ) One single year.

*일기월 s. 一個月 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (낫) (ᄃᆞᆯ) One single month.

*일과 s. 日課 (날) (공부) Daily lessons.

*일과ᄒᆞ다 s. 日課 (날) (공부) To study daily.

*일관 s. 日館 (날) (ᄆᆡᆨ샤) The Japanese legation.

*일권 s. 一卷 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (칙) One scroll; a scroll.

*일난풍화ᄒᆞ다 s. 日暖風和 (날) (따ᄉᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) (고ᄅᆞ) To be warm and blowing softly.

일내다 s. To give me. See 인다고. To be a bad affair.

*일녀 s. 日女 (날) (계집) A Japanese woman.

*일년감 s. 一年柿 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆡ) (감ᄌᆞ) Tomatoes.

*일년급 s. 一年級 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆡ) (드ᄅᆞᆷ) A first year class—as in school.

*일년 s. 一年 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆡ) One year.

*일년싱 s. 一年生 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆡ) (날) A first year class.

*일년열두ᄃᆞᆯ s. 一年十二月 (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄒᆡ) (열—*십) (두 *이) (ᄃᆞᆯ—*월) One year, twelve months.

*일년초 s. 一年草 (호) (히) (쫄) Annual plants.

*일념 s. 一念 (호) (싱각) The feelings or intentions—of a person.

일노 s. By means of; because of; by. *Also* 이로.

*일녀 s. -女 (호) (안) The royal guard in the Palace—an office filled by the gentry.

일다 s. To be—used as a predicate with nouns and adjectives. To be distinguished from 있다. To exist; to be.

일다 *l.* 淘 (일 -*도) 일어; 인 To wash—rice, gold etc.

일다 s. 早 (일직-*조) 너; 은 To be early. *Opp.* 놋다.

*일단 s. (-단) 一段 (호) (못) One matter; a point; a detail.

*일단 s. -端 (호) (못) A single case or instance.

*일단정신 s. (-단) 一團精神 (호) (정굴) (정거) (귀신) Concentration of mind. *See* 일심정력.

*일대위인 s. 一大偉人 (호) (핀) (넉넉) (사름) A great personage; a wonderful man.

*일대장관 s. 一大壯觀 (호) (핀) (장호) (볼) A great sight; a wonder to see.

*일당 s. 日黨 (날) (무리) The Japanese political party.

*일당백 s. 당 一當百 (호 당홀 일뵉 One that is worth a hundred

*일뎜 s. (-뎜) 一點 (호) (뎜) A point, a dot. A cloud.

*일뎜일조 s. -點-滴 (호) (뎜 (호 ㅣ 울 One dot one and

*일뎡 s. 정 一定 (호, 뎡홀) Certainly, without doubt. *See* 단뎡코.

*일뎡호다 s. -定 호, 뎡홀 To settle, to establish, to dwell, to be established; to be fixed; to become trained

*일뎡년금 s. 一定年金 (호 뎡홀, 히 (최) Certain annuities.

*일뎡지심 s. 一定之心 (호) 뎡홀 갈 (무옴) Constancy, fixedness of purpose

*일도 s. 一道 호, 길 One province. One road. One ground of learning.

*일도 s. 一度 (호) (지날) One degree. One time.

*일됴 s. 一條 (호) (가지) One article or clause;—of writing; one line—of roads.

*일동 s. (-똥) 一洞 (호) (골) All the settlement; the whole district.

*일동일정 s. (-똥-뎡) 一動一靜 (호) 움직일 (호) (고요) Conduct, behavior; manner of life. *See* 일동일정.

*일동일정 s. (-똥, -뎡) 一動一靜 호, 움직일 호 (고요) Conduct, actions, behavior; manner of life. *See* 일동일졀.

*일득일실호다 s. 一得一失 (호) 엇을 호 (일흘, I win one and I lose one.

*일등 s. 一等 (호) (무리) The first official grade; the first class. First; number one; the head. Very.

*일등군조 s. -等軍曹 호, 무리) 군소 (무리) A first sergeant.

*일등명장 s. 등 -等名將 호) 무리 (일홈) (장슈) The chief general; the generalissimo.

*일등명창 s. -等名唱 (호) (무리) (일홈) (부를) A first class singer.

*일등변삼각형 s. -等邊三角形 (호) (무리) (가) (셕) (쏠) (형상) Primary triangle.

*일뎨 s. 一隊 (호) (떼) One company (as of soldiers).

*일뎨 s. 一代 (호) (디신) One dynasty; one reign; one lifetime—of a person; one generation.

*일락 s. 逸樂 (편안, 즐거울 (호 Quiet enjoyment; ease; comfort; leisure; repose.

*일락서산 s. 日落西山 날 (써러질, 서 (녁) (희) The sun sets in the west.

*일람 s. 一覽 (호) (볼) One glance; a cursory inspection; perusal.

일람첩긔 覽輒記 (호) 볼 (문득 (긔록) Once seen never forgotten—of one who has a good memory.

*일량 s. 一兩 (호) (두) One *yang* of money.

*일량일간 s. 一兩日間 호 두, 날 (소이) One or two days.

*일력 s. 日力 날 힘 Daily strength for labor; time for work—in a day.

*일례 s. 一例 (호) (젼례) According to precedent; the same.

*일로 s. 一路 (호) (길) One road or path.

*일륜 s. 日輪 (날) (박회) The disk of the sun; the sun.

*일륜 s. 一輪 (호) (박회) A single blossom

*일률 s. 一律 (호) (법) The limit of the [illegible] law

*일리 s. 一里 (호)(마을) One 리—equivalent to about 2⅓ English miles,—the 10th part of a 권.

일마 s. A word used to call children. (Prov.)

*일망무제 s. 一望無際 (호)(망무)(업슬)(조을) A vast expanse; a boundless stretch.

*일면 s. 一面 (호)(낫) Literally 'one surface'; (오로) everywhere.

*일면여구 s. 一面如舊 (호)(낫)(깃흘)(녜) Like old friends from the very first.

일명 s. The son of a concubine—of the gentry. *See* 무천.

*일명 s. 一名 (호)(일홈) One name; one person.

*일모 s. 日暮 (날)(져믈) Sunset; evening.

*일모 s. 一毛 (호)(털억) Literally 'one hair'; a very little, a blade of grass.

*일모호다 s. 日暮 (날)(져믈) To be late. *See* 져믈다.

*일목국 s. 一目國 (호)(눈)(나라) The one-eyed kingdom.

*일목장군 s. 一目將軍 (호)(눈)(장슈)(군소) A one-eyed fellow—a term of contempt taken from a one-eyed general of ancient China.

*일몰 s. 日沒 (날)(몰홀) The sun-set.

*일무가관 s. 一無可觀 (호)(업슬)(가호)(볼, Nothing worth seeing. *See* 일무가취.

*일무가론 s. 一無可論 (호)(업슬)(가호)(의론) Without a single point for consideration.

*일무가취 s. 一無可取 (호)(업슬)(가호)(취홀) Not a single recommendation. *See* 일무소취.

*일무소장 s. 一無所長 (호)(업슬)(바)(긴) Without a single good point.

*일무소취 s. 一無所取 (호)(업슬)(바)(취홀) Without a single useful point. *See* 무일가취.

*일무쇼식 s. 一無消息 (호)(업슬)(살아 짐)(쉬일) Not a single word. *See* 무쇼식ᄒᆞ다.

*일무하착ᄒᆞ다 s. 一無差錯 (호)(업슬)(어그러질)(그릇) To be free from defects

*일문 s. 日文 (날)(글) Japanese script.

*일문 s. 一門 (호)(문) All the family or clan. *See* 종인; 일가.

*일문지내 s. 一門之內 (호)(문)(갈)(안) The members of a clan; the members of a household.

*일물 s. 一物 (호)(만물) One thing; a single thing

*일미 s. 一味 (호)(맛) A delicious taste. *See* 별미. One ingredient; the only ingredient; one element—in the composition of a thing.

*일미 s. 一枚 (호)(낫) One; applied as an auxiliary numeral to certain things which are flat in shape, such as paper, carpets, boards, clothes etc.

*일반 s. 一般 (호)(가지) Alike; the same. *See* ᄒᆞᆫ가지.

*일반 s. 一半 (호)(졀반) One half. *See* 졀반.

*일반 s. 一班 (호)(반렬) Number one; the first in point of superiority; the best.

*일반손해 s. 一般損害 (호)(가지)(멸)(해홀) General damages. *Opp.* 특별손해.

*일방 s. 一放 (호)(노흘) One shot; one charge of powder; one stroke— of flint, one measure of tinder etc. *See* 단방.

*일방 s. 一方 (호)(모) One division of land.

*일방보 s. 一方步 (호)(모)(거름) A measure of 25 squarefeet. (방척).

*일방승 s. 一方乘 (호)(방)(탈) First power.

*일변 s. 一邊 (호)(가) One side; one hand; here—in contrast to there.

*일변 s. 日邊 (날)(갓) Daily interest.

*일변ᄒᆞ다 s. 一變 (호)(변홀) To change; to be altered; to be altogether changed, to undergo a complete transformation, to be reconstructed. Daily interest. To change; to alter.

*일별ᄒᆞ다 s. 一別 (호)(리별) To part; to separate, as one person from another.

*일병 s. 一並 (호)(아오를) All; the whole.

*일병 s. 日兵 (날)(군소) Japanese soldiers. *See* 왜병.

*일병명 s. 日兵丁 (날) (군소) (장뎡) Japanese soldiers.

*일보 s. -步 (호) (거름) One step; a single pace.

*일본 s. 日本 (날) (밋) Japan. See 왜국.

*일본 s. 一本 (호) (밋) A single ancestral seat. See 동본. One pattern; one kind

*일본젼도 s. 日本全圖 (일) (밋) (온젼) (그림) A map of the whole of Japan.

*일본제 s. 日本製 (날) (밋) (지을) Japanese pattern or make.

*일봉 s. 日捧 (날) (밧을) Daily earnings.

*일봉 s. 一封 (호) (봉홀) A singular numeral applied to letters or enclosures; a letter.

*일봉서간 s. 一封書簡 (호) (봉홀) (글) (대쑥) A single enclosure—of a letter.

일부러 ad. 故作 (연고…*고) (지을—*작) Purposely; intentionally. See 부러.

*일부분 s. 一部分 (호) (떼) (논홀) One division.

*일부일부 s. 一夫一婦 (호) (지아비) (호) (지어미) One husband and one wife.

*일부종신ᄒᆞ다 s. 一夫終身 (호) (지아비) (모칠) (몸) To have but a single husband during life.

*일분 s. 一分 (호) (논홀) One line or short measure. 10 분 = 1 치, 10 치 1 사

*일분부거힘 s. 一分付擧行 (호) (논호) (붓칠) (들) (힝홀) A single order and the work all finished.

*일분조 s. 一分子 (호) (논홀) (아홀) One division.

*일불기본ᄒᆞ다 s. 一不斟論 (호) (아닐) (돌) (의본) To not consult a single time; to have nothing to do with.

*일불주족ᄒᆞ다 s. 一不投足 (호) (아닐) (던질, 발) To never pay a single visit; to never set foot in. See 일불현형ᄒᆞ다.

*일불현형ᄒᆞ다 s. 一不現形 (호) (아닐) (보일) (얼골) To never show one's face a single time. See 일불주족ᄒᆞ다.

*일비 s. 日費 (날) (허빌) Daily expenses.

*일비지력 s. 一臂之力 (호) (팔) (갈) (힘) A helping hand, a hand. See 십분지력

*일비 s. 一杯 (호) (잔) A glassful; a cupful.

*일비쥬 s. 一杯酒 (호) (잔) (술) A cup of wine.

*일삭 s. 一朔 (호) (초하로) One month.

*일산 s. (一般) 日傘 (날) (우산) A sunshade or parasol carried before an official

일상다ᄉᆞ 事 (일—*ᄉᆞ) 상야; 은 To do work; to make.

*일상 ᄉᆞ 常 (호, 떳떳) Always; constantly. See 덕의이.

*일서 s. 一書 (호) (글) One letter; one book.

*일석 s. 一夕 (호) (져녁) One evening; a certain eve.

*일셜 s. 一說 (호) (말숨) One rumour; a saying

*일세 s. 一世 (호) (인간) All the world; everywhere. See 턴하. One generation.

*일세게 s. 一世界 (호) (인간) (디경) One age

*일세긔 s. 一世紀 (호) (인간) 머리) One century

*일세방명 s. 一世芳名 (호) (인간) (꼿다올) (일홈) A noted name of the age.

*일세유방 s. 一世遺芳 (호) (인간) (젼칠) (꼿다올) A famous name of the age.

*일셩 s. 一聲 (호) (소리) One voice; a single note.

*일소 s. 一所 (호) (바) The 1st examination quadrangle.

*일소ᄒᆞ다 s. 日梳 (날) (빗) To comb the hair daily.

*일쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 一笑 (호) (우슴) To laugh.

*일수 s. 日數 (날) (두어) To-day's luck.

*일수불회 s. 一數不通 (호) (두어) (아닐) (통할) No taking luck at all—as in chess.

*일슈 s. 一首 (호) (머리) One poem; a verse; one head (as the number of fives, etc).

*일슈 s. 一手 (호) (손) One hand; the most skilful.

*일슈더리인 s. 一手代理人 (호) (손) (더신) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A sole agent.

*일슈 s. 日收 (날) (거둘) Daily earnings.

*일슈장이 s. 日收匠 (날) (거둘) (장인) A collector of daily accounts.

*일슈관매 s. 一手販賣 (호) (손) (팔) (팔) Selling by oneself alone; a monopoly; a sole agent.

*일숙ᄒᆞ다 s. 一宿 (호) (잘) The lodge for a night.

*일순 s. 一瞬 (호) (눈깜작인) One wink of the eye; one moment; an instant.

*일순 s. 一旬 (호) (열흘) A period of ten days.

*일습 s. 一襲 (호) (엄습홀) One suit of clothes; a complete outfit.

*일승 s. 一乘 (호) (홀) One; applied as an auxiliary numeral to wheeled vehicles in which people ride.

*일승일패 s. 一勝一敗 ᄒᆞ (이김) (ᄒᆞ) (패홀) One victory one defeat.

*일시 s. 日時 (날) (때) Day and hour—time.

*일시 s. 一時 (호) (때) One time; (all) together; (at) the same time.

*일시동인ᄒᆞ다 s. 視同仁 (ᄒᆞ) (ᄀᆞᆮᄒᆞ) (ᄒᆞ가지) (여길) To regard all benevolently.

*일시에 s. 一時 (호) (때) At one time; all together.

*일시일시 s. 一時一時 (호) (때) (호) (때) Each time. See 피일시차일시.

*일식 s. 日蝕 (날) (먹을) An eclipse of the sun. See 월식.

*일신 s. 日新 (날) (새) Daily renewal; daily improvement; progress.

*일신 s. 一新 (호) (새) Regeneration; renovation; restoration.

*일신 s. 一身 (호) (몸) One body; all the body.

*일신량역 s. 一身兩役 (호) (몸) (두) (역ᄉᆞ) Two things at once; two duties at the same time. See 피일시차일시.

*일신상 s. 一身上 (호) (몸) (웃) The body.

*일신슈보ᄒᆞ다 s. 一新修補 (호) (새) (닥글) (기울) To completely restore.

*일신ᄒᆞ다 s. 日新 (날) (새) To change daily.

*일신ᄒᆞ다 s. 一新 (ᄒᆞ) (새) To be altered, to be completely changed.

*일실 s. 一室 (호) (집) One room.

*일실동거ᄒᆞ다 s. 一室同居 (ᄒᆞ) (집) (ᄒᆞ가지) (살) To live in the same house.

*일실지닉 s. 一室之內 (호) (집) (갈) (안) One household, one family.

*일실지인 s. 一室之人 (호) (집) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A man of one's own house—though not a relative. See 셜부동닉.

*일심 s. 一心 (호) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) One heart; one mind. Opp. 이심.

*일심으로 s. 一心 (호) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) With one heart. With constancy; with concentration.

*일심정력 s. 一心精力 (호) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (정긔) (힘) (With) heart and mind. See 일단정신.

*일심ᄒᆞ다 s. 日甚 (날) 심홀) To grow more severe daily

*일ᄉᆞ s. 日使 (날) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) A Japanese envoy.

*일ᄉᆞ s. 一死 (호) (죽ᄅᆞᆯ) A present of a dead pheasant made to the Emperor —on obtaining rank (B.H.).

*일ᄉᆞ단 s. 一師團 (호) (군ᄉᆞ) (동글) One division of an army.

*일ᄉᆡᆨ s. (一色) 一色 (호) (빗) One color. A beauty. See 경국지ᄉᆡᆨ.

*일생 s. 一生 (호) (날) The duration of life. See 평생. Always; constantly.

*일신생명보험 -生生命保險 (호) (날) (날) (싱명) (보젼) (험홀) Whole life Insurance Policy.

*일생일ᄉᆞ s. 一生一死 (호) (날) (호) (죽ᄅᆞᆯ) One birth, one death —a life.

*일악대패 s. 一惡大悖 (호) (모질) (큰) (패역홀) A villain; a scoundrel; the head of a gang.

*일야 s. 日夜 (날) (밤) Day and night.

*일야 s. 一夜 (호) (밤) One night; on a certain night.

*일야지간 s. 一夜之間 (호) (밤) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) The space of one night.

*일양 s. 一樣 (호) (모양) Constant; the same condition; what is unchanged or normal. See 일반.

*일어 s. 日語 (날) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) The Japanese language. See 왜어.

*일어탁수 s. 一魚濁水 ᄒᆞ (고기) (흐릴) (물) One fish can make the water turbid—one bad character etc.

*일어학교 s. 日語學校 (날) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (비홀) (학교) A Japanese language school.

*일억 s. 一億 (호) (억) One 亿 100,000,000.

*일언가과 s. 一言可破 (호) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (옳홀) (마ᄅᆞᆯ) A single word will settle it. See 일언이폐지ᄒᆞ다.

*일언단과 s. 一言斷破 (호) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᆫᄂᆞᆷ) (ᄭᅳᆫᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅳᆫᄎᆞᆯ) Deciding by a single word. Opp. 일구난설.

*일언반ᄉᆞ s. 一言半辭 (호) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (졀반) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A single word; but a word.

*일언이폐지ᄒᆞ다 s. 一言而蔽之 (호) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (말이) (ᄀᆞ리올) (갈) To mention in a word; to express in a single word. See 일언가과.

*일엽 s. 一葉 (호) (닙) One leaf; one sheet—of paper.

*일엽쇼션 s. 一葉小船 호 (닙) (적을) (비) A light canoe or boat. *See* 일엽편쥬.

*일엽편쥬 s. 一葉扁舟 (호) (닙) (조각) (비) A light skiff. *See* 일엽쇼션.

*일영 s. 日影 (날) (그림ᄌᆞ) Shadows cast by the sun. A sun-dial. *See* 일영표.

*일영표 s. 日影表 (날) (그림ᄌᆞ) (표홀) A sun-dial. *See* 일영.

*일요일 s. 日曜日 (날) (빗날) (날) Sunday.

*일요일학교 s. 日曜日學校 (날) (빗날) (날) (비홀) (학교) A Sunday-school.

*일용 s. 日用 (날) (쓸) Daily use; of daily necessity.

*일용ᄒᆞ다 s. 日用 (날) (쓸) To use daily; to require for the day.

일우다 s. 成 (일울—*셩) 우어; 일운 To make; to perfect; to finish (v.t.). *See* 일위다.

*일유 s. 一位 (호) (벼슬) One; a single person. One decimal point in reckoning. To be on account of.

일위다 s. 致 (일울 -*치) 위어; 원 To become; to arrive at. *See* 일우다.

*일은젼 s. 日銀錢 날 (은 도 Japanese silver money.

*일읍 s. 一邑 (호) (고을) The whole district; all the district.

*일이관지ᄒᆞ다 s. -以貫之 호 ᄭᅴ 뻬일 (꿀) One principle; one course of teaching.

*일이량 s. (—냥) 一二兩 (호) (두) (두) One or two yang.

*일이만 s. 日耳曼 날 귀 짱 Deutschland—Germany. *See* 덕국.

*일이만련방 s. 日耳曼聯邦 날 귀 썰 (련홀, 나라) Confederation of the German states.

*일이원 s. 一二圓 (호) (두) (동굴) One or two dollars.

*일이차 s. 一二次 (호) (두) (버금) A time or two.

*일인 s. 一人 (호) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The one man—a distinguished chief or leader.

*일인 s. 日人 (날) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Japanese. *See* 왜인.

*일인덕 s. 一人敵 (호) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (더억홀) A match for one man in contrast to one who is a match for many.

*일인이상 s. 一人以上 (호) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (써) (뜻) More than one person.

*일일 s. 日日 (날) (날) Every day; day by day.

*일일사독ᄒᆞ다 s. 一一查閱 호 호 사 실홀 ᄉᆞᆯ핌 To examine or scrutinize one by one.

*일일슈보ᄒᆞ다 s. 一一修補 호 호 ᄃᆞ 굴 (기울) To repair piece by piece.

*일일온 s. 一日 (호) (날) One day; once. *See* 호로는.

일일이 / 凡百 ᄆᆞᆫ 식 ᄆᆞᆫ 일—ᄆᆞᆫ 수 Every thing; all things.

*일일작 s. 一日瘧 (호) (날) (학질) Periodic fever—occurring every other day.

*일일히 s. 一一 (호) (호) One and all; all.

*일일화 s. 日日花 (날) (날) (ᄭᅩᆺ) A plant that flowers daily.

*일쟝 s. 一日 (호) (ᄌᆞᆼ) One (authority) says. First and foremost.

*일젼 s. 一圓 (호) (동굴) One dollar.

*일젼대쟝군 s. -員大將軍 (호) (관원 큰) (장ᄉᆞ) One supreme commander.

*일월 s. 日月 (날) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The sun and moon; time. *See* 세월.

*일월셩신 s. 日月星辰 날 (ᄃᆞᆯ 별, 별) Sun, moon and stars.

*일월식 s. 日月蝕 날, ᄃᆞᆯ 먹을 Eclipses of the sun and moon.

*일작 s. 日昨 (날) (어제) Several days previous.

*일장 s. 一場 (호) (마당) A season—as of weeping etc. A round; a turn—as at fighting etc.

*일장 s. -丈 (호) (길) Equal to about 10 English feet.

*일장긔 s. 日章旗 날 ᄀᆞᆯ장 긔 The national flag—of the sun. (Japan).

*일장호곡 s. (—쟝) 一場號哭 (호) (마당 ᄂᆞᆷ 쟝 ᄒᆞᆯ 곡 To make a scene of weeping.

*일장곡셕ᄒᆞ다 s. (—쟝, 一場痛哭 (호) 마당) 앙 ᄇᆞ 옴 To lay a scene of weeping

*일장풍파 s. 一場風波 (호) (마당) (바람) (물결) A tumult of wind and waves; —a disturbance

*일젼 s. 一錢 (호) (돈) One cent.

*일젼 s. 一戰 (호) (싸홈) One battle; an engagement.

*일젼 s. (—쩐) 日前 (날) (압) A few days ago.

*일절 s. ᄒᆞᆫ 결, 一切 (호 긋결 All equally. Even once Altogether.

*일제이 s. (—체) 一齊 (호) (가지) Uniformly; equally; all together. *See* 운동.

*일족 s. 一族 (호) (겨레) All the relatives—of a person; also used in the sense of.

*일족몰니다 s. 族殺 (겨레—*족) (몰닐—*죽) 녀; 닌 To have a debt paid by the relatives.

*일쪽 s. 日便 (날) (편할 -*편) The Japan party.

*일조 s. 一兆 (호) (억조) One *cho.* 100,000 *ök.*

*일조에 s. (죠) 一朝 (호) (아침) Suddenly; all of a sudden. *See* 별안간.

*일조일석 s. (—죠) 一朝一夕 (호) (아침) (호) (저녁) Suddenly; all at once. *See* 일조에.

*일종 s. 一種 (호) (씨) One kind; a special kind.

*일죵호다 s. 日終 (날) (모칠) To eat but once a day.

*일준호다 s. 一遵 (호) (좇칠) To follow uniformly.

*일쥬 s. 一株 (호) (그루) One stock or tree.

*일쥬간 s. 一週間 (호) (두루) (소이) One week; during one week.

*일쥬년 s. (—쥬) 一週年 (호) (두루) (히) One revolving year.

*일쥬회 s. (—) 쥬 一週回 (호) (두루) (도라올) One turn or revolution.

*일즁 s. (—즁) 日中 (날) (가온딕) Noon; midday.

*일즁결호다 s. 日中不決 (날) (가온딕) (아니) (결단) To be unable to decide during the day.

*일즁궁 s. (—즁) 中的 (호) (맛칠) (과녁) The first bull's eye festival of a young archer.

일즉 s. (—쪽) 早 (*조) Early; prematurely. *See* 일직이.

일즉이 s. 早 (*조) Early; formerly; prematurely. *See* 일직.

*일지 s. (—찌) 一支 (호) (지탱) A relation. (Low.) *See* 일족.

*일지맥 s. (—찌) 一枝脈 (호) (가지) (맥) One spur—of a mountain.

*일지병 s. (—찌) 一枝兵 (호) (가지) (군사) A detachment of troops.

*일지월 s. (—찌) 一之日 (호) (갈) (날) The 11th moon. (B. O.)

*일진 s. 一陣 (호) (진칠) An army, also used in the expression 일진광풍.

*일진 s. (—찐) 日辰 (날) (별) The name of the day according to the cyclical character.

*일진 s. (—찐) 一陣 (호) (진칠) One company—as of troops. A gust; a puff.

*일진광풍 s. (—찐) 一陣狂風 (호) (진칠) (밋칠) (바람) A sudden tempest.

*일진청풍 s. (—찐) 一陣淸風 (호) (진칠) (몰을) 바람, A steady breeze.

*일조 s. (—쯔) 日子 (날) (아들) The day; date.

*일조무식 s. (—쯔) 一字無識 (호) (글조) (업슬) (알) An ignoramus; an illiterate person.

*일조반급 s. 一字半級 (호) (글조) (반반) (두품) One character, half mark—said of insignificant rank, small office etc.

*일조오걸 s. 一字五結 (호) (글조) (다숫) (뭐질) One character mark for five *kyol* or 500 coolie loads.

*일조장사진 s. (—쯔) 一字長蛇陣 (호) (글조) (긴) (배암) (진칠) The name of a military evolution; skirmishing lines.

*일조포수 s. 一字砲手 (호) (글조) (포) (손) A "dead" shot; a first class marksman.

*일지 s. (—찌) 一才 (호) (지죠) Skill of the highest kind. *See* 상치.

*일좌 s. 一座 (호) (자리) The whole assembly; all the members present; the first or highest.

*일체 s. 一切 (호) (일체) The same; what is equal; uniformity.

*일체즁싱 s. 一切衆生 (호) (일체) (무리) (날) The whole crowd; all the people.

*일초 s. 日草 (날) (풀) The day's rations of tobacco. Fine cut tobacco. Japanese tobacco.

*일초일목 s. 一草一木 (호) (풀) (호) (나무) One blade of grass; one twig; the smallest amount.

*일촌 s. 一寸 (호) (마듸) An inch; a very small portion of time.

*일촌 s. 一村 (호) (촌) One village; all the village.

*일촌간장 s. 寸肝腸 (호) (마듸) (간) (창주) One inch of bowels and liver—consuming love; an intense longing.

*일총ㅎ다 s. 一寵 (호) (괴일) To be loved; to be prized supremely.

*일취월장 s. (一就) 日就月將 (날) (나아갈) (달) (가질) Daily and monthly advance—as in study.

*일층지관 s. 一層奇觀 (호) (층) (기특) (볼) A first class "sight see," something fine to see.

*일치ㅎ다 s. 一致 (호) (일윌) To unite together; to agree.

일타 s. A first performance in an acrobatic feat.

일타 s. 失 (일흘—*실) 허; 흔 To lose. See 실물ㅎ다. Opp. 엇다.

*일태 s. 日駄 (날) (실을) Daily carrying of burden.

*일태군 s. (— —쑨) 日駄軍 (날) (실을) (군스) A daily carrier.

*일텬하 s. 一天下 (호) (하놀) (아래) All the universe; the whole world. See 좀텬하.

*일텬 s. 一天 (호) (하놀) The whole sky.

*일텬지하 s. 一天之下 (호) (하놀) (갈) (아래) All the world; the earth.

*일텬ㅎ다 s. 一天 (호) (하놀) To be first through—in an examination.

*일통 s. 一統 (호) (거누릴) All; completely. See 일체이 Five houses in census returns.

*일파 s. 日派 (날) (갈내) The Japanese party.

*일판 s. 一板 (호) (판) All—of books, pages etc. See 일편.

*일패도디ㅎ다 s. 一敗倒地 (호) (패홀) (넘구러질) (짜) To suffer a defeat.

*일패 s. 一牌 (호) (패) A dancing girl; a prostitute. See 이패; 기성.

*일편 s. 一篇 (호) (칙) All—of books, pages etc. See 일판.

*일편 s. 日便 (날) (편홀) The Japanese party. See 일파.

일편되이 s. Partially; one sided.

*일편지력 s. 一鞭之力 (호) (채쭉) (갈) (힘) The slightest assistance. See 일비지력.

*일편지언 s. 一偏之言 (호) (편 [illegible]) [illegible]

*일평성 s. 一平生 (호) (평홀) (날) During life; all one's life.

*일포식성 [illegible]

*일포지주 s. 一飽食時數 (호) (비부를) (밥) (때) (수) A good dinner is luck.

*일폭 s. 一幅 (호) (폭) A singular numeral for hanging pictures; a roll.

*일표음 s. 一瓢飮 (호) (표주박) (마실) A gourdful of water or wine.

*일푼 s. 一分 (호) (눈홀—*분) A single cash.

*일푼(이)여금 s. 一分如金 (호) (눈홀—*분) (又喜) (쇠) One cash as precious as gold—worth its weight in gold.

*일푼전 s. 一分錢 (호) (눈홀—*분) (돈) A cash-piece of money.

*일품 s. 一品 (호) (품수) One article; a peerless treasure; the highest rank of honour conferred on an Imperial Prince.

*일품친왕 s. 一品親王 (호) (품수) (친홀) (님금) The Prince of the Blood of the first rank of honour.

*일필단긔 s. 一匹單騎 (호) (필) (홋) (물올) Alone on horseback.

*일필난긔 s. 一筆難記 (호) (붓) (어리올) (기록) What is difficult to express—by the pen. See 일구난설

*일필휘지ㅎ다 s. 一筆揮之 (호) (붓) (두룰) (갈) To be a clever writer; to be quick with the pen.

*일학 s. 日瘧 (날) (학질) Diurnal ague; quotidian ague. See 축일학.

*일한 s. 日限 (날) (한졍) A set day; a fixed date; a specified length of time.

*일합 s. 一合 (호) (합홀) One round—in a fight.

*일향안안ㅎ다 s. 一向安安 (호) (향홀) [illegible] To [illegible]

*일향ㅎ다 s. 一向 (호) (향홀) To be all alike; to be normal.

일허브리다 s. 失 (일흘—*실) 브리; 린 To lose. See 일타.

*일호 s. 一毫 (호) (털억) A hair's-breadth; the smallest fraction.

*일호반점 s. 一毫半點 (호) (털억) (반) (뎜) A jot or tittle; the smallest mite.

*일호착 s. 一毫差錯 (호) (털억) (어그러질) (그롯) A slight mistake—of the shadow of a hair.

일홈 s. 名 (*명) A name. See 명조.

*일홉일사 s. 一合一勺 (호—*일) (모흘—*합) [illegible] A tenth and a hundredth of a measure.

*일회 s. 一回 (호) (도라옴) One time; once.

*일후 s. 日後 (날) (뒤) After this; in the future.

*일훈 s. 日暈 (날) (히무리) A circle aronnd the sun.

일희 s. 狸 (*랑) A wolf. *See* 히랑

*일희일비 s. 一喜一悲 (호) (깃불) (호) (슬플) Joy and grief; laughter and tears.

*일흥 s. 逸興 (편안) (일) Entertainment; diversion, amusement; recreation.

*일힝 s. 一行 (호) (힝호) Travelling companions. *See* 동힝.

*일힝 s. 日行 날) 힝호 A daily record —of distance made etc.

*임긔 l. 任期 (맛흘) (긔약) Period of appointment.

*임대책즁 l. 任大責重 (맛흘) (큰) (꾸지질) (무거울) Great responsibility and heavy burdens.

*임면ᄒᆞ다 s. 任免 (맛흘) (면홀) Appointment and dismissal.

*임명ᄒᆞ다 s. 任命 (맛흘) (명홀) To appoint to an office.

*임무 s. 任務 (맛흘) (힘쓸) The duties of an official post; official duties.

*임방 l. 壬方 (북방) (오) The north.

*임방 l. 任房 (맛흘) (방) A place granted to travelling peddlers on which to set up their stalls. An official writer's quarters.

*임부 s. 姙婦 (오히밸) (지어미) A pregnant woman.

*임소 l. 任所 (맛흘) (바) The office of official clerks, writers, etc.

*임술 l. 壬戌 (북방) (개) The 59th year of the cycle, 1862; 1922; 1982.

*임신 l. 壬申 (북방) (납) The 9th year of the cycle, 1872; 1932; 1992

*임실 s. 任實 (맛흘) (열미) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.37 Long. 127.28.

*임씨 s. 任氏 (맛흘) (각시) The name *Im*.

*임ᄉᆞ l. 任事 (맛흘) (일) The duties of an office.

*임연ᄒᆞ다 s. 荏染 (여) (붓드러) To be soft—of wood; to be pliant. (B. O.).

*임오 l. 壬午 (북방) (낫) The 19th year of the cycle, 1822; 1882; 1942.

*임오년듀월초뉵일지변 l. 壬午年六月之變 (북방) (낫) (히) 여슷—*듁) (둘) (갈) 변홀) The misfortunes of the 6th moon of the year 임오—the riots of 1882.

*임용ᄒᆞ다 s. 任用 (맛길) (쓸) To employ in an official capacity; to appoint.

임의 l. 旣 (*긔) Already. *See* 발셔.

*임의 l. 任意 (맛흘) (뜻) Will; desire; intention.

*임의듀다 l. 任意 (맛흘) (뜻) 로와 ; 은 To be pleasing; to suit.

*임의듀지ᄒᆞ다 l. 任意用之 '맛흘) (뜻) (쓸) (갈) To act with freedom, to do as one pleases.

*임인 l. 壬寅 북방) (동방) The 39th year of the cycle, 1842; 1902; 1962.

임자 l. You. (Low.)

*임장 l. 任掌 (맛흘) (소지홀) One of the three classes of persons chosen to oversee the official affairs of a town.

*임직 l. 任職 (맛흘) (벼슬) Appointment to office.

*임직ᄒᆞ다 l. 任職 (맛흘) (벼슬) To be appointed; to make an official appointment; to be appointed to an official post; to receive an official appointment.

*임진 l. 壬辰 (북방) (별) The 29th year of the cycle, 1832; 1892; 1952.

*임진외란 l. 壬辰猥亂 (북방) (별) (외국) (어지러울) The Japanese War of 1592.

*임조 l. 壬子 (북방) (아돌) The 49th year of the cycle, 1852; 1912; 1972.

*임주도 s. 荏子島 (여) (아돌) (셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.10. Long. 126.30.

임틀 l. 屠 (죽일—*호) A fish-trap. *See* 죽발. (Prov.)

*임피리알슌량법 s. ..... 升量法 ..... (되) (데아될) (법) Imperial Liquid measure.

*임ᄒᆞ다 s. 任 (맛흘) To appoint to or invest with an office; to confide to; to commit or entrust to.

*입치 l. 任置 (맛길) (둘) A deposit.

*입치ᄒᆞ다 l. 任置 (맛길) (둘) To put in charge of; to deposit.

*입 s 入 (들) The credit side of an account. The debit side is called 거 or 하.

입 s. 口 (*구) The mouth; bill; muzzle. *See* 아가리.

입가심ᄒᆞ다 To take the taste out of one's mouth.

*입격ᄒᆞ다 s. 入格 (들)(격식) To graduate. *Opp.* 락방ᄒᆞ다.

*입게ᄒᆞ다 s. 入見 (들) (뵐) To have an audience with the king.

*입경ᄒᆞ다 s. 入京 (들) (서울) To come to the capital.

*입고ᄒᆞ다 s. 入庫 (들)(창고) To store; to lay away—officially. *See* 입창ᄒᆞ다.

*입교인 s. 入敎人 (들) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A baptized Christian.

*입교ᄒᆞ다 s. 入敎 (들)(ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) To enter a sect or religious party. *Opp.* 비도ᄒᆞ다.

*입구 s. 入口 들)(입) Import.

입김 s. 口氣 (입—*구) (긔운—*키) Breath; vapor—from the mouth.

*입관ᄒᆞ다 s. 入棺 (들)(관) To lay out a body—in a coffin.

*입납 s. 入納(들)(드릴) "Please deliver to"—added to the address on an envelope. *Opp.* 회납.

입내내다 s. 내여; 낸 To imitate; to mock; to ape.

입다물ᄒᆞ다 s. 是非 (이—*시) (아닐—*비) To wrangle; to dispute.

입때 s. Now; the present time. *See* 입때것.

입때것 s. Up to the present; until now. *See* 이때ᄭᆞ지.

*입게 s. 入偈 (들)(쓸) The 3rd stanza in a literary composition in verse—in which the theme is stated.

*입도ᄒᆞ다 s. 入道 (들)(길) To enter the order of Buddhist monks. To become a Tonghak. *Opp.* 비도ᄒᆞ다.

입ᄃᆡ다 s. 도,여; 된 To be fastidious, to be particular about one's fare, to dine well.

입ᄆᆞᆫ다 s. 口吻 (입—*구) (무ᄅᆞ을—*츈) 여; 논 To be slow of speech.

*입박 s. 入迫 (들) (ᄆᆡ러질) Success or failure.

*입람ᄒᆞ다 s. 入覽 (들)(볼) To enter and look at; to look.

*입령 s. 入嶺 (들)(ᄌᆡᆷ령) Under suspicion; under secret investigation.

입맛 s. 口味 입—*구 (맛—*미) Taste in the mouth; flavor. *See* 구미.

입맛초다 s. 接吻 (봇흘—*접) (입설—*문) 초아; 춘 To kiss; to touch the lips.

*입문 s. 入聞 (들) (드를) Imperial cognisance.

*입문관 s. 入門官 (들) (몯) (벼슬) The officer in charge of public examinations.

*입문ᄒᆞ다 s. 入門 (들)(문) To open the gates for candidates at examinations; to enter as a candidate.

*입묵ᄒᆞ다 s. 入墨 (들) (먹) To touch up a picture; to supply omissions in an old manuscript.

입ᄆᆡ ᄒᆞ다 s. To lunch between meals.

입바르다 s. 발나; 바른 To be straightforward; to be outspoken.

입방아찧다 s. 찌여; 찐 To talk against; to slander; to vilify—followed by disaster on one's own head.

입버리다 s. 開口 (열—*키) (입—*구, 버려; 린 To open the mouth.

입버릇 s. 口習 (입—*구) (낙을—*습) A villainous tongue. A greedy appetite. (소오난다). *See* 입정.

*입번ᄒᆞ다 s. 入番 (들) (번들) To take one's turn as a host. *Opp.* 출번ᄒᆞ다, 하번ᄒᆞ다.

입병 s. 口病 (입—*구) (병—*병) A sore mouth.

*입복ᄒᆞ다 s. 入腹 (들)(배) To enter the stomach—of poison from a bite; to have blood poisoning.

입부리 s. 口觜 (입—*구) (부리—*취) The mouth. *See* 입.

*입산슈도ᄒᆞ다 s. 入山修道 (들)(ᄆᆡ) (닥을)(길) To go to the hills to study and pray.

*입산ᄒᆞ다 s. 入山 (들) (뫼) To move to the mountains. *Opp.* 하산ᄒᆞ다.

입ᄉᆞᆯ s. 脣 *슌) The lips. *See* 입시울.

*입사ᄒᆞ다 s. 入社 (들) (회사) To enter a society.

*입성 s. 入聲 들 (소리) The "entering tone" viz. the sound of the final consonants ㄱ, ㄹ, ㅅ, ㅂ. The fourth tone in the reading of characters. *Opp.* 평성.

*입설 s. 脣 (*슌) The lips. *See* 입ᄉᆞᆯ.

입성수 s. Slander, evil talk followed by disaster on one's own head

*입성ᄒᆞ다 s. 入城 (들) (재) To enter a city. *Opp.* 입성ᄒᆞ다.

*입숙ᄒᆞ다 s. 入塾 들, 글방) To enter a private school.

입술하다 *s.* To have nausea—of a pregnant woman.

*입시 *s.* 入侍 (들) (모실) An audience with the King.

입씨름하다 *s.* To dispute; to wrangle; to discuss.

입시울 *s.* 脣 (입설 *순) The lips, the corners of the mouth. *See* 입살

*입시처르다 *s.* 入侍 (들) (모실) 처리; 든 To enter the royal presence. *See* 입시하다.

입시하다 *s.* 暎 (어을—*기) To taste; to lunch; to stay one's hunger. *See* 먹다.

*입시하다 *s.* 入侍 (들) (모실) To enter the royal presence; to have an audience with the King. *See* 입시처르다.

*입소하다 *s.* 入仕 (들) (비슬) To enter office. *See* 초입소.

*입용 *s.* 入用 (들) (쓸) What one has need of; necessaries; expenses; necessary.

*입원하다 *s.* 入院 (들) (집) To enter a hospital. *Opp.* 퇴원하다.

입장다 *s.* 장하; 은 To put down on the credit side of an account.

*입장하다 *s.* 入場 (들) (마당) To enter the lists as a candidate.

*입장권 *s.* 入場券 (들) (마당) (문서) An entrance ticket;—a "platform" ticket.

입장단 *s.* 口長短 (입—*구) (긴—*장) (짧을—*단 Playing by mouth or humming—to dancing.

*입장표 *s.* 入場票 (들) (마당) (표) An entrance ticket. *See* 입장권.

입지르다 *s.* (싸) 口組 (입—*구) (짤을—*단) 절너; 저른 To be delicate, to be fastidious. *See* 입겉다.

*입적하다 *s.* 入籍 (들) (조적) To enter on the census roll for the first time.

입겉다 *s.* (—떨) 口組 (입—구) (짤을—*단) 썰나; 은 To be delicate; to be squeamish; to be fastidious. *See* 입지르다.

입정 *s.* 口情 (입—*구) (뜻—*정) Appetite. Habit. *See* 입버릇.

입정놀니다 *s.* 놀녀; 닌 To have a greedy appetite.

*입족하다 *s.* 入足 (들) (발) To put into so as to make up a deficiency.

*입직하다 *s.* 入直 (들) (번들) To take turn in office. *Opp.* 출번하다.

입짓하다 *s.* To make a mouth to one—as a sign.

*입찰하다 *s.* 入札 (들) (편지) To hand in a written tender.

*입창하다 *s.* 入倉 (들) (창고, To store away in the government granaries. *See* 입고하다.

*입참봉심례 *s.* 入參奉審禮 (들) (봄) (뵈들) (심힘) (례도) The ceremony of visiting the royal tombs.

입천 *s.* Appetite; greed. Habit. (Prov.) *Also* 입정.

*입치하다 *s.* 入置 (들) (둠) To put into; to store in; to put in and leave.

입할나다 *s.* 할나; 난 To have morning-sickness; to have nausea—of a pregnant woman.

*입문 *s.* 入聞 (들) (물을) The royal knowledge or cognisance.

*입학하다 *s.* 入學 (들) (비홈) To begin school; to study.

*입학시험 *s.* 入學試驗 (들) (비홈) (시험) (증험) Entrance examination.

*입항하다 *s.* 入港 (들) (항구, To enter a port or harbour.

*입향순속 *s.* 入鄕循俗 (들) (시골) (쑤를) (풍속) Following the customs of the locality in which one happens to be. In Rome a Roman.

*입회금 *s.* 入會金 (들) (모도) (쇠) An entrance fee to a society.

*입회하다 *s.* 入會 (들) (모들) To enter a society or an association.

잇 *l.* 茜 (*천) Indian madder; *Rubia cordifolia* or *Hibiscus rosa-sinensi.*

잇다 *s.* 牽 (쓰을—*견) 쓰러; 은 To draw; to lead. *See* 다리다. *Also* 잇쓰다.

잇쓰니다 *s.* 被牽 (닝을 *피) (쓰을—*견) 을녀; 닌 To be led; to be dragged; to be conducted.

잇쓰을다 *s.* 牽 (쓰을—*견) 으러; 쓰은 To draw; to lead. *Also* 잇쓰다. *See* 쓰을다.

있다 *s.* 有 (있을 *유) 셔; 슨 To be; to have; to exist. *Opp.* 업다. *See* 게시다.

있다가 *s.* In a moment; by and by. *Opp.* 아까.

있다감 *s.* 間或 (소이 -*간) (혹—*혹) From time to time; frequently. *See* 각금.

잇물 *l.* 茜水 (잇—*천) (물—*슈) Dye-bath made from the *Rubia cordifolia.*

*잉 *l.* 剩 (놈을) The remainder; what is over.

*잉모 l. 孕母 (잉희빌)(어미) A pregnant woman

*잉부 l. 孕婦 (잉희빌)(지어미) A woman with a child; a pregnant woman.

*잉수 l. 剩數 (남을)(두어) The number—of anything, left over; surplus number.

잉아 l. Threads used to hold up the warp while weaving

잉여 s. 剩餘 (남을)(남을) A remainder.

*잉읶 s. 剩賃 (남을)(니아) Money remaining

*잉용ᄒᆞ다 s. 仍用 (인홀)(쓸) To use as it is—without revision.

*잉임ᄒᆞ다 s. 仍任 (인홀)(맛길) To continue in office

잉잉거리다 s. 거려; 린 To sound—as a stone thrown, a spinning wheel, a child crying etc.

잉잉ᄒᆞ다 l. To sound—as a stone thrown, a spinning wheel, a child crying etc. *See* 잉잉거리다.

잉존ᄒᆞ다 l. 仍存 (잇홀)(잇슬) To leave as at present.

*잉ᄒᆞ다 s. 孕[illegible] (잉희빌) 치 To conceive; to become pregnant. *See* 슈태ᄒᆞ다.

ᄋᆞ The eleventh vowel of the syllabary sounded as 아 having also variations long (.) and short (ㅅ)

*ᄋᆞ녀ᄌᆞ s. 兒女子 (ᄋᆞ희) (계집) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A girl; a woman. *See* 계집.

*ᄋᆞᄃᆞᆯ ᄉᆞ 兒[illegible] ᄋᆞ희, ᄋᆞ희 A boy. *See* ᄋᆞ희

*ᄋᆞ동ᄌᆞ중ᄌᆞᆯ s. 兒童走卒 (ᄋᆞ희) (ᄋᆞ희) (다라ᄂᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) Boys—servant soldiers—a crowd; a rabble.

*ᄋᆞ동패 s. 兒童牌 (ᄋᆞ희) (ᄋᆞ희) (패) A boy's musical-band—of six players.

*ᄋᆞ뷘 s. 兒輩 (ᄋᆞ희) (무리) Children.

*ᄋᆞ손 s. 兒孫 (ᄋᆞ희) (손조) Children and grandchildren; descendants.

*ᄋᆞ치 s. 兒枝 (ᄋᆞ희) (가지—*치) New branches; small limbs. *See* 외채.

ᄋᆞ희 s. 兒 (ᄋᆞ희—*ᄋᆞ) A boy. *See* ᄋᆞ동 A girl. A vagrant. *See* 유ᄋᆞ.

*ᄋᆞ희비다 s. 好 외희빌 *[illegible] 비다; ᄂᆞ To conceive; to become pregnant. *See* 잉태ᄒᆞ다.

ᄋᆞ희 s. 兒 (ᄋᆞ희—*ᄋᆞ) A boy; a girl. (Comp.) *See* ᄋᆞ희; ᄋᆞ동.

*ᄋᆞ환 s. 兒患 (ᄋᆞ희) (근심) Children's sickness.

ᄋᆞ희 l. 兒 (ᄋᆞ희—*ᄋᆞ) A boy; a girl; a child. *See* ᄋᆞ희.

ᄋᆡ l. Fish entrails; soft roe. The bowels. *See* 창ᄌᆞ.

*ᄋᆡ걸복걸ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀乞伏乞 (슯홀) (빌) 넙ᄃᆞᆯ 길 To [illegible] very badly; to pray for forgiveness.

*ᄋᆡ걸ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀乞 (슯홀) (빌) To supplicate; to implore.

ᄋᆡ경ᄒᆞ다 / 愛敬, ᄉᆞ랑) (공경) To reverence; to admire.

ᄋᆡ고 s Oh!—marking pain, grief. A repetition of this is used as a funeral lament *See* ᄋᆡ고ᄃᆡ니.

ᄋᆡ고ᄃᆡ니 s Oh! mother!—an expression of fear etc. *See* ᄋᆡ고.

*ᄋᆡ곡ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀哭 (슯홀) (울) To cry bitterly; to weep; to lament. *See* ᄋᆡ곡ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄋᆡ국가 l. 愛國歌 (ᄉᆞ랑) (나라) (쇼ᄀᆡ) A national song.

*ᄋᆡ국당 l. 愛國黨 (ᄉᆞ랑) (나리) (무리) Patriots, a patriotic company

*ᄋᆡ국셩 l. 愛國性 (ᄉᆞ랑) (나라) (셩듐) A patriotic mind.

*ᄋᆡ국심 l. 愛國心 (ᄉᆞ랑) (나라) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) A patriotic spirit

*ᄋᆡ국지심 l. 愛國之心 (ᄉᆞ랑) (나라) (갈) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) A patriotic spirit.

*ᄋᆡ국ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛國 (ᄉᆞ랑) (니라) To love one's country.

ᄋᆡ살라 / 살어; 은 To be worked up; to be disturbed; to be bothered *See* ᄋᆡ쓰다

*ᄋᆡ궁ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀矜 (슯홀) (불상히넉일) To love; to pity; to compassionate. *See* 조ᄆᆡᄒᆞ다.

*ᄋᆡ당ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛黨 (ᄉᆞ랑) (무리) To love one's associates.

*ᄋᆡ독ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛讀 (ᄉᆞ랑) (닑을) To like and read. (Comp.).

*ᄋᆡ됴ᄒᆞ다 s. 哀弔 (슯홀) (됴상) To lament.

ᄋᆡ돕다 l. 돕아; 은 To feel regret; to be sorry for. *See* ᄋᆡ석ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄋᆡ련ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 哀憐 슯홀 [illegible] (불상히넉일) To pity; to sympathize with; to feel sorrow for, to commiserate.

*ᄋᆡ련어긔ᄒᆞ다 / 愛隣如己 ᄉᆞ랑 이웃 [illegible] 몸) To love one's neighbor as himself

*ᄋᆡ막조 [illegible] 愛莫助之 (ᄉᆞ랑 [illegible] 도울) (갈) Love that is unable to assist another.

ᄋᆡ며글여 / With labor and sorrow.

애명 s. 兒名 (아오—*오) (얼홈—*명) The child name—in contrast to what is taken on becoming an adult.

*애모ᄒᆞ다 s. 哀慕 (슯흠) (스모) To lament; to be reluctant to part with.

*애모ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛慕 (ᄉᆞ랑) (스모) To love and look up to.

애목 s. 兒木 (오히 -*오) (나무—*목) A shrub; a bush; a small tree

애무이다 l. 무여; 인 To be worked up; to be disturbed, to be in sorrow. (Prov.) *See* 애쓰우다

애무ᄒᆞ다 l. To be thought guilty when innocent; to be innocent. *See* 애민ᄒᆞ다.

*애물 / 愛物 (ᄉᆞ랑) (만물) A much loved object; what one prizes.

*애민ᄒᆞ다 / 愛民 (ᄉᆞ랑) (빅셩) To love the people—as a magistrate

*애민ᄒᆞ다 s. 哀愍 (슯흠) (민망홈) To pity; to feel compassion for; to sympathize with.

애민ᄒᆞ다 / 被誣 (애미홈) (어두움) To be treated as guilty when innocent, to be innocent. *See* 애무ᄒᆞ다.

애발이 l. A sharper; a hard case. A furious worker.

*애부 l. 愛夫 (ᄉᆞ랑) (지아비) A paramour. *Opp.* 애쳡.

*애석ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀惜 (ᄉᆞ랑) (앗길) To feel sorry over; to regret, to sympathize with. *See* 애돕다

애수ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sorry for; to feel regret. (Prov.)

애슌 s. 兒筍 (오히—*오) (슌—*슌) New shoots—of a tree.

애쓰다 l. 애써, 쓴 To give oneself pain; to labor; to put forth an effort. *See* 애ᄃᆞ다

애쓰우다 l. 씌워; 운 To cause pain to others. *See* 애무이다.

*아ᄉᆞ란 s. 愛斯蘭 (ᄉᆞ랑) (이) (란초) Iceland.

*애연지연 / 愛緣嫉緣 (ᄉᆞ랑) (인연, 긔운) (인연) Love and hatred; like and dislike; different tastes. "one loves; another hates."

*애연ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀憐 (슯흠) (그릴) To pity, to feel sorrow for; to commiserate. *See* 설다.

*애육지심 l. 愛育之情 (ᄉᆞ랑) (기를) (갈) (뜻) Charity; care for those who are helpless.

*애육ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛育 (ᄉᆞ랑) (기를) To educate with care, to tend with interest

*아이란 s. 愛爾蘭 (ᄉᆞ랑) (너) (란초) Ireland

*애인겸디ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛人謙待 (ᄉᆞ랑) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (공경 ᄃᆡ접) To be kind and hospitable.

*애인여긔ᄒᆞ다 / 愛人如己 (ᄉᆞ랑) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄀᆞᆺ흘, 몸 T. ove others as oneself.

*애인하ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 愛人下士 (ᄉᆞ랑) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (아래) (션빈) To love all men and honor the literati.

*애인ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛人 (ᄉᆞ랑) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To love one's neighbor.

*애인ᄒᆞ다 l. 曖曖 (구름) (구를) To be cloudy; to be dark, to be obscure.

*애우 l. 愛友 (ᄉᆞ랑) (벗) A dear friend; an intimate friend.

애잔ᄒᆞ다 s. To be composed; to be quiet.

*애정 l. 愛情 (ᄉᆞ랑) (뜻) Love; affection. *See* 졍.

*애정ᄒᆞ다 l. 哀情 (슯흠) (뜻) To be sad; to be pitiful; to be lamentable.

*애쥬ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛酒 (ᄉᆞ랑) (술) To love wine; to be fond of drink.

*애중히넉이다 / 愛重 (ᄉᆞ랑) (무거울) 넉여; 인 To love and prize; to think much of. *See* 애지즁지ᄒᆞ다.

*애증 l. 愛憎 (ᄉᆞ랑) (미울) Love and hatred, like and dislike.

*애증후박 l. 愛憎厚薄 (ᄉᆞ랑) (미울) (두터울) (엷을) Love and hatred, liberality and stinginess—partiality; meanness of spirit.

*애증ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛憎 (ᄉᆞ랑) (미울) To love and hate

*애지즁지ᄒᆞ다 l. 愛之重之 (ᄉᆞ랑) (갈) (무거울) (갈) To love and prize. *See* 애즁히넉이다.

*애즈 l. 愛子 (ᄉᆞ랑) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A dear child; a darling child.

*애즈지졍 l. 愛子之情 (ᄉᆞ랑) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (갈) (뜻) Parental affection.

애쳐 s. 兒妻 (오히—*오) (가지—*처) A new shoot; new branches. *See* 오치.

애쳐롭다 s. 로워; 온 To be pitiful; to be a shame. *See* 애석ᄒᆞ다.

*애첩 / 愛妾 (ᄉᆞ랑) (쳡) A favorite concubine. *Opp.* 애부

애총 s. 兒塚 (오히—*오) (무덤—*총) A child's grave

*위천경장ᄒᆞ다 / 愛親敬長(스랑)(어버이)(공경)(어른) To love parents and respect the aged.

위톨ᄒᆞ다 s. 억져 ; 진 To be heart-broken ; to be pained ; to be wearied.

*위통ᄒᆞ다 s. 哀痛 (애통) (압흘) To be wild with grief ; to be overwhelmed with sorrow. *See* 위곡ᄒᆞ다.

위듕다 *l.* 즐 ; 흔 To be worked up ; to be disturbed in heart. *See* 위살터.

위호박 s. 兒葫瓜 (우히—*오)(박녜—*박)(외—*과) Half-formed gourds.

*위 . 川읍ᄒᆞ다 s. 哀呼痛泣 (애홀 ᄒᆞ울)(소릴)(울) To weep and wail.

위호ᄒᆞ다 / 愛護 (스랑)(소워홀) To love and protect ; to cherish.

*위ᄀᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 *l.* 愛恤 (스랑) (불상히녁일) To love and pity ; to regard with compassion.

*왁 s. 厄 (익) Bad-luck ; misfortune. *See* 익회.

*왁각 s. 額角 (니마) (쎨) The temples.

*왁고 s. 液膏 (진익) (가롬) Fluid extract.

*왁구 s. 隘口 (좁을) (입) A pass ; a narrow opening ; a strategic point.

왁구 s. A one-eyed person.

왁구진 s. Innocent ; wrongly treated.

*왁긔 s. 厄氣 (익) (긔운) An atmosphere of evil fortune.

*왁닉 s. 額內 (니마) (안) Insiders ; those within. *Opp.* 왁외.

왁셔오다 s. 제쳐 ; 온 To have escaped ; to have got out of difficulties.

*왁엉소ᄉᆞ s. 液庭所屬 (ᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (바) (붓흘) Under servants within the palace enclosure.

*왁량 s. 液量 (진) (헤아일) Capacity—for containing liquid.

왁막이 s. (—익) An antidote for ill-luck—as used on the 15th of the 1st moon.

왁막이ᄒᆞ다 s. (—익) To ward off misfortune—as on the 15th of the 1st moon.

*왁모 s. 腋毛 (겨드랑이) (헐억) Hair in the arm-pits.

*왁바즐닌 s. 液 (진 . Liquid vaseline.

*왁수 s. 額數 (니마) (두어) Number of person or dollars.

*왁슈 s. 隘守 (좁을) (직흘) A post station ; a military outpost. Lat 34 54. Long 128.42

*왁슈ᄒᆞ다 . 堰守 ᄀᆞᆯ (직흘 To guard strictly ; to watch over vigilantly.

*왁식ᄒᆞ다 s. 阨塞 (좁을) (막을) To cause hardship ; to oppress ; to give cause for complaint ; to be terrible.

*왁외 s. 額外 (니마) (밧) Outsiders ; those without. *Opp.* 왁닉.

*왁우 s. 液雨 (진) (비) Ten days rain following *ip-tong*—this water used as a medicine

*왁운 s. 液雲 (진) (구름) A cloud threatening to let fall showers of rain.

왁운 ᄀᆞᆺ다 s. 危 ᄀᆞᆺ 익 운수 ᄀᆞᆺ perilous situation, critical position crisis.

*왁ᄌᆞ s. (—쓰) 額字 (니마 . 글ᄌᆞ) Large characters—as seen over gates. *See* 대ᄌᆞ.

*왁취 s. 腋臭 (겨드랑이) (내암시) The smell in the armpits.

*왁에 s. 液體 진) (몸) Liquid.

*왁파로핀 s. 液 . . (진) ..... Liquid Paraffin.

*왁하 s. 腋下 (겨드랑이) (아래) The armpit.

*왁회 s. 厄會 (익) (모들) Ill-luck ; distress, bad fortune. *See* 화.

왼ᄀᆞᆷ질ᄒᆞ다 s. To hop—on one leg. *See* 개ᄀᆞᆷ질ᄒᆞ다.

*왐도 s. 櫻桃 (왐도) (복숑아) The cherry. *Prunus pseudocerasus.*

왐도리지다 s. 라져 ; 진 To be bent about ; to be twisted.

*왐무 s. 鸚鵡 (왐무) (왐무) A parrot.

*왐무ᄇᆡ s. 鸚鵡盃 (왐무) (왐무) (잔) A parrot goblet ; a cup shaped like a parrot.

*왐산 s. 禮彩 (례ᄎᆡ) (적산) The dress of a graduate on the day on which he receives his degree.

*왐ᄉᆞ각 . 罌粟殼 례ᄎᆡ 조 ᄭᆞᆸᄃᆞᆯ) The poppy seed case. *See* 아편굴.

*왐ᄉᆞ쏫 s. 罌粟花 례ᄎᆡ조 ᄭᆞᆺ ᄀᆞᆺ) The poppy flower. *See* 왐ᄉᆞ각.

*왕실 s. 櫻桃 ᄋᆞᆼ도 열미 The fruit of a cherry-tree ; cherries.

왕친이 s. An insignificant object ; a contemptible thing—an abusive expression.

왕이 s. A stye ; a gathering on the breast. A dog-tick (Prov.) Money ; cash.

왕왕 *l.* A word expressive of crying.

왕ᄒᆞ다 s. To be sorry ; to feel regret.

*와조등 s. 鳥子桐 (독) (아돌) (오동) Eleurites cordata.

*와초 s. 萱草 (왕도) (풀) Primrose, *Primula cortusoides.*

*왕화 s. 櫻花 (왕도) (꽃) Cherry blossoms.

와 s. A connective having the force of and, also—after a vowel final; written 과 after a consonant final.

와 l. Whoa! Stop!—to animals.

*와가 l. 瓦家 (기와) (집) A tiled house. *Opp.* 초가.

*와각지세 l. 蝸角之勢 (달팽이) (쌀) (같) (형세) Moving as a snail's horns—conflict; fighting.

*와간상 l. 臥看床 (누울) (볼) (상) A book table suited to read by while lying down.

*와거 s. 萵苣 (나물) (나물) Lettuce. *See* 상치.

*와공 l. 瓦工 (기와) (장인) A tile-maker; a tiler.

*와굴 s. 窩窟 (집) (굴) A den of robbers.

와글와글ᄒᆞ다 s. To crowd; to congregate. To bubble.

*와기 l. 瓦器 (기와) (그릇) Earthern ware.

와닥닥 s. Pattering—as feet.

와닥닥와닥닥ᄒᆞ다 s. To patter.

*와도 l. 瓦刀 (기와) (칼) A tiler's trowel.

*와동광 s. 瓦銅鑛 (기와) (구리) (쇠돌) Tile ore.

와드등거리다 s. 거러; 린 To clatter; to patter.

와드등와드등 s. Clattering; jingling; rattling.

와드등충랑 s. Rumbling and clattering as cavalry.

*와디 s. 窪地 (개천) (싸) Low depressed ground; a hollow.

와락 l. With a start, jerk, jump etc.

*와려 l. 蝸廬 (달팽이) (집) A cottage; a hut.

*와료 l. 臥料 (누울) (헤아릴) A salary drawn by one who is only nominally in office.

*와록 l. 瓦礫 (가와) (잔돌) Tiles and pebbles.

*와부룰아아슈소산 s. 硅弗律阿兒水素酸 (돌) (부자) (법) (언덕) (아ᄒᆞ) (물) (설) Hydrofluosilicic acid, *Acidum Hydrofluorsilicicum.*

*와병(에)인소정 s. 臥病人事絕 (누울) (병들) (사롬) (일) (끈흘) Sick and unable to notice anything.

와삭와삭 s. Rustling—as dry leaves. *See* 버석버석.

*와상 l. 臥床 (눌) (상) A bedstead.

*와서 l. 瓦署 (기와) (마을) A place where tiles are made and kept—by the government.

*와서별뎨 s. 瓦署別提 (기와) (마을) (다룹) (쓰을) A tile-kiln director.

*와석종신ᄒᆞ다 l. 臥席終身 (누울) (자리) (모칠) 몸 To die quietly at home.

*와석 s. 硅石 (돌) (돌) Silica; silex.

*와송 l. 瓦松 (기와) (소나무) Grass that grows from a tiled roof.

와스스 s. Sizzling; foaming. *See* 우수수.

*와식ᄒᆞ다 l. 臥食 (누울) (밥) To live off one and do nothing.

*와사 s. 瓦斯 (기와) (이) Gas.

*와사 s. 瓦師 (기와) (스승) A tile maker.

*와사국 s. 瓦斯局 (기와) (이) (판) Gas-works.

*와사긔관 s. 瓦斯機關 (기와) (이) (틀) (집) Gas engine.

*와사등 s. 瓦斯燈 (기와) (이) (등) Gas light.

*와언 l. 訛言 (그릇) (말숨) False stories; groundless rumors. *See* 그ᄐᆞᆺ말.

*와옥 s. 瓦屋 (기와) (집) A tile house.

*와옥 s. 蝸屋 (달팽이) (집) A little hut.

*와우 l. 蝸牛 (달팽이) (소) A snail.

*와의 l. 瓦衣 (기와) (옷) A kind of moss growing on tiles.

와이 s. Yes; (Low.) *See* 왜.

와인승량 s. ..... 升量 . ... (되) (헤아릴) Wine measure.

*와장이 l. 瓦匠 (기와) (장인) A tile-layer; a brick-layer.

*와전ᄒᆞ다 s. 訛傳 (그릇) (전ᄒᆞᆯ) To tell what is false; to change from the original.

*와주 l. 窩主 (집) (님굼) The keeper of a brothel; the keeper of a den of robbers.

*와즐이 l. 臥蠶眉 (누울) (누에) (눈섭) Curved eye brows.

*와탑 *l.* 臥榻 (누울)(자리) A bedstead; a bed.

*와히되다 *l.* 瓦解 기와 (물 되어 된 To fail; to turn out a failure. *See* 틀매다

*와조 *s.* 硅泡 (돌)(거품) Float-stone.

왁갈박달ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short tempered; to be rough

왁갈왁갈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be short tempered; to be rough.

왁대 *l.* 玉八價 (님금—*왕) (여돕—*팔) (빗—*채) Money paid to a husband—in compensation for his wife who has been carried off.

왁새 *l.* 鶴 (*학) A large bird with red eyes, yellow bill and gray plumage.

왁새 *s.* The nettle.

왁자짓걸ᄒᆞ다 To make a noise; to be an uproar.

왁자ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 讙譁 (짓거릴—*현) (짓거릴—*화) To wrangle; to bawl; to create an uproar. *See* 짓거리다.

왁작왁작ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To crowd; to crush; to concrete. [illegible] *See* 와글와글ᄒᆞ다.

*완거ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 頑拒 (완악ᄒᆞᆯ) (악을) To disobey; to resist.

*완결ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 完結 완결 (마칠) To bring to a conclusion, to settle.

*완고 *s.* 頑固 (완악ᄒᆞᆯ) (굳을) A conservative; a bigot. *See* 완고당.

*완고당 *s.* 頑固黨 (완악ᄒᆞᆫ (굳을)(무리 (conservatives, bigot *See* 완고

*완고이 *s.* 完固 (완전) (굳을) Certainly, surely. *See* 든든히.

*완고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 完固 (완전) (굳을) To be certain; to be sure; to be firm. *See* 든든ᄒᆞ다.

*완구 *s.* 玩具 (구경) (갖출) A thing worth seeing.

*완구무계 *s.* 完久無計 완전 (계교) A plan for the distant future. A complete scheme; perfect plan.

*완구히 *l.* 完久 (완전) (오랠) For long; substantially

*완구ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 完久 (완전) (오랠) To be well made and substantial.

*완급 *s.* 緩急 (느질) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) Slow and fast as of speed.

*완긔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 緩期 (느질) (긔약) To postpone, to defer, to be delayed

*완납ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 完納 완전 (드릴) To pay in full—of taxes or money owed to the government.

*완명ᄒᆞ다 * 完定 (완전) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To make certain, to fix definitely; to decide. *See* 질명ᄒᆞ다.

*완도 *s.* 莞島 (우슬) (섬) A island in (L. Island, Lat. [illegible] Long. 126 [illegible]

*완듁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 緩待 느즐, 기ᄃᆞ릴, To grant time in a demand

*완두창 *l.* 豌豆瘡 (팟) (팟) (헌데) A kind of eruption.

완ᄃᆡ *s.* A connective—used as a comma or break in a paragraph.

*완력 *l.* 腕力 (팔) (힘) Physical force; strength.

*완롱물 *l.* 玩弄物 (구경) (희롱) (물건) A plaything, a toy.

*완롱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 玩弄 (구경) (희롱) To amuse one's self with; to toy or trifle with.

*완만ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] 完慢 [illegible] 완만ᄒᆞᆫ) To be bold; to be insolent; to be violent.

*완민 * 頑民 (완악ᄒᆞᆯ) (박셩) The low classes; the disreputable—among the people. *See* 하와시민.

*완보 *l.* 緩步 (느질) (거름) A slow step.

*완보ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 緩步 느질) (거름) To walk leisurely; to stroll.

*완비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 完備 (완전) (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ) To be fully provided with; to be amply endowed with; to be fully equipped.

*완빅 *s.* 完伯 (완전) (맛) The governor of 전라 province.

*완산 *s.* 完山 (완전) (뫼) The ancestral hills of the reigning family—at Chunju. Chol-la.

*완셔 *s.* 緩暑 느질) (덜) At leisure; free from business.

*완셩ᄒᆞ다 完成 (완전) (일울) To be complete, to be full, to [illegible]

*완슙 *s.* 頑習 (완악ᄒᆞᆯ) (악일) Wicked habits; bad practices.

*완승 *s.* 頑僧 (완악ᄒᆞᆯ) (즁) An impudent Buddhist priest.

*완악ᄒᆞ다 s. 頑惡 (완악홀) (악홀) To be hardened; to be depraved; to be abandoned *See* 우악ᄒᆞ다.

*완연ᄒᆞ다 l. 宛然 (완연) (그럴) To be clear; to be evident; to be manifest. *See* 분명ᄒᆞ다.

*완영 s. 完營 (완졍) (영문) The official quarters of the governor of 전라 province

*완이히 l. 莞爾 (우슐) (너) With a smiling face; without anxiety.

*완완ᄒᆞ다 s. 婉婉 (어엿불) (어엿불) To be fine; to be beautiful; to be charming; to be fascinating.

*완완ᄒᆞ다 / 緩緩 (느즐) (느즐) To be slow; to delay; to linger. *See* 천천ᄒᆞ다.

*완장ᄒᆞ다 s. 完葬 (완졍) (장소) To complete a burial.

*완장 l. 阮丈 (완가) (어룬) Your uncle. (Hon.) *See* 삼촌.

*완적 l. 阮籍 (셩) (호젹) A.D 210-263. A noted scholar of China given to wine and debauchery.

*완젼ᄒᆡᆫ방ᄉᆞᆨ l. 完全立方數 (완젼) (온젼) (셜) (법) (두어) Perfect square.

*완젼무흠ᄒᆞ다 l. 完全無欠 (완젼) (온젼) (업슬) (흠) To be perfect and faultless.

*완젼소유권 l. 完全所有權 (완젼) (온젼) (바) (잇슬) (권세) Perfect right of possession; complete ownership.

*완젼작가ᄒᆞ다 / 完全作家 (완젼) (온젼) (지을) (집) To have a substantial house and family of long standing

*완젼ᄒᆞ다 l. 完全 (완젼) (온젼) To be perfect; to be complete; to be entire. *See* 온젼ᄒᆞ다.

*완졸ᄒᆞ다 s. 頑拙 (완악홀) (뮈울) To be ugly; to be homely; to be rough.

*완조 l. 完字 (완젼) (글조) A window the cross bars of which instead of being at right angles, are arranged in fantastic shapes.

*완조 l. 丸子 (환조 *환) (아홉—*조) Meat balls—made from meat, beancurd, flour and oil.

*완조탕 l. 丸子湯 (환조—*환) (아홉—*조) (끌을—*탕) Meat-ball soup.

*완졍 l. 完楨 (완젼) (졍졍—*졍) A complete set of dishes.

완빙 s. 梳櫛 (빗—*소) (졍졍—*졍) A metal circle with handle -used for parting the hair.

*완츙국 l. 緩衝國 (느즐) (져울) (나라) A buffer state.

*완패ᄒᆞ다 s. 頑悖 (완악홀) (패역홀) To be hardened; to be cruel; to be depraved. *See* 고약ᄒᆞ다.

*완한ᄒᆞ다 l. 緩限 (느즐) (한명) To extend a limit of time—as to a debtor. *See* 판한ᄒᆞ다.

*완ᄒᆞ다 s. 頑 (완악홀) To be bold; to be violent; to be insolent.

*완힝 l. 緩行 (느즐 (힝홀) A slow step.

*완힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 緩行 (느즐) (힝홀) To walk leisurely; to stroll.

·왈 s. 曰 (왈) (He said —used only in books.

왈각멀걱ᄒᆞ다 s. To rattle; to rustle.

왈각왈각ᄒᆞ다 s. To rattle; to rustle.

*왈긱 s. 曰客 (왈) (손) A dissipated character; a loud talker. *See* 왈자.

*왈시왈비 s. 曰是曰非 (왈) (올흘) (왈) (그를) One this and one that—a dispute; a quarrel. *See* 시시비비.

왈왈ᄒᆞ다 s. To be quick; to be hasty; to be violent. *See* 급급ᄒᆞ다.

*왈자 s. 曰者 (왈) (놈) A brawler; a talker; an insolent character; a bold woman *See* 왈긱.

왈작 s. Suddenly; all at once. *See* 왈칵.

*왈쳬 s. 曰婦 (왈) (여편홀) A bold woman; an impudent character.

왈칵 l. Suddenly; all at once. *See* 별안간.

*왈형왈뎨 s. 曰兄曰弟 (왈) (맛) (왈) (아오) Brothers talking together—used of persons intimate

왕다갓ᄒᆞ다 s. To go and come. *See* 오락가락.

왓삭왓삭ᄒᆞ다 s. To rustle

왓작 s. Strongly; firmly, quickly; all-togethter—as in joining in a work. *See* 봇석.

왜 s. Why? What do you mean? Yes! (Low.)

왜가리 l. 鷺 (*슈) The heron.

왜가다 s. 가, 간 To go contrary to; to act in an obstinate way.

*왜골 s. 倭骨 (왜국) (뼈) A rough uncivilized person. A masculine woman. A large rough melon.

*왜국 s. 倭國 (외국) (나라) Japan. *See* 일본.

왜그롭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be many; to be numerous. To be large.

왜군다 s. 그러; 군 To be obstinate; to be stubborn; to be contrary.

*왜긔 s. 倭器 (외국) (그릇) Japanese porcelain.

*왜판 s. 倭館 (외국) (판사) A Japanese settlement.

왜나아가다 s. 가; 간 To glance off. To go contrary to.

*왜녀 s. 倭女 (외국) (계집) A Japanese woman.

왜놈 s. A Japanese—a term of abuse. *See* 왜쥬.

*왜도 s. 倭刀 (외국) (칼) Japanese cutlery.

왜두ᄒᆞ다 t. To sound as horns and pipes. To call contemptuously to an opponent.

왜똘왜똘ᄒᆞ다 s. To be twisted out of shape. *See* 왜주왜똘ᄒᆞ다

왜똘왜똘ᄒᆞ다 s. To be twisted out of shape. To be here and there.

*왜딕모 s. 倭玳瑁 (외국 딕모, 딕모) Japanese tortoise-shell.

*왜란 s. 倭亂 (외국) (어지러울) The Japanese War.

*왜료리 s. 倭料理 (외국 료리아질) (다소ᄒᆞ) Japanese food

왜목 s. 丸燒 (기와—*와 ᄌᆡ약돌) Broken tiles and bricks—as used in building. *Also* 와목.

*왜면 s. 倭麵 (외국) (국수) Japanese vermicelli.

*왜물 s. 倭物 (외국) (물건) Japanese goods.

*왜미 s. 倭米 (외국) (쌀) Japanese rice.

*왜병 s. 倭兵 (외국) (군ᄉᆞ) A Japanese soldier. *See* 일병

*왜복 s. 倭服 (외국) (옷) Japanese dress.

*왜비누 s. 倭飛陋 (외국) (놀) (머리울—*루) Japanese soap.

*왜사 s. 倭紗 (외국) (깁) Japanese silk gauze.

*왜션 s. 倭扇 (외국) (붓치) A Japanese fan.

*왜션 s. 倭船 (외국) (비) A Japanese junk.

*왜솟 s. 倭鉶 (외국) (솟—*명) A Japanese rice-kettle.

*왜쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 矮小 (난장이) (적을) To be small; to be dwarfish.

*왜양 s. 倭洋 (외국) (바다) Japanese and foreigners. Japan and the West.

*왜어 s. 倭語 왜국 말숨 The Japanese language. *See* 일어

*왜염 s. 倭鹽 왜국 소곰, Japanese salt.

*왜인 s. 倭人 (외국) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Japanese. *See* 일인.

왜왜부ᄅᆞ다 t. 어; 분 To blow loudly—of the wind or a bugle.

*왜장녀 s. 倭丈女 (외국) 장ᄉᆞᆯ (계집) A masculine woman, a virago.

왜자ᄒᆞ다 s. 諠譁 (짓거릴—*헌) (짓거릴—*ᄒᆞ) To set tattle afloat, to be rife of rumor. *See* 떼들다.

*왜장놀다 s 놀아; 논 To act scenes from the Japan War of 1592.

왜장딕다 s 딕어; 온 To tell on one; to slander. *See* 왜방치다.

왜장부리다 s. 부려; 린 To tell on one; to slander. *See* 왜장딕다

*왜족 s. 倭族 (외국) (씨) The Japanese race.

왜족왜족 t. Straight ahead; without looking behind. Headstrong.

*왜주 s. 倭紬 (외국) (비단) Japanese silk.

*왜지 s. 倭紙 (외국) (조희) Japanese paper.

왜치다 t. 왜져; 진 To want one's own way—as a refractory servant.

*왜쳠 s. 倭靛 (외국) (푸를) Japanese indigo dyes.

*왜초 s. 倭草 (외국) (풀) Japanese tobacco.

*왜쵹 s. 倭燭 (외국) (촉불—*쵹) Japanese candles

*왜칠 s. 倭漆 (외국) (옻) Japanese paint or acquer.

*왜침 s. 倭針 (외국) 바ᄂᆞᆯ Japanese needle; a darning needle.

*왜칭 s. 倭秤 (외국) (저울) A Japanese scale or balances.

*왜탄 s. 倭綿 (왕국) (솜—*면) Japanese cotton-wool.

*왜ᄒᆞᆨ ᄌᆞ. 倭躑躅 (외국 ᄒᆞᆨ ᄌᆞᆨ ᄒᆞᆨ—*쵹) A large kind of azalea.

왜풍 s. A typhoon; a terrific storm.

왜그렁왜그렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To jingle—as bells.

왱뎅그렁 s. A word descriptive of the ringing of bells.

왱뎅ᄒᆞ다 s. To snarl; to fly into a rage.

왱뎅 t. A word expressive of the roaring of the wind, loud reading etc.

왜호다 *l.* To sound—as in the ears; to vibrate.

*왕 *s.* 王 (님굼) King. *See* 면하. Prefixed to certain nouns meaning large; big etc.

왕 *l.* Whoa! Stop!—to animals.

*왕가호다 *l.* 枉駕 (굽을) (멍에) To condescend to visit. (Epist.) *See* 왕림호다.

왕개암이 *s.* (—개암이 大蟻 (큰 —*대) (개암이 *의) A large species of ant.

*왕건태조 *s.* 王建太祖 (님굼) (셜) (클) (할아비) The name and title of the founder of the Songdo dynasty.

*왕경성 *s.* 王京城 (님굼) (경박) (재) The name of P'ing-yang City in the days of *Kija*.

왕김의 *s.* 大蜂 (큰—*대) (김의—*쥬) A large species of spider.

*왕건호다 *l.* 往見 (갈) (볼) To call on.

*왕고 *l.* 往古 (갈) (녜) In ancient times.

*왕고장 *s.* 王考丈 (님굼) (상고) (어른) A deceased grandfather.

*왕고모 *s.* 王姑母 (님굼) (할미) (어미) A great aunt; a paternal grandfather's sister.

왕골 *s.* A reed which grows in marshy places and from which mats are made.

*왕국 *s.* 王國 (님굼) (나라) A country governed by a king; kingdom; a monarchy.

*왕굴호다 *l.* 枉屈 (굽을) (굴홀) To condescend to come.

*왕궁 *s.* 王宮 (님굼) (집) The Royal Palace.

*왕긔 *s.* 王氣 (님굼) (긔운) The royal atmosphere—which circles about one born to be king.

*왕긔 *l.* 旺氣 (왕셩홀) (긔운) Good fortune; great luck (*의 다).

왕긔 *l.* 沙鉢 (모래 *사 ,발이 *발) Any large earthenware dish (Prov.)

*왕년 *l.* 往年 (갈) (히) Past years; preceding ages.

왕눈이 *s.* 大目 (큰—*대) (눈—*목) A goggle-eyed person.

왕눈이등방울 *s.* A round shaped bell with an opening—goggle eyes. *See* 방울눈

왕대 *s.* 大竹 (큰 *대) (대—*쥭) Large bamboos

*왕대부인 *s.* 王大夫人 (님굼) (큰) (지아비) (사롬) A grand mother.

*왕도 *l.* 王道 (님굼) (길) The kingly way—the ancient rule of right as opposed to might. *Opp.* 패도.

*왕도 *s.* 王都 (님굼, (도읍) The king's place of residence; the capital. *See* 셔울.

*왕도쳐 *s.* 王都處 (님굼) (도읍) (곳) The king's place of residence, the capital. *See* 왕셩.

왕굽밧가락 *l.* Used of things that are thick —as cloth etc.

왕등 *s.* 四方燈 (넉 —*소) (모—*방) (등불—*등) A large lantern with many lights carried at funerals.

*왕륜 *s.* 王倫 (님굼) (인륜) Died A.D. 1144. A great statesman of the Song dynasty.

*왕림호다 *l.* (님) 枉臨 (굽을) (림홀) To pay a visit. (Hon.). *See* 枉가호다.

*왕리 *l.* 往來 (갈) (올) Going and coming a journey. An inn account; the price of meals (Prov.)

*왕리물 *l.* 往來物 (갈) (올) (물건) A general name for elementary books taught in old fashioned schools.

*왕리인 *l.* 往來人 (갈) (올) (사롬) Passengers—of a road.

*왕리호다 *l.* 往來 (갈) (올) To go and come. *See* 왕환호다.

왕마디대 *s.* 大節竹 (큰—*대) (마디—*졀) (대—*쥭) A bamboo pipe-stem with large joints.

*왕망 *s.* 王莽 (님굼) (풀) B.C. 33 A.D. 23. A noted scholar and example of filial piety—a prince of Han China.

*왕명 *s.* 王命 (님굼) (명홀) The king's commands. *See* 어명.

왕모래 *s.* 細沙 (굿칠—*조) (모래 *사) Gravel; coarse sand.

*왕미 *s.* 王米 (님굼) (쌀) Rice—so called in Songdo.

*왕밍 *s.* 王猛 (님굼) (사오나올) D. A.D. 375. A noted governor of ancient China.

*왕반 *l.* 往返 (갈) (도라올) Going and coming, there and back. *See* 왕환.

*왕반호다 *l.* 往返 (갈) (도라올) To go and come; to travel to and fro.

*왕발 *s.* 王勃 (님굼) (노홀) A.D. 648-675. A brilliant and wonderful scholar of ancient China.

왕밤 *s.* 大栗 (큰—*대) (밤 *률) A large kind of chestnut.

왕방울 *s.* 大鈴 (큰—*대) (방울—*령) A large kind of house-bell.

*왕벌 s. 王蜂 (님굼)(벌—*뿡) A queen-bee; a large species of bee. *See* 왕뿡이

*왕법 s. 王法 (님굼)(법) The Imperial laws; law of the land.

*왕복 l. 往復 (갈)(회복) Letters sent and received; a correspondence.

*왕복ᄒᆞ다 l. 往復 (갈)(회복) To conduct a correspondence.

*왕복엽서 l. 往復葉書 (갈)(회복)(닙)(글) A return post-card.

*왕비 s. 王妃 (님굼, 계집) The queen. *See* 중뎐.

왕바탕 s. Soup; turtle soup.

*왕상 s. 王祥 (님굼)(상서) A Chinese official who lived A.D. 265—noted for his filial devotion. (By his prayers he secured carp in winter to feed his mother)

*왕석 l. 往昔 (갈)(네) In time past; ancient times.

*왕석에 l. 往昔 (갈)(네) In ancient times.

*왕세 s. 王稅 님굼 구실) Land taxes paid to the king. *See* 구실.

*왕셩 s. 王城 님굼 재 The royal palace wall, the capital. *See* 왕도.

*왕셩ᄒᆞ다 / 旺盛 왕셩ᄒᆞ (성ᄒᆞ) To prosper; to flourish; to be much. *See* 셩ᄒᆞ다.

*왕소 s. 王所 (님굼)(바) The royal apartments; the place occupied by the king (M.).

*왕손 s. 王孫 (님굼)(손조) Descendants of the king. *See* 공조.

*왕시 l. 往時 (갈)(때) Past times.

*왕신 s. 王臣 (님금)(신하) The subjects of the Emperor; the Emperor's Ministers.

왕실 s. 王室 (님굼, 집) The Emperor's Household; the Imperial Family. *See* 황실.

*왕씨 s. 王氏 (님굼)(각—*사) The surname *Wang*.

*왕ᄉᆞ l. 往事 (갈)(일) Past affairs; bygones. *See* 이왕ᄉᆞ.

*왕ᄉᆞ s. 王師 님굼 ᄉᆞᄃᆞᆫ) The king's soldier's; the royal guard (Comp.).

*왕ᄉᆞ s. 王事 (님굼 (일) Affairs of the king.

왕얽이 s. 粗索 (것칠—*조) (삭기—*삭) What is wrapped with coarse rope.

*왕운 s. 旺運 (왕셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (운수) Good fortune; great favor.

*왕위 s. 王位 (님굼) (벼슬) Throne; sovereign power or dignity.

*왕위 s. 王威 (님굼) (위엄) The majesty of the sovereign.

*왕윤 s. 王允 (님굼) (진실노) Died A.D. 193. A loyal officer of the court of Han, China.

*왕의 s. 七衣 (님굼) (옷) The red coats of the palace attendants.

*왕일 l. 往日 (갈) (날) In past time; formerly.

*왕왕 l. 往往 (갈)(갈) Often; sometimes; eventually; now and then.

*왕왕히 s. 往往 (갈) (갈) Sometimes; frequently. *See* 혹시.

*왕장 s. 王葬 (님굼) (장소) A royal burial the funeral of the king (Comp.).

*왕쟈 王者 (님굼) (놈) A king; one called king.

왕쟈긔상 l. 王者氣像 님굼) (놈) (긔운) 형상 (One having in him the making of a King.

*왕쟈어 l. 往者 (갈) (놈) In past times; formerly.

*왕정 s. 王政 (님굼) (정소) A kingly rule, a well directed government.

*왕정복구 s. 王政復舊 님굼) 정소 (회복) (네) The restoration of monarchial government.

*왕존장 s. 王尊長 (님굼) (놉흘) (어룬) A person two generations one's senior; one belonging to the grandfather's generation.

*왕족 s. 王族 (님굼) (겨레) A member of a royal-family.

왕지네 s. 大蜈蚣 (큰—*대) (지네—*오) 지네 (A large centipede.

*왕조 s. 王子 (님굼) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A younger son of the king. *See* 왕손.

*왕참ᄒᆞ다 / 往參 (갈) (참예) To come and take part in.

*왕척이직심ᄒᆞ다 / 枉尺而直尋 굽을 자 말이 곧을 (길 To draw a "foot" of what is wrong to gain a "yard" of what is right. (M.).

왕청되다 l. 되여; 됴 To be wide; to be far from.

왕청스럽다 *l.* 러워; *adj* To be at extremes; to be far from—the truth; to be separated widely.

*왕천하ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 王天下 (님군) (하놀) (아래) To rule over the Empire; to be King of Heaven and Earth; to rule by right.

*왕토 *s.* 王土 (님금) (흙) The Imperial domain.

왕풍이 *l.* 大蜂 (큰—*벌) (벌—*봉) A large species of wasp.

왕파리 *s.* 大蠅 (큰—대) (파리—승) A large kind of fly.

왕판 *s.* An animal's shoulder-blade. Gambling etc. on a large scale. (Prov.).

*왕패 *s.* 王覇 (님금) (웃듬) (I.) 1st century A.D. A great scholar of China, who refused to serve a usurping second monarch

*왕헌지 *s.* 王獻之 (님금) (드릴) (갈) A.D. 344-388. Youngest son of the foregoing, and celebrated like his father as a scholar and caligrapher.

*왕후 *s.* 王侯 (님금) (님금) The queen—of a tributary State. *See* 왕비.

*왕후장상 *s.* 王侯將相 (님금) (제후) (장슈) (정슈) The king, marquises, generals and ministers.

*왕희지 *s.* 王羲之 (님금) (화홀) (갈) A.D. 321-379. A great penman of China.

*왕흥ᄒᆞ다 / 旺興 (왕셩홀) (닐) To become prosperous; to flourish. *See* 흥왕ᄒᆞ다.

*왕ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 旺 (왕셩홀) To be prosperous; to be luxuriant. *See* 셩ᄒᆞ다.

*왕힝ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 往行 (갈) (힝홀) To go; to proceed; also used in the sense of past conduct, former action.

*왕화 *s.* 王化 (님금) (될) A king's rule; royal influence.

*왕환 *s.* 往還 (갈) (도라올) Going and returning—of a journey. *See* 왕ᄅᆡ.

워 *l.* Whoa!—stop!—used to animals.

워리 *l.* The call for a dog.

워워 Whoa!—a call to animals.

*원 *l.* 院 (집) Government houses along the highway for the convenience of officials An official house.

원 *s.* Why? What? (Prov.).

*원 *l.* 願 (원홀) A desire; a wish; a vow.

원 *s.* 倅 (*쉬) A country magistrate; a prefect. *See* 본슈.

*원 *s.* 圓 (둥굴) A dollar. A circle. *See* 은전.

*원 *s.* 員 (관원) A numerative of officials or gentry. *See* 명. Monetary unit.

*원 *s.* 原 (근원) Original; first.

*원 *s.* 園 (동산) A garden; a park.

*원가 *s.* 原價 (근원) (갑) Original cost.

*원간 *s.* 元來 (웃듬) (올—*ᄅᆡ) Originally; by nature. *See* 원약.

*원감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 原監 (근원) (거울) To forgive; to excuse

*원강 *l.* 遠江 (멀) (강) Totomi in Japan.

*원거인 *s.* 原居人 (근원) (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A native of the place; aborigines. *See* 본도지인.

*원격ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠隔 (멀) (막힐) To be far apart; to be widely separated

*원결 *s.* 原結 (근원) (민질) Land taxes—paid during a period of 60 years after which the fields are registered. *Opp.* 은결.

*원경 *l.* 遠景 (멀) (볏) A distant landscape.

*원고 *s.* 原稿 (근원) (써질) An original draft; a manuscript. *See* 원본.

*원고 *s.* 原告 (근원) (고홀) An informer—as in a case of murder; a prosecutor. *See* 원젹. *Opp.* 피고.

*원교 *s.* 原敎 (근원) (구루칠) The original doctrine. The first church.

*원국 *l.* 遠國 (멀) (나라) A remote land; distant countries.

*원굴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 寃屈 (원통) (굴홀) To have a grievance, to be pained. *See* 억울ᄒᆞ다

*원귀 *l.* 寃鬼 (원통) (귀신) The spirit of one who has suffered a wrong that has not been righted. *See* 원혼.

*원근 *l.* 遠近 (멀) (갓가울) Far or near—distance.

*원긔 *s.* 元氣 (웃듬) (긔운) The vital principle—of man or the universe. *See* 원ᄅᆡ.

*원ᄂᆡ *l.* 遠客 (멀) (손) A visitor or guest who has come from a distance.

*원납ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (—랍) 願納 (원홀) (드릴) To present to a superior—as a bribe.

*원납젼 *l.* (—랍) 願納錢 (원홀) (드릴) (돈) A bribe—to a superior.

*원년 *s.* 元年 (웃듬) (히) The first year of a King's reign.

*원념 *l.* 怨念 (원망) (심각) Vengeance; resentment; spite; enmity.

원님 *s.* 本倅 (맛—*본) (원—*쉬) A country magistrate. (Hon.) *See* 본슈.

*원단위 *s.* 原單位 (근원) (홑) (버슬) Unit of measure

*원답 *s.* 原畓 (근원) (논) Paddy fields marked in former registers. (Registration took place once every 60 years.)

*원대 *l.* 遠大 Spacious, wide; for long.

*원당 *l.* 院堂 (집) (집) A temple erected in honor of a Confucian *savant*—where scholars meet for study. *See* 영당.

*원당 *l.* 願堂 (랄홀) (집) A special house of prayer attached to a Buddhist monastery.

*원덕 *l.* 怨敵 (원망) (덕역) An enemy who cherishes a feeling of resentment.

*원뎡 *l.* 園丁 (동산) (장명) A gardener.

*원도 *s.* 原圖 (근원) (그림) The original drawing, map, or chart.

*원도 *l.* 遠島 (멀) (섬) A distant island.

*원도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠逃 (멀) (도망) To run away to a distant place; to fly far away.

원두 *s.* 眞瓜 (춍—*진) (외—과) Melon fields.

원두노하 *s.* 種瓜 (심을—*종) (외—*과) 노하; 호 To cultivate melons.

원두막 *s.* 瓜幕 (외—*과) (장막 *막) A look out; a watch house—set up in the field

원두장이 *s.* The proprietor of a melon patch. *See* 원두한이.

*원두표 *s.* 元斗杓 (으뜸) (말) (자루) A.D. 1643 F.S. 慶州 N.P. 謚號. A noted man of the time of *In-jo* who before had helped to turn out *Yon-san-chu.*

원두칠지 *s.* The proprietor of a melon patch.

원두한이 *s.* The proprietor of a melon patch. *See* 원두장이.

*원디 *l.* 遠地 (멀) (짜) A distant region; a remote country.

*원뒤 *s.* 圓臺 (둥굴) (집) Truncated cone.

*원락 *l.* 院落 (집) (떠러질) A garden.

*원랑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 原諒 (근원) (헤아릴) To [illegible] 원유ᄒᆞ다

*원려 *l.* 遠慮 (멀) (심라) Thoughts for the distant future; anxiety about the future.

*원력 *s.* 原力 (근원) (힘) Natural physical strength, muscular force.

*원령 *l.* 怨靈 (원망 (신령) The vindictive ghost of a deceased enemy.

*원로 *l.* 圓顱 (둥굴) 머리뼈) A shaved head

*원로 *l.* 遠路 (멀) (길) A distant journey; a long road. *Opp.* 근쳐.

*원로 *s.* 元老 웃듬) (늙을) Distinguished men who have grown old in the service of the state.

*원로대신 *s.* 元老大臣 (웃듬) (늙을) (큰) (신하) Elder statesmen

*원로원 *s.* 元老院 (웃듬) (늙을) (집) The senate—abolished a few years since.

*원로원의관 *s.* 元老院議官 (웃듬, 늙을 (집) 의론ᄒᆞ 벼슬 A senator.

*원로회 *s.* 元老會 (웃듬) (늙을) (모들) The council of elder statesmen.

*원료 原料 (근원) (헤아릴 Original materials—as in the making of money.

*원로방지 *s.* 圓顱方趾 (동굴) (머리뼈) (모) (발뒷굼치 A round head and square heel.

*원류서 *l.* 願留書 (원홀) (머므를) (글) A petition requesting retention of office.

*원류ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 願留 (원홀) (머므를) To ask to retain office longer.

*원리 *s.* 原理 (근원) (리치) Principles (as of a science); fundamental truth

*원리 *s.* 元理 (웃듬) (리치) The first principle; a fundamental law or rule.

*원리익 *s.* 元利益 (웃듬) (리홀) (더홀) A first fundamental advantage.

*원림 *s.* 園林 (동산) (수풀) A garden; a park. *See* 동산.

*원릭 *s.* 原來 (근원) (올) Originally. *See* 원관.

*원릭 *l.* 遠來 (멀) (올) Coming from a distant place.

*원만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 圓滿 둥굴) (찰) To be full of the moon; to be complete, perfect, deficient in nothing.

*원망 *l.* 怨望 원망 (부랄) Murmuring; complaining; repining. *See* 앙심.

*원망ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠望 (멀) (부랄) To look far away; to gaze into the distance.

*원망ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怨望 (원망) (불랄) To repine; to murmur against; to complain *See* 절치ᄒᆞ다.

*원망ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 願望 (원호) (불랄) To desire; to long for; to beg; to entreat

*원명 *s.* 原命 (근원) (목숨) Length of life—as fixed by heaven. *Opp.* 비명.

*원모 *l.* 遠謀 (멀) (꾀) A far-seeing plan; a provident scheme; plans laid with thought for the future.

*원문 *s.* 轅門 (수레채) (문) The main entrance to a military camp.

*원문 *s.* 原文 (근원) (글) One's general knowledge of characters. The original copy of a work. *See* 본문.

*원미 *s.* 元味 (웃듬) (맛) Thin soup—made from rice.

원밥쑤이 *s.* A stew of bread, rice, meat etc.

*원방 *l.* 遠方 (멀) (모) A distant place; a remote region.

*원방 *l.* 遠邦 (멀) (나라) A remote land; distant countries.

*원범 *s.* 原犯 (근원) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) A murderer. *See* 정범.

*원법 *s.* 原法 (근원) (법) Ancient law; original law.

*원병 *s.* 援兵 (당길) (군ᄉᆞ) Reinforcements; a relieving force

*원별ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠別 (멀) (리별) To be separated by a great distance; to be far apart; to be separated for many years.

*원보 *s.* 元寶 (웃듬) (보비) Sycee; silver bars.

*원본 *s.* 原本 (근원) (근본) Origin; source; first copy; original capital; original funds.

*원부 *l.* 怨婦 (원망) (며느리) A vindictive woman.

*원불성슈 *s* 原不失手 (근원, 아닐) (일ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) A work or occupation not subject to loss or failure.

*원비 *l.* 猿臂 (잣나비) (팔) A long arm.

*원비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠配 (멀) (짝) To send into distant exile. *See* 원찬ᄒᆞ다.

*원산 *l.* 遠山 (멀) (뫼) A distant mountain. The nose-bridge of a pair of spectacles.

*원산 *s.* 元山 (웃듬) (외) The port of Gensan in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 39.09. Long. 127.26; an island in Ch'ung-chong-do.

*원상 *s.* 圓衫 (둥굴) (적삼) An outer shroud—for the corpse of a woman.

*원사 *l.* 遠射 (멀) (쏠) Shooting with the long bow.

*원서 *l.* 願書 (원ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) A written petition.

*원석 *s.* 原書 (근원) (글) Original book or writing (in distinction to translations).

*원성 *l.* 怨聲 (원망) (소리) A complaint; a murmur.

*원성(이)자자ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怨聲藉藉 (원망) (소리) (깔자) To murmur—of complaints.

*원소 *s.* 原素 (근원) (흰) Element. The active principle; the essence

*원쇼 *s.* 袁紹 (성) (니을) A.D. 202. A noted soldier of the Han dynasty, China.

*원소 *s.* 元素 (웃듬) (흴) The primordial essences; the primitive elements into which all matter can be resolved; elementary substance, original matter; active principle.

*원소 *s.* 園所 (동산) (바) A secondary tomb.

*원슈 *s.* 元首 (엇듬) (머리) King in contrast to 고굉. (B. H.) A chief; a leader

*원슈 *s.* 元帥 (웃듬) (장슈) General; generalissimo. *See* 대장.

원슈 *s.* 仇 (*구) An enemy. *See* 구슈.

원슈갑다 *s* 報讐, 갑ᄒᆞᆯ ~*보), (원슈—*슈) 갑하; 은 To avenge oneself.

*원슈부 *s.* 元帥府 (웃듬) (장슈) (마을) Military cabinet.

원슈스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be inimical; to be hostile.

원숭이 *l.* 猿 (잣나비—*원) A monkey; an ape. *See* 후손이.

원숭이 *l.* 猿 (잣나비—*원) A monkey; an ape.

*원숭조 *s.* 原乘子 (근원) (ᄐᆞᆯ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Prime factor

*원시 *s.* 原始 (근원) (비로솔) The beginning of the world; the creation. Beginning; Commencement; origin.

*원시 *s.* 原是 (근원) (이) Originally; naturally. *See* 원래.

*원시경 *l.* 遠視鏡 (멀) (볼) (거울 spectacles used in looking at a distance.

*원시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠視 (멀) (볼) To be far-sighted.

*원식구 *s.* 原食口 (근원) (밥) (입) Original members of a family.

*원심 *l.* 怨心 (원망) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) A murmuring heart; discontentment; repining. *See* 애즈지원.

*원심 *s.* 圓心 (동글) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Centre.

*원심력 *l.* 遠心力 (멀) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (힘) Centrifugal force.

*원심력긔 *l.* 遠心力器 (멀) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) (힘) (그릇) Centrifugal machine.

*원ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be executed for an offence of which one is innocent

*원악 *s.* 元惡 (웃듬) (모질) A ringleader; the principal offender.

*원악대ᄃᆡ *s.* 元惡大慝 (웃듬) (악홀 원 원망홀) A criminal of the first order

*원인ᄌᆞ *s.* 原因子 (근원) (인홀) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Prime factor. *Also* 원ᄉᆞᆫᄌᆞ.

*웨 *s.* Why? For what reason? *See* 엇지.

*웨이다 *s.* 웨여, 인 To call out; to shout; to announce loudly

*웨치다 *s.* 웨쳐; 친 To call out; to shout, to make known.

*웬 *s.* What sort of? What manner of;

*웬마큼 *s.* Middling; betwixt and between. *See* 어지간히.

*웬만ᄒᆞ다 *s.* Middling; passably, tolerably.

*웬만큼 *s.* Middling; tolerably; passably.

*웬만ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be tolerable; to be fairly well off. *See* 어지간ᄒᆞ다.

*원악대ᄃᆡ ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆫ사ᄅᆞᆷ 모ᄃᆞᆯ 원망 The leader of a conspiracy. *See* 괴슈.

*원악디명ᄇᆡ *l.* 遠惡地定配 (멀) (모질) (짝) (명홀) (짝) Exile to a horrible place.

*원안 *s.* 原案 (근원) (칙상) The original proposition.

원앙 *s.* Jingling rings hanging from a horse's bridle.

*원앙 *s.* 鴛鴦 (원앙) (원앙) The mandarin duck, *Anser galericulata*—an emblem of conjugal fidelity.

*원앙금 *s.* 鴛鴦衾 (원앙 원앙) (이불) A bed for a marriage couple.

*원앙 의ᄇᆡ방유 鴛鴦義配房幼 (원앙 원앙) (의ᄅᆞᆫ) (짝) (방) (어릴) A married couple.

*원앙침 *s.* 鴛鴦枕 (원앙) (원앙) (벼기) A double pillow for married people.

*원야 *s.* 原野 (언덕) (ᄃᆞᆯ) A moor; a plain; a plate; a wilderness, a field.

*원약 *s.* 元若 (웃듬) (又흑) Originally; by nature. *See* 본ᄅᆡ.

*원어 *l.* 原語 (근원) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Original words or languages.

*원억ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 寃抑 (원통) (억제) To be depressing; to be annoying.

*원언 ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆫ 말 (원망) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Bitter or haggard words.

*원예 園藝 (동산) (심을) Horticulture.

*원예가 *s.* 園藝家 (동산) (심을) (집) Horticulturist.

*원예식물학 *s.* 園藝植物學 (동산) 심을 (심을) (물건) 비홀 (study) botany

*원오ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怨惡 (원망) (뮈울) To hate; dislike; feel enmity towards.

*원옥 *l.* 寃獄 (원통) (옥) Unjust imprisonment.

*원외 *s.* 員外 (인원) (밧) Extra member, or a person who is not counted as a member of, but who has the privilege of attending a meeting, assembly or institution.

*원위목ᄉᆞ인 *l.* 願爲牧師人 (원홀) ᄒᆞ (ᄀᆞᆯ) ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆷ (ᄉᆞᆷ) Candidates for the ministry.

*원위화 *s.* 原位貨 (근원) (베슬) (지물) Original coin—that stands security for paper money.

*원유 *s.* 苑囿 (동산) (동산) A park, a garden.

*원유 *s.* 原由 (근원) (말미암을) Cause; origin; beginning; reason.

*원유회 *s.* 園遊會 (동산) (놀) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Feasting in a garden; a pleasure party; a picnic.

*원유ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 原宥 (근원) (ᄂᆞᆫᄎᆞᆯ) To forgive; to excuse. *See* 원감ᄒᆞ다.

*원유ᄒᆞ다 遠遊 (멀) (놀) To take distant excursions; to go to distant places for amusement.

*원음 *s.* 原音 (근원) (소ᄅᆡ) Fundamental tone.

*원의 s. 原意 (근원)(뜻) Original intention.

*원인 s. 原因 (근원)(인호) Cause; reason; origin. Source.

*원인 s. 原人 (근원)(소람 The original or proper person.

*원일 s. 元日 (으뜸)(날) The 1st day of the 1st moon; New-year's-day

*원일견지 l. 願 -見之 (원호)(호)(볼)(갈) The desire to see once.

*원입골수ᄒᆞ다 l. 寃入骨髓 (원둥)(뚤)(예)(예) Resentment has pierced the very marrow.

*원입 l. 願入 (원호)(들) A catechumen (Church).

*원입교인 l. 願入敎人 (원호)(들)(구루칠)(사롬) A catechumen. *See* 학습인.

*원입문답 l. 願入問答 (원호)(들)(무를)(디답) Examination for the catechumenate.

*원입문답ᄒᆞ다 l. 願入問答 (원호)(들)(무를)(디답) To examine for the catechumenate.

*원입서다 l. 願入 (원호)(들)입서; 선 To become a catechumen.

*원입ᄒᆞ다 l. 願入 (원호)(들) To enter the church—as a catechumen.

*원익 s. 元額 (으뜸)(니마) The original number of a company; a fixed number of persons—of officials.

*원원이 s. 元元 (으뜸)(으뜸) Certainly; surely; without fail.

*원월 s. 元月 (으뜸) (돌) The 1st moon.

*원장 l. 院長 (집) (어룬) A temple guardian—one built in honor of an official

*풀적 s. 原籍 (근원) (호적) One's place of permanent registration.

*원접ᄉᆞ l. 遠接使 (멀) (붓흘) (ᄒᆞ여곤) An officer sent out to meet a foreign envoy on his way to the capital.

*원정 l. 遠征 (멀) (칠) An expedition; invading a foreign country.

*원정 s. 原情 (근원) (뜻) A letter containing the details of a grievance. *See* 소지.

*원정ᄒᆞ다 l. 遠征 (멀)(칠) To go on an expedition; to make war against a a distant nation.

*원조 s. 原祖 (근원) (할아비) Forefathers in the direct line from the grand-father back.

*원조 s. 元祖 (으뜸)(할아비) Originator; inventor.

*원조ᄒᆞ다 l. 援助 (당길) (도울) To assist (as in fighting), to help.

*원족 l. 遠族 (멀) (겨레) A distant relative—on the father's side. *Opp.* 근족

*원죄 s. 原罪 (근원) (허물) The original offense—in contrast to others that come to light later.

*원퇴ᄒᆞ다 l. 願退 (원호)(믓칠) To desire to expel.

*원쥬 s. 原主 (근원) (님굼) The rightful owner.

*원쥬 s. 原州 (언덕) (고을) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37 20. Long. 127.46.

*원쥬 s. 圓柱 (둥굴) (기동) A cylinder.

*원쥬 s. 圓周 (둥굴) (두루) Circumference.

*원쥬 s. 園主 (동산) (님굼) The head of a park.

*원쥬 l. 院主 (집) (님굼) The head-priest of a temple.

원쥬률 s. 圓周律 (둥굴) (두루) (법) Ratio of diameter to circumference 3.1416.

*원쥬 s. 元紬 (으뜸) (면쥬) A kind of Chinese figured silk.

*원쥬 s. 原株 (근원) (그루) The main stem of a tree—in contrast to side shoots.

*원지 l. 遠志 (멀) (뜻) *Polygala sibirica*—a medicine.

*원지 s. 園池 (동산) (못) A garden and a pond; land-scape; scenery.

*원질 s. 原質 (근원) (밧탕) Elementary substance; material; element; original nature; original or primitive substance out of which an object is made.

*원조 s. 原子 (근원) (아돌) An ultimate particle of matter; an atom.

*원조량 s. 原子量 (근원) (아돌) (혀아릴) Atomic Weight.

*원찬ᄒᆞ다 l. 遠竄 (멀) (귀향갈) To send into distant exile. *See* 귀향가다.

*원처 *l.* 遠處 (멀) (곳) A distant place.

*원척 *s.* 原告 (근원) (박) The first informer—in a lawsuit. *See* 원고.

*원천 *s.* 原泉 (근원) (샘) A spring; a fountain (M).

*원촌 *l.* 遠村 (멀) (마을) A distant village.

*원추 *s.* 圓錐 (둥글 송곳) A cone

원추리 *l.* 蕙 (*한) A kind of day-lily. *Hemerocallis graminea.*

*원추활기 *s.* 圓錐滑車 (둥글) (송곳) (멧그러울) (수레) A cone pulley.

*원측 *s.* 原則 (근원) (법) Natural and fundamental laws; elementary principles, as of a science.

*원친 *l.* 遠親 (멀) (친호) Distant relations.

*원컨대 *l.* 願 (원호) "One would desire." "It is one's wish."

*원탑 *s.* 圓塔 (둥글) (탑) A cone.

*원현강 *s.* 袁天綱 (성) (하눌) (버리) The name of an ancient sorcerer used now in reference to anything sure to happen, certain or without doubt.

*원천석 *s.* 元天錫 (으뜸) (하눌) (줄) A.D. 1340-1392. A famous scholar and faithful courtier. F.S. Wun ju (K.W.) N.P. Un-kok. (耘谷).

*원천ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 怨天 (원망) (하눌) To murmur at fate; to rebel against fortune.

*원체 *s.* 元體 (으뜸) (몸) Original idea; first design. Ordinary form.

*원통ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 寃 (원통) To repine; to grieve over; to murmur against; to be indignant

*원관 *s.* 元板 (으뜸) (관조) Originally; naturally. *See* 원관.

*원피 *s.* 原被 (근원) (여) Plaintiff and defendant.

*원피 *l.* 猿皮 (잔나비) (가죽) Monkey skin.

*원핫 *s.* 原衙 (근원) (의끌) Original country office—as the deputy magistrate.

*원혈 *s.* 元血 (으뜸) (피) Natural physical strength as opposed to 약혈, that gained from the taking of medicine.

*원형 *l.* 寃刑 (원통) (형벌) Unjust punishment.

*원형 *s.* 圓形 (둥글) (형상) A round shape; a round object; a circle.

*원형리정 *s.* 元亨利貞 (으뜸) (형통) (이로) (곧을) The first four characters of the 周易 or Canon of Changes. Used for 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, in marking books. Correct; right. What is common, frequent, sure to happen.

*원형도법 *s.* 圓形圖法 (둥글) (형상) (그릴) (법) Conic projections.

*원혼 *l.* 寃魂 (원통) (혼) The soul in pain—as a result of having suffered unjustly when alive.

*원후 *l.* 猿猴 (잔나비) (잔나비) A long armed monkey.

*원훈 *s.* 元勳 (으뜸) (공) The highest merit; the most important service rendered—to the state.

*원호 *l.* 怨恨 (원망) (한호) Antipathy; enmity.

*원히 *l.* 遠海 (멀) (바다) Distant seas.

*원항ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遠行 (멀) (항호) To go on a distant journey, to make a long voyage. To die

*월가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 越價 (건널) (값) To pay the price; to pay. *See* 값치다.

*월강ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 越江 (건널) (물) To cross the river Yalu; to visit another country.

*월건 *s.* 月建 (달) (세움) The name of the month according to the cyclical character.

*월견(이)폐설 *s.* 越犬吠雪 (나라) (개) (지질) (눈) A dog in the 월 kingdom barks to see the snow used of those who are excited over what they know nothing of. *See* 촉견이폐설.

*월계 *s.* 月季 (달) (무지막) A variety of *Orchis fuyonis.*

*월계 *s.* 月桂 (달) (계수나무) The cypress in the moon; the laurel, or the emblem of literary honour.

*월계당재 *s.* 月桂螳齋 (달) (계수나무) 수수 약지울 Collected Essays

*월경 *s.* 月經 (달) (지날) The menses. Same as 월경수.

*월경 *s.* 月頃 (달) (여질혀) For many months past.

*월경수 *s.* 月經水 (달) (지날) (물) The menses. *See* 월후.

*월경ᄒᆞ다 境界 경. To cross the limit; to move a boundary forward; to drive across the border.

*월경ᄒᆞ다 s. 越畔 (건널) (밧갈) To encroach on another's fields.

*월곳 s. 月串 (돌) (쐬치—*판) A naval station in Kyŏng-keui-do. (Kang-whn).

*월궁 s. 月宮 (돌) (집) The palace in the moon.

*월궁항아 s. 月宮姮娥 (돌) (집) (계집) (계집) The queen of the palace in the moon—who went up by means of magic medicine which she had stolen.

*월귤 s. 越橘 (나라) (귤) Cowberry.

*월급 s. 月給 (돌) (줄) Monthly wages. *See* 월봉.

*월과 s. 月課 (돌) (공부) A tax sent monthly to the government by country officials. *Opp.* 일과.

*월광 s. 月光 (돌) (빗) Moonlight.

*월권 s. 越權 (건널) (권세) To exceed one's powers.

*월도 s. 、—도, 月刀 (돌) (칼) A kind of sabre. Cavalry sword-drill.

*월등ᄒᆞ다 s. (—뜽) 越等 (건널) (무리) To excel; to outdo; to be superior to. *See* 초등ᄒᆞ다.

*월디 s. (—찌) 月臺 (돌) (집) A terrace midway between a palace and its main court. *See* 중디.

*월랑 s. 越廊 (건널) (행랑) The side of a court approaching an ancestral hall.

*월력 s. 越歷 (건널) (지날) Electricity.

*월력계 s. 越歷計 (건널) (지날) (계교) Electrometer.

*월력긔계 s. 越歷器械 (건널) (지날) (그릇) (긔계) An electrical machine.

*월력광학 s. 越歷光學 (건널) (지날) (빗) (배홀) Electro-optics.

*월력동력 s. 越歷動力 (건널) (지날) (움직일) (힘) Electro-motive force.

*월력력 s. 越歷力 (건널) (지날) (힘) Electric force.

*월력력계 s. 越歷力計 (건널) (지날) (힘) (계교) Electro-dynamometer.

*월력류 s. 越歷溜 (건널) (지날) (락수물) Accumulator; secondary battery.

*월력분 s. 越歷盆 (건널) (지날) (동의) Electrophorus.

*월력분히 s. 越歷分解 (건널) (지날) (논홀) (플) Electrolysis.

*월력분히물 s. 越歷分解物 (건널) (지날) (논홀) (물) (물건) Electrolyte.

*월력학 s. 越歷學 (건널) (지날) (배홀) Electricity.

*월력화학 s. 越歷化學 (건널) (지날) (됨) (배홀) Electrochemistry.

*월례 s. 月例 (돌) (례례) The usual month; every month; monthly.

*월례회 s. 月例會 (돌) (례례) (모들) Monthly meeting.

*월로승 s. 月老繩 (돌) (늘글) (노) The thread of the old man in the moon—by which he fastens people who are destined to be married.

*월름 s. 月廩 (돌) (교집) Official monthly salaries.

*월름미 s. 月廩米 (돌) (교집) (쌀) The monthly supply of rice paid to officials.

*월말 s. 月末 (돌) (끗) The end of the month.

*월머도 s. 月尼島 、돌) (새라) (섬 Rose Island in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37 28. Long. 126.41.

*월방 s. 越房 (건널) (방) The opposite room.

*월변 s. 月邊 (돌) (갓) Monthly interest.

*월변 s. 越邊 (건널) (갓) The opposite side.

*월병 s. 月餠 (돌) (떡) Flat cakes—such as are eaten at weddings.

*월보 s. 月報 (돌) (갑홀) A monthly journal. *See* 신문.

*월봉 s 月俸 (돌) (밧을) Monthly salary.

*월분패 s. 月分牌 (돌) (논홀) (패) A calendar—with sheet for each month.

*월삭 s. 月朔 (돌) (초ᄒᆞ로) The first day of the month.

*월삭ᄒᆞ다 s. 越朔 (건널) (초ᄒᆞ로) To miss a month; to omit a month.

*월샤금 s. 月謝金 (돌) (샤례) (쇠) Monthly fee.

*월상 s. 月像 (돌) (형상 상) A moon shape.

*월성ᄒᆞ다 s. 越城 (건널) (재) To scale the wall—of a city or fortress.

*월소 s. 月梳 (돌) (빗) A large half-circular comb.

*월소ᄒᆞ다 s. 越訴 (건널) (알일) To pass by the official in charge and treat with another.

*월소ᄒᆞ다 s. 越所 (건널) (바) To enter for examination contrary to one's registration. To move to another place.

*월수히 s. 越數 (건널) (두어) Very; excessively.

*월슈 s. 月收 (둘) (거둘) Monthly accounts. *Opp.* 일슈.

*월슈장이 s. 月收 (둘)(거둘) A collector of monthly accounts. *Opp.* 일슈장이

*월시 s. 越視 (건널) (볼) Looking askance at; regarding with enmity

*월시진쳑ᄒᆞ다 s. 越視秦楚 (월나라)(볼)(진나라)(나라ᄒᆞᆯ) To look on as the *Wul* kingdom looked on poor *Chin*.

*월식 s. 月蝕 (둘)(먹을) A lunar eclipse. *Oppl* 일식.

*월식 s. 月色 (둘)(빗) The moon-light.

*월야 s. 月夜 (둘) (밤) A moonlight night.

*월여 s. 月餘 (둘) (남을) A little more than a month.

*월영 s. 月影 (둘) (그림ᄌᆞ) The shadow of the moon. Moon-light.

*월옥ᄒᆞ다 s. 越獄 (건널) (옥) To escape from prison.

*월요일 s. 月曜日 (둘 빛날 날) Monday. *See* 일요일

*월은 s. 月銀 (둘 은 Monthly wages.

*월은젼 s. 月銀錢 (둘)(은)(돈) Monthly wages.

*월익 s. 月益 (둘 더할수 Monthly amount (as of money).

*월장ᄒᆞ다 s. 越墻 (건널 담 To scale a wall or enclosure. *See* 월셩ᄒᆞ다

*월전 s. 月前 (둘)(앞) The past moon; a month ago. *Opp.* 일전 *See* 거월

*월젼 s. 越前 (건널) (앞) Echizen in Japan.

*월종 s. 月終 (둘) (못칠) The end of a month; last few days of a month.

*월종시험 s. 月終試驗 (둘) (못칠ᄒᆞ 시험) (증험) Monthly examination

*월중 s. 越中 (건널) (가온ᄃᆡ) Etchu in Japan.

*월지궤도 s. 月之軌道 (둘) (길) (법) (길) Path of the moon

*월지영결도 s. 月之盈缺圖 둘 (길, (찰) 이지러질, (그림 Phases of the moon.

*월지장단도 s. 月之長短圖 (둠) (길) (긴) (짧을) (그림 Apparent Path of the moon

*월진승션 越津乘船 (건널, (나루) 올, (탈) Going aboard a ferry-boat from this side attempting to do what is out of one's sphere.

*월ᄌᆞ s. (—ᄶᅳ) 月子 (둘) (아들) False hair; an artificial head-dress. *See* 둘이.

*월참ᄒᆞ다 s. 越站 (건널) (참) To pass by an official stage or resting place.

*월천군 s. 越川軍 (건널) (내) 군소) One who carries people across a ford.

*월천ᄒᆞ다 s. 越川 (건널) (내) To ford a stream.

*월초 s. 月初 (둘) (처음) The new moon. *See* 초싱.

*월ᄎᆞ도ᄒᆞ다 s. 越次道 (건널, 다ᄅᆞᆯ 길 To cross into another province and live there. *See* 이ᄉᆞᆨ판ᄒᆞ다.

*월패 s. 月牌 (둘) (패) A kind of ancestral tablet.

*월편 s. 越便 (건널) (편) The opposite side.

*월포 s. 越浦 (건널) (개포) The opposite shore.

*월표 s. 月表 (둘) (겉) A monthly report in a tabular form

*월하에 s. 月下 (둘) (아ᄅᆡ) In the moonlight.

*월후 s. 越後 (건널) (뒤) Echugo in Japan.

*월후 s. 月候 (둘) (때) The menses. *See* 월경.

ㅈ

ㅈ A composite letter of the Korean syllabary corresponding to *ch.* or *j.*

자 *i.* Come! here you are! *See* 야.

자 s. 尺 (*쳑) A measure of length varying from about one foot (English) to twenty inches. *See* 쳠쳑.

자갈 s. 銜 (*갈) The bit of a bridle. (물니다). *Also* 재갈.

자ᄀᆞᆯ거리다 s. 거러; 린 To make a noise; to chatter

자개 s 貝 (*패) Mother of pearl.

자고새다 s. 여; 샌 To sleep and wake.

*자구멍 *i.* 호ᄆᆞ뎨 (원 언덕 ᄆᆞᆷ울 A noted disciple of Confucius.

자국 s. 跡 (자최—*쳑) Traces; tracks. (집다) (ᄆᆞᆺ다).

*자국 / 生局 (안질—*좌) (판—*국) A site; a situation; a place.

자국집다 s. 推跡 (밀 *츄) (자최—*좃) 허; 흔 To follow the track; to trace—by the footsteps. *See* 근포ᄒᆞ다.

자국치다 *s.* 국처; 천 To follow the tracks; to trace. *Also* 자국집다.

자귀 *s* 錛 (*픠) An adze.

자귀 *s.* 跡 (자최—*젹) Traces; tracks. (발). *See* 자욱.

자귀나다 *s.* 귀나; 난 To become twisted in the legs—as a dog that over-eats.

자귀나무 *s.* The sensitive plant. *Mimosa pudica.*

자글자글 *s.* Boiling. Troubled.

자금거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To grate—in the teeth; to grind.

자긔자긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be wonderful; to be interesting; to be awe-inspiring; to be terrible. *See* 아긔자긔ᄒᆞ다

자긔소리 *s.* A multitude of little fish many; numerous. (쓸ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다).

짜내다 *s.* 織出 (짤 —*직) (날—*출) 어, 낸 To weave.

자다 *s.* 宿 (잘—*슉) 자; 잔 To sleep; to be calm; to be dormant of silk-worms. *See* 슉스ᄒᆞ다.

짜다 *s.* 鹹 (짤—*함) 짜; 짠 To be salty; to be briny. *Opp.* 슌겁다.

짜다 *s* 榨 (짤—*자) 짜; 짠 To wring out; to press out; to squeeze out. To milk.

짜다 *s.* 織 (잘—*직) 짜; 짠 To weave; to tie up—a topknot.

짜다 *s.* 짜; 짠 To make—as a carpenter or cabinet-maker

짜다 *s.* 組織 (짤—*조) (쨀—*직) 짜; 짠 To make a contract; to agree.

자예잘다 *s* 細而細 (가늘 -*세) (말이—*이) (가늘 -*세) 아; 잔 To be microscopic; to be very small. *See* 자질구리ᄒᆞ다.

자라 *s.* 鱉 (*별) The fresh-water turtle *Trionyx sinensis.* Fever accompanied by enlargement of the spleen.

자라다 *s* 通當 (아질—*뎡) (맛당 *당) 자라; 란 To be sufficient; to be enough.

자라다 *s.* 長 (간—*장) 자라; 란 To grow; to become larger; to increase in size

자라초 *s.* 車渠草 (수레—*차) (개천—*거) (풀—*초) A scallop shell—shaped like a fan. Buttercups.

자라풀 *s.* 車渠草 (수레—*차) (개천—*거) (풀—*초) Buttercups *Ranunculus acris.*

자락 *s.* 衣幅 (옷—*의) (폭—*복) Parts or divisions of a coat.

*자락 *s.* 尋 (보숨—*라) A measure of rainfall. (보자락).

자락 *s.* A weed found growing in sea-marshes—used for strings, ropes etc.

자란자란ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be full; to cover up; to hang down.

*자랑 *l.* (하) 佐郎 (도울 ,사나희) The 2nd secretary of a Board—an officer of the front rank, 6th degree.

자로 *s.* 頻 (자조—*빈) Frequently; constantly. *See* 자조.

자로 *s.* 柄 (*병) A handle. The numerative of pens, knives etc. (맛초다)

자로 *s.* 囊 (*낙) A cloth-bag; a sack. *See* 부ᄃᆡ.

자르르 *s.* Ringing—in the ears. Smoothly; slipping. Equally; evenly.

자르를 *s.* Ringing—in the ears. Smoothly; slipping. Equally; evenly.

짜름ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 短 (쨀을—*단) To be short. *Opp.* 기름ᄒᆞ다.

자리 *s.* 席 (*셕) A mat; a rug. A location; a place; a site. (치다).

자리 *s.* 痕 (흔젹—*흔) A mark; an impression; a footprint. *See* 자욱.

짜리 *s.* A sample—in goods for purchase; the worth—of purchased articles.

자리겁 *s.* The price of a birth mat—of a worthless person. (Abusive). *See* 난갑

자리끈 *s.* A sheaf rope; a strangler's rope.

자리다 *s.* 자려; 린 To be stiff; to feel cramped; to be asleep.

자리옷 *s.* 寢衣 (잘—*침) (옷—*의) Nightclothes. *See* 침의.

자리자리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be stiff; to be cramped.

자리저고리 *s.* A nightdress.

자릿 *s.* The sixth stanza of a composition in verse—the completion of the explanation begun in the fifth and sixth. *See* 목.

자릿자릿ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be stiff; to feel cramped. *See* 저릿저릿ᄒᆞ다.

자르다 *s* 絞 (목미죽을—*교) 잘나; 자른 To hang by the neck; to strangle; to choke; to tie fast.

짜르다 *s* 短 (쨀을 -*단) 짤나; 짜른 To be short; to be brief. *Also* 쨀으다.

자르다 *s.* 斷 (끈흘—*단) 잘나; 자른 To cut off; to squeeze apart; to extort.

짜르막 Shortened; abbreviated.

자배기 *s.* 土器 (흙—*토) (그릇—*긔) A large round flat earthenware dish.

자박자박 *l.* Tramping; splashing. *See* 저벅저벅.

자박자박 *s.* 片片 (조각—*편) (조각—*편) In slices; in pieces. (Prov.)

*자반 *l.* 佐飯 (도올) (밥) Fish dried and salted. *See* 반찬.

자새 *s.* A pole with a reel on which thread is wound.

자시다 *l.* 饗 (먹일—*향) 자셔; 신 To eat; to drink; to partake of. (Respect).

자아내다 *s.* 惹出 (잇쓰을—*야) (날—*출) 여; 낸 To lead; to come up to; to introduce.

자오록ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 滿 (ᄀᆞ득ᄒᆞᆯ—*만) To be full; to be dense.

자욱 *s.* 痕 (흔적—*흔) A mark; an impression; a track. (짓다) (나다). *See* 흔적

자욱밟다 *s.* 推跡 밀 *추) (자최—*졍) 아; 은 To track; to trace. To tramp—the ground after sowing seed.

*자욱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 曚曨 (흐릴—*몽) (흐릴—*롱) To be thick; to be dense—as a fog.

자작자작 *s.* Dampish; wet. Toddling; sneaking. Bleared.

자장이 *s.* 蟆 사 An earthworm.

자장자장 *s.* 勸寐聲 (권ᄒᆞᆯ *권) (잘—*미) (소리 *셩) Humming; rocking—a child to sleep.

자자들다 *s.* 浸入 (ᄌᆞᆷ길 *침) (들 *입) 드러; 든 To leak out; to disappear; to dry away.

자정 *s.* 丁寧 (장뎡—*뎡) (편안—*녕) Truly; certainly.

자조 *s.* 頻 (*빈) Frequently; constantly; continually. *See* 각금

자조자조 *s.* 頻頻 (자조—*빈) (자조—*빈) Frequently; constantly; continually (marking quickness). *See* 각금각금.

자족 *s.* 跡 (자최—*젹) A scar; a mark; a track. *See* 자곡.

자종내다 *s.* 慍 (노ᄒᆞᆯ—*온) 여; 낸 To snap at; to fly into a rage.

자지 *l.* The male sexual member—of a child

자지리 *s.* 甚 (심ᄒᆞᆯ—*심) Extremely; exceedingly; very.

자지러떼리다 *s.* 떼려; 린 To give a start; to jump with fear.

자지러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To give a start; to jump with fear.

자질구러ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 細密 (가ᄂᆞᆯ—*세) (빽빽 *밀) To be small; to be smooth.

자차분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fine; to be delicate. *See* 자질구러ᄒᆞ다.

자최 *s.* 跡 (*젹) Tracks; footprints; traces. *See* 자욱.

자춤거리다 *s.* 彳亍 (자춤거릴—*쳑) (자춤거릴—*촉) 거려; 린 To limp.

자춤자춤 *s.* Limping; hobbling.

자촘자촘 *s.* Slight degrees; little by little—marking a limit of length. *See* 조촘조촘.

자치 *s.* A little; slightly; by a small space

자칫자칫 *s.* Slight shades of difference—in length, height etc.

자칫 *s.* Slightly; by a small space.

자최기ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 嚏 (자최기 *톄) To sneeze.

자토리 *s.* 零尺 (떠러질—*령) (자—*쳑) Remnants from a bale of dress-goods.

*작 *s.* 作 (지을) Money raised by the sale of grain etc. (ᄒᆞ다). The length.

작 *s.* A thing; an affair; a matter. Smoothly

작 *s.* 匹 (*필) A couple; a husband and wife. *See* 배필.

작 *s.* 隻 (*쳑) One of a pair; one of a couple—of things

*작간 *s.* 作奸 (지을) (간사) A fraud; a deception.

*작경 *s.* 作梗 (지을) (굿셀) An injury; a wrong; a malicious act. *See* 작변ᄒᆞ다.

*작고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 作故 (지을) (연고) To die (Hon.).

*작공도표 *s.* 作工圖表 (지을) (장인) (그림) (표ᄒᆞᆯ) Working diagram.

작귀 *s.* A person with one small ear and one large one.

작근 *s.* With a crack *See* 작근.

작근작근 *s.* Cracking; snapping—of repeated action.

*작근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 作斤 (지을) (근) To weigh out pound by pound. *See* 작편ᄒᆞ다.

작금거리다 s. 거려; 린 To grate; to grind—as sand in cooked rice.

*작금량년 s. 昨今兩年 (어제) (이제) (두) (혀) Last year and this year.

*작금량일 s. 昨今兩日 (어제) (이제) (두) (날) Yesterday and to-day.

작금작금 s. Grating; grinding—as sand in the teeth.

작굿작굿 s. Pulling; bothering; badgering. Pressing; tramping. Winking. *See* 직굿직굿.

*작긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 作客 (작) (손) To be away from home. *See* 객고ᄒᆞ다.

*작년 s. 昨年 (어제) (히) Last year. *Opp.* 금년.

작녹 s. The name of a plant.

*작농ᄒᆞ다 s. 作農 (지을) (농스) To work at agriculture. *See* 감농ᄒᆞ다.

작다 ㅅ 小 (적을—*쇼) 아; 은 To be small; to be few. (Dim.) *See* 직다.

작댱이 s. ㄱ (*야) A forked stick. *See* 작심이. A mark with the pen to signify *incorrect.* (주다).

작댱이 s. 矮小人 (몸—*체) (적을 *쇼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A little fellow. (Prov.).

*작답ᄒᆞ다 s. 作畓 (지을) (논) To plough up for paddy-fields. *See* 긔답ᄒᆞ다.

작대바늘 s. 大針 (큐—*대 (바늘—*침) A large meat needle.

*작도데 s. 作圖題 (지을) (그림) (쓸) Construction problem.

*작동 s. 昨冬 (어제) (겨울) Last winter.

*작란군 s. (--쑨) 作亂軍 (지을) (어지러울) (군스) A loafer; an idler; a profligate.

*작란ᄒᆞ다 s. 作亂 (지을) (어지러울) To frolic; to play as children.

*작랑ᄒᆞ다 s. 作兩 (지을) (두) To string money in amounts of one hundred cash each. *See* 작패ᄒᆞ다.

*작린ᄒᆞ다 s. 作隣 (지을) (리웃) To have for neighbor; to make an acquaintance. *See* 접린ᄒᆞ다.

*작말ᄒᆞ다 s. 作末 (지을) (가로) To powder; to grind up.

*작문 s. 作文 (지을) (글월) A literary composition.

*작문법 s. 作文法 (지을) (글월) (법) Rules for literary composition.

*작문ᄒᆞ다 s. 作文 (지을) (글월) To compose; to write a literary essay.

*작미ᄒᆞ다 s. 作米 (지을) (쌀) To hull rice. *See* 조미ᄒᆞ다.

*작반ᄒᆞ다 s. 作伴 (지을) (짝) To go together; to work together; to associate with one another. *See* 동반ᄒᆞ다.

*작변ᄒᆞ다 s. 作變 (지을) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) To be an extraordinary affair—of what is evil.

*작별ᄒᆞ다 s. 作別 (작을) (리별) To part to bid adieu. *See* 리별ᄒᆞ다

*작봉 作封 (지을) (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) A wrap a small parcel; a powder.

*작봉ᄒᆞ다 作封 (지을) 봉ᄒᆞᆯ To wrap to do up in small parcels.

*작부ᄒᆞ다 s. 作夫 (지을) (지아비) To get a husband for—as in marrying off a slave.

*작비ᄒᆞ다 s. 作配 (지을) (짝) To form a union—as man and wife. *See* 작부ᄒᆞ다

작살 s. A harpoon; a fish-spear

작살이 s. Cross sticks—used as a prop or support.

*작샤도방 s. 作舍道傍 (지을) (집) (길) (겻) If one builds one's house on the road every passer gives his advice—"too many cooks spoil the broth."

*작셕ᄒᆞ다 s. 作石 (지을) (돌) To put in bags—15 *mal* each. *See* 부랑ᄒᆞ다.

*작셩인지ᄒᆞ다 s. 作成人材 (지을) (일울) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (지목) To develop character and talents.

*작셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 作成 (지을) (일울) To develop, to instruct.

작숭이 s. ㄱ (작다이—*아) A forked stick. *See* 작댱이.

*작심 s. 作心 (지을) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Resolve; purpose; intention.

*작심사흘 s. 作心三日 (지을) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (삭—*삼) (날—*일) A resolution good for only three days.

작심이 s. ㄱ (작다이 *아) A forked stick. *See* 작숭이.

*작심ᄒᆞ다 s. 作心 (지을) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To resolve to do right; to reform.

*작ᄉᆞᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 作事 (지을) (일) To cohabit.

작압이 s. The angle formed by a joint.

작알 s. A heap of pebbles.

*작야 s. 昨夜 (어제) (밤) Last night.

*작업 s. 作業 (지을) (업) Deed; action.

*작용 s. 作用 (지을) (쓸) Property. Therapeutic Action.

*작용점 s. 作用點 (지을) (쓸) (뎜) Point of application.

*작용력 s. 作用力 (지을) (쓸) (힘) Impressed force.

*작용ᄒᆞ다 s. 作用 (지을) (쓸) To act on; to possess; to perform its functions.

작으락작으다 s. Disputing; teasing. *See* 작으럭작으럭.

작은마마 s. Chickenpox.

작은아바지 s. A father's younger brother. *See* 게부.

작은어머니 s. Wife of a 작은아바지.

작은작은 s. Pressing; squeezing; beating. Bothering; badgering. *See* 직은직은.

작은할머니 s. Wife of a 잔은할아바지.

작은할아바지 s. A paternal grandfather's younger brother.

작음작음 s. Little; small—of several objects. *See* 조끔조끔.

작희다 s. 割 (갈을 *누) To cut up; to divide into parts. *See* 뚝희다.

*작인 s. 作人 (지을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Person; manner of man. *See* 위인. A tenant farmer.

*작일 s. 昨日 (어제) (날) Yesterday. *See* 어제.

*작월 s. 昨月 (어제) (ᄃᆞᆯ) Last month.

작작 l. Little by little; in small pieces.

작작 l. Crunching; tearing. *See* 뚝뚝.

*작자 s. 作者 (지을) (놈) A buyer. That one. *See* 당자.

작장귀닙다 s. 어; 은 To fight; to quarrel.

작장이ᄒᆞ다 s. To clap the hands playfully—as a child.

*작전 s. 作錢 (지을) (돈) Money raised by sales.

*작전ᄒᆞ다 s. 作錢 (지을) 돈 To raise money—by sales. *See* 돈사다.

*작죄ᄒᆞ다 s. 作罪 (지을) 허물) To commit a crime; to sin. *See* 득죄ᄒᆞ다.

*작조 s. 昨朝 (어제) (아ᄎᆞᆼ) Yesterday morning.

*작지셔지ᄒᆞ다 s. 作之ᄉᆞᆷ之 (지을) (갈) (갈) To compose and write characters. *See* 주작조필.

*작짝ᄒᆞ다 s. 作配 (지을—*빈) (짝—*빈) 지어; 은 To mate—as male and female slaves.

*작조 s. 作字 (지을) (글조) A written character.

*작조ᄒᆞ다 s. 作字 (지을) (글조) To "build" characters; to compose—in the character.

*작적ᄒᆞ다 s. 作賊 (지을) (적) To be at enmity; to become enemies. *See* 합심ᄒᆞ다.

*작첩ᄒᆞ다 s. 作妾 (지을) (첩) To take a concubine.

*작축ᄒᆞ다 s. 作軸 (지을) (축) To collect composition—sheets into bundles of tens.

*작춘 s. 昨春 (어제) (봄) Last spring.

*작취미성 s. 昨醉未醒 어제 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (못ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆯ) Yesterday drunk and to-day not yet recovered.

*짝처오다 s. 처와; 온 To mate; to couple; to pair.

*작쾌ᄒᆞ다 s. 作貫 (지을) (꿰일 *관) To string money in amounts of ten *yang* each.

*작통ᄒᆞ다 s. 作統 (지을) (거ᄂᆞ릴) To separate into *T'ong*—collections of five houses as found in census records.

*작틱ᄒᆞ다 s. 作態 (지을) (틱도) To make a display; to dress with extravagence; to show off.

작파ᄒᆞ다 s. To break into pieces; to smash up.

*작패ᄒᆞ다 s. 作牌 (지을) (패) To play dominoes.

*작편ᄒᆞ다 s. 作片 (지을) (조각) To separate according to weight; to parcel out. *See* 작근ᄒᆞ다.

*작폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 作弊 (지을) (해여질) To be an abuse; to be a nuisance. *See* 작변ᄒᆞ다.

*작ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 作恨 지을) (한ᄒᆞᆯ) To delay; to hinder; to cause failure to. *See* 희지다.

*작ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 作興 (지을 ᄂᆞᆯ) To raise up as a kingdom once overthrown; to set up.

*작ᄒᆞ다 s. 作 (지을) To raise money by the sale of grain etc.

짝ᄒᆞ다 s. 配 (짝—*비) To pair; to mate; to couple.

잔 s. Small; little; diminutive.

잔 s. 杯 (*비) A cup. (질ᄒᆞ다).

*잔골 s. 孱骨 (어릴) 뼈) A delicate person; a weakling. *See* 약질.

*잔금 s. *혼ᄉᆞᆷ (죄잔) (죄) Remaining money; arrears.

*잔결 s. 殘缺 (죄잔) (이지러질) A deficiency; want; lack.

*잔념 s. 殘念 (쇠잔) (심각) Regret; vexation; disappointment.

잔누비 s. Close quilting.

*잔도 s. 棧道 (사닥다리) (길) A plank road along a precipice.

잔뜩 s. Tightly; firmly, to the full. *See* 실컷.

잔뜩이 s. Lightly; softly.

잔뜩잔뜩 s. Lightly; softly (of repeated action).

잔듸 s. 蔪 (*사) Grass; sod; greensward. (쌀다) (뜨다) (닙히다). *See* 잔듸기.

잔듸잘방가다 s. 밤 가; 간 To die. (Abusive). *Also* 잘방사스.

잔등이 s. 背 (등—*비) The back. *See* 등어리.

*잔듸 s. (쇠) 盞臺 (잔) (집) A saucer.

잔듸기 s. 蔪 (잔듸—*사) Dried grass—as gathered for fuel. *See* 쇠.

잔말 s. Endless talk; bosh, twaddle *See* 릭담.

잔말ᄒᆞ다 s. To huver; to talk nonsense; to blab. *See* 릭담ᄒᆞ다.

*잔망스럽다 s. 孱妄 (어릴) (망녕) 어워; 운 To be weak and stupid.

*잔망ᄒᆞ다 s. 孱妄 (어릴) (망녕) To be weak and dull of intellect.

*잔멸ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘滅 (쇠잔) (멸ᄒᆞ) To be rnined; to be destroyed; to go to destruction. To destroy; to ruin.

*잔명 s. 殘命 (쇠잔) (목숨) One doomed to die. *See* 박명.

잔무르다 s. 물너; 무른 To be watery—of the eyes.

잔물 s. Salt-water. *Opp.* 강물.

잔물잔물ᄒᆞ다 s. To be bleared—of the eyes.

*잔반 s. 殘班 (쇠잔) (반렬) Decayed nobility; fallen nobility.

잔병 s. 多病 (만흘—*다) (병들—*병) Constant sickness; frequent disorders.

*잔병 s. 殘兵 (쇠잔) (군ᄉᆞ) The remnants of a defeated force.

잔볼노이ᄒᆞ다 s. To shoot small game. To practise lewdness.

*잔산단록 s. 殘山短麓 (쇠잔) (외) (쌀을) (외발) Low peaks and short spurs—of mountains.

잔상히 Excessively; persistently.

잔상ᄒᆞ다 s. To injure; to hurt; to be cruel.

*잔설 s. 殘雪 (쇠잔) (눈) Snow which remains on the ground after a snowfall.

잔소리 s. Useless talk; prating; nonsense. *See* 잔말.

잔속 s. The internal reason or cause. *See* 캐속.

잔솔밧 s. 稚松田 (어릴—*치) (솔—*송) (밧—*면) A field or grove of young pines.

잔수단 s. 瑣細事端 (가늘—*세) (가늘—*세) (일—*ᄉᆞ) (끗—*단) Useless talk; twaddle. *See* 세세소절.

*잔악ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘惡 (잔악ᄒᆞᆯ) (모질) To be cruel; to be savage.

*잔약ᄒᆞ다 s. 孱弱 (잔약ᄒᆞᆯ) (약ᄒᆞᆯ) To be weak; to be frail; to be delicate. *See* 연약ᄒᆞ다

*잔읍 s. 殘邑 (쇠잔) (고을) An impoverished official district. *See* 폐읍.

*잔인박덕 s. 殘忍薄行 (쇠잔) (좀을) (엷을) (힝실) Vile barbarous conduct. ᄒᆞ다 To act in a fierce and barbarous way.

*잔인ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘忍 (쇠잔) (좀을) To be cruel; to be ferocious. *See* 모질다

잔입 s. An empty stomach *See* 공복.

잔잉하녁이다 s. 녁여; 긴 To feel pity for; to feel compassion. *See* 가련ᄒᆞ다.

잔잉ᄒᆞ다 s. 可憐 (올흘—*가) (불상ᄒᆞᆯ—*련) To be pitiful; to call for sympathy

*잔잉 s. 殘剩 (쇠잔) (외수) Money remaining over; spare cash.

잔자바 s. Interest, cleverness; ability *See* 잔조미.

잔자리 s. 蜻蜓 (*청) (*명) A dragon-fly. *See* 잠자리.

*잔잔ᄒᆞ다 s. 潺潺 (잔잔ᄒᆞᆯ) (잔잔ᄒᆞᆯ) To ripple; to flow smoothly; to babble.

잔잘ᄒᆞ다 s. To be feeble; to be frail; to be weak. *See* 반조ᄒᆞ다.

*잔적 s. 殘賊 (쇠잔) (도적) The remnant of a party of rebels.

*잔적ᄒᆞ다 s 殘賊 (쇠잔) (도적) To be false and unrighteous. (M.).

잔전 s. 小錢 (적을—*쇼) (돈—*전) Small money—used of yŏp cash or small change.

*잔족 s. 殘族 (쇠잔) (겨레) A decaying family; a small clan.

*잔졸ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘拙 (쇠잔) (졸홀) To be small, to be insignificant; to be contemptible.

짠지 s. 醎菜 (짤—*할) (나물—*최) Salted pickle. *See* 장앗지.

짠니꾀 s. 無賣牌 (춤출 *무 (음) *꾀 (패—*패) A crier; a street caller. (놀니다). *See* 남사당

*잔지다 s. 어; 진 To be small; to be diminutive—as species.

잔질ᄒᆞ다 s. 飛觴 (놀—*비) (잔—*상) To pass the glass—in drinking.

잔조미 s. 細細滋味 (가늘—*세) (가늘 *세) (부를—*조) (맛—*미) Sense; judgment; experience. *See* 잔자뵈.

잔채질ᄒᆞ다 s. To beat a criminal with the rod.

잔챗이 s. A small variety; a diminutive sample.

*잔춘 s. 殘春 (쇠잔) (봄) The end of spring.

잔치 s. 讌 (*연) A ceremonial feast; a banquet. *See* 연향.

잔칼질ᄒᆞ다 s. To mince; to cut up finely—with a knife.

잔할 s. Brushwood; a thicket.

*잔광 s. 棧房 (사닥다리) (방—*방) A warehouse; a godown. A hotel. *See* 여관.

잔풀나기 s. 細草生 (가늘 *세) (풀—*초) (날—*생) The opening of the buds—in spring.

*잔풍ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘風 (잔잔홀) (바람) To be calm; to be quiet.

*잔해 s. 殘害 (쇠잔 해로울) Destruction; injury.

*잔해ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘害 (쇠잔) (해로움) To destroy; to injure

*잔향 s. 殘鄕 (쇠잔) (시골) Decayed country nobility.

*잔호 s. 殘戶 (쇠잔) (집) A small house —so marked in registration.

*잔호ᄒᆞ다 s. 殘醐 (쇠잔) (사오나올) To be [illegible]

잘 [illegible] of the sash

잘 s. 善 (착홀—*선 Well, favourably; suitably, handsomely; tastefully.

짤박 s Slapping; spanking.

짤삭거리다 s. 거려; 린 To slap; to spank.

짤삭짤삭 s. Slapping; spanking—of repeated action.

잘강잘강 s. Chewing; gnawing. *See* 질겅질겅.

잘겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 怯 (겁홀—*겁) To be frightened; to be startled; to be scared. *See* 질겁ᄒᆞ다.

짤끔짤끔 s. Dribbling; trickling. *See* 질금질금.

잘은 s. Tightly; firmly; to the full. *See* 질은.

잘근잘근 s. Chewing; gnawing; biting *See* 질근질근.

잘금거리다 s. 거려, 린 To trickle; to dribble. *See* 질근거리다.

짤끔거리다 s. 거려; 린 To trickle; to dribble. *See* 질금거리다.

잘금잘금 s. Trickling, dribbling. *See* 질금질금

잘짓잘짓ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tough; to be stiff *See* 졸깃졸깃ᄒᆞ다

잘나다 s. 善 [illegible] 날 성 나, 난 To be handsome; to have influence and worth; to be born propitiously

짤납복방말 s. ... 薤方末 ..... (거둘) (모) (뭇) Pulvis Jalapae leo.

잘낭거리다 s. 거려; 린 To ring; to sound. To hang down.

잘낭잘낭ᄒᆞ다 s. To ring; to sound. To hang down.

잘낭 s. 狗皮 (개—*구) (가죽 *피) Dog skin. *See* 구리피.

잘너먹다 s. 어; 은 To bite off To "squeeze," to embezzle money that has been entrusted to one's care

잘녹잘녹 s. Hollowed out; cut into. Limping.

잘녹ᄒᆞ다 s. 中細 가운데—*줄 가늘—*세) To be narrow—in the middle, at the waist etc. *See* 잘쏙ᄒᆞ다.

잘뚱잘뚱ᄒᆞ다 s. To limp along; to walk lame.

잘니다 s. 잘너; 닌 To be shortened; to be cut. To be cheated out of.

잘다 s. 小 (적을—*쇼) 아; 잔 To be small; to be little. *Opp.* 굵다.

잘대 s. The name of a sea fish.

잘뚜거리다 s. 거려; 린 To limp; to walk lame.

잘뚜박이 s. A narrow middle; a part pinched in. *See* 잘우목이.

잘뚝이 s. The narrow part—in the length of an object.

잘뚝잘뚝 s. Limping; walking lame. *See* 잘녹잘녹.

잘뚝ᄒᆞ다 s. To be narrow; to be pinched in the middle. *See* 잘녹ᄒᆞ다.

잘막잘막ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 短 (짤을—*단) To be short; to lack length—of several objects. *Opp.* 길쭉길쭉ᄒᆞ다.

잘못ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 誤錯 (그릇—*오) (그릇—*착) To do badly; to do wrong. *See* 그르다.

짤막ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 短 (짤을 *단) To be short. *Opp.* 길쭉ᄒᆞ다.

잘박잘박 *s* 步水聲 (거를—*보) (물—*슈) (소리—*셩) Splashing. *See* 철벅철벅.

잘방잘방 *s* Slapping; splashing. *See* 철벙철벙.

잘빅 *s.* Many hundreds.

잘삭잘삭 *s.* Slapping; spanking. *See* 잘삭잘삭ᄒᆞ다.

잘쏙잘쏙 *s.* Pinched in; narrow. *See* 잘쏙ᄒᆞ다.

잘쏙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 中細 (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) (가늘—*셰) To be narrow—in the middle; to be pinched in.

잘싱기다 *l.* 善出 (착ᄒᆞᆯ—*션) (날—*출) 선겨; 긴 To be handsome; to be beautiful.

잘잘 *s.* Dragging; hanging down. *See* 질질.

쌀쌀 *s.* Rippling; bubbling. Tripping along. *See* 찔찔.

잘잘못 *s.* Good or bad; right or wrong. *See* 선불션

잘쏙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be small and delicate.

잘척잘척ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be damp; to be wet—as what is mixed with water.

잘팍잘팍 *s.* Slapping; spanking. *See* 잘삭잘삭.

잘코산이 *s.* 畔荒 (구만히—*반) (깃불—*회) One's deserts; one's due—for the evil he has done.

잘관히 *s.* Stupidly; doggedly.

잘관ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be stupid, to be dogged.

잘포 *s.* 箒 (찬포—*포) Rushes—from which mats are made. *See* 찬포.

잘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 善 (착ᄒᆞᆯ—*션) To do well; to turn out well.

잠 *s.* 睡 (잘—*ᄃᆡ) Sleep. (자다) (들다) (오다) (ᄆᆡ다).

*잠 *s.* 隙 (틈—*극) A crack; a space. Leisure. (Prov.) Proper form. (모르다). *See* 틈.

*잠간 *l.* 暫間 (잠간) (소이) A short time, (in) a little; soon. *See* 얼는.

잠결에 *s.* In one's sleep; while asleep. *See* 쑴결에.

잠고대ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 譫語 (섬어 —*설) (말숨—*어) To talk in one's sleep. *See* 섬어ᄒᆞ다.

잠꾸럭이 *s.* 渴睡漢 (목ᄆᆞᆯ—*갈) (초름—*슈) (놈—*한) A great sleeper; one fond of sleep.

잠귀밝다 *s.* 아; 은 To be a light sleeper.

잠귀어둡다 *s.* 두워; 운 To be a heavy sleeper.

잠그다 *s.* 鎖 (잠을쇠—*쇄) 잠가; 근 To lock; to fasten. (v.t.)

잠기다 鎖 (잠을쇠—*쇄) 잠겨; 긴 To lock; to fasten. (v.i.).

잠ᄭᆡ다 *s.* 睡覺 (조름—*슈) (ᄭᆡ닷ᄅᆞᆯ—*각) 여; 센 To awake from sleep.

갈나다 *s.* 쌉나; 난 To crack; to separate. To have leisure; to have spare time. (Prov.).

*잠농 *s.* 蠶農 (누에) (농ᄉᆞ) The cultivation of silk-worms; sericulture.

잠동모 *s.* 伴侶 (벗—*반) (잘—*침) A sleeping companion.

*잠두 *s.* 蠶頭 (누에) (ᄆᆞᆯ이) The Silk-worm's Head—the highest peak on *Namsan*.

*잠두 *s* 蠶豆 (누에) (팟) Windsor bean; horse bean; *Vicia faba*.

*잠두마대 *s.* 蠶頭馬蹄 (누에) (ᄆᆞᆯ이) (발굽) The silkworm's head and horse's hoof—the horizontal dash in character writing.

잠들다 *s.* 酣睡 (깃들—*실) (조름—*슈) 어; 든 To grow sleepy, to be drowsy.

*잠란지 *s* 蠶卵紙 (누에) (알) (조히) The paper on which the eggs of silk-worm are deposited. *See* 종지.

잠방이 *s.* 犢鼻褌 (송아지—*독) (코—*비) (고의—*곤) A kind of short trousers worn by field labourers. *See* 쇠코잠방이.

*잠부 *s.* 蠶婦 (누에) (ᄆᆞᆫ누리) A woman engaged in sericulture.

*잠상 *s.* 蠶桑 (누에 (뽕나부) Silkworms and mulberries—Sericulture.

*잠시 *l.* 暫時 (잠간) (ᄯᅴ) A short time; temporarily; soon. *See* 놀ᄂᆡ.

*잠시간 *l.* 暫時間 (잠간) (ᄯᅴ) (소이) During a short interval.

*잠식ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蠶食 (누에) (밤) To devour piecemeal—as a silkworm eats a mulberry leaf; to annex bit by bit; to encroach gradually upon—of countries.

잠그다 *s.* 鎖 (잠을쇠) 잠가; 근 To lock; to fasten.

*잠실 s. 蠶室 (누에) (집) A building where silkworms are reared.

쌍소리ᄒᆞ다 s. To reform—of a prostitute.

*잠업과 s. 蠶業課 (누에) (업) (과목) The study of sericulture.

잠오다 s. 睡來 「조쯤—*슈」 (올—*리) 잠와; 은 To become sleepy; to grow drowsy

잠오다 s. 鎖 (잠을쇠 *쇄) 잠아; 은 To lock; to fasten

잠을쇠 s. 鎖 (*쇄) A key —with which to fasten a door

*잠잊 s. 蠶月 (누에) (돌) The silkworm's month—the 3rd moon. (B. O.).

잠자다 s. 就寢 (나아갈—*취) (잠—*침) 잘자; 잔 To sleep. *See* 취침ᄒᆞ다.

잠싸리 s. A bed; a sleeping mat.

잠자리 s. 蜻蜓 (*청) (*뎡) A dragon-fly.

쌈쌍이 s. 間間 (소이—*간) (소이—*간) Space by space; every interval.

잠잠ᄒᆞ다 s. To be silent; to be quiet. *See* 갑갑ᄒᆞ다

잠투세ᄒᆞ다 s. To wake up crying—of a child.

*잠종 s. 蠶種 (누에) (씨) Silkworms eggs.

*잡 s. 雜 (섞길) Deceptive; low; base.

*잡거 s. 雜居 (섞길) (살) Mixed residence, or the dwelling of foreigners amongst natives.

*잡것 s. 雜件 (섞길) (벌—*건) Miscellaneous articles; various creatures—as insects. A clown; a wag; a brawler. *See* 잡놈.

잡요 s. Persistently; indefatigably; untiringly; unceasingly.

*잡곡 s. 雜穀 (섞길) (곡식) Various grains. *See* 오곡.

*잡귀 s. 雜鬼 (섞길) (귀신) All sorts of evil spirits. *See* 잡신.

*잡기 s. 雜技 (섞길) (지조) A game; gambling. *See* 노름.

*잡기ᄒᆞ다 s. 雜技 (섞길) (지조) To gamble; to play. *See* 노름ᄒᆞ다.

*잡과 s. 雜科 (섞길) (과거) The various kinds of examination.

*잡년 s. 雜女 (섞길) (계집—*녀) A brawling woman, a virago.

*잡놈 s. 雜漢 (섞길) (놈—*한) A low fellow; an abandoned character. *See* 탄봉

잡다 s. 執 (잡을—*집) 아; 은 To obtain; to take; to catch. *See* 붓잡다

잡다 s. 拿 (잡을—*나) 아; 은 To arrest; to take prisoner. *See* 가도다.

잡다 s. 아; 은 To degenerate; to go to the bad; to be abandoned.

잡다 s. 殺 (죽일 *살) 아; 은 To kill—animals; to slaughter

*잡담 s. 雜談 (섞길) (말솜) Incoherent talk; meaningless speeches. *See* 릭담.

*잡답ᄒᆞ다 s. 雜踏 (섞길) (놀을) To go to and fro;—of a crowd.

*잡제 s. 雜題 (섞길) (뎨) General review problems—in arithmetic.

*잡되다 s. 雜 (섞길) 여; 된 To be a mixture of all things; to be low *See* 부잡ᄒᆞ다.

*잡동산이 s. 雜同散異 (섞길) (호가지) (흣허질) (다를) Knickknacks; miscellaneous articles.

잡두리 s. Oversight; the care of; the direction of; the bringing up of.

*잡류 s. 雜類 (섞길) (종류) A mixed rabble; a crowd of low characters. *See* 잡것.

*잡말 s. 雜談 (섞길) (말솜—*담) Useless talk; bosh *See* 릭담.

*잡맛 s. 雜味 (섞길) (맛—*미) A mixed taste. *See* 잡미.

*잡목 s. 雜木 (섞길) (나무) Various kinds of trees.

*잡문 s. 雜紋 (섞길) (문치) Irregularly veined or streaked; of an irregular pattern

*잡물 s. 雜物 (섞길) (물건) Miscellaneous articles.

*잡미 s. 雜味 (섞길) (맛) A mixed taste; a bad flavor.

*잡방정식 s. 雜方程式 (섞길) (모) (갈) 법) Mixed equation.

*잡보 s. 雜報 (섞길) (갈홀) Miscellaneous items—of news.

*잡비 s. 雜費 (섞길) (허비) Various expenses. *See* 잡용.

*잡살스럽다 s. 雜樣 (섞길) (모양) 러워; 운 To be clownish; to be ribald; to be unseemly. *See* 릭살스럽다.

*잡선 s. 雜線 (접) (실) Spiral line.

*잡설 s. 雜說 (섞길) (말솜) Incoherent talk.

*잡세 s. 雜稅 (섞길) (구실) Various taxes.

잡손질ᄒᆞ다 s. To pick at; to finger; to handle.

잡수시다 s. 喫 (먹을—*직) 수셔; 신 To eat; to drink; to smoke; to partake of. (Hon.).

잡숩다 s. 喫 (먹을—*긱) 수어; 숩 To eat; to smoke; to drink; to partake of. (Hon.) *See* 자시다.

*잡술 s. 雜術 (석길) (술법) Magic arts, juggleries. *See* 요술

*잡시방약ᄒᆞ다 s. 雜施方藥 (석길) (배플) (모) (약) To mix up and confuse prescriptions—of medicine.

*잡신 s. 雜神 (석길) (귀신) All sorts of evil spirits. *See* 잡귀.

*잡색 s. 雜色 (석길) (빗) Various colors. *See* 각색

잡아다리다 s. 引 (잇쇼올—*인) 다려, 린 To draw; to pull. *See* 당기다.

잡아당기다 s. 引 (잇쇼올—*인) 여; 긴 To draw; to pull. *See* 쓸다.

잡아드리다 s. 捉人 (잡을—*나) (들—*입) 드려; 린 To arrest and bring. *See* 나입ᄒᆞ다.

잡아먹다 s. 殺食 (죽일—*살) (밥—*식) 어; 은 To slaughter and eat; to devour.

*잡어 s. 雜魚 (석길) (고기) A general name for small fish. Small fish dried for food.

*잡역 s. 雜役 (석길) (역소) Various kinds of public works.

*잡역물침ᄒᆞ다 s. 雜役勿侵 (석길) (역소) (말) (침로) To be exempt from a share in public work. *See* 물침잡역ᄒᆞ다.

*잡용 s. 雜用 (석길) (쓸) Miscellaneous expenses—above what is necessary *See* 랑비.

잡을손쓰다 s. 손떠; 쓴 To hesitate to begin; to feel loth to undertake.

잡이 s. A musical band; work; calling. Worker. A handle.

잡이군 s. A musician; a player.

*잡이차방정식 s. 雜二次方程式 (석길) (두) (버금) (모) (길) (법) Adjected equation; adjected quadratic equation.

잡아ᄒᆞ다 s. To catch; to take—fish, game etc.

*잡인 s. 雜人 (석길) 사ᄅᆞᆼ) Loafers; the common crowd. *See* 한산군.

짭쌀 s. Smacking the lips.

짭잘ᄒᆞ다 s. 醎 (짤—*함) To be saltish, to be well-seasoned. To be interesting; to be bright. *See* 관간ᄒᆞ다.

*잡전 s. 雜錢 (석길) (돈) Various kinds of coin.

*잡전 s. 雜廛 (석길) (젼) A variety shop.

잡조지 s. Cross-sticks serving as handles to a plow. (Prov.).

잡죄다 s. 여; 친 To direct; to manage; to bring up; to teach.

*잡종 s. 雜種 (석길) (씨) Hybrid; mongrel. Various articles; all kinds of things.

*잡지 s. 雜誌 (석길) (긔록) Miscellaneous news.

*잡초 s. 雜草 (석길) (풀) A weed; noxious plants.

*잡채 s. 雜菜 (석길) (나물) Various vegetables.

찝치다 s. 捻, 친 To crush in, to twist out of shape.

*잡초 s. 雜草 (석길) (풀) The various kinds of weeds.

*잡탕 s. 雜湯 (석길) (끌물) Mixed soup—of meat, vegetables etc.

*잡탕 s. 雜類 (석길) (종류 *류) A mixed crowd. *See* 잡류.

*잡철 s. 雜鐵 (석길) (쇠) Various metals, mixed metal.

*잡화 s. 雜花 (석길) (쏫) Flowers of various kinds.

*잡화 s. 雜貨 (석길) (보화) Miscellaneous goods.

*잡화점 s. 雜貨店 (석길) (보화) (장소집) A store where divers sorts of goods are sold.

*잡화상 s. 雜貨商 (석길) (보화) (장소) Miscellaneous goods—exposed for sale.

잣 *l.* 栢 (*빅) Pine-nuts. (*바다).

잣가리다 s. 가려; 린 To make an uproar, to creat a fuss. *See* 짓가리다.

잣걸잣걸ᄒᆞ다 s. 囂 (짓거릴—*효) To chatter; to make an uproar. *See* 짓걸짓걸ᄒᆞ다.

잣감스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be precocious—in an objectionable sense; to be impudent; to be mean.

잣갈 *l.* 盛沙 (다홀—*진) (제낵조슈—*석) Low tides; ebb-tides.

잣기다 s. 잣겨; 긴 To lie on the back; to place with the back down. (v.t.) *Opp.* 업다.

잣나무 *l.* 栢木 (잣—*빅) (나무—*목) The Great Hooked or Coulter's pine.

잣나비 s. 猿 (*원) A monkey; an ape. *See* 원숭이.

잣널다 *s.* 짧 (씹을—*설) 어; 넌 To chew; to bite, to gnaw.

잣바뜨리다 *s.* 까之 (잣바질 *패) (같—*지) 써려; 린 To throw on the back; to turn over on the back.

잣바듈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To lean back; to slope back. *Opp.* 곱으숨ᄒᆞ다.

잣바지다 *s.* 計 잣바질 —*패 바서; 짐 To fall on one's back; to fall backwards, to slope back *Opp.* 업드러지다.

잣밤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 背却 (등—*빈) (물나침—*각) To break an agreement. *See* 반ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

잣밤쌀이 *n.* 觫角 (굽을—*구) (쌀 —*각) Horns that turn back. An ox with horns that turn back. *See* 우걱쏘리.

잣박산 *l.* Pine-nut candy.

잣다 *s.* 頻 (자조—*빈) 자자 진 To be frequent; to be constant; to be continual.

잣딱다 *s.* 딱라; 든 To be little; to be small. *See* 잔조롭다.

잣떠리다 *s.* 더려; 린 To throw on the back; to slope back (*v.t.*)

잣드딕다 *s.* 橫踏 (빈길—*친) (볼을—*답) 여; 린 To sprain as one's ankle.

잣송이 / Pine-cones—containing nuts.

잣송진 *l.* Pine gum; turpentine.

잣엿 *l.* Candy mixed with pine-nuts.

잣자부듈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To lean back. (Prov.).

잣잦ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be weak. *See* 썽젓ᄒᆞ다.

잣젊다 *s.* 젊어; 은 To look young for his age. *Opp.* 갈늙다.

잣차다 *s.* 쳐; 진 To lean backwards; to bend back.

잣처 *s.* First quality of rice.

잣처지다 *s.* 처져; 진 To fall back-wards. *Opp.* 업드러지다.

재 *s.* 峙 (고기—*치) A hill; a road over a hill. (넘다). *See* 령.

재갈 *s.* 銜 (*겸) A bit—for a bridle. (먹이다) (물니다).

재다 *l.* 여; 젠 To be quick;—to be alert. To endure; to be calm.

재다 *l.* 尺量 (자—*척) (헤아릴—*량) 여; 젠 To measure off; to take the dimensions of.

재바르다 *s.* 빨나; 바른 To be quick; to be alert; to be active. *See* 약삭바르다.

재우다 *s.* 재워; 운 To put to sleep; to afford lodging to. To press; to smooth out. (헐).

재재바르다 *s.* 빨나; 바른 To be quick, to be willing; to be ready. *See* 약삭바르다

재재ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be quick; to be willing.

재치 *l.* A road over a hill.

잿치다 *s.* 飜 (뒤청—*번) 잿쳐; 친 To turn over; to upset. *Opp.* 엎치다. To partially dry cooked rice—by an extra fire.

재히다 *s.* 度 (헤아릴—*탁) 재혀; 힌 To measure off; to take the dimensions of; to estimate. To calm oneself.

*장 *l.* 藏 (곱촘) A clothes-press; a wardrobe; a cabinet; a closet, a cage.

장강틀 *s.* A bier. *See* 련초대.

*장계 *l.* 狀啓 (글월—*열) (열) Written communication from a provincial official to the king.

*장계ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 狀啓 (글월—*열) (열) To send a written despatch to the king—from a provincial official.

*장골 *l.* 壯骨 (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆡᆨ) A powerful fellow; a muscular man. *Opp.* 약골.

*장구 *l.* 葬具 (장소) (ᄀᆞᆺ출) Articles used at funerals

장그럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be hateful; to be disagreeable. *See* 밉직ᄒᆞ다. To serve one right.

장글장글ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be disagreeable to sight or hearing. *See* 징글징글ᄒᆞ다. To serve one right.

장기 *s.* Implements.

장기 *s.* 耜 (*사) A plough.

*장판 *l.* 壯觀 (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (볼) A strange or wonderful sight. *See* 희판.

*장협증 *s.* 腸脇症 (오장) (그) (증세) Chills with purging and vomiting.

장ᄒᆞ난ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 壯然 장ᄒᆞᆯ, 사나ᄋᆡ; 니 To be grown up—of a son. *See* 장성ᄒᆞ다.

*장년 *l.* 壯年 (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (히) Adult age; manhood.

*장단 *l.* 銕丹 (단장) (붉을) A preparation from cinnabar—used for paint and medicine.

장딴지 *l.* The calf of the leg. *See* 종아리.

*장당ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 壯談 (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (말숨) To offer; to carry out a matter; to express oneself as capable of. *See* 대담ᄒᆞ다.

*장대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 壯大 (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) To be strong; to be vigorous.

*장명 f. 壯丁(장호)(장명) An able-bodied man; an adult.

*장명군 / 壯丁軍 (장호)(장명)(군사) A lusty soldier; an able-bodied fellow.

*장도 s. 粧刀 (단장)(칼) An ornamental knife hung at the coat-strings.

*장독교 f. 粧櫝轎 (단장)(홈노)(보교) A two-man chair with fixed top and sides. *See* 독교.

*장두 f. 狀頭 (글) (머리) A leader; a chief.

*장두은미ᄒᆞ다 s. 藏頭隱尾 (감ᄎᆞ)(머리)(숨길)(꼬리) To hide the head and cover up the tail to conceal; to hide; to cover up.

*장디 f. 葬地 (장사) (짜) A grave site. *See* 산디.

*장려ᄒᆞ다 f. 壯麗 (장호) (빗날) To be grand; to be imposing of buildings. *See* 화려ᄒᆞ다.

*장력 f. 壯力 (장호) (힘) Strength; vigor. *See* 힘력.

*장례 f. 葬禮 장소) (례도) Funeral ceremonies. *See* 장소.

*장례식 / 葬禮式 (장소) (례도) (법) Funeral rites; funerals.

장막지 f. Watching; spying — as a detective. Waiting for the other member—in a case of assignation.

장만ᄒᆞ다 s. 粧備 (단단—*란) (ᄀᆞᆺ출—*비) To provide oneself with; to buy as furniture etc. *See* 준비ᄒᆞ다.

*장문 f. 欌門 (ᄀᆞᆷ출) (군) The doors of a clothes-press; a closet door.

장문장다 s. 아; 은 To close the entrance to a military camp.

*장물 s. 贓物 (탐호) (물건) Stolen goods.

*장물잡다 s. 贓物 (탐호) (만물) 아; 은 To recover stolen goods.

*장민 / 將民 (글쉭) (빅셩) The leading people of a village.

*장보교 f. 粧步轎 (단장) (거름) (보교) A two man chair having windows of glass or silk. *See* 장독교.

*장부 s. 臟腑 (오장) (륙부) The Five Viscera and the Six Lower organs.

*장부 f. The handle of a "five man" shovel.

*장비 f. 葬費 (장소) (허비) Expenses for a funeral.

*장산 f. 壯山 (장호) (뫼) Lofty mountains. *Opp.* 야산.

*장선ᄒᆞ다 s. 裝船 (힝장) (비) To fit out a ship.

*장속ᄒᆞ다 s. 裝束 (힝장) (묵글) To pack up as baggage.

*장슈 f. 葬需 (장소) (쓸) Expenses for a funeral

*장식 s. 粧飾 (단장) (붕밀) Ornaments; fixings.

*장식ᄒᆞ다 s. 粧飾 (단장) (쭈밀) To ornament; to fix off; to trim off; to gloss. *See* 꾸미다.

*장사 f. 壯士 (장호) (션비) A lusty fellow; a strong man. *See* 력ᄉᆞ.

*장ᄉᆞ f. 葬事 (장ᄉᆞ) 일) A funeral; a burial. (지내다). *See* 영장.

장ᄉᆞ s. 商賈 (*상) (*고) A merchant, a trader, a pedlar Trading; business. *See* 상고.

장ᄉᆞ아ᄎᆡ s. 商賈 (장ᄉᆞ—*상) (장ᄉᆞ—*고) A tradesman; a merchant. *See* 상고.

*장ᄉᆞ지내다 f. 葬事 (장ᄉᆞ) (일) 내여; 낸 To conduct a funeral.

장ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 商賈 (장ᄉᆞ—*상) (장ᄉᆞ—*고) To trade; to peddle; to engage in business *See* 쥐리ᄒᆞ다.

*장ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 f. 葬事 (장ᄉᆞ) (일) To bury; to complete a funeral. *See* 안장ᄒᆞ다.

*장일장말 s. Complaining; excusing; refusing. *See* 좀말좀말.

*장옷 s. 粧衣 (단장) (옷—*의) A long coat covering the head also—worn by women when on the street. (쓰다).

*장유 s. 醬油 (장) (기름) Soy.

*장일 f. 葬日 (장ᄉᆞ) (날) The day of the funeral

*장원 f. 壯元 (장호) (웃듬) The title of a candidate who wins the first place in a government examination.

*장원례 f. 壯元禮 (장호) (웃듬) (례도) The ceremonies performed by the candidate who wins the first place in a government examination.

*장자 f. 壯子 (장호) 놈) A young person, a youth. *See* 장명.

*장쟁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be vigorous; to be hale. To ring; to sound in the ears. To scold.

*장전 f. 葬前 (장ᄉᆞ) (알) Before a funeral. *Opp.* 장후.

*장전 f. 欌廛 (ᄀᆞᆷ출) (장ᄉᆞ집) Cabinet shops.

*장전 s. 贓錢 (탐호) (돈) Stolen money; money that is forfeited—as gambling stakes. (추다). *See* 탐물.

*장전추다 s. 贓錢 (탐호) (돈) 어; 운 To seize stolen or forfeited money.

*장점호다 s. 庄占 (장화)(졈칠) To live; to reside at; to take up one's abode.

*장죄 s. 贓罪 (쟝쟝죄) (허물) Theft; bribery.

*장죵비밀호다 s. 藏蹤秘跡 (감출)(자최)(숨길)(자최) To travel *incognito*; to move about secretly. *See* 업젹호다.

*장지 l. 粧紙 (쟝죵) (조희) A tough kind of native paper. *See* 대후지.

*장조 s. 莊子 (씩씩홀) (아들) A famous Taoist who lived in the 3rd and 4th centuries B.C. and wrote the 남화경.

*장지호다 s. 裝載 (힝장) (시를) To stow, —as cargo in a ship; load; pack—as goods in a cart.

*장치 s. 裝置 (힝장) (둘) Building—as of a house; erecting; construction.

*장치호다 s. 裝置 (힝치)(둘) To build—as a house; to construct; to furnish. To arrange in order; to plant.

*장치호다 s. 藏置 (감출) (둘) To hide; to conceal; to store away secretly.

*장칙 s. 粧冊 (단장) (칙) Book-binding; a bound book.

*장칙실 s. 粧冊室 (단장) (칙) (집) A book-binder's shop.

*장칙수 s. 粧冊師 (단장) (칙) (스승) A book binder; book-bindery.

*장토 s. 庄土 (장화) (흙) Lands; real estate.

*장톄 l. 葬禮 (장소) (갈칠) Choice of a funeral day. *Also* 장일일.

*장포 s. 蔣逋 (사식홀) (사오나올) A disciple of Mencius.

*장후 l. 葬後 (장소) (뒤) After the funeral. *Opp.* 장젼.

*잘허 l. 非 (아홀) Very; exceedingly, terribly.

*잘호다 l. 壯 (장홀) To be strong; to be powerful; to be flourishing.

*장화슈소산 s. 藏化水素酸 (감홀) (될) (물) (질) (실) Acidum. Hydrocyanicum.

*장화슈소산증긔 l. 藏化水素酸蒸氣 (감홀) (될) (물) (질) (실) (긔) (약지올) Vapovacidi Hydrocyanici.

*장화노푸라시엄익 s. 藏化鐵 (감홀) (될) (쇠) 液 (진) Liquor Potassii Ferrocyanidi.

*장화포틱시엄 s. 藏化 .. .. (감홀) (될) Potassii Cyanidum.

*장화 s. 庄獲 (*장화) (장화) A farmstead. *See* 전장.

*자 s. 者 (놈) Person; individual; fellow —used chiefly in the *Unmun*

*자고 l. 鷓鴣 (자고) (자고) The common partridge

*자류 l. 柘榴 (산뽕나무) (석류) Pomegranate. *Punica Granatum.*

*자류셕 l. 柘榴石 (산뽕나무) (석류) (돌) Aplom, garnet.

자발업다 l. 서; 슨 To be impudent; to lack bringing up.

자본치 The short hair before the ear. (Prov.).

*자빅마 l. 紫白馬 (붉을) (흰) (말) A cream-coloured horse.

*자산 l. 赭山 (붉을) (뫼) A mountain bare of trees. *See* 야산.

*자석 l. 赭石 (붉을) (돌) Red ochre.

*자세호다 l. 藉勢 (빙쟈 권세) To rely on influence; to avail oneself of authority. *See* 의세호다

*자쟈호다 s. l. 藉藉 (빙쟈) (빙쟈) To spread abroad—of a rumor; to be talked of everywhere. *See* 랑쟈호다

*자지령 s. 者之嶺 (놈) (갈) (고기) A mountain in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 41.12. Long. 127.09.

쟈키 s. 盞 (아볼 *찬) Is it not so? Indeed; truly. *See* 여복.

쟈키나 s. How much the more.

*장 s. 場 (마당) A market; a fair. (보다)

쟈창식 l. 赭黃色 (붉을) (누를) Colour of decayed leaves a reddish brown colour.

*작 s. 勺 (잔) Dry measure.

작 s. Level, smooth; flat.

*작명호다 s. 酌定 잔이(멍홀) To deliberate on and decide. *Also* 작명호다

*작도 s. 斫刀 (버힐) (갈) A straw-cutter worked by the foot. *Also* 삭두.

*작두 s. 鵲豆 (까치 팟) *Dolich s Lab.l*

*작량호다 s. 酌量 (잔) (헤아릴) To weigh; to consider; to deliberate.

작벌 s. 磧 (돌무덕이—*젹) Stone covered flats.

*작록 s. 爵祿 (벼슬) (록) Rank and salary; degree of nobility and the income accompanying it.

*작명 s. 綽名 (넉넉홀) (일홈) A nickname.

*자구시단 藉口之端 빙자 말 (갈 옷) A pretext for speaking. *See* 발거리.

*쟈력호다 l. 藉力 (빙쟈) (힘) To obtain supernatural strength.

*자산 *l.* 赭山 (붉을) (뫼) Naked hills, bare mountains. *See* 동산

*자세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 藉勢 (빌 자) (형세) To presume upon one's power.

*자즐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 藉重 (빌 자) (무거울) To blame one's superiors for.

*작명 *s.* 爵名 (벼슬) (일홈) The name of rank.

*작믹 *s.* 雀麥 (새) (밀) Oats—a medical name. *See* 귀이리.

*작벌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 斫伐 (찍을) (칠) To cut trees; to cut down timber.

*작살 *s.* A three-pronged fishing spear.

*작슈불임ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 勺水不入 (잔) (물) (아니) (들) To not keep down even a drop of water.

*작약ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 雀躍 (새) (뛸) Springing up with joy.

*작약 *s.* 芍藥 (작약) (약) The white flowered *paeonia*. *Paeonia albi flora* —the root of which is used as a tonic.

*작위 *s.* 爵位 (벼슬) (벼슬) Rank. *See* 관직.

*작작유여ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 綽綽裕餘 (너넉ᄒᆞᆯ) (너넉ᄒᆞᆯ) (넉넉ᄒᆞᆯ) (남을) To be abundant; to have sufficient and to spare. *See* 넉넉ᄒᆞ다.

*작헌례 *s.* 酌獻禮 (잔) (드릴) (예도) A sacrifice offered by the king before the ancestor.

*작환ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 斫還 (찍을) (주살) (도라올) To return; to send back.

*장 *l.* 丈 (길) Measure of length.

*장 *l.* 杖 (칠장이) The numerative of paddling, etc.; a paddle for beating criminals.

*장 *l.* 帳 (장막) A curtain; a blind, (처다).

*장 *s.* 章 (글장) A chapter of a book

*장 *l.* 丈 (길) A measure of 10 Korean feet.—11 ft. 9 in. English. *See* 길.

*장 *s.* 張 (베풀) The numerative of papers, documents, sheets, leaves, bows etc.

*장 *l.* 長 (긴) Length—of objects. *See* 기리.

*장 *l.* 醬 (장) Soy; bean-sauce. (담으다) (치다) (쓰다).

장가가다 *l.* 娶 (장가갈 *취) 서, 간 To get married—of a man. *See* 셩취ᄒᆞ다.

장가들다 *l.* 娶 (장가들 *취) 어; 든 To get married—of a man. *See* 장가가다.

*장가락 *s.* 長指 (긴) (손가락—*지) The middle finger. *See* 장지.

*장각 *s.* 張角 (베풀) (뿔) 2nd century A.D. A famous general of North China who practised occult arts. *See* 황건적.

*장간 *s.* 獐肝 (노로) (간) Deer's liver—used as a medicine.

*장간죽 *s.* 長節竹 (긴) (소이) (대) A species of bamboo with long joints.

*장감 *s.* 長感 (긴) (감동) A severe cold. *See* 장륜.

*장감 *l.* 將監 (장슈) (거울) A general book of rules. *See* 장칙.

*장감고 *s.* 場監考 (마당) (볼) (상고) A grain measurer—at markets. *See* 말감고.

*장갑 *l.* 掌甲 (손바닥) (갑옷) Gloves. (끼다).

*장강 *s.* 長江 (긴) (물) A long river. *See* 대강.

*장강 *s.* 長岡 (긴) (뫼) Nagaoka in Japan.

*장강대히 *s.* 長江大海 (긴) (물) (큰) (바다) A long river and great sea.

장강틀 *s.* The large poles of a bier.

*장강혈 *s.* 長江穴 (긴) (물) (구멍) A region at the lower end of the spine—for acupuncture.

*장거슈 *l.* 掌車手 (손바닥) (수레) (손) A tram-car conductor; a railway conductor. *See* 운거슈.

*장건 *s.* 張騫 (베 ᄑᆞ) (ᄆᆞᆯ명) 2nd century B.C. A famous traveller of China who travelled to the far West and finally is said "to have reached the milky way."

*장검 *s.* 長劍 (긴) (칼) A long sword.

*장경산 *s.* 長慶山 (긴) (경ᄉᆞᆯ) (뫼) A Mountain in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39.54 125.26.

*장경셩 *s.* 長庚星 (긴) (별) (별) The evening or morning star *See* 개밥바라기.

*장고 *s.* 長鼓 (긴) (북) A long drum that tapers in the middle.

*장곡 *s.* 長谷 (긴) (골ᄒᆞ이) A long a valley; deep ravine.

*장교 s. 將校 (장슈) (장교) Underlings in charge of the soldiers of a *yamen*.

*장구호다 s. 長驅 (긴) (몰) To ride far on horseback; to pursue the enemy on horseback a great distance.

*장구령 s. 張九齡 (베풀) (아홉) (히) A.D. 673-740. A great minister of Tang, China.

*장구성 s. 張九成 (베풀) (아홉) (일을) A.D. 1092-1158. A celebrated scholar and official, renowned for his uprightness and his patronage of indigent students.

*장구지계 s. 長久之計 (긴) (오랠) (갈) (계교) Plans for a long future. *See* 장원시계.

*장구호다 s. 長久 (긴) (오랠) To be lasting; to be enduring; to be of long standing. *See* 장원호다.

*장군 s. 場軍 (마당) (군소) Market people. *See* 시인.

*장군 s. 將軍 (장슈) (군소) "Check" at chess. A general. A form of address used to a general.

장군 s. 甕 (병—*호) A barrel; a cask; an earthenware jar. *See* 홍.

*장군녀 s. 張君瑞 (베풀) (임군) (상셔) Hero of the famous romance called the 西廂記, and favoured lover of Ts'ui Ying China.

*장군초 s. 將軍草 (장슈) (군소) (플) The gentian.

*장귀비 s. 張貴妃 (베풀) (귀호) (계집) The favourite princess of the last ruler of the Ch'ên dynasty, A.D. 583-589. *See* 진숙보.

*장근 s. 將近 (장초) (갓가올) About; nearly; close on. *See* 긔지.

장금 (—쉼) s. 市價 (저조—*시) (갑—*가) Market prices.

*장긔 (뎨) l. 掌記 (맛흘) (긔록) A receipted bill.

*장긔 l. 將棋 (장슈) (바둑) The game of chess. (두다).

*장긔 l. 瘴氣 (장긔) (긔운) Sea mists; malaria. (셔이다).

*장긔 s. 長崎 (긴) (놉흘) Nagasaki in Japan.

*장긔도 s. 長崎島 (긴) (놉흘) (셤) Nagasaki. (Japan).

*장긔판 s. 將基盤 (장슈) (바둑) (소반—*반) A chess-board.

*장기 s. 長技 (긴) (지조) Special skill; talent. *See* 솜씨.

*장기 s. 長鬐 (긴) (갈기) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.47. Long. 129.25.

장끼 s. 雄雉 슈컷—*울 쑹—*치 A cock-pheasant. *Opp.* 까투리.

*장과 s. 漿果 (장) (실과) Bacca.

*장과 s. 張果 (베풀) (실과) One of the Eight Immortals of the Taoists. Said to have flourished toward the close of the 7th century and middle of the 8th century.

*장곽 s. 長藿 (긴) (헤역) A kind of long seaweed—used for food.

*장관 l. 將官 (장슈) (벼슬) Underlings holding military office. *See* 상판.

*장관 l. 長官 (어룬) (벼슬) Chief officials; the head of a department of state.

*장관 s. 腸管 (챵조) (대쪽) Intestinal Canal.

*장군회의 s. 將官會議 (장슈) (벼슬) (모들) (의론) The Generals' staff.

*장광 s. 長廣 (긴) (넓을) Length and breadth.

*장괘디 l. 掌櫃的 (맛흘) (궤) (덕실—*덕) A storekeeper; a shopman.

*장남 l. 長男 (어룬) (사나희) Eldest son.

*장녀 l. 長女 (긴) (계집) The oldest daughter. *Opp.* 초녀.

*장노 s. 樟腦 (나무) (노두) Camphor.

*장노클노랄 s. 樟腦 .. .. (나무) (노두) Her Chloral—Camphor.

장뇌 s. The top of ginseng root.

*장뇌 s. 樟腦 (나무) (쇡두—*노) Camphor. *See* 편뇌.

장님 l. 盲人 (눈슈—*밍 (사롬 *인) A blind man; a blind person. *See* 관슈.

*장닙 s. 長葉 (긴) (닙—*엽) The shot blade—of grain.

*장닉 l. 掌內 (맛흘) (안) An official district or subdivision.

장댜리 s. The stem or stalk of turnips etc.

*장단 s. 長短 (긴) (짤을) The long and the short; merit and defect. Notes in music.

*장단 s. 長湍 (긴) 물 A prefect in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.55. Long. 126.40.

장단치다 *s.* 단치; 친 To play a tune; to accompany singing and dancing with music or beating of time.

*장대 *s.* 長木 (긴) (나무—*목) A pole.

*장대기 *s.* 長木 (긴) (나무—*목) A pole.

*장대ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 長大 (긴) (큰) To be tall and stout. *See* 건장ᄒᆞ다.

*장뎨 *s.* 長堤 (긴) (언덕) A long embankment.

장도리 *l.* A hammer.

*장독 *l.* 杖毒 (짐힐이) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Inflammation brought on by being paddled (오르다).

장돌님 *s.* A traveling market peddler. *See* 보상.

장등 *s.* A high ridge of mountains.

*장등ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 長燈 (긴) (등불) To burn lights all night.

*장뎌 *l.* 將遮 (장슈) (집) A lookout; a general's pavilion.

*장략 *l.* 將畧 (장슈) (도략) Military strategy. *See* 도략.

*장려 *l.* 瘴癘 (장긔) (장긔) Epidemic disease; epidemic. *See* 장려지긔.

*장려지긔 *l.* 瘴癘之氣 장긔) (장긔) (갈) (귀운) Miasma; noxious atmospheres. Epidemic disease; epidemic.

*장려ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 壯麗 (장ᄒᆞᆯ ,빗날) To be brilliant; to be splendid; to be fine; to be gorgeous.

*장려ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奬勵 (권장) (힘쓸) To stimulate; to exert on; to encourage; to animate.

*장례 *l.* 掌禮 (맛흘) (례도) Master of ceremonies.

*장례경 *l.* 掌禮卿 (맛흘) (례도) (벼슬) The officer who has charge of ceremonies.

*장련 *s.* 長連 (긴) (니을) A prefect in Whang-san-do. Lat 38.35 Long 125.20.

*장례원 *l.* 掌禮院 (맛흘) (례도) (집) Board of Ceremonies.

*장령 *l.* 掌令 (맛흘) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The 3rd Justice of the Supreme Court - an officer of the front rank, 4th degree.

*장령 *l.* 將令 (장슈) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The orders of a general. *See* 군령.

*장령산 *s.* 長嶺山 (긴) (고지) (외) A mountain in Kyŏng-keui-do. (Kuyang).

*장로 *l.* 長老 (긴) (늙을) Elders—of the Church.

*장로교 *l.* 長老敎 (긴) (늙을) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) The Presbyterian denomination

*장로ᄉᆞ *l.* 長老師 (어른 (늙을) ᄉᆞ승) An elder in the Methodist Church.

*장로회 *l.* 長老會 (긴) (늙을) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) The Presbyterian Church.

*장류수 *s.* 長流水 (긴) (흐ᄅᆞᆯ 물) Water that has flowed from a distance—used as a medicine.

*장률 *s.* 長輪 (긴) (박회) An epidemic—as of native fever.

*장리 *l.* 長吏 (긴) (아젼) A senior officer.

*장리 *l.* 長利 (긴) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Interest amounting to half of the principal.

*장리ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 掌理 (ᄉᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To manage; to direct; to superintend.

*장림 *s.* 長林 (긴) (수플) A woods; a grove of trees.

*장리 *s.* 將來 (장ᄎᆞ) (올) (In) the future. *See* 추에.

장마 *s.* 霖 (*림) The rainy season. (지다) (들다).

*장막 *l.* 帳幕 (장막) (장막) A tent; a canopy. (치다)

*장막지간 *l.* 將幕之間 (장슈) (장막) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이, Between general and subordinate officers.

*장만 *s.* 張晩 (베플) (느질) F.S. 仁同 N.P 格四. A general in the time of the Japanese invasion. *See* 불만장만

*장명등 *s.* 長明燈 (긴) (붉을) (등) A light before a grave; a street or outdoor lamp. *See* 가등.

*장모 *l.* 丈母 (길) (어미) The wife's mother. *See* 빙모.

*장모 *s.* 獐毛 (노루) (털 럭) Deer's hair.

*장모 *s.* 長毛 (긴) (털 럭) The longest locks; long hair.

*장목 *s.* 長木 (긴) (나무) Long timbers. *See* 지목.

*장목비 *s.* 長木箒 (긴) (나무) (비—*츄) A broom of pheasant feathers; a long-handled broom.

*장무군관 *l.* 掌務軍官 (초지훈) (힘쓸) (군소) 벼슬 The underling responsible for the affairs of the *potch'ong* or common prison.

*장무관 *l.* 掌務官 (초지훈) (힘쓸) (벼슬) The chief or chairman of an official class.

*장문 *l.* 將門 (장슈) (문) A general's family.

*장문 *s.* 長文 (긴) (글) A lengthy writing, a long letter or essay.

*장문면보 *s.* 長文電報 (긴) (글) (번기) (갈홀) A telegram written out—in contrast to cipher.

*장문법 *l.* 杖問法 (짐힐이) (무를) (법) A method of torture—interrogations after every three strokes of the stick.

*장문짓다 *s.* 作長文 (지을—*작) (긴—*장) (글—*문) 지어; 진 To write a composition.

*장물 *s.* 長物 (긴) (물건) Useless articles; rubbish.

*장미 *s.* 長眉 (긴) (눈섭) Bushy eyebrows—a mark of longevity.

*장미 *s.* 長尾 (긴) (쇠리) A long tail as of a pheasant. The long steering oar of a scow.

*장미꽃 *s* 薔薇花 (장미) (장미) (꽃 *화) The cinnamon rose.

*장미 *s.* 長櫂 (긴) (로—*로) A long stern-oar—for steering a scow.

*장발적 *l.* 長髮賊 (긴) (터럭) (도적) The long haired rebels—of the insurrection of 1853 China

*장발호다 *l.* 長髮 (긴) (터럭) To let the hair grow, to become a layman.

*장방 *s.* 長房 (긴) (방) The main hall—of a public building. A prison.

*장방형 *l.* 長方體 (긴) (모) (몸) Long narrow quadrilateral.

*장방평 *s.* 張方平 (베풀) (모) (평홀) A.D. 1007 1091. Distinguished at an early age by precocious genius, and renowned as one of the most erudite scholars and upright officials of China.

*장방형 *l.* 長方形 (긴) (모) (형상) A rectangle.

*장번 *s.* 長番 (긴) (번들) A continuous turn at office—without being relieved by others (들다)

*장벽 *s.* 墻壁 (담) (바람) A fence; a wall.

*장변 *s.* 場邊 (마당) (가—*변) Market rates —of interest on money 12% per month)

*장변리 *s.* 場邊利 (마당) (가) (리홀) Market rates of interest—one or two per cent paid every 5th or market day

*장뼘 *s.* 長指把 (긴) (손가락—*지) (잡을—*파) A long span—made by the thumb and middle finger.

*장보 *s.* 章甫 (글장) (겨우) An ancient hat worn by scholars of the Shang dynasty. A scholar.

장보다 *s* 야; 본 To go to market.

*장복 *s.* 章服 (글장 옷) An official dress. *See* 관복.

*장복호다 *s.* 長服 (긴) (먹을) To use constantly—as a medicine, spirit etc. *See* 련복호다.

*장본 *s.* 張本 (베풀) (밋) Ringleader; chief; principal. Cause, origin; germ.

*장봉 *l.* 將蜂 (장슈) (벌) The queen bee.

*장부 *s.* 帳簿 (장막) (문셔) A record; a bill.

장부 *s.* The handle of a spade or shovel.

*장부 *l.* 丈夫 (길) (지아비) A husband; a man. *See* 대장부.

*장부지기하경 *s.* 將不知其何境 (장차) (아닐) (알) (그) (엇지) (더경) No saying where it will drift to.

*장붕익 *s.* 張鵬翼 (배풀) (새) (놀애) A.D. 1674. F.S. 仁同. A great general of the time of Kyŏng-jong.

*장비 *s.* 張飛 (베풀) (놀) D. A.D. 220. Bosom friend of 류비, of the famous champion of 류비, and with him celebrated as a leader in the wars of the Three Kingdoms.

*장빅산 *s.* 長白山 (긴) (흰) (뫼) A mountain in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 42.05. Long. 129.10.

장빅이 *s.* The front part of the head. The stem—of radishes etc. (Prov.) *See* 장다리.

*장서 *s.* 長書 (긴) (글) A lengthy composition; a long communication.

*장사 *s.* 長沙 (긴) (모래) Chang-sha in China.

*장삼 *s.* 長衫 (긴) (적삼) A Buddhistic ceremonial coat.

*장상 *l.* 將相 (장슈) (정승) Generals and Ministers of State.

*장상 *l.* 長上 (어룬) (웃) Elders; those in authority. (Comp.). *See* 어룬.

*장서호다 *s.* 長逝 (긴) (갈) To die.

*장석 s. 長席 (긴) (돗) A long thick mat.

*장석 l. 丈席 (어룬) (돗) Teacher; a master of letters.

*장설 l. 丈雪 (길) (눈) A heavy fall of snow. *See* 적설.

*장설 l. 帳設 (장막) (배풀) Tents and provisions for an outing. *See* 도장.

*장성 s. 張星 (배풀) (별) The 26th of the 28 constellations *x*, *λ*, *μ*, *ν*, *ψ*. Hydra. 152° 54′ 37″.

*장성 l. 將星 (장슈) (별) One's guardian star.

*장성 s. 長城 (긴) (재) A prefect in Chölla do. Lat. 35.19. Long. 126.47.

*장성ᄒᆞ다 l. 長成 (긴) (일울) To grow up; to become a man.

*장소 s. 場所 (마당) (곳) Place; position; site; seat, situation.

*장손 l. 長孫 (긴) (손조) The oldest grandson by the eldest son; a descendant by the oldest branch of a family. *See* 장ᄌᆡ.

*장소ᄒᆞ다 s. 長嘯 (긴) (쉬파람) To whistle.

*장송 s. 長松 (긴) (소나무) A tall pine tree. *See* 반송.

*장수 s. 章數 (글장) (두어) Number of chapters.

*장수 s. 僕數 (ᄇᆡ풀) (두어) A page. (뭐어다).

*장슈 l. 將帥 (장슈) (장슈) A generalissimo. *See* 대장.

*장수 s. 長水 (긴) (물) A prefect in Chölla-do. Lat. 35.36. Long. 127.37.

*장슈산셩 s. 長壽山城 (긴) (목숨) (뫼) (재) A fort in Whang-hai-do

*장슈션무 s. 長袖善舞 (긴) (소ᄆᆡ) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) (춤춤) If the sleeves are wide one dances well. *See* 다전선고.

*장슈세ᄒᆞ다 s. 場收稅 (마당) (거ᄃᆞᆯ) (부세) To collect market taxes.

*장슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 長壽 (긴) (목숨) To live long; to live to a great age. *See* 슈ᄒᆞ다.

*장슌손 s. 張順孫 (ᄇᆡ풀) (슌ᄒᆞᆯ) (손조) F.S. 仁同 A minister of state of time of Chong-ong

*잘승 s. 長丞 (긴) (아젼) Mile-post statues—by the roadside.

*장승법 s. 長乘法 (긴) (ᄎᆞᆯ) (법) Long multiplication.

*장시ᄇᆞᆫ s. 場市邊 (마당) (저ᄌᆞ) (가) The market square.

*장식 s. 張拭 (ᄇᆡ풀) (정쳐ᄂᆞᆫ관) A.D. 1133-1181. One of the celebrated philosophers of the Sung dynasty China.

*장신 l. 將臣 (장슈) (신하) Official generals or chief officers.

*장심 l. 掌心 (손바닥) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) The palm of the hand or sole of the foot.

*장소관 s. 掌署官 (ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (옥ᄉᆞ) (ᄇᆡ슬) Lord keeper of the Seals.

*장쉭 s. 匠色 (장인) (ᄇᆞᆺ) An artisan; a manufacturer; a worker. *See* 장인.

*장싱불ᄉᆞ호다 s. 長生不死 (긴) (날) (아닐, (죽을) To live long and share immortality.

*장싱ᄎᆡ s. 長生菜 (긴) (날) (감조—*ᄎᆡ) A variety of the potatoe plant—that remains an evergreen.

*장악 l. 掌握 (손바닥) (잡을) (In) one's hand; (within) one's power.

*장악원 l. 掌樂院 ᄎᆞ지ᄒᆞᆯ) (풍악) (집) The office of the king's musicians.

*장안 s. 長安 (긴) (편안) The capital; the government headquarters. *See* 경셩.

*장안ᄉᆞ s. 長安寺 (긴) (편안) (졀) A Buddhist monastery in Kang-w n-do, Diamond mountains.

장안장외 s. 城內城外 (재—*셩) (안—*ᄂᆡ) (저—*셩) (밧 *외) Inside and outside of the city. *See* 문안문밧.

*장애ᄆᆞᆯ s. 障碍物 (막ᄒᆞᆯ) (걸ᄂᆞᆯ) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) An interference; a snare

*장애물경주 s. 障碍物競走 (막ᄒᆞᆯ) (거리ᄉᆞᆯ ᄆᆞᆯ건) 다ᄆᆞᆯ 다이날) A hurdle-race.

*장야 s. 長夜 (긴) (밤) Long nights; the long nights of winter.

*장야 s. 長野 (긴) (들) Nagano in Japan.

*장어 s. 長魚 (긴) (고기) An eel.

*장어 s. 長語 (긴) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Lengthy expressions in comparison to single words. *Opp.* 단어.

장엣지 ? 醬菜 (장—*장) (나ᄆᆞᆯ—*ᄎᆡ) Chopped cabbage, etc. soaked in soy.

*장여 l. 丈餘 (길) (남ᄋᆞᆯ) More than one 장 in length.

*장연 s. 長淵 (긴) (못) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.03. Long. 125.23.

*장옥 s. 墻屋 (담) (집) House and walls.

*장외 s. 墻外 (담) (밧) The space outside of the walls; below the walls.

*장욱 s. 張旭 (베플) (날빗) One of the Eight Immortals of the Wine-cup, celebrated in the poems of Tu Tsze-mei, Tang, China.

*장위 s. 腸胃 (장조) (비위) Appetite and disposition.

*장유 s. 醬油 (장) (기름) A kind of sauce made by pressing a fermented mixture of calcined barley meal, boiled beans, yeast water, and salt; soy.

*장유 s. 張維 베로 바라) A.D. 1587. F.S. 德水 N.P. 谿谷. A noted prince of the time of the Manchu invasion.

*장유유서 h. 長幼有序 어른 어릴 있 글) (조례) Precedence according to age. The aged must be revered by the young; the elder shall preside.

장유지 s. Thick oil-paper.

*장육 s. 獐肉 (노루) (고기) Deer's flesh; venison.

*장육 s. 醬肉 (장) (고기) Meat cooked in soy.

*장의 h. 掌議 (초시 둘) (의론) An officer in charge of a Confucian temple.

*장의 s. 張儀 (베플) (거동) An eloquent statesman of 진 kingdom who lived in the 4th cent. B.C.

*장이 s. 匠 (장인) Worker; maker.—used as the syllable *er* in English to signify one who does. *See* 장식.

*장인 s. 匠人 (장인) (사롬) An artisan; a workman. *See* 장식.

*장인 h. 丈人 (길) (사롬) A wife's father *See* 빙부. An elder; a man.

*장원 s. 墻垣 (담) (담) A fence; hedge; [illegible] enclosure.

*장원지계 s. 長遠之計 (긴) (멀) (갈) (계교) Plans for a long future

*장원ᄒᆞ다 s. 長遠 긴 멀 To be lasting, to be permanent; to be for a long time. *See* 영구ᄒᆞ다.

*장자 h. 長者 (어룬) (놈) An elder; a venerable person; a person of superior attainments.

장자 s. 富者 (부자—*부) (놈 -*자) A man of wealth. *See* 부가옹.

*장작 s. 長斫 (긴) (짝글) Firewood. (제다).

*장장이 s. 章章 (글장) (글장) Every chapter; chapter by chapter.

*장장이 s. 張張 (빠플) (베플) Leaf by leaf, every two pages.

*장장춘일 s. 長長春日 긴 긴 봄 (날) The long spring days.

*장장하일 s. 長長夏日 (긴) (긴) (녀름) (날) The long days of summer.

*장졸 h. 將卒 장슈 알 [illegible] a general.

*장천거행 h. 將前擧行 (장슈) (알 들) (힘흘) Service before a general.

*장절 s. 章節 (글장) (마디) Chapters and verses.

*장절수ᄂᆞ 章節收 글장 마디 두어, The chapter and verse. *See* 장절.

*장절초 s. 長節草 (긴, 긴글 ᄌᆞᆷ, Tobacco cut in long threads

*장제 s. 長除 (긴) (제홀) Long division. *Also* 장제법. *Opp.* 단제.

*장정 s. 章程 글장 길 Rules regulations; by-laws. *See* 약됴.

*장정규측 s. 章程規則 글장 (길) (법) (법측) Rules and regulations.

장조림 h. Meat roasted with soy.

*장졸지간 h. 將卒之間 (장슈) (군ᄉᆞ) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) Between general and private soldiers. *See* 장졸지분.

*장졸지분 h. 將卒之分 (장슈) (군ᄉᆞ) (갈) (ᄂᆞᆫᄂᆞᆯ) The distinction between general and private soldiers. *See* 장졸지간.

*장죄 h. 杖罪 (ᄎᆡᆨ 칠 죄) (허물) The punishment of flogging formerly prescribed for certain offences.

*장종 h. 將種 (장슈) (씨) A race of giants or generals.

*장죽 s. 長竹 (긴) (대) A long pipe; a long bamboo.

*장즁 s. 場中 (마당) (가온ᄃᆡ) The arena—for official examinations. *See* 과장.

*장중 h. 掌中 (손바닥) (가온ᄃᆡ) (In) one's hand; within one's power. *See* 슈중.

*장즁경 h. 張仲敬 (베플) (버금) (공경) 7th century A.D. A noted adherent of the founder of the Tang dynasty.

*장즁보옥 h. 掌中寶玉 (손바닥) (가온ᄃᆡ) (보ᄇᆡ) (구슬) A jade or pearl in one's hand—what is prized, as son or daughter.

*장즁쥬옥 h. 掌中珠玉 (손바닥) (가온ᄃᆡ) (구슬) (구슬) A gem in one's hand; "the apple of one's eye."

*장지 s. 障子 (막을, 아들 *ᄌᆞ) Screens; doors; folding doors. (드리다 *See* 장주.

*장지 s. 長指 (긴) (손가락) The "commanding" finger—the middle finger.

*장지 a. 將至 (장차) (니를) About; nearly. *See* 내지.

*장진 s. 長津 (긴) (나루) A prefect in Ham-kyŏng-do. Lat. 40.40. Long. 127.18.

*장진강 s. 長津江 (긴) (나루) (물) A river near the border between Ham-kyŏng-do and Pyŏng-an-do.

*장질 s. 長疾 (긴) (병) A lingering fever; tertian fever. (Prov).

*장질 l. 長姪 (어른) (족하) The oldest nephew by the oldest brother.

*장조 l. 長子 (긴) (아들) The eldest son. *See* 맏아들.

*장조 s. 障子 (막을) (아들) Sliding doors; folding doors (드릭다) *See* 장지.

*장조방 s. 張子房 (베를. (아들) (방) A famous Chinese counsellor who lived about B.C. 189—He finally became a recluse

*장조장손 l. 長子長孫 (긴) (아들) (긴) (손조) The eldest branch of a family.

*장주 s. 長住 (긴) (있을) Staying for a long time; always present. *See* 유장.

*장지 l. 掌財 (맛흘) (지물) A treasurer; a holder of funds or money.

*장차 s. 將差 (장슈 (부릴) An inferior constable.

*장차다 s. 長 (긴) 장 차; 한 To be long; be of great length. *See* 화장차다.

*장창 s. 長槍 (긴) (창) A long spear; a long lance. *See* 장검.

*장창 s. 張飛 (베를) (너를) 1st century B.C. Celebrated man of China for his skill in repressing disorders and the brigandage then prevalent.

*장처 l. 杖處 (집힝이) (곳) Marks or bruises left by the paddle.

*장척 s. 長尺 (긴) (조) A long foot measure—as used by carpenters.

*장청 l. 將廳 (장슈) (청) The office of the chief of the soldiers in a country *yamen*.

*장춘 s. 長春 (긴) (봄) Everlasting spring.

*장춘화 s. 長春花 (긴) (봄) (쏫) Blooming throughout the year—said of flowers.

*장취불성호다 s. 長醉不醒 (긴) (취홀) (아닐) (찔) To be always drunk.

*장취성 s. 將就樣 (장차) 나아갈) (모양—*양) Promise of future success—in study, ability that gives promise. *See* 전경

*장취호다 s. 長醉 (긴) (취홀) To be always drunk.

*장충 s. 長虫 (긴) (벌레) A long reptile—a snake.

*장충단 l. 奬忠壇 (권장) 충셩) (단) A place in Seoul where sacrifice is offered to the spirits of departed soldiers.

장치다 l. 장제; 천 To free a kite string that has become entangled in another. *Also* 질치다. To be superior, to be first.

장치다 l. 回翔 (도라올—*회) (놀기 *양) 잘 제; 천 To circle about as a falcon before swooping down.

*장침 s. 長枕 (긴) (벼개) A long wooden pillow—that serves for several sleepers.

*장차 s. 將次 (장차) (버금) Will; about to—a mark of the future.

장차 s. 將 (*장) Will; about to—a mark of the future. *See* 종차.

*장처 l. 將差 (장슈) (부릴) Police; detectives; constables. (노력). *See* 장교.

*장책 s. 長冊 (긴) (책) An account-book—of a merchant. *See* 문서.

*장탄식 s. 長嘆息 (긴) (한식) 쉬일) A deep sigh. *See* 장탁령.

*장탄호다 s. 長嘆 (긴) (한식) To feel great grief; to sorrow greatly; to lament deeply—used only of the grief of the speaker or writer.

*장터 s. 場址 (마당) (터 —*지) A fair; a market square *See* 시문

*장해게 s. 場債計 (마당) (갈닐) (회계) Market reckonings up of profits etc.

*장형 l. 將廳 (장슈) (마을) The police office of a prefecture.

*장훈 l. 將勳 (장슈) (거누릴) Recommendations for the rank of general.

*장판 s. 張板 (베풀) (판조) Thick oiled paper—used for floors.

*장판 l. 杖板 (막대) (판조) An instrument on which criminals are tied to be beaten.

*장판 s. 場市 (마당) (져조—*시) A market; a market square. *See* 민장판.

*장패 s. 長派 (긴) (갈래) The oldest branch of a family.

*장패 l. 將牌 (장슈) (패) A talley carried by each of the *Chang kyo* bearing name etc. (차다).

*장패호다 l. 杖斃 (집힝이) (죽을) To die under the application of the paddle—of a criminal.

장포 *s.* 菖蒲 (*창) (*포) The calamus. *See* 장포.

*장포강 *s.* 瓜浦江 (간) (개) (물) A river between Ch'ung-chong-do and Chol-la-do.

장풀 *s.* The calamus. *See* 장포.

*장피 *s.* 獐皮 (노로) (가죽) Deer-skin.

*장하 *l.* 墻下 (담) (아래) The lowest part of a wall

*장하에 *l.* 幄下 (장막) (아래) Under canvass—serving as an officer.

*장하에 *l.* 杖下 (집행이) (아래) Under the paddle.

*장학 *s.* 瘴瘧 (장귀) (학질) A continued fever; quotidian fever. (Prov.).

*장학원 *l.* 奨學院 (권장홀) (배홀) (집) The name of an ancient university in Kyŏto.

*장현광 *s.* 張顯光 (배플) (나타날) (빛) F.S. 仁同 N.P. 旅軒. A noted official of the time *In-jo.*

*잘혈 *s.* 獐血 (노로) (피) Deer's blood—a tonic.

*장형 *l.* 杖刑 (집행이) (형벌) The punishment of flogging formerly prescribed for certain offences.

*장형 *l.* 長兄 (어룬) (맛) The eldest brother. *See* 빅형.

*장형부모 *l.* 長兄父母 (어룬) (맛) (아비) (어미) The eldest brother holds a similar place (of authority) to parents.

*장호 *s.* 張昊 (배플) (하놀) A noted writer of the Sang dynasty, about A.D 1200.

*장흑대 *s.* 長橫 (간) (빗길) A single board cover placed above a coffin and leaving a space open.

*장홍흥 *s.* 張紅紅 (배플) (붉을 (붉을) 9th century A.D. A Tung-o courtesan, celebrated for her musical talant.

*장흥 *s.* 長興 (간) (닐) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.15. Long. 126.54.

*장흥고 *s.* 長興庫 (간) (닐) (고집) The name of a government storehouse.

*장화 *s.* 張華 (배플) (빛날) A.D. 222-300. Minister of State of Chiun. Author of the 博物志.

*장화 *s.* 長靴 (간) (신) Long boots.

*장화 *s.* 長華 (간) (빛날) A island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.42. Long. 126.26.

*장활 *l.* 長濶 (간) (넓을) Length and breadth. *See* 광활.

*잘장하다 *s.* 張皇 (배플) (넘굴) To be lengthened out; to be endless- of talk. *See* 지리하다.

저 *s.* He; she. That. *Also* 뎌.

*저 *s.* 箸 (저) Chopsticks. *See* 져가락.

저근덧 *s.* 少頃, 적을 *소 (잇기 -*언) In a twinkling; in a moment.

저르릉 *n.* Jingling; clanking.

저리다 *s.* 저려; 린 To be "asleep"; to be benumbed; to be paralyzed; to be used up. To salt down; to be seasoned.

저버거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To grate; to sound—as shoes in the sand.

저벅저벅 *n.* Grating; grinding; squeaking.

저허ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 沮 (두려울—*공) To fear; to dread. (Prov.) *See* 두려워ᄒᆞ다

저희 *s.* 渠 (저 *거) Those—persons; those—fellows.

*적경 *s.* 賊警 (도적) (일여울) A fear of thieves; anxiety about robbers.

*적괴 *s.* 賊魁 (도적) (괴슈) The chief of robbers, or of rebels.

*적굴 *s.* 賊窟 (도적) (굴) A den of robbers.

적다 *l.* 少 (적을—*쇼) 어; 은 To be little; to be small; to be few. *See* 작다

*적당 *s.* 賊黨 (도적) (무리) Robbers; brigands; thieves. *See* 적도.

*적명 *s.* 賊名 (도적) (일홈) Names of robbers. *See* 도적녹명.

*적물 *s.* 賊物 (도적) (물건) Stolen goods. (잡다).

*적반하장 *s.* 賊反荷杖 (도적) (도릴) (메일) (집행이) The thief on the contrary lifts his hand to strike (the detective).

*적선 *s.* 賊船 (도적) (비) An enemy's ship; a pirate ship.

*적세 *s.* 賊勢 (도적) (형세) The power of the enemy; the strength of an opposing force.

*적심 *s.* 賊心 (도적) (무옴) A desire to steal. *See* 흉심.

적에 *s.* 之時 (갈—*지) (때—*시) At the time; as; when.

적으나 *l.* Slightly; rather; perhaps a little; something of.

적은집 *l.* 妾 (첩—*쳡) A concubine; a mistress *See* 소가.

적이 *l.* 稍 정정 *초) Slightly; rather.

*적한 *s.* 賊漢 (도적) (놈) A thief; a burglar. *See* 한당.

*적함 s. 賊艦 (도적) (군함) An enemy's warship; a man of war belonging to a hostile country; a pirate ship.

*적혈 s. 賊穴 (도적) (구멍) A den of thieves.

*적환 s. 賊患 (도적) (근심) A scourge of robbers.

절썩절썩 s. With a thud—as of repeated blows of a paddle. *See* 썩썩.

절넝절넝 s. Jingling.

절노 s. 自 (스스로—*조) Oneself; himself; of itself. *See* 스스로.

*절식복약ᄒᆞ다 s. 節食服藥 (절조) (밥) (먹을) (약) To be abstemious and take medicine.

*절식ᄒᆞ다 s. 節食 (절조) (밥) To be abstemious; to be temperate in food

절ᄒᆞ다 s. 拜 (절—*비) To make obeisance to; to worship.

젊다 s. 少 (젊을—*쇼) 젊어; 은 To be young. *Opp.* 늙다.

젊은이 s. 少年 (젊을—*쇼) (히—*년) A young person. *See* 쇼년.

점잔다 / 俊秀 (준걸 *준) 쎄여날 -*슈) ᄒᆞ; 은 To be elderly; to be dignified; to be grave; to be respectable.

제 s. His; her. My, as used by servants etc. Time. *See* 때.

제가 s. He; she. I. *See* 내가.

제각금 s. 各各 (각-*각 (각 *각) Each one; every one. Separately; by itself. *See* 각각.

제각기 s. 各各 (각—*각) (각—*각) Separately; each by himself.

제국에 s. Of itself; naturally.

제기 l. An expression of disgust.

제물의셈 s. Repairs on a new article not yet made use of.

제자로칼 s. A knife with blade and handle in one piece.

제장 l. An expression of disgust. (Prov.).

제장이 s. A professional—as compared with an amateur.

제쳐먹다 s. 여; 믄 To pinion the hands behind the back.

제쳐다 s. 제쳐; 친 To bend back; to slope back (v. t.); to pull off—leaves.

제쌔락 s. 箸 (저—*저) Chopsticks.

*제간 l. 這間 (뎌간) (소이) Then; during the time. *See* 기간.

제살부치 s. Meat dishes.

*제거 s. 這個 (저거) (개—*개) That. *See* 이거.

*제거번 s. 這箇番 (저거) (갈) (번) At, that time; then; during. *See* 젭때.

제겨디디다 s. 踮 (제겨드딜 -*기) 디 어딘 To stand on tiptoe. *See* 지루드딕다.

*제격뒤 s. 狙擊隊 (기두릴) (칠) (뒈) A company of sharp-shooters.

*제견ᄒᆞ다 s. 狙擊 (기두릴) (칠) To take a deliberate aim at; to fire at.

제고리 s. 上衣 (웃 *상) (옷—*의) The small inside coat or jacket.

*제구 s. 鵜鴣 (새) (비둙이) A waterfowl emblematical of conjugal harmony, the *Cuscus rutila.*

*제근 l. 苧根 (풀) (뿌리) The root of the grass-cloth plant, *Boehmeria nivea.*

*제근피 l. 楮根皮 (가죽나무) (뿌리) (가죽) The root bark of the *Ailantus glandulosa.*

*제금은함 l. 貯金銀行 (저츅ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞ) (은장ᄉᆞ) Savings Bank.

제기 l. A shuttlecock. (차다).

제녁 s. 夕 (*석) Evening. The evening meal. (먹다). *Opp.* 아ᄎᆞᆷ.

*제령 s. 猪苓 (도야지) (복령) A kind of China-root.

자르렁 s. Jingling.

자르렁저르렁 s. Jingling; rattling. *See* 멍그렁뎅그렁ᄒᆞ다.

저롯 s. A hemp stalk stripped of the bark.

저리다 s. To salt down.

저리다 s. 痛 (저릴 -*비) To be stiff; to be "asleep"—of one's limbs.

*저립ᄒᆞ다 s. 佇立 (기두릴) (설) To stand.

저릿저릿ᄒᆞ다 s. 痛 (저릴 -*비) To be stiff; to be sore—from sitting etc. *See* 자릿자릿ᄒᆞ다.

*저마 l. 苧麻 (모시) (삼) China grass. *Boehmeria nivea.*

*저마포 l. 苧麻布 (모시) (삼) (뵈) Cloth woven with the fibers of China grass.

*저명ᄒᆞ다 s. 著名 (나타날) (일홈) To become known—of a name.

저무다 s. 러; 문 To be evening; to be toward sunset. *Also* 져물다.

저물다 s. 暮 (저물—*모) 어; 문 To be toward sunset; to be evening; to be late—in the evening. *See* 늣다.

저ᄆᆞᆺᄒᆞ다 s. To be dusk; to be dark—in the evening.

저분저분ᄒᆞ다 a. To be soft; to be watery to the taste.

저ᄇᆞ리다 s. 貢 (짊—*부) ᄇᆞ리; 린 To reject; to refuse; to decline—a favor, kindness.

*저사 l. 苧紗 (모시) (깁) Grass-cloth gauze.

*저상ᄒᆞ다 l. 沮喪 (문허질) (죽을) To droop; to fall; to decline;—of spirits or energy.

*저슈ᄒᆞ다 l. 儲水 (저츅) (물) To collect water—as in a paddy-field.

*저술ᄒᆞ다 l. 著述 (나타낼) (지ᄉᆞᆨ) To compose a work; to write a book.

*저술쟈 l. 著述者 (나타낼) (지ᄉᆞᆨ) (놈) An author or editor.

*저실즈 s. 楮實子 (구나무) (열ᄆᆡ) (아들) The fruit of the paper mulberry—a kind of medicine.

저ᄉᆞᆷ다 s. 스ᄊᆞ; 온 To be inspired with respect; to be overawed.

저울 s. 衡 (저울대—*셩) A balance; a steelyard. A measure of weight; a catty.

저울눈 s. 鐵絲 (저울눈 -*ᄉᆡ) (저울눈—*슈) Measure of weight. The numbers and degrees marked on the beam of a steelyard. *See* 최슈.

저울ᄃᆡ s. 衡 (*셩) The beam of a balance or steelyard.

저울츄 s. 錘 (*츄) The weight of a balance or steelyard.

저울판 s. 稱板 저울 -칭 (판ᄌᆞ -*판) The receptacle of a balance or steelyard.

*저작ᄒᆞ다 l. 咀嚼 (씹을) (씹을) To bite; to gnaw; to chew.

*저지 / 姐姐, 맛누의, 맛누의 An older sister

저저히 / 逐逐 (더긔 *사, 더긔 *사 Each individually; each one; every particular.

저젹저젹 s. 躕躇 (쥬져홀—*쥬) (쥬져홀 *져) Tramping—as soldiers.

저주ᄒᆞ다 l. 어; 준 To threaten; to overwhelm (a criminal) with clamor.

*저주ᄒᆞ다 / 咀咒 (저주홀) (저주홀) To rail at; to curse; to injure. *See* 악담ᄒᆞ다

*저쥬 l. 苧紬 (모시) (깁) Gauze—a mixture of silk and linen

저졈ᄃᆡ s. Some time ago; formerly; in the past. *Also* 며즘ᄃᆡ.

저즈 s. 市 (*사) A market. (보다). *See* 시샹.

*저즈보다 s. 아; 본 To go to market.

*저츅금 s. 儲蓄金 (저츅) (ᄉᆞᆨ흘) (쇠) Money stored up; reserve funds.

*저츅ᄒᆞ다 s. 儲蓄 (저츅) (ᄉᆞᆨ흘) To accumulate; to hoard. *See* 예비ᄒᆞ다.

저퀴 s. A malignant spirit that causes disease.

저프다 s. 恐 (두려울—*공) 저ᄑᆡ, 픈 To fear; to be afraid. (Prov.) *See* 두렵다.

*저포 l. 苧布 (모시) (베) Grass-cloth; linen. *See* 모시.

*저포젼 l. 苧布廛 (모시) (베) (젼ᄉᆞ집) A grass-cloth shop.

저허ᄒᆞ다 s. 恐 (두려울 -*공) To be afraid; to fear; to be anxious lest. (Prov.) *See* 두려워ᄒᆞ다

*저히ᄒᆞ다 s. 沮戲 (문허질) (희롱) To upset another's plans; to interfere; to cause disaster to. *See* 훼방치다.

*적 s. 赤 (붉을) Dark red.

*적 s. 炙 (지질) Broiled steak or fish. *See* 산적.

적 s. With difficulty; barely. *See* 겨우.

*적 s. 積 (ᄊᆞᆨ흘) A lump in the abdomen —said to move about in the stomach. Product; capacity. *See* 긔.

*적 s. 癪 (병) Cramp of the uterus; hysteria

*적각 s. 赤脚 (붉을) (ᄃᆞ리) Bare legs and feet.

*적간ᄒᆞ다 s. 摘奸 (ᄯᆞᆯ) (간사) To make an examination of; to examine; to look into. *See* 검찰ᄒᆞ다.

*적거 s. 謫居 (귀양갈) (살) Exile; banishment. (ᄒᆞ다).

*적견 s. 赤犬 (붉을) (개) A reddish-brown dog.

*적곡을 ᄉᆞ 積曲ᄒᆞ ᄊᆞᆨ흘 (곱을) (법) Integral curvature.

*적공ᄒᆞ다 s. 積功 (ᄊᆞᆨ흘) (공) To spend labor over.

*적극 s. 積極 (ᄊᆞᆨ흘) (긋ᄀᆞᆺ) Positive pole as of electricity.

*적금 s. 赤金 (붉을) (쇠) Red gold.

*적긔 s. 赤旗 (붉을) (긔) A red flag.

*적긔 s 積氣 (ᄊᆞᆨ흘) (긔운) Hysteria

*적년 s 積年 (ᄊᆞᆨ흘) (히) (For) many years. *See* 히포.

적널다 s. 어; 닌 To come off—of splinters, slivers etc.

*적년신고하다 s. 積年辛苦(쌕흘)(히)(외옴) (피로움) To have hardship for many years; to suffer for many years.

적다 s. 記 (귀록—*치) 어; 은 To note down; to keep an account, to write *See* 치부하다

적다 s. 어; 은 To be like; to be—used as an ending. *See* 스럽다.

*적단죽 s. 積丹竹 (쌕홀) (놈율) (대) *Bambusa xenanensis.*

*적담 s. 赤痰 (놈율) (담) Bloody phlegm. *See* 빅담.

*적덕하다 s. 積德 (쌕흘) (큰) To accumulate virtue or merit. *See* 적선하다.

*적면 s. 籍田 (호적) (밧) The field where the king goes out to plow on the vernal equinox.

*적제 s. 赤帝 (놈율) (님금) The god of the South or Summer.

*적도 s. 赤島 (놈율) (섬) An island in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.18. Long. 130.27.

*적도 s. 赤道 (놈율) (길) The equator. *See* 혈듸.

*적도의 s. 赤道儀 (놈율) (길) (거둠) Equatorial telescope.

*적도직하 s. 赤道直下 (놈율) (길)、포율) (아래) Directly under the equator.

*적동 s. 赤銅 (놈율) (구리) A kind of black metal made by mixing gold with copper.

*적동전 s. 赤銅錢 (놈율) (구리) (돈) Copper money.

*적두 s. 赤豆(놈율)(팟) Red beans

*적디 s. 赤地 (놈율)(짜) Waste land—as where crops are devastated. *See* 적흘.

*적딘 s. 赤帶 (놈율) (띠) The equator; the torrid zone. *See* 적도.

*적딘모 s. 赤玳瑁 (놈율) (딘모) (딘모) Red tortoise-shell. *See* 화딘모

*적딘하 s. 赤帶下 (놈율) (띠) (아래) A female disease.

*적랑 s. 積量 (쌕흘) (헤아릴) Square measure

*적료하다 s. 寂寥 (고요) (고요) To be silent; to be quiet; to be solitary. *See* 적막하다.

*적리 s. 赤痢 (놈율) (리질) Bloody stools.

*적립금 s. 積立金 (쌕흘) (셜) (쇠) Undivided profits.

*적막하다 s. 寂寞 (고요) (고요) To be solitary; to be lonely. To be destitute. *See* 고요하다.

*적멸지도 s. 寂滅之道 (고요) (멸홀) (갈) 길) The Doctrine of silence—Buddhism.

*적멸하다 s. 寂滅 (고요) (멸홀) To come to an end; to be extinguished.

*적몰하다 s. 籍沒 (호적) (주울 To confiscate goods. *See* 건몰하다.

적버리다 s. 버려; 린 To note down: to keep an account.

*적벽대전 s. 赤壁大戰 (놈율) (박람) 、론) (쌕홀 The great battle on the *Chuk pyuk* river (Ancient Chinese Hist)

*적벽부 s. 赤壁賦 (놈율) (바람) (글) A famous writing of Sotongpa (쇼동과), one of the literary celebrities of China.

*적병 s. 積病 (쌕홀) (병물) A disease—in which globe-like formations gather in the stomach.

*적복령 s. 赤茯苓 (놈율) (복령) (복령) Red China-root—a medicine said to be transformed by time into amber

*적분 s. 積分 (쌕홀) (논홀) Integral calculus.

*적분법 s. 積分法 (쌕홀) (논홀) (법) Integration.

*적분인수 s. 積分因數 (쌕홀) (논홀) (인홀) (두어) Integrating factor.

*적분지중하다 s. 積憤在中 (쌕홀) (분홀) 、있을) (가온듸) To be pent up with rage.

*적분학 s. 積分學 (쌕홀) (논홀) (비홀) Integral calculus.

*적불 s. 赤紱 (놈율) (독긔) Clothes embroidered with figures of an axe. (B. O.)

*적불선하다 s. 積不善 (쌕홀) (아닐) (착홀) To be unrighteous; to be lawless; to be wicked.

*적빈 s. 赤貧 (놈율) (간난) Utmost poverty; being out at elbows.

*적빈무의하다 s. 赤貧無依 (놈율) (간난) (업슬) (의지) To be absolutely destitute.

*적빈하다 s. 赤貧 (놈율) (간난) To be absolutely destitute.

*적뵉리 s. 赤白痢 (놈율) (흰) (리질) Red and white stools -dysentery.

*적사 s. 赤蛇 (놈율) (비암) A red kind of snake.

*적산화슈은 s. 赤酸化水銀 (놈율) (실) (물) (은) Hydrargyri Oxidum Rubrum.

*적산화슈은유고 s. 赤酸水銀油膏 (놈율) (실) (물) (은) (기름) (가름) Unguentum Hydrargyri Oxidi Rubri.

*적삼 s. 赤衫 (붉을) (적삼) A single-ply summer coat. *Opp* 겹옷.

*적삼 s. 赤杉 (붉을)(삼나무) Cryptomeria.

*적색지 s. 赤石脂 (붉을) (돌) (기름) A red kind of clay—used in making ointment.

*적선ᄒᆞ다 s. 積善 (쌓흘) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To accumulate virtue. *Opp.* 적악ᄒᆞ다

*적설 s. 積雪 (쌓흘) (눈) Deep snow.

*적설초 s. 積雪草 (쌓흘)(눈)(풀) *Hydrocotyle asiatica.*

*적성 s. 積城 (쌓흘) (재) A prefect in Kyŏng-keni-do. Lat. 38 00. Long. 126.50.

*적셩거ᄎᆞᄒᆞ다 s 積成卷軸 (쌓흘 일홈 (척)(축) To have piles of notes and manuscripts.

*적소 s. 謫所 (귀향갈) (바) The place to which a person is banished; place of exile.

*적쇠 s. 炙鐵 (지질) (쇠—"덜) Bars linked at the ends that are used as a gridiron. *See* 쟈덜.

*적쇼셩대 s 積小成大 (쌓흘) (젹을) (일울) (큰) Small things heaped up become great. *See* 진합태산.

*적숑 s. 赤松 (붉을) (소나무) *Pinus densiflora.*

*적슈 s. 赤手 (붉을) (손) Empty hands—without a cash. *See* 공슈.

*적슈 s 赤鬚 (붉을) (슈염) Red beard. a red bearded person; hence, a contemptuous term for all Europeans and Americans.

*적슈공권 s. 赤手空拳 (붉을 손 (뷘 (쥬먹) Empty hands—having nothing.

*적슈ᄀᆡ가ᄒᆞ다 s. 赤手起家 (붉을) (손) (니러날) (집) To accumulate wealth from nothing.

적시다 s. 漬 (적실—"지) 여; 신 To soak; to wet.

*적신 s. 赤身 (붉을) (몸) The naked body; a destitute person.

*적실인심 s. 赤失人心 (붉을, 일흘 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Loss of public favor; absence of good will. (ᄒᆞ다).

*적심 s. 赤心 (붉을) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) A heart with blood in it—loyalty. *See* 단심.

*적십ᄌᆞ s. 赤十字 (붉을) (열) (글ᄌᆞ) The Red cross.

*적십ᄌᆞ병원 s. 赤十字病院 (붉을 열, 글ᄌᆞ 병, 집) A Red cross Hospital.

*적소구ᄂᆞᆫ s 積仕久勤 (쌓흘) (벼슬) (오랠) (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) As old official; a well tried hand.

*적식 s. 赤色 (붉을) (빗) Red color. *See* 단식.

*적악 s. 積惡 (쌓흘) (모질) Accumulated wickedness; one wickedness added to another.

*적악ᄒᆞ다 s. 積惡 (쌓흘) (모질) To accumulate evil; to heap up wickedness. *Opp.* 적선ᄒᆞ다.

*적양 s. 赤楊 (붉을) (버들) The alder.

*적여구산 s. 積如丘山 (쌓흘) 갓흘 (언덕 (뫼) A heap like a hill or mound. See 거적두랑.

*적옥화슈은 s. 赤沃化水銀 (붉을) (기름질) 될 (물) (은 Hydrargyr. Iodidum Rubrum.

*적울 s. 積鬱 (쌓흘) (답답) Gloom; melancholy; the blues. (ᄒᆞ다).

쩍의다 s. 剖 (가를 *부) 여; 원 To split.

*적응 s. 赤熊 (붉을) (곰) The red bear.

적이다 s. 적여; 인 To copy off; to write off quickly.

*적원ᄒᆞ다 s. 積寃 (쌓흘) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) To heap up wrath against oneself; to cause oneself to be disliked. *See* 푼원ᄒᆞ다.

*적작약 s. 赤芍藥 (붉을, 작약 (약) The roots of *Paeonia albiflora*—a medicine.

쩍쩍 s Smacking; sticking.

쩍쩍거리다 s. 거려; 린 To smack the lips; to eat.

*적적ᄒᆞ다 s. 寂寂 (고요) (고요) To be quiet; to be still; to be solitary. *See* 동동ᄒᆞ다.

*적조ᄒᆞ다 s. 積阻 (쌓흘) (막힐) To be long—since hearing from you. (Epist.).

*적즈 s. 赤子 (붉을) (아ᄒᆞᆯ) A child; a baby. The "children"—the people. (Comp.).

*적체ᄒᆞ다 s. 積滯 (쌓흘) (막힐) To be long interrupted.

*적치ᄒᆞ다 s 積置 (쌓흘) (둘) To accumulate; to pile up. *See* 쌔다.

*적토마 s. 赤兎馬 (붉을 토ᄭᅵ 말) The famous horse of *Kwangyong*; a dark bay horse.

*적폐 s. 積弊 (쌓흘 (폐여질) Accumulated evil; a vice of long growth; bad habits which have developed in a long course of years.

*적하증명서 s. 積荷証明書 (쌓흘) (멱힐) (증거) (붉을) (글) A manifest.

*적철 s. 積血 (쌕흘) (뫼) A ball of blood —said to gather in the stomach from disease.

*적흉 s. 赤凶 (붉을) (흉할) An out and out famine. *See* 대살년.

*전 s. 前 (압) The front. *See* 압 Before —in time.

*전 l. 傳 (젼즐) A record; a chronicle; a biography.

*전 l. 篆 (젼조) The "seal" character—ornamental writing as found on seals etc.

*전 s. 錢 (돈) Money. Ten cash. (Comp.).

*전 l. 氈 (젼) Felt; coarse fabrics made of hair. *See* 담.

*전 l. 廛 (장소짓) A shop; a store. (보다). *See* 가게.

*전가 s. 全家 (온젼) (집) Whole family.

*전가지보 s. 傳家之寶 (젼즐) (집) (갈) (보비) An heirloom. *See* 청천구업.

*전간전 s. 傳簡錢 (젼즐) 편지) (돈) Money paid for safe deliverance of a letter.

*전갈 s. 全蝎 (온젼) (빈디) A scorpion.

*전갈호다 s. 傳喝 (젼즐) (우지질) To announce verbally; to deliver orally.

*전갑 s. 前甲 (압) (가을) Past experience.

*전거 s. 前車 (압) (수레) The leading vehicle in a number of vehicles; the preceding vehicle; the preceding or a previous train. *Opp.* 후거.

*전거호다 l. 轉居 (굴) (살) To change one's abode, etc.

*전고 s. 殿考 (저물눈) (상고) Special examination—for office in the Home Dep.

*전고 l. 戰鼓 (싸홈) (북) A drum used in battle.

*전고 l. 傳稿 (젼즐) (글) Biographies.

*전고후비호다 s. 前高後卑 (압) (놉흘) (뒤, 느즐) To be high before and low behind—of the topknot.

*전곡 l. 錢穀 (돈) (곡식) Money and grain.

*전곡간 l. 錢穀間 (돈) (곡식 (소이) Money or supplies.

*전골 l. 煎骨 (지질) (뼈) A stew; a mixed dish.

*전골 s. 全骨 (온전) (뼈) The whole skeleton.

*전공 s 前功 (압) (공) Past services.

*전공 l. 戰功 (싸홈) (공) Military services. *See* 훈공.

*전공(이)가석호다 s. 前功可惜 (압) (공) (앗갑, (앗길) To be a pity—in speaking of the past services of one who has proven faithless.

*전교 s. 傳敎 (젼즐) (구르칠) The king's commands. (누리다) *See* 하교.

*전교호다 s. 傳敎 (젼즐) (구르칠) To command—as does the king.

*전구 s 前驅 (압) (몰) Runners who go before an official. (B. O.)

전국 s. Spirit unmixed with water.

*전국 s. 全局 (온젼) (판) The general position or interests at stake.

*전국 l. 戰國 (싸홈) (나라) The turbulent kingdoms that fought during the Chu dynasty 770 to 255 B.C.

*전국 s. 全國 (온젼) (나라) All the country.

*전국인민 s. 全國人民 (온젼) (나라) (사롬) (빅셩) Subjects of the state

*전군 s. 全軍 (온젼) (군소) The whole army.

*전군 s. 全郡 (온젼) (고을) The whole district;—applied only to rural districts.

*전근 l 轉筋 (굴) (힘줄) Cramp of the foot. Unreasonableness.

*전근락란 l. 轉筋攣亂 (굴) (힘줄) (락란) (어지러울) A contraction of the muscles and a twisting of the body—a disease. *See* 각궁반장.

*전근증 l. 轉筋症 (굴) (힘줄) (증세) Cramps or twisting of parts of the body.

*전금 s. 前金 (압) (쇠) Money paid in advance *See* 션금.

*전긔 l. 傳記 (젼즐) (긔록) Records; a biography; a historical story.

*전긔호다 s. 前期 (압) (긔약) To be before the date; to be ahead of time.

*전긔식 s. 展開式 (펼) (열) (법) Expansion.

*전과 l. 煎果 (다릴) (실과) Preserved fruits; jam. *See* 정과.

*전관 s. 前官 (압) (버슬) A former magistrate. *See* 구관.

*전관 l. 錢貫 (돈) (꿰일) A thousand cash or so.

*전관호다 s. 專管 (오로지) (거느릴) To have power over; to control altogether.

*전권 s. 專權 (오로지) (권세) Sole right; plenipotentiary, despotism.

*전권공사 s. 專權公使 (오로지) (권세) (귀인) (능여곰) Minister plenipotentiary.

*전권대신 s. 專權大臣 (오로지) (권세) (큰) (신하) The sole administrator. A minister plenipotentiary. *See* 특사.

*전권대사 s. 專權大使 (오로지) (권세) (큰) (능여곰) An ambassador plenipotentiary.

*전권ᄒᆞ다 s. 專權 (오로지) (권세) To have supreme control.

*전년 s. 前年 (앞) (히) Last year. *See* 작년.

*전능ᄒᆞ다 s. 全能 (온전) (능홀) To be almighty.

*전다 l. 煎茶 (다릴) (차) An infusion of tea leaves.

*전단 l. 戰端 (싸홈) (끗) The cause of war.

*전달ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳達 (전홀) (통달) To forward; to pass on; to transmit; to send; to transmit a message or communication of any kind.

*전당 s. 專當 (오로지) (맛당) Completely; exclusively. One completely responsible. *See* 전혀.

*전당ᄒᆞ다 s. 專當 (오로지) (맛당) To be exclusive; to be wholly responsible for. *See* 독당ᄒᆞ다.

*전도 l. 剪刀 (끌길) (칼) Scissors.

*전도 s. 前道 (앞) (길) The road before one.

*전도 s. 前道 (앞) (길) The distance to be covered on a journey. *See* 전로.

*전도 s. 傳道 (전홀) (길) Preaching—the Gospel.

*전도사 s. 傳道師 전도, (길 스승) A preacher; a helper—as of the Presbyterian church. *See* 조사.

*전도ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳道 (전홀) (길) To preach —the Gospel.

*전동력 l. 轉動力 (굴) (움직일) (힘) Rotation.

*전동ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉動 (굴) (움직일) To rotate.

전드리다 l. 撤盛 (것을—*철) (창소 집—*천) 드려; 턴 To pack away shop goods in the evening that have been exposed to sale. *See* 철전ᄒᆞ다.

*전동 s. 前等 (앞) (무리) The former official.

*전디 l. 戰地 (싸홈) (짜) A battle field. *See* 전장.

*전디 s. 錢帶 (돈) (찰디) A long sack in which cash is carried.

*전딕 s. 前代 (앞) (디신) Former generations.

*전라도 s. 全羅道 (온전) (벌) (길) The province of Chulla to the S.W. of Korea.

*전략 l. 戰略 (싸홈) (도략) Military plan; strategy.

*전략상 l. 戰略上 (싸홈) (도략) (웃) In war.

*전량 l. 錢兩 (돈) (두) A hundred cash or so.

*전력ᄒᆞ다 s. 全力 (온전) (힘) To use all one's strength.

*전례 s. 傳例 (전홀) (전례) Precedents; usages; customs. A bribe given to the constable by the prisoner.

*전령 s. 傳令 (전홀) (능여곰) A written official order.

*전령ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳令 (전홀) (능여곰) To command officially; to publish or circulate orders.

*전로 s. 前路 (앞) (길) The way ahead.

*전로 l. 錢路 (돈) (길) The circulation of cash or money. *See* 전정.

*전률 s. 前率 (앞) (법) Antecedent.

*전륜좌 l. 轉輪座 (굴) (박회) (좌) Large Mexican gold, *Lepidocolaptes*

*전률ᄒᆞ다 s. 戰慄 (썰) (두려울) To tremble; to shiver; to shudder.

*전립 l. 戰笠 (싸홈) (갓) A felt-hat lined with silk—worn by military officers. *See* 벙거지.

*전릭지물 s. 傳來之物 전홀 (올) (갈) (물건) Goods handed down from one's forefathers. *See* 세전지물.

*전만 l. 錢萬 (돈) (일만) Ten hundred thousand—of cash etc.

*전매국 s. 專賣局 (오로지) (팔) (관) Patent office.

*전매권 s. 專賣權 (오로지) (팔) (권세) A monopoly; exclusive power of sale—as securing a patent.

*전매특허 s. 專賣特許 (오로지) (팔) (특별) (허락) Exclusive right to sell, a patent.

*전매하다 s. 專賣 (오로지) (팔) To have a monopoly of; to have exclusive right of sale.

*전망공신 / 戰亡功臣 (싸홈) (죽을) (공) (신하) A loyal courtier who dies on the battle-field.

*전망하다 l. 戰亡 (싸홈) (죽을) To die in battle. *See* 절스하다

*전면 s. 全面 온전 (낫, Face value

*전면 s. 前面 (앞) (낫) A former acquaintanceship. The front; the right side—of cloth. *See* 후면.

*전멸하다 s. 全滅 (온전) (멸홀) To be finished; to be annihilated.

*전모 l. 戰帽 (싸홈) (사모) A runner's felt-hat rain-cover.

*전모 l. 氈毛 (흐들닐) (털 여) Cilium.

*전목 s. 全木 (온전) (나무) Thick planks.

*전목 s. 栓木 (나무) (나무) A cork; a stopper.

*전몰하다 l. 戰歿 (싸홈) (죽을) To die on a battle field.

전무 l. An umbrella hat—made of bamboo slips and paper.

*전무후무하다 s. 前無後無 (앞) (업슬) (뒤) (업슬) To be never seen before or since.

*전무하다 s. 專務 (오로지) (힘쓸) To work alone; to do exclusively

*전무하다 s. 全無 (온전) (업슬) To be wholly lacking.

*전문 s. 傳聞 (전홀) (드를) A rumour; report.

*전문 s. 專門 (오로지) (문) A special branch of science; particular object of study or pursuit; speciality

*전문 l. 箋文 (글) (글) Literary compositions of good wishes sent to the King.

*전문 s. 全文 (온전) (글) A complete sentence.

*전문 l. 錢文 (돈) (글) Money; cash.

*전문가 s. 專門家 (오로지) (문) (집) A specialist.

*전문과 s. 專門科 (오로지) (문) (과거) A special branch of science.

*전문에 s. 傳聞 (전홀) (드를) By report; from hearsay. *See* 풍문.

*전문체소인 / 箋文遞送人 (글) (글) (보낼홀) (부칠) (판원) The official who carries a letter of good wishes to the king—from a provincial governor etc.

*전문학 s. 專門學 오로지 (문) (비홀) A special study or course.

*전문학교 s. 專門學校 (오로지) (문) (비홀) (학교) A specialty school.

*전문하다 s. 傳聞 (전홀) (드를) To hear; to learn.

*전문하다 l. 轉聞 (굴) (드를) To hear as a rumor; to learn—from hearsay.

*전멸하다 s. 全昧 (온전) (어둘) To be altogether dark.

*전발 s. 栓拔 (나무) (뽑) A corkscrew.

*전방 l. 廛房 (전) (방) A shop; a store.

*전방석 l. 氈方席 (전) (모) (돗) A felt mat.

*전번 s. 前番 (앞) (번) Before; on a former occasion. *See* 여거번.

*전법 l. 戰法 (싸홈) (법) Rules of military science;—no longer used.

*전별시 / 餞別詩 (전송) (리별) (글) Parting verses.

*전별주 / 餞別酒 (전송) (리별) (술) The parting glass—of spirit.

*전별하다 l. 餞別 (전송) (리별) To bid farewell; to bid goodbye. *See* 작별.

*전병 s. 煎餠 (지질) (떡) Pancakes—used as a wrap for meat and vegetables.

*전복 l. 戰服 (싸홈) (옷) A long sleeveless coat—worn by officials.

*전복 s. 全鰒 (온전) (전복) The *haliotis* or ear-shell.

*전부 s. 戰斧 (싸홈) (도긔) A battle-axe.

*전부 l. 轉附 (굴) (붓칠) A district in the old Kingdom China. (M.).

*전부 s. 前夫 (앞) (지아비) A former husband. *See* 후부.

*전부 s. 全部 (온전) (떼) All parts; the whole of anything. Complete number of volumes.

*전분 s. 專文 (오로지) (글) A single study.

*전분고견ᄒᆞ다 s. 全不顧見 (온전) (아닐) (도라볼) (볼) To leave one to starve; to pay no attention to one's wants. *See* 돈불고견ᄒᆞ다.

*전비 s. 前非 (앞) (그를) Past wickedness; previous sins.

*전비 s. 前陪 (앞) (모실) Runners who clear the way for an official. (셔우다). *See* 후비.

*전비 s. 前陪 (앞) (무리) Those in advance; those who have gone before.

*전빅 l. 錢百 (돈) (일빅) Ten thousand—of cash etc.

*전산 s. 前山 (앞) (뫼) The mountain or the hill opposite; a mountain in the foreground.

*전상처 s. 前上處 (앞) (웃) (곳) A lofty situation. (B. O.)

*전서 s. 前書 (앞) (글) Before mentioned.

*전셔ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳書 (전ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) To copy; to write off.

*전션 l. 戰船 (싸홈) (비) A war-junk; a war-ship. *See* 군함.

*전션 s. 銓選 (저울눈) (ᄀᆞᆯ) Appointments to office under the old *I-jo*.

*전셜 s. 傳說 (전ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A tradition; saying; a rumour; a report.

*전셜ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳說 (전ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To tell to some one; to announce. *See* 젼파ᄒᆞ다.

*전세 s. 前世 (앞) (인간) Former times; former generations.

*전세계 s. 前世界 (앞) (인간) (디경) Previous or past ages, or the age before the creation of human beings.

*젼세계 s. 全世界 (온젼) (인간) (디경) The whole world.

*전셩 s. 全城 온젼) (재) The whole city.

*전송ᄒᆞ다 l. 餞送 (젼송) (보낼) To entertain a departing friend. *See* 젼별ᄒᆞ다.

*젼쇼 s. 前宵 (앞) (밤) The previous night.

*젼쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 全燒 (온젼) (불살올) To be entirely burnt as a building; to be burnt down to the ground.

*젼송ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳送 젼ᄒᆞᆯ 보낼 To transmit; to send; to forward; to convey.

*젼슝 s. 前誦 (앞) (외일) Elementary studies and prayers in Buddhism.

*젼ᄉᆞᄉᆞᆨ젼 숫數이쳐 (온젼 (두어) (올흘) (결단) A unanimous vote in the affirmative.

*젼ᄉᆞᄉᆞ ᄒᆞ 全數 온젼 두어 Entirely; completely; altogether. *See* 젼혀.

*젼술 s. 全酒 (온젼) (술—*쥬) Spirit unmixed with water.

*젼슈 s. 傳授 (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (줄) Passing from hand to hand; what circulates.

*젼슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳授 (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (줄) To deliver to; to hand over to.

*젼슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 專修 (오로지) (닥글) To devote one's self to exclusively.

*젼술 l. 戰術 (싸홈) (술법) Military tactics.

*젼습ᄒᆞ다 傳習 젼ᄒᆞᆯ 엄습 To inherit; to succeed to.

*젼승ᄒᆞ다 s. 全勝 (온젼) (이길) To win a complete victory.

*젼승ᄒᆞ다 l. 戰勝 (싸홈) (이길) To gain a victory in battle.

*젼시 l. 戰時 (싸홈) (때) In time of war; warlike times.

*젼신 s. 全身 (온젼) (몸) All the body; the whole body. *See* 젼혀.

*젼신불슈 s. 全身不遂 (온젼) (몸) (아닐) (좇을) Paralysis of the whole body. *See* 반신불슈.

*젼싱 s. 前生 앞 날 A former birth. *Opp.* 후싱.

*젼심 s. 專心 (오로지) (무옴) The whole heart; all the mind. *See* 젼심치지.

*젼심치지 s. 專心致志 (오로지 무옴 (일위) (뜻) Singleness of purpose. *See* 착심.

*젼ᄉᆞ l. 戰士 (싸홈) (션비) A fighting man; a combatant; a warrior

*젼ᄉᆞ s. 前事 (앞) (일) Past events; past affairs. *Opp.* 후ᄉᆞ.

*젼ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 戰死 싸ᄒᆞ 죽을 To die on the battle field. *See* 젼망ᄒᆞ다

*젼싱 s. 前生 앞 날 A former birth—as taught by the Buddhists. *Opp.* 후싱.

*젼압긔 s. 鎮壓器 눌 누를 그릇 A roller—used in levelling roads.

*젼야 s. 前夜 (앞) (밤) Last night; the previous evening.

*젼어 l. 鱣魚 (젼어) (고기) A fish of the herring family with a string to the back of its dorsal fin.

*젼어군 s. 傳語軍 (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (군ᄉᆞ) The soldier who makes official announcements.

*전어판 s. 傳語官 (전호) (말숨) (벼슬) An officer whose duty it is to make official announcements. *See* 승소

*전어풍 s. 傳語筒 (전호 말숨) (통) A phonograph. *See* 유성긔.

*전어ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳語 (전호), (말숨) To announce verbally, to interpret *See* 통변ᄒᆞ다.

*전언 s. 前言 (앞) (말숨) Words spoken before; a previous statement; prediction; prophecy.

*전언 s. 傳言 (전호) (말숨) Hearsay; a report.

*전언ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳言 (전호) (말숨) To announce verbally; to send a verbal despatch.

*전에 s. 前 (앞) Before—in time. *See* 앞희.

*전역 l. 戰役 (싸홈) (역소) A battle; a war.

*전염병 s. 傳染病 (전호) (물드릴) (병) An infectious disease.

*전염병원 s. 傳染病院 (전호) (물드릴) (병들) (집) A plague hospital; a hospital for infectious diseases.

*전연히 s. 全然 (온전) (그럴) Altogether.

*전염ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳染 (전호) (물드릴) To be contagious; to be infectious.

*전운랑청 l. 轉運郎廳 (굴) 옹길) (사나희) (마을) A secretary of the Transport Office an officer of the rear rank, 6th degree

*전운서 l. 轉運署 (굴) (옹길) (마을) The Transport Office.

*전운ᄉᆞ l. 轉運使 (굴) (옹길) (부릴) An official who brings rice tax gatherings to the capital.

*전운어ᄉᆞ l. 轉運御史 (굴) (옹길) (모실) (소리) The President of the Transport Office.

*전운옥편 s. 全韻玉篇 (온전) (운) (구슬) (책) The standard Chinese-Korean Dictionary used in Korea.

*전위ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳位 (전호) (벼슬) To transmit the throne; to abdicate in favor of a son. *See* 션위ᄒᆞ다.

*전위ᄒᆞ다 s. 專委 (오로지) (부릴) To send specially; to be for a special purpose. *See* 전인ᄒᆞ다.

*전유어 l. 煎油魚 (지질, (기름) (고기) A fried dish—of fish or meat. *See* 산젭.

*전유ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳諭 (전호) (닐을) To transmit the orders of the king.

*전음계 s. 全音階 (온전) (소리) (셩들) Diatonic scale; gamut.

*전의 s. 前誼 (앞) (전호) Former friendship. *See* 구졍.

*전의 s. 全義 (온전, (옳흠) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.40, Long. 127.15.

*전의 s. 詮議 (의론ᄒᆞᆫ) (의론) Enquiring into the truth of a fact; examination.

*전인 s. 前人 (앞) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A predecessor. *See* 후인.

*전인 l. 廛人 (젼ᄉᆞ집) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A shopkeeper; a tradesman. *See* 시졍.

*전인보행ᄒᆞ다 s. 專人步行 (오로지) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (가ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To go as a special courier. *See* 전인ᄒᆞ다.

*전인ᄒᆞ다 s. 專人 (오로지) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To send a special messenger. *See* 보발놋다.

*전일 s. 前日 (앞) (날) The day before; formerly. *See* 일젼.

*전일ᄒᆞ다 s. 全一 (온젼) (ᄒᆞᆫ) To be alike; to be consistent.

*전임 s. 前任 (앞) (맛길) The previous incumbent; the post previously occupied by an official.

*전임ᄒᆞ다 s. 專任 (오로지) (맛흘) To do exclusively; to hold the monopoly for.

*전임ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉任 (굴) (맛길) To be removed from one office post to another.

*전자 s. 篆刻 (젼ᄌᆞ) (너ᄆᆞ) A heading engraved in the seal character above the inscription on a tombstone.

*전왕ᄒᆞ다 s. 前往 (앞) (갈) To go before; to precede.

*전자에 s. 前者 (앞) (놈) Formerly; before. *See* 이젼에.

*전장 l. 戰場 (싸홈) (마당) A battle-field.

*전장ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳掌 (젼호) (ᄎᆞᆺ질흠) To hand over to; to give in care of.

*전전걸식ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉轉乞食 (굴) (굴) (빌) (밥) To go here and there begging.

*전전긍긍ᄒᆞ다 l. 戰戰兢兢 (쩔) (쩔) (조심ᄒᆞᆯ) (조심ᄒᆞᆯ) To tremble from fear; to be extremely careful.

*전전년 s. 前前年 (앞) (앞) (히) Year before last. *See* 지작년.

*전전등 s. 前前停 (앞) (앞) (원—*슈) Two officials previous; the official before the last holding office.

*전전둘 s. 前前月 (앞) (앞) (ᄃᆞᆯ *월) Two months previous.

*전전 s. 前節 (압) (마디) Former ratio.

*전전반측ᄒᆞ다 l. 輾轉反側 (뒷칠) (굴) (도릴) (겨) To toss about sleeplessly.

*전전번 s. 前前番 (압) (압) (번) The turn before last.

*전전불미ᄒᆞ다 l. 輾轉不寐 (뒷칠) (굴) (아닐) (잘) To toss about sleeplessly. *See* 오미불망ᄒᆞ다.

*전제국 s. 專制國 (오로지) (제어홀) (나라) An absolute monarchy. *Opp.* 민쥬국.

*전제정부 s. 專制政府 (오로지 ᄆᆡᆫ, (정ᄉᆞ) (마을) A despotic government.

*전제정치 s. 專制政治 (오로지) (제어홀) (정ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) An absolute rule.

*전제ᄒᆞ다 s. 專制 (오로지) (제어홀) To rule absolutely.

*전정 s. 前程 (압 길) Future prospects, position in the future. (보다). *See* 초길. (B. O.).

*전정 錢政 돈 (정ᄉᆞ, The circulation of money. *See* 젼로

*전졍 s. 前情 (압) (뜻) Former affection. *See* 구졍.

*전조ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉漕 (굴) (옴길) To turn a boat round or to the side.

*전조 s. 前朝 (압) (조뎡) A previous dynasty. *Opp.* 아조.

*전조ᄒᆞ다 l. 銓照 (골 ᄇᆞᆯ 쵸일) To passon to a higher or another office for decision.

*전주ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳奏 (젼홀) (알일) To make known to the king.

*전쥬 l. 箭主 (살) (쥬인) A sea net owner.

*전쥬 l. 轉住 (굴) (머믈) To change one's place of residence.

*전쥬 l. 錢主 (돈) (쥬인) A creditor; a money owner.

*전쥬 s. 全州 (온젼) (물) The capital of North Chul-la.

*전쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 專主 (오로지) (쥬장홀) To be devoted exclusively or specially to. *See* 위쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*전죽간 l. 饘粥間 (밥) (죽) (ᄉᆞ이) Rice or congee.

*전지조손ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳之子孫 (젼홀) (갈) (아들) (손조) To hand down to posterity.

*전지ᄒᆞ다 s. 全知 (온젼) (알) To fully know.

*전직 s. 前職 (압) (직업) Former office, the office which one held previously.

*전직 l. 轉職 (굴) (직업) Changing from one official post to another.

*전직ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉職 (골 직업, To change from one official post to another.

*전진 s. 前進 (압) (나올) The best; the foremost—in studies.

*전진 s. 前陣 (압) (진칠) Advanceguards; front squadrons.

*전진지망 s. 前進之望 (압) (나아갈) (갈) (ᄇᆞᆯ망) A future hope.

*전진ᄒᆞ다 s. 前進 (압) (나올) To progress; to advance; to proceed; to go forwards.

*전진ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉進 (구올) (나갈) To go further; to go beyond.

*전질 s. 全帙 (온젼) (편ᄎᆞ) A complete set—as of volumes.

*전집ᄒᆞ다 s. 專執 (오로지) (잡을) To take upon oneself; to assume responsibility for.

*전조 l. 篆字 (젼주) (글주) "Seal" characters—applied to any form of ornamental writing as found on seals. *See* 쏨븐.

*전지 l. 錢財 (돈) (지물) Wealth in money; riches. *See* 지물.

*전징 l. 戰爭 (싸홀) (다ᄐᆞᆯ) A war.

*전징비 l. 戰爭費 (싸홀) (다ᄐᆞᆯ) (허비) War expenses.

*전챵 s. 前站 (압) (챵) The halting place ahead—in traveling.

*전처 s. 前妻 (압) (안히) The first wife; a former wife.

*전쳔 l. 錢千 (돈) (일쳔) A hundred thousand—of cash etc.

*전첩 l. 戰捷 (싸홈) (ᄉᆡᆺ불) Victory.

*전쳘 s. 前轍 (압) (수레박회) The front cart—preceding experiences.

*전쳥ᄒᆞ다 l. 轉請 (구올) (청홀) To make request in behalf of.

*전축증 l. 轉筑症 (굴) (우무러질) (증세) A kind of paralysis.

*전치ᄉᆞ s. 前置詞 (압) (둘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A preposition.

*전차로 s. 輾次 (굴) (버금) In succession; one after another. N 전지전차.

*전탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 轉托 (굴) (부탁) To entrust to a third party, instead of doing for oneself.

*전탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 全托 (온젼) (부탁) To entrust wholly to; to give full charge of.

*전텰 l. 煎鐵 (지질) (쇠) A frying-pan; a stew-pan. *See* 쟈텰.

*전덜갑선 s. 全鐵甲船 (온전)(쇠)(갑옷)(배) A completely armoured ship.

*전혜 s. 全體 (온전) (몸) The whole body. *See* 전신.

전혜송장 s. The body of a person found dead on the roadside, that is moved from place to place.

*전혜ᄒᆞ다 t. 轉遞 (굴) (갈닐) To forward; to hand over to.

*전ᄎᆞᆨ t. 箭筒 (살)(통) A quiver.

*전ᄎᆞᆼ ᄒᆞ 全統 (온전)(거느릴) The whole; entirely. *See* 전혀.

*전쿠합 t. 戰鬪艦 (싸홈)(싸홈)(군함) A battle-ship.

*전쿠ᄒᆞ다 t. 戰鬪 (싸홈)(싸홈) To fight together; to encounter.

*전파ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳播 (전홀) (퍼칠) To proclaim; to spread abroad; to announce —what should be kept quiet.

*전판 t. 前板 (지질) (판조) Boards placed below and above articles to be cut with a knife.

*젼판 s. 全板 (온전) (판조) Wholly; altogether.

*젼패ᄒᆞ다 t. 敗北 (싸홈) (패홀) To lose a battle. *See* 패군ᄒᆞ다.

*젼편 s. 前篇 (앞)(칙) A former volume; the first series of a book.

*젼편 s. 全篇 (온전)(칙) A whole volume.

*젼폐 s. 前弊 (앞) (해여질) Former abuses; past public nuisances. *Opp.* 후폐

*젼폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 全廢 (온전)(폐홀) To stop; to cease from—as studies etc.

*젼포 t. 戰袍 (싸홈) (도포) A military robe.

*젼포 t. 戰袍 (싸홈) (도포) A military robe.

*젼포ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳布 (전홀)(펼) To circulate; to publish; to proclaim; to spread abroad.

*젼표 t. 錢票 (돈) (표) A note for money.

*젼필승공필취ᄒᆞ다 t. 戰必勝攻必取 싸홈)(반ᄃᆞᆺ)(어길)(칠)(반ᄃᆞᆺ)(취홀) To fight and certainly win; to attack and gain the day.

*젼함 t. 戰艦 (싸홈) (군함) A war ship.

*젼항 s. 前項 (앞) Antecedent. Preceding or before mentioned article; antecedent.

*젼혀 s. 全 (온전) Altogether; wholly; completely. *See* 젼슈히.

*젼호 s. 前胡 (앞) (오랑캐) *Angelica*—a medicine.

*젼호 s. 前號 (앞) (일홈) Former edition.

*젼호련속ᄒᆞ다 s. 前號連續 (앞) (일홈) (련홀) (니을) To be continued from a former number or series.

*젼회 s. 前回 (앞) (도라올) The previous time; preceding occasion; previously —of wrestling, the previous bout.

*젼후 s. 前後 (앞) (뒤) Before and after; first and last. *See* 션후.

*젼후-곡졀 s. 前後曲折 (앞) (뒤) (곱을) (쎡글) Origin and result; all the circumstances.

*젼후ᄉᆞ연 s. 前後事緣 (앞) (뒤) (일) (인연) Origin and result; circumstances.

*젼후일 s. 前後日 (앞) (뒤) (날) The 1st and 2nd days of examinations.

*젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 傳 (전홀) To transmit by word of mouth; to hand down. To deliver; to send a message.

*젼화위복 t. 轉禍爲福 (굴) (지화) (ᄒᆞ) (복) Disaster turns into blessing.

*젼ᄒᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 t. 錢荒 (돈) (거칠) To be scarce—of money; to be tight—of finances.

*졀 s. 寺 (*ᄉᆞ) A Buddhist temple or monastery. *Also* 졀.

*졀 s. 節 (마듸) Sections; paragraphs; verses. Divisions of time. Chastity —of widowhood, loyalty. A tasseled staff given to high officers when traveling by royal command.

*졀 s. 絕 (끈허질) Pieces of cut paper. A lack. (Prov.).

*졀가ᄒᆞ다 s. 折價 (쎡글) (갑) To fix a price; to settle on a price. *See* 결가ᄒᆞ다.

*졀각소지ᄒᆞ다 s. 折脚所志 (쎡글) (다리) (바) (뜻) To announce to an official that an ox has broken its leg, to ask permission to slaughter.

*졀각ᄒᆞ다 s. 折脚 (쎡글) (ᄃᆞ리) To break a leg—of animals.

졀간 s. 寺 (졀—*ᄉᆞ) A Buddhist monastery. (ᄒᆞ다). *See* 졀.

*졀개 s. 節介 (졀조) (낫게) Loyalty; chastity—of widowhood etc. *See* 지조.

*졀강 s. 浙江 (물) (물) Che Kiang in China.

*졀김 s. 節儉 (졀조) (검박) Frugality; carefulness. *See* 졀용.

*절곡ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕穀 (끈흘) (곡식) To be lacking—of appetite.

*절골 s. 折骨 (젹골) (뼈) A broken bone.

*절교ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕交 (끈흘) (사괼) To break off intercourse or friendship. *See* 겨련ᄒᆞ다.

절구 s. 臼 (*구) A hulling mortar—for grain. (짤ᄒᆞ다). *See* 도구.

*절구 s. 絕句 (끈흘) (글구) A stanza of Chinese poetry consisting of four lines each, with seven characters to the line.

절구공이 s. 杵 (공아—*저) A pestle for hulling grain.

절구질ᄒᆞ다 s. 舂 (저을—*용) To hull grain; to grind—by pestle and mortar.

*절귀 s. 絕句 (끈흘) (글귀—*구) Impromptu verses—without a set theme. *See* 단흘.

*절금ᄒᆞ다 l. 絕禁 (끈흘) (금호) To strictly forbid.

*절긔 s. 節氣 (마듸) (긔운) A term or solar period, a festival; the seasons—as to late or early. *See* 절후.

*절긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 切緊 (근졀) (긴흘) To be necessary; to be important. *See* 요긴.

절눅절눅ᄒᆞ다 s. 蹇 (졀—*건) To limp; to walk lame.

절눅절눅ᄒᆞ다 s. Limping; walking lame.

절다 l. 蹇 (졀—*건) 어; 졀 To limp; to be lame.

절다 l. 어; 전 To be salted down.

*절단 s. 截端 (끈흘) (끗) A piece; a slice; a scrap—as of paper, board etc.

*절단션 s. 截斷線 (끈흘) (끈흘) (선) Transversal lines.

*절단ᄒᆞ다 截斷ᄒᆞ다 (끈흘) To cut off—as a limb; to amputate.

*절담 s. 絕談 (끈흘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Eloquence; powers of conversation. *See* 구담.

*절멈 s. 切點 (버질) (멈) Point of contact.

*절명 s. 絕頂 (끈흘) (니마) The highest peak; a mountain top.

*절도 s. 竊盜 (도젹) (도젹) Theft; larceny; stealing. A thief; a sneak thief. *See* 강도.

*절도 s. 絕島 (끈흘) (셤) An isolated island; an island in the open sea.

*절도ᄉᆞ s. 節度使 (마듸) (법도) (ᄉᆞ여ᄒᆞᆷ) A name given to a lieut.-general, an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree

*절도정비ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕島定配 (끈흘) (셤) (졍흘) (쌕) To send into exile to an island.

*절도ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕倒 (끈흘) (것구러질) To be very remarkable; to be exceedingly strange. *See* 요괴ᄒᆞ다.

*절두각추 s. 截頭角錐 (끈흘) 머리) (살) (송곳) Frostum of a pyramid.

*절두어 s. 截頭語 (끗흘) (머리) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Prefix.

*절두원추 s. 截頭圓錐 (끈흘) 머리) (둥글) (송곳) Frustum of a cone.

*절두톄 s. 截頭體 (끈흘) (머리) (몸) Frustum.

절뚝발이 s. 蹇者 (졀—*건) 놈 *자) A lame person. *See* 절눅발이.

절뚝절뚝 s. Limping, walking; lame. *See* 절눅절눅.

*절등ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕等 (끈흘) (무리) To be superior to; to excel—in ability, appearance etc. To be absolute. *See* 초등ᄒᆞ다.

*절뎨가인 s. 絕代佳人 (끈흘) (뒤신) (아름다울) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The greatest beauty in the world. *See* 경국지식.

*절뎌단위 s. 絕對單位 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (흐) (버ᄉᆞᆯ) Absolute unit.

*절뎌덕 s. 絕對的 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (덕실) The greatest possible; the limit.

*절뎌덕반뎌 s. 絕的對反對 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (덕실) (도라올) (뒤흘) An extreme opponent.

*절뎌도량 l. 絕對度量 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (법) (헤아릴) Absolute measure.

*절뎌량 s. 絕對量 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (헤아릴) Absolute magnitude.

*절뎌령 s. 絕對零 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (떠러질) Absolute zero.

*절뎌습도 s. 絕對濕度 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (저질) (법) Absolute humidity.

*절뎌온도 s. 絕對溫度 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (뜨울 (법, Absolute temperature.

*절뎌운동 s. 絕對運動 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (옴길, 움직일 Absolute motion.

*절뎌젼력계 s. 絕對電力計 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (전긔, 젼긔 계교, Absolute electrometer

*절뎌치 s. 絕對値 (끈흘) (뒤흘) (갑) Absolute value.

*절대평창 s. 絶對膨脹 (끈흘)(대)(펑부를)(비부를) Absolute expansion.

*절대후다 s. 絶代 (끈흘)(대신) To have no heir; to lack posterity.

*절량되다 s. 絶糧 (끈흘)(량식) 여; 된 To lack food.

*절로 s. 絶路 (끈흘)(길) A blocked way; no communication.

*절로후다 s. 絶路 (끈흘)(길) To block a road; to bar the passage of a road; to interrupt communication; to cut off retreat.

*절망 s. 絶望 (끈흘)(보랄) Despair; disappointment; desperation; hopelessness.

*절망후다 s. 絶望 (끈흘)(보랄) To despair, to despond; to give up

*절명일 s. 絶命日 (끈흘)(목숨)(날) A fatal day—as found in the list of unpropitious days.

*절목 s 節目 (마디)(눈) Sections; paragraphs. *See* 됴목.

*절묘후다 s. 絶妙 (끈흘)(묘흘) To be exquisite; to be charming; to be beautiful. *See* 긔묘후다.

*절문 s. 節文 (마디)(글) Outline and detail. Inner character and outer form. (M.).

*절문 s. 竊聞 (그윽)(드를) I have heard that etc.

*절미 s. 折米 (썩글)(쌀) Broken grains of rice. *See* 싀미.

*절박후다 s 切迫 (근절)(핍박) To be in great trouble—from anxiety or poverty. *See* 박절후다.

*절반 s. 折半 (썩글 (절반) The half. *See* 절반.

*절발지환 s. 竊發之患 (도젹)(쏴) (갈)(근심) Fear of robbers; (in) terror of brigands.

절벅절벅 s. Splashing—as through mud and water. *See* 질석질석.

절벙거리다 s. 거러; 린 To splash; to flounder.

절벙절벙 s. Splashing; floundering in the water.

*절벽 s. 絶壁 (끈흘)(바랑) Projecting crags; overhanging rocks. *See* 벼랑.

*절벽강산 s. 絶壁江山 (끈흘)(바랑)(물)(뫼) A deaf person; a stupid creature.

*절부 s. 節婦 (마디)(지어미) A virtuous woman. *See* 렬녀.

*절부월 s. 節斧鉞 (마디)(독긔)(독긔) The axe of authority—as given to a governor or other high official.

*절상후다 s. 折傷 (썩글)(상흘) To break—as a joint; to be fractured.

*절서 s. 節序 (마디) (차례) A season; a festival. *See* 긔후.

절석 s. With a thud; with a spank. *See* 잘석.

절석절석 s. Thumping; spanking

*절선동력 s. 切線動力 (근절, (실)(움직일)(힘 Tangential force.

*절선속도 s. 切線速度 (근절) (실) (쇡를) (도수) Tangential velocity.

*절손후다 s. 絶孫 (끈흘) (손) To have no heir to lack posterity. *See* 절수후다

*절수 s. 節數 (마디) (두어) The seasons or solar periods; the number of verses, paragraphs etc. (악이다).

*절승후다 s. 絶勝 (끈흘) (이길, To be beautiful—of scenery. To be superior—in ability, appearance etc. *See* 긔묘후다.

*절식후다 s. 絶食 (끈흘) (밥) To refuse food; to eat nothing. *See* 절곡후다.

*절소후다 s. 絶祀 (끈흘) (졔소) To break off sacrifices—in consequence of having no issue.

*절소후다 s. 節死 (마뎌)(죽을) To die—in consequence of one's faithfulness or fidelity. *See* 전망.

*절소후다 s. 絶嗣 (끈흘) (니을) To be without an heir; to have no issue. *See* 절손후다.

*절식 s. 絶色 (끈흘) (빗) A remarkable beauty; a pretty face. *See* 일식.

*절약후다 s. 節約 (절조) (간약) To economize; to abridge; to abbreviate.

*절엄후다 s. 切嚴 (근절) (엄흘) To be awe inspiring; to be terrible. *See* 지엄후다.

*절역 s. 絶域 (끈흘)(디경) The remotest region.

*절연각 s 絶緣脚 (끈흘) (말미암을)(집) An insulating stand.

*절연물 s. 絶緣物 (끈흘) (말미암을) (물건) An insulator.

*절연에 s. 絶緣體 (끈흘) (말미암을)(몸) An insulator.

*절영도 s. 絶影島 (끈흘) (그림주) (셤) An island in Kyong-sang-do.

*절용절검후다 s. 節用節儉 (절조) (쓸) (절조) (검박) To be economical; to be sparing; to be careful.

*절용ᄒᆞ다 s. 節用 (졀용) 쓸 To be thrifty; to be frugal, to be economical. *Opp.* 탐용.

*절유 s. 窃惟 (졀유) (겸각) My private opinion; my humble judgment.

절음나다 s. 졀 (절 *건, 음 나; 난 To become lame, to limp.

*절음ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕飮 (졀음) (마실) To break off drinking.

*절음ᄒᆞ다 s. 節飮 (졀음) (마실) To be temperate in the use of spirits. *Opp.* 과음ᄒᆞ다.

*절의 s. 節義 (마듸) (음) Fidelity; constancy; chastity.

*절의ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕義 (졀의) (음) To cut off relationship by marriage on the death of the wife; to renounce friendship or affection for

*절이 s. 窃以 (졀이) (씨) My opinion is *See* 겹유.

*절인지력 s. 絕人之力 (졀) 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈, (힘 Superhuman strength. *See* 신인지용.

*절일 s. 節日 (마듸) (날) A festival; a holiday. *See* 일명.

*절원 s. 切圓 (버힐) (동굴) Tangential.

*절원ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕遠 (졀원) (멀) To be far distant.

*절장보단ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕長補短 (졀장) (단) (기울) 싸ᄅᆞᆯ) To cut off the longer and to lengthen the shorter—to make ends meet; to plan; to make amends.

*절저ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕跡 (졀젹) (자최) To cut off intercourse with; to have nothing to do with.

절절 s. Trickling, running.

*절절 s. Moving; boiling. Anxiously; helplessly.

*절절매다 s. 여; 린 To wander about helplessly, to be tossed about *See* 쩔쩔매다

*절절이 s. 節節 (마듸, (마듸, Verse by verse; part by part; all parts.

*절절초 s. 節節草 (마듸) (마듸) (풀) Horsetail

*절절히 s. 切切 (곤졀, (곤졀) Very urgently; expressly.

*절제 s. 節制 (마듸) (법) Bounds; limits. Orders. (주다) (받다). Rules. *See* 규칙.

*절조 s. 節操 (졀조) (잡을, Moral principles; rules. *See* 규모.

*절종ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕宗 (졀종) 발, To cut off intercourse; to fail to come. *See* 절적ᄒᆞ다.

*절종 s. 絕種 (졀종, 씨) A lack of a kind; an extinct species.

*절즌지ᄒᆞ다 s. 切憎之 (곤졀 밉을, (갈) To be hateful, to be to hate; to be detestable.

*절지 s. 絕紙 (졀종) (조희) Cut paper; paper cut into pieces.

*절차탁마ᄒᆞ다 s. 切磋琢磨 곤졀), (갈) (조을) (갈) To work with great diligence, etc.

*절차ᄒᆞ다 s. 切磋 곤졀 갈) To cut and polish, as precious stones; to be diligent or assiduous.

*절창 s. 絕唱 (졀챵) (노ᄅᆞᆯ The very finest singing or versification.

*절처봉생 s. 絕處逢生 (졀쳐, 곳, (만날) (날) Renewed hope concerning what was regarded as hopeless.

*절척ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕尺 (졀쳑) (자) To sell by the yard; to sell in small pieces.

*절초 s. 折草 (졀쵸) (풀) Cut tobacco. *See* 기삼이.

*절초전 s. 折草廛 (졀쵸) (젼) (장ᄉᆞ집) Tobacco shops—under the supervision of the government.

*절촉각 s. 切觸角 곤졀, 쳐ᄅᆞᆷ, (뿔) Contact angle.

*절츄 s. 切錐 (버힐) 송곳) Tangent cone.

*절츅 s. 截軸 (졀츅) (축) Transverse axis.

*절취ᄒᆞ다 s. 竊取 (도젹) (가질) To steal; to embezzle; to pilfer, to purloin; to "cabbage."

*절충장군 s. 折衝將軍 (결 쳐류 장슈) (군ᄉᆞ) The title of a military officer of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*절충ᄒᆞ다 s. 折衷 (결 가온ᄃᆡ) To compare and trace the mean.

*절치부심ᄒᆞ다 s. 切齒腐心 (갈 니, 썩을) (마ᄋᆞᆷ) To gnash the teeth with rage and hatred *See* 갈ᄂᆞᆫ지 ᄀᆞᆫ.

*절치ᄒᆞ다 s. 切齒 갈 니) To gnash the teeth with rage *See* 함절ᄒᆞ다.

*절친ᄒᆞ다 s. 切親 (곤졀, 친ᄒᆞᆯ To be exceedingly intimate; to be on the warmest terms of friendship.

*절초 s. 節次 (마듸 (버금, Order; arrangement. *See* 규칙

*절통ᄒᆞ다 s. 切痛 (근절) (압흘) To be vexatious; to be disappointing. *See* 원통ᄒᆞ다.

*절편 s. 餠餻 (썩흘)(떡—*병) A kind of round rice cake.

*절협 s. 絕峽 (쓴흘) (산) Remote mountain districts.

*절후 s. 節候 (절히) (세) The seasons; times. *See* 절긔.

절히다 s. 절히; 힌 To salt down *Also* 저리다.

*절ᄒᆞ다 s. 折 (썩흘) To exchange—as one kind of grain for another in tax contributions.

*절화ᄒᆞ다 s. 絕火 (쓴흘) (불) To be cut off from food and fire; to be lacking the means of living.

*점 s. 占 (졈칠) Divination, fortune telling. (치다). *See* 졋구리.

*점가속 l. 漸加速 (졈졈) (더흘) (쌕뿔) Acceleration of velocity.

*점감력 l. 漸減力 (졈졈)(멸) (힘) Retarding force.

*점근산 l. 漸近算 (졈졈) (갓가올) (산풀) Successive approximation.

*점근션 l. 漸近線 (졈졈) (갓가올) (실) Asymptote.

*점패 s. 占卦 (졈칠) (졈패) Divination; fortune-telling. (ᄒᆞ다) To annex; to take possession of.

*점돈 s. 占錢 (졈칠) (돈—*젼) Money used in divination; coins pitched to tell fortunes.

*점ᄒᆞ다 l. 占得 (졈칠) (엇을) To get possession of; to occupy.

점디ᄒᆞ다 l. To be prosperous; to be blessed—as asked in prayer from the spirits.

*졈령ᄒᆞ다 s. 占領 (졈칠) (거느릴) To take possession of; to rule.

*졈셔 s. 占書 (졈칠) (글) A book on divination.

*졈술 s. 占術 (졈칠) (술업) Divination; sorcery.

*졈소 s. 占辭 (졈칠) (말숨) The oracle of divination; the word of the diviner.

*점유ᄒᆞ다 l. 占有 (졈칠) (잇슬) To take possession of; to seize upon.

*졈입가경 l. 漸入佳境 (졈졈) (들) (아름다울) (디경) Entering the delightful land step by step—as in the attainment of one's desires.

졈잔ᄒᆞ다 l. 하; 흔 To be dignified; to be respectable.

*졈장이 s. 占匠 (졈칠) (장인) A sorcerer; a fortune-teller.

*졈졈 l. 漸漸 (졈졈) (졈졈) By degrees; little by little. *See* 초초.

졈직ᄒᆞ다 s. 羞愧 (붓그러울—*슈) (붓그러울 *괴) To be ashamed; to feel shame; to be bashful. *See* 무안ᄒᆞ다.

*졈진쥬의 l. 漸進主義 (졈졈) (나아갈) (님금) (올흘) The policy of gradual progress.

*졈치다 s. 占 (졈칠) 졈; 친 To divine; to fortell by casting lots; to tell fortunes. *See* 졋구리ᄒᆞ다.

*졈초 l. 漸次 (졈졈) (버금) By degrees; gradually; step by step; little by little.

*졈탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 占奪 (졈칠) (쌔아슬) To take possession of by force; to seize upon.

*졈풍긔 s. 占風旗 (졈칠) (바람) (긔) A wind vane.

*접 s. 接 (붓흘) A graft. (붓치다). A company of scholars or candidates for examination. (조리다).

*접구ᄒᆞ다 s. 接口 (붓흘) (입) To taste. To venture to speak; to attempt to read.

*접근ᄒᆞ다 s. 接近 (붓흘) (갓가올) To be near; to adjoin; to approach, etc.

*접긱실 s. 接客室 (디졉) (손) (집) A guest room.

*접긱ᄒᆞ다 s. 接客 (디졉) (손) To entertain a guest. *See* 디긱ᄒᆞ다.

접나기ᄒᆞ다 s. To give another an advantage—in a game.

접다 s. 納 (졉을—*엇) 어; 은 To overlook defects. To fold. To be a match for. To give another the start. *See* 뉘키다.

*접동새 s. 鵑 (*결) A bird like a starling that can be taught to speak.

접등 s. A paper lantern that can be folded down on the candle holder.

*접디등졀 s. 接待等節 (졉흘) (디졉) (무리) (마디) Preparations for the reception of a friend.

*접디ᄒᆞ다 s. 接待 (졉흘) (디졉) To attend upon; to entertain—a guest. *See* 디접ᄒᆞ다.

*접마ᄒᆞ다 s. 接魔 (붓흘) (마귀) To be possessed of an evil spirit; to be under an evil spell.

*접목 s. 接木 (붓흠)(나무) Grafting.

*접문레 s. 接吻禮 (붓흠)(입맛흠)(례도) The ceremony of kissing; a kiss.

*접문ᄒᆞ다 s. 接吻 (붓흠)(입맛흠) To kiss.

*접미어 s. 接尾語 (붓흠)(꼬리)(말숨) A suffix.

접붓치다 s. 붓치; 친 To graft.

*접빈ᄒᆞ다 s. 接賓客 (붓흠)(손)(손) To entertain a guest.

*접빈실 s. 接賓室 (붓흠)(손)(집) A guest room.

*접빈ᄒᆞ다 s. 接賓 (붓흠)(손) To receive guests.

접사리 s. 蓑 (도롱이—*사) A grass raincoat. (Prov).

*접사ᄒᆞ다 s. 接邪 붓습 (사특) To be possessed of a demon. *See* 신접ᄒᆞ다.

*접손 s. 接客 (접흠) (거느릴) Those accompanying—at examination; the friends and attendants at a *Kwago*.

*접슉곡션 s. 接觸曲線 (붓흠) (니을) (곱을) (실) Osculatin, curve.

*접속수 s. 接續辭 (붓흠)(니을)(말숨) A conjunction.

*접속ᄒᆞ다 s. 接續 (붓흠)(붓흠) To join; to be joined, to be continued.

*접슈발송ᄒᆞ다 s. 接受發送 (붓칠) (밧을) (펼) (보낼) To receive and receive—as mail etc.

*접슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 接受 (붓칠) (밧을) To receive—as mail etc.

업어보다 s. 아; 봄 To despise; to treat with contempt. To overlook defects; to treat with consideration. *See* 넘겨다보다.

접어신갈ᄒᆞ다 s. 忖度 (음셔 *셔, (셔아릴—*량) To think of with consideration; to excuse.

접어주다 s. 어; 준 To give a start to; to give an advantage.

*접옥련가 s. 接屋連家 (붓흠) (집) (니을) (집) Near neighbors. *See* 련장접옥.

*접옥련장ᄒᆞ다 s. 接屋連墻 (붓흠) (집) (니을) 담 To be near neighbours, to live separated by only one wall. *See* 접옥련가.

*접장 s. 接長 (붓흠 (어룬) Teacher, Mr.; Sir. The president of a guild.

*접젼 s. 接戰 붓흠) 싸홈, A close combat.

*접젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 接戰 (붓흠) (싸홈) To join battle, to attack.

*접제ᄒᆞ다 s. 接濟 (붓흠) 건질, To help, to supply; to aid. *See* 접뎨ᄒᆞ다.

*접쥬인 s. 接主人 (붓흠) (쥬장) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A thief's accomplice.

*접즁 s. 接中 (접흠) 가온ᄃᆡ The place occupied by candidates writing on examination. Companions; those who are united—as in examinations, writing of characters. *Opp.* 강석.

*접착ᄒᆞ다 s. 接着 (붓흠) (부도칠) To be close together; to be adjoined; to adhere.

접쳥접쳥ᄒᆞ다 To roll up; to fold.

*접촉곡션 s. 接觸曲線 (붓흠) (씨ᄅᆞᆯ) (곱을) (실) Osculating curve.

*접촉면 s. 接觸面 (붓흠) (씨ᄅᆞᆯ) (낫) Osculating circle.

*접촉션 s. 接觸線 (붓흠) (씨ᄅᆞᆯ) (실) Osculatory osculatrix

*접촉원 s. 接觸圓 (붓흠) (씨ᄅᆞᆯ) (몸글) Osculating circle.

*접촉지 s. 接取才 (붓흠) (가질) (지조) A primary examination of scholars in a Confucian college

*접촉ᄒᆞ다 s. 接觸 (붓흠) (씨ᄅᆞᆯ) To come in contact; to touch

접쳐다 s. 접쳐; 친 To fold; to roll up. *See* 거키다.

접침 s. 貼枕 (접을—*쳠) (벼ᄀᆡ—*침) A folding pillow.

접허주다 s. 어; 준 To have a start.

*접ᄒᆞ다 s. 接 (붓흠) To connect; to join. To graft.

젓 s. 乳 (*유) Milk. (싸다 *져) (먹다) (쌀다) The breasts. The ears of a kettle

젓 s. 醢 (*히) Pickled fish, shrimps, clams etc (담으다).

젓가슴 s. 胸膛 (가슴 *흉) (가슴 *당) The breasts. See 흉당

젓꼭지 s. 乳頭 (젓—*유) (머리 *두) The nipple—of the breasts.

젓국 s. 醢水 (젓—*히) (물—*슈) Fish brine. *See* 젓국.

젓국김치 s. Pickled cabbage prepared in *Chotgut*.

젓다 t. 저, 젼 To work (the oar).

젓다 s. 저져; 진 To lean back; to put back. *Opp.* 숙다

젓다 s. 漬 (저질 *ᄌᆞ) 저져; 진 To be soaked; to be wet. To be taken up with; to be absorbed in. To ring in the ears as a sound often heard.

젓갈다 *s.* 醃 (젓—*혀) 아; 은 To pickle. *Also* 젓담그다.

젓떠러지다 *s.* 絕乳 (끈흘-*절) (젓—*유) 러져; 진 To be weaned—of a child.

젓떼다 *s.* 絕乳 (끈흘-*절) (젓 -*유)어; 엔 To wean; to cease to suckle.

젓동싱 *s.* 乳同生 (젓—*유) (흔가지 —*동) (남—*싱) Foster-brothers.

젓먹다 *s.* 吮乳 (쓸—*연) (젓—*유) 어; 은 To suck—at the breast.

젓먹이 *s.* A baby; a nursing child.

젓버듬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To incline backward; to lean back. *Also* 잣바듬ᄒᆞ다.

젓어멈 *s.* 乳母 (젓 -*유) (어미—*모) A wet-nurse. *See* 유모

젓짜다 *s.* 搾乳 (짤—*자) (젓 -*유) 아; 엔 To milk.

젓젓ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be brittle; to be fragile.

젓줄 *s.* 乳經 (젓—*경) (날—*경) The source of milk supplied to the breasts.

젓차다 *s.* 反捲 (도릴—*권) (매쓸—*장) 차; 찬 To bend back; to set aside. To prune off.

젓치다 *s.* 젓쳐; 친 To put back; to set aside.

젓통 *s.* 乳房 (젓—*유) (방—*방) The breasts.

*제가ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 齊家 (가직) (집) To govern a family; to manage a household.

*제간 *s.* 猪肝 (도야지—*져) (간—*간) Pig's liver.

*제감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 除減 (제흘) (멸) To divide; to deduct from; to subtract; to exempt from.

제갈동지 *l.* A millionaire; a rich person. *See* 부가옹.

*제갈량 *s.* 諸葛亮 (모들) (칡) (롬울) A famous warrior and wise man who flourished during the minor *Han* dynasty. (181—234 A D.).

*제감ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 除減 (제흘) (감흘) To lessen; to subtract from.

*제공 *s.* 諸公 (모들) (귀인) All the gentlemen.

*제묘절 *s.* 除酵節 (제흘) (긔쥬) (졀긔) The Feast of Unleavened Bread. (Christian).

*제구 *s.* 諸具 (모들) (긋출) The various articles necessary for burial, marriage etc.

*제구 *l.* 祭具 (제ᄉᆞ) (긋출) Utensils or furniture used in religious worship.

*제국 *s.* 諸國 (모들) (나라) Various countries; all provinces.

*제군 *s.* 諸君 (모들) (그덕) All the gentlemen. *See* 제공.

*제군조 諸君子 (모들) (그덕) (아돌) All you gentlemen; all of your excellencies.

제금 *s.* Cymbals. (치다).

*제긔 *l.* 祭器 (제ᄉᆞ) (그릇) Sacrificial dishes.

*제긔법 *s.* 齊紀法 (가직) (버리) (법) Uniform scale.

*제판 *l.* 祭官 (제ᄉᆞ) (버슬) The one offering sacrifice.

*제판공장 *l.* 製磚工場 (지을 (그릇) (장) (마당 A canning establishment; also a factory where tin cans are made.

*제남 *l.* 濟南 (건널) (남녁) Tsi-nam in China.

*제다ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 製茶 (지을) (차) To make tea.

*제단 *l.* 祭壇 (제ᄉᆞ) (단) A sacrificial altar. *See* 단.

*제답 *l.* 祭畓 (제ᄉᆞ) (논 Paddy-fields reserved for sacrificial purposes. *See* 위답.

*제뎐 *l.* 祭田 (제ᄉᆞ) (밧) Fields reserved for sacrificial purposes.

*제뎐 *l.* 祭奠 (제ᄉᆞ, (드릴) Setting out a sacrificial table.

*제뎐 *l.* 祭典 (제ᄉᆞ) (법) Religious celebration; festival; fête.

*제명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 制定 (법) (뎡흘) To decide; to settle on.

*제도 *l.* 制度 (법) (법도) Regulations; organization; polity; pattern. *See* 제작.

*제독 *l.* 祭犢 (제ᄉᆞ) (송아지) A sacrificial calf.

*제독주다 *l.* 制毒 (제어흘) (독흘) 어; 준 To counteract poisonous effects; to neutralize a poison; to silence an objectionable character.

*제독ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 制毒 (제어흘) (독흘) To act as an antidote; to rid of noxious influence.

*제동긔 *l.* 製動機 (지을) (움직일) (틀) A brake—as in a steam engine.

제두 *s.* 猪頭 (도야지—*져) (머리—*두) A pig's head.

*제등수 *s.* 諸等數 (모들) (무리) (두어) Denominate number.

*제등취법 s. 諸等聚法 (모들) 무리) (모들) 법) Reduction ascending.

*제등화법 s. 諸等化法 (모들) (무리) (될) (법) Reduction descending.

*제뱡 /. 濟兩 (건널) (두) Quelpart hat rims, materials for hat rims.

*제례 /. 祭禮 (제소) (례도) Sacrificial ceremonies.

*제례ᄒᆞ다 s. 除禮 (제홀) (례도) To dispense with ceremony.

제링 s. 猪苓 도야지—*저 (풀—*령) A kind of China-root.

*제바 / 濟馬 건널) (물 Quelpart horses.

*제만ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 除慢事 (덜) (일만) (일) To drop every thing.

*제멍 s. 除名 (덜) (일홈) To expel, to withdraw from an association; to resign one's position as member of a guild.

*제모 s. 猪毛 도야지—*저) (터럭 *모 Pig's trestles.

*제문 祭文 (제소) 글) An oration addressed to the spirit at the time of sacrifice. *See* 쵸문.

*제물 /. 祭物 (제소) (물건) Things offered in sacrifice. *See* 제슈.

*제물쵸 s. 濟物浦 (건널) (물건) (개) Chemulpo. *Also* 인쳔.

*제미 /. 祭米 (제소) (쌀) Sacrificial rice.

*제미혈 s. 猪尾血 도야지—*지) (피) Blood from a pig's tail.

*제민ᄒᆞ다 s. 濟民 (건널) (박셩) To assist the people.

*제반 n. 祭飯 (제소) (밥) The first spoonful of food offered to the guardian spirit or to the host (ᄒᆞ다).

*제반 s. 諸般 (모들) (가지) Various; several, all.

*제반악증 s. 諸般惡症 모들) 가지) 모질 (증세 All sorts of evil ominous.

제발 /. Pray; please—an introductory word.

제발덕분 /. Pray; please for my sake—an introductory expression.

제발이 s. Failure; it wont do. *Also* 다ᄆᆞ리, 낫분거시

제밤도뚝 /. The mole-cricket.

제밧치 s. 白丁 (흰—*빅 장명 *덜 A butcher. *See* 우난ᄒᆞ.

*제벼ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 除番仕 (제홀) (번) (벼슬) To neglect one's duties, to skip one's turn at office.

*제번ᄒᆞ고 s. 除煩 (제홀) (번거) Without ceremony, as in a letter mentioning only what is of importance.

*제번ᄒᆞ다 s. 除番 (제홀) (번들 To miss one's turn at office.

*제법 s. 制法 (지을) (법) The art of compounding drugs. What is well done. *See* 뗴.

*제법 s. 뗴 除法 제홀) (법, Division—in arithmetic. *See* 본법.

*제병 /. 祭屛 (제소, (병풍, A sacrificial screen. *See* 소병.

*제복 /. 祭服 (제소) (옷) Sacrificial garments worn by mourners. *See* 샹복.

제비 /. 燕 (*연, A swallow.

제비 s. 鬮 (*구) A lot as used in divination etc. (쏩다).

제비쏩다 s. 拈鬮 (쏩을 *뎜) (제비—*구, 아, 은 To draw lots.

*제빈ᄒᆞ다 . 濟貧 (건널) 잔난) To give alms.

*제빅잔 s. 齊伯間 (가지 (무리) (소이) Among comrades of the same age. *See* 경교잔.

*제뷕ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 除百事 (제홀) (일뵉) (일) To throw aside everything. *See* 뵉ᄉᆞ 젼폐ᄒᆞ다.

*제사당 / 製絲場 (지을) 실) (마당) A place where thread or string is made.

*제상 /. 祭床 (제소, (상 A sacrificial table.

*제석 / 祭席 (제소 돗) A sacrificial mat.

*제석 / 除夕 (제홀) (저녁) New-year's Eve. *See* 셰하.

*제셰ᄉᆞ기 /. 濟世之才 (건널) (인간) 잘) (지조 Ability to save the world.

*제셩소지ᄒᆞ다 s. 齊聲訴罪 가지, (소리) (죌) 지 To condemn with one voice.

*제셰ᄒᆞ다 /. 濟世 (건널) (인간) To rescue the country; to avert the downfall of the country.

*제셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 齊聲 가지 (소리 To be unanimous, to have one voice.

*제수 s. 除數 (덜) (두어) Divisor

*제수 /. 祭需 제소, (음식) Sacrificial food

*제슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 除授 (제슈홀, (줄) To appoint to—as to a public office.

*제슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 除授 (제슈ᄒᆞᆯ) (즐) To be appointed to an official post; to obtain official promotion; to be transferred from one official post to another.

*제술ᄌᆡᆨ l. 製述官 (지울) (지목) (관) A candidate for written examination. *Opp.* 강경ᄉᆡᆼ.

*제술관 l. 製述官 (지를) (지목) (벼슬) An official literateur.

*제술ᄒᆞ다 l. 製述 (지을) (지목) To write for examinations; to compose in the character. *Opp.* 강경ᄒᆞ다.

*제ᄉᆞ s. 諸事 (모들) (일) Various matters; all affairs.

*제ᄉᆞ l. 祭司 (제ᄉᆞ) (맛흘) A Levitical priest.

*제ᄉᆞ l. 祭祀 (제ᄉᆞ) (제ᄉᆞ) A sacrifice. (지내다). *See* 고ᄉᆞ.

*제ᄉᆞ장ᄀᆞᆫ l. 祭司長官 (제ᄉᆞ) (맛흘) (모들) (어른) The chief priests. (Bible).

*제안ᄒᆞ다 s. 除案 (제ᄒᆞᆯ) (책상) To efface from the lists—the name of an official underling. *See* 탈명ᄒᆞ다

*제야 s. 除夜 (졔) (밤) The last night of the old year; New Year's Eve. *See* 제석.

*제약 l. 製藥 (지을) (약) The manufacture or compounding of medicine; pharmacy.

*제약국 l. 製藥局 (지을) (약) (관) A dispensary. *See Opp.* 건지국.

*제약학 l. 製藥學 (지을) (약) (비홀) Pharmacology.

*제약ᄒᆞ다 l. 製藥 (지을) (약) To compound medicines.

*제어지도 l. 制御之道 (제어) (어거홀) (갈) The way of control.

*제어ᄒᆞ다 l. 制禦 (제어ᄒᆞᆯ) (막을 To ward off; to cast off; to restrain.

*제역ᄒᆞ다 s. 除役 (제ᄒᆞᆯ) (역ᄉᆞ) To deprive of office—as a *yamen* underling. To exempt from—taxation etc.

제웅 s. An image, a scarecrow. *See* 허슈아비.

*제위답 l. 祭位畓 (제ᄉᆞ) (벼슬) (논) Paddy-fields set apart for sacrificial purposes. *See* 묘답.

제유 s. 猪油 (되아지—*져) (기름—*유 Lard.

제육 s. 猪肉 (도아지 -*져) (고기 —*육) Pork.

*제육소 l. 製絨所 (지을) (깁) (바) A weaving establishment of woollen fabrics.

*제인 s. 諸人 (모들) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) People; the public.

*제일 l. 祭日 (제ᄉᆞ) (날) The day on which a religious festival is held; a day of religious worship as being the anniversary of the death of a parent.

*제왈 l. 制曰 (법) (ᄀᆞ로) "The king commands saying." (Comp.).

*제작 l. 制作 (지을, 지을 Laws; regulations; polity; rules. *See* 제도.

*제작 l. 製作 (지을, (지을) Construction; manufacture.

*제작ᄒᆞ다 l. 製作 (지을) (지을) To construct; to manufacture.

*제잡담ᄒᆞ고 s. 除雜談 (제ᄒᆞᆯ) (셕길) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Without useless words; without palaver. *See* 폐일언ᄒᆞ고.

*제절 s. 諸節 (모들) (마ᄃᆡ) Various affairs. *See* 범절.

제절 s. 墓庭 (무덤—*묘) (ᄯᅳᆯ—*명) The different terraces or degrees before an ancestral grave.

*제제ᄉᆞ l. 製藥士 (지을) (약) (션비) A pharmacist; a druggist

*제제창창 s. 濟濟蹌蹌 긴닐) (긴닐) (추창홀) (추창홀) (With) correct and reverent deportment.

*제제하이 / 齊齊哈爾 (가ᄌᆞ) (가ᄌᆞ) (마실) (너) Tsits'har ; Manchuria

*제제히 s. 濟濟 (건닐) (건닐) In a dignified way; decently; orderly.

*제조법 / 製造法 (지을) (지을) (법) Laws governing manufacture.

*제조세 l. 製造稅 (지을) (지을) (구실) Manufacturing tax.

*제조장 l. 製造場 (지을) (지을) (맛당) A manufactory; a factory

*제조품 / 製造品 (지을) (지을) (품수) Manufactured articles.

*제족 s. 諸族 (모들) (겨레) All the relatives. *See* 일문.

*제즁 s. 諸衆 (모들) (마ᄒᆞ) All the relatives—of the same surname.

*제초ᄉᆞ무원 s. 除初謝赴任 (제ᄒᆞᆯ) (아ᄎᆞᆷ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (다다를) (맛흘) Entering office at once without an audience of the king.

*제종 s. 諸種 (모들) (씨) The various seeds—for sowing; all kinds.

*제종남녀 s. 諸從男妹 (모들) (좃칠) (사나회) (ᄉᆞ외) All the cousins male and female.

*제족형뎨 s. 諸從兄弟 (모둠) (좃칠) (밧) (아오) All the male cousins.

*제쥬 l. 祭酒 (졔소) (술) Sacrificial wine.

*제쥬쳥면 l. 祭酒生面 (셰소) (술) (날) (낫) Treating guests with some one else's sacrificial wine—trying to gain popularity at the expense of others.

*제쥬 l. 濟州 (건널) (고을) The Island of Quelpaert.

*제즁원 s. 濟衆院 (건널) (무리) (집) A hospital; an official dispensary.

*제증 s. 諸症 (모둠) (증셰) The various diseases.

*제지긔계 l. 製紙機械 (지을) (조희) (긔) (긜) A papermaking machine.

제지내다 l. 추祭 (뎨롭 -*봉 (셰소—*제) 여; 낸 To sacrifice; to make an offering to spirits.

*제지쟝 l. 製紙場 (지을) (조희) (마당) Paper manufactory.

*제직사경회 s. 諸職直經會 (모둠) (벼슬) (사실홀) (글) (모둠) A Bible class for official Boards—of Church.

*제직회 s. 諸職會 (모둠) (벼슬) (모둠) An official Board of the Church.

*제진ᄒᆞ다 s. 齊進 (가직) (나아갈) To move forward together; to advance simultaneously; to march abreast.

*제조빅가 s. 諸子百家 (모둠) (아돌) (일빅 (집) The various philosophers and scholars of all literature—all of literature and philosophy. *See* 만권서셔.

*제차긔 s. 制車機 (제어홀) (수레) (긜) A brake block.

*제챵ᄒᆞ다 s. 齊唱 (가직) (부를) To sing in unison; to sing together.

제쳐미다 s. 여; 민 To twist; to pinion; to bind. *Also* 쪄쳐미다.

*제쳥 l. 祭廳 (졔소) (쳥) The place of sacrifice—the abode of the soul. *See* 려막.

*제초ᄒᆞ다 s. 除草 (제홀) (풀) To weed—as about a grave. *See* 김미다.

*제츙ᄒᆞ다 s. 除虫 (제홀) (버레) To rid of insects.

*제ᄎᆞ식 s. 齊次式 (가직) (버금) (법) Homogeneous Expression.

*제톄 l. 祭太 (졔소) (쥴) Presents for sacrifice.

*제폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 除弊 (제홀) (해여질) To do away with abuses; to reform. *See* 거폐ᄒᆞ다.

*제제표 s. 除去 (뎔) (표홀) Sign of Division.

*제표 s. 除票 (뎔) (표) Sign of Division. (÷)

*제한 l. 制限 (법) (한명) Limit; restriction, limitation.

*제향 l. 祭享 (졔소) (누릴) A great sacrifice—as that to Confucius. A sacrifice (지내다) (드리다).

*제향공고 l. 祭享公故 (졔소) (누릴) (공번될) (연고; Official sacrificial business.

*제혁긔 l. 製革機 (지을) (가쥭) (긜) A tanning machine.

*제혁장 l. 製革場 (지을) (가쥭) (마당) A tannery.

*제회ᄒᆞ다 l. 際會 (조음) (모돌) To meet; to encounter; to fall in with;—of events; to be coincident with; to occur exactly at the time of.

*제후 s. 諸侯 (모둠) (제후) The various nobles or princes of subject states.

*제ᄒᆞ다 s. 除 (제홀) To deduct; to subtract. *See* 덜다.

(환공) 衛懿公 (나라 (군쥴) (치인) D. B.C. 643. A noted Chinaman who left a dishonored name.

*졍 s. 情 (뜻) Affection; love. Lust. (드리다) (갈다) (돌다). *See* 졍의

*졍 l. 正 (바를) Front rank—in official degrees. Truly; true—used after the name of the Korean hours to mean half or midway.

*졍가 l. 正假 (바를) (갑) A fair price, the true price of a thing.

*졍각 s. 政閣 (졍소) (집) *A yamen*; an official's public residence. *See* 졍당.

*졍각방졍식 l. 整角方程式 (졍졔홀) (쓸, 모) (갈) (법) Angle Equation.

*졍간 s. 井間 (우물) (스이) A ledger; a letter-press. The space between the lines of a page.

*졍갈스럽다 s. 淨潔 (졍홀) (몸을—*결) 리워; 울 To be clean; to be neat, to be tidy.

*졍갈ᄒᆞ다 s. 淨潔 (졍홀) 몸을—*결) To be clean; to be neat; to be tidy. *See* 졍ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞ다.

*졍감록 l. 鄭鑑錄 (나라) (다스릴) (긔록) The work of *Chung gan*, a famous Chinaman who was a friend and associate of the ancestors of the first king of the present dynasty.

*정강 s. 靜岡 (고요) (뫼) Shizuoka in Japan.

정강이 s. 脛 (경) The front of the leg; the shin.

정강정검 s. With wide steps; long strides.

*정격활용 l. 正格活用 (바를) (격식) (살) (쓸) A regular verb.

*정결처 s. 淨潔處 (정결) (곳) An undefiled place.

*정결ᄒᆞ다 s. 淨潔 (정결) To be clean; to be pure. *See* 정갈ᄒᆞ다.

*정계 s. 政界 (정사) (지경) The official world; official circles; the political world; politics.

*정정 s. 情境 (뜻) (지경) The details; the circumstances; the conditions of a case. *See* 경지.

*정경부인 s. 貞敬夫人 (곧을) (공경) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The wife of a minister or high official.

*정경세 l. 鄭經世 (나라) (경영ᄒᆞᆯ) (인간) N.P. 愚伏. A noted minister of the time of Injo.

*정고 l. 正高 (바를) (높흘) Altitude of cone or pyramid.

*정고선 l. 正高線 (바를) (높흘) (실) Altitude.

*정공 l. 正供 (바를) (이바지ᄒᆞᆯ) Gifts of food etc., made by officials to the king.

*정교 s. 政敎 (정사) (구ᄅᆞ칠) Government and religion; church and state.

*정교 l. 正敎 (바를) (구ᄅᆞ칠) True doctrine; true religion; orthodoxy.

*정교 l. 正校 (바를) (비교) A military major.

*정구 s. 鄭逑 (나라) (짝) F.S. 寒州 N.P. 寒岡. A great scholar and illustrious judge of the time of Myông-jong.

*정구불식 s. 正狗不食 (바를) (개) (아닐) (밥) One does not eat dog in the first moon

*정구지역 s. 井臼之役 (우물) (절구) (갈 (역ᄉᆞ) The work of carrying water and hulling rice.

*정궁 l. 正宮 (바를) (집) The queen —in contrast to palace concubines.

*정근ᄒᆞ다 s. 精勤 (정밀) (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) To serve or attend on diligently.

*정근ᄒᆞ다 s. 情近 (뜻) (갓가울) To be intimate with; to be on friendly terms with.

*정기 s. 旌旗 (긔) (긔) A flag; an ensign.

*정긔 s. 精氣 (정긔) (긔운) Tonics; delicacies; extracts. An atmosphere which Koreans associate with the phenomenon of life.

*정긴ᄒᆞ다 s. 精緊 (정긔) (요긴ᄒᆞᆯ) To be necessary; to be useful

*정관ᄒᆞ다 l. 靜觀 (고요) (볼 To regard silently; to contemplate quietly; to study.

*정관ᄒᆞ다 s. 呈官 (드릴) (벼슬) To petition a magistrate. *See* 경소ᄒᆞ다.

*정광 l. 鄭佸 (나라) (회계ᄒᆞᆯ A.D. 1495 F.S 東萊. A famous head of the I-jo (Civil office) of time of Yôn-san.

*정광필 l. 鄭光弼 (나라) (빛) (도울) A.D. 1522 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 守夫. A great and noted scholar.

*정권 s. 政權 (정사) (권세) Administrative power or authority.

*정남 l. 正南 (바를) (남녁) Due south. *Opp.* 정북.

*정남 s. 貞男 (곧을) (사나희) A virtuous man—unmarried. *Opp.* 정녀

*정녀 s. 貞女 (곧을) (계집) A virgin. A widow who preserves chastity. A chaste woman; a faithful wife. *See* 정남.

*정다각형 l. 正多角形 (바를) (만흘) (쓸) (형상) A regular polygon.

*정다면체 l. 正多面體 (바를) (만흘) (낫) (몸) A regular polyhedron.

*정담 s. 情談 (뜻) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Expressions of affection. *See* 선담.

*정담 s. 政談 (정사) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Political talk; discussions on politics.

*정담가 s. 政談家 (정사) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (집) A political lecturer.

*정담연설 s. 政談演說 (정사) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (부를) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Making speeches on political matters; political lectures.

*정담연설회 s. 政談演說會 (정사) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (부를) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Meetings for political lectures.

정답다 s. 多情 (만흘—*다) (뜻—*정) 다화; 온 To be affectionate; to be grateful. *See* 다졍ᄒᆞ다.

*정대ᄒᆞ다 l. 正大 (바를) (큰) To be honest; to be upright; to be true.

*정대ᄒᆞ다 l. 正大 (바를) (큰) To be just; to be impartial; to be unbiased; to be equitable.

*정당 *l.* 正堂 (바를) (집) The Hall *par excellence*; the main hall.

*정당 *s.* 政黨 (정소) (무리) A political party or association.

*정당 *s.* 政黨 (정소) (무리) A political party.

*정당방위 *l.* 正當防衛 (바를) (맛당) (막을) (모실) An even direction; a straight position.

*정당ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 正當 바를) (맛당) To be proper; to be exact—as it ought to be. *See* 덕즁ᄒᆞ다.

*정여와 *l.* 井底蛙 (우물) (밋) (개고리) The frog in the well—inexperience; ignorance of the world.

*정덕 *l.* 正嫡 (바를) (덕실) A legitimate heir; an heir-apparent.

*정뎐 *l.* 正殿 (바를) (대전) A Confucian ancestral temple. Main temple or shrine.

*정뎐 *l.* 井田 (우물) (밧) The system of dividing land into nine parts as taught by *Kcuija*—the field in the middle belonging to the state.

*정뎐긔 *l.* 靜電氣 (고요) (번기) (가운) Statical electricity; frictional electricity.

*정도 *s.* 程度 (길) (자날) Proper degree. Grade; rank.

*정도 *l.* 正道 (바를) (길) A true doctrine. The true way as opposed to by ways. *Opp.* 이만.

*정도 *s.* 程度 (길) (도수) Degree, grade.

*정도젼 *l.* 鄭道傳 (나라) (길) (전홀) F.S 本化 N.P. 三峯. A famous Korean who helped to build Seoul.

*정돈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 整頓 (정제홀) 조흘) To put in good order; to be arranged; to be settled. *See* 안돈ᄒᆞ다.

*정동 *l.* 正東 (바를) (동녁) Due east *Opp.* 정서

정드다 *s.* 多情 (만흘 *다) (뜻 *경) 려; 든 To acquire affection for; to love.

*정디 *l.* 井地 (우물) (짜) Land divided off according to the 정뎐 law. (M).

*정디 *s.* 情地 (뜻) (짜, Affection; feeling. Circumstances; conditions. *See* 정경.

*정딕오ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 整隊伍 (정제홀 떼 (항오) To draw up a regiment.

*정랑 *l.* 正郎 (바를) (사나희) The 1st secretary of a Board, an officer of the front rank, 5th degree.

*정략 *s.* 政略 (정소) (도략) Government policy; policy.

*정량 *l.* 正量 (바를) (헤아릴) Position; quantity.

*정려 *s.* 旌閭 (긔) (마을) The red gate with an inscription—before a temple to loyalty or filial piety. *See* 정문.

*정력 *s.* 精力 (정밀) (힘) Mental or physical energy; vigour; power. *See* 정셩.

*정렬 *s.* 貞烈 (곳을) (미울) Chastity; virtue. *See* 정절.

*정렬부인 *s.* 貞烈夫人 곳을 (지아비) (사롬) A virtuous lady.

*정령 *s.* 精靈 (정긔) (신령) Spirit; soul; ghost *See* 혼령.

*정령 *l.* 正領 바를 거느릴, A military office—of the 3rd degree. A colonel. *See* 령만장.

*정령 *l.* 政令 (정소) (호여곰) A government order, command, or notice.

*정로 *l.* 正路 (바를) (길) The main road; the main entrance. The true path; orthodox principle.

*정론 *s.* 政論 (정소) (의론) Politics arguments relating to political affairs

*정륙면톄 *l.* 正六面體 (바를) (여섯) (낫) (몸) Cube; a regular hexahedron

*정리 *l.* 正理 (바를) (리치) Logic; reason; correct principles.

*정리 *s.* 情理 (뜻) (리치) The whole aspect of a case—the general principles and the circumstances connected therewith. Love; affection; consideration. *See* 은졍.

*정리ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 整理 (정제홀) (다亽릴) To put in good order; to consolidate, etc.

*정린지 *l.* 鄭麟趾 (나라) 긔린 발굽치) A.D. 1414 1478 河東 N.P. 學易齋. One of the authors of the *Tong-guk Tong-gam*.

*정만셕 *l.* 鄭晩錫 (나라) 느질 (줄) A.D. 1818 F.S. 溫齋. A minister of state in the reign of Son-jo.

정말 *l.* 實話 (실상—*실) (말숨—*언) Truth; words to be depended on. Certainly; truly. *See* 춍말.

*정면 l. 正面 (바를) (낯) The front side; the main side. "Heads"—in contrast to "tails."

*정면도 l. 正面圖 (바를) (낯) (그림) Front view.

*정몽주 l. 鄭夢周 (나라) (높) (두루 A D) 1352-1392. A faithful minister and great scholar of Koryo F.S. (본디) N.P. To-eun (圖隱).

*정묘하다 a. 精妙 (정할) (묘할) To be elegant; to be beautiful.

*정무 s. 正務 (정사) (힘쓸) Government business; the affairs of the government.

*정무관 s. 政務官 (정사) (힘쓸) (벼슬) Executive officials.

*정문 s. 旌門 (기) (문) The red gate with inscriptions erected—as a mark of honor.

*정묵하다 l. 靜默 (고요) (종종) To be perfectly still; to remain silent.

*정미 s. 精米 (정할) (쌀) Washed rice; whitened rice.

*정미중량 l. 正味重量 (바를) (맛) (무거울) (헤아릴) Net weight.

*정미하다 s. 精微 (정할) (적을) To be profound; to be mysterious. *See* 지정지묘하다

*정밀기계 s. 精密機械 (정할) (빽빽) (틀) (기) Instrument of precision

*정밀하다 s. 精密 (정할) (빽빽) To be fine; to be minute; to be delicate

*정맹 l. 靜脈 (고요) (힘줄) A vein; blood vessels.

*정방수 l. 正方數 (바를) (모) (두어) A perfect square.

*정방형 l. 正方形 (바를) (모) (형상) A square.

*정벌 s. 征伐 (칠) (칠) Punishing rebellious subjects by war.

*정벌하다 s. 征伐 (칠) (칠) To attack openly—by declaration of war.

*정범 l. 正犯 (바를) (범할) The one guilty of murder—among several arrested. *See* 현범. *Opp.* 간범.

*정범 l. 正犯 (바를) (범할) The chief criminal; the principal in a crime.

*정법 s. 政法 (정사) (법) Mode of government; administration.

*정변방정식 l. 雙邊方程式 (정제할) (갓) (모) (걸) (법) Side equation.

*정병 s. 精兵 (정할) (군사) The flower of the army; picked troops.

*정복하다 s. 征服 (칠) (항복) To conquer by force; to subjugate, etc.

*정본 s. 正本 (바를) (밑) Formal or legal copy.

*정부 s. 貞婦 (곳을) (여누리) A widow who does not remarrry.

*정부 s. 政府 (정사) (마을) The government; the office of a Minister of State. *See* 의정부.

*정부위원 s. 政府委員 (정사) (맡길) (뜬원) Government committee.

*정부인 s. 貞夫人 (곳을) (지아비) (사람) A lady of the 2nd degree of rank.

*정분 s. 情分 (뜻) (논홀) Affection; favor; solicitude; influence. *See* 정리.

*정분 l. 鄭芬 (나라) (새) F.S. 海洲 N.P. 新安. A great literati of the reign of Yon-san

*정북 l. 正北 (바를) (북녘) Due north. *Opp.* 정남.

*정비례 l. 正比例 (바를) (견줄) (견례) Direct proportion; direct rule of three.

*정비 l. 正妃 (바를) (계집) The empress.

*정비하다 l. 整備 (정제할) (갖출) To be in good order or arrangement; to be fully equipped.

*정빈 l. 正賓 (바를) (손) A special guest.

*정빈답소 l. 正賓答辭 (바를) (손) (대답) (말) The reply of the special guests—at a public meeting.

*정삭 l. 正朔 (바를) (초하 또) A calendar.

*정산리감전 s. 正算利減錢 (바를) (산줄) (리할) (덜) (돈) True discount.

*정상 s. 情狀 (뜻) (모양) The aspect; of a matter; the condition of a case. *See* 정리.

*정삼품 l. 正三品 (바를) (석) (품수) Front rank 3rd degree in the old system of promotion

*정사도법 l. 正射圖法 (바를) (쏠) (그림) (법) Orthographic projections. *See* 정사영.

*정사영 h. 正射影 (바를) (쏠) (그림자) Orthographic projection. *See* 정사도법.

*정서 h. 正書 (바를) (글) The printed character—in contrast to the grass character. *Opp.* 초서.

*정서 h. 正西 (바를) (서녘) Due west. *Opp.* 정동.

*정서하다 h. 正書 (바를) (글) To rewrite carefully—after revision.

*정석오 / 鄭錫五 (나라) (줄 (다섯 A.D. 1791 F.S. 更정. A famous minister of tune of Yong-jong.

*정선 h. 旌善 (기) 착도) A county in Kang-wön. Lat. 37.25. Long. 128.40.

*정선하다 s. 精選 (정밀) (뽑) To pick up the best, etc.

*정세 s. 情勢 (뜻) (형세) Condition; date; circumstances.

*정세하다 s. 精細 (정밀 (가늘) To be minute; to be particular; to be detailed

*정성 s. 井星 (우물) (별) The 22nd of the 28th constellations Gemini 92° 30′ 21″.

정성 s. 誠 (*정) Devotion; earnestness; sincerity. *See* 정력.

정성드리다 s. 드려 ; 린 To be devoted to; to give oneself up to.

*정소하다 s. 呈訴 드릴 (하얀 To submit a statement. *See* 고하다.

*정소하다 s. 情疎 뜻 (멀 To be separated—in heart; to lack affection for. *Opp.* 숙천하다.

*정수 正數 바를, 두어 Positive numbers.

*정수 h. 整數 (정제할) (두어) Integer; integral numbers.

*정수식 h. 整數式 (정수) (두어) (법) Integral expression.

*정수 s. 精水 (정기) (물) Spermatic fluid. *See* 음수.

*정수학 h. 靜水學 (고요) (물) (학술) Hydrostatics.

*정숙하다 h. 整肅 (정제할) (엄숙) To be severe; to be exact—as in the drilling and marshalling of troops.

*정숙하다 s. 情熟 (뜻) (익을) To be warmly attached; to be matured of affection. *See* 절친하다.

*정승 s. 政丞 (정사) (도울) A minister of state—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 승상.

*정식 h. 正式 (바를) (법) Correct formalities; regular procedure; proper ceremonies.

*정신 s. 精神 (정기) (귀신) Animal spirits; mental energy; scope; mind. (드리다) (초리다).

*정신병 s. 精神病 (정기) (귀신) (병들) The disease of the mind; hypochondria.

*정실 h. 正室 (바를) (집) The lawful wife—in contrast to a concubine. *See* 별실.

*정심 h. 正心 (바를) (마음) Uprightness of heart. (하다).

*정심공부 h. 正心工夫 (바를) (마음) (장인) (지아비) Study for the rectification of the heart; sincerity in study.

*정수 s. 政事 (정사) (일) Administration; the business of government

*정오면에 h. 正四面體 (바를) (넉) (낯) (몸) Regular tetrahedron

*정색 s. 正色 바를 빛 Yellow The normal expression—gravity. (하다) *See* 작색.

*정세하다 s. 淨洗 (묽을) (씻길) To be clean; to be neat. *See* 정결하다

*정야무매지흡에 h. 正夜無寐之吸 (바를) (밤) (없을) (잘, 갈 자을 When awake in the quiet night

*정언 h. 正言 (바를) (말씀) The 4th Censor of the *Sahm-won*—an officer of the front rank, 6th degree. *See* 간관.

*정연산 鄭延壽 나라 A.D. 1587. F.S. 更榮 N.P. 愼菴. A great general of the time of Myong-jong

*정업 h. 正業 (바를) (업) Honest calling; legal occupation.

*정여창 / 鄭汝昌 (나라 (너 창성 F.S. 河東. A military high official of the reign of Chung-jong. His tablet is in the Confucian Temple.

*정오 h. 正午 (바를) (낮) Noon; just noon. *See* 낮.

*정오내다 h. 正誤 (바를) (그릇) 내어; 낸 To publish the correction of an error—as in the article of a newspaper.

*정욕 s. 情慾 (뜻) (욕심) Desire; lust. Affection. *See* 욕심.

*정우 s. 政友 (정수) (벗) Political friend; colleague.

*정우량 / 鄭羽良 (나라) (집) (어질) A.D. 1693 F.S. 延日 N.P. 迎鳳. A noted official of the reign of Yong-jong.

*정위 l. 正位 (바를) (벼슬) The principal seat in an assembly.

*정위 l. 正尉 (바를) (벼슬) A military officer of the 3rd degree. A captain. *See* 종정장.

*정유 s. 情由 (뜻) (말미암을) Desire; intention. *See* 연유.

*정유길 l. 鄭惟吉 (나라) (오직) (길할) A.D. 1575. F.S. 東萊. A great scholar who graduated in his 17th year and flourished in reign of Son-jo.

*정육 l. 正肉 (바를) (고기) Beef. *See* 장육.

*정은 s. 正銀 (바를) (은) Inferior silver.

*정오 l. 正誤 A correction; a rectification. (바다).

*정음 / 正音 (바를) (소리) The literal pronunciation in contrast to the *eojŏn* or pronunciation that has departed from the original.

*정읍 l. 井邑 (우물) (골) A county in Chŏl-la. Lat. 35.40. Long. 126.50.

*정의 s. 旌義 (기) (올흘) A county of Quelpaert Island.

*정의 s. 情誼 (뜻) (정의) Feelings, affections, kindness. *See* 정회.

*정의돈목하다 s. 情誼敦睦 (뜻) (정의) (돈하) (화목) To be very intimate; to be specially friendly.

*정의상통 s. 情誼相通 (뜻) (정의) (서로) (통할) Mutual expressions of affection. *See* 호의상통.

*정이 / 鄭易 (나라) 싱올, F.S. 海平 N.P. 柏亭. A noted scholar of the Koryo dynasty.

*정일대신 l. 正任大臣 (바를) (맛길) (큰) (신하) Acting minister of state.

*정익 s. 精液 (정할) (진익) An extract; a decoction.

*정익막 / 晶液膜 (슈정) (진익) (쩝흘) Serous membrane.

*정원 s. 政院 (정수) (집) The Office of the Government. *See* 정부.

*정원 l. 正圓 (바를) (둥글) A perfect circle.

*정원용 l. 鄭元容 (나라) (으뜸) (얼골) A.D. 1843 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 經山. A prime minister in the reighs of Sun-jo, Hŏn-jong and Chŏl-jong.

*정월 s. 正月 (바를) (달) The 1st moon.

정작 l. Really; truly.

*정장 s. 呈狀 (드릴) (글월) A complaint—filed in a magistrate's office. *See* 등장.

*정장하다 s. 呈狀 (드릴) (글월) To file a complaint. *See* 정단하다.

*정절 s. 貞節 (곳을) (마듸) Pure and undefiled—as a loyal minister or widow who will not remarry. *See* 슈절.

*정제법수 s. 整除法數 (정제홀) (덜) (법) (두어) Exact divisor.

*정제백묵 s. 精製白墨 (정제) (지을) (흰) (먹) Creta Praeparata. Prepared chalk.

*정제수 / 整除數 (정제홀) (덜) (두어) A divisible number.

*정제슈관 s. 精製獸炭 (정밀) (지을) (즘승) (숫) Corbo Animal's Purificatum

*정제창연 s. 精製蒼鉛 (정밀) (지을) (기을) (납) Bismuthum. Purificatum.

*정제칼나마인 s. 精製 . (정밀) (지을) Calamina Praeparata.

*정제하다 l. 整齊 (정제홀) 가지) To put in order; to arrange things. To be circumspect.

*정정당당히 l. 正正堂堂 (바를) (바를) (집) (집) Fair and honorable, open, above-board.

*정정방방 s. 正正方方 (바를) (바를) (모) (모) Exactly and with precision.

*정정빅빅하다 l. 正正白白 (바를) (바를) (흰) (흰) To be upright and pure.

*정조 s. 精粗 (정밀) (젓칠) Fine and coarse.

*정조 l. 正租 (바를) (벼) Unhulled rice. *See* 나락.

*정조 s. 正朝 (바를) (아칠) The first day of the first moon.

*정조하례 s. 正朝賀禮 (바를) (아칠) (하례) (례도) The New-year's salutation before the king.

*정중히 l. 鄭重 (나라) (무거울) Treating with great respect; estimation; veneration.

*정중하다 / 鄭重 나라 (무거울) To be earnest; to be thorough; to be important; to be weighty. *See* 진중하다.

*정중 l. 正中 (바를) (가운데) The exact centre—as of a target.

*정지연 l. 鄭芝衍 (나라) (지초) (너를) A.D. 1585 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 梧峯. A man of great talent of the reign of Sŏn-jo

*정지화 / 鄭知和 나라 (알) 고로 A.D. 1673 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 谿谷. A great scholar and minister of the reign of In-jo.

*정직립 l. 正直立 (바를) (곧을) (설) Vertical prime.

*정직하다 l. 正直 (바를) (곧을) To be straight; to be correct; to be upright. *See* 강직하다

*정자 l. 正字 바를 글자 Printed characters. *See* 정서. *Opp.* 초서.

*정자관 s. 程子冠 (길) (아들) (갓) A gentleman's pointed cap.

*정지승 l. 鄭枝勝 나라 지를 (놀을) A.D. 1672 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 松窩. A minister of state of the reign of Sukjong.

*정창손 / 鄭昌孫 나라 창성 (손자) F.S. 東萊. A noted graduate and minister of the reign of Se-jong.

*정창연 l. 鄭昌衍 (나라) (창성) (너를) A.D. 1612 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 松竹 A great scholar and minister of the reign of Sŏn-jo.

*정처 l. 正妻 (바를) (안해) Legal wife; principal wife.

*정철 / 鄭澈 나라 물을 A.D. 1536 F.S. 延日 N.P. 松江. A noted graduate of the reign of Myong-jong.

*정청 s. 政廳 (정사) (대청) Council chamber—of government.

*정초 n. 正初 (바를) (처음) The first ten days or so of the 1st moon *See* 세수.

*정초 l. 正草 (바를) (풀) A corrected proof—in printing.

*정추 놀거 s. 精麤不計 (정돈) (더러울) 아닐 (헤교 Without regard to neatness or cleanliness.

*정축 l. 正軸 (바를) (축) Principal axis.

*정충 s. 精蟲 (정밀) (버레) Spermatozoa.

*정충증 s. 怔忡症 두려울 (근심) 증세 A sickness marked by shortness of breath, fear etc

*정칙 l. 正則 (바를) (법) A term applied to the method of teaching a foreign language which is the reverse of that known as 변칙 q.v.; also used in respect of administrative action in the sense of *regular* as opposed to irregular procedure 법속.

*정치 s. 政治 (정사) (다스릴) Government; the administration of affairs.

*정치기학 s. 政治攷革 (정사) (다스릴) (곳칠) (곳칠) Reform of the administration of a government.

*정치법률 s. 政治法律 (정사) (다스릴) (법) (법) Laws of the state

*정치상 s. 政治上 (정사) (다스릴) (웃) In the government.

*정치학 s. 政治學 (정사) (다스릴) (비홀) The study of government affairs. Political science.

*정치화 / 鄭致和 나라 일을 고로 A.D. 1669 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 稼洲. A noted graduate of time of In-jo who was captured by the Manchus.

*정천하다 s. 情親 (뜻) (친홀) To have affection for; to love. *See* 정근하다.

*정청 l. 正廳 (바를) (잘) A bed room.

정청하다 s. To drink moderately; to be temperate.

*정채 s. 精彩 (정긔) (치색) Brilliance; brightness. *See* 광채.

*정책 s. 政策 (정사) (꾀) Administrative plans.

*정책상 s. 政策上 (정사) (꾀) (웃) Plans of government.

*정탁 / 鄭擢 나라 뽑 F.S. 清州 N.P. 藥圃. A minister of state in reign of Se-jong.

*정탁 / 鄭琢 나라 쏘을 A.D. 1586 F.S. 清州 N.P. 藥圃. A great minister of the reign of Myong-jong.

*정탐군 s. 偵探軍 염볼 더듬을 군사) Scouts; advance-pickets. *See* 별대군.

*정헤 s. 政體 (정사 몸 The administration of public business; the government body. "Your worship." (Epist.)

*정통 l. 正統 바 거느릴 Legitimate control—of a State. 주다.

*정태 s. 情態 뜻 (모도) A taking appearance; a lovely form.

*정평 l. 正秤 (바를) (저울대) Even weight —with a level steel-yard.

*정표 s. 情表 (뜻) (표홀) A gift as a mark of affection. *See* 선표.

*정학 s. 政學 (정사) (비홀) Political science, politics.

*정한슈 k. 淨寒水 (몯을)(찰)(믈) A cup of water offered to the spirit in a prayer.

*정할 k. 正割 (바를)(버힐) Secant.

*정항 k. 正項 (바를)(목) Positive term.

*정황 s. 政況 (정소) (호물여) The state of political affairs.

*졍헌대부 k. 正憲大夫 (바를)(법)(큰)(지아비) The title of officers of the front rank, 2nd degree

*정현 k. 正弦 (바를)(활시위) Sine.

*정현감응긔 k. 正弦感應器 (바를)(활시위)(감동)(응호)(그릇) Sine inductor.

*정형 s. 情形 (뜻)(형상) Circumstances.

*정호 k. 正號 바를) (일홈) Positive sign.

*졍회 s. 情懷 (뜻) (회포) Memories, affectionate remembrances. *See* 소졍.

*정홍경 k. 鄭弘溟 (나라) (클)(바다) F.S. 延日 N.P. 瑞興. A great scholar in reign of Kwa g-ho.

*정홍슌 k. 鄭弘淳 (나라)(클)(슌박) A.D. 1780 F.S. 東萊 N.P. 慶州. A great minister in reign of Yong-jong.

*정희량 k. 鄭希良 (나라) (바랄) (어질) A.D. 1474 F.S. 延日 N.P. 慶州. A great civil official of the reign of Yong-jong.

*정희왕 k. 鄭希玉 (나라) (바랄) (어질) A.D. 1467 A *Hallim* graduate N.P. Ho-am (盧蕃).

*정히 k. 正 (바를) Exactly; directly.

*졍호다 s. 淨 (정결) To be clean; to be pure. *Opp* 더럽다.

*정호다 s. 呈 (드릴) To file a complaint; to offer to a superior. *See* 졍소호다.

*정히풍파 s. 政海風波 (정소)(바다)(바람)(물결) The storms and waves of political life.

*정히호다 s. 精覈 (정밀)(히실) To be minute; to be exact; to be critical; to be circumstantial.

*정확 s. 鼎鑊 (솟) (가마) A large rice kettle.

*정확히 s. 確確 (정밀)(확실) Definitely; clearly.

*조 s. Monk's-hood. *Aconitum napellus.*

*조 s. 祖 (것칠) "Fair"—a mark for the recitation of characters.

조각 s. 片 (*편) A piece. *See* 돐.

*조각 k. 皂角 (검을) (쁠) Black horns—the pods of the *Gleditschia sinensis.*

*조간 k. 造奸 (지을) (간사) Cunning; craft.

*조갈증 k. 燥渴症 (무를) (목무를) (증세) Internal fever—attended by great thirst.

*조갑 s. 爪甲 (손톱) (갑옷) Finger nails.

*조갑창 s. 爪甲瘡 (손톱) (갑옷) (헌데) Ulcers about the nails.

*조강 k. 祖江 (할아비) (물) A river in Kyong-keui-do, (P'ung-dŏk).

*조강곤 s. 糟糠錢 (자강이) (겨) (돈—*젼) Money collected to buy coarse food for prisoners.

*조강지쳐 s. 糟糠之妻 (자강이) (겨) (갈) (안히) A wife wed amid difficulties.

*조강지쳐(는)불하당 s. 糟糠之妻不下堂 (겨 겨, 갈 안히, 아니) (아래) (집) One should respect his wife who has been a companion from time of adversity.

*조걸위악 k. 助桀爲惡 (도울) (사오나올) (호) (사오나올) Aiding *Kol* and making matters worse.

*조계 s. 祖界 (비) (디경 A landmark; a boundary-stake *See* 디계

조고마 s. A little; a few.

조고마치 s. A little, a few.

조고마ᄒᆞ다 s. 小 (작을—*쇼) 고마; 만 To be small. *See* 쇼ᄒᆞ다.

조고마ᄒᆞ다 s. 小 (작을—*쇼) To be small; to be little.

*조고여싱 k. 早孤餘生 (일직) (혼고) (놈을) (날) One who is left early an orphan.

조곰 s. 少 (젊을—*쇼) A little; a few; some. *See* 야곰아곰.

조곰조곰 s. 小 (작을—*쇼) Little by little; a little. *See* 약간.

*조구리다 s. 구려, 린 To crouch down; to squat.

*조국 s. 祖國 (할아비) (나라) My ancestors' state; my fatherland.

*조국ᄉᆞ상 s. 祖國思想 (할아비) (나라) (싱각) (싱각) Thought of home and fatherland.

조근조근 s. A clapping of the hands—as a call to a child.

*조금 k. 造金 (지을) (쇠) Counterfeit gold.

*조급ᄒᆞ다 k. 燥急 (무를) (급ᄒᆞᆯ) To be quick-tempered; to be hasty.

*조과 k. 造果 (지을) (실과) Special dainties—of food.

*조곽 k. 皂藿 (검을) (메역) Aquatic herbs—used as food.

*조년 k. 早年 (일직) (히) While young; youth.

조다 *l.* 眠 (조름—*편) 라; 존 To be sleepy; to be drowsy. *Also* 졸다.

조다 *l.* 라; 존 To cook; to boil. (v.i.) *Also* 졸다

*조달ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早達 (일직) (통달) To be precocious; to be prematurely developed. *See* 숙성ᄒᆞ다

*조댱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助漿 (도울) (댱) To aggravate syphilis, consumption etc.—as do certain dishes, such as vermicelli.

*조도 *l.* 早稻 (일직) (벼) Early paddy. *See* 올벼.

*조도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早到 (일직) (니를) To come early

*조독 *s.* 爪毒 (손톱) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Poison from being scratched by the finger nails. (들다) (오르다).

*조동ᄉᆞ *l.* 助動詞 (도울) (움직일) (말) An auxiliary verb.

*조두 *s.* 俎豆 (도마) (콩) A small stand of an ancient type on which offerings are placed during Sunto ceremonies.

*조디모 *l.* 造紙瑁 (지을) (대모) (대모) Imitation tortoise shell.

조라들다 *s.* 드러; 든 To grow less; to diminish; to contract.

*조략ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 朝治 [illegible] To [illegible] —said only of an Emperor. (B. H.)

*조력 *l.* 助力 (도울) (힘) Aid; support; assistance.

*조력ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助力 (도울) (힘) To support; to assist; to render aid.

*조련 *l.* 操鍊 (잡을) (련단ᄒᆞᆯ) Naval or military drill; training; exercises; manoeuvres; a review; parade.

*조련장 *l.* 操鍊場 (잡을) (련단ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅡᆼ) A place for drilling, a parade ground *See* 련병장.

*조련ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 操鍊 (잡을) (련단) To drill. *See* 교련ᄒᆞ다.

조렷 조렷ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fearful—of the consequences; to regard with fear

조로록조로록 *s.* Dropping; rattling. *See* 주루룩주루룩.

조록조록 *s.* In clusters. Flowing. *See* 주룩주룩.

조롬 *s.* A wooden ornament as worn at children's parties at New Year's time.

*조롱국빙ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 操弄國柄 (잡을) [illegible] (나라) (잡을) To play lightly with the state.

조롱박 *s.* A small gourd.

조롱조롱 *s.* In drops; in beads; hanging as fruit.

*조류학 *l.* 藻類學 (마름) (종류) (비홀) Algology.

*조률 *s.* 棗栗 (대조) (밤) Dates and chestnuts.

조르다 *s.* To annoy; to pester; to tease. *See* 지근덕다.

조르륵 *s.* Bubbling.

조르륵조르륵 *s.* Bubbling; dropping.

조르륵 *s.* Leaking; flowing. Following.

조롬 *l.* The red flesh of fish gills.

조롬 *l.* 眠 (*편) Sleepiness; drowsiness. (오다).

조름돌다 *s.* 드러; 든 To be stunted; to be checked in growth.

*조리 *l.* 笊籬 (조리) (조리) A bamboo ladle. (치다).

조리돌다 *s.* 徇而 [illegible] (조리 돌릴—*슌) 돌녀; 닌 To march a criminal publicly through the streets.

*조립단위 *s.* 組立單位 (짤) (설) (호) (벼슬) Derived unit.

조막손이 *s.* A withered hand.

*조만 *l.* 早晩 (일직) (느질) Celerity and tardiness; fast and slow; early and late; quickness of movement; pace; rate; promptness.

*조만간 *l.* 早晩間 (일직) (느질) (스이) Whether late or early, sooner or later

*조면ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 阻面 (막힐) (낫) To break off—a friendship etc.

*조모 *s.* 祖母 (할아비) (어미) A grandmother.

*조물 *l.* 造物 (지을) (물건) Created things.

*조물자 *l.* 造物者 (지을) (만물) (놈) The Creator, one who makes.

*조물쥬 *l.* 造物主 (지을) (만물) (님금) One who creates; the Creator.

*조미잡상 *l.* 造米商 (지을) (쌀) (장ᄉᆞ—*상) A rice merchant—who husks and sells rice.

*조미ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 造米 (지을) (쌀) To hull—paddy. *See* 찧이ᄒᆞ다

*조밀화 *l.* 造密花 (지을) (빽빽) (꽃) Imitation amber.

*조발 *s.* 精粕 (자갑이) (겨) A fair execution; a medium grade.

*조반 *l.* 早飯 (일직) (밥) Breakfast; morning lunch. *See* 아침.

*조발ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早發 (일직) 떠 To start on a journey early in the morning.

*조방군 *l.* 助幇軍 (도울) (도움) (군소) An official servant; a *yamen* underling.

*조방ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助幇 (도울) (도울) To aid; to help; to assist.

*조부 *s.* 祖父 (할아비) (아비) A grandfather. *Opp.* 조모. *See* 할아바지.

*조비 *s.* 曹丕 (무리) (클) D.A.D. 239, Son of 조조 first king of Wi, China.

*조뵈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助膊之力 (도울) (팔) (같) (힘) A helping hand.

조빅ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To re-nap silk.

*조빅 *s.* 皂白 (검을) (흰) Black and white; gray—of the hair.

*조빅동 *l.* 造白銅 (지을) (흰) (구리) Counterfeit nickels.

*조빅ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早白 (일찍) (흰) To turn gray early in life.

*조상장ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早霜症 (일찍 (서리) (느낄) To have early frosts. *See* 상ᄒᆡ.

*조상부모ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早喪父母 (일찍) (일흘) (아비) (어미) To lose one's parents when young. *See* 조모어싱.

*조상 *s.* 祖上 (할아비) (웃) Ancestors.

*조션 *s.* 祖先 (할아비) (먼저) Ancestors.

*조셩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 造成 (지을) (일을) To create; to make—ancestral tablets.

*조속ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 操束 (잡을) (묵글) To restrain; to keep within limits. *See* 단속ᄒᆞ다.

*조손 *s.* 祖孫 (할아비) (손자) Ancestors and posterity

*조슈욕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 措手足 (둘) (손) (발) To be in passable circumstances; to have barely sufficient; to be able to undertake.

*조식 *s.* 曹植 무리 (심을) F.S. 昌寧. N.P. 柏溪. A great scholar who refused office; a *Sallim.* (Myongjong.

*조식ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早食 (일찍) (밥) To eat early.

*조습 *l.* 燥濕 (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) (젹질) Parched and moist; dry and damp.

*조신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 操身 (잡을) (몸) To be quiet; to be careful of oneself.

*조실부모ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早失父母 (일찍) (일흘) (아비) (어미) To lose one's parents early in life. *See* 조상부모ᄒᆞ다

조심ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 小心 (작을—*쇼) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ—*심) To be careful; to be prudent; to take care. *See* 삼가다.

*조ᄉᆞ *l.* 助事 (도울) (일) A helper of a pastor.

조ᄉᆞ *s.* 末 (ᄆᆞᆺ—*말) A mark of imperfect composition—used in schools.

*조ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 早死 (일찍) (죽을) To die prematurely. *See* 요ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*조아 *l.* 爪牙 (손ᄀᆞᆯ) (어금) Finger nails and teeth—very intimate friends.

조아팔다 *s.* 散賣 (흐틀—*산) (팔—*매) 야; 판 To retail; to sell in small quantities. *See* 산매ᄒᆞ다.

*조안ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 組安 (아직) (편안) To be well, considering one's rude condition of life. (Epist.)

조약 *s.* A kind of oil cake.

*조앙 *l.* 早秧 (일찍) (ᄆᆡ) Early grains. (ᄆᆡ다) (내다) *Opp.* 만앙.

*조양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助陽 (도울) (볕) To aid the virile powers—by medicine. *See* 보양ᄒᆞ다

*조언 *l.* 助言 (도울) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Verbal advice.

*조언ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助言 (도울) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To assist by verbal advice; to help by verbal suggestions.

*조역군 *l.* 助役軍 (도울) (역ᄉᆞ) (군소) A helping hand—in manual labor.

*조역ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助役 (도울) (역ᄉᆞ) To aid; to assist; to lend a hand *See* 겻들다.

*조영학 *l.* 造營學 (지을) (영문) (비홀) Architecture.

*조은 *l.* 造銀 (지을) (은) Imitation silver; German silver.

*조음ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 助陰 (도울) (그늘) To assist the negative or feminine principle of the body—by medicines. *See* 보음ᄒᆞ다.

*조ᄋᆡ싱 *s.* 曹彛生 (무리) (올흘) 날 A.D. 1389-1332 F.S. 昌寧 N.P. (掛冠) A faithful courtier who lived at the fall of Koryŏ.

조이다 *s.* 야; 인 To be impatient; to be in a hurry. To bind tightly; to tighten. To be severe—of the cold. To pick a millstone.

또이다 *s.* 啄 (또을—*탁) 또여; 인 To be pecked; to hold one cock at the mercy of another in order to give it practice in fighting.

*조왕 *s.* 竈王 (부억) (님금) The god of the kitchen; a kitchen.

*조작 *l.* 造作 (지을) (지을) A manufactured article; imitation ware.

*조작ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 造作 (지을) (지을) To invent.

*조장 *s.* 曹長 (무리) (어른) A sergeant-major.

*조장초 *l.* 酢醬草 (초) (장) (풀) Wood sorrel.

*조제서 s. 組劑書 (쌀) (약지을) (글) Pharmacopoeia.

*조조 s. 曹操 (무리) (잡을) A famous general of the wars of the Three Kingdoms

*조종 s. 祖宗 (할아비) (마루) Royal ancestry. *See* 시조.

*조종지업 s. 祖宗基業 (할아비) (마루) (터) (업) The Royal inheritance.

*조조에 l. 早朝 (일직) (아침) Early morning.

*조증 s. (一쭝) 燥症 (무른) (증세) Internal fever.

조지다 s. 조져; 진 To clinch a nail; to fasten a rivet.

*조직 s. 組織 (쌀) (짤) The tissues of the body. Organization; system.

*조직ᄒᆞ다 s. 組織 (쌀) (짤) To organize; to form

*조조 l. 造作 (지을) (지을 *작) Imitation ware; spurious articles. *See* 가짜.

조조리 s. The ears or handles of a dish. *See* 죽조리.

*조참 s. 曹參 (무리) (참예) D.B.C. 190. One of the supporters of the founder of Han, China.

*조처ᄒᆞ다 s. 措處 (둘) (곳) To settle; to arrange; to make provision for. *See* 처치ᄒᆞ다.

*조청 l. 造淸 (지을) (몰을) Grain syrup. *See* 엿.

조촐ᄒᆞ다 s. 淨潔 (몰을—*정) (몰을—*결) To be clean, to be pure, to be well. To be careful.

조촘조촘 s. Little by little; gradually; step by step. *See* 주춤주춤.

*조춘 l. 早春 (일직) (봄) The early days of spring.

*조초 l. 造次 지을) (버금) An instant, a short space of time. Haste; hurry. *See* 잠간.

*조초간에 l. 造次間 (지을) (버금) (업드러질) 것바ᄂᆞᆫ Hasty; careless; following every impulse of haste.

*조초불리ᄒᆞ다 l. 造次不離 (지을) (버금) (아닐) 떠ᄂᆞ지 말다 To not leave even for an instant.

조타 l. 好 (묘흘—*호) 하; 훈 To be good; to be agreeable; to be fine. "All right." *Also* 됴타. *See* 좋ᄒᆞ다.

*조편ᄒᆞ다 l. 早天 (일직) (하놀) To finish and hand in papers early on examination.

*조폐국 l. 造幣局 (지을) (폐뵈) (판) The Mint

*조포 l. 造泡 (지을) (거품) Bean curd.

조포 l. Closely woven hemp cloth.

*조포 l. 粗布 (굵을) (베) Coarse cotton cloth.

*조ᄒᆞᆫ s. 祖父 ᄒᆞᆫ아ᄇᆡ 할ᄇᆡ A grandfather's generation. *See* 손ᄒᆞᆫ.

*조ᄒᆞᆫ 도쏘 길을 물, Houttuynia japonica. *See* 주염.

*조훈 s. 祖訓 (할아비) (구루칠) The teaching of one's ancestors; ancestral instructions.

조희 s. 紙 (*지) Paper. (쓰다). *See* 종이.

조흥셩 s. 勉强 (힘쓸—*면) (강홀—*강) Grounds for expectation; reason for hope.

*조ᄒᆞ다 s. 燥 (무를) To be dry; to be parched; to be thirsty. To be uneasy; to be impatient.

*조화 l. 造化 (지을) (될) Creation; the mysterious; the wonderful; what is wonderful. (들다).

*조화옹 l. 造化翁 ᄌᆞ을 ᄒᆞᆯ, 옹은이) The ancient creator God.

조화ᄒᆞ다 l. 好 (묘흘—*호) To like; to think much of. *See* 즐기다. *Also* 됴화ᄒᆞ다.

*족 s. 族 (겨레) Relatives. *See* 일가.

족 s. 片 (조각—*편) The numerative of roots, dominoes etc.; one of a pair—as half of a split bamboo.

족닥이다 s. 닥여; 인 To cut down trees etc. To squander—one's patrimony.

*족당 s. 族黨 (겨레) (무리) Relatives; relations.

*족뎨 s. 族弟 (겨레) (아오) Younger distant relatives beyond the 8th. degree.

*족두리 s. 族頭里 일가 머ᄂᆞ (마을) A kind of crown worn by brides at marriage.

족박 s. 小匏 (작을—*쇼) (박—*포) A half gourd dish.

쪽발이 s. 片足 (조각—*편) (발—*족) A cloven foot.

*족보 s. 族譜 (겨레) (족보) A genealogy; an ancestral tree or table including all the members of a clan. *See* 가승.

*족숙 s. 族叔 (겨레) (아즈비) Distant relatives of the same degree as one's father. *See* 족장.

쪽외다 s. 割 (가를—*부) 여; 한 To split; to separate. *See* 가르다.

*족인 s. 族人 (일가) (사둔) Relatives.

족자리 s. The handles or ears of a dish.

*족장 s. 族長 (겨레) (어룬) Elders—among relatives. *See* 족숙.

족족 l. Tearing; ripping. Pouring—of rain. Sliding.

쭉쭉 l. Sucking; smacking. Dropping. Sliding. Tearing.

쭉쭉이 s. Piece by piece; bit by bit; one by one; each.

쭉지 s. 山蒜 (뫼 *산) (마눌—*산) A kind of wild garlic.

쭉지 s. 貼紙 (붙—*질) (조희 *지) A secret warrant—to arrest. *See* 목지.

쭉지게 s. 頁槅 (질—*부) (틀—*게) A kind of cookie rack.

쭉지다 s. 箆 (빈혀—*게) 쭉져; 진 To do up the hair—with pin etc.

*족질 s. 族侄 (겨레) (족하) Relatives of a lower degree.

쭉집게 s 鑷 (*집) A tweezers.

*족징ᄒᆞ다 s. 族徵 (겨레) (불닐) To take payment from relatives for debt contracted with the government.

*족조 s. 族祖 (겨레) (아돌) Hanging pictures scrolls or maps etc.

*족척 s. 族戚 (겨레) (겨레) Relatives; kindred. *See* 족의.

족치다 s. 족쳐; 친 To be exhausted; to be used up.

*족하 s. 侄 (*질) A nephew. *See* 함께.

*족하뚤 s. 侄女 (족하—*질) (계집—*녀) A niece.

*족하며누리 s. 侄婦 (족하—*질) (며누리—*부) A nephew's wife.

*족하사회 s. 侄婿 (족하—*질) (사회—*셔) A niece's husband.

*족형 s. 族兄 (겨레) (앗) Older distant male relatives beyond the 8th degree.

*존가 s. 尊駕 (놉흘) (멍에) Your honourable coming -a polite or respectful term used between equals, or when addressing a superior.

*존경상뎨ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊敬上帝 (놉흘) (공경) (웃) (님금) To reverence God.

*존경ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊敬 (놉흘) (공경) To esteem; to revere.

*존공 s. 尊公 (놉흘) (귀인) Venerable sir —used especially in letters.

*존구 s. 尊舅 (놉흘) (싀아비) Your father-in-law of the husband.

*존귀ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊貴 (놉흘) (귀흘) To be noble; to be of high standing.

*존긱 s. 尊客 (놉흘) (손) An honourable guest. *See* 귀긱.

존득존득ᄒᆞ다 s. To be elastic; to be tough.

*존디ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊待 (놉흘) (디졉) To treat with marked politeness, to be respectful to. *See* 경디ᄒᆞ다.

*존망 s. 存亡 (잇슬 (망흘) Existence and destruction; life and death. *See* 소상.

*존명 s. 尊命 (놉흘) (명흘) Your esteemed command, or instructions —a term used in respect.

*존명 s. 尊名 (놉흘) (일흠) Your honourable name.

*존문 s. 存問 (잇슬) (무를) A friendly letter or call from an official.

*존발ᄒᆞ다 s. 存拔 (잇슬) (쎌) To leave and to throw away; to select.

*존본취리ᄒᆞ다 s. 存本取利 (잇슬) (밋) (가질) (리흘) To draw the interest only, leaving the principal.

*존봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊奉 (놉흘) (밧들) To observe with respect—as the command of a lord.

*존비 s. 尊卑 (놉흘) (누질) Honourable and low. *See* 귀천.

*존비귀천 s. 尊卑貴賤 (놉흘) (누질) (귀흘) (천흘) Honourable or base; noble or mean

*존셩 s 尊姓 (놉흘) (셩 An honorable surname. (Respect)

*존숭ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊崇 (놉흘) (높을) To reverence; to revere; to look up to.

*존시간 s. 尊侍間 (놉흘) (모실) (소이) Between elders and juniors—as marks of respect, deference etc. *See* 모시간.

*존안 s. 尊顔 (놉흘) (얼골) Your face; you; your honorable self.

*존엄ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊嚴 (놉흘) (엄흘) To be dignified; to be august; to be majestic.

*존위 s. 尊位 (놉흘) (벼슬) A district squire or justice.

*존의 s. 尊意 (놉흘) (뜻) Your will.

*존장 s. 尊丈 (높흘) (어룬) An elder; one advanced in life; a respectful form of address.

*존전 s. 尊前 (높흘) (압) Before a superior; the presence of an important person.

*존절ᄒᆞ다 t. 撙節 (준졀ᄒᆞᆫ—*준) (마듸) To be temperate; to be moderate; to be careful.

존존ᄒᆞ다 v. 諄諄 (간졀ᄒᆞᆫ—*졍) (가ᄅᆞᆯ—*쳬 To be line, to be thin. See 졸졸ᄒᆞ다.

*존중ᄒᆞ다 v. 尊重 (높흘 (무거울, To be esteemed; to be revered. See 진중ᄒᆞ다.

*존휴ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊休 (높흠) (긔일) To condescend to love and value—of the king.

*존칭 s. 尊稱 (높흠) (일ᄏᆞᆯ을) An honorary title or appellation.

*존칭ᄒᆞ다 s. 尊稱 (높흠) (일ᄏᆞᆯ을) To address respectfully

*존톄 s. 尊體 (높흠) (몸) Your illustrious person. Epist. See 귀톄. Your name. (Hon.)

*존항 s. 尊行 (높흠) (항렬) The honorable generation—of one's father.

*존형 s. 尊兄 (높흘) (맛) Your elder brother—a respectful term.

*존호 s. 尊號 (높흘) (일홈) The posthumous name of an Emperor;—used also formerly with reference to the Shōguns.

줄 t. A kind of edible herb.

*졸 s. 卒 (군ᄉᆞ) A pawn in chess.

졸가리 s. 蓽 (줄기—*경) A stem; a stalk. The remains of an ancestral line. See 마들가리.

*졸경 s. 卒更 (모칠) (밤) A night patrol; nightly visits—as of constables or guards. (치다). Difficulties — that deprive one of sleep.

*졸경군 s. 卒更軍 (모칠) (밤) (군ᄉᆞ) Constables, guards who go the rounds at night.

졸경치다 s. 경쳐 ; 친 To beat the night-watches on a gong etc.

*졸곡 s. 卒哭 (모칠) (울) Weeping ended, a sacrifice at the close of a burial.

*졸곡제 s. 卒哭祭 (모칠) (울) (졔ᄉᆞ) The sacrifice at the close of a burial when weeping is ended.

졸깃졸깃ᄒᆞ다 s. To be neither tough nor tender. See 잘깃잘깃ᄒᆞ다.

*졸난변통 s. 卒難變通 (갑작이) (어려울, (변홀), 통홀 The difficulty of providing for a sudden emergency.

졸네졸래 s. Stepping quickly—as a donkey or dog.

졸낭졸낭 s. Stepping quickly—as a donkey or dog. See 졸랑졸랑.

졸니다 t. 倦眠 (게으를—*권) (조롬—*면) 졸녀 ; 닌 To be sleepy; to be drowsy.

졸니다 s. 졸녀 ; 닌 To be annoyed; to be pestered. To be tightened.

졸다 t. 眠 (조롬—*면) 어 ; 존 To be sleepy; to be drowsy.

졸다 t. To be diminished; to be lessened.

*졸디에 s. 卒地 (급ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) Unexpectedly; suddenly. See 갑지ᄊᆞᆨ.

졸막졸막 s. Irregular; varying in size or in thickness.

*졸부 s. 卒富 (갑작이) (부쟈) Sudden riches.

*졸부귀불상 s. 卒富貴不祥 (갑작이) (부쟈) (귀ᄒᆞᆯ) (아닐, (상셔로ᄆᆞᆯ) Sudden riches and prosperity constitute an ill omen.

*졸셰ᄒᆞ다 s. 卒逝 (죽을) (갈) To die; to depart this life. (Comp.)

*졸업식 s. 卒業式 (모칠) (업) (법) Graduation ceremony or exercises.

*졸업싱 s. 卒業生 (모칠) (업) (날) A graduate — of a college. B.A.

*졸업장 s. 卒業章 (모칠) (업) (글장) A diploma given on the successful completion of studies. (맛다).

*졸업증셔 s. 卒業證書 (모칠) (업) (증거) (글) A diploma of graduation.

*졸업ᄒᆞ다 s. 卒業 (모칠) (업) To complete studies or practice. See 셩공ᄒᆞ다

*졸연히 s. 猝然 (갑작이) (그럴) Suddenly; unexpectedly.

졸이다 s. 졸여 ; 인 To boil down; to decrease; to lessen. To tighten.

*졸자 s. (짜) 拙者 (졸홀) (놈) A stupid fellow; a hesitating character. Opp. 달쟈.

*졸장부 s. (짱) 拙丈夫 (졸홀) (길) (지아비) A bashful person; a hesitating character.

졸졸 t. s. Flowing; running. See 줄줄.

똘똘 t. s. Bubbling; running about.

*졸즁풍 *s.* 卒中風 (갑작이) (가온딕) (바람) Apoplexy.

*졸직ᄒᆞ다 *s.* (직) 拙直 (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳을) To be exact; to be precise; to be careful.

*졸책 *s.* 拙策 (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) (묘칙) An erroneous plan; an unskilful design.

졸도 *s.* A weakling; an insignificant wretch.

*졸한 *s.* 卒寒 (갑작이) (찰) Sudden cold; a sudden chill.

*졸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 卒 (죽을) To die.

*졸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 拙 (졸ᄒᆞᆯ) To be stolid; to be stupid; to be pusillanimous.

줌 *l.* 彀 (줌줌—*구) The wrapped part of a bow that serves as a handle.

줌 *s.* 少 (젹을—쇼) A little; a few; some. Little; mean. (놈). About.

줌 *s.* 蠹 (*두) Moths; worms. (먹다) (집다).

줌것 *s.* 小漢 (작을—*쇼) (놈—*한) Small insignificant things.

줌노릇 *s.* Odd jobs; all kinds of work.

줌놈 *s.* 小人 (작을—*쇼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A mean wretch; a low scamp.

줌도젹 *s.* A pilferer; a sneak-thief.

줌뒤 *l.* The side on which the bow is held in archery. *See* 줌알.

줌상스ᄃᆡ다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be small; to be pinched.

줌알 *l.* The side toward the arrow in archery. *Opp.* 줌뒤.

줌처로 *l.* Lightly; easily; lacking force or authority. In the ordinary way. *See* 례ᄉᆞ로.

줌챗것 *l.* Small articles; things of little value. *See* 례ᄉᆞ것.

줌통 *l.* 彀 (*구) The wrapped part of a bow that serves as a handle.

줌팡이 *s.* A mean wretch; a small-minded creature.

줍다 *s.* 狹 (좁을—*협) 아; 은 To be narrow, to be confined. *Opp.* 넙다.

줍다 *l.* 啄 (조을—*탁) 조아; 은 To peck; to pick.

줍뾰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be tall and pointed.

줍치다 *s.* 좁쳐; 친 To make narrow. To do wrongly.

줍히다 *s.* 狹 (좁을—*협) 좁혀; 힌 To make narrow. (v.t.).

좃 *s.* 陰莖 (벗—*양) (줄기—*경) The penis. *See* 신.

쫏기다 *s.* 見逐 (볼—*견) (쪽칠—*축) 쳣겨; 긴 To be driven out; to be put out.

쫏다 *s.* 逐 (쪽칠—*축) 차; 천 To drive off; to chase away; to cast out; to put out. *See* 내여쫏다.

좇다 *s.* 從 (좃칠—*죵) 차; 천 To follow; to chase. *See* 쪽르다.

좃차 *s.* 從 (좃칠 -*죵) From—expressing origin, separation etc.

죄 *l. s.* All; altogether; entirely.

*죄 *l.* 罪 (허물) A crime; an offence; a wrong; a sin. *See* 죄악. Punishment. (닙다) (주다).

*죄괴 *l.* 罪魁 (허물) (허물) Crime; sin; offence.

*죄근 *l.* 罪根 (허물) (ᄲᅮ리) The cause of an offence. *See* 죄원.

*죄기죄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罪其罪 (허물) (그) (죄) To punish according to the offence. *See* 법지법.

*죄과 *l.* 罪過 (허물) (허물) Crime; sin; wrong. *See* 죄젹.

죄다 *s.* 皆 (다—*함) All; everyone. *See* 몰수히.

쬐다 *l.* 야; 죈 To warm. (불) (뵛) To be hot.

*죄려 *l.* 罪戾 (허물) (어그러질) Crime; offence; sin, iniquity.

*죄만스ᄃᆡ다 *l.* 罪萬 (허물) (일만) 러워; 운 To be under obligation to; to cause inconvenience to.

*죄만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罪萬 (허물) (일만) To do a wrong to; to be under obligation to; to cause inconvenience to. *See* 황송ᄒᆞ다.

*죄명 *l.* 罪名 (허물) (일홈) Crime; guilt; legal punishment. *See* 죄목.

*죄목 *l.* 罪目 (허물) (눈) Crimes; offences. *See* 죄상.

*죄벌 *l.* 罪罰 (허물) (벌) Crime and consequent punishment.

*죄범 *l.* 罪犯 (허물) (법ᄒᆞᆯ) Crime, offence.

*죄상 *l.* 罪狀 (허물) (모양) The nature of an offence; the character of a crime. *See* 죄목.

*죄송만만ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罪悚萬萬 (허물) (두려울) (일만) (일만) To be under obligation to.

*죄송즁에 *l.* 罪悚中 (허물) (두려울) (가온ᄃᆡ) In fear; in dread—before a superior. *See* 황송즁에.

*죄송ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罪悚 (허물) (두려울) To cause inconvenience to; to be under obligation to. *See* 죄만ᄒᆞ다.

*죄슈 *l.* 罪囚 (허물) (가ᄃᆞᆯ) A prison-house; jail; dungeon.

*죄소무석 l. 罪死無惜 (허물) (죽을) (없을) (앗길) Being guilty, and not unwilling to die. *See* 만소무석.

*죄악 l. 罪惡 (허물) (모질) Iniquity; wickedness; crime.

*죄악(이)관영 l. 罪惡貫盈 (허물) (모질) (꿰일) 찰, full of sin; wickedness unbounded.

*죄안 l. 罪案 (허물) (책상) The offence as charged, the crime as recorded.

죄약물 s. 礫 (*표) Gravel.

죄약이 l. A ball of boiled vegetables.

죄약죄약 s. Thickly; heavily; densely.

죄얌발이 s. 小足 (작을—*쇼) (발—*족) A small foot; a bound foot.

죄얌이 s. 敎案 (주먹—*진) (주먹—*진) An exercise of the hands taught to children.

죄얌질 s. A call to children—accompanying hand exercise.

죄얌질ᄒᆞ다 s. 手足 (손—*슈) (긴칠—*할) To exercise the hands—as taught to children. To steal. *See* 도적질ᄒᆞ다.

*죄업 l. 罪業 (허물) (죄) The evil consequences of sin; retribution. *See* 죄악

*죄인 l. 罪人 (허물) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A criminal; a sinner.

*죄장 l. 罪狀 (허물) (글) The nature of a crime; the kind of offence.

죄죄 l. All; every part.

죄죄반반 s. A call by which one encourages a dog to eat.

죄주다 l. 治罪 다ᄉᆞᆯ (치) 허물 *지어ᄂᆞᆯ 줄 To sentence; to punish. *See* 치죄ᄒᆞ다.

*죄지경즁 l. 罪之輕重 (허물) (갈) (가ᄇᆞᆫ야울) (무거울) The lightness of an offence.

*죄지유무 l. 罪之有無 (허물) (갈) (잇ᄂᆞᆫ) (없ᄂᆞᆫ) The delinquency of a crime; the truth or falsehood concerning a crime

*죄책ᄒᆞ다 l. 罪責 (허물) (ᄆᆞᆯ) To be involved in crime; also used of a mourner.

*종가 s. 宗家 (마루) (집) The main family

*종계 s. 宗禊 (마루) (계) A family guild.

종고리 s. 小鉋 (작을—*쇼) (박—*포) A small drinking-gourd.

*종고리다 s. 耳垂 종연ᄒᆞᆫ 귀 우무러 갈—*촉) 고려; 린 To lay back the ears -as animals when angry; to frown.

*종교 s. 宗教 (마루) (구르칠) The national religion.

*종교가 s. 宗教家 (마루) 구르칠) (집) Religionists—men of the church

*종교개혁 s. 宗教改革 (마루) (구르칠) (곳칠) (곳칠) Religious reform; the Reformation.

*종교덕 s. 宗教的 (마루) (구르칠) (ᄒᆞᆫ) In behalf of the national religion.

*종교정치 s. 宗教政治 (마루) (구르칠) (졍ᄉᆞ) (다ᄉᆞᆯ) Theocracy.

ᄲᅳᆼ굿ᄲᅳᆼ굿ᄒᆞ다 s. To change—as the expression of the face. To move the ears.

*종과 s. 宗科 (마루) (과거) An examination for members of the royal clan.

*종답 s. 宗畓 (마루) (논) Paddy-fields belonging to a family guild. *See* 위답

*종려 s. 椶櫚 (종려) (종려) The cocoa-nut tree. *Cocos nucifera.*

*종려승 s. 椶櫚繩 (종려) (종려) (노) Ropes made with the hairy fibers forming the sheaths of the *Sharo* tree.

*종묘 s. 宗廟 (마루) (ᄉᆞᆼ) An ancestral temple—of the royal family.

*종묘비향 s. 宗廟祕享 마루 ᄉᆞᆼ (ᄲᅡᆨ) ᄂᆞᆯ (ᄒᆞᆫ) (ᄉᆞᆼ) Tablets in the Royal Ancestral Temple.

*종반 s. 宗班 (마루) (ᄇᆞᆫ) Members of the Royal Clan. *See* 국족.

*종부 s. 宗婦 (마루) (며ᄂᆞ리) The oldest daughter-in-law

*종빅부 s. 宗伯府 (마루) (ᄇᆞᆨ) (마을) The Board of Rites.

*종상ᄒᆞ다 s. 終祥 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (조ᄉᆡᆨ) To do carefully; to do exactly.

*종손 s. 宗孫 (마루) (손조) The oldest branch of a clan or family. *Opp.* 지손

*종씨 s. 宗氏 마ᄅᆞᆫ 각시 ᄉᆡ ᄅᆞ latives—of the same surname. *See* 일가.

*종실 s. 宗室 (마루) (집) Royal clansmen—or descendants in the male line of the present dynasty.

종알거리다 s. 려; 린 To scold; to fuss; to make a disturbance.

종알종알ᄒᆞ다 s. To peep—as chickens. To answer back; to scold.

종업다 s. 서; 슨 To lack forethought; to be without prudence. *See* 덕조업다.

종이 s. 紙 (*지) Paper. (쓰다).

*종이 s. 宗彝 (마루) (떳떳) A tiger's cub —as pictured on a royal robe (B.H.)

*종인 s. 宗人 (마루) (사롬) Relatives; relations. *See* 종족.

*종족 s. 宗族 (마루) (겨레) All the persons belonging to a family. The principal family.

종종거리다 s. 거려; 린 To grumble; to growl; to scold.

쭝쭝호다 s. To grumble; to growl; to scold

*종즁 s. 宗中 (마루) (가온듸) Among relatives; between clansmen. *See* 문즁.

*종지 s. 宗旨 (마루, 뜻, Religion; a religious sect or denomination.

*종조 s. 宗子 (마루) (아들) Followers; attendants. *See* 종손.

*종척제대신 s. 宗戚諸大臣 (마루) (겨레) (모돌) (른) (신하) The various ministers related to the king.

*종친 s. 宗親 (마루) (어버이) Kindred of the king; royal clan-men. *See* 국족.

*종친가족 s. 宗親家族 (마루) (어버이) (집 (겨레) The relatives of the king having the same surname.

*종친과 s. 宗親科 (마루) (어버이) (과거) An examination for members of the royal clan.

*종친부 s. 宗親府 (마루) (어버이) (마을) The office of the Royal Clan.

*종패 s. 宗派 (마루) (갈내) The oldest branch of a clan or family. *Opp.* 지패.

*종회호다 s. 宗會 (마루) (모돌) To assemble—of relatives.

*종회호다 s. 綜核 (모돌) (씨) To examine into; to inspect.

조 s. 粟 (*쇽) Millet. *Setaria germanica.* *See* 서속.

*조 s. 兆 (억조) One million.

*조가 s. 朝家 (아침) (집) An official house.

*조감 s. 潮減 (조수) (덜) Low tides. *Opp.* 살어.

*조경 *l.* 趙璥 (나라) 구슬 (A.D.) 1787 F.S. 豐璜 N.P 侑璜 A noted prime minister noted for filial piety in the reign of Chung-jong.

*조경 *l.* 趙儆 (나라) (경동홀) A.D. 1541 F.S. 宗璥 A noted Prince or Duke of Sŏn-jo who served during Hideyoshi's war.

*조경묘 s. 肇慶廟 (비로솔) (경소) (소당) The first ancestral tablet house of the royal family.

*조공 s. 朝貢 (아침) (공밧칠) Tribute.

*조공호다 s. 朝貢 (아침) (공밧칠) To pay tribute.

조근조근호다 s. To be bright; to be interesting.

*조근호다 s. 朝覲 (아침) (보일) To pay a visit to the Imperial Palace; to go to Court; to pay homage or tribute (as one country to another).

조긔 s. 石魚 (돌—*석) (고기—*어) The gilthead.

조끼 s. A vest; a waistcoat.

조기 s. 蛤 (*합) Mussels; clams; bivalves.

*조관 s. 朝冠 (아침) (갓) The head-dress worn when offering tribute.

*조관 s. 朝官 (아침) (벼슬) Court officials; graduates.

*조광보 *l.* 趙光輔 (나라) (빗), 오올) N.P. 1490-1556. 汝陽 A courtier who feigned madness to escape death F.S. Han-yang (K.S.).

*조광조 *l.* 趙光祖 (나라) (빗), 할아비) A.D. 1490-1556. 漢陽 A great scholar F.S. Han-yang (K.K.) N.P. Chong-an (牌花).

*조광한 *l.* 趙廣漢 (나라) (너른) A.D. 1608 F.S. 楊州. A minister of the times of Kwang-hăi—who died in exile.

*조뎡 s. 朝廷 (아침) (조명) The court, the royal palace. *See* 묘당.

*조뎡(에)락여작 s. 朝廷爵齒爵 (아침), 조명) (쥴) (又는, (벼슬) At the court rank is of first importance. *Opp.* 향당에락여치.

*조도 s. 潮道 (밀물) (길) Tide-way.

*조도빈 *l.* 趙道彬 (나라) (길) (빗날) A.D. 174, F.S. 楊州 N.P. 休嚴. A minister of the time of Yŏng-jong.

*조두순 *l.* 趙斗淳 (나라) (말) (슌박) A.D. 1856 F.S. 楊州 N.P. 心穀. A noted prime minister of the time of Chŏl-jong.

*조득모실호다 s. 朝得暮失 (아침) (엇을) (져물) (일흘) To lose at sun down what is gained in the morning—quickly gained, quickly lost. *See* 쉬운득실.

*조등호다 s. 照謄 (빗초일) (등셔홀) To copy; to take from.

조락뎌다 s. 뎌; 젼 To throw away one's opportunities; to be unstable; to be unlucky.

*조량호다 *l.* 照亮 (빗초일) (붉을) To honorably take note; to please know.

*조령 *l.* 朝令 (아침) (호여곰) An ordinance or edict promulgated in the morning

*조령 s. 朝令 (아침) (호여름) Orders from the palace. *See* 명령.

*조롱ᄒᆞ다 v. 嘲弄 (조롱) (희롱) To jeer at; to ridicule; to make sport of.

*조뢰장관 ᄒᆞ다 / 照律決斷 (빗초일) (법) (정게) (관단) Decision according to law.

*조률장관ᄒᆞ다 / 照律決斷 (빗초일) (법) (정게) (관단) To decide in accordance with the statutes.

*조률ᄒᆞ다 / 照律 (빗초일) (법) To follow the law; to do as the law provides.

*조마건 / 照魔鏡 빗초일 마귀 (거울) A kind of spirit looking glass.

*조만영 / 趙萬永 (나라) (일만) (길) 1 D 1800 F.S. 豐壤. A duke of the last reign and father of Queen Cho.

*조명록 / 照名錄 (빗초일) (일홈) (긔록) A list of illustrious names.

*조모 s. 朝暮 (아침) (저물) Morning and evening. Suddenly.

*조부 s. 朝鮒 아침 (슴츄) A district in the 제 kingdom, China. (M.)

*조문명 / 趙文命 (나라) (글 목슴 1 D 1760 F.S. 豐壤 N.P. 趙碧 A noted scholar and military officer who became a duke in the reign of Yŏng-jong.

조물조물ᄒᆞ다 s. To work with the hands; to knead.

*조이롭다 s. 稠密 (빽빽ᄒᆞᆯ) (빽빽—*ᄆᆞᆯ) 로와; 은 To be wonderful; to be skilful; to be marvellous.

*조민 s. 兆民 (억조) (빅셩) The people as a body; the masses.

*조밀조밀ᄒᆞ다 s. 稠密 빽빽ᄒᆞᆫ 빽빽 To be fine; to be close. *See* 요밀조밀ᄒᆞ다.

*조반석죽 s. 朝飯夕粥 아침 (밥 저녁 (쥭) In the morning rice and at evening gruel. *See* 신구상지.

조밥 s. 粟飯 (조—*쏙) (밥—*반) Boiled millet. *See* 쏙반.

*조방 s. 朝房 (아침) (방) Offices attached to the various Boards.

*조변석개ᄒᆞ다 v. 朝改夕改 아침 변ᄒᆞᆫ (저녁) (곳칠) To change in the morning and evening; to be inconstant; to be changeable. *See* 조석변리ᄒᆞ다.

*조병구 / 趙秉龜 나라 (잡을) (거북) A.D. 1801 F.S. 豐壤. Son of 조만영 and brother of Queen Cho who became *Ijo panso.*

*조보 s. 朝報 (아침) (갑흘) A daily record of government affairs kept in the palace. *See* 긔별.

*조복 s. 朝服 (아침) (옷) Court dress. *See* 관복.

*조부양 / 趙浮陽 (나라) (다시 ᄇᆞᆺ) F.S. 豐壤 N.P. 松谷. A noted scholar of the reign of Hyo-jong.

*조삼모사 s. 朝三暮四 (아침) (석) (저물) (넉) Three in the morning and four at night—of people gathering and separating.

조새 s. A metal instrument for loosening oysters from rocks etc.

*조서 / 詔書 (조셔) (글) An Imperial or Royal proclamation or decree. *See* 조칙.

*조석 s. 朝夕 (아침) (저녁) Morning and evening, morning and evening meals.

*조석간만 s. 潮汐干滿 (조슈) (말롬) (간만 ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆯ) Ocean tides.

*조석곡 s. 朝夕哭 아침, (저녁) (울) Wailing night and morning—as for parents.

*조석변리ᄒᆞ다 s. 朝夕變改 (아침) (저녁) (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳칠) To change night and morning. To vacillate. *See* 조변석개ᄒᆞ다.

*조석상식 s. 朝夕上食 (아침) (저녁) (올) (밥) Morning and evening rice—as offered in sacrifice.

*조션 s. 朝鮮 (아침) (곱을) Korea. This name was adopted toward the close of the 14th century, it having been the name of an ancient kingdom in the northwest part of the peninsula dating as far back as 2350 B.C.

*조션국 / 朝鮮國 아침 (곱을 나라) The kingdom of Korea. The land of *Cho-sun.*

*조셰 s. 潮勢 (밀물) (형셰) Fashion; prevailing tendencies.

*조쇼ᄒᆞ다 v. 嘲笑 조롱 (우슴) To jeer at; to jest at; to make sport of. *See* 비웃다.

*조수ᄒᆞ다 / 照數 (빗초일) (두어) To count up; to reckon up.

*조슈 s. 潮水 (조슈) (물) The tides; the rise and fall of the tides. Sea-water. (밀다). *See* 밀물.

*조슈상통ᄒᆞ다 s. 潮水相通 (조슈) (몸) (서로) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To rise and fall of the tides.

*조시보다 s. 朝市 (아침) (저자) 아; 본 To go to early market.

*조식 s. 朝食 (아침) (밥) Breakfast. *See* 아ᄎᆞᆷ.

*조신 s. 朝臣 (아침) (신하) Court officials

*조ᄉᆞ s. 朝仕 (아침) (버슬) Morning salutations—of underlings to the officer in charge.

*조ᄉᆞ보다 s. 朝仕 (아침) (버슬) 보아; 본 To make one's morning salutations.

*조ᄉᆞ식 / 趙師錫 (나라) (스승) (줄) A.D. 1672. F.S. 楊州 N.P. 晩悔. A noted minister in the reign of Suk-jong.

ᄀᆞᆨ악 s. A kind of rice cake cooked in oil.

*조야 s. 朝野 (조명) (들) The government and the people; official and unofficial circles; the upper and lower classes; high and low; the people as a body; the nation as a whole.

*조양 s. 朝陽 (아침) (볕) The morning sun.

*조연 . 趙昀 (나라) (스들) A.D. 1374 F.S. 漢陽 A nephew of the founder of the present dynasty.

*조영규 / 趙英珪 (나라) (꽃부리) (홀) A.D. 1339-1399. The murderer of Chung Mong-ju, an intimate friend of In-jong A.D. 1400-1418.

*조영무 /. 趙英茂 (나라) (꽃부리) 거칠) F.S. 漢陽 A famous duke and minister—of Tä-jo.

*조요ᄒᆞ다 /. 照曜 (빛초일) (빛날) To be bright—as the moon etc.

조용ᄒᆞ다 s. 從容 (좇칠—*몸) (얼굴—*용) To be s. ent, to be quiet. *See* 종용ᄒᆞ다.

*조욱 / 趙昱 (나라) (빛날) F.S. 平壤 N.P. 靜門. A noted minister of Chung-jong.

*조은 s. 朝恩 (조명) (은혜) The Imperial grace, or kindness.

*조의 s. 朝議 (조명) (의론) The deliberations of the Emperor or the government.

*조의 s. 朝衣 (아침) (옷) A dress worn when offering tribute.

*조익 /. 趙翼 (나라) (놀개) A.D. 1609 F.S. 豐壤 N.P. 浦渚 A minister of state in *Hyo-jong's* reign.

*조인팡차중에 s. 稠人廣坐中 (쎅쎅홀) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (넓을) (안질) (가온ᄃᆡ) In a dense crowd of people. *See* 만좌중에.

*조인영 / 趙寅永 (나라) (동방) (길) A.D. 1842. F.S. 楊州 N.P. 雲石. A noted minister and duke of the time of Hŏn-jong.

*조졸 s. 朝宗 (아침) (마루) The main source; the headquarters.

조조나무 s. Sorb-leaved spiraca. *Spiraca sorbifolia.*

*조졸 /. 趙拙 (나라) (깁흘) A.D. 1346. F.S. 平壤 N.P. 松堂. The builder of the walls of Seoul and Prime minister of Tä-jo.

*조짐 s. 兆朕 (징조) (나) Sign; omen; signal.

*조지호 /. 趙持浩 (나라) (가질) (너를) A.D. 1702. F.S. 豐壤 N.P. 損齋. Prime minister of Yŏng-jong.

*조좌 s. 朝坐 (아침) (안질) The meeting place of the ministers.

*조취모산ᄒᆞ다 s. 朝聚暮散 (아침) (모들) (저물) (흣들) To gather in the morning and scatter at night. *See* 조취모산.

*조취모산지비 s 朝聚暮散之輩 (아침) (모들) (저물) (흣들) (갈) (무리) Those who meet in the morning and separate at night.

쇼ᄎᆞ키 s. 燒飯 (불—*식) (찬—*찬) A dish prepared with meat and soy.

*조칙 /. 詔勅 (조셔) (신칙) A royal proclamation. *See* 조셔.

*조태억 / 趙泰億 (나라) (클) (억) A.D. 1715. F.S. 楊州 N.P. 謙齋. A minister of Kyŏng-jong.

*조태채 /. 趙泰采 (나라) (풀) (취ᄒᆞ) A.D. 1720. F.S. 楊州 N.P. 二憂堂. A minister of Kyŏng-jong.

*조현석 s. 朝天石 (아침) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (돌) A stone that salutes heaven—a rock in the Tätong river before P'yong yang.

*조협ᄒᆞ다 s. 稠壓 (쎅쎅홀) (싸흘) To be heaped up; to be crowded.

*조현 s 朝現 (아침) (봄) Office, official standing

*조하ᄒᆞ다 s 朝賀 (아침) (하례) To appear at court to offer congratulations.

*조헌 / 趙憲 (나라) 님 F.S. 白川 N.P. 重峯. A noted scholar and judge of reign of Sŏn-jo. His tablet is in the Confucian Temples.

*조헌명 f. 趙顯命 (나라) (나타날) (목숨) A.D. 1791. F.S. 參判 N.P. 錦峰. A noted minister of the reign, Yŏng-jong who won a "Filial gate."

*조회 f. 照會 (빛초일) (모둘) Official documents relating to subjects of other countries (붓치다).

*조회하다 f. 照會 (빛초일) (모둘) To have correspondence with—as with foreign representatives.

*조회하다 s. 朝會 (아침) (모둘) To have an audience of the king or the emperor

*조후 s. 潮候 (밀물) (긔후) The time when the tide flows.

*조흘레 f. 照訖帖 (빛초일) (모칠) (례—*협) An official certificate of studies completed, presented by candidates for examination.

조희 f. 紙 (*지) Paper. (쓰다. *Also* 조회.

*족 s. 足 (발) A hoof.

쪽 s. 藍 (*람) The indigo plant. Indigo, blue.

*족과평생하다 s. 足過平生 (족홀) (지날) (평홀) (날) To have sufficient to live on

족두리 s. 花冠 (꼿—*관) (갗—*관) A woman's cap worn at weddings or on festive occasions. (쓰다).

족덕 s. A pocket-shaped fishing net.

*족발기살 s. 足反居上 (발) (도라올) (살) (웃 Heels above one's head 소 ... 고기하.

*족부족간 s. 足不足間 (족홀) (아니) (족홀) (소이) About a sufficiency.

*족불리디하다 s. 足不履地 (발) (아닐) (밟) (짜 To ... without touching ground—to go swiftly; to be swift.

*족불지디하다 s. 足不至地 (발) (아닐) (니를) (짜) To fly in haste, to ... without touching the ground.

*족쇄하다 s. 足鎖 (발) (잠을) To put feet in the stocks.

*족장 s 足掌 (발) (발바닥) Soles of the feet.

족장치다 s. 치; 친 To beat the soles of the feet of a bridegroom—a custom of Korea.

족지박 s. 貂 (*몰) A weasel.

*족적 s. 足跡 (발) (자최) A footprint or foot mark.

*족족하다 s. 足足 (족홀) (족홀) To be sufficient; to be plenty; to be enough. *See* 넉넉하다.

족주 s. A hanging picture. (걸다).

*족채 s. 足債 (발) (빗) Money given by the one arrested to the detective.

족굽 s. A hoof.

족편 s. Calf's-foot jelly.

*족하 s. 足下 (발) (아래) You; your excellency; your majesty.

*족히 s 足 (족홀) An adverb having the force of can; may; worth; sufficiently. *See* 가히.

*족하다 s. 足 (족홀) To be sufficient; to be plenty; to be enough. *See* 족족하다

좀 s. 蠹 (*두) Worms or grubs in books, wood etc. (먹다) (집다).

좀먹다 v. 蠹蝕 (좀 —*두) (먹을—*실) To be moth-eaten; to be worm-eaten.

좀생이 s. The Six Sisters.

*종 f. 種 (씨) A seed; a germ; a root. Sense.

*종 f. 瘡 (헌데) A boil; an ulcer.

*종 s. 鐘 (쇠북) A bell; a clock. (치다).

*종 s. 從 (좇칠) Rear or second of degree or rank. *Opp.* 정.

종 f. 奴 (*노) A slave; a bondservant. (노릇하다 See 노주

*종 s. 終 (못칠) The end; the finish.

*종쌀 s. 小米 (젹을 —*쇼) (쌀 —*미) Hulled millet. *See* 쇼미.

종쌀령감 s. An old man full of words.

*종가하다 s. 從駕 (좇칠) (멍에) To accompany on horseback or in a palanquin.

*종군하다 s 從軍 (좇칠) (군소) To enter the army; to become a soldier; to go to the front; to go out to battle.

종가래 s. 小鍤 (젹을—*쇼) (가래—*살) A small shovel.

*종가세 s. 從價稅 (좇칠) (갑) (구실) Advalorem duties.

*종각 s. 鐘閣 (쇠북) (집) A bell house; a belfry.

*종게 s. 種鷄 (씨) (돍) A well-bred cock.

*종경 s. 鐘磬 (쇠북) (경쇠) A bell—as ... Buddha. *See* 쇤경.

*종경도 s. 從卿圖 (좃칭) (벼슬) (그림) A game of "promotion," based on the ups and downs of official life.

*종고 s. 鐘鼓 (죵구) (북) Gongs and drums.

*종귀일철 s. 終始一轍 (죵시) (도라갈) (호) 수레박휘) The same principle; what is of the same kind.

*종금이후로 s. 從今以後 (좃칭) (이제) (써) (뒤) From now on; from the present

*종긔 l. 癰氣 (헌데) (긔운) A boil; an abscess. *See* 종처.

*종긔하다 l. 鍾氣 (죵긔) (긔운) To be rare; to be gifted; to be superior. *See* 관긔하다.

*종관하다 l. 縱觀 (노흘) (볼) To look over; to inspect in a leisurely manner; to visit.

종년 l. 婢 (죵—*비) A female slave.

*종년월세 s. 終年歲 (모칠) (히) (지낼) (히) Year follows year; time flies.

종놈 l. 奴 (죵—*노) A male slave. *Opp.* 종년.

종다다 s. 라; 단 To follow in succession.

종다라기 s. 苧笥 (다락기—*명) (다락기—*샹) A small round basket. *See* 다락기.

*종다수하다 s. 從多數 (좃칠) (만흘) (두어) To follow the majority.

*종당 s. 終當 (모칠) (맛당) In the end; finally. *See* 종초.

*종매 l. 從弟 (좃칠) (아오) Younger male paternal cousin. A male cousin younger than one's self.

종도리 s. Cabbage with the root cut and left to go to seed.

*종두 l. 種痘 (씨) (역질) Inoculation for smallpox. (넉타). *See* 우두.

*종두지미 s 從頭至尾 (좃칠) (머리) (니를) (꼬리) From head to tail; first to last. *See* 조초지종.

*종두하다 l. 種痘 (씨) (역질) To inoculate for smallpox—as in the nose.

종달이 s. A skylark. *See* 종달새.

종두리 s. The inner part of the ankles.

종달새 s. A skylark.

*종락 l. 種落 (씨) (떠러질) Race; class; offspring. *See* 종류.

*종람소 l. 縱覽所 (방종흘) (볼) (바) A place where anything is shown without charge.

*종람하다 l. 縱覽 (노흘) (볼) To see freely; to examine as one pleases.

*종량세 s. 從量稅 (좃칠) (헤아릴) (구실) Specific duties.

*종로 s. 鐘路 (죵북) (길) "Bell street" the main thoroughfare of the capital.

*종루 s. 鐘樓 (죵북) (다락) A bell-tower.

*종류 l. 種類 (씨) (갓흘) A kind, a class; a race; an offspring. *See* 종락.

*종리 s. 終來 (모칠) (올) Still; even yet; to the last. *See* 종시.

종말 s. 終末 (모칠) 씃) The extreme; the very last. *See* 나종.

*종무소식 s. 終無消息 모칠) (업슬) (살아질) (쉬일) No news at all. *See* 일기무소식.

*종미 l. 從妹 (좃칠) (누의) A female paternal cousin.

*종미부 l. 從妹夫 (좃칠) (누의) (지아비) The husband of a *Chongmi*.

*종반변하다 s. 從反變 (좃칠) (도리킬) (변홀) To vary inversely as.

*종발 s. 鍾鉢 (죵북) (밥이) A small dish for pickle.

*종범 s. 從犯 (좃칠) (범홀) One implicated in a crime. *See* 련루자.

*종병략탈하다 s. 縱兵掠奪 (노흘) (군소) (로략) (빼아슬) To let soldiers loose to pillage.

*종불출급하다 s. 終不出給 (모칠) (아닐) (날) (줄) To never pay one's debts; to fail to the last to pay one's obligations.

*종불투족 s. 終不投足 (모칠) (아닐) (던질) (발) Never to pay a visit; never to set foot in. *See* 일불투족하다.

*종불회지하다 s. 終不悔改 (맛칠) (아닐) (뉘우칠) (곳칠) To never repent; to not yield till the last.

종새 s. The last brood of the season—of chickens. *Opp.* 맛비.

*종상하다 l. 種桑 (심을) (쌍나무) To plant mulberry trees.

*종선 s. 縱線 (노흘) (실) Vertical or perpendicular lines.

*종선 s. 從船 (좃칠) (비) The small boats —attached to a ship.

*종세 s. 終歲 (모칠) (히) Throughout the whole year; all the year round.

*종성 s. 鐘聲 (죵북) (소리) The sound of a bell.

*종성 s. 鍾城 (쇠북) (재) A prefect in Ham kyong do. lat. 42.44. Long. 129.50.

*종속히 s. 從速 (좇칠) (샐율) As soon as; quickly.

*종손 l. 從孫 (좇칠) (손조) The son of a paternal nephew.

*종손녀 l. 從孫女 (좇칠) (손조) (계집) The daughter of a paternal nephew.

*종손부 l. 從孫婦 (좇칠) (손조) (며누리) The wife of a *Chong son.*

*종손셔 l. 從孫壻 (좇칠) (손조) (사회) The husband of a *Chongson nyo.*

*종수 l. 從嫂 (좇칠) (아지미) The wife of a paternal cousin.

*종숙 l. 從叔 (좇칠) (하조비) A paternal cousin.

*종시 s. 終是 (모칠) (이) Still, even yet; to the last. Never. *See* 철뎌.

*종씨 l. 從氏 (좇칠) (각씨—"시) Elder male paternal cousins. *See* 소손.

*종시가ᄒᆞ다 s. 從時價 (좇칠) (때) (갑) To be according to current prices.

*종시세ᄒᆞ다 s. 從時勢 (좇칠) (때) (형세) To follow the times.

*종신 s. 終身 (모칠) (몸) The end of life; for life.

*종신금옥 s. 終身禁獄 (모칠) 몸) (금홀) (옥) Imprisonment for life. *See* 종신징역.

*종신종역 s. 終身從役 (모칠) (몸) (좇거) (역소) Penal servitude for life

*종신지질 s. 終身之疾 (모칠) (몸) (갈) (병) A fatal disease; an incurable sickness. *See* 고황지질.

*종신ᄒᆞ다 s. 終身 (모칠) (몸) To end one's days; to live out one's life.

*종심 s. 終審 (모칠) (솔필) Final judicial examination.

*종소 s. 蠽斯 (외똑이) (이) A locust that makes a noise like a weaver's loom.

*종소관 s. 從事官 (좇칠) (일) (버슬) A deputy—of one of the various government offices.

*종소ᄒᆞ다 s. 從事 (좇칠) (일) To be engaged in—any business; to be occupied with.

*종소ᄒᆞ다 s. 從死 (좇칠) (죽을) To die in battle in attendance on one's master or feudal lord.

*종숨 l. 種蔘 (씨) (숨) Cultivated ginseng.

종아리 l. 腫 (*경) The calf of the leg. *See* 장단지.

*종야 s. 終夜 (모칠) (밤) All night; the whole night. *Opp.* 종일.

*종언 s. 終焉 (모칠) (어조ᄉᆞ) The end of life; death.

종요롭다 s. 緊要 (긴홀—"긴) (종요로울—"요) 로와: 은 To be useful, to be necessary. *See* 요긴ᄒᆞ다.

*종용ᄒᆞ다 s. 從容 (좇칠) (얼굴) To be silent; to be quiet; to be still. To be gentle.

*종용ᄒᆞ다 s. 慫慂 (권홀) (권홀) To persuade; to prevail on; to tempt, or entice.

*종유석 s. 鍾乳石 (쇠북) (젓) (돌) A stalactite.

*종유ᄒᆞ다 s. 從遊 (좇칠) (놀) To attend on; to wait on.

*종의 l. 瘇醫 (헌데) (의원) An abscess doctor.

*종이품 s. 從二品 (좇칠) (두) (품수) Second degree; rear rank—of ancient official rank.

*종인 s. 從人 (좇칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Followers; hangers on.

*종일 s. 終日 (모칠) (날) All day. *Opp.* 종야.

*종일지력 s. 終日之力 (모칠) (날) (갈) (힘) All day with all one's might

*종일품 s. 從一品 (좇칠) (한) (품수) First degree rear rank—of ancient office.

*종인ᄒᆞ다 l. 鍾愛 (쇠북) (소랑) To love exceedingly.

종알종알ᄒᆞ다 (말ᄊᆞᆷ 지거릴—"치) To talk back; to make excuses; to murmur against. *See* 종알종알ᄒᆞ다.

*종자 s. 從者 (좇칠) (놈) A follower; attendants.

*종장 s. 終場 (모칠) 마당 The last "sitting"—of examinations. *See* 초장.

*종장 s. 終章 (모칠) (글장) The last stanza of a poem. The last of triplet of verses containing a given character. *See* 초장.

*종적 s. 蹤跡 (자최) (자최) Footsteps; traces. *See* 자최.

*종적(이)탄로ᄒᆞ다 s. 蹤跡綻露 (자최) (자최) (터질) (드러날) To give evidence of one's true character; to show one's tracks.

*종조 l. 從祖 (좇칠) (할아비) A great paternal uncle.

*종조모 l. 從祖母 (좇칠) (할아비) (어미) Wife of a *Chongjo.*

*죵조부 *l.* 從祖父 (죵죄) (할아비) (아비) A great paternal uncle.

*죵족 *l.* 種族 (쥥) (겨레) A race; a tribe.

*죵졸 *s.* 從卒 (죵죄) (군소) Troops under a person's command.

*죵죵 *l.* 種種 (쥥) (쥥) Often; frequently. *See* 간간.

죵죵거름 *s.* A quick pace; hurried steps.

*죵죵ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 種種 (쥥) (쥥) To be thick; to be dense; to be numerous.

죵쥬뼈 *s.* The kneecap. *Also* 죵즈뼈.

*죵즁손 *l.* 從曾孫 (죵죄) (일직) (손주) A grandson of a paternal nephew.

*죵즁손녀 *l.* 從曾孫女 (죵죄) (일직) (손주) (계집) A granddaughter of a paternal nephew.

*죵즁손셔 *l.* 從曾孫婿 (죵죄) (일직) (손주) (사회) The husband of a *Chong jeung sonnyo.*

*죵즁조 *l.* 從曾祖 (죵죄) (일직) (할아비) A great grandfather's brother.

*죵즁조모 *l.* 從曾祖母 (죵죄) (일직) (할아비) (어미) The wife of a *Chong jeung cho.*

*죵지 *l.* 種紙 (쥥) (조희) The paper on which the eggs of silk-worms are deposited. *See* 잠란지.

*죵지 *s.* 宗旨 (마루) (뜻) A religious sect; a religion.

*죵즈 *s.* 鍾子 (쇠북) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A small cup.

*죵즈 *s.* 種子 (쥥) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Seed. Offspring. *See* 씨.

죵즈뼈 *s.* The kneecap. *See* 무릅도판이.

*죵즈이후로 *s.* 從玆以後 (죵죄) (이) (쥥) (뒤) From now on. *See* 즈금이후로.

*죵즈포 *s.* 種子包 (쥥) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (쌀) A cotyledon.

*죵처 *l.* 癰疽 (천데) (곳) A boil; an ulcer. (Respect.) *See* 헌ᄃᆡ.

죵쳡 *l.* 婢妾 (죵—*비) (쳡 —*쳡) A slave concubine.

죵쳐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 終 (모칠) 쳐; 친 To complete each triplet—in a contest of writing passages containing a given character.

*죵쳐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鍾處; 친 To ring a bell.

*죵즈 *s.* 從此 (죵칠, (이) Beginning from this; after this; henceforth.

*죵파 *l.* 種葱 (쥥) (파—*총) Seed onions.

*죵편위지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 從便爲之 (죵쳘) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞ) (갈) To do in an easy way; to take the most convenient way. *See* 경편위유ᄒᆞ다.

*죵풍어이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 從風而靡 (죵칠) (바람) (말이) (쓰러질) To be blown by every wind; to follow slavishly.

*죵형 *l.* 從兄 (죵칠) (맛) Elder male paternal cousins. *See* 죵씨.

*죵횡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 縱橫 (노흘) (빗길) To be lengthwise and crosswise; to be longitudinal and lateral. To be this and that. To go here and there.

*죵화ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 縱火 (노흘) (불) To cause a conflagration; to start a fire.

*주 *l.* 註 (주) Explanatory notes; annotations. (내다).

주거니밧거니ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To give and take—as friends. *See* 썩기ᄭᅩ쌉을다.

주근주근 *s.* Gumming; eating.

*주내다 *l.* 註釋 (주) (쓸—*석) 여; 낸 To write explanatory notes; to annotate.

주눅 *s.* Shame; diffidence. (ᄆᆞᆯ다).

주다 *s.* 給 (줄—*급) 어; 준 To give; to appoint to, to perform, to practise. To lead off in singing. To water flowers. (ᄆᆞᆯ).

*주달ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 奏達 (알일) (ᄃᆞᆯ) To report to the king or government.

주러들다 *s.* 縮 (우므러질—*츅) 드러; 든 To contract; to shrink; to grow less. *Opp.* 느러나다.

주러지다 *s.* 縮 (우므러질—*츅) 러져; 진 To contract; to shrink; to grow less.

주렁주렁 *s.* 纍纍 (니을—*련) (니을—*루) In clusters; in globules; in lumps. *See* 조랑조랑.

주루루 *s.* Flowing; running; pouring.

주루룩주루룩 *s.* Falling; dropping; pouring.

주룩주룩 *s.* Pouring. Wrinkled; folded. *See* 우굴주굴ᄒᆞ다.

쭈르륵주르륵 *s.* Falling; dropping; pouring.

주르ᄅᆞᆯ *s.* Sliding; falling.

주름 *s.* A fold; a ply; a wrinkle.

주름잡다 *s.* 摺 (주름잡을—*법) 아; 온 To fold; to wrinkle. *See* 주름잡히다.

주름살잡히다 *s.* 혀; 힌 To be wrinkled; to be folded. *See* 살잡다.

주름잡히다 *s.* 집혀, 힌 To be wrinkled; to be folded. *See* 주름살잡히다.

주름들다 *s.* 어; 든 To be stunted; to be checked in growth. *See* 조름들다.

*주리 l. 腠理 (썽구멍) (리치) The pores of the skin.

주리다 s. 주려; 린 To diminish; to decrease; to shorten; to lessen; to abbreviate. *Opp.* 느리다.

주리다 l. 飢 (주릴—*긔) 주려; 린 To starve; to be famished.

*주마가편 / 走馬加鞭 (다라날) (몰) (더홀 채쭉) A fast horse goaded on a double-quick pace.

*주마노하 l. 走馬 (다라날) (몰) 노하; 혼 To gallop.

*주마담 l. 走馬痰 (다라날) (몰) (담) Shooting pains etc.—from consumption.

*주마창 l. 走馬瘡 (다라날) (몰) (헌데) A succession of boils.

주먹귀 l. 拳 (주먹—*권) The fist. (Prov.) *See* 주먹.

주먹 s. 拳 (주먹—*권) The fist. *See* 주머귀.

주먹구구ᄒᆞ다 s. 拳九九 (주먹—*권) (아홉—*구) (아홉—*구) To count on the fingers.

*주면ᄒᆞ다 l. 奏免 (알외) (면홀) To inform against and ask dismissal from office. *See* 장파ᄒᆞ다.

*주목ᄒᆞ다 l. 注目 (부을) (눈) To watch; to pay attention to; to regard attentively.

*주문 l. 注文 (부을) (글) An order.

*주문 l. 呪文 (진언) (글) Incantations; formulae repeated in sorcery. *See* 진언.

*주문 l. 奏文 (알외) (글) A memorial to the Emperor from the King.

*주문ᄒᆞ다 l. 注文 (부을) (글) To order; give an order for—anything.

*주문ᄒᆞ다 l. 奏聞 (알외) 드를 To memorialize the king. *See* 주달ᄒᆞ다.

*주본 l. 奏本 (알외) (뫁) A memorial to the king.

주살 s. 弋 (*익) A harpoon or arrow to which a string is attached.

*주샤 l. 注射 (부을) (쏠) An injection. (노라).

*주샤긔 l. 注射器 (부을) (쏠) (그릇) A syringe.

*주샤침 l. 注射鍼 (부을) (쏠) (바늘) A hypodermic syringe. (노다) (맞다).

*주서 l. 注書 (부을) (글) An under royal secretary -an officer of the front rank, 7th degree.

*주석 l. 註釋 (주낼) (플) A commentary or explanatory notes.

*주슈 l. 走獸 (다라날) (즘승) Swift-footed animals.

*주ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 做事 (지을) (일) To invent; to establish; to take charge of.

*주악 l. 奏樂 (알외) (풍류) Music.

*주악ᄒᆞ다 l. 奏樂 (알외) (풍류) To perform music.

*주업ᄒᆞ다 l. 做業 (지을) (업) To do work; to study.

*주임 l. 奏任 (알외) (맛흘) The rank of government officials that are appointed by the Cabinet and reported to the Emperor.

*주임기술관 l. 奏任技術官 (알외) (맛길) (지죠) (술업) (버슬) Artificers in the government employ and of 주임 rank.

*주임관 / 奏任官 (알외) (맛길) (버슬) Government officials of 주임 rank.

*주임대우ᄒᆞ다 / 奏任待遇 (알외) (맛길) (디졉) (맛날) To treat as a 주임관 with equal honor.

주저대다 s. 躊躇 (소소리 *츙) (조찬—*궁) 여; 린 To make pretences; to put on; to show off.

*주전소 l. 鑄錢所 (지을) (돈) (바) A mint.

*주전ᄒᆞ다 l. 鑄錢 (지을) (돈) To mint.

주줄이 s. Streaks of dirt on the face.

*주조 l. 鑄字 (지을) (글조) Printer's type. (싀다).

*주청ᄒᆞ다 l. 奏請 (알외) (청홀) To petition the Emperor.

*주촉ᄒᆞ다 l. 嗾唆 (부츄일) (부츄일) To aid; to incite; to abet.

*주츄일반 l. 走趨一般 (다라날) (쑥칠) (홀) (ᄀᆞᆺ) The one escaping and the one following just alike—birds of a feather.

*주출ᄒᆞ다 l. 做出 (지을) (날) To make; to create.

주춤주춤 s. Little by little; gradually.

*주판임관 / 奏判任官 알외 (판단) (맛길) (버슬) Secretary and clerk of a minister. *See* 칙주임판.

*주관지세 / 走坂之勢 (다라날) (언덕) (갈) (형셰) What is begun and must necessarily be completed; putting one's hand to the plow. *See* 긔창지무.

*주즘 l. 奏旨 (알외) (즘홀) An announcement to the government.

*주필 l. 走筆 (다라날) (붓) A hurried pen.

*주히 / 註解 (주낼) (플) A commentary; an exegesis.

*주히ᄒᆞ다 l. 註解 (주낼) (플) To explan; To expound; to elucidate.

쭉 *l.* Suddenly. Strongly—in sucking or drinking.

쭉구러써리다 *s.* 써려; 린 To crush down; to squeeze.

쭉구리다 *s.* 踞 (거러안질—*꾼) 구려; 린 To crush down; to squat.

쭉궁쭉굼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To delay; to hesitate; to go little by little. *See* 주춤주춤ᄒᆞ다.

쭉다 *s.* 死 (죽을—*소) 어; 은 To die; to expire. To be weak. (귀운) (물). To be thin—of starch. *See* 운멈ᄒᆞ다.

쭉담 *s.* 土垣 (흙*—*토) (담—*원) A wall enclosing a yard.

쭉방울 *s.* 磚 (*구) A spool-shaped ball tossed from a stretched string—the instrument of a Korean game.

*쭉비 *s.* 竹鼓 (대) (쥭비) A wooden rattle carried by Buddhists.

쭉은비 *s.* Freckles. (돗다).

쭉은목숨 *s.* A person beyond the realm of hope—as destitute, sick etc. *See* 십붉여소.

쭉엄 *s.* 尸 (*사) A corpse; a dead body. *See* 시체.

쭉이다 *s.* 殺 (죽일—*살) 죽여; 인 To kill; to slay. *See* 죽다.

쭉정이 *s.* 空殼 (뷘—*공) (껍흘 *각) Empty heads of grain; blasted ears. *See* 뷘당.

쭉쭉 *l s.* Sucking.

쭉치다 *s.* 켜; 친 To be twisted; to be warped. To be coerced. To be exhausted. *See* 접치다.

쭌둑쭌둑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be elastic.

*쭌봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遵奉 (좃칠) (밧들) To comply with; to observe—as rules; to obey.

*쭌쭈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 蹲坐 (거러안질) (안질) To sit squatted; to remain half-seated.

*쭌힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遵行 (좃칠) (둔닐) To act in accordance with; to obey. *See* 시힝ᄒᆞ다.

줄 *l.* 銼 (*차) A file; a rasp.

줄 *s.* 絃 (*현) A rope.

줄 *s.* 行 (*항) A line—on paper. (치다).

줄 *s.* 把 (잡을—*파) A numerative of strings of tobacco leaves, etc.

줄것다 *s.* 거러; 른 To walk—a tight rope. *See* 줄ᄃᆞ다.

줄고지 *s.* Constantly; uninterruptedly; persistently. *See* 줏고지.

줄글 *s.* 文章 (글—*문) (글장 *장) Prose in contrast to poetry. *Opp.* 귀글.

줄긋다 *s.* 印刷 (인칠—*인) (글을—*살) 그어; 근 To line off a page.

줄기 *s.* 莖 (*경) A stem; a stalk. A course; a line; a range.

줄기초다 *s.* 기초; 친 To be long. To be strong; to be vigorous. *See* 장초다.

줄녹이 *s.* The curlew.

줄눅줄눅ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be hollowed out; to be hollow in places. *See* 잘눅잘눅ᄒᆞ다

줄다 *l.* 減 (우므러질—*쥭) 어; 은 To be decreased; to be diminished; to grow less. *Opp.* 늘다.

줄때 *s.* Sorghum stalks used in rolling cotton. A bamboo stick for picking the strings of a guitar.

줄드리다 *s.* 交來 (사괼—*교) (노—*살) 드려; 린 To twist thread; to wind a string or rope.

줄뻐우다 *s.* 떠워; 운 To line out—as in building.

줄몽둥이 *s.* A line drawn through writing marking it as incorrect. (Prov). *See* 작다이.

줄방석 *s.* A mat made of *Chul* reeds.

줄벤조 *s.* Leather shoes with an extra border and a double set of toe strings.

줄줄 *l. s.* Bubbling; flowing. *See* 졸졸.

쭐쭐 *l. s.* Bubbling; flowing. Trotting.

줄지다 *s.* 줄지; 진 To pinion a prisoner; to bind a criminal with the "red rope."

줄치다 *s.* 줄쳐; 친 To rule; to mark with lines. To weave a web—of a spider.

줄타다 *s.* 노, 는 To perform on a tight rope. *See* 줄것다.

줄팔매 *s.* A sling.

줌 *l.* 掬 (*국) A handful.

줌으르다 *s.* 搦 (어루문질—*무) 을너; 으른 To work with the hands, to knead.

줌으시다 *s.* 就寢 (나아갈 *침) (잘—*침) 으셔; 신 To sleep. (Hon.) *See* 자다.

줌을넉줌을넉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To work with the hands; to knead.

줌초다 *l.* 盈掬 (출—*영) (줌—*국) 초; 친 To measure a handful; to have the hands full.

줍다 *l.* 拾 (주울 ~*슙) 주어; 준 To pick up; to gather up.

쥐 *s.* 鼠 (*서) A rat; a mouse.

쥐나다 *s.* 나; 난 To have cramps. To be ashamed. (얼골에).

쥐날 *s.* 구日 (아홀—*조) (날 *일) The "rats' day" of the 1st moon.

쥐다 *l.* 握 (잡을—*악) 어; 진 To take hold; to hold. *See* 움키다.

쥐닥이 *l.* A rough piece of work; a home-made job. *See* 쓰더귀.

쥐덧 *s.* 鼠箝 (쥐—*서) (덧—*젼) A rat trap.

쥐똥나무 *s.* 鼠屎木 (쥐—*서) (똥—*시) (나무—*목) The privet.

쥐며느리 *s.* 鼠婦 (쥐—*서) (며느리—*부) The sow-bug, *Oniscus.* *See* 서부.

쥐부리 *l.* A domino marked with three spots.

쥐불 *s.* A torch celebration to drive off mice and insure a good harvest. Nothing—of ignorance.

쥐숨듯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hide like rats.

*쥐엽나무 *s.* 朱棗樹 (쥬조슈—*쥬) (엽—*엽) (나무 *슈 The acacia. *See* 조각목.

*쥬임 *s.* 奏任 (알임) (딱홈) A division of the rank of 주스 including all above the 6th degree.

쥐젓 *s.* Small pimples on the neck.

쥐죽은듯ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To remain like a dead rat.

쥐통 *s.* 惡疾 (아이홀—*피) (병—*질) Rat sickness—cholera. *See* 피질.

*쥬 *s.* 主 (님) Master; Lord.

*쥬 *s.* 朱 (붉을) Dark red dye powders.

*쥬 *s.* 株 (그루) A numerative of sticks of wood, of shares or stocks.

*쥬가 *s.* 酒家 (술) (집) A wine-shop; a drinking house. *See* 쥬막.

*쥬가 *s.* 酒價 (술) (갑) The price of drink; the drink bill. *See* 쥬쳬

*쥬각 *s.* 周角 (두루) (뿔) Angle at circumference.

*쥬갑 *s.* 周甲 (두루) (갑) A completed cycle—as at sixty years of a age. *See* 환갑.

*쥬거 *s.* 舟車 (비) (수레) Ships and carriages.

쥬걱 *s.* A rice ladle.

쥬걱뼈 *s.* A shoulder-blade.

쥬걱셔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To complain of poverty; to pretend to be poor.

쥬걱턱 *s.* A "rice ladle" chin; a prominent chin.

*쥬견 *l.* 主見 (쥬장홀) (볼) Opinions; independent ideas. *See* 쥬의.

*쥬계 *s.* 主計 (님금) (계교) A pay-master; an accountant.

*쥬계총감 *s.* 主計總監 (님금) (계교) (거누릴) (볼) An accountant general.

*쥬계학교 *s.* 主計學校 (님금) (계교) (비홀) (학교) The school where young men are instructed in the art of accountancy.

*쥬경야독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 晝耕夜讀 (낫) (밧갈) (밤) 닑을) To farm during the day and study at night.

*쥬경ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 駐京 (머므를) (셔울) To remain in Seoul—as an official.

*쥬고 *s.* 酒膏 (술) (기름) Alcoholic Extract.

*쥬공 *s.* 周公 (나라) (귀인) A fourth son of king 문. (B.C. 1150). The author of certain ceremonies and official rites, also the inventor of the mariner's compass.

*쥬공 *s.* 主公 (님금) (귀인) Lord; master; —a feudal term used by retainers when speaking to or of their feudal lords.

*쥬교 *s.* 舟橋 (비) (두리) A pontoon bridge. (노다).

*쥬교 *s.* 主敎 (쥬장홀) (구루칠) A bishop.

*쥬군 *s.* 州郡 (고을) (고을) Provinces and rural districts.

*쥬금 *s.* 株金 (그루) (쇠) Stock funds.

*쥬금 *s.* 酒禁 (술) (금홀) A prohibition—forbidding the making or selling of drink. (ᄒᆞ다) (ᄒᆞ다).

*쥬급ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 周急 (두루) (급홀) To give in charity; to bestow alms. *See* 구제ᄒᆞ다.

*쥬긔 *s.* 酒旗 (술) (긔) A flag set up instead of a sign board by a public house or grog-shop.

*쥬긔도문 *s.* 主祈禱文 (님금) (빌) (빌) (글) The Lord's Prayer.

*쥬긔 *l.* 酒氣 (술) (긔운) Influence of drink.

*쥬긔함수 *s.* 週期函數 (두루) (긔약) (함) (두어) Periodic function.

*쥬긱 *s.* 主客 (님금) (손) Host and guest. Subject and object. *See* 빈쥬.

*쥬긱 s. 酒客 (술) (손) A drunkard; a drinking fellow.

*쥬긱간 s. 主客間 (쥬장호) (손) (소이) Between host and guest. *See* 빈쥬간.

*쥬긱지셰 s. 主客之勢 (쥬장호) (손) (갈) (형세) The circumstances of host and guest.

*쥬긱지의 s. 主客之誼 (쥬장호) (손) (갈) (천호) The friendship that arises between host and guest.

*쥬과 s. 酒菓 (술) (실과) Spirits and fruit.

*쥬과포 s. 酒菓脯 (술) (실과) (포육) Wine, fruit and dried fish—used in ancestral sacrifices.

*쥬관무인ᄒᆞ다 s. 主管無人 (쥬장호) (소지호) (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To be without one in charge.

*쥬관ᄒᆞ다 s. 主管 (쥬장호) (소지호) To take charge of; to be responsible for. *See* 쥬장ᄒᆞ다.

*쥬광 s. 酒狂 (술) (밋칠) Madness from drink.

*쥬권 s. 主權 (쥬장호) (권세) The governing power or authority; supreme power.

*쥬권자 s. 主權者 (쥬장호) (권세) (놈) The one having supreme power.

*쥬뷔 s. 主婦 (쥬장호) (여ᄌᆞ) A wife; a mistress of a house. *See* 가모

*쥬나라 s. 、주) 周國 (나라) (나라 *국) The territory occupied by the posterity of 후직이. The dynasty lasting from 1122 B.C. to 255 B.C. China.

*쥬년 s. 周年 (두루) (히) The revolving year; the whole year. The whole year. *See* 긔년.

*쥬노라 *l.* 籌 (ᄉᆞᆫ놀) 노라 혼 To reckon to count up *See* 산노라.

*쥬다례 s. 酒茶禮 (술) (차) (례도) A sacrificial ceremony—in which drink and tea are used.

*쥬단 s. 紬緞 (면쥬) (비단) Satin and silk.

*쥬달 s. 酒疸 (술) (황달) Biliousness or jaundice—caused by drink.

*쥬담 s. 酒談 (술) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Drunken ravings. *See* 취담.

*쥬뎐원 s. 主殿院 (님금) (집) (집) Palace keepers' Bureau.

쥬ᄎᆡ s. 執心 (잡을—*집) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ—*심) Stability; steadfastness. *See* 집심.

*쥬당 s. 周堂 (두루) (집) The prohibition of entrance to a certain part of the house during wedding festivals etc., because of the presence of malignant spirits.

*쥬뎐 s. 酒田 (술) (밧) Sakada in Japan.

*쥬뎜 s. 朱點 (붉을) (뎜) A red mark.

*쥬뎜 s. 酒店 (술) (집ᄉᆞᆫ집) A wine-shop; a drinking house. *See* 쥬막.

*쥬독 s. 酒毒 (술) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Hurtful effects of wine A red nose. (오로다) (돗다)

*쥬독 s. 主櫝 (님금) (독) A case for a tablet—ancestor worship.

*쥬둔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 駐屯 (머므를) (둔칠) To encamp—as soldiers.

쥬둥이 s. 嘴 (부리—*취) The muzzle; the mouth—of animals. A bill; a beak. *See* 부리.

*쥬등 s. 酒燈 (술) (등불) A drinking house lantern—hung up as a sign.

쥬ᄅᆡ s. Cordage; ship ropes. A funnel —used when pouring liquors.

쥬라 s. 喇叭 (라발—*라) (라발—*팔) A kind of wooden horn or trumpet.

*쥬락상모 s. 朱絡緌毛 (붉을) (얽힐) (코기리) (털털) Red ornaments—for a horse's bridle.

*쥬란 s. 朱蘭 (붉을) (란초) *Pogonia ophioglossoides.*

*쥬란화각 s. 朱欄畫閣 (붉을) (란간) (그림) (집) A red decorated house—an official building.

*쥬람 s. 周覽 (두루) (볼) Going round to inspect.

*쥬랍 s. 朱蠟 (붉을) (밀) Red sealing-wax.

*쥬량 s. 酒量 (술) (헤아릴) One's capacity for wine.

*쥬력 s. 酒力 (술) (힘) The strength of wine. *See* 쥬긔.

*쥬련 s. 珠簾 (구슬) (니을) A carved or painted board motto. *See* 부벅.

*쥬련경 s. 珠簾鏡 (구슬) (니을) (거울) A long life-size mirror.

*쥬렴 s. 珠簾 (구슬) (발) A window blind, woven with strings of beads.

*쥬렵ᄒᆞ다 s. 酒獵 (술) (산양) To pass round—the wine glass.

*쥬례 s. 周禮 (나라) (례도) The *Chu* Ritual, consisting of rules for the guidance of court officials.

*쥬로 s. 朱鷺 (붉을) (백로) The ibis. *Also* 써욱의.

*쥬뒤 s. 周旋 (두루, 돌을 ᄒᆞ다) The same as 쥬회. (돌다.)

*쥬룡 s. 主龍 (임금) (룡) The ruling dragon — a formation of mountain spur, used in geomancy.

*쥬루고각 s. 朱樓高閣 (붉을) (다락) (높을, 집) Red chambers and lofty halls — fine buildings. *See* 고루거각.

*쥬류턴하호다 s. 周流天下 (두루) (흐를) (하늘) (아래) To wander throughout all the world.

*쥬류호다 s. 周流 (두루 (흐를) To wander, to roam.

*쥬뢰 s. 周牢 (나라) (굿을—*로) An official punishment in which the legs of the criminal are tied together and then forced apart by a lever, with rough hair ropes pulled backwards and forwards at the same time. (흔다).

쥬뢰ᄒᆡ s. A post to which a criminal is tied during application of *chaeon* torture. *Also* 쥬뢰.

*쥬륜 s. 朱笏 (붉을) (홀) A red bat.

*쥬막 s. 酒幕 (술 (장막) An inn; a wine-shop. *See* 술막.

*쥬망ᄒᆞ다 s. 酒亡 (술) (망호) To be ruined by drink.

쥬머니 s. 囊 (*낭) A pocket, a purse (차다)

쥬먹밥먹다 s. 邵囊 역세 -*역) (랑 ᄭᅦ) To sell unlawfully; to sell by force.

*쥬면 s. 酒麵 (술) (국슈 Wine and vermicelli.

*쥬모 s. 酒母 (술) (어미) A bar woman. Yeast. *See* 식주가.

*쥬모 s. 主母 (쥬장홀) (어미) A mistress; the mistress of the house. *See* 쥬쥐.

*쥬조각 s. 主謀各 (쥬장홀) (꾀) (놈) Traitors; those who stir up trouble.

*쥬모ᄒᆞ다 s. 主謀 (쥬장홀) (꾀) To hatch; to stir up, to excite; to organize as a rebellion.

*쥬목왕 s. 周穆王 (두루) (화목홀) (임금) D. B. C. 947. The 5th monarch of the China. Noted for his intercourse with the West.

*쥬무 s. 主務 (쥬장홀) (힘쓸) An official who has sole charge of an affair; special official.

*쥬묵 s. 朱墨 (붉을) (먹) Red ink.

*쥬문 s. 朱門 (붉을) (문) The red gate of an official building.

*쥬물상 s. 酒物床 (술) (물건) (상) A table of wine and viands. (ᄎᆞ리다) (올니다). *See* 반상.

*쥬미 s. 酒味 (술) (맛 The flavour of wine or spirits.

*쥬민 s. 住民 (머므를) (빅셩 Residents; inhabitants.

*쥬밀ᄒᆞ다 周密 (두루) (빅빅홀) To be economical, to be frugal, to be useful, to be serviceable. *See* 요밀ᄒᆞ다.

*쥬반 s. 酒盤 술 (소반 A wine table.

*쥬발 s. 周鉢 두루) 발이 A rice dish, a brass rice bowl. *See* 유기.

*쥬방 s. 廚房 (부엌) (방 A kitchen. *See* 부엌.

쥬벽 s. A line of stakes to aid in fishing.

*쥬변ᄒᆞ다 s. 籌 (쥬장홀 (변홀) To exercise one's strength in office.

*쥬변 周旋 두루 (변홀) Judgment in the undertaking of work, business etc. *See* 변통.

*쥬변 s. 周邊 두루 가 Perimeter.

쥬쌧쥬쌧ᄒᆞ다 s. To feel some fear; to stand on end—as of the hair.

*쥬보 s. 週報 두루) (갑홀) Weekly report; a weekly.

*쥬봉 s. 州封 고을, 봉홀 The dominion of a feudal lord.

*쥬부 s. 主婦 님금 며느리) The daughter-in-law in charge of the home. The hostess.

*쥬부 s. 主簿 (쥬장홀) (문셔) A low office for one connected with the common prison.

*쥬부군현 s. 州府郡縣 (고을 (마을) (고을) (고을) The four political Districts in the order of rank and importance.

*쥬불양배 s. 酒不雙杯 (술) (아닐) (쌍) (잔 One does not drink an even number of glasses—of spirit.

*쥬붕 s. 酒朋 (술) (벗) A drinking chum.

쥬비 s. A tax collector, an assessor.

*쥬비 s. 酒杯 (술) (잔) A wine-cup.

*쥬사 s. 朱砂 붉을) (쥬사) Cinnabar.

*쥬산 s. 主山 (쥬장홀, 뫼 A guardian mountain as the "Ever White Mountain."

*쥬산 s. 酒酸 (술) (실, Acidum Tartaricum.

*쥬산쏘듸엄포타시엄 s. 酒酸 (술) (살) (쏘) (듸) (엄) (포) (타) (시) (엄) Soda Tartarata. Sodii et Potassii Tartras.

*쥬산쏘듸엄포타시엄포과말 s. 酒酸 (술) (살) (쏘) (듸) (엄) (포) (과) (말) 泡起米 (포) (긔) (미) Pulvis Sodii et Potassi, Tartras effervessens Seidlitz Powder

*쥬산안듸모니엄 s. 酒酸 (술) (살) (안) (듸) (모) (니) (엄) Antimonii Tartras.

*쥬산안듸모니엄유고 s. 酒酸 油膏 (술) (살) (안) (듸) (모) (니) (엄) (유) (고) (기름) Muguentum Antimonii.

*쥬산안듸모니엄포타시엄 s. 酒酸 (술) (살) (안) (듸) (모) (니) (엄) (포) (타) (시) (엄) Tartrate of Antimony and Potassium.

*쥬산포타시엄 s. 酒酸 (술) (살) (포) (타) (시) (엄) Potassii Tartras.

*쥬산덜 s. 酒酸鐵 (술) (살) (텰) Ferrum Tartaratum.

*쥬상슈차 s. 珠狀收差 (구슬) (형상) (거둘) (어그여질) Spherical aberration

*쥬샤 s. 酒邪 (술) (샤욕) Madness from drink. (클니다).

*쥬상 s. 主上 (님금) (상) The king. *See* 상감.

*쥬셕산 s. 酒石酸 (술) (돌) (산) Acidum Tartaricum.

쥬셕 s. 鍮 (*셕) Yellow metal—brass.

*쥬셕 s. 酒石 (술) (돌) Crude tartar, argol.

*쥬셕 s. 酒席 (술) (자리) A feast or banquet where wine is a principal article. A drink together.

*쥬셕산 s. 酒石酸 (술) (돌) (산) Tartaric acid.

*쥬셕영 s. 酒石英 (술) (돌) (쏫부리) Cream of tartar.

*쥬셕지신 s. 柱石之臣 (기동) (돌) (갈) (신하) A pillar of state; an influential minister. *See* 동량지지.

*쥬션ᄒᆞ다 s. 周旋 (두루) (돌) To arrange, to plan for; to assist. *See* 구쳐ᄒᆞ다.

쥬셥쥬셥 s. One by one; gradually; little by little.

*쥬셰 s. 酒稅 술 구실) The tax imposed by the Government on the brewing of fermented drink. The drink tax. (붓치다) (붓다) (물ᄆᆞ).

*쥬셩 s. 主星 (쥬장) (별) The guardian star—as of a great spirit.

*쥬셩 s. 酒星 (술) (별) The "wine star."

*쥬셩 s. 酒性 (술) (셩품) The nature of drink; the influence of wine. An appetite for wine.

*쥬소 l. 住所 (머므를) (바) Place of abode; residence.

*쥬쇼 s. 晝宵 (낫) (밤) Day and night. *See* 밤낫.

*쥬슉 s. 紬緞 (면쥬) (붓칠) Silks and satins; of the texture of silk.

*쥬슌 s. 酒巡 (술) (슌힐) Rounds of drink. *See* 슌비.

*쥬식 s. 株式 (그루) (법) Shares of a joint stock company; stocks.

*쥬식 s. 酒食 (술) (밥) Wine and food.

*쥬식금 s. 株式金 (그루) (법) (쇠) The capital stock.

*쥬식권 s. 株式券 (그루) (법) (문셔) Stocks or shares.

*쥬식쥬션 s. 株式仲買 (그루) (법) (버금) (살) A stock-broker.

*쥬식취인소 s. 株式取引所 (그루) (법) (가질) (인글) (바) Stock exchange.

*쥬식취인쟈 s. 株式取引者 (그루) (법) (가질) (인글) (놈) A member of the stock-exchange.

*쥬식회샤 s. 株式會社 (그루) (법) (모들) (회샤) A joint stock company.

*쥬실ᄒᆞ다 s. 酒失 (술) (실슈) To blunder through drink; to commit a crime when under the influence of drink. *See* 쥬사.

*쥬심 s. 珠心 (구슬) (모음) Nucellus.

*쥬심 s. 主心 (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) (모음) Resolution; firmness of mind.

*쥬스 s. 舟師 (비) (스승) A fleet of war vessels; armada.

*쥬스 l. 主事 (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) (일) Secretaries connected with the foreign office, telegraphy, legations etc.—generally employed as interpreters.

*쥬스야ᄆᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 晝思夜度 (낫) (생각) (밤) (헤아릴) To think of night and day, continually.

쥬스위 s. Dice. (치다).

*쥬스청루 s. 酒肆青樓 (술) (지즈) (푸를) (다락) Drinking shops and brothels.

*쥬식 s. 酒色 (술) (빗) Wine and women -debauchery.

*쥬식잡기 s. 酒色雜技 (술) 빗) (셕길) (지즈) Wine, women and gambling—used of divination with dominoes.

*쥬식지긔 s. 酒色財氣 (술) (빗) (지물) (긔운) Drunkenness, lust, avarice, and passion.

*쥬아공소 l. 駐俄公使 (어므롤) (아라) (공번될) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The Korean Minister to Russia.

*쥬안 s. 酒肴 (술) (안쥬—*효) Wine and meat. *See* 쥬효.

*쥬야 s. 晝夜 (낫) (밤) Day and night. *See* 밤낫.

*쥬야불물ᄒᆞ다 s. 晝夜相沒 (낫) (밤) (ᄉᆞᆨ질 (ᄲᅡᆨ질) To be busy night and day

*쥬야불식ᄒᆞ다 s. 晝夜不息 (낫) (밤) (아닐 (쉬일) Never to cease day or night.

*쥬야평균 s. 晝夜平均 (낫) (밤) (평홀) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) Days and nights equal in length —as at the equinox.

*쥬역 s. 周易 (두루) (밧귈) The *Canon of Changes*, one the five Classics, containing a system of philosophy based on combinations of the Eight Diagrams.

*쥬영공소 l. 駐英公使 (어므롤) (옷부리) (공번될 ᄒᆞ여곰) The Korean Minister to the Court of St. James.

*쥬옥 s. 珠玉 (구슬) (구슬) Precious stones; gems; jewels. *See* 옥.

*쥬위 s. 周圍 (두루) (두롤) Surroundings; environs; circumference; perimeter; contour; periphery. *See* 쥬화.

*쥬위션 s. 周圍線 (두루) (두롤) (실) Contour line.

*쥬유고 s. 酒乳膏 (술) (젓) (기름) A medicine prepared from wine and milk.

*쥬유소방ᄒᆞ다 s. 周遊四方 (두루) (놀) (넉) (모) To go for pleasure in all directions; to travel here and there.

*쥬육 s. 酒肉 (술) (고기) Wine and meat. *See* 쥬안.

*쥬은 s. 主恩 (님금) (은혜) The favor of the king. Divine grace.

*쥬의 s. 主意 (쥬장) (ᄲᅳᆺ) Intention; plan; gist. *See* 본의.

*쥬의 s 紬衣 (면쥬) (옷) Silk clothing.

*쥬의 s. 周衣 (두루) (옷) A robe; a wrapper.

*쥬인 s. 主人 (님금) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Host; master; owner; proprietor. *See* 쥬장가쥬.

*쥬일 s. 主日 (님금) (날) The Lord's Day; Sunday. *See* 례ᄇᆡ일.

*쥬일 s. 週日 (두루) (날) A week.

*쥬일공소 l. 駐日公使 (어므롤) (날) (귀인) (ᄒᆞ여곰 The Korean Minister stationed in Tokyo.

*쥬원장 s. 朱元璋 (붉을) 으뜸) (구슬) The name of the founder of the *Myŏng* dynasty who ruled from 1368 to 1399 A D.

*쥬작 s. 酒爵 (술) (술ᄃᆞᆯ) A wooden press for separating dregs from wine.

*쥬작 s. 朱雀 (붉을) (새) The guardian star of the south—the name of a position in geomancy.

*쥬장 s. 主張 (쥬장홀) (ᄇᆡ풀) A manager; an overseer. *See* 님쟈.

*쥬장ᄎᆡ s. 朱杖 (붉을) (집힝이) A red paddle —used in *Chŭrui* torture. *See* 능장.

*쥬장무인ᄒᆞ다 s. 主張無人 (쥬장홀) (ᄇᆡ풀) (업슬) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To have no one in charge.

*쥬장질ᄒᆞ다 s. 朱杖 (붉을) (집힝이) To apply the red paddle.

*쥬장ᄒᆞ다 s. 周章 (두루) (글장) To arrange; to plan for; to assist. *See* 쥬션ᄒᆞ다.

*쥬장ᄒᆞ다 s. 主張 (쥬장홀) (ᄇᆡ풀) To manage; to oversee. *See* 쥬지ᄒᆞ다.

쥬지리 s. A joss-house mat cover.

*쥬저쥬저ᄒᆞ다 s. 躊躇躊躇 (쥬저홀) (쥬저홀) (쥬저홀) (쥬저홀) To hesitate. *See* 머뭇머뭇ᄒᆞ다.

*쥬저ᄒᆞ다 s 躊躇 (쥬저홀) (쥬저홀) To hesitate; to be undecided; to be unable to make up one's mind; to be embarrassed.

쥬졀쥬졀ᄒᆞ다 s. To be free and easy. To show off.

쥬젹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be silenced; to be reprimanded.

*쥬젼조 s. 酒煎子 (술) (지질) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A teapot shaped vessel—used for wine

쥬졀쥬졀ᄒᆞ다 s. To mutter; to answer back; to murmur.

*쥬졉ᄒᆞ다 l. 住接 (머므를) (졉홀) To live in; to stay at.

*쥬졔 s. 酒劑 (술) (약지을) Spiritus.

쥬졔 s. Appearance, make-up; looks.

쥬졔골 s. Appearance; looks. Dress.

쥬제넘다 *s.* 過分 (지날—*과) (분수—*분) 어; 은 To be presumptuous; to presume.

*쥬정 *s.* 酒精 (술) (정긔) Alcohol.

*쥬정 *s.* 主政 (쥬장홀) (정소) A respectful title given to a *Chusa.* (Expt.).

*쥬정 *l.* 酒情 (술) (뜻) An appetite for drink

*쥬정 *s.* 酒政 (술) (정소) Drinking.

*쥬정계 *s.* 酒精計 (술) (정긔) (계교) An alcohol meter.

*쥬정ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 酒情 (술) (뜻) To act in a drunken and disorderly way *See* 후쥬ᄒᆞ다.

쥬쥰다 *l.* 羞態 (붓그러울—*슈) (틱도—*틱) 어; 은 To be embarrassed; to be bashful.

*쥬쥬 *s.* 株主 (그루) (님쥰) A stockholder; a share-holder. *See* 고분쥬.

*쥬쥭반 *s.* 主酒客飯 (쥬장) (숭) (손) (밥) The host drinks first while the guest eats first.

*쥬쥴지인(이)긔역국 *s.* 舟中之人皆敵國 (비) (가온ᄃᆡ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (다) (ᄃᆡ젹) (나라) All those on board with me, my enemies; enemies of one's own household.

쥬지 *s.* A creature said to destroy tigers —the lion (?).

*쥬지 *s.* 周紙 (두루) (조희) A roll of writing-paper. *See* 두루말이

*쥬즈 *l* 님ᄌᆞ (쥬ᄌᆞ (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The heir apparent; the king's eldest son. (B.H.)

*쥬즈 *s.* 舟子 (빠) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Boatmen; sailors. (B.O.).

*쥬즈 *s.* 朱子 (붉을) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A philosopher and expositor of Confucianism who lived during the *Song* dynasty, 1130-1200 A.D.

*쥬지 *s.* 主宰 (쥬장홀) (맛흘) A controlling power; nature; a first cause.

*쥬차ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 駐箚 (머므를) (글) To be stationed; to be appointed by imperial order.

*쥬찬 *s.* 酒饌 (술) (반찬) Wine and meat —food.

*쥬채 *s.* 酒債 (술) (빗) A debt the price of drunk. *Also* 술갑.

*쥬착 *l.* 住着 (머므를) (부ᄃᆡ칠) Determination; stability. (업다).

*쥬찬ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 住着 (머므를) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To lodge; to find shelter in.

*쥬척 *s.* 周尺 (두루) (자) Korean land measure; one foot.

쥬쳑쥬쳑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hesitate; to be uncertain.

*쥬천 *s.* 酒泉 (술) (심) A wine fountain.

*쥬체 *s.* 酒滯 (술) (걸닐) Indigestion—from drink.

쥬체스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be inconvenient; to be troublesome—as of something too large.

*쥬체ᄒᆞ다 *s* 周置 (두루) (둘—*치) To dispose of; to arrange; to lodge.

쥬체ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To take charge of; to carry; to move about.

*쥬초 *s.* (쥬) 柱礎 (기ᄃᆞᆼ) (쥬초) A stone on which a pillar rests.

*쥬초ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 酒炒 (술) (초ᄒᆞᆯ) To mix with wine and then broil.

*쥬출망량 *s.* 晝出魍魎 (낫) (날) (독갑이) (독갑이) Daylight goblins; spirits that are about during the day.

쥬츌쥬츌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To dally; to loiter; to go slowly.

*쥬츙 *s.* 酒虫 (술) (버레) Drink worms—said to be in the stomach and to cause a craving appetite for wine.

*쥬칙 *l.* 籌策 (산ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅦ) Plan; scheme; stratagem.

*쥬칙ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 籌策 (산ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅦ) To form a design; to prepare a scheme; to lay plans; to scheme.

*쥬턴 *s.* 周天 (두루) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The revolution —as of a planet in its orbit; a cycle.

*쥬토 *s.* 朱土 (붉을) (흙) Red earth.

쥬튁 *l.* 酒飯名 (착ᄒᆞᆯ—*션) (아ᄉᆡᆫ—*욤) (놈—*자) A great drinker—of spirits.

*쥬판 *l* 籌板 (산ᄃᆞᆯ) (관ᄌᆞ) An alacus.

*쥬판산 *s.* 籌板算 (산ᄃᆞᆯ) (관ᄌᆞ) (산ᄃᆞᆯ) Reckoning by the abacus.

*쥬풍 *s.* 酒瘋 (술) (병) Gout—from drinking.

*쥬필 *l.* 主筆 (쥬장홀) (붓) The leading writer for a paper; an editor (ᄒᆞ다).

*쥬필 *s.* 朱筆 (붉을) (붓) A red pen brush. Official writing in red ink.

*쥬필ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 駐蹕 (머므를) (어로) To halt—as the king when on a progress.

*쥬항 *s.* 酒缸 (술) (항아리) A wine jar.

*쥬항라 s. 紬亢羅 (깁) (놉흘) (깁) Silk gauze.

*쥬혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 主婚 (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) (혼인) To give a wedding; to take charge of a wedding.

*쥬회 s. 周回 (두루) (도라옴) Circumference; perimeter; environs. *See* 쥬위.

*쥬회 s. 酒回 (술) (도라옴) A round of drink; passing the glass.

*쥬홍 s. 朱紅 (붉을) (붉을) Dark red color; vermilion. *See* 홍식.

*쥬효 s. 酒肴 (술) (안쥬) Viands and wine. *See* 쥬찬.

*쥬홍 s. 酒紅 (술) (홍직) Redness of face —from drink.

*쥬흥 s. 酒興 (술) (흥치 Flow of spirits; glee caused by drink

*쥬힝 s. 周行 (두루) (도닐) A main road. (B.O.).

*쥬황당ᄉᆞ s. 朱黃唐絲 (붉을) (누루) (당나라) (실) Red and yellow Chinese silk thread.

*쥬황식 s. 朱黃色 (빗) (누루) (붉을) Red and yellow colors.

*쥭 s. 竹 (대) A numerative of tens of dishes, mats, hats etc.

*쥭 s. 粥 (쥭) Gruel; stew. (쑤다).

쥭 s. The shoulder. (쩨다). *See* 쥭지.

*쥭근 s. 竹根 (대리) Bamboo roots.

*쥭긔 s. 竹器 (대) (그릇) Vessels of various kinds made of bamboo.

쥭쩨다 s. 쩨여, 겐 To exercise the shoulder in preparation for drawing the long-bow.

*쥭뎐 s. 竹田 (대) (밧) A bamboo field. *See* 대밧.

*쥭딤 s. 竹簟 (대) (자리) A bamboo mat

*쥭명 s. 竹亭 (대) (명주) A bamboo summer-house

*쥭뎡 s. 竹釘 (대) (못) Bamboo nails.

*쥭도 s. 竹刀 (대) (칼) A bamboo knife used for cutting ginseng.

*쥭도 s. 竹島 (대) (셤) Eden Island in Chöl-la-do. (Off Quelpaert). Lat. 33.20. Long. 126.05.

*쥭력 s. 竹瀝 (대) (ᄉᆞᆯ) Bamboo sap

*쥭력고 s. 竹瀝膏 (대) (흐를) (기름) "Bamboo sap" a kind of wine.

*쥭렴 s. 竹簾 (대) (발) A bamboo screen or shade. *See* 발.

*쥭롱 s. 竹籠 (대) (롱) A bamboo basket.

*쥭림 s. 竹林 (대) (수플) A bamboo grove.

*쥭마고우 s. 竹馬故友 (대) (말) (녁) (벗) Friends from the days of playing horse together.

*쥭마구의 s. 竹馬舊誼 (대) (말) (녜) (의로옴) Those with whom one has played bamboo horse—old friends.

*쥭마붕우 s. 竹馬朋友 (대) (말) (벗) (벗) Those who have played bamboo horse together—old friends.

*쥭물 s. 竹物 (대) (물건) Bamboo articles.

*쥭밥간 s. 粥食間 (쥭) (밥—*식) (ᄉᆞ이) Gruel or rice

*쥭봉 s. 竹蜂 (대) (벌) *Bombus* sp.

*쥭부인 s. 竹夫人 (대) (지아비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A leg rest—used in hot weather.

*쥭비 s. 竹篦 (대) (쥭비) A bamboo clapper carried by Buddhist priests to attract attention when begging.

*쥭비 s. 竹扉 (대) (사립ᄆᆞᆨ문) A bamboo door.

*쥭산 s. 竹山 (대) (뫼) An island in Kyong-keui-do. Lat. 37.05. Long 129.15.

*쥭상조 s. 竹箱子 (대) (상조) (오ᄅᆞᆯ) A kind of bamboo clothes-basket.

*쥭소 s. 竹梳 (대) (빗) A bamboo comb

*쥭슌 s. 竹筍 (대) (슌) Bamboo shoots.

*쥭슌치 s. 竹筍菜 (대) (슌) (나ᄆᆞᆯ) Bamboo shoot preparations—for food.

*쥭슐 s. 粥匙 (쥭) (슈가락 *시) A spoonful of gruel. *Opp* 밥슐.

*쥭슐현명ᄒᆞ다 s. 粥匙延命 (쥭) (슈가락—*시) (느릴) (목숨) To eke out an existence by a spoonful of gruel.

*쥭식간 s. 粥食間 (쥭) (밥) (ᄉᆞ이) Rice and gruel.

*쥭실 s. 竹實 (대) (열ᄆᆡ) Bamboo seeds—food of the phoenix.

*쥭ᄉᆞ s. 竹絲 (대) (실) Bamboo threads—used in making Korean hats.

*쥭ᄉᆞ립 s. 竹絲笠 (대) (실) (갓) A hat made of bamboo threads.

*쥭ᄉᆞ마 s. 竹獅馬 (대) (ᄉᆞ마) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A large bamboo horse, burnt at a royal grave, on which the spirit rides away.

*죽여 s. 竹茹 (대) (먹을) The siliceous skin of the bamboo — used as a medicine.

*죽엽 s. 竹葉 (대) (닙) Bamboo leaves.

*죽영 s. (-녕) 竹纓 (대) (갓끈) Hat strings made of bamboo slips.

*죽원 s. 竹園 (대) (동산) A bamboo grove.

*죽장 s. 竹杖 (대) (집흥이) A bamboo staff—as carried by one mourning for a father. *Opp.* 오동상장.

*죽장고 s. 竹長鼓 (대) (긴) (북) A kind of bamboo big drum.

*죽장망혜 s. 竹杖芒鞋 (대) (집흥이) (풀) (신) Bamboo staff and grass shoes.

*죽저 s. 竹箸 (대) (저까락) Bamboo chopsticks.

죽재모 s. A bamboo-thread hat crown.

죽적집이 s. A kind of porridge-stick; a stew stirrer. (질ᄒᆞ다).

*죽절 s. 竹節 (대) (마듸) The joints of the bamboo. A kind of hairpin.

*죽절장 s 竹節杖 (대) (마듸) 버레) A walking-stick.

죽죽 l. s. In stripes. (줄다).

죽지 s. A shoulder; a wing joint. *See* 죽.

*죽지 s. 竹枝 (대) (가지) A bamboo branch.

*죽지사 s. 竹枝詞 (대) (가지) (글) The name of a kind of song.

*죽창 s. 竹窓 (대) (창) A bamboo window.

*죽창 s. 竹鎗 (대) (창) A bamboo spear.

*죽침 s. 竹枕 (대) (벼기) A bamboo pillow.

*죽침 s. 竹針 (대) (바눌) A bamboo needle—for acupuncture.

*죽통 s. 竹筒 (죽) (통) A gruel dish.

*죽통 s. 竹筒 (대) (통) A bamboo case; a bamboo trough —for water.

*죽피 s. 竹皮 (대) (가죽) Skin of the bamboo.

*죽피방석 s. 竹皮方席 (대) (가죽) (모) (자리) Mats woven of bamboo bark.

*준가 l. 峻假 (놉흘) 갑) A high price; a proper price. *See* 고가.

*준가 l. 準價 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) 갑) An excessive price. A fair price.

*준걸 l. 俊傑 (준걸) (호걸) A brave heart, a hero; a genius. *See* 호걸.

*준골 l. 俊骨 (준걸) (뼈) A giant; a great physique.

*준공 l. 竣工 (모칠) (장인) Completion of work. *See* 필력.

*준덕 l. 峻德 (놉흘) (큰) Eminent virtue.

*준역 l. 準的 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (목실) A test; a gauge; a basis of comparison; a standard; an example. (ᄒᆞ다).

*준두 l. 準頭 (코) (머리) The end of the nose.

*준마 l. 駿馬 (준마) (몰) A fine horse. *See* 천리마.

*준민고휵ᄒᆞ다 l. 峻民膏澤 (쓸) (빅셩) (기름) (못) To exhort officially. *See* 글정이질ᄒᆞ다.

*준비위원 s. 準備委員 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (갓출) (부칠) (인원) A committee of arrangements.

*준비ᄒᆞ다 / 準備 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (갓출) To make ready; to prepare. *See* 예비ᄒᆞ다.

*준삭 / 竣朔 모칠) (초하로) A completed month as of office etc.

*준삭ᄒᆞ다 l. 準朔 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (초하로) To complete a full month.

*준수히 l. 準數 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (두어) Fully; all the amount.

*준슈ᄒᆞ다 l. 俊秀 (준걸) (빼어날) To be refined; to be elegant; to be superior. *See* 슉셩ᄒᆞ다.

*준슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 逡巡 (물너갈) (슌힘) To retire; to withdraw.

*준승 l. 準繩 (법) (노) A marking line used by carpenters.

준시 s. A large variety of dried persimmon.

*준ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 竣仕 (모칠) (벼슬) To complete one's term of office.

*준여물 / 餕餘物 (놈은음식) (놈을) (몸겅) Food over after sacrifice.

*준예 l. 俊乂 (준걸) (지조) An extraordinary person; a great genius.

준의내다 l. 여; 낸 To raise objections; to have doubts; to fear.

*준절히 l. 準節 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (마듸) In a dignified way; gravely; severely.

*준졀ᄒᆞ다 l. 準節 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (마듸) To be dignified; to be grave. *See* 경찬다.

*준준무식ᄒᆞ다 l. 蠢蠢無識 (미련ᄒᆞᆯ) (미련ᄒᆞᆯ) (업슬) (알) To be stupid and ignorant.

*준천소 l. 濬川司 (팔) (내) (맛흘) Office of director of canal cleaning.

*준천ᄒᆞ다 l. 濬川 (팔) (내) To dig out—a sewer or large ditch.

준치 s The season fish. *Alosa reevesii*, allied to the shad and full of pitchfork bones.

*준칙ᄒᆞ다 l. 準責 (준ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄭᅮ지질) To reprimand severely. *See* 대칙ᄒᆞ다.

*준판 h. 峻阪 (높흠)(언덕) A steep flight of steps.

*준하 h. 駿河 (준마)(물) Suruga in Japan.

*준허ᄒᆞ다 h. 准許 (준흐)(허락) To grant; to authorize.

*준ᄒᆞ다 h. 准 (준흐) To revise. To be strong—of medicine. *See* 고준ᄒᆞ다.

줄젹ᄒᆞ다 s. To cease; to be silenced; to yield to argument.

쥴 h. 僧 (*승) A Buddhist priest.

*쥼 h. 重 (무거울) Weight. (ᄒᆞ다).

*쥼 s. 中 (가온ᄃᆡ) The middle; the centre. The time during which. Among.

*쥼가 h. 重價 (무거울)(갑) A high price. *Opp.* 헐가. *See* 고가.

*쥼간 s. 中間 (가온ᄃᆡ)(ᄉᆞ이) (In) the middle; among; within. *See* 가온ᄃᆡ.

*쥼간싸기 s. 中間 (가온ᄃᆡ)(ᄉᆞ이) The middle. Anticipation Outwitting another.

*쥼간망셜 s. 中間浪說 가온ᄃᆡ)(ᄉᆞ이,(물결)(말숨) Groundless rumors.

*쥼간치기 s. 中間 (가온ᄃᆡ)(ᄉᆞ이) Neither one thing nor the other. Anticipation. Interference.

*쥼간ᄒᆞ다 s. 重刊 (거듭)(삭일) To recut blocks for printing.

쥼거리 s. Medium quality; what is betwixt and between.

*쥼경친ᄒᆞ다 h. 重譴責 (중흐)(꾸지람, (꾸지줄 To be reprimanded of the king

*쥼게 s. 中階 가온ᄃᆡ) (셤돌) A raised terrace before an official's window.

*쥼거 s. 中柱 가온ᄃᆡ (과ᄌᆞ나무) A kind of Korean candy.

*쥼고 s. 中古 가온ᄃᆡ) (ᄉᆡ) The "middle ages" of China—about 1100 B.C. *See* 삼고.

쥼고기 h. A small variety of fresh-water fish having no scales.

*쥼구 / 衆口 (무리) (입) The mouth of the multitude; public rumour.

*쥼구난방 h. 衆口難防 (무리) (입) (어려운) (막을) It is difficult to stop the voice of the people.

*쥼구(논)삭금 h. 衆口鑠金 무리) (입) 녹을 쇠, Many voices melt even metal—in union there is strength.

*쥼국 s. 中國 (가온ᄃᆡ) (나라) The "Middle Kingdom"—China.

*쥼군 s. 中軍 (가온ᄃᆡ)(군ᄉᆞ, An adjutant or naval commander; an officer.

쥼구쥼구ᄒᆞ다 s. To make mouths at; to express oneself by making mouths. To stick out.

*쥼궁 s. 中宮 (가온ᄃᆡ)(집) The Empress, —rarely used.

*쥼궁뎐 s. (젼 中宮殿 가온ᄃᆡ, (집) 대궐) The Queen *See* 왕비.

*쥼근신 h. 重謹愼 "거울, 삼갈) (삼갈, A reprimand—from the king.

*쥼근신에처ᄒᆞ다 h. 處重謹愼 (처흐—*쳐) (무거울—*중)(삼갈—*근)(삼갈 *신) To receive an official reprimand. *Opp.* 경급을.

*쥼금고 h. 重禁錮 (무거울) (금흠) (금고흘) Imprisonment.

*쥼긔 / 重器 (무거울 (그릇, Dishes of value; valuable bowls etc. M)

*쥼뎔 s. 中秩 (가온ᄃᆡ) (초레 *질) The middle class; what is second class. *See* 쥼층.

쥼깃 s. A stud or post—in building a wall.

*쥼판 s. 中關 (가온ᄃᆡ) (집) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.22. Long. 125 20.

*쥼괄호 s. 中括弧 (가온ᄃᆡ) (모흠) (활) Brackets: {}.

*쥼권 s. 中卷 (가온ᄃᆡ) (척) The middle volume of a set of three.

*쥼난ᄒᆞ다 h. 重難 (무거울) (어려울) To be exceedingly difficult; to be serious.

*쥼년 s. 中年 (가온ᄃᆡ) (ᄒᆡ) Middle life; middle age.

쥼니 / 仲尼 (ᄇᆡ금 ᄌᆞ The "style" of Confucius. *See* 공ᄌᆞ.

*쥼단ᄒᆞ다 s. 中斷 (가온ᄃᆡ) (끈흠) To stop; to interrupt; to break off; to be stopped; to be arrested; to cease.

쥼단 s. A mourner's under coat.

*쥼담 h. 重擔 (무거울) (메일) A heavy burden or charge; a great responsibility.

*쥼대신 h. 重大臣 무거울) (큰) (신하) A high courtier.

*쥼대ᄉᆞ건 h. 重大事件 (무거울) (큰) (일) (ᄇᆞᆯ) A matter of great importance.

*쥼대ᄒᆞ다 h. 重大 (무거울) (큰) To be grave; to be important; to be serious.

*쥼뎐 s. 中殿 (가온ᄃᆡ) (대궐) The Queen. *See* 중궁뎐.

*쥼뎜 h. 重點 (무거울) (염) Multiple point.

*중명 s. 中丁 (가온더) (장명) The middle period of the time fixed for the final sacrifice, on the putting off of mourning.

*중도 s. 中道 (가온더) (길) Midway; half-way. Moderation. *See* 중로.

*중도이폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 中途而廢 (가온더) (길) (말이) (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) To stop half-way. *See* 반도이폐ᄒᆞ다.

*중독ᄒᆞ다 s. 中毒 (가온더) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be poisoned.

중동 s. The middle; the waist.

*중동 l. 仲冬 (버금) (겨울) Midwinter.

*중두리 s. 中缸 (가온더) (항아리—*항) A small earthenware jar

*중등 s. 中等 가온더) 무리) Medium quality; second-class. *See* 중중.

*중등인 s. 中等人 (가온더) 무리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A common man, one of the middle class.

*중등칙 s. 中等客 (가온더) (무리) (손) Second class passengers.

*중등표 s. 中等票 (가온더) (무라) (표ᄒᆞᆯ) Second class ticket.

*중디 l. 重地 (무거울) (짜) Important ground—as that specially set apart by and for the use of the government.

*중뎌 s. 中隊 (가온더) (떼) A company of soldiers.

*중뎌쟝 s. 中隊長 (가온더) (떼) (어룬) A military captain.

*중란 s. 中亂 (가온더) (어지러울) Civil war. *See* 너란.

*중량 l. 重量 (무거울) (헤아릴) Weight.

*중면 s. 中面 (가온더) (칙력) A calender on a medium quality of paper.

*중로 s. 中路 (가온더) (길) On the road; on the way. *See* 중도.

*중로 s. 中露 (가온더) (이슬) In the dew; during dewfall. (B.O.).

*중론 l. 衆論 (무리) (의론) The opinions of many; public opinion.

*중론(이)분일ᄒᆞ다 l. 衆論不一 (무리) (의론) (아닙) (ᄒᆞᆫ) To be divided—of public opinion.

*중류 s. 中流 (가온더) (흐ᄅᆞᆯ) The middle of a river.

*중류산쏘듸염 l. 重硫酸 . . . (무거울) (류황) (실 . .... Sodn Bisulphas.

*중류산포타시염 l. 重硫酸 . . . (무거울) (류황) (실) .. . Potassi. Bisulphas.

*중린산칼시염 l. 重燐酸 ..... (무거울) (귀화) (실) ... . Calci Phosphas Acidus.

*중립국 s. 中立國 (가온더) (설) (나라) A protected state; a country under the protection of a larger state. A neutral country.

*중립ᄒᆞ다 s. 中立 (가온더) (설) To remain neutral.

*중망 l. 衆望 (무리) (ᄇᆞᆯᄅᆞᆯ) A desirable candidate.

*중매 l. 仲媒 (버금) (짤) A broker. *See* 중상.

*중목 s. 中木 (가온더) (나무) Second rate cotton; middling cotton.

*중목방매ᄒᆞ다 l. 衆目放賣 (무리) (눈) 노ᄒᆞᆷ) (짤) To sell by auction, to sell publicly.

*중목소견에 l. 衆目所見 (무리) (눈) (바) (ᄇᆞᆯ) In sight of every one; before the public. *See* 중인소시에.

*중무소쥬 s. 中無所主 (가온더) (업슬) (바) (쥬장ᄒᆞᆯ) No settled intention; a mind not made up.

*중문 s. 中門 (가온더) (문) An inner gate behind the main entrance.

*중미 s. 中米 (가온더) (쌀) Rice of middle quality. *Opp.* 상미.

중미 s. 媒 (*ᄆᆡ) A go-between who arranges weddings. (붓처 다). *Also* 중미자.

중미ᄒᆞ다 s. 媒 (중미—*ᄆᆡ) To arrange for a wedding—as does the go-between.

*중밍 l. 重盟 (중ᄒᆞᆯ) (밍세) A solemn oath. *See* 밍세.

*중발 s. 中鉢 (가온더) (발이) A pickle saucer.

*중방 s. 中房 (가온더) (방) The base-board of a wall. A magistrate's office boy.

*중방목 s. 中房木 (가온더) (방) (나무) A base-board—of a wall.

*중벌 l. 重罰 (무거울) (죄) A grave crime, a heavy punishment.

*중변 l. 重邊 (무거울) (가) High interest; exorbitant interest. *Opp.* 경법.

*중병 s. 中病 (가온더) (병ᄃᆞᆫ) A failure or defect—when a work is partially done.

*중병 l. 重病 (무거울) (병ᄇᆞᆯ) A serious illness. (겨 다) (나다).

*중병지어 l. 重病之餘 (무거울) (병들) (갈) (놈을) One who has survived from heavy sickness.

*중보 l. 重寶 (무거울) (보비) Treasures; valuables; what one prizes. *See* 보비.

*중보 n. 中保 (가온덕) (보전) A mediator; a middleman; a go-between.

*중복 l. 重服 (무거울) (옷) Mourning worn for twelve months.

*중복 n. 中伏 (가온덕) (엎딜) The middle period of the "dog days." See 삼복.

*중본 n. 中本 (가온덕) (밋) What is of medium size.

*중부 n. 中部 (가온덕) (쪽) The central or middle part of anything. The middle ward of the capital.

*중부 l. 仲父 (버금) (아비) A father's younger brother. See 삼촌.

*중분 n. 中分 (가온덕 ...) Middle life—used by magicians. See 초분.

중뿔나다 s. 나; 난 To be without head or tail; to be sudden; to be unexpected.

*중붕산쏘듸엄 l. 重硼酸 ... (무거울) (붕사) (실) Sodii Biboras

*중비례 n. 中比例 (가온덕) (견줄) (견례) Mean Proportion.

*중빈 l. 衆賓 (무리) (손) A multitude of guests or visitors.

*중산화마그시엄 l. 重酸化 ... (무거울) (실 ...) Magnesia Ponderosa.

*중상 l. 重喪 (무거울) (상소) "Heavy" mourning as that for both father and mother as the same time.

*중상 l. 重傷 (무거울) (상할) A ... wound.

*중상 l. 重賞 (무거울) (상줄) A large reward.

*중상호다 l. 重傷 (무거울) (상할) To wound seriously.

*중서 n. 中署 가온덕 ... ward of the capital.

*중세 n. 中世 (가온덕) (인간) The middle ages. See 중고.

*중성 l. 衆星 (무리) (별) A multitude of stars.

*중소공지 l. 衆所共知 (무리) (바) (흐가치) (알) What is known to the many

중쇼둑이 l. One who has left the Buddhist priesthood to become a layman. See 중속한이.

중쇽한이 ... (놈 *한) One who has left the Buddhist priesthood to become a laymen.

*중수 l. 重數 (무거울) (두어) Weight. See 근즐.

*중슈 l. 重囚 (무거울) (가둘) Close confinement of a prisoner.

*중슈호다 s. 重修 (거듬) (닥글) To revise; to repair. See 슈즐호다.

*중순 n. 中旬 가온덕 ... part of a month—from the 11th to the 20th day inclusive.

*중승 n. 中乘 (가온덕) (틀) The Middle Conveyance—a system of Buddhism developed by the people of middle India.

*중시 ... has graduated a second time in examinations for military office.

*중시조 n. 中始祖 (가온덕) (비로소) (할아비) An illustrious ancestor.

*중시하 ... Grandparents living. See ...

*중신 l. 重臣 무거울 ... official of the 1st or 2nd degree. See 지상.

*중신호다 n. 中信 (가온덕) (밋) To negotiate a marriage.

*중심 n. 中心 (가온덕) (모음) Mind; heart. See 즁졍.

*중심 l. 衆心 (무리) (모음) Common consent; the universal opinion.

*중씨 l. 仲氏 (버금) (각시) A middle brother—of a brother. See 빅씨; 계씨.

*중싱 l. 衆生 (무리) (날) All mankind.

*중앙정부 ... 가온덕 가온덕 ...

*중앙 n. 中央 (가온덕) (가온덕) The middle space between; the four cardinal points.

*중앙힝졍 n. 中央行政 가온덕 가온덕 ...

*중앙힝졍부 n. 中央行政府 가온덕 가온덕 ... of the official centre.

*중야 n. 中夜 (가온덕) (밤) In the night.

*중양 n. 重陽 (거듬) (볕) The 9th of the 9th moon.

중얼중얼호다 n. To talk back; to jabber; to grumble. See 즁얼즁얼호다.

*중언부언 n. 重言複言 (거듬) (말숨) (다시) (말숨) Reiteration; useless talk.

*중에 ...

*중역 l. 重役 (무거울) (역소) A great undertaking.

*중역 l. 重疫 (무거울) (역질) A serious case of smallpox

*즁엽 s. 中葉 (가온듸) 닙) The middle; midway—of time only; also used in the sense of 즁고.

*즁영 s. 中營 (가온듸) (영문) The headquarters of a general of the middle camp.

*즁외 s. 中外 (가온듸) (밧) The middle and the outskirts; native and foreign. Korea and foreign countries; at home and abroad, native and foreign. *See* 안밧.

*즁요수항 l. 重要事項 (무거울) (요긴홀) (일) (목 Matters of weight and importance.

*즁요ᄒᆞ다 l. 重要 (무거울) (요긴홀) To be weighty; to be important.

*즁용 s. 中庸 (가온듸) (뻐썰) The *Doctrine of the Mean* the a thorship of which is ascribed to *Chasu*, a grandson of Confucius.

*즁용지도 s. 中庸之道 (가온듸) (뻐떠) (갈) (길) The doctrine of the mean.

*즁위 l. 衆位 (무리) (벼슬) Number of more than units place.

*즁의 l. 衆議 (무리) (의론) A general consultation or deliberation.

즁의 s. 褶 (*곤) One-ply trousers. (Prov.) *See* 고의.

*즁의 l. 衆意 (무리) (뜻) Common consent; universal opinion.

*즁의원 l. 衆議院 (무리) (의론) (집) The Middle House—of a governing body.

*즁인 l. 衆人 (무리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The several persons; all the mass of the people; the public.

*즁인 s. 中人 (가온듸) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) "Middle men"—a political class between the gentry and the plebeians.

*즁인변 s. 重人邊 (거ᄃᆞᆸ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (가) The name of the 60th Chinese Radical. 彳.

*즁인소시에 l. 衆人所視 (무리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (바) (볼) In public; before every one; in sight of every one. *See* 십목소시에.

*즁임 l. 重任 (무거울) (맛길) A high office; an important post; work involving responsibility. *See* 요임.

*즁완 s. 中脘 (가온듸) (가슴) The pit of the stomach or acupuncture in this region. (쭈다) (놋다) (맛다).

*즁원 s. 中原 (가온듸) (언덕) China. *See* 즁국.

*즁장 s. 中將 (가온듸) (장슈) A lieutenant-general *See* 부장, 군부대신.

*즁장 s. 中場 (가온듸) (마당) A second examination.

*즁장 s. 中章 (가온듸) (글장) The middle verse of a song. The second of a triplet spoken when quoting verses containing a given character.

*즁장 l. 重杖 (무거울) (짐힝이) A severe paddling. *See* 엄형.

즁절거리다 s. 거려; 린 To growl; to grumble; to mumble.

즁절즁절ᄒᆞ다 s. 咀語 (노ᄒᆞᆯ *온) (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*어) To growl; to grumble; to talk back.

*즁정 s. 中情 (가온듸) (뜻) Feelings; sentiments. Intention; desire; idea. *See* 뜻.

*즁졍(히)올불ᄒᆞ다 l. 衆情騷拂 (무리) (뜻) (답답) (ᄉᆞᆯ칠) To be stirred up of the mind of the people.

*즁죄 l. 重罪 (무거울) (허물) Serious crimes; great sins. *See* 대죄. *Opp.* 경죄.

*즁조 s. 中朝 (가온듸) (조명) The government of China—rarely used.

*즁쥬산포락시움 s. 重酒酸 · .. (거ᄃᆞᆸ) (술) (ᄉᆞᆯ) ..... Potassii Bicarbonas.

즁즁거리다 s. 거려; 린 To murmur; to sound—as distant voices.

*즁즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 重重 (거ᄃᆞᆸ) (거ᄃᆞᆸ) To be over and over; to be several times; to happen again and again.

*즁지 s. 中智 (가온듸) (지혜) Moderate wisdom. *Opp.* 상지.

*즁지상 s. 中之上 (가온듸) (갈) (ᄉᆞᆺ) Upper middle.

*즁지즁 s. 中之中 (가온듸) (갈) (가온듸) Fair middle.

*즁지하 s. 中之下 (가온듸) (갈) (아ᄅᆡ) Lower middle.

*즁지ᄒᆞ다 s. 中止 (가온듸) (긋칠) To be suspended; to be stopped temporarily; to be interrupted; to cease.

*즁지ᄒᆞ다 s. 中止 (가온듸) (긋칠) To be interrupted; to be stopped midway. *See* 그만두다.

*중직대부 s. 中直大夫 (가온딕) (곳을 (른) (지아비) A title given to officers of the rear rank, 3rd degree.

*중질 l. 重疾 (무거울 병 A dangerous sickness. See 중병

*중중 l. 重症 무거울 (증세, S.vere symptoms—of a disease. See 위중.

*중지 l. 仲裁 (버금, 다스릴 Arbitration.

*중지교환 l. 仲裁交換 (버금) (아르칠) (사괼) (밧골) Arbitration of exchange.

*중지지관호다 l. 仲裁裁判 (버금) (아르칠) (마 질) (관단) To arbitrate

*중좌 s. 中佐 (가온딕) (도울) Lieutenant-colonel. See 부령.

*중청호다 s. 重修 (거듭) (바로소 To renew; to repair.

*중착호다 s. 重着 (거듭) (부드칠) To cloth doubly; to wear several clothes one over another.

*중청 s. 中聲 (가온딕) (소리—*셩) A middle note—in singing.

*중촌 s. 中村 (가온딕) (마을) A middle-class village; a settlement of "middlemen."

*중쵸 s. 中焦 (가온딕) (쵸) The middle of the body; the pit of the stomach.

*중쵸 s. 中燭 (가온딕) (촛불—*촉) A medium sized candle.

*중츄 l. 仲秋 (버금) (가을) Mid-autumn—the 15th of the 8th moon.

중츄복 s. A large second coat.

*중츄원 s. 中樞府 가온딕) (지도리, 마을, A censor's office in the capital.

*중츄원 s. 中樞院 가온딕) 지도리 집, The Privy Council.

*중츅 s. 中軸 (가온딕) (츅) Mediocre; middle quality.

*중츈 l. 仲春 (버금) (봄) Spring time—the 2nd moon.

*중츙 s. 中衝 가온딕 츙 T r o a . comes midway; a middle or second class. See 중등.

*중치호다 l. 重治 (무거울) (다스릴) To meet out the limit of the law; to kill. See 엄치호다.

*중침 s. 中針 가온딕) 바늘 A medium size needle

*중칭 s. 中稱 가온딕, (저울, A middle weight steelyard

*중칙 l. 重責 (무거울) (무지질) Severe blame; grave censure.

*중크로믹산포타시엄 l. 重 酸 . . (무거울) ..... (실) .. Potassii Bichromas.

*중탄산 l. 重炭酸 (무거울) (숫)(실) Bicarbonate of soda.

*중탄산맛네시엄 . 重炭酸 무거울, (숫) (실) . Magnesii Carbonas Ponderosa.

*중탄산쏘듸엄 重炭酸 (무거울 (숫)(실) ..... Sodii Bicarbonas.

*중탄산쏘듸엄뎡졔 l. 重炭酸 錠劑 (무거울) (숫) (실) . ..... (신션로) (약제) Trochisci Sodii Bicarbonatis.

*중탄산쏘듸엄익 l. 重炭酸 . . . 液 (무거 울 숫 실 Sodii Bicarbonatis.

*중탄산암모니엄 l. 重炭酸 무거울 (숫) (실) . ... Ammonii Bicarbonas

*중탄산엄 重炭酸염 무거울 (숫 실) (소금) Bicarbonates.

*중탄산포타시엄 重炭酸 무거울 (숫)(실) .. . . Potassii Bicarbonas.

*중탕 s. 中湯 (가온딕) (끌을) A soup of meat and cabbage.

*중탕 다 s. 重湯 거듭 끌을 l. a l t ment of medicine a second time. To half heat; to parboil.

*중텬 s. 中天 (가온딕) (하늘) The upper air See 공중.

*중텹호다 s. 重疊 (거듭) 포 piled up one on the other.

*중청호다 s. 重聽 (거듭) (드를) To be hard of hearing.

*중퇴 l. 重腿 (무거울) (다리) Dropsy of the legs; a swelling of the legs.

*중통 s. 中筒 (가온딕) (통) A medium sized bag.

*중중호다 l. 重痛 (무거울) (알흘) To be seriously ill. See 교중호다

중목 s. The middle; half-way.

중턱 s. A small fresh-water fish without scales. See 중고기.

*중폄 s. 中窆 (가온딕) (뭇을) A temporary burial. See 권폄.

*중평 . 衆評 (무리, (평론을, t m n t or opinion of the multitude.

*중풍호다 s. 中風 (마질) (바람) To be "wind struck"—paralysed; to go crazy. See 바람맛다

*중 . 中品 가온딕 수 Middle class . 상품

*즁하 *l.* 仲夏 (버금) (녀름) Mid-summer.

*즁학 *s.* 中學 (가온디) (비흘) The middle schools of the capital—those in the central ward of the city.

*즁학교 *s.* 中學校 (가온디) (비흘) (학교) An intermediate school; a collegiate institute. *Opp.* 대학교. *Also* 즁학당.

*즁학과 *s.* 中學課 (가온디) (비흘) (공부) Course of study for a middle school. *Also* 즁학과정.

*즁학당 *s.* 中學堂 (가온디) (비흘) (집) A middle school

*즁학도 *s.* 中學生徒 가온디) (비흘) (무리) Middle school pupils.

*즁학성 *s.* 中學生 (가온디) (비흘) (놈) Middle school pupils.

*즁학정도 *s.* 中學程度 (가온디) (비흘) (길) (지날) Middle school grade.

*즁항 *s.* 中項 (가온디) (목) Mean term. Middle terms.

*즁환처스ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 中丸致死 (가온디) (단조) (일울) (죽을) To die from a bullet.

즁허리 *s.* The middle; the part between. *See* 즁간.

*즁허 *l.* 重舌 (거둡) (혀—셜) "Middle tongue"—a growth under the tongue.

*즁형 *l.* 重刑 (무거울) (형벌) Severe punishment; torture. *See* 엄형.

*즁형 *l.* 仲兄 (버금) (맛) A second older brother. *See* 즁씨.

*즁흥대부 *s.* 中興大夫 (가온디) (구르칠) (큰) (지아비) A title given to officials of the rear rank, 3rd degree.

*즁흥지쥬 *s.* 中興之主 (가온디) (닐) (갈) 님금, Kings of the restoration period; rulers during an age of prosperity.

*즁흥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 中興 (가온디) (닐) To restore; to reestablish.

*즁히녁이다 *l.* 重.*ᄒᆞ* (즁ᄒᆞᆯ, 갈 *지) 녁여; 인 To esteem; to value; to prize. *See* 귀지즁지ᄒᆞ다.

*즁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 重 (무거울) To be weighty; to be important. To be severe; to be serious.

*즁화 *s.* 中和 (가온디) (고로) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 38.46. Long. 126.03.

*즁화 *s.* 中華 (가온디) (빗날) A name for China. *See* 즁원.

*즁화 *s.* 重華 (거둡) (빗날) The name of 순 who reigned from 2255 B.C. to 2205 B.C. (B.H.)

*즁화지긔 *s.* 中和之氣 (가온디) (고로) (긷) (긔운) The spirit of peace—as applied to the king.

*즁화참 *s.* 中火站 (가온디) (불) (참) The midday resting place; the half way station. The noonday stopping place of an official on a journey. (ᄒᆞ다) (대아다ᄂᆞ)

*즁화ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 中火 (가온디) (불) To rest midway or for noon.

즈런즈런ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be abundant; to be plenteous; to be full.

즈음 *s.* 際 (*제) The time; the point. *See* 적. The edge; the border.

*즉각 *s.* 即刻 (곳) (삭일) Immediately; in a moment, at once; at this moment; now. *See* 당장.

*즉경 *s.* 即景 (곳) (경치) Present surroundings.

*즉금 *s.* 即今 (곳) (이제) Now; at once. *See* 지금.

*즉납ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 即納 (곳) (드릴) To pay in at once—as taxes.

*즉뎨 *s.* 即地 (곳) (짜) Immediately; at the same time; then.

*즉살 *s.* 即殺 (곳) (죽일) Sudden destruction; killing instantly. *See* 급살.

*즉살ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 即殺 (곳) (죽일) To kill with a blow; to die under the paddle. *See* 급살ᄒᆞ다.

*즉셕 *s.* 即席 (곳) (자리) On the spot; immediately; at once; extempore.

*즉속히 *s.* 即速 (곳) (샐을) Quickly; at once. *See* 얼른; 급히.

*즉시 *s.* 即時 (곳) (제) Immediately in a moment; at once. *See* 곳.

*즉ᄉᆞ *s.* 即死 (곳) (죽을) Dying at once; or on the spot. A sudden death. *See* 폭ᄉᆞ.

*즉ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s* 即死 (곳) (죽을) To die a sudden death. *See* 폭ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*즉위ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 即位 (나아갈, 벼슬) To ascend the throne; to become king.

*즉일 *s.* 即日 (곳) (날) That very day, the same day. *See* 당일.

*즉전 *s.* 即錢 (곳) (돈) Ready money. *See* 외상. *Opp.* 외상.

*즉젼 *s.* 即傳 (곳) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) Immediately; directly.

*즉젼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 即傳 (곳) (젼ᄒᆞᆯ) To send straight; to carry direct.

*즉조당 *s.* 即祚堂 (나아갈) (복) (집) The name of an official building in the palace.

*즉지 *s.* 即地 (곳) (거우—*조) Immediately.

*즉차ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 即差 (곳) (나을) To be suddenly cured

*즉출급표 *s.* 即出給標 (곳) (날) (줄) (표) An order to pay at once.

*즉출금ᄒᆞ다 s. 即出給 (즉) (출) (급) To pay at once.

*즉통 s. 即筒 (즉) (통) A pump.

*즉행ᄒᆞ다 s. 即向 (즉) (향) To go direct.

*즉효 s. 即效 (즉) (효) Immediate benefit—from medicine. *See* 신효.

*즉행 s. 即行 (즉) (행) Express; direct route.

*즉행차 s. 即行車 (즉) (행) (차) An express train.

*즉행ᄒᆞ다 s. 即行 (즉) (행) To go immediately.

즌흙 s. 泥 (진흙—*니) Mud. (Prov.) *Also* 진흙.

즐거워ᄒᆞ다 s. 樂 (즐거울—*락) To delight in; to like. *Also* 질거워ᄒᆞ다.

즐겁다 s. 樂 (즐거울—*락) 거워; 운 To be glad; to be happy; to rejoice. *See* 질브다.

즈러다 s. 준거; 권 To be tough; to be firm; to be durable. *Opp.* 연ᄒᆞ다 (Prov.) *Also* 질기다.

즐기다 s. 樂 (즐거울—*락) 즐겨; 긴 To be glad; to be happy; to rejoice.

즐기다 s. 嗜 (즐길—*기) 즐겨; 긴 To be fond of, to relish, to have a weakness for. *See* 편기ᄒᆞ다.

즐너먹다 s. 억어; 은 To "squeeze." To gain—in gambling. *See* 써여먹다.

*즐비ᄒᆞ다 s. 櫛比 (빗) (견줄) To be abundant; to be crowded together. *See* 늘비ᄒᆞ다.

*즐욕ᄒᆞ다 s. 詆辱 (꾸짖을 욕될 To rail at; to revile. *See* 능욕ᄒᆞ다.

*즐책ᄒᆞ다 s. 詰責 (꾸짖을) 꾸짖을, To censure; to reproach; to rebuke; to torment; to torture; to oppress.

*즐풍목우ᄒᆞ다 s. 櫛風沐雨 (빗) (바람) (목욕할) (비) To be combed with the wind and washed by the rain—said of the hardships of travel.

즘 *l.* The time; the point. *Also* 즈음.

즘승 s. An animal; a beast. *Also* 즘생. *See* 금수.

즘생 s. 禽獸 (새—*금) 즘생 *수, An animal; a beast. *Also* 짐승

*즙 s. 汁 (즙변) Juice, gravy, liquor.

즙나다 s. 出汁 (날—*출) (즙냄 *즙 즙 나, 난 To run from [illegible] To be master of. To be spoiled—of food.

*즙물 s. 什物 (즙물) (물건) Household goods; utensils; implements; assets.

*즙요ᄒᆞ다 s. 輯要 (모을) 요긴ᄒᆞᆯ, To make extracts from; to summarize; to abridge.

즙의 s. The reading of the expletive character 乫

*즙장 s. 汁醬 (즙냄) (장) A kind of soy.

*증증ᄒᆞ다 s. 繁殖 (성ᄒᆞᆯ) (생ᄒᆞᆯ) To be abundant, to be numerous—of offspring. (B. O.).

*즙최 s. 繁茂 (나ᄆᆞᆯ) 나ᄆᆞᆯ) Houttuynia cordata.

조다 s. 吠 (지질—*폐) 조져; 진 To bark. To caw. (Prov.) *Also* 짓다.

찌여지다 s. 裂 (찌질—*렬) 여져; 진 To tear, to rend, [illegible] 여지다

찌여저리다 s. 裂 (찌질—*렬) 러려; 리 To tear, to [illegible] 여저리다

찢기다 s. 찢겨; 긴 To be torn.

찢다 s. 裂 (찌질—*렬) 찌져; 진 To tear; to rend. (v.t.). *Also* 찢다.

*증 s. 繒 (비단) A kind of silk stuff having figures or designs in it; the warp and the woof being of the gloss and the raw silk respectively.

*증가 s. 增價 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (갑) An increased price; too high a price.

*증가ᄒᆞ다 s. 增加 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (더ᄒᆞᆯ) To increase; to augment.

*증감 s. 增減 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (덜) More or less; what is added to or subtracted from. *See* 가감.

*증거 s. 證據 (증거) (증거) Proof; verification. *See* 빙거.

*증거물 s. 證據物 (증거) (빙거 ᄆᆞᆯ건) Anything serving as an evidence

*증거인 s. 證據人 (증거) (빙거) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A witness.

*증거ᄒᆞ다 s. 證據 (증거) To prove; to testify; to bear witness to. *See* 증참ᄒᆞ다.

*증견ᄒᆞ다 s. 增遣 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (보낼) To send more.

증경이 s. The *Querca rutila*, a waterfowl emblematical of conjugal harmony.

*증국번 s. 曾國藩 (일찍 나라 울타리) B. A.D. 1807. D. March 12th, 1872. A noted Chinese of modern time who took part against the Taiping rebellion.

*증기 s. 蒸汽 (찔) (김) Steam.

*증기거 s. 蒸汽車 (찔) (김) (수레) A steam-car.

*증기기계 s. 蒸汽機械 (찔) (김) (틀) (틀) A steam engine.

*증기ᄇᆞᆫ s. 蒸汽船 (찔) (김) (그릇) A steam engine; a locomotive.

*증광 s. 增廣 (더ᄒᆞᆯ) (넓을) An examination held in celebration of three events of national interest. *See* 경과.

*증권 s. 證券 (증거) (문서) A bond; a stock share.

*증권소유자 s. 證券所有者 (증거) (문서) (바) (있을) (놈) Protest-in-law.

*증류 s. 蒸溜 (찔) (흘러내릴) Distilling vapor.

*증류기 s. 蒸溜器 (찔) (흘러내릴) (그릇) Distilling apparatus.

*증류수 s. 蒸溜水 (찔) (흘러내릴) (물) Aqua Distillata.

*증명문 s. 證明文 (증거) (밝을) (글월) Indorsements.

*증명 s 證明 (증거) (밝을) A certificate.

*증명서 s. 證明書 (증거) (밝을) (글) A certificate.

*증명하다 s. 證明 (증거) (밝을) To bear witness; to testify; to prove.

*증민 s. 蒸民 (찔) (백성) All the inhabitants of a country; the people.

*증발력 s. 蒸發力 (찔) 펄) (힘) Steam power.

*증발하다 s. 蒸發 (찔) (펄) To boil.

*증보하다 s. 增補 (더할) (기울) To add to or enlarge—as a book; to increase; to augment.

*증봉하다 s. 增俸 (더할) (봉급) To increase wages or salary.

*증산 s. 甑山 (시루) (뫼) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do; an island in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 39.05. Long. 125.50.

*증서 s. 證書 (증거) (글) A certificate; a deed; a bond; a voucher.

*증세 s. 症勢 (증세) 형세) Symptoms of a disease *See* 병세

*증세하다 s. 增稅 (더할) (구실) To increase taxes.

*증손 s. 曾孫 (일직) (손주) A great-grandson.

*증손녀 s. 曾孫女 (일직) (손주) (계집) A great-granddaughter.

*증손부 s. 曾孫婦 (일직) (손주) (며느리) The wife of a *Cheungson*.

*증손서 s. 曾孫壻 (일직) (손주) (사회) The Lus and of a *Cheungsonnyo*.

*증손자 s. 曾孫子 (일직) (손주) (아들) Great-grandsons.

*증솔 s. 曾率 (일직) (석) B. B.C. 506. A noted disciple of Confucius. *See* 증자.

*증염하다 s. 蒸炎 (찔) (더울) To be sultry; to be oppressive—of heat.

*증운 s. 增韻 (더할) (운류) Extra characters or sounds—as in the Book of Rhymes.

*증이과의 s. 甑已破矣 (시루) (이미) (깨여질) (의) The bread steamer is already broken—of what is hopeless.

*증인 s. 證人 (증거) (사람) A witness. *See* 증정.

*증액 s. 增額 (더할) (액수) An increased amount.

*증왕에 s. 曾往 (일직) (갈) Formerly; some time ago. *See* 이전에.

*증전에 s. 曾前 (일직) (앞 Formerly; before. *See* 증왕.

*증제 s. 蒸劑 (찔) (약제물) Vapor.

*증조 s. 曾祖 (일직) (할아비) A paternal great-grandfather.

*증조모 s. 曾祖母 (일직) (할아비) (어미) A paternal great-grandmother.

*증조부 s. 曾祖父 (일직) (할아비) (아비) A paternal great-grandfather.

*증주하다 s. 增註 (더할) (주낼) To add a commentary; to annotate a book.

*증증히 s. 烝烝 (찔) (찔) In a friendly manner. *See* 무죽무죽

*증직 s. 贈職 (줄) (벼슬, An official title conferred after death.

*증조 s. 曾子 (일직) (아들) A famous disciple of Confucius to whom has been attributed the authorship of the Great Learning (*Tăhak*) and Canon of Filial Piety.

*증참 s. 證參 (증거) (참예) A witness. *See* 증거.

*증참하다 s. 證參 (증거) (참예) To witness to; to affirm; to prove by evidence. *See* 증거하다.

*증편 s. 蒸餠 (찔) (떡 -떡) Sour bread—made with yeast.

*증험 s. 證驗 (증거) (증험) Proof; verification. *See* 증거.

*증험하다 s. 證驗 (증거) (증험) To verify; to prove. *See* 증거하다.

*증하다 s. 憎 (미울) To be disgusting; to be unpleasant to the sight—of what is large, rough, coarse etc.

*지가잡다 s. 止駕 (그칠) (거리) 아; 온 To arrest one who refuses to dismount before an official

*지각 s. 知覺 (알) (깨닫를) Knowledge; comprehension; judgment. *See* 지혜.

*지갈 s. 止渴 (그칠) (목마를) Relief from thirst. (되다). *See* 히 갈.

*지갑 s. 紙匣 (조희) (궤) A portfolio; a paper pocket.

*지갑화 l. 指甲花 (손가락) (갑옷) (꽃) *Raphiolepis japonica*

*지감 s. 知鑑 알 거울 Bright mirror of the understanding; clearness of apprehension. *See* 지인지감.

찌개 s. A dish cooked by being placed in a kettle of rice.

지거미 s. 糟 (*조) Remains of malted grain in the preparation of fermented liquors. *See* 술지거미.

찌걱 s. Creaking; squeaking.

찌걱대다 s. 여; 딘 To creak. To bother.

찌걱찌걱 s. Creaking.

지게 s. 負梱 (짊—*부) (틀—*게) A coolie rack—for carrying. (지다).

지게 s. The roof-like character (ㅈ) 戶.

지게다리 s. The downward slope to the right with a sharp turn at the end in the writing of characters. (ㄴ).

*지경됴 s. 知更鳥 (알) (곳칠) (새) The robin

*지경연 s. 知經筵 (알) (글) (조리) A former high office that had to do with teaching the king characters.

*지곡하다 s. 止哭 (긋칠) (울) To cease from crying—as at the close of a sacrificial ceremony.

*지공무ᄉᆞ하다 l. 至公無私 (니를) (공번될) (업슬) (ᄉᆞᄉᆞ로울) To be just, without partiality.

*지공지론 l. 至公之論 (니를) (공번될) (갈 어조 M[illegible] [illegible] n.

*지공하다 s. 支供 (지탱할) (공궤할) To supply; to provide necessaries for.

*지공하다 l. 至公 (니를) (공번될) To be exceedingly just.

*지구하다 s. 持久 (가질) (오랠) To hold out—as a garrison; to last out—through a crisis.

찌그러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be battered in; to be crushed. (Prov.) *See* 우그러들다.

*지극히 l. 至極 (니를) (극장) Exceedingly; extremely; very.

*지극하다 l. 至極 (니를) (극장) To be extreme; to be the utmost; to be the outside limit

지근지근하다 s. To poke; to tease; to excite; to squeeze; to press.

지근덕다 s. 여; 딘 To nudge; to poke; to anger; to stir up; to annoy. *See* 건드리다.

*지근지디 l. 至近之地 (니를 갓가울) (갈 ᄯᅡ) Neighboring land.

*지근지처 s. 至近之處 (니를) 갓가울) 갈 (곳 A neighboring place

*지금 l. 수수 (니를) 이제 Now, at present. *See* 금시.

지급하다 s. 支給 (지당) (줄) To pay, to recompense with.

찌뜻 s. With a jerk. Winking.

지긋시 s. With a pull. *See* 진득히.

지긋지긋 s. Jerking; pulling. Winking.

찌뜻찌뜻 s. Jerking; pulling.

지ᄎᆞ지ᄎᆞ하다 s. To be hateful; to be detestable; to be disagreeable.

*지긔 l. 志氣 (뜻) (긔운) Energy; determination. *See* 의긔.

*지긔 知己 알 몸 A intimate acquaintance. *See* 친구.

*지긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 嫌惡 놈날 ᄭᅳᆫ (*참) 러워; 운 To dislike; to feel a repugnance for.

*지긔상합하다 l. 志氣相合 (뜻) (긔운) (서로) (모들) To agree in heart and mind.

지긔ᄉᆞ우 ᄉᆞ 지근 알 몸 A very intimate friend. *See* 친구

지기 ᄉᆞ 踏ᄆᆞ 떠러갈 ᄒᆞ, 다만 ᄒᆞ 지 A measure of ground—in sowing grain.

*지과 l. 指窠 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (둥우리) A special billet—as one may wish or ask for.

*지권연 l. 紙捲烟 (조히) (것을) (연긔) A cigarette.

*지권연갑 l. 紙捲烟匣 (조히) (것을) (연긔) (집) A cigarette case.

지나가다 l. 過去 (지날—*과) (갈—*거) 가; 간 To pass by; to go by.

지나다 l. 過 (지날—*과) 나; 난 To pass; to go by.

지나오다 [illegible] 나ᄂᆞᆫ 과 오 ᄒᆞ 나와; 온 To come by; to pass by

*지난하다 s. 難難 (더될) (어려울) To be [illegible]

지나갈ᄉᆡ 가ᄂᆞᆫ 과 ᄆᆡᆷ 금 *초 When passing; when going by. *See* 과초에.

*지남석 l. 指南石 (ᄀᆞ르칠) (남녁) (돌) Loadstone.

*지남철 *l.* 指南鐵 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (남녁) (쇠) A mariner's compass.

지내다 *l.* 經 (지날—*경) 여; 낸 To experience. To serve; to complete; to celebrate. *See* 치르다. To have plenty.

*지낭 *s.* 智囊 (슬긔) (주머니) A pocket of wisdom—a wise man.

지미티다 *s.* 미려ᄒᆞ린 To be stupid; to be ignorant.

지네미 *s.* A fin.

지네 *s.* 蜈蚣 (*오) (*공) A centipede, *Scolopendra morsitans.*

*지노 *s.* 紙繩 (조희) (노—*승) A paper cord.

지느러미 *s.* 魚鰭 (비기—*어) (쌀—*긔) A fin. *See* 지네미.

지다 *s.* 負 (질—*부ᄒᆞ) 지; 진 To carry on the back. (짐). *See* 걸메다 To lose; to be beaten. *Opp.* 이기다. To owe; to be in debt to (빗).

지다 *s.* 泥 (진흙—*니) 지러; 진 To be muddy. (길); to be soft. (밥). *Also* 질다.

써다 *s.* 刈 (버힐—*에) 써; 썬 To cut with a sickle.

지다 *s.* 落 (떠러질—*락) 저; 진 To fall—of flowers. (꼿). To set (ᄒᆡ) (ᄃᆞᆯ). To die. (숨)

써다 *s.* 蒸 (찔 *중) 써, 썬 To steam; to cook by steaming. To be hot.

써다 *s.* 써; 썬 To be defeated; to be inferior to.

지다위다 *s.* 點責 더홀 *더)(길당홀 *질) To throw the responsibility on another. *See* 안당이ᄒᆞ다.

*지당ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至當 (지극) (맛당) To be true; to be right; to be just. (Hon.) *See* 지맛ᄒᆞ다.

*지덕 *s.* 智德 슬긔, 곤) Wisdom and virtue; learning and morality

*지덕해상육 *s.* 智德體三育 (지혜) (곤) (몸) (석) (기를) The three departments; intellectual moral and physical.

*지뎜 *s.* 支店 (갈래) (장ᄉᆞ집) A branch office or shop.

*지뎡ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 指定 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To designate; to specify; to determine; to fix.

*지도 *s.* 知道 (알) (길) Acquaintance; knowledge—as used by the king.

*지도 *s.* 智島 (지혜) (셤) An island (Remi I.) in off Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.05. Long. 126.20.

*지도 *s.* 指導 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (인도) Directions; instructions; guidance; leading.

*지도곡션 *l.* 指導曲線 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (인도) (굽을) (실) Directing curve.

지도리 *s.* 樞 (*추) The opening for a pivot or axle; a frame—as of a door. *See* 돌져귀.

*지도증권 *s.* 指圖證券 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (그림) (증거) (문셔) A document to order.

*지도평면 *l.* 指導平面 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (인도) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (낫) Director plane.

*지도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 指導 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (인도) To direct; to lead; to guide; to instruct.

*지독ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至毒 (니를) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be venomous; to be poisonous; to be ugly -of disposition. *See* 그악ᄒᆞ다.

*지돈녕 *s.* 知敦寧 (알) (도타올) (편안) Formerly an office held by officers of the first rank usually relatives of the queen.

*지됴 *s.* 運糧 (옴길) (실) Provision wagons—as for an army.

*지두 *s.* 枝頭 (가지) (머리) The space above the branch of a tree.

*지둔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至鈍 (니를) (둔ᄒᆞᆯ) To be very stupid; to be exceedingly thick-headed. *See* 미련ᄒᆞ다.

더ᄃᆞᆯ다 *s.* 汚色 (번ᄃᆞᆯ—*주) (빗—*식) 어; 른 To be dirty; to be discolored. To get accustomed to. *See* 주착ᄒᆞ다.

*지딕 *l.* 紙袋 (조희) (주머니) A paper bag.

*지딕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 支待 (지탱) (기드릴) To wait for a passing official—in order to welcome him. *See* 지공ᄒᆞ다.

*지락 *s.* 智樂 (지혜) (지락) Cleverness; shrewdness.

*지랑산 *s.* 知異山 (알ᄂᆞᆯ, 괴) A mountain in Kyeng-sang-do Lat. 35.41. Long. 127.51.

지럼길 *s.* 徑 (*경) A short way; a direct road. *See* 지름길.

지레 *s.* A lever; a handspike. Beforehand.

지레길 *s.* 徑 (지럼길—*경, A short way; a direct road. *See* 지름길.

지레치다 *s.* 機先 기틀—*긔) (前홀 *젼) 여; 낸 To know in advance; to anticipate

*지레 *s.* 知禮 (알) (례도) A prefect in Kyeng-sang do. Lat. 35.52. Long. 128.00.

*지령 *l.* 指令 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Order; command; instructions—of the Government. A warrant.

*지령관 *l.* 指令官 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (벼슬) The commander of an army.

*지령장 *l.* 指令狀 (그ᄅᆞ칠) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (글) A written warrant.

*지로ᄒᆞ다 v. 指路 (가르칠길) To show the way; to lead. *See* 인도ᄒᆞ다

*지록위마 v. 指鹿爲馬 (가르칠 (소슴) (ᄒᆞ) (말) Pointing to a deer, and calling it a horse—calling black white.

*지료ᄒᆞ다 s. 知了 (알) (모칠) To know; to be aware of.

지루드듸다 s. 踮 (저저드딜 *기) To stand on tiptoes. (Prov.) *See* 저저드듸다.

지루통ᄒᆞ다 s. To pout; to sulk; to be morose.

*지류 s. 支流 (갈내) (흐를) A branch of a stream; a branch or off-shoot of a sect.

지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To call loudly; to yell. To sing—high notes. To set fire to. (불). To lay a heavy wager. (돈). To break off; to lessen. (긔운) (에긔). To skim off;—as cream.

찌르다 s. 刺 (찌를—*즈) 찔너; 찌른 To stab; to stick; to pierce. To put into; to fasten.

찌르다 s. 刺 (찌를—*흐) 찔너; 찌른 To stab; to stick; to pierce.

지르륨 s. Flowing; running; sparkling.

지름ᄉᆞ다 s. 름찌; 슨 To look askance. To be cloudy.

지리다 s. 지려; 린 To be foul—of an odor.

*지리ᄒᆞ다 s. 支離 (고일) (떠날) To be tedious; to be long; to be wearisome

지린내 s. The smell of urine. (나다)

지름 s. A rising note—a high key in music. *Opp.* 평사됴.

*지마 l. 志摩 (뜻) (모질) Shima in Japan.

*지만ᄒᆞ다 s. 止滿 (굿칠) (출) To fulfil to the letter; to be at the last extreme. To be worthy of punishment; to be so.

*지만ᄒᆞ다 s. 遲慢 (더딜 느질) To be slow; to be dilatory; to be tardy. *See* 지완ᄒᆞ다.

지망지망ᄒᆞ다 s. To be indifferent; to be unthinking

지망ᄒᆞ다 l. 指望 (가르칠) (바랄) To point out or designate, etc.; to nominate

*지면 l. 紙面 (조희) (낫) The contents or purport of a letter; a letter.

*지면ᄒᆞ다 s. 知面 알 (낫 To become acquainted; to go through the forms of salutation. *See* 즁셩ᄒᆞ다.

*지명 s. 知命 (알) (목숨) The knowledge of God's will—experience; soundness of heart.

*지명보리ᄒᆞ다 l. 指名報來 (가르칠 알흘) (갈흘) (올) To report adverse v giving name of person and offence.

*지명지소 s. 知名之士 (알) (일홈) (갈) (션비) A scholar known by reputation. *See* 명하소.

*지명ᄒᆞ다 l. 指名 (가르칠) (일홈) To nominate; to point out the name—of a person.

*지모 s. 智謀 (지혜) (써) A clever design or plan; wise counsel; intelligent scheme; artful expedient; shrewdness.

*지모 s. 知母 (알) (어미) *Anemarrhena asphodeloides.*

*지목ᄒᆞ다 l. 指目 (가르칠) (눈) To point out; to indicate; to show. *See* 지명ᄒᆞ다

지리지다 s. 여; 진 To be reduced; to be drained of the means of living. To be stained.

*지발ᄒᆞ다 s. 支撥 (지탱ᄒᆞᆯ) (헤칠) To use as funds; to pay toward; to give to.

*지방 s. 紙榜 조희 방 Paper tablets used instead of wood by the poor.

*지방 s. 脂肪 (지름) (살질) Fat.

지벅지벅ᄒᆞ다 s. To stumble; to walk with difficulty.

지법지법ᄒᆞ다 s. To handle; to finger.

*지보ᄒᆞ다 s. 支保 지ᄒᆞ 보젼 To bear with; to exist; to subsist. *See* 지탱ᄒᆞ다.

*지부 s. 支部 (가지) (떼) A branch or subdivision—as of an office.

*지부 s. 芝罘 (지초) (그물) Chi-foo in China.

*지부 s. 知府 알 (마을 ᄆᆞᆯ who administers a prefecture—a prefect.

지부럭지부럭ᄒᆞ다 s. To tease; to poke fun at, t [illegible]er. Pr[illegible] Also 지부렁지부렁; 지근지근.

*지부제 s. 止腐劑 (굿칠) (석을) (약지을) Antiseptic medicines.

*지불ᄒᆞ다 s. 支拂 (지탱ᄒᆞᆯ) (떨칠) To pay; to hand over.

*지비인 s. 支配人 (지배) (사람) A superintendent—as in a custom house or mine.

*지장 l. 紙上 (조희) (웃) In a letter; on paper.

*지상공문 l. 紙上空文 (조희) (웃) (뷘) (글) A worthless bill—that cannot be collected.

*지서 s. 支署 (갈내) (마을) A branch office.

*지석 s. 誌石 (지돌) (돌) The inscription stone made of mortar and covering the coffin. *See* 표석.

*지션 s. 支線 (갈내) (실) Branch line—as of a railway.

*지셩 l. 至誠 (지극홀) (졍셩) Extreme sincerity; true faith.

*지셩것 s. 至誠 (지극홀) (졍셩) With sincerity; with all the heart.

*지셩(이면)감턴 l. 至誠感天 (지극홀) (졍셩) (감동) (하눌) Perfect sincerity moves heaven to recompense it. *See* 지함감신.

*지셩소 l. 至聖所 (지극홀) (거륵) (바) The Holy of Holies—in the Temple. *See* 셩소.

*지셩소발 l. 至誠所發 (지극홀) (졍셩) (바) (필) Evidences of sincerest faith.

*지소 l. 紙所 (조희) (바) A place where paper is manufactured.

*지소 s. 支所 (갈내) (바) A branch office or post—of police.

*지소막 s. 支所幕 (갈내) (바) (장막) A police box.

*지속 s. 遲速 (더딜 、속홀) Velocity; rate of motion; whether slow or fast. *See* 지완.

*지속침 s. 遲速針 (더딜 (쎠롤) (바놀) A regulator—in a watch.

*지손 s. 支孫 (갈내) (손주) The younger branches of a family. *See* 방손.

*지수 l. 指數 (가루칠) (두어) Keeping count; what is numbered; index; exponent.

*지수급수 l. 指數級數 (가루칠) (두어) (드믈) (두어) Exponential series.

*지수명수 l. 指數定則 (가루칠) (두어) (명홀) (법) Index Law.

*지수식명리 l. 指數式定理 (가루칠) (두어) (법) 명ᄉᆞ리치, Exponential theorem.

*지수함수 l. 指數函數 (가루칠) (두어) (함) (두어) Exponential function.

*지슌ᄒᆞ다 l. 至順 (지극홀) (슌홀) To be very gentle; to be exceedingly mild.

*지시ᄒᆞ다 l. 指示 (가루칠) (보일) To point out; to introduce; to indicate.

*지시 s. 知識 (알) (알) Knowledge; comprehension; experience. *See* 지혀.

*지식교환 s. 知識交換 (알) (알) (사괼) (밧귤) An exchange of knowledge.

*지실ᄒᆞ다 s. 知悉 (알) (다) To know thoroughly; to have a clear insight into.

*지ᄉᆞ s. 知事 (알) (일) An official of any one of the various government offices of the capital—of the front rank, 2nd degree, often a eunuch.

*지ᄉᆞ l. 志士 (뜻) (션비) An experienced scholar; a wise literateur. (M.) A man with a settled purpose; a serious or earnest person. *See* 유지지소.

*지ᄉᆞ불굴ᄒᆞ다 l. 至死不屈 (니를) (죽을) (아닐) (굴홀) To not yield even unto death.

*지ᄉᆞ위험ᄒᆞ다 l. 至死爲險 (니를) (죽을) (ᄒᆞ) (험홀) To risk one's life; to put one's life at stake.

*지식 l. 紙色 (조희) (빗) The color of paper.

지아비 s. 夫 (*부) A husband. *See* 남편.

*지악ᄒᆞ다 l. 至惡 (지극홀) (모질) To be wicked. To work with might and main. *See* 그악ᄒᆞ다.

지알더다 s. 여; 된 To bother; to tease; to pester.

지어내다 s. 造作 지을 *조) (지을—*작) 여; 낸 To invent; to make up.

ᄊᆡ어리 s. Force; violence.

ᄊᆡ어리 s. 滓末 (ᄊᆡᆺ글—*지) (가로—*말) Sediment; dregs; remnants. (Prov.)

지어먹다 s. 作心 지을—*작 (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ—*심) 여; 은 To reform; to resolve to do right. *See* 작심ᄒᆞ다.

지어미 s. 婦 (*부) A wife.

*지여지앙 s. 池魚之殃 (못) (고기) (갈) (앙화) Suffering for the faults of others; misfortune. *See* 죵리지앙.

ᄊᆡ역 s. 膠志 (가숨—*역) (뜻—*지) Force, violence, persistence. (Prov.) *See* 억지.

ᄊᆡ억더다 s. 膠志 (가숨—*역) (뜻—*지) 여; 된 To bother; to tease; to pester.

*지언 s. 至言 (니를) (말숨) A good saying,

*지엄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至嚴 (지극ᄒᆞᆯ)(엄ᄒᆞᆯ) To be severe; to be exacting—as an official order.

지에밥 *s.* Steamed rice from which spirit is made.

*지여부지간 *s.* 知與不知間 (알)(다토)(아닐 *ᄂᆞᆯ) (알 *지)(스이 ᄀᆞ간 Whether or not cognizant of.

*지연 *l.* 紙鳶 (조희)(솔리) A paper kite.

*지연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遲延 (머ᄆᆞᆯ)(버들) To delay; to be behind *See* 오래다.

*지열제 *s.* 止熱劑 (긋칠)(더울)(약지을) Stopping a flow of blood—as by applications.

*지열ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至熱 (지독)(더울) To be high—of a fever; to be a strong stimulant —of medicine.

*지열ᄒᆞ다 *s.* ㅣ ᄒᆞᆫ (긋칠)(더울) To bring down a fever; to reduce the temperature.

*지엽 *s.* 枝葉 (가지)(닙사귀) Branches and leaves. Subdivisions.

*지용 *s.* 知勇 (지혜)(용밍) Wisdom and bravery. Learning and courage.

*지용산 *s.* 知勇山 (알)(용밍)(뫼) A mountain (La Gravière Peak,) in Chendó Island. Lat. 34.24. Long. 126.13.

*지우금 *l.* 至于今 (나ᄅᆞᆯ) (어조ᄉᆞ)(이제) Up to the present. *See* 입때것.

*지우금일ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 至于今日 (나ᄅᆞᆯ) (어조ᄉᆞ)(이제)(날) To be up to to-day.

지우다 *s.* 弛 (부릴—*어) 지워; 운 To throw; to lower; to let down; to loosen.

지우다 *s.* 負 (질—*부) 지워; 운 To cause to carry; to load on. To overcome; to defeat. To cause to owe.

지우다 *s.* 去染 (버릴—*거) (문드릴—*염) 지워; 운 To rub out; to efface—a stain. (Prov.).

지울이 *s.* Wheat shorts. *Also* 기울.

지위 *s.* 木手 (나무—*목) (손—*슈) A house carpenter. *See* 목슈.

*지육 *s.* 智育 (지혜) (기ᄅᆞᆯ) Wisdom; knowledge; learning. *See* 혜육, 덕육.

*지은보은 *s.* 知恩報恩 (알) (은혜)(갑흘) (은혜) If you know of a favor you should return it.

*지음 *s.* 知音 (알) (소리) An intimate friend. An acquaintance; a friend. Acquaintance; knowing personally, information.

*지음ᄌᆞ *s.* 知音者 (알) (소리) (손) A [illegible] an; a master of sound.

*지음인 *s.* 知音人 (알) (소리) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An acquaintance.

*지음ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 知音 (알) (소리) To understand music.

*지응ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 支應 (지당ᄒᆞᆯ)(응ᄒᆞᆯ) To meet and welcome—an official who comes to the office.

지이다 *s.* 落胎 (써러질—*락)(퇴—*퇴) 지여; 인 To have a miscarriage. (윽히).

*지이부지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 知而不知 (알) (말이)(아닐) (알) To know and yet feign ignorance.

*지이길 *s.* 脂膩質 (기ᄅᆞᆷ) (살질) (봇탕) Fatty nat.

*지인유 *s.* [illegible] 어질 ᄉᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯᆷ Wisdom, benevolence, and courage.

*지인지감 *s.* 知人之鑑 (알)(사ᄅᆞᆷ)(갈) (거울) A knowledge of human nature; clearness of apprehension. *See* 지감.

*지인ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 知人 (알) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To understand men; to read human nature.

*지일개지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 指日可期 (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (날) (옳흘) (긔약) To appoint the day; to fix the date.

*지입 *l.* 紙入 (조희) (들) Paper required.

*지완ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 遲緩 (더딜) (느즐) To be slow; to be dilatory; to be tardy. *See* 지체ᄒᆞ다.

*지원 *l.* 志願 (뜻) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) Desire; craving; appetite; application or solicitation.

*지원 *l.* 至願 (니를) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) Earnest desire; fervent wish.

*지원극통ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至寃極痛 (니를) (원통) (극ᄒᆞᆫ) (압흠) To be in great grief over a wrong or injustice. *See* 철텬디훈.

*지원자 *l.* 志願者 (뜻) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) (놈) A candidate; an applicant. *See* 후보자.

*지원ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 至寃 (니를) (원통) To be a great wrong; to be a sore grievance.

*지장 *l.* 紙藏 (조희) (감출) A papered clothes-press or wardrobe.

*지장전 *s.* 支藏錢 (지당ᄒᆞᆯ) (감출) (돈) Money given to a new official on his entrance on office by officers of his district.

*지장물종 *s.* 支藏物種 (지당ᄒᆞᆯ) (감출) (만ᄆᆞᆯ) (씨) Gifts given to a new official by officers of his district.

*지자 *s.* 智者 (슬긔) (놈) A wise man; a person of good judgment. (Comp.).

*지자 *s.* 持者 (가질) (놈) An official courier.

*지자천려, 에필유일실 *s.* 智者千慮必有一失 (지혜) (놈) (일쳔) (싱각) (반ᄃᆞ시) (잇슬) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (일ᄒᆞᆯ) Even a wise man is not atall infallible. *Opp.* 우자천려 에필유일득.

지저귀 s. Chips; splinters. A swaddling cloth.

지저귀다 s. 여; 귄 To make a noise; to cause an uproar. *See* 짓거리다.

지저분ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dirty; to be filthy. *See* 츄ᄒᆞ다.

지적깜이 s. Chips--from hewed timbers. *See* 기저귀.

지적지적ᄒᆞ다 s. To be damp; to be watery.

*지전 l. 紙錢 (조희) (돈) Paper money. Paper coins—offered to the spirit. *See* 지돈.

*지전 l. 紙廛 (조희) (장ᄉᆞ집) A paper store.

지절지절ᄒᆞ다 s. To chatter; to jabber.

*지점 s. 支店 (갈내) (집) Branch office or shop.

*지접ᄒᆞ다 s. 支接 (피일) (붓흘) To stay at; to live with; to subsist. *See* 부지ᄒᆞ다.

*지정불고ᄒᆞ다 s. 知情不告 (알) (뜻) (아닐) (고흘) To know and not inform—as of treason etc.

*지졍지묘ᄒᆞ다 l. 至精至妙 (니를) (졍밀) (니를) (묘흘) To be profound; to be wonderful.

*지조 l. 志操 (뜻) (잡을) Virtue; chastity; constancy.

*지존막대 l. 至尊莫大 (니를) (놉흘) (말) (큰) Almightly; sublime.

*지존ᄒᆞ다 l. 至尊 (니를) (놉흘) To be very great; to be sublime.

*지족ᄒᆞ다 s. 知足 (알) (족흘) To be content. *See* 슈분ᄒᆞ다.

*지즁 l. 紙重 (조희) (무거울) The weight of the paper.

*지즁ᄒᆞ다 l. 至重 (니를) (무거울) To be very serious; to be all-important. *See* 막즁ᄒᆞ다.

지지난둘 s. 去去月 (갈—*거) (갈—*거) (둘—*월) Month before last.

지지다 s. 지져; 진 To fry; to cauterize.

지지르다 s. 壓 (누를—*압) 짓너; 지른 To press; to weigh down.

지지ᄒᆞ다 s. 咨 (짓거릴—*쵸) To chatter; to gabble.

지지ᄒᆞ다 s. To be annoying; to be troublesome. To annoy; to trouble.

*지지ᄒᆞ다 s. 遲遲 (더딜) (더딜) To be dilatory; to delay; to be slow; to wait. *See* 더듸다.

*지지ᄒᆞ다 l. 支持 (지당ᄒᆞᆯ) (가질) To support.

*지질 l. 紙質 (조희) (바탕) The quality of paper.

지질지질ᄒᆞ다 s. To be watery; to be soft.

*지질ᄒᆞ다 s. 支離 (피일) (떠날—*리) To be tedious; to be long; to be wearisome. *See* 지질ᄒᆞ다.

*지조 s. 之子 (갈) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) You—to equals. (B. O.)

*지조(눈)막여부 s. 知子莫如父 (알) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (업슬) (ᄀᆞᆺ흠) (아비) No one knows a man as well as his own father.

*지조군 s. 持字軍 (가질) (글ᄌᆞ) (군ᄉᆞ) An official courier.

*지지지삼 s. 之再之三 (갈) (두) (갈) (석) In two or three times; twice or thrice. *See* 수삼ᄎᆞ.

*지척 s. 咫尺 (작ᄂᆞᆫ) (자) A little space; a short distance. *See* 근쳐.

*지척(울)불변 s. 咫尺不辨 (작ᄂᆞᆫ) (자) (아니) (분변) Unable to see even a foot before one—as in the dark.

*지척지디 s. 咫尺之地 (작ᄂᆞᆫ) (자) (갈) (짜) A neighboring place. *See* 상망지디.

*지척(이)쳔리 s. 咫尺千里 (작ᄂᆞᆫ) (자) (일쳔) (마ᄋᆞᆯ) Near by but yet for off—as of places not yet visited.

*지쳔지물 l. 至賤之物 (니를) (쳔흘) (갈) (물건) The meanest object; the poorest variety; a worthless thing.

*지쳔ᄒᆞ다 l. 至賤 (니를) (쳔흘) To be very cheap; to be worthless. *See* 지검ᄒᆞ다.

*지쳔ᄒᆞᆫ l. 至賤 (니를) (쳔흘) The lowest—as in grade; the meanest.

*지체ᄒᆞ다 s. 遲滯 (더딜) (걸닐) To delay; to be dilatory; to be late. *See* 지완ᄒᆞ다.

*지초 s. 芝草 (지초) (풀) A plant associated with long life—from which purple dye is made.

*지총 l. 紙銃 (조희) (총) Firecrackers.

*지쵹ᄒᆞ다 l. 指囑 (구릇칠) (쳥쵹흘) To ask a favour of; to make an application to.

*지촉 l. 紙燭 조희 (ᄇᆞᆯ) Paper and candles—as sent to a family in mourning

*지출ᄒᆞ다 l. 支出 (지당ᄒᆞᆯ) (날) To give; to pay to.

*지취 l. 志趣 (뜻) (지취) Perception; judgment. *See* 의취.

*지칙ᄒᆞ다 l. 指飭 (구릇칠) (신칙ᄒᆞᆯ) To order; to command; to require.

*지친 s. 至親 (지친) (친할) A very near relative. *See* 당너.

지쳔지쳔ᄒᆞ다 s. To be impudent; to be dilatory.

*지초 s. 之次 (갈) (버금) The next; the second; the one following in grade, quality etc. (조식)(동침). *See* 기초.

*지텬위셔ᄒᆞ다 s. 指天爲誓 (가ᄅᆞ칠) (하ᄂᆞᆯ)ᄒᆞ (일)셔 To swear by God

*지체 s. 肢體 (소지) (몸) The body with the members. *See* 소지.

*지통 s. 紙筒 (조희) (통) A vat in which paper is prepared.

*지통제 s. 止痛劑 (긋칠) (압흘) (약지을) Anodyne medicines.

*지통ᄒᆞ다 s. 止痛 (긋칠) (압흘) To cease—of pain.

*지탱ᄒᆞ다 s. 支撐 (피일)ᄂᆞ피일) To bear; to support; to subsist; to be so. *See* 부지ᄒᆞ다.

*지패 s. 支派 (가지) (갈내) A branch of a family. *Opp.* 종패.

*지폐 s. 紙幣 조희 (폐ᄇᆡᆨ) A paper money. *See* 지젼.

*지평 s. 持平 (가질) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) The 4th Justice of the Supreme Court, an officer of the front rank, 5th degree.

*지평 s. 砥平 (숫돌) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A prefecture lying seaside. Lat. 37° 50' Long 127.42

*지표 s. 紙標 (조희) (표) A bank-note; a draft for money. *See* 지젼.

*지풍초 s. 知風草 (알) (바람) (풀) *Eragrostis ferruginea.*

*지피지지 s. 知彼知己 (알) (더) (알) (몸) Knowledge of another's affairs as well as of my own.

*지필 s. 紙筆 (조희) (붓) Paper and pens.

*지함 s. 紙函 (조희) (함) The covered box in which the soul returns from the burial. (Prov.).

*지향 s. 志向 뜻 향ᄒᆞᆯ Intention, inclination; idea; design. *See* 의향.

*직건ᄒᆞ다 s. 直賤 곧ᄒᆞᆯ 천ᄒᆞᆯ To be very cheap; to be low in price. *Opp.* 고등ᄒᆞ다.

*직혈ᄒᆞ다 s. 止血 (긋칠) (피) To staunch blood.

*직ᄉᆞ 智識 지혜 지ᄉᆡᆨ Wisdom; knowledge; sagacity. ᄉᆞ 지ᄉᆡᆨ

*직회 s. 支會 (갈내) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A branch society

*직회ᄒᆞ다 s. 遲廻 (더딜) (도라옴) To delay; to go by a round about way; to proceed circuitously.

*직효 s. 至孝 (니를) (효도) Remarkable filial affection. *See* 대효

*지휘 s. 指揮 (가ᄅᆞ칠) (두ᄃᆞᆯ) Command; order; mandate.

*지휘ᄒᆞ다 s. 指揮 (가ᄅᆞ칠) (두ᄃᆞᆯ) To teach; to announce; to direct; to employ. *See* 쥬션ᄒᆞ다.

*지흑 s. 智識 (지혜) (기ᄃᆞᆯ) Learning; knowledge. (ᄒᆞ다). *Also* 지육

*지화 s. 紙貨 (조희) (보화) Paper money; bank notes.

*지환 s. 指環 손가락 고ᄅᆡ, ᄉᆞ finger ring. *See* 가락지.

지황 s. A parasite found on cattle's feet

*직 s. 直 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) Directly; at once. An honest person. Straight. The numerative of attacks of ague.

*직각 s. 直閣 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) The Vice-president of the Royal College.

*직각삼각형 s. 直角三角形 곳ᄒᆞᆯ 각 셕 (ᄉᆞᆷ) ᄉᆞᆷ ᄉᆞ right angled triangle.

*직각쥬 s. 直角柱 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (각) (기ᄃᆞᆼ) Right prism.

*직간ᄒᆞ다 s. 直諫 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (간ᄒᆞᆯ) To remonstrate with openly and without fear. *See* 풍간ᄒᆞ다.

*직경 s. 直經 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (길) The diameter.

*직고ᄒᆞ다 s. 直告 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To report to headquarters; to lay a complaint at once—officially

*직공학교 s. 職工學校 (ᄉᆡ업) (장인) (비ᄒᆞᆯ 학교 ᄉᆞ trade school

직근직근 s. Blow on blow; pounding

*직녀셩 s. 織女星 (짤ᄒᆞᆯ 계집) 계ᄌᆞ ᄉᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ Spinning Damsel—the Star α Lyra. *Opp.* 견우셩.

*찍다 s. 어; 은 To dip in; to dot down. To take out; to entice. To hook on to.

*찍다 s. 斫 (찍을—*작) 어; 은 To chop.

직닥직닥ᄒᆞ다 s. To hurry through; to do carelessly.

*직뎨학 s. 直提學 (곳ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) The President of the Royal College.

*직동긔관 s. 直動汽罐 (곳을) (로동홀) (긔) (관) Direct engine.

*직례 s. 直隸 (곳을) (예셔) Chi-li in China. *See* 북경.

*직령 s. 直領 (곳을) 옷깃) The private dress of a military official or a yamen clerk.

*직로 s. 直路 (곳을) (길) A direct route; a straight road.

*직명 s. 職名 (직업) (일홈) A title. *See* 직함.

*직무 s. 職務 (직업) (힘쓸) A calling; one's duty; one's work. *See* 소무.

*직무샹에 s. 職務上 (직업) (힘쓸) (웃) In one's calling

*직물공진회 s. 織物共進會 (짤) (만들) (홈께지) (나아갈) (모들) A competative exhibition of woven stuffs.

*직변 s 直邊 (곳을) (갓) Perpendicular.

*직부 s. 直赴 (곳을) (다다를) A graduate —before receiving his degree.

직부드드ᄒᆞ다 s. 不便 (아닐—*불) (편홀—*편) To be unwell; to be out of sorts.

*직분 s. 職分 (직업) (분수) Official rank or office; duties; a public situation. *See* 직쳑.

*직산 s. 稷山 (찌) (뫼) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.58. Long. 127.10.

*직션 s. 直線 (곳을) (실) Straight line.

*직소 s. 直所 (곳을) (바) The place of office.

*직손 s. 直孫 (곳을) (손조) Direct descendants—in contrast to those by a concubine. *See* 협손.

*직신 s. 直臣 (곳을) (신하) An honest retainer; a faithful servant—of the government, or subject—of the Emperor.

*직심 s. 直心 (곳을) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) An honest heart; sincere motives.

*직숨 s. 直蔘 (곳을) (인숨) Dried ginseng. *See* 건숨

*직어민다 s. 여; 민 To tie fast; to fasten —with a string. *See* 뭇어민다.

*직언 s. 直言 (곳을) (말숨) Honest words.

*직언ᄒᆞ다 s 直言 (곳을) (말숨) To speak straight to the point; to speak frankly.

*직업 s. 職業 (직업) (업) Duties; office; special work. *See* 신업.

*직역 s. 直譯 (곳을) (번역, Literal translation.

*직역ᄒᆞ다 s. 直譯 (곳을) (번역) To translate literally.

*직이 s. 直 (곳을) A keeper; a guard; a watch.

*직임 s. 職任 (직업) (맛홀) Duty; office. *See* 직임.

*직원 s. 職員 (직업) (관원) Office holders.

*직원회 s 職員會 (직업) (관원) (모들) Meeting of office holders.

*직장 s. 織匠 (짤) (장인) A weaver.

*직장 s. 直長 (곳을) (긴) A guardian of a shrine or grave—an officer of the rear rank, 7th degree.

*직장 s. 直腸 (곳을) (챵조) "Straight intestines"—associated with no degestion etc. A honest disposition.

*직젼 s. 直錢 (곳을) (돈) Cash down—in contrast to credit. *See* 맛돈.

*직접 s. 直接 (곳을) (붓흘) Direct-contact.

*직접관계 s. 直接關係 (곳을) (붓흘) (계관) (일) A matter of personal contact. *Opp.* 간접관계.

*직접으로 s. 直接 (곳을) (붓흘) Directly. Direct; immediate; with nothing between. *Opp.* 간접으로.

*직접ᄒᆞ다 s. 直接 (곳을) (붓흘) To meet face to face; to confer face to face.

직지그롬ᄒᆞ다 s. To row; to roar; to make a noise.

직직 s. Slipping; sliding.

직직이 A kind of grasshopper.

직직ᄒᆞ다 s. To squeak; to smack.

*직조국 s. 織造局 (짤) (짱) (관) A government silk manufactory.

*직주ᄒᆞ다 s. 直走 (곳을) (다라날) To run straight away; to run off.

직주ᄒᆞ다 s. 直奏 (곳을) (알일) To make direct representations to the Emperor.

*직초ᄒᆞ다 s. 直招 (곳을) (부를) To confess the truth; to speak truthfully.

*직칙 s. 職責 (직업) (ᄭᅮ지질) Duties; office; official work. *See* 칙임.

*직토ᄒᆞ다 s. 直吐 (곳을) (비왓홀) To confess the truth. *See* 직고ᄒᆞ다.

*직품 s. 職品 (직업) (품수) The degree of official rank.

*직하ᄒᆞ다 s. 直下 (곳을) (아래) To descend perpendicularly; to fall in a straight line—as a waterfall.

*직함 s. 職銜 직함 (함) The name of a rank. See 직명.

지히다 v. 守 (지킬) *슈 지켜 힌 To guard; to watch; to keep.

*직호다 v. 直 (곧을) To be straight; to be upright. See 곳곳호다.

*직행차 s. 直行車 (곧을) (돈닐) (수레) Express train.

*진 s. 陣 (진칠) A regiment of soldiers; an army. (치다).

*진 s. 鎭 (진뎡) A official coast-guard; a guard-post.

*진 s. 津 (진익) Juice; sap; fluid secretions. See 진액.

*진 s. 眞 (춘) Genuine quality. The printed form in contrast to grass characters.

*진 s. 陳 (묵을) What is old; what is kept over.

*진 s. 辰 (별) One of the Twelve Branches —from 7 o'clock to 9 A.M.

*진가 s. 眞假 (춘) (거짓) The truth and the false; genuineness. See 진위.

진가로 s. 眞-- 말 *맥 가로 *달 Wheat flour. See 밀가로

*진개 s. 塵芥 (틔글) (겨자) Dust and dirt; rubbish.

*진개 a. 眞個 (춘) (낫) Really; truly; certainly; indeed. See 진시.

*진격호다 v. 進擊 (나아갈) (칠) To move forwards to attack.

진고대 s. Hoarfrost. (서이다).

*진고호다 v. 陳-- 베풀 고홀 To state to relate; to tell; to communicate.

*진곡 s. 陳穀 묵을 곡식 Grain that is kept over. See 진미

*진공호다 v. 進貢 (나아갈) 공바칠 To contribute to the state. To offer tribute etc. See 진상.

*진구 v. 進口 (나아갈) (입) Import—goods etc. Opp. 출구.

*진구호다 v. 進口 나아갈 입 To import. Opp. 출구호다.

*진군호다 v. 進軍 나아갈 군소 To cause to advance—as an army.

*진급 v. 進級 나아갈 등급 To promote to a higher grade—as in a school or office.

*진급장 s. 進級狀 나아갈 등급 글 A diploma of graduation.

*진급증서 s. 進級證書 (나아갈) (등급) (증거) 글 A certificate of promotion

*진급호다 v. 進級 (나아갈) (등급) To graduate.

*진액 s. 津液 (진익) (진윤—*긔) Stickiness; viscousness. Persistency.

*진긔 s. 期期 (긔약) The appointed time.

*진긔력 s. 盡其力 (다홀) (그) (힘) All one's might; every particle of strength.

*진긔력호다 v. 盡其力 다홀 (그) (힘) To use all one's strength.

*진과 s. 眞瓜 (춘) (외) A melon. See 춘외.

진날개사관이 s. An objectionable friend whose attentions are like those of a muddy dog.

*진노호다 v. 瞋怒 진홀 노홀 To be angry. (Hon.) See 대노호다

진눈강이 Wet snow; sleet.

진눈진눌호다 s. To gum; to eat without teeth

진달닉 s. 杜鵑花 --- --- (두견) *견) (꼿—*화) The azalea, the *rhododendron indicum*. See 두견화.

*진담루설 s. 陳談陋說 묵을 말숨 더러울) (말숨) Stale, worn out sayings or stories; lies.

*진뎐 s. 陳田 (묵을) (밧) A fallow field.

*진뎍호다 v. 眞的 --- 뎍실 To be true, to be genuine; to be sure. See 확실호다.

*진뎡졔 s. 鎭定劑 (진뎡) (뎡홀) (졔목) A sedative.

*진뎡호다 v. --- 진뎡 뎡홀 To calm oneself; to collect one's senses; to repress.

*진도 s. 珍島 (보비) 섬 An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.27. Long. 126.13.

*진도 s. 眞道 (춘) (길) True doctrine. Opp. 이단.

진동 s. The opening of the armhole.

*진동셜 s. 震盪 (울—*히) (울—*열) The *Nymphæa Orientalis*. (Prov.) See 련 --- 뒤칩.

진동접아리 s. An earthenware dish—used to contain offerings in ancestral worship.

*진동호다 v. 震動 울홀 움직일 To shake—as from an earthquake. To be in confusion. To thunder. 소요홀호다

*진두 s. 津頭 (나루) (머리) A ferry.

*진두 s. 陣頭 (진칠) 머리) The commander of an army.

진득이 *s.* 蟣 (*빅) Dog ticks.

진득진득 *s.* Sedately; quietly; steadily. *See* 자근자근.

진득히 *s.* Sedately; quietly; carefully. *See* 살며시.

진득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be staid; to be sober; to be dignified. *See* 진중ᄒᆞ다.

진딧물 *s.* The aphis; the vine fretter or plant louse. (오르다).

진딧찰 *s.* 蒿蔚 (*회) (*첨) The *stigesbeckia Orientalis*. *See* 희첨.

*진땀나다 *s.* 津汗 (진한) (땀—*한) 땀 나; 난 To run with perspiration; to sweat—as when in difficulties.

*진뒤 *s.* 陣隊 (진쳘) (제) A levy of troops—in the country.

*진랍국 *s.* 眞蠟國 (진) (랍) (나라) Cambodia.

*진랑도 *s* 眞珥島 (진) (어짐) (섬) An inland in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.55. Long. 126.03

*진력ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 盡力 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘) To be exhausted—of strength. *See* 극력ᄒᆞ다.

*진렬소 *s.* 陳列所 (베풀) (릴) (바) An exhibition—of goods etc.

*진렬ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 陳列 (베풀) (릴) To set out in order; to arrange articles in view.

*진률ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 戰慄 (진동ᄒᆞᆯ) (렬) To shiver; to tremble, etc.

*진리 *s.* 鎭吏 (진명) (아젼) An official writer of a subdistrict in the country.

*진리 *s.* 眞理 (진) (리치) True principles; right doctrine.

*진말 *s* 眞末 (진) (가로) Wheat flour. *See* 밀 가로.

진무르다 *s.* 流膿 (무르닉을—*농) (무르닉을 -*한) 곪너; 무른 To be soft; to be tender; to be mellow.

*진무ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鎭撫 (진명) (어루문질) To pacify. *See* 안무ᄒᆞ다.

*진문 *s.* 陣門 (진칠) (문) The gates to a military encampment.

*진문공 *l.* 晋文公 (나라) (글) (귀인) B.C. 636-628. A famous good ruler of ancient China.

진물 *s.* 液水 (진익—*익) (물—*슈) Water or secretions from a sore.

진물진물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be bleared; to be sore—of the eyes. *See* 잔물잔물ᄒᆞ다.

*진미 *s.* 珍味 (보비) (맛) Rare or curious tastes; a delicate flavour.

*진미 *s.* 陳米 (묵을) (쌀) Stale rice; old rice—used in compounding medicine. *See* 묵은쌀.

*진미 *s.* 珍味 (보비) (맛) Delicious dainties; savoury food.

*진믹ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 診脈 (증험ᄒᆞᆯ) (믹) To feel the pulse.

*진법 *s.* 陣法 (진칠) (법) Tactics; military rules; martial law. *See* 병법.

*진병ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 進兵 (나아갈) (군ᄉᆞ) To lead out troops.

*진보 *s.* 眞寶 (진) (보비) A prefect in N. Kyong-sang. Lat. 36.30 Long. 129.02.

*진보 *s.* 珍寶 (보비) (보비) Precious things. *See* 보물.

*진보 *l.* 進步 (나아갈) (거름) Progress; advancement.

*진보당 *l.* 進步黨 (나아갈) (거름) (무리) The progressive party.

*진보역수상 *l* 進步的思想 (나아갈) (거름) (역실) (싱각) (싱각) The ideas of the Progressive party.

*진본 *s.* 眞本 (진) (밋) What corresponds to the original; the genuineness of anything.

*진봉 *l.* 進封 (나아갈) (봉ᄒᆞᆯ) A magistrate's contributions to the central government.

*진분수 *s.* 眞分數 (진) (논홀) (두어) Proper fraction.

*진비소 *l.* 進排所 (나아갈) (버릴) (바) A place of work—of official underlings.

*진비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 進排 (나아갈) (버릴) To perform one's duties—as an official underling: to hand in what one has charge of—to a superior. *See* 진공ᄒᆞ다.

*진산 *s.* 珍山 (보비) (외) A prefect in Chol-la-do. Lat. 36.06. Long. 129.41; a mountain in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34.38. Long. 126.27.

*진상 *s.* 陣上 (진칠) (웃) In battle. *See* 진중.

*진상 *l.* 進上 (나아갈) (웃) Articles sent to the palace as contributions from country officials.

*진상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 陳上 (베풀) (웃) To say, state, relate, tell, express, or communicate to a superior.

*진상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 進上 (나아갈) (웃) To hand in to the government; to send up to the palace.

*진서 *s.* 珍書 (보비) (글) Rare books; a Caxton; a curious book; a literary curiosity.

*진셔 *l.* 眞書 (진) (글) The Chinese character in contrast to the *Unmun*. *See* 한문.

*진선 s. 津船 (나루) (배) A ferry-boat.

*진선진미ᄒᆞ다 l. 盡善盡美ᄒᆞᆫ 다 (다) (아름다울 l. the utmost care to make everything good and splendid.

*진설ᄒᆞ다 s. 陳設 (베풀) (베풀) To set out; to prepare; to arrange. *See* 비설ᄒᆞ다.

*진세 s. 陣勢 (진칠) (형세) The position of troops or pieces in a game Military strength; troops. *See* 형세

*진성 s. 輪星 (수레바퀴) (별) The 28th of the 28 Constellations β, γ, δ, ε Corvus. 187° 56′ 52″ l.

진솔 l. 新衣 (새—*신) (옷—*의) Freshly dried clothes beaten with laundry sticks. *See* 신건이.

*진슬 s. 眞率 (참) (거느릴) Truth; sincerity.

*진솔ᄒᆞ다 s. 眞率 (참) (거느릴) To be genuine; to be trustworthy; to be sincere.

*진숙 s. 鎭肅 (진명) (못돌) The soldiers, underlings etc. attached to a guard-station.

*진수 l. 盡數 (다돌) (두어) Commensurable number.

*진수성찬 s. 珍羞盛饌 보배 음식 성할 (반찬) Rich viands and sumptuous fare.

*진수식 l. 進水式 나아갈 물 법 The ceremony of launching a vessel.

*진슬 s. 眞膝 참 슬갑 The genuine works of art. *Opp.* 위슬.

*진시 s. 辰時 (별) (때) From 7 o'clock A.M. to 9.

*진시 s. 眞是 (참) (이) Truly; surely. *See* 진정.

*진시 s. 趁時 (좇칠) (때) Opportune time. *See* 진작.

진신 s. 眞鞋 (진죽—*너) (신—*혜) Leather rain-shoes. *Opp.* 마른신.

*진신 l. 縉紳 (흰) (허) Officials; those who hold office

진신발 s. Sandals worn in muddy weather *Opp.* 마른신발.

*진신장보 l. 縉紳章甫 (흰 갓 갓) rat.

진실노 s 固 (*고) Truly; of a truth; verily.

*진실ᄒᆞ다 s. 眞實 (참) (실상) To be truthful; to be genuine; to be sincere. *See* 정성ᄒᆞ다

*진심 s. 眞心 (참) (무옴) Sincerity; truth of heart. *See* 진정.

*진심갈력ᄒᆞ다 l. 盡心力 다ᄒᆞᆯ 무옴 다ᄒᆞᆯ 힘 To exert one's best efforts, to give one's whole heart to.

*진심궁 l. 盡心 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (무옴) With all one's heart. *See* 극력것.

*진심력ᄒᆞ다 l. 盡心力 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (무옴) (힘) To do anything with one's heart and strength.

*진소 l. 進士 (나아갈) (선비) A graduate for scholarship. *See* 상사.

*진소갓 s. 眞絲笠 ᄒᆞ실 갓 A queer kind of black hat—made partly of silk.

*진소전 s. 眞絲廛 (참) (실) (가게집) A string shop.

*진소ᄒᆞ다 l. 震死 (우뢰) (죽을) To be killed by lightning.

*진안 s. 眞贋 (참) (가짓) Genuine or spurious.

*진안 l. 鎭安 (진명) 편안 A prefecture in Chol-la-do. Lat. 35.45. Long. 127.32.

*진압 l. 鎭壓 (진명) (누를) Repression; subjection.

*진압ᄒᆞ다 l. 鎭壓 (진명) (누를) To repress; to keep in subjection; to restrain; to subdue.

*진애 s. 塵埃 (틔끌) (틔끌) Dust; the present world. *See* 틔끌.

진어귀ᄒᆞ다 s. To accompany the soul of the deceased in peace—by incantations. *See* 시왕갈으다.

*진언 s. 眞諺 (참) (속담) The character and the native script; *Hanmun* and *Unmun*. *See* 방서.

*진언 s. 眞言 (무지질) (말숨) Prayers; forms used to ward off evil spirits. *See* 주문.

*진언간 s. 眞諺簡 (참) (속담) (글이) Chinese characters or *Unmun*.

*진언번듕 s. 眞諺飜騰 (참 속담 ᄇᆞᆫ 놀ᄉᆡᆨ Translation into Native Script.

*진언불 s. 眞言不 (참말ᄉᆞᆷ 아닐 —*불) (알—*지) Knowing neither Chinese nor *Unmun*. *See* 방서부지

*진연 l. 進宴 (나아갈) (잔치) The festival of the king's birthday. A government festival or official dinner.

진연도감 The officer in charge of the festivities of the king's birthday.

*진영 s. 鎭營 (진명)(영문) A guard-post and a government headquarters.

*진옥 s. 眞玉 (총)(구슬) Genuine jade. *See* 번옥.

진울 s. 濕氣 (저질—*습)(울—*개) Watery itch.

*진외가 s. 陳外家 (묵을)(밧)(집) The paternal grandmother's home.

*진외조모 s. 陳外祖母 (묵을)(밧)(할아비)(어미) Mother of the mother of the father.

*진외조부 s. 陳外祖父 (묵을)(밧)(할아비)(아비) Father of the mother of the father.

*진외편 s. 陳外便 (묵을)(밧)(편) Relatives on the paternal grandmother's side.

*진위 s. 眞僞 (총)(거짓) Truth or falsehood. *See* 가부.

*진위대 l. 鎭衛隊 (진명)(호위)(떼) The Imperial guard.

*진위 l. 振威 (떨칠)(위엄) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.09. Long. 127.08.

*진유 s. 眞油 (총)(기름) Sesamum oil. *See* 총기름.

*진육 s. 陳肉 (묵을)(고기) Diseased beef.

진이다 s. 이여; 인 To carry with one; to keep.

*진인 s. 眞人 (총)(사람) A pure man; an upright person. A wizard.

*진일공부 l. 盡日工夫 (다할)(날)(장인)(지아비) Work that lasts all the day.

*진일력하다 l. 盡日力 (다할)(날)(힘) To work all day; to spend all day.

*진일지력하다 l. 盡日之力 (다할)(날)(갈)(힘) To work all day; to spend all day.

진일초 s. Memory.

*진임 s. 眞荏 (총)(뻐) Sesamum—used as food. *See* 들깨.

*진입하다 l. 進入 (나아갈)(들) To enter by force.

*진입도 s. 陳入島 (묵을)(들)(섬) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat 35.06. Long. 126.21.

*진액 s. 津液 (진액)(진액) Saliva. Sap; juice. *See* 진.

*진완하다 s. 珍玩 (보배)(구경) To take delight in anything which one possesses; to find pleasure in; to enjoy the possession of.

진자리 s. A child's mat.

*진작 l. 趁作 (다다를)(지을) Instantly; at once. *See* 진시.

*진작하다 s. 振作 (떨칠)(지을) To excite; to rouse; to provoke; to stir up; to give rise to; to create.

진장 s. Vegetables—for pickle.

*진장하다 s. 珍藏 (보배)(곰출) To treasure up; to keep carefully.

*진장 s. 鎭將 (진명)(장수) The command of a guard-post.

*진장 s. 陳醬 (묵을)(장) Old soy—that has been kept for several years.

진장하다 s. To prepare vegetables for pickle.

*진전하다 l. 進戰 (나아갈)(싸홈) To advance and seize; to move forward and take.

진절이치다 s. 이치; 친 To tremble; to shudder; to start.

*진정 s. 辰正 (별)(바를) The middle of the *Chin* hour, 8 o'clock A.M.

*진정 s. 眞情 (총)(뜻) Sincerity. Truly; surely. *See* 진심.

*진정소발 s. 眞情所發 (총)(뜻)(바)(필) Expressing one's sincere intentions; a sincere statement, a true confession.

*진정소원 s. 眞情所願 (총)(뜻)(바)(원할) Desiring with a sincere heart.

*진진하다 s. 陳陳 묵을)(쓿) To state one's opinions. *See* 원정하다.

*진정하다 s. 鎭靜 (진명)(고요) To make anything calm; to pacify; to quiet; to silence; to subside; to become tranquillized.

*진정하다 l. 進呈 (나아갈)(드릴) To present with; to give.

*진주 l. 晉州 (나라)(고을) A 1st class prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.11. Long 128.08.

*진주 s. 眞主 (총)(님금) A true king.

*진주 s. 眞珠 (총)(구슬) A pearl. *See* 자개.

*진쥬광 *n.* 眞珠光 (진)(구슬)(빗) Iridescence.

*진쥬모 *n.* 眞珠母 (진)(구슬)(어미) *Avicula Martensii.*

*진쥬화 *n.* 珍珠花 (보비)(구슬)(꼿) *Spiraea Thunbergii.*

*진즁 *n.* 陣中 (진칠)(가온디) The central division of an army.

*진즁ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 珍重 (보비)(무거울) To be reserved; to be grave; to be quiet. *See* 뜩즁ᄒᆞ다.

*진지 *l.* 進支 (나아갈)(지탱ᄒᆞᆯ) Food; meals. (Hon.) (잡슈다).

*진지구무이 *n.* 索之求無已 (나라)(갈)(구ᄒᆞᆯ)(업슬)(임의) No cessation to the demands or requests.

*진진ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 振振 (썰칠)(썰칠) To be abundant; to be in great numbers. (B. O.).

진짓 *l.* A flaw; a defect; a misunderstanding. (나다).

*진ᄯᅳᆺ *n.* 眞的 (진)(역실—*역) What is real; genuine quality. A sincere person. *Opp.* 가ᄯᅳᆺ.

*진종 *n.* 鎭宗 (진뎡)(죄무리) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. [illegible] Long. 127.35.

*진지 *n.* 眞材 (진)(지목) The pure stuff—as of unmixed medicine.

*진지 *l.* 震災 (진동)(지앙) Calamity caused by an earthquake.

*진지보험 *l.* 震災保險 (진동)(지앙)(보젼)(험ᄒᆞᆯ) Insurance against calamities or losses caused by earthquakes.

*진찬 *n.* 珍饌 (보비)(찬) Rich viands; costly fare.

*진찬ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 進饌 (나아갈)(찬) To have an official banquet.

*진찰 *l.* 診察 (즁힐ᄒᆞᆯ)(살필) Examination of a patient—as by a physician; medical examination.

*진찰비 *l.* 診察費 (즁힐ᄒᆞᆯ)(살필)(허비) Money paid for medical examination.

*진찰소 *l.* 診察所 (즁힐ᄒᆞᆯ) 솜슈 (바) A doctor's office.

진창 *n.* 泥潭 (진흙 –*니)(진흙—*담) A muddy place.

*진창이 陳倉米 묵은 [illegible] rice—stored up for several years.

*진쳔 *l.* 鎭川 (진뎡)(내) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.53. Long. 127.32.

*진청 *v.* 陳請 베풀 청 [illegible] (inserting a [illegible] asking; to request, etc.

*진초 *n.* 辰初 (별)(처음 The commencement of the *Chin* hour 7 A.M.

*진초 *n.* 陳草 (묵을)(플) Old tobacco; last year's tobacco. *Opp.* 신초.

*진치다 *a.* 陣 (진칠) 진치; 친 To pitch a military camp.

*진톄 *n.* 眞體 (진)(몸) The upright or clear form—in contrast to the grass character. *See* 히ᄌᆞ.

*진토 *n.* 塵土 (틔쓸) (흙) Dust; the world; the earth.

*진퇴 *l.* 進退 (나아갈)(물너갈) Backwards and forwards; going and coming.

*진퇴량난 *l.* 進退兩難 (나아갈)(물너갈)(두 어려울 [illegible] backwards or forwards—a dilemma. *See* 진퇴유곡.

*진퇴유곡 *l.* 進退維谷 (나아갈)(물너갈)(오직 [illegible] backwards or forwards—a dilemma. *See* 진퇴량난.

*진통졔 *n.* 鎭痛劑 (진뎡)(압흘)(지목) Anodyne.

*진퇴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 進退 (나아갈)(물너갈) To [illegible] backward.

진흔 *l.* A scar; a result of disease.

진펄이 *n.* 泥 (지질—*슴) A marsh.

*진편 *n.* 陳編 (묵을)(엮글) An old scroll, chronicle, or book.

*진픔 *n.* 眞品 (진)(픔수) Genuine quality. *Opp.* 가ᄯᅳᆺ.

*진픔 *n.* 珍品 (보비)(픔수) Curios or rare things; a curio.

*진피 *n.* 陳皮 (묵을)(가족) Dried orange-peel—used as a medicine.

*진필 *n.* 眞筆 (진)(붓) A genuine writing.

*진하ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 陳賀 (베플)(하례) To offer congratulations to the king.

*진합태산 *n.* 塵合泰山 (틔쓸)(모들)(클)(뫼) Gathering dust grows to be a mountain. *See* 즤요셩대.

*진향ᄉᆞ *l.* 進香使 (나아갈)(향긔)(ᄒᆞ여 픔) A mourner sent from Korea to represent the king at an Imperial sacrifice.

[illegible] 리 *n.* The soft part of the side below the rib.

진허리 *n.* 脇 (허리—*요) The soft part of the back. *See* 잔허리.

*진회 *n.* 秦檜 (나라) (회나무) D. A.D. 1155. A noted Chinaman of Song Kingdom who had to do with the Tartars.

*진홍 s. 眞紅 (진) (홍) Bright red. *See* 다홍.

*진휼 s. 賑恤 (진흘) (분상히넉일) Rice or provisions for distributions during famine.

*진휼ᄒᆞ다 v. 賑恤 (진흘) 분상히넉일) To distribute rice etc. during famine. *See* 긔민주다.

*진ᄒᆞ다 v. 盡 (다홀) To be exhausted; to be finished; to be used up.

진ᄒᆞ다 a. To be thick; to be deep—of color. To be strong—of a decoction. *Opp.* 옅다.

*진히 s. 鎭海 (진명) 바다, A prefect in S. Kyong-sang. Lat. 35.12. Long. 128.30.

*진화론 s. 進化論 (나아갈) (될) (의론) Evolution.

*진황지디 s. 陳荒之地 (묵을) (것칠) (짜) Waste land.

진황처 s. 陳荒處 (묵을) (것칠) (곳). Waste or deserted land. *Also* 진황지디.

*진황ᄒᆞ다 s. 陳荒 (묵을) (것칠) To be left waste.

질 s. Blue clay—used for pottery. A termination denoting action and used as an equivalent for "ing."

*질 s. 秩 (차례) A set of books comprising several volumes. *See* 길:

*질 s. 姪 (족하) Your nephew. (Epist).

*질 s. 質 (바탕) Matter as opposed to atmosphere etc.

쎌 s. 鰓蓋 (옷부리—*명) (헤아릴—*량) Gill.

쎌썩 s. With a splash.

쎌썩쎌썩 s. Splashing.

질경이 s. 蓍 (*이) Rib-grass or rib-wort.

*질고 s. 疾故 (병) (연고) A case of sickness. *See* 우환.

*질고 s. 秩高 (차례) (놉흘) High rank—of office.

질군 s. A master-hand.

*질걸ᄒᆞ다 s. 跌蹶 (엇그러질) (엇그러질) To stumble; to trip.

질그릇 s. Earthenware dishes; crocks; jars. *See* 오지그릇.

질근 s. With a twist—as of what is bound tightly.

질근질근 s. Twisting; binding. *See* 잘근잘근.

질금질금ᄒᆞ다 s. To be muddy; to be soft. To leak out; to drop. *See* 쌀금쌀금.

질긋질긋 s. Pulling; stretching. Bearing.

쎌긋쎌긋 s. Pulling; stretching. Holding; bearing.

*질긔ᄒᆞ다 v. 膌氣 (락힐) (긔운) To be frightened out of one's wits. *See* 질식ᄒᆞ다.

질기다 a. 靭( ) 질겨; 긴 To be tough.

쎌네 s. 蒺藜 (쎌네—*질) (명아쥬—*려) The caltrop. *Tribulus terrestris*—used as a medicine. *Also* 쌜네.

*질녀 s. 姪女 (족하) (계집) A niece. *See* 족하딸.

질녹질녹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be hollowed out; to be cut into—of several objects. *See* 잘녹잘녹ᄒᆞ다.

질녹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be hollowed out; to be narrow.

질니다 s. 질녀; 닌 To pierce; to strike against. To be silenced; to be beaten.

쎌니다 s. 刺 써를 -*주) 쎌녀; 닌 To be pierced; to be stabbed

질ᄂᆡᆷ s. A roar; a yell.

질다 a. 泥 (진흙—*니) 어; 진 To be muddy. (밥). To be soft. To act the prostitute.

*질뎜 s. 質點 (바탕) (뎜) Material point.

*질뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 質定 (바탕) (뎡홀) To decide, to settle. *See* 완뎡ᄒᆞ다.

질쎡질쎡ᄒᆞ다 s. To be notched; to be narrowed; to be jagged. *See* 잘녹잘녹ᄒᆞ다.

질쎡ᄒᆞ다 s. To be narrowed, to be tapered. *See* 잘녹ᄒᆞ다.

*질둔ᄒᆞ다 s. 質鈍 (바탕) (둔홀) To be stolid; to be clumsy; to be thick-set. *See* 로둔ᄒᆞ다.

*질량 s. 質量 (바탕) (헤아릴) Quality and quantity. Specific gravity.

*질려 s. 蒺藜 (쎌네) (명아쥬) *Tribulus terrestris*

질머지다 s. 負 (질—*부) 머져; 진 To carry—on the back. *See* 걸머지다.

질무다 s. 질머; 문 To prepare a rack load—as carried by a coolie-porter.

*질문 s. 質問 (바탕) (부를) A question; interrogation.

*질박ᄒᆞ다 s. 質朴 (바탕) (김박) To be solid; to be substantial; to be rough. *See* 고박ᄒᆞ다.

질빵 s. 負繩 (질 *부) (노—*승) The shoulder ropes of a coolie rack.

질벅질벅ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 泥 (진흙—ᄂᆡ) To be muddy; to be wet. *See* 철벅철벅ᄒᆞ다.

*질병 *s.* 疾病 (병 (병들 Disease, sickness. *See* 질고.

질병 *s.* 土甁 (흙—*또) (병—*병) An earthenware jar or bottle.

*질부 *s.* 姪婦 (족하) (메누리) A nephew's wife.

질삼ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 紡績 (짓산 *방) (길삼—*적 To spin. *See* 나아ᄒᆞ다.

*질서 *s.* 秩序 (초례) 초례 Sequence, order; official rank, order of precedence.

*질서 *s.* 姪壻 (족하) (사회) A niece's husband. *See* 족하사회.

*질소 *s.* 窒素 (막을, (질) Nitrogen.

질솥 *s.* 土鼎 (흙—*또) (솥—*정) An earthenware rice kettle.

*질슈쇽샹ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疾首蹙頞 (병 머리 (찡길) (니아, To be sick of and disgusted—sore of head and heart.

*질시ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疾視 (미울 볼) To look at with contempt or dislike.

질ᄎᆡᆨᄒᆞ다 *a.* To look on with disgust; to start; to regard with fear. *See* 긔겁ᄒᆞ다.

*질악양션ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疾惡揚善 (미울) 모질 (흔ᄃᆞᆸ) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To put down evil and encourage good.

질알 *s.* 癲疾 (간질—*간) (병—*질) Fits; epilepsy. (버릇다). *See* 간질.

*질언ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 質言 (ᄀᆞᆷ정ᄒᆞᆯ 결ᄉᆞᆷ To decide; to give the deciding word.

*질오ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 嫉惡 ᄉᆞ지 미울 To hate to envy.

*질우 *s.* 疾雨 (쌔를 (비) A violent rain.

*질족션득 *v.* 疾足先得 (쌘 걸) 발 (놈) (본저) (얻을) The fleetest of foot will be the first to win.

*질추ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疾趨之 (미울 미울 걸. To detest, to hate.

*질지아심ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 疾之已甚 미울 갈 심의 심ᄒᆞᆯ To hate exceedingly.

질질 *l.* Leaking; dripping out.

띨띨 *l.* Idly; lazily.

질청 *s.* 作廳 지울—작 마을 *청 The office of the yamen writers. *See* 질방.

질커질컥 *s.* Mud; soft plaster. *See* 질벅질벅.

*질투ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 嫉妬 ᄉᆞ기ᄒᆞᆯ, ᄉᆞ기ᄒᆞᆯ To be jealous; to be envious.

질퍽ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 泥 (진흙—ᄂᆡ) To be muddy. *See* 질다.

*질풍 *s.* 疾風 (쌔를) (바람) A violent wind.

*질품서 *s.* 質稟書 (바탕) (품ᄒᆞᆯ) (글) An official letter of inquiry—addressed to a superior.

짊ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To do; to perform—an ending used with certain nouns.

짐 *l.* Aquatic plants—used for food. (Prov.) *See* 김.

짐 *s.* 負 (질—*부) A load; a burden for the back. (지다). *See* 짐ᄭᅡ.

*짐 *l.* 朕 (나) I; myself—used by the Emperor or King.

찜 *s.* A steamed dish of food.

짐군 *s.* 負軍 질 *부 군ᄉᆞ A coolie porter; a carrier. *See* 막벌이군.

*짐ᄉᆞ *s.* 朕兆 짐세 ᄃᆞᆫᄌᆞ The point of the Chou-i.

찜부리다 *a.* 러; 린 To be wrinkled; to look worried. *See* 찡그리다.

*짐살ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 鴆殺 (짐새) (죽일) To kill by poisoning.

짐새 *l.* 鴆 (짐) A bird in appearance like the secretary falcon—so virulent that its passing shadow is said to render food poisonous.

짐수 *s.* 卜數 (정부—*부) 두어 *수) The number of tax contributions measured out.

*짐시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 鴆弒 (짐새) (죽일) To kill by poisoning with the *chin* venom; to poison.

*짐작 *s.* 斟酌 ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ *짐 작 Allowance; reckoning. *See* 어림.

*짐작ᄒᆞ다 斟酌 ᄉᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ *짐 작 To guess; to reckon; to approximate. *See* 어림ᄒᆞ다.

찜질 *s.* 熨劑 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*증) (약지을) Poultice. *See* 증질.

*짐쥬 *l.* 鴆酒 (짐쥬) (술) A poisoned drink of spirit.

짐지다 *v.* 짐져; 진 To carry a burden—as a coolie.

찜질ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To poultice.

짐짐ᄒᆞ다 *l. a.* To be tasteless; to be insipid.

짐짓 *ad.* 故 *고 Intentionally; purposely, with forethought. *See* 일부러.

찜ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 蒸 ᄉᆞ질 *ᄒᆞ To steam, to cook by steaming.

집 *s.* 匣 (갑—*갑) A case; an envelope. *See* 갑.

집 *s.* 家 (*가) A house. The body (롬). *See* 가ᄉᆞ.

집 s. 藁 (*고) Rice straw. *See* 집푸락이.

집게 s. 鉗 (*켱) A pinchers; a forceps; a nippers.

집게벌레 s. The earwig.

*집권자 s. 執權者 (잡을) (권세) (놈) A powerful person; one in authority. *See* 장권자.

*집권ᄒᆞ다 s. 執權 (잡을) (권세) To exercise administrative power; to govern.

집나다 s. 집나; 난 To live apart. To be skilful; to be practised.

집나락이 s. The tops of grain stalks.

집다 s. 拾 (쥬울—*슙) 어; 은 To pick up; to take; to arrest; to pinch.

집다 s. 어; 은 To eat—as moths (좀)* To count—on the fingers. To put the finger on—in pointing out.

집뒤짐 s. Examining or searching for a dwelling house.

집등우리 s. A straw nest or basket.

*집류ᄒᆞ다 s. 執留 (잡을) (머므를) To sieze for debt.

*집무ᄒᆞ다 s. 執務 (잡을) (힘쓸) To conduct official affairs; to transact government business.

집버거리다 s. 거려; 린 To stumble along—as in the darkness.

집벅집벅ᄒᆞ다 s. To stumble; to walk with difficulty.

*집법ᄒᆞ다 s. 執法 (잡을) (법) To be law abiding; to act according to law.

집부러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be battered in; to be twisted out of shape. *See* 욱우러들다.

*집쇼셩다 s. 執小成多 (잡을) (젹을) (일을) (만흘) Gathering the littles together makes the many.

집신 s. 草履 (플—*초 (신—*리) Straw sandals. *See* 집셕아.

*집심 s. 執心 (잡을) (무옴) Cherished hope; earnest desire; aspiration

*집심ᄒᆞ다 s. 執心 (잡을) (무옴) To continue steadfast in heart. *See* 조심ᄒᆞ다.

*집ᄉᆞ s. 執事 (잡을) (일) A director of affairs—in a *yamen*. A form of address to officials or official's sons—used by the literary class.

집셕이 s. Straw shoes.

집안 s. 家內 (집 *가) (안 —*닉) Family; members of a household; the house. *See* 가닉.

집어ᄉᆞᆺ다 s. 어; 은 To pinch.

집웅 s. The roof.

*집의 s. 執義 (잡을) (올흘) The 2nd Justice of the Supreme Court—an officer of the rear rank, 3rd degree.

*집장ᄉᆞ령 s. 執杖使令 (잡을) (집힝이) (ᄒᆞ여끔) (ᄒᆞ여끔) *Yamen* paddlers. *See* 패두ᄉᆞ령.

*집장ᄒᆞ다 s. 執杖 (잡을, 집힝이) To oversee the beating of a criminal.

집적거리다 s. 거려; 린 To tease; to scold; to rate.

집적집적ᄒᆞ다 s. To poke; to tease; to pester.

*집정대신 s. 執政大臣 (잡을) (졍ᄉᆞ) (큰) (신하) A minister of state.

*집조 s. 執照 (잡을) (빗초일) A passport; a certificate of identification.

집쥬름 s. 家倫 (집 *가 가쵀 -*과) A house-broker. *See* 가쵀.

*집중 s. 執中 (잡을) (가온ᄃᆡ) Firmness; steadfastness. *See* 집심.

*집증ᄒᆞ다 s. 執症 (잡을) (증세) To diagnose. *See* 집맥ᄒᆞ다.

집집이 s. 家家 (집—*가) (집—*가) (In) every house.

*집착ᄒᆞ다 s. 執着 (잡을) (부드칠) To be excessively attached; to yearn for; to be fascinated or infatuated with.

집체ᄀᆞᆺ다 s. 꼿하; 흔 To be as large as a house.

*집탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 執頃 (잡을) (탈) To find fault with unjustly. *See* 칩탈ᄒᆞ다.

집푸락이 s. 藁 (집—*고) Scattered straw. *See* 집.

*집필 s. 執筆 (잡을) (붓) One who writes or prepares a draft.

*집합ᄒᆞ다 s. 集合 (모플) (모들) To collect; to be gathered together.

찌프리다 s. 프려; 린 To make faces; to grimace.

*집힝 s. 執行 (잡을) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) Administration—as of laws; performance—as of rites; management.

집힝막대 s. 杖 (집힝이—*장) A staff; a walking-stick. *See* 집힝이.

집힝이 s. 杖 (*장) A staff; a cane; a walking-stick. (집다). *See* 막대.

*집힝ᄒᆞ다 s. 執行 (잡을) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) To administer—as laws, etc.

짓ㄴ 態 (*틱) Behaviour; actions.

찟거가 s. 滓 (찟긔—*지) Sediment; refuse; remnants. *See* 찟기.

짓거리ㄴ Pranks; capers. (ᄒᆞ다).

짓거리다 s. 릐 (짓거릴—*조) 거려; 린 To chatter; to jabber, to make an uproar. *See* 떠들다.

짓걸거리다 *v.* 嘵 (짓거릴—*조) 거 려; 린 To chatter; to jabber; to make an uproar.

짓걸짓걸하다 *v.* 嘵嘵 (짓거릴—*린) (짓거릴 ... To ... to ... 씨들다.

짓고까불다 *v.* 너; 부릇 To pound and winnow—to talk and wrangle.

짓구지 *a.* Purposely; provoking. *See* 일부러.

지굿거다 *v.* 굿거; 긴 To undergo ... fortune; to meet with disaster.

짓굿다 *t.* 구저; 진 To provoke; to tease.

짓괴 *n.* 滓 (*조) Sediment; refuse; remnants. *See* 찟거기.

짓내다 *v.* 여; 낸 To sport; to frolic; to delight oneself.

짓넘다 *v.* 펄 (펄을 -*설) 어; 넌 To chew; to gnaw. *See* 씹다.

짓다 *t.* 作 (지을 -*작) 지어; 은 To build; to fix; to make; to compose. To mint. (돈).

찟다 *v.* 舂 (찌을—*용) 찌어; 찐 To pound; to ram; to beat.

짓다 *v.* 吠 (짓질—*폐) 지저; 진 To bark. (개). To caw. (가마귀) (갓치). *See* 조다.

짓동이 *t.* 樣子 (모양—*양) (아들—*조) Appearance; actions; behaviour

짓마다 *v.* 碰打 (어지러울 -*란) (칠—*타) 마자; 진 To smash; to demolish; to pound.

짓먹다 *v.* 어; 은 To eat greedily; to dine extravagantly.

짓볶다 *v.* 踐 (볶을—*천) 볶아; 은 To tramp on; to tread on; to step on.

짓씹다 ... 때 씹을—*작) 어; 은 To chew ... *See* 씹다

짓옷 *n.* Clothes made of freshly woven unwashed goods.

짓적다 *t.* 어; 은 To be ashamed; to feel put out.

짓치다 *t.* 짓쳐; 친 To be broken down; to be tired. To miss. To have watery stools. To skate. (어름).

*징 *n.* 鉦 (징) A gong. (치다).

징검두리 *n.* Stepping stones across a stream. *See* 돌두리.

징검징검 ... Basting; sowing loosely. Stroking ... ing with ...

*징계하다 *v.* 懲戒 (징계) (경계) To reprimand; to make an example of. *See* 징치하다.

징그이 *t.* 嗔怒 (징구—*저) (비롯어—*구) ... To regret. To ...

징구다 *n.* 어; 군 To decide on—as for marriage etc.

징그럽다 *a.* 러워; 운 To be disgusting; ... 징그럽다.

징글징글하다 *a.* To be disgusting; to be ... 징글징글하다

찡긋찡긋하다 *v.* 瞬瞬 (찡길—*빈) 찡거; 긴 To make mouths; to twist the face.

찡기다 *v.* 瞬 (찡길—*빈) 찡거; 긴 To squint; to twist the face—as from displeasure.

*징납하다 *v.* 徵納 (부를) (드릴) To collect; to levy—as taxes.

*징명 *n.* 懲丁 (징게) (장명) A prisoner—under penal service.

징두리 *n.* The base; the bottom

징미 *n.* Spoiled rice; wet rice.

징밋 *n.* The base; the bottom.

*징발하다 *v.* 徵發 (부를) (뽑) To levy for the service of the state; to requisition; to call out for service—as recruits in time of war.

*징벌 *n.* 懲罰 (징게) (벌호) Reproof; punishment; chastisement; correction.

*징병 *n.* 徵兵 (부를) (군수) A levy of troops, conscription.

*징병령 *n.* 徵兵令 (부를) 군수) (호여곰) Conscription orders.

*징병하다 *v.* 徵兵 (부를) 군수) To levy troops.

*징세하다 *v.* 徵稅 (불닐) (구실) To levy taxes; to pay taxes. *See* 납세하다

*징악하다 *v.* 懲惡 (징게) (모질) To censure wrong-doing; to reprove evil, to punish wrong; to caution against wrong-doing.

*징역군 *n.* 懲役軍 (징게) (역수) (군수) A prisoner who is set to hard labor.

*징역형 *t.* 懲役刑 (징게) 역수) (형을) The office ... of ... ment ... to hard labor.

*징역하다 *v.* 懲役 (징게) (역수) To set a prisoner to hard labor.

*징조 *n.* 徵兆 (*징조) (징조) A sign; an omen; a presage.

징징하다 *v.* To whimper. To be in straits; to be in a quandary.

*징치하다 *v.* 懲治 (징게) (다수릴) To ... 다스리다

*징험 *n.* 徵驗 (징조) (경험) Results—as of the action of medicine. *See* 경험.

*징험하다 *v.* 徵驗 (징조) (경험) To compare results; to examine; to test. *See* 경험하다.

*조 *n.* 兆, 수) One thousand millions.

*조 l. 字 (글자) A style; a designation—of an adult. *See* 일홈. A character; a letter.

*조간증 s. 子癎症 (아들) (간질), (증세) A kind of epilepsy—brought on by pregnancy.

*조감앙소ᄒᆞ다 l. 拉款仰訴 (이) (굿힐) (우릴), (알임) To petition respectfully

*조강ᄇᆞᆯ식ᄒᆞ다 s. 自强不息 스스리) (강) (아닐) (쉬일) To strengthen oneself persistently; to be independent.

조강이 s. Sediment.

*조개 s. 自家 (스스리) (집—*개) You. He. *See* 조긔.

*조겁이출ᄒᆞ다 s. 自怯而出 (스스리) (겁) (말이) (날ᄂᆞ) To be filled with one's own fears.

*조겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 自怯 (스스리) (겁) To be afraid; to be cowardly.

*조격 s. 資格 (조로) (격식) Qualifications for office; capacity; ability.

*조격심사 s. 資格審査 (조로) (격식) (숨질) (사실) Examining the qualifications of a person—as for office.

*조격지심 s. 自激之心 (스스리) (격동) (갈) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) A disposition that easily takes offence; an over sepsitive nature.

*조격ᄒᆞ다 l. 刺激 (씨를) (격동) To irritate; to give an impulse; to incite, or instigate.

*조결ᄒᆞ다 s. 自決 (스스리) (결단) To commit suicide. To decide for oneself. *See* 조단ᄒᆞ다.

*조겸ᄒᆞ다 s. 自謙 (스스리) (겸손) To be modest; to humble oneself.

*조경 l. 紫鏡 (붉을) (거울) Dark or red crystals for spectacles. *See* 조슈경.

*조고금금 s. 自古及今 (스스리) (녜) (밋칠) (이제) From earliest times till now. *See* 고왕금리.

*조고여 l. 字高低 (글조) (높흘) (낫갈) The tones; high or low—of characters or *Unmun* spelling. *See* 고하조.

*조고로 s. 自古 (스스리) (녜) From antiquity; from olden times.

*조고이릭로 s. 自古以來 (스스리) (녜) (써) (ᄇᆞᆯ) From antiquity; from ancient times down. *See* 조고금금

*조괴지심 s. 自愧之心 (스스리) (붓그러울) (갈) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Shame felt in one's heart—not caused by the presence of others.

*조공 s. 子貢 (아들) (공밧칠) A famous disciple of Confucius who was very rich.

*조구ᄒᆞ다 s. 自求 (스스리) (구ᄒᆞᆯ) To ask for oneself; to make request for oneself. *See* 조청ᄒᆞ다.

*조국정신 s. 自國精神 (스스리) (나라) (정긔) (귀신) A national spirit; thought for one's country.

*조국지란 s. 自國之亂 (스스리) (나라) (갈) (어지러ᄒᆞᆯ) Civil war. *See* 쇼쟝지변.

*조궁 l. 子宮 (아들) (집) The womb; the uterus.

*조궁경 l. 子宮鏡 (아들) (집) (거울) A surgical apparatus for examining the uterus.

*조궁굴곡 l. 子宮屈曲 (아들) (집) (굽을) (굽을) Flexion of the womb

*조궁병 l. 子宮病 (아들) (집) (병ᄇᆞᆼ) Diseases of the uterus.

*조궁탈출 l. 子宮脫出 (아들) (집) (버슬) (날) Prolapsus of the uterus.

*조규 l. 子叔 (아들) (벌) The goat-sucker.

*조극셩 l. 刺戟性 (씨를) (창) (셩픔) A strong stimulating influence.

*조극ᄒᆞ다 l. 刺戟 (씨를) (창) To influence strongly.

*조금 s. 資金 (조로) (쇠) Capital; stock in hand.

*조금뎡 l. 紫金錠 (붉을) (쇠) (쥬석) A medicine for indigestion.

*조금위시ᄒᆞ다 s. 自今爲始 (스스리) (이제) (ᄒᆞ) (비로솔) To begin from now.

*조금이후 s. 自今以後 (스스리) (이제) (써) (뒤) Henceforth.

*조긔 s. 自己 (스스리) (몸) Oneself; self.

*조긔 s. 鎡基 (농긔) (긱) Agricultural implements.

*조긔 s. 磁器 (지남석) (그릇) Magnetic iron ore. Koryŏ porcelain.

*조긔긔계 s. 自記機械 (스스리) (긔록) (틀) (틀) Self-registering apparatus.

*조긔황 s. 自起磺 (스스리) (닐) (류황) A self-lighting fuse or match point.

*조긍ᄒᆞ다 s. 自矜 (스스리) (조랑) To brag; to boast. *See* 조랑ᄒᆞ다.

*조긱 l. 刺客 (씨를) (손) An assassin.

*조과 s. 自過 (스스리) (허물) One's own fault; a personal failure.

*조과부지 s. 自過不知 (스스리) (허물) (아닐—*ᄇᆞᆯ) (알—*지) We know not our own failures.

조네 s. You—used to inferiors. *Also* 조네네. You—among intimate friends or to inferiors.

*조녀 l. 子女 (아들) (계집) Sons and daughters.

*조녀간 l. 子女間 (아들) (계집) (ᄉᆞ이) (Of) sons and daughters.

*조농ᄒᆞ다 v. 自農 (스스리) (농소) To work oneself—at farming.

조ᄂᆡ 1. 之子 (갈—*지) (아돌—*조) You (used between intimate friends). *See* 그ᄃᆡ, 로셩.

*조ᄂᆡ 1. 字內 (글조) (안) Within the locality, within the district. 조ᄂᆡ

조ᄂᆡ거동 v. 字內擧動 (글조 (안 글) (움직일) To have an outing within the palace enclosure.

*조단 1. 紫檀 (붉을) (박나무) Red sandal-wood.

*조단ᄒᆞ 1. 薊根菜 (나물 (박나무 ᄲᅮᆨ치) Pu.buck—the root of a kind of thistle.

*조단ᄒᆞ다 v. 自斷 (스스리) (끈흘) To decide for oneself.

*조담ᄒᆞ다 v. 自擔 (스스리 (메일 To be responsible for, oneself

*조당 s. 慈堂 (스랑) (집) "Your mother"; mother. Hon.) *See* 조ᄎᆞ.

*조당처ᄉᆞ v. 自當處置 (스스리 맛당, (꼿 (둘 Tending one's own affairs for oneself.

*조당ᄒᆞ다 v. 自當 (스스리) (맛당) To be personally responsible for.

*조뎐 1. 字典 (글조) (법) A dictionary. *See* 옥편.

*조뎡쥭 s. 自點竹 (스스리) 뎜 (대 Pipe-stems with natural marks in contrast to those organized. *See* 조쥭.

*조뎨 1. 子弟 (아돌) (아오) "Your sons." (Hon.).

*조도 1. 紫桃 (붉을) (복송아) The plum, *Prunus communis.*

*조동긔게 s. 自動機械 (스스리) (움직일) (틀) (긔게) A machine that moves by itself; a perpetual motion machine.

*조동ᄉᆞ v. 自動詞 (스스리) (움직일) (말ᄉᆞᆷ An intransitive verb.

*조동차 v. 自動車 스스리 움직일 수 (ᄎᆞ) An automobile.

*조부지족 s. 自頭至足 (스스리) (머리 니ᄆᆞᆯ 발 From head to foot

*조득지묘 s. 自得之妙 (스스리) (엇을 ᄀᆞᆯ 묘ᄒᆞᆯ Finding out a matter for oneself

*조득ᄒᆞ다 v. 自得 스스리 엇을 to understand for oneself; to work a thing out for one's self; to succeed in doing anything by one's own efforts alone. To be satisfied with one's self; to be pleased with one's own performances. *See* 자득ᄒᆞ다.

*조란 1. 紫蘭 (붉을) (란초) *Bletia hyacin.*

조랑ᄒᆞ다 v. 誇 (조랑ᄒᆞᆯ—*과) To boast; to brag; to praise oneself. *See* 조긍ᄒᆞ다.

*조량 s. 自量 스스리 헤아ᄅᆞᆯ One's own opinion; one's own mind.

*조량ᄒᆞ다 v. 自量 (스스리) (헤아릴) To look to oneself; to think over—as one's actions.

*조력 s. 自力 (스스리) (힘) One's own or a person's own power or capacity.

*조로 1. 子路 (아돌) (길) A disciple of Confucius to [illegible]

*조로ᄒᆞ다 v. 察 (조로) To take care of; to see after. *Also* 조위ᄒᆞ다.

*조리 s. 蟲 (*조) Insects that destroy the crops.

*조릴증 1. 子淋症 (아돌) (림질) (증세) Stricture brought on by pregnancy.

*조립ᄒᆞ다 v. 自立 (스스리) (설) To make one's own way in the world; to raise one's self by one's own self; to make a career for one's self.

*조리로 s. 自來 (스스리) (올) From ancient times.

*조악(쇠)집즁 1. 子其執中 (아돌 ᄆᆞᆯ (집을 가온ᄃᆡ What to hold to irrespective of change. (M.) A conservative; a bigot. *See* 고집불즁

*조만호 1. 紫瑞胡 (붉을 [illegible] A kind of dark red [illegible]

*조말 1. 子末 (아돌) (끗) The close of the [illegible]

조맛정 s. In a line; evenly—as written characters. A pair, a couple.

*조매ᄒᆞ다 v. 自賣 (스스리) (팔) To sell oneself—as into slavery. *See* 조신방매ᄒᆞ다.

*조명악 v. 自鳴樂 스스리 울 [illegible] 악 musical-box. *See* 조금

*조명종 v. 自鳴鐘 스스리 울 ᄉᆞᄅᆞᆷ 종 A clock that strikes the hours.

*조모 s. 字模 (글조) (법) The mould in which printing [illegible] *See* 조헌

*조모 s. 慈母 (스랑) (어이) A mother as [illegible]

*조모산셩 1. 朝暮山城 (아ᄎᆞᆷ 져녁 뫼) (잭) A port in Pyrenees Lat. 30.13. Long. 126.11.

*조모명식 h. 子母定式 (아돌)(어미)(명칙)(법) The law accord ng to which the interest must never exceed the principal.

조모품 h. 字母 (글자—*자)(모돌—*회) First lessons in the study of characters.

*조모전 h. 子母錢 (아돌)(어미)(돈) The principal and interest of money.

*조모지례 h. 子母之例 (아돌)(어미)(갈)(전례) Interest amounting to the principal.

*조모조 h. 子母字 (아돌)(어미)(글조) The parent letters and those derived from them—as seen in *Unmun*.

*조목지판 h. 宇牧之官 (기를)(칠)(갈)(벼슬) An office over the people; a magistratic office. *See* 조목지임.

*조목지임 h. 宇牧之任 (기를)(칠)(갈)(맡을) An office over the people; a magistrate.

*조문 s. 詔文 (조를)(글월) A despatch from the Emperor.

*조문아스ᄒᆞ다 s. 自刎而死 (스스리)(목벨을)(말이)(죽을) To cut one's own throat and die.

*조문죽 s. 自文竹 (스스리)(문처)(대) Bamboo naturally written over in forms like characters.

*조문ᄒᆞ다 s. 諮問 (무를)(무를) To ask the opinion of; to enquire.

*조미 s. 滋味 (부를)(맛) Taste; flavor; interest. (드리다).

*조미두수 h. 紫微斗數 (붉을)(적을)(말)(두어) The law of divining from the stars as invented by Chin To-nam of China.

*조미성 h. 紫微星 (붉을)(적을)(별) A constellation around the north star. The name of a star in Chinese astronomy

*조미ᄒᆞ다 s. 交尾 (흘레)(꼬리) To copulate—as animals.

*조미화 h. 紫薇花 (붉을)(장미)(꽃) The crape myrtle.

*조민 s. 姉妹 (맏누외)(누외) Sisters; a sister.

*조밀 h. 紫陌 (붉을)(언덕) A busy street or quarter in a town.

*조번증 h. 子煩症 (아돌)(번거ᄒᆞᆯ)(증세) Uneasiness attending pregnancy.

*조벽과 s. 自辟窠 (스스리)(부를)(자리) Offices filled by order of the governor.

*조벽ᄒᆞ다 s. 自辟 (스스리)(부를) To appoint to office—as does the governor.

*조복ᄒᆞ다 s. 自服 (스스리)(항복) To confess oneself in a wrong; to yield. *See* 샤죄ᄒᆞ다.

*조본 s. 資本 (조로)(밋) Capital fund.

*조본금 s. 資本金 (조로)(밋)(쇠) Money employed as—capital; an endowment fund.

*조본전 s. 資本錢 (조로)(밋)(돈) Capital stock.

*조부 h. 子婦 (아돌)(며누리) A daughter-in-law. *See* 며누리.

*조부원주 s. 自斧刖足 (스스리)(독긔)(버힐)(발) Cutting one's foot with one's own axe—misfortune due to one's own fault.

*조불 s. 自不 (스스리)(아닐) "Imperfect" on his own word—a mark used of one who refuses even to try an examination. (달다).

*조비 s. 慈悲 (수랑)(슴흘) Mercy; kindness.

*조비 s. 自費 (스스리)(허비) One's own expenses.

*조비량ᄒᆞ다 s. 自備糧 (스스리)(ᄀᆞᆺ출)(량식) To have one's own food; to provide one's own provisions.

*조비지심 s. 慈悲之心 (수랑)(슴흘)(갈)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) A heart to love and pity.

*조비ᄒᆞ다 s. 慈悲 (수랑)(슴흘) To be compassionate; to be merciful. *See* 인혁.

*조비ᄒᆞ다 s. 自費 (스스리)(허비) To make provision oneself—for a work. *See* 수당ᄒᆞ다.

*조산 s. 慈山 (수랑)(뫼) A prefect in Pyöng-an-do. Lat. 39.14. Long. 126.16.

*조산유 s. 自散油 (스스리)(흣허질)(기름) A volatile oil.

*조살ᄒᆞ다 h. 刺殺 (ᄶᅵ를)(죽일) To kill by stabbing.

*조살ᄒᆞ다 s. 自殺 (스스리)(죽일) To commit suicide. *See* 조폐ᄒᆞ다.

*조상달하 s. 自上達下 (스스리)(ᄯᅩ)(통달)(아래) From the highest to the lowest. *Opp.* 조하달상.

*조상ᄒᆞ다 s. 仔詳 (조세)(조세) To be minute; to be clear; to be distinct. *See* 조세ᄒᆞ다.

*조서예질 h. 子婿弟侄 (아돌)(사회)(아오)(족하) Son, son-in-law, younger brother and nephew.

*조석 s. 磁石 (지남석)(돌) The lodestone. *See* 지남석.

*조석영 h. 紫石英 (붉을)(돌)(ᄭᅩᆺ뿌리) An amethyst.

*조션 s. 慈善 (수랑)(착ᄒᆞᆯ) Benevolence; kindness; charity

*조션심 s. 慈善心 (수랑)(착ᄒᆞᆯ)(ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) A kind heart; a benevolent mind.

*조선스럽다 a. 慈善事業 (자선사업) 하다 (하다) 일 업 The work of love; kindness; good deeds

*조선하다 a. 慈善 (자선) (착할) To do good; to practise benevolence.

*조세히 a. 仔細 (자세) 하게 (하게) carefully, minutely; distinctly. *See* 분명히.

*조세하다 a. 仔細 (자세) 하다 (하다) To be distinct; to be exact. *See* 분명하다

*조셜 n. 祭器 (제기) 설 (설) Sacrificial vessels (Camp.).

*조셩 n. 貧星 (빈성) (별) The 20th of the 28 constellations, 參 (2) Orion 80° 54′ 47″.

*조셩셩훈하다 v. 自成一村 (스스로 일촌) 셩 (을) 훈 (하나) 하다 (하다) To live all in the same village—of clan relatives.

*조셩셰인 n. 不成器人 (아닐 이룰 그릇 사람) (사람) One who knows and thinks only according to his own country—a man of one country only. *See* 단지기실.

*조소업 n. 紫蘇葉 (붉을) (차즈이 닙) (잎) Leaves of the *Perilla nankinensis* as a medicine.

*조손 n. 子孫 (아들) (손주) Sons and grandsons—posterity.

*조손계 n. 子孫計 (아들) (손주) (계교) A something one may hand down to posterity.

*조슈 n. 紫綬 (붉을) (인끈) Seal strings.

*조슝 n. 紫菘 (붉을) (숭) Brassica.

*조쇼시로 a. 自少時 (스스로) (젊을) (때) From youth; from childhood.

*조수 n. 子數 (아들) (두어) Percentage.

*조슈호다 a. 自首 (스스로) (머리) To confess a crime of one's own accord; to surrender one's self to justice.

*조슈졍 n. 紫水晶 (붉을 물 결정) Dark red crystals for spectacles. *See* 조경.

*조슈동 n. 自水桶 (스스로) (물) (나무그릇) A waste-pipe.

*조슈호다 a. 自首 (스스로) (머리) To offer up oneself—as a criminal before being arrested.

*조슈호다 a. 自殺 (스스로) (죽일—*살) To die by one's own hand. *See* 조결호다.

*조슌 n. 自乘 (스스로) (올) Power. (Math.).

*조슌법 n. 自乘法 (스스로) (올) (법) Involution.

*조슌슈 n. 自乘數 (스스로) (올) (두어) Power. (Math.).

*조슌호다 a. 自乘 (스스로) (올) To multiply a number by itself.

*조시 n. 子時 (아들) (때) From 11 P.M. to 1 A.M. *See* 밤즁.

*조시슈 n. 子時水 (아들) (때) (물) The midnight drink at the well—supposed to possess special virtue.

*조시지벽 n. 自是之癖 (스스로 옳을 갈 성벽) Self-conceit.

*조시하 a. 無母下 (없을 모 아래) Having a mother. *Opp.* 업시하.

*조시호다 v. 自恃 (스스로 믿을) To trust in oneself.

*조식 n. 子息 (아들) (쉬일) Sons—used also as a term of abuse. *See* 우희.

조식나긔호다 v. To be the mother of children; to have a family.

조식비다 a. 胚 (오히려—*밸) 어; 빈 To conceive; to become pregnant. *See* 오히비다

*조신 n. 自身 (스스로) (몸) One's own body, one's self.

*조신방미호다 a. 自身放賣 (스스로 몸 (노릇) (팔) To sell one's body; to ... *See* 미신호다

*조신지칙 n. 責身之策 (조로) (몸) (갈) (묘칙) Plans for one's living; provision for a livelihood. *See* 근심.

*조실 n. 子室 (아들) (집) Ovary; ovarium.

*조심호다 a. 滋甚 (부를) (심홀) To be extreme; to be at the utmost limit. *See* 우심호다.

*조수 n. 刺史 (찌를) (소리) A provincial governor

*조소 [illegible] (아들) [illegible] The [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] Mean."

*조식 s. 姿色 (모양) (빛) Beauty; comeliness. *See* 조태.

*조식 l. 紫色 (붉을) (빛) Red color.

*조안수 l. 子安樹 (아들) (편한) (나무) Lindera praecox.

*조앙증 l. 子癢症 (아들) (벙어리—*음) (증세) Dumbness during pregnancy.

*조약호다 l. 自若 (스스리) (又홀) To be unchangeable; to be constant; to be as before.

*조양물 l. 滋養物 (부를) (기를) (만물) A tonic; an aid to health.

*조양품 l. 滋養品 (부를) (기를) (품수) A tonic; a nourishing article.

*조양호다 l. 滋養 (부를) (기를) To nourish.

*조여손 l. 子與孫 (아들) (더불) (손주) Sons and grandsons.

*조여손간 l. 子與孫間 (아들) (더불) (손주) (소이) Between sons and grandsons.

*조연 l. 自然 (스스리) (그럴) Of itself; naturally so; self-existent, of course. *See* 절노.

*조연 l. 紫燕 (붉을) (제비) A swallow; a martin.

*조영 l. 子嬰 (아들) (어릴) "The Infant," A grandson of *Chin-si-wang* who caused the distruction of *Chin*. (China).

*조연동 l. 自然銅 (스스리) (그럴) (구리) Copper ore. *See* 산골.

*조연지리 l. 自然之理 (스스리) (그럴) (갈) (리치) Natural laws; fixed principles.

*조연수 l. 自然數 (스스리) (그럴) (두어) Natural number.

*조연대수 l. 自然對數 (스스리) (그럴) (대홀) (두어) Napierian, natural, or hyperbolic, logarithm.

*조연지리 l. 自然之理 (스스리) (그럴) (갈) (리치) The law of itself; evolution. *See* 진화론.

*조예 l. 雌蕊 (암컷) (꽃술) A pistil.

*조오션 l. 子午線 (아들) (낫) (살) Meridian.

*조용 l. 自用 (스스리) (쓸) One's own work; one's private business, as opposed to public business.

*조용호다 l. 自用 (스스리) (쓸) To use for oneself; to make personal use of.

조위 s. 睥子 (눈자위—*모) (아들—*조) The opening for the eye—in the skull.

*조위 l. 紫葳 (붉을) (풀) The *Tecoma grandiflora*.

*조위호다 l. 自慰 (스스리) (위로) To comfort oneself.

*조웅 s. 雌雄 (암컷) (유컷) Male and female. Victory and defeat.

조웅겨다 s. 雌雄겨다 (아오를—*벌) (암컷—*조) (슈컷—*웅) 응겨; 겐 To mate; to pair—male and female.

*조유 s. 曹儒 (저게) (선배) The scholars attached to a Confucian temple.

*조유권 l. 自由權 (스스리) (말릭암을) (권세) Independent power; liberty.

*조유권리 l. 自由權利 (스스리) (말릭암을) (권세) (리홀) Independent power; independence.

*조유당 l. 自由黨 (스스리) (말릭암을) (무리) The Liberal or Radical party. *Opp.* 뤼진당. The governing body of a nation. *See* 뤼진당; 하와당.

*조유소상 l. 自由思想 (스스리) (말릭암을) (싱각) (싱각) Independent thought; the spirit of independence.

*조유지권 l. 自由之權 (스스리) (말릭암을) (갈) 권세, The power to govern independently—as possessed by congress, parliament etc.

*조인출전호다 l. 自願出戰 (스스리) (원홀) (날) (싸홈) To desire to go out and fight—for one's state.

*조유호다 l. 自由 (스스리) (말릭암을) To act independently.

*조유힝동호다 l. 自由行動 (스스리) (말릭암을) (힝홀) (움직일) To act as one pleases; to do as one likes.

*조운 s. 慈恩 (스랑) (은혜) An island in Chôl-la-do. Lat. 34.42. Long. 125.57.

*조음 l. 子音 (아들) (소리) A consonant. The sound of the consonants.

*조의 l. 自意 (스스리) (뜻) One's mind; one's intention.

*조의로 l. 自意 (스스리) (뜻) Independently; of one's own will. *See* 임의로.

*조우시로 l. 自兒時 (스스리) (아히) (세) From childhood; from youth.

*조ㅣ왈 l. 子曰 (아들) (굴) Confucius says .....

*조인 s. 慈仁 (스랑) (어질) A perfect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.46. Long. 129.03.

*조인 s. 慈愛 (스랑) (스랑) Affectionate love.

*조인호다 l. 自愛 (스스릴) (스랑) To take care of one's self; to pay attention to one's health.

*조애심 n. 慈愛心 (자애심) 자애, 사랑, 부모 Tender love; pity. *Also* 조련심.

*조애하다 v. 慈愛 (자애) 자애하다 To love tenderly.

*조애지정 n. 慈愛之情 (자애) (지) (정) A loving mind; parental love.

*조완 v. 弔碗 조위 그릇 Porcelain

*조원출전하다 n. 自願出戰 (스스로) (원하) (나) (싸움) To wish to go out to fight, oneself.

*조원하다 n. 自願 (스스로) (원하) To express a personal wish. *See* 조천하다.

*조작 n. 自作 (스스로) 지음 (oneself, itself. One's own make. *See* 집노

*조작일촌하다 n. 自作一村 (스스로) (지) (한) (마을) To make a village of themselves—as one class etc.

*조작지얼 n. 自作之孽 (스스로) 지은 (것) (죄) One's own fault. *See* 조화.

*조작조린하다 n. 自作自筆 (스스로) 지은 (스스로) (쓰) To compose and write for oneself. *See* 작지서지하다.

*조작 n. 子爵 (아들) (벼슬) One of the four ranks of nobility—a viscount.

*조작부인 n. 子爵夫人 (아들) (벼슬) (지아비) (사람) The wife of a viscount; a viscountess.

*조장견지 n. 自將堅之 (스스로) (장수) (칠) (갈) Leading an army in person—as the king.

*조장견지 n. 自杖堅之 (스스로) (집힘이) 단 (갈) (as a support) by one's own hand

*조저하다 躊躇 주저할 조저할 망 hesitate to proceed; to be irresolute. *See* 주저하다.

*조전거 n. 自轉車 스스로 구을 수레 A bicycle. *See* 조행거.

*조정 n. 子正 (아들) (바를) The middle of the 1st or 12th hour—12 P.M. *See* 밤중.

*조존하다 自尊 스스로 높을 I have a great opinion of one's self; to be conceited

*조주 n. 紫紬 (붉을) (갑) Dark red silk. *See* 조지.

*조주지국 n. 自主之國 스스로 주장할 (갈) (나라) An independent state or country. *See* 독립국.

*조주하다 v. 自主 스스로 주장할 To be self-governing; to be free; to be independent. *See* 조립하다.

*조죽 n. 紫竹 (붉을) (대) A kind of bamboo with a purplish stem.

*조죽 n. 白竹 (스스로) (대) A naturally figured pipe-stem.

*조즙지란 n. 自作之亂 (스스로) 지은 (것) 일 어지러울 civil war.

*조지 n. 紫紬 (붉을) (깁—*주) A dark red color (빛). Dark red silk. *See* 조주.

*조지기죄하다 n. 自知其罪 (스스로) (알) (그) (허물) To recognize one's own sin; to be aware of one's faults

*조지하다 n. 自知 (스스로) (알) To know by oneself.

*조진하다 n. 自盡 (스스로) (다할) To decline; to go to pieces; to weaken and die.

*조질 n. 姿質 (모양) (바탕) Beauty; comeliness.

*조질 n. 子姪 (아들) (조카) Son and nephew.

조질하다 n. To be disagreeable; to be annoying.

*조조 n. 子字 (아들) (글자) A consonant. *See* 자음.

*조조손손 n. 子子孫孫 (아들) (아들) (손주) (손주) Posterity.

*조조이 n. 字字 (글자) (글자) Word by word; character by character. *See* 귀귀.

*조조주옥 n. 字字珠玉 (글자) (글자) (구슬) (구슬) Well written characters are pearls and jade; superior composition.

조조하다 n. 鑿 (조—*정) To brand the face of a criminal.

*조죄기물 n. 自在其中 (스스로) (있을) (그) (가운데) What is found in it or what it contains in value.

*조지하다 n. 自在 (스스로) (있을) To be according to; to be so decided.

조지하다 自畫 스스로 그림 그림 Drawing or painting by hand. *Opp.* 등피화.

*조지오 n. 子午線 아들 낮 줄 (북) Back to the north and face to the south—a line of magnetic formations. *See* 오하조합.

*조차하다 n. 嗟嗟 (부를) (숨쉴) To grieve; to pine; to sigh.

*조처하다 n. 自處 (스스로) (곳) To commit suicide. To decide for oneself. *See* 조당처지하다.

*조천호다 *s.* 自薦 (스스리) (천거) To recommend oneself. *See* 조천호다.

*조청호다 *s.* 自請 (스스리) (청홀) To invite; to personally request. *See* 조천호다.

*조초 *s.* 子初 (아돌) (처음) The beginning of the 1st or *Cha* hour, 11 P.M.

*조초로 *s.* 自初 (스스리) (처음) From the first; from the beginning; altogether; entirely; at all.

*조초룡 *l.* 紫草茸 (붉을) (풀) (뽓뚜움) A kind of gumlac.

*조초지종 *s.* 自初至終 (스스리) (처음) (니를) (모칭) From the first to the last.

*조총 *l.* 紫葱 (붉을) (파) A kind of red onion.

*조취기화호다 *s.* 自取其禍 (스스리) (가질) (그) (셔화) To bring down disaster on oneself.

*조취지화 *s.* 自取之禍 (스스리) (가질) (갈) (지화) Ruin or disaster brought on by oneself. *See* 조작지얼.

*조취호다 *s.* 自取 (스스리) (가질) To bring upon oneself.

*조츈약 *s.* 刺激藥 (찌를) (픔) (약) A stimulant.

조치 *s.* A small red wood-worm. (Prov.).

*조친 *s.* 慈親 (스랑) (어버이) Mother. (Hon.) *See* 대부인.

*조침반 *s.* 磁針盤 (지남석) (바눌) (소반) A magnetic compass. *See* 지남철.

*조침호다 *s.* 自針 스스리) (바눌) To pierce for oneself—in acupuncture.

*조칭 *s.* 自稱 (스스리) (날ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆯ) Self-praise; self-called.

*조칭왕 *s.* 自稱王 (스스리) (날ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (님금) One claiming to be king.

*조칭호다 *s.* 自稱 (스스리) (날ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆯ) To brag; to boast of oneself.

조쳐 *s.* 早稻 (이를—*조) (벼—*도) Superior rice—used for sacrifices.

*조탄금 *s.* 自彈琴 (스스리) (ᄐᆞᆯ) (거문고) A music-box.

*조탄조가 *s.* 自彈自歌 (스스리) (ᄐᆞᆯ) (스스리) (노래) Playing and singing at the same time—with a musical instrument.

*조탄호다 *s.* 自嘆 (스스리) (한식) To complain to one's self; to grieve to one's self.

*조퇴호다 *s.* 自退 (스스리) (물너갈) To leave of one's own accord.

*조태 *s.* 姿態 (ᄆᆞᆷ조) (ᄐᆡ도) The appearance or form of a character.

*조태 *s.* 姿態 (모양) (ᄐᆡ도) Personal appearance. *See* 조식.

*조판호다 *s.* 自辦 (스스리) (판단) To judge oneself.

*조폐호다 *s.* 自斃 (스스리) (죽을) To commit suicide. *See* 조결호다.

*조파호다 *s.* 自罷 스스리) (마ᄎᆞᆯ) To stop of one's own accord.

*조편 *s.* 自便 (스스리) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) One's own convenience.

*조포 *l.* 紫袍 (붉을) (도포) A long purple robe.

*조ᄒᆞ조기호다 *s.* 自暴自棄 (스스리) (사오나올, (스스리) (ᄇᆞ릴) To throw oneself violently away; to take to evil courses.

*조필 *s.* 自筆 (스스리) (붓) One's own writing.

*조하거 *l.* 紫河車 (붉을) (물) (수레) The placenta.

*조하달상 *s.* 自下達上 (스스리) (아래) (ᄐᆞᆯ달) (웃) From the bottom to the top; from childhood up. *Opp.* 조상달하.

*조하로 *s.* 自下 (스스리) (아래) Of oneself; as one wishes. *Opp.* 조상으로.

*조학증 *s.* 子癎症 (ᄋᆞᆫ돌) (학질) (증세) Ague during pregnancy.

*조헌대부 *s.* 資憲大夫 (조로) (벱) (론) (지아비) A title given to officers of the front rank, 2nd degree.

*조현증 *s.* 子懸症 (아돌) (돌) (증세) A quickening of the womb.

*조형 *s.* 字型 (글ᄌᆞ) (김호ᄎᆡᆨ) The mould in which printing type is cast. *See* 주모.

*조호 *s.* 字號 (글ᄌᆞ) (일홈) The name of a shop; a mark; a brand. (ᄆᆞᆨ히다)

*조획 *s.* 字劃 (글ᄌᆞ) (그을) The strokes or lines of a character. *See* 획수.

*조홍 *l.* 紫紅 (붉을) (붉을) Red and scarlet.

*조홍색 *l.* 紫紅色 (붉을) (붉을) (빗) A crimson color.

*조휘 *s.* 字彙 (글ᄌᆞ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A dictionary. *See* 주면.

*조흑 *l.* 紫黑 (붉을) (검을) Red and black.

*조흑색 *l.* 紫黑色 (붉을) (검을) (빗) Red and black color

*조회소 *s.* 自劾疏 스스리) (회실) (글) A reply in one's own behalf.

*조행거 s. 自行車 (스스리) (돈닙) (수레) A bicycle.

*조행조지호다 s. 自行自止 (스스리) (돈닙) (스스리) (춘칠) To do or not to do, as one pleases.

*조화 l. 雌花 (암컷) (꼿) A female flower. *Opp.* 웅화.

*조황 l. 雌黃 (암컷) (누루) Gamboge.

*좀계 s. 箴誡 (경계) (경계) A warning; an admonition; a lesson; a maxim.

좀그다 s. 潸 (좀길—*즘) 즘가; 근 To put into water; to soak. *See* 좀으다.

좀기다 s. 浸被 (넘을—*피) (좀길—*칠) 즘겨, 긴 To be soaked, to be sunk *See* 빔호다.

*좀룡 s. 潛龍 좀길 룡, A concealed dragon.

좀방좀방 s. Splashing; floundering.

*좀복호다 s. 潛伏 좀길 (업딜) To lie concealed; to be hidden.

*좀상 s. 潛商 (좀길) (장소) A secret trader; a smuggler.

*좀셔 l. 讖書 (좀셔—*춤) (글) A prophecy. *See* 예언.

*좀쇼암삭호다 s. 銷鑠消 좀겨 살아 즈러어들 살 To be low-lifted by Little; to go to pieces unconsciously.

*좀슈군 s. 潛水軍 (좀길) (물) (군소) A diver; one who can work under water.

*좀슈긔 s. 潛水器 (좀길) (물) (그릇) A diving-bell.

*좀슈질호다 s. 潛水 (좀길) (물) To work under water.

*좀심호다 s. 潛心 (좀길) 무옴 To be absorbed in; to be taken up with. *See* 착심호다.

*좀언 s. 箴言 경계 말숨 Proverbs, wise sayings.

좀으다 s. 浸 좀길 *심 좀아, 은 To soak, to put into water.

*좀의약슈호다 s. 潛水 좀길 물 —*슈) To dive—under water; to splash about.

좀좀호다 s. 默默 (좀줌—*묵) (좀줌—*묵 To be silent; to be mum

*좀착호다 s. 潛着 좀길 부틸실 To be taken up with; to be absorbed in. *See* 조심호다

좀최호다 s. To be taken up with; to be absorbed in, to be busied with.

*좀탐호다 s. 潛探 (좀길) (찾) To mind [illegible] private parties

*좀통호다 s. 潛通 (좀길) (통홀) To have criminal intercourse.

졔 s. 祭 (졔지) Food offered with prayer to Buddha — for the souls of the departed. (올니다).

지 s. 灰 (*회) Ashes.

*지 l. 滓 (찟긔) Remnants; sediment.

*지 l. 在 (잇슬) What is on hand; ready money. Remnants after a sale.

*지 s. 財 (지물) Property; means; valuables.

*지가 l. 再嫁 (두) (시집갈) Second marriage; remarriage.

*지가 l. 敎可 (아르칠) (올흘) Royal permission. (못다).

*지가 l. 在家 잇슬 집 Wholesale business firm.

*지가승 l. 在家僧 (잇슬) (집) (즁) A married Buddhist—who has a home outside of a monastery. *See* 유발승.

*지가장 s. 敎可狀 (아르칠) (올흘) (글월) A letter of license.

*지가호다 l. 再嫁 (두) (시집갈) To be married a second time—said of women.

*지가호다 l. 敎可 (아르칠) (올흘) To approve; to grant—of the king.

*지간 s. 才幹 지조 (줄기 Ability, talents; parts. *See* 지조

*지감호다 s. 知減 아알 감홀 To levy less taxes because of famine

*지강이 s. The sediment of fermented liquor. *See* 지거미.

*지거 l. 再擧 (두) (들) Beginning again after an interruption.

*지건호다 l. 再建 (두) (셰울) To rebuild to reconstruct.

*지견 s. 才格 (지조) (격식) Ability; talents.

*지곡 s. 災穀 지앙 곡 Grain of rice and grain raised during famine.

*지결호다 s. 敎決 (아르칠) (결단) To give a decision; to decide; to judge.

*지계호다 s. 持戒 지계 경계 To fast from—meat, wine etc. *See* 치성호다.

*지계 l. 再啓 (두) (엳) A second speech; a second word.

*지골 s. 才骨 지조 뼈 A man of ability; a talented looking person. *See* 지긔.

*지교 l. 再醮 (두) (비교) Proofs printed [illegible] *See* 지본 *Opp.* 초교

*지국 s. 財局 (지물) (판) Promgrs of wealth; signs of prosperity. Ability. *See* 지질.

*저궁 s. 棺室 (관실나무) (집) The royal coffins, inner and outer. *See* 내저궁; 외저궁.

*저궁 s. 寢宮 (침궁) (집) A house or temple built before an ancestral grave. *See* 묘막.

*저긔 s. 才氣 (재조) (긔운) Sagacity; intellect; genius.

*저긔 s. 才器 (재조) (그릇) Capacity; ability.

*저긔ᄒᆞ다 t. 再起 (두) (닐) To return again.

*저긔즁 l. 在其中 (잇슬) (그) (가온ᄃᆡ) In the midst of; the inside.

*저긔외 l. 再改議 (두) (곳칠) (의론) An amendment to the amendment.

*저긔외ᄒᆞ다 t. 再改議 (두) (곳칠) (의론) To amend the amendment. *See* 긔외ᄒᆞ다.

*저판 l. 在官 (잇슬) (벼슬) In office.

*저난 s. 災難 (지앙) (어려울) Misfortune; calamity, mishap; evil.

*저년 s. 災年 (지앙) (히) A year of famine. *See* 살년.

*저능 s. 才能 (재조) (능ᄒᆞᆯ) Ability; talent. *See* 저조.

저다 t. 여; 잎 To be quick; to perform its office speedily.

*저다 s. 裂 (쩌어질—*렬) 여; 혀 To tear; to rend. To lance; to prick.

*저단 s. 裁斷 (마르질) (ᄆᆞᆫ흘) Judgment; decision; adjudication.

*저단ᄒᆞ다 s. 裁斷 (마르질) (ᄆᆞᆫ흘) To judge, or adjudicate.

*저담 s. 才談 (재조) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Clever speeches; a witty answer—as a pun etc. *See* 령담.

*저당고모 l. 再堂姑母 (두) (집) (할미) (어미) A paternal great-grandfather's nephew's daughter.

*저당슉 l. 再堂叔 (두) (집) (아ᄌᆞ비) A paternal great-grandfather's nephew's son. *See* 일촌.

*저당슉모 l. 再堂叔母 (두) (집) (아ᄌᆞ비) (어미) The wife of a *Chatangsuk.*

*저당질 l. 再堂侄 (두) (집) (족하) A paternal grandfather's nephew's grandson.

*저당질녀 l. 再堂侄女 (두) (집) (족하) (계집) A paternal grandfather's nephew's granddaughter.

*저당질부 l. 再堂侄婦 (두) (집) (족하) (며ᄂᆞ리) The wife of a *Chatangjil.*

*저당질셔 l. 再堂侄壻 (두) (집) (족하) (사회) The husband of a *Chatangjil.*

*저덕 s. 才德 (재조) (큰) Talents and virtues.

*저덕(아)겸비ᄒᆞ다 s. 才德俱備 (재조) (큰) (겸ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᄎᆞᆯ, To be both talented and virtuous.

*저도 l. 再度 (두) (지날) A second time.

*저도습의 l. 再度習儀 (두) (지날) (닉힐) (거동) A second rehearsal.

*저동 s. 才童 (재조, (우히) A talented child.

*저란 s. 災亂 (지앙) (어지러울) Calamities; misfortune. *See* 저변.

*저력 s. 財力 (지물) (힘) Financial resources. *See* 물력.

*저령 l. 載寧 (사ᄅᆞᆯ) (편안—*녕) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.26. Long. 125.39.

*저롱부리다 s. 才弄 (재조) (희롱) 부려; 린 To show off well; to make fun.

*저롱스럽다 s. 才弄 (재조) (희롱) 러워; 운 To be pretty; to be funny—of a child.

*저료 s. 材料 (지목) (가올) Stuff; materials—as for medicines etc. *See* 가올.

*저류령ᄉᆞ l. 在留領事 (잇슬) (거ᄂᆞᆯ릴) (일) A resident consul.

*저류쥬정 l. 再溜酒精 (두) (흘너ᄂᆞᆯ릴) (슌) (졍일) Spiritus Rectificatus.

*저류ᄒᆞ다 t. 在留 (잇슬) (머ᄆᆞᆯ) To remain; to stay.

*저ᄆᆞᆯ s. 齋祓 (지계ᄒᆞᆯ) (발) Reverence; respect. (M.).

저리 l. A street vagrant; a waif; a gamin. *See* 싹쟝이.

*저리 s. 財利 (지물) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Profit derived from one's property or effects.

*저리상 s. 財利上 (지물) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (Among) one's goods or property; profit; gain. *See* 리해.

*저ᄆᆞᆯ l. 滓末 (엇지—*지) (ᄆᆞᆺ—*말) Sediment; refuse; offal.

*저명 s. 才名 (지조) (일홈) A reputation for talent.

*저명 s. 齋明 (지계ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆰ을) Rice offered to sacrifice. (B. O.).

*저명년 l. 再明年 (두) (ᄆᆞᆰ을) (히) Year after next.

*저명일 l. 再明日 (두) (ᄆᆞᆰ을) (날) Day after to-morrow.

*저목 s. 材木 (지목) (나무) Timber.

*저문 h. 잔문 (잇슬) (글) Remainder—of money over.

*저물 s. 財物 (저물) (물건) Property; valuables; effects.

저물 s. 灰水 (저—*회) (물—*슈) Lye. (논다) (밧다).

*저물 h. 滓物 (찟기) (물건) Offscourings; dregs—used in reference to persons or things.

*저발ᄒᆞ다 / 再發 두 칭 To break out afresh; to recur; to recommence.

저방변 s. The name of the 64th Chinese Radical. 才. *Also* 저인변.

*저범 h. 再犯 (두) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) A second offence.

*저변 s. 才邊 (저조) 갓 The name of the 64th Chinese Radical 才. Prev. *See* 저인변; 저방변.

*저변 s. 災變 (저앙 변호) Calamity; danger; evil. *See* 저앙.

*저보 h. A man with a harelip. *See* 언청이.

*저본 h. 再本 (두) (밋) Proofs printed a second time. *See* 저교.

*저봉 s. 裁縫 (마르질) (홀) Cutting out and sewing; tailoring.

*저봉소 s. 裁縫師 (마르질) (홀) (스승) A tailor; a tailoress.

*저봉춘 h. 再逢春 (두) (맛날) (봉) An opening of spring (입춘) that occurs in the 12th moon.

*저봉침 s. 裁縫針 (마르질) (홀) (바늘) A sewing-machine.

*저봉틀 s. 裁縫機 (마르질) (홀) (틀—*긔) A sewing-machine. *Also* 저봉침.

*저봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 裁縫 (마르질) (홀) To make up—as clothes; to tailor.

*저분 s. 才分 (저조) (논홀) Ability; talent. *See* 저국.

저분 s. 灰粉 (저—*회) (분—*분) Inferior face-powder.

저빗 s. (빗) 灰色 (저—*회) (빗—*식) Ash color. *See* 회색.

*저비ᄒᆞ다 s. 栽培 (심을) (북도들) To cultivate as plants.

*저비 h. 再拜 (두) (절) To bow a second time—in salutation or worship.

*저산 s. 財產 (저물) (날) Property; means. *See* 가산.

*저산가 s. 財產家 (저물) (날) (집) A wealthy person; an opulent person; a millionaire.

*저산세 財產稅 (저물) (날) (부세) Property Tax.

*저상 h. 再三 (두) (석) Tow or three times. *See* 수차.

*저삼차 h. 再三次 (두) (석) (버금) Two or three times.

*저상표유ᄒᆞ다 h. 再三曉喻 (두) (석) 깨우칠 (알ᄒᆞᆯ) To make known two or three times.

*저상ᄒᆞ다 h. 在喪 (잇슬) (상사) 맛나; 난 To become a mourner.

*저상ᄒᆞ다 h. 在喪 (잇슬) (상사) To become a mourner; to lose one's parents. *See* 당고ᄒᆞ다.

*저상 h. 宰相 (저상) (정승) A chief Minister; an officer of the 1st degree.

*저석 h. 在昔 (잇슬) (엣) Ancient times.

*저설 h. 再說 (두) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) "Let us proceed to tell"—after a digression in a story.

*저소 s. 齋所 (서지) (바) The official's room in a Confucian College.

*저소ᄒᆞ다 h. 再訴 (두) (알릴) To petition a second time; to appeal in a law case.

*저수 s. 財數 (저물) (두어) Destiny—as regards wealth. *See* 식수.

*저슈 h. 在囚 (잇슬) (가ᄆᆞᆯ) Imprisoned; in prison.

*저숙ᄒᆞ다 s. 齋宿 (저계ᄒᆞᆯ) (잘) To be sincere; to be devout. (M.).

*저슌 h. 再巡 (두) (슌힐) A second time; a second round—as in drinking. *See* 저초.

*저슌딕발ᄒᆞ다 s. 才識迂滯 (저조. (슌홀) 곤 ᄆᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫ T. hav[illegible] to have little character.

*저신 s. 財神 (저물) (귀신) The god of wealth.

*저실 s. 齋室 (저계) (집) A small house in a retired quarter of a gentleman's grounds—where he fasts during a sacrificial season. The graduate's room in a Confucian College.

*저심 h. 再審 (두) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) A second hearing of a case at law.

*저심ᄒᆞ다 h. 再審 (두) (ᄉᆞᆯ필) To hear a second time a case at law.

*저ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 h. 再思 (두) (성각) To think over a matter carefully; to deliberate fully; to turn over a matter in one's mind.

*저ᄉᆞ s. 才士 (저조) (션비) A talented scholar.

*저생지인 h. 再生之人 (두) (날) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A resurrected man.

*저생ᄒᆞ다 h. 再生 (두) (날) To come to life again; to revive; to be born again.

*제앙 s. 災殃 (재앙) (재앙) Calamities; misfortunes; evils; dangers. *See* 저화.

*제약ᄒᆞ다 s. 裁藥 (마르질) (약) To load a gun.

제여지다 s. 裂 (제여질—*럴) 여져; 진 To tear (v. i.); to be torn. *See* 찌여지다.

*제예 s. 才藝 (지조) (지조) Ability and accomplishments.

지올니다 s. 올녀; 닌 To offer sacrifice to Buddha for a blessing—as in cremating the bodies of his disciples.

*제욕 s. 財慾 (지물) (욕심) A desire for wealth. *See* 물욕.

*제우 l. 再虞 (두) (나라) The sacrifice on the day after burial. *See* 삼우.

*제위 l. 在位 (잇슬) (벼슬) Being upon the throne; the period of administration.

*제의 l. 再議 (두) (의론) Reconsideration—of a resolution.

*제의ᄒᆞ다 l. 再議 (두) (의론) To consult afresh; to hold a fresh conference; to re-discuss.

제이다 s. 剂여; 인 To fit together; to agree; to be consistent. 관 To be lacking (돈); to be pressing (일). To have the topknot tied for one.

*제인 s. 才人 (지조) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An actor; a clown. *See* 광ᄃᆡ.

*제인변 s. 才人邊 (지조) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (가) The name of the 64th Chinese Radical 才. *See* 지방변.

*제일 s. 齋日 (지게) (날) To keep fast-days.

*제임 s. 齋任 (셔지) (맛흘) Duties connected with a Confucian Temple. *See* 지장.

*제임ᄒᆞ다 l. 再任 (두) (맛길) To fill an office a second time; to be reappointed to an office.

*제일 s. 災厄 (지앙) (일) Difficulty; distress.

*제작년 l. 再昨年 (두) (어제) (히) Year before last. *See* 그러ᄭᅦ.

*제작일 l. 再昨日 (두) (어제) (날) Day before yesterday. *See* 엇그제.

제잘거리다 s. 嘲哳 (짓거릴—*죠) (짓거릴—*잘) 거려; 린 To chitter; to chatter. *See* 자잘거리다.

제잘제잘ᄒᆞ다 s. 嘲哳 (짓거릴—*죠) (짓거릴—*잘) Chittering; chattering.

*제장 s. 裁判 (마르질) (어문) A judge. *Also* 제판장.

*제장 s. 齋長 (셔지) (어문) The overseer of a Confucian Temple. A schoolmaster; a teacher.

제장마르다 s. 불나; 바른 To be evil—of an omen; to be uncanny; to be wrong.

*제전 s. 財錢 (지물) (돈) Money; cash. (Prov.). *See* 지산.

*제전에 l. 在前 (잇슬) (앞) Formerly; hitherto; before. *See* 이전에.

*제전 l. 在錢 (잇슬) (돈) Money in hand; money remaining over.

*제전ᄒᆞ다 l. 再煎 (두) (지질) To decoct a medicine the second time. *See* 즐달ᄒᆞ다.

제절제절 s. Chittering—of birds.

*제정가 s. 財政家 (지물) (졍ᄉᆞ) (집) A person versed in financial operations; a financier.

*제정곤난 s. 財政困難 (지물) (졍ᄉᆞ) (곤홀) (어려울) Embarrassed finances.

*제정문뎨 s. 財政問題 (지물) (졍ᄉᆞ) (무를) (쓸) A question of finances.

*제정학 s. 財政學 (지물) (졍ᄉᆞ) (비홀) The science of finance.

제조 s. 才 (*지) Ability; talents; gifts. *See* 지간.

*제종 l. 再從 (두) (조칠) Grandsons of a paternal granduncle. *See* 륙촌.

*제종간 l. 再從間 (두) (조칠) (소이) Among several *Chajong*.

*제종고모 l. 再從姑母 (두) (조칠) (할미) (어미) A paternal aunt of a *Chajong*.

*제종고모부 l. 再從姑母夫 (두) (조칠) (할미) (어미) (지아비) A husband of a *Chajong goma*.

*제종민 l. 再從妹 (두) (조칠) (누의) Grand daughters of a paternal granduncle.

*제종민부 l. 再從妹夫 (두) (조칠) (누의) (지아비) The husband of a *Chajong mai*.

*제종손 l. 再從孫 (두) (조칠) (손ᄌᆞ) Grandsons of a *Chajong*.

*제종손녀 l. 再從孫女 (두) (조칠) (손ᄌᆞ) (계집) Granddaughters of a *Chajong*.

*제종손부 l. 再從孫婦 (두) (조칠) (손ᄌᆞ) (며느리) Wife of a *Chajongson*.

*제종수 l. 再從嫂 (두) (조칠) (아ᄌᆞ미) Wife of a grandson of a paternal granduncle.

*제종숙 l. 再從叔 (두) (조칠) (아ᄌᆞ비) Younger grandsons of a paternal granduncle.

*제종숙모 l. 再從叔母 (두) (조칠) (아ᄌᆞ비) (어미) Wife of a *Chajongsuk*.

*지종씨 s. 再從氏 두 종칠 각씨 —*사 Male relatives who have the same great-grandfather.

*지종조 s. 再從祖(두)(조칠)(할아비) A paternal great-grandfather's nephew.

*지종조모 s. 再從祖母 (두) (조칠) (할아비) (어미) An wife of a (Jaeng)

*지지 s. 才智 (지조) (지혜) Wisdom; talents; ability. *See* 지덕

*지지다 v. 在 (있을) 지; 진 To be remaining; to be left still—as money still to pay.

*지질 s. 才質 (지조) (밧탕) Natural gifts. *See* 지품.

*지조 s. 才子 (지조) (아돌) A clever person; man of ability.

*지지법면호다 v. 載在法典 (실을) (있을) (법) (법) To be written in the law.

지차이호다 s. 嚔 (지차이—*에) To sneeze. *Also* 자처기 호다.

지촉호다 s. 催 (지촉—*쵹) To urge; to impel; to importune. *See* 독촉호다.

*지최 s. 齊衰 (지최) (지최) Mourning for a mother—worn for 27 months.

*지최부장긔 s. 齊衰不杖朞 (지최) (지최) (아니) (집힐 이) (긔) Mourning without the staff—as for relations.

*지최장긔 s. 齊衰杖朞 (지최) (지최) (집힐 이) (긔) Mourning with the staff—as for parents.

*지최지복 s. 齊衰之服 [illegible] 지최 (갈, 옷 The [illegible] edged mourning cloth—for mother and father respectively. (M.).

*지취 v. 再娶 (두) (장가갈) A second marriage—after the death of the first wife. *See* 속현호다.

*지치 s. 才技 (지조) (직조) Ability; talent.

*지치 s. 在件 (있을) (밀—*건) Sediment; refuse. *See* 지물.

*지치 s. 再次 (두) (버금) A second time. *See* 겁브.

*지치일거 s. 在此一擧 (있을) (이) (호) (들) A single chance; this one chance only. *See* 단판씨름.

지터리 s. A tobacco pan.

*지텬지부 s. 在天之父 있을 사람 [illegible] 아비 [illegible]

지편 s. 疾篇 (지—*편) (사긔—*신 Flakes of [illegible] 안다 [illegible]

*지판관 s. 裁判官 (마르질 판단 벼슬 A judge [illegible]

*지판권 s. 裁判權 마르질 판단 권세 Jurisdiction.

*지판소 s. 裁判所 (마르질 판단) (바) A court-house.

*지판소 s. 裁判所 (마르질 판단) (바) The [illegible] of Justice [illegible] of law.

*지판소쟝 s. 裁判所長 (마르질) (판단) (바) (어른 The chief of a court of law.

*지판소셔긔 s. 裁判所書記 (마르질) (판단) (바) (글) (긔록) Secretary of a law court.

*지판언도셔 s. 裁判言渡書 (마르질) (판단) (말숨) (건널) (글) A sentence-in-law

*지판외학 s. 裁判醫學 (마르질 (판단) (의원) (비홈) Medical jurisprudence.

*지판장 s. 裁判長 (마르질) (판단) (어른 Chief judge.

*지판호다 s. 裁判 (마르질) (판단) To decide; to make laws.

*지판 v. 再版 (두) (조각) A second edition; a reprint.

지플 s. Weeds—used as fertilizer.

*지품 s. 才品 (지조) (품수) Ability; talents. *See* 지분.

*지하쟈 v. 在下者 (있을) (아래) (놈) Subordinates; those under one's command. *See* 슈하.

*지하자유구무언 v. 在下者有口無言 (있을) (아래) (놈) (있을) (입) (업을) (말숨) The lower classes have mouths but dare not speak.

*지회호다 v. 再會 (두) (모들) To meet again.

*지화 s. 災禍 (지앙) (지화) Misfortune, calamity; danger. *See* 앙화.

쟉쟉 s. Chittering—of birds.

쟘쟈 v. Again; besides. *See* 거듭.

쟝 v. Stretching and drying—cloth. (치다.)

쟝 s. Ringing—in the ears.

*쟝 s. 鑼 (쇠소릐) A gong. (치다.

쟝갑이 v. A frying-pan. *See* 단비.

쟝갑이 s. Worms that breed in stagnant water

쟝쟝 s. With a clang; with a bang.

쟝꾼이 s. A poverty stricken aristocrat. *See* 고다리.

*쟝문호다 s. 爭先 (다톨) 문) To fight for merit or first place.

짐그럽다 *a.* 리워, 운 To serve one right. To be disagreeable; to be hateful. *See* 짐그럽다.

짐그렁 *s.* Clanging; ringing. *See* 뎅그렁.

짐그렁짐그렁 *s.* Clanging; ringing—of repeated action. *See* 뎅그렁뎅그렁.

짐글짐글ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To serve one right. To be disagreeable; to be hateful. *See* 짐글짐글ᄒᆞ다.

진빵이 *l.* A gentleman out of office. (Prov.).

*쟁권ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭權 (다틀) (권세) To contend for power.

*쟁단 *s.* 爭端 (다틀) (끗) The beginning of war.

*쟁론 *s.* 爭論 (다틀) (의론) A dispute; an altercation.

*쟁명ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭名 (다틀) (일홈) To contend for fame.

*쟁반 *s.* 錚盤 (징) (소반) A round shallow brass plate.

*쟁송ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭訟 (다틀) (송ᄉᆞ) To go to law.

*쟁신 *s.* 諍臣 (간ᄒᆞᆯ) (신하) A retainer who remonstrates with and warns his lord.

*쟁신 *s.* 爭臣 (다틀) (신하) A servant who remonstrates with his master.

쟁이 *l.* A dragon-fly.

*쟁진ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭進 (다틀) (나아갈) To contend for advancement; to seek success in life.

*쟁쟁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 錚錚 (징징ᄒᆞᆯ) (징징ᄒᆞᆯ) To ring in the ears; to sound in the ears.

쟁쟁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be bright; to be unclouded. To be firm; to be substantial.

*쟁축ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭逐 (다틀) (똣칠) To contend with others in the pursuit of; to strive after; to struggle for

젓치다 *l.* 젓쳐; 젼 To starch—goods. To unfasten kite strings that have become entangled.

*쟁탈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭奪 (다틀) (빼아슬) To obtain by force; to seize.

*쟁협 *l.* 錚鋏 (쇠소리) (쇠그릇—*협) A metal plate or saucer.

*쟁투 *s.* 爭鬪 (다틀) (싸홈) Fighting together; a contest.

*쟁투ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭鬪 (다틀) (싸홈) To fight; to contest.

쟁퉁이 *l.* Impoverished gentry—out of money and office.

젓틀 *l.* A frame on which to stretch cloth for starching.

*쟁형ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 爭衡 (다틀) (저울대) To quarrel; to have a dispute.

*좌 *l.* 座 (자리) A seat. *See* 좌ᄎᆞ.

*좌 *l.* 左 (왼) The left; left.

*좌각 *l.* 坐脚 (안질) (ᄃᆞ리) A person crippled in the legs. *See* 안진방이.

*좌건 *l.* 左搴 (왼) (쇠올) A long halter.

*좌국 *l.* 坐局 (안질) (판) The site; the situation.

*좌국ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 坐鞫 (안질) (열—*국) To act as judge; to decide publicly.

*좌기ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 左開 (왼) (열) To be as below; to be as follows.

*좌긱 *l.* 座客 (자리) (손) Guests—as at a feast.

*좌단ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 左袒 (왼) (벗슬) To aid; to help; to assist; to side with; to agree with; to concur with; to be of the same opinion as.

*좌명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 坐定 (안질) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To sit; to remain seated. To reside. (Hon.).

*좌ᄃᆡ *l.* 座地 (자리) (짜) One's office; one's situation. *See* 좌처.

좌르르 *l. a.* Bursting; running; leaking.

*좌마 *l.* 坐馬 (안질) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A saddle-horse—for officials.

*좌목 *l.* 座目 (자리) (눈) A catalogue or list of names.

*좌부방 *l.* 左阜傍 (왼) (언덕) (졋) The name of the 170th Chinese Radical 阝. *Opp.* 우부방.

*좌부승지 *l.* 左副承旨 (왼) (다음) (나ᄋᆞᆯ) (뜻) The Deputy of the Left, of the office of the Royal Secretaries. Officers of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*좌불안석ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 坐不安席 (안질) (아닐) (편안) (자리) To be uncomfortable when sitting; to be unable to rest—from anxiety etc.

*좌빈긱 *l.* 左賓客 (왼) (손) (손) An officer of the front rank, 2nd degree—of the School of the Heir Apparent.

*좌산 *l.* 坐産 (안질) (날) An abnormal childbirth

*좌상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 挫傷 (썩글) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) To be injured.

*좌상 *l.* 座上 (자리) (웃) A district elder or senior. *See* 좌슈.

*좌상 h. 左相 (원) (정승) The Minister of State for the left—an officer of the front rank, 1st degree. *See* 좌합.

*좌상 h. 坐像 (안질) (형상) An image, or an idol in sitting posture.

*좌상 h. 挫傷 (부러질) (상흠) A wound got by rubbing against anything; a chafe.

*좌상ᄒᆞ다 s. 挫傷 (부러질) (상흠) To break as the bones; to impair.

*좌석 h. 座席 (자리) (자리) Seats occupied by guests; a meeting place. *See* 돗기지.

*좌션ᄒᆞ다 h. 左旋 (원) (돌) To turn to the left—said of the heavens by the ancients. *Opp.* 우션.

*좌세보 h. 佐世保 (도울) (인군) (보젼) Sasebo in Japan.

*좌수 h. 座首 (자리) (머리) A deputy perfect or magistrate, a resident of the district. *See* 향임.

*좌수 h. 左手 (원) (손) The left hand.

*좌수어인지공 h. 坐收漁人之功 (안질) (거둘) (고기잡을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈) (공) Sitting idly and yet reaping the reward of the fisherman.

*좌수우봉ᄒᆞ다 h. 左授右捧 (원 ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ ᄌᆞᆯ) 받ᄋᆞᆯ To ... and ... with the left hand and take the money with the right—of what is precious and not sold on credit.

*좌시처 h. 坐市處所 (안질) (저자) (곳) (바) A market place.

*좌시ᄒᆞ다 h. 坐市 (안질) (저자) To sit down and sell things in a market.

*좌식ᄒᆞ다 h. 坐食 (안질) (밥) To sit and eat; to live idly. *Opp.* 입식ᄒᆞ다.

*좌ᄉᆞ우상ᄒᆞ다 h. 左思右想 (원) (싱각) (올흘) (싱각) To think over in this way and that way. *See* 뵈이ᄉᆞ망ᄒᆞ다.

*좌영 h. 左營 (원) (영문) The barracks to the left.

*좌우 h. 左右 (원) (올흘) The right and the left. *See* 왕편. This and that; near round about; in the presence of attendants. *See* 신하.

*좌우간 h. 左右間 (원 ᄋᆞᆫᄃᆞᆫ ᄉᆞ이) Between the right and left, on any way. *See* 왕단간.

*좌우익 h. 左右翼 (원) (올흘) (ᄂᆞᆯ기) The commanders of the right and left wings—of the army.

*좌우편 h. 左右偏 (원) (올흘) (편흘) The right and left sides.

*좌우청ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 h. 左右請求 (원) (올흘 ᄎᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆯ ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞ ᄒᆞ다) To ask for ... on the right and left; to ask for everywhere.

*좌윤 h. 左尹 (원) (맛) The Registrar of the Left—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

*좌의정 h. 左議政 (원) (의론) (정ᄉᆞ) The Minister of State for the Left—an officer of the front rank, 1st degree. *See* 좌합.

*좌이대ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 h. 坐而待死 (안질) (말이) 기ᄃᆞ릴 (죽을 To sit down and wait for death.

*좌익 h. 左翼 (원) (ᄂᆞᆯ기) The left wing—of an army. *Opp.* 우익.

*좌익장 h. 左翼將 (장) (ᄂᆞᆯ기) (장슈) The general of the left wing of an army. *Opp.* 우익장.

*좌장 h. 坐杖 (안질) (집ᄒᆞᆫ이) A short staff—used by people when sitting.

*좌절ᄒᆞ다 h. 挫折 (ᄭᅥᆫ질) (ᄭᅥᆫ글) To break; to be snapped.

*좌제 h. 坐劑 (안질) (약지을) Suppository.

*좌정관텬 h. 坐井觀天 (안질) (우물) (볼) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Sitting in a well and looking at the sky—said of narrow-minded or inexperienced persons. *See* 정와.

*좌족 h. 左族 (원) (겨레) Posterity by a concubine *See* 얼ᄌᆞ.

*좌죄ᄒᆞ다 h. 坐罪 (안질) (허물) To manifest signs of guilt; to show oneself guilty. *Opp.* 면좌ᄒᆞ다.

*좌종 h. 坐鐘 (안질) (쇠북) A striking clock that stands in contrast to one that is hung up. *See* 패종.

*좌중 h. 座中 (자리) (가온ᄃᆡ) While sitting.

*좌지우지ᄒᆞ다 h. 左之右之 (원) 갈) (올흘 ᄌᆞᆯ ᄀᆞᆯ To turn to the right and to turn to the left.

*좌찬신 h. 左贊成 (원) (도울) (일울) The ... Ministers of State, an officer of the rear rank, 1st degree. *Opp* 우찬성.

*좌처 h. 坐處 (안질) 곳) A situation; a site; a place where one is seated. *See* 좌ᄃᆡ.

*좌청우촉ᄒᆞ다 h. 左請右囑 (원) 청ᄒᆞᆯ) (올흘 ᄎᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆯ To ask for ... right and left, to ask for everywhere.

*좌ᄎᆞ우물ᄒᆞ다 h. 左遮右突 (원) (ᄆᆡᄅᆞᆯ) 올 ᄉᆞᆫ ᄃᆞᆯ ᄒᆞᆯ (To ... the ... ranks) on the right and on the left.

*좌초 h. 坐次 (안질) (버금 Degree, rank.

*좌판 h. 坐板 (안질) (판ᄌᆞ) A table on ... A site; a situation.

*좌편 h. 左偏 원 (편) The left side; the left. *See* 왼편.

*좌포장 h. 左捕將 (원) (잡을) (장슈) A general or officer in command at the *Chuāp'o chang*. *Opp.* 우포장.

*좌포청 *l.* 左捕廳 (왼) (잡을) (마을) The offices of Justice to the Left. *Opp.* 우포청.

*좌표 *l.* 坐標 (안질) (표) Co-ordinates.

*좌표축 *l.* 坐標軸 (안질) (표) (축) Axis of co-ordinates.

*좌표축원점 *l.* 坐標軸原點 (안질) (표) (축) (근원) (뎜) Origin of co-ordinates.

*좌하 *l.* 座下 (자리) (아래) Yourself. (Epist.).

*좌하 *l.* 佐賀 (도울) (하례) Saga in Japan.

*좌합 *l.* 左閤 (왼) (집) The Minister of State for the Left. *See* 좌의정.

*좌향 *l.* 坐向 (안질) (향홀) Situation and position in reference to points of the compass. *See* 방위.

좍좍 *l. s.* In good measure; freely; easily. Heavily—as rian. Bitterly—as of crying. *See* 쭉쭉. Bubbling; rippling. *See* 찰찰. Dropping; leaking. Freely; easily.

좡이 *s.* 楚王網 (나라—*초) (님금—*왕) (그물—*망) A kind of fishing net.

大

大 A composite letter of the Korean syllabary corresponding to an aspirated *Ch*

차 *s.* 茶 (다) The tea-plant. *Camellia thea.* Tea.

*차 *s.* 次 (어그러질) Remainder.

차가다 *s.* 搾去 (움킬 *하) (갈 *거) 가; 잔 To carry off in the talons; to arrest.

*차감 *s.* 差減 (어그러질) (덜) Slight improvement; any advance.

*차밥 *l.* 茶料 (차—*다) (지료—*료) Tea or coffee to be steeped; material with which to make tea.

*차견호다 *s.* 差遣 (차명홀) (보낼) To send out.

차꽃 *s* 茶花 (차—*다) (꽃—*화) The camellia.

*차급 *l.* 差級 (어그러질) (드틈) Degrees; proportion.

차관 *s.* 茶罐 (차—*다) (물담는그릇—*관) A teapot.

차다 *s.* 寒 (찰 *한 차, 찬 To be cold. *See* 칭칭호다; 춥다.

차다 *s.* 佩 (찰—*패) 차; 찬 To try on; to fasten on.

차다 *s.* 踏 (찰—*텩) 차, 찬 To kick. To pick up with the claws.

*차다락 *s.* 茶樓 (차—*다) (다락—*루) Tea houses.

차담 *s.* 饌 (반찬—*션) Rich food.

*차뎡 *s.* 差帖 (차명홀) (례) A document on which one's authority rests.

*차뎡 *s.* 差定 (차명홀) (명홀) One entrusted with responsibility; one entrusted with. 호다 ..... To be entrusted with.

*차도 *s.* 差度 (다음) (법도) Favourable symptoms. *See* 五행.

차돌 *s.* 白石 (흰—*백) (돌—*석) Flint.

*차등 *s.* 差等 (어그러질) (무리) Rank; order; sequence.

차련 *l.* 驢皮 (나귀—*려) (가죽—*피) Donkey skin.

차령 *s.* Thinly padded clothes.

차반 *s.* 饌 (*션) Rich viands.

*차법 *s.* 差法 (어그러질) (법) Method of difference.

*차별 *s* 差別 (어그러질) (다를) A distinction; a difference.

*차분 *s* 差分 어그러질) (논홀) A division according to a certain ratio.

*차분호다 *s.* 差分 (어그러질) (논홀) To divide according to class or a fixed ratio.

*차비인 *s* 差配人 차명홀) (빅) (사롬) Director; manager; agent.

*차수 *s* 差數 (어그러질) (두어) Difference

차숫가락 *s.* A tea-spoon.

차숫슈 *s.* Glutinous sugar-cane seeds. *Sorghum vulgare.* (Prov.) *Also* 찰슈슈.

*차승 *s.* 叉乘 (어자어질) (홀) Cross multiplication.

*차소원 *s* 差使員 차명홀) (호여곰) (관원) An officer who announces a royal proclamation.

*차이 *s.* 差異 (어그러질) (다를) Difference.

차이다 *s.* 佩 (찰—*패) 차여; 인 To cause to tie at the waist.

*차인 *s.* 差人 (차명홀) (사롬) Employees.

*차인비 *s.* 差人輩 (차명홀) (사롬) (무리) Workmen; employees.

차죠 *s.* Glutinous millet.

차죽이 s. 茶蕨 (차—*조) (차죽이—*소) The *Peralia ocymoides.*

*차종 s. (一鍾) 茶鍾 (차—*다) (쇠북—*종) A teacup.

차지다 s. 차져; 진 To be sticky; to be glutinous. To be bothersome. *Opp.* 해지다.

*차지 s. 差使 (차관홀 집을 A woman stewardess; a woman servant.

*차조 s. 割子 (글) (아뢸) A memorial—to the king.

*차착 s. 差錯 (어그러질) (그릇될) A mistake; a blunder. *S* 착오

*차체노코 s. 姑舍 (아직—*고) (노흘—*소) Not to speak of; instead of; let alone. *See* 서로에; 고사ᄒᆞ고.

*차청입실 s. 借廳入室 (빌 (마을 들) (집, He obtained the privilege of the guest room and then lorded the whole house.

*차출ᄒᆞ다 s. 差出 차명홀 (날) To lay before; to present.

*차탄ᄒᆞ다 s. 嗟嘆 (슴흘) (한식) To be sorry for; to grieve over.

*차하ᄒᆞ다 s. 差下 (어그러질) (아래) To give to an inferior.

착 s. Closely; tightly; firmly.

*착 s. 錯 (그릇 A fault; a defect; a crime.

*착거ᄒᆞ다 s. 捉去 (잡을) (갈) To arrest; to take prisoner.

착근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be dirty; to be mean.

*착란ᄒᆞ다 s. 錯亂 섞길 어그러울) To be confused; to be mixed up. *See* 찬란ᄒᆞ다.

*착래ᄒᆞ다 s. 捉來 (잡을) (올) To arrest and bring.

*착박ᄒᆞ다 s. 窄迫 (좁을) (핍박홀) To be narrow; to be small; to be close.

*착비례 s. 錯比例 [갈 찬줄 찬례 Alternate proportion

*착산중도ᄒᆞ다 s. 鑿山通道 ᄂᆞᆯ 외 중홀 (길 To make a road through mountains.

착살스럽다 s. 不淨 (아닐—*졍) (쓱굿홀—*경) 러워; 운 To be dirty; to be filthy, to be nasty. To be small, to be diminutive. *See* 잉중ᄒᆞ다

*착송ᄒᆞ다 s. 捉送 잡을 보낼 To arrest and send. *See* 압송ᄒᆞ다

*착수ᄒᆞ다 s. 捉囚 잡을 가둘 To arrest and imprison.

*착오 s. 錯誤 (그릇될) (그릇) A mistake; error; blunder; slip.

*착잡ᄒᆞ다 s. 錯雜 (섞길) (섞길) To be mixed up; to be in confusion.

*착정이음ᄒᆞ다 s. 鑿井而飮 (팔, 우물) (말이) (마실) To dig a well and drink from it.

*착지 s. 錯紙 그릇될) (조히) Waste paper; worn paper. *See* 파지

착ᄒᆞ다 s. 善 ᄎᆞᆨ홀 —*션) To be kind; to be good; to be virtuous; to be philanthropic. *See* 인후ᄒᆞ다; 선ᄒᆞ다.

*착히방슈 s. 捉蟹放水 (잡을 게) 노흘 품 Catching crabs and letting them go into the water again.

*찬 s. 饌 (반찬) Side-dishes; dainties. *See* 반찬.

*찬 s. 讚 (기릴) A eulogy—after death; a panegyric.

*찬가 s. (까) 饌價 (반찬) 갑 Money paid for extra to be used with rice.

찬김도다 s. 라; 돈 To become cold; to grow chilly.

*찬란ᄒᆞ다 s. 燦爛 (빗날) (무르닉을) To be bright; to be gaudy; to be lustrous; to be brilliant. *See* 현란ᄒᆞ다.

*찬무원 s. 贊務員 도울 힘쓸) 원원, Associate members.

*찬물 s. 饌物 반찬) 몸건) Dainties, side-dishes—eaten with rice.

*찬미 s. 讚美 기릴 (아름다울) A psalm, a song of praise

*찬미ᄒᆞ다 s. 讚美 (기릴) (아름다울) To commend highly; to sing the praises of.

찬밥 s. 冷食 (찰—*한) (밥—*식) Cold rice.

*찬비 s. 饌婢 (반찬) (죵) A cook; a kitchen servant.

*찬비ᄒᆞ다 s. 竄配 (도망홀) (배) To send into exile.

*찬석 s. 鑽石 (뚤을) (돌) Adamant diamond.

*찬성 s. 贊成 도울 (일울) (인원) Aid, assistant. A Counsellor of the Ministers of State—one of the rank, 1st degree.

*찬성원 s. 贊成員 (도울) (일울) (인원) Associate members. *See* 찬무원 (), 원회원.

*찬성ᄒᆞ다 s. 贊成 도울 일울 To help, to support, to aid, to assist.

*찬송ᄒᆞ다 t. 讚誦 (기릴) (외일) To commend; to praise; to laud. *See* 찬양ᄒᆞ다.

*찬슈 t. 饌羞 (반찬) (음식) Side-dishes as used with rice. *See* 반찬.

*찬시ᄒᆞ다 t. 簒弑 (찬역ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞ사ᄅᆞᆷ죽일) To kill a superior.

*찬ᄉᆞ t. 贊詞 (도울) (말) Words uttered or written in praise; a eulogy.

*찬양ᄒᆞ다 t. 讚揚 (기릴) (돋ᄂᆡᆫ) To commend highly; to sing the praises of. *See* 찬송ᄒᆞ다.

*찬역ᄒᆞ다 t. 簒逆 (찬역ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞ사ᄅᆞᆷ죽일) To rebel; to usurp the throne. *See* 역모ᄒᆞ다.

*찬위ᄒᆞ다 t. 簒位 (찬역ᄒᆞᆯ) (벼슬) To usurp the throne.

*찬의 t. 贊議 (도울) (의론) An officer of the Privy Council.

*찬장 t. (방) 饌欌 (반찬) (ᄀᆞᆷ출) A cupboard; a sideboard.

*찬정 t. 贊政 (도울) (정ᄉᆞ) A counsellor of state.

*찬조ᄒᆞ다 t. 贊助 (도울 도울) To assist; to aid *See* 조력ᄒᆞ다.

*찬집 t. 纂集 (모ᄃᆞᆯ 모ᄃᆞᆯ) A compilation; a miscellany; a synopsis; a compendium.

*찬집ᄒᆞ다 t. 纂集 (모ᄃᆞᆯ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To collect; to compile; to edit.

찬찬 t. Winding; coiling. (감다).

*찬찬의복 t. 燦燦衣服 (빗ᄂᆞᆯ) (빗ᄂᆞᆯ) (옷) (옷) Fine clothes.

찬찬히 t. a. 徐徐 (천천—*셔) (천천—*셔) Gently; slowly, carefully. *See* 천천히.

찬찬ᄒᆞ다 a. To be careful; to be thorough; to be exact.

*찬탈자 t. 簒奪者 (찬역ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄲᅦ아ᄉᆞᆯ) (놈) A usurper.

*찬탈ᄒᆞ다 t. 簒奪 (찬역ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄲᅦ아ᄉᆞᆯ) To usurp; to take by force.

*찬ᄃᆞᆯ t. 鑽鍍 (뚤울) (쇠) Emery.

*찬품 t. 饌品 (반찬) (품수) The nature of the dainties or side dishes eaten with rice.

*찬하ᄒᆞ다 t. 讚賀 (못질) (하례) To congratulate heartily.

*찬합 t. 饌榼 (반찬) (합) A lunch-box; a box of dainties.

찰거머리 s. A violent, persistent fellow.

찰것 s. Glutinous grain. *Opp.* 메것.

찰낭찰낭ᄒᆞ다 s. To be brimming—full. *See* 출낭출낭ᄒᆞ다.

찰ᄃᆞᆯ찰ᄃᆞᆯ s. Down to the feet; long. Splashing. *See* 철ᄃᆞᆯ철ᄃᆞᆯ.

찰떡 s. 糯餠 (찰찰—*나) (떡—*병) Cake or bread made of glutinous grain. *Opp.* 메떡.

찰머구리 s. 蛙 개고리 *와, The edible frog. *Rana Reinhardti.*

찰박찰박 s. Splashing; slapping—as in mud. *See* 철ᄇᆡᆨ철ᄇᆡᆨᄒᆞ다.

찰밥 s. 糯飯 (찰찰—*나) (밥—*반) A boiled dish of glutinous rice or millet.

*찰방 s. 察訪 (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (찾ᄎᆞᆯ) The keeper of the government horses—an officer of the rear rank, 6th degree.

찰버 s. Unhulled or standing grain—of glutinous rice or millet. *Opp.* 메버.

찰싹 s. Slapping; spanking. *See* 철썩.

찰싹찰싹 s. Spanking; slapping; smacking. *See* 철썩철썩.

*찰식ᄒᆞ다 s. 察色 (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (빗) Examining the countenance; noticing the expression.

*찰제 s. 察劑 (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (약지을) Linimentum.

*찰찰(이)ᄀᆞᆯ면 s. 察察不明 (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆯ을) Too much scrutinizing results in obscurity; exact yet not clear. *See* 옥ᄑᆞ발ᄀᆞᆯ.

*찰찰ᄒᆞ다 s. 察察 (ᄉᆞᆷ필) (ᄉᆞᆷ필) To be exact; to be minute.

찰하리 s. Rather.

*찰한 s. 札翰 (편지) (글) Letters.

*찰합 s. 札幌 (편지) (장막) Sapporo in Japan.

*참 t. 斬 (버힐) Beheading; decapitation.

*참 t. 站 (참) A stage; a resting place—on a journey. (되다). Work and rest alternately. High water—of the tides. (되다)

*참간ᄒᆞ다 s. 參看 (참예) (볼) To go and look; to come and see.

*참견ᄒᆞ다 s. 參見 (참예) (볼) To be a witness of; to share in. *See* 참판ᄒᆞ다.

*참경 s. 慘景 (ᄉᆞᆷ갈) (볏) An unfortunate situation; a deplorable sight. *See* 참ᄌᆞᆨ.

*참고ᄒᆞ다 s. 參考 (참예) (살고) To compare; to collate.

*참괴하다 f. 慚愧 (붓그러울) (붓그러울) To feel shame; to be ashamed. *See* 무안하다.

*참교 s. 參校 (참에) (장교) A military lieutenant. *See* 승장.

*참군 s. 參軍 (참에) (군소) An overseer of ancestral hills—an officer of the rear rank, 9th degree.

*참관인 s. 參觀人 (참에) (볼) (사돌) People coming to look; spectators.

*참관하다 s. 參觀 (참에) (볼) To be a witness of; to share in. *See* 관섭하다.

*참담하다 s. 慘憺 (슴흘) (슴흘) To be sorrowful looking; to be melancholy.

*참도 s. 慘禱 (슴흘) 독흘 A great calamity; untold disaster.

*참렬하다 s. 參列 (참에) (벌) To attend as a meeting.

*참령 s. 參領 (참에) (거누릴) A military office of the 3rd degree. A major. *See* 대대장; 요좌.

*참망지죄 f. 僭妄之罪 (참망흘) (망녕될) (갈 어조) A heinous crime

*참망하다 f. 僭妄 (참망흘) (망녕될) To be heinous, to be blasphemous.

*참모 s. 參謀 (참에) (써) A member of the council of war; a general.

*참모관 s. 參謀官 (참에) (써) (벼슬) A staff-officer or chief.

*참모본부 s. 參謀本部 (참에) (써) (밑) (뼈) The Head Quarter Staff

*참모부 s. 參謀部 (참에) (써) (뼈) The war office.

*참모본부장 s. 參謀本部長 (참에) (써) (밑) (뼈) (어든) Chief of the Headquarter Staff.

*참모총장 s. 參謀總長 (참에) (써) (거누릴 어든) staff; a staff officer. *See* 총독.

*참모차장 s. 參謀次將 (참에 (장슈 military headquarters staff.

*참방하다 s. 參榜 (참에) (방) To be among the list of candidates mentioned at an examination.

*참봉 s. 參奉 (참에) (봇들) A guardian of a royal tomb—an officer of the rear rank, 9th degree.

*참불가언 s. 慘不可言 (슴흘) (아닐) (오를) (말숨) So wicked not to be mentioned.

*참불인견 s. 慘不忍見 (슴흘) (아닐) (춍을) (볼) So (tiful that one cannot look upon it.

*참살 f. 斬殺 (버힐) (죽일) Killing; murder.

*참살하다 f. 斬殺 (버힐) (죽일) To kill; to murder.

*참상 s. 慘喪 (슴흘 (상소) A cruel death —as of one's wife or children.

*참상 s. 慘狀 (슴흘) (형상) Pitiful state; a wretched condition

*참서관 s. 參書官 (참에) (글) (벼슬) A deputy governor; a chief secretary.

*참석하다 s. 參席 (참에) (돗) To take part with; to participate in. *See* 참예하다.

*참선 s. 參禪 (참에) (중) Meditation (Buddhist

*참선하다 s. 參禪 (참에) (중) To worship Buddha—without becoming a priest.

*참설 f. 讒說 (참소) (말숨) Slander; calumny; a libel.

*참섭하다 s. 參涉 (참에) (건널) To take part in; to co-operate with. *See* 관예하다.

*참소하다 f. 讒訴 (참소) (알릴) To cajole; to misrepresent; to slander; to accuse falsely. *See* 얼소하다.

*참수하다 f. 斬首 (버힐) (머리) To behead; to decapitate. *See* 효수하다.

*참시 s. 參試 (참에) (시험) The 3rd examiner of *Kwakō* papers. *See* 부시.

*참시하다 f. 斬屍 (버힐) (죽엳) To behead the corpse of a criminal. *See* 육시하다.

*참신하다 s. 參神 (참에) (귀신) To begin a sacrifice. *Opp.* 수신하다.

*참신 f. 讒臣 (참소) (신하) Slanderous officials.

*참소하다 s. 參祀 (참에) (제소) To assist at a sacrifice.

*참악하다 s. 慘惡 (슴흘) (악홀) To be terrible; to be awful.

*참알하다 s. 參謁 (참에) (보일) To share in; to have a part in.

*참언 f. 讒言 (참소) (말숨) Slander; fault-finding.

*참예정사하다 s. 參預政治 (참에) (참예) (정소) (일) To partake in the affairs of the government.

*참예하다 s. 參預 (참에) (참에) To have a share in; to participate in. *See* 참관하다.

*참위 s. 參尉 (참에) (벼슬) A military officer of the 6th degree. An ensign.

*참의 s. 參議 (참에) (의론) A Counsellor of a Board—an officer of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*참작ᄒᆞ다 s. 參酌 (참에) (관짐흘) To adapt; to suit to. To consult. To deal with; to take action in regard to.

*참장 s. 參將 (참에) (장슈) A major-general. *See* 쇼장.

*참정 s. 參政 (참에) (졍소) Participating in the affairs of the Government.

*참정권 s. 參政權 (참에) (졍소) (권세) Right of interfering in government affairs.

*참죄 l. 斬罪 (버힐) (허물) Capital punishment. *See* 참형.

*참조ᄒᆞ다 s. 參照 (참에) (빗초일) To examine anything by comparing it to another; to collate. *See* 참고ᄒᆞ다.

*참지 s. 參知 (참에) (알) The name of an office under the old regime.

*참좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 參坐 (참에) (안질) To share in; to gather together.

*참찬 s. 參贊 (참에) (도울) The name of an office under the old regime. Secretary of the Cabinet.

*참찬관 s. 參贊官 (참에) (도울) (버슬) An assistant of the Ministers of State—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree.

*참참이 l. 站站 (참) (참) Each stopping place—on a journey; each interval.

*참척 s. 慘慽 (슴흘) (슴흘) Cruel grief—as at the death of children. (보다).

*참척보다 s. 慘慽 (슴흘) 슴흘 아, 본 To experience grief—on the death of a son. *See* 참경보다.

*참최 s. 斬衰 (버힐) (셩긜) Mourning for a father, worn for 27 months and marked by fringed borders. Opp. 지최.

*참치부제ᄒᆞ다 s. 參差不齊 (참에) (어그러질 (아닐 *붇ᄂᆞ가지) To be unlike; to be uneven.

*참칭ᄒᆞ다 s. 僭稱 (참람흘) (닐ᄏᆞ를) To arrogate to one's self a title or position to which one is not entitled; to pretend to be greater than one is.

*참텬ᄒᆞ다 s. 參天 (참에) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To be thick and shady—of trees.

*참파토 s. 斬破土 (버힐) (버힐) (흙) The first shovel of earth in digging an ancestral grave.

*참파토ᄒᆞ다 s. 斬破土 (버힐) (버힐) (흙) To remove a grave—on a special day.

*참관 s. 參判 (참에) (관단) A Vice-president of a Board—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree.

*찰하ᄒᆞ다 s. 參賀 (참에) (하례) To pay a visit of congratulation to the Palace on state occasions.

*참형 l. 斬刑 (버힐) (형벌) Capital punishment.

*참형에쳐ᄒᆞ다 s. 斬刑 (버힐) (형벌) To sentence to capital punishment. *See* 쳐참ᄒᆞ다

*참호ᄒᆞ다 s. 參互 (참에) (셔로) To be interspersed; to be mixed together.

*참혹ᄒᆞ다 s. 慘酷 (슴흘) (사오나올) To be cruel; to be inhuman; to be unfortunate.

*참회ᄒᆞ다 l. 懺悔 (뉘웃칠) (뉘웃칠) To confess; to repent.

*참회ᄒᆞ다 s. 參會 (참에) (모둉) To meet together; to assemble—for a purpose; to hold a meeting.

참ᄒᆞ다 l. 慘 (됴흘—*됴) To be beautiful; to be pretty.

*참ᄒᆞ다 l. 斬 (버힐) To decapitate; to behead. *See* 됴슈ᄒᆞ다.

찹쌀 s. 糯米 찹쌀—*나) (쌀—*미) Glutinous rice; glutinous millet. *See* 멈미.

찹은ᄒᆞ다 s. To be smooth; to be sleek; to be even.

찹찹ᄒᆞ다 s. To be smooth; to be sleek, to be even.

찻다 s. 覓 (차질—*뎌) 차자; 진 To seek; to find. To visit; to call on. *See* 심방ᄒᆞ다.

찻다 s. 推尋 (밀—*취) (찻질—*심) 차자; 진 To receive; to accept, to get.

채 s. The inside stalk of the *paan*.

채 s. 鞭 (채찍—*편) A whip; a switch. *See* 채쭉.

채 s. 纔 (겨우—*지) All; entirely. By a little. *See* 다. Yet. *See* 아직.

*채경 l. 蔡京 (나라) (셔울) D. A.D. 1126. A minister of the Song kingdom through whose acts disaster evertook the state.

채쭉 s. A groom; a stable boy.

*채급 l. 債給 (빗) (줄) Interest—on money.

*채급장ᄉᆞ l. 債給者 (빗) (줄) (놈—*자) A money-dealer; a money-lender.

*채금ᄒᆞ다 f. 債給 (빗) (줄) To pay interest. *See* 방채ᄒᆞ다.

*채권 f. 債權 (빗) 권세, Right of claim.

*채권 f. 債券 (빗) (문서) A bill of debt.

*채권자 / 債權者 (빗) (권세 놈, Creditors; claimants. O_{η}., 채무자.

채다 / 여, 인 To fathom; to look into; to guess. To fasten—in the stocks.

채독 s. A large deep basket—made of *pisari* stalks.

*채륜 f. 蔡倫 나라 (인듄) A.D. 100 A chamberlain of the Han Kingdom who is said to have invented paper-making.

채롱 s. A hamper—made of *pisari* stalks.

*채무자 / 債務者 (빗, 힘쓸 놈 A debtor. *Opp.* 채권자.

*채무증서 f. 債務證書 빗) (힘쓸 (증거 (글) Bill obligatory.

채오다 s. 채와; 온 To place in cold water; to keep cool—as food.

채오다 s. 佩 (찰—*패) 채와; 온 To cause to tie at the waist—as a tallev.

채이다 s. 짱몸, 심을 *퍼 찰 -*억 여; 인 To be kicked; to receive a kick.

채잡다 s. 執柄 잡을—*집, 자로 -*병 아; 은 To take charge of; to be responsible for. *See* 집권ᄒᆞ다.

*채장 s. 債帳 (빗) (처부책) An account book.

*채제공 f. 蔡濟恭 나라 건질 공손 A.D. 1720 F.S. 平康 N.P. 號 1 noted scholar and official of the reign of Chŏng-jong.

채쭉 s. 鞭 (*편) A whip.

*채주 f. 債主 (빗) (쥬인) A creditor. *See* 권쥬.

채찍 s. 鞭 (채쭉 -*편) A whip. (Prov.) *Also* 채쭉.

채질ᄒᆞ다 s. 加鞭 (더ᄒᆞᆯ—*가 채쭉 -*편) To whip. *See* 채치다.

채ᄎᆞ다 / 加鞭 더ᄒᆞᆯ—가 채쭉 *편) 채찍, 친 To whip, to urge.

*챗열 s. 鞭繩 채쭉—*편) (노—*승 A whip-lash.

*창 s. The sole—of a shoe. (밧다) (갈다.

*창 s. 鎗 (창) A spear; a lance.

*창 s. 倉 (창고) A granary; a barn. *See* 고집.

*창 s. 瘡 (헌데) Syphilis. *See* 헌데.

*창 s. 窓 (창) A window.

*창가 f. 唱歌 (부를) (노래) A song; singing.

*창가ᄒᆞ다 s. 唱歌 (부를) (노래) To sing.

*창간 s. 窓間 (창) (소이) A window; windows and doors.

창갈다 s. 가라; 간 To resole shoes. *See* 창밧다.

*창건ᄒᆞ다 f. 創建 (비로소) (세울) To set up for the first time; to found; to establish; to organize.

*창검 s. 鎗劍 (창) (칼) Spear and sword lance and sabre.

*창경 s. 倉庚 창고 벌) An oriole. B.O.) A warehouse; a granary.

*창경 s. 窓鏡 (창 거울) A window pane.

*창고 s. (집) 倉庫 (창고) (고집) Government granaries; granaries and treasuries.

*창곡 s. 倉穀 (창고) (곡식) Grain in the government granaries.

*창공 s. 蒼空 (푸를) (빈) A blue sky; fine weather; the sky.

*창구 s. 瘡口 (헌데) (입) The opening of an abscess.

*창군 s. 鎗軍 (창) (군소) A tiger-hunter.

*창기ᄒᆞ다 f. 創開 (비로소) (열) To found; to begin.

창나다 s. 나; 난 To be worn into holes.

*창독 s. 瘡毒 (헌데) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Syphilis poison.

*창두 s. 蒼頭 (푸ᄅᆞᆯ) (머리) A servant.

*창름 s. 倉廩 (고집) (고집) An official storehouse (Comp.).

*창립ᄒᆞ다 / 創立 비로소 설 To set up; to found, to establish.

*창망ᄒᆞ다 s. 滄茫 몸결 아득ᄒᆞᆯ) To be vast; to be boundless; to have no limit.

*창명 s. 滄溟 바다 바다 The blue sea, the azure ocean.

*창문 s. 窓門 (창) (문) A window; windows and doors.

창바지 s. Resoled shoes.

창밧다 s. 아; 은 To resole shoes.

*창법 s. (법 鎗法 (창) (법) The spear drill; military art.

*창병 s. (병) 瘡病 (헌데) (병들 Syphilis.

*창살 s. 窓箭 (창) (살—*젼) The lattice of a window.

*창상 s. 創傷 (창) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) An incised wound; a cut.

*창상 s. 滄桑 (바다) (뽕나무) Natural changes—produced in the slow course of time such as changes in the configuration of a country.

*창상호겁 s. 滄桑浩劫 (바다) (뽕나무) (넓을) (겁) Hardship, reverses; disasters.

*창서 s. 倉鼠 (창고) (쥐) Store-room rats or mice.

*창설ᄒᆞ다 t. 創設 (비로소) (베풀) To establish; to set up. *See* 창시ᄒᆞ다.

*창세이래 l. 創世以來 (버로솔) (인간) (씩) (올) From the foundation of the world until now.

*창세이전 l. 創世以前 (비로소) (인간) (쎄) (앞) Before creation.

*창세이후 l. 創世以後 (비로소) (인간) (씨) (뒤) After creation.

*창세전 l. 創世前 (비로소) (인간) (앞) Before creation.

*창세후 l. 創世後 (비로소) (인간) (뒤) After the creation of the world; *Anno Mundi*. *Opp.* 창세전.

*창속 s. 倉屬 (창고) (붙을) The servants attached to government granaries.

*창수 s. 槍手 (창) (손) A spearman; a lance-bearer. (Prov.).

*창술 s. 槍術 (창) (술업) The art of fencing with the spear, spear exercise. *See* 견창술

*창씨고씨 s. 倉氏庫氏 (창고 (각씨—"시") (고집) (각시—"시") Official "Baro" and official "Storehouse"—ancients who remained so long in office that they lost their own names, and were called by the place of which they had charge. *See* 견지조손.

*창시ᄒᆞ다 s. 創始 (비로소) (비로솔) To begin; to commence; to originate; to create; to found; to organize.

*창안 s. 瘡眼 (헌데) (눈) Syphilitic ophthalmia.

*창업지주 l. 創業之主 (비로소) 업) (갈) (임금) The founder of a dynasty.

*창업ᄒᆞ다 l. 創業 (비로소 (업) To found a dynasty. *See* 위국ᄒᆞ다.

*창연 s. 蒼鉛 (푸를) (납) Bismuth.

*창연멸제 s. 蒼鉛錠劑 (푸를) (납) (덩이 (약물질) A ointment of bismuth.

*창외 s. 窓外 (창) (밖) The space outside of a window; outside of a window.

*창이 s. 創痍 (상할) (상할) An incised wound, or cut.

*창이즈 s. 蒼耳子 (푸를) (귀) (아들) Burweed seed, *Xanthium Strumarium*. *See* 독교마리.

*창일ᄒᆞ다 l. 漲溢 (넘칠) (넘칠) To inundate; to overflow; to deluge.

*창전 s. 窓前 (창) (앞) The space or ground before a window.

*창제ᄒᆞ다 l. 創製 (비로소) (지을) To make or manufacture for the first time; to invent and make.

*창조만물ᄒᆞ다 l. 創造萬物 (비로소) (지을) (일만) (만 물) To create all things.

*창조ᄒᆞ다 l. 創造 (비로소) (지을) To create; to invent.

*창졸 l. 倉卒 (창고) (갑작이) Soldiers attached to the government granaries. Suddenly; unexpectedly. *See* 졸ᄃᆡ.

*창졸간 s. 倉卒間 (창고) (갑작이) (솟이) On a sudden; unexpectedly. (In) a brief way. *See* 별안간.

*창질 s. 瘡疾 (헌데) (병) Syphilis. *See* 창병.

창조 s. 腸 (*장) The entrails; the intestines; the bowels. *See* 애.

*창창쇼년 s. 蒼蒼少年 (푸를) (푸를) (젊을) (해) One in the spring-time of yonth. *Opp.* 파파로인.

*창창ᄒᆞ다 s. 蒼蒼 (푸를) (푸를) To be boundless; to be vast; to be dim; to be indistinct; to be uncertain.

*창초 s. 創初 (비로소) (처음) The beginning, the first.

*창출 s. 蒼朮 (푸를) (삼출) *Atractylis ovata*—a medicine.

창칼 s. A small knife; a pocket-knife. *See* 뎝칼.

*창탈ᄒᆞ다 l. 搶奪 (빼아슬) (빼아슬) To take by force; to plunder; to pillage.

*창텬 s. 蒼天 (푸를) (하늘) The blue sky; the heavens. *See* 챵텬.

*창호 s. 窓戶 (창) (집) A window.

*창호지 s. 窓糊紙 (창) (바를) Thick paper for window; pasting up a window.

*창호지 s. 窓糊紙 (창) (바를) (조히) Thick paper for windows. (ᄒᆞ다)

*창호ᄒᆞ다 s. 窓糊 (창) (바를) To paper a window.

*창혼 s. 瘡痕 (헌데) (흔적) A mark in the skin left by a wound; a scar.

*창히 s. 滄海 (바다) (바다) The ocean The sea off Kang-won province. *See* 창파.

*창히력ᄉᆞ s. 滄海力士 (바다) (바다) (힘) (션비) A famous Korean giant of the time of Chin. China.

*창히일속 s. 滄海一粟 (바다) (바다) (흐) (조) One grain of millet in the boundless sea.

*창황분주ᄒᆞ다 s. 蒼黃奔走 (푸를) (누루) (다라날) (다라날) To be worked up; to be excited.

*창황ᄒᆞ다 s. 蒼黃 (푸를) (누루) To be worked up; to be excited.

*차 s. 車 (수레) A passenger cart. *See* 수레.

*차가 l. 借家 (빌) (집) A rented house.

*차간하회 l. 且看下回 (또) (볼) (아래) (도라올) Continued in the next.

*차거ᄒᆞ다 l. 借居 (빌) (살) To rent and occupy—as a house.

*차금 l. 借金 (빌) (쇠) Borrowed money; a loan; a debt.

*차길 s. 車路 (수레) (길—*로) A cart road.

*차관 l. 借款 (빌) (가지) A national loan; a debt.

*차관ᄒᆞ다 l. 借款 (빌) (가지) To raise a loan; to borrow.

*차단ᄒᆞ다 s. 遮斷 (가릴) (끈흘) To stop up; to block—as a road; to intercept.

*차도ᄒᆞ다 s. 遮道 (가릴) (길) To stop up; to intercept; to prevent going.

*차득ᄒᆞ다 l. 借得 (빌) (엇을) To gain; to request and obtain.

*차지동서 l. 借地證書 (빌) (짜) (증거) (글 A lease of land.

*차람ᄒᆞ다 l. 借覽 (빌) (볼) To borrow and read—as a book.

*차력 l. 借力 (빌) (힘) Gaining supernatural strength from medicines. *See* 신차.

*차력군 l. 借力軍 (빌) (힘) (군ᄉᆞ) One who has obtained supernatural strength—from demons or by the use of certain medicines.

*차력약 l. 借力藥 (빌) (힘) (약) Medicine that gives supernatural strength.

*차력ᄒᆞ다 l. 借力 (빌) (힘) To obtain strength—from demons or by the use of certain medicines.

*차륜 s. 車輪 (수레) (박회) The wheel of a wagon.

*차면ᄒᆞ다 s. 遮面 (가릴) (낫) To enclose the front; to cover the face.

*차명ᄒᆞ다 l. 借名 (빌) (일홈) To go under another name; to borrow a name.

*차문 l. 借問 (빌) (무를) Brief enquiry.

*차복 l. 借服 (빌) (옷) Borrowed clothes.

*차부 s. 車夫 (수레) (지아비) A carter; a muleteer.

*차부쏘 s. 車夫牛 (수레) (지아비) (소—*우) A cart bullock.

*차앵합 s. 車前合 수레 (앞) (모들) A kind of lily. *Lilium medeloides.*

*차석ᄒᆞ다 s. 嗟惜 (슬흘) (앗길) To be a pity; to be a great loss; to be regretable.

*차설 l. 且說 (또) (말숨) Let us now go on to say—after a digression in a story. *See* 화설.

*차세 s. 車稅 (수레) (구실) Wagon tax.

*차신차의ᄒᆞ다 l. 且信且疑 (또) (밋을) (또) (의심) To be half believing and half doubtful.

*차악ᄒᆞ다 s. 嗟愕 (슬흘) (놀날) To be pitiful; to be terrible; to be startling.

*차양 s. 遮陽 (가릴) (볏) A substitute; an awning around the eaves. (달다

*차용ᄒᆞ다 l. 借用 (빌) (쓸) To borrow and use; to rent.

*차일 s. 遮日 (가릴) (날) An awning erected for a festival (치다). *Also* 걸.

*차입 l. 借入 (빌) (들) A loan; borrowed money. *See* 차금.

*차작 l. 借作 (빌) (지을) A composition—written for one by another. *Opp.* 주작.

*차작ᄒᆞ다 l. 借作 (빌) (지을) To cause to be written by another—a composition.

*차전 l. 借錢 (빌) (돈) A loan; borrowed money. *See* 차금.

*차전자 s. 車前子 (수레) (앞) (아들) The seeds of the *Plantago major.*

*차전초 s. 車前草 (수레) (앞) (풀) The plant called *Plantago major.* *See* 길경이.

*차주 l. 借主 (빌) (님금) The borrower; renter; leasee, debtor.

*차착ᄒᆞ다 l. 借着 (빌) (부드칠) To borrow and wear.

*차청입실 ᄒᆞ다 l. 借廳入室 (빌) (마루) (들) (집) To ask the verandah and the take the whole house.

*차축 s. 車軸 (수레) (굴대) The axle-tree of a wheel.

*차타 ᄒᆞ다 s. 蹉跎 (너머질) (너머질) To stumble; to trip; to slip, to fall.

*차탄ᄒᆞ다 s. 嗟嘆 (슬흘) (한식) To grieve; to lament; to mourn for.

*차함 s. 僭啣 (빔)(일홈) A sinecure; the name of an office.

*착가얼슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 着枷臬囚 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(칼)(얼홀)(가둘) To put on the cangue and lock up in the inner prison.

*착가ᄒᆞ다 s. 着枷 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(칼) To put on the cangue.

*착교 s. 着鞽 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(발목올ᄆᆡ) Ankle-squeezers; stocks. (채오다).

*착근히 s. 着近 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(갓가올) Carefully; exactly.

*착근ᄒᆞ다 s. 着近 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(갓가올) To be very intimate.

*착근ᄒᆞ다 s. 着根 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(ᄲᅮᆨ리) To get a start; to be able to live—after enduring hardships.

*착관ᄒᆞ다 s. 着冠 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(갓) To put on the cap or hat—on becoming an adult.

*착념ᄒᆞ다 s. 着念 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(싱각) To give attention to. *See* 명심ᄒᆞ다.

*착렬법 s. 錯列法 (셕길)(법)(법) Permutation.

*착빙ᄒᆞ다 s. 着氷 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(갓) To become an adult—at marriage. *See* 셩관ᄒᆞ다.

*착명ᄒᆞ다 s. 着名 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(일홈) To sign with a mark below one's name. *See* 착압ᄒᆞ다.

*착미ᄒᆞ다 s. 着味 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(맛) To be absorbed in; to be buried in.

*착슈무쳐 s. 着手無處 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(손)(업슬)(곳) No place on which to lay one's hand—nothing that can be done.

*착슈쳐 s. 着手處 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(손)(곳) A place to take hold; a chance to hold on.

*착슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 着手 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(손) To set hands on; to get hold of. To move; to do first. *See* 범슈ᄒᆞ다

*착실히 s. 着實 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(실홀) Very; truly. *See* 진실히.

*착실ᄒᆞ다 s. 着實 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(실홀) To be sure; to be reliable; to be depended on. *See* 진실ᄒᆞ다.

*착심ᄒᆞ다 s. 着心 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To set one's heart on. *See* 착념ᄒᆞ다

*착의ᄒᆞ다 s. 着意 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(ᄯᅳᆺ) To fix one's mind on an object; to be attentive to.

*착전립ᄒᆞ다 s. 着戰笠 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(싸홀)(갓) To put on a military hat and coat. To dress as a dancing-girl.

*착족 s. 着足 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(발) A foot hold; a place on which to stand.

*착함ᄒᆞ다 s. 着啣 (부ᄃᆡ칠)(명함) To affix a private mark after the name—officially. ᄉᆞᆫ 함두다.

*찬가 l. 唱歌 (부를)(노래) A song; a piece of vocal music.

*찬가 s. 娼家 (게집 집) A brothel; a house of prostitution. *See* 기가.

*찬가ᄒᆞ다 l. 唱歌 (부를)(노래) To sing songs.

*찬계 l. 唱鷄 (부를)(ᄃᆞᆨ) The crowing of cocks.

*찬경궁 s. 鑽慶宮 (창셩)(경ᄉᆞ)(집) The "mulberry" Palace.

*찬귀 l. 倀鬼 (창귀)(귀신) The spirit of one who has been eaten by a tiger.

*찬긔 l. 脹氣 (고창)(긔운) Flatulency.

*찬긔나다 l. 脹氣 고창)(긔운) 나ᄒᆞ; 난 To become flatulent.

*찬기 s. 娼妓 (게집)(기성) Prostitutes; singing-girls. *See* 기성.

*찬렬ᄒᆞ다 l. 粲烈 (찬렬홀)(찬렬홀) To be numerous; to be abundant.

*찬녀 s. 娼女 (게집)(게집) Prostitutes. *See* 논단이.

*찬년 s. 昌寧 (창셩)(국ᄉᆞ) A kind of vermicelli made of lentil flower.

*찬명ᄒᆞ다 l. 唱名 (부를)(일홈) To call the roll or names of candidates for *Kwako*.

*찬방 l. 唱榜 (부를)(방) The list of successful candidates for *Kwakō*. *See* 방방.

*찬방ᄒᆞ다 l. 唱榜 (부를)(방) To call the roll of successful candidates for *Kwako*. *See* 방방ᄒᆞ다.

*찬부 l. 倀夫 (창ᄃᆡ)(지아비) An actor. The spirit of a dead actor.

*찬션도 s. 昌善島 (창셩)(착홀)(셤) An island in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.50. Long. 128.00

*창셩 s. 昌城 (창셩)(재) A prefect in P'yong-an-do. Lat. 40.15. Long. 125.12

*창셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 昌盛 (창셩)(셩홀) To be abundant; to be prosperous.

*창슈 l. 漲水 (창일홀)(물) An overflow of water; a flood; an inundation. (가다)(나다)

*창슈가다 l. 漲水 (넘칠) (물) 가; 갇 To have floods—as in the rainy season.

*창시 l. 唱戲 (부를) (희롱—*희) Theatrical performances.

*창언 s. 昌言 (창성) (말숨) A famous saying; the words of a sage. Truth; true words.

*창연ᄒᆞ다 l. 愴然 (슬플) (그릴) To be sorry; to feel sad; to be vexatious. (Comp.) *See* 결연ᄒᆞ다.

창옷 s. 小衣 (작을—*쇼) (옷—*의) A -mid-sleeved coat divided at the sides. *See* 쇼창옷.

*창우 s. 倡優 (광대) (광대) An actor or player; singer; musician.

*창우하젼ᄒᆞᆫ 倡優下賤 (광대) (아래) (천ᄒᆞᆯ) The degredation of the player, acrobat etc.

*창의 l. 氅衣 (창의) (옷) A large wide-sleeved coat divided at the back—worn by graduates or the gentry.

*창의ᄒᆞ다 l. 倡義 (인도ᄒᆞᆯ) (올ᄇᆞᆯ) To stand for the right.

*찬원 s. 昌原 (창성) (언덕) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.12. Long 128.41.

*창평 s. 昌平 (창성) (평ᄒᆞᆯ) A prefect in C. la-do. Lat. 35.06 Long. 127.03.

*창포 s. 菖蒲 (창포) (창포) The calamus —the dragon shaped leaves of which are hung on the door lintels on the 5th of the 5th moon or Dragon Festival.

*창피ᄒᆞ다 s. 昌披 (창성) (헷칠) To be bothered; to be put out; to be ashamed.

*창ᄒᆞ다 l. 唱 (부를) To lead in singing; to call out; to pass the word.

*처럼 s. Like; as; the same as. *See* 곳치.

*처를 s. Like; as; the same as.

*처음 s. 初 (*초) The beginning; the commencement. (At) first. *See* 첫재. *Opp.* 나죵.

*첫 s. 第一 (*뎨—*뎨) (하—*일) The first; number one.

*첫태 s. 批頭 (쌈울—*비) (머리—*두) The commencement; the beginning.

*첫재 s. 第一 (*뎨—*뎨) (하—*일) Number one; the first.

*쳐 s. 妻 (안히) A wife. *See* 뉘조.

*쳐가 s. 妻家 (안히) (집) The wife's house or family.

*처결ᄒᆞ다 l. 處決 (곳) (결단) To sentence; to decide a case. *See* 처단ᄒᆞ다.

*처교ᄒᆞ다 l. 處絞 (처ᄒᆞᆯ) (목ᄆᆡ죽일) To hang, to kill by hanging.

*처궁 s. 妻宮 (안히) (집) The "wife-palace"—a fortune teller's phrase.

*처급ᄒᆞ다 l. 處給 (곳) (줄) To give—to an inferior.

처기 s. A warrant to arrest. (차다) Various articles required when practicing archery.

*처남 s. 妻男 (안히) (사나희) A wife's brother. *See* 맛부.

*처녀 l. 處女 (곳) (계집) A virgin; a maiden; a girl. *See* 쳐슈.

*처녀막 l. 處女膜 (곳) (계집) (깝흘) The hymen.

처다보다 l. 仰視 (우럴—*앙 (볼—*시) 야; 본 To look up at; to regard with hope. *See* 앙시ᄒᆞ다.

*처단ᄒᆞ다 l. 處斷 (곳) (끈흘) To decide; to settle; to decide a matter; to give a decision;—applied only to legal decisions.

*처덕 s. 妻德 (안히) (큰) The blessing of a (good) wife. (넙다).

*처뎨 s. 妻弟 (안히) (아오) A wife's younger sister.

처듬지르다 s. 盒盒 (탐ᄒᆞᆯ—*탐) (밥—*식 질너. 지를 To eat greedily; to devour.

*처디 l. 處地 (곳) (짜) Social position; family scale. *See* 좌디.

*처량ᄒᆞ다 s. 悽凉 (슬플) (서늘) To be plaintive; to be mournful; to be sad at heart. *See* 개창ᄒᆞ다.

*처리 l. 處理 (곳) (다ᄉᆞ릴) Management —as of affairs; negotiation.

*처리ᄒᆞ다 l. 處理 (곳) 다ᄉᆞ릴) To manage—as business; to negotiate; to direct.

처마ᄒᆞ다 處馬 (곳 말 To dismount; to alight—as a mark of respect *See* 하마ᄒᆞ다.

처먹다 s. 어; 은 To eat greedily; to devour.

*처변ᄒᆞ다 l. 處辨 (곳) (ᄀᆞᆫ흘) To decide a lawsuit; to sentence *See* 처결ᄒᆞ다.

*처벌ᄒᆞ다 l. 處罰 (곳) (죄) To punish; to administer punishment.

*처분 l. 處分 (곳) (ᄂᆞᆫ흘) A sentence; the decision—of a superior.

*처분ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處分 (곳) (ᄂᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) To decide; to settle—of a superior.

*처상 s. 妻喪 (안히) (상소) Mourning for a wife. *See* 상처.

*처서 / 處暑 곳 더울 "The limit of heat"—one of the twenty four solar periods, occurring about Aug. 23rd.

*처세ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處世 (곳) (인간) To be in the world; to live.

*처소 ᄂᆞ. 處所 (곳) (바) A place—of residence.

*처성주옥 s. 妻城子獄 (안히) (지) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (옥) Wife and children make a prison —domestic cares bud one fast.

*처신 ᄂᆞ. 處身 (곳) (몸) Behaviour; actions; conduct. *See* 행신.

*처신ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處身 (곳) (몸) To act; to behave, to conduct oneself.

*처ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞ. 處士 (곳) (선비) An unemployed scholar; a recluse. *See* 우ᄉᆞ.

*처ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞ. 處事 (곳) (일) Affairs; business; actions. *See* 행위.

*처ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處事 (곳) (일) To do business; to manage affairs.

*처에 ᄂᆞ. 處 (곳) To (so and so). (Dat. case).

*처역ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處役 (곳) (역ᄉᆞ) To sentence to penal servitude.

*처외편 s. 妻外便 (안히) (ᄇᆞᆺ) (편) A wife's maternal relative.

*처장 s. 妻葬 (안히) (장ᄉᆞ) A wife's funeral.

*처저ᄒᆞ다 s. 妻且 (무셩ᄒᆞᆯ) (어조ᄉᆞ) To reverence; to revere. (B. O.) *See* 공경ᄒᆞ다.

*처조모 s. 妻祖母 안히 (할아비) (어미) A wife's grandmother.

*처조부 s. 妻祖父 (안히) (할아비) (아비) A wife's grandfather.

*처족 s. 妻族 (안히, 겨레) A wife's relatives. *See* 처편.

처지다 ᄂᆞ. 처지; 진 To fall behind; to fall apart; to hang down; to settle on the lungs etc.—of a cold. (ᄒᆞᆼ).

*처즈 s 妻子 (안히) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) Wife and children.

처즈 ᄂᆞ. 處子 (곳) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A virgin. *See* 처녀.

*처지 s. 妻財 (안히) (지물) "Wife and goods"—a fortune-teller's phrase.

*처참ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處斬 (곳) (버힐) To behead, to decapitate. *See* 형벌ᄒᆞ다.

*처처에 / 處處 곳, 곳, In all places; everywhere. *See* 소처에.

*처첩 s. 妻妾 (안히) (쳡) Wife and concubine.

*처치ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處置 (곳) (ᄃᆞᆯ) To decide; to settle; to regulate; to adjust. *See* 결처ᄒᆞ다.

*처관ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處管 (곳) (관ᄒᆞᆫ) To manage; to dispose, etc.

*처권 s. 妻眷 (안히) (권) One's wife's relations. *See* 처족.

*처하ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處下 (곳) (아래) To give to an inferior.

*처형 s. 妻兄 (안히) (맛) A wife's older sister.

*처형선고ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處刑宣告 (곳) (형벌) (ᄉᆞᆯ) 고ᄒᆞᆯ To pronounce sentence; to sentence.

*처형ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處刑 (곳) (형벌) To punish; to inflict punishment.

*처ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ. 處 (곳) To abide; to dwell.

*척 a. 尺 (자) "Foot," measure of length.

*척 s. 隻 (ᄒᆞᆨ) One by itself; single; half a pair. A numerative of ships. An enemy. (왼다) (짓다).

*척간골 s. 脊間骨 (등ᄉᆞ이) (ᄉᆞ이) (뼈) Interspinous bone.

*척관 s. 瘠骨 (파리ᄒᆞᆯ) (뼈) An emaciated person.

*척골 s. 脊骨 (등ᄉᆞ이) (뼈) The backbone; the vertebra; the spine.

*척골되다 s. 瘠骨 、파리ᄒᆞᆯ (뼈) 어, 되 To become lean or emaciated. *See* 피골이상접ᄒᆞ다.

*척도 s. 尺度 (자) (법도) Line or measure.

*척독 s. 尺牘 (자) (편지) An epistle, a letter.

*척동 s. 尺童 (자) (ᄋᆞᆨ히) A youngster; a little boy.

*척디 s. 尺地 (자) (ᄯᅡᆨ) A foot of ground; the smallest piece of land. (M.).

*척디ᄒᆞ다 s. 拓地 (기쳑ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅡᆨ) To open up land; to bring land under cultivation; to conduct colonizing operations.

*척량 s. 尺量 (자) (헤아릴, Measurement; geometry; surveying.

*척량골 s. 脊梁骨 (등마루) (ᄃᆞᆯ보) (뼈) The back-bone. *See* 척골.

*척량법 s. 尺量法 자 、헤아릴 (법) Measures of extension.

*척령 s. 鶺鴒 쎄 (새) A poetic name for the wagtail.

*척리 s. 戚里 (권당) (마을) Relatives; relations.

*척문 s. 尺文 (자) (글) A receipt for taxes received.

*척믹 s. 尺脈 (자)(믹) The pulse farthest from the hand—there are three corresponding to the three fingers by which they are felt.

*척박호다 r. 瘠薄 (파리홀) (얇을) To be destitute of vegetation; to be unfertile; to be barren.

*척발내사 s. 陟遐昇遐 (오를 모 어데 (죽을) The death of the Emperor. B.H.

*척본 s. 戚分 (겨레) (논홀) A distant relationship—as those of a different surname. *See* 척의.

*척사문 s. 斥邪文 (물니칠) (샤욱) (글) The name of a prohibitory proclamation against the Roman Catholic religion.

*척살 s. 尺雪 (자)(눈) A foot of snow.

*척소 s. 尺素 (자) (흴) An epistle; a letter.

*척속 s. 戚屬 (친당) (붓홀) Relatives; relations.

*척수 s. 尺數 (자)(두어) The number of feet or *Cha.* (재다).

*척슈 s. 脊髓 (등상이) (쎄) The spinal marrow.

*척슈뵈 s. 脊髓癆 (등상이) (쎄) (병) *Tabes dorsalis.* A disease of the spine.

*척슉 s. 戚叔 (겨레) (아자비) Maternal uncles.

*척시 s. 戚廝 (친당, (비를) A person bowed down by sickness. (B.O.).

*척신회샤 s. 拓植會社 (기척홀 심을) 모들) (회샤) Waste land associations.

*척신 s. 隻身 (박) (몸) I only; myself alone. *See* 단신.

*척신 s. 戚臣 (겨레) (신하) Relatives of the king by marriage. *See* 척즁.

*척안 s. 隻眼 (박) (눈) One eye.

*척연호다 s. 慽然 (슬홀) (그릴) To be sad, to be sorrowful, to be painful.

*척의 s. 戚誼 (겨레) (친홀) Relatives not of the same surname. A distant relationship. *See* 척본.

*척젼 s. 擲錢 (먼질) (돈) Money set aside by a gambling party to pay the rent etc. of the place of meeting. (항다).

*척젼호다 s. 擲錢 (먼질) (돈) To toss money as a fortune-teller.

*척즁 s. 戚從 (겨레) (좃칠) Relatives of the mother's side.

*척쥬 s. 脊柱 (등상이) (기동) Spine.

*척질 s. 戚侄 (겨레) (죽하) A maternal nephew.

척짓다 s. 作隙 (지을—*작) (막—*척) 지여, 은 To pair. To become enemies. *See* 작척호다.

*척척호다 s. 濕濕 (저질—*습) To be clammy; to be wet. *See* 축축호다.

*쳑은 s. 尺寸 자 마디 foot and inch; very small—as a piece of land.

*척촌지디 s. 尺寸之地 (자) (마디) (짤) (짜) A small piece of land.

*척촉화 s. 躑躅花 척쵹, 척쵹, 쏫) The *Rhododendron indicum.* *See* 철쵹쏫.

*척토 s. 尺土 자 (흙) A tiny plot of ground; a small piece of territory.

*척토 s. 瘠土 (파리홀) (흙) Land destitute of vegetation; barren soil.

*척푼 s. 隻分 (짝 논홀—*분) (박) (리) A single cash—one destitute. *See* 일푼.

*척푼척리 s. 隻分隻厘 (박) (논홀—*분) (박) (리) A single cash or fraction of a cash.

*척형 s. 戚兄 (겨레) (맛) An older cousin of a different surname. I (Epist.).

*척후 s. 斥候 (물니칠) (기두릴) One who reconnoiters; a spy.

*척후병 s. 斥候兵 (물니칠) (기두릴) (군사) Scouts; military spies.

*척흑로 s. 脊黑鷺 (등상이) (검을) (빅로) The night heron. *Nycticorax nycticorax.*

*척힝 s. 隻行 (박) (힝홀) Journeying alone. *See* 독힝.

*쳑화 s. 擲火 (먼질) (불) Incendiarism.

*쳑화호다 s. 擲火 (먼질) (불) To set fire to—as an incendiary.

*쳑확 s. 尺蠖 (자) (버러지) Geometer or span-worm

*쳔 l. 薦 (쳔거) A recommendation, an introduction (으다).

*쳔 s. 千 (일쳔) A thousand.

*쳔거호다 l. 薦擧 (쳔거) (들) To recommend; to introduce.

*쳔격 l. 賤格 (쳔홀) (격식) Low fashion; mean style—of dress etc.; low tastes. *See* 쳔쥭.

*쳔견 l. 淺見 (얏홀) (볼) Small experience; "my humble opinion."

*쳔견박식 l. 淺見薄識 얏홀 (볼) (얇을) (알) Small experience. *See* 고루과문.

*천고긔관 s. 千古奇觀 (일천)(네)(긔관) (볼) The grandest scene that the world has ever witnessed.

*천고불역지뎐 s. 千古不易之典 (일천)(네)(아닐)(밧골)(불)(역)(갈)(뎐) A law that has remained unchanged through all antiquity to the present time.

*천고에 s. 千古 (일천)(네) All antiquity, forever. *See* 천츄.

*천골 l. 賤骨 (천홀)(뼈) A low person; a mean look.

*천궁 s. 川芎 (내)(궁궁이) A kind of medicine—used for head troubles and as a tonic.

*천궁ᄒᆞ다 s. 遷宮 (옴길)(집) To transfer a god from one shrine to another.

*천근력ᄉᆞ s. 千斤力士 (일천)(근)(힘)(선비) A giant who can lift a thousand pounds. *See* 만ᄉᆞ부당지용.

*천근ᄒᆞ다 l. 淺近 (얏홀)(갓가올) To be shallow; to be not deep or profound; to be superficial.

*천금 s. 千金 (일천)(쇠) A hundred thousand cash.

*천금단 s. 千金丹 (일천)(쇠)(약올) A kind of medicine.

*천금언낙 s. 千金諾諾 (일천)(쇠)(그럴)(허락) A contract of fidelity and love.

*천긔 s. 喘氣 (힉소)(긔운) A kind of cough; lung trouble.

*천년동락ᄒᆞ다 s. (쳔) 千年同樂 (일천)(힉)(ᄒᆞᆫ가지)(즐거울) To have happiness together for a thousand years—of king and people.

*천단ᄒᆞ다 l. 擅斷 (오로지)(끈흘) To judge or decide arbitrarily.

*천단ᄒᆞ다 l. 淺短 (얏홀)(발을) To be possessed of slender capacity; to be shallow.

*천담복 l. 淺淡服 (얏홀)(몸을)(옷) A kind of clothing of half mourning character—worn for a high official.

천덕군이 l. An ugly child; a low creature.

*천도 l. 穿島 (뚤을)(셤) An island in Kang-wön-do. Lat. 38.48. Long. 127.54

*천도ᄒᆞ다 s. 遷都 (옴길)(도읍) To transfer the capital from one place to another; to change the seat of government.

*천뒤ᄒᆞ다 l. 賤待 (천홀)(뒤졉) To treat with contempt; to treat inhospitably. *See* 하뒤ᄒᆞ다.

천량 l. 財產 (지물—*저) (낳—*산) Wealth; possessions.

*천려 l. 淺慮 (얏홀)(싱각) "My humble opinion"—as used to officials.

*천련ᄌᆞ s. 川楝子 (내)(쵸련나무) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The name of a medicinal plant.

*천렵ᄒᆞ다 s. 川獵 (내) (잡앙) To go on a fishing excursion.

*천록 l. 淺綠 (얏홀)(푸ᄅᆞᆯ) A light green colour.

*천루ᄒᆞ다 l. 賤陋 (천홀) (더러울) To be vile; to be mean; to be low; to be vulgar.

*천리강산 s. 千里江山 (일천) (마을) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (뫼,) thousand li of rivers and hills.

*천리경 s. 千里鏡 (일천)(마을) (거울) A telescope; a field-glass. (희우다.

*천리구 s. 千里駒 (일천) (마을) (망아지) A colt that can make a thousand li in a day. A handsome lad.

*천리마 s. 千里馬 (일천) (마을) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A horse that can make a thousand li in a day.

*천리쥭 s. 千里竹 (일천) (마을) (대) *Arundinaria japonica.*

*천만 l. 喘滿 (힉소) (ᄀᆞ득ᄒᆞᆯ) Consumption. *See* 힉소.

*천만 s. 千萬 (일천) (일만) Thousands and tens of thousands. Ten millions. Greatly; very much.

*천만고에 s. 千萬古 (일천) (일만) (네) All antiquity; forever.

*천만년 s. 千萬年 (일천) (일만) (히) Thousands and tens of thousands of years.

*천만다행ᄒᆞ다 s. 千萬多幸 (일천) (일만) (만흘) (다힝) To have a great streak of luck; to have unlimited good fortune.

*천만몽외 s. 千萬夢外 (일천) (일만) (쑴) (밧) What was never dreamed of; what is wholly unexpected.

*천만부당지셜 s. 千萬不當之說 (일천) (일만) (아닐) (맛당) (갈, (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Words altogether inappropriate.

*천만부당ᄒᆞ다 s. 千萬不當 (일천) (일만) (아닐) (맛당) To be altogether unsuitable, to be entirely inappropriate.

*천만ᄉᆞ s. 千萬事 (일천) (일만) (일) Thousands and tens of thousands of affairs.

천만의말ᄉᆞᆷ s. 千不當之說 (일천—*천) (아닐 *ᄂᆞᆯ) (맛당 *당, (갈 *지) (말ᄉᆞᆷ—*설) Undeserved expressions of favor; "don't mention it."

*천만의외 s. 千萬意外 (일천) (일만) (뜻) (밖) Altogether unexpectedly; altogether outside of one's calculations.

*천만인 s. 千萬人 (일천) (일만) (사람) Thousands and tens of thousands of people.

*천매하다 t. 擅賣 (천단할) (팔) To sell freely; to sell on one's own authority.

*천명 t. 賤名 (천할) (일홈) My (Respect). A low name as given to children—superstition.

*천명하다 t. 闡明 (드러낼) (붉을) To state clearly; to elucidate; to discriminate with exactness.

*천명하다 t. 擅名 (천단할) (일홈) To have a great reputation, to be famous.

*천묘하다 s. 遷墓 (옮길) (무덤) To remove an ancestral grave—because of its being unpropitious.

*천민 t. 賤民 (천할) (백성) Low people; inferior classes of the people.

*천맥 s. 泉脈 (샘) (힘줄) The spur of a hill from which a spring of water proceeds.

*천박 t. 淺薄 (얕을) (엷을) Thin; slight; small; —of learning, shallow; of capital, small; scanty. (흔하다).

*천방백계 s. 千方百計 (일천) (모) (일백) (계교) (By) hook or crook; every possible means. *See* 천소만려.

*천변 s. 川邊 (내) (가) The edge of a stream.

*천변도성 s. 千變幻 (일천) (변할 (환할 —*환) Full of tricks—not to be depended on.

*천변만화 s. 千變萬化 (일천) (변할) (일만) (변할) Full of tricks; changeable. Myriads of ways or forms; immense varieties.

*천병만마 s. 千兵萬馬 (일천) 군사) (일만) (말) Vast bodies of foot, horse and cavalry.

*천봉만학 s. 千峯萬壑 (일천) (봉오리) (일만) (골짜기) Countless peaks and ravines.

*천부당만부당하다 s. 千不當萬不當 (일천) (아닐 *불 (맞당 *당 (일만) (아닐—*불) (맞당—*당) To be altogether improper; to be extremely inappropriate.

*천부당하다 s. 千不當 (일천) (아닐—*불) (맞당 *당 (exceedingly improper.

*천산갑 t. 穿山甲 (뚫을) (뫼) (갑옷) The scaly ant eater, *Manis tetradactyla.*

*천산만수 s. 千山萬水 (일천) (뫼) (일만) (물 Many hills and streams.

*천산등하다 s. 遷山陵 (옮길) (뫼) 언덕) To change the tomb of a king.

*천서 t. 薦書 (천거) (글) A letter of recommendation, or of introduction.

*천석 s. 千石 (일천) (돌) (인군) A man who has an income of a thousand [illegible].

*천세 s. 千歲 (일천) (해) A thousand years—used of the king [illegible] state, as [illegible] peror. Long live the king.

*천세력 s. 千歲曆 (일천) (해) (책력) A thousand-year almanac.

*천성 s. 泉聲 (샘) (소리) The murmur of a stream; noise of running water

*천소 t. 賤妾 (천할) (거느릴) My concubine—a term of self depreciation. *See* 가솔.

*천승지국 s. 千乘之國 (일천) 수) (갈) (나라) A kingdom of a thousand chariots; a second-rate power *Obs.* 만승지국.

*천신만고 s. 千辛萬苦 (일천) (매울) (일만) (쓸) Many and various hardships and sufferings.

*천신만고하다 s. 千辛萬苦 (일천) (매울) (일만) (쓸) To suffer unlimited hardships.

*천신하다 t. 薦新 (천거) (새) To sacrifice the first-fruits to the spirit.

*천심 t. 淺深 (얕을) (깊을) Shallow or deep; the depth.

*천사만념 s. 千思萬念 (일천) (생각) (일만) (생각) A thousand thoughts and cares.

*천사만려하다 s. 千思萬慮 (일천) (생각) (일만) (생각) To be endless in—of thought and reflection.

*천어 s. 川魚 (내) (고기) Fresh-water fish.

*천언만어 s. 千言萬語 (일천) (말씀) (일만) (말씀) Endless arguments.

*천업 t. 賤業 (천할) (업) An ignoble pursuit or business; dishonorable trade, profession, or occupation.

*천여 s. 千餘 (일천) (남을 A thousand and more.

*천여개 s. 千餘箇 (일천) (남을) (낱) A thousand and more pieces.

*천여년 s. 千餘年 (일천) (남을) (해) A thousand and more years.

*천여리 s. 千餘里 (일천) (남을) (마을) A thousand *li* and more.

*천여명 *s.* 千餘名 (일천)(남을)(이름) A thousand and more persons.

*천여발 *s.* 千餘把 (일천)(남을)(잡을—*파) A thousand and more arm-measures. *Also* 천여파.

*천여원 *s.* 千餘人 (일천)(남을)(사람) A thousand and more persons.

*천여원 *s.* 千餘圓 (일천)(남을)(둥글) A thousand and more dollars or yen.

*천여호대촌 *s.* 千餘戶大村 (일천)(남을)(지게)(큰)(마을 A village of a thousand houses.

*천여환 *s.* 千餘圜 (일천)(남을)(둥글) A thousand or more dollars or yen.

*천역 *l.* 賤役 (천할)(역사) Mean, low work—as that of official underlings. *See* 상일.

*천연세월호다 *s.* 遷延歲月 (옮길)(벋을)(해)(달) To be long years and months.

*천연호다 *s.* 遷延 (옮길)(벋을) To put off; to procrastinate.

*천엽 *s.* 千葉 (일천)(닢) The inner coating of the first stomach of ruminating animals. Chiba in Japan.

*천엽화 *s.* 千葉花 (일천)(닢)(꽃) A kind of leafy flower; a plant with thick leaves.

천의 *l.* A child's shawl or cloak.

*천이호다 *l.* 遷移 (옮길)(옮길) To change; to alter; to remove; to send elsewhere; to transfer.

*천인 *l.* 賤人 (천할)(사람) A mean man; a low fellow.

*천일쥬 *s.* 千日酒 (일천)(날)(술) "Thousand day wine"—wine that is three years old.

*천치 *l.* 淺癡 (얕을)(잘난비) Foolish; silly; wanting in understanding or judgement; mean; base.

*천장호다 *s.* 遷葬 (옮길)(장사) To change a place of burial, because of the first being unpropitious. *See* 면례호다.

*천장부 *l.* 賤丈夫 (천할)(어른)(지아비) A low fellow.

*천전호다 *s.* 遷轉 (옮길)(굴) To change frequently; to vary constantly.

*천조호다 *l.* 踐阼 (밟을)(북) To succeed to the throne.

*천종 *s.* 千種 (일천)(씨) A thousand sorts; numberless sorts.

*천종만물 *s.* 千種萬物 (일천)(씨),(일만),(물건) The ten thousand created things.

*천쥬 *l.* 主薦 (천거)(쥬장홀) A patron; a person who will recommend one.

천중어 *s.* Speckled trout.

*천지호다 *l.* 葬至 (거둠)(니를) To happen twice; to come a second time.

*천진ᄉᆞ *l.* 賤執事 (천할)(잡을)(일) A low fellow.

*천ᄌᆞ *s.* 千字 (일천)(글ᄌᆞ) The "Thousand Character Essay"—used in primary schools. *See* 박슈문, 천ᄌᆞ문.

*천지 *s.* 千載 (일천)(히) A thousand years; a great duration of time.

*천지일시 *s.* 千載一時 (일천)(히)(한)(때) What happens once in a thousand years.

*천착호다 *l.* 穿鑿 (뚤을)(끌) To be over profound—as in the interpretation of characters.

*천창만검지즁 *s.* 千鎗萬劍之中 (일천)(창)(일만),(칼)(갈) 가온ᄃᆡ) Between a thousand spears and ten thousand sabres.

*천처만락 *s.* 千痛萬落 (일천)(헐ᄆᆡ)(헐ᄆᆡ)(떠러질) A thousand wounds and bruises.

*천천만만 *s.* 千千萬萬 (일천)(일천)(일만)(일만) Thousands upon thousands.

*천청만쵹호다 *s.* 千請萬囑 (일천),(청홀)(일만) (청쵹홀 To make endless requests.

천천히 *s.* 徐 (천천 —*셔) Slowly; leisurely. *See* 셔셔히.

천천호다 *s.* 徐徐 (천천—*천) To be slow; to be dilatory. *See* 완완호다.

*천쳡 *l.* 賤妾 (천할)(겹) I, your concubine. (Epist.) A concubine.

*천쳡소싱 *l.* 賤妾所生 (천할)(겹)(바)(날) The offspring of a low concubine.

*천쵹 *l.* 喘促 (헉소)(지쵹) A disease marked by gasping and panting. *See* 천만.

*천총 *s.* 千摠 (일천)(거느릴) A lieutenant; one in command of a thousand.

*천쵸 *s.* 川椒 (내)(ᄒᆞᆫ쵸) A kind of medicinal pepper.

*천츄 *s* 千秋 (일천 가을) A thousand autumns—many years. *See* 만ᄉᆞ.

*천츄만ᄃᆡ *s.* 千秋萬代 (일천)(가을 (일만)(ᄃᆡ신) A thousand seasons and ten thousand generations—as used of everlasting favor.

*천츄만세 *s.* 千秋萬歲 (일천)(가을)(일만)(히) A thousand autumns; the thousand years; an expression used in wishing eternal bliss.

*천츄경절 s. 千秋慶節 (일천) (가을 경 스 마디) The Fall Holiday of the Prince Imperial.

*천층만층 s. 千層萬層 (일천) (층) (일만) (층) Endless grades, many thousand stages. *See* 천히만상.

*천탄 l. 淺灘 (얏흘) (여울) Shallows; rapids.

*천토 l. 賤土 (천흘) (흙) A mean obscure district—in contrast to the capital. *See* 천항.

천드다 l. 門薦 (여—ㄹ 천거—*천) 천거; 론 To have one's recommendation sanctioned; to receive office.

*천히만상 s. 千態萬狀 (일천) (히도) (일만) (형상) A myriad different views; ten thousand different faces.

*천품 l. 賤品 (천흘) (등수) A low quality.

*천홍 l. 淺紅 (얏흘) (붉을) Light red.

*천흐다 l. 賤 (천흘) To be mean; to be low; to be worthless; to be cheap. *Opp.* 귀ᄒᆞ다.

*천흐다 l. 薦 (천거) To recommend; to introduce. *See* 천거ᄒᆞ다

*천힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 踐行 (ᄇᆞᆯ을) (힝흘) To go along with; to continue on.

*천힝ᄒᆞ다 l. 擅行 (천단흘) (힝흘) To do as one wishes

*천황색 l. 淺黃色 (얏흘) (누루) (빗) A light blue colour; light leek colour.

*천황연 s. 川黃連 (내) (누루) (니를) A kind of medicine.

철 s. 節序 (마듸 -*절) (ᄉᆞ계—*셔) Times; seasons. Sense; ability. *See* 분수

*철가도주ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤家逃走 (것을) (집) (도망) (다라날) To "pick up one's traps" and decamp—as a debtor.

*철거ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤去 (것을) (갈) To reject; to cast out; to make away with.

철나다 s. 나; 난 To get sense; to grow wiser—the idea is taken from the joints growing on the bamboo.

철벙천벙ᄒᆞ다 s. To roar; to lash—as the waves.

*철농ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤農 (것을) (농ᄉᆞ) To drop agriculture for some other calling. *See* 폐농ᄒᆞ다.

철ᄊᆞ구니 s. Sense; understanding; gumption. (업다). *See* 지각.

철ᄊᆞ업이 s. Sense; gumption. *See* 분수.

철썩철썩 s. Flapping; splashing.

철ᄃᆞᆯ다 s. 어; 은 To get sense; to acquire gumption. *See* 뎸플다.

철모르다 s. 몰나; 모른 To have no sense; to lack judgment; to be ignorant of one's A.B. C's.

철믜 s. 煤 (*믹) Soot. *See* 검회양.

철석철석ᄒᆞ다 s. To splash; to sound—as splashing water. *See* 철썩철썩.

철벙철벙ᄒᆞ다 s. To splash; to flounder in the water.

*철병ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤兵 (것을) (군ᄉᆞ) To cease action; to return with troops—after a war. *See* 회군ᄒᆞ다.

철복 s. 節服 (졀긔—*졀) (옷—*복) Dress—according to the season.

*철상ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤床 (것을) 상) To clear the table—after a sacrifice. *See* 파ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

철석 s With a wash.

철석철석 s. Falling; crashing; splashing.

*철시ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤市 (것을) (저ᄌᆞ) To forbid the sale of.

철업다 s. 서, 슨 To lack sense; to be stupid. *See* 몰지각ᄒᆞ다.

*철인 s. 哲人 (붉을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A philosopher; a sage; an erudite person.

*철전ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤廛 (것을) (젼) To shut up a shop; to cease sales.

*철쥬ᄒᆞ다 s. 掣肘 (당길) (팔굼치) To hinder; to impede; to prevent; to obstruct.

*철쥭 s. 躑躅 (쳘—*쳑) (쳘—*쵹) The azalea.

*철조 s. 綴字 (얽을) (글ᄌᆞ) Setting up—of type.

*철조ᄒᆞ다 s. 綴字 (얽을 글ᄌᆞ) To set up type

철철 s. / Falling; beating; flapping.

철철이 s. 節節 (졀ᄌᆞ -*졀) (졀긔—*졀) From time to time; from season to season

*철텬지원 s. 徹天之冤 사모칠) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (갈, 원ᄒᆞᆫ) Murmurings that hit earth and heaven.

*철텬지원 s. 徹天之怨 (사모칠) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (갈, 원망) Resentment that rises to heaven.

*철파ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤罷 (것을, 파ᄒᆞᆯ To break up—work; to stop. *See* 것다.

*철판 綴字 얽을 판 A set up page.

*철판ᄒᆞ다 s. 綴字 (얽을) (판) To set up type

*철포ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤捕 것을 푸쥬, To leave butchering for other work.

*철포ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤捕 (것을) (잡을) To cancel an order to arrest.

*철학 s. 哲學 (붉을) (비홀) Philosophy.
*철학가 s. 哲學家 (붉을) (비홀) (집) Philosophers.
*철학덕 s. 哲學的 (붉을) (비홀) (덕실) Philosophy.
*철학박사 s. 哲學博士 (붉을) (비홀) (뵉을) (선비) A doctor of philosophy.
*철학사 s. 哲學士 (붉을) (비홀) (선비) A master of philosophy.
*철학사상 s. 哲學思想 (붉을) (비홀) (상각) (싱각) Philosophical thought.
*철환ᄒᆞ다 s. 撤還 (것오칠) (도라올) To recall; to return.
*첨군즈 s. 僉君子 (다) (인군) (아돌) Gentlemen; the several superior men.
첨대 s. A pole used in picking fruit.
*첨두 s. 尖頭 (쎠죡) (머리) Vertex.
*첨만호 s. 僉萬戶 (다) (일만) (지게) Formerly the two ranks of *Chumsa* and *Manho*.
*첨망ᄒᆞ다 s. 瞻望 (볼) (바랄) To gaze; to look at.
*첨면 s 尖面 (쎠죡) (낯) A contorted face.
*첨목형 s. 尖木形 (쎠죡) (나무) (형상) Wedge-shaped; cuneiform.
*첨미 s. 尖尾 (쎠죡) (꼬리) Pintail, *Anas acuta*.
*첨소 s. 僉使 (다) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The captain of a guard.
*첨앙 s. 瞻仰 (볼) (우럴) To look up to with reverence. To think of. (Epist).
*첨예ᄒᆞ다 s 尖銳 (쎠죡) (날설) To be very sharp; to be razor-edged;—of persons. To be acute;—of cutting weapons or tools.
*첨위 s. 僉位 (다) (벼슬) The several gentlemen. (Epist.)
*첨의 s. 僉議 (다) (의론) A joint consulation. *See* 공론.
*첨원 s. 僉員 (다) (인원) The several gentlemen.
*첨원 s. 尖圓 (쎠죡) (둥굴) A cone.
*첨원도법 s. 尖圓圖法 (쎠죡) (둥굴) (그릴) (법) Conic projections.
*첨원례 s. 尖圓體 (쎠죡) (둥굴) (몸) Conoid.
*첨정 s. 僉正 (다) (바를) An official assistant of the rear rank, 4th degree.
*첨존 s. 僉尊 (다) (놉흘) The several gentlemen.
*첨지 s. 僉知 (다) (알) An assistant of the Pension Office—belonging to the front rank, 3rd degree.
*첨조 s. 籤子 (쳠세) (아돌) Chop-sticks that fit into a knife case.
*첨좌하 s. 僉座下 (다) (자리) (아래) The several gentlemen.
*첩 s. 妾 (쳡) A concubine. *See* 작은집. *Opp.* 쳐.
*첩경 s. 捷徑 (쎨을) (길) A short cut; an easy way.
첩며느리 A concubine daughter-in-law.
첩박다 s. 야; 은 To seal; to lock; to toboo.
*첩보 s. 捷報 (이길) (갑흘) News of victory
*첩부지도 s. 妾婦之道 (쳡) (지어미) (갈) (길) A woman's calling—flattery
*첩서 s. 捷書 (이길) (글) An official announcement of victory (in war).
*첩첩구구 s. 喋喋利口 (말잘흘) (말잘흘) (아돌) (입) A fluent and eloquent speaker. *See* 현하구변.
쳬 s. 篩 (*소) A sieve (질ᄒᆞ다) (메이다).
*쳬 s. 滯 (걸닐) Dyspepsia; indigestion. (ᄒᆞ다).
*쳬기 s. 滯氣 (막힐) (긔운) A stoppage of the "vital atmosphere"—as in indigestion. *See* 쳬증.
*쳬납 s. 滯納 (막힐) (드릴) The nonpayment of taxes.
*쳬류ᄒᆞ다 s. 滯留 (막힐) (머물) To stop, or stay.
*쳬물 s. 滯物 (막힐) (물건) A thing that causes indigestion
쳬얼판 s. A kind of covered horsehair cap worn in the country.
*쳬슈 s. 滯崇 (막힐) (벌이) Indigestion. (ᄆᆞᆯ나다).
*쳬신대신 s. 遞信大臣 (갈닐) (ᄆᆡᆺ을) (큰) (신하) Minister of Communications. Postmaster general.
*쳬신셩 s. 遞信省 (갈닐) (ᄆᆡᆺ을) (셩홀) Office of the Minister of Communications.
*쳬전부 s. 遞傳夫 (갈닐) (전홀) (지아비) A letter carrier; a mail man
*쳬증 s 滯症 (막힐) (증세) Indigestion; dyspepsia. *See* 쳬기.
쳬질ᄒᆞ다 s. 篩篩 (곤들 *소) (쳬 *소) To winnow; to put through a sieve.

*체지호다 s. 滯在 (막힐) (있을) To stop, or stay—as during a journey; to sojourn.

*체호다 s. 滯 (막힐) To have indigestion; to be obstructed as food in the stomach. *See* 언치다.

*청 s. 靑 (푸를) Blue color.

*청 s. 請 (청할) A request; an order.

*청 s. 廳 (마을) A hall; a court; a sub-prefecture. An office.

청가라 s. 騅 (*리) A dark colored horse.

청개고리 s. Cantharides.

*청각 s. 靑藿 (푸를) (미역—*곽) A kind of edible seaweed.

*청간 s. 請簡 (청할) (편지) A letter of invitation; a request by letter.

*청개고리 s. 靑蛙 (푸를) (개고리—*와) A small, green frog.

*청강석 s. 靑剛石 (푸를) (굳을) (돌) Blue granite.

*청강슈 s. 靑剛水 (푸를) (굳을) (물) Nitric acid.

*청결 s. 淸潔 (몱을) (몱을) Cleanness; purety. Honesty; righteousness.

*청결법 s. 淸潔法 (몱을) (몱을) (법) Cleaning ditches, sewers, etc. for hygienic purposes.

*청결비 s. 淸潔費 (몱을) (몱을) (비) Money raised as taxes to be used for sanitary purposes.

*청결호다 s. 淸潔 (몱을) (몱을) To be clean; to be pure.

*청교호다 s. 淸高 (몱을) (높을) To be refined and noble. *See* 고샹호다

*청구 s. 請求 (청할) (구할) Demand; claim.

*청구권 s. 請求權 (청할) (구할) (권세) Right of claim.

*청구셔 s. 請求書 (청할) (구할) (글) A petition.

*청구호다 s. 請求 (청할) (구할) To demand or claim; to ask for

*청국 s. 淸國 (몱을) (나라) China. *See* 대청.

청국장 s. Unseasoned soy.

*청쥬 s. 請客 (청할) (손—*객) One bribed to intercede for another.

청과 s. 靑瓜 (푸를) (외) Cucumber pickles. (당으다).

*청관 s. 淸館 몱을 (객사) A Chinese settlement.

청깡어 s. The smelt.

*청금 s. 靑衿 (푸를) (옷깃) A scholar; the literati. A graduate.

*청기와 s. 靑瓦 (푸를) (기와—*와) Blue tiles—of ancient manufacture.

*청기와장수 s. 靑瓦商 (푸를) (기와—*와 장수 *상) The late merchant of ancient China, who died without revealing the mystery of his trade.

*청나라 s. 淸國 (몱을) (나라—*국) The present Chinese dynasty. *See* 청국

*청년 s. 靑年 (푸를) (히) Youth; the green and salad days of youth. *See* 청츈.

*청년과부 s. 靑年寡婦 푸를 (과부) 젊은 (여자) 머느리) A young widow. *See* 청츈과슈.

*청년시덕 s. 靑年時代 (푸를) (히) (때) (덕선) The time of youth.

*청년회 s. 靑年會 (푸를) (히) (모둘) A young peoples' association.

*청단 s. 請單 (청할) (글) An invitation.

*청담 s. 淸談 (몱을) (말숨) Noted sayings.

*청담미 s. 靑粘米 (푸를) (찰) (낱) Glutinous ash-colored millet.

*청데 s. 靑帝 (푸를) (님금) The spirit of the East or Spring.

*청도 s. 淸道 (몱을 길) (perfect) Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35,35. Long. 128,42. A kind of flag as used in war.

*청동 s. 靑銅 (푸를) (구리) Bronze.

*청동화로 s. 靑銅火爐 푸를 구리 (화로) A bronze brazier. *Also* 쳔동화로.

*청디 s. 靑地 (푸를) (짜) Blue or green ground (as of cloth).

*청딕 s. 靑黛 (푸를) (검을) Indigo used as a dye or medicine.

*청딕콩 s. 靑太 (푸를) (콩—*태) Green peas—used as food.

*청결호다 s. 淸潔 (몱을) (청렴) To be clean-handed; to be honest. *See* 쥭빅호다.

*청됴리 s. 淸料理 (몱을) (다스릴) (다스릴) Chinese food.

*청룡 s. 靑龍 푸를 룡 The green dragon—the left side (a geomantic term).

*청룡발 s. 靑龍 (푸를) 룡) (왼발 —*록) A geomantic term—the left side. *See* 빅호발.

*청룡도 s. 靑龍刀 푸를 룡) (칼) The Green Dragon Blade. the Sword of Kwan Kong.

*청루 s. 靑樓 (푸를) (다락) A brothel. (Comp.) *See* 화방.

*청루주소 *s.* 青樓酒肆 (푸를) (다락) (술) (저자) A house of prostitution and a wine-shop.

*청류 *s.* 淸流 (맑을) (흐를) A clear stream. *See* 수림.

청머루 *s.* A kind of mountain bush bearing red berries.

*청만 *s.* 青巒 (푸를) (뫼부리) A mountain; a hill.

*청명 *s.* 淸明 (맑을) (밝을) "Clear and bright"—one of the twenty four solar periods occuring about April 5th. *See* 한식.

*청명서절 *s.* 淸明時節 (맑을) (밝을) (때) (마디) A festival

*청명하다 *v.* 淸明 (맑은 (밝을 To be clear and bright.

*청물 *s.* 青染 (푸를) (물드릴—*염) Blue or green dye.

*청미 *s.* 淸米 (맑을) (쌀) Chinese rice.

청미리 *s.* 菝葜 (푸를—*백) (쌀머루—*라) A kind of wisteria.

*청매 *s.* 青梅 (푸를) (매화) Preserved green plums.

*청맹관이 *s.* 淸盲 (맑을) (관수) A blind person whose eyes nevertheless appear perfect. *See* 맹인.

*청벽 *s.* 青壁 (푸를) (벽돌) Blue bricks. *See* 흥벽.

*청병 *s.* 淸兵 (맑을) (군사) Chinese soldiers.

*청병장 *s.* 請兵將 (청할) (군사) (장슈) Generals sent to the help of a country or tributary state in distress.

*청병하다 *s.* 請兵 (청할) (군사) To ask for troops.

*청비 *s.* 淸匪 (나라) (비도) Chinese rebels.

*청비 *s.* 廳費 (마을) (허비) Office expenses.

*청빈리 *s.* 淸白吏 (맑을) (흰) (아전) A clean-handed magistrate.

*청빅미 *s.* 淸白米 (맑을) (흰) (쌀) Superior white rice.

*청빅하다 *s.* 淸白 (맑을) (흰) To be unsullied; to be free from avarice or cruelty. *See* 렴렴하다.

*청산 *s.* 青山 (푸를, 뫼, Green hills; a prefect in Chung-chong-do. Lat. 36.15. Long. 127.53.

*청산류수 *s.* 青山流水 (푸를, 뫼) (흐를) (물) Green hills and flowing water - eloquent speech.

*청산화크로미엄 *s.* 青酸化 ..... (푸를) (실) (될) .... . Green Oxide of Chromium.

*청상 *s.* 青孀 (푸를) (과부) A young widow. *See* 청년과부.

*청샤 *s.* 青蛇 (푸를 (비얌) A green snake. *See* 흑사.

*청상 *s.* 青裳 (푸를) (치마) A blue apron.

*청상 *s.* 淸商 (맑을) (장사) A Chinese merchant.

*청상비하다 *s.* 廳上拜 (마을) (웃) (절) To enter the hall and bow—as of underlings. *Opp.* 하령비하다.

*청상조 *s.* 青箱子 (푸를) (상조) (아들) Seeds of the cockscomb flower, *Celosia Cristata.*

*청서 *s.* 淸書 (맑을) (글) A fair copy. *See* 정서.

*청서모 *s.* 青鼠毛 (푸를) (쥐) (털억) Black weasel's hair —for pens.

*청셔피 *s.* 青鼠皮 (푸를) (쥐) (가죽) Black weasel skins.

*청석 *s.* 青石 (푸를) (돌) Slates for roofing

*청션 *s.* 青扇 (푸를) (부채) Blue or green fans.

*청션 *s.* 淸船 (맑을) (비) A Chinese junk.

*청송 *s.* 青松 (푸를) (솔) A pine tree; a perfect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.30. Long. 128.53.

*청슈하다 *s.* 淸秀 (맑을) (빼여날) To be elegant, t be refined, to be grand; to be imposing. *See* 슈려하다

*청승 *s.* 青蠅 푸를 (파리) Green bottle fly.

청승스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be sad looking; to be pathetic; to be pitiful.

*청시 *s.* 淸市 (맑을) (저자) A Chinese shop.

*청심샤 *s.* 淸心丹 맑을 (마음) (붉 (One pure in heart.

*청심환 *s.* 淸心丸 (맑을) (마음) (환자) Pills that clear the head and restore vitality

*청사 *s.* 青絲 (푸를) (실) Blue thread.

*청사 *s.* 廳使 (마을) (부릴) Prison servants.

*청송 *s.* 青森 (푸를) (숨숨홀) Aomori in Japan.

*청아하다 *s.* 淸雅 (맑을) (맑을) To be elegant; to be refined; to be imposing; to be beautiful. *See* 아담하다.

*청악 *s.* 淸樂 (맑을) (풍류) Chinese music.

*청안 s. 淸安 (몸을) (편안) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.48. Long. 127.35.

*청안수 s. 淸眼水 (몸을) (눈) (물) Eye-water.

*청알ᄒᆞ다 s. 請謁 (청호) (보일) To ask for an interview.

*청야 s. 淸夜 (몸을) (밤) A fine night.

*청양산 s. (냥) 靑陽傘 (푸를) (볕) (일산) A dark blue umbrella banner, carried before the heir apparent. *See* 양산.

*청양 s. 靑陽 (푸를) (볕) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.27. Long. 127.08.

*청어 s. 靑魚 (푸를) (고기) The herring. *See* 비웃.

*청어 s. 淸語 (몸을) (말숨) The Chinese spoken language. *See* 한어.

*청염 s. 淸鹽 (몸을) (소곰) Chinese salt.

*청염 s. 靑鹽 (푸를) (소곰) Soda.

청오라 s. The "blue rope" of the chief officer of the common prison. (*p'ŏjang*).

*청우계 s. 晴雨計 (갤) (비) (게교) A barometer.

*청운 s. 靑雲 (푸를) (구름) Blue clouds; the empyrean—used of advancement in official life.

청을치 s. The inner tough bark of the *Pueraria* creeper. *Also* 츩을치.

*청음 s. 淸音 (몸을) (소리) The pure sound of consonants.

*청의 s. 靑衣 (푸를) (옷) Blue clothes—worn by scholars.

*청의동ᄌᆞ s. 靑衣童子 (푸를) (옷) (아ᄒᆞᆯ) A boy with a blue suit.

*청의서 s. 請議書 (청호) (의론) (글) An application.

*청의ᄒᆞ다 s. 請議 (청호) (의론) To apply.

*청인 s. 淸人 (몸을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Chinaman.

*청와 s. 靑蛙 (푸를) (개고리) A tree-frog.

*청원 s. 請願 (청호) (원홀) A petition; a request, a resignation.

*청원서 s. 請願書 (청호) (원홀) (글) A written petition.

*청원ᄒᆞ다 s. 請願 (청호) (원홀) To beg; to request; to prefer a petition; to make a request. To resign.

*청장 s. 靑帳 (푸를) (장막) A blue cloth screen—the sign of a wine-shop.

*청장ᄒᆞ다 s. 淸賬 (푸를) (문셔) To clear off debt; to get a clear receipt. *See* 마감ᄒᆞ다.

*청전 s. 請錢 (청호) (돈) A bribe paid to one who intercedes.

*청전구물 s. 靑氈舊物 (푸를) (전) (볏) (물건) Heirlooms. *See* 세전지물.

*청정세계 s. 淸淨世界 (몸을) (몸을) (인간) (경계) The pure world—used of a Buddhist monastery.

*청정이 s. 淸正 (몸을, 바를) A name given to Kato a famous Japanese general of the war of the 18th century. *See* 가등청정.

*청조 s. 淸朝 (몸을) (아청) The "pure dynasty" the Manchu Tartars or present rulers of China.

*청주 s. 淸州 (몸을, 고을) A prefect in Chung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.41. Long. 127.38.

*청주 s. 淸酒 (몸을) (술) Clear wine; unmixed spirit. *See* 약주.

*청지 s. 靑紙 (푸를) (조희) Blue colored paper.

*청직 s. 淸職 (몸을) (벼슬) A desirable office—as of rank specially honorable without regard to degrees.

청직이 s. 廳人 (경인 -*경) (사ᄅᆞᆷ-*인) An office boy. *See* 경인.

*청자 s. 靑磁 (푸를) (지남셕) *Celadon* porcelain.

*청천강 s. 淸川江 (몸을) (내) (물) A river in Pyŏng-an-Do (An-ju).

*청청빅빅 s. 淸淸白白 (몸을) (몸을) (흴) (흴) Respectable; unsullied; clean-handed.

*청청ᄒᆞ다 s. 靑靑 (푸를) (푸를) To be bright blue; to be green. To be illustrious.

*청초 s. 靑草 (푸를) (풀) Green tobacco as used early in the season.

*청초ᄒᆞ다 s. 請招 (청호) (부를) To call or invite.

*청촉 s. 請囑 (청호) (청촉홀) A request; a solicitation.

*청촉ᄒᆞ다 s. 請囑 (청호) (청촉홀) To ask for; to solicit; to request.

*청춘 s. 靑春 (푸를) (봄) Green spring—the green and salad days of youth. *See* 청년.

*청춘쇼년 s. 靑春少年 (푸를) (봄) (젊을) (히) A young man in the bloom of youth.

*청칠 s. 青漆 (푸를) (옻칠) Green lacquer.

*청책 s. 淸册 (몸을) (책) A list; a register; a table.

*청컨더 s. 請 (청할) An introductory *sāguen* form having the force of "please." *See* 원컨더.

*청탁 s. 淸濁 (몸을) (흐릴) Clear and obscure; pure and impure.

*청태 s. 青太 (푸를) (콩) Green peas used as food.

*청천 s. 晴天 (가일) (하늘) A clear sky bright and still weather.

*청천 s. 青天 (푸를) (하늘) The blue sky

*청천빅일지하 s. 青天白日之下 (푸를) (하늘) (흰) (날) (갈) (아래) Under a blue sky and a bright sun—used of taking an oath.

*청천식 s. 青天色 (푸를) (하늘) (빛) A sky blue color.

*청천지하 s. 青天之下 (푸를) (하늘) (갈) (아래) Under the blue heaven—used in taking a solemn oath. *See* 명천지하.

*청철 s. 青鐵 (푸를) (쇠) Inferior bronze.

*청태 s. 青苔 (푸를) (이끼) Moss; lichen; seaweed.

*청태장 s. 青苔杖 (푸를) (끌기힌) (짐힐이) An ash stick used as a small *yamen* paddle.

*청편지 s. 請簡 (청할) (편지—*간) A letter of intercession. *See* 청간.

*청포 s. 淸泡 (몸을) (거품) Paste made of green lentils. *See* 묵.

*청포 s. 青袍 (푸를) (도포) A green outer coat—worn by the literati.

*청포전 s. 青布廛 (푸를) (베) (전) Store for the sale of dry goods.

*청풍 s. 淸風 (프를) (바람) A fresh wind; a clear breeze. The name of a district to North Chung-chong.

*청풍등 s. 青風藤 (푸를) (바람) (등나무) Saba.

*청피 s. 青皮 (푸를) (가죽) Green orange-peel—a medicine.

*청한 s. 淸閒 (몸을) (한가) Calm; serene; composed; retired.

*청한호다 s. 淸閒 (몸을) (한가) To be comfortable; to be respectable; to be in easy circumstances.

*청향 s. 淸香 (몸을) (향긔) Fragrance; sweet scent.

*청혼호다 s. 請婚 (청할) (혼인) To ask in marriage. *See* 구혼호다.

*청홍사 s. 青紅絲 (푸를) (붉을) (실) Red thread or string.

*청홍식 s. 青紅色 (푸를 (붉을 (빛) Blue and red color.

청호처 s. The inner tough bark of the *pueraria* creeper.

*청호다 s. 請 (청할) To invite; to beg; to request. *See* 원호다.

*청화 s. 青華 (푸를) (빛남) Woad. *Tasta tinctoria.*

*청화 s. 淸華 (몸을) (빛남) Splendid, refined; magnificent. (호다.)

*청환 s. 淸宦 (몸을) (벼슬) Illustrious rank—as that which has to do with ancient writings and literature. *See* 화직.

*청황젹뵉흑 s. 青黃赤白黑 (푸를) (누루) (붉을) (흰) (검을 Green, yellow, red, white and black. *See* 오식.

초 s. 醋 (*ᄎᆞ) Vinegar. (치다).

*초 s. 楚 (나라) The name of a feudal state of China that existed from 740 to 300 B.C.

*초 s. 初 (처음) The first; the beginning—as used with days and hours.

*초 s. 草 (끌) The "grass character"—in writing. The first copy or rough draft of a work. (호다) (잡다).

*초가 s. 草家 (풀) (집) A thatched house. *Opp.* 와가.

초가을 s. 初秋 (처음) (가을—*츄) The first autumn—the 7th moon. *See* 종츄.

*초각 s. 初角 (처음) (쎌) Epoch.

*초갑 s. 草匣 (풀) (갑) A tobacco-pouch. *See* 쌈지.

*초개 s. 草芥 (풀) (검불) A mustard stalk—a worthless thing.

*초건 s. (—션) 草件 (풀) (발) The rough copy, the rough outline; the manuscript

*초검 s. 初檢 (처음) (샹쇼홈) The first official inquest over a dead body. *See* 검시

*초견 s. 初見 (처음) (볼) Re-perusal; a second view. *See* 지견.

*초견판 s. 初見版 (처음) (볼) (조각) Re perusal; a second view. *See* 지견판

*초결명 s. 草決明 (풀) (결단) (붉을) *Cathyrus Davidii.*

*초계 s. 初季 (처음) (끌제) Spring Tides.

*초계 s. 草溪 (풀) (시내) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.40. Long. 125.20.

*초계 s. 草啓 (풀) (열) A petition presented to the king.

*초계탕 s. 草鷄湯 (풀) (돍) (끓을) Cold chicken soup mixed with onions.

*초경 s. 初更 (처음) (곳칠) The first of the five night-watches. *See* 초저녁.

*초고 s. 醋膏 (초) (기름) Acetic extract.

초고리 s. A small species of falcon.

초군초군하다 s. To do carefully; to act slowly.

*초근 s. 草根 (풀) (뿌리) The root of a plant.

*초과 s. 草記 (풀) (기록) A petition to the king—from a government office.

*초길 s. 初吉 (처음) (길흉) The first of the moon. (B. O.) *See* 길일.

*초김 s. 草笛 (풀) (더—*떡) A leaf whistle. (불다) *See* 피리.

*초과 s. 草菓 (풀) (실과) The ovoid cardamon, *Amomum medium.*

*초남덕 s. 初男胎 (처음) (사나희) (덕) The placenta of the first son born. A stupid character.

*초년 s. 初年 (처음) (히) The first year of a period. *See* 올년; 만년.

*초년고생 s. 初年苦生 (처음) (히) (괴로울) (날) Youthful hardships. A sign in fortune telling.

*초내 s. 草內 (풀) (안) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.00. Long. 126.3?

초달 s. 苕撻 (나라 종아리칠 Imain; the calves of the legs. A rod with which to beat the calves of the legs. *See* 달초.

*초당 s. 草堂 (풀) (집) A straw-thatched hut—in a retired quarter.

*초도 s. 初度 (처음) (지날) The first time.

*초도 s. 草島 (풀) (섬) An island in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.48. Long. 128.50.

*초도순의 s. 初度巡儀 (처음) (지날) (니길 거동) The procession of a royal funeral procession.

*초동 s. 初冬 (처음) (겨울) The beginning of winter; early winter.

*초두 s. 初頭 (처음) (머리) The beginning; the commencement. *See* 비두.

*초두 s. 草頭 (풀) (머리) The name of the 14th Chinese radical (艹).

*초두구 s. 草豆蔻 (풀) (팟) (풀) *Amomum globosum*

*초등 s. 初等 (처음) (무리) The commencement; the beginning, the first.

*초등기하학 s. 初等幾何學 (처음) (무리) (긔) (하) (배홀) Elementary geometry.

*초등대수학 s. 初等代數學 (처음) (무리) (디신) (두어) (배홀) Elementary algebra.

*초등소학 s. 初等小學 (처음) (무리) (적을) (배홀) A primer; a first book.

*초등과 s. 初等課 (처음) (무리) (공부) Elementary study.

*초대 s. 初對 (처음) (대홀) A green hand; an unskilful person. *See* 숫부이.

초라하다 s. To be low; to be mean; to be inferior; to be improper. To be dangerous.

*초로 s. 草露 (풀) (이슬) Dew on the grass—human life.

*초로인생 s. 草露人生 (풀) (이슬) 사롬 (날 Man's life is like dew upon the grass—transient.

*초록 s. 草綠 (풀) (푸를 Grass-green color.

*초료 s. 草料 (풀) (헤아릴) An official letter by which a traveler obtains all he needs from the officials of the districts through which he passes. (치다) (치르다).

*초롱당 s. 草龍膽 (풀) (룡) (쓸개) *Gentiana scabra.*

초름하다 s. To be low, to be mean; to be inferior. To be partial; to be in part.

초리 s. The end; the outside.

*초립 s. 草笠 (풀) (갓) A straw hat—worn by a newly married youth.

초마 s. 裙 (치마—*군) A woman's apron. *See* 치마.

*초막 s. 草幕 (풀) (막) A straw-thatched hut—as attached to a Buddhist monastery.

*초면 s. 初面 (처음) (낯) The first sight; the first acquaintance. *See* 상면.

*초면친구 s. 初面親舊 (처음) (낯) (친홀) (뉘) A friend of first acquaintance.

*초목 s 草木 (풀) (무나) Plants and trees.

*초목금수 s 草木禽獸 (풀) (나무) (새) (즘성) Plants, trees, birds and animals.

*초무시리 s 初無是理 (처음) (업슬) (이) (리치) No such law.

초미에가오리탕 *s.* Like ray soup at first taste—of what is unpleasant or fails from the beginning.

*초민ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 草昧 (풀) (어두울) To be early, primitive, or uncivilized.

*초방석 *s.* 草方席 (풀) (모) (자리) A grass mat.

*초번 *s.* 初番 (처음) (번들) The first; first. *See* 처음.

*초범 *s.* 初犯 (처음) (범ᄒᆞᆫ) A first offence. *Opp.* 지범.

*초벽 *s.* 初壁 (처음) 바를벽) A first coat of plaster. (지다.) *Opp.* 지벽.

*초보 *s.* 初步 (처음) (거름) The first step; a primer.

*초본 *s.* 初本 (처음) (ᄎᆞᆨ) A first proof.

*초복 *s.* 初伏 (처음) (엎ᄃᆡᆯ) The first of the three divisions of the "dog days." *Opp.* 중복.

*초분 *s.* 初分 (처음) (논홀) Early days; youth—as used by magicians. *See* 말분.

*초빈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 草殯 (풀) (빈소) To cover a corpse with a mat—until burial preparations are made. *See* 졸빈ᄒᆞ다.

*초산 *s.* 楚山 (나라) (뫼) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 40.40. Long. 125.45.

*초산 *s.* 醋酸 (초) (실) Acidum Aceticum.

*초산너터 *s.* 醋酸 ..... (초) (실) .. ... Ethyl Acetate.

*초산모르핀액 *s.* 醋酸 . . . 液 (초) (실) . . (진) Liquor Morphinae Acetatis.

*초산쏘듸염 *s.* 醋酸 .... (초) (실) . .. Sodii Acetas.

*초산아연 *s.* 醋酸亞鉛 (초) (실) (버금) (납) Zinci Acetas.

*초산암모니염액 *s.* 醋酸 .. . 液 (초) (실) . .. (진) Liquor Ammonii Acetatis.

*초산연 *s.* 醋酸鉛 (초) (실) (납) Plumbi Acetatis.

*초산연 *s.* 醋酸塩 (초) (실) (소금) Acetates.

*초산연유고 *s.* 醋酸鉛油膏 (초) (실) (납) (기름) (기름) Unguentum Plumbi Acetatis.

*초산딩명긔 *s.* 醋酸鐵丁幾 (초) (실) (쇠) (정령) (ᄆᆞᆺ) Tinctura Ferri Acetatis.

*초산딩액 *s.* 醋酸鐵液 (초) (실) (쇠) (진) Liquor Ferri Acetatis.

*초산포타시염 *s.* 醋酸 .. . (초) (실) ..... Potassii Acetas.

*초산호 *s.* 草珊瑚 (풀) (산호) (산호) *Chloranthus brachystachys.*

*초상 *s.* 初喪 (처음, 상소) A case of mourning; a death—in a family. (나다) (치르다). *See* 상소.

*초서 *s.* 草書 (풀) (글) The "grass character" or running hand *Opp.* 정서.

*초석 *s.* 草席 (풀) (돗) A straw mat.

*초순 *s.* 初旬 (처음) (열흘) The first of the three decades of a moon. *See* 초성.

*초시 *s.* 初試 (처음) (시험) The primary examination of candidates for government *Kwakŏ.*

*초심 *s.* 初審 (처음) (ᄉᆞᆰ힐) Preliminary judicial examination. *Opp.* 지심.

*초ᄉᆞ *s.* 初仕 (처음) (버슬) One's first billet; the first rank.

*초싱 *s.* 初生 (처음) (날) The first third of the moon.

*초야 *s.* 草野 (풀) (들) Country districts, farming lands.

*초야에 *s.* 初也 (처음) (잇기) At first, in the beginning. *See* 당초에

*초엄 *s.* 初嚴 (처음) (엄ᄒᆞᆫ) The first announcement by trumpet—of the king's proceeding on a royal progress.

*초우 *s.* 初虞 (처음) (나라) The sacrifice offered on the day of burial—after leaving the grave.

*초입 *s.* 初入 (처음) (들) Entrance upon office. The opening; the entrance. *Opp.* 중간.

*초월 *s.* 初月 (처음) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The new moon.

*초잉 *s.* 楚芿 (나라) (나라) Kingdoms *Cho* and *Wul*—Enemies.

*초잡다 *s.* 草 (풀) 아; 은 To begin, to commence. To write out a first copy.

*초장 *s.* 草葬 (풀) (장소) The grass burial—in which a body is thatched over and left above ground for future burial. *See* 초빈.

*초장 *s.* 初場 (처음) (마당) The first of the three writings in an examination. The opening of a market.

*초장 *s.* 醋醬 (초) (장) Soy mixed with vinegar.

*초장 *s.* 初章 (처음) (글장) The first verse of a song. The first of a triplet when quoting verses that contain a given character.

*초장 *s.* 草場 (풀) (마당) A grass field; pasture land. *See* 쇠장.

*초장초 *l.* 酸醋草 (초) (장) (풀) Wood sorrel.

*초저녁 *s.* 初昏 (처음) (어두울—*홀) The first twilight of evening. *See* 황혼; 초경.

*초적 *s.* 草賊 (풀) (도적) A petty robber; pilferers.

*초절 *s.* 草截 (풀) (도적) Harvesting grain. (B.H.).

*초종 *s.* 初終 (처음) (모칠) The beginning and the end. Laying out a body for burial. (치르다).

*초줍장호다 *s.* 初中章 (처음 (가온디) (글장) To quote passages from classic poetry that contain a given character.

초죽엄되다 *s.* 幾死 (거의—*기) (죽을 *소이어, 될 To be beaten terribly.

초즘종 *s.* 初中終 (처음) 가온디) (모칠) At all times; always; constantly.

*초직 *s.* 初職 (처음) (버슬) The first billet. *See* 초소.

초집게 *s.* A candle-snuffers.

*초창호다 *s.* 草創 (풀) (비로솔) To begin; to make a start.

*초천주 *s.* 草千字 (풀) (일천) (글주) Grass or running hand.

*초청 *s.* 初晴 (처음) (기일, The beginning of the clearing of the weather.

*초초호다 *s.* 草草 (풀) (풀) To be neglected, to be obscure.

*초츄 *s.* 初秋 (처음) (가을) The beginning of autumn; the early fall.

*초츈 *s.* 初春 (처음) (봄) The beginning of spring; early spring.

*초취 *s.* 初吹 (처음) (불) The first sound of the trumpet—on an officer's passing through the gates.

*초취 *s.* 初娶 (처음) (장가갈) A first marriage. *See* 재취.

초친놈 *s.* A dissipated character; a dissolute fellow. (Prov.).

*초초 *s.* 初次 (처음) 버금) The first; the beginning. *See* 초야.

*초토 *s.* 草土 (풀) (흙) "Grass and earth" with which a corpse is lightly covered during the mourning period.

*초판 *s.* 初板 (처음) (판) The first; first; a green hand. *Opp.* 중판. The first edition of a book. *See* 재판.

*초하 *s.* 初夏 (처음) (녀름) Early summer.

*초학 *s.* 初瘧 (처음) (학질) The first attack—of ague.

*초학 *s.* 初學 (처음) (비홀) Elementary studies.

*초학입덕지문 *s.* 初學入德之門 (처음, (비홀) (들) 른) (갈, (덕) Elementary study of the classics. A beginner—in study. *See* 몽학.

*초항 *s.* 初項 (처음) (목) First term.

*초헌 *s.* 初獻 (처음) (도릴) The first glass at an official sacrifice to ancestors.

*초헌관 *s.* 初獻官 (처음) (드릴) (버슬) The officer who presents the first glass of spirit at an official ancestral sacrifice.

*초혜 *s.* 草鞋 (풀) (신) Straw shoes; straw sandals. *See* 짚신.

*초혼 *s.* 初昏 (처음) (어두울) Twilight; the first darkness of evening. *See* 초경.

*초힝 *s.* 初行 (처음) (둔닐) A first trip; a first journey.

*초화 *s.* 草花 (풀) (꼿) A flowering plant.

*초혜 *s.* 草鞋 (풀) (신) Straw shoes; string sandals.

*촉 *s.* 鏃 (살촉) An arrow-head; a steel point.

*촉갑 *s.* 促甲 (지촉) (돕) An official order urging the immediate payment of tax contributions.

*촉고 *s.* 數罟 (빅빅홀) (그물고) A close-meshed net; a net with small meshes. (M.).

*촉급호다 *s.* 促急 (지촉) (급홀) To urge; to press; to stimulate. *See* 박두호다.

*촉관 *s.* 促關 (지촉) (관고) An order urging an officer to his duty.

촉새부리 *s.* A person with a beak-shaped mouth.

*촉슈호다 *s.* 促壽 (지촉) (목숨) To invite death; to squander away one's life. *See* 갑슈호다.

촉작닥이 *s.* A coolie-rack support with a spike in it.

촉촉호다 *s.* To be dampish; to be slightly wet. *See* 축츅호다.

*촉훈 *s.* 促訓 (지촉) (구르칠) An order of haste.

*촌 *l.* 寸 (마듸) An inch—one tenth of a Korean foot. A degree in relationship.

*촌 *s.* 村 (마을) A village; a hamlet. *See* 마을.

*촌가 *s.* 村家 (마을) (집) A village house; rural dwellings.

*촌계판청 s. 村鷄官廳 (마을) (닭) (벼슬) (마을) A rustic; a green countryman.

*촌극 l. 寸隙 (마디) (틈) An inch of space; the smallest space. A moment of leisure; the least interval of time.

*촌관척 l. 寸關尺 (마디 (집) (자) The part of the forearm near the palm where physicians feel the pulse.

*촌놈 s. 村漢 (마을) (놈—*한) Village fellows. *Opp.* 읍한.

*촌동 s. 村童 (마을 (어린) \ peasant child.

*촌락 s. 村落 (마을) (떨어질) A village; a settlement.

*촌락이 s. 村落 (마을) (떨어질) Village rustics. (Low.).

*촌려 s. 村閭 (마을) (마을) Villages; towns.

*촌명 s. 村名 (마을) (일홈) The name of a village.

*촌민 s. 村民 (마을) (빅성) Villagers.

*촌맥 l. 寸脈 (마디) (맥) The pulse nearest the hand—there are said to be three corresponding to the three fingers by which felt.

*촌보 l. 寸步 (마디) (거름) A step; the slightest move of the foot.

*촌빅츙 l. 寸白虫 (마디) (흰) (벌레) The tape-worm. *See* 촌츙.

*촌수 l. 寸數 (마딕) (두어) The number of degrees—in relationship. (되다).

촌스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be rude; to be unfinished; to be uncouth.

*촌음 l. 寸陰 (마디) (그늘) An inch on the sun-dial; the smallest division of time.

*촌인 s. 村人 (마을) (사롬) Villagers.

*촌장 s. 村長 (마을) (어룬) The mayor of a village.

*촌초걸식호다 s. 村村乞食 (마을) (마을) (빌) (밥) To travel from village to village begging. *See* 돌이개걸.

*촌촌이 s. 村村 (마을) (마을) Every village. *See* 면면이.

*촌츙 l. 寸虫 (마디) (벌레) A tape-worm. *See* 촌빅츙.

*촌츙약 l. 寸蟲藥 (마디) (벌레) (약) Tape-worm medicine.

*촌탁호다 l. 村度 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) To guess; to see through. (M.).

*촌텰 l. 寸鐵 (마디) (쇠) An inch of iron, the smallest weapon.

*촌토 l. 寸土 (마디) (흙) An inch of ground; the smallest particle of land.

*촌항 s. 村巷 (마을) (구렁텅이) A street —of a village.

*촐낭거리다 s. 거려; 란 To be frivolous; to be vain; to be empty; to rat:'e.

촐낭촐낭 s. Shaking—as water in a bottle. Rattle-brained. *See* 촐낭거리다.

촐촐호다 s. l. To have an appetite for food. *See* 출출호다.

촘촘호다 s. 密密 (쎅쎅—*밀) (쎅쎅—*밀) To be thick; to be numerous; to be dense. *See* 쎅쎅호다.

*최간항 l. 最簡項 (마장) (간략홀 (목) Lowest Term.

*최고공인수 l. 最高公因數 (마장) (높흘) (공번될) (인홀) (두어) Highest common factor.

*최고한란계 l. 最高寒暖計 (마장) (높흘) (찰) (더울) (계교) Maximum thermometer.

*최고호다 l. 最高 (마장) (높흘) To be the very highest.

*최규서 s. 崔奎瑞 (높흘) (별) (상서) A. D. 1726. F S. 瀋州 N P. 少陵. A noted scholar and minister of Kyongjong.

*최근호다 l. 最近 (마장) (갓가울) To be very near or intimate.

*최급무 l. 最急務 (마장) (급홀, (힘쓸) A matter of greatest importance.

*최긴호다 l. 最緊 (마장) (긴홀) To be very important.

*최다수 l. 最多數 (마장) (만흘) (두어) The highest number.

*최다호다 l. 最多 (마장) (만흘) To be most numerous.

*최단선 l. 最短線 (마장) (짤을) (실) Geodecision line.

*최대공약수 l. 最大公約數 (마장) (큰) (귀인) (간략) (두어) Greatest common divisor.

*최대압력 l. 最大壓力 (마장) (큰) (누를) (힘) Maximum pressure; maximum tension

*최뎌공분모 l. 最低公分母 (마장) (낮질) (공번될) (논홀) (어미) Lowest common denominator

*최뎌공배수 l. 最低公倍數 (마장) (낮질) (공번될) (곱뵈) (두어) Lowest common multiple

*최뎌한란계 l. 最低寒暖計 (마장) (낮질) (찰) (더울) (계교) Minimum thermometer.

*최말 f. 最末 (ᄌᆡ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) The very last; the very poorest. *See* 최후.

*최면술 s. 催眠術 (최) (면) (술) Mesmerism.

*최면약 s. 催眠藥 (최) (면) (약) A medicine which induces sleep; a soporific; a narcotic.

*최면제 s. 催眠劑 (최) (면) (제) Soporific hypnotic.

*최문김 s. 崔文衿 (최) (문) (김) (길) A.D. 1023. F.S. 경주 N.P. 포천 A noted scholar of the time of Son-jo.

*최상 f. 最上 (ᄌᆡ) (상) The very best; the finest of all *See* 극상.

*최상등 f. 最上等 (ᄌᆡ) (상) (등) (무리) The highest degree.

*최석정 s. 崔錫鼎 (최) (석) (정) A.D. 1701. F.S. 경주 N.P. 명곡. A Prime minister and noted scholar of the time of Suk-jong.

*최석홍 s. 崔錫恒 (최) (석) (항) A.D. 1714. F.S. 경주 N.P. 월사. A famous prime minister of the time of Suk-jong.

*최선부 f. 最先務 (ᄌᆡ) (선) (무) (힘쓸) The very first work of all.

*최선하다 f. 最善 (ᄌᆡ) (착) To be very good.

*최속장선 f. 最速長線 (ᄌᆡ) (속) (장) (선) (누ᄅᆞᆯ) (실) Brachystochrone.

*최소공분모 f. 最小公分母 (ᄌᆡ) (소) (공) (분) (모) (공번될) (논) (어미) Least common denominator.

*최소하다 f. 最小 (ᄌᆡ) (소) To be exceedingly small.

*최소공배수 f. 最小公倍數 (ᄌᆡ) (소) (공) (배) (수) (공번될) (곱비) 두어 Least common multiple.

*최소공분모법 s. 最小通分母法 (ᄌᆡ) (소) (통) (분) (모) (법) Least common denominator.

*최수성 s. 崔壽峸 (최) (수) (성) (뫼) N.P. 영주. A noted artist and picture maker of the time of Chung-chong.

최알 s. A bow-shaped instrument for keeping the warp stretched in weaving.

*최의하다 s. 崔嵬 (최) (의) To stand above the clouds; to be prominent; to be steep.

*최우등 f. 最優等 (ᄌᆡ) (우) (무리) Highest number of marks, number one is examinations. *See* 우등.

*최윤덕 s. 崔潤德 (최) (윤) (덕) A.D. 1419-1451. A man of great physical strength and virtue.

*최유선 s. 崔惟善 (최) (유) (선) (오직) (착할) Second son of Choi-ch'ung N.P. (秋灘).

*최이하다 f. 最卑 (ᄌᆡ) (ᄇᆡ) To be small; to be insignificant, to be unconspicuous.

*최이애하다 f. 最愛 (ᄌᆡ) (애) To love most of all.

*최중하다 f. 最重 (ᄌᆡ) (중) To be most important or heavy.

*최초 f. 最初 (ᄌᆡ) (처음) The very first. *See* 이초.

*최촉하다 s. 催促 (최) (촉) To urge; to impel. *See* 재촉하다.

*최충 s. 崔冲 (최) (충) 어질 A great scholar and general of Kyong-ju, in reign of Mu-jong A.D. 1047-1082 F.S. Ha-i N.P. Wol-p'ung 월봉.

*최치규 s. 崔致圭 (최) (일원) (홀) A.D. 1419-1451. A great writer, author of *Mu-mun-nok*.

*최치원 s. 崔致遠 (최) (일원) (멀) A famous scholar of Kyong-ju, Silla in reign of Hon-jong A.D. 876-887. N.P. Ko-eun (孤雲).

*최친하다 f. 最親 (ᄌᆡ) (친) To be most friendly of all.

*최하 f. 最下 (ᄌᆡ) (아래) The lowest.

*최하등 f. 最下等 (ᄌᆡ) (아래) (무리) The lowest degree.

*최후 f. 最後 (ᄌᆡ) (뒤) The very last—of time. *See* 최말.

*최후수단 f. 最後手段 (ᄌᆡ) (뒤) (손) (조각) The last thing to be done.

*최흥원 s. 崔興源 (최) (흥) (근원) A.D. 1567. F.S. 해주 N.P. 松坡 A prime minister and Prince of Son-jo.

*최흡 s. 崔恰 (최) (흡) (흡상) A.D. 1445. F.S. 해주 N.P. 太虛亭 A noted scholar and minister of the time of Se-jo who helped prepare the 훈민정음.

*총 f. 聰 (귀밝을) Ability to hear and understand.

*총 s. 騘 (갈기—*종) Horsehair. (말).

*총 s. 銃 (총) A gun; a blunderbuss; a mortar. (놋쇠).

*총각 f. 總角 (거느릴) (뿔) An unmarried man. *See* 도령.

*총각우허 f. 總角兒 (거느릴) (뿔) (우허—"우") A man with plaited hair—still unmarried.

*총감독 f. 總監督 (거느릴) (볼) (거느릴) A superior bishop; a presiding officer.

총감투 s. 烏紗帽 (검정—*종) (사모—*모) An official's cap.

*총거히 s. 忽遽 (총총호, 급호) Quickly, suddenly; speedily. *See* 곳총히

*총검 s. 銃劍 (총) (검) Spears and swords.

*총계 l. 總計 (거누릴) (계교) The whole amount; the sumtotal.

*총구 s. 銃口 (총) (입) The muzzle of a gun.

*총군 s. 銃軍 (총) (군소) A hunter; a gunner. *See* 포군.

*총금 l. 總金 (거누릴) (쇠) Covered all over with gold; golden.

*총급히 s. 忽急 (총총호) (급호) Quickly; speedily; swiftly. *See* 빨비

*총급ᄒᆞ다 s. 忽急 (총총호) (급호) To be hurried, to be excited.

*총긔 s. 聰氣 (귀붉을) (긔운) Genius; cleverness.

*총관 l. 總管 (거누릴) (쥬관호) A controlling office.

*총괄 l. 總括 (거누릴) (모흘) General control over; superintendence; oversight.

*총괄ᄒᆞ다 l. 總括 (거누릴) (모흘) To bring under one's sway; to preside over; to suprintend.

*총권ᄒᆞ다 l. 總攬 (거누릴) (권세) To have sole control; to have complete authority.

총담요 s. 毛氈席 (단 *젼) (터럭—*모) (돗—*셕) A hair mat.

*총대장 l. 總大將 (거누릴) (큰) (장슈) A commander-in-chief; generalissimo. *See* 총장.

*총독 l. 總督 (거누릴) (거누릴) Governor General as of Korea.

*총독부 s. 總督府 (거누릴) (거누릴) (마을) The office of the Governor-General.

*총독ᄒᆞ다 l. 總督 (거누릴) (거누릴) To have sole command of.

*총뎨 l. 總代 (거누릴) (뒤신) An agent or representative of a number of persons; a deputy; a committee.

*총뎨위원 l. 總代委員 (거누릴) (뒤신) (부릴) (인원) A representative

*총뎨ᄒᆞ다 l. 總代 (거누릴) (뒤신) To represent.

*총령소 l. 總領事 (거누릴) (거누릴) (일) A consul-general.

*총론 l. 總論 (다) (의론) General remarks written by way of introduction.

*총리대신 l. 總理大臣 (거누릴) (다스릴) (큰) (신하) The Chief Minister of State; the Prime Minister. *See* 령의.

*총림 s. 叢林 (뫌기) (수풀) A wood; grove.

*총망즁 s. 忽忙中 (총총호) (빨을) (가온ᄃᆡ) Busy moments.

*총망ᄒᆞ다 s. 忽忙 (총총호) (빨을) To be in a great hurry. *See* 총총ᄒᆞ다.

*총명 l. 總名 거누릴) (일홈, 이름) general name; generic term; class name.

*총명예지ᄒᆞ다 s. 聰明睿智 (귀붉을) (붉을 붉을) 지혜) To be clever and intelligent.

*총명ᄒᆞ다 s. 聰明 (귀붉을) (붉을) To be clever; to be quick; to be intelligent. *See* 령리ᄒᆞ다.

*총민ᄒᆞ다 s. 聰敏 (귀붉을) (민첩) To be clever; to be quick; to be intelligent. *See* 민첩ᄒᆞ다.

*총복 s. 銃腹 (총) (비) A gun-barrel.

*총뵉 s. 葱白 (파) (흰) Onion roots—used as medicine.

*총상화 l. 總狀花 (거누릴) (형상) (꼿) Raceme.

*총사 l. 總社 (거누릴) (회사) The principal Shinto shrine in a district.

*총상 l. 總相 (거누릴) (정승) The Prime Minister. *See* 총리대신.

*총상 s. 銃傷 (총) (상홀) A bullet wound.

*총섭 l. 總攝 (거누릴) (잡을) An abbot of a Buddhist monastery.

*총세무소 l. 總稅務司 (거누릴) (구실) (힘쓸) (맛흘) The Chief Commissioner of Customs.

*총슌 l. 總巡 (거누릴) (슌힐) A chief of police. *See* 경부.

*총소 s. 叢巢 (뫌기) (소당) A wayside shrine.

*총싱 s. 叢生 (뫌기) (날) Sprouts; twigs. Children.

총알 s. 銃丸 (쇠—*덜) (탄조—*환) Bullets; shot. 탄알.

총열 s. A gun-barrel.

*총위영 l. 總衛營 (거누릴) (모실) (영문) One of the five military camps of the capital.

*총융사 l. 總戎使 (거누릴) (군소) (ᄒᆞ여금) A general-in-chief.

*총융청 l. 總戎廳 (거누릴) (군소) (마을) A yamen of a general-in-chief.

*총외 l. 總額 (거누릴) (너마) The whole sum; totality; the sum total.

*총장 l. 總將 (거누릴) (장슈) A general; a generalissimo.

*총장 l. 總長 (거누릴) (어룬) The chief or principal—as of a university.

총장이 s. 砲手 (총—*포) (촌—*슈) A hunter. (Prov.) *See* 포슈.

*총죽 s. 叢竹 (떨가) (대) A bamboo grove.

*총중 l. 叢中 (떨가) (가온덕) (In) a crowd; (in) a group; a thicket. *See* 도중.

*총집호다 l. 總執 (거누릴) (잡을) To unite under one control—as different duties; to have supreme control of.

*총지 l. 總裁 (거누릴) (마르질) The head of an official board; chief superintendent.

*총찰호다 l. 總察 (거누릴) (술핌) To take charge of; to oversee; to control.

*총창 s. 銃槍 (총) (총) Spears and matchlocks.

*총창술 s. 銃槍術 (총) (총) (술업) The art of fencing with the spear; spear exercise.

*총총히 s. 悤悤 (총총홀) (총총홀) Quickly; hurriedly; speedily. *See* 얼는.

*총총호다 s. l. 叢叢 (떨떨) To be thick; to be dense; to be numerous.

*총총호다 s. 悤悤 (총총홀 총총홀) To be hurried; to be busy.

*총명 l. 總稱 (거누릴) (일홈) A general name; generic term.

*총망 s. 悤忙 (떨거 (썰을) Loss, hurry, uselessness effort. B. H.

*총관 s. 總管 (거누릴) (관) The manager (of a telegraph office).

*총포 s. 銃砲 (총) (대포) Rifles and cannon.

*총합 l. 總合 (거누릴) (모들) Collecting or gathering together.

*총회 l. 總會 (거누릴) (모들) A general meeting.

*총힐 s. 蔥玤 (파) (구슬) Beryl or onyx.

*총화 l. 總和 (거누릴) (화홀) Sum of a series.

*총화 s. 蔥花 (파) (옷) *Funka ovata.*

*총화학 l. 總花托 (거누릴) (옷) (부탁) Anthocliniun.

*총환 s. 銃丸 (총) (환조) A rifle-bullet.

쵸 s. 燭 (쵸불—*촉) A candle. (쳣다). (붓다). *See* 밀쵸; 육쵸.

*쵸 s. 秒 (쵸) Measures of capacity, time, a little; a second.

*쵸가 s. 樵歌 (나무뀔) (노래) Woodman's songs.

*쵸강슈 s. 硝强水 (염쵸 (쵸강슈 (물) Nitric acid.

*쵸경 s. 樵逕 (나무뀔) (길) A woodman's path.

*쵸군호다 s 招軍 (부를) (군소) To call troops; to recruit.

*쵸관 s. 哨官 (슌쵸) (벼슬) A guard in command—of a *Yŏngmun. See* 뎌관.

*쵸뎜 s. 焦點 (쵸) (뎜) Focus.

*쵸뎜계 s. 焦點計 (쵸) (뎜) (계교) Foconieter.

*쵸도 s. 椒島 (쵸쵸) 섬) An island in Whang-hai-do. (Chodu I.) Lat 38.40. Long. 124.56.

*쵸동 s. 樵童 나무뀔 우히) A boy who gathers fuel. *See* 쵸부.

쵸똘 s. 燭淚 (촉불 —*쵹) (눈물—*루) Melted wax that flows down a candle. (쇼다) (뚯다).

*쵸등호다 s. 超等 (뛸) (무리) To be the first of a class; to be chief; to be superior. *See* 월등호다.

쵸뎨 s. 燭臺 (촉불 *쵹) (집 *지) A candle-stick.

*쵸란도 s. 草蘭島 (풀) (란초) (섬) An island. Lat. 33.56. Long. 126.21.

쵸란이 s. 貂子 (희롱—*희) (아들—*조) A small mask worn on the brow. *See* 희조.

*쵸례 s. 醮禮 쵸례 례도, 네여 낸 To salute ceremonially—as in marriage.

쵸롱 s. 燈籠 (등불 *등) (대그물 *롱) A lantern; a lamp. *See* 등.

쵸롱옷 s. 燈籠花 (등불—*등) (대그물—*롱) (옷—*화) The *digitalis purpurea.*

*쵸루 s. 譙樓 (문루) (다락) A drumtower on a city wall.

*쵸륜호다 s. 超倫 (뛸 인륜) To excel; to be preeminent; to be superior to; to surpass.

*쵹면접합 s. 觸面接合 (쏠을 닷) (붓슴) (모들) Face joint

*쵸모호다 s 招募 부를 쓸 To enlist, to conscript.

*쵸민호다 s. 焦悶 (쵸) (민망) To be sad at heart; to be melancholy.

*쵸병 s. 蠏兵 (삽) (군소) Sappers.

*쵸병보병 s. 蠏兵步兵 (삽) (군소) (거름) (군소) Foot-sappers.

*쵸병장 s. 蠏兵長 (삽) (군소) (어룬) Captain of the sappers.

*초부 s. 樵夫 (나무뵘)(지아비) A woodman. *See* 목동.

초불 s. 燭火 (촉불 *촉)(불 *화) A candle light. *See* 등불, 촉불

*초산 s. 硝酸 염초 (실) Nitric acid; nitrate. Acidum Nitricum.

*초산감유 s. 硝酸甘油 (염초, (실) (달) (기름) Nitroglycerine Glonoin.

*초산감유액 s. 硝酸甘油液 (염초) (실) (달) (가름) (진) Liquor Trinitrinae.

*초산감유판상제 s. 硝酸甘油板狀劑 (염초) (실) (달) (기름) (판조) (형상) (약지을) Tabellae Nitroglycerini.

*초산동 s. 醋酸銅 (초) (실) (구리) Cupri Nitras.

*초산쏘듸엄 s. 硝酸 .. ... (염초) (실) .. Sodii Nitras.

*초산슈은산약 s. 硝酸水銀酸液 (염초) (실) (물) (은) (실) (진) Liquor Hydrargyri Nitratis Acidus.

*초산슈은유고 s. 硝酸水銀油膏 (염초) (실) (물) (은) (기름) (가름) Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis.

*초산암모니엄 s. 硝酸 .... (염초) (실) ... . Ammonii Nitras.

*초산연 s. 硝酸鉛 (염초) (실) (납) Nitrate of Lead.

*초산연액 s. 硝酸鉛液 (염초) (실) (납) (진) Liquor Plumbi Nitratis.

*초산염 s. 硝酸鹽 (염초) (실) (소곰) Nitrates. Nitrate.

*초산은 s. 硝酸銀 (염초) (실) (은) Nitrate of silver. Argenti Nitras.

*초산은액 s. 硝酸銀液 (염초) (실) (은) (진) Liquor Argenti Nitratis.

*초산은포락시엄 s. 硝酸銀 . (염초) (실) (은) .. ... Argenti et Potassii Nitras.

*초산창연액 s. 醋酸蒼鉛液 (초) (실) (푸를 (남) 진 Liquor Pismuthi Nitratis.

*초산포락시엄 s. 硝酸 ..... (염초) (실) . . Potassii Nitras.

*초상 s. 肖像 (又초)(형상) A portrait or the carved image of a person. A portrait; likeness; image.

*초석 s 硝石 (염초) (돌) Saltpetre. Potassii Nitras

*초석산 s. 硝石酸 (염초) (돌) (실) Nitric acid.

*초석회 s. 硝石灰 (염초) (돌) (재) Slaked lime.

*초실하다 s. 稍實 (경정) (실호) To be in easy circumstances; to have enough to live on. *See* 넉넉하다.

초심 s. 燭心 (촉불—*촉) (모음—*심) A candle wick.

*초사 s. 招辭 (부를, 말숨) Cross-questioning—a prisoner. (봇다). *See* 공사.

*초사받다 s 招辭 (부를, (말숨) 아, 은 To note down the evidence of a prisoner.

*초영화슈소산 s. 硝鹽化水素酸 (염초) (소곰) (될) (물) (질) (실) Acidum Nitromuriaticum.

*초옹 s. 樵翁 (나무뵘) (늙은이) An old woodcutter.

*초요하다 s. 稍饒 (경정) (넉넉) To have sufficient means; to be in medium circumstances. *See* 초실하다.

*초익진하다 s. 稍益進 (경정) (더홀) (나아갈) To increase more and more.

*초인종 s. 招人鐘 (부를) (사돔) (쇠북) A call-bell.

*초인하다 s. 招引 (부를) (인쓰을) To seduce; to tempt away.

*초입하다 s. 招入 (부를) (들) To call and bring in.

*초익하다 s. 超逸 (뛸) (다라날) To be distinguished; to excel.

*초원하다 s. 稍遠 (경정) (멀) To be distant; to be far off.

*초월하다 s. 超越 (멀) (건널) To be distant; to be far apart. To excel; to be superior to. To leap over; to bound across; to pass. *See* 월등하다.

*초장식지 s. 稍漲食之 (경정) (주에) (밥) (갈) Appropriating little by little; advancing more and more.

*초장 s. 哨長 (순초) (어른) The captain of a company of soldiers. *See* 파장.

*초제하다 s. 剿除 (죽일) (덜) To uproot; to wipe out —with soldiers.

*초조하다 s. 焦燥 (탈) (무를) To be parched. To be anxious; to be worried.

*초조 s. 硝子 (염초) (아돌) Glass.

*초조담 s. 硝子甔 (염초) (아돌) (병) A glass bottle; a beaker.

*초조제 s. 硝子製 (염초) (아돌) (지을) Glass ware.

*초출하다 s. 招出 (부를) (날) To call and bring out.

*초출하다 s. 抄出 (뽑) (날) To draw from; to select; to choose from.

*쵸췌ᄒᆞ다 s. 憔悴 (슘을 슘을) To be emaciated; to be thin, be haggard; to be stunted or checked in growth.

*쵸치ᄒᆞ다 s. 招致 (부를) (이를) To call and come.

*쵸뎨 s. 招帖 (부를) (뎨ᄌᆞ—뎨) A summons.

*쵸표 s. 礁標 (숨은바회) (표ᄒᆞᆯ) A signal erected on an eminence near the shore to warn mariners of the existence of some dangerous cliff; a beacon.

*쵸은 s. 抄筆 (쵸ᄒᆞᆯ 붓) A fine brush pen; a fine pen. *Opp.* 대필.

*쵸헌 s. 軺軒 (수레) (마루) A small chair with a wheel. (ᄒᆞ다).

*쵸혼제 s. 招魂祭 (부를) (혼) (졔ᄉᆞ) A festival celebrated in honour of those who died in battle.

*쵸혼ᄒᆞ다 s. 招魂 (부를) (혼) To give the coat to the spirit of the deceased.

*쵸ᄒᆞ다 s. 抄 (쵸ᄒᆞᆯ) To make a summary or abstract of.

*쵸ᄒᆞ다 s. 炒 (복글) To parch; to roast.

*쵸회ᄒᆞ다 l. 稍解 (졈졈) (ᄭᆞᆯ) To get to know more and more.

*쵸환ᄒᆞ다 s. 招還 (부를) (도라올) To call back; to summon home.

*쵹 s. 蜀 (나라) The name of the region in China now know as *Sze-ch'uan*.

*쵹 s. 燭 (촉ᄇᆞᆯ) A lighted candle.

*쵹감되다 s. 觸感 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (감동) 되여; 됸 To catch cold.

*쵹견(이)피월 s. 蜀犬吠月 (나라) (개) ᄌᆞ짐) (ᄭᆞᆯ) The dog in *Chi* kingdom barks to see the moon—used of those who are excited over what they have not seen before. *See* 월견이폐셜.

*쵹규 s. 蜀葵 (나라) (히바라기) Hollyhock.

*쵹규화 s. 蜀葵花 (나라 ᄭᆞᆺᄇᆞᆺ) The hollyhock flower.

*쵹나라 s. 蜀國 (나라) (나라—ᄀᆞᆨ) A name applied to Szechuen Province.

*쵹노ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸怒 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (노ᄒᆞᆯ) To irritate; to excite; to anger. *See* 격노ᄒᆞ다.

*쵹력 s. 燭力 (촉ᄇᆞᆯ) (힘) Candle power—as of an electric light.

*쵹루 s. 燭淚 (촉ᄆᆞᆯ) (눈ᄆᆞᆯ) Dripping from a candle.

*쵹릉ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸冷 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆯ) To catch cold.

*쵹목ᄒᆞ다 s. 矚目 (ᄇᆞᆯ) (눈) To see, to look at; to regard.

*쵹발ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸發 (ᄆᆞᆯ) 릥 To explode in consequence of rough handling.

*쵹범ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸犯 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) To violate; to offend.

*쵹비ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸鼻 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (코) To strike the nose—as a smell.

*쵹상ᄒᆞ다 s. 觸傷 (ᄆᆞᆯ ᄉᆞᆼᄒᆞᆯ) To catch a cold.

*쵹션 s. 觸線 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆯ) Tangent.

*쵹이ᄒᆞ다 s. 矚耳 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (귀) To hear; to give ear to; to listen to.

*쵹처 s. 觸處 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (곳) Whatever place; whatever subject or thing. *See* 도처.

*쵹처봉상 s. 觸處逢傷 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (곳) (만ᄂᆞᆯ) (상ᄒᆞᆯ 봉) Meet no [illegible] side. *Also* 촉처봉패.

*쵹초 s. 蜀椒 (나라) (초ᄎᆞ) Zanthoxylum.

*쵹츅령강 s. 蜀蜀役將 (나라 나라 일ᄒᆞᆯ) (장슈) Absolute soldiers; skilful workers, practised hands.

*쵹탁 s. 囑託 (청ᄒᆞᆨ홀) (부탁) Commission; charge.

*쵹탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 囑託 (청ᄒᆞᆨ홀) (부탁) To ask a favour; to prefer a request; to apply to; to commission; to engage the services of; to commit—to the management of another; to entrust—as the execution of any business; to charge with.

*쵹하 s. 燭下 촉ᄇᆞᆯ 아래) Under the candle, by candle-light. (Comp.) *See* 등하.

*쵹한 s. 觸寒 (ᄆᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆯ) A cold; a chill. *See* 상한.

*쵹홍화 s. 蜀紅蝶 (나라) (붉을) (쇼라) *Harpa, sp.*

*ᄭᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 s. 犯諱 (ᄆᆞᆯ) 은ᄒᆞᆯ To break a taboo—as in the use of special or sacred names etc.

*춍 l. 寵 (피일) Favor; grace; kindness. *See* 은예.

*춍부 l. 冢嫡 (쥴) (며ᄂᆞ리) The eldest son.

*춍신 l. 寵臣 피일) (신하) A favorite concubine. Special favorites—courtiers.

*춍우ᄒᆞ다 l. 寵遇 (피일) (뒤졉) To treat with affection; to shew kindness to; —applide to kindness shewn by the Emperor, or chief of a clan.

*춍이ᄒᆞ다 l. 寵愛 (피일) (ᄉᆞ랑) To delight in; to love.

*춍ᄌᆞ l. 冢子 (쥴) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The eldest son.

*총지 n. 冢宰 (쿨) (맛톨) Ministers of State—in ancient China. Term applied to the chief officer of a clan. *See* 총리.

*총첩 n. 寵妾 (피얼) 첩 A favorite concubine. *See* 애첩.

*총토 n. 冢土 (쿨) (톡, 톨) The spirits of heaven and the products of the earth. (B. O.) *See* 사직.

*총호다 v. 寵 (피얼) To love; to cherish. *See* 총애하다.

추다 v. 稱揚 (닐 ᄂᆞᆯᆞᆷ 칭) (기릴 *예) 추어, 존 To praise; to applaud. *See* 기리다

추다 v. 추어; 존 To choose; to make a choice; to pull up. To recover stolen goods. (밥).

*추마 n. 騶馬 (볼) (몰) A horse on which an archer rides when practising. *See* 피주.

*추목 n. 麁木 (존올) (나무) Coarse cotton cloth; rough piece-goods.

*추문 n. 皺紋 (주름장힐) (문처) A corrugated surface—as of cloth; wrinkles. A kind of corrugated cotton stuff.

*추미 n. 麁米 (존올) (쌀) Coarse rice.

*추세하다 v. 趨勢 (다라날) (형세) To attach oneself to those in authority; to worship influence.

*추솔하다 v. 麁率 (존올) (거누킬) To be rough; to be coarse, to be untrained.

*추요 n. 芻蕘 (쁠) (쌀) Pasturage; fodder. (Comp.).

*추우 n. 騶虞 (몰 ᄂᆞᆯᆞᆷ 나라) A fabulous animal—said to be like the unicorn. (B. O.)

추이다 v. 추여, 인 To cause to dance; to work—as a scissors. To fasten up. To be elevated

*추주하다 v. 趨走 (다라날) (다라날) To walk bowed—as before the king.

*추창하다 v. 趨蹌 (다라날) (추창홀) To walk bowed as when leaving the presence of the king.

*추중 n. 騶衆 (몰) (물—*속) The lists in mounted archery.

*추포 n. 麁布 (존올 (회) Coarse linen.

*추하다 v. 麁 존올 To be dirty; to be unclean, to be inflamed. *See* 더럽다.

줄 n. The width of a head-band or net, the height—as of a dish. Within the belt.

줌 n. 束 (묵글—*속) A numerative of packages of vegetables, hair etc.

춤 n. 舞 (출출—*무) Dancing. (추다).

춤 n. 液 침—*연) Saliva. (Prov.) (뱃다). *See* 침.

춤치다 v. 作束 (시울 *작) 묵글—*속 지어; 운 To wrap up into bundles.

춤추다 n. 舞 (춤출 *무) 어; 존 To dance.

춥다 a. 寒 (칩—*한) 추어; 존 To be cold—of the weather; to feel cold. *See* 칩다

*츄 n. 錘 (지울츄) The weight of a balance or steelyard. A pendulum.

*츄격 n. 追格 (ᄯᆞᄅᆞᆯ 격식) Sham battles; military practise. (본치다.

*츄격하다 v. 追擊 (ᄯᆞᄅᆞᆯ (칠) To pursue and attack—as enemies; to follow after and smite.

*츄게 n. 秋季 (가을) (철계) The last of autumn.

*츄경하다 v. 秋耕 (가을) (밧갈) To sow in the autumn.

*츄고 v. 推考 (밀) (생고) A reprimand from the king. (맛다다) (당하다).

츄고당하다 v. 遭推考 (맛날—*봄) (밀—*쳐) (생고—*고) To be reprimanded for an offence—of officials.

*츄국 n. 秋麴 (가을) (누룩) Autumn malt.

*츄국 n. 秋菊 (가을) (국화) Autumn chrysanthemums.

*츄국하다 v. 推鞫 (밀) (국문) To interrogate an offending official. *See* 전국하다.

츄근츄근하다 v. To be clammy. To pester; to bother.

*츄급하다 v. 追及 (ᄯᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (밋칠) To pursue and overtake

츄니 v. 屍水 (죽엄—*시) (물—*슈) Water from a corpse.

*츄니 n. 秋氣 (가을) (긔운) Autumnal weather.

*츄지시험 n. 秋期試驗 가을 (긔약) 시험) (증험) Autumn examinations.

*츄지운동 n. 秋期運動 (가을) (긔약) (옴길) (움직일) Autumn athletics.

*츄기본원하다 v. 推其本源 (밀) (그) (근본) (근원) To search into the cause or origin.

*츄관 n. 推官 (밀) (벼슬) An officer who cross-questions a prisoner.

*츄녀 n. 醜女 (더러울) (계집) An ugly woman.

*츄면 n. 秋田 (가을) (밧) Akita in Japan.

*츄정법 s. 推定法 (밀)(졍호)(법) Deduction.

*츄도회 s. 追悼會 (쭈롤)(슘호)(모돌) A memorial service for one dead.

*츄도ᄒᆞ다 s. 追悼 (쭈롤)(슘호) To mourn for a person dead.

*츄뒤ᄒᆞ다 s. 推敬 (밀)(닝) To look up with respect; to set up—(a person) to an honourable position.

*츄렴ᄒᆞ다 s. 推斂 (밀)(거둠) To subscribe; to club together. *See* 거두다.

*츄론ᄒᆞ다 s. 推論 (밀)(의론) To consider; to talk over; to deliberate on.

*츄루ᄒᆞ다 s. 醜陋 (더러울)(더러울) To be dirty; to be filthy.

츄리다 s. 取捨 가짐 -*치 (갈힘—*인) 츄리; 린 To prepare; to get ready; to set in order

*츄모 s. 秋牟 (가을)(보리) Winter barley. *Opp.* 춘모.

*츄모란 s. 秋牡丹 (가을)(수컷)(붉을—*단) Anemone japonica.

*츄모ᄒᆞ다 s. 追慕 (쭈롤)(스모) To feel admiration for a person who is dead.

*츄목 s. 楸木 (가래나무)(나무) A large tree, the *Catalpa Kaempferi.*

*츄목단 s. 秋牧丹 (가을)(목단)(붉을) *Anemone japonica.*

*츄물 s. 醜物 (더러울)(물건) An ugly thing.

*츄밀원 l. 樞密院 (지두리)(빅빅)(집) The Privy Council.

*츄밀원고문관 l. 樞密院顧問官 (지두리)(빅빅)(집)(도라볼, 무를, 벼슬 A member of the Privy Council.

*츄밀원의장 l. 樞密院議長 (지두리)(빅빅)(집)(의논) The Head of the Privy Council.

*츄방 s. 秋房 (가을)(방) Writers in the Office of Justice.

*츄병 s. 追兵 (쭈롤)(군소) A pursuing army. Soldiers in pursuit.

*츄봉 s. 秋捧 (가을)(밧음) Taxes collected in autumn.

*츄부 s. 醜婦 (더러울)(며느리) An ugly woman.

*츄봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 推捧 (밀)(밧음) To receive payment.

*츄분 s. 秋分 (가을)(논홀) The autumnal equinox—one of the 24 solar periods, occurring about September 23rd.

*츄산ᄒᆞ다 s. 推算 (밀)(산물) To make a calculation; to calculate.

*츄상 s. 秋霜 (가을)(서리) Autumnal frost; Autumn frosts.

*츄상ᄒᆞ다 s. 追想 (쭈롤)(싱각) To reflect upon the past; to take a retrospect.

*츄서ᄒᆞ다 s. 유서; 선 To be strong.

*츄상존호 s. 追上尊號 (쭈롬 ᄒᆞᆫ 놈을)(놉흔)(일홈, 부를 To [illegible]

*츄석 s. 秋夕 (가을)(저녁) The mid-autumn festival on the 15th of the 8th moon. *See* 한가위.

*츄석 s. 秋石 (가을)(돌) Urea.

츄썩츄썩ᄒᆞ다 s. To rise and fall; to go up and down. To be conceited.

*츄선ᄒᆞ다 s. 推選 (밀)(쓸) To choose; to select; also used in the sense of 선거.

*츄션공양 s. 追善供養 (쭈롤)(착홀)(이바지)(거둘 Say masses for or making sacrifices to the dead.

*츄셩 s. 醜聲 (더러울)(소리) An evil reputation; bad name; reputation for adultery.

*츄셩 s. 秋聲 (가을)(소리) An autumn wind

*츄셩 s. 樞星 (지도리)(별) The north and south polar stars. The star α in Ursa Major.

*츄셩후 s. 秋成後 (가을)(일을)(뒤) After harvest.

*츄셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 秋成 (가을)(일을) To finish harvest.

*츄소 s. 臭素 (내암새) (질) Bomum Bromine

*츄슈긔 s. 秋收記 (가을)(거둘)(긔록) Harvest records or accounts.

*츄슈밤장 s. 秋收方張 (가을)(거둘)(모)(베풀) Harvest time.

*츄슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 秋收 (가을)(거둘) To harvest, to gather in [illegible] *See* 타작ᄒᆞ다.

*츄신말유ᄒᆞ다 s. 抽身末由 (쌜 몸 못)(말미암을 To be unable to get away. (Epist.

*츄신무로ᄒᆞ다 s. 抽身無路 (쌜 몸)(업슬)(길) To be unable to get away. (Epist.).

*츄신무가 s. 抽身無暇 (쌜 몸)(업슬)(거를) No time of leisure

*츄신ᄒᆞ다 s. 抽身 (쌜)(몸) To get away; to absent oneself from business.

*츄심ᄒᆞ다 s. 推尋 (밀)(차질) To accept; to receive. *Opp.* 슈쵀ᄒᆞ다

*츄싱 s. 秋色 (가을)(빗) Autumnal scene.

*츄악ᄒᆞ다 s. 醜惡 (더러울)(악홀) Ugliness; unsightliness. To be vile; to be depraved.

*추암모니아즈재 s. 臭 ..... 酒精 (내암새 ... (술) (약지울) Spiritus Ammoniae Foetidus.

*추양이쪽지 s. 秋陽日曜之 (가을) (볕 ,싸) (조일) (같) Bright like the light of autumn.

*추어 s. 鰍魚 (밋구리) (고기) The loach. *Cobitis anandicanus. See* 밋구리

*추억ᄒᆞ다 s. 追憶 (따를) (생각) To reflect upon the past; to take a retrospect.

*추우 강난 s. 追久江南 (따를) (벗) (길) (남녘) Following friends to *Kang Nam*—sticking together as chums.

*추일소가지 s. 推一事可知 (밀) (호) (일) (알) One hint explains all; one glance and all is understood.

*추잡ᄒᆞ다 s. 醜雜 (더러울) (석길) To be foul-natured, to be brazen faced to be low. *See* 부잡ᄒᆞ다.

*추장 s. 酋長 (괴슈) (어룬) A leader; a chief. The first of a grade or quality.

추장셤다 s. 아 은 To choose the tallest and best—for soldiers.

추저분ᄒᆞ다 s. To be foul; to be dirty. *See* 거저분ᄒᆞ다.

추졀 s. Faultfinding; slander. (내다).

*추절 s. 秋節 (가을) (졀긔) Autumn. *See* 가을.

*추조 s. 秋曹 (가을) (마을) The office of punishments (under the old regime) *See* 형조.

*추존ᄒᆞ다 s. 追尊 (따를) (놉을) To confer a title on royal ancestors.

*추죵 s. 追從 (따를) (좃칠) Servants who accompany an official.

*추죵군 s. 追從軍 (따를) (좃칠) (군소) Servants who accompany an official.

*추증ᄒᆞ다 s. 追贈 (따를) (줄) To obtain posthumous honors for one's parents.

*추지령 s. 秋池嶺 (가을) (못) (고기) A mountain pass in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.39 Long. 127.48

*추징ᄒᆞ다 s. 追徵 (따를) (불닐) To levy in addition to what has been already exacted

*추즈 s. 楸子 (가래나무) (아돌) The nuts of the *Catalpa Kaempferi.*

*추즈도 s. 楸子島 (가래나무) (아돌) (셤) An island in Chol-la-do.

*추천 s. 鞦韆 (그늬) (그늬) A rope swing. *See* 그늬.

*추천ᄒᆞ다 s. 推薦 (밀) (천거) To recommend a person, etc.

*추첨일조 s. 抽籤日子 (쎔) (졈대) (날) (아돌) The day for drawing lots—in a company or lottery

*추첨ᄒᆞ다 s. 抽籤 (쎔) (졈쎄) To draw lots; to divine.

*추초 s. 秋草 (가을 (플) Autumn flowers.

추츄ᄒᆞ다 s To be dirty; to be filthy.

*추츄ᄒᆞ다 s. 追逐 (따를) (좃칠) To pursue; to chase; to drive away.

*추측 s. 推測 (밀) (헤아릴) Supposition; conjecture, inference.

*추측식 s. 推測式 (법) (헤아릴) (법) Syllogism.

*추측ᄒᆞ다 s. 推測 (밀) (헤아릴) To suppose, conjecture, or infer. To search after; to grope for; to sound.

*추츠가지 s. 推此可知 (밀) (이) (올흘) (알) One hint and all is understood. *See* 추일소가지.

*추탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 推托 (밀) (부탁) To entrust to; to excuse; to make a pretense of. *See* 칭탁ᄒᆞ다.

*추탕 s. 鰍湯 (밋구리) (물을) Lamprey soup.

*추태 s. 醜態 더러움) (치도) Ugly or unsightly appearance; offensive sight.

*추파 s. 秋波 (가을) (물결) Autumn waves—laughing eyes.

*추파송정ᄒᆞ다 s. 秋波送情 (가을) (물결) (보낼) (뜻) To look at with eyes of love.

*추판 s. 秋判 (가을) (관단) The Minister or President of the Board of Justice. *See* 형판.

*추판 s. 秋板 (가래나무) (판지) Boards cut from the *Ch'umok.*

*추풍 s. 秋風 (가을) (바람) Autumn winds.

*추풍락엽 s. 秋風落葉 (가을) 바람, (떠러질) (닙) The falling leaves in the autumn wind.

*추풍령 s. 秋風嶺 (가을) (중년) (고리) A mountain pass in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.04 Long. 128.06

*추풍션 s. 秋風扇 (가을) (바람) (붓채) Fans used in autumn useless things.

*추향대제 s. 秋享大祭 (가을) (누릴) (큰) (졔소) Great sacrifices as held to Confucius.

*추형렬수 s. 錐形列數 (송곳 ,형상) (벌) (두어) Pyramidal numbers.

*추호 s. 秋毫 (가을) (털억) The autumn fur, the finest and most delicate of the year; the least possible quantity; the slightest shade. *See* 일호.

*추호불범 s. 秋毫不犯 (가을) (털억) (아닐) (범할) Not the slightest shade missing or defective. Not plundering even a small property.

*추호지말 s. 秋毫之末 (가을) (털억) (갈) (끝) The hair's end; a very small particle.

*추후 s. 秋後 (가을) (뒤) After harvest.

*추후 s. 追後 (따를) (뒤) Later on; afterwards; following after. *See* 종후.

*추후지소 s. 追後之事 (따를) (뒤) (갈) (일) After-events; what takes place after.

*추후하다 s. 追後 (따를) (뒤) To follow on, to be afterwards.

*추하다 s. 醜 (더러울) To be dirty; to be filthy; to be ugly. *See* 누추하다.

*추행 s. 醜行 (더러울) (행할) Ignominous conduct; disgraceful action; infamy.

*추화막니시엄 s. 臭化 ... ... (내암새) (멸) ... , Magnesii Bromidum.

*추화소더엄 s. 臭化 .... (내암새) (흙) . Sodii Bromid .m.

*추화슈소산 s. 臭化水素酸 (내암새) (물) (흴, 싫) Acidum Hydrobromicum.

*추화아연 s. 臭化亞鉛 (내암새) (흴) (버금) (납) Zinci Bromidum.

*추화암모니엄 s. 臭化 ..... (내암새) (흴) ..... Bromide of Ammonium.

*추화포륵시엄 s. 臭化 ..... (내암새) (흴) ..... Potassii Bromidum.

*축 s. 祝 (빌) A written prayer—offered in sacrifice. (닥다) (읽다).

축 l s. Hanging down; bowed. (처지다).

*축 s. 丑 (소) The 2nd of the Twelve Branches or H rs from 1 to 3 o'clock A.M.

*축 s. 軸 (굴대) A numerative of tens—as sheets of paper etc.

*축 s. 縮 (우무러질) A deficit; a lack. (나다) (가다).

축가다 s. 欠縮 (흠될—*흠) (우무러질—*축) 소 가 난 To be lacking to no a flaw. *See* 축나다.

*축귀하다 s. 逐鬼 (쫓칠) (귀신) To drive off evil spirits; to cast out devils. *See* 축사하다.

*축귀법 s. 縮記法 (우무러질) (긔록ᄒᆞ법) Abridged notation.

*축객하다 s. 逐客 (쫓칠) (손) To turn away a guest.

*축나다 s. 欠縮 (흠될—*흠) (우무러질—*축) 슈 ᄂᆞ, 난 To be ... ..., lack something.

축다 s. 濕 (저질—*습) 어: 은 To be damp; to be moist.

*축도 s. 縮圖 (우무러질) (그림) A contracted or reduced drawing.

*축두하다 s. 逐條 (쫓칠) (됴목) To take up each point; to deal with in detail; to take up minutely.

*축두 s. 軸頭 (굴대) (머리) A heading; a preface.

*축지법 s. 縮地法 (우무러질) (짜) (법) The magic art of shortening distances by which any length of journey can be undertaken in a day.

*축ᄃᆡ s. 軸盪 (싸ᄂᆞᆯ) (칠) A wooden roller of a map or picture.

*축로 s. 舳艫 (비) (비) The bow or stern of a vessel.

*축말 s. 丑末 (소) (끗) The close of the 2nd Korean hour from 2.30 to 3 o'clock A.M.

*축문 s. 祝文 (빌) (글) A written prayer—offered in sacrifice. A written congratulatory address. (닥다).

*축복하다 s. 祝福 (빌) (복) To pray for blessings.

*축사 s. 縮砂 (우무러질) (모래) *Amomum villosum.*

*축사하다 s. 祝謝 (빌) (샤례) To give thanks—in prayer.

*축사하다 s. 逐邪 (쫓칠) (사특) To cast out demons.

*축사하다 s. 縮寫 (우무러질) (쓸) To make an abridged copy of; to draw on a smaller scale, etc.

*축석 s. 築石 (싸흘) (돌) A builded wall—of stone.

*축석하다 s. 築石 (싸흘) (돌) To build a bund, jetty, or sea-wall.

*축성하다 s. 築城 (싸흘) (재) To build a city wall.

*축슈하다 s. 祝手 (빌) (손) To invoke by prayer.

*축슈하다 s. 祝壽 (빌) (목숨) To congratulate; to wish long life to.

*축시 s. 丑時 (소) (때) The Ch'uk hour, from 1 to 3 o'clock A.M.

*축소 s. 祝辭 (빌) (말숨) A congratulatory address.

*축싱 s. 畜生 (즘싱) (날) Animals.

*축야 s. 逐夜 (쫓칠) (밤) Each night; night after night.

*축연하다 *s.* 祝筵 (빌) (그렇) To be uncomfortable; to show uneasiness. (M.).

*축야상종하다 *s.* 逐夜相從 (쫓칠) (밤) (서로) (쫓칠) To meet night after night.

*축융 *s.* 祝融 (빌) (화효) The god of the south seas.

축이다 *t.* 觸發 (촉일—*주) (부촉일—*촉) 촉여; 인 To set on; to urge on; to excite.

축이다 *t.* 濕 (적실—*저) 칠여; 인 To moisten; to dampen.

*축일 *s.* 逐日 (쫓칠) (날) Day by day. *See* 매일.

*축일상종하다 *s.* 逐日相從 (쫓칠) (날) (서로) (쫓칠) To meet day after day.

*축일학 *s.* 逐日瘧 (쫓칠) (날) (학질) Durinal fever; quotidian fever. *See* 일일학.

*축원 *s.* 祝願 (빌) (원효) A prayer; a petition.

*축원하다 *s.* 祝願 (빌) (원효) To pray; in behalf of; to petition for. *See* 축수하다.

*축전 *s.* 縮錢 우무러짐) (돈) Money lacking—to a string of cash.

*축정 *s.* 丑正 (소 (바름) The middle of the 2nd Korean hour, 2 o'clock A.M.

축지다 *v.* 收束 지을 작(굳대—*축) 지여; 은 To gather up examination papers at the close of a *Kwaku*.

축처지다 *s.* 처져; 진 To hang down; to wilt; to lean over.

*축척 *s.* 縮尺 (우무러질) (자) Scale; reduced scale.

*축초 *s.* 丑初 (소) (처음) The beginning of the *Ch'uk* hour, 1 o'clock A.M.

축축이 *s.* Every time—as of a defeat.

축축하다 *s.* 濕濕 (저질—*습) (저질—*습) To be damp; to be moist. To be persistent; to be hard to shake off.

축축, *s.* 濕濕 (저질 *습) (저질 *습) Damp; moist Persistently.

*축출경외하다 *s.* 逐出京外 (쫓칠) (날) (서울) (밖) To expel from the capital, to exile. *See* 문외출송하다.

*축출하다 *s.* 逐出 (쫓칠) (날) To expel; to drive out.

*축판 *s.* 祝板 (빌) (판자) A paying board —used in sacrifice.

*축판 *s.* 縮版 (우무러질) (조각) A small size of photograph etc.—made from a larger.

*축포 *s.* 祝砲 (빌) (총) Guns fired to celebrate any occasion, or to salute an eminent personage.

*축생 *s.* 畜生 (즘생 (날) An animal, a brute; a beast. Contemptible persons, such as beggars, liars, thieves, usurers, misers, etc.

*축하 *s.* 祝賀 (빌) (하례) Congratulation; felicitation (하다).

*축호호하다 *s.* 逐戶 (쫓칠) (지게) To collect from house to house.

*축회 *s.* 築灰 (쌀) (지) A coating of mortar about a coffin. *See* 견회.

*축화 *s.* 祝火 (빌) (불) Fireworks.

*춘경 *s.* 春耕 (봄) (밧갈) Spring plowing.

*춘곤 *s.* 春困 (봄) (곤효) The langnor which affects people in spring.

*춘국 *s.* 春菊 (봄) (국화) *Chrysanthemum coronarium.* Spring chrysanthemums.

*춘국 *s.* 春麴 (봄) (누룩) Leaven balls—made in spring.

*춘궁 *s.* 春窮 (봄) (다효) Spring time poverty—when all of last year's grain is eaten.

*춘궁 *s.* 春宮 (봄) (집) The eldest son of the king. *See* 세자.

*춘기 *s.* 春期 (봄) (긔약) Sprng weather.

*춘기시험 *s.* 春期試驗 (봄) (긔약) (시험) (증험) Spring examinations—in school.

*춘기운동 *s.* 春期運動 (봄) (긔약) (움직일) (움직일) Spring field-sports.

*춘광 *s.* 春光 (봄) (빛) A girl's youth and beauty. (Comp.) Age—of a maiden.

*춘다 *s.* 春茶 (봄) (차) Spring tea; new tea.

*춘당대 *s.* 春塘臺 (봄) (못) (집) The examination arena before the East Palace.

*춘란 *s.* 春蘭 (봄) (란초) *Cymbidium virens.*

*춘란 *s.* 春暖 (봄) (따울) Spring heat; the warmth of sprng.

*춘면 *s.* 春眠 (봄) (조름) The drowsiness which spring weather brings.

*춘면곡 *s.* 春眠曲 (봄) (조름) (곡됴) The name of a song—having a great number of verses.

*춘모 *s.* 春牟 (봄) (보리) Spring barley. *See* 봄보리.

*춘몽 *s.* 春夢 (봄) (꿈) Spring dreams—unrealities.

*춘방 *s.* 春坊 (봄) (동너) The apartments of the heir apparent.

*춘복 s. 春服 (봄) (옷) Spring dress. *See* 춘츄복.

*춘부장 s. 春府丈 (봄) (마을) (긴) Your father. (Hon.).

*춘분 s. 春分 (봄) (논홀) The vernal equinox ... of the 24 solar periods occurring about March 20th.

*춘빙 s. 春氷 (봄) (어름) Spring ice

*춘삼월호시절 s. 春三月好時節 (봄) (석) (둘) (됴흘) (때) (마디) The pleasant season of spring time.

*춘심 s. 春心 (봄) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) Spring joys. A mind of lust.

*춘색 s. 春色 (봄) (빗) Joy; gaiety.

*춘슈 s. 春水 (봄) (물) Spring water—as from melting snow.

*춘슈 s. 春樹 (봄) (나무) Spring foliage.

*춘식 s. 春色 (봄) (빗) Spring scenery.

*춘약 s. 春藥 (봄) (약) Aphrodisiacs.

*춘우 s. 春雨 (봄) (비) A spring shower.

*춘의 s. 春意 (봄) (뜻) Spring thoughts.

*춘일 s. 春日 (봄) (날) Spring days.

*춘절 s. 春節 (놀) (마디) Spring time.

*춘정 s. 春情 (봄) (뜻) Spring thoughts. Lewd thoughts.

*춘셜 s. 春雪 (봄) (ᄉᆞᆯ) A name of the governor of Kang-wŏn.

*춘천 s. 春川 (봄) (내) A prefect in Kang-won-do Lat. 37 43 Lon. 127 40.

*춘초 s. 春草 (봄) (풀) Spring vegetation.

*춘츄 s. 春秋 (봄) (가을) Springs and autumns; your age. (Hon.) Right and wrong; life or death. The annals of the Kingdom of *Noh*, 722-484 B.C. said to have been compiled by Confucius.

*춘츄간 s. 春秋間 (봄) (녀름) (ᄉᆞ이) During spring and autumn.

*춘츄관 s. 春秋官 (봄) (가을) (ᄇᆞᆰ사) The meteorological office.

*춘츄복 s. 秋春服 (봄) (가을) (옷) Spring and autumn clothing; medium weight of clothing.

*춘츄정밀 s. 春秋正筆 (봄) (가ᄋᆞᆯ) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄀᆞᆯ) A term in the history of the Ai dynasty—written by Confucius.

*춘치자명 s. 春雉自鳴 (봄) (ᄭᅵ) (스ᄉᆞ로) (울) The spring pheasant announces its presence—to let the cat out of the bag

*춘칙 s. 春鮓 (봄) (명ᄐᆡ) The pollack—caught in the spring. *See* 명ᄐᆡ

*춘풍 s. 春風 (봄) (ᄇᆞᄅᆞᆷ) Spring breezes.

*춘풍긔샹 s. 春風氣像 (목) (ᄇᆞᄅᆞᆷ) (긔운) (모양) Gentle and ... of behaviour, actions etc.

*춘하 s. 春夏 (봄) (녀름) Spring and summer

*춘하간 s. 春夏間 (봄) (녀름) (ᄉᆞ이) During spring and summer.

*춘하츄동 s. 春夏秋冬 (봄) (녀름) (가을) (겨울) Spring, summer, autumn and winter—the four seasons. *See* 소시.

*춘한 s. 春寒 (봄) (ᄎᆞᆯ) Coldness of spring.

*춘한로건 s. 春寒老健 ... (ᄎᆞᆯ) (ᄂᆞᆰ을) [전장] The cold of spring and an old man's strength—neither lasting long.

*춘향가 s. 春香歌 (봄) (향긔) (노래) *Chun Hyang* songs—sung on the departure of a friend.

*춘향이 s. 春香 (봄) (향긔) The name of a famous dancing girl said to have lived in *Sukjong's* reign.

춘허 s. 霎 (*빙) The eaves. *See* 쳠아.

*춘흥 s. 春興 (봄) (흥치) The delights of spring.

*춘화도 s. 春畫圖 (봄) (그림) (그림) Obscene or realistic pictures.

*출가외인 s. 出嫁外人 (날) (ᄉᆡ집갈) (ᄉᆞᆯ) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Married off and become an outside person—of a daughter.

*출가ᄒᆞ다 s. 出家 (날) (집) To leave home—as a daughter when married, a priest, etc.

*출가ᄒᆞ다 s. 出嫁 (날) (ᄉᆡ집갈) To marry a husband.

*출가ᄒᆞ다 s. 出家 (날) (집) To enter a priest's life.

*출각ᄒᆞ다 s. 出脚 (날) (ᄃᆞ리) To enter office.

*출계ᄒᆞ다 s. 出繼 (날) (니ᅀᆞᆯ) To be adopted. *See* 양조ᄒᆞ다.

*출구ᄒᆞ다 s. 出柩 (날) (관) To carry out a coffin for burial.

*출구ᄒᆞ다 s. 出口 (날) (입) To leave port, to export. ᄋᆞ. 출포. *Opp.* 입구.

*출궁ᄒᆞ다 s. 出宮 (날) (집) To come forth from the palace—as the king on a royal procession.

*출관ᄒᆞ다 s. 出棺 (날) (널) To go out or march in funeral procession; to carry out a coffin for burial.

*출납국 s. 出納局 (날) (드릴) (판) A Board of the Treasury.

*출납과 s. 出納課 (날) (드릴) (부세) A treasurer's office.

*출납부 s. 出納簿 (날) (드릴) (문서) A book in which expenses and receipts are entered

*출납하다 s. 出納 (날) (드릴) To pay to the government,—as taxes.

출넝거리다 s. 거려; 린 To rattle as water in a bottle; to splash.

출넝출넝하다 s. To rattle as water in a bottle. *See* 출랑출랑하다.

*출도하다 s. 出道 (날) (길) To go out on inspection—as an *usa.* To arrive—of an usa inspector.

*출두하다 s. 出頭 (날) (머리) To summon officially. To show one's head; to appear from hiding.

*출령하다 s. 出令 (날) (ᄒᆞ여곰) To give orders officially. *See* 하령하다

*출류발췌하다 s. 出類拔萃 (날) (동류) (뽑을) (모일) To be superior to all the rest; to be the choice of all. *See* 초등하다.

*출륙하다 s. 出六 (날) (여섯) To enter the fifth degree—the lowest of commissioned officers. *See* 승륙하다.

*출리하다 s. 出來 (날) (올) To borrow and lend—money. To be done; to be finished.

*출막하다 s. 出幕 (날) (장막) To be sent to a pest-house.

*출모 s. 出母 (날) (어미) A divorced mother.

*출문하다 s. 出門 (날) (문) To leave one's house; to go out of doors.

*출물 s. 出物 (날) (물건) The expenses; the cost. *See* 슈렴.

출물군 s. One who has to foot the bills of the loafers in his train. *See* 밥자리.

*출몰하다 s. 出沒 (날) (빠질) To appear for a while and then quickly disappear.

*출반주하다 s. 出班奏 (날) (반렬) (알외) To stand up and speak in an assembly. To speak out of order.

*출발하다 s. 出發 (날) (필) To set out—as on a journey; to depart; to start.

*출번하다 s. 出番 (날) (번) To return from a turn at office. *Opp.* 입번하다; 입직하다.

*출범장고 s. 出帆牌告 (날) (돗) (펼) (고할) Notice of departure of steamer, sailing ship etc.

*출병하다 s. 出兵 (날) (군사) To go to battle; to make a warlike expedition.

*출부인 s. 出付人 (날) (붓칠) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The one who addresses or posts a letter, package etc.

*출분하다 s. 出奔 (날) (다라날) To run away; to abscond.

*출빈하다 s. 出殯 (날) (빈소) To leave the coffin for a time before final burial.

*출사하다 s. 出舍 (날) (집) To go and stay. (M.).

*출석 s. 出席 (날) (자리) Attending a place of meeting; attendance; convening.

*출석부 s. 出席簿 (날) (자리) (문서) A register of attendance.

*출석원 s. 出席員 (날) (자리) (관원) Members in attendance.

*출석하다 s. 出席 (날) (자리) To attend—a meeting, to convene.

*출선하다 s. -선) 出船 (날, (ᄇᆡ) To lade a vessel. To depart; to set sail.

*출세하다 s. (—쎄) 出世 (날) (인간) To enter on public life. To leave the world as a priest or nun.

*출성하다 s. 出城 (날) (재) To leave a walled town. *Opp.* 입성하다.

*출소기한 s. 出訴期限 (날) (알외) (지약) (한ᄒᆞᆫ) To limit of time—as for litigation etc.

*출신 s. (—씬) 出身 (날) (몸 The first degree of military promotion. A graduate for military ... *See* 선달.

*출신하다 s (—씬) 出身 (날) (몸) To graduate—for military office.

*출쇠 s. (—쒜) 出使 (날) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Detectives; police. *See* 발포.

*출쇠하다 s. (—쒜) 出仕 (날) (벼슬) To enter on office.

*출생후 s. 出生後 (날) (날 (뒤) Since birth; since childhood. *See* 생전

*출생하다 s. 出生 (날) (날) To be born as a child.

*출유하다 s. 出遊 (날) (놀) To go out on a pleasure party.

*출입 s. 出入 (날) (들) Daily life; behaviour.

*출입패 s. 出入牌 (날) (들) (패) A ticket of entrance; a pass.

*출입하다 s. 出入 (날) (들) To take a walk. (Hon.) *See* 나가다. To go in and out; to behave; to conduct oneself properly. *Opp.* 나드리하다.

*출장하다 s. 出葬 (날) (장ᄉᆞ) To hold a funeral.

*출장 s. 出張 (날) (베풀) Office in the country; special official duties outside of the walls.

출장나다 s. 장나; 난 To bring to an end; to finish.

*출장소 s. 出張所 (날) (배물) (바) A temporary or subordinate office where officials are sent to transact affairs.

*출장입상 s. 出將入相 (날, (장슈) (들, 정승) To come forth as a General and enter as a Minister of State —of one who holds both offices.

*출장ᄒᆞ다 s. 出張 (날) 배쥬) To proceed —to a place, on business of any kind; of officials, to go on duty —to a place

*출전ᄒᆞ다 s. —젼) 出戰 (날) (싸홈) To give battle; to attack.

*출졸ᄒᆞ다 s. 出卒 (날) (머므를) To march against; to advance.

*출중ᄒᆞ다 s. 出衆 (날) (무리) To excel, to surpass; to be superior to. *See* 초등ᄒᆞ다

*출진ᄒᆞ다 s. 出陣 (날) (진칠) To march forward—of troops.

*출처 s. 出處 (날) (곳) Departing or remaining. The place of manufacture; the original place; the origin. *See* 원지.

*출처ᄒᆞ다 s. 出妻 (날) (안히) To send away one's wife.

*출척ᄒᆞ다 s. 黜陟 (내칠) (올닐) To promote and degrade—officials.

*출출명장 s. 出出名將 (날) (날) (일홈) (장슈) All are superior; every one a success. *See* 지지명찰.

출출ᄒᆞ다 s. To be hungry; to have an appetite.

*출타ᄒᆞ다 s. 出他 (날) (다를) To journey to another district; to move.

*출넉ᄒᆞ다 s. 怵惕 (두릴 (놀날) To be afraid about; to tremble for. M

*출천지효 s. 出天之孝 (날, 하늘) 갈) (효도) A son of remarkable devotion to his parents.

*출판 s. 出版 (날) (조각) Publishing; printing.

*출판인 s. 出版人 (날) (조각) (사롬) A publisher.

*출판ᄒᆞ다 s. 出版 (날) (조각) To publish —as books.

*출판ᄒᆞ다 s. 出板 (날) (판지) To be reduced to poverty. *See* 기가ᄒᆞ다 *Also* 출판나다.

*출판ᄒᆞ다 s. 出辦 (날) (판단) To prepare; to arrange; to raise. To print.

*출패 s. 出牌 (날) (패) Outside dominoes —that are over and above the two sets of three each.

*출포세 s. 出浦稅 (날) (포구) (구실) Port duties; harbor dues.

*출포ᄒᆞ다 s. 出捕 (날) (잡을) To set detectives on the track of a criminal.

*출포ᄒᆞ다 s. 出浦 (날) (포구) To gather goods—for exportation; to ship goods. *See* 출구ᄒᆞ다

*출항면장 s. 出港免狀 (날) (항구) (면ᄒᆞ, (글월) Clearance

*출항세 s. 出港稅 (날) (항구) (구실) Export duty.

*출항ᄒᆞ다 s. 出港 (날) (항구) To set sail from a harbour.

*출현ᄒᆞ다 s. 出現 (날) (보일) To appear; to manifest.

*출호이자반호이 s. 出乎爾者反乎爾 (날) (오ᄂᆞ 너 (좇, ᄂᆞ아ᄒᆞ올, 오ᄂᆞ 너) As you have done so shall it be done unto you.

*출행ᄒᆞ다 s. 出行 (날) (ᄃᆞ닐) To go on a journey.

취 s. 香薷 (향긔—ᄒᆞᆷ) (나물—ᄉᆞ) A large-leafed herb—used for food.

취격 l. Enmity; variance.

취격무처다 l. 무쳐; 친 To set at variance; to pit together.

*취고슈 l. 吹鼓手 (불) (북) (손) Trumpeters; drummers.

*취교선 l. 聚交線 (모들) (사괼) (실) Converging lines.

*취국 l. 翠菊 (푸를) (국화) *Callistephus Chinensis.* The china-aster

*취군ᄒᆞ다 l. 聚軍 (모들) (군ᄉᆞ) To marshal troops; to form an army.

*취급소 l. 取扱所 (가질) (거ᄃᆞᆯ) (바) Office of a manager.

*취급인 l. 取扱人 (가질) (거ᄃᆞᆯ) (사롬) A manager; a superintendent—as of labourers; a director; a negotiator.

*취급ᄒᆞ다 l. 取扱 (가질) (거ᄃᆞᆯ) To manage—as business; to negotiate; to direct. To entertain—as a guest; to treat. To handle—as an utensil; to employ.

*취기 l. 醉氣 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔운) Intoxication.

취기 l. Partially dried pollack.

취기다 l. 취겨; 긴 To set at variance, to set on; to excite. *See* 흑이다.

*취긱 l 醉客 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) A drunkard.

*취관 s. 吹管 (불) (대쪽) Blow-pipe.

*취담 l. 醉談 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Drunken speeches. *See* 쥬담.

*취덕ᄒᆞ다 l. 取貸 (가질) (ᄲᆞᆯ) To borrow; to obtain a loan.

*취란경주 s. 取卵競走 (취할) (알) (다툴) (다라남) Spoon egg-race.

*취론 s. 臭論 (사마귀) (의론) A futile argument; worthless views.

*취리호다 /. 就理 (나아갈) (다스릴) To be put into prison *See* 취슈호다.

*취리호다 /. 取利 (가질, 이할) To make a profit from; to derive interest from. *See* 식리호다.

*취모멱조 s. 吹毛覓疵 (불) (털 여) (찾질) (희) Gossip; mischief-making; fault-finding.

*취미 /. 趣味 (지취) (맛) Taste; pleasure; interest.

*취반소 / 炊飯所 (밥지을) 밥) (바) A kitchen.

*취법 /. 聚法 (모들) (법) Reduction.

*취벽 /. 翠屛 (푸를) (병풍) A hedge. (울타).

취벽을다 /. 어; 을 To form a hedge.

*취복빅 /. 就伏白 (나아갈, 엎드릴) (알릴) "I respectfully submit the following." (Epist.).

*취선화 /. 聚仙花 (모들) (신선) (쏫) *Hydrangea.* The hydrangea.

*취슈호다 /. 就囚 (나아갈) (가둘) To be imprisoned; to be put in prison. *See* 취리호다.

*취식빅 /. 取食客 (가질) (밥) (손) A gourmand; a glutton.

*취신호다 /. 取信 (가질) (믿을) To inspire confidence; to have faith in. *See* 신임호다.

*취신경 /. 嗅神經 (내음새맛흘) (귀신) (글) The olifactory nerves.

*취실호다 / 娶室 (장가들) (집) To get married. *See* 장가들다.

*취의 / 翠色 (푸를) 빗) Blue or green colour.

*취식호다 /. 聚色 (모들) (빗) To color; to paint in bright colors.

*취안 s. 醉顔 (취홀) (얼골) A drunken look; an intoxicated expression.

*취약 s. 嗅藥 (내음새맛흘) (약) A fumigating medicine, errhine.

*취어초 /. 醉魚草 (취홀) (고기) (풀) *Budleya curvyflora.*

*취언 /. 贅言 (사마귀) (말숨) Superfluous remarks; useless talk; empty words; verbiage.

*취열호다 s. 推問 (밀) (지날 *열) To deal with a prisoner—as cross-questioning, paddling etc.

*취용취빈 /. 取用取賓 (가질) (쓸) (가질) (물) Borrowing and lending.

*취용호다 /. 取用 (취홀) (쓸) To borrow.

*취와호다 /. 醉臥 (취홀) (누울) To become intoxicated and go to sleep.

*취육 /. 腐肉 (사마귀) (고기) Inflammation about an ulcer.

*취작 /. 翠雀 (푸를) (새) A kind of kingfisher.

*취졸 /. 取拙 (가질) (졸홀) Faultfinding; slander; a failure. (나다). *See* 취모멱조.

취졸호다 /. To find fault; to tattle; to gossip.

*취중(에)무턴조 /. 醉中無天子 (취홀) (가온디) (업슬) (하늘) (아들) When drunk regardless of even the Emperor.

*취즁 /. 醉中 (취홀) (가온디) When drunk; when intoxicated.

*취즁(에)진정발 s. 醉中眞情發 (취홀) 가온디) (춤) (쏫) (필) When drunk telling all one's mind.

*취지 /. 趣旨 (취향) (쏫) Meaning; purport.

*취지셔 /. 趣旨書 (지취) (쏫) (글) A written explanation for any public enterprise, or for organizing a new company or association.

*취지호다 /. 取才 (가질) (지조) To select those of ability; to choose the best. *See* 시지호다.

*취착호다 /. 就捉 (나아갈) (잡을) To arrest, to catch a criminal.

*취처호다 / 娶妻 (장가들) (안해) To take a wife. *See* 녹비호다.

*취초호다 / 取招 (가질, 부를) To question a prisoner; to cross-question. *See* 문초호다.

*취침호다 /. 就寢 (나아갈) (잘) To retire; to go to bed. *See* 자다. *Opp.* 긔침호다.

*취탁호다 /. 揣度 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) To form conjectures; to draw inferences; to guess; to suppose.

취타호다 s. 吹打 (불) (칠—*라) To blow horns and beat drums in official ceremonies.

*취택호다 /. 取擇 (가질) (가릴) To choose; to select.

*취편호다 /. 取便 (가질) (편홀) To take it easy; to suit one's comfort or convenience. *See* 종편호다

*취품호다 / 取品 (가질) 품수) To select the quality. *See* 취택호다.

*취품호다 /. 就稟 (나아갈) (품홀) To announce to; to make known to a superior.

*취필ᄒᆞ다 t. 取筆 (가질) (붓) To employ a writer. To select a pen.

*취한ᄒᆞ다 t. 就汗 (나아갈) (땀) To take a sweat. *See* 발한ᄒᆞ다.

*취후 t. 醉後 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (뒤) When one is drunk.

*취흥 t. 醉興 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) (흥치) Intoxicating delight.

*취ᄒᆞ다 t. 取 (가질) To take hold of. To borrow; to obtain. *See* 쑤다.

*취ᄒᆞ다 t. 醉 (취ᄒᆞᆯ) To be drunk; to be intoxicated; to be dazed.

*충 s. 虫 (버레) A kind of insect—said to breed in boils.

*충거 s. 衝車 (찌를) (수레) A battering ram

충견사 s. A kind of silk.

*충곡 s. 衷曲 (가온더) (곱을) Inner heart or feelings.

*충곡 s. 忠告 (충셩) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) Advice; warning; remonstrance; reproof.

*충곡ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠告 (충셩) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To give counsel; to advise; to warn; to remonstrate with; to reprove; to censure.

*충군애국ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠君愛國 (충셩) (인군) (소랑ᄒᆞ여ᄒᆞ다) To honor the king and cherish the state.

*충군애민ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠君愛民 (충셩) (인군) (소랑) 빅셩 To honor the king and love the people.

*충군ᄒᆞ다 s. 充軍 (치울) (군소) To force into military service as a punishment.

*충군ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠君 (충셩) (인군) To honor the king.

*충근ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠勤 (충셩) (부지런ᄒᆞᆯ) To discharge duties with loyalty; to work with zeal.

*충남 s. 忠南 (충셩) (남녁) South Ch'ung-ch'ŏng province. *See* 충청남도 and 충쥬.

*충납ᄒᆞ다 s. 充納 (치울) (드릴) To pay up full as one has promised.

*충돌력 s. 衝突力 (찌를) (닷돌ᄒᆞᆯ) (힘) Impulse.

*충돌ᄒᆞ다 s. 衝突 (찌를) (닷돌ᄒᆞᆯ) To rush up against; to charge into; to collide.

*충동ᄒᆞ다 s. 衝動 (찌를) (움즉일) To excite, to stir up to action. *See* 선동ᄒᆞ다.

*충렴 s. 虫廉 (버레) (청렴) The disturbing of a grave by worms—as discovered by geomancy. (돌다).

*충렬 s. 忠烈 (충셩) (미울) Loyalty and devotion. *See* 충의.

*충만ᄒᆞ다 s. 充滿 (치울) (출) To be full; to be satisfied.

** 목ᄉᆡ간 은 인ᄀᆡ유ᄀᆡ ᄉᆞ 해ㅣᄂᆞ엇ᄉᆞᆫ유ᄀᆞ 은 ᄭᅥ ᄂᆞᆫ 갈 막다ᄀᆡ, 사ᄃᆞᆯ, ᄃᆞ다) (의ᄉᆞᆯ) (갈) Every man has a stick with which to poke other people's eyes—dont exasperate people.

*충본 s. 忠本 (충셩) (밀칠) Loyalty; devotion.

*충본소격에 s. 忠憤所激 (충셩) (분ᄒᆞᆯ) (바) (격동ᄒᆞᆯ) A matter of righteous indignation.

*충복ᄒᆞ다 s. 充腹 (치울) (비) To satisfy—the appetite.

*충북 s. 忠北 (충셩) (북녁) North Ch'ung-ch'ŏng province. *See* 충청북도.

*충셩 s. 忠誠 (충셩) (졍셩) Faithfulness; honesty; truth; sincerity.

*충수군 s. (一군) 充數軍 (치울) (두어) (군소) A useless person—who merely fills up the number.

*충수ᄒᆞ다 s. 充數 (치울) (두어) To fill up the number. *See* 수쳬워.

*충신 s. 忠臣 (충셩) (신하) A loyal courtier. *Opp.* 간신.

*충실 s. 忠心 (충셩) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) A loyal heart. *See* 충셩.

*충실ᄒᆞ다 s. 充實 (치울) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) To be full; to be abundant; to be strong and vigorous.

*충실ᄒᆞ다 s. 忠實 (충셩) (열ᄆᆡ) To be faithful to; to be honest; to be true; to be upright.

*충쇠ᄒᆞ다 s. 充塞 (치울) (막을) To stop up; to close up. (M.).

*충용 s. 忠勇 (충셩) (용밍) Loyalty and courage.

*충의 s. 忠義 (충셩) (올흘) Loyalty and faithfulness; allegiance; fidelity; faithfulness.

*충이 s. 充耳 (치울) (귀) Deafness; stoppage of the ears. (B. O.).

*충인 s. 忠愛 (충셩) (소랑) Kindness; love; benevolence.

*충졀 s. 忠節 (충셩) (마듸) Loyalty; faithfulness.

*충졍 s. 衷情 (가온더) (뜻) The heart; the mind; the feelings.

*충쥬 s. 忠州 (충셩) (고을) The name of the capital of North Ch'ung-ch'ŏng province.

*충직ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 忠直 (충셩) (곳을) To be faithful; to be true; to be outspoken.

*충지 *s.* 虫災 (벼레) (직앙, ᄉᆞ scourge of insects—destroying the crops. (들다).

*충청남도 *s.* 忠淸南道 (충셩) (몸을) (남녘) (갈) South Ch'ung-ch'ong province. *See* 충남. *Opp.* 충청북도.

*충청도 *s.* 忠淸道 (충셩) (몸을) (길) The province of Ch'ung-chong.

충충ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be shady; to be cloudy; to be deep.

*충치 *s.* 虫齒 (벼레) (니) An insect or worm that is said to cause toothache.

*충현ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 衝天 (씨를) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To light up the heavens. To rise to heaven—of anger.

*충파 *s.* 衝破 (씨를) (세칠) Unpropitious opposites—as characters in the formula of geomancy.

*충혼 *s.* 忠魂 (충셩) (혼) Loyalty; loyal; faithful.

*충효 *s.* 忠孝 (충셩) (효도) Loyalty and filial piety.

*충효겸전ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 忠孝兼全 (충셩) (효도) (겸ᄒᆞᆯ) (온전) To both serve the king faithfully and honor one's parents.

*충후ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 忠厚 (충셩) (두터울) To be upright; to be without guile. *See* 인후ᄒᆞ다.

*충훈부 *s.* 忠勳府 (충셩) (공) (마을) The office of sons of courtiers who have specially distinguished themselves.

*충화ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 衝火 (씨를) (불) To set fire to—as an incendiary. *See* 책화ᄒᆞ다.

*측간 *s.* 厠間 (뒤간) (소이) A privy; a water-closet. *See* 뒤간.

*측량ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 測定 (헤아릴) (혜ᄋᆞᆯ) To determine; to measure.

*측디ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 測地 (헤아릴) (짜) To measure land.

*측량 *s.* 測量 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) Measure.

*측량긔 *s.* 測量機 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (긔를) A surveying instrument.

*측량기슈 *s.* 測量技手 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (지조) (손) A surveyor.

*측량련 *s.* 測量鍊 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (사ᄉᆞᆯ) A chain used in surveying, a Gunter's chain.

*측량술 *s.* 測量術 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (술업) The art of surveying.

*측량소 *s.* 測量師 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (스승) A surveyor.

*측량연 *s.* 測量鉛 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (납) A plumbline, or plummet.

*측량조수 *s.* 測量助手 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (도ᄋᆞᆯ) (손) An assistant surveyor.

*측량학 *s.* 測量學 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (비홀) The study of surveying.

*측량함 *s.* 測量艦 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) (군함) A war vessel used in sounding the depth of the sea.

*측량ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 測量 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) To sound; to fathom; to calculate.

*측루 *s.* 側陋 (겻) (더러울) Country people of ability, who have no opportunity to show their talents. (B. H.).

*측면 *s.* 側面 (겻) (낫) Lateral face.

*측면도 *s.* 側面圖 (겻) (낫) (그림) Profile; side view.

*측목ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 側目 (겻) (눈) To look obliquely, etc.

*측문ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 仄聞 (기울) (드를) To hear indistinctly—as a noise; to hear in a vague manner—as a rumour.

*측백목 *s.* 側栢木 (기울) (잣) 나무) The *Juniperus chinensis.*

*측서 *s.* 廁鼠 (뒤간) (쥐) The rat of the water-closet used of people who live in poor and unpleasant surroundings.

*측실 *s.* 側室 (겻) (집) A concubine.

*측연ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 惻然 (슬흘) (그럴) To pity; to sympathize with.

*측은지심 *s.* 惻隱之心 (슬흘) (슬흘) (갈) 모음) Sympathizing heart feelings of compassion; feelings of commiseration.

*측학ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 測度 (헤아릴) (헤아릴) To measure degrees—as of latitude or longitude.

*측현경위의 *s.* 測天經緯儀 (헤아릴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (날) (씨) (거동) Altazimuth.

*측은지심(은)인긔유지 *s.* 惻隱之心人皆有之 (슬흘) (슬흘) (갈) 모음 (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (다) 잇슨) (갈) Feelings of compassion belong to everybody.

*측은ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 惻隱 (슬흘) (슬흘) To commiserate; to pity.

*측히ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 測海 (헤아릴) (바다) To measure the depth of the sea; to take soundings.

*츤착ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 襯着 (갓가울) (부ᄃᆡ칠) To correspond; to agree as in principle.

츤츤ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To feel clammy; to feel damp. *Also* 천천ᄒᆞ다.

츩 *s.* 葛 (갈) A creeper *See* 칡.

*츱입ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 闖入 (엿볼) (들) To dart in; to force one's way into—as a horseman into the ranks of the enemy.

*최도 s. 緇徒 (검은뫼) (무리) Buddhist priests.

*최슈 s. 錘銖 (저울눈) (저울눈) Measure of weight.

*최즁 s. 輜重 (짐바리) (무거울) Commissary supplies—for the army.

*최즁바리 s. 輜重 (짐바리) (무거울) Commissary baggage.

*최즁디 s. 輜重隊 (짐바리) (무거울) (떼) A commissary company.

*최즁빙 s. 輜重兵 (짐바리) (무거울) (군사) Commissary soldiers.

*층 s. 層 (층) A layer; a stratum; a storey; a degree. (지다).

*층나다 s. 層 (층) 츤나; 난 To be uneven; to be rough. *See* 층지다.

*층등 s. 層等 (층) (무리) Degrees; series; order. *See* 등급.

*층디 s. 層階 (층) (집) Steps; a stairway; a ladder. *See* 층층디.

*층만 s. 層巒 (층) (의뫼리) Mountains whose peaks are one above the other, a pile of mountains; hills rising in tiers one above another.

*층수 s. 層數 (층) (두어) The number of layers, storeys etc.

층셔 s. The quality of an article.

층시돌 s. 試石 (금—*류) (돌—*셕) A touchstone for testing the quality of gold. *See* 규셕.

*층층히 s. 層層 (층) (층) (히) Layer upon layer, one above another.

*층암졀벽 s. 層巖絶壁 (층) (바회) (그칠) (바랄) (벽) overhanging cliffs.

*층졀 s. 層節 (층) (마듸) Differences; distinction.

*층지다 s. 層 (층) 층지; 진 To be superior and inferior; to be uneven; to be mixed.

*층집 s. (—*집) 層家 (층) (집—*가) A house of more than one storey.

*층층호다 s. 層出 (층) (날) To grow by degrees, to increase.

*층층나무 s. 層層木 (층) (층) (나무—*목) A tree that grows in the form of successive storeys.

*층층디 s. 層層臺 (층) (층) (집) Steps; a stairway.

*층층시하 s. 層層侍下 (층) (층) (모실) (아래) Parents at every generation.

*층층이 s. 層層 (층) (층) Layer upon layer; one above another.

치 s. 舵 (체—*다) A rudder. *Also* 키.

치 s. 寸 (마듸—*촌) An inch; one tenth of a *cha*.

*치가호다 l. 致家 (일위) (집) To attain to fortune; to acquire means.

*치가호다 s. 治家 (다亽릴) (집) To govern one's family.

*치가호다 l. 置家 (둘) (집) To take a concubine. *See* 복젓호다.

*치각 l. 雉閣 (뀡) (집) A watch-tower. (Prov.) *See* 십조각.

*치감 s. 齒疳 (니) (병) Tooth-ache; disease of the teeth.

*치건 s. 修件 (사치) (물건) Articles of luxury.

*치경호다 s. 治經 (다亽릴) (글) To learn the Classics by rote—in preparation for examinations.

*치골 s. 齒骨 (니) (뼈) The jaw-bone.

*치구호다 s. 馳驅 (달닐) (몰) To ride fast on horseback; to gallop; to drive fast.

*치국안민호다 s. 治國安民 (다亽릴) (나라) (편안) (빅셩) To govern a country and dispense peace to the people.

*치국치민호다 s. 治國治民 (다亽릴) (나라) (다亽릴) (빅셩) To govern the state

*치국평천하호다 s. 治國平天下 (다亽릴) (나라) (평홀) (하늘) (아래) To govern a country in peace.

*치국호다 s. 治國 (다亽릴) (나라) To govern a country.

치근치근호다 s. To be persistent; to pester

*치과 s. 齒科 (니) (과거) Dental department.

*치관호다 s. 治棺 (다亽릴) (관) To make a coffin.

치다 s. 치; 친 To sift. (체로). To price; to value; to consider. To reckon. (셈). To throw. 장긔 s. To fold. (거름). (옷). To [illegible] (돈). To season; to mix with. 밥). To groove; to dig out. To charge. (갑). To weld; to make. *Also* 쳐이다

치다 s. 擊 (칠—*젹) 쳐; 친 To strike; to beat, to paddle (clothes)

치다 l. 허; 친 To clear away. To be improved. To be rubbed into holes. To be crushed. To be arrested. To be crowded.

치다 *s.* 養 (칠—*양) 체; 천 To feed; to rear; to bring up; to spout forth. *See* 기르다.

치닥거리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To provide for; to aid.

*치담ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治痰 (다스릴) (담) To cure consumption or scrofula; to free the throat from phlegm.

치닷다 *s.* 上走 (웃—*상) (다라날—*주) 다라; 든 To ascend; to go up.

*치도곤 *s.* 治盜棍 (다스릴) (도적) (곤장) An oak paddle—for beating criminals.

*치도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治道 (다스릴) (길) To prepare the way; to repair the roads.

*치독ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治毒 (다스릴) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To counteract the effects of a poison.

치ᄆᆞᆺ다 *s.* 치ᄆᆡ; 믄 To be ugly; to be disagreeable.

*치란 *s.* 治亂 (다스릴) (어지러울) Tranquillity and disorder; peace and war.

*치란안위 *s.* 治亂安危 (다스릴) (어지러울) (편안) (위ᄒᆞ다 Peace and war, quiet and disorder

치렁거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To hang down; to drag; to be loose.

치렁치렁ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be long.

*치레ᄒᆞ다 *l* 奢侈 (사치) (사치—*사) To be extravagant—in dress and food. *See* 사치ᄒᆞ다.

*치료 *s.* 治療 (다스릴) (치료ᄒᆞᆯ) Medical treatment.

*치료금 *s.* 治療金 (다스릴) (치료ᄒᆞᆯ) (쇠) Cost of medical treatment. *See* 치료비.

*치료비 *s.* 治療費 (다스릴) (치료ᄒᆞᆯ) (허비) Cost of medical treatment.

*치료ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治療 (다스릴) (치료ᄒᆞᆯ) To treat medically. *See* 묘셩ᄒᆞ다.

치루다 *s.* 어; 문 To pay off—on receipt of note. To entertain; to meet; to celebrate; to carry out. *Also* 치르다.

치르다 *s.* 치러; 른 To pay off. (돈). *See* 겻너다. To entertain; to meet; to celebrate; to carry out; to finish; to do. *See* 지내다.

*치ᄒᆡᆼᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治冷 (다스릴) (찰) To control sickness of which cold is the cause.

*치마ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 騎馬 (달닐) (몰) To ride a horse; to ride off.

*치마 *s.* 裙 (*군) A woman's apron. *See* 초마.

치마머리 *s.* False hair—used in tying the topknot.

*치마표 *s.* 騎馬表 (달닐) (물) (표ᄒᆞᆯ) A patent lever—in a watch.

*치명ᄒᆞ다 *l* 致命 (일월) (목숨) To expose one's life to danger, to risk one's life; to sacrifice one's life; to devote one's life—to an object.

*치목ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治木 (다스릴) (나무) To prepare timber, wood etc. for building.

치미다 *s.* 上衝 (웃—*상) (찌를—*충) 어; 인 To elevate; to push up; to raise

*치민ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治民 (다스릴) (빅성) To govern the people.

치밀다 *s.* 上衝 (웃—*상) (찌를—*충) 어; 인 To elevate; to push up; to rise; to raise. *See* 북밧치다.

*치밀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 緻密 (셰울) (빅빅) To be minute; to be intricate, (of workmanship) to be fine; to be delicate; to be elaborate.

치밧치다 *s.* 밧쳐; 천 To lift up; to raise; to push up; to rise. *See* 북밧치다.

*치병ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治病 (다스릴) (병들) To cure a disease.

*치부 *l.* 置簿 (둘) (문셔) An account; a bill. *See* 문셔.

*치부ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 置簿 (둘) (문셔) To make a note of; to make a memorandum of. *See* 긔록ᄒᆞ다.

*치부ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 致富 (일월) (부쟈) To attain to riches; to acquire wealth. *See* 셩가ᄒᆞ다.

*치산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治山 (다스릴) (뫼) To keep in order—ancestral graves.

*치산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治産 (다스릴) (낟) To manage one's household affairs. *See* 살님ᄒᆞ다.

치살니다 *s.* 살녀; 닌 To praise; to flatter; to cajole.

*치상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治喪 (다스릴) (상소) To prepare for a funeral.

*치사ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 致謝 (일월) (사례) To convey thanks; to congratulate. *See* 치하ᄒᆞ다.

*치셕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治石 (다스릴) (돌) To cut stone.

*치세ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 治世 (다스릴) (인간) To govern the world; to rule.

*치셩 *l.* 致誠 (일월) (졍셩) A sacrifice—to spirits.

*치셩ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 致誠 (일월) (졍셩) To worship, to yield the heart to.

*치셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 熾盛 (불길) (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) To blaze up. To be prosperous; to be illustrious.

*치송ᄒᆞ다 l. 致送 (일울) (보낼) To send.

*치송ᄒᆞ다 s. 治送 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (보낼) To fit one out and send.

*치쇼 s. 恥笑 (붓그러울) (우슴, Contempt; scorn; laughter. *See* 수모.

*치쇼 s. 徵招 (부ᄅᆞ) (부ᄅᆞ) The name of a class of tunes played before king and courtiers. (M.).

치수 s. 寸數 (마ᄃᆡ—*촌) (두어—*수) The number of inches.

*치수공학 s. 治水工學 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (물) (장인 [illegible] [illegible]

*치술 s. 齒術 (니) (술법) A dentist.

*치술 s. 治術 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (술법) A plan or system of government.

*치ᄉᆞᄉᆞ럽다 s. 醜陋 (흉ᄒᆞᆯ -*흉) (더러울—*루) 러워; 운 To be shameful; to be improper; to be disgraceful.

*치ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 致仕 (일울) (벼슬) To resign office; to abdicate.

*치ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 致死 (일울) (죽을) To die; to expire.

*치아 s. 齒牙 (니) (어금니) The teeth. (Hon.).

*치안지관소 s. 治安裁判所 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (편안) (마ᄅᆞ질 관단 [illegible] A [illegible] of peace.

*치아물 s. 齒牙筒 (니) (어금니) (ᄆᆞᆯ) A tooth-pick case.

*치악산 s. 雉岳山 (ᄭᅥᆼ) (뫼) (외) A mountain [illegible] Lat. 38.09. Long 126.14.

*치안 s. 治安 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (편안) Tranquillity; peace.

*치안방해 s. 治安妨害 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (편안 [illegible] 해ᄅᆞᆯ) [illegible]

*치안ᄒᆞ다 s. 治安 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (편안) To govern peacefully; to preserve the public peace.

*치열ᄒᆞ다 s. 治熱 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (더울) To control a fever—by medicine.

*치외 s. 治外 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (밧) Outside of the jurisdiction.

*ᄎᆞ치ᄃᆞ [illegible] 治外法權 (다ᄉᆞ릴 [illegible] 치ᄉᆡᆨ [illegible]

*치외ᄒᆞ다 s. 治外 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (밧) To govern from the outside.

*치욕 s. 恥辱 (붓그러울) (욕ᄒᆞᆯ) Shame; disgrace.

치우다 s. 치워; 운 To clear away; to put in order; to have the corners rubbed off. *Also* 치아다.

치ᄭᅮᆺ치다 s. 揣 (치ᄭᅮᆺᄎᆞᆯ—*편) 우ᄒᆡ; 친 To push to the side; to be onesided; to be partial. *See* 편벽되다.

치위 s. 寒 (찰—*한) The cold.

치위ᄂᆞᆫ다 s. 覺寒 (두려울—*외) 찰—*한) 위 ᄂᆞᆫ; 운 To feel the cold; to be susceptible to cold.

*치외 s. 齒醫 (니) (외원) A dentist. *See* 치술.

*치외염 l. 致疑點 (일울) (외심) (염) A doubt; a question mark.

*치외밧다 l. 致疑 (일울) (외심) 밧아; 운 To be doubted, to be questioned.

*치외ᄒᆞ다 l. 致疑 (일울) (외심) To suspect, to be suspicious of.

치이다 s. 치여; 인 To clear away; to put in order. To be improved; to have the corners rubbed off. To be rubbed into holes. To be crushed; to be pinched. To blame. (도ᄃᆡ에) To be recovered—of stolen goods. To be crowded. To charge. (갑).

*치장ᄒᆞ다 s. 治粧 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (단장) To be extravagant in dress and food. To ornament.

*치장ᄒᆞ다 s. 治裝 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (힘장) To put baggage in order.

*치적 s. 治蹟 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (자최) The effects of government; administrative results.

*치제ᄒᆞ다 l. 致祭 (일울) (제ᄉᆞ) To offer sacrifice to the spirit of a statesman -the viands being provided by the king

[illegible] s. 治罪 (다ᄉᆞ릴) (죄물) To [illegible] a criminal. *See* 엄치ᄒᆞ다.

*치쥬ᄒᆞ다 l. 置酒 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (술) To invite, or to be invited to a banquet or an entertainment

*치지도외ᄒᆞ다 l. 置之度外 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (갈) (법도) (밧) To abandon; to let go; to leave out of one's calculations.

*치진ᄒᆞ다 s. 馳進 (달닐) (나아갈) To ride away quickly; to hurry off on horseback.

*치질 s. 痔疾 (치질) (병) *Fistula in ano*, piles.

*치ᄌᆞ l. 稚子 (어릴) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A baby; an infant; a suckling; a child.

*치ᄌᆞ l. 梔子 (치ᄌᆞ) (야ᄃᆞᆯ) *Gardenia rubra.* (드리다).

*치총ᄒᆞ다 l. 置塚 (ᄃᆞᆯ) (부ᄆᆡᆼ) To heap up earth as in a burial—a custom by which ancestral sites are held. *See* 성묘ᄒᆞ다.

*치ᄃᆡ s. 雉堞 (ᄭᅥᆼ) (셩ᄆᆡᆼ) A battlement; a parapet.

*치조 s. 雉兎 (꿩) (토기) Pheasants and rabbits—in the sense of taking them. (M.).

*치통 s. 齒痛 (니) (아플) Toothache.

*치패ᄒᆞ다 v. 致敗 (일월) (패홀) To suffer loss. *See* 봉패ᄒᆞ다.

*치폐ᄒᆞ다 / 致斃 일월 (죽을 To die; to expire

*치포판 s. 緇布冠 (검을) (베) (갓) A small black cap for the topknot.

*치표ᄒᆞ다 / 置標 (둘) (표) To mark out—as a site for a grave. To stake out.

*치풍ᄒᆞ다 s. 治風 (다스릴) (바람) To medicate rheumatism.

*치하 s. 治下 (다스릴) (아래) Under your administration—as when addressing an official.

*치하ᄒᆞ다 / 致賀 (일월) (하례) To congratulate.

*치혈ᄒᆞ다 s. 治血 (다스릴) (피) To medicate the blood.

*치힝 s. 治行 (다스릴) (힝홀) Preparations for a journey. Luggage, baggage. (차리기). *See* 힝장.

치갈스럽다 v. 不淨 (아닐—*물) (몸을—*결) 더러, 운 To be dirty; to be filthy. (Prov.).

*칙교 s. 勅敎 (칙서) (ᄀᆞ르칠) An imperial command.

*칙답 s. 勅答 (칙서) (ᄃᆡ답) An imperial reply.

*칙령 s. 勅令 (칙서) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Imperial commands; an order from the king. *See* 조령.

*칙서 s. 勅書 (칙서) (글) An Imperial letter; any document or statepaper emanating from the emperor and bearing his seal; credentials; letters-patent; letter of appointment or of instructions.

*칙선위원 s. 勅選委員 (칙서) (쓸) (ᄇᆞᆯ릴) (관원) A member of the House of peers nominated by the Emperor.

*칙소 s. 勅使 (신칙) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The Chinese envoy to Korea.

*칙어 s. 勅語 (칙서) (말솜) Imperial message or instruction.

*칙임 s. 勅任 (칙서 맛길) Term applied to the first of the three official classes which includes only those officials who receive their appointments directly from the Emperor.

*칙임외판 s. 勅任議官 (칙서) (맛길) (외볼) (벼슬) Official appointed by the Emperor.

*칙임판 s. 勅任官 (칙서) (맛길) (벼슬) Officials appointed by the Emperor.

*칙임검사 s. 勅任檢事 (칙서) (맛길) (검사홀) (일) A public procurator.

*칙임관소 s. 勅任判事 (칙서) (맛길) (관단) (일) A judge appointed by the Emperor.

*칙주관임단 s. 勅奏判任官 (칙서) (알일) (맛길 벼슬) Officials appointed with and without request made to the Emperor.

*칙주관임단 s. 勅奏判任官 (칙서) (알일) (관단) (맛길) (벼슬) Officials appointed, nominated and selected.

*칙지 s. 勅旨 (칙서) (뜻) Imperial Commands. A despatch from the Emperor to a tributary King (*Wang*). *See* 조칙.

*칙지봉독 s. 勅旨奉讀 (칙서) (뜻) (받들) (닑을) The reading of the Imperial command.

*칙지봉독ᄒᆞ다 s. 勅旨奉讀 (칙서) (뜻) (받들) (닑을) To read the imperial letter or order.

칙칙ᄒᆞ다 s To be opaque, to be clogged up. To be dark—of color.

*칙허 s. 勅許 (신칙홀) (허락) The Imperial sanction or permission

*친 s. 親 (친홀) Father and mother. One's own—as those immediately related.

*친가 s. 親家 (친홀) (집) A bride's former home. *See* 친뎡.

*친감ᄒᆞ다 s. 親監 (친홀 (거울) To see personally; to see for oneself.

*친견ᄒᆞ다 s 親見 (친홀) (볼) To witness in person; to be eye-witness of.

*친구 s. 親舊 (친홀) (녜) A friend. *See* 붕우.

*친구간 s. 親舊間 친홀) (녜) (ᄉᆞ이) Among friends. *See* 붕뇌간.

*친국ᄒᆞ다 s. 親鞫 (친홀) (국문 To examine or cross-question a criminal —said of the king.

*친군영 s. 親軍營 (친홀) (군소) (영문) The headquarters of the palace guards.

*친근ᄒᆞ다 s. 親近 친홀 (갓가올 To be intimate with; to be fond of. *See* 친압ᄒᆞ다.

*친긔 s. 親忌 (친홀) (꺼릴) A sacrifice on the anniversary of the death of parents. (친홀).

*친뎡 s. 親庭 (어버이) (집) A bride's former home. *See* 친가

*친림ᄒᆞ다 s. 親臨 친홀) (림홀 To visit personally—said of the king.

*친명 s. 親命 (어버이 (명호) Parents' orders.

*친모 s. 親母 (친호) (어머) One's own mother.

*친목 s. 親睦 (친호) (화목) Sociability; friendliness; fraternization.

*친목회 s. 親睦會 (친호) (화목) (모돌) A social meeting.

*친목ᄒᆞ다 s. 親睦 (친호) (화목) To be very friendly; to be intimate. *See* 화목ᄒᆞ다.

*친문ᄒᆞ다 s. 親問 친호 (무룹) To ask of personally—of the King or high officials.

*친밀관계 s. 親密關係 친호 (쎅쎅) 관계 (릴) A close relation.

*친밀ᄒᆞ다 s. 親密 (친호) (쎅쎅) To be very friendly; to be intimate. *See* 친압ᄒᆞ다.

*친병 s. 親兵 (친호) (군소) The king's own troops; the palace guards. *See* 시위ᄃᆡ.

*친봉ᄒᆞ다 s. 親捧 (친호) (밧을) To receive personally.

*친부 s. 親父 (친호) (아비) Father; sire.

*친붕 s. 親朋 (친호) (벗) Friends; a warm friend.

*친사간 s. 親査間 (친호) (소돈) (소이) Among relatives by marriage.

*친산 s. 親山 (어버이) (외) An ancestral mountain where parents are buried.

*친소 s. 親疎 (친호) (성길) Friendly and unfriendly; near and distant. *See* 원근.

*친솔 s. 親率 (친호) (거누리) Relatives; family.

*친수ᄒᆞ다 s. 親授 (친호) (줄) To give personally.

*친슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 親受 친호 (밧을) To receive personally.

*친심ᄒᆞ다 s. 親審 (친호) (솜길) To examine into personally—used of an official

*친압ᄒᆞ다 s. 親押 (친호) (갓가올) To be intimate with; to be on friendly terms with. *See* 친근ᄒᆞ다.

*친영ᄒᆞ다 s. 親迎 (친호) (마질) To welcome in person—as a distinguished guest.

*친우 s. 親友 (친호) (벗) An intimate friend.

*친위ᄃᆡ 親衛隊 친호 모실 ᄆᆡ 대 The Royal Guards. *See* 시위ᄃᆡ

*친임관 s. 親任官 친호 맛길 벼슬, The high officials of the Government directly appointed by the Emperor.

*친임ᄒᆞ다 s. 親任 (친호) (맛길) To attend in person—said of the Emperor.

*친애ᄒᆞ다 s. 親愛 (친호) (소랑) To be fond of; to love dearly—as parents or relatives.

*친왕 s. 親王 (친호) (님금) The title given to a prince of the Blood; the Prince Imperial.

*친접위원 親接委員 친호 접호 맛길 (인원) A reception committee

*친접ᄒᆞ다 s. 親接 (친호) (접호) To receive; to welcome.

*친절ᄒᆞ다 s. 親切 (친호) (군절) To have affection for; to love dearly; to be intimate with. *See* 친근ᄒᆞ다.

*친제ᄒᆞ다 s. 親祭 (친호) (제소) To sacrifice personally.

*친정ᄒᆞ다 s. 親征 (친호) (칠) To fight in person—of the king.

*친족 s. 親族 (친호) (겨레) Relatives of the same name.

*친족회 s. 親族會 (어버이) (겨레) (모돌) Conference held by relatives.

*친지 s. 親知 (친호) (알) Friends.

*친집ᄒᆞ다 s. 親執 (친호) (잡을) To do with one's own hand.

*친조 s. 親子 (친호) (아돌) One's own son.

*친조친녀 s. 親子親女 (친호) (아돌) (친호) (게집) One's own son and daughter.

*친지ᄒᆞ다 s. 親裁 (친호) (마르질) To judge or decide a matter.

*친찰 s. 親札 (친호) (편지) A letter in one's own hand-writing.

*친척 s. 親戚 (친호) (권당) Relatives. 족적.

친친 *l.* Wound up in; what impedes.

친친ᄒᆞ다 s. To feel damp; to feel wet. To impede.

*친친ᄒᆞ다 s. 親親 (친호) (친호) To love one's own relatives. To be very intimate with.

*친필 s. 親筆 (친호) (붓) One's own hand-writing.

*친형뎨 s. 親兄弟 (친호) (맛) (아오) Brothers—born of the same parents.

*친히 s. 親 (친호) Of or belonging to one; personally. (Hon.) *See* 몸소

*친ᄒᆞ다 s. 親 친호 To be attached to, to be intimate with.

*천환 s. 親患 (어버이)(근심) Sickness of parents.

*칠 s. 漆 (옷칠) Paint; lacquer; varnish. (동사).

*칠 s. 七 (닐곱) Seven. *See* 닐곱.

*칠각선 s. 七角形 (닐곱)(쏠)(형상) A heptagon. *See* 칠변형.

*칠곡 s. 漆谷 (옷칠)(골) A county in Kyong-sang province a little north of Taik.u.

*칠교도 s. 七巧圖 (닐곱)(공교)(그림) A Korean puzzle constructed of five triangles, a square and a rhomboid

*칠궁 s. 七窮 (닐곱)(다할) The 7th moon poverty—when all of last year's crop is exhausted.

*칠규 s. 七竅 (닐곱)(구멍) The seven openings of the head: ears, eyes, nose and mouth.

*칠기 s. 漆器 (옷칠)(그릇) Lacquer ware.

*칠기점 s. 漆器店 (옷칠)(그릇)(장소집) A procelain manufactory.

*칠년지년 s. 七箇年 (닐곱)(낟)(히) Seven years.

*칠삭둥이 s. 七箇月 (일곱)(낟)(둘) Seven months.

*칠년대한 s. 七年大旱 (닐곱)(히)(큰)(가물) A great drought of seven years.

칠떠거리다 s. 거러; 린 To drag about one's feet—as long clothes.

칠떡칠떡 s Dragging; flapping; trailing.

*칠뎜산 s. 七點山 (닐곱)(뎜)(외) An island in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.10. Long. 128.54.

*칠뎨 s. 七代 (닐곱)(뒤신) Seven generations.

*칠대조 s. (一쩨) 七代祖 (닐곱)(뒤신)(할아비) Ancestors of the 7th degree. A g-g-g-great grandfather.

*칠령팔락 s. 七零八落 (닐곱)(떠러질)(여돕)(떠러질) What is scattered about in all directions; what is incoherent; a failure.

*칠립 s. 漆笠 (옷칠)(갓) A lacquered hat—worn when one takes off his mourning dress. *See* 흑립.

*칠목 s. 漆木 (옷칠)(나무) The varnish tree. *Rhus vernicifera* or *Vernix vernicia.*

*칠미 s. 七尾 (일곱)(꼬리) Nanao in Japan.

*칠반천역 s. 七般賤役 (닐곱)(가지)(천할)(역사) The seven low callings; those of actors, *yamen* runners, post-slaves, Buddhists, butchers, sorcerers, and merchants.

*칠변형 s. 七邊形 (닐곱)(가)(형상) Heptagon. *See* 칠각형.

*칠보 s. 七寶 (닐곱)(보배) The seven precious things with which women ornament their heads.

칠산도 s. 七山島 (닐곱)(뫼)(셤) An island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.12. Long. 126.25.

*칠석 s. (一썩) 七夕 (닐곱)(지녁) The 7th evening of the 7th moon when the stars *Kyŏnu* and *Chiknyŏ* meet across the Milky Way.

*칠석제 s. (一썩) 七夕祭 (닐곱, 지녁)(지을) A examinati n held on the 7th of the 7th moon.

*칠성 s. (一썽) 七星 (닐곱)(별) The "Seven Stars" of the Upper; a part of the Great Bear. *See* 북두성.

*칠성판 s. (一썽) 七星板 (닐곱)(별)(판자) A board on which the body is placed awaiting funeral preparations.

*칠순 s. 七旬 (닐곱)(열흘) Seventy. *See* 칠십.

*칠실지우 s. 漆室之憂 (옻)(집)(갈)(근심) Anxiety about clothes and living.

*칠색 s. (一쌕) 漆色 (옷칠)(빗) Lacquer color. (내다).

*칠야 s. 漆夜 (옷칠, 밤) A dark night. *See* 그믐밤.

*칠언 s. 七言 (닐곱)(말숨) A composition in verse having seven characters to the line.

*칠엽슈 s. 七葉樹 (닐곱)(닙) (나무) Horse chestnut, *Aesculus turbinata.*

*칠요일 s. 七曜日 (닐곱)(빗날)(날) The seven days in a week which are named after the so-called luminaries, namely the sun and moon, and the five stars bearing the names of the elements. *See* 오행.

*칠원 s. 漆原 (옷칠) (언덕) A county in Kyŏng-saug.

*칠월 s. 七月 (닐곱)(둘) The 7th moon.

*칠정 s. 七情 (닐곱) (뜻) The seven passions joy, anger, sadness, happiness, love, hartred, and desire, 희노애락애오욕.

*칠정 s. (一쩡) 七政 (닐곱)(정소) The sun, moon and the five planets.

*칠정력 s. (一쩡) 七政曆 (닐곱)(정소)(최력) An almanack of the "seven regulators"—sun, moon, and five planets.

*칠촌 s. 七寸 (닐곱) (마디) Relatives of the 7th degree; a great uncle's great grandson.

철철 *l.* s. Dragging; sweeping—the ground as by a long dress.

철철ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be sufficient; to be worthy.

*칠판 *s.* 漆板 (옻칠)(판ᄌᆞ) A black board.

*칠팔차 *s.* 七八次 (닐곱)(여듧)(번ᄀᆞᆷ) Seven or eight times.

*칠현금 *s.* 七絃琴 (닐곱)(줄)(거문고) A seven stringed lute. *See* 거문고

*칠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 漆 (옻칠) To lacquer; to varnish; to stain; to smear.

칡 *s.* 葛 (*갈) The *Pueraria Thunbergiana*—a creeper much used for fishing net cables etc. *Also* 츩.

칡소 *s.* 葛牛 (칡—*갈)(소—*우) Striped cattle.

칡오ᄅᆡ이 *s.* 葛 (칡—*갈) A strand of *Pueraria Thunbergiana* creeper.

칡오리 *s.* 葛 (칡—*갈) A strand of *Pueraria* creeper.

칡잘이 *s.* 葛虎 (칡—*갈)(범—*호) A striped tiger.

*침 *s.* 鍼 (바늘) Needles—for acupuncture. (맛다)(놋다)(주다).

침 *s.* 涎 (*연) Spittle; saliva. (밧다)(비왓다)(흘니다).

*침골 *l.* 枕骨 (머ᄀᆡ)(뼈) The skull.

*침공 *l.* 針工 (바늘)(공부) Sewing; needle-work.

*침구 *s.* 鍼灸 (바늘)(뜸) Moxa and acupuncture.

*침구 *s.* 寢具 (잘)(又ᄎᆞᆯ) Bedding. *See* 니부자리.

*침구ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 鍼灸 (바늘)(뜸) To perform acupuncture and cauterize with dried *artemisia*.

침놋다 *s.* 下鍼 (아래—*하)(바늘—*침) 노하; 혼 To lance—in acupuncture. *See* 침주다.

*침닉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 沒溺 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ)(빠질) To be sunk in—vice; to be infatuated; to be drowned, submerged in, or addicted to.

*침담그다 *s.* 담가; 근 To soak. (감).

*침뎐 *l.* 寢殿 (잘) (집) The name of the drawing room in a noble-man's mansion.

*침뎐튜잘 *s.* 浸澱硫黃 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅥᆫ기 튜ᄒᆞᆫ) (누루 P[illegible] Iodure

*침뎐탄산칼시엄 *l.* 浸澱炭酸.. (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅥᆫ기 ᄉᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆯ Calcii Carbonas. Precipitata.

*침명화 *l.* 沈丁花 ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ 차명) (꽃) *Daphne odora*

*침락뎍 *s.* 侵掠的 ᄎᆞᆷ 노략 (역질) A desire for plunder; a love of plunder.

*침략ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 侵掠 (침로) (로략) To plunder; to pillage; to despoil.

*침량ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 酌量 (ᄌᆞᆫᄌᆞᆯ) (헤아릴) To judge of; to consider and know

*침례 *s.* 沉禮 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (례도) Baptism by immersion.

*침례교회 *s.* 沉禮敎會 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (례도) (ᄀᆞ로칠) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) The Baptist church.

*침로 *s.* 侵擄 (침로ᄒᆞᆯ) (소로잡을) Invasion; taking possession of.

*침로ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 侵擄 (침로) (사로잡을) To oppress; to invade; to encroach upon.

*침륜 *s.* 沈淪 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (빠질) Perishing; being lost ns in Hades.

*침륜ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 沈淪 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (빠질) To perish; to die.

침맛다 *s.* 마자; 진 To be lanced—in acupuncture. *Opp.* 침놋다

*침면ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 沉湎 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) To be sunk in debauchery.

*침모 *l.* 針母 (바늘)(어미) A seamstress.

*침목 *l.* 梫木 (게슈나무) (나무) *Andromeda japonica.*

*침몰ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 沉沒 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (빠질) To put under water; to immerse; to submerge.

*침묵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 沉默 (ᄌᆞᆷᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄌᆞᆷᄌᆞᆷ) To be reserved; to be shy.

*침방 *l.* 寢房 (잘)(방) A bedroom. *See* 침실.

침밧다 *s.* 睡 (침밧울—*타) 아; 은 To spit; to expectorate.

*침방 *l.* 針房 (바늘)(방) A sewing room—in the palace.

*침범ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 侵犯 (침노) (범ᄒᆞᆯ) To encroach upon; to invade; to intrude. *See* 침노ᄒᆞ다.

*침불안석ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 寢不安席 (잘) (아닐) (편안) (돗) To sleep but not comfortably; to toss about sleeplessly.

*침상 *l.* 寢牀 (잘) (상) A raised bed. *See* 평상.

*침석 *l.* 寢席 (잘) (자리) A sleeping mat.

*침션 *l.* 針線 (바늘) (ᄉᆞᄆᆞᆯ) Sewing; needle-work (ᄒᆞ다).

*침소 *l.* 寢所 (잘) (바) A sleeping place.

*침시 *s.* 浸柿 (침길) (감) Soaked persimmons—such as have had the astringent taste removed.

*침식 *l.* 寢食 (잠) (밥) Sleeping and eating; one's bodily comfort.

*침식(이)불안하다 *l.* 寢食不安 (잠) (밥) (아닐) (편안) To be unable to sleep or eat comfortably.

*침식생 *s.* 浸蝕性 (침길) (먹을) (성품) Corrosive property.

*침식하다 *l.* 寢息 (잠) (쉬일) To cease; to pass away. *See* 잔정하다.

*침실 *l.* 寢室 (잠) (집) A bedroom. *See* 침방.

*침어 *s.* 針魚 (바늘) (고기) *Hemirhomphus sajori.*

*침어지재 *s.* 侵漁之災 (침노) (고기잡을) (갈) (허여길) The abuse of condemning the wrong man.

*침어하다 *s.* 侵漁 (침노) (고기잡을) To impose upon; to interfere with; to cause suffering to.

*침음량구 *s.* 沉吟良久 (즘길) (옴흠) (어길) (오랠) Sitting silent for a long time; buried in thought for a long time.

*침음하다 *s.* 沉吟 (즘길) (옴흠) To sit silent; to meditate.

*침의 *l.* 寢衣 (잠) (옷) A night-gown.

*침의 *s.* 鍼醫 (바늘) (의원) A doctor who performs acupuncture.

*침입하다 *s.* 侵入 (침로) (들) To intrude; to encroach; etc.

*침작하다 *s.* 斟酌 (부을) (잔) To deliberate; to consider; to think over carefully.

*침장이 *s.* 鍼匠 (바늘) (장인) One who practices acupuncture. A leather shoemaker.

침주다 *s.* 下鍼 (아래—*하) (바늘—*침) 어; 은 To lance—in acupuncture. *See* 침놓다

*침중하다 *s.* 沉重 (즘길) (무거울) To be serious; to be grave; to be severe. *See* 묵중하다.

*침즘하다 *s.* 沉潛 (즘길) (즘길) To be subdued; to be settled; to be discreet *See* 안존하다.

*침지 *l.* 針子 (바늘) (지조) Skill in needlework.

*침척 *l.* 針尺 (바늘) (자) A "yard" measure. *See* 옥척.

*침취하다 *s.* 沉醉 (즘길) (취할) To be very drunk; to be hopelessly intoxicated.

*침침칠야 *s.* 沉沉漆夜 (즘길) (즘길) (옻칠) 밤) A pitch dark night.

*침침하다 *s.* 沉沉 (즘길) (즘길) To be very dim, to be obscure. *See* 음침하다.

*침채 *s.* 沉菜 (즘길) (나물) Salt pickle. *See* 김치.

*침책되다 *l.* 侵責 (침로) (무지질) 여; 됨 To be overtaken by one's fault.

*침탈품 *s.* 侵奪物 (침로) (빼아슬) (만물) Anything taken possession of by force; spoil; booty.

*침탈하다 *s.* 侵奪 (침로) (빼아슬). To invade and seize upon, etc.

*침통 *s.* 鍼筒 (바늘) (통) A needlecase. (Acupuncture).

*침하하다 *s.* 沉下 (즘길) (아래) To decline; to fall off; to decay; to fail.

*침해하다 *s.* 侵害 (침로) (해로울) To infringe etc.

*침향 *s.* 沉香 (즘길) (향긔) Garoo wood or lignaloes. *Aquilaria agallochum.*

*침향색 *s.* 沉香色 (즘길) (향긔) (빗) A yellowish brown color.

*침혹하다 *s.* 沉惑 (즘길) (의혹할) To seduce; to fascinate; to lead astray. *See* 고혹하다.

*칩하다 *l.* 蟄 (잘) To improve; to grow better. *See* 유칩하다.

*칩거하다 *s.* 蟄居 (버레) (살) To be confined to one's house—as a punishment; to be hidden in one's house or place of abode; to conceal oneself—anywhere.

칩다 *s.* 寒 (칠—*한) 치워; 운 To be cold—as the weather; to feel cold. *See* 추한.

*칩복하다 *s.* 蟄伏 (버레) (업될) To conceal oneself; to hide; to be hidden.

*칩칩하다 *s.* To be shameless; to be impudent; to be greedy.

칫머리다 *s.* 더러; 린 To toss up; to mark by a sharp stroke of the pen. *See* 칫치다.

칫둘다 *s.* 어; 은 To be impudent; to be disagreeable. *See* 치스스럽다.

칫치다 *s.* 칫쳐; 천 To toss up; to mark by a sharp stroke of the pen. *See* 칫머리다.

*칭 *s.* 秤 [저울) A balance; a steelyard. *See* 저울.

*칭가유무 *s.* 稱家有無 (날구들) (집) (있슬) (업슬) According to one's station in life.

*칭도ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱道 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (길) To praise; to applaud.

*칭명ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱名 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (일홈) To call; to name.

*칭병부조ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱病不朝 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆫ (병ᄃᆞᆼ 아니) 조회) To plead illness as an excuse for not attending court on account of sickness.

*칭병ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱病 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (병ᄃᆞᆼ) To claim to be ill; to say one is sick.

*칭송ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱頌 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (기릴) To praise; to extol. *See* 찬송ᄒᆞ다.

*칭양ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱揚 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To laud; to applaud; to exalt.

칭얼칭얼 s. Delaying; hindering.

*칭원ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱寃 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (원ᄉᆞᆫ) To state one's wrongs; to complain.

*칭찬ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱讚 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (기릴) To praise; to extol; to speak well of. *See* 칭송ᄒᆞ다.

*칭탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱托 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (부탁) To pretend; to make a pretence; to allege.

*칭탈ᄒᆞ다 s. 稱頉 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (탈) To excuse oneself, to make an excuse; 핑계ᄒᆞ다.

*칭호 s. 稱號 (닐ᄏᆞᄅᆞᆯ) (일홈) Title; appellation; designation.

*초 s. 次 (버금) Material; cloth. Will; desire. A time.

*초간 s. 此間 (이) (ᄉᆞ이) Within a few days past; some days ago; lately; recently. In this place.

초근초근 s. One thing after another; carefully.

*초판 s. 次官 (버금) (버슬) The vice-minister of a Department of State.

*초남 s. 次男 (버금) (사나희) A second son.

*초녀 s. 次女 (버금) (계집) A second daughter.

초다 s. 滿 (ᄎᆞᆷ—*만) 초; 초 To be full. (아ᄅᆞᆷ) (ᄌᆞᆷ) *See* 그득ᄒᆞ다.

초닥초닥 s. Rattling; splashing.

*초뎡 s. 差帖 (부릴) (헤—*엽) An official letter of appointment to office. (맛다). *See* 에지.

*초례 s. 次第 (버금) (ᄎᆞ례) Rank; order; sequence. *See* 초셔.

*초명ᄒᆞ다 s. 差定 (부릴—*처) (명ᄒᆞᆯ—*뎡) To assign to work.

*초등 s. 次等 (버금) (무리) Second-class or second quality. *See* 둥수.

*초뎌 s. 次對 (버금) (뎌ᄒᆞᆯ) Replies to inquiries from the king regarding the meaning of something written in the character. (치로다).

*초뎌ᄒᆞ다 s. 差代 (부릴—*처) (ᄃᆡ신—ᄃᆡ) To take the place of, to succeed to an office.

*초례 s. 次例 (버금) (젼례) Order; rank; series. *See* 초셔.

*초례초례 s. 次例次例 버금 젼례 버금 젼례 Order after order in order. *See* 다음다음.

*초류산ᄂᆞᆯ륨 s. 次硫酸鐳溴 (버금 류황) (ᄉᆞᆫ) (ᄂᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆨ) Lanthanum Basophatis.

초리다 s. 備 (ᄀᆞᄎᆞᆯ—*비) 초려; 뎐 To make ready; to prepare. To collect one's senses. (정신).

*초방 s. (—*쌍) 次房 (버금) (방) A side room; a closet.

*초셔 s. 次序 (버금) (ᄎᆞ셔) Order; sequence. (ᄆᆞᆨ이다). *See* 초례.

*초세 s. 此世 (이) (인간) This world.

*초세상 s. 此世上 (이) (인간) (ᄉᆞᆺ) This world; this life. *See* 금세상.

*초소위 s. 此所謂 (이) (바) (닐ᄋᆞᆯ) So to speak; for example. *See* 닐ᄋᆞᆯ러이면.

*초손 s. 次孫 (버금) (손ᄌᆞ) A second male line of posterity—in contrast to the eldest. *Opp.* 종손.

초승 s. Once and for all; while one lives. Indeed; truly.

*초시 s. 此時 (이) (때) This time; this day.

*초싱 s. 此生 (이) (날) This life, in contrast to a former existence—as taught by the Buddhists. *See* 금싱.

*초아ᄀᆡ산ᄆᆞᆫ안 s. 次亞ᄀᆡ산ᄆᆞᆫ안 버금 버금 ᄀᆡ산ᄆᆞᆫ안 Dyad ethyl ate of Manganese.

*초아린산쏘ᄃᆡ염 s. 次亞燐酸 ..... (버금) (ᄇᆞᆨ) (귀화) (실) ..... Hypophosphite of Sodium.

*초아류산쏘ᄃᆡ염 s. 次亞硫酸 ..... (버금) (버금) (류황) (실) ..... Sodii Hyposulphis.

*초아린산철 s. 次亞燐酸鐵 (버금) (버금) 린산 철 Iron Hypophosphite.

*초에 s. 次 (버금) During; while.

*차역 s. 此亦 (이) (또) Moreover; besides.

*차역 l. 差役 (부릴—*쳐) (역소—*역) Official business. *Yamen runners. See 소환.

*차역시 s. 此亦是 (이) (또) (이) This also; this too.

*차염화철당장 s. 次鹽化鐵糖漿 (버금) (소금) (될) (쇠) (수수) (장) Syrupus Ferri Subchloridi.

*차외에 s. 此外 (이) (밧) Besides this; in addition to this.

*차운 l. 次韻 (버금) (운) To rhyme with a stanza of poetry already composed.

*차운하다 l. 次韻 (버금) (운) To compose a rhyme to correspond to verses already set.

차이다 s. 滿 (출—*만) 차여; 춘 To fill. See 차오다.

*차일시 피일시 s. 此—時彼—時 (이) 호 (때) (며) (호) (때) This special time, that special time, this time, that time.

*차일피일하다 s. 此日彼日 (이) (날) (며) (날) To be this day and that day—of procrastination.

*차장내하오 s. 此將奈何 (이) (장차) (엇지) (엇지) How shall I do?

*차지 s. 次知 (버금) (알) Responsibility.

*차지하다 s. 次知 (버금) (알) To be responsible for; to take charge of.

*차조 s. 次子 (버금) (아들) A second son. *Opp.* 장조. *See* 기차조식.

*차좌 s. 次座 (버금) (자리) The second seat or place—in order of precedence.

*차처 s. 此處 이 (곳) This place.

*차초산연갑유 s. 次醋酸鉛甘油 (버금) (초) (될) (납) (물) (기름) Glycerinum Plumbi Subacetatis.

*차초산동 s. 次醋酸銅 (버금) (초) (될) (구리) Cupri Subacetas.

*차초산연 s. 次醋酸鉛 (버금) (초) (될) (납) Plumbi Subacetatis.

*차초산연액 s. 次醋酸鉛液 (버금) (초) (될) (납) (진) Liquor Plumbi Subacetatis.

차치하다 l. 姑捨 (아직—*고) (부릴—*샤) To lay aside; to drop. *See* 고샤하다.

*차차 s. 次次 (버금) (버금) In stages; by degrees. *See* 점점.

*차칠피칠하다 s. 此頭彼頭 이 (칠) (며) (칠) To make this excuse and that.

*차편 s. 此便 (이) (편) This side; this part.

*차호 s. 次號 (버금) (일홈) The next or subsequent number or issue of a paper or magazine.

*차회 s. 次回 (버금) (도라올) The next time; a subsequent occasion; the next round. *See* 차호.

*차후에 s. 此後 (이) (뒤) After this; in future. *See* 이후에.

출하리 s. 寧 (*녕) An introductory word followed by 언뎡 having the force of *even though .... rather than .*

춤 s. 眞 (*진) What is true; true; trustworthy. *Opp.* 거짓. *See* 참말.

춤기름 s. 眞油 (춤—*진) (기름—*유) Sesamum oil. (짜다) (치다).

춤깨 s. 眞荏 (춤—*진) (깨—*임) Sesamum—that variety of the grain that is used for food.

춤나무 s. 櫟木 (상슈리—*상) (나무—*목) The oak.

춤다 l. 忍, 耐 (춤을 —*인) 아; 은 To endure; to bear; to stand. To control. *See* 견디다.

춤대 s. 竹 (대—*죽) Bamboo. *See* 대.

춤되다 s. (—쇠, 眞 (춤—*진) 여; 된 To be true; to be reliable. *See* 진력하다.

춤뜻 s. 眞理 (춤 *진) (리치—*리) True meaning or thought. *See* 진리.

*춤람하다 l. 僭濫 (거짓) (넘칠) To go to excess; to be presumptuous. *See* 외람하다.

춤말 s. Truly; surely; sincerely. *Opp.* 거짓말.

*춤망하다 l. 僭妄 (거짓) (망녕) To be arrogant; to be presumptuous.

춤먹 s. 眞墨 (춤—*진) (먹—*묵) Superior ink.

춤바 s. Hemp rope. (드리다).

춤벌 s. 家蜂, 진—*가 (벌 *봉) The domestic bee. *See* 꿀벌.

춤빗 s. 眞梳 춤—*진) (빗 *소) A fine-toothed comb. (빈다) (질하다). *See* 얼에빗.

춤비 s. Cultivated pears—as grown from grafts. *Opp.* 돌비.

춤새 s. 雀 (새—*작) A sparrow.

*춤서 s. 讖書 (춤서) (글) A prophecy.

춤수 l. 站數 (춤수) (두어) Number of resting places; halting places.

춤숫 s. Oak wood charcoal.

총아로호다 s. 不忍 (아닐 *불)(참을—*인) Not to dare to do.

총외 s. (외) 眞瓜 (참—*진)(외—*과) Melons. (놋다). See 외.

총을경 s. 忍耐 (참을 *인)(견딜 *내) Patience; temperance. See 견딜녕.

총죽나무 s. A kind of red oak.

총현 s. Precious treasure — money. (Prov.).

총치 s. A queue of real hair. *Opp.* 물치.

*총치호다 s. 參差 (총치홀)(어긔여질) To be irregular, to be uneven; to be unassorted.

*총찬왕 / 僭竊王 (거짓 님금훌)(훔칠 님금) A usurper; one presuming to be king.

*치 l. 菜 (나물) Culinary vegetables.

치 s. 轍 (수레처—*의) The shafts of a cart.

*치굴호다 l. 採掘 (캘)(팔) To dig out; to mine.

치근호다 l. 催促 재촉 *최 (재촉—*촉) To dun; to urge on; to hasten.

*치근호다 / 探捉 찰 잡히 To search out; to follow up. See 렴탐호다.

*치금호다 l. 採金 캘 쇠 To mine gold.

*치광학 l. 採鑛學 캘 쇠돌 (장인), 비홀 Mining engineering.

*치광학 / 採鑛學 캘 쇠돌, 비홀, Science of mining.

치다 s. 여; 천 To catch; to scoop up—as grain. To dun—for debt.

*치단 l. 彩緞 (치칙)(비단) Colored silks as sent to the betrothed before a wedding. See 혜단.

*치달 l. 菜疸 (나물)(병) Jaundice.

*치뎐 l. 菜田 (나물)(밧) A vegetable field.

*치독 l. 菜毒 (나물)(독홀) Vegetable poison.

*치마 l. 菜麻 나물, 삼, Garden vegetable 갓치다

*치마뎐 l. 菜麻田 나물, 삼, 밧 Fields for vegetables and hemp.

*치문호다 l. 採問 (캘)(무를) To inquire into; to ask for information. See 치탐호다.

*치민다 s. 粧册 (단장)(칙) 여; 민 To bind a book.

*치병 l. 彩屛 (치칙)(병풍) A painted screen.

*치비 s. 差備 (부릴)(갓출) Business; work; an undertaking.

*치비관 s. 差備官 (부릴)(갓출)(벼슬) One in charge of official business.

*치소 l. 菜蔬 (나물) (나물) Vegetables. See 푸성귀.

*치소 s. 差使 (부릴)(하여금) 여금 runner; a constable. 포리.

*치솔호다 l. 採蔘 (캘) (숨) To dig ginseng.

*치칙 l. 彩色 (치칙) (빗) Variegated; parti-colored.

*치약호다 l. 採藥 (캘) (약) To dig medicinal plants.

*치역 s. 差役 (부릴)(역소) Official works.

치오다 s. 鎖 (잠글쇠—*쇄) 치와; 온 To lock.

치오다 s. 充 (치일—*충) 치와; 온 To fill; to pour full.

*치용호다 l. 採用 (캘)(쓸) To adopt; to accept.

*치운 l. 彩雲 (치칙) (구름) Clouds of various colours; pretty clouds.

*치유 l. 菜油 (나물) (기름) Vegetable oil.

*치읍 l. 菜邑 (나물) (고을) A small prefect or village of which one has charge.

*치인 s. 差人 (부릴) (사롬) An employe or clerk in business.

치치다 l. 치쳐; 천 To slice up radishes.

*치주 l. 探字 (캘) (글주) Type-setting.

*치주호다 l. 採字 (캘) (글주) To set type.

*치책 l. 寨柵 (진) (목칙) A barricade; a stockade.

치칼 l. A grater on which to rub vegetables.

*치탐호다 l. 採探 (캘)(더듬을) To inquire into.

*치표 l. 彩票 (치칙) (표) A lottery ticket.

*치화 l. 彩畵 (치칙) 〈그릴〉 A coloured picture; painting.

*칙 s. 冊 (칙) Books—in general; records. (미다), 벗기다). See 칙주

*칙명 冊題目 (칙) (명목 눈 Name of a book.

칙목정 s. A book cover; the binding of a book. See 칙의.

*칙력 s. 冊曆 (칙)(칙력) A book calendar; an almanack. See 돌력.

*칙망호다 s. 責 꾸지질 To scold, to blame; to reprove. See 꾸지람호다.

*칙문 s. 册門 (목칙) (문) The district beyond the *Yalu* where toll was collected from those going to Chiua.

*칙문 s. 策問 (묘칙) (무를) Written answer to questions set at public examinations.

*칙박ᄒᆞ다 s. 窄迫 좁을 핍박) To be narrow; to be confined; to be small.

칙뱃칠 s. The name of the 162nd Chinese Radical 辶.

*칙방 s. 冊房 (칙) (방) A scholar who accompanies a magistrate to his district. *See* 칙실. A printing-house.

*칙법ᄒᆞ다 s. 責罰 (꾸지질) (벌홀) To punish.

칙보다 s. 아; 본 To read a book; to read aloud.

*칙상 s. 冊床 (칙) (상) A book table. *See* 서안.

칙상물님 s. A failure as a scholar and consequently a failure in everything else. *Opp.* 엇박이.

*칙사 s. 冊舍 (칙) (방) A bookstore.

*칙선ᄒᆞ다 s. 責善 (꾸지질) (착홀) To reprimand kindly.

칙씨시ᄒᆞ다 s. To feast one's teacher and friends on the completion of a book of study.

*칙소 s. 冊肆 (칙) (저조) A book-store (내다).

*초스 s. 筆士 (묘ᄎᆞ) (선비) A person fertile in expedients; a man of resource.

*책의 s. 冊衣 (책) (옷) A book cover; the binding of a book. *See* 칙둑겅.

*책인죽명 s. 責人則明 (꾸지질) (사ᄅᆞᆨ) (곳) (볼을) One given to rebuking the faults of others.

*칙임 s. 責任 (꾸지질) (맛길) Obligation; responsibility; duty.

*칙장 s. 冊欌 (칙) (곰ᄇᆞᆯ) A bookcase.

*칙장 s. 冊張 (책) (베풀) A leaf of a book.

*칙조 s. 冊子 (칙) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A book. *See* 서칙.

*칙칙칭선ᄒᆞ다 s. 嘖嘖稱善 (말다ᄃᆞᆯ홀) (말다ᄃᆞᆯ홀) (닐ᄀᆞᄅᆞᆷ) (착홀) To praise one for well doing.

*칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 責 (꾸지질) To scold; to reprimand; to rate. *See* 꾸지다.

*칙요 s. 撮要 (쥠을) (요기홀) An abstract; a summary; an epitome; an abridgment.

ㅋ

ㅋ An aspirated, ㄱ represented by *k*.

카랑카랑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin; to be wiry. To be cold; to be chilly.

카랑카랑ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin; to be poor.

칵 s. Violently; with force—as in striking, stabbing etc. *See* 칵.

칵칵 s. Striking; beating. *See* 칵칵. Spitting; hawking.

칸 s. 間 (ᄉᆞ이—*관) The measure of a room about eight feet square.

칼 s. 刀 (*도) A knife. *See* 도조.

칼 s. 枷 (*가) A wooden frame fastened as a collar to the neck of a criminal; a cangue. (쓰다).

칼새 s. The kingfisher.

칼질ᄒᆞ다 s. To use a knife—in stabbing; to cut up.

칼첨조 s. Chopsticks that go with a belt knife.

칼치 s. 刀魚 (칼—*도) (고기—*어) A long fish with a silvery belly and a sharp back. (Prov.) *See* 갈치.

칼춤 s. 劍舞 (칼—*검) (춤출—*무) A sword dance (추다). *See* 검무, 상장무.

캄캄ᄒᆞ다 s. 黑洞洞 검을 *흑) 골—*동) (골—*동) To be dark. To be ignorant; to be unenlightened. *See* 썸썸ᄒᆞ다.

캄 s. With a thud—as one falling.

캄캄 s. Whimpering; pouting.

캉캉 s. Barking—as a fox.

캄캄ᄒᆞ다 s. To be thin; to be emaciated. To be thirsty; to be dry; to have an appetite for.

컬넉컬넉ᄒᆞ다 s. 咳 (헤소—*헤) To cough. *See* 골눅골눅ᄒᆞ다.

컴컴ᄒᆞ다 s. 冥 (어두울—*명) To be obscure; to be dark. *See* 캄캄ᄒᆞ다

컹컹 s. Barking, whining. *See* 콩콩.

켜다 s. 켜; 켠 To saw. To have a craving for. (물). To stretch (oneself).

켜다 s. 燃燈 (불홀—*연) (등불 *등), 켜; 켠 To light—a lamp.

켜내다 *s.* 어; 낸 To introduce; to lead up to. (Prov.) *See* 자아내다.

켜리 *s.* 雙 (쌍—*쌍) A pair. The numerative of pairs of socks, shoes etc.

켜 *s.* A layer; a ply. Numerative of games—as chess etc.

켜켜 *s.* Every layer. Each game. Every time. *See* 번번히.

켜다 *l.* 어; 켄 To stretch—a string. To feel anxious about; to desire to see.

켜쑥 *s.* The inner thought or intention. *See* 리허.

켜켜묵다 *s.* 어; 우 To be stored up for a long time.

코 *s.* 鼻 (*비) The nose. Mucus from the nose; snivel.

코써리 *s.* 象 (*상) An elephant.

코섭쏘이다 *s.* 쏘여; 인 To breath upon. To have illicit intercourse with.

코끌다 *s.* 鼾 (코끌—*한) 아; 끈 To snore.

코노래 *s.* 鼻歌 (코—*비) (노래—*가) A humming through the nose.

코딱지 *s.* Mucus from the nose.

코뚜레 *s.* A ring for the nose.

코물 *s.* 鼻涕 (코—*비) (코물—*체) Mucus from the nose; snivel.

코빙들다 *s.* 어; 든 To have the nose stopped—a disease of chickens.

코즙빡이 *s.* The ridge of the nose.

코침주다 *s.* 어; 준 To tickle the nose—in order to induce sneezing.

코풀다 *s.* 어; 푼 To blow the nose.

코피 *s.* 鼻血 (코피—*혁) (피 *혈) Blood from the nose.

콕 *s.* With a poke, a thrust etc.

콕콕 *s.* Rapping; poking; thrusting. Hawking; coughing.

콜콜 *l.* Snoring.

콜콜이 *s.* Exceedingly; extremely.

콜녹거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To cough repeatedly.

콜녹콜녹하다 *s.* 咳 (히소—*해) To cough repeatedly. *See* 컬넉컬넉하다.

코가하다 *s.* 惡臭 (썩은 *악) (내음새 *취) To emit a foul odor; to stink. *See* 퀴퀴하다.

콩 *s.* 太 (*태) Beans; peas.

콩엿 *s.* Bean coated candy.

콩기름 *s.* Sprouted beans.

콩기름 *s.* 豆油 (콩—*두) (기름—*유) Bean oil.

콩나물 *s.* 太菜 (콩—*태) Sprouted beans.

콩볶근이 *s.* Parched beans.

콩볶다 *s.* 가; 근 To parch beans.

콩새 *s.* 太鳥 (콩—*태) (새—*됴) A kind of finch.

콩자반 *s.* A dish of beans and soy.

콩팥칠팥하다 *s.* To contradict; to raise questions. *See* 힐설슈설하다.

콩팥 *s.* 腎 (신—*신) The kidneys. *See* 신장.

콩콩 *s.* and *l.* Beating; pounding—as a grain pestle. Barking. *See* 컴컴.

쿠렁쿠렁하다 *s.* To be somewhat empty; to lack a little.

쿡 *s.* With a thump; with a poke. *See* 콕.

쿡쿡 *l.* and *s.* Thumping; poking.

쿨누거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To cough frequently. *See* 쿨노거리다.

쿨녹쿨녹하다 *s.* 咳 (히소—*해) Coughing. *See* 기침하다.

쿨적쿨적하다 *s.* To weep; to whimper. (Prov.).

쿨쿨 *l.* Snoring; breathing deeply. *See* 코풀다.

퀴퀴하다 *s.* To stink; to smell badly. *See* 쾨쾨하다.

퀭하다 *s.* To sound; to thump.

쿵하다 *s.* and *l.* To thump; to pound; to sound.

크나큰 *s.* 極大 (극장—*극) (큰—*대) Great; large; important.

크다 *s.* 大 (큰—*대) 커; 콘 To be great to be large; to be high.

그다랗다 *l.* 다래; 란 To be great; to be large.

큰소리하다 *s.* 喧 (짓거릴 *훤) To create an uproar; to clamor. *See* 쵸거리다.

큰아바지 *s.* A paternal uncle—older than the father. *See* 빅부.

큰어머니 *s.* The wife of a 큰아바지.

큰톱 *l.* 大鋸 (큰—*대) (톱—*거) A large coarse-toothed saw.

클클하다 *s.* To be thirsty; to have a craving for. *See* 컬컬하다.

큼 *s.* Thus; so—an ending.

큼직큼직ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 大 (큰—*대) To be in large parts; to be large.

큼직ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 大 (큰—*대) To be large; to be big.

키 *s.* 高長 (높—*신) (간—*장) Height; stature. (코다).

키우다 *s.* 養育 (기를—*양) (칠 *육) 워. 운 To bring up; to domesticate. *See* 양육ᄒᆞ다.

키 *s.* 箕 (*기) A sieve.

키에 *s.* In consequence of; because of; since—an ending used with verbs in 라. *See* 킬너.

킬너 *s.* In consequence of; because of; since—an ending used with verbs in 라. *See* 키에.

킬킬 *s.* Giggling.

탁 *s.* With a thud—as from a blow.

탁탁 *s.* Beating; pounding. Bubbling; trickling.

태 *s.* A measure—ten *yang*. A string of twenty dried pollack etc.

*쾌락 *s.* 快諾 (쾌홀) (허락) Assent; assurance.

*쾌락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快樂 (쾌홀) (즐거울) To be delighted; to be happy; to be glad.

*쾌마 *s.* 快馬 (쾌홀) (물) A swift horse.

*쾌복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快復 (쾌홀) (회복홀) To be quite well.

*쾌자 *s.* 快子 (쾌홀) (아들) A coat having no sleeves and open at the sides, worn by *yamen* underlings. *See* 전복.

쾌쾌 *s.* Beating; pounding.

*쾌차ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快差 (쾌홀) (나을) To be well, to have recovered. *See* 낫다.

*쾌쾌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快快 (쾌홀) (쾌홀) To be suitable; to be agreeable; to be refreshing. *See* 상쾌ᄒᆞ다.

*쾌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快 (쾌홀) To suit; to be as one wishes; to be well.

*쾌활년 *s.* 快活年 (쾌홀) (살) (힐) A year of plenty. *See* 풍년.

*쾌활ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 快活 (쾌홀) (살) To be cheerful; to be agreeable; to be suitable; to be refreshing.

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*타곳 *s.* 他處 (다를) (곳 *처) Another place; a different region. *See* 타관.

*타구 *l.* 唾具 (침비앗홀) (그릇) A spittoon.

*타국 *s.* 他國 (다를) (나라) Other countries; a foreign land. *See* 이국.

*타급 *s.* 他給 (다를) (줄) Debt; money owed to another. *See* 빗.

*타관 *s.* 他關 (다를) 짐) Another district; another region. *See* 타향.

타내다 *s.* 여; 낸 To answer back; to scold.

*타년 *s.* 他年 (다를) (힌) Another year; some other year.

타닥타닥 *s.* With short steps. Walking with difficulty.

타달타달 *s.* With short steps. Vainly; uselessly. *See* 헛달헛달.

*타당ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 妥當 (깰 안) (맛당) To be satisfactory; to be right; to be proper. *See* 의당ᄒᆞ다.

*타뎜 *l.* 打點 (칠) (뎜칠) A mark; a point; period.

*타뎜ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 打點 (칠) (뎜칠) To mark. To arrange; to sort; to get ready; to plot.

*타도 *s.* 他道 (다를) (길) Another province. *See* 타관.

*타도타관 *s.* 他道他關 (다를) (길) (다를) (짐) Another province and a different district.

*타동 *s.* 他洞 (다를) (골) Another village.

*타동소 *s.* 他動詞 (다를) (움직일) (말) A transitive verb. *Opp.* 자동소.

*타락 *l.* 墮落 (떠러질) (떠러질) Ruins; something fallen. Backsliding (Buddhist).

*타락ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 墮落 (떠러질) (떠러질) To fall—from former principles; to backslide.

*타락 *s.* 駝酪 (약ᄃᆡ) (약ᄃᆡ) A camel. Cow's milk. *See* 쇠젓.

*타락죽 *s.* 駝酪粥 (약ᄃᆡ) (약ᄃᆡ) (죽) Milk stew—a palace dish.

타락줄 *s.* 毛索 (털 억—*모) (삭기—*삭) A rope made of human hair. *See* 인모바.

타래 *s.* 縷 (억굴—*편) A numerative of skeins of string, ropes, bunches of onions, etc.

타래박 *s.* A well calabash; a paddy-field bucket. *See* 두레박.

타래버선 *s.* Embroidered stockings for children.

다령 *n.* 歌 (노래 -*가) A variety of popular songs.

다리개버선 *s.* 兒襪 (아히 -*은)(버션 -*말) Embroidered hose for small children.

*다맥호다 *v.* 打麥 (칠)(보리) To harvest; to gather grain.

다발라발호다 *s.* To be unpalatable. To grate; to grind.

*다발호다 *v.* 打白 (칠)(흰—*빅) To find fault with; to grumble at; to reject. To fail —on examination.

다발다발 *s.* With difficulty—in walking. *See* 어벌거벌.

*다보호다 *v.* 打報 (칠)(갑흘) To work a telegraph instrument; to send a message.

*다살호다 *v.* 打殺 (칠)(죽일) To club to death; to kill by beating.

*다셩 *s.* 他姓 (다를)(셩) (Of) another surname. *See*

*다시 *n.* 他時 (다 -세) Another time; some other time.

*다ᄉᆞ *s.* 他事 (다를)(일) Other matter; another affair.

*다읍 *s.* 他邑 (다를)(고을) Another official district. *See* 다판.

다익산 *s.* Acidum Tannium.

*다인 *s.* 他人 (다를)(사ᄅᆞᆷ) Another man; others. *See* ᄂᆞᆷ.

*다인소시에 *s.* 他人所視 다른 사ᄅᆞᆷ이 ᄇᆞᆯ ᄆᆡ

*다인호다 *s.* 打印 (칠) (인칠) To stamp examination papers with an official seal. *See* 답인호다.

*다ᄉᆞ *s.* 他日 (다를)(날) Another day; other time.

*다작군 *n.* 打作軍 (칠)(지을)(군ᄉᆞ) A thresher; one who beats out grain.

다작판 *n.* A foreman of a farmstead.

*다작호다 *v.* 打作 (칠)(지을) To thrash out; to beat out—grain. *See* 가ᄅᆞᆯ호다.

*다종 *s.* 他宗 (다를)(마루) Another religious sect.

*다처 *s.* 他處 (다를)(곳) Another place; elsewhere. *See* 원처.

*다ᄒᆡᆼ호다 *v.* 放行 (ᄂᆞᆯ ᄒᆡᆼ) To let off; to let go free. To turn out favorably, to settle. *See* 물시호다.

*다과호다 *n.* 打破 (칠)(허칠) To break—as a contract; to destroy.

*다ᄒᆞᆫ *s.* 他鄕 (다를)(시골) Another district of the country. *See* 다판.

*다ᄒᆞᆫ 글ᄌᆞ 他漢字 (ᄇᆞᆺ글ᄌᆞ) 놈을 중세) ᄒᆞᆫ글ᄌᆞ. *See* 글ᄌᆞ.

닥 *l.s.* With a crack; with a blow. (처다).

*닥란호다 *s.* 濁亂 (흐릴)(어지러울) To stir up; to create confusion. (Comp.).

*닥마호다 *s.* 琢磨 (도ᄋᆞᆯ)(갈) To polish; to be industrious; to give evidence of hard work.

*닥목됴 *s.* 啄木鳥 (조ᄋᆞᆯ)(나무)(새) A wood pecker. *See* 딱작ᄀᆞ리.

*닥발-ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 辦 (ᄒᆡ여ᄆᆞᆯ ᄇᆞᆯ 나, 나 To be completed; to be finished. *See* 못나다.

*닥보 *s.* 濁甫 (흐릴)(겨우) Foolishness; nonsense.

*닥셩 *s.* 濁聲 (흐릴)(소리) A hoarse voice; a husky voice. The asprate or rough note in music.

*닥신호다 *v.* 托身 (부탁)(몸) To trust to; to confide in.

*닥ᄉᆞ *s.* 托辭 (부탁)(말ᄉᆞᆷ) Equivocation; a pretence; pretext.

*닥음 *s.* 濁音 (흐릴)(소리) The impure or soft sound of some of the Japanese syllables, as *ba, de, ji, go, zu,* etc.

*닥의호다 *s.* 托意 (부탁)(ᄯᅳᆺ) To speak one's thoughts in a figure or allegory.

*닥이호다 *s.* 卓異 (높흘)(다ᄆᆞᆯ) To be specially gifted. *See* 초월호다.

닥ᄌᆞ다 ᄆᆞᆫ ᄉᆡ다 To wash, the feet; to bathe. *See* 목욕호다.

*닥쥬 *s.* 濁酒 (흐릴)(술) Thick unstrained spirit. *See* 막걸니.

*ᄌᆡ닥ᄉᆞ 度支 (ᄒᆡ아ᄅᆞ) 교간, The Revenue Office.

*ᄌᆡ정대신 ᄆᆞᆫ호ᄉᆞᆷ 헤아ᄅᆞ 교일, (큰)(신하) The Minister for Finance.

*ᄌᆡ정부 度支部 (헤아ᄅᆞ 교일, 마ᄋᆞᆯ) The Finance Office.

*ᄉᆞᆨ조 ᄆᆞᆫ구 놈ᄌᆞ 아ᄅᆞᆫ A book case, a side board.

*ᄉᆞᆨ쳐호다 *v.* 托妻子 부ᄐᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ 안ᄒᆡ 아ᄃᆞᆯ) To entrust one's family to.

*ᄉᆞᆨ출호다 *s.* 卓出 (높흘)(날) To stand out conspicuously; to tower up—of persons; to be pre-eminent; to be conspicuous—of hills. *See* 탁월호다.

*ᄉᆞᆨ타 *s.* 駝駝 (자로) (약ᄃᆡ) A camel. *See* 약ᄃᆡ.

탁탁 *l.* Rapping; beating. (처다).

탁탁ᄒᆞ다 *a.* To be substantial; to be rich; to be well off. (지내다).

*탁탁ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 濁濁 (씨슬) (씨슬) To be fat—of deer. (B.O.,

*탁합긔 *n.* 度鑑器 (헤아릴) 소리) (그릇 Sonometer.

*탁ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 濁 (흐릴) To be muddy; to be turbid; to be dull. *Opp.* 묽다.

*탄강ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 誕降 (날) (누릴) To beget a son—of the king.

*탄금ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 彈琴 (탈) (거문고) Playing on a harp. To play on a harp.

*탄광 *l.* 炭鑛 (숫) (구멍이) A coal mine.

*탄력 *l.* 彈力 (탄ᄌᆞ) (힘) Elasticity.

*탄로ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 綻露 (터질) (드러날) To be manifest; to be known; to be open. *See* 발각ᄒᆞ다.

*탄막 *l.* 炭幕 (숫) (막) A charcoal shed. An inn. *See* 숯막.

*탄복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 嘆服 (탄식) (항복) To commend; to praise. *See* 흠션ᄒᆞ다.

*탄산 *l.* 炭酸 (숫) (실) Acidum Sarbonicum.

*탄산과야퓰 *l.* 炭酸 ..... (숫) (실) . Guaiacol Carbonate.

*탄산니튀엄 *l.* 炭酸 ..... (숫) 실 Lithii Carbonas.

*탄산막니서엄 *l.* 炭酸 . .... (숫) (실) . Magnesii Carbonas.

*탄산빠리엄 *l.* 炭酸 .... (숫) (실) ... Barii Carbonas.

*탄산소다 *l.* 炭酸素多 (숫) 실) (본ᄃᆡ) (만들) Carbonate of soda.

*탄산소다 *l.* 炭酸素多 (숫) (실) (실) (만들) Carbonate of soda, sodium Carbonatum.

*탄산쏘듸엄 *l.* 炭酸 ..... (숫) (실) ..... Sodii Carbonas.

*탄산쏘듸엄읫 *l.* 炭酸 ..... 液 (숫) (실) ..... (진) Liquor Sodii Carbonas.

*탄산암모니엄읫 *l.* 炭酸 ..... 液 (숫) (실) ..... (즈) Liquor Ammonii Carbonatis.

*탄산아연 *l.* 炭酸亞鉛 (숫) (실) (버금) (납) Zinci Carbonas.

*탄산염 *l.* 炭酸塩 (숫) (쌀) (소곰) Carbonates.

*탄산와ᄉᆞ *l.* 炭酸瓦斯 (숫) (실) (기와) (이) Carbonic acid gas.

*탄산청연 *l.* 炭酸蒼鉛 (탄) (실) (푸를) (납) Bismuthi Carbonas.

*탄산칼시엄 *l.* 炭酸 ..... (숫) (실) Calcii Carbonas.

*탄산철 *l.* 炭酸鐵 (숫) (실) (쇠) Ferri Carbonas.

*탄산철환제 *l.* 炭酸鐵丸劑 (숫) (실) (쇠) (탄ᄌᆞ) (약지을 Pilula Ferri Carbonatis.

*탄산희류 *l.* 炭酸灰類 (숫) (실) (ᄌᆡ) (又흙) Alkaline Carbonates.

*탄상ᄒᆞ다 *a.* 嘆賞 (탄식) (상줄) To admire; to praise.

*탄소 *l.* 炭素 (숫) (질) Carbon.

*탄소 *l.* 炭所 (숫) (바) A coal mine.

*탄쇽 *l.* 炭屬 (숫) (붓흘) Carbon Compound.

*탄수이소 *l.* 炭水二素 숫 (물) (두) (깔) The two elements, carbon and hydrogen.

*탄식ᄉᆞ *n.* 嘆息詞 (탄식) (쉬일) (말숨) A word used in exclamation; interjection.

*탄식ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 歎息 (탄식) (쉬일) To sigh. *See* 한탄ᄒᆞ다.

*탄신 *l.* 誕辰 (날) (때) A royal birth-day. *See* 성일.

*탄싱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 誕生 (날) (날) To be born—as of a king. *See* 탄강ᄒᆞ다.

탄알 *l.* 彈丸 (홀—*환) (탄ᄌᆞ *환) Shot, bullets. *See* 달란.

*탄약 *l.* 彈藥 (홀) (약) Pills.

*탄일 *l.* 誕日 (날) (날) A birthday—of a king or great personage. *See* 탄신.

*탄지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 彈指 (홀) (손가락) To fillip.

탄ᄌᆞ *n.* 丸子 (탄ᄌᆞ—*환) (야ᄃᆞᆯ—*ᄌᆞ) Small shot—as from a crossbow. A short bow.

*탄탄대로 *l.* 坦坦大路 (평탄홀) (평탄홀) (큰) (길) A level road.

탄평치 *l.* A dish prepared with *muk*

*탄평히 *l.* 坦平 (평탄홀) (평홀) Quietly; idly, lazily *See* 태연히.

*탄평ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 坦平 (평탄홀) (평홀) To be tranquil; to be smooth; to be in peace. *See* 평탄ᄒᆞ다.

*탄핵 *n.* 彈劾 (홀) (탄핵홀) Impeachment; arraignment; accusation; reproach.

*탄핵상소 *l.* 彈劾上疏 (홀) (핵실) (소) (글) A memorial of accusation or impeachment.

*탄핵ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 彈劾 (홀) (탄핵홀) To impeach, to arraign, etc.

*탄화물 *l.* 炭化物 (숫) (될) (물건) Carbon Compound.

탈 *l.* A mask. (박다) (쓰다) (노리ᄒᆞ다) (놀니다) *See* 산두.

*탈 *l.* 頉 (병) A fault; a failure, sickness. (나다). An excuse.

*탈겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫劫 (벗을) (겁홀) To shed unpropitious atmospheres, as a mountain; to rid oneself of fear etc. *See* 과겁ᄒᆞ다.

*탈공ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫空 (벗을) (뷘) To get off as after confirmation. *See* 복탈ᄒᆞ다.

*탈급ᄒᆞ다 / 頉給 (탈) (줄) To exempt, to grant freedom from. *See* 당감ᄒᆞ다

*탈긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫氣 (벗을) (긔운) To be exhausted, to be paralysed as by fear.

*탈관ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫冠 (벗을) (갓) To take off the hat

*탈나다 / 頉 (병) 나; 난 To turn out a failure; to fall sick.

탈노름 / A masquerade. *See* 산두.

*탈망ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫網 (벗을) (그물) To take off the head-band; to remove the *mangeum*.

탈방거리다 s. 거려; 린 To splash about; to flounder—in the water. *See* 헐벙거리다.

탈방탈방ᄒᆞ다 s. To splash about; to flounder in water. *See* 헐벙헐벙ᄒᆞ다.

*탈보ᄒᆞ다 / 頉報 (벙) (갑홀) To report as an excuse; to give as a reason

탈싹 s. With a thud—as of something falling. *See* 탈썩.

탈싹탈싹 s. With a thud (of repeated action). *See* 헐썩헐썩.

*탈상ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫喪 (벗을) (상소) To put off mourning. *See* 히상ᄒᆞ다.

*탈속ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫俗 (벗을) (풍쇽) To drop the customs—of the world.

*탈신ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫身 (벗을) 몸 To rid oneself of imbecilities; to withdraw, to retire.

*탈식제 s. 脫色劑 (빗) (삭일) A discolouring

*탈음증 s. / — 症 脫陰症 (벗을) (그늘) (증세) Misplacement (Med.)

*탈음ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫陰 (벗을) (그늘) To have premature birth

*탈의ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫衣 (벗을) (옷) To take off—outer garments.

*탈주ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫走 (벗을) (다라날) To run away; to desert, to abscond.

*탈주ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫字 (벗을) (글조) To omit or forget to write.

*탈채ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫債 (벗을) (빗) To pay off a debt.

*탈출ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫出 (벗을) (날) To run-away; to take to flight; to escape.

*탈취ᄒᆞ다 s. 奪取 (빼아슬) (가질) To wrest from; to carry off. *See* 쇄왓다.

탈탈 / Tripping along; pitter-patter.

탈탈이 s. All; every piece or particle

*탈퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 脫退 (벗을) (퇴도) To shed unpropitious atmospheres—as a mountain.

*탈항 s. 脫肛 (벗을) (창문이) Blind piles; protruding intestine.

*탈ᄒᆞ다 / 頉 (병) To make an excuse; to pretend—as sickness.

*탐 s. 貪 (탐홀) Covetousness; envy. (내다).

*탐구ᄒᆞ다 s. 探求 (더듬을) (구홀) To feel or search for and find.

*탐관오리 s. 貪官汚吏 (탐홀) 벼슬 더러홀 관원 Grasping officials

*탐내다 / 貪 탐홀 어 낸 To covet; to desire; to lust after. *See* 탐ᄒᆞ다.

*탐다무득 s. 貪多無得 (탐홀) 만흘 (얻을) Much avail without results.

*탐도지배 s. 貪婪之輩 (탐홀) (탐홀) (갈 무리) Avaricious companions—as grasping officials.

*탐라국 s. 耽羅國 (즐길) (벌 (나라) (Quelpart Island. *See* 제주.

*탐람ᄒᆞ다 s. 貪婪 (탐홀) (탐람홀) To be covetous; to be avaricious. *See* 탐ᄒᆞ다

*탐리 / 貪吏 탐홀 아전 Avaricious officials. *See* 탐관.

*탐리ᄒᆞ다 s. 貪利 (탐홀) (리홀) To be avaricious.

*탐문ᄒᆞ다 s. 探問 (더듬을) (무를) To inquire in an indirect and roundabout way; to ascertain indirectly.

*탐보 s. 探報 (더듬을) (갑홀) Searching for news.

*탐보원 s. 探報員 (더듬을) (갑홀) (관원) A newspaper reporter; a news collector.

탐스럽다 / 欠 貪 탐홀 *흠 스러울 *션 러워; 운 To be desirable; to suit the taste. *See* 소담ᄒᆞ다.

*탐식ᄒᆞ다 s. 貪食 (탐홀) (밥) To be gluttonous

*탐심 s. 貪心 탐홀 모음 Covetousness; avarice. *See* 유심

*탐색ᄒᆞ다 s. 貪色 (탐홀) 빗 To be fond of women. *See* 호색ᄒᆞ다.

*탐욕 s. 貪慾 (탐욕) (욕심) Desire; lust; covetousness. *See* 탐.

*탐장 s. 貪贓 (탐장) (탐장) Greed of bribes; official avarice—as in a verdict against a magistrate

*탐정 s. 探偵 (더듬을) (엿볼) Investigating secretly; spying out.

*탐정하다 s. 貪政 (탐정) (정사) To govern unjustly; to rule avariciously. *See* 학정하다.

*탐지군 s. 探知軍 (더듬을) (알) (군사) A spy; a confidential messenger. *See* 염탐군.

*탐지하다 s. 探知 (더듬을) (알) To ascertain; to search out; to examine. *See* 탐문하다.

*탐지호색하다 s. 貪財好色 (탐재) (지물) (됴흘) (빗) To lust after riches and love pleasure.

*탐지하다 s. 貪財 (탐재) (지물) To be avaricious; to be greedy of gain.

탐탁스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be solid; to be substantial; to be well made. To be intimate with; to love.

탐탁하다 s. To be solid; to be substantial; to be well made.

탐탐하다 s. To be intimate; to be affectionate. To be rich, to be neat.

*탐하다 s. 貪 (탐) To covet. *See* 탐내다.

*탐화봉접 s. 貪花蜂蝶 (탐) (꼿) (벌) (나뷔) Flower loving bees and butterflies.

*탑 s. 塔 (탑) A tower; a pagoda. (차라).

탑루함 s. 塔樓艦 (탑) (다락) (군함) A turret ship.

탑삭 s. With a snatch; greedily *See* 헙삭.

탑삭나룻 s. A short bristling beard.

탑삭부리 s. A bristling bearded fellow. *See* 헙삭부리.

탑삭이 s. Rubbish; sweepings.

탑삭이주다 s. 어; 운 To pitch upon; to set upon.

*탑승하다 s. 搭乘 (시를) (탈) To go on board ship.

*탑인하다 s. 搭印 (시를 인칠) To set up type.

*탑전 s. 榻前 (자리) (압) The presence of the king. *See* 어전.

*태 s. 太 (콩) Beans.

*태가 s. 駄價 (바리) (갑) Cost of carrier service.

*태강즉절 s. 太剛則折 (클) (굿셀 (곳) (꺽글 If it is too hard it will be brittle.

*태고 s. 太古 (클) (녜) Remote antiquity. *See* 녯; 상고.

*태고순민 s. 太古順民 (클) (녜) (순홀) 빅성) The submissive peoples of ancient times. *See* 요순지민.

*태극 s. 太極 (클) (구장) The Absolute—of the Confucian cosmogony from which are derived the Eight Diagrams. *See* 무극.

*태극연 s. 太極殿 (클) (구장) (대궐) The Hall of the Tai-keuk; the Tai-keuk Palace.

*태극기 s. 太極旗 (클) (구장) (긔) The Tai keuk flag, the flag of Korea.

*태과하다 s. 太過 (클) (지날) To be too much; to be excessive. *See* 과하다.

*태다수 s. 太多數 (클) (만흘) (두어) Redundant number.

*태다하다 s. 太多 (클) (만흘) To be too much; to be excessive. *See* 과다하다.

태돌 s. A stone on which paddy is beaten to thrash it out. *See* 개상.

*태령 s. 泰嶺 (클) (고지) A high mountain pass. *See* 준령.

*태로 s. 太牢 (클) (소, Ancestral worship of the Emperor in which beef, mutton, and ham are used.

*태반 s. 太半 (클) (절반) A large half; more than half. *See* 절반.

*태벌 s. 笞罰 (태장) (죄) Beating the legs—an ancient form of punishment.

*태복시 s. 太僕寺 (클) (죵) (마을) A place where government horses were fed.

*태복소장 s. 太僕寺長 (클) (죵) (맛흘) (어룬) The manager of government stables.

*태부 s. 太傅 (클) (스승) The chief tutor to the Heir-apparent.

*태부족 s. 太不足 (클) (아닐) (발) A very great lack.

*태빅산 s. 太白山 (클) (흰) (뫼) The name of several mountains in China and Korea—one being in 평안 where king Sandalwood appeared.

*태빅성 s. 太白星 (클) (흰) (별) The evening star. The planet Venus. *See* 금성.

*태산 s. 泰山 (클) (뫼) Mt. Tai—in Shantung the most famous of the Five Mountains. What is strong; what is firm; what is large. (크다).

*태산준령 s. 泰山峻嶺 (클) (뫼) (높을) (고개) High mountains and narrow passes. See 고봉준령.

*태상로군 s. 太上老君 (클) (웃) (늙을) (임금) Nojia—the founder of Taoism.

*태상왕 s. 太上王 (클) (웃) (님금) A king who has abdicated in favor of his son.

*태상황 s. 太上皇 (클) (웃) (님금) An emperor—who has abdicated in favor of his son.

*태서 s. 泰西 (클) (서녘) The West.

*태서각국 s. 泰西各國 (클) (서녘) (각) (나라) Western or European nations. See 서양제국.

*태세 l. 太歲 (클) (히) A name given to the planet Jupiter. See 목성. One of the eight guardian gods. A lucky quarter.

*태수 s. 太守 (클) (직힐) A magistrate—in the country, an ancient name for 군수 etc.

*태수 s. 太師 (클) (스승) The Director of Music.

*태수판 s. 太史官 (클) (스승) (벼슬) The chief secretary attached to the Imperial Court.

*태수혜 s. 統靴鞋 (실아리—*라) (신) (신) Silk shoe toe ornaments.

*태안 s. 泰安 (클) (편안) A prefecture in Chung chung-do. Lat. 36.47. Long. 126.17.

*태양 s. 太陽 (클) (볕) The sun. See 히.

*태양계 s. 太陽系 (클) (볕) (맬) The solar system.

*태양중 s. 太陽症 (클) (볕) (증세) A fever marked by headache and a stitch or stiffness in the side.

*태양혈 s. 太陽穴 (클) (볕) (구멍) Temple of the head.

*태연히 a. 泰然 (클 그럴 (tole quietly; composedly. See 안연.

*태연하다 a. 泰然 (클 그럴 be composed, to be undisturbed. See 안연하다.

태엽 s. The spring of a lock or watch.

*태오사 s. 泰晤士 (클) (소리) (선비) The London Times.

*태운 s. 泰運 (클) (옴길) Prosperity; peace; tranquillity.

*태음 s. 太陰 (클) (그늘) The moon. See 달.

*태음증 s. 太陰症 (클) (그늘) (증세) A bloated condition of the body accompanied by involuntary stools in native fever.

*태인 l. 泰仁 (클) (어질) A prefecture, Chulla do Lat. 35° Long. 127° 01

*태왕 s. 太王 (클) (님금) An ancestor of king 문. (1150 B.C.).

*태천군 s. 泰川郡 (클) (내) (고을) Coolie-porters.

*태조 s. 太祖 (클) (할아비) The founder of a dynasty

*태조고황제 s. 太祖高皇帝 (클) (할아비) (높을) (임금) 님금 The founder of the present dynasty.

*태조대왕 s. 太祖大王 (클) (할아비) 님금). The founder of the present dynasty, born 1317 A.D., reigned from 1392 to 1398 when he abdicated in favor of his son and died 1407 A.D.

*태중하다 s. 太重 (클) (무거울) To be over weight; to be exceedingly heavy.

태질하다 s. 拍打 (헤일—*라) (칠—*라) To thrash grain; to beat; to throw.

태질꾼 s. A coolie-porter.

*태조 s. 太子 (클) (아들) The heir apparent.

*태천 l. 泰川 (클) (내) A prefect in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 39.49. Long. 125.43.

*태초 s. 太初 (클) (처음) The beginning—of all things. See 태고.

태태하다 s. 太太 To be as grass. See 태질하다.

*태태 s. 太太 (클) (클) A polite term for mother; an old lady.

*태평세계 s. 太平世界 (클) (평할) (인간) (디경) The Golden Age.

*태평성대 s. 太平聖代 (클) (평할) (성인) (디신) The reign of peace

*태평양 s. 太平洋 (클) (평할) (바다) The Pacific Ocean.

*태평하다 s. 太平 (클) (평할) To be at peace; to be well—in salutation. See 평안하다.

*태학관 s. 太學館 (클) (배울) (집사) The Confucian College.

*태학생 s. 太學生 (클) (배울) (선비) The scholars of the Confucian College. See 진소.

*태학생 s. 太學生 (클) (힉) (날) The scholars of the Confucian College.

*태허 s. 太虛 (클) (헐) The sky.

*태후 s. 太后 (클) (님금) The Emperor's mother; the late mother of the king. A title given to the king's mother.

*태황뎨 s. 太皇帝 (클) (님금) (님금, The ex-Emperor. *See* 대황뎨.

*탕 l. 湯 (쓸을) Soup. *See* 국.

탕 l. 典當 (법—*면) (맛당—*당) A pawn left in exchange. (잡히다) (잡다). *See* 면당.

*탕갈ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩竭 (씨슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To be finished; to be exhausted.

*탕감ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩減 (씨슬) (감ᄒᆞᆯ) To throw off—as a debt; to give a clearance receipt.

*탕건 l. 宕巾 (너ᄇᆞᆯ) (슈건) A horse-hair cap worn by graduates and officials (쓰다). *See* 갑후.

*탕국 l. 湯醬 (쓸을) (국—*장) Soup.

*탕긔 l. 〈씨〉 湯器 (쓸을) (그릇) A small dish; a pickle saucer.

탕긔 s. A guy; a rope by which to fasten a frame. (ᄆᆞᆯ다).

*탕ᄆᆡ l. 蕩兒 (방ᄃᆞᆯ) (손) A profligate; a reckless character. *See* 풍ᄌᆞ.

*탕관 l. 湯罐 (쓸을) (ᄆᆞᆯ그릇) An earthenware rice-pot.

*탕서 s. 湯誓 (쓸을) (밍세) The name of a book relating the speeches of king 탕. (B. C. 1766).

*탕슈 l. 湯水 (쓸을) (ᄆᆞᆯ) The hot water—of sulphur springs.

*탕약 l. 湯藥 (쓸을) (약) Broth medicines. *See* 형약.

탕잡다 l. 典當 (법—*면) (맛당—*당); 아, 은 To receive in pawn.

탕잡히다 l. 典執 (법 *면) (잡을 -*당) 집, 힌 To pawn.

*탕제 l. 湯劑 (쓸을) (약지을) Decoctum.

*탕직이 l. 湯直 (쓸을) (곳을) An overseer of a sulphur spring.

*탕진가산ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩盡家産 (씨슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) (날) To squander one's patrimony; to run through one's fortune. *See* 젹패가산ᄒᆞ다.

*탕진ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩盡 (씨슬) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) To squander; to waste.

*탕ᄌᆞ l. 蕩子 (방ᄃᆞᆯ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A lewd person; a libertine.

*탕창ᄒᆞ다 l. 宕氅 (너ᄇᆞᆯ) (창의) To wear a small cap or divided coat—the mark of rank or scholarship.

*탕치다 l. 蕩減 (씨슬) (감ᄒᆞᆯ—*감) 탕감: 천 To let off a debtor; to give a clearance receipt—for a debt.

탕탕 l. The sound of guns (놋더). Thumping.

*탕탕ᄒᆞ다 s. 蕩蕩 (너ᄇᆞᆯ) (너ᄇᆞᆯ) To be vast; to be boundless. (M.).

*탕ᄒᆞᆫ셔 용ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩滌叙用 (씨슬) (씨슬) (ᄉᆞᆯ) (쓸) To forgive a fault and reappoint to office.

*탕ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩滌 (씨슬) (씨슬 To give a clear receipt for debt; to let off.

*탕패가산ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩敗家産 (씨슬, 패ᄒᆞᆯ (집) (날) To squander away one's patrimony. *See* 셰궁력진ᄒᆞ다.

*탕패ᄒᆞ다 l. 蕩敗 (씨슬) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) To squander one's property. *See* 젹패ᄒᆞ다.

탕ᄒᆞ다 s To pound; to beat, with a thump

탕ᄒᆞ다 l. 典當 (법—*면) (맛당—*당) To pawn. (Prov.).

터 s. 基 (*긔) A site; a foundation. (잡다) (닥다)

터놋다 s. 노하; 흔 To set free; to remove restrictions; to let off.

터뎌거리다 s 거러; 린 To beat; to pound.

터덕터덕 s. Beating; pounding. *See* 탁닥탁닥.

터면 s. A site; a situation—as of a house. A garden. *See* 터밧.

터멀터멀 s. With difficulty; indistinctly. *See* 더멀더멀.

*터투ᄒᆞ다 l. 透得 (꿰일—*투) (ᄉᆞᆫ을) To see through; to understand.

터럭 s. 髮 (*발) Hair; feathers. *Also* 털억.

터문이 s. 依遮 (의지—*의) (빙기ᄒᆞᆯ—*빙) Foundation; material; reason; substance. (업다). *See* 영터리.

터밧 s. 垈田 (터—*ᄃᆡ) (밧 *면) A vegetable garden—near the house. *See* 터면.

터벅터벅 s. Chewing. Dirty. *See* 덕밥 터밧.

터분ᄒᆞ다 s. 不淨 (아닐—*불) (정ᄒᆞᆯ—*정) To have an unpleasant taste in the mouth. To be dim or wearied—of the eyes.

터세 s. 基貫 (터 *긔) (셰낼—*세) Land rent. (물다).

터세ᄒᆞ다 s. 基勢 (터 *긔) (형셰—*세) To gain courage from the fact of being on one's own ground.

허수 s. 情境 (둔 *정) 더경 -*경) Circumstances; affairs. *See* 처디.

허울 s. Seniority.

허잡다 s. 엇붉 도림 *턴,(럭 *지,아, 은 T tad a suit to wear a suitable place; to commence.

허잡히다 s. 잡히 한 T sprout of the beard etc to ta the pla —for the topknot

허주 s 노 (흙 *로 (님— 쥬 The tutelary spirit of the house site

허지다 綻 ,터길—*난) 허지; 빗 burst; to crack open; to break. *See* 버러지다.

헌 s. Cause; reason. *Also* 탁. The numerative of feasts for invited guests. With a thud; with a clap.

헐 s. 頷 (*합) The chin; A projection. (지다). A means.

헐거다 s 리, 건 To rely on; to have influence with.

헐거리호다 s. 掛頭 (걸—*꾀) (럭—*허) To lift oneself by the hands till the chin touches—a gymnastic feat

헐무호다 s. To have no source of income; to be unable to afford. *See* 무호다.

헌밧기 s. A child's bib

헐살 s. 頷肉 (럭—*합) (쇼기—*육) The soft part of the chin.

*헐어리 s 頷 럭 *허) The coun (Low) *See* 럭.

헐업시 s Without means, for no cause. *See* 어림업시.

헐지다 s 여; 진 To be angular, to project

헐앗기 s. The remnants of a meal

헐조갑이 s The angle of the jaw below the ear.

헐헐 *l.* With a thud; with a flap

헐 s. 毛 (헐럭 -*로 Hair, fur, wool; feathers.

헐군 s. A free and easy character

헐씃 s. 순서 럭럭 *로 씃 -*말) The smallest part, le *See* 조리.

헐다 (拂 열첨 -*붐 어, 헌 To shake, to beat, to dust; to comb out.

헐목 s 綿花 숨—*면) 씃 *화, Uncarded cotton wool.

헐벙 s. With a plunge

헐벙헐벙호다 s. To plunge—frequented action.

헐붉숭이 s A fellow with a bristling beard.

헐썩 s. With a flap; with a splash—a sound of falling S. 할삭.

헐썩헐썩 s Splashing, flapping *See* 할삭할삭.

*헐억 s 뵜 *발 Hair of the head.

헐요 (노 能窈 전 *전) 요 *요 A felt or hair mattress.

헐렁 s. A waster a squanderer.

헐헌 / Step by step, step ing

헐렁거리다 s 거려, 린 To be s ravagantly.

헐헐호다 To be sound T s il as if cracked.

헐중헌 s. A free and easy character, a profligate. (Prov.).

헙색 s. Eating; catching. *See* 헙삭.

헙색쟉이 s. 多啖人 (만흘—*자, 슈염 -*슈) (사롬—*린) A thickly bearded fellow. *See* 구레나룻.

헙색헙색 s. Eating; catching. *See* 헙삭 헙삭

헙헙이 s. A low person, a mean character.

헙헙호다 s. 不淨 (아닐—*욕) (경흘—*정, To be tasteless or disagreeable. To be dim or wearied of the eyesight.

헛 s A loop, a clear trance. 두루다

헤석헤석호다 s. To be broken to be rough

헝 *l.* The sound of a gun.

헝헝 *l.* Beating; thumping, sounding

헝 Vacant; empty

*헹행 *l.* Long Longer—far off

*헉구 s. 蹴鞠 (찰) (축방울) A foot-ball. *See* 발굼

*헉구운동 s 蹴鞠運動 (찰, 축방울 움김) (움직일 I ercise

*헉구호다 s. 蹴鞠 찰, (축방울) To play foot ball.

*헉복거힘호다 s 揭竿起義 (두려울) 상각) (몸 , 운) To follow others successfully; to follow communists exactly.

*현갓 s. 天干 (하늘) (방위) 1 Ten Heavenly Stem characters used in combination with the Twelve Branches (지 , to give names to the sexity years of the Korean cycle. *See* 디지.

*현개 s. 天盖 (하늘) (덮을, A coffin cover.

*천공 s. 天空 (하눌) (빈) The sky; the air; the space. The crown of a helmet.

*천공 s. 天功 (하눌)(공) The operations of nature, as witnessed in organic life.

*천구 s. 天球 (하눌)(구슬) The celestial globe. *Opp.* 디구.

*천구성 s. 天狗星 (하눌)(개)(별) The Dog-star.

*천국 s. 天國 (하눌)(나라) The kingdom of Heaven.

*천군 s. 天軍 (하눌)(군사) The hosts of Heaven; the Imperial army.

*천금 s. 天衾 (하눌)(니불) The covering for a dead body. *Opp.* 디금.

*천긔 s. 天氣 (하눌)(긔운) The weather, the temperature.

*천긔 s. 天機 (하눌)(틀) The natural bent of a person's mind—in contrast to habits and dispositions acquired; the purpose of Heaven. *See* 천리.

*천긔루설 s. 天機漏洩 (하눌)(틀)(샐)(샐) Making known the purposes of Heaven.

*천광 s. 天光 (하눌)(빗) Light of the heavens; sun-light.

*천남성 s. 天南星 (하눌)(남녁)(별) *Arisæma japonica.* Dragon-root. Jack-in-the-pulpit.

*천노 s. 天怒 (하눌)(노홀) Divine or royal wrath.

*천당 s. 天堂 (하눌)(집) Paradise; Heaven. *Opp.* 디옥.

*천당디옥 s. 天堂地獄 (하눌)(집)(짜)(옥) Heaven and hell; paradise and purgatory.

*천덕 s. 天德 (하눌)(큰) The energy of Heaven in bringing prosperity etc. —used in connection with (음양) fortune-telling.

*천뎌명 s. 天底點 (하눌)(밋)(명) The nadir.

*천뎡 s. 天庭 (하눌)(뜰) The brow; the forehead.

*천뎡 s. 天頂 (하눌)(니마) The Zenith.

*천뎡 s. 天定 (하눌)(뎡홀) The will of Heaven; fate.

*천뎡비필 s. 天定配匹 (하눌)(뎡홀)(짝)(짝) A couple mated by Heaven. *See* 천뎡연분.

*천뎡비합 s. 天定配合 (하눌)(뎡홀)(짝)(모들) A pair mated by Heaven. *See* 천성연분.

*천뎡연분 s. 天定緣分 (하눌)(뎡홀)(인연)(논홀) The luck that couples people in marriage. *See* 천성비필.

*천도 s. 天桃 (하눌)(복송아) The peach trees of Heaven.

*천도 s. 天道 (하눌)(길) A doctrine of Heaven. *See* 천리.

*천둉 s. 天動 (하눌)(움직일) Thunder. *See* 우레.

*천도츙 s. 天道蟲 (하눌)(길)(버레) Lady-bird, beetles of the family. *Coccinellidae.*

*천둉호다 s. 天動 (하눌)(움직일) To thunder.

천둉직이 s. Paddy-fields that depend on the rains for water. *See* 놉드리.

*천디 s. 天地 (하눌)(짜) Heaven and earth; the universe.

*천디금 s. 天地衾 (하눌)(짜)(니불) A shroud for the dead.

*천디기벽 s. 天地開闢 (하눌)(짜)(열)(열) The opening of the heavens and the hewing out of the earth—the creation.

*천디기벽이릭로 s. 天地開闢以來 (하눌)(짜)(열)(닷을)(써)(올) Since the creation of heaven and earth.

*천디판 s. 天地板 (하눌)(짜)(관주) A coffin bottom and cover.

*천디분 s. 天地分 (하눌)(짜)(논홀) A difference wide as Heaven and earth. *See* 만팔겁. The highest and lowest dominoes in a set.

*천디상 s. 天地喪 (하눌)(짜)(상소) Mourning for both parents at the same time. *See* 부모상.

*천디신기 s. 天地神祇 (하눌)(짜)(귀신)(귀신) Gods that dwell in the heavens and the earth.

*천디인삼저 s. 天地人三才 (하눌)(짜)(사롬)(석, (지조) The three forces in nature, heaven, earth and man.

*천디진동호다 s. 天地震動 (하눌)(짜)(우뢰)(움직일) To shake—of heaven and earth.

*천라디망 s. 天羅地網 (하눌)(그물)(짜)(그물) The net of Heaven and earth—in which human beings find themselves.

*천락슈 s. 天落水 (하눌)(떠러딜)(물) Rain-water. *See* 천상슈.

*천로 s. 天路 (하눌)(길) The way to Heaven.

*천록 s. 天祿 (하눌)(록) A fabulous creature with one horn, placed before official graves.

*현륜 s. 天倫 (하놀) (인륜) The five natural relationships, as between sovereign and subject, father and son, husband and wife, brothers and friends. *See* 륜긔.

*현리 s. 天理 (하놀) (리치) The eternal principle according to which a question is strictly decided.

*현리 s. 天吏 (하놀) (아전) Heaven's clerk—the Emperor. (M.).

*현리인정 s. 天理人情 (하놀) (리치) (사롬) (졍) The whole aspect of a case; the eternal principles involved and the special circumstances attending.

*현마 s. 天麻 (하놀) (삼) A species of *Gastrodia*.

*현망아비견지죄 s. 天亡我非譴之罪 (하놀) (망홀) (나) (아닐) (쏴홀) (갈) (허물) No fault of mine, Heaven destroyed me—said by *Hang-u*.

*현명 s. 天命 (하놀) (목숨) The appointments of Heaven; Providence. *See* 현힘.

*현명지위성 s. 天命之謂性 (하놀) 명ᄉᆞ 갈 (닐을 (셩품) The mind as given by Heaven—conscience.

*현문 s. 天門 (하놀) (문) The gateway to Heaven.

*현문 s. 天文 (하놀) (글) Astronomy; astrology.

*현문가 s. 天文家 하놀 글 Astronomers. *See* 셩학가.

*현문긔하학 s. 天文幾何學 (하놀 글 ᄆᆞᆺ 엇지 (비홀 Astronomical geometry.

*현문뎍디리학 s. 天文的地理學 (하놀) 글 ᄆᆞᆺ실) (짜) 리치 (비홀 Astronomical geography.

*현문도 s. 天文圖 (하놀) (글) (그림) An astronomical chart.

*현문동 s. 天門冬 (하놀) (문) (겨울) *Asparagus lucidus*.

*현문디리 s. 天文地理 하놀 글 짜 리치 Astronomy and geography, the phsiography of the heavens and the earth.

*현문딕 s. 天文臺 (하놀) (글) (집) An astronomical observatory.

*현문학 s. 天文學 (하놀) (글) (비홀) The study of astronomy.

*현문학ᄉᆞ s. 天文學士 하놀 글 비홀 션비 A professor of astronomy.

*현방 s. 天榜 (하놀) (방) An announcement from Heaven—seeing one's name in the list of successful graduates.

*현방디축 s. Carelessness, stupidity.

*현벌 s. 天罰 (하놀) (죄) Punishment from Heaven. (밧다).

*현변 s. 天變 (하놀) (변홀) Omens of evil in the heavens—as comets, eclipses etc. *See* 현지.

*현병 s. 天兵 (하놀) (군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers from the upper world—supernatural troops. The hosts of heaven; the Imperial army.

*현보 s. 天步 (하놀) (거름) The footsteps of Heaven—fate; destiny. (B.O.).

*현복 s. 地福 (하놀) (복) Blessings from Heaven.

*현부 s. 天府 (하놀) (마을) Literally 'the storehouse of Heaven.'

*현부지셩 s. 天賦之性 (하놀) (줄) (갈) (셩품) Natural disposition.

*현불셩무록지인 s. 天不生無祿之人 (하놀) (아닐) (날) (업슬) (록) (갈) (사롬) Heaven never brought forth and a man without providing for him. *See* 디불셩무명지초.

*현붕 s. 天崩 (하놀) (문허질) Heaven falls—the death of the king or one's father.

*현붕디탁호다 s. 天崩地坼 (하ᄂᆞᆫ 문허 ᄂᆞᆯ ᄯᅡ 터ᄂᆞᆫ Tо break up of heaven and earth—as in the death of parents.

*지붕지통 s. 天崩之痛 (하놀) (문허짐) (ᄉᆞᆯ 압ᄉᆞᆯ Grief at the death of one's father.

현산디산 s. Incoherent talk; this and that.

*현산문 s. 天產物 (하놀) (날) (물건) Natural production—as of a country.

*현살 s. 天殺 (하놀) (죽일) Destruction from Heaven.

*현상 s. 天喪 (하놀) (상ᄉᆞ) Mourning for one's father. *Opp.* 디상.

*현상 s. 天象 (하놀) (형상) The signs in the heavens; meteorological phenomena.

현상봉ᄀᆞ리 s. Paddy-fields that depend on rains for water. A squint-eyed person. *See* 눕ᄉᆞ리.

*현상슈 s. 天上水 (하놀) (웃) (물) Rain water. Rains from Heaven; rain-water. *See* 현락슈.

*현상에 s. 天上 (하놀) (웃) (In) Heaven.

*현션 s. 天線 (하놀) (실) The telegraph wire supported by poles—in contrast to the ground wire. *See* 디션.

*현셩 s. 天性 (하놀) (셩품) Nature; disposition. *See* 현품.

*천성(을)난기 s. 天性難改 (하놀) (성품) (어려울) (곳칠, (It is) hard to change one's nature.

*천손 s. 天孫 (하놀) (손조) Imperial descendants; the descendants of the Emperor.

*천수 s. 天數 (하놀) (두어) Fate; the decree of Heaven. *See* 천운.

*천슈 s. 天授 (하놀) (줄) Conferred by Heaven; gifted by nature.

*천슈경 s. 天壽經 (하놀) (목숨) (글) A Buddhistic sacred writing.

*천슈밧이 s. 天水 (하놀) (물) Paddy-fields watered by the rains.

*천시 s. 天時 (하놀) (때) The times appointed by Heaven, the predestined time. *See* 천운.

*천신 s. 天神 (하놀) (귀신) An evil spirit; a demon. An angel—a term used by the Roman Catholics. *See* 턴스.

*천사 s. 天使 (하놀) (하여곰) An angel. *See* 턴신.

*천성 s. 天生 (하놀) (날) What is produced by Heaven; what is natural. *See* 턴품.

*천성연분 s. 天生緣分 (하놀) (날) (인연) (분수) Marriage destined by Heaven. *See* 턴성비필.

*천성비필 s. 天生配匹 (하놀) (날) (짝) (짝) A couple destined for marriage by Heaven. *See* 턴성연분.

*천아 s. 天蛾 (하놀) (나뷔) A species of sphinx.

*천아 s. 天鵝 (하놀) (거위) A swan.

*천아셩 s. 天鵝聲 (하놀) (거위) (소리) The sound of a trumpet.

*천아융 s. 天鵝絨 (하놀) (거위) (비단) Velvet.

*천안 s. 天顔 (하놀) (얼골) The royal countenance. *See* 룡안.

*천안 s. 天安 (하놀) (편안) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.51. Long. 127.17.

*천애 s. 天涯 (하놀) (끝가) The limit of the heavens; the line where the earth appears to meet the sky; the horizon.

*천앙 s. 天殃 (하놀) (앙화) A calamity from heaven. *See* 턴벌.

*천양 s. 天壤 (하놀) (흙덩이) Heaven and earth.

*천양지판 s. 天壤之間 (하놀) (흙덩이) (갈) (스이) A difference as wide as heaven and earth. *See* 만판갈.

*천연두 s. 天然痘 (하놀) (그럴) (역질) Small pox. *See* 역질; 마마.

*천연류화아연 s. 天然硫化亞鉛 (하놀) (그럴) (류황) (물) (버금) (납) Natural zinc Sulphide.

*천연물 s. 天然物 (하놀) (그럴) (물건) Anything produced by nature; natural products. *Opp.* 인조물.

*천연슈 s. 天然水 (하놀) (그럴) (물) Rain water; soft water.

*천연탄산아연 s. 天然炭酸亞鉛 (하놀) (그럴) (숫) (쇨) (버금) (납) Natural zinc carbonate.

*천연히 s. 天然 (하놀) (그럴) Naturally; simply, unadornedly.

*천연ᄒᆞ다 s. 天然 (하놀) (그럴) To be natural —in contrast to what is affected or adorned.

*천우 s. 天牛 (하놀) (소) Beetles of the family *cerambycidae*. *See* 하놀소.

*천우신조ᄒᆞ다 s. 天祐神助 (하놀) (도울) (귀신) (도울) To be aided by Heaven and the spirits—in something difficult.

*천운 s. 天運 (하놀) (운수) Atmospheres of heaven destiny; fate. Destiny as determined by Heaven; fate; fortune. *See* 턴시.

*천위 s. 天威 (하놀) (위엄) The influence or majesty of the emperor.

*천위지쳑지디 s. 天威咫尺之地 (하놀) (위엄) (지ᄂᆞᆫ) (자) (갈) (짜) The presence of the Emperor; proximity to the Emperor.

*천웅 s. 天雄 (하놀) (슈컷) *Aconitum Fischeri.*

*천은 s. 天銀 (하놀) (은) Refined silver; the finest silver. *See* 젼은

*천은 s. 天恩 (하놀) (은혜) Imperial or royal favors. *See* 국은.

*천은(이)망극ᄒᆞ다 s. 天恩罔極 (하놀) (은혜) (업슬) (극잘) To be boundless—of royal favor. *See* 국은이망극ᄒᆞ다.

*천의 s. 天意 (하놀) (뜻) The appointments of heaven; providence. The king's decree *Opp.* 인심.

*천익 s. (덥익) 天翼 (하놀) (놀기) An outer coat worn by a general when on duty.

*천일 s. 天日 (하놀) (날) Sun-light.

*천왕셩 s. 天王星 (하놀) (님금) (별) The planet Uranus.

*천원ᄃᆞ방 s. 天圓地方 (하놀) (둥글) (짜) (모) Heaven is round and the earth cornered.

*천원즈 s. 天圓子 (하놀) (둥글) (알) The fruit of the *Trichosanthes kirilowii.*

*현작 s. 天作 (하놀) (지을) A work of creation; a natural formation. *Opp.* 인작. *See* 현연.

*현장 s. 天藏 (하놀) (감출) The roof of the mouth.

*현장 s. 天障 (하놀) (막을) The ceiling. *See* 반조.

*현장디비ᄒᆞ다 s. 天藏地秘 (하놀) (감출, (짱 (비밀할) To be hidden; to be secret.

*현작 s. 天爵 (하놀) (벼슬) Natural nobility of character, nature's noblemen

*현장절 s. 天長節 (하놀) (긴) (절긔) The Japanese Emperor's birthday.

*현조 s. 天朝 (하놀) (아침) The court of the Emperor.

*현쥬 s. 天誅 (하놀) (벌할) The punishment of heaven; the murder of a wicked person in the name of heaven.

*현쥬 s. 天主 (하놀) 님, The Lord of Heaven; God—a term adopted by the Roman Catholics.

*현쥬교 s. 天主敎 (하놀) (님) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠, The Roman Catholic Church.

*현쥬학 s. 天主學 (하놀) (님금) (비홀—*학 An abusive expression used in reference to Roman Catholics and foreign teachers in general.

*현쥬ᄉᆞᆨ s. 天主學 (하놀) (님금) (비홀 The Roman Catholic religion.

*현츄졀 s. 天中節 (하ᄂᆞᆫ (가온ᄃᆡ) (마ᄃᆡ) The Dragon Boat Festival on the 5th of the 5th moon. *See* 단양절.

*현지덕수 s. 天之厚數 (하놀) (갈) (ᄎᆞᆨ역) (두어) The position of king—as given by Heaven. (B.H.).

*현지망아(요)비젼지죄 s. 天之亡我非戰之罪 (하놀) (갈) (망홀) (나) (아닐) (싸홀) (갈) (허물) God destroyed me, not my own failure. *See* 현망아비젼지죄.

*현진 s. 天眞 (하놀) (춘) A guileless disposition; a nature given by Heaven. *See* 슌민.

*현진 s. 天津 (하ᄂᆞᆫ) (나루) Tientsin.

*현진 s. 天眞 (하ᄂᆞᆫ) (춘) Natural honesty.

*현진(에)럽사 s. 天眞挾 (하ᄂᆞᆫ) (춘 ᄆᆞᆯ (거짓) Dishonesty in the guise of natural simplicity.

*현질 s. 天質 (하ᄂᆞᆫ) (바탕) Natural or original quality; natural constitution.

*현조 s. 天子 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (하ᄃᆞᆯ) The son of Heaven. The Emperor. *See* 황뎨.

*현지 s. 天災 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (지앙) Disaster or evil from the heavens. *See* 현앙.

*현지 s. 天才 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (지조) Natural ability.

*현춍 s. 天寵 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (괴일) Royal favor. *See* 성춍.

*현츅게 s. 天竺桂 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (현츅국) (계슈) Cinnamomum

*현츅국 s. 天竺國 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (현츅국) (나라) India. *See* 인도국.

*현츅적 s. 天蚣賊 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (버레) (도적) The mole-cricket—used as medicine. *See* 하ᄂᆞᆯ밥도둑.

*현치 s. 天痴 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (어리석을) A simpleton; a fool; a guileless person.

*현텽 s. 天聽 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (드를) What is known to the king.

*현관 s. 天板 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (관ᄌᆞ) A coffin cover.

*현폐 s. 天陛 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (셤ᄃᆞᆯ) The throne of the Emperor.

*현픔 s. 天稟 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (픔부ᄒᆞᆯ) Natural disposition. *See* 현셩.

*현하 s. 天下 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) The universe; under the sky—the earth. *See* 세계.

*현하(에)막능당 s. 天下莫能當 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) (말 ᄂᆞᆷᄒᆞᆯ) 당ᄒᆞᆯ, One having no equal; without a match in the world.

*현하대세 s. 天下大勢 (하ᄂᆞᆫ) (아ᄅᆡ, (큰) (형세) The state of the world; the condition of the Empire.

*현하명창 s. 天下名唱 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) (일ᄒᆞᆷ) (창ᄒᆞᆯ) The greatest singer in the world.

*현하ᄉᆞ s. 天下事 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) (일) Work common to all the earth, the affairs of this world.

*현하장ᄉᆞ s. 天下壯士 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아ᄅᆡ) (장ᄒᆞᆯ) (션비) The strongest man in the world.

*현한 s. 天漢 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (한ᄉᆞ) The heavens; the sky.

*현험 s. 天險 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (험ᄒᆞᆯ) A natural stronghold. *See* 요해쳐.

*현형병 s. 天刑病 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (형벌) (병ᄃᆞᆼ) A disease in the toes by Heaven's punishment

*현힝 s. 天幸 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (다힝) The blessing or help of Heaven. *See* 만힝.

*현화 s. 天禍 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (지화) Calamity or disaster from Heaven. *See* 현앙.

*현화 s. 天火 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (불) Fire from Heaven.

*현화일 s. 天火日 (하놀) (불) (날) A calendar day supposed to be unlucky for building houses.

*현화분 s. 天火粉 (하놀) (불) (가루) Starch obtained from the root of the *Trichosanther Japonica.*

*현화일 s. 天火日 (하놀) (불) (날) The days of fire from Heaven—the 丁, 午, 巳, 酉, days.

*현황 s. 天皇 (하눌) (황뎨) The Emperor. *Also* 현황.

*현황폐하 s. 天皇陛下 (하눌) (님금) (셤길) (아래) His Majesty the Emperor. *Also* 현황.

*혈 s. 鐵 (쇠) A metal. A sinker—on a fishing line. Bullets.

*혈각 s. 凸角 (쎅죡) (뿔) Higher in the middle than at the sides; convex.

*혈갑 s. 鐵甲 (쇠) (갑옷) A coat of mail *See* 갑옷.

*혈갑선 s. 鐵甲船 (쇠) (갑옷) (비) An iron-clad ship. *Opp.* 목선.

*혈감람석 s. 鐵橄欖石 (쇠) (감람) (감람) (돌) Fayalite.

*혈경고 s. 鐵硬膏 (쇠) (굿을) (기름) Emplastrum Ferri.

*혈골 s. 鐵骨 (쇠) (뼈) A strong person, a vigorous fellow. *See* 강골

*혈공 s. 鐵工 (쇠) (장인) One who casts metals in various forms; a founder.

*혈교 s. 鐵橋 (쇠) (두리) An iron bridge.

*혈기 s. 鐵器 (쇠) (그릇) A metal dish.

*혈기 s. 鐵騎 (쇠) (물탈) Mailed horsemen.

*혈관 s. 鐵管 (쇠) (거누딀) An iron tube—as a water-pipe.

*혈관 s. 鐵關 (쇠) (관울) A post station in Ham-kyŏng-do.

*혈다각형 s. 凸多角形 (쎅죡) (만흘) (뿔) (형상) Convex polygon.

혈뎨 s. The outer bamboo rim of a hat.

*혈뎡 s. 鐵釘 (쇠) (못) Nails. *See* 쇠못.

*혈뎜 s. 鐵撬 (쇠) (공동이) An iron crowbar; a lever.

*혈도 s. 鐵道 (쇠) (길) A railway road.

*혈도곡선 s. 鐵道曲線 (쇠) (길) (굽을) (실) Railway curve.

*혈도국 s. 鐵道局 (쇠) (길) (판) The Bureau which manages affairs relating to railways.

*혈도놋다 s. 鐵道 (쇠) (길) 노하; 흔 To lay a railway.

*혈도부설권 s. 鐵道敷設權 (쇠) (길) (펼) (베풀) (권세) Right to lay a railway.

*혈도용구 s. 鐵道用具 (쇠) (길) (쓸) (긔물) Railway appliances.

*혈도회사 s. 鐵道會社 (쇠) (길) (모들) (회샤) A railway company.

*혈독 s. (쇠) 鐵毒 (쇠) (독홀 Metal poison; injury from metal.

*혈란 s. (안) 鐵丸 (쇠) (환조-*환) Bullets; cartridges. *See* 총알.

*혈력첨 s. 鐵酸苦 (쇠) (거플 (푸물) Stilpnosiderite.

*혈령 s. 鐵嶺 (쇠) (고기) A mountain pass in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.52. Long. 127.38.

*혈로 s. 鐵路 (쇠) (길) A railway. (놋다) (두다). *See* 혈도.

*혈록니석 s. 鐵綠泥石 (쇠) (푸를) (진흙) (돌) Delessite.

*혈롱 s. 鐵籠 (쇠) (대그릇) An iron cage.

*혈린회석 s. 鐵燐灰石 (쇠) (린) (회) (돌) Zwieselite.

*혈망 s. 鐵網 (쇠) (그믈) An iron cage. (쇠우다).

*혈못 s. 鐵釘 (쇠) (못—*뎡) Nails. *See* 쇠못.

*혈물 s. 鐵物 (쇠) (물건) Metal objects. *See* 혈긔.

*혈물젼 s. 鐵物廛 (쇠) (만흘) (장소집) A hardware store.

*혈반 s. 鐵盤 (쇠) (소반) Metallic or copper basin.

*혈벽 s. 鐵壁 (쇠) (바람) An iron wall.

*혈봉 s. 鐵棒 (쇠) (몽동이) An iron rod; a crow-bar.

*혈분 s. 鐵粉 (쇠) (가루) Powdered iron; iron filings.

*혈비 s. 鐵碑 (쇠) (비셕) A metal tablet. *See* 돌비.

*혈빈 s. 鐵貧 (쇠) (간난) Great poverty. *See* 적빈.

*혈삭 s. 鐵索 (쇠) (삭기) Wire; wire cables.

*혈산 s. 鐵山 (쇠) (뫼) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 39.46. Long. 124.52.

*혈상 s. 鐵像 (쇠) (형상) A metal idol.

*혈석 s. 鐵石 (쇠) (돌) Iron and stone; adamant. Firmness—as of purpose; strength as of a fort.

*혈석간장 s. 鐵石肝腸 (쇠) (돌) (간) (창조) Iron-heartedness—without ordinary feelings.

*혈석영 s. 鐵石英 (쇠) (돌) (붓부리) Ferruginous quartz.

*혈선련 s. 鐵仙蓮 (쇠) (션션) (련) Clematis patens.

*철설 s. 鐵屑 (쇠) (가로) Iron filings.

*철성 s. 鐵聲 (쇠) (소리) The ring of metal; a metallic sound. *See* 금성.

*철성 s. 鐵城 (쇠) (재) Iron walls—powerful fortifications. *See* 철옹성.

*철사 s. 鐵絲 (쇠) (실) Wire.

*철색 s. 鐵色 (쇠) (빛) A dark complexion.

*철옹성 s. 鐵甕城 (쇠) (독) (재) A strong city.

*철요 s. 凸凹 (볼록) (오목) Having ups and downs; irregularities—as of a surface.

*철운모 s. 鐵雲母 (쇠) (구름) (어미) Lepidomelane.

*철액 s. 鐵液 (쇠) (진액) Iron liquor—used in dyeing.

*철액수 s. 鐵液水 (쇠) (진) (물) Metallic fluids—as used for medicine.

*철원 s. 鐵原 (쇠) (언덕) A prefecture in Kang won-do. Lat 38.08. Long. 127.24.

*철원형 s. 凸圓形 (볼록) (둥글) (형상) Convexity.

*철장화포타시염 s. 鐵靑化 ..... (쇠) (창조) (분) ..... Potassii Ferrocyanidum.

*철장 s. 鐵腸 (쇠) (창자) Bowels of iron; firmness of purpose; resoluteness.

*철장 s. (옛) 鐵杖 (쇠) (집행이) A crowbar.

*철장채 s. 鐵杖 (쇠) (집행이) A crowbar.

*철전 s. 鐵箭 (쇠) (살) Large arrows—for a long bow.

*철주 s. 鐵酒 (쇠) (술) Vinum Ferri.

*철중 에도 정진 s. 鐵中錚錚 (쇠) (가운데) (정정할) (정정할) Among metals there is superior metal as well as inferior. *See* 인중에도유인.

*철척 s. 鐵尺 (쇠) (자) A metal measure, a carpenter's square.

*철책 s. 鐵柵 (쇠) (목책) An iron fence.

*철퇴 s. 鐵椎 (쇠) (방망이) An iron maul; a sledge-hammer.

*철통 s. 鐵通 (쇠) (통할) A metal instrument for boring pipe-stems. *See* 통형.

*철파 s. 鐵耙 (쇠) (갈퀴) An iron rake.

*철파 s. 鐵破 (쇠) (깨칠) A post-station in Kyung sang-do.

*철판 s. 鐵板 (쇠) (판) Metal plates for printing. *Opp.* 목판.

*철패 s. 鐵牌 (쇠) (패) A metal tally.

*철편 s. 鐵鞭 (쇠) (채찍) A metal baton—carried by policemen

*철포상 s. 鐵砲傷 (쇠) (총) (상할) A gunshot wound.

*철필 s. 鐵筆 (쇠) (붓) A steel pen. *See* 연필.

*철함 s. 鐵艦 (쇠) (군함) An iron-clad ship.

*철형 s. 凸形 (볼록) (형상) The shape of the character.

*철환 s. 鐵丸 (쇠) (알) Bullets; cartridges. *See* 탄환.

*철환제 s. 鐵丸劑 (쇠) (알) (약지을) Pilula Ferri.

*첨범되다 s. 添犯 (더할) (범할 여) 진 To grow worse—of sickness.

*첨보하다 s. 添補 (더할 기울 ㅗ ㅏ d to add to and make up a number required. *See* 보첨하다.

*첨복하다 s. 添卜 (더할) (점) To load still heavier.

*첨부하다 s. 添注 (더할) (잔) To pour in an extra amount into the sacrificial glass; to pass part of one's glass into the glass of the one next.

*첨삭하다 s. 添削 (더할) (깍을) To correct—used only with reference to literary corrections.

*첨설하다 s. 添設 (더할) (베풀) To give more.

*첨입하다 s. 添入 (더할) (들) To enter still more.

*첨잔하다 s. 添盞 (더할) (잔) To drink an extra glass; to add to a glass of spirit in sacrifice to ancestors. *See* 헙비하다.

일작하다 s. 添酌 (더할 잔) To fill extra full of a sacrificial glass of liquor. *See* 첨잔하다

*첨죄하다 s. 添罪 (더할 허물 To be guilty of other faults. *See* 최상첨죄하다.

*첨지하다 s. 添載 (더할 실을 To load to excess; to overload.

*첩 s. 貼 (붙일) A compound—of medicine wrapped in paper, in contrast to powders and pills.

*첩 s. 疊 (쌓을) Again; a second time. *See* 거듭.

*첩련하다 s. 貼聯 (붙일) (이을) To paste to; to append; to supplement.

*첩보하다 s. 諜報 (염탐) 갚을 To mix with the enemy and send information as to their movements.

*접부ᄒᆞ다 s. 貼付 (붓칠) (붓칠) To affix; to attach;—as stamps to a letter; paste on—as a placard or label. *See* 접련ᄒᆞ다.

*접약 s. 貼藥 (붓칠) (약) Compounded medicine wrapped in paper. *See* 갑약.

접귀 s. A metal point—used in a woman's head-dress.

접지 s. 貼紙 (붓칠) (조희) Credentials of office.

*접출ᄒᆞ다 s. 疊出 (싸힐) (날) To double; to duplicate; to be repeated.

*접설쟁이 s. 摺舌匠 (접을, 혀올) (리올) (인) An eloquent talker; one who has the "gift of gab. *See* 현하구변.

*접접산곡 s. 疊疊山中 (싸힐, (싸힐) (뫼) (가온ᄃᆡ) Among the hills range after range. *See* 심심산곡.

*접접히 s. 疊疊 (싸힐) (싸힐) Repeatedly; row upon row.

*접접ᄒᆞ다 s. 疊疊 (싸힐) (싸힐) To be layer upon layer; to be fold upon fold; to be row upon row.

뎝 s. 帖 (*업) A magistrate's despatch. A copy or original form of writing. (밧다).

*톄 s. 體 (몸) The body of a character in contrast to the radical or part written to the left. Appearance; form; nature.

*톄강급수 s. 遞降級數 (갈닐) (ᄂᆞ릴) (드름) (두어) Decreasing progression.

*톄거ᄒᆞ다 s. 遞去 (갈닐) (갈) To dismiss; to discharge.

*톄격 s. 體格 (몸) (격식) Manner; style; natural constitution.

*톄격검사 s. 體格檢查 (몸) (격식) (검사) An examination of the natural constitution of a person.

*톄결ᄒᆞ다 s. 締結 (ᄆᆡ질) (ᄆᆡ질) To conclude—as an agreement.

*톄경 s. 體鏡 (몸) (거울) A mirror. *See* 면경.

*톄귀ᄒᆞ다 s. 遞歸 (갈닐) (도라갈) To be discharged from office; to return home from office.

*톄긔 s. 帖記 (톄) (긔록) An official note granting powers to the bearer—as a warrant to arrest.

톄ᄭᅡ리 s. Wooden shaped dolls—used in the festivities of the 8th day of the 4th moon. (놀ᄂᆡ다).

*톄대ᄒᆞ다 s. 體大 (몸) (큰) To be corpulent; to be heavy. *Opp.* 톄쇼ᄒᆞ다.

*톄도 s. 剃刀 (ᄯᅡᆨ글) (칼) A razor.

*톄도 s. 體度 (몸) (법도) Yourself; your health. (Epist.).

*톄동ᄒᆞ다 s. 遞動 (갈닐) (무ᄅᆡ) To change officials. *See* 톄임ᄒᆞ다.

*톄디ᄒᆞ다 s. 遞代 (갈닐) (ᄃᆡ신) To take the place of; to be instead of. *See* 교ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

*톄뎨 s. 體例 (몸) (례예) Respectability; honor; politeness. *See* 톄모.

*톄루 s. 涕淚 (고물, 눈물 Tears

*톄면 s. 體面 (몸) (낫) Respectability honor. (보다) (소ᄅᆡ다). *See* 톄모.

*톄모 s. 體貌 (몸) (얼골) Respectability; honor; politeness.

*톄모 s. 體毛 (몸) (털억) A weasle's fur used for pens. *Opp.* 미모

*톄목 s. 體木 (몸) (나무) Timbers—for building.

*톄문 s. 帖文 (톄—*텹) (글월) A passport issued to one who is leaving the empire. *See* 톄지.

*톄발ᄒᆞ다 s. 剃髮 (ᄯᅡᆨ을) (털억) To cut the hair; to barber; to crop close.

톄밧다 s. 受帖 (밧을—*슈) (톄—*텹) (아; 은 To receive a copy —or a model for a written form.

*톄번ᄒᆞ다 s. 替番 (갈닐) (번) To take one's turn—on duty. *See* 교번ᄒᆞ다.

*톄송비 s. 遞送費 (갈닐) (보낼) (허비) Postage.

*톄쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 體小 (몸) (작을) To be small in form. *Opp.* 톄대ᄒᆞ다.

톄수 s. The measurements of the body —in relation to clothing.

*톄슴 s. 體襟 (몸) (닉힐) Decency; correct deportment; right conduct.

*톄승급수 s. 遞昇級數 (갈닐) (오를) (드름) (두어) Increasing progression.

*톄시ᄒᆞ다 s. 諦視 (슬힐) (볼) To see clearly; to discern.

*톄신국 s. 遞信局 (갈닐) (ᄆᆞᆺ을) (판) A post office *See* 우톄국; 우편국.

*톄신대신 s. 遞信大臣 (갈닐) (ᄆᆞᆺ을) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for Communications.

*톄신셩 s. 遞信省 (갈닐) (ᄆᆞᆺ을) (마을) The Department of Communications.

*톄신차관 s. 遞信次官 (갈닐) (ᄆᆞᆺ을) (버금) (버슬) The vice Minister of State for Communications.

*톄약ᄒᆞ다 s. 締約 (ᄆᆡ질) (언약) To make a contract.

*헤용 s. 體容 (몸) (얼골) The form and countenance.

*헤용 s. 體用 (몸) (쓸) The substance and the action emanating from it; a fundamental principle and its result in action.

*헤읍호다 s. 泣邑 (고물) (울) To weep; to cry

*헤임되다 s. 遞任 (갈닐) (맛갈) 여; 된 To have a change—of officials. *See* 갈니다.

*헤적 s. 體積 (몸) (싸흘) Contents—as of a body.

*헤적계 s. 體積計 (몸) (싸흘) (계교) Volumenometer.

*헤전부 s 遞傳夫 (갈닐) (전홀) (지아비) A letter-carrier; a post-man; a mail-man.

*헤졀 s. 體節 (몸) (마듸) Health; welfare.

*헤조 s. 體操 (몸) (잡을) Gymnastic exercise; athletics; calisthenics. Manual exercise. Military drill. *See* 기예.

*헤조슐 s. 體操術 (몸) (잡을) (슐법) Gymnastics.

*헤조장 s. 體操場 (몸) (잡을) (마당) A gymnasium

헤즐 s. (一쯀) A copy line as written by the teacher. (맛다).

*헤쥬호다 s. 體恤 (몸) (무거울) To be dignified; to be serious; to be quiet. *See* 진즁호다.

*헤지 帖紙 (글첩) (죵이) Credentials of office. *See* 녕지

*헤질 *l.* 體質 (몸) (맛탕) Nature of a body; substance; quality

*헤청호다 s. 諦聽 (솔필) (드를) To listen attentively.

*헤통 s. 體統 (몸) (거느릴) Civility; [illegible] (례졀) 차리다).

*헤포호다 s. 逮捕 (밋칠) (잡을) To catch—as a thief; to apprehend.

*헤후 s. 體候 (몸) (때) Bodily vigor; health. (Epist. Hon.).

*헤육 s. 體育 (몸) (기를) Physical training. *See* 덕육, 지육; 여육.

*헝청호다 *l.* 聽令 (드를) (호여곰) To obey orders.

*헝문 *l.* 聽聞 (드를) (드를) Rumour; what we hear.

*헝문소시에 *l.* 聽聞所視 (드를) (드를) (바) (볼) What is heard and seen

*헝문(이)불일호다 *l.* 聽聞不一 (드를) (드를) (아닐) (호) What we hear is not always the same.

*헝문호다 *l.* 聽聞 (드를) (드를) To hear; to listen to.

*헝이불문호다 *l* 聽而不聞 (드를) (말이) (아닐 (드를 To hear and yet [illegible] not to hear. *Opp.* 시약심상.

*헝죵호다 s. 聽從 (드를) (좃칠) To listen; to obey—as an advice.

*헝진법 s. 聽診法 (드를) (진찰홀) (법) Auscultation

*헝통긔 s. 聽筒器 (드를) (가슴) (그릇) Stethoscopium; stethoscope.

호 s. Endings; terminations (grammatical forms) (될 다). A youth or maiden.

*호 s. 土 (흙) Earth—in relation to the five primary elements.

*호가 s. 土價 (흙) (갑) The price of land.

호셔 s. 兎 (*토) A rabbit—used as an abusive epithet. *Also* 옷가.

*호교 s. 土橋 (흙) (두리) A bridge, the floor of which is constructed of earth.

*호구 s. 土寇 (흙) (도젹) An agrarian riot

*호굴 s. 土窟 (흙) (굼ㅡ*화) Ground oysters. *See* 호화.

*호굴 s. 土窟 (흙) (굴) A hut; a mountain cabin.

*호근 *l.* 吐根 (비앗흘) (뿌리) *Ipecacuanha.*

*호금 s. 土金 (흙) (쇠) Gold dug from the earth in contrast to that found in rock. *Opp.* 석금.

*호긔 s. 土氣 (흙) (긔운) The earth atmospheres—propitious or unpropitious.

*호긔 s. 土器 (흙) (그릇) An earthenware dish. *See* 옹긔.

*호긔뎜 s. 土器店 (흙) (그릇) (장소집) An earthenware crock-shop. *See* 옹긔뎜

*호긔장이 s. 土器匠 (흙) (그릇) (장인) Earthen-ware.

*호니스 s. 土尼斯 (흙) (즁) (이) Tunis.

호닥호닥호다 s. To pat with the hand; to beat; to slap. To be plump.

호달다 s. 톤만 (달ㅡ*현) (비앗흘—*호) 아; 단 To write in the endings.

*호담 s. 土墻 (흙) (담ㅡ*헌) A mud wall. (맛다).

*호뎡 s. 土鼎 (흙) (솟) An earthen-ware rice-pot.

*호둔 s. 土屯 (흙) (둔칠) An embankment.

*호디 s. 土地 (흙) (짜) Land; ground.

*토디소산 s. 土地所産 (흙) (짜) (바) (날) Local products or manufactures. *See* 토산지물.

*토디증명 s. 土地證明 (흙) (짜) (증거) (붉을) A deed for land, a land-deed.

토디지신 s. 土地之神 (흙) (짜) (갈) (귀신) Spirits of the soil; local demons—that should be propitiated.

토란 s. 芋 (*우) The taro and other edible tubers. *See* 토련.

*토력 s. 土力 (흙) (힘) The fertility or strength of soil.

*토력청 s. 土瀝青 (흙) (거를) (푸를) Asphaltum.

*토련 s. 土蓮 (흙) (련못) The taro.

토롱 s. A connective marking a point of time or duration—by; till; during; while; the more—the more. *See* 수록.

*토론ᄒᆞ다 s. 討論 (칠) (의론) To ask for an opinion, to consult. *See* 확론ᄒᆞ다.

토롱이 An ignoramus.

토롱ᄒᆞ다 s. 出殯 (날—*출) (빈소—*빈) To thatch a coffin or corpse and leave it until the final burial preparations are made.

*토리 s. 土理 (흙) (이치) The nature of the ground—as regards fertility. *See* 토력.

*토마루 s. 土珠樓 (흙) (바룰) (다락—*루) A terrace of earth before a house. (노락).

토막 s. A headsman's block. A wooden pillow. (Prov.) The numerative of blocks of wood. *See* 목침.

토막토막 s. In pieces; piece by piece.

*토모 s. 兎毛 (토끼) (털) Rabbit fur.

*토목 s. 土木 (흙) (나무) Building or construction; carried on by the government; public works.

*토목국 s. 土木局 (흙) (나무) (판) The Bureau of Engineering.

*토목과 s. 土木課 (흙) (나무) (일과) The Section of Engineering.

*토목수 s. 土木師 (흙) (나무) (스승) A civil engineer.

*토목감독서 s. 土木監督署 (흙) (나무) (볼) (거느릴) (마을) The Office in Charge of Engineering Works.

*토목지역 s. 土木之役 (흙) (나무) (갈) (역소) Work in which wood and earth are used—as house-building.

*토민 s. 土民 (흙) (빅셩, The natives of a place. *See* 거민.

*토박ᄒᆞ다 s. 土薄 (흙) (얇을) To be poor—of land; to lack fertility. *Opp.* 토옥ᄒᆞ다.

*토반 s. 土班 (흙) (반렬) Native gentry—of a official district. *See* 향반.

*토방 s. 土房 (흙) (방) A terrace—before a door.

*토번 s. 土蕃 (흙) (번호, Aborigines; natives. *See* 토인.

*토벌ᄃᆡ 1 討伐隊 (칠) (칠) 대, Attacking companies.

*토벌ᄒᆞ다 t. 討伐 (칠) (칠) To slay; to kill; to extirpate.

*토벽 s. 土壁 (흙) (바람) A mud wall.

*토복령 s. 土茯苓 (흙) (복령) (복령) China-root.

*토분 s. 土粉 (흙) (분) White earth—used as plaster.

*토분 s. 兎糞 (토끼) (똥) Rabbit dung—used as medicine.

*토분슈 s. 兎糞水 (토끼) (똥) (물) A decoction of rabbit's dung.

*토불 s. 土佛 (흙) (부쳐) An earthen image of Buddha; a clay idol.

*토붕와히 s. 土崩瓦解 (흙) (문허질) (기와) (풀) A sliding bank and broken one tiles—failure that brings utter ruin with it.

*토빅 s. 土匪 (흙) (아닐) Rebels of the locality.

*토빅이 s. 土民 (흙) (빅셩—*민) Natives of the soil. *See* 토민.

토실토실ᄒᆞ다 s. To be round; to be swollen, to be plump.

*토산 s. 土山 (흙) (뫼) A mountain of earth without rocks. *Opp.* 석산.

*토산 s. 土産 (흙) (날) Native products or manufactures. *See* 소산.

*토산 s. 兎山 (토끼) (뫼) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.24. Long. 126.53. Mountains in Whang-hai-do and in Quelpaert.

토산불 s. Enlarged testicle—a disease.

*토산지물 s. 土産之物 (흙) (날) (갈) (물건) Things of local produce or manufacture. *See* 토산.

토살멱다 s. 여; 된 To build a twig dam that serves as a fish-net.

*토샤 t. 吐瀉 (비앗흘) (쏫을) Vomiting and purging

*토샤곽란 t. 吐瀉霍亂 (비앗흘) (쏫을) (어지러울) Vomiting and purging with cramps—as in cholera.

*토샤ᄒᆞ다 t. 吐瀉 (비앗흘) (쏫을) To vomit and purge. *See* 구토설샤ᄒᆞ다.

토상이 s. A bare topknot—barebeaded. *See* 뭔상토.

*토석 s. 土石 (흙) (돌) Earth and stones.

*토설ᄒᆞ다 t. 吐說 (비앗흘) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To disclose; to speak out. *See* 토정ᄒᆞ다.

*토셩 s. 土星 (흙) (별) Saturn.

*토셩 s. 土城 (흙) (재) A city wall of earth; mud fortifications.

*토셩 s. 土聲 (흙) (소리) The "earth" tone—a deep bass note.

*토슈 s. 吐手 (비앗흘) (손) Wristlets. (찌다). *See* 토시.

*토시 s. 吐手 (비앗흘) (손—*슈 Wristlets. 찌다.

*토식ᄒᆞ다 t. 討食 (칠) (밥) To live by extortion. *See* 토식ᄒᆞ다.

*토신 s. 土神 (흙) (귀신) The tutelary Shinto deity of a locality.

토실ᄂᆞ실ᄒᆞ다 s. 肥澤 (살질—*비) (윤틸 ᄒᆞᆯ—*ᄐᆞᆨ) To be plump, to be round, to be fat. *See* 포동포동ᄒᆞ다.

*토실스럽다 t. 吐心 (비앗흘) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) 러워; 운 To be unpleasant; to be unacceptable. *See* 곡갑다.

*토ᄉᆞ조ᄉᆞ s. 菟絲子 (풀) (실) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) *Cuscuta Chinensis* and *C. Japonica*.

*토색 s. 土色 (흙) (빗) The color of the earth—as viewed in burial.

*토식ᄒᆞ다 t. 討索 (칠) (찾질) To demand; to exact. *See* 토식ᄒᆞ다.

*토약질ᄒᆞ다 s. 吐 (비앗흘) To vomit.

*토역 s. 土役 (흙) (역ᄉᆞ) A work in earth as a material—as wall building etc.

*토역ᄒᆞ다 t. 討逆 (칠) (거스릴) To attack rebels.

*토옥 s. 土屋 (흙) (집) A dealer in earth clay, plaster, etc.

*토옥ᄒᆞ다 s. 土沃 (흙) (기름질) To be fertile—of land. *Opp.* 토박ᄒᆞ다.

*토요일 s. 土曜日 (흙) (빛날 ᄉᆞᆯ) Saturday.

토육질ᄒᆞ다 s. 腿 (토육질ᄒᆞᆯ—*젼) To roll—as a horse.

*토우 s. 土雨 (흙) (비) Rain mixed with mud—said to fall frequently.

*토우 s. 土牛 흙, 소란 The ox. See 소란.

*토유병 s. 吐乳病 (비앗흘) (졋) (병들) A disease of infants characterized by the throwing up of milk.

*토음 s. 土音 (흙) (소리) The accent of one's native district; a brogue. *See* 소토리.

*토이기 s. 土耳其 (흙) (귀) (긔) Turkey (in Europe). *See* 돌궐.

*토인 s. 土人 흙 (사ᄅᆞᆷ, Aborigines, natives. *See* 토민.

*토왕 s. 土王 (흙) (님금) The earth god supposed to descend from heaven. In the quarter possessed by him no digging is done.

*토장 s. 土醬 (흙) (장) Soy sediment. *See* 된장.

*토제 t. 吐劑 (비앗흘) (약지을) An emetic.

*토정ᄒᆞ다 마음 비앗흘) 로 T speak out one's mind; to unburden one's heart. *See* 동정ᄒᆞ다.

*토정ᄒᆞ다 t. 吐精 (비앗흘) (정긔) To emit —of spermatic fluid.

*토쥬 s. 土蜜 (흙) (벌ᄃᆞᆨ이) *Crotettix bispinosus*.

*토쥬 s. 土紬 (흙) (깁) Silk woven from twisted threads.

*토쥬석 t. 吐酒石 (비앗흘) (술) (돌) Tartar emetic.

*토쥬ᄒᆞ다 t. 討酒 (칠) (술) To beg drink.

*토쥬관 s. 土主官 (흙) (님금) (벼슬) One's district magistrate.

*토진간담ᄒᆞ다 t. 吐盡肝膽 (비앗흘) (다ᄒᆞᆯ (간 (쓸기 ᄂᆞᆫ Unburden one's heart; to speak one's mind. *See* 토정ᄒᆞ다.

*토질 s. 土疾 (흙) (병) Sickness during acclimation; troubles caused by the climate. (돌니다) (먹다).

*토출ᄒᆞ다 t. 吐出 (비앗흘) (날) To vomit to speak out; to utter.

*토파ᄒᆞ다 t. 討破 (칠) (파ᄒᆞᆯ) To speak out one's mind; to open one's heart. *See* 실파ᄒᆞ다.

*토판 s. 土板 (흙) (판) An earthenware plate for printing. *See* 목판.

*토포ᄉᆞ s. 討捕使 (칠) (잡을 ᄒᆞ여ᄭᅮ An officer commissioned to attack and arrest.

*토풍 s. 土風 흙, 바람 Native customs; the manners of a place. *See* 토속.

*토품 s. 土品 흙 품수 The elevator of soil or earth.

*토피 s. 土皮 (흙) (가죽) Turf; the covering of the ground—grass; trees etc. (벗다). See 사피.

*토피 s. 兎皮 (토기) (가죽) Rabbit skins.

*토혈 *l.* 吐血 (비왓흘) (피) Blood vomit —spitting blood.

*토혈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 吐血 (비왓흘) (피) To spit blood. *See* 삼킬ᄒᆞ다.

*토호 *s.* 土豪 (흙) (소길) A landed proprietor; a wealthy farmer

*토호질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 土豪 (흙) (소길) To usurp authority. *See* 무단참작ᄒᆞ다.

*토ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 吐 (비왓흘) To vomit, to spit out; to disclose. *See* 게우다.

*토화 *s.* 土話 (흙) (말솜) A local dialect; a patois. *See* 스토리.

*토화 *s.* 土花 (흙) (굿) Ground oysters. *See* 굴.

*토화석 *s.* 土花色 (흙) (굿) (빗) The color of yellow earth.

*토황련 *s.* 土黃蓮 (흙) (누루) (련) Rhizomes of the *Coptis teeta.*

툭 *s.* With a thud; with a rap. *See* 툭.

툭 *s.* 骨牌 (쌔—*폴) (쌔—*패) The name of a game of dominoes.

툭기 *s.* 兎 (*토) A rabbit; a hare. *Also* 톳기.

툭깅이 *s.* 兎 (툭기—*토) A rabbit—used as an abusive epithet. *See* 툭기.

툭툭 *s.* Rapping; thumping. (치다). *See* 툭툭.

툭툭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be coarse; to be thick.

톱 *s.* Claws; nails. The end threads of a roll of cotton.

톱 *s.* 鋸 (*거) A saw. (질ᄒᆞ다).

톱니 *s.* 鋸齒 (톱—*거) (니—*치) The teeth of a saw.

톱다 *s.* 하; 훈 To search for; to seek. *See* 짱구ᄒᆞ다.

톱랑 *s.* 鋸匠 (톱—*거) (돌보—*랑) A saw-frame and rope with which to tighten it; a saw-blade.

톱밥 *s.* 鋸屑 (톱—*거) (밥—*식) Sawdust.

톱질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 引鋸 (당길—*인) (톱—*거) To saw.

톱칼 *s.* 鋸刀 (톱—*거) (칼—*도) A saw-file.

톱톱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be strong; to be well-flavoured; to be rich

톳 *s.* A numerative of fifty leaves of prepared seaweed; of fifty balls or bobbins of thread. A weight used in twisting thread.

톳기 *s.* 兎 (*토) A rabbit; a hare. *See* 툭깅이.

톳나무 *s.* A large tree.

톳명쥬 *s.* 土明紬 (흙 *토) (붉을—*명) (실—*쥬) Silk made of hand-twisted thread.

퇴 *l.* A windfall; a sudden streak of fortune; sudden profits. (내다).

퇴 *l.* 階 (섬돌—*체) A terrace; courtyard steps.

*퇴거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退去 (물너갈) (갈) To go away, or abandon; to desert.

*퇴교 *l.* 退校 (물너갈) (학교) Dismissal from school.

*퇴군ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退軍 (물너갈) 군소) To retire—of troops. *See* 퇴진ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴기 *l.* 退妓 (물너갈) (기성) A retired dancing-girl. (*Kisáng*).

퇴기다 *l.* 퇴겨; 긴 To jerk; to strike with the big finger snapping from the thumb.

퇴김주다 *l.* 어; 준 To jerk—as a kite-string in flying a kite.

퇴내다 *l.* 어; 낸 To have a streak of luck—in business etc.

*퇴명ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退定 (물너갈) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To extend the limit of time.

*퇴등ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退燈 (물너갈) (등) To put out lights.

*퇴락ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頹落 (문허질) (떠러짐) To fall to pieces; to go to ruin. *See* 령셥ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴령ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退令 (물너갈) (ᄒᆞ여품) To order lights out and to sleep—by a *yamen* official.

*퇴로지상 *l.* 退老宰相 (물너갈) (늙을) (지상) (정승) A superannuated Minister of State.

*퇴로ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退老 (물너갈) (늙을) To resign office—from age; to be superannuated. *See* 락셥ᄒᆞ다

*퇴리 *l.* 退吏 (물너갈) (아전) A discharged *yamen* writer.

*퇴마루 *l.* 退抹樓 (물너갈 마ᄅᆞᆯ *말) (다락—*루) A verandah or porch floor

퇴맛다 *l.* 자; 진 To send back; to refuse —as a badly made article

*퇴물 *l.* 退物 (물너갈) (만물) A rejected or cast off object.

*퇴물닙 *l.* 退物 (물너갈) (만물) Cast off clothes. *See* 퇴물.

퇴박맛다 *l.* 됴退 (물—*전) (물너갈—*퇴) 마자; 진 To be rejected with disgust.

*퇴보ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退步 (물너갈) (거름) To step back; to retrograde. *Opp.* 진보ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴비긔 *l.* (— — 허) 退盃器 (물너갈) (잔) (그릇) The dish into which liquor is poured out from the sacrificial cup. (Prov.).

*퇴비ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退盃 (물너갈) (잔) To pour out the liquor from the sacrificial cup. (Prov.).

*퇴상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退床 (물너갈) (상) To return a table—after dining

*퇴상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退霜 (물너갈) (서리) To be delayed—of frosts.

*퇴샤ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退社 (물너갈) (샤직) To withdraw from membership in a company; to retire from a firm, or association; to sever one's connection with a society.

*퇴서ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退暑 (물너갈) (더울) To escape the heat.

*퇴소ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退仕 (물너갈) (벼슬) To retire from office.

*퇴송ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退送 (물너갈) (보낼) To dismiss—as a *yamen* underling.

*퇴속 *s.* 頹俗 (문허질) (풍속) Deteriorated manners; corrupt customs; decayed morals.

*퇴속ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退俗 (물너갈) (풍속) To retire—from Buddhism.

*퇴송ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 退訟 (물너갈) (송소) To postpone a case in court.

*퇴신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退神 (물너갈) (귀신) To rid oneself of evil spirits—by feeding them and ordering them to begone.

*퇴신ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退身 (물너갈) (몸) To withdraw from; to retire from one's office.

*퇴일위ᄒᆞ다 / 退一位 (물너갈 한) (벼슬) To include an extra figure in the dividend where it begins with a smaller one than the divisor.

*퇴적ᄒᆞ다 堆積 (싸흘) (사흘) To heap; to pile up; to heap or pile up.

*퇴조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退潮 (물너갈) (밀물) To ebb—of the tide.

*퇴조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退朝 (물너갈) (아젼) To return from an audience with the king.

*퇴쥬 *l.* 退酒 (물너갈) (술) Wine emptied from the dish—at a sacrificial ceremony.

*퇴직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退職 (물너갈) (직업) To retire from public service.

*퇴진ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退陣 (물너갈) (진칠) To withdraw and reform—of troops. *See* 퇴군ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴좌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退座 (물너갈) (자리) To leave one's seat; to withdraw from an assembly.

*퇴축ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退縮 (물너갈) (삼축) To rebound from the target—of an arrow.

*퇴촌ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退村 (물너갈) (마을) To retire to a country village. *See* 귀촌ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴축ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退逐 (물너갈) (쪳칠) To reject; to return.

*퇴축ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退縮 (물너갈) (움으러질) To retrograde; to decline; to fall off.

*퇴출ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退出 (물너갈) (날) To leave or withdraw from; to retire, or return—as from an office.

퇴침 *l.* A pillow toilet-case.

퇴관 *l.* Great profits; gain. (나다).

*퇴패ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 頹敗 (문허질) (패홀) To fall into disuse—as a law or custom; to go to ruin. *See* 퇴락ᄒᆞ다.

*퇴패ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 頹敗 (문허질) (패홀) To be deteriorated, or corrupted.

*퇴풍 *s.* 頹風 (문허질) (바람) Deteriorated manners; corrupted customs; decayed morals.

*퇴학ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退學 (물너갈) (비홀) To retire from study.

*퇴한 *l.* 退限 (물너갈) (한명) Days of grace.

*퇴한ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退限 (물너갈) (한명) To extend the limit of time.

*퇴혼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退婚 (물너갈) (혼인) To break off an engagement of marriage.

*퇴ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退 (물너갈) To send back; to reject.

*퇴환ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 退換 (물너갈) (밧골) To return unaccepted—a draft for money.

*둉 *s.* 統 (거느릴) All; the whole; collectively. A collection of five houses in census records. (하다).

*둉 *s.* 桶 (둉) A tub; a cask; a barrel. (메이다). *See* 장군.

*둉 *s.* 筒 (둉) A tube; a pipe.

*둉가지의 *s.* 通家之誼 (둉홀) (집) (갈) (친홀) Hereditary friendship, intimate relationship.

*둉간ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 通奸 (둉홀) (간사) To have criminal intercourse with. *See* 죵둉ᄒᆞ다.

*둉감 *s.* 通鑑 (둉홀) (거울) A Chinese History by *Sz-ma-kwang*, in fifteen volumes (used in primary schools). *See* 소학.

*통감 l. 統監 (거느릴) (볼) The Resident-General

*통감부 l. 統監府 (거느릴) (볼) (마을) The Office of the Resident General.

*통건 s. 通巾 (통할) (수건) A mourner's hemp cap—opening at the sides.

*통계표 l. 統計表 (거느릴) (계교) (표할) A statistical table.

*통고 s. 痛苦 (압흘) (괴로울) Acute pain; anguish; bitterness—of heart.

*통고하다 s. 通告 (통할) (고할) To inform; to communicate; to report.

*통곡하다 l. 痛哭 (압흘) (울) To weep bitterly. *See* 곡하다.

*통구 s. 通衢 (통할) (거리) Connecting street.

*통국 s. 通國 (통할) (나라) The whole country; all countries.

*통기 s. 通寄 (통할) (붓칠) Sending news. *See* 기별

통과여주다 s. 어; 준 To call to one's attention; to announce to. *See* 여주다.

*통기하다 s. 通寄 (통할) (붓칠) To communicate with; to send word to. *See* 기별하다.

*통기하다 s. 通氣 (통할) (기운) To breathe freely; to circulate freely—as the breath or vital principle of the body.

*통기옥문하다 l. 洞開獄門 (통할) (열) (옥) (문) To open the prison doors and set the prisoners free—as on a national celebration.

*통기하다 l. 洞開 (통할) (열) To be passable; to be unobstructed; to be open—as any channel of communication.

*통내외하다 s. 通內外 (통할) 안) (밧) To be intimate—as with all the members of a family; to be acquainted with both male and female members.

*통달하다 s. 通達 (통할) (통달) To penetrate; to pass freely. *See* 달통하다.

*통덕랑 s. 通德郎 (통할) (큰) (사나희) A title given to nobles of the front rank, 5th degree.

*통도하다 l. 痛悼 (압흘) (슬흘) To grieve deeply; to mourn for; to bewail.

*통도소 s. 通度寺 (통할) (지날) (절) A famous Buddhist monastry in Yang-san, Kyung-sang province.

통돔 s. A fowl prepared and cooked whole.

통량 l. (一냥) 統兩 (거느릴) (두) A style of hat made in *Tong yong, Kyung sang* province.

*통량 l. 統量 (거느릴) (헤아릴) Capacity; ability.

*통량하다 l. 統諒 (거느릴) (헤아릴) To consider widely.

*통령 l. 統領 (거느릴) (거느릴) Chief commander; president.

*통령하다 s. 通靈 (통할) (신령) To be united in spirit.

*통로 s. 通路 (통할) (길) A passage; road; way.

*통로하다 s. 通路 (통할) (길) To communicate with—by road. *See* 통성하다.

*통리군조 s. 通理君子 (통할) (리치) (임군) (아들) A philosopher; a sage.

*통리하다 l. 通理 (통할) (리치) To be according to nature; to conform to natural laws.

통먼살 s. A double chin.

*통문 s. 通文 (통할) (글) A written circular; a circular letter (돌니다) (돌다).

통밀다 l. 어; 민 To be all; to be wholly.

통발 s. 罶 (*호) A kind of willow net or cage for catching fish. (치다).

*통방 s. 通房 (통할) (방) A servant's room—next the official quarters.

*통법 s. 通法 (통할) (법) Reduction to like terms.

*통변하다 s. 通辯 (통할) (말솜) To interpret; to translate. *See* 통소하다.

*통보 s. 通寶 (통할) (보비) Circulating treasure—money; cash.

*통부 s. 通符 (통할) (부부) A tally as a mark of authority carried by detectives.

*통부하다 s. 通訃 (통할) (통부) To send a circular letter announcing a death. *See* 고부하다.

*통분하다 l. 痛忿 (압흘) (분할) To be wild with rage; to be sick from anger. *See* 원통하다.

*통상의수법 s. 通常詣數法 (통할) (뎃뎃) (지목) (두어) (법) Common notation.

*통상조약 s. 通商條約 (통할) (장소) (가지) (언약) A commercial treaty.

*통상으로 s. 通常 (통할) (뎃뎃) Ordinarily; usually; commonly.

*통상휴정 s. 通常酒精 (통할) (뎃뎃) (술) (정긔) Commercial Alcohol.

*통상회 s. 通常會 (통호) (덕졋) (모돌) A regular meeting.

*통상회안 s. 通商海岸 (통호) (장소 바다) (언덕) A port open to foreign trade; an open port.

*통상ᄒᆞ다 s. 通商 (통호) (장소) To have commercial intercourse with. *See* 교통ᄒᆞ다.

*통셜ᄒᆞ다 s. 通洩 (통호) (견넙) To have communication with; to have intercourse with *See* 통로ᄒᆞ다.

*통세계 s. 通世界 (통호) (인간) (디경) All the world; through the whole universe.

*통셩 s. 痛聲 (압흠) (소리) Groans; sighs of one who is sick. A 동인경.

*통셩명ᄒᆞ다 s. 通姓名 (통호) (셩) (일홈) To give name and surname. *See* 인소ᄒᆞ다.

*통셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 通姓 (통호) (셩) To announce each other's surnames. To become acquainted. *See* 통셩명ᄒᆞ다

통쇽 s. (In) a company; (among) those working together *See* 체쇽.

*통솔ᄒᆞ다 l. 統率 (거누릴) (거누릴) To assemble; to muster.

*통쇼곳 s. 通簫 (통호) (쇼곳—*촌) A hollow gimlet.

*통쇼 s. 洞簫 (통호) (통쇼) A kind of bamboo flute. (부다).

*통쇼ᄒᆞ다 s. 通宵 (통호) (밤) To sit up all night.

*통슈 l. 統首 (거누릴) (머리) The party responsible—for the five houses as marked in census rolls.

통슈간 s. 厠間 (ᄃᆡ간 *측 (소이 ᄃᆞ)간 A water-closet. Prov. *See* 쥭간.

*통신 s. 通信 (통호) (밋을) Correspondence; news; intelligence; a communication; letter.

*통신되다 s. 通信 (통호) (밋을) 여; 되 To have connection by telegraph.

*통신원 s. 通信員 (통호 밋을 (니원) A newspaper correspondent.

*통신원 s. 通信院 (통호) (밋을) (집) A post office.

*통신ᄒᆞ다 s. 通神 (통호) (귀신) To move the spirits. *See* 통령ᄒᆞ다.

*통신ᄒᆞ다 s. 通信 (통호) (밋을) To send a note to inform; to be in communication with—by telegraph.

*통심 l. 痛心 (압흠) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Anxiety; mental suffering.

*통심정ᄒᆞ다 s. 通心情 (통호 ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ ᄯᅳᆮ) To be united in heart.

*통ᄉᆞ s. 通詞 (통호 (말숨) A linguist; an interpreter. *See* 통변.

*통ᄉᆞ정ᄒᆞ다 s. 通事情 (통호) (일) (ᄯᅳᆮ) To open up the heart to; to speak one's thoughts to.

*통어 s. 通語 (통호) (말숨) A popular term

*통어ᄉᆞ (illegible) 거누릴 (막을 ᄒᆞ어곰 ᄉᆞ

*통역 s. 通譯 (통호) (번역) An interpreter; a translator.

*통역관 s. 通譯官 (통호) (번역) 벼슬) Office of interpreter.

*통영 s. 統營 (거누릴) (영문) The headquarters of the Chief of the National Coast-guard. (*Tongyeng*).

*통용 s. 通用 (통호) (쓸) Negotiable Paper.

*통용ᄒᆞ다 s. 通用 (통호) (쓸) To be used universally. to be used by all; to be used interchangeably.

*통음ᄒᆞ다 l. 痛飮 (압흘) (마실) To drink deep; to be dead-drunk.

*통이 l. 統 (거누릴) All; altogether. *See* 말ᄆᆞᆫ.

*통이계ᄉᆡ긔ᄒᆞ다 l. 統而計之 (거누릴) (말이) (계교) (갈) To reckon up all; to take all into account.

*통인 s. 通引 (통호) (잇쓰올) The servant of an official.

*통일국 l. 統一國 (거누릴) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (나라) All the kingdom; the whole country. *See* 일국.

*통일텬하ᄒᆞ다 l. 統一天下 (거누릴) (ᄒᆞᆫ) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아래) To have all the world in one—as a universal kingdom.

*통일ᄒᆞ다 l. 統一 (거누릴) (ᄒᆞᆫ) To be united in one; to be the whole.

*통ᄯᅡᄒᆞ다 s. 約束 (언약—*약) (묵글—*속서; 정 To be in agreement, to form a company; to work with one heart. *See* 약속ᄒᆞ다.

*통장 l. 統將 (거누릴) (장슈) A Chief of the Palace Guard.

*통장 l. 統長 (거누릴) (어룬) Chief of the royal valet-de-chambres.

*통장이 s. 桶匠 (나무그릇) (장인) A cooper; a barrel maker.

*통제ᄉᆞ l. 統制使 (거누릴) (졔어ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The Chief of the National Coast-guard—an officer of the rear rank, 2nd degree A one-eyed person *See* 일목장군.

*통정대부 s. 通政大夫 (통졍) (졍스) (관) (지아비) A title of officers of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*통정호다 s. 通情 (통졍) (뜻) To be in sympathy; to have a cordial understanding. *See* 도졍호다.

통줄 s. 圓銼 (둥굴—*헌) (줄—*최) A round file.

통줄주다 s. 어; 운 To turn a kite reel endways and let off the string swiftly

*통지셔 s. 通知書 (통지) (글) Written information.

*통지호다 s. 通知 (통지) (알) To report; to inform.

통직이 s. 婢 (종—*비) A slave. *See* 종.

*통진 s. 通津 (통지) (나루) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.43. Long. 126.40.

*통징기괴호다 l. 痛懲其弊 (압흘) (징계) (그) (해여질) To recognize an abuse with regret and do away with it.

*통조 s. 通刺 (통지) (명함) A visiting card.

*통찰호다 l. 洞察 (통찰) (술필) To investigate thoroughly; to examine with care; to recognize fully; to appreciate.

*통창호다 s. 通暢 (통챵) (화창홀) To throw open; to make wide.

*통천 s. 通川 (통쳔) (내) A prefect in Kang-weon-do. Lat. 37.38 Long. 129.06.

*통천초 s. 通天草 (통쳔) (셤) (플) *Marus vagosus.*

*통철호다 s. 通徹 (통쳘) (사모칠) To be carried to—as by pipes; to be laid on; to sink in—of ideas, to be understood;—of ideas; to gain acceptance.

*통초 s. 通草 (통초) (즙) A kind of creeper used as medicine. The *Fatsia papyrifera.*

*통촉호다 l. 洞燭 (통쵹) (촉불) To know; to note; to be aware of. (Respect.) *See* 하량호다.

*통측 s. 通則 (통측) (법) General principle; universal rule.

*통치호다 s. 通治 (통흠) (다亽릴) To rule supremely; to medicate.

*통칭 l. 統稱 (실마리) (닐ᄏᆞᆯ) Universally spoken of; so called by all.

*통칙호다 l. 痛貶 (압흘) (부지질) To censure with severity.

*통탄호다 l. 痛嘆 (압흘) (탄식) To sigh heavily; to grieve deeply.

*통텬관 s. 通天冠 (통흠) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (갇) A royal cap—opening at the top.

*통텬하 l. 統天下 (거누릴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (아래) All the earth; the whole world. *See* 일텬하.

*통철 s. 通鐵 (통텰) (쇠) An iron for boring pipe-stems. *See* 통쳘.

*통텰 s. 通鐵 (통텰) (글월) A circular letter.

*통텰호다 s. 通鐵 (통텰) (글월) To inform by letters.

통통거름 s. 急步 (급홀—*급) (거름—*보) A quick pace; a hurried walk. *See* 다름박질

통통이 l. Ratting; scolding.

통통호다 s. l. To be fat, to be plump; to be round. *See* 흠흠호다.

*통투히 s. 通透 (통투) (ᄇᆡ얼) Thoroughly incisively; clearly. *See* 투쳘히

*통투호다 s. 通透 (통투) (ᄇᆡ얼) To be thorough; to be incisive; to go through and through. *See* 투쳘호다.

*통팔로 l. 統八路 (거누릴) (여듧) (길) All the eight provinces.

*통폐 s. 通弊 (통폐) (해여질) An universal law, general rule.

*통학호다 l. 統轄 (거누릴) (수레바퀴) To rule over supremely.

*통합호다 s. 統合 (거누릴) (모들) To unite; to put together.

*통혈 s. 通穴 (통혈) (구멍) An opening communicating with the outside.

*통호수 l. 統戶數 (거누릴) (집) (두어) Number of houses.

*통혼호다 s. 通婚 (통혼) (혼인) To marry with.

*통훈대부 s. 通訓大夫 (통훈) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (관) (지아비) A title given to officers of the front rank, 3rd degree.

*통호다 s. 通 (통흠) To be in communication; to open up; to go through.

*통흔호다 l. 痛恨 (압흘) (흔홀) To be angry; to be upset; to be sick—from anger.

*통힝호다 s. 通行 (통힝) (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) To circulate; to go everywhere.

*통화 s. 通貨 (통화) (보화) Currency.

*통화식호다 s. 通貨色 (통화) (보화) (빗) To intermarry and exchange merchandise—between nations.

*툐모 s. 貂毛 (돈피) (털억) Sable fur—from the tail.

*툐미 s. 貂尾 (돈피) (쇠리) A sable's tail.

*툐피 s. 貂皮 (돈피) (가족) Sable skins—with white or yellow fur.

*툭두 s. 髑髏 (촉) (뼈) A skull.

*툭두치 s. 髑髏峙 (촉) (뼈) (곳) A place of skulls. *See* 북망산

*투계 s. 鬪鷄 싸홈, 놈 Cock-fighting

투구 s. 兜 (*쥬) A helmet (쓰다). *See* 갑쥬.

투구락 s. A kind of dish. A glutton. (밥).

*투긔 s. 妬忌 (투긔) 시긜 Jealousy; envy. *See* 시긔ᄒᆞ다

*투긔ᄒᆞ다 s. 妬忌 (투긔) 시긜 To be jealous; to be envious. *See* 심ᄒᆞ다

투기다 s. 투겨; 긴 To start up; to drive off; to scare away.

투더거리다 s. 거려; 긴 To rattle; to clatter.

투더투덕 s. Rattling; clattering. *See* 토닥토닥.

투덕투덕ᄒᆞ다 s. To slap; to beat. To be fat; to be plump.

투뎔투뎔ᄒᆞ다 s. To complain; to grumble.

*투득ᄒᆞ다 s. 透徹 (통ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄉᆞᆼ) To see through; to understand. *See* 터득ᄒᆞ다

*투명톄 s. 透明體 통ᄒᆞᆯ, 몸 A transparent body.

*투명ᄒᆞ다 s. 透明 (통ᄒᆞᆯ) (몸) To be transparent; to be clear as glass.

투미ᄒᆞ다 s. 愚迷 (어리셕ᄋᆞᆯ—*우) (희미ᄒᆞᆯ—*미) To be stupid; to be stolid; to be incompetent. *See* 미련ᄒᆞ다

투밧ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soiled; to be worn. To be coarse. *See* 투셕ᄒᆞ다.

*투비ᄒᆞ다 s. 投棄 (던질) (ᄇᆞᆯ) To cast out; to throw away. (B.O.).

투서 s. 圖書 (그림—*도) (글—*셔) A seal, a stamp. (찍다) (치다). *See* 도셔.

*투셔 s. 投書 (던질) (글) A contribution to a newspaper or magazine. A letter.

투셔간 s. A ship's kitchen.

투셔찍다 s. 어; 은 To stamp with a seal. *See* 도셔치다.

*투셔ᄒᆞ다 s. 投書 (던질) (글) To contribute an article—as to a newspaper, magazine, etc. To post a letter. *See* 투함ᄒᆞ다.

*투슉ᄒᆞ다 s. 投宿 (던질) (잘) To lodge—as at an inn.

*투식ᄒᆞ다 s. 投食 (던질) (밥) To beg one's food. *See* 걸식ᄒᆞ다.

*투식ᄒᆞ다 s. 偷食 (도젹) (밥) To steal food; to steal and eat other people's food

*투신ᄒᆞ다 s. 投身 (던질) (몸) To drown one's self.

*투심 s. 妬心 (투긔ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Jealousy; envy. *See* 투긔.

*투식ᄒᆞ다 s. 渝色 (변ᄒᆞᆯ) (빗) To be faded; to lose color; to be soiled. *See* 투밧ᄒᆞ다.

*투장ᄒᆞ다 s. 偷葬 도젹 (장ᄉᆞ) To steal a grave site; to bury secretly. *See* 암장ᄒᆞ다.

*투젼 s. 鬪牋 (싸홈) (조희) A game of cards. (ᄒᆞ다).

*투졀ᄒᆞ다 s. 偷竊 도젹 (도젹) To steal; to pilfer

투졍ᄒᆞ다 s. To demand; to pester; to act in an ugly manner—of a child.

*투족ᄒᆞ다 s. 投足 (던질) (ᄇᆞᆯ) To set foot on or in; to enter. *See* 현참ᄒᆞ다.

*투조ᄒᆞ다 s. 投刺 (던질) (명함) To pay one's respects—in entering the service of.

*투쳘히 s. 透徹 (ᄭᅦᆯ) 통ᄒᆞᆯ To thoroughly, perfectly; distinctly. *See* 통투히.

*투쳘ᄒᆞ다 s. 透徹 ᄭᅦᆯ (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To be distinct; to be clear. To be superior—of understanding. *See* 통투ᄒᆞ다.

*투탁ᄒᆞ다 s. 投托 (던질) (부탁ᄒᆞᆯ) To depend on; to enter and exist on.

*투표 s. 投票 (던질) (표) Voting; balloting; a vote.

*투표권 s. 投票權 (던질) (표) (권세) Right to vote.

*투표지 s. 投票紙 (던질) (표) (조희) Voting paper.

*투표함 s. 投票函 (던질) (표) (함) A ballot box.

*투표ᄒᆞ다 s. 投票 (던질) (표) To cast a ballot.

*투함ᄒᆞ다 s. 投函 (던질) (함) To put into a box; to post—as a letter.

*투항ᄒᆞ다 s. 投降 (던질) (항복) To yield; to submit.

*ᄒᆞᆼ투ᄒᆞ다 s. 投壺 (던질) ᄒᆞᆼ To belong to the *Hyang un*

*ᄒᆞᆫ, 심ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞ다 s. 妬忌ᄒᆞᆫ (투긔ᄒᆞᆯ) 어 ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ ᄒᆞᆫ To be jealous and great

*투호 s. 投壺 (던질) (병) An ancient game consisting of pitching arrows.

*투호치다 s. 投壺 (던질) (병) 호쳐; 친 To play *Tuho.*

*투호병 s. 投壺 (던질) (병) A kind of bottle into which arrows are thrown; a bottle-target.

*투호살 s. 投壺矢 (던질) (병) (살) Arrows used with a bottle-target.

툭 s. With a burst; with a thump. *See* 툭.

툭기 s. 兎 (톳기—*토) A hare; a large species of rabbit. *Also* 오서.

툭박이 s. A small earthenware dish—used on a table. *See* 툭슈리.

툭슈리 s. A small earthenware dish—used on a table.

툭탁 s. Click-clack; with a smash. *See* 와직근.

툭툭 / s. Rapping; thumping. *See* 탁탁.

툭툭ᄒᆞ다 l. s. To be thick; to be coarse. *See* 툭툭ᄒᆞ다.

툴툴거리다 s. 거러; 린 To answer back; to reply.

툴툴ᄒᆞ다 l To answer back; to reply.

툽상스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be greedy; to be ravenous.

튀각 s. 炙藿 (자질—*구) (메역—*짝) Oiled flakes of seaweed—used as food

튀각나다 s. To bathe; to scald.

튀기 l. 犗 (소—*특) A creature said to be the offspring of a cow and horse. A half-breed

튀다 s. 여, 린 To jump; to spring. To burst; to crack. To run away.

튀셔셔다 s. 셔셔; 천 To stamp with a seal.

튀여나다 s. 나; 난 To rush out; to escape from.

튀ᄒᆞ다 l. To scald—as animals or birds in order to take off hair or feathers.

툴 s. Metal balls on the detective's red rope.

툼 s. 粗銅 (누질—*조) (노—*유) A yellow metal—from which dishes are made.

툼 s. 瘡痂 (나라—*창) (헌데—*창) Syphilis. (오로다) (히지다).

틀겨지다 s. 겨져; 진 To be out of joint; to slip out—as of a prop.

틀기다 s. 틀겨; 긴 To crack; to split, to pull out.

틀뱅 s. Tramps or beggars who have served a time in prison. *Opp.* 은뱅.

틀로구 s. 銅鐎口 (구리—*동) (화로—*로) (입—*구) A small rice-kettle.

틀방울 s. 銅鈴 (구리 —*동) (방울—*령) A round-shaped metal bell.

틀부쳐 s. 銅佛 (구리—*동) (부쳐—*불) A red metal image of Buddha. *Opp.* 금부쳐.

틀비 s. 銅碑 (구리—*동) (비셕—*비) A brass tablet.—erected as a mark of honor. *Opp.* 셕비.

틀속 s. Secret designs; intention—of several persons. A company. *Also* 틀속.

틀쇼 s. 洞簫 (틀호—*동) (통쇼—*쇼) A flute of dark brown bamboo. (불다). *See* 틀요.

틀어리직다 s. 어; 은 To talk foolishly; to rave. *See* 열틀직다.

틀틀 s. Beating.

틀틀거리다 s. 거러; 린 To annoy; to vex. To patter; to go swiftly.

틀틀거름 s. 急步 (급ᄒᆞᆯ—*급) (거름—*보) Hasty steps; a hurried pace. *See* 다람박질.

틀틀ᄒᆞ다 l. s. 肥大 (살질 *비) (큰—*대) To be corpulent; to be fat. *See*

트다 s. 터; 은 To crack; to split. To blister (손). To break; to lighten up—of the east (동).

트러박다 s. 어; 은 To force into; to insert by force. To eat. (Abusive).

트러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be twisted; to be awry; to be warped—as the mind; to be out of sympathy.

트렷ᄒᆞ다 s. To have wind on the stomach; to have indigestion.

트림 l. 噯氣 (트림 *희) (긔운 *긔) A belch, an eructation.

트림ᄒᆞ다 l. 噯氣 (트림 —*희) (긔운—*긔) To belch.

트석트석 s. Uneven; coarse; irregular.

트이다 s. 트여; 인 To open; to lighten up; to be fair. To be free from blemish

트집히젼ᄒᆞ다 s. 不和 (아님—*ᄒᆞᆯ) (고로—*화) To be out of harmony; to disagree.

트집 s. Making a separation; picking a quarrel. (잡다).

트집잡다 s. 아; 은 To split open. To make a difference; to pick a quarrel.

트집ᄒᆞ다 s. To have a difference; to be at enmity; to be out with.

*특감ᄒᆞ다 s. 特減 (특별) (덜) To specially lower—as a punishment or price.

*특공 s. 特功 (특별) (공) Great achievements, distinguished service, special merit of medicine.

*특교 s. 特敎 (특별) (가르칠) A special order.

*특권 s. 特權 (특별) (권세) Special or exclusive right; privilege; prerogative.

*특달ᄒᆞ다 特達 (특별 통달) To order, command, or announce specially.

*특뎐 s. 特典 (특별) (법) Special grace or favour.

*특병 s. 特命 (특별) (명홀) Right; authority.

*특명젼권공ᄉᆞ s. 特命全權公使 (특별) (명홀) (온전 권세 공번될 (ᄒᆞ여곰 ᄉᆞ special envoy-extraordinary.

*특별손해 s. 特別損害 (특별) (다를) (헐) (해홀) Special damages.

*특별회원 s. 特別會員 (특별) (다를) (모들) (판원) Special members—as of a literary society.

*특별히 s. 特別 (특별) (다를) Specially; especially; particularly.

*특별ᄒᆞ다 s. 特別 (특별) (다를) To be prominent; to be special; to be single. *See* 특이.

*특사 s. 特赦 (특별) (노흘) Special pardon, or remittance from punishment; amnesty.

*특사ᄒᆞ다 s. 特赦 (특별) (노흘) To pardon or remit.

특세ᄒᆞ다 s. To presume on one's position.

*특셩 s. 特性 (특별) (셩품) Specific property, characteristics.

*특ᄉᆞ s. 特使 (특별) (ᄒᆞ여곰) Special messenger.

*특식 s. 特色 (특별) 빗) Special color, special characteristics.

*특약 s. 特約 (특별) (언약) A special agreement.

*특유물산 s. 特有物産 (특별) 잇슬, (물건 (낳 ᄉᆞ) products—esp. agricultural.

*특유셩 s. 特有性 (특별) (잇슬) (셩품) Specific properties—as of matter.

*특이 s. 特 (소) Specially; particularly. *See* 특별히.

*특이ᄒᆞ다 s. 特愛 (특별) (ᄉᆞ랑) To show special affection.

*특즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 特重 (특별) (무거울) To be weighty; to be dignified.

특ᄉᆞ파 s. 特遣官 (특별) (나아갈) (벼슬) A special officer—as sent by the king.

특쳥 s. 特請 (특별) (청홀) A special invitation.

특쳥ᄒᆞ다 s. 特請 (특별) (청홀) To specially invite.

*특출ᄒᆞ다 s. 特出 (특별) (날) To be specially great; to be very superior.

특특히 s. Thickly; coarsely.

특특ᄒᆞ다 s. To be coarse; to be thick. *See* 특특ᄒᆞ다.

*특파젼권공ᄉᆞ s. 特派全權公使 (특별) (갈내 (온전) (권세 (귀ᄂᆞ (ᄒᆞ여곰) A special ambassador.

*특허 s. 特許 (특별) (허락) Special right, patent.

*특허ᄒᆞ다 s. 特許 (특별) (허락) To charter.

*특효 s. 特効 (특별) (효험) Special effect; merit.

튼돗왈 s. A name given to the 58th Chinese radical. 牛.

튼입구 s. A name given to the 22nd Chinese radical. 匚.

튼튼ᄒᆞ다 s. 堅固 (굿을—*건) (굿을—*고) To be strong; to be solid; to be substantial. *See* 든든ᄒᆞ다.

틀 s. 機 (*긔) A frame on which a machine or power rests. Laws or rules regulating affairs.

틀ᄀᆞᄯᅡᆨ s. A pole—used by coolies for carrying a weight on the shoulder.

틀니다 s. 틀녀; 닌 To be twisted; to be awry; to be out of accord.

틀다 s. 어; 든 To twist; to wind; to turn.

틀슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 質朴 (밧탕—*질) (검박—*박) To be sincere; to be gentle; to be mild.

틀지다 s. 틀져; 진 To be outspoken; to be honest; to have the courage of one's convictions.

틈 s. 隙 (*극) A crack; a crevice; a separation; a difference; a space; an interval. (나다) (가다).

틈나다 s. 有隙 (잇슬—*유) (틈—*극) 틈 나; 난 To separate; to crack; to divide (v.i.) To be hostile. To take time.

틈내다 s. 여; 낸 To separate; to split open; to divide. (v.t.) To take time.

틈바구니 s. A crack; a crevice.

틈틈히 *s.* 間間 (소이—*간) (소하—*간) In times of leisure, from time to time. *See* 간간이.

틈타다 *s.* 乘隙 (올 *승) (톰 *극) To seize the opportunity; to take advantage of the occasion *See* 승간타다.

틈틈하다 *s.* 疎漏 (무거울 *홈 (조릴—*박) To be coarse; to be thick. *See* 엄협하다.

틔 *s.* 絲 (*조) A speck; a particle; a dot; a blemish. (안다).

틔겁틔겁하다 *s.* To dispute; to quarrel.

틔끌 *s.* 塵 (*진) Particles; specks; dots; dust. (안다). *See* 몬지.

틔눈 *s.* 鷄眼疔 (눈 *계) (눈—*안) (발—*영) Corns--on the feet. (박이다).

틔보다 *s.* 아; 보 To steal; to pilfer.

틔석틔석하다 *s.* To be uneven; to be coarse; to be irregular.

틔우다 *s.* 틔워; 운 To be open (to conviction); to be fair-minded; to be free. To cause to sprout.

틔지틔적하다 *s.* 不睦 (아닐—*불) (화목—*목) To disagree.

틔하다 *s.* To act according to one's nature; to show one's natural depravity. *See* 갑하다.

틴틴하다 / 堅猶 (굳을 *견) (모양—*모) To be hard; to be solid; to be substantial; to be tight. To sound; to ring. *See* 쾡쾡하다.

틀고가다 *s.* 셔; 간 To ride. *Opp.* 거러가다.

틀고나다 *s.* 胚出 (끙부흘—*풀) (날—*출) 고 나; 난 To be congenital; to be born with one; to be natural.

틀다 *s.* 듯; 운 To feel; to be aware of; to be sensitive to; to be influenced by. (봄) (간지렁) (옷) (뽀그러움 (노염). To receive; to be in receipt of (돈). To take up; to hold—dust or dirt (더러움). To divide; to part (밥). To mix (물). *Caus.* 틀히다.

틀다 *s.* 燒 (불살을—*쇼) 듯; 운 To be burned; to be scorched; to be browned. To be distracted. *Caus.* 틀히다.

틀다 *s.* 彈 (줄—*탄) 듯; 운 To play on an instrument.

틀다 *s.* 乘 (줄—*승) 듯; 운 To mount; to ride; to be abroad. To walk on ice that will break. To take; to seize—as an opportunity (때) (틈). *Caus.* 틀히다.

틀히다 *s.* 騎 (물탈릴 *긔) 틀혀; 힌 To put on horseback; to cause to ride (*Caus.* from 틀다).

틋지 *s.* Ashes from a pipe.

*틋토 *s.* 吞吐 (삼킬) (비왓흘) Vomiting up and swallowing.

*틋토하다 *s.* 吞吐 (삼킬) (비왓흘) To swallow down and vomit up.

*틋하하다 *s.* 吞下 (삼킬) (아래) To swallow down.

틋틋하다 *s.* 堅固 (굿을—*견) (굿을—*고) To be solid; to be strong; to be substantial. *See* 튼튼하다.

틋 *s.* Fault; failure; blame. *See* 허믈.

틋하다 *s.* 歸咎 (도라갈—*귀) (허믈—*구) To blame; to impugn; to accuse. *See* 원망하다.

*틔 *s.* 胎 (틱) The *secundines;* the placenta.

*틔 *s.* 笞 (볼기) A small paddle—an official instrument of punishment. A stick, rod, or whip merly used in flogging a criminal. *See* 틱장.

틱 *s.* A small stick for beating loose grains out of sheaves.

틱가다 *s.* To be cracked—as crackleware.

*틱거다 / 汰去 (사틱) (갈) To discharge an underling; to dismiss from service. *See* 축출하다.

*틱게 *s.* 台階 (별) (셜) "The honourable person above mentioned to open"—a conventional phrase following the address on a letter.

*틱긔 *s.* 胎氣 (틱) (긔운) Appearances of pregnancy. *See* 입틱.

*틱단 *s.* 胎丹 (틱) (붉을) A rash that comes out on a new-born child. *See* 틱독.

*틱도 / 態度 (틱도) (법도) Behavior; bearing; manner; mien. (부리다) (내다). *See* 입시.

*틱독 *s.* 胎毒 (틱) (독홀) An eruption on the head of small children. (돗다). *See* 틱열.

*틱동하다 *s.* 胎動 (틱) (움직일) To quicken—of the womb.

*틱마노 *s.* 苔瑪瑙 (잇기) (구슬) (구슬) Moss agate.

*틱모 *s.* 胎母 (틱) (어미) Pregnancy; a pregnant woman.

*틱봉 *s.* 胎封 (틱) (봉홀) A mountain where the *secundines* are buried—on the birth of a prince.

*터비 s. 습합 (뱔) (등) An old man's back. (B. O.).

*터삼 s. 胎上 (터) 못 The time of pregnancy. *See* 터즘

*터시 s. 胎屎 (터) (동) A faecal discharge of a newly born child.

*터산 s. 胎生 (터) 낳 What is born from the womb in contrast to egg-birth etc.

*터열 s. 胎熱 (터) (더울) An eruption on the head—of young children. *See* 터독

*터오ᄒᆞ다 s. 굼敎 (게으를) (게ᄀᆞᆯᄒᆞᆯ) To be lazy; to be indolent. (M.).

터우다 s. 덕워; 운 To cover a wager—in gambling. To give up.

*터우다 s. 燒 (불살올—*쇼) 덕워; 운 To burn up; to put in the fire. *See* 살오다.

터우다 s. 乘 (ᄐᆞᆯ *승) 덕워; 운 To let ride; to carry; to cause to walk (ᄐᆞᆯ).

*터유 s. 太油 (콩) (기름) Bean oil.

*터장 s. 笞杖 (ᄇᆞᆫᄃᆡ) 집ᄒᆞᆫ아, A small paddle. An official instrument for punishment. *Opp.* 곤장.

터쥬 s. The spirit of a girl that has died of smallpox.

*터즘 s. 胎中 (터) (가온ᄃᆡ) During pregnancy. *See* 터삼.

*터지 s 쏩紙 잇기 조*ᄒᆞ) Scrawled paper.

*터지 s 胎紙 ᄃᆡ 조ᄒᆞ) A small slip added with a postscript to a letter. *See* 투지.

*터초 s. 蒜草 (잇기) (풀) *Vallisneria spiralis.*

*터타ᄒᆞ다 s 怠惰 게으를 (게으를) To be lazy; to be careless or negligent.

*터ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 態 (터도) To show one's nature; to correspond to.

*터환은권 s 兌換銀券 밧ᄀᆞᆯ) 밧끌) (은) (문셔) Paper money convertible into silver.

턱건 s. Striking and kicking.

턱전ᄒᆞ다 s. To strike and kick.

*턱니 s. 宅內 (집) (안) Family.

*턱뎡ᄒᆞ다 s 擇定 ᄀᆞᆯ힐) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To fix upon; to select. *See* 화뎡ᄒᆞ다.

*ᄐᆞᆯ디ᄒᆞ다 s 擇地 ᄀᆞᆯ힐 (ᄯᅡᆨ) To choose a site; to select a place.

*턱란 s. 澤蘭 (못) (란초) *Eupatorium.*

*턱상 s. 澤杉 (못) (나무) *Lycopodium. Cernuum.*

*턱샤 s. 澤瀉 (못) (ᄉᆞᆺ을) *Alisma plantago.*

*턱셔ᄒᆞ다 s. 擇壻 (ᄀᆞᆯ힐) (ᄉᆞ회) To choose a son-in-law.

*턱용ᄒᆞ다 s. 擇用 (턱ᄒᆞᆯ) (쓸) To select and use.

*턱원ᄒᆞ다 s. 擇人 (ᄀᆞᆯ힐) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To pick out men.

*턱일ᄒᆞ다 s. 擇日 (ᄀᆞᆯ힐) (날) To choose a day.

*턱차ᄒᆞ다 s 擇次 ᄀᆞᆯ힐) 차뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To select for a situation. *See* 턱출ᄒᆞ다

*턱출ᄒᆞ다 s 擇出 ᄀᆞᆯ힐) 날 To choose to select.

*턱초 s. 宅號 (집) (일ᄒᆞᆷ) The official title of a house.

*턱혼ᄒᆞ다 s 擇婚 ᄀᆞᆯ힐) 혼인 To choose a partner—in marriage. *See* 구혼ᄒᆞ다.

*턱ᄒᆞ다 s. 擇 (ᄀᆞᆯ힐) To choose; to select. *See* 싸다.

*텽 s. 幀 (그릴족주—*뎡) A picture; a portrait—of some celebrated person.

*텽즁ᄒᆞ다 s. 擔中 (ᄆᆡ일) (가온ᄃᆡ) To be too full; to be overburdened.

텽조 s. 枳子 (텽조—*ᄀᆡ) (아ᄃᆞᆯ *조) The sweet orange tree *Citrus aurantium.*

텽텽ᄒᆞ다 *l.* s. To be tight, to be stretched; to be distended. *See* 뎡뎡ᄒᆞ다.

표

표 s. The 14th letter of the Korean syllabary corresponding to an aspirated. ᄇᆞ.

*파 s. 蔥 (*총) An onion. *See* 부초.

*파 *l.* 破 (허여질) A broken or damaged article. (ᄂᆞ다). *See* 홈.

*파 s. 派 ᄀᆞᆯᄅᆡ *ᄑᆡ) A branch of a family. *See* 당파.

*파 s. 把 (잡을) Land tax measure.

*파건 *l.* (껸) 破件 (허여질) (ᄇᆞᆯ) A used up article. *See* 파치.

*파겁하다 *l.* 破怯 (써여질) (겁) To overcome one's fears; to rid oneself of diffidence. *See* 파촉하다.

*파격 *l.* 破格 (써여질) (격식) A breaking of rules—in poetic composition. 파전하다.

*파견하다 *s.* 派遣 (갈내) (보낼) To give, or confer—as a superior. To send; to forward.

*파계하다 *l.* 破戒 (써여질) (계) To dissolve a guild.

*파괴력 *l.* 破壞的 (써여길) (문허질) (역설) A desire for destruction; a purpose to destroy.

*파괴하다 *l.* 破壞 (써여질) (문허질) To demolish; to destroy; to be destroyed; to be ruined.

*파공하다 *l.* 罷工 (파홀) (장인) To break off one's studies. *See* 파접하다.

*파구분럭 *l.* 破口噴薄 (써여길) (네) (무멈) (력—*긔) An opened or neglected grave.

*파국되다 *l.* 破局 (써여질) (관) 여 ; 된 To render a grave site unpropitious. To close a dispensary *Opp.* 설국하다.

*파군하다 *l.* 罷君 (파홀) (인군) To lose one's title of 군 after the fifth generation.

*파군하다 *l.* 罷軍 (파홀) (군소) To disband an army.

파근파근하다 *s.* To be partially paralysed—as in the legs. *See* 파신락신하다.

*파기 *l.* 破器 (써여질) (그릇) A chipped dish; a damaged dish.

*파기 *s.* 疤記 (흠) (긔록) A personal description. *See* 용모파기하다.

*파과지년 *l.* 破瓜之年 (써여질) (외) (갈) (히) A young maid; a girl.

*파과하다 *l.* 破科 (써여질) (과거) To deprive of a graduate's diploma—because of some offence. *Opp.* 복과하다.

*파광 *l.* 破壙 (써여질) (구멍이) A ruined mine.

파내다 *s.* To dig up; to exhume.

파다 *s.* 掘 (팔—*글) 파 ; 관 To dig ; to excavate.

파다 *s.* 賣 (팔—*매) 파 ; 관 To sell—used also for "to buy" *Opp.* 사다

*파다하다 *s.* 頗多 (자조) (만흘) To be published ; to be promulgated , to be spread abroad. *See* 왕자하다.

*파도 *s.* 波濤 (물결) (물결) Waves; breakers. *See* 물결.

*파독하다 *l.* 破毒 (써여질) (독홀) To remove poison; to prevent poisonous effects. *See* 제독하다.

*파두 *s.* 巴豆 (파촉) (팟) The croton-oil bean. *Croton tiglium.*

*파두상 *s.* 巴豆霜 (파촉) (빳) (서리) A kind of medicine.

파드득나무 *s.* 白楊 (흰—*빛) (버들—*양) The white willow.

*파란국 *s.* 波蘭國 (물결) (란초) (나라) Poland.

*파락호 *l.* 破落戶 (써여질) (떨어질) (집) A ruined house , a rake. *See* 란봉

파랄데하이드 *s.* Paraldehyaum Paraldehyae.

파랏다 / 青 (푸를—*청) To be green; to be blue. *See* 퍼렷다.

*파려서 *s.* 巴黎西 (파촉) (갈을) (서녁) Paris.

*파려 *s.* 玻璃 (구슬 , (구슬) A kind of colored glass.

*파루 *l.* 罷漏 (파홀) (루슈) The time of the ringing of the Great Bell for the opening of the gates of the capital—as indicated by the water-clock.

파르스럼하다 *s.* 帙綠 (연홀—*연) (푸를—*록) To be bluish; to be greenish. *See* 파르죽죽하다.

파릇파릇하다 *s* 間間靑 (소이 *간) (소이—*간) (푸를—*정) To be greenish; to be green in spots.

파리 *l.* 蠅 (*승) A fly.

파리머리 *l.* A special cap worn by writers—on public occasions.

파리발드리다 *s.* 哀乞 (애걸—*히) (빌—*걸) 드려 ; 된 To supplicate rubbing the hands—as a fly does its feet. (Low.).

*파리변물 *s.* 芭籬邊物 (울타리) (울타리) (갓) (물건) Things thrown into the fence corners; things thrown away.

파리채 *l.* 蠅鞭 (파리—*승) (채쭉—*편) A fly-catcher; a fly-sweep.

파리하다 *s* 瘦 (파리홀—*수) To be thin; to be emaciated. *See* 여위다.

*파립 *l.* 破笠 (써여길) (갓) Worn-out hats. *See* 구립.

파릇 *s.* 青苔 (푸를—*청) (잇기—*치)* Green seaweed—used as food.

파릿박 *s.* 瓦 (밧아지—*호) A hanging bucket—used in watering paddy-fields.

*파망 *l.* 破網 (써여질) (그물) A used up head-band. *Opp.* 신망.

*파면주 *l.* 破綿子 (써여질) (솜) (아들) Used up cotton padding. *See* 설면주.

*파면ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷免 (파호) (면호) To turn out from an office; to dismiss.

*파멸ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破滅 (허여질) (멸호) To be ruined; to destroy.

*파묏ᄌᆞᆯ *s.* 破墓地 (허여진) (묘음) (ᄌᆞᆯ) A grave site rendered unpropitious as by being dug into.

*파묘ᄉᆞᆷ *l.* 破墓祝 (허여질) (무멉) (빌) A written prayer used at the opening of a grave.

*파묘ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破墓 (허여질) (무멈) To change a burial; to disturb a grave in order to improve its position.

*파문 *s.* 波紋 (물결) (문치) Ripples; wavelets.

*파물 *l.* 破物 (허여질) (물건) A damaged article, what is broken. *See* 파젼

파뭇다 *s.* 埋 (조을—*여) 어; 은 To bury; to inter; to inhume.

*파발 *s.* 擺撥 (헤칠) (헤칠) Post stations; post-horses — sometimes a mounted government courier. *See* 발마.

*파발마 *s.* 擺撥馬 (헤칠) (헤칠) (물) A government post-horse. *See* 발마.

*파방관 *l.* 罷榜官 (파호) (방) (관조) A breaking up; a separation.

*파방ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷榜 (파호) (방) To stop examinations—by royal order; to deprive of a degree. To break off.

*파ᄇᆞᆫᄃᆞ / 破糞土 (허여ᄂᆞᆫ 바ᄅᆞᆷ) 흙; Plaster mud from old walls and fireplaces —used as fertilizer. *See* 구ᄇᆞᆨ토.

*파보 *s.* 派譜 (갈내—*패) (족보) A family genealogy. (Comp.) *See* 족보.

*파복되다 *l.* 破卜 (허여질) (졍) 여; 된 To be stripped, to be ruined (of a load on the back).

*파복ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破卜 (허여질) (졈) To unwrap; to take off; to unload (of a load on the back).

*파비륜 *s.* 巴比倫 (마ᄒᆞᆨ) (젼ᄉᆞᆯ) (인ᄅᆞᆫ) Babylon.

*파빈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破殯 (허여질) (빈소) To take off the temporary covering from a body in preparation for the final burial.

*파사ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 婆娑 (파사호) (파사호) To shimmer. To be transparent; to be open.

*파산ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破產 (허여질) (산업) To become ruined; to be bankrupt.

*파산ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破山 (허여질) (의) To dig up a grave. *See* 파묘ᄒᆞ다.

*파상풍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破傷風 (허여질, 상호) (바ᄅᆞᆷ) To be injured by the wind —as in taking cold.

*파상ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破傷 (허여질) (상호) To be broken, to be destroyed.

*파션 *s.* 波線 (물결) (실) Wavy line.

*파셔국 *s.* 巴西國 (파ᄉᆞ) (셔녁) (나라) Brazil.

*파션ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破船 (허여질) (비) To be shipwrecked. *See* 복션ᄒᆞ다.

*파셜ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 播說 (ᄒᆞᆨ원) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To publish; to make known. *See* 젼파ᄒᆞ다.

*파쇠 / 破鐵 (허여질) (쇠 —*털) A damaged or broken metal article.

*파송ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 派遣 (물갈내 —*ᄑᆞᆨ) (보낼—*ᄉᆞᆷ) To detach and send.

*파손ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破損 (허여질) (멸) To damage or injure; to be damaged or spoiled.

*파수 *s.* 罷數 (파호) (두어) Every day of the month that is a multiple of five—on which accounts are settled.

*파수날 *s.* 罷數日 (파호) (두어) (날—*일) The p'asu days. *See* 파수.

*파수ᄉᆞ *s.* 派水 (물갈내) 물) Branch streams —used to run water pestles etc.

*파수군 *s.* 派守軍 (물갈내) (직힐) (군ᄉᆞ) A guard; a sentinel.

*파수ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 派守 (물갈내) (직힐) To guard; to sentinel.

*파ᄉᆞ *l.* 破寺 (허여질) (졀) A ruined Buddhist temple.

*파ᄉᆞ *l.* 破事 (허여질) (일) A work broken off.

*파ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷仕 (파호) (벼ᄉᆞᆯ) To finish for the present.

*파ᄉᆞ *s.* 波斯 (물결) (이) Persia.

*파ᄉᆞ국 *s.* 波斯國 (물결) (이) (나라) Persia.

*파ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷祀 (파호) (제ᄉᆞ) To complete a sacrifice. *See* 필상ᄒᆞ다.

*파쇄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破碎 (허여질) (부셔질) To [illegible] 부셔지다.

*파약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破約 (허여질) (언약) To break any agreement.

*파양ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破養 (허여질) (칠) To turn away an adopted son.

*파연곡 *l.* 罷宴曲 (파호) (잔치) (곡됴) A tune—played at the breaking up of a festive gathering.

*파영ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷營 (파홀) (영문) To do away with a government office. To bring a variety fair to a close—as held in *Taku* and *Kongju*.

*파옥 *l.* 破屋 (써여질) (집) A dilapidated or decayed house; dwellings in ruins.

*파옥도주ᄒᆞ다 / 破獄逃走 (써여질) (옥) (도망) (다라날) To break out of prison; to escape from jail.

*파의ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷議 (파홀) (의론) To make an end of an argument; to drop the matter.

파이로린산염 *s.* ..... 焦磷酸 . .... (쟈화) (린) (화) Ferri Pyrophosphas.

파이롤 *s.* Pyrrhol.

*파일 *l.* 破日 (써여질) (날) Every 12th day in the name of which the character (破) appears—an unpropitious day.

*파와 *l.* 破瓦 (써여질) (기와) A broken tile.

*파원 *s.* 派員 (물갈닉) (판원) A special messenger.

*파장 *l.* 罷場 (파홀) (마당) A completion of examinations, market sales etc. (되다). *Opp.* 초장.

*파장긔 *s.* 把掌記 (잡을) (맛흘) (긔록) A list or catalogue of goods.

*파장머리 *l.* 罷場頭 (파홀) (마당) (머리—*두*) Closing time—of an examination, market etc. *See* 파장.

*파젹ᄒᆞ다 / 罷寂 (파홀) (고요) To relieve one's fatigue; to take recreation. *Syn.* 소일ᄒᆞ다.

*파젼 *l.* 破錢 (써여질) (돈) Broken cash pieces; broken coins.

*파젼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷箭 (파홀) (살) To take down hanging nets—at the close of the fishing season.

*파졉ᄒᆞ다 / 罷接 (파홀) (붓흘) To break off study of the classics; to break up work. *See* 방학ᄒᆞ다.

*파졔만사 *l.* 破除萬事 (써여질) (제홀) (일만) (일) Laying aside everything.

*파졔ᄉᆞ *l.* 罷祭祀 (파홀) (졔ᄉᆞ) (졔ᄉᆞ) A finished sacrifice; breaking up after sacrifice. (ᄒᆞ다).

*파종ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 播種 (뿌릴) (씨) 심을) To scatter seed; to sow. *See* 심그다.

*파좃ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破腫 (써여질) (헌데) To pierce; to puncture—an ulcer or boil.

*파쥬 *s.* 坡州 (언덕) (고을) A prefect in Kyŏng-keui-do. Lat. 37.49. Long. 127 00.

*파죽 *l.* 破竹 (써여질) (대) A useless pipe-stem.

*파죽지셰 *l.* 破竹之勢 (써여질) (대) (갈) (형셰) A broken bamboo—of circumstances that are hopeless.

파중치다 *l.* 중쳐; 친 To beat the gong—a signal for retreat, in contrast to the drum a signal to advance.

*파지 *l.* 破紙 (써여질) (조희) Remnants of paper; a tattered sheet of paper *See* 찌지.

*파직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷職 (파홀) (직업) To be dismissed from one's place. *See* 삭직ᄒᆞ다

*파진ᄒᆞ다 / 罷陣 (파홀) (진칠) To disband soldiers; to break up an army. *See* 회군ᄒᆞ다.

*파주ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 破字 (써여질) (글주) To divine by means of characters. *See* 긔주ᄒᆞ다.

*파지목 *l.* 破材木 (써여질) (지목) (나무) Timbers from an old house.

*파천ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 播遷 (뿌릴) (옴길) To flee—of the king in time of war.

*파쳔ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 派遷 (물갈내) (옴길) To change place of residence—of the king.

*파총 / 把摠 (잡을) (거느릴) A military officer of the rear rank, 4th degree. *See* 쳔총.

*파초 *s.* 芭蕉 (파초) (초파) Plantains or bananas.

*파초션 *s.* 芭蕉扇 (파초) 파초) (붓치) A fan-shaped umbrella—carried before a Minister of State (밧다).

*파출 / 罷黜 (파홀) (내칠) The dismissal of an official. (ᄒᆞ다). *See* 파직.

*파출ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷黜 (파홀) (내칠) To dismiss an official; to discharge an officer of the government. *See* 파직ᄒᆞ다.

*파측ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 叵測 (파측ᄒᆞ) (측량홀) To be unfathomable—of wickedness.

*파치 *l.* 破件 (써여질) (벌—*건*) Rubbish; used up things. *See* 파젼.

*파탈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 罷脫 (파홀) (벗슬) To be free and easy; to dispense with the rules of propriety.

*파텰 *l.* 破鐵 (써여질) (쇠) Refuse iron. *See* 멋쇠.

*파파리 *s.* 巴巴利 (파촉) (파촉) (리홀) Barbary

*파파로인 *s.* 皤皤老人 (흴) (흴) (늙을) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A white-haired old man. *See* 빅발로인.

*파혈되다 *l.* 破穴 (써여질) (구멍)어; 된 To become unpropitious.

*파혈호다 *l.* 破血 (써여질) (피) To remove bad blood—by tonics.

*파혹호다 *l.* 破惑 (써여질) (혹홀) To overcome one's doubts or suspicions. *See* 히혹호다.

*파혼호다 *l.* 破婚 (써여질) (혼인) To break off a marriage engagement. *See* 퇴혼호다.

*파흥호다 *l.* 罷興 (파홀) (흥치) To lose interest in; to lose taste for. *See* 만흥.

*파호다 *l.* 破 (써여질) To smash; to break up; to break through. *See* 써치다.

*파호다 *l.* 罷 (파홀) To break off—an engagement.

*파황호다 *l.* 破荒 (써여질) (거칠) To become civilized; to develop; to take on form. *See* 파벽호다.

팍 *s.* With a whack; with a crack; with a poke.

팍신팍신호다 *s.* To be soft; to sink into. *See* 파근파근호다.

팍팍 *s.* Poking; dipping. Answering back.

팍팍호다 *s.* To sink in; to be soft.

판 *s.* 枰 (*평) A board; a plank. A page—of a book. A (chess or draught) board. The world; the affairs of life. A numerative of attempts, trials etc.

*판각 *s.* 板刻 (판주) (삭일) Printing plates. *See* 각판.

*판각호다 *s.* 板刻 (판주) (삭일) To print. *See* 인찰호다.

*판결록 *s.* 判決錄 (판단) (결단) (긔록) A judicial report.

*판결셔 *s.* 判決書 (판단) (결단) (글) Written judgment

*판결소호다 *s.* 判決事 (판단) (결단) (일) To decide an affair; to give judgment in a case. *See* 리면써리다

*판결호다 *s.* 判決 (판단) (결단) To give a decision.

판공 *s.* Hush-money; a bribe.

*판교 *s.* 板橋 (널) (두리) A bridge made of planks only; a board bridge. *See* 널두리.

*판판 *l.* 判官 (판단) (벼슬) A city mayor—an officer of the rear rank, 5th degree.

*판판소령 *l.* 判官使令 (판단) (벼슬, 호여곰 (호여곰) The servant of a city mayor. A henpecked husband.

*판천 *s.* 版權 (조각) (권세) Copy-right.

*판권소유 *s.* 版權所有 (조각) (권세) (바) (잇슬) Copy-right.

판나다 *s.* 出板 (날—*출) (판—*판) 나; 난 To be ruined; to be bankrupt. *See* 날나다. To be finished. *See* 거판호다.

*판써리다 *s.* 判 (판단) 써려; 린 To discriminate; to distinguish; to separate. *See* 판결소호다.

*판단호다 *s.* 判斷 (판단) (끈흘) To decide a case; to give judgment. *See* 악쒀짓다.

*판당 *s.* 判堂 (판단) (집) The chief officer of a government Board etc *See* 판셔.

*판명호다 *s.* 判定 (판단) (뎡홀) To decide or judge

판두방 *s.* 飯頭房 (밥—*반) (어리) (방) The large dining-room of a Buddhist temple

판드림 *s.* Sweepstakes—in gambling.

판들다 *s.* 板—*거 (판—*판) 어; 든 To be ruined; to be bankrupt; to be broken up. *See* 거판호다.

판들판들호다 *s.* To idle about; to loaf. *See* 퀑들퀑들.

*판리공소 *s.* 辦理公事 (판단) (다소릴) (공번될) (일) Minister-Resident.

*판막다 *s.* 獨步 (홀노—*독) (거를—*보) 아, 은 The supreme, the first.

*판매업 *s.* 販賣業 (팔) 팔, 장소업, A shop where anything is sold; a store.

판매호다 *s.* 販賣 (팔) (팔) To sell; to offer for sale; to deal in; to retail.

*판비호다 *s.* 辦備 (판단) (ᄀᆞᄎᆞᆷ) To make ready beforehand, to provide *See* 준비호다.

*판상결정례 *s.* 板狀結晶體 판주) (형상) (결정) 슈정 몸 Tabular Crystal.

판상 *s.* (In) a game; (during) the play; among. *See* 판즁.

판상놈 *s.* The lowest of the low class. *See* 불상놈.

*판셔 *s.* 判官 (판단) (글) The President of a Board—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 대감.

*판세 *s.* 板勢 (판주) (형세) The position of forces; the relation of different powers. *See* 시세.

판쇔 *s.* Seizing one's house and property in payment of debt. *Also* 관쇔.

판슈 *l.* 盲人 (판슈—*밍) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A blind person. *See* 쇼경.

*판수 *s.* 判事 (판단) (일) A judge.

*판수시보 *s.* 判事試補 (판단) (일) (시험) (도울) Probationary judge.

*판윤 *s.* 判尹 (판단) (맛) The mayor of the capital and chief registrar.

*판의금 *s.* 判義禁 (판단) (옳을) (금할) The warden of the officials' prison.

*판이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 判異 (판단) (다를) To be diametrically opposed; to be the very opposite. *See* 현수ᄒᆞ다.

*판임 *s.* 判任 (판단) (맛길) A division of the 츄수 class including all below the 6th degree. *See* 주임.

*판장 *s.* 板墻 (조각) (담) A partition of boards.

*판장 *s.* 昄章 (클) (글) Brightness; light. (B. O.).

판주다 *s.* 어; 줌 To give the palm to—as victor.

*판쥼 *s.* 板中 (판) (가운데) (In) the game; (during) the play; among. *See* 일판.

*과지 *s.* 板材 (판지) (지목) Boards from which coffins are made. *See* 널.

*판출ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 辦出 (판단할) (날) To decide a case; to settle.

*판탈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 板遞 (판지) (밈당) To be abandoned; to be ruined.

판판ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be level; to be smooth; to be even. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*판하ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 判下 (판단) (아래) To issue a royal decree; to command—as the king.

판벵 *s.* Seizing one's house and property in payment of debt. (Prov.). *See* 거판.

팔 *s.* 臂 (*핑) The arm. *See* 팔짜기.

*팔 *s.* 八 (여둠) Eight. *See* 여둠.

*팔각시 *s.* 八脚詩 (여둠) (드리) (글) Couplets composed in lines of seven feet and of eight given characters.

*팔각형 *s.* 八角形 (여둠) (쁠) (형상) An octogon.

*팔각회향 *s.* 八角茴香 (여둠) (쁠) (풀) (향긔) Star aniseed. *Illicium verum.*

팔거리 *s.* Splashing with the feet—in swimming.

팔겁 *s.* What is different; the reverse.

*팔경 *s.* 八景 (여둠) (볕) The eight celebrated views of a particular district.

*팔구지가 *s.* 八口之家 (여둠) (입) (갈) (집) A family of eight—the perfect number for a household.

*팔구츠 *s.* 八九次 (여둠) (아홉) (번금) Eight or nine times. *See* 삼소ᄎᆞ.

팔굼치 *s.* 肘 (*쥬) The elbow.

*팔판인 *s.* 八官印 (여둠) (벼슬) (인칠) The 8th "stamp and office" division of the cardinal points—a propitious direction in moving etc.

*팔패 *s.* 八卦 (여둠) (패상) The Eight Diagrams—combinations in threes of divided and undivided lines, representing the male and female (양 and 음) elements in nature and the eight points of the compass (On double combinations of these are built all the speculations in the Canon of Changes (주역)—said to have been invented by *Fokhevi* 3000 (B. C.).

팔남갑이 *s.* A spirit that moves about mysteriously. A kind of bird. A toy windmill.

팔남팔낙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flap; to flutter. *See* 펄넝펄넝ᄒᆞ다.

*팔년병화 *s.* 八年兵禍 (여둠) (히) (군소) (지앙) The Eight Years of suffering—the Japanese war (1592-1599 A.D.).

*팔년풍진 *s.* 八年風塵 (여둠) (히) (바람) (틔끌) The Eight Years War of King *Koja.* (214-206 B.C.) Experience and hardship.

팔니다 *s.* 見賣 (볼—*견) (팔—*매) 팔니; 닌 To be sold. To be deceived.

팔다 *s.* 賣 (팔—*매) 야; 관 To sell—used also as "to buy." *Opp.* 사다.

팔짜기 *s.* The arm. *See* 팔쌕.

팔쌕시 *s.* 臂 (팔—*비) The arm. *See* 팔쌕.

팔닥팔닥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To flap; to jump.

*팔대항 *s.* 八大港 (여둠) (큰) (항구) The eight famous harbors—of the world.

*팔도 *s.* 八道 (여둠) (길) The Eight Provinces. *See* 팔로.

*팔도강산 *s.* 八道江山 (여둠) (길) (물) (뫼) The rivers and hills of the eight provinces; the mountains and streams of Korea.

*팔도명산 *s.* 八道名山 (여둠) (길) (일홈) (뫼) Famous mountains known in all the eight provinces.

*팔됴지교 *s.* 八條之敎 (여둠) (가지) (갈) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) The eight teachings of Ki-ja.

*팔두작미 *s.* 八斗作米 (여둠) (말) (지을) (쌀) Eight measures of rice from one bag of paddy.

팔쌕 *s.* 腕 (팔—*완) The arm. *See* 팔.

*팔대조 s. 八代祖 (여덟) (대신) (할아비) The male ancestor of the 8th generation.

*팔량쥬 s. 八兩紬 (여덟) (두) (명쥬) "Eight ounce" silk—a kind imported from China

*팔로 s. 八路 (여덟) (길) The Eight Provinces. *See* 팔도.

팔랑봉 s. A profligate; a rake. *Ns.* 불량파락호.

*팔만대장경 s. 八萬大藏經 (여덟) (일만) (큰) (감출, 경셔) The Buddhistic canon in 80,000 volumes as brought to China by *Wŏnchang*.

*팔면 s. 八面 (여덟) (낫) The eight points of the compass; the cardinal points and their divisions

*팔면유지 s. 八面不知 (여덟, 낫) (아닐—*불) (알—*지) Unknown in every particular. *See* 금시초견.

*팔모 s. 八隅 (여덟) (모퉁이 -*우) An octagon; what has eight angles and eight sides. (지다).

*팔목 s. 八目 (여덟) (눈) The eight masked figures—who attend certain entertainments. A game of cards—of eighty in a pack. *See* 수투전

팔목 s. The wrist. *See* 손목.

*팔문 s. 八門 (여덟) (문) The eight gates.

*팔문금수진 s. 八門金鎖陣 (여덟) (문) (쇠) (비암) (진칠) The eight gates of the metal snake formation of a military camp.

*팔문둔갑 s. 八門遁甲 (여덟) (문) (둔칠) (갑옷) The eight gates to the science of invisibility.

*팔미도 s. 八尾島 (여덟) (꼬리) (셤) An island between the inner and outer harbors of Chemulpo.

*팔미당 s. 八味湯 (여덟 맛) (끌을) A medicinal decoction that has eight ingredients.

*팔미환 s. 八味丸 (여덟) (맛) (탄자) Pills compounded of eight different medicines.

팔밀이하다 s. 手推 (손—*슈) (밀—*츄) To lift the clasped hands in salutation. To pass from hand to hand.

팔매 s. 擲石 (던질—*쳑) (돌—*석) Stone-throwing. (칠ᄒᆞ다)(치다). *See* 돌매.

팔매쌀 s. Slapping the cheek—a common practice when fighting in Korea.

팔매치다 s. 擲之 (던질 *쳑) (갈 *지) 미쳐; 친 To throw stones; to pelt with stones.

팔바삭 s. An idiot; a deformed creature.

*팔방 s. 八方 (여덟) (모) The eight points of the compass; the four cardinal points with their divisions. *See* 사면.

*팔변형 s. 八邊形 (여덟) 가) (형상) An octagon.

*팔분 s. 八分 (여덟) (노흘) The style of writing intermediate between the *cheung ja* and the *yesŏ*.

*팔불 s. 八不 (여덟) (아닐) A combination—in dominoes.

*팔불출 s. 八不出 (여덟) (아닐) (날) A deformed creature; a monster. *See* 못난이.

팔삭팔삭 s. In clouds; in volumes. *See* 풀석풀석.

*팔선교조 s. 八仙轎子 (여덟) (신션) (보교) (아돌) The table of the eight immortals—a rich spread

*팔선녀 s. 八仙女 (여덟) (신션) (계집) The eight immortal women—whose pictures appear on screens etc.

팔씨름 s. 臂戱 (팔—*비) (희롱—*희) Arm contests—trying the strength of the arm.

*팔소 s. 八絲 (여덟) (실) A cord made of eight threads. *See* 소소.

*팔음 s. 八音 (여덟) (소리) The eight tones in music—as produced by metal stone, silk, bamboo, the gourd, earth leather and wood. *See* 륙률; 오음.

*팔인교 s. 八人轎 (여덟, 사ᄅᆞᆷ) (보교) An eight man sedan-chair. *Ns.* 수인교.

*팔원팔개 s. 八元八凱 (여덟 ᄉᆞᆫ덤, 여덟) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) The courtiers of the Emperor 舜 who lived about B.C. 2255.

*팔월 s. 八月 (여덟) (ᄃᆞᆯ) The 8th. moon.

*팔월초가위 s. 八月秋夕 (여덟) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (가을—*츄 ᄂᆡᆨ 셕) The 15th. of the 8th moon. *See* 중츄.

팔작팔작ᄒᆞ다 s. To flutter; to flap. *See* 팔닥팔닥ᄒᆞ다.

팔장 s. The hands in the sleeves. (지르다).

팔장자르다 s. 袖手 (소ᄆᆡ *슈) (손—*슈) (길ᄃᆡ) 지른 To fold the hands in the sleeves.

*팔족시 s. 八足詩 (여덟) (발) (글) A kind of verse introducing eight given characters. It is usually composed on a wager. *See* 팔각시.

팔죽지 s. The shoulder joint. *See* 엇지 부돌기.

팔써 s. 鞴 (*구) A band to fasten up an archer's sleeve.

*팔진도 s. 八陣圖 (여덟) (진) (그림) The building of a fort—after the manner of the eight Diagrams by *Che kal yang.*

*팔진미 s. 八珍味 (여덟) (보비) (맛) The eight delicacies found on the Imperial dining table: bear's paws, deer's tails, duck's tongues, torpedoe roe, camel's hump, monkey's lips, carp's tails and beef marrow. *See* 고량진미.

팔질ᄒᆞ다 s. 掉膊 (흔들—*도) (팔—*비) To wave the arms—as a sign; to swing the arms.

*팔조 s. 八字 (여덟) (글조) The character "eight;" the eight nativity characters as exchanged at betrothal. Luck; fortune. *See* 신수.

*팔조거들 s. 八字步 (여덟) (글조) (거를—*보) A measured stride; a stately step.

*팔조괴박ᄒᆞ다 s. 八字奇薄 (여덟) (글조) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) (얇을) To be unlucky in life. *See* 명도긔구ᄒᆞ다.

*팔조미 s. 八字眉 (여덟) (글조) (눈섭) A woman's eyebrows, trimmed so as to resemble the character eight (八).

*팔조청산 s. 八字青山 (여덟) (글조) (쿠를) (외) Beautiful eyebrows, trimmed so as to resemble the character eight (八).

*팔척장신 s. 八尺長身 (여덟) (자) (긴) (몸) A giant eight "feet" high. *See* 헌헌장부.

*팔촌 s. 八寸 (여덟) (마디) The eighth degree of relationship—as the great-grand-children of two brothers. *See* 삼촌.

팔츄ᄒᆞ다 s. To be quick tempered; to be hasty.

팔팔 s. Fluttering; flapping.

팔팔걸 s. What is all wrong; what is out of the way.

팔팔ᄒᆞ다 s. To be agile; to be active. To be quick. *See* 놀내다.

*팔포대상 s. 八包大商 (여덟) (쌀) (큰) (장ᄉᆞ) An influential merchant. *See* 부상대고.

*팔풍받이 s. 八風逆處 (여덟) (바람) (거ᄉᆞ릴—*역) (곳—*쳐) A place exposed to all the four winds.

*팔황 s. 八荒 (여덟) (것칠) The eight divisions of the earth. *See* 팔방. A play in dominoes.

팟 s. 豆 (*두) Beans; pulse.

팟고물 s. 豆屑 (팟—*두) (가로—*설) Boiled beans used as a coating for rice bread

팟눈 s. 豆心 (팟—*두) (ᄆᆞᆷ—*심) The "eye" of a bean or lentil.

팟떡 s. 豆餠 (팟—*두) (떡—*병) Lentil-coated bread.

팟랑아지 s. 豆虫 (팟—*두) (버레—*츙) The larva of the *Sphinx quinque maculatus.*

팟밥 s. 豆飯 (팟—*두) (밥—*반) Rice mixed with beans. *See* 콩밥.

팟비 s. 豆梨 (팟—*두) (비—*리) A kind of wild pear—a little larger than a bean.

팟소 s. Cakes or bread filled with lentils.

팟죽 s. 豆粥 (팟—*두) (죽—*쥭) Bean gruel. (쑤다).

*패 s. 牌 (패) A tablet; a notice; a permit; a ticket. A numerative of companies of soldiers or workers. *See* 보람.

*패 l. 敗 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) Loss; ruin; failure. (보다) A certain move in draughts. (쓰다).

*패가망신ᄒᆞ다 l. 敗家亡身 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) (몸) To be bankrupt and ruined.

*패가조패 l. 敗家子弟 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (아오) An offspring that has brought ruin upon its family.

*패가ᄒᆞ다 l. 敗家 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (장) To ruin a family—through extravagance. *See* 거관ᄒᆞ다.

*패각 l. 貝殼 (자개) (껍질) Shell of an oyster.

*패강 l. 浿江 (물ᄆᆞᆯ흔) (물) The Tatong river. *See* 패상.

*패긴ᄒᆞ다 l. 佩緊 (찰) (감) To gird on a sword.

*패괴ᄒᆞ다 l. 敗壞 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (문허질) To be broken or damaged.

*패군지장 l. 敗軍之將 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) (갈) (장슈) A defeated general; a useless worn out person.

패다 s. 採 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*쳐) 여; 젼 To dig; to mine. *See* 캐다.

패다 s. 劈 (가를 —*부) 여; 젼 To split; to chop up; to beat mercilessly.

*패도 l. 佩刀 (찰) (칼) A knife carried at the belt.

*패도 h. 覇道 (웃듬) (길) The doctrine of might in contrast to that of right. *Opp.* 왕도. ㅎ

*패동개ᄒᆞ다 h. 佩箙盖 (찰) (동—*동) (덮을—*개) To gird on one's quiver; to put on one's armor.

*패동되다 h. 敗洞 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (골) 여; 된 To become run out—of a village or district; to degenerate.

*패두 s. 牌頭 (패, 여리) *Yamen* underlings who go padding; a leader of a gang.

패랑이 s. A small white hat—as worn by mourners etc.

*패려ᄒᆞ다 s. 悖戾 (어그러질) (사오나올) To be rebellious; to be perverse; to be refractory. *See* 악ᄒᆞ다

*패만ᄒᆞ다 h. 悖慢 (어그러질) (거만ᄒᆞᆯ) To be depraved and conceited.

*패망ᄒᆞ다 h. 敗亡 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) To be ruined; to go to destruction.

*패모 h 貝母 (자개) (어미) *Fritillaria Thunbergu.*

*패문 s. 牌文 (패) (글월) The Imperial letters brought by the Chinese envoy. *See* 조문.

*패물 h. 珮物 (찰) (물건) Trinkets; ornaments; playthings. *See* 노리기.

*패보 h 敗報 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (갑흘) News of a defeat.

*패부진ᄒᆞ다 s. 牌不進 (패) (아닐 *불) (나아갈 -*진) To decline an invitation from the king—as of a Minister. *See* 벙부진ᄒᆞ다.

*패석 h. 貝石 (자개) (돌) Fossil shells.

*패석회 h. 貝石灰 (자개) (돌) (지) Lime made by burning shells of shell-fish.

*패수 h. 敗數 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (두어) Ruinous luck; ill fortune. *See* 패운.

패쓰다 h. 써; 쓴 To give a piece in draughts in order to save others that are in danger.

*패악ᄒᆞ다 h. 悖惡 (어그러질) (모질) To be rebellious; to be perverse; to be refractory. *See* 흉악ᄒᆞ다.

*패역무도ᄒᆞ다 h. 悖逆無道 (어그러질) (거스를) (업슬 *무) (길 *도) To be rebellious and lawless.

*패역ᄒᆞ다 h. 悖逆 (어그러질) (거스를) To be rebellious; to be refractory. *See* 무도ᄒᆞ다.

*패연히 h. 沛然 (잣바질) (그럴) Pouring—as rain; in floods. (M.).

*패왕 h. 覇王 (웃듬) (님금) The chief of a posterity of kings, one having supreme authority.

*패왕수 h. 覇王樹 (웃듬) (님금) (나무) The cactus.

*패장이 s. 牌將 (패) (초지ᄒᆞᆯ) The chief of a gang of public laborers.

*패전 s. 牌錢 (패) (돈) A wager of money—in gambling. *See* 패돈.

*패주ᄒᆞ다 h. 敗走 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (다라날) To be defeated and take to flight.

*패즉패 h. 敗則敗 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (곳) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) If it fails, it fails. *Opp.* 성즉성.

*패차다 s. 佩牌 (찰) (패—*패) 패차; 찬 To wear a permit of entrance or exit—as a tablet carried at the belt. To be renowned. *See* 패호ᄒᆞ다.

*패초ᄒᆞ다 s. 牌招 (패) (부를) To summon; to call—as the king.

패치다 s. 패쳐; 친 To turn up the domino that gives the number on which to begin the play.

*패ᄃᆡᆼᄒᆞ다 h. 佩鐘 (찰) (쇠) To carry a compass—of a geomancer.

*패패 s. 牌牌 (패) (패) Each company; every assembly. *See* 류류.

*패호ᄒᆞ다 h. 佩號 (찰) (일홈) To be well-known; to have a reputation.

*패ᄒᆞ다 h. 敗 (패ᄒᆞᆯ) To be defeated; to lose.

광지다 s. 鎖縮 (쇠운—*쇠) (우므러질—*축) 광져; 진 To be worn out; to be used up.

광치다 h. 광쳐; 친 To slander; to talk against. *See* 훼방ᄒᆞ다.

광광 s. Pouring, gabbling—as water from a bottle. *See* 펑펑.

파려ᄒᆞ다 s. To be odd; to be queer; to be eccentric. *See* 이상ᄒᆞ다.

파삭파삭ᄒᆞ다 s To be weak; to be unstable.

팍 s. Hard; heavily—as in falling.

팍팍 s. Driving in; hitting hard. In a mean way.

*팍ᄒᆞ다 s. 愎 (딱ᄒᆞᆯ) To be narrow-minded; to be treacherous; to be ugly. *See* 독ᄒᆞ다.

팡그름 s. Round and round. (물다).

팡팡 h. Tight; stretched.

팡팡ᄒᆞ다 s. and h. To be tight; to be stretched; to be balanced; to be exactly alike.

퍼귀지다 s. 귀져; 친 To be tufted; to grow to a head.

퍼덕거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To flap; to flutter; to jump.

퍼덕퍼덕 *s.* Flapping; fluttering.

퍼릿다 *s.* 青 (푸를 -*청) —; 린 To be green. To be blue. *See* 푸르다

퍼렁이 *s.* 青 (푸를 *청) A green thing; a blue object. *See* 청석.

퍼르스럼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 軟綠 (연홀—*연) (푸를—*록) To be bluish. *See* 포도축축ᄒᆞ다.

퍼붓다 *s.* 注 (부을—*쥬) 부어; 분 To shower; to pour out; to flood.

퍼지다 *s.* 盛 (셩홀—*셩) 퍼져; 진 To spread; to run over. *See* 번지다.

퍽 *s.* 不少 (아닐—*불) (젹을—*쇼) Very; very much; many. Hard; with a blow.

퍽석퍽석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be springy. *See* 팍삭팍삭ᄒᆞ다.

퍽신퍽신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be downy. *See* 푹신푹신ᄒᆞ다.

퍽으나 *s.* Very; very much. *See* 대단히.

퍽퍽 *s.* and *l.* With strokes; with thuds. In quantities. *See* 축축.

퍽ᄒᆞ다 *s* 多說 (만흘—*다) (말씀 *모) To be many; to be much.

펀들펀들ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be smooth; to be level. To be idle; to be extravagant. *See* 펀종펀종ᄒᆞ다.

펀펀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* and *l.* 不傾 (밋홀—*경) (편홀—*편) To be flat; to be smooth.

펀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 平遠 (평홀—*평) (멀—*원) To be spread out; to be far away.

펄 *s.* Sand flats; flat lands.

펄넝펄넝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To rattle; to flutter; to flap. *See* 팔낭팔낭ᄒᆞ다.

펄덕거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To flap; to flutter; to shake; to bang.

펄덕펄덕 *s.* Fluttering; flapping; slamming. *See* 팔닥팔닥.

펄석펄석ᄒᆞ다 *s* To be soft and muddy; to be slushy. To be in clouds. *See* 팔삭팔삭ᄒᆞ다.

펄적펄적뛰다 *s.* 여; 젼 To gambol; to spring about.

펄펄 *s.* and *l.* Swiftly; quickly flapping. *See* 팔팔.

펄펄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be swift. To flutter; to struggle. *See* 팔팔ᄒᆞ다.

*폐인 *l.* 廢人 (폐홀) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Cripples; the infirm and superannuated. *See* 병신.

펑 *s.* With a plunge; with a fall.

펑덩 *s.* Splashing; plunging. *See* 풍덩.

펑덩펑덩 *s.* Splashing; plunging. *See* 풍덩풍덩.

펑펑 *s.* and *l.* Pouring; bubbling.

펴다 *s.* 叙 (펼 -*셔) 펴; 편 To unroll; to unfold. To clear away; to rid one's mind of.

펴랑이 *s.* 平凉子 (평홀 -*량) (ᄌᆞ눌—*ᄌᆞ) A small white mourners' hat. *See* 패랑이.

펴랑이쏫 *s.* The *sedum alfredi.* *See* 석축화.

*편 *s.* 便 (편) An occasion; an opportunity. A messenger. A side; a page; a party; a faction.

*편 *s.* 片 (조각) A slip; a slice; a shaving. Numerative of bundles of cotton-wool, ginseng.

*편 *s.* 篇 (책) A copy; a book; a paragraph; a chapter or section.

*편 *s.* 編 (엮글) A kind of song—a collect.

*편 *s.* 餠 (떡) Rice bread or cake. *See* 떡.

*편강 *s.* 片薑 (조각) (싱강) Sliced ginger preserved in sugar.

*편겨ᄃᆞ다 *s.* 偏袒 (시우칠) (겨ᄃᆡ) 드러; 든 To take sides with; to be partial to. *See* 편역들다.

*편기ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 偏嗜 (치우칠) (즐길) To be partial to; to have a special taste for. *See* 됴화ᄒᆞ다.

*편뇌 *l.* 片腦 (조각) (뇌두) Camphor. *See* 룡뇌.

*편답ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 遍踏 (두루) (ᄇᆞᆯ을) To go here, there and everywhere. *See* 쥬류ᄒᆞ다.

*편당 *s.* 便黨 (편) (무리) A party; a company.

*편당ᄒᆞ다 *s* 便當 (편) (맛당) To be as it ought to be; to be so.

*편뎐 *s.* 偏殿 (편홀) (대궐) A side room of the palace—used for general purposes.

*편뎐령 *s.* 便殿令 (편홀) (대궐) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) An order—of departure to the side palace (of the king).

*편뎨 *s.* 篇題 (책) (뎨목) The title of a book.

*편두 *s.* 扁豆 (조각) (콩) A kind of bean *Dolichos Lablab.*

편들이 *s.* A measure of weight—of packages of cultivated ginseng.

편들다 s. 輔助 (도울 *보) (편할—*편) 어; 돈 To take sides with; to be partial to. *See* 역성하다.

*편리하다 s. 便利 (편할) (리할) To be convenient and profitable.

*편만하다 l. 遍滿 (두루) (찰) To crowd about on all sides; to fill every place.

*편말 s. 篇末 (책) (끝) The end of a book, concluding portion of a work

*편모시하 s. 偏母侍下 (치우칠) (어미) (모실) (아래) Having only a mother. *See* 조시하.

*편발 s. 編髮 역글 (성역 Braided hair —of a child

편벽되다 s. 偏僻 (편벽될 (궁벽) 어, 되 To be eccentric, to be out of the way; to be partial. *See* 편협하다.

*편벽하다 s. 偏僻 (편벽될) (궁벽) To be eccentric; to be out of the way; to be partial.

*편복 s. 蝙蝠 (박쥐) (박쥐) The bat. *See* 박쥐.

*편싸홈 s. 便鬪 (편할) (싸홈—*투) Taking sides in fighting—as stone fights.

편싸홈군 s. Those taking part in stone fights etc.

*편산하다 l. 遍散 (두루) (흐터질) To be scattered on all sides. *See* 편만하다.

*편사하다 s. 便射 (편할) (쏠) To take sides in archery.

*편성 s. 偏性 (치우칠) (성품) An eccentric nature; a partial disposition. *See* 편심.

*편성하다 s. 編成 (역글) (일울) To form (as troops); to compile (as books).

*편슈 s. 便首 (편) (머리) A chief; a head builder

*편슈 s. 篇首 (책) (머리) The opening pages of a book; preface, introduction.

*편슈 s. 偏水 (밀) (물) A wheat-flour pie.

*편슈 s. 木手 (나무—목) (손) A carpenter.

*편시 l. 片時 (조각) (때) A little while; a moment.

*편시간 l. 片時間 (조각) 때 소이) A short time. *See* 잠시간

*편신 l. 遍身 두루) 몸, The whole body. *See* 촌신.

*편신 l. 片身 조각) (몸) Alone, without brothers (Prov.) *See* 단신.

*편심 s. 偏心 (치우칠) (마음) A onesided mind; a partial disposition. *See* 편성.

*편안리 s. 便安 (편할) 편안, Peacefully, quietly; at ease; comfortably. *See* 태평하.

*편안하다 s. 便安 (편할) (편안) To be convenient; to fit; to be at ease; to be comfortable; to be peaceful. *See* 태평하다.

편얼 l. The lower part of the topknot.

편역 s. A side; a part. (들다). *See* 역성.

편역들다 s. 어; 든 To take sides with; to aid.

*편연지 l. 片臙脂 (조각) (연지) (기름) Rouge paper.

*편육 s. 片肉 (조각) (고기) Carved meat.

*편입하다 s. 編入 (역글) (들) To unite with; to mix up with.

*편인편증 s. 偏愛偏憎 (치우칠) (사랑) (치우칠) (미울 Love partiality and hating that; partiality.

*편인하다 s. 偏愛 (치우칠) (사랑) To favour a person more than others; to love with partiality.

편싸다 s. 싸; 싼 To take sides—as for a game.

편색 s. A side.

*편작 s. 扁鵲 (적을) (까치) A famous physician mentioned in the Historical Records.

*편장 s. 偏裨 (편할) (어든) A chief; a leader.

*편전 s. 便戰 (편할) (싸홈) Taking sides —in a contest.

*편전 l. 片箭 (조각) (살) A cross-bow arrow. (쏘다). *See* 유엽전.

*편제 s. 編制 (역글 (법) Selection for other Recruiting soldiers.

*편주 s. 扁舟 (적을) (배) A small junk; a single boat.

*편죽 l. 片竹 (조각) (대) Pieces of split bamboo.

*편즙국 s. 編輯局 (역글) (모흘) (판) A publishing house

*편즙국장 s. 編輯局長 역글 모흘) (어른 The head master of a publishing house

*편즙과 s. 編輯課 (역글) (모흘) (일과) The section of compilation.

*편즙인 s. 編輯人 (역글) (모흘) (사롬) An editor.

*편즙ᄒᆞ다 s. 編輯 (역글) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To compile or edit. To collect material —for a literary work.

편지 l. 簡 (*간) A letter; an epistle. *See* 서간.

편지투 l. 簡套 (편지—*간) (투—*투) The conventional forms used in letters. *See* 편지즐.

편지즐 l. 簡牘 (편지 *간) (편지—*독) Conventional letter forms. *See* 간독.

*편조 s. 編子 (역글) (아ᄅᆞᆯ) The lower border of a head-band.

편주 s. 馬鞭 (ᄆᆞᆯ—*마) (쇠—*얼) A horse-shoe. (선기다). *See* 마ᄇᆞᆯ.

*편지 s. 騙財 (속일) (지ᄆᆞᆯ) Embezzlement

*편지죄인 s. 騙財罪人 (속일) (지ᄆᆞᆯ) (허ᄆᆞᆯ) (사ᄆᆞᆷ) An embezzler.

*편찬ᄒᆞ다 s. 編纂 (역글) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) To make a compilation; to edit a work.

*편청 s. 偏淸 (엑) (ᄆᆞᆯ율) Honey eaten with bread.

*편휴 s. 鞭鞋 (채찍) (뀌슈리) Whip practice—a military exercise; flogging.

*편측 s. 扁柏 (ᄎᆞᆯ) (ᄎᆞᆨ뷬) *Balamcanda mensis.*

편치안타 s. ᄒᆞ; ᄒᆞᆫ To be uncomfortable; to be inconvenient; to be indisposed. *See* 불편ᄒᆞ다.

*편친 s 偏親 (치우칠) (어버이) A single parent. *See* 소친.

*편친시하 偏親侍下 (치우칠) (어버이) (뫼실) (아래) Mother alone living.

*편ᄎᆞ s. 編次 (역글) (버ᄅᆞᆯ) Order; sequence. (ᄒᆞ다). *See* 슈습ᄒᆞ다.

*편ᄎᆞᆯ l. 片鐵 (조각) (쇠) Sheet iron.

*편ᄐᆞ l. 片土 (조각) (흙) A small plot of ground.

*편편 l. 翩翩 (놀릭) (놀릭) In a fluttering manner, waving.

*편편금 l. 片片金 (조각) (조각) (쇠) Fertile lands; propitious sites; prosperity.

*편편옥토 l. 片片玉土 (조각) (조각) (구슬) (흙) Fertile fields; a rich and prosperous landscape.

*편편히 l. 片片 (조각) (조각) In strips; in slips; in leaves.

*편펀ᄒᆞ다 s. 便便 편홀) (편홀) To be level; to be even. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*편폐 s. 偏嬖 (편홀) (고일) Special favorites of the king. (M.).

*편포 l. 片脯 (조각) (ᄆᆞᆫ육) Dried slices of beef.

*편협ᄒᆞ다 s. 偏狹 (치우칠) (좁을, To be narrow—in one's affections; to be partial—in one's likings. *See* 알팍ᄒᆞ다.

*편히 s. 便 (편홀) Comfortably; restfully

*편ᄒᆞ다 s. 便 (편홀) To be at ease; to be comfortable; to be convenient; to fit. *See* 리ᄒᆞ다.

펼치다 s. 펼쳐; 천 To open; to unroll; to unwrap. *See* 드러내다.

*폄 l. 貶 (누릴) Official censure or commendation.

*폄메 l. 貶褒 (누릴) (쓸) Official censure or commendation—as made known to the king.

*폄론 l. 貶論 (누릴) (의론) Judging; criticizing.

*폄하ᄒᆞ다 l. 貶下 (누릴) (아래) To lower, to humble; to humiliate; to reduce; to cut down -as salaries.

*폄ᄒᆞ다 l. 貶 (누릴) To censure; to criticize. *Opp.* 포장ᄒᆞ다.

*폐 l. 弊 (해여질) Malpractices; corruption; fraud. *See* 해.

*폐각되다 l. 廢脚 (폐홀) (두릭) 여; 된 To become crippled in the leg.

*폐건 l. 弊件 (해여질) (ᄇᆞᆯ—건, Ragged clothes, rags.

*폐경 l. 肺經 (허파) (경락) The lungs. *See* 허파.

*폐공ᄒᆞ다 l. 廢工 (폐홀) (공부) To abandon study. *See* 폐과ᄒᆞ다.

*폐국ᄒᆞ다 l. 廢局 (폐홀) (판) To give up a medicine shop; to close a drug store. *See* 파국ᄒᆞ다.

*폐군 l. 弊軍 (해여질) (군사) A sponging guest; an evil-disposed person. *See* 폐킥.

*폐군ᄒᆞ다 l. 廢君 (폐홀) (인군) To dethrone a king.

*폐궁ᄒᆞ다 l. 廢宮 (폐홀) (집) To abandon a palace; to desert a royal residence.

*폐궁ᄒᆞ다 l. 廢弓 (폐홀) 활) To give up archery. *See* 폐궁ᄒᆞ다.

*폐긔 l. 肺氣 (허파) (긔운) Hiccough. *Also* 폐긔.

*폐기물 l. 廢棄物 (폐홀) (ᄇᆞ릴) (물건) Anything cast or thrown away as useless; waste articles.

*폐킥 l. 弊客 (해여질) (손) A troublesome guest; a sharper; a troublesome person. *See* 폐군.

*폐과호다 f. 廢科 (폐호) (과거) To abandon *Kwagō* studies; to give up examinations.

*폐농호다 f. 廢農 (폐호) (농소) To succeed badly at agriculture. *See* 라농호다.

*폐단 f. 弊端 (해여질) (옷) Abuses; corrupt practices. *See* 폐단.

*폐답 f. 廢畓 (폐호) (논) A useless paddy-field. *See* 폐장.

*폐뎌 s. 弊邸 (히여질) (적사) My humble house.

*폐뎍호다 f. 廢嫡 (폐호) (젹실) To strip a person of his right as an heir-apparent.

*폐업호다 s. 閉店 (닷울) (장소집) To close a shop.

*폐위 f. 廢帝 (폐호) (님금) Dethronement; deposition of an Emperor.

*폐동 f. 廢洞 (폐호) (골) A deserted village; an abandoned district. *See* 폐동.

*폐론호다 f. 廢論 (폐호) (의론) To break off any discussion; to be without discussion. *See* 물론호다.

폐읍다 f. 弊 (히여울—*난*) 로와; 온 To become [illegible], to be contrary; to be inconvenient.

*폐막 f. 弊瘼 (해여질) (교질병) An abuse; a national defect.

폐망호다 f. To abandon the head band —as those who are in sorrow or disgrace.

*폐목 f. 廢目 (폐호) (눈) A useless eye; a sightless eye. Blindness.

*폐목어 s. 閉目魚 (닷울) (눈) (고기) A kind of fish said to be blind.

*폐문호다 f. 閉門 (닷울) (문) To close the gates of official buildings. *Opp.* 기문호다.

*폐물 f. 幣物 (폐빅) (물건) Presents of silk. *See* 폐빅.

*폐물 f. 廢物 (폐호) (물건) A useless thing; refuse; waste.

*폐목호다 f. 廢目 (폐호) (소경) 여; 되 [illegible] to lose the use of one's eyes.

*폐방호다 f. 廢房 (폐호) (방) To desert a room; to abandon an apartment.

*폐병긱 f. 廢病客 (폐호) (병) (손) A hopeless invalid.

*폐병ㄴ (—뼝) 肺病 (허파) (병) Disease of the lungs. *See* 허병파; 허소병.

*폐부 f. 肺腑 (허파) (부화) Lungs and bowels—one's inmost thoughts. *See* 폐경.

*폐빅 f. 幣帛 (폐빅) (비단) Presents of silk. *See* 폐단.

*폐사랑호다 f. 廢舍廊 (폐호) (집) (밍방) To abandon a guest-room.

*폐습 f. 弊習 (해여질) (닉힐) Evil habits; bad customs; corrupt practices.

*폐식호다 f. 閉塞 (닷울) (막을) To stop or shut up; to obstruct; to check; to be stopped up or shut.

*폐옥 s. 弊屋 (해여질) (집) My house—a humble term.

*폐옹 f. 肺癰 (허파) (병) An abscess in the lungs.

*폐읍 f. 弊邑 (히여질) (고을) My humble district. A ruined or bankrupt district. *See* 잔읍.

*폐의 f. 弊衣 (히여질) (옷) Ragged clothes; threadbare garments.

*폐의파관 f. 弊衣破冠 (해여질) (옷) (허 [illegible] 갓) Ragged clothes and tattered cap. *See* 폐포파립

*폐의파립 f. 弊衣破笠 (해여질) (옷) (허여 [illegible] 갓) Ragged clothes and tattered hat.

*폐(허)공용 f. 肺之功用 (허파) (갈—*지*) (공) (쓸) The function of the lungs.

폐이다 s. 伸 (펼—*신*) 펴여; 인 To unfold; to open up. To be in better circumstances; to grow more prosperous.

*폐인 f. 嬖人 (고일) (사롬) A favourite retainer or servant.

*폐인 s. 廢人 (폐호) (사롬) A deformed person; a cripple.

일언호고 f. 蔽一言 (구리울) (호) (말 숨 [illegible] 호고 [illegible] 말숨. *See* 일언이폐지호다.

*폐장 f. 廢庄 (폐호) (장촌) A deserted farmstead; abandoned fields and houses. *See* 폐답.

*폐장 f. 肺臟 (허파) (오장) The lungs.

*폐족 f. 廢族 (폐호) (겨레) An outlawed relative.

*폐지 s. 廢止 (폐호) (그칠) Discontinuance. (되다).

*폐지호다 f. 廢止 (폐호) (그칠 To disuse; to discontinue.

*폐질 f. 廢疾 (폐호) (병) An incurable disease; a complaint that renders one useless. *See* 폐병긱.

*폐철ᄒᆞ다 v. 廢撤 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄯᅳᆺ) To sell out and quit.

*폐낭 s. 嬖妾 (고일) (계) A favourite retainer

*폐초 s. 幣貺 (폐빙) (대조—*조) Presents of dates—as offered by a bride to the bridegroom's parents.

*폐츙 s. 肺虫 (허파) (버레) Pin worms. *See* 회.

*폐치ᄒᆞ다 v. 廢置 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞᆯ) To remove from office; to supersede.

*폐침ᄒᆞ다 v. 廢寢 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄌᆞᆷ) To pass the night without sleeping.

*폐포파립 s. 弊袍破笠 (해여질) (도포) (헤질) (갓) A tattered dress and worn out hat. *See* 폐의파관

*폐풍 s. 弊風 (히여질) (바람) An evil custom or habit; corrupt practices.

*폐하 s. 陛下 (셤ᄃᆞᆯ) (아래) "Your Imperial Majesty"—to the Emperor. *See* 면하.

*폐학지경 s. 廢學之境 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆨᄒᆞᆨ) (갈) (디경) Discontinuing study.

*폐학ᄒᆞ다 v. 廢學 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) To abandon study.

*폐현ᄒᆞ다 v. 陛見 (셤ᄃᆞᆯ) (보일) To have audience :—with the Emperor.

*폐회 s. 閉會 (닷ᄎᆞᆷ) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) An adjournment

*폐ᄒᆞ다 v. 廢 (폐ᄒᆞᆯ) To be ruined; to be useless; to be abandoned. To render useless; to depose; to give up. To abolish. *See* 업시ᄒᆞ다.

*폐 s. Always; constantly.

폐 s. "Heads"—and "tails." (이).

*폐가ᄒᆞ다 s. 評價 (평ᄇᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) (갑) To decide on the price.

*평강 s. 平康 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (편안) A prefect in Kang-wön-do. Lat. 38.22 Long. 127.22.

*평거에 s. 平居 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (살) Usually; ordinarily; generally. *See* 상시에.

*평교간 s. 平交間 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (사괼) (ᄉᆞ이) (Between) familiar friends. *See* 놀비간.

평교대 s. The cornice—of the roof.

*평교빈 s. 平交賓 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (사괼) (무리) Friends of equal age and rank. *See* 지구간.

*평교조 s. 平轎子 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (교조) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A sedan-chair used by a Minister of State and those of the 1st degree.

*평군 s. 平軍 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (군ᄉᆞ) A figure dressed as a man—used in military whip practice.

*평균계산 s. 平均計算 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (계교) (산ᄃᆞᆯ) Average of an account.

*평균등급 s. 平均等級 평ᄒᆞᆯ (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (무리) (두ᄅᆞᆷ) Uniform scale.

*평균분비ᄒᆞ다 s. 平均分排 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄂᆞᆫ) (버릴) To divide equally.

*평균시차 s. 平均時差 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (때) (어긔여질) Equated time.

*평균신용긔한 s. 平均信用期限 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆺᄋᆞᆯ) (ᄲᅳᆯ) (ᄀᆡ약) (한명) Average time of credit.

*평균ᄒᆞ다 s. 平均 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄅᆞᆯ) To be equal; to be even; to be alike. *See* 균평ᄒᆞ다.

*평길ᄒᆞ다 s. 平吉 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (길ᄒᆞᆯ) To be propitious; to be happy.

*평다본ᄒᆞ다 s. 平坦 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (평탄ᄒᆞᆯ—*탄) To be level; to be flat. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*평대문 s. 平大門 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (큰) (문) An ordinary gate. *Opp.* 소솔대문.

*평명ᄒᆞ다 s. 平定 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) To be restored to peace; to arrive at a just settlement. *See* 평란ᄒᆞ다.

*평두량 s. 平斗量 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (말) (헤아릴) The capacity of a government dry measure. *See* 평시두.

*평등ᄒᆞ다 s. 平等 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (등수) To have equal rank or standing; to be alike. *See* 又다

*평디돌출ᄒᆞ다 s. 平地突出 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) (셥ᄃᆞᆯ) (날) To rise up—as the level earth.

*평디션 s. 平地線 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) (실) Horizontal line.

*평디 s. 平地 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) Level ground. *See* 죽디.

*평디락상 s. 平地落傷 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (짜) (ᄯᅥ러질) (상ᄒᆞᆯ) Falling down on the level ground.

*평란ᄒᆞ다 s. 平亂 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (어지러울) To be restored to peace. *See* 평명ᄒᆞ다

*평론ᄒᆞ다 s. 評論 (의론) (의론) To discuss; to arbitrate on.

*평리원 s. 平理院 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (다ᄉᆞ릴) (집) The Court of Justice.

*평ᄉᆡ에 s. 平來 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (올) Up to the present; during one's life. *See* 평성에.

*평면 s. 平面 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (낫) Plane surface.

*평면긔하학 s. 平面幾何學 (평ᄒᆞᆯ) (낫) (ᄆᆞᆺ) (엇지) (ᄇᆞᆨᄒᆞᆯ) Plane geometry.

*평면삼각학 s. 平面三角學 (평호) (낟) (석) (갈) (학호) Plane trigonometry.

*평면형 s. 平面形 (평호) (낟) (형상) Plane surface; plain figures.

*평면해석기하학 s. 平面解析幾何學 (평호) (낟) (쥬) (가물 ,밋) (엇디 비호) Plane analytical geometry

*평명 s. 平明 (평호) (몸을) Near dawn, morning light

*평목 s. 平木 (평호) (나무) A leveller for a grain measure. *See* 깎이리.

깎이리 s. A grain leveller. What is level even etc.

*평민 s. 平民 (평호) (빅성) The common people, the middle classes. *See* 빅성.

*평반 s. 平盤 평호) (소반) A large flat table.

*평방 s. 平方 (평호) (모) Square, 2nd power.

*평방근 s. 平方根 (평호) (모) (핵리) Square root

*평방근비 s. 平方根比 (평호) (모 핵리) (견줄) Subduplicate ratio.

*평방수 s. 平方數 (평호) (모, 두어) Square measure.

*평방수계산법 s. 平方數計算法 (평호) (모) (두어) (계교 (산둘) (법) Equation of Payments.

*평방승 s. 平方乘 (평호) (모) (올) Square of a number.

*평방저 s. 平方積 (평호) (모) (샤흘) Square surface.

*평방척 s. 平方尺 (평호) (모) (자) Square measure. *Also* 면도.

*평방형 s. 平方形 (평호) (모) (형상) Square figure.

*평복 s. 平服 평호 (옷 Ordinary dress; the dress of the common people. *Opp.* 상복, 완복

*평복되다 s. 平復 (평호 회복 되어, 된 To recover from illness.

*평복순검 s. 平服巡檢 (평호) (옷) (순힐) 상고호) A policeman in civilian dress.

*평봉초 s. 平逢草 마듬) (쏙) (풀) Polygonum Persicaria.

*평사락안 s. 平沙落鴈 (평호) (모래) (써러질) (가릭이) The level sands with flocks of geese.

*평산 s. 平山 (평호 뫼, A prefect in Whang hai do Lat 38 16. Long. 126.26, a mountain in Nam-hai Island

*평상 s. 平床 (평호 상 A russia bed; a sofa *See* 샹, 상상.

*평샹 s. 平常 평호 (떳떳) Usual, common; habitual, ordinary, customarily.

*평샹복 s. 平常服 평호 떳떳) 옷, Common dress. *Opp.* 례복

*평성 s. 平聲 (평호) (소릐 The even tone-the weakest of the four tones. *Opp.* 입성.

*평슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 平順 (평호 슌ᄒᆞ) To be level. To be upright; to be true. *See* 평탄ᄒᆞ다.

*평시 s. 平市 (평호) (져조) The office of the merchants etc. of the capital.

*평시됴 s. 平時調 (평호) (글) (곡됴) The even sound —in music. *Opp.* 지름

*평시두 s. 平市斗 (평호 서ᄌᆞ (말) The common dry measure—as authorized by the 평시. *See* 평두량.

*평시에 s. 平時 평호 때 Usually; ordinarily, generally. *See* 샹시에.

*평신ᄒᆞ다 s. 平身 (평호) 몸 To prostrate one's self; (as in apology).

*평심ᄒᆞ다 s. 平心 (평호) (모ᄋᆞᆷ) To rest one's mind

*평ᄉᆞ s. 評事 (평론호 (일) A general's assistant.

*평생 s. 平生 (평호 날, The whole life. *See* 일생

*평생에 s. 平生 (평호) (날) Always; constantly. *See* 거상에.

*평생지계 s. 平生之計 평호) (날) 갈 계교, Plan for a livelihood.

*평안도 s. 平安道 평호 평안) 길 The northeastern province of *Pyeng an.*

*평안히 s. 平安 ᄒᆞ (평안) Peacefully, quietly, comfortably.

*평안ᄒᆞ다 s. 平安 (평호 편안 To be at peace, to be comfortable, to be quiet. *See* 안녕ᄒᆞ다

*평야 s. 平野 평호 들 A level plane. *See* 발덕군이

*평양 s. 平壤 (평호) (짜ᄒᆞ이) A famous prefect in Pyeng an do. Lat. 39 01. Long. 125 3.

*평오량 s. 平五樑 평호) 다숫) (들보) A house with the five main beams arranged in a line.

*평의원장 *s.* 評議員長 (평론홀) (의론) (관원) (어룬) The chairman of an association.

*평의원 *s.* 評議員 (평론홀) (의론) (관원) Members of an associatio .

*평의회 *s.* 評議會 (평론홀) (의론) (모들) A meeting of the members of an association.

*평의ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 評議 (의론홀) (의론) To confer; to discuss, etc.

*평인 *s.* 平人 (평홀) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A person not in mourning. *Opp.* 상인.

*평일 *s.* 平日 (평홀) (날) An ordinary day; any day. Ordinarily; commonly; usually. *See* 상시.

*평와ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平臥 (편홀) (누을) To lie down; to be on a sick bed.

*평원 *s.* 平原 (평홀) (언덕) A plain; moor; prairie.

*평원광야 *s.* 平原廣野 (평홀) (언덕) (넓을) (들) A place; a wide level country.

*평자리서다 *s.* 平坐 (평홀) (안질—*좌) 리셔; 친 To sit at ease.

*평장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平章 (평홀) (글장) To rule with equity. (B. H.).

*평집 *s.* 平屋 (평홀) (집 *옥) A one-storied house. *Opp.* 오량집.

*평질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平秩 (평홀) (차례) To do in order; to do in succession. (B. H.).

*평지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平在 (평홀) (있을) To examine; to look over. (B. H.).

*평좌ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平坐 (평홀) (안질) To sit at ease.

*평창 *s.* 平昌 (평홀) (창셩) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat. 37 23. Long. 128.091.

*평초 *s.* 萍草 (마ᄅᆞᆷ) (풀) Duckweed. *Lemna minor.*

평치다 *s.* 平治 To be "heads"—in pitching cash.

*평치ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平治 (평홀) (다ᄉᆞ릴) To rule peacefully. (Comp.).

*평탄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平坦 (평홀) (평탄홀) To be smooth; to be level. To be upright; to be true. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*평토 *s.* 平土 (평홀) (흙) Level ground. (M.) *See* 평디.

*평토되다 *s.* 平土 (평홀) (흙) 여; 된 To become levelled off.

*평토장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平土葬 (평홀) (흙) (장소) To level off a grave in order to prevent its discovery *See* 암장ᄒᆞ다.

*평토제 *s.* 平土祭 (평홀) (흙) (졔ᄉᆞ) The sacrifice at the completion of a grave. *See* 졔ᄉᆞ.

*평토치다 *s.* 平土 (평홀) (흙) 도쳐; 친 To level off; to make even.

*평편 *s.* 平便 (평홀) (편홀) To be level; to be even. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*평평ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平平 (평홀) (평홀) To be level; to be smooth; to be even. *See* 평탄ᄒᆞ다.

*평호도 *s.* 平戶島 (평홀) (집) (셤) Hirado in Japan.

*평히 *s.* 平海 (평홀) (바다) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 36.44. Long. 129.15.

*평힝륙면톄 *s.* 平行六面體 (평홀) (힝홀) (여셜) (낫) (몸) Parallelopipedon.

*평힝등톄 *s.* 平行等體 (평홀) (힝홀) (마ᄅᆞᆷ) (몸) Thin flat solid body.

*평힝사방형 *s.* 平行斜方形 (평홀) (힝홀) (빗길) (모) (형상) Rhomboid.

*평힝션 *s.* 平行線 (평홀) (힝홀) (실) Parallel lines.

*평힝속션 *s.* 平行束線 (평홀) (힝홀) 묵글) (실) Parallel pencil.

*평힝스변형 *s.* 平行四邊形 (평홀) (힝홀) (넉) (가) (형상) Parallelogram.

*평ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平 (평홀) To be even; to be level; to be equal. *See* 평평ᄒᆞ다.

*평화됴약 *s.* 平和條約 (평홀) (됴ᄒᆞ) (가지) (언약) A treaty of peace.

*평화회 *s.* 平和會 (평홀) (됴ᄒᆞ) (모들) A peace association.

*평화ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 平和 (평홀) (됴ᄒᆞ) To make peace.

*평활 *s.* 平弓 (평홀) (활—*궁) A common short bow. *Opp.* 곤활

*포 *s.* 脯 (포육) Dried slices of meat. (ᄉᆞᆯ다). *See* 포육.

포 *s.* 多 (반홀—*다) A form added to certain words marking time and which may be translated *about.* Many; several. *See* 뎍.

*포힝 暴行 (사오나올) (힝홀) To act in a wild and furious manner; to be unruly.

*포격 *s.* 砲擊 (총) (칠) Bombarding.

*포격ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 砲擊 (대포) (칠) To fight with guns; to shoot; to bombard.

*포경선 *l.* 捕鯨船 (잡을) (고래) (배) A vessel employed in the whale fishery; a whale boat, a whaler.

*포고ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 布告 (펼) (고할) To issue a proclamation, to publish a decree to notify; to publish; to proclaim.

*포공영 *s.* 蒲公英 (창포) (귀인) (꽃부리) The dandelion.

*포교 *l.* 捕校 (잡을) (장교) Detectives; constables; police. *See* 순포.

*포구 *s.* 浦口 (개) (입) A port; a harbour; a boat landing. *See* 진두.

*포군 *s.* 暴君 (사오나올) (인군) A tyrant; an autocrat; despot.

*포군 *s.* 砲軍 (총) (군사) Gunners; marines.

*포궁 *s.* 胞宮 (포태) (집) The womb.

*포규 *s.* 蒲葵 (창포) (아욱) Palmetto; *Livistona Chinensis.*

*포리주연류산쏘듸엄 *s.* 泡起酒精酒酸 ... (거품) (날) (구기조나무) (나무) (술) (실) ... Sodii Citro Tartras Effervescens

*포리니리엄약 *s.* 泡起 ... 淮 (거품) ... 잔 ... Effervescens

*포리류산쏘듸엄 *s.* 泡起硫酸 ... 거품 ... 유황 ... Sodii Sulphas Effervescens.

*포리린산쏘듸엄 *s.* 泡起燐酸 ..... (거품) (날) (귀화) (실) ..... Sodii Phosphas Effervescens.

*포리류산락니시엄 *s.* 泡起硫酸 (거품) (날) ... Magnesii Sulphas Effervescens.

포기 *s.* 朶 (*락) A cluster; a bunch. *See* 떨기.

*포긱ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 飽腹 (배부를) (먹을) To get satisfaction—in eating, drinking etc. *See* 포식ᄒᆞ다.

포기다 *s.* 暴棄 (엎어질 -*할) (엎어질—*할) ... 여, 관 ... To ... put ... aside

*포괄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 包括 (쌀) (묶을) To gather into a bundle; to bundle up; to wrap in.

포닥이 *s.* 褥 (요—*요) A quilt or mat used for little children.

포달부리다 *s.* 러; 린 To act up; to oppose by force.

포달스럽다 *s.* 러워; 운 To be impudent; to be ... 스럽다

*포뎐 *s.* 浦田 (개) (밧) Fields on the seashore.

*포도 *s.* 葡萄 (포도) (포도) Grapes; the grape *Vitis rinefera.*

*포도군관 *l.* (보두—ㅡ) 捕盜軍官 (잡을) (도적) (군사 ... 벼슬) Detectives. *See* 포교.

*포도군사 *l.* (보두—ㅡ) 捕盜軍士 (잡을) (도적 (군사 ... 션비) The guards of the common prison.

*포도대장 *l.* 捕盜大將 (잡을) (도적) (룬) (장슈) The officer in charge of the common prison. *See* 포장.

*포도아 *s.* 葡萄牙 (포도) (포도) (어금니) Portugal ... 포도아국.

*포도쥬 *s.* 葡萄酒 (포도) (포도) (술) Grape wine.

*포도쥬셰 *s.* 葡萄 ... (포도 ... 포도) (술) (약ᄉᆡ을) Grape wines.

*포도청 *l.* (보두—) 捕盜廳 (잡을) (도적) ... (마을 ... 포청.

*포두 *s.* 布頭 (펼) (머리) The 4th verse of a literary composition—explaining the origin. *See* 포서.

*포듸 *s.* 布帶 (뵈) (띄) A linen belt.

*포뎌 *s.* 砲臺 (대포) (집) A fort; a fortress. (싸홈).

*포듸병명 *s.* 砲隊兵丁 (대포) (떼) (군사) (장뎡) An artillery company.

*포도석 *s.* 葡萄石 (포도) (포도) (돌) Prehnite.

*포도셩석 *s.* 葡萄冈石 (포도) (포도) (번득일) (돌) Prehnite.

*포락 *s.* 浦落 (개) (떠러질) A landslide—covering the paddy-fields. *See* 포촌.

*포락지형 *s.* 炮烙之刑 (포홀) (지질) (갈) (형벌) Punishment inflicted with a red-hot iron.

*포로 *l.* 捕虜 (잡을) (사로잡을) A prisoner of war, a captive

*포로품 *l.* 捕虜品 (잡을) (사로잡을) (물수) Captives—in war.

*포로ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 捕虜 (잡을) (사로잡을) To make prisoners of war.

*포루 *s.* 砲樓 (대포) (다락) The turret of a wall or turret-ship. *See* 포뎌.

포르스럼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 軟青 (연할 —*현) (푸를 *할) T ... ish, to be ... ish

포로롱롱ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 間間青 (소이—*간) (소이 *간) ... ish green -in spots

*포리 *l.* 逋吏 (포흠할) (아전) A *yamen* clerk who has embezzled public funds.

*포립 *s.* 布笠 (배) (갓) A black linen hat.

*포막 *s.* 砲幕 (총) (장막) Military tents.

*포만ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 暴慢 (사오나올) (거만할) To behave with insolence; to act like the bully.

*포망 s. 布網 (베) (그물) A linen head-band—worn by mourners.

*포목 s. 布木 (베) (나무) Linen and cotton. *See* 필육.

*포문 s. 胞門 (포태) (문) The womb. *See* 태문.

*포문ᄒᆞ다 l. 飽聞 (배부를) (드를) To hear frequently.

*포민 s. 浦民 (개) (백성) People living on the seashore or near water. *See* 포한.

*포범 l. 逋犯 (포흠할) (범할) Embezzlers of public funds.

*포박 l. 捕縛 (잡을) (얽을) Under arrest.

*포박령 s. 捕縛令 (잡을) (얽을) (하여금) Order for arrest.

*포박ᄒᆞ다 l. 捕縛 (잡을) (얽을) To tie—with a cord; to bind.

*포병 s. 砲兵 (대포) (군ᄉᆞ) Artillery.

*포병공창 s 砲兵工廠 (대포) (군ᄉᆞ) (장인) (허청) A military arsenal.

*포병과 s. 砲兵課 (대포) (군ᄉᆞ) (공부) Artillery.

*포병ᄃᆡ s. 砲兵隊 (대포) (군ᄉᆞ) (떼) A body of artillery.

*포변 s. 浦邊 (개) (가) The shore of a bay; the beach; the water's edge. *See* 강변.

*포병ᄌᆞ l 抱病者 안을 (병) (손) An invalid. *See* 포병ᄒᆞ인

*포병지인 l. 抱病之人 안을 (병) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) An invalid; one hopelessly sick

*포복ᄒᆞ다 s. 匍匐 길 (길) To creep as a child. (Comp).

*포부 l. 抱負 (안을) (질) Genius; ability. *See* 포지.

*포상 s. 布商 (베) (장ᄉᆞ) Linen merchants. *See* 복상.

*포상ᄒᆞ다 s. 褒賞 (포장할) (상줄) To praise and reward.

*포셔 s. 布紓 (펼) (펼) The fifth stanza of a composition in verse—explaining the theme. *See* 자령.

*포션 s. 布扇 (베) (붓치) A linen veil—having two handles and carried by a mourner.

*포세 s. 浦稅 (개) (부세) Harbor dues; port duties.

*포셩 s. 砲聲 (총) (소리) The sound of cannon.

*포소 s. 圃所 (동산) (바) The office of the district where government ginseng is grown

*포소 s. 浦所 (개) (바) A harbour beach the shore of a bay. *See* 포변.

*포슈 l. 砲手 (총) (손) A hunter; a gunner.

*포승 l. 捕繩 (잡을) (노) A rope with which to bind a criminal. *See* 오라.

*포식만복ᄒᆞ다 l. 飽食滿腹 (배부를) (밥) (더울, 옷) To be well fed and clothed; to live well.

*포식ᄒᆞ다 l 飽食 (배부를) (밥) To be filled with food; to be satiated. *See* 포기ᄒᆞ다.

*포실ᄒᆞ다 s. 包實 (쌀) 열ᄆᆡ) To live comfortably, to be well off, to be substantial. *See* 요부ᄒᆞ다.

*포ᄉᆞ s. 布絲 베) (실) Linen thread

*포ᄉᆞ s. 褒姒 (기릴) (계집) B.C. 781-771. A woman who caused the downfall of Choon Kingdom, China.

*포쇄 s. 曝曬 (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) Drying in the sun.

*포쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 曝曬 (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) To dry in the sun.

*포쇄ᄒᆞ다 s. 抱曬 (거둥) (ᄆᆞᆯ릴) To dampen; to wet—as paper etc.

*포악ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴惡 (사오나올) (모질) To be savage; to be cruel; to be tyrannical. *See* 악독ᄒᆞ다.

*포용ᄒᆞ다 s. 包容 (쌀) (용납, To be contained in; to be comprised in; to be hidden; to be included.

*포육 s. 脯肉 (포육) (고기) Dried meat; slices of dried meat. (ᄯᅩ다). *See* 포.

*포의 s. 布衣 (베) (옷) Plain clothes.

*포의한ᄉᆞ s 布衣寒士 (베) (옷) (ᄎᆞᆸ) (선비) A man in common clothes—one without office.

*포와도 s. 布哇島 (베) (비와올) (셤) Hawaii. *Also* 포와.

*포와럼도 s 布哇諸島 (베) (비와올) (벌) (셤) Hawaii or Sandwich Islands.

*포원지ᄒᆞᆫ l 抱冤之恨 (안을) (원망) (갈) (한ᄒᆞᆯ) Harboured enmity; nursed wrath. *See* 결원지원.

*포원ᄒᆞ다 l 抱冤 (안을) (원망) To cherish enmity against. *See* 결원ᄒᆞ다.

*포장악심ᄒᆞ다 l. 包藏禍心 (쌀) (감출) (지화) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To harbor an evil mind.

*포장 /. 捕將 (잡을 (장슈) The general or chief officer in charge of the common prison. *See* 포도대장.

*포장 s. 布帳 (베) ,장막) An awning; a screen made of linen or cotton. (서다). *See* 의막.

*포장ᄒᆞ다 s. 褒奬 기릴 (권홀) To praise; to laud; to honor. *See* 칭찬ᄒᆞ다.

*포전 s. 砲戰 (총) (싸홈) A fight in which guns are used; an artillery combat.

*포졸 /. 捕卒 (잡을) (군ᄉᆞ) Soldiers in service about the common prison. *See* 포도군ᄉᆞ.

*포쥬간 s. 庖廚 (푸쥬) 부엌) A slaughter-house; a butcher-shop.

*포졍 s. 包拯 (쌀) (졍즐) D. A.D. 1062. A celebrated statesman and scholar, renowned by the integrity of his conduct while holding sundry provincial offices and ministerial positions.

*포진병장 s. 鋪陳屛帳 펼; 베풀) (병풍) (장막, Goods and supplies needed for an outing; furniture needed.

*포진ᄒᆞ다 s. 鋪陳 (펼) (베풀) To pitch tents.

*포지ᄒᆞ다 /. 抱才 (안을 (지죠) To possess ability; to have talent. *See* 포부.

*포천 /. 抱川 (안을) (내) A prefect in Kyong-geui-do Lat. 37.47. Long. 127 2o.

*포쳥ᄒᆞ다 s. 飽喫 (비부를 먹을, To eat to satisfaction. (M.

*포쳥 / 捕廳 (잡을 마을) A policecourt, the common prison. *See* 포도쳥.

*포촌 s. 浦村 (개) (마을) A seashore village. *See* 히변.

포라시움 s. ..... 液 ..... (진) Liquor Potassae.

포라시영빅반 s. .白礬. .... (흰) (빅반) Potassium Alum.

포라시염조뎌익 s. ..... 泡起液 거품) (닉) (진) Liquor Potassae Effervescens.

*포란 s. 爆彈 (터질) (탄조) A bomb; a large hollow bullet filled with explosives; a bomb-shell.

*포틱ᄒᆞ다 /. 胞胎 (조틱) (틱) To conceive; to become pregnant. *See* 셩틱ᄒᆞ다.

*포폄 s. 褒貶 (가릴) (느리칠) Promotion and retrogression.

*포폄ᄒᆞ다 s. 褒貶 (가릴) (느리칠) To commend or to condemn—to criticize.

포포 s. One in another; one above another—as dishes etc. *See* 겹겹겹겹.

*포풍 s. 暴風 (사오나올) (바람) A violent wind; tempest; gale.

*포풍착영 / 捕風捉影 (잡을 바람, 잡을) (그림ᄌᆞ) Catching (the wind and [illegible] shadow) impossible things.

*포학무도ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴虐無道 (사오나올) (사오나올) (업슬, (길) To be cruel and vicious—as used of a king.

*포함 s. 砲艦 (총) (군함, A gun-boat.

포함주다 s. 어, 준 To utter incantations; to speak magic spells. *See* 공수주다.

*포함ᄒᆞ다 s. 包含 (포함홀) (먹음을) To inclose; to include, to make allowances for. *See* 포용ᄒᆞ다.

*포화 s. 浦和 (개) (고로) Urawa in Japan.

*포휴 s. 騷休 ᄉᆞᆯ슬 [illegible] National disturbances. ...(

*포흠지다 s. 逋欠 ᄒᆞᆯ [illegible] 지; 진 To embezzle; to misuse government funds. *See* 가하지다.

*포ᄒᆞ다 s. 炮 (포홀) To roast as in the preparation of medicines. *See* 구ᄒᆞ다.

*포ᄒᆞᄒᆞ다 / 抱恨 (안을 ᄒᆞᆫ홀) To harbor hatred.

*포힝 s. 暴行 (사오나올) (힝홀) Violent conduct; outrageous behaviour; acts of violence.

*포획ᄒᆞ다 /. 捕獲 (잡을) (엇을) To catch; to capture; to seize.

*포환 s. 砲丸 (대포) (탄조) A cannon ball.

쪽 s. Hard; terribly; very much. *See* 쑥.

쪽 s. 多 (만흘—*다) Very; hard; deeply. *See* 뛱.

쪽 s. 幅 (쪽—*부) A strip of cloth; a roll of paper. Numerative of maps, scrolls, banners etc.

*쪽도 s. 暴徒 (사오나올) (무리) Disorderly rascals; a mob; rebels; revolters; a brigand.

*쪽동 s. 暴動 (사오나올) (움직일) Riotous behaviour; a disturbance; riot, tumult; emeute; revolt.

*쪽동ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴動 (사오나올) (움직일) To rise in anger and violence.

*쪽발약 s. 暴發藥 (사오나올) (필) (약) Dynamite.

*쪽발ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴發 (사오나올) (필) To occur suddenly; to happen unexpectedly; to break out without warning.

*폭비ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴杯 (사오나올) (잔) To drink greedily or to excess—of wine. *See* 폭취ᄒᆞ다.

*폭빅ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴白 (사오나올) (흰) To explain; to deny; to prove otherwise.

폭상모 s. Large red bridle tassels. *See* 홍박상모.

폭신폭신ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be downy; to be yielding. *See* 푹신푹신ᄒᆞ다.

*폭소ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴死 (사오나올) (죽을) To die a violent death.

*폭양 s. 曝陽 (쐬일) (별) Heat of the sun; a blazing sunlight.

*폭우 s. 暴雨 (사오나올) (비) Violent or heavy rain. *See* 소내기.

폭원 s. 幅原 (폭—*복) (언덕—*원) Surface of land; area. *See* 장광.

*폭주범진ᄒᆞ다 s. 輻輳非進 (모히들) (모히들) (아오를) (나아갈) To flow together; to all gather as one.

*폭주ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴注 (사오나올) (부을) To pour down violently.

*폭취ᄒᆞ다 s. 暴醉 (사오나올) (취ᄒᆞᆯ) To drink to excess. *See* 폭비ᄒᆞ다.

*폭포 s. 瀑布 (폭포) (베) A water-fall; a cascade.

*폭포슈 s. 瀑布水 (폭포) (물) A waterfall.

폭폭 *l.* Exceedingly; extremely.

폭폭이 s. 幅幅 (폭—*복) (폭—*복) Roll by roll; scroll by scroll.

*폭ᄒᆞ다 s. 曝 (쐬일) To dry. *See* 잔ᄒᆞ다.

풀당풀당ᄒᆞ다 s. To plunge; to splash. To brawl. *See* 풍덩풍덩ᄒᆞ다.

풀삭풀삭 s. Puffing—as smoke; rising—as dust. *See* 솔삭솔삭.

풀풀 s. and *l.* Fluttering; in flakes. *See* 홀홀. Stiff; hard; firm. Plunging; splashing.

*표 s. 標 (표) A money-order. (뭇다). *See* 어음.

*표 s. 表 (밧) A memorial in verse. A mark; a sign. (짓다).

*표긔 s. 標旗 (표) (긔) Signal flag.

표구 s. Mushrooms; toadstools. *See* 버섯.

*표덕 s. 表的 (밧) (덕실) Object in view; design; aim; purpose.

*표점 s. (—뎡) 標點 (표) (뎜) Marks of any kind in a book or manuscript for convenience of reading; punctuation.

*표뎨 s. 表題 (밧) (글뎨) The title of a book.

*표뎡션 s. 杓庭扇 (자루) (뜰) (부체) A fan—as first made in *Chuin P'yo-joung* under the direction of 민ᄒᆞ호.

*표독ᄒᆞ다 s. 慓毒 (사오나올) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be fierce; to be cruel; to be barbarous; to be violent. *See* 한독ᄒᆞ다.

*표둉 s. (—뚱) 標燈 (표) (등) A wharf lamp; a jetty signal-light.

*표셰 s. 標竿 (표) (쟈—*간) A flag-pole a mark; an example.

*표략ᄒᆞ다 s. 剽掠 (찌를) (로략) To plunder; to pillage or despoil.

*표류ᄒᆞ다 s. 漂流 (ᄯᅳᆯ) (흐를) To drift along; to flow.

*표리 s. 表裏 (밧) (속) Outside and inside; coating and lining. *See* 안팟.

*표리부동ᄒᆞ다 s. 表裏不同 (밧) (속) (아닐—*불) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지—*동) To disagree of interior and exterior; to be deceptive.

*표면 s. 表面 (밧) (낫) Outer surface; surface; the exterior.

*표면덕 s. 表面的 (밧) (낫) (뎍실) Showing off; an outward show only.

*표목 s. 標木 (표ᄒᆞᆯ) (나무) A sign-post.

*표문 s. 豹紋 (표범) (문치) Spots or speckled marks (as on the fur of a leopard.

*표민 s. 表族 (밧) (누의) A female first cousin, having another surname. *See* 외죵민.

*표박ᄒᆞ다 s. 漂泊 (ᄯᅳᆯ) (대일) To travel over; to wander about. *See* 류리ᄒᆞ다.

표범 s. 豹 (*표) A leopard. *See* 돈멈박어.

*표빅ᄒᆞ다 s. 漂白 (ᄲᅳᆯ내) (흰) To be washed white.

*표셕 s. 標石 (표) (돌) A stone landmark; a stone mark. (세우다). *See* 계셕.

*표시ᄒᆞ다 s. 表示 (밧) (보일) To make known; to notify (as on a bulletin board).

*표신 s. 標信 (표) (밋을) A mark; a sign. An order—from the king. (누리다).

*표연히 s. 飄然 (ᄂᆞᆺ칠) (그릴) With a broad wavy motion; in a soaring manner.

*표의 s. 表衣 (밧) (옷) A uniform; a dress bearing a distinguishing mark.

*표이출지ᄒᆞ다 s. 表而出之 (밧) (말이) (날) 갈, To be manifest, to be clear *See* 확연대각ᄒᆞ다.

*표적 s. 表跡 (밧) (자최) A sign; a mark; a token; a certificate. *See* 표.

*표정ᄒᆞ다 s. 表旌 (밧) (긔) To publish or make known (as some meritorious deed).

*표정ᄒᆞ다 s. 表情 (밧) (뜻) To give a souvenir; to present as a mark of friendship; to present with one's compliments.

*표종 s. 表從 (밧) (좃칠) A maternal cousin

*표종ᄒᆞᆫ 형 s. 表從兄 (밧) (좃칠) (맛) A maternal cousin.

*표주 s. 標註 (표) (주낼) The notes written on the top of a page (in the manner of English foot notes).

*표쥬 s. 標柱 (표) (기동) Posts set up to mark the boundary of a country or locality; a sign-post.

*표주 s. 標主 (표) (쥬인) A borrower; a debtor. *See* 외샹문ᄉᆞ.

표쥬박 s. 瓢 (박—*표) A traveller's drinking-gourd. *See* 표조.

*표준 s. 標準 (표) (준ᄒᆞᆯ) Criterion; precedent; example; standard.

*표지 s. 標紙 (표) (죠희) A mark; a receipt; a note; cheque.

*표조 s. 瓢子 (박) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A traveller's drinking-gourd. *See* 표쥬박.

*표랄ᄒᆞ다 s. 剽掠 (씨를) (쌔아슬) To seize by force; to plunder; to pillage; to despoil.

*표탕ᄒᆞ다 s. 飄蕩 (누붓칠) (방탕ᄒᆞᆯ) To rock; to roll; to swagger.

*표표ᄒᆞ다 s. 飄飄 (누붓칠) (누붓칠) To be light, to be airy, to be firm and active. *See* 표표ᄒᆞ다.

*표풍ᄒᆞ다 s. 飄風 (누붓칠) (바람) To be blown about, to be driven by the wind.

*표피 s. 豹皮 (표범) (가죽) A leopard skin.

*표훈원 s. 表勳院 (밧) (공) (집) The Office of Decorations.

푸근푸근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft, to be yielding. *See* 푹신푹신ᄒᆞ다.

푸근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be mild; to be gentle; to be soft. *See* 느근ᄒᆞ다.

푸다 s. 解 (플—*히) 리; 픈 To loosen; to unfasten; to explain. *See* 플다.

푸다 s. 汲 (잔질ᄒᆞᆯ —*용) 퍼; 픈 To dip out; to bale out.

푸닥거리 s. 賽神 (빌—*셔) (귀신—*신) Sacrificing and praying—to the spirits. *See* 굿.

푸드득 s. Struggling; fluttering.

푸드득푸드득ᄒᆞ다 s. To struggle; to flutter.

푸더접ᄒᆞ다 s. 冷待 (찬—*딕) (디접—*더) To receive coldly; to treat uncivilly. *See* 랭더ᄒᆞ다.

푸러놋다 s. 하; 혼 To untie; to unfasten; to take out.

푸러주다 s. 주어; 준 To set free; to loosen; to let off.

푸르다 s. 青 (푸를—*청) 러; 른 To be blue; to be green. *See* 샛파라ᄒᆞ다.

푸르스렁ᄒᆞ다 s. 帖青 (연ᄒᆞᆯ—*연) (푸를—*청) To be bluish; to be greenish.

푸릇푸릇ᄒᆞ다 s. 間間青 (ᄉᆞ이—*간) (ᄉᆞ이—간, 푸를—*청) To be green in spots; to be blue here and there. *See* 파릇파릇ᄒᆞ다.

푸새 s. A fringe; an unhemmed border.

푸서리 s. 林 (수플—*림) A forest; a woods. *See* 수플.

푸세다 s. 여; 샌 To be stiff—as starched goods. To be wild; to be fierce; to be violent. *See* 뚤뚤ᄒᆞ다.

푸성귀 s. 青菜 (푸를—*청) (나물—*치) Vegetables used for food. *See* 치소.

푸시ᄒᆞ다 s. To starch—clothes.

푹석푹석ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be fluffy. *See* 픽신픽신ᄒᆞ다.

푹신푹신ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be downy; to be yielding. *See* 푹신푹신ᄒᆞ다.

푹푹 s. and *l.* With a blow; poking. In quantities. *See* 푹푹.

푹ᄒᆞ다 s. 日暖 (날—*일) (더울—*난) To be mild, to be warm. *See* 온ᄒᆞ다.

푼 *l.* 分 (논홀—*분) One cash piece. A minute of time. A measure of weight 10 리 = 1 푼. A measure of length 10 푼 = 1 치.

푼거리 *l.* A cash worth.

푼쌀 *l.* 小鑿 (죄을 —*쇼) (끌—*착) A narrow chisel.

푼내기 *l.* Gambling with cash.

푼돈 *l.* 分錢 (논홀 *분) (돈—*젼) Cash money; small change.

푼물 *l.* Water paid for by the bucket.

푼엇치 *l.* Cash worth—preceded by a numeral. *See* 돈엇치.

*푼전 *l.* 分錢 (ᄂᆞᆫ흔—*분) (돈—*전) Small change. *See* 푼돈.

푼조이 *l.* The value of one or two cash. A small chisel.

푼주 *l.* A wide-topped sharp-bottomed plate.

*푼칭 *l.* 分秤 (ᄂᆞᆫ흔—*분) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) A scale for weighing silver. The minute hand of a clock. *See* 시칭

*푼칭 *l.* 分稱 (ᄂᆞᆫ흔—*분) (저울) A scale for weighing silver. *See* 은형.

푼푼히 *a* Abundantly, greatly; sufficiently. *See* 흔컨히.

푼푼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be abundant; to be sufficient; to be numerous. *See* 넉넉ᄒᆞ다.

풀 *s.* 糊 (*호) Paste. (푸다) (억이다) (ᄒᆞ다).

풀 *s.* 草 (*초) Grass; herba. *See* 뜰.

풀 *s.* Sand-shallows; sand-banks. *See* 모래.

풀넝풀넝 *s.* Rattling; flapping. *See* 펄넝펄넝

풀니다 *s.* 解 (플—*히) 풀너; 닌 To become unfastened; to loosen; to become detached. To be set free; to be unravelled.

풀님 *s.* The reading of characters in the vernacular.

풀다 *s.* 解 (플—*히) 어; 푼 To loosen; to undo. To explain (글). To rub (먹). *See* 글으다.

풀떡 *s.* 糊餠 (풀—*호) (떡—*병) A kind of cake made from rice paste.

풀떡풀떡 *s.* and *l.* Flapping; fluttering. *See* 펄떡펄떡.

풀무 *s.* 冶 (*야) A blacksmith's bellows.

풀무간 *s.* 冶間 (풀무—*야) (소이—*간) A blacksmith-shop.

풀보기 *s.* 饌 (*난) A wedding feast—on the final arrival of the bride in her new home.

풀싸홈 *s.* 鬪草 (싸홈—*두) (풀—*초) A game played with plants.

풀석풀석 *s.* Puffing; rising—in clouds. *See* 푼석푼석.

풀쑤다 *s.* 失 (일흘—*실) 어; 운 To lose—in gambling, business etc.

풀어지다 *s.* 解 (플—*히) 어져; 진 To come unfastened; to loosen; to become detached.

풀풀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be wild; to struggle; to be untamed. *See* 펄펄ᄒᆞ다.

품 *s.* 傭 (품팔—*용) A day's work; an exchange of work. (팔다) (사다).

품 *s.* 懷 (품을—*회) The breast; the bosom.

품갑 *s.* 雇價 (품팔 —*고) (갑—*가) Wages; salary. *See* 삭젼; 품삭.

품갑품 *s.* One turn for another; tit for tat.

품갑히 *s.* Returning work—as in an exchange. *See* 품아시.

품군 *s.* 傭人 (품팔—*용) (사ᄅᆞᆷ *인) A day laborer. *See* 고공

품다 *l.* 抱 (안을—*포) 어; 은 To carry in the bosom; to cherish. *See* 안다.

품싹 *s.* 雇價 (품팔 —*고) (갑—*가) Wages; salary.

품아시 *s.* An exchange of work. *See* 품갑히.

품팔다 *s.* 雇傭 품팔—*고) (품팔—*용) 파라; 관 To hire out by the day.

품팔이 *s.* 傭人 (품팔—*용) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) Hired labor. A day laborer. *See* 품군.

풋 *s.* New; fresh—of tobacco, vegetables etc.

풋것 *s.* Freshly harvested grain, fruit etc

풋나기 *s.* A green hand; an inexperienced person.

풋초 *s.* 生棗 (날—*셩) (대조—*조) Fresh dates. *Opp.* 건조

풋초 *s.* 青草 (푸를—*청) (플—*초) Green tobacco. *See* 청초.

*풍 *s.* 風 (바ᄅᆞᆯ) Lies; useless talk. (치다) Diseases—like paralysis; erysipelas.

*풍각장이 *s.* 風角匠 (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (쇨) (장인) A traveling musician.

*풍간 *s.* 風乾 (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯ를) Dried meat or vegetables—not salted.

*풍간 *s.* 諷諫 (ᄂᆡᆷ ᄋᆞᆯ) (간ᄒᆞᆯ) Remonstrating by means of covert allusions; reproving by a parable. *Opp.* 직간.

*풍간ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 諷諫 (풍간ᄒᆞᆯ) (간ᄒᆞᆯ) To remonstrate with, to criticize. *See* 규간ᄒᆞ다.

*풍거 *s.* 風車 (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (수레) A wind mill; a toy made with a wheel of fancy paper to be turned by the with. A balloon. Wind-mill. 수. *See* 긔션.

풍기뭇이 s. A game in which a ring is hidden in the sand and the players probe for it with sticks. A person in hiding.

*풍경 s. 風磬 (바람) (경쇠) A brass bell and fish-which is turned with the wind. See 풍경.

*풍경 s. 風景 바람, 경치) A view, a prospect. See 경개. Landscape, scenery.

*풍교 s. 風敎 (바람) (가르칠) Instruction; education.

*풍구 s. 風口 (바람) (입) A bellows; a winnower; a ventilator. See 허풍선이.

*풍국회 s. 楓菊會 (단풍) (국화) (모둠) A gathering to enjoy autumn leaves and chrysanthemums.

*풍금 s. 風琴 (바람) (거문고) An organ, (musical instrument). (들다).

*풍긔 s. 風氣 (바람) (긔운) The view; the scenery; the position of a place. See 슈도.

*풍긔 s. 豐基 (풍년) (터) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.52. Long. 128.18.

*풍긱 s. 風客 (바람) (손) A vagabond; a rake; a liar. See 바람동이.

*풍광 s. 風光 (바람) (빛) The view; the vista. See 풍경.

*풍남 s. 風藍 (바람) (주머니) A kind of flag.

*풍년 s. 豐年 (풍년) (히) A year of plenty. Opp. 흉년.

*풍단 s. 風丹 (바람) (붉을) A kind of disease-erysipelas.

*풍덕 s. 豐德 (풍년) (큰) A prefect in Kyong-gi-do. Lat. 37.19. Long. 126.43.

풍덩 s. Plunging. See 퐁덩.

*풍덩이 s. 風虫 (바람) (벌레—*충) A June-bug.

풍덩이 s. A fur bordered winter cap—worn by men. See 남바위.

풍덩풍덩 s. Plunging.

*풍뎐병원 s. 風癲病院 (바람) (깔알) (병) (집) A lunatic asylum.

*풍도 s. 風度 바람) (법도) Manliness; a handsome form. (갖추다.

*풍독 s. 風毒 바람) (독) Rheumatism.

*풍락목 s. 風落木 (바람) (떨어질) (나무) Tough wood, dry wood.

*풍락초 s. 風落草 (바람, (떨어질 (풀) Tobacco better into the mud fallen leaves of tobacco.

*풍랑 s. 風浪 (바람 물결 Wind and waves—a storm. See 물나.

*풍로 s. 風爐 바람 화로 A portable stove.

*풍류 s. 風流 (바람) (흐를) Music; playing. Musical instruments.

*풍류남조 s. 風流男子 (바람) (흐를) (사나이) (아들 Gay young fellows.

*풍류랑 s. 風流郎 바람 흐를 사나 Men of music and instruments; gay young fellows. See 풍류남조.

*풍류장 s. 風流場 바람 흐를 마당 A place of musical entertainment.

*풍류ᄒᆞ다 s. 風流 (바람) (흐를) To be gay; to be dissipated.

*풍륜쵀 s. 風輪菜 (바람) (박회) (나물 Calamintha ... ...

*풍륜긔 s. 風輪車 (바람) (박) (수레) A balloon.

*풍마우세ᄒᆞ다 s. 風磨雨洗 (바람) (갈) (비) (씨슬) To be beaten by the wind and washed by the rain.

*풍마우불상급 s. 風馬牛不相及 (바람) (말) (쇼 아닐) (서로 밋칠) Cattle and horses cannot mate.

*풍문 s. 風聞 바람, 들을 Rumor; hearsay; report. See 소문.

*풍범션 s. 風帆船 바람, 돗 (배) A sailing ship; a schooner. See 돗션.

*풍병 s. 風病 바람, 병, Diseases supposed to be caused by the wind—as epilepsy, paralysis, neuralgia etc. See 중풍.

*풍부ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐富 (풍성) (부쟈) To be rich; wealthy; opulent; prosperous.

*풍비박산 s. 風飛雹散 바람 (눈) 우박) (흣틀) Flying winds and scattering hail used of the wasting of one's patrimony. See 소산분주ᄒᆞ다.

*풍비박산ᄒᆞ다 s. 風飛雹散 (바람 날 우박, (흣 To be scattered by the wind. (ᄒᆞ다, 되다).

*풍비ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐備 (풍년) (갖출) To be ample, to be plentiful, to be prosperous; to be abundant. See 구비ᄒᆞ다.

*풍빅 s. 風伯 바람) (맛) God of wind.

*풍상 s. 風霜 (바람) (서리) Wind and frost -the hardships of life. See 고초.

*풍셕 s. 風席 (바람) (돗) A grass-woven boat sail.

*풍선 s. 風船 (바람) (비) A sailing ship. *See* 즁범션.

*풍션 s. 風扇 (바람) (붓치) A punkah.

*풍셜 s. 風雪 (바람) (눈) Wind and snow —winter.

*풍셜 s. 風說 (바람) (말숨) Windy words —yarns; stories. *See* 와언.

*풍셰 s. 風勢 (바람) (형세) The direction of the wind.

*풍셩 s. 風聲 (바람) (소리) A voice altered from a cold in the head. Reputation; fame; rumor. *See* 즁문.

*풍셩학려 s. 風聲鶴唳 (바람) (소리) (학) (울) The sound of the winds and the crying of the cranes—used of useless reports. (B. O.)

*풍셩ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐盛 (풍년) (셩ᄒᆞᆯ) To be abundant; to be prosperous. *See* 풍죡ᄒᆞ다.

*풍세 s. 風勢 (바람) (형세) The wind; the direction of the wind. *See* 바람 세.

*풍쇽 s. 風俗 (바람) (풍쇽) Custom; usage; practice.

*풍슈 s. 風水 (바람) (물) Wind and water —the geomantic system by the science of which sites for graves, houses etc. are chosen, and the prosperity etc. of human beings settled. A professor of geomancy. *See* 디관.

*풍습 s. 風濕 (바람) (저질) Wind and dampness—causing sickness. *Opp.* 골습.

*풍습 s. 風習 (바람) (넉칠) Habit; custom; manner; inclination; usage.

*풍신 s. 風神 (바람) (귀신) Appearance; countenance; aspect. *See* 긔골.

*풍악 s. 風樂 (바람) (풍악) Music. *See* 풍뉴.

*풍안 s. 風眼 (바람) (눈) Goggles; glasses to protect the eyes.

*풍약 s. 風藥 (바람) (약) Medicine for a cold.

*풍양 s. 風陽 (바람) (볏) Wind and sun. *See* 풍일.

*풍요ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐饒 (풍년) (넉넉) To be rich; to be productive.

*풍우 s. 風雨 (바람) (비) Wind and rain.

*풍우대작ᄒᆞ다 s. 風雨大作 (바람) (비) (룬) (지을) To storm furiously with wind and rain.

*풍우침 s. 風雨針 (바람) (비) (바눌) A wind rain-needle—a barometer. *See* 즁우표.

*풍우표 s. 風雨表 (바람) (비) (표홀) A barometer. *See* 즁우침

*풍운 s. 風雲 (바람) (구름) Wind and clouds.

*풍운조화 s. 風雲造化 (바람) (구름) (지을) (될) The creating of wind and clouds—as by the ancient generals.

*풍위도 s. 風位圖 (바람) (벼슬) (그림) Prevailing winds.

*풍유ᄒᆞ다 s. 諷諭 (기유ᄒᆞᆯ) (닐을) To announce in an indirect manner; to communicate without making too pointed a reference to the matter in question.

*풍일 s. 風日 (바람) (날) Wind; windy weather. *See* 풍양.

*풍월 s. 風月 (바람) (둘) Wind and moon —a kind of verse. *See* 둘.

*풍월긱 s. 風月客 (바람) (둘) (손) A composer of *Pungwol* verses. *See* 둘 긱.

*풍졍 s. 風情 (바람) (뜻) Gaiety; a tendency to dissipation. *See* 즁도.

*풍죡ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐足 (풍년) (발) To be abundant; to be ample. *See* 넉넉ᄒᆞ다.

*풍증 (—쯩) s. 風症 (바람) (증세) A sickness or disorder caused by the wind.

*풍지 s. 風紙 (바람) (조희) Paper used for stuffing cracks or crevices to keep out the wind.

*풍진 s. 風塵 (바람) (틔끌) Wind and dust—mortal affairs; disturbances and disorders of this life. *See* 젼장.

*풍진세계 s. 風塵世界 (바람) (틔끌) (인간) (디경) This world of war and tumult. *Opp.* 극락세계.

*풍질 s. 風疾 (바람) (병) Rheumatism.

*풍조ᄒᆞ다 s. 諷刺 (닐을) (찌를) To ridicule in a covert manner; to make fun of by sly satire.

*풍줌 s. 風簪 (바람) (빈혀) A kind of clasp worn on the front of the head-band—to steady the hat in the wind.

*풍지 s. 風災 (바람) (지앙) Blight of the crops or famine caused by wind. *Opp.* 슈지.

*풍챠 s. 風遮 (바람) (막을) A large fur-lined winter cap extending to and over the shoulders. *See* 휘양.

*풍챠취양 s. 風遮項 (바람) (막을) (두를) (목—*항) A large fur-lined winter cap extending down round the shoulders.

*풍쳔 s. 豐川 (풍년) (내) A prefect in Whang-hai-do. Lat. 38.19. Long. 124.43.

*풍치 s. 風齒 (바람) (니) Toothache. *See* 즘치.

*풍치 s. 風致 (바람) (일월) Gaiety; joy; gladness. *See* 운치.

풍쳐다 s. 풍쳐; 천 To exaggerate; to lie; to tell extravagant stories.

*풍침 s. 風枕 (바람) (벼기) An air-pillow. *See* 긔침.

*풍치 s. 風彩 (바람) (치식) A handsome appearance; a manly face; beauty. *See* 풍신.

*풍타지죽망타지죽 s. 風打之竹浪打之竹 (바람) (칠) (갈) (대) (물결) (칠) (갈) (대) Driven like the waves by the wind. *See* 물결방울치듯방.

*풍토 s. 風土 (바람) (흙) Local customs; practices peculiar to a place. *See* 슈도.

*풍풍긔게 s. 風風機械 (바람) (풍호) (긔) (계) A ventilator.

*풍파 s. 風波 (바람) (물결) Wind and waves—storm; uproar; confusion.

*풍편 s. 風便 (바람) (편) The wind—rumor; hearsay.

*풍표 s. 風標 (바람) (표) A flag for showing the direction of the wind; a wind vane.

풍풍 s. Plunging—as a stone in water. *See* 펑펑.

*풍한 s. 風寒 (바람) (찰) Cold caused by the wind.

*풍한서습 s. 風寒暑濕 (바람) (찰) (더울) (저질) The wind, cold, heat and dampness.

*풍헌 s. 風憲 (바람) (법) The mayor of a township; the chief of a district. *See* 면임.

*풍후ᄒᆞ다 s. 豐厚 (풍년) (두터울) To be luxuriant; to be flourishing, to be sumptuous. *See* 판후ᄒᆞ다.

*풍흉 s. 豐凶 (풍년) (흉ᄒᆞᆯ) Good and bad harvests.

*풍화 s. 風化 (바람) (될) Change of manners (esp. to better state); deliquescing; oxidation.

*풍화소관 s. 風化所關 (바람) (될) (바) (계관ᄒᆞᆯ) A matter concerning public morals.

*품 l. 品 (품수) A rank; a series; an order; a kind; a sort; a class.

*품건 l. 品件 (품수) (벌) The finest quality—of cloth etc. *See* 호건.

*품격 l. 品格 (품수) (격식) Character; nature; appearance; quality.

*품계ᄒᆞ다 l. 稟啓 (품ᄒᆞᆯ) (엳) To report to the king. *See* 계달ᄒᆞ다.

*품고ᄒᆞ다 l. 稟告 (품ᄒᆞᆯ) (고ᄒᆞᆯ) To report to a superior.

*품달ᄒᆞ다 l. 稟達 (품ᄒᆞᆯ) (통달) To report to a superior; to petition. *See* 품계ᄒᆞ다.

*품물 l. 品物 (품수) (만물) The various things of the universe. (C.Y.) *See* 만물.

*품부ᄒᆞ다 l. 稟賦 (ᄃᆞᆫ고ᄂᆞᆯ) (줄부ᄒᆞᆯ) To be endowed with; to be gifted with. *See* ᄃᆞᆫ고나다.

*품석 l. 品席 (품수) (돗) A fine mat.

*품셩 l. 稟性 (ᄃᆞᆫ고ᄂᆞᆯ) (셩픔) The heart by nature—conscience. *See* 련셤.

*품수 l. 品數 (품수) (두어) Grade; rank; quality.

*품ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 稟白 (품ᄒᆞᆯ) (알일) To report to a superior. *See* 품달ᄒᆞ다.

*품직 l. 品職 (품수) (직업) Official rank.

*품질 l. 品質 (품수) (바탕) A man's standard of excellence—moral and intellectual. *See* 긔질.

*품ᄒᆞ다 l. 稟 (품ᄒᆞᆯ) To report to a superior; to petition. *See* 고파ᄒᆞ다; 보ᄒᆞ다.

*품힝 l. 品行 (품수) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) Conduct; behaviour.

*품힝뎜 l. 品行點 (품수) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (뎜) Mark of conduct or behaviour—as among students.

픠다 s. 핌 (뫼—*밧) 픠여; 죽 To bloom; to come out—of flowers. To flame up; to rise—as clouds, smoke etc. *See* 만발ᄒᆞ다.

픠우다 s. 핏 (불ᄉᆞᆯ을—*쏜) 픠여; 운 To kindle a fire; to make a fire. *See* 디우다.

픠우다 s. 핌 (핑—*밧) 픠여; 운 To spread out—cotton-wool, to pull out. To cause—a smell. To pretend ignorance.

피 s. 血 (*혈) Blood. (ᄆᆡᆺ치다) (지다). *See* 혈.

피 s. 稗 (*직) Panicled millet. *Panicum miliaceum.*

*피 s. 皮 (가죽) The bark of the "Bark tree." *See* 가죽.

피 s. A female. *See* 암.

*피감수 *l.* 被減數 (닙을) (뎔) (두어) Minuend. *See* 피승수.

*피갑옷 s. 皮甲衣 (가죽) (갑옷) (옷—*의) A leather coat of mail.

피셩 s. Bark fibre—from which strings are made.

*피고 *l.* 被告 (닙을) (고홀) Defendant. *Opp.* 원고.

*피곤ᄒᆞ다 s. 疲困 (갓블) (곤홀) To be fatigued; to be wearied. *See* 곤비ᄒᆞ다.

*피골 s. 皮骨 (가죽) (뼈) Skin and bones.

*피골(아)상접ᄒᆞ다 s. 皮骨相接 (가죽) (뼈) (서로) (붓흘) To be skin and bones; to be emaciated. *See* 육탈골립ᄒᆞ다.

피골집 s. Pork sausages. *See* 순디.

*피근각 s. 皮筋角 (가죽) (힘줄) (쁠) The skin, tendons and horns—the parts of a slaughtered animal that are given to the government.

피근동이 s. A self-willed child; an impudent youngster.

피근피근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be impudent; to be bold; to be shameless.

피긔 *l.* Hiccough. (나다). *Also* 피긔.

피나무 s. A tree the bark of which is used for strings etc.

*피딱지 s. 皮積紙 (가죽) (닥나무) (조희) An inferior kind of paper.

피ᄆᆡ s. 稷黍 (피 —*직) (짐—*고) Millet straw.

피ᄆᆡ s. 血管 (피—*혈) (대롱—*관) Veins; arteries (옴니다). *See* 혈맥.

피똠 s. 血糞 (피—*설) (똥—*분) Bloody stools. *See* 젹리.

피ᄅᆞᆷ피ᄅᆞᆷᄒᆞ다 s. To be fleshy; to be fat; to be corpulent. To be idle; to be impudent.

*피득보 *l.* 彼得堡 (뎌) (엇을) (뎌) St. Petersburg.

*피디 *l.* 彼地 (뎌) (짜) That country—a foreign country. *See* 타국.

*피디 s. 皮帶 (가죽) (띄디) A leather purse.

피라귀 s. 牝驢 (암것—*빈) (라귀—*려) A she-ass.

*피란쳐 *l.* 避亂處 (피홀) (어지러울) (곳) A place of escape from war.

*피란ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 避亂 (피홀) (어지러울) To escape from war.

*피롱 s. 皮籠 (가죽) (롱) A leather box; a trunk made of leather. *See* 피샹조.

피리 s. 管 (*관) A kind of clarionet.

피리 s. A small kind of river-fish.

*피리주샤제 s. 皮裏注射劑 (가죽) (속) (부을) (쓸) (약지을) A hypodermic injection.

*피리츄츄 s. 皮裏春秋 (가죽) (속) (봄) (가을) That which knows the right and the wrong—the conscience.

피릉이 s. The name of a small river-fish.

피마 s. 牝馬 (암것—*빈) (말—*마) A mare. *Opp.* 샹아.

*피마즈 s. 皮麻子 (가죽) (삼) (아들) The castor-bean; castor-oil seeds. *See* 아쥬까리.

*피목 s. 皮木 (가죽) (나무) The "Bark tree."

*피물 s 皮物 (가죽) (물건) Skins; hides. *See* 가죽.

*피물젼 s. 皮物廛 (가죽) (물건) (잡수집) A store for leather goods.

피ᄆᆡ치다 s. 血結 (피—*혈) (ᄆᆡᆺ집—*결) ᄆᆡᆺ치; 젼 To become dark—of a bruise. *See* 어혈지다.

*피밧되다 s. 被捉 (닙을) (잡을) 되어; 되 To be arrested.

*피밤 s. 皮栗 (가죽) (밤—*률) Chestnuts having the inner shell on.

피ᄉᆞᆯ서다 s. 서 선 To become bloodshot. *See* 피ᄆᆡ치다.

*피발ᄒᆞ다 s. 披髮 (헤칠) (터럭) To be dishevelled; to be in disorder—of the hair. *See* 산발.

*피병ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 避病 (피홀) (병들) To escape sickness.

*피부 s. 皮膚 (가죽) (살) The skin and flesh—of man *See* 과풀.

*피부간 s. 皮膚間 (가죽) (살) (ᄉᆞ이) (Between) the skin and flesh.

*피부병 s. 皮膚病 (가죽) (살) (병들) Skin diseases.

*피살ᄒᆞ다 s. 被殺 (닙을) (죽일) To be killed.

*피샹조 s. 皮箱子 (가죽) (샹조) (아들) A leather-covered box.

*피서지 *l.* 避暑屋 (피서)(더울)(집 *욱) Summer resort.

*피서하다 / 避暑 피서)(더울) To avoid the heat; to go for the season.

*피선되다 *s.* 被選 (입을)(뽑)되어; 된 To be chosen.

*피선인 *s.* 被選人 (입을)(뽑)(사람) One having the right to be elected.

*피승수 *l.* 被乘數 (입을)(곱)(두어) Multiplicand.

*피시하다 *l.* 被試 (입을)(시험) To be tested, to be tried.

*피신하다 *l.* 避身 (피할)(몸) To escape secretly, to flee unawares *See* 은신하다.

*피혁장이 *s.* 皮革匠 (가죽)(빈)(장인) A tanner.

*피혁전 *s.* 皮革廛 (가죽)(빈)(전) A leather store.

*피아간 *s.* 彼我間 (여)(나) (소이) Between us; concerning him and me.

피아마 *s.* 牝馬 (암컷—*빈) (물—*마) A mare. *Opp.* 상마.

*피아ㅣ간 *s.* 彼我分揀 (더)(나) (논홀) (간릴홀) The difference between the 1st and 3rd persons.

*피압하다 *l.* 被壓 (입을) (눌릴) To be oppressed; to be run over.

*피어나다 *s.* 回生 (도라올—*회), 날 '신 어나, 난 To die and come to life, to revive.

*피육 *s.* 皮肉 (가죽)(고기) Skin and flesh.

*피육불관 *s.* 皮肉不關 (가죽) (고기) (아닐) (계관) What is not a matter of skin and flesh, a matter of no interest *See* 비육불관.

*피인 *s.* 彼人 (여) (사롬) That one; those fellows; fellowers

*피일시차일시 *s.* 彼一時此一時 (여 ㅣ 때 (이) 때) That was one time, this is another time i.e. times have changed.

*피임하다 *s.* 被任 (입을 (맛길) To receive office; to be appointed to office.

*피잔 *s.* 皮盞 (가죽) (잔) A dish made of leather or bark.

*피장부아장부 *s.* 彼丈夫我丈夫 (더) (길) (지아비 나) (길) (지아비), You are a man and I'm a man i.e. we are equals.

*피장이 *s.* 皮匠 (가죽) (장인) A tanner.

피전 *s* Cash muted thin.

*피접하다 *l.* 避接 (피할) (붓흘) To move to other quarters—in order to escape contagion. *See* 피병하다.

*피제수 *l.* 被除數 (입을) (덜) (두어) Dividend.

*피죄하다 *s.* 被罪 (입을) (허물) To be punished; to receive a paddling.

*피육 *s.* 皮 (가죽) Fleshiness; fat.

피육새 *s.* The bulbul—a variety of nightingale. *See* 피새.

피줄 *s.* (—줄) 血脈 (피—*혈) (맥—*핵) A vein. Blood—of relationship. *See* 피맥.

*피지 *s.* 皮紙 (가죽) (조희) Coarse dark paper. *See* 백지조희.

피지다 *s.* 血凝 피 *엉, 엉길 —*응) 피 져; 질 ㅣ) coleet ㅣ blood; to grow dark—as a bruise. *See* 어혈지다.

*피착하다 *s.* 被捉 (입을) (잡을) To be arrested. *See* 잡히다.

*피처 *l.* 彼處 더 곳 That place, there; That person.

*피척 *s.* 彼隻 (더) (짝) My opponent—in a lawsuit.

*피천 *l.* 被賤 (입을) (천거) Degredation; shame (되다)

*피천하다 *l.* 被賤 (입을) (천거) To be degraded, to be humiliated.

*피청 *l.* 避廳 (피홀) (청소) Forbidden grounds—as for burial purposes.

*피청처 *l.* 避廳處 (피홀) (청소) (곳) Grounds—not allowed for burial purposes. *See* 피청지디.

*피청지디 *l.* 避廳之地 (피홀) (청소) (갈 ㅣ 곳 Grounds—not allowed for burial purposes. *See* 피청처.

피ㅣ *s.* 彼此 더) 이 This and that; you and I. A difference. *See* 서로

피피일반 *s.* 彼此一般 여 이 호 가 지 We are the same, you and I; there is no difference between us. *See* 상망하다.

*피타하다 *l.* 被打 (입을) (칠) To be beaten or struck.

피판 *s.* Boards from the "Bark tree."

피패하다 *s.* 疲憊 갓볼, 해여질) To deteriorate; to decline; to become poor; to be in reduced circumstances.

*피폐 *s.* 皮幣 가죽) 폐빅) Gifts of skins to superiors. (M.).

피풍 *s.* 皮風 (가죽) (바람) An itching disorder in the skin. *See* 풍습.

피피하다 *s* To be uncomfortable; to be unpleasant. *See* 창피하다.

*피한 *s.* 皮漢 (가죽) (놈) A low character.

*피해자 *l.* 被害者 (입을) (해홀) (놈) The injured; sufferers.

*피해ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 被害 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (해ᄒᆞᆯ) To be injured; to be hurt.

*피험ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 避嫌 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (혐의) To escape dislike.

*피혐ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 被嫌 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (혐의) To be disliked, or hated; to be abominated.

*피ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 避 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) To avoid; to flee from; to shun; to evade. *See* 면ᄒᆞ다.

*피화ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 被禍 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (지화) To be overtaken by disaster.

*피화ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 避禍 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (지화) To escape disaster.

*피확ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 被攫 (피ᄒᆞᆯ) (움켈) To be taken by force or without right; to be seized by violence; to be carried away.

핀ᄃᆞᆼ이 *s.* A speech of contempt; a scolding. (주다) (먹다). *See* 책망.

핀ᄃᆞᆼ이주다 *s.* 어; 준 To give a scolding; to make a speech of contempt.

핀ᄃᆞᆼ핀ᄃᆞᆼᄒᆞ다 *s.* To idle about; to loiter; to loaf. *See* 번질번질ᄒᆞ다.

핀잔 *s.* 責望 (꾸지질 *책) (보랄—*망) A scolding; a talking to. *See* 꾸지ᄅᆞᆷ.

*필 *s.* 疋 (약) Numerative of pieces of cotton, silk etc., and also of horses, cattle etc.

*필가 *s.* 筆架 (붓) (시렁) A pen-rest or pen-rack.

*필가 *s* 筆家 (붓) (집) Famous penmen, a noted writer. *See* 명필.

*필갑 *s.* 筆匣 (붓) (갑) A pen-case; a pen-wrap.

*필경 *s.* 畢竟 (모칠) (모칠) After all; finally; certainly. *See* 필시.

*필공 *s* 筆工 (붓) (장인) A pen-maker. *See* 필상.

*필긔 *s.* 筆記 (붓) (긔록) A written record.

*필긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 筆記 (붓) (긔록) To take notes of; to make a record of.

*필력 *s.* 筆客 (붓) (손) A writer of characters.

*필납ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 畢納 (모칠) (드릴) To pay up; to settle up. *Opp.* 필봉ᄒᆞ다.

*필낭 *s.* 筆囊 붓) (쥬머니) A pen-pocket; a pen-case.

*필담ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 筆談 (붓) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To converse by means of written characters.

*필력 *s.* 筆力 (붓) (힘) Vigor or boldness of handwriting. *See* 필법; 획력.

*필마단긔 *s.* 匹馬單騎 (약) (몰) (혼) (몰ᄒᆞᆯ) Mounting a horse and riding off—without servants or retinue.

*필마단창 *s.* 匹馬單槍 (약) (몰) (혼) (창) Taking one's spear and riding off.

*필명 *s.* 筆名 (붓) (일홈) A name as a penman.

*필묵 *s.* 筆墨 (붓) (먹) Pen and ink.

*필목 *s.* 正木 (약) (나무) Cotton cloth. *See* 필육.

*필방 *s.* 筆房 (붓) (방) A pen store.

*필발 *s.* 蓽撥 (플) (베칠) The fruit of the *Piper longum.*

*필법 *s.* 筆法 (붓) (법) Rules for the writing of characters. *See* 필력.

*필봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 畢捧 (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (밧을) To gather; to collect—as debts. *See* 필납ᄒᆞ다.

*필부 *s.* 匹夫 (약) (지아비) A common man; an ordinary subject.

*필산 *s.* (—판) 筆算 (붓) (산ᄃᆞᆯ) Accounts—noted down by pen.

*필상 *s.* 筆商 (붓) (장ᄉᆞ) A pen-merchant. *See* 필공.

*필셩 *s.* 畢星 (모칠) (별) The 19th of the 28 Constellations Hyades, *μ, ν,* Taurus 65° 39′ 58″.1

*필시 *s.* 必是 (반ᄃᆞ시) (이) Certainly; without doubt. *See* 필야.

*필야ᄉᆞ무슨 *s.* 必也便無說 (반ᄃᆞ시) (잇기) (ᄒᆞ여쓴) (업슬) (ᄉᆞᆷᄉᆞ) Law-suits are certainly something to be avoided.

*필야에 *s.* 必也 (반ᄃᆞ시) (잇기) Certainly; without doubt; finally. *See* 급기야에.

*필역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 畢役 (모칠) (역ᄉᆞ) To finish an undertaking; to complete a work. *See* 필ᄒᆞ다.

*필연 *s* 必然 (반ᄃᆞ시) (그럴) Certainly, necessarily. *See* 필경.

*필연 *s.* 筆硯 (붓) (벼루) Brush-pen and ink-stone.

*필요ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 必要 (반ᄃᆞ시) (즁요) To be necessary; to be specially important.

*필유곡졀 *s.* 必有曲折 (반ᄃᆞ시) (잇슬) (곱을) (ᄌᆞᆯ글) There is certainly a motive.

*필유ᄉᆞ단 *s.* 必有事端 (반ᄃᆞ시) (잇슬) (일) (ᄭᅮ) There is certainly a cause.

필육 *s* 布木 (베—*포) (나무—*목, Dress goods—of cotton or linen. *See* 필목.

*필원 *s.* 筆苑 (붓) (동산) Famous writers of the character; noted penmen.

*필장내다 s. (一장) 畢 (못칠)여; 낸 To complete; to finish. *See* 맛장내다.

*필적 s. (一적) 筆跡 (붓) (자최) A specimen of handwriting; a written statement.

*필전 s. 筆戰 (붓) (싸홈) Fighting with pens, controversies conducted in writing.

*필점 s. 筆占 (붓) (점칠) Written forms of incantation.

*필정치다 s. 筆占 (붓) (점칠) 정치; 친 To write forms—in divination.

*필지어셔ᄒᆞ다 s. 筆之於書 (붓) (갈) (글) To take a note of—on paper; to note down. *See* 긔록ᄒᆞ다.

*필채 s. 筆債 (붓) (빗) The price paid for penman service.

*필집 s. (一찝) 筆執 (붓) (잡을) A guarantor; one who goes security. *See* 보증.

필채 s. 貫錢索 (꿰일—*판) (돈—*전) 노—*삭) A cash string. *See* 꿰엽이.

*필체ᄒᆞ다 s. 畢債 (못칠) (빗) To pay off a debt. *See* 갑다.

*필침 s. 筆枕 (붓) (벼기) A pen-rack.

*필첩 s. 筆帖 (붓) (텨) Specimens of writing.

*필통 s. 筆筒 (붓) (통) A case for pens. *See* 필낭.

*필ᄒᆞ다 s. 畢 (못칠) To complete; to finish. *See* 못치다.

*핍근ᄒᆞ다 s. 逼近 (갓가울) (갓가울) To be near; to be hard by.

*핍박ᄒᆞ다 s. 逼迫 (갓가울) (핍박) To compel; to force. To molest; to disturb; to persecute. *See* 구박ᄒᆞ다.

*핍절ᄒᆞ다 s. 乏絕 (박질) (끈허질) To be destitute; to be without resource; to be exhausted; to be used up. *See* 다ᄒᆞ다.

*핍진ᄒᆞ다 s. 乏盡 (다ᄒᆞ) (다ᄒᆞ) To be destitute; to be without resource; to be used up. *See* 핍절ᄒᆞ다.

핑 *l.* Round.

핑계ᄒᆞ다 s. 推托 (밀—*추) (부탁—*탁) To allege as an excuse; to offer as a pretext. *See* 모의ᄒᆞ다.

핑핑 *l.* Round and round; whirling about.

*핑각골 s. 貝殼骨 (자기) (껍흘) (뼈) The shoulder blade or scapula.

핀동핀동ᄒᆞ다 s. To idle about; to be impudent.

핑 s. A word expressive of the sound of a flying bullet or stone. Quickly; round and round.

핑게치다 s. 擲 (던질—*척) 개쳐; 친 To throw; to pitch; to toss. *See* 팔미치다.

핑그랑이 s. A small top spun by the fingers.

핑그를 s. Round and round. (돌다).

핑나무 s. A kind of tree.

*핑둥이숙 s. 烹頭耳熟 (삶을) (머리) (귀) (닉을) In boiling the head the ears are cooked.

핑이 s. A top. (돌니다).

*핑조 s. 彭祖 (짜) (할아비) A famous Chinaman who became a fairy.

*핑창ᄒᆞ다 s. 膨脹 (핑창ᄒᆞᆯ) (핑창ᄒᆞᆯ) To swell; to be distended.

핑핑 s. and *l.* Round and round; whirling. (돌다). Short; tight.

핑핑ᄒᆞ다 s. and *l.* To be tight; to be stretched. To be even; to be alike.

*핑ᄒᆞ다 s. 烹 (삶을) To "boil" an offending official—an ancient method of torture.

ᄒᆞ

ᄒᆞ An aspirated ㅇ, having the sound of *h*.

하 s. Very. Ha!—marking disgust.

하 *l.* Ha!—marking surprise.

*하 *l.* 下 (아래) Below; the bottom; the lowest grade. *See* 아래.

*하가애 s. 何暇 (엇지) (겨를) What spare time? What time of leisure?

*하강 *l.* 下疳 (아래) (감질) Desease of the genital organ.

*하강창 *l.* 下疳瘡 (아래) (감질) (헌데) Venereal ulcers.

*하감ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下鑑 (아래) (거울) To please to regard, to condescend to see.

*하강ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下降 (아래) (느릴) To descend; to come down (from a height).

*하거ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下車 (아래) (수레) To alight from a carriage or car.

*하거ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下去 (아래) (갈) To go down; to descend.

*하게 ㄴ 下界 (아래) (디경) A lower region; a lower place.

*하계 ㄴ 下計 (아래) (계교) A third rate scheme; a last resource. *See* 하칙.

*하고초 ㄴ 夏枯草 (녀름)(무를)(풀) The *Brunella vulgaris*—it is green in winter and fades in summer.

*하고성 s. 河鼓星 〈물〉 (북) (별) The Herdboy constellation.

*하교 ㄴ 下敎 (아래) (구르칠) A royal edict; an order from the king. *See* 전교.

*하긔 s. 下記 (아래) (긔록) An account; a record of expenses ~in a yamen.

*하긔 ㄴ 夏期 (녀름) (긔약) Summer; summer season.

*하긔방학 ㄴ 夏期放學 (녀름) (긔약) (노흘) (비홀) Summer vacation—of a school.

*하긔시험 ㄴ 夏期試驗 (녀름) (긔약) (시험) (증험) Examination for the summer vacation; summer examination —of a school.

*하긔휴업 ㄴ 夏期休業 (녀름) (긔약) (쉬일) (업) Summer vacation—of an office, etc.

*하급 ㄴ 下級 (아래) (초래—*질) Lowest grade; inferior quality; third class.

*하판 ㄴ 下官 (아래) (벼슬) I—used by a magistrate in the presence of a provincial governor. *Opp.* 상판.

*하판 ㄴ 下頷 (아래) (턱) The lower part of the face. Shimonoseki in Japan.

*하판 ㄴ 下官 (아래) (벼슬) I (used by officials only). The lower officials.

*하판대소 s. 何關大事 (엇지) (관계홀) (큰) (일) For what great reason?

*하판ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下棺 (누릴) (관) To lower the coffin into the grave.

*하권 ㄴ 下卷 (아래) (칙) The 2nd or 3rd volume of a book. *Opp.* 상권.

*하남 s. 河南 (물) (남녁) Ho-nan in China.

*하남촌 ㄴ 下南村 (아래) (남녁) (마을) The lower part of Nam chon—a district in Seoul.

*하년하일 s. 何年何日 (엇지) (히) (엇지) (날) A certain year and a certain day. What year what day?

*하념ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ (—렴) 下念 (아래) (성각) To treat with consideration; to condescend to notice. *See* 고렴ᄒᆞ다.

하느님 s. 上帝 (샹—*샹) (님금—*뎨) The King of Heaven—God. *See* 샹뎨.

하놀 s. 天 (*텬) The sky; Heaven.

하놀밥도젹 s. The mole-cricket.

하놀소 s. The mole-cricket.

하놀터리 s. 瓦葦 외—*파) (명불—*투) The *Trichosanthes multiloba.*—

*하닉 s. (—릭) 河內 (물) (안) The name of a district in ancient China.

*하단 ㄴ 下端 (아래) (끗) Downwards; beneath; below. *See* 말단.

*하달 s. 河獺 (하슈) (슈달) An otter.

*하달디리ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下達地理 (아래) (통달) (짜) (리지) To have a knowledge of the configuration of the land—as a geomancer.

*하뎡비ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下庭拜 (아래) (뜰) (졀) To bow in salutation before the door.

*하도닉셔 s. 河圖洛書 (물) (그림) (락슈) (글) The Yellow River Plan and the Lo River Book—mystic diagrams revealed by these waters to 복희 and 하우.

*하돈 s. 河豚 (물) (되야지) The globe-fish. A dolphin. *See* 복아지.

*하동 s. 河東 (물) (동녁) The name of a district in ancient China. A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 34.58. Long. 127.53.

*하등 s. 何等 (엇지) (무리) What? How? To what degree? Very! Indeed! Truly!

*하등 ㄴ 下等 (아래) (무리) Low quality; inferior grade; third class.

*하등샤회 ㄴ 下等社會 (아래) (무리) (회샤) (모들) The lower classes of society.

*하뎨 s. 何代 (엇지) (뎨신) What generation? Any generation.

*하뎌ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下待 (아래) (뎌졉) To treat uncivilly; to speak disrespectfully to. *See* 압시ᄒᆞ다.

*하락ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下落 (누릴) (써러질) To fall as a market price.

*하란국 s. 荷蘭國 (련) (란초) (나라) Holland.

*하란슈 s. 荷蘭水 (련) (란초) (물) Soda-water.

*하랑ᄒᆞ다 ㄴ 下諒 (아래) (혜아릴) To condescend to take note of. *See* 통촉ᄒᆞ다.

*하례 *l.* (--예) 下隷 (아래) (종) Underlings; menials; servants. *See* 하속.

*하례 *l.* 賀禮 (하례) (례도) Congratulations.

*하례배 *l.* 下隷輩 (아래)(종)(무리) Low classes as slaves etc.

*하례하다 *l.* 賀 (하례 -*하) To offer congratulations; to felicitate.

*하령 *s.* 遐齡 (멀) (히) Long life; longevity.

*하령하다 *l.* 下令 (누릴) (하여욤) To order; to command. *See* 분부하다.

*하류 *l.* 下流 (아래) (흐를) The lower part of a stream. People of low class. *Opp.* 상류.

*하류지배 *s.* 下流之輩 (아래) (흐를) (갈) (무리) People of low class.

*하륙하다 *l.* 下陸 (누릴) (뭍) To disembark; to land. *See* 하선하다.

*하륜 *s.* 河崙 (물) (뫼) A.D. 1347 F.S. 昌州 N.P. 浩亭. A famous minister of Korea and an adviser of Tă-jo.

*하리 *l.* 下痢 (아래) (리질) Purging; diarrhœa. *See* 설사.

*하리 *l.* 下吏 (아래) (아전) Low official writers.

하리다 *s.* 어리; 된 To be stupid; to lack sense. *See* 아둔하다.

하리망당하다 *s.* To be forgetful; to be stolid; to be sleepy. *See* 아리잠직하다.

하마 *s.* Nearly. *See* 거의.

*하마 *s.* 蝦蟆 (개고리) (개고리) The medical name for the common frog. *See* 개구리.

*하마석 *l.* 下馬石 (누릴) (돌) (돌) A stepping stone—used in mounting a horse.

하마터면 *s.* If a little more .... ; only a hair's breadth .... .

*하마비 *l.* 下馬碑 (누릴) (말) (비석) A stone tablet by the roadside to indicate that one should dismount—as a mark of honor.

*하마하다 *l.* 下馬 (누릴) (말) To dismount—from a horse as a mark of respect. *See* 내마하다.

*하면목으로 *s.* 何面目 (엇지) (낫) (눈) With what face? How could one meet without shame?

하무 *s.* Very much.

*하문 *l.* 下門 (아래) (문) The vagina.

*하문 *l.* 下文 (아래) (글) The writing that follows . .

*하문 *l.* 下問 (아래) (무를) Asking the opinions of one's inferiors.

*하문 *l.* 厦門 (집) (문) Amoy.

*하문하다 *l.* 下問 (아래) (무를) To request; to ask—of a superior. *See* 품문하다.

*하물 *s.* 荷物 (메일) (물건) Luggage; baggage; packet goods; merchandise; cargo.

*하물검사소 *s.* 荷物檢查所 (메일) (물건) (검사할) (사실홀) (곳) A place or an office for examining baggage or goods.

*하미 *l.* 下米 (아래) (쌀) Poor quality of rice.

*하민 *l.* 下民 (아래) (빅성) The common people; the low classes. (Comp.).

*하방 *l.* 下方 (아래) (모) The lower classes of people—as distinguished from nobility; commoners.

*하방 *s.* 遐方 (멀) (모) A place distant from the capital. *See* 하향.

하번식이다 *l.* 식여; 인 To degrade; to deprive of office.

*하번하다 *l.* 下番 (누릴) (번) To be degraded. To complete one's official duties. *Opp.* 입번하다.

*하복 *l.* 下腹 (아래) (비) The abdomen.

*하불식육이오 *s.* 何不食肉味 (엇지) (아닐) (밥) (고기) (맛) Why do you not eat flesh?

*하불하 *l.* 下不下 (아래) (아닐) (아래) The lowest; the poorest; the least; at least.

*하배 *l.* 下輩 (아래) (무리) Inferiors, low classes.

*하빅 *s.* 河伯 (물) (맛) The spirit of the sea and rivers.

*하산하다 *l.* 下山 (누릴) (뫼) To return from the mountains; to give up a hermit's life. *Opp.* 입산하다.

*하상 *s.* 何嘗 (엇지) (일직) (What) indeed? (Why) forsooth?—usually implying an answer in the negative.

*하상견지만야오 *s.* 何相見之晩也 (엇지) (서로) (볼) (갈) (느질) (잇가) Why have we met so late? Why were we so slow in meeting?

*하서 *l.* 下書 (아래) (글) Your condescending letter. (Epist.).

*하선하다 *l.* 下船 (누릴) (비) To disembark. *See* 하륙하다

*하세ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下世 (누릴) (인간) To depart from the world—to die. *See* 작고ᄒᆞ다.

*하셜 *l.* 下說 (아래) (졍셜) My humble opinion. *See* 하졍.

하소거리다 *l.* 거 러 ; 린 To inform; to enter a complaint.

하소연ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (—수—) To inform; to enter a complaint.

*하솔 *l.* 下率 (아래) (거ᄂᆞ릴) Attendants; those under one's care or of one's household. *See* 하속.

*하쇽 *l.* 下屬 (아래) (붓칠) Valets; menials, underlings. *See* 하솔.

*하수 *l.* 下數 (아래) (두어) Lowest plane of thought

*하슈오 *s.* 何首烏 (엇지) (머리) (가마귀) *Polygonum multiflorum.* The name of a medicine said to prevent the hair from turning white.

*하슈히 *s.* 河水海 (물) (물) (바다) Wladiwostok.

*하슈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下手 (아래) (손) To put the hand to.

*하슉 *l.* 下宿 (아래) (잘) Lodging; boarding; a boarding-house.

*하슌 *l.* 下旬 (아래) (열흘) The last ten days of the month.

*하슝 *l.* 下習 (아래) (닉힐) The behaviour of an inferior; deportment of servants.

*하ᄉᆞ *s.* 何事 (엇지) (일) What, what matter or business; what news; what a reason.

*하ᄉᆞ *l.* 下士 (아래) (션비) Non-commissioned officers.

*하ᄉᆞ관 *l.* 下士官 (아래) (션비) (벼슬) Petty officers in the Army or Navy.

*하ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下賜 (아래) (줄) To confer or bestow said of the Emperor or the Government.

*하셔 *l.* 下生 (아래) (날) I. (Epist.) *See* 소셩.

*하야오 *s.* 何也 (엇지) (엇가) What? What is it?

*하안 *s.* 河岸 (하슈) (언덕) The bank of a river.

*하양 *s.* 河陽 (물) (볏) A prefect in Kyong-sang-do. Lat. 35.09. Long. 128.57.

*하언 *s.* 夏諺 (녀름) (속담) The common speech of the 하 Kingdom.

*하여오 *s.* 何如 (엇지) (그ᄒᆞᆫ) How is it?

*하연 *s.* 河演 (물) (누를) A.D. 1376 F.S. 晉州 A famous Minister in the reign of Mun-jong.

*하엽 *s.* 荷葉 (련) (닙) The lotus leaf. A kind of mineral used for paint.

*하오 *s.* 何 (엇지) How? What?

*하오 *l.* 下午 (아래) (낫) The afternoon.

*하옥ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下獄 (누릴) (옥) To put in prison; to look up.

*하우 *l.* 下愚 (아래) (어리석을) A foolish fellow; the ignorant. *Opp.* 상지.

*하우 *l.* 夏雨 (녀름) (비) Summer rain.

*하우불이 *l.* 下愚不移 (아래) (어리석을) (아닐) (옴길) An imbecile; a hopeless fool.

*하우씨 *l.* 夏禹氏 (녀름) (님금) (갈씨) The Great *U* King of the *Ha* dynasty. (B. C. 2205.)

*하운 *l.* 夏雲 (녀름) (구름) Summer clouds.

*하위디 *s.* 河緯地 (물) (씨) (짜) A.D. 1453-1456. A faithful courtier one of the "Six" F.S. 晉州 (K.S.) N.P. 丹溪).

*하의 *l.* 夏衣 (녀름) (옷) Summer clothes.

*하의당 *s.* 下議廳 (아래) (의론) (무리) The governing body in a nation. *See* 민권당.

*하의소오 *s.* 何意思 (엇지) (뜻) (싱각) What idea? What thought?

*하의원 *l.* 下議院 (아래) (의론) (집) The House—in which the governing body of the people assembles.

*하이 *s.* 遐邇 (멀) (갓가울) Distance and proximity; far or near; distance.

*하이위지오 *s.* 何以爲之 (엇지) (써) (ᄒᆞ) (갈) How will you do it?

*하인 *l.* 下人 (아래) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A servant, an underling; menials. *See* 소환.

*하일 *l.* 夏日 (녀름) (날) Summer days.

*하완 *l.* 下浣 (아래) (빨) Same as 하슌.

*하장 *l.* 下章 (아래) (글장) The next chapter. The last verse of a song.

*하적 *s.* 瑕跡 (흐) (자최) A fault; a defect; a weak point; a blemish. *See* 하조.

*하졀 *l.* 夏節 (녀름) (절) Summer; the summer season. *See* 녀름

*하제 *l.* 下劑 (아래) (약지을) A purgative.

*하졍 *l.* 下情 (아래) (뜻) My humble opinion. *See* 하셜.

*하지 *l.* 下智 (아래) (지혜) Inferior intellect; lower knowledge.

*하지 *l.* 夏至 (녀름) (니를) The summer solstice.

*하지선 *l.* 夏至線 (녀름)(니를)(실) Tropic of Capricorn.

*하직 *l.* 下直 (아래) (곳을) Adieu; salutation at departure. Death. (Hon.).

*하직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下直 (아래) (곳을) To bid farewell; to pay one's respects to a superior—on departure.

*하조 *s.* 瑕疵 (틔) (험) A fault; a defect; a weak point; a blemish. *See* 단쳐; 하젹.

하찬하 *s.* 찬하; 흔 To be not much; to be few.

*하쳐 *s.* 何處 (엇지) (곳) What place? When?

*하천지비 *l.* 下賤之輩 (아래) (천ᄒᆞᆯ) (갈) (무리) The lowest of the people—sorcerers, butchers, basket weavers etc.

*하천ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下賤 (아래) (천ᄒᆞᆯ) To be low; to be mean; to be vile.

*하청 *l.* 下音 (아래) (소리—*음) Low notes—in singing. *See* 상청.

*하초 *l.* 下焦 (아래) (ᄎᆞᆯ) The lower abdomen.

*하품 *l.* 下品 (아래) (품) Low quality; inferior grade; third class. *See* 하등.

*하치 *l.* 下品 (아래) (품수—*품) Lowest grade; poorest quality. *See* 하품.

*해치다 *l.* 害 (해ᄒᆞᆯ) 해ᄒᆞ; 친 To hurt; to injure *See* 해ᄒᆞ다.

*하청ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下鍼 (누릴) (바늘) To pierce—in acupuncture. (Comp.) *See* 침놋다.

*하칙 *l.* 下策 (아래) (묘칙) An inferior scheme; a third-rate plan. *See* 하계.

*하턴 *l.* 夏天 (녀름) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Summer weather.

*하체 *l.* 下體 (아래) (몸) The lower extremities—of the body. The root. (Comp.).

*하쳑 *l.* 下帖 (아래) (에—*렵) An order from a superior—to one in public service.

*하ᄒᆞᆫ *s.* 何特 (엇지) (ᄒᆞᆨ별) How indeed? How forsooth? *See* 하필.

*하편 *l.* 下篇 (아래) (칙) The lower side. *Opp.* 상편.

*하포보란 *s.* 荷包牡丹 (련) (쌀) (수컷) (ᄒᆞᆰ을—*단) Bleeding heart.

*하풍 *l.* 下風 (아래) (바람) Leeward; the interior position.

*하품 *l.* 下品 (아래) (품수) Low degree; poor quality; inferior grade. *See* 렬등.

*하필 *s.* 何必 (엇지) (반ᄃᆞ) Why? How indeed? Why forsooth?

하하 *s.* 哈哈 (우슴—*가) (우슴—*가) Ha' ha'—laughing loudly. *See* 허허.

*하학ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下學 (아래) (비ᄒᆞᆯ) To close studies; to cease study. *Opp.* 상학ᄒᆞ다.

*하한 *s.* 河漢 (하슈) (한슈) The Milky Way. *See* 은하슈.

*하황 *s.* 遐荒 (멀) (시골) Distant provincer. *See* 시골.

*하허인 *s* 何許人 (엇지) (허락) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) What man? a certain man.

*하현 *l.* 下弦 (아래) (활) A waning moon—after the full. The 3rd quarter of the moon. The 22nd and 23rd of each month.

*하혈 *l.* 下血 (아래) (피) Discharging blood; bloody flux.

*하혈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下血 (아래) (피) To pass blood.

*하후하박 *s.* 何厚何薄 (엇지) (두터울) (엇지) (엷을) Liberal and sparing; sometimes free and sometimes close.

*하ᄒᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 *l.* 下恤 (아래) (불상히ᄂᆡ길) To treat with compassion; to pity. (Epist.).

*하힌 *s.* 河海 (물) (바다) Rivers and seas—used of grace, favor etc.

*하힌지덕 *s.* 河海之德 (물) (바다) (갈) (ᄃᆞᆨ) Favor wide as river and sea; unlimited grace.

*하황 *s.* 何況 (엇지) (ᄒᆞ믈며) How much more .....; how much less . . ..

*학 *s.* 鶴 (학) The crane—the emblem of longevity. *Grus viridirostris.* *See* 아학.

*학 *s.* 學 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) Study; doctrine; learning.

*학교 *s.* 學校 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (학교) A government school; an academy.

*학교장 *s.* 學校長 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (학교) (어른) Principal of a school.

*학구 *s.* 學究 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (궁구ᄒᆞᆯ) A school teacher. *See* 학장.

학구질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To do teaching, to teach characters.

*학긔 *s.* 學期 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔약) Academic terms.

*학긔 *s.* 瘧氣 (학질) (긔운) Fever; ague.

*학긔시험 *s.* 學期試驗 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔약) (시험) (중험) School term examinations.

*학과 *s.* 學課 (비ᄒᆞᆯ) (과목) Subjects or course of study; the different branches of learning; curriculum.

*학관 s. 學官 (비홈) (벼슬) An office reserved for illegitimate sons of the gentry.

*학년 s. 學年 (비홈) (히) The year of study.

*학당 s. 學堂 (비홈) (집) A school. *See* 서지.

*학덩 s. 鶴頂 (학) (니마) The step-shaped depression on the front of a horsehair cap.

*학도 s 學徒 (비홈) (무리) Scholars; students. *See* 선도.

*학동 s. 學童 (비홈) (우히) A school-boy; a scholar. *See* 서동.

*학뎌ᄒᆞ다 s. 虐待 (사오나올) (더졉) To illtreat or oppress.

*학력 s. 學力 (비홈) (힘) Learning; scholarship; proficiency. *See* 학문.

*학령 s. 學齡 (비홈) (나) The age at which children are to be sent to school.

*학령 s. 鶴齡 (학) (히) Age of the crane; longevity

*학무 s. 學務 (비홈) (힐쓸) Educational affairs or duties.

*학무국장 s. 學務局長 (비홈) (힐쓸) (판) (어룬) The Head of the Bureau of Education.

*학무아문 s. 學務衙門 (비홈) (힐쓸) (아문) (문) The Office of Education.

*학문 s. 學問 (비홈) (무를) Learning; knowledge of characters.

*학민ᄒᆞ다 s. 虐民 (사오나올) (빅셩) To oppress the people. *See* 학정ᄒᆞ다.

*학발 s. 鶴髮 (학) (털 여) Crane's hair; gray hair.

*학방 s. 學房 (비홈) (방) A school. (Prov.). *See* 학당.

*학부 s. 學部 (비홈) (마을) The office of Education.

*학부대신 s. 學部大臣 (비홈) (마을) (큰) (신하) The Minister of Education.

*학살ᄒᆞ다 s. 虐殺 (사오나올) (죽일) To murder in cruel manner.

*학술 s. 學術 (비홈) (술업) Learning and accomplishments; science and art.

*학슬 s. 鶴膝 (학) (무릅) The ear clasps of a pair of spectacles; spectacles. *See* 알욱경.

*학슬풍 s 鶴膝風 (학) (무릅) (바람) Crane-knee scrofula; beriberi.

*학습 s. 學習 (비홈) (닉힐) Scholarship; proficiency in the knowledge of the character. *See* 학식.

*학습인 s. 學習人 (비홈) (닉힐) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A catechumen. *See* 권입교인.

*학습원 s. 學習院 (비홈) (닉힐) (집) The noble's college.

*학습ᄒᆞ다 s. 學習 (비홈) (닉힐) To learn; to practise.

*학식 s. 學識 (비홈) (알) Knowledge; experience; culture. *See* 학력.

*학ᄉᆞ s. 學士 (비홈) (션비) Graduates of the Confucian College.

*학생 s. 學生 (비홈) (날) One dying without rank; a deceased scholar. *Opp.* 유학.

*학업 s 學業 (비홈) (업) Scholarship; proficiency. *See* 학력.

*학예 s. 學藝 (비홈) (지조) Science and arts.

*학우 s. 學友 (비홈) (벗) A schoolmate; a literary friend.

*학이지지ᄒᆞ다 s. 學而知之 (비홈) (말이) (알) (갈) To know from having studied.

*학원 s. 學員 (비홈) (인원) A student. *See* 학도; 학생.

*학자 s. 學者 (비홈) (놈) A Confucianist; a follower of Confucius.

*학자님 s. 學者 (비홈) (놈) A scholar; a literati.

*학자세계 s. 學者世界 (비홈) (놈) (인간) (디경) The literary world.

*학제 s. 學制 (비홈) (법) System of education.

*학장 s. 學長 (비홈) (어룬) A schoolmaster; a teacher. *See* 훈장

*학장질ᄒᆞ다 s. 學長 (비홈) (어룬) To take the part of teacher; to do teaching.

*학정ᄒᆞ다 s. 虐政 (사오나올) (정소) To tyrannize over the people; to govern unjustly. *See* 탐정ᄒᆞ다.

*학질 s. 瘧疾 (학질) (병) Ague; chills and fever. (알더). *See* 고금.

학질떼다 s. 떼여; 쩬 To cure ague. To rid oneself of a nuisance.

*학조 s. 學費 (비홈) (지로) Educational expenses. *See* 학비.

학춤 s. The crane dance torture—consists of hanging the victim in mid air, in such a way that his writhings take the form of a crane dance.

학치 s. The shin; the front part of the leg.

*학학ᄒᆞ다 s. 鶴鶴 (칠) (흴) To be white; to shine as whitebirds. (M)

*학힝 s. 學行 (학힝) (힝호) The study of deportment—from Confucianism.

*한 l. 限 (한명) A limit. About; nearly —before numerals.

*한 l. 漢 (한슈) The name of a Chinese dynasty lasting from 306 B. C. to 220 A.D. One of the kings on a chessboard, the other being 초.

*한가롭다 s. 閒 (한가) 로와; 은 To be idle; to have leisure.

*한가온디 s. 限中 (한명) (가온디 *즁) The middle; the measure of half. *See* 한복판.

*한가히 s. 閒暇 (한가) (겨를) Leisurely; idly

*한가ᄒᆞ다 s. 閒暇 (한가) (겨를) To have spare time; to have leisure. *See* 한연ᄒᆞ다.

*한갈ᄒᆞ다 l. 旱竭 (가믈) (ᄆᆞᄅᆞᆯ) To be parched; to be dried up—through want of water.

*한강 l. 汉江 (한슈) (물) The river that flows west past the outskirts of Seoul.

*한거ᄒᆞ다 s. 閒居 (한가) (살) To lead a retired life; to live in quietude.

한껏 l. Extremely; excessively. *See* 힘껏.

*한구 l. 汉口 한슈 입) The mouth of the Han. Hankow.

*한국 s. 韓國 (나라) (나라) Korea. *See* 대한; 죠션.

*한국 s. 寒菊 (찰) (국화) A kind of *chrysanthemum.*

*한긔 s. 寒氣 (찰) (긔운) A chill; chilliness.

*한긔 s. 韓琦 (나라) (구슬) A.D. 1008 1075. A famous minister of the Song Kingdom, China.

*한긔 s. 寒氣 (찰) (긔운) The cold; cold air; a cold.

*한긔 l. 旱氣 (가믈) (긔운) Drought; dryness. *See* 한독

*한긔신 l. 限己身 (한명) (몸) (몸) For life; during lifetime; until death as exile. *See* 무한년.

*한긔태심ᄒᆞ다 l. 旱氣太甚 (가믈) (긔운) 클 심ᄒᆞᆫ To be a great drought, to be very dry.

*한긔태심ᄒᆞ다 s. 寒氣太甚 (찰) (긔운) 을 (심ᄒᆞᆫ To be extremely cold.

*한관 s. 閒官 (한가) 버슬 A public office—involving but little work or responsibility; a government official without any active business or service; a sinecure. *See* 용관.

*한나산 s. 漢拏山 (한슈) (ᄯᅳᆯ) (뫼) Mount Halla in Quelpart.

*한난계 s. 寒暖計 (찰) (더울) (계교) A thermometer.

*한낮 s. 午 (낫—*오) Noon; midday. *See* 정오.

*한눈파다 l. 外視 밧—*외 ᄇᆞᆯ *시) 다, 관 To be absent-minded; to be preoccupied; to have the thoughts elsewhere.

*한뉘 l. 限內 (한명) (안) A fixed term; within the limit; within (this) rule; under (this) proviso; prescribed.

*한담 s. 閒談 (한가) (말숨) A chat; quiet talk. *See* 니야기.

*한담셜화 s. 閒談說話 (한가 말숨) (말숨) (말숨) (quiet conversation, table talk.

*한당 l. 汗黨 (ᄯᅴ (무리) Robbers; brigands. *See* 골한당.

한때 l. 外 (밧—*외) Outside. *See* 한뒤.

*한뎡 l. 限定 (한명) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) A limit; a boundary. *See* 뎡한.

*한뎡ᄒᆞ다 l. 限定 한명) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To fix a limit. *See* 뎡한ᄒᆞ다.

*한도 s. 捍刀 (막을) (칼) A sword; a sabre.

*한독 l. 旱毒 (가믈) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Drought. *See* 한긔.

*한독ᄒᆞ다 l. 悍毒 (사오나올) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be treacherous; to be malignant. *See* 표독ᄒᆞ다

한둔ᄒᆞ다 l. To spend the night out; to be up all night.

한들한들 s. Shaking; waving. *See* 흔들흔들.

한뒤 l. (—뎨) 外 (밧—*외) Outside. *Also* 한데.

*한띄 s. 寒帶 (찰) (띄) The polar circles; the polar zones.

*한량 s. 閒良 (한가) (어질) An archer who has not graduated. The common people—so marked officially.

*한량 l. 限量 (한명) (헤아릴) A limit; a measure; an estimate

한량업다 l. 無限量 (업슬—*무) (한명—*한) (헤아릴—*량) 셔; 슨 To be immeasurable, to be boundless; to be infinite.

*한련화 l. 旱蓮花 (가믈) (련) (ᄭᅩᆺ) The nasturtium.

*한로 s. 寒露 (찰) (이슬) 'Cold Dew'—one of the twenty four solar periods, occurring about October 8th.

*한뢰 l. 무뢰 (가물) (우뢰) Thunder without rain; a thunderbolt out of a clear sky.

*한림 l. 翰林 (놀기) (수플) An honorable literary rank. An office under the charge of a 한림.

*한림보교 l. 翰林轎子 (놀기) (수플) (보교—*교) A two-man chair without a top.

한림군츄막 l. A large sleeved coat worn without the 창옷.

*한림차 l. 翰林車 (놀기) (수플) (수레) An open cart.

*한림형건 l. 翰林宏巾 (놀기) 수플) (당건) (슈건) A cap worn without a head-band.

*한림풍월 l. 翰林風月 (놀개) (수플) (바람) (둘) A famous brand of Korean ink

*한림학소 l. 翰林學士 (놀기) (수플) (비홀) (션비) A noted literary rank of China and Korea.

*한마지로 l. 汗馬之勞 (쓤) (물) (갈) (슈고로울) Toil like that of a perspiring horse.

*한만ᄒᆞ다 l. 汗漫 (쓤) (길) To be loose; to be distant; to be long. To be useless.

*한명회 s. 韓明澮 (나라) (볽을) (개쳔) F.S. 浩州 N.P. 鴎亭. A man of evil reputation of the reign of Se-jo.

*한무뎨 l. 漢武帝 (나라) (호반) (님금) D. B. C. 87. A famous Emperor of China who desired to be a fairy and to live forever.

*한문 l. 漢文 (한슈) (글) The Chinese character. Chinese.

*한문 s. 韓文 (나라) (글 Korean native script. *See* 국문.

*한문학ᄉᆞ l. 漢文學士 한슈) (글) (비홀) (션비) Chinese literati; a Chinese scholar.

*한묵지간 l. 翰墨之間 (놀기) (먹) (갈) (ᄉᆞ이) A matter of ink and pen; a literary matter.

*한미ᄒᆞ다 s. 寒微 (찰) (젹을) To be without office or means.

*한미 s. 寒梅 (찰) (ᄃᆡ 화) Plums blooming in winter; early plum tree.

*한발 l. 旱魃 (가물) (귀신) Drought.

한밤즁 s. 夜半 (밤—*야) (절반—*반) Midnight; late at night. *See* 밤.

*한보 s. 閒步 한가) (거름) Walking slowly; a stroll.

*한복판 s. 限中 (한명) (가온ᄃᆡ—*즁) The middle; the centre point.

*한북문 l. 漢北門 (한슈) (북녁) (문) The north gate of Seoul.

*한비즈 s. 韓非子 (나라) (아닐) (아들) A philosopher of the 3rd century B.C. of China, once a heretic, now highly honored.

*한빅륜 s. 韓伯倫 (나라) (맛) (인륜) F.S. 浩州. A famous minister of the reign of Se-jo.

*한산 s. 閒散 (한가) (흣허질) Loafers; idlers.

*한산 s. 韓山 (나라) (뫼) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do. Lat. 36.05. Long. 126.58.

*한산군 s. 閒散軍 한가) (흣허질) (군ᄉᆞ) Idlers; loafers; hangers-on.

*한산지인 s. 閒散之人 (한가) (흣허질) (갈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Idlers; loafers; hangers-on. *See* 한산.

*한상경 s. 韓尙敬 (나라) (오히려) (공경) A.D. 1360. F.S. 浩州 N.P. 信齋. A famous minister of the time of Se-jo.

*한삼 l. 汗衫 (쓤) (젹삼) A kind of wristlet worn by the bridegroom at his wedding.

*한셔 s. 寒暑 (찰) (더울, Cold and heat; temperature; cold and hot.

*한셔 l. 漢書 (한슈) (글) The chronicles of the kingdom of Han, China.

*한셔침 s. 寒暑針 (찰) (더울) (바ᄂᆞᆯ) A cold and heat needle—a thermometer. *See* 한셔표.

*한셔표 s. 寒暑表 (찰) (더울) (ᄑᆞᆺ) A thermometer. *See* 한셔침.

*한션 s. 寒蟬 (찰) (ᄆᆞᆺ앙이) A kind of cicada.

*한셩 l. 漢城 (한슈) (지) Seoul. *See* 한양.

*한셩ᄂᆡ l. 漢城內 (한슈) (지) (안) In Seoul; within the capital.

*한셩부 l. 漢城府 (한슈) (재) (마을) The Chief Office of Justice and Goverment Registry.

*한셩부민회 s. 漢城部民會 (한슈) (지) (ᄯᅢ) (뫼셩) (모들) A popular assembly of the capital.

*한숑령 s. 閒松亭 (한가) (솔) (명ᄌᆞ) An idle useless thing.

한숨 l. 太息 (클—*ᄃᆡ) (쉬일—*식) A sigh.

한숨쉬다 l. 太息 (클—*ᄃᆡ) (쉬일—*식) 쉬여; 헌 To sigh.

*한슈셕 s. 寒水石 (찰) (물) (돌) A calcareous spar.

*한식 s. 寒食 (찰) (밥) A sacrificial feast of cold food 105 days after the winter solstice—the day on which 개주쥬 died.

*한신 s. 韓信 (나라) (믯을) A warrior and State counsellor of the 한 kingdom who died B. C. 196.

*한심ᄒᆞ다 s. 寒心 (찰) (ᄆᆞᅀᆞᆷ) To be pitiable; to be sad; to be disappointed; to be anxious; to be troubled.

*한ᄉᆞ s. 寒士 (찰) (션비) A scholar, poor but famous.

*한ᄉᆞ결뎐ᄒᆞ다 l. 限死決悃 (한명) (죽을) (결단) (뎐장) To carry out the law to the fullest extent—in dealing with a criminal.

*한ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 l. 限死 (한명) (죽을) To risk one's life; to stop at nothing short of death *See* 더ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*한양 l. 漢陽 (한수) (볏) The name of the capital (서울) of Korea.

*한어 l. 漢語 (나라, 말ᄉᆞᆷ) The Chinese colloquial. *See* 호언.

*한열 s. 寒熱 (찰) (더울) Cold and heat.

*한열(이)왕ᄅᆡᄒᆞ다 s. 寒熱往來 (찰) (더울) (갈) (올) To have spells of cold and heat succeeding each other—said of the state of a patient.

*한열(이)샹박ᄒᆞ다 s. 寒熱相搏 (찰) (더울) (서로) (칠) To have spells of cold and heat succeeding each other—said of the state of a patient.

*한열왕ᄅᆡ s. 寒熱往來 (찰) (더울, (갈) (올) Heat and cold in succession.

*한외 l. 限外 (한명) 밧 Beyond the limit; not under (this) rule; excessive; unbounded.

*한용구 s. 韓用龜 (나라) (쓸) (거붑) A D. 1802. F S. 淸州 N.P. 晩悟. A famous man of the time of Yong-jong.

*한유ᄒᆞ다 s. 閑遊 (한가) (놀) To amuse oneself; to take a holiday; to idle away the time.

*한음 l. 漢音 (한슈) (소ᄅᆡ) The pronunciation or reading of Chinese characters.

*한의 l. 漢醫 (한슈) (의원) The Chinese physician.

*한의바람 s. 瀚海風 (바다—*한) (바다—*히) (바람—*풍) The north wind; a northwester.

*한응인 s. 韓應寅 (나라) (응ᄒᆞᆯ) (동방) A.D. 1614. F S. 淸州 N.P. 白沙. A noted man who opposed the Chinese in the Manchu invasion.

*한ᄋᆡ모 s. 韓蔿瑩 (나라) (놀ᄀᆡ) (씨) F.S. 淸州. N.P. 醇見. A famous minister of the time of Yong-jong.

*한인 l. 漢人 (한슈) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Chinese; a Chinaman.

*한인 s. 韓人 (나라) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A Korean; the people of Korea

*한인 s. 閑人 (한가) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A person who has no business occupation; a man of leisure.

*한일 l. 限日 (한명) (날) The appointed day or term.

*한일ᄒᆞ다 l. 限日 (한명) (날) To fix a day.

한임 s. A low servant, a woman slave.

*한원진 s. 韓元震 (나라) (웃ᄃᆞᆷ) (우ᄒᆡ) F S. N.P. 南塘. A noted physiologist of the reign of Chŏng-chong.

*한잘ᄒᆞ다 s. 閑雜 (한가) (섞길) To loaf about; to be a vagrant.

*한젼 s. 寒戰 (찰) (싸홈) Terror, fear; trembling. *See* 한젼증.

*한종신 l. 限終身 (한명) (ᄆᆞᄎᆞᆷ) (몸) For life; till death; all the life long.

*한종일 l. 限終日 (한명) (ᄆᆞᄎᆞᆷ) (날) All day; all the day long.

*한준겸 s. 韓浚謙 (나라) (깁ᄒᆞᆯ) (겸손) F.S. 淸州 N P. 柳川 The father-in-law of Io-jo, a famous scholar and minister.

*한증 s. 寒症 (찰) (증세) Chills. *Opp.* 셔열증.

*한징 l. 旱徵 (가믈) (징죠) Signs of drought.

*한증 l. 汗蒸 (ᄯᆞᆷ) (ᄯᆞᆯ) A mud sweating-room.

*한ᄌᆞ l. 漢字 (한슈) (글ᄌᆞ) Chinese characters.

*한지 l. 旱災 (가믈) (지앙) Drought. *See* 한둑.

*한창 l. 汗瘡 (ᄯᆞᆷ) (허ᄃᆡ) Sweat pimples.

*한창 s. 寒瘡 (찰) (헌ᄃᆡ) Chilblains.

*한촌 s. 寒村 (찰) (마을) A cool village; a remote village, an obscure locality.

*한총 l. 漢葱 (한슈) (파) *Allium esculentum.* *See* 당총.

*한출령비ᄒᆞ다 l. 汗出沾背 ᄯᆞᆷ (날) (저질) (등) To have the back wet with perspiration—as from nervousness, diffidence etc.

*한충 s. 韓忠 (나라) (충셩) A.D. 1506-1522. A man of great scholarship and virtue F.S. 淸州 N.P. (松齋).

*한텬 s. 寒天 (찰) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Cold weather.

*한텬 l. 旱天 (가믈) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Dry weather.

*한회지 s. 韓退之 (나라) (물너갈) (갈) A.D. 768-824. A great prose writer the Tang kingdom, China.

*한풍 s. 寒風 (찰) (바람) Cold wind.

*한학 l. 漢學 (한슉) (비홀) The study of Chinese.

*한학교슈 l. 漢學敎授 (한슉) (비홀) (교슈 칠) (줄) A teacher of Chinese.

*한효슌 s. 韓孝純 (나라) (효도) (슌전) A.D. 1603. F.S. 淸州 A famous character of the reign of Kwang-hu.

*한효원 s. 韓效元 (나라) (본밧을) (웃듬) F.S. 淸州 N.P. 韓溪. A famous minister of the reign of Chung-jong.

*한흥일 s. 韓興一 (나라) (닐) (호) A.D. 1547. F.S. 淸州 N.P. 柳市. A famous civil officer who lived during the Manchu mission.

*한호다 l. 限 (한명) To set a date; to fix a limit. *See* 한명호다.

할쌈할쌈호다 s. To breathe heavily; to pant. *See* 갈그랑갈그랑호다.

*할거호다 s. 割據 (버힐) (웅거홀) To seize a tract of land and occupy it.

*할경호다 s. 割耕 (버힐) (밧갈) To encroach on one's neighbor's fields—by ploughing in a part of them.

*할경호다 s. 割頸 (버힐) (디경) To speak against; to slander. *See* 분석호다.

*할고 s. 割股 (버힐) (도리) Cutting from the leg—in order to restore strength to a sick husband by feeding him on the blood.

할그랑할그랑 s. The sound of breathing heavily; gasping; wheezing.

할근할근호다 s. To pant; to gasp; to wheeze. To look down on; to treat with contempt. To be loose.

할뜸호다 s. To be sunken—as the eyes of a sick person. *See* 뗙군호다.

할짓할짓호다 s. To look down on; to treat with contempt. *See* 할근할근호다.

할싸 s. 舐 (할홀—*지) 혀; 혼 To lick; to lap.

할딱할딱호다 s. 喘 (헐떡일—*쳔) To pant; to breathe heavily. (Dim.) *See* 헐떡헐떡호다.

*할레 s. 割禮 (버힐) (례도) Circumcision. (밧다)

할머니 s. 祖母 (할아비 -*조) (어미—*모) Grandmother. (Hon.) *See* 조모.

할멈 s. 老媼 (늙을—*로) (늙은이—*구) Grandmother; old woman. (Low.) *See* 로구.

*할명호다 s. 割名 (버힐) (일홈) To efface a name from an official list.

할미 s. 媼 (*구) Grandmother; old woman. (Low.) *See* 할멈.

할미쏫 s. 老姑花 (늙을—*로) (할미—*고) (쏫—*화) The old maid's flower —*Anemone patens.*

할미새 s. 鶺鴒 (*쳑) (*령) The wagtail. *See* 겁죽새.

할미조개 s. The pearl oyster.

*할반지통 s. 割半之痛 (버힐) (절반) (갈) (알) Pain that cuts one in two.

*할보호다 s. 割譜 (버힐) (족보) To cut out one's family from the genealogical record.

*할봉관 s. 割封官 (버힐) (봉홀) (벼슬) An officer who takes charge of names that are cut from examination papers.

*할봉호다 s. 割封 (버힐) (봉홀) To cut names from examination papers.

할슉호다 l. To be hollow eyed and thin.

할아버니 s. 祖 (할아비—*조) Grandfather. (Hon.) *See* 할아버지.

할아버지 s. 祖 (할아비—*조) Grandfather. (Hon.) *See* 할아비.

할아비 s. 祖 (할아비 —*조) Grandfather (Low.) *See* 할아버니.

할아비 s. 祖 (할아비—*조) Grand-father. (Low.) *See* 대부.

*할육거피호다 s. 割肉去皮 (버힐) (고기) (벗길) (가죽) To kill, flay, and cut up an animal—all that one can possibly do.

할작할작호다 s. 舐說 (할홀—*지) (물알—*셜) To lap up; to eat or drink as a dog.

할퀴다 s. 퀴여; 퀸 To snatch; to claw. *See* 집위다.

*할팽 s. 割烹 (버힐) (삶을) Dressing food; cooking.

*할차거 s. 割車車 (버힐) (잇그러울) (수레) A split pulley.

*함 l. 函 (함) A box; a case. *See* 통.

*함 l. 緘 (봉홀) A letter. (Epist.) *See* 뭇줘.

*함 s. 啣 (명 함) Your name. *See* 조.

*함거 s. 檻車 (함거) (수레) A cart that carries a prisoner's cage.

*함경도 s. 咸鏡道 (다) (거울) (갈) The N.E. province of Korea bordering on Russia; Hamkyŏngdo.

*함구무언 l. 緘口無言 (봉홀) (입) (업슬) (말숨) Closing the mouth and remaining silent.

*함관 s. 函館 (편지) (곽사) Hakodate in Japan.

*함관령 s. 咸關嶺 (다) (진) (고어) A mountain pass in Hamkyong do. Lat 40.04. Long. 127.50.

함념하다 s. To nurse wrath; to cherish revenge. (Prov.)

*함독하다 s. 含毒 (먹음을) (독호) To nurse wrath; to cherish revenge. *See* 함념하다.

함두다 s. 字 (글자 *자, 일홈—*함, 두어; 둔 To affix a private mark after the name—of officials. *See* 착함하다

*함디 l. 陷地 (빠질) (짜) Circumstances—causing death.

*함락하다 l. 陷落 빠질 떨어질) To be destroyed altogether, to be ruined.

*함롱 l. 函籠 (함) (롱) Boxes and baskets.

*함루하다 s. 含淚 먹음을) (눈물) To be on the point of crying; to have the appearance of one about to shed tears; to have one's eyes filled with tears.

*함몰하다 l. 陷沒 (빠질) (죽을) To be annihilated; to be destroyed altogether; to fall or sink into. *See* 몰소하다

*함미 s. 鹹味 (짤) (맛) Saline or brine taste; saltness. *See* 염기.

*함미 s. 啣枚 (먹음을) (낫) A gag—to keep soldiers from talking. *See* 재갈

함박 s. A wooden dish used for washing rice.

함박꽃 s. 芍藥花 작약 *꽃) (약 *약) (꽃—*화) The *Paeonia albiflora*—the roots of which are used as a tonic.

함박눈 s. 大雪 (큰—*대) (눈—*설) Large flakes of snow.

함박살 s. The hips of a beef.

함박산모 s. Large red bridle tassels. (Prov.). *See* 쪽상모.

함싹함싹 s. (Sticking) into; (biting) into.

함보 l. (—보) A box wrap.

*함봉하다 l. 緘封 (봉호) (봉호) To close; to seal up.

함석 s. 白鉛 (흰—*빛) (납—*연) A kind of zinc.

*함성 l. 喊聲 (처들) (소리) A great outcry; the clamor of a battle-field.

*함성 s. 陷城 (빠질, (재) A walled city that has been destroyed. (Comp.)

*함수과산화철액 s. 含水過酸化鐵液 (먹음을) (물) (지날) (실) (철) (액) (진) Liquor Ferri Dialysatus.

*함수명렬식 s. 函數定列式 (함) (두어) (명할) (벌) (법) Functional.

*함수소다액 s. 含水 ... 液 (먹음을) (물) ... (진) Liquor Sodæ.

*함수수하시엄액 s. 含水 .... 液 (먹음을) (물) ... (진) Liquor Potassæ.

*함수칼시엄 s. 含水 ..... (먹음을) (물) ... Calcii Hydras.

*함수클로랄 s. 含水 ..... (먹음을) (물) ... Hydrate of Chloral.

*함수철액 s. 含水鐵液 (먹음을) (물) (쇠) (진) Liquor Ferri Dialysatus.

*함씨 s. 咸氏 (다) (각씨—*시) Your nephew. (Hon.) *See* 족하.

함실 l. A fireplace without rice-kettle or kitchen.

*함디 l. 艦隊 (군함) (떼) A fleet of warships.

*함안 s. 咸安 (다, (진안, A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.10. Long. 128.23.

*함양 s. 咸陽 (다) (볕) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 35.30. Long. 127.50.

*함열 s. 咸悅 (다) (진실) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.55 Long. 127.07.

*함의물니다 s. 啣枚 (먹음을) (낫—*대) 물니다; 닌 To gag.

*함인 l. 函人 (갑옷) (사롬) An armor-maker. (M.).

*함인하다 s. 含忍 (먹음을) (참을) To be patient.

*함장 l. 艦長 (배) (어른) The captain of a war vessel.

함장 l. 掌車 (수레, 맛) A conductor or guard of a train.

*함정 l. 陷穽 (빠질, (함정—*정) A pit—covered used as a trap.

*함종 s. 咸從 다 (좇을) A prefect in Pyŏng-an-do. Lat. 38.57. Long. 125.19.

함지박 s. A large wooden dish.

*함조 s. (—ㅈ) 啣字 (명할) (글조) The characters of your name; your name. (Hon.) *See* 함.

*함창 s. 咸昌 (다) (창성) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.25. Long. 128.09.

*함초 s. 鹹草 (짤) (풀) *Angelica kiusiana.*

*함평 s. 咸平 (다) (평홀) A prefect in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 35.03. Long. 126.41.

*합풍 s 咸豊 (다) (풍년) The title of the reign of the Emperor 奕詝 Hyok-chó, (1851-1862).

합합하다 s. To be sleek; to be smooth—of fur.

*합합하다 s. 搕搕 (란란) (란란) To rattle—as a cart. (B.O.).

*합해하다 s. 陷害 (빠질) (해홀) To injure another by a false accusation.

*합혐하다 s. 含嫌 (먹을을) (혐의) To hold hatred; to cherish feelings of revenge.

*함흥 s. 咸興 (다) (닐) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 39.53 Long. 127.35. The town of Ham-heung.

*함흥차사 咸興差使 (다) (닐) (부릴) (하여곰) One who goes not never returns.

*합 s. 盒 (합) A small round box.

*합 s. 合 (모돌) An attack. A total; a sum.

*합가하다 s. 合家 (모돌) (집) To live together. *See* 합솔하다.

*합격하다 s. 合擊 (모돌) (칠) To make a combined attack.

*합계 s. 合啓 (모돌) (열) A memorial to the king.

*합계 s. 合計 (모돌) (계교) The whole number; the sum; amount; total; aggregate.

*합계출량 s. 合計重量 (모돌) (계교) (무거울) (헤아릴) Gross weight.

*합계하다 s. 合計 (합홀) (계교) To count up; to totalize; to sum up.

*합계하다 s. 合啓 (모돌) (열) To consult together—officially; to memorialize the king. *See* 합좌하다.

합곡 s. The region for acupuncture between the thumb and first finger. A junction.

*합군하다 s. 合郡 (모돌) (고을) To unite into one district.

*합궁하다 s. 合宮 (모돌) (집) To cohabit. *See* 합혜하다.

*합니 s 閤內 (집) (안) The members of the household; the household. (Hon.).

*합당하다 s. 合當 (모돌) (맛당) To be agreeable; to be suitable; to be fitting. *See* 적당하다.

*합덕궁 s. 合德宮 (모돌) (큰) (집) One's natural suitability for marriage—as found by divination.

*합멸 s. 合滅 (모돌) (멸) Vanishing point.

*합메 s. 合題 (모돌) (쓸) Review problems.

*합목 s. 合櫝 (모돌) (목) A box in which is kept two ancestral tablets of husband and wife. *Opp.* 외독.

*합동 s. 合洞 (모돌) (골) All the village; several villages in one.

*합동하다 s. 合同 (모돌) (한가지) To unite together.

*합력하다 s. 合力 (모돌) (힘) To join forces in work; to unite in labor; to form an alliance. *See* 합세하다.

*합례하다 s. 合禮 (모돌) (례도) To go through the ceremonies of marriage. To cohabit.

*합로 s. 合路 (모돌) (길) A meeting of two roads. A meeting of those coming from different quarters

*합류하다 s. 合流 (모돌) (흐를) To meet; to join of streams.

*합문 s. 閤門 (집) (문) The gate leading immediately into the royal palace.

*합문하다 s. 閤門 (닷을) (문) To close the doors of an ancestral room—in order that the spirit may inhale the sacrifice.

*합문대령하다 s. 閤門待令 (집) (문) (기다릴) (하여금) To arrive with the arrested one at the palace gate.

*합밀 s. 合欖 (모돌) (움돋을) *Acschynomene indica.*

*합번하다 s. 合番 (모돌) (번) To unite the two wings of an army; to unite—as civil officers of two sides.

*합법 s. 合法 (모돌) (법) Multiplication. *See* 가법.

*합벽하다 s. 合壁 (모돌) (바람) To plaster the outside of the lath after the inside has dried.

*합병 s. 合併 (모돌) (아오를) Combining together; union; junction, combination; amalgamation.

*합병하다 s. 合併 (모돌) (아오를) To unite; to combine; to amalgamate.

*합병하다 s. 合兵 (모돌) (군소) To unite force—of soldiers.

*합본 s. 合本 (모돌) (밑) Joint stock.

*합본취리하다 s. 合本取利 (모돌) (밑) (가질) (리홀) To enter equally into a partnership.

*합빙하다 s. 合氷 (모돌) (어름) To freeze completely over

*합산하다 s. 合算 (모돌) (산물) To count up; to find a total.

*합석ᄒᆞ다 s. 合席 (모돌)(돗) To be seated on the same mat; to consult together.

*합세ᄒᆞ다 s. 合勢 (모돌)(형세) To form an alliance; to join forces—as of armies. *See* 합력ᄒᆞ다.

*합솔ᄒᆞ다 s. 合率 (모돌) (거느릴) To live together, to take one household together.

*합슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 合水 (모돌) (물) To meet; to join - of streams.

*합슈ᄒᆞ다 s. 合手 (모돌)(손) To cross the hands before one—as a mark of respect.

*합심ᄒᆞ다 s. 合心 (모돌)(무옴) To agree; to be unanimous; to be of the same mind. *See* 합력ᄒᆞ다.

*합ᄉᆞ쥬 s. 合絲紬 (모돌) (실) (깁) Goods made of silk warp and cotton woof, or *vice versa*.

합쒸다 s. 위여; 원 To snatch; to claw. *See* 합쒸다.

*합의ᄒᆞ다 s. 合意 모돌)(뜻) To agree; to be of one mind *See* 화합ᄒᆞ다.

*합이빈 s. 哈爾賓 (나라) 니ㅣ(은) Harbin in China

*합장ᄒᆞ다 s. 合葬 (모돌) (장ᄉᆞ) To bury together. *See* 합폄ᄒᆞ다.

*합장비례ᄒᆞ다 s. 合掌拜禮 (모돌) (손바닥) (절) (례모) To worship with the palms of the hands together—as Buddhists.

*합전ᄒᆞ다 s. 合戰 (모돌) (싸홈) To give battle; to charge—as armies.

*합절 s. 閤節 (집) (마듸) Family; household.

*합조ᄒᆞ다 s. 合操 (모돌) (잡을) To drill troops. *See* 조련ᄒᆞ다.

*합족 s. 合族 (모돌) (겨레) All the relatives.

*합졸ᄒᆞ다 s. 合卒 (모돌) (군ᄉᆞ) To unite pawns in a game of Korean chess. *See* 합병ᄒᆞ다.

*합주ᄒᆞ다 s. 合湊 (모돌) (몰모일) To gather together; to be united. *See* 합류ᄒᆞ다.

*합쥬 s. 合酒 (모돌) (술) A sweet wine used as a summer drink.

*합죽션 s. 合竹扇 (모돌) (대) (붓칠) A fan the spokes of which are made of double slips of bamboo.

*합즁국 s. 合衆國 (모돌) (무리) (나라) The United States. *See* 미국.

*합지 s. 蛤子 (조기) (아돌) Dried clams or mussels.

*합ᄌᆞ회샤 s. 合資會社 (모돌) (지로) (모돌) (회샤) A joint stock company.

*합ᄌᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 合資 (모돌) (지로) To unite in a joint stock company.

*합좌ᄒᆞ다 s. 合座 (모돌) (자리) To take counsel together; to deliberate—officially. *See* 합계ᄒᆞ다

*합창ᄒᆞ다 s. 合瘡 (모돌) (헌데, To be healing up—of a boil or abscess. *See* 앙글다.

*합천 s. 陜川 (교올일홈) (내) A county in Kyŏng-sang province.

*합폄ᄒᆞ다 s. 合窆 (모돌) (구멍) To bury husband and wife in the same grave. *See* 합장ᄒᆞ다.

*합혈ᄒᆞ다 s. 合血 (모돌) (피) To trace relationship—as from father to son by finding if the blood of the two parties will mix.

합흠ᄒᆞ다 s. 欠 (흠질—*흠) To yawn; to gape.

*합ᄒᆞ다 : 合 모돌) To agree; to suit, to fit; to adhere; to unite. *See* 맛다.

*합환쥬 s. 合歡酒 、모돌, 깃붐、술) The marriage pledge-drink — by which bridegroom and bride plight their troth.

핫 s. 綿 (솜—*면) A double ply of cloth with cotton between. *Opp.* 홑.

핫것 s. 綿衣 (솜—*면) (옷—*의) Cotton-padded clothes.

핫바지 s. 綿袴 (솜—*면) (바지—*고) Padded trousers.

핫어미 s. 有夫女 (잇슬—*유) (지아비—*부) (계집—*녀) A woman with a husband , a wife. *Opp.* 홀어미.

핫저구리 s. A padded coat or jacket.

핫홋이 s Padded clothes worn in summer—a term of contempt. *See* 핫것.

*해 *l.* 害 (해홀) Damage; loss; suffering.

*해공 *l.* 害工 (해홀) (공부) An interference; a cause of delay.

*해금 s. 奚琴 셤, 、기문고) A violin; a fiddle

*해롭다 *l.* 害 (해홀) 로와; 온 To be injurious; to be hurtful. *See* 방해롭다.

*해물지심 *l.* 害物之心 (해홀, 、물건) (갈) (무옴, A desire to injure, an ugly disposition.

*해심 *l.* 害心 (해홀) (무옴) Intention to kill or murder.

해여뜨리다 s. 褻 (해여질—*폐) 써려; 린 To wear out. (v.t.)

해여ᄌᆞ다 s 褻 (해여질 —*폐, 여져 ; 진 To wear out (v.i.); to be worn.

해해ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To giggle; to simper.

*해ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 害 (해ᄒᆞᆯ) To injure; to hurt; to kill.

*항거ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 抗拒 (항거) (항거) To disobey; to rebel against.

*항구 *l.* 港口 (항구) (입) A harbor; an anchorage; a port.

*항구세 *s.* 港口稅 (항구) (입) (구실) Harbour tax; custom duty; tariff.

*항긔 *l.* 降旗 (항복) (긔) A white flag, used as a token of surrender.

항명 *l.* The back of the neck.

*항라 *l.* 亢羅 (놉흘) (비단) A kind of silk gauze. Cloth woven in parallel figures.

*항량 *l.* 項梁 (목) (들처) D. B.C. 206. An uncle of Hang-u a famous general of Cho, China.

*항려 *s.* 伉儷 (항) (려) Husband and wife, a marriage couple; consorts.

*항렬 *s.* 行列 (줄기) (벌) The degree of relationship between members of one clan. *See* 혼수.

*항로 *l.* 航路 (비) (길) The route of a ship. *See* 션로.

*항론ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 抗論 (거를) (의론) To argue against; to oppose by argument; to contradict.

*항룡 *l.* 亢龍 (놉흘) (룡) Success; glory; good fortune.

*항만 *l.* 港灣 (항구) (물구비) A port; a harbour.

*항문이 *s.* 肛門 (항문이) (문) The anus.

*항뫽 *l.* 巷陌 (구렁형이) (언덕) The streets of a town.

*항병 *s.* 降兵 (항복) (군ᄉᆞ) A surrendered army.

항복받다 *s.* 受降 (받을—"슈) (항복—"항) 받아; 은 To receive submission.

*항복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 降服 (항복) (복종ᄒᆞᆯ) To submit; to yield.

*항셔 *s.* 降書 (항복) (글) A writen submission

*항설 *l.* 巷說 (구렁형이) (말숨) The gossip of the streets; the talk of the town.

*항세 *s.* 港稅 (항구) (구세) Harbour tax; custom duty; tariff.

*항셩 *l.* 項聲 (목) (소리) A throat sound; a guttural.

*항셩 *l.* 亢星 (놉흘) (별) The 2nd of the 28 Constellations ι, $\varkappa$, λ, ρ, Virgo 211° 42′ 1″.

*항수 *l.* 項數 (목; (두어) Number of terms —of a progression.

*항슈 *s.* 行首 (항오) (머리) Chief; superior.

*항쇄족쇄 *l.* 項鎖足鎖 (목) (줌글) (발) (줌글) Pinioning (a prisoner) neck and ankles.

항아리 *s.* 缸 (*항) A small water jar. *See* 동두리.

*항역ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 抗逆 (거를) (거ᄉᆞ릴) To disregard the king's commands; to play the traitor. *See* 거역ᄒᆞ다

*항오 *s.* 行伍 (항오) (항오) The ranks; companies of soldiers five deep or five abreast.

*항오발천 *s.* 行伍拔薦 (항오) (항오) (뽑) (천거) High military rank; promotion in the army. *See* 벙명줄신.

*한외 *l.* 港外 (항구) (밧) Outside the harbor.

*항우 *l.* 項羽 (목) (깃) A famous giant warrior of the west Han Dynasty who died B. C. 201.

*항의 *l.* 巷議 (구렁 형이) (의론) Discussion in the lanes; opinion among the common people; street rumour. *See* 예론.

*항장무 *l.* 項莊舞 (목) (씩씩ᄒᆞᆯ) (츔출) A sword-dance—that has come down from Hang, a general who lived 200 B. C.

*항자(논)불살 *s.* 降者不殺 (항복) (놈) (아닐) (죽일) One who yields should not be killed.

*항장 *s.* 降將 (항복) (장ᄉᆞ) A surrendered gener...

*항졸 *s.* 降卒 (항복) (군ᄉᆞ) Surrendered soldiers.

*항쥬 *l.* 杭州 (짝) (고을) Hang-chow—the capita of the province of Chehkiang.

*항직 *l.* 項直 (목) (곳을) A disarrangement—of the high and low characters in Chinese verse. An obstinate fellow.

*항종 *l.* 項腫 (목) (헌대) A boil on the neck.

*항중 *l.* 缸筒 (항아리) (통) A receptacle fastened to a yamen gate into which the people may drop written communications.

*항히권리 l. 航海權利 (비)(바다)(권세)(리)(울) Right of navigation.

*항히력 l. 航海曆 (비)(바다)(칙력) A nautical almanac.

*항히술 l. 航海術 (비)(바다)(술법) The art of navigation.

*항히일지 / 航海日誌 (비)(바다)(날)(긔록) A journal kept during a voyage.

*항히학 l. 航海學 (비)(바다)(비울) The science of navigation.

*항히호다 l. 航海 (비)(바다) To cross the ocean; to navigate.

*핼쑥호다 l. To be thin and sickly looking

*향 l. 向 (향홀) The side toward which a thing is turned; the front side.

*향 s. 香 (향긔) Perfume; incense; scent.

*향강 s. 香江 (향긔)(물) Hong-kong. *See* 향항.

*향곡 s. 鄕曲 (싀골)(굽을) The country; country districts. *See* 향촌.

*향교 s 鄕校 (싀골 향교) A Confucian temple—as found in each district.

*향군 s. 鄕軍 (싀골)(군소) A provincial soldier.

*향균 s. 香菌 (향긔)(버셧) A kind of fragrant mushroom.

*향금 s. 鄕禁 (싀골)(금홀) An order to prevent adding names to the list of country nobility.

*향긔 s 香氣 (향긔 긔운, Perfume of incense; a fragrant odor. *N.* 향내.

*향긔롭다 s. 香 (향긔) 로와; 온 To be fragrant; to be odoriferous.

*향관 / 饗官 먹일, 벼슬, A librarian A commissary officer of the 3rd degree.

*향나무 s. 香木 (향긔)(나무—*목) The Putchuk—used for medicine and incense.

*향내 s. 香臭 (향긔)(내암새—*취) Perfume; scent; the odor of incense. *See* 향긔.

*향낭 s. 香囊 (향긔)(쥬머니 A perfume pocket; a scent-bag.

*향다 s. 香茶 (향긔 차, A kind of fragrant tea

*향다화 s. 香茶菜 (향긔—*향, (차 (나물) *Pectranthes longitubus*

*향당 s. 鄕黨 (싀골)(무리) The country. *See* 싀골. *Opp.* 조명.

*향당(에)막여치 s. 鄕黨莫如齒 (싀골)(무리)(말)(ᄀᆞᆺ홀)(니) In the provinces age is most respected *Opp.* 죠명에막여작.

*향도관 / 向導官 향홀 인도) 비슬) An officer who conducts troops to the seat of war.

*향랄긔 / 香蜈蚣 향긔, (게ᄀᆞᆺ, 즘, (갈씨) A stinking centipede. *See* 노락이; 랑닌이.

*향로 s. 香爐 (향긔), 화로) A censer, an incense stove.

*향록 s. 鄕錄 (싀골)(긔록) A register of provincial nobility.

*향료 s. 香料 (향긔) (셰약뮐) Spices; spicery.

*향리 s. 鄕里 (싀골) (마을) One's native village, one's home.

*향리 s. 鄕吏 (싀골) (아젼) Provincial clerks or yamen writers.

*향린 s. 鄕隣 (싀골)(리웃) The country; the neighboring country districts (M.).

*향릭에 l. 嚮來 (더즐ᄇᆡ) (올) Hitherto; at that time. *See* 향자에.

*향망 l. 嚮望 (향홀)(브랄) Expectation; desire, hope.

*향먹 s. 香墨 (향긔)(먹—*묵) Perfumed ink.

*향모호다 l. 向慕 (향홀)(스모) To regard with—thought and meditation.

*향목 s. 香木 (향긔) (나무) A kind of fragrant wood.

*향민 s. 鄕民 (싀골) (빅셩) Provincials; country people.

*향반 s. 鄕班 (싀골) (반렬) The provincial nobility. *See* 토반

*향방 l. 向方 (향홀) (모) Bearings; aspect; direction. *See* 분수.

*향복호다 l. 享福 누릴, 복 To enjoy happiness; to take one's ease.

*향부ᄌᆞ s. 香附子 (향긔) (붓흘) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) *Cyperus rotundus. Radix cyperi*—a medicine.

*향불 s. (—블) 香火 (향긔) (불—*화) Fire of incense—as sacrifices.

*향비호다 s. 向背 (향홀) (등) To sit toward the back

*향상 s. 香床 (향긔) (상) An incense table.

*향서 s. 香鼠 (향긔) (쥐) A musk rat.

*향소 s. 鄕所 ᄀᆞᆯ 바, The office of a (차슈) deputy-magistrate. *See* 향청.

*향속 s. 鄕俗 (싀골)(풍속) Rustic manner; rural customs.

*향슈 s. 香水 (향긔) (물) Liquid scent; perfume water.

*향슈호다 t. 享壽 (누릴) (목숨) To enjoy old age; to live long.

*향시 s. 鄕試 (싀골) (시험) A provincial examination held once every three years.

*향소호다 t. 饗祀 (먹일) (제소) To make sacrifices to a deity.

*향안 s. 香案 (향긔) (책상) A table for incense.

*향안 s. 鄕案 (싀골) (책상) A district register containing the names of those holding public office in the country.

*향약 s. 鄕約 (싀골) (언약) The district assembly—of scholars.

*향양지디 t. 向陽之地 (향홀) (볏) (갈) (짜) A sunny spot. *See* 양디.

*향의 t. 向意 (향홀) (뜻) Bent, bias, inclination.

*향양호다 t. 向陽 (향홀) (볏) To be exposed to the sun; to be on the sunny side.

*향양화목 t. 向陽花木 (향홀) (볏) (꼿) (나무) Plants growing in the sun—used of those having favor with the great.

*향어 s. 香魚 (향긔) (고기) A *Plecoglossus altivelis.*

*향연 s. 香烟 (향긔) (연긔) Fragrant smoke.

*향우지탄 t. 向隅之嘆 (향홀) (모퉁이) (갈) (한식) The grief of one who has been neglected or has been treated unfairly.

*향유 s. 香薷 (향긔) (풀) The *Elsholtzia cristata*—a decoction of which is used as a cooling drink.

*향유 s. 香油 (향긔로올) (기름) A fragrant oil, aromatic oil.

*향음쥬례 s. 鄕飮酒禮 (싀골) (마실) (술) (례도) The ceremony of wine drinking—as mentioned in the Ye-keu.

*향의 t. 向意 (향홀) (뜻) Thought; intention.

*향응호다 t. 嚮應 (소리) (응홀) To rely on; to depend upon.

*향일에 t. 嚮日 (여긔헤) (날) Some days ago.

*향일화 s. 向日花 (향홀) (날) (꼿) The sunflower. *Helianthus annuus.* *See* 히뵤라기.

*향임 s. 鄕任 (싀골) (맛길) Provincial offices—held by the country people.

*향왕호다 t. 向往 (향홀) (갈) To go towards.

*향자에 t. 嚮者 (더즘씌) (놈) Hitherto, heretofore. *See* 녜예. *Opp.* 이마작.

*향장 s. 鄕長 (싀골) (어른) The magistrate of a district. *See* 좌슈.

*싱족 s. 鄕族 (싀골) (겨레) Provincial nobility—eligible for office during the absence of the magistrate.

*향즁 s. 鄕中 (싀골) (가온딕) The country—as compared with the capital.

*향천 s. 鄕薦 (싀골) (쳔거) Recommendations for provincial office—among the country people. *See* 도천.

*향청 s. 鄕廳 (싀골) (마을) The office of a (좌슈) deputy-magistrate. *See* 향소.

*향초 s. 香草 (향긔) (풀) Fragrant grass; beautiful grass.

*향촌 s. 鄕村 (싀골) (마을) A country village. *See* 향곡.

*향촉 s. 香燭 (향긔) (촉불) Incense and candles for sacrificial purposes.

*향취 s. 香臭 (향긔) (내암새—"쥬") Perfume; scent. *See* 향긔.

*향탁 s. 香卓 (향긔) (탁조) A stand for incense.

*향토 s. 鄕土 (싀골) (흙) One's native country or province; one's birthplace.

*향편다 s. 香片茶 (향긔) (조각) (차) Scented tea.

*향포 s. 香蒲 (향긔) (창 포) Cat-tail flag, or reed mace.

*향합 s. 香盒 (향긔) (합) An incense box.

*향항 s. 香港 (향긔) (항구) Hongkong. *See* 홍콩.

*향호다 t. 向 (향홀) To face; to turn towards; to aim at.

*향화 s. 香火 (향긔) (불) Incense fire. *See* 향불.

*허가 s. 許可 (허락) (올흘) Permission.

*허겁호다 s. 虛怯 (뷔일) (겁홀) To be foolishly afraid.

*허공 s. 虛空 (뷔일) (뷔일) Vacancy, an empty void; the air. *See* 공중.

*허교호다 s. 許交 (허락) (사괼) To treat familiarly, to be intimate with. *See* 뵈호다.

허구레 s. The small of the back; the kidney region. *See* 넙구리.

*허구호다 s. 許久 (허락) (오랠) To last long, to be a very long time. *See* 이항호다.

*허근 *s.* 虛根 (뷔일) (쎡리) Imaginary root

*허급ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許給 (허락) (줄) To give consent; to grant a request.

*허긔증 *s.* (— — 쯩) 虛飢症 (뷔일) (주릴) (증세) A disease marked by unnatural hunger.

*허긔지다 *s.* 虛飢 뷔일 (주릴, 리져, 진 To be starving; to be famished; to be overcome of hunger.

*허낙 *s.* (—락) 許諾 (허락) (허락) A promise; an agreement.

*허낙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* (—락 許諾 (허락) (허락) To promise; to agree to; to grant. *See* 응낙ᄒᆞ다

허다 *v.* 毁 (헐—훼) 려; 헌 To overturn; to level. To slander To break out in boils. To be torn.

*허닥반ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許多賤 (허다) (만흘) (가지) To be common; to be cheap.

*허다히 *s.* 許多 (허다) (만흘) Many; much; in great numbers. *See* 무수히.

*허다ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許多 (허다) (만흘) To be numerous; to be multitudinous. *See* 무수ᄒᆞ다.

허닥허덕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To make frantic efforts; to strive wildly; to work madly.

*허도창츈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛度青春 (뷔일) (지날) (푸를) (봄) To pass the spring time of life vainly.

허둥저둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To hurry through; to do hastily and carelessly.

허둥허둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To blunder here and there; to work vainly.

허두 *s.* 虛頭 (뷔일) (머리) An introduction to a composition; a round about preface.

허둥허둥ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To stumble; to grope here and there.

*허랑방탕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛浪放蕩 (뷔일) (물결) (노흘) (방탕흘) To be dissolute, loose fast; to lead a dissipated life. *See* 허탕ᄒᆞ다.

*허탕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛蕩 (뷔일) (물결) To be vain and worthless; to be thoughtless; to be inconsiderate. *See* 허랑방탕ᄒᆞ다.

허락지다 *s.* 毁 (문허질—*피) 리져; 진 To tumble down; to fall into ruins. *See* 문허지다.

*허로증 *s.* (— — 쯩) 虛癆症 (뷔일, 병) (증세) A wasting disease caused by hunger. *See* 헛헛증.

*허록 *s.* 虛錄 (뷔일) (긔록) Empty names inscribed in the census rolls.

*허루증 *s.* (쯩, 虛瘻症 (뷔일, (쌉) (증세) A disease of women—following confinement

*허룩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛 (뷔일) To be empty; to be vacant; to be thin. *See* 헐쑥ᄒᆞ다

허름숭이 *s.* A reckless character; an unstable fellow.

허리 *s.* 腰 (*요) The small of the back

허리띄 *s.* 腰띄 (허리—*요) (씌— 뎌 A waist belt; a girdle. *See* 요디.

허리물 *s.* Water up to the waist.

허리춤 *s.* The waist clothes. *See* 피춤.

*허망지셜 *s.* 虛妄之說 (뷔일) (망녕) (말) (말숨) Useless words; falsehoods. *See* 허황지셜.

*허망ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛妄 (뷔일) (망녕) To be vain, to be foolish; to be childish. *See* 부허ᄒᆞ다

*허명 *s.* 虛名 (뷔일) (일홈) An empty name, a spurious reputation. A pseudonym.

허명무실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛名無實 (뷔일) (일홈) (업슬) (실흘) To have an empty name; to lack genuineness, to be vain, to be unreliable.

*허목 *s.* 許穆 (허락) (화목홀, A.D. 1675 K.S. 陽川 N.P. 眉叟. A minister in the reign of Suk-jong who killed Song Si-yŏl.

*허무당 *s.* 虛無黨 (뷔일) (업슬 무리) A nihilist. *Also* 무정부당.

허무밍랑지셜 *s.* 虛無孟浪之說 (뷔일, (업슬) (맛) (물결) (말) Empty words; useless speeches; falsehoods. *See* 허황지셜.

*허무밍랑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛無孟浪 (뷔일) (업슬) 맛) (물결) To empty and worthless to be chimerical. *See* 허무ᄒᆞ다.

*허무적멸ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛無寂滅 (뷔일) (업슬, 고요) (멸홀) To be vacuous and peaceful—as the mind of Buddha in contemplation.

*허무히 *s.* 虛無 (뷔일) (업슬) Falsely, insincerely; carelessly.

*허무ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛無 (뷔일) (업슬) To be empty; to be vacuous. To be untrue. *See* 허무밍랑ᄒᆞ다.

*허문 *s.* 虛文 (뷔일) (글) Vain writings; useless compositions.

허물 *s.* 郡 (*죄) A fault; a crime; a shortcoming. *See* 죄.

허물 *s.* 殼 (*각) A shell; a skin; a covering. *See* 껍흘.

허물지다 *s.* 여; 진 To leave a scar.

허미 *s.* 鋤 (*서) A small Korean hoe. (Prov.) *See* 홀의.

허박허박ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be yielding; to be plastic. *See* 물넝물넝ᄒᆞ다.

*허발치다 *s.* 虛發 (허발) (발ᄒᆞᆯ) 발ᄭᅥ; 친 To fail; to blunder. To go unsuccessfully. *See* 허발ᄒᆞ다.

허발ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To waste ones efforts; to do vainly; to desire to no purpose.

허벅살 *s.* Softer parts of the flesh of the body.

허벅허벅ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft—as ripe fruit.

허벙 *s.* A pit. *See* 구렁 형어.

허벙두리 *s.* A covered pit.

허분허분ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft to the touch. *See* 물넝물넝ᄒᆞ다

*허비ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛費 (허비) (허비ᄒᆞᆯ) To spend lavishly; to waste; to squander. *See* 탐용ᄒᆞ다.

*허비ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛拜 (허비) (절) To bow in salutation—before the empty tablet-stand; to bow toward Seoul—as officials.

허산바산ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be useless; to be wasteful. *See* 허지무지ᄒᆞ다.

*허상 *s.* 虛像 (허상) (형상) A image an idol.

*허세 *s.* 虛勢 (허세) (형세) A false show of power or influence.

*허성 *s.* 虛星 (허성) (별) The 11th of the 28 Constellations *β*. Aquarius *α*. quuleus. 320° 36′ 16″.

*허송세월 *s.* 虛送歲月 (허송) (보낼) (세) (월) Wasting one's life; passing the time aimlessly.

*허송ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛送 (허송) (보낼) To waste time; to lose opportunities; to pass uselessly.

*허수 *s.* 虛數 (허수) (두어 Imaginary quantity.

*허수아비 *s.* 偶人 (허슈아비—*우) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) A scarecrow. *See* 헤아바.

*허슈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be lacking; to be waste. To be loose. To be disturbed. *See* 덤쑥ᄒᆞ다.

*허식 *s.* 虛飾 (허식) (꾸밀) False show; ostentatious display; dissimulation; affectation.

*허신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許身 (허락) (몸) To yield one's body.

*허실 *s.* 虛實 (허실) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) The true and the false; truth and falsehood. *See* 유무.

*허실(을)난변 *s.* 虛實難辨 (허실) (실ᄒᆞᆯ) (어려울) (분변ᄒᆞᆯ) Does not distinguish between what is false and what is true.

*허심 *s.* 虛心 (허실) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) An empty mind; a disinterested mind.

*허심자 *s.* 虛心者 (허실) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) (놈) A man of simple heart or mind.

*허심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許心 (허락) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To open one's heart to; to take into one's confidence. *See* 통정ᄒᆞ다.

*허심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛心 (허실) (ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) To be open and unprejudiced in mind.

*허소 *s.* 虛笑 (허실) (웃) A failure; a puzzle.

*허약ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛弱 (허실) (약ᄒᆞᆯ) To be frail; to be weak; to be delicate.

*허언 *s.* 虛言 (허실) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Empty talk—falsehoods. *Opp.* 실언.

*허에 *s.* 許 (허락) To; toward; for (mostly affixed to nouns).

허어지다 *s.* 散 (허여질—*산) 여저; 진 To separate; to part. (v.t.) *See* 흣허지다.

*허어ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許與 (허락) (줄) To promise and give

허여허여ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To stir about; to flounder about.

*허열 *s.* 虛熱 (허실) (더울) High fever.

*허예 *s.* 虛譽 (허실) (기릴) Empty show or reputation; vain glory.

*허영 *s.* 虛榮 (허실) (영화) Empty riches; false honour or reputation.

*허욕 *s.* 虛慾 (허실) (욕심) Vain ambitions; false desires.

■*허욱 *s.* 許頊 (허락) (구슬) A.D. 1608. F.S. 陽川 N P 召竀. A famous man who flourished during the time of the Manchu invasion and later brought grain from China to help in famine.

*허위 *s.* 虛位 (허실) (벼슬) An empty rank or title; a rank without the authority which should accompany it.

*허위비설ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 虛位排設 (허실) (벼슬) (버릴) (베풀) To sacrifice without an image. To be vacant—of the king's seat at examinations

허위허위ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To labor; to pant; to rush.

*허유 *s.* 許由 (허락) (말미암을) A devoted servant of Yo of ancient China. *See* 소부.

*허입ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 許入 (허락) (들) To let enter; to allow to come in.

*허장호다 s. 虛葬 (뷔일) (장소) To hold a pretended burial service in order to keep possession of a grave site. *See* 치장호다.

*허장셩세호다 s. 虛張聲勢 (뷔일) (메풀) (소리) (형세) To make a show of power.

*허젼 s. 虛傳 (뷔일) (젼홀) A false rumour; an unfounded report.

*허딕 s. 許稹 (허락) (화홍) A.D. 1670. F.S. 陽川 N.P. 休翁 A minister of the time of Hyŏn-yong who was in the Manchu invasion.

*허젼뷩힝호다 s. 虛傳官令 (뷔일) (젼홀) (벼슬) (령하곰) To accomplish one's ends by an unlawful use of the authority in a superior.

*허젼장령호다 s. 虛傳將令 (뷔일) (젼홀) (장슈) (령여곰) To use a false order of a superior to carry out one's wishes.

허젼허젼호다 s. To be weak; to lack strength; to totter.

*허즁 s. 許琮 (허락) (몰소리) A.D. 1434. F.S. 陽川 N.P. 倚天堂 A famous minister of the reign of Sŏng-jong.

*허조 s. 許稠 (허락) (빅빅홀) A.D. 1389-1419 A minister of state and great writer F.S. 河陽 (K.S.).

*허즉실 s. 虛則實 (뷔일) (곳) (실홀) A military manœuvre—empty in appearance but in reality strong. *Opp.* 실즉허.

*허즁 s. (一 쭝) 虛症 (뷔일) (증세) Wasting sickness—consumption. *See* 로즁.

*허참례 s. 許參禮 (허락) (참예) (례도) The ceremony of entrance upon office.

*허청 s. 虛廳 (뷔일) (마룰) A little open shed. *See* 헛간.

*허탄호다 s. 虛誕 (뷔일) (탕) To be vain and conceited; to be mad; to be false. *See* 허황호다.

*허탁 s. 許琢 (허락) (구슬) A.D. 1504. F.S. 陽川 N.P. 高軒 A famous minister of the time of Sŏng-jong who died at the hands of Yon-san.

*허탕호다 s. 虛蕩 (뷔일) (방탕홀) To be vain; to be extravagant, to be frivolous.

허턱 s Uselessly; vainly; blunderly. *See* 무턱.

허턱대다 s 대여, 댄 To go blindly; to blunder into.

허트러지다 s. 져; 진 To be tangled; to be in disorder.

허파 s. 肺 (*폐) The lungs.

*허풍션이 s. 噓風扇 (불) (바람) (붓처) A bellows. A braggart; a foolish talker.

*허한 s. 虛汗 (뷔일) (짐) Cold sweats—from sickness.

허허 s. Ha! ha! *See* 헛욱헛욱.

*허호 s. 虛戶 (뷔일) (지게) A registered house—missing.

*허혼호다 s. 許婚 (허락) (혼인) To betroth a girl. *See* 결혼호다.

*허호다 s. 虛 (뷔일) To be vain; to be useless; to be false; to be empty.

*허호다 s. 許 (허홀) To promise; to agree to; to allow; to grant. *See* 허락호다.

*허힝호다 s. 虛行 (뷔일) (힝홀) To be useless; to go for no purpose. *See* 풍힝호다.

*허화 s. 虛火 (뷔일) (불) Inflammation; disease caused by distress etc.

*허황지셜 s. 虛謊之說 (뷔일) (거짓말) (갈 말숨) Exaggerations; lies; yarns. *See* 황당지셜.

*허황호다 s. 虛謊 (뷔일) (거짓말) To be false; to be fabulous. *See* 허탄호다.

헌 *l.* Worn out; ragged; useless—of clothes.

헌거롭다 s. 로와; 온 To be refreshing; to be delightful; to be worth seeing. *See* 식힌호다.

헌겁 *l.* A piece of cloth; a rag; a clout.

헌것 *l.* A rag; a scrap. *See* 헌겁.

*헌금호다 *l.* 獻金 (드릴) (쇠) To contribute money for public use.

*헌판 *l.* 獻官 (드릴) (벼슬) The cupbearer at an official sacrifice.

*헌납 *l.* (럽) 獻納 (드릴) (드릴) The 3rd royal censor—an officer of the front rank 5th degree; a present to the Emperor.

*헌당식 s. 獻堂式 (드릴) (집) (법) The ceremony of dedicating a temple or church.

헌데 *l.* 瘡瘢 (헌데—*종) (긔운—*긔) A boil; an abscess. *See* 부스럼.

*헌법 *l.* 憲法 (법) (법) The constitution.

*헌병 *l.* 憲兵 (법) (군소) A gendarme; an armed policeman.

*헌병딕 *l.* 憲兵隊 (법) (군소) (떼) Gendarmery; a troop of gendarmes.

*헌병본부 *l.* 憲兵本部 (법) (군소) (띳) (떼) The Head quarters of the gendarmery

*헌병소령부 ㅣ. 憲兵司令部 (헌) (군소) (명령) (사령관) (제) The office of the commanding office of the gendarmerie.

*헌서ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 獻書 (드릴) (글) To present a book—to a superior or to the government.

*헌성ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 獻誠 (드릴) (정성) To give ones heart to; to devote ones heart to.

*헌신적의무 ㅣ. 獻身的義務 (드릴) (몸) (적실) (옳을) (힘쓸) A purpose involving life itself.

*헌신ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 獻身 (드릴) (몸) To give one's life for.

*헌앙ᄒᆞ다 s. 軒昂 (마루) (높을) To be tall and hand-some, to be well developed.

*헌의서 ㅣ. 獻議書 (드릴) (의론) (글) Memorials on political questions.

*헌의ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 獻議 (드릴) (의론) To present a memorial.

*헌작ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 獻酌 (드릴) (잔) To offer the cup—in sacrifice; to pass a wine cup.

*헌헌장부 s. 軒軒丈夫 (기우 (마루) (길) (지아비) A jolly fellow; a man of large physique and liberal mind.

*헌호ᄒᆞ다 s. 喧呼 (지거릴) (부를) To call in a loud voice; to shout.

*헌화 s. 諠譁 (지거릴) (지거릴) Clamor; hubbub; uproar; noisiness; a quarrel; an altercation; a fight.

*헌화ᄒᆞ다 s. 諠譁 (지거릴) (지거릴) To make an uproar; to create a hubbub. *See* 떠들다.

*헐가 s. 歇價 (쉬일) (갑) A cheap price. *Opp.* 숭가.

*헐가방매ᄒᆞ다 s. 歇價放賣 (쉬일) (갑) (노흘) (팔) To sell out cheaply.

*헐교 s. 歇驕 (쉬일) (교만) A hunter's dog. (B. O.)

헐근헐근ᄒᆞ다 s. To pant; to breathe heavily. To squander.

헐낙 s. A spendthrift. *See* 헐보.

헐넝설넝 s. Unstable—of the mind. Loose, insecure. *See* 헐근헐근ᄒᆞ다.

헐다 ㅣ. 毀 (헐—*훼) 어; 헌 To pull down, to overturn, to level. To slander.

헐떠거리다 s. 喝 (헐덕일—*천) 거려; 린 To pant; to puff; to breathe heavily.

헐덕이 s. Gristle; cartilage.

헐떡이다 s. 喝 (헐덕일—*천) 여; 인 To pant; to breathe heavily.

헐렉헐렉ᄒᆞ다 s. To pant; to gasp; to wheeze. *See* 할딱할딱ᄒᆞ다.

*헐릭ᄒᆞ다 s. (—력) 歇驛 (쉬일) (큰) To be unlucky; to be unfortunate—in business etc. (Prov.)

헐벗다 ㅣ. 버서; 슨 To be badly clothed. *See* 람루ᄒᆞ다.

헐보 s. A spendthrift; a careless person. *See* 헐낙.

*헐복ᄒᆞ다 s. 歇福 (쉬일) (복) To be devoid of blessing.

*헐뜨리다 s. 려; 린 To speak evil of; to slander. (Prov.). *See* 훼뜨리다.

*헐소청 s. (—쏘) 歇所廳 (쉬일) (바) (마을) A vacant house.

헐쓱ᄒᆞ다 s. To diminish; to grow thin. *See* 히쓱ᄒᆞ다.

헐씨근헐씨근 s. Panting; breathing heavily. *See* 헐근헐근ᄒᆞ다.

*헐색 s. 血色 (피) (빗) The colour of the face; the complexion; the countenance.

*헐장ᄒᆞ다 s. 歇杖 (쉬일) (막대) To beat lightly; to paddle easily.

*헐후ᄒᆞ다 s. 歇後 (쉴일) (뒤) To be preferable.

*헐ᄒᆞ다 s. 歇 (쉬일) To be easy. To be cheap. *See* 경ᄒᆞ다.

*험구 ㅣ. 險口 (험홀) (입) A bad tongue. Slander. *See* 험담.

*험긱 ㅣ. 險客 (험홀) (손) A savage, a barbarian; a ruffian.

*험광긔 ㅣ. 驗光器 (증험) (빗) (그릇) A lucimeter; a photometer.

*험난ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 險難 (험홀) (어려울) To be rough and difficult; to be full of danger. *See* 긔험ᄒᆞ다.

*험담 ㅣ. 險談 (험홀) (말숨) Insults; slander. *See* 험구.

험덕스럽다 ㅣ. 러워; 운 To be mischievous; to be spoiled.

*험디 ㅣ. 險地 (험홀) (짜) Rough and. Difficult circumstances.

*험로 ㅣ. 險路 (험홀) (길) A rough road; a dangerous way.

*험루관 ㅣ. 驗漏官 (증험) (루슈) (벼슬) An officer in charge of the palace water-clock.

*험산 ㅣ. 驗算 (증험) (산들) Proof of a mathematical problem.

*험상궂다 ㅣ. 險狀 (험홀) (형상) 구져; 진 To be rough; to be savage looking; to be rude like.

*험상스럽다 *l.* 險像 (험흉) (형상) 러워; 은 To be rough; to be savage looking; to be rude like.

*험상하다 *l.* 險像 (험흉) (형상) To be rough in appearance, to be rude looking.

*험사하다 *l.* 險死 (험흉) 죽음) To die a violent death. *See* 폭사하다.

*험악하다 *l.* 險惡 (험흉 (악흉) To be craggy; to be precipitous. To be malicious; to be evil. To be abrupt. *See* 험하다.

*험이하다 *l.* 險夷 (험흉) (평한흉) To be steep or level—as roads; to be rugged and flat.

*험조하다 *l.* 險阻 (험흉) (막힘) To be precipitous; to be steep; to be abrupt. To be rough and blocked up. (Comp.).

*험준하다 *l.* 險峻 (험흉) (높흉) To be steep; to be precipitous; to be dangerous.

*험탄 *l.* 險灘 (험흉) (여울) A dangerous rapids.

*험풍기 *l.* 驗風器 (증험) (바람) (그릇) A pneumatometer, a gasometer.

*험하다 *l.* 險 (험흉) To be wild; to be rough; to be rugged. To be abrupt. *See* 험난하다.

헝수룩하다 *s.* To be uncombed; to be disheveled; to be tangled. *See* 거칠하다.

헝신헝신하다 *s.* To be soft—to the touch. *See* 허분허분하다.

헝헝하다 *s.* To be lavish, to be foolishly liberal. *See* 허랑하다.

헛간 *s.* 虛間 (뷔일—*허) (소허—*간) An open shed. *Also* 헷간.

헛것 *s.* 虛件 (뷔일—*허) (낱—*건) A failure, a useless thing. A spirit; a demon. *Also* 헷것

헛되다 *s.* 되어; 된 To be vain; to be useless; to be chimerical.

헛되이 *s.* Vainly; uselessly.

헛말 *s.* Lies; falsehoods. *Also* 헷말. *See* 허언.

헛밍세 *s.* 虛罔誓 (뷔일—*허) (밍세—*맹) (밍세 Useless oaths, perjury; cursing. 헷밍세.

헛보다 *s.* 보아; 본 To be deceived—in sight.

헛잡다 *s.* 잡아; 은 To arrest wrongly. to pick up by mistake; to let slip though the fingers.

헛잡히다 *s.* 허; 힌 To get by mistake. To be arrested wrongly.

헛집다 *s.* 집어; 은 To depend on something that fails one; to rest on a broken reed; to miscalculate.

헛헝머리 *s.* Dishevelled hair; an uncombed head.

헛헛하다 *s.* To be empty; to be hungry.

헛헛증 *s.* A disease—characterized by abnormal hunger. *See* 허로증.

헤궁 *s.* A vacancy; a hole; an empty void. *See* 허공.

헤덕다 *s.* 덕여; 딘 To act rashly; to do this and that. *See* 밈벙이다. *Opp.* 차근차근하다.

헤먹다 *s.* 散點 (흣허질—*산) (어지러울—*다) 어; 은 To lack constancy; to be unfaithful; to be loose.

헤민다 *s.* 민여; 민 To work alone; to toil alone. To feel.

헤버러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be wide; to be spacious.

헤선다 *l.* 선어; 은 To be soft; to be delicate; to be fragile. *Opp.* 든든하다.

헤아비 *s.* 偶人 (허슈아비 —*우) (사품 *인) A scarecrow. *See* 제웅.

헤어나다 *s.* 여나; 난 To get off; to escape from.

헤어지다 *s.* 散 (흣허질—*산) 여져; 진 To separate; to part—of several objects. (v.i.) *See* 허어지다.

헤엄치다 *s.* 游 (헤염—*유) 염쳐; 친 To swim. *See* 헤염하다.

헤엄하다 *s.* 游 (헤염—*유) To swim.

헤적헤적하다 *s.* To separate; to scatter to spread out.

헤죽헤죽 *l.* Straight ahead; without noticing anything—as one walking quickly.

헤지다 *l.* 散 (흣흘—*산) 져; 진 To separate; to be scattered.

헤지르다 *s.* 질너; 지른 To go aimlessly here and there. *See* 갈광질광하다.

헤집다 *s.* 披 (헷칠—*피) 집어; 은 To separate; to take apart; to spread. *See* 비집다.

헤푸다 *l.* 헤퍼; 픈 To be soon exhausted; to last but a short time; to be ephemeral.

헤헤 *s.* Hi! hi!—in contempt.

헷 *s.* 虛 (뷔일—*허) Vain; useless; false; empty. *Opp.* 참.

헛간 *s.* 虛間 (뷔일—*헤) (스이—*간) A room or box with an open front. *See* 헐소청.

헛갑이 *s.* A goblin; a spirit. *See* 독갑이.

헛것 *s.* A failure; a useless thing. A demon.

헛디디다 *s.* 디어; 된 To make a false step; to slip.

헛방 *s.* A shot wide of the mark; a failure—in shooting. A vacant room.

헛손질하다 *s.* To strike the air with the hands; to work one's hands uselessly.

헛총 *s.* The discharge of a blank cartridge. (노략).

헛치다 *s.* 쳐 (헷칠—*피) 헷쳐; 친 To scatter; to separate. (v.t.)

헝겁 *l.* A rag; a scrap; a piece of cloth. *See* 헌겁.

헝크다 *s.* 어; 큰 To be tangled. *See* 얽히다.

헝클다 *s.* 클어; 큰 To be tangled. *See* 얽히다.

허 *s.* 舌 (*설) The tongue. A bolt—of lock; a flap. *See* 서.

허굳다 *s.* 舌强 (허—*설) (굿셀—*강) 어; 은 To be tongue-tied; to be thick-tongued.

허다 *s.* 허; 헌 To light—a lamp. To go out—as the tide. To twist; to wind. To saw. To stretch. (v.t.) To have an insatiable thirst. To be related; to be bound together.

허바닥 *s.* 舌 (허—*설) The tongue. *See* 허.

허바늘 *s.* (—싸—) The rough surface of the tongue. (돗다).

*혁 *s.* 革 (가죽) A bridle-rein.

*혁거세 *s.* 赫居世 (붉을) (살) (인간) The founder of the Silla dynasty whose capital was at Kyŏng-ju.

*혁띠 *s.* 革帶 (가죽) (띠) A leather belt.

*혁명하다 *s.* 革代 (곳칠) (덕신) To usurp the throne; to begin a new dynasty. *See* 혁세하다.

*혁랑 *s.* 革囊 (가죽) (주머니) A leather bag.

*혁명 *s.* 革命 (곳칠) (명할) A change of dynasty; a fundamental change in political organization; a revolution.

*혁명당 *s.* 革命黨 (곳칠) (명할) (무리) Revolutionary party; revolutionists.

*혁명사 *s.* 革命史 (곳칠) (록술) (스지) History of a revolution.

*혁명전쟁 *s.* 革命戰爭 (곳칠) (목숨) (싸홈) (다툼) A revolutionary war.

*혁명지란 *s.* 革命之亂 (곳칠) (명할) (갈) (어지러울) A revolutionary war.

*혁명하다 *s.* 革命 (곳칠) (목숨) To organize the state; to change the existing political order.

*혁세하다 *s.* 革世 (곳칠) (인간) 되여; 된 To overturn the government; to introduce a new dynasty. *See* 혁명하다.

*혁직하다 *s.* 革職 (곳칠) (벼슬) To degrade from a higher to a lower office.

*혁파하다 *s.* 革罷 (곳칠) (파할) To stamp out; to suppress; to do away with.

*혁혁하다 *s.* 赫赫 (빗날) (빗날) To be prosperous; to be flourishing; to be right, to be famous.

*현감 *l.* 縣監 (고을) (볼) A country magistrate of a 5th-rate district—an officer of the rear rank, 6th degree.

*현격하다 *s.* 懸隔 (돌) (막힐) To be separated from, to be far off; to be different.

*현고학생 *l.* 顯考學生 (나타날) (상고) (배홀) (날) Deceased father—a respectful form seen on tablets and headstones.

*현금 *l.* 現金 (보일) (쇠) Ready money; money in hand.

*현금 *l.* 現今 (보일) (이제) Now; at present; immediate.

*현군 *s.* 賢君 (어질) (인군) A wise monarch; a virtuous lord.

*현기 *l.* 眩氣 (현긔) (긔운) Dizziness; vertigo. *See* 현훈증.

*현기증 *l.* (— —쭝) 眩氣症 (현긔) (긔운) (증세) Dizziness; vertigo. *See* 현기.

*현판 *l.* 縣官 (고을) (벼슬) A prefectural official.

*현판 *l.* 顯官 (나타날) (벼슬) A distinguished office, an eminent official post.

*현녀 *s.* 玄女 (검을) (계집) A spirit-woman.

*현녀 *s.* 賢女 (어질) (계집) A wise or virtuous woman.

*현념하다 *s.* 懸念 (돌) (생각) To be concerned about; to feel anxious for.

*현능 *s.* 賢能 (어질) (능할) Virtue and ability.

*현닉각 *l.* 現內閣 (보일) (안) (집) The present cabinet.

*현달하다 *l.* 顯達 (나타날) (통달) To be renowned; to be famous—of a public character.

*현덕 s. 賢德 (어질) (큰) Exalted virtue; moral excellence

*현데 s. 賢弟 (어질) (아오) An honest or faithful younger brother (of another).

*현데관 s. 懸題板 (달) (글제) (관) The board on which is posted up the theme—at examinations.

*현데하다 s. 懸題 (달) (글제) To post up the theme—at examinations.

*현란호다 l. 眩亂 (어지러울) (어지러울) To be dizzy; to be dazed; to be mixed. *See* 어지럽다.

*현량방정지소 s. 賢良方正之士 (어질) (어질) (모) (바를) (갈) (선비) An intelligent and upright man.

*현량방정호다 s. 賢良方正 (어질) (어질) (모) (바를) To be intelligent or upright.

*현량호다 s. 賢良 (어질) (어질 To be intelligent and good; to be virtuous.

*현령 l. 縣令 (고을) (호여금) A country magistrate of a 4th-rate district—an officer of the rear rank, 5th degree.

*현령 s. 懸鈴 (달) (방울) A bell; a bell-call. *See* 쳘령.

*현로호다 l. 現露 (보일) (드러날) To come to light; to be made known; to show. *See* 탄로호다.

*현리 l. 縣吏 (고을) (아전) Prefectural officials.

현립학교 s. 縣立學校 (고을) (설) (비홀) (학교) A prefectural school or academy.

*현몽호다 l 現夢 (보일) (꿈) To appear in a dream.

*현묘호다 s. 玄妙 (감을) (묘홀) To be mysterious; to be hard to understand *See* 오묘호다.

*현무 s. 玄武 (감을) (호반) The north, (used by ancient astrologers or physiographers).

*현미 s. 玄米 (감을) (쌀) Uncleaned rice, i.e., rice not yet pounded and whitened.

*현미경 l. 顯微鏡 (나타날 ᄌᆡ울 (기울 A microscope. *Opp.* 망원경.

*현미화학 l. 顯微化學 (나타날) (지을) (될) (배홀) Microchemistry.

*현보호다 l 懸保 (달) (보전) To note down the name of a witness.

*현부 s. 賢夫 (어질) (아비) A wise father; your father (used in speaking respectfully.

*현부 s. 賢婦 (어질) (며느리) A virtuous wife; a virtuous woman.

*현불초 s. 賢不肖 (어질 (아닐 (又홈) Good and bad men.

*현상 l. 現狀 (보일) (형상) The appearance; the present condition.

*현상 s. 懸賞 (달) (상줄) Offering prizes.

*현상 s. 賢相 (어질) (도울) A wise minister of state; a virtuous premier.

*현상 l. 現象 (보일) (형상) An omen; portent; apparition.

*현상량좌 s. 賢相良佐 (어질) (도울) (어질) (도울) Wise ministers and good counsellors.

*현상호다 s. 懸賞 (달) (상줄) To offer prizes.

*현세 l. 現世 (보일) (인간) This world or life; the present age.

*현성호다 l. 現聖 (보일) (성인) To worship before the shrine of Confucius. (Prov.).

*현손 s. 玄孫 (감을) (손주) Descendants of the 6th generation. *See* 즁손.

*현손녀 s. 玄孫女 (감을) (손주) (계집) Female descendants of the 6th generation.

*현손부 s. 玄孫婦 (감을) (손주) (며느리) The wife of a descendant of the 6th generation.

*현손셔 s. 玄孫壻 (감을) (손주) (사회) The husband of a descendant of the 6th generation.

*현송셩셩 s. 絃誦之聲 (줄) (외일) (갈) (소릐) Sounds of reading and singing.

*현슈호다 l. 懸殊 (달) (다를) To be the very opposite.

*현슉호다 s. 賢淑 (어질) (묽을) To be virtuous; to be gentle. *See* 현쳘호다.

*현슉빅결 s. 懸鶉百結 (달) (모치락이) (긜빅 ᄌᆡ울 Poor and badly dressed.

*현승긔 l. 懸濕器 (나타날) (저질) (그릇) A barometer.

*현시 l. 現時 (보일) (때) Now; the present time.

*현신 s. 賢臣 (어질) (신하) A virtuous vassal; a sagacious or loyal retainer.

*현신호다 l 現身 (보일) (몸) To present oneself—before a superior.

*현ᄉᆞ s. 賢士 (어질) (선비) A wise man; a sage.

*현숨 s. 玄蔘 (감을) (숨) A kind of medicinal plant. *Scrophularia Oldhami.*

*현알호다 l 見謁 (보일) (보일) To appear before; to present oneself to (Hon.) *See* 현현호다.

*현애 n. 懸崖 (달) (와뿌리) An overhanging cliff; an abrupt declivity; precipice

*현애절명 n. 懸崖絶嶺 (달) (와뿌리)(끈흘)(나마) An overhanging cliff and steep declivity.

*현영ᄒᆞ다 t. 現影 (보일) (그림자) To appear; to take on shape; to assume form.

*현옥ᄒᆞ다 n. 懸玉 (달) (구슬) To put on jade buttons—on attaining to rank.

*현우 n. 賢愚 (어질)(어리석을) Wise and foolish; learned or ignorant; clever or stupid; a wise man and a fool.

*현운 n. 眩暈 (어지러울) (현들무리) Dizziness; giddiness; vertigo. *See* 현기.

*현운동 n. 弦運動 (활시위) (운전) (움직일) Harmonic motion.

*현운ᄒᆞ다 n. 眩暈 (어지러울) (현들무리) To be dizzy.

*현인 n. 賢人 (어질) (사롬) A worthy man; a good person—of lofty virtue. *See* 군주.

*현임 n. 現任 (보일) (맛길) Present office; actual occupant of an office.

*현입 t. 現納 (보일) (너마) Amount on hand.

*현월형 n. 弦月形 (줄) (돌) (형상) Moon-shaped; semicircular.

*현자 n. 賢者 (어질) (놈) A righteous man; a loyal citizen.

*현자ᄒᆞ다 t. 現滋 (보일) (비길) To spread; to grow; to increase.

*현저ᄒᆞ다 t. 顯著 (나타날) (나타날) To be clear; to be evident; to be manifest.

*현정부 t. 現政府 (보일) (정사) (아울) The present government.

*현정석 n. 玄精石 (감을) (정밀) (돌) Carbonate of lime.

*현조 n. 玄祖 (감을) (할아비) An ancestor of the 6th generation. *See* 증조.

*현조 t. 顯祖 (나타날) (할아비) "Illustrious grandparent"—written on the tablet. *See* 명조.

*현존 t. 現存 보일) (있슬) Actual existence.

*현주 t. 縣主 (고을) (님) Daughter of the heir apparent by a concubine.

*현주 n. 玄酒 (감을) (술) The wine of earth—water. *See* 청주.

*현쥬 t. 現住 (보일) (머므를) The present residence, actual residence.

*현증 t. 顯證 (나타날) (증거) Evident proof.

*현직 t. 現職 (보일) (직업) Present office office now occupied.

*현직 t. 顯職 (나타날) (직업) An honorable official post, high office.

*현지 t. 現在 (보일) (있슬) The present; now. *Opp.* 과거, 미래.

*현지 n. 賢者 (어질) (지조, A man of intellect; wise man; sagacious person; a distinguished ability; genius.

*현지분사 t. 現在分詞 (보일) (있슬) (논홀) (글) Present participle *See* 과거분사.

*현처 n. 賢妻 (어진) (안히) A good wife, a virtuous woman. *See* 현부.

*현철ᄒᆞ다 n. 賢哲 어질) (밝을) To be righteous; to be true; to be honest *See* 현숙ᄒᆞ다.

*현청 n. 縣廳 (고을) (마을) A prefectural office.

*현출ᄒᆞ다 t. 顯出 (나타날) (날) To be revealed; to appear.

*현판 n. 懸板 (달) (판조) A sign-board.

*현풍 n. 玄風 (감을) (바람) A prefect in Kyong-sang do Lat. 35.58. Long. 128.23.

*현하구변 n. 懸河口辯 (달) (하수) (입) (말) Eloquence as fluent as a stream flowing down a precipice; fluency in speech; grandiloquence. *See* 웅변.

*현황 t. 現況 보일, (형글여, The present condition; existing state. *See* 현상.

*현형 n. 賢兄 (어질) (맛) Wise elder brother (used in addressing one's own, or in speaking of another's elder brother.)

*현형ᄒᆞ다 t. 現形 (보일) (형상) To appear; to take on shape; to assume form. *See* 현영ᄒᆞ다

*현효ᄒᆞ다 t. 現效 (보일) (본밧을) To be efficacious; to be helpful.

*현훈 n. 玄纁 (감을) (비단) A gift of black and red silk placed on the coffin to propitiate the spirit of the mountain.

*현훈증 n. (—증) 眩暈症 (어지러울) (현들무리) (증세) Dizziness; loss of consciousness. *See* 현기.

*현힝 t. 現行 (보일) (힝홀) In operation, existing.

*현황ᄒᆞ다 t. 眩慌 (어지러울) (현황홀) To be confusing; to be distracting; to be dazing.

*혈 s. 穴 (구멍) A hole; a den. An opening—for burial. A region for acupuncture.

*혈갈 s. 血竭 (피) (맺덕) Dragon's blood—a resin used as an astringent, styptic, tonic etc.

*혈갈증 s. (— 症 血竭症 (피) (무를) (세) Impoverishment of the blood *See* 혈허.

*혈거호다 s. 穴居 (구멍) (살) To dwell in a cave. *See* 혈처호다.

*혈고 s. 血枯 (피) (무를) A drying up of the blood. *See* 혈갈증.

*혈괴 s. 血塊 (피) (덩이) A disease—said to be a ball of blood that rises and falls in the stomach. *Globus hystericus.*

*혈근 s. 血筋 (피) (힘줄) Veins; blood vessels.

*혈긔 s. 血氣 (피) (긔운) Physical courage; brute force. *Opp.* 양긔.

*혈긔방장 s. 血氣方壯 (피 긔운) (모) (장홀) The prime of life. *See* 호장.

*혈긔지용 s. 血氣之勇 (피 긔운) (갈) (용밍) Physical courage; daring.

*혈관 s. 血管 (피) (쥬지홀) Blood vessels.

*혈관막 s. 血管膜 (피) (쥬지홀) (막) The tissue around the blood vessels.

*혈농 s. 穴農 (구멍) (농소) Success and failure in agriculture. *See* 구메농소

*혈담 s. 血痰 (피) (담) Phlegm—mixed with blood (빗다). *See* 타혈증; 적담.

*혈루 s. 血淚 (피) (눈물) Bloody tears; bitter tears.

*혈루증 s. (— — 症 血漏症 (피) (샐) (증세) Gonorrhœa.

*혈리 s. 血痢 (피) (리질) A disease—passing blood; dysentery. *See* 적리.

*혈림 s. 血淋 (피) (림질) Gonorrhœa; bloody urine. *See* 림질.

*혈마 s. (셜—) 誓應 (그릇—*오) (젹을—*마) Pray! Truly! Of a truth

혈목 s. A pass; a narrow road.

*혈믹 s. 血脉 (피) (믹) The circulation of the blood; blood and pulses; consanguinity.

*혈믹(이)관통호다 s. 血脉貫通 (피) (믹) (쒜일, 통홀) To circulate as the blood.

*혈분 s. 血分 (피) (논홀) Health—of women. *Opp.* 양긔.

*혈붕 s. 血崩 (피) (문허질) An issue of blood.

*혈셔 s. 血書 (피) (글) A signature or characters written with one's blood.

*혈셕 s. 血石 (피) (돌) Blood-stone. Hematite.

*혈성 s. 血誠 피 (졍셩) Earnestness; fervor, devotion. *See* 혈심.

*혈손 s. 血孫 (피) (손주) Direct descendants; one's flesh and blood. *See* 직손.

*혈속 s. 血屬 (피) (붓흘) Blood relatives.

*혈식 s. 血食 (피) (밥) Blood sacrifices—as where raw meat is offered.

*혈식천츄호다 s. 血食千秋 (피) (밥) (일쳔) (가을 To offer forever raw meat in sacrifice.

*혈식호다 s. 血食 (피, 밥) To offer raw meat and food in sacrifice—as to Confucius.

*혈심 s. 血心 (피) (무옴) Fervor, earnestness; devotion. *See* 혈성.

*혈심고독호다 s. 血心苦篤 (피) (무옴) (상고) (도울, To be in earnest; to be fervid.

*혈소 s. 血嗣 (피) (나올) Direct descendants. *See* 혈손.

*혈식 s. 血色 (피) (빗) The colour—of a person's face; a ruddy complexion.

*혈육 s. 血肉 (피) 고기) Flesh and blood; kith and kin. *See* 골육.

*혈육지신 s. 血肉之身 피 고기, (갈) (몸) A living body of flesh.

*혈익 s. 血液 (피) (진) Blood.

*혈장 s. 血漿 (피) (장) Blood.

*혈적 s. 血積 (피) (싸힐) A disease—a ball of blood in the stomach that rises and falls. *See* 혈괴.

*혈젼호다 s. 血戰 (피) (싸홀) To fight a bloody battle; to fight desperately.

*혈졍 s. 穴情 (구멍) (졍일) The space enclosing propitious atmospheres for burial.

*혈족 s. 血族 (피) (일가) Blood relation; lineage; progeny.

*혈처호다 s. 穴處 (구멍) (곳) To dwell in a cave.

*혈체 s. 血滯 (피) (걸닐) A stoppage of the blood in the system.

*혈충 s. 血忠 (피) (충셩) Extreme loyalty.

*혈통 s. 血統 (피) (거느릴) Family line; lineage; consanguinity; blood-relation; progeny.

*혈한 s. 血汗 (피) (짐) Bloody sweat; severe toil; hard labour. *See* 피짐.

*협합 s. (설) 夾匣(구멍)(합) A drawer; a case.

*혈허 s. 血虛 (피)(뷔일) Impoverishment of blood—of the menses.

*혈현고독 s. 孑孑孤踽 (외로울)(외로울)(외로울)(자최) One alone in the world.

*혈현단신 s. 孑孑單身 (외로울)(외로울)(홀)(몸) One alone in the world; one who has neither friends nor relatives.

*혈혹 s. 血疣 (피)(혹—*우) A red tumor or wen.

*혈흔 s. 血痕 (피)(흔적) Blood stains.

*혐멸 s. 嫌蔑 (혐의)(멸) Enmity; a cause of dislike.

혐쓱하다 s. (설) To be disturbed; to be filled with fear; to be disappointed.

*혐의 s. 嫌疑 (혐의)(의심) Odium, spite; ill-will. *See* 원망.

*혐의롭다 s. 嫌疑 (혐의)(의심) 로와; 온 To feel dislike for; to be disagreeable towards.

*혐의하다 s. 嫌疑 (혐의)(의심) To be suspicious of; to feel unkindly towards. *See* 암분하다.

*협격하다 s. 擊挾 (격)(칠) To attack on each flank at the same time.

*협견첨요 s. 脅肩諂笑 (갈비대)(어깨)(아첨)(우슴) Flattery; adulation. *See* 감언리설.

*협곡 s. 歙谷 (괴운거물)(골) The name of a country in Kang-won province.

*협골 s. 頰骨 (뺨)(뼈) The cheek-bones.

*협공하다 s. 挾攻 (협)(칠) To attack on each flank at the same time. *See* 협격하다.

*협긔 s. 俠氣 (협소)(긔운) Magnanimity; courage; heroism. *See* 호긔.

*협긱 s. 俠客 (협소)(손) One who loves to fight for others; a whole hearted fellow; an outlaw. *See* 협소.

*협낭 s. 挾囊 (끼) (주머니) A small pocket worn at the coat strings.

*협농 s. 峽農 (괴) (농소) Mountain agriculture.

*협뎡하다 s. 協定 (화홀)(명홀) To consult and decide.

*협도 s. 挾刀 (협)(칼) A pair of clipers—for medicine; a tobacco cutter.

*협력하다 s. 協力 (화홀) (힘) To work together; to combine forces. *See* 합력하다.

*협련군 s. 挾輦軍 (협)(수레)(군소) Standard and chair-bearers who accompany the king on a procession.

*협로 s. 夾路 (좁을) (길) A narrow road; a by-path. *See* 쇼로.

*협로 s. 峽路 (괴) (길) A mountain road. *See* 산로.

*협문 s. 夾門 (좁을) (문) A small side door

*협민 s. 峽民 (산골) (빅성) Mountain peoples; those who live in the mountains.

*협박하다 s. 協迫 (협박홀) (핍박홀) To terrify; to persecute.

*협방 s. 夾房 (좁을)(방) A small side room. *See* 협실.

*협부하다 s. 挾富 (협) (부자) To be wealthy. To presume upon one's wealth. *See* 협세하다.

*협사하다 s. 挾詐 (협) (거짓) To be hypocritical; to be deceptive. *See* 간사하다.

*협상됴약 s. 協商條約 (화홀) (장소) (가지) (언약) A treaty of commerce.

*협서 s. 陝西 (좁을) (서녁) Shen-se in China.

*협서하다 s. 挾書 (협) (글) To correct; to make notes of correction. To carry a book under the arm.

*협세하다 s. 挾勢 (협) (형세) To presume upon one's power; to take unlawful liberty. *See* 협부하다.

*협슈 s. 夾袖 (좁을) (소매) A blue military coat. A small-sleeved under coat.

*협식하다 s. 挾食 (협) (밥) To have indigestion; to suffer from dyspepsia. *See* 협체하다.

*협실 s. 挾室 (협) (집) A side room or chamber. *See* 협방

*협소 s. 俠士 (협소) (션비) One who rights the wrongs of others. An outlaw. *See* 협긱.

*협약 s. 協約 (화홀) (언약) A treaty of friendship.

*협약하다 s. 協約 (화홀) (언약) To form a treaty of friendship.

*협온원 s. 挾溫元 (좁) (숨을) (옷들) A kind of bean eaten cooked with the pods on. *Phaseolus vulgaris.*

*협읍 s. 峽邑 (산골) (고을) Mountain prefecture. *See* 산읍.

*협의하다 s. 協議 (화홀) (의론) To consult together; to deliberate over; to compare views.

*협완두 s. 莢豌豆 (끌)(콰)(팟) A kind of peas usually cooked with the pods on, *Pisum sativum.*

*협잡 s. 挾雜 (썹) (석깁) Wrong doing under a pretence of doing right; dishonest dealing in public affairs; "graft"; political corruption.

*협잡군 s. 挾雜軍 (썹) (석깁) (군소) An agent of dishonest practices; an extortioner; or "grafter."

*협잡배 s. 挾雜輩 (썹) (석깁) (뿌리) "Grafter"; extortioners.

*협잡하다 s. 挾雜 (썹) (석깁) To practise extortion; to play the part of a dishonest agent.

*협제하다 s. 脅制 (협박질) (헤어홀) To oppress or tyrannize.

*협정왕 s. 挾政王 (썹) (정소) (님금) A usurper; one who exercises undue authority over the king.

*협죽도 s. 夾竹桃 (홉울) (대) 복숭아, The oleander. *See* 독도.

*협중 s. 峽中 (산끌) (가온디) Among the mountains; in a mountain district.

*협찬하다 s. 協贊 (화홀) (도울) To help; to assist; to counsel

*협창하다 s. 挾娼 (썹) (개칩) To go strolling—with singing girls.

*협체하다 s. 挾滯 (썹) (걸닝) To have dyspepsia as well as some other disease. *See* 체하다.

*협촌 s. 峽村 (산끌) (마을) A mountain village. *See* 두메.

*협착하다 s. 狹窄 (좁울) (좁을) To be narrow; to be confined.

*협래산이초북해하다 s. 挾泰山以超北海 (썹) (뭍) (외) (써 ᄀᆞᆯ ᄂᆞᆨᄂᆞᆫ, (바다) Taking Mt. Tai under one's arm and jumping over the north sea—an impossibility.

*협현조이령제후하다 s. 挾天子以令諸侯 (썹) (하늘) (하ᄂᆞᆫ 써 (호이끔, 모ᄃᆞᆫ (세후) To presume upon the superior's authority to carry out one's wishes, to exercise undue influence over the king.

*협관 s. 協辦 (화홀) (관딴) Vice President of a Government Board.

*협호 s. 挾戶 (썹 (집) Tenants' quarters; hired rooms. *See* 협실.

*협회 s. 協會 (화홀) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) A society; a society meeting.

*협회계약 s. 協議契約 (화홀) (화홀) (글) 언약 (Consensual contract.

*협회하다 s. 協諧 (화홀) (하홀) To agree; to consent; to be on friendly terms.

*협화하다 s. 協和 (화홀) (화홀) To rule with equity; to bring about peace. (B. H.)

헛가래 s. (석ㅡㅡ) 椽木 (석가래—*연) (나무 ~*목) A rafter (Prov.) *See* 석가래.

*혜고하다 s. 惠顧 (은혜) (도라볼) To regard with kindness; to treat with benevolence; to countenance.

*혜근혜근하다 s To make a commotion; to call attention to oneself; to show off. *See* 멸빙이다.

헤다 / (세) 計數 (게교—*게) (두어~*수) 헤어; 헨 To calculate; to count up; to reckon up. *See* 헵두다.

*혜당 /. 惠堂 (은혜) (집) An officer of the front rank 1st degree in charge of palace supplies. The director of state ceremonial *See* 선혜당상.

*혜민서 /. 惠民署 (은혜) (박성) (마을) A public dispensary.

*혜서 /. 鼷鼠 (쥐) (쥐) A mouse.

*혜서 /. 惠書 (은혜) (글) "Your favor" — in reply to a letter.

*혜성 /. 彗星 (뷔) (별) A comet. *See* 비성; 살성.

*혜시하다 /. 惠施 (은혜) (베플) To give alms; to bestow in charity.

*혜실바실하다 s. To be useless; to be worthless.

*혜수하다 / 惠賜 (은혜) (줄) To bestow; to give.

헤아리다 s 商量 (장소—*샹) (헤아릴—*량) 아려; 린 To think; to guess; to consider. *See* 생각하다.

*혜연하다 / 惠然 (은혜) (그럴) To visit ᄋᆞ—ᄉᆞ ᄂᆞᆫ ᄃᆞᆯ. (B. O.)

*혜인 /. 惠愛 (은혜) (소랑) Benevolence and affection.

*혜증하다 /. 惠贈 (은혜) (줄) To bestow upon, to present with; to give.

*혜초 /. 蕙草 (혜초) (풀) A fragrant species of marshy orchid.

*혜하하다 /. 惠賜 (은혜) (면질) To bestow; to confer; to give; to present.

*혜택 / 惠澤 (은혜) (못) Kind indulgence; benevolence; favour.

헵 /. (셉) 數 (두어—*수) Numbers; calculation. Reason; judgment. *Also* 셉.

헵듭다 /. (셉) 드러; 든 To reckon to count up; to calculate.

헵ᄉᆞ다 / 計算 제교 '제) (산돌—*산 To settle accounts; to calculate. *See* 회계하다.

*형 s. 衡 (저울대) The beam of a balance; a weigh-scale.

*형 s. 兄 (맛) Older brother; older sister —used between or in reference to persons of the same sex. *See* 사형.

*형개 s. 荊芥 (가시) (겨조) A hairy kind of sage used in medical preparations. *Nepeta japonica.*

*형구 s. 形軀 (형상) (몸) The body.

*형구 s. 刑具 (형벌) (그출) Implements of punishment.

*형극 s. 荊棘 (가시) (가시) Thistles; brambles.

*형리 s. 刑吏 (형벌) (리약) Term of criminal service.

*형미 s. 荊芥 (가시) (겨조) *Nepeta japonica.*

*형관 s. 刑官 (형벌) 버슬, An officer of justice. *See* 법관.

*형님 s. 兄主 (맛) (님—*쥬) Elder brother or elder sister - used only between and in reference to those of the same sex.

*형뎨 s. 兄弟 (맛) (아오) Brothers; sisters —between or in reference to those of the same sex. *See* 동성.

*형도 s. 兄島 (맛 (셤) Islands in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 38.41. Long. 128.10. and in Ch'ung chŏng-do. Lat 36.34. Long. 126.17.

*형독 s. 刑戮 (형벌) (죽일) Capital punishment; execution—of a criminal.

*형률 s. 刑律 (형벌) (법) Criminal law; penal regulations.

*형리 s. 刑吏 (형벌) (아전) A writer or clerk of the Board of Justice. *See* 형방.

*형문 s. 刑問 (형벌) (무를 Slam paddling (맛다) (치다).

*형방 s. 刑房 (형벌) (방) The writer who sees orders for punishment carried out; the clerk who sits outside of the official's room and repeats his orders. *See* 형리.

*형벌 s. 刑罰 (형벌) (벌홀) Punishment, torture (주다) (ᄒᆞ다).

*형법 s. 刑法 (형벌) (법 Criminal law, penal code.

*형법 s. 衡法 (저울대) (법) The law as regards weighing. *See* 도법; 량법.

*형법대뎐 s. 刑法大典 (형벌) (법) (큰) (법) The criminal law code.

*형벅 s. 刑辟 (형벌) (임군) Punishment—as of criminals. Capital punishment.

*형상 s. 形狀 (형상) (형상) Form; appearance; looks.

*형상 s. 形像 (형상) (형상) Form; appearance; looks. *See* 모양.

*형상ᄒᆞ다 v. 形像 (형상) (형상) To copy; to picture or reproduce in form. *See* 형용ᄒᆞ다.

*형석 s. 硎石 (반ᄃᆡ불) (돌) A kind of stone—flint stone.

*형세 s. 形勢 (형상) (형세) The outline or shape—of hills, etc. An array—of troops. *See* 세.

*형수 s. 兄嫂 (맛) (아지미) An elder brother's wife. *Opp.* 계수.

*형승지디 s. 形勝之地 (형상) (승홀) (갈) (ᄯᅡ) A place occupying an excellent geographical position; a place rich in picturesque views.

*형식상 形式上 (형상) (법) (웃) Appearances, outward show. *See* 외양.

*형사 s. 刑事 (형벌) (일) Criminal cases. *Opp.* 민사.

*형사검사 s. 刑事檢事 (형벌) (일) (상고홀) (일) A vice-judge of criminal cases. *Opp.* 민사검사.

*형사국 s. 刑事局 (형벌) (일) (관) Bureau of Criminal Matters.

*형사소송 s. 刑事訴訟 (형벌) (일) (알릴) (송ᄉᆞ) A criminal action *Opp.* 민사소송.

*형사순검 s. 刑事巡檢 (형벌) (일) (순힐) (상고홀) A police who has to do with criminal arrests.

*형사순사 s. 刑事巡査 (형벌) (일) (순힐) (사실홀) A police-man who is entrusted with criminal matters. *Opp.* 민사순사.

*형사지관소 s. 刑事裁判所 (형벌) (일) (마ᄅᆞ질) (관단) (바) A Criminal Court. *Opp.* 민사지관소.

*형사관소 s. 刑事判事 (형벌) (일) (관단) (일) A criminal court judge. *Opp.* 민사관소.

*형식 s. 形色 (형상) (빗) Appearance; form and color; general looks. *See* 모식.

*형언ᄒᆞ다 s. 形言 (형상) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) To describe by word; to explain.

*형연ᄒᆞ다 ᄂᆞ 逈然 (멀) (그럴) To be diverse; to be distant; to be in contrast.

*형영 s. 形影 (형상) (그림ᄌᆞ) The substance and the shadow.

*형용 s. 形容 (형상) (얼골) Appearance; looks; figure. *See* 형상.

*형용법 s. 形容法 (형상)(얼골)(법) Figure; metaphor.

*형용사 s. 形容詞 (형상)(얼골)(말숨) An adjective.

*형용하다 s. 形容 (형상)(얼골) To picture; to describe by means of something else.

*형장 s. 刑場 (형벌)(마당) Place of execution; an execution-ground.

*형장 s. 刑杖 (형벌)(짐힐어) The small paddle for shin torture (가지).

*형장 s. 兄長 (맛)(어룬) An older brother. *See* 엉님.

*형적 s. 形迹 (형상)(자최) Trace; indications, evidences.

*형조 s. 刑曹 (형벌)(무리) The Board of Justice. *See* 츄조.

*형조판서 s. 刑曹判書 (형벌)(무리)(판단)(글) The President of the Board of Justice—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 츄판.

*형쥬 s. 兄主 (맛)(님) Older brother; an honorific term.

*형지 s. 形止 (형상)(춧설) Appearance; evidence.

*형질 s. 形質 (형상)(바탕) Shape; nature; quality—of things.

*형처 s. 荊妻 (가시)(안히) My wife—a self-depreciatory expression used only in the written language.

*형츄하다 s. 刑推 (형벌)(밀) To interrogate a criminal during application of the small paddle.

*형탐하다 t. 訶探 (렴탐홀) (다듬을) To spy; to follow out as a detective.

*형태 s. 形態 (형상) (몸) The form; the substance; the body.

*형통하다 s. 亨通 (형통 (통호) To turn out well; to prove successful.

*형틀 s. 刑架 (형벌) (시렁—*가) A kind of chair in which a criminal is fastened by hands, feet and hair—for application of the small paddle.

*형히 s. 形骸 (형상)(히도) Form; shape; appearance.

*형판 s 刑板 (형벌) (판주) The board on which a victim is stretched for application of the paddle.

*형판 s 刑判 (형벌) (판단) The President of the Board of Justice—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree. *See* 형조판서.

*형편 s. 形便 (형상)(편홀) Condition.

*형포하다 t. 詗捕 (렴탐홀) (잡을) To spy out and arrest.

*형학 s. 螢學 (반되불) (빅홀) Studying by the light of fire flies; a diligent application to study.

*형형색색 s. 形形色色 (형상)(형상)(빗)(빗) Every appearance and shade.

*형혹셩 s. 熒惑星 (불) (혹홀) (별) A name given to the planet Mars. *See* 화셩.

*호 s. 戶 (집) The body.

*호화 s. 螢火 (반되불) (불) The light of the firefly. *See* 반되불.

*호 s. 戔 (헐억) Measure of weight, money.

호 *t.* The sound of blowing with the breath.

*호 *t.* 戶 (지게) A numerative of houses; a census.

*호 s. 胡 (오랑캐) A word used in composition to denote a foreigner, a Mongolian or a Manchurian.

*호가 s. 呼價 (부를) (갑) Face, or written value, as opposed to the market value or circulating price.

*호가 s. 豪家 (호걸) (집) A wealthy family, an opulent person.

*호가샤 t. 好家舍 (됴흘) (집) (집) A fine house; a well built house.

*호가호위 t. 狐假虎威 (여호) (빌) (범) (위엄) The fox that rides with the tiger's power.

*호강 s. 豪强 (호걸) (강홀) Luxury; pleasure. (부리다) (치다).

*호강작첩하다 s. 豪强作妾 (호걸) (강홀) (지을) (첩) To live in pleasure and keep concubines.

*호강하다 s. 豪强 (호걸 (강홀) To be luxurious; to live in pleasure. *See* 호협하다.

호겸질하다 s. 縞 (흴—*붕) To sport or play. To sew. (Prov.) *See* 흠질하다.

*호거하다 t. 好居 (됴흘) (살) To live well; to live luxuriantly. *See* 요부하다.

*호건 t. (一件, 好件 (됴흘) (물건) The first quality—of goods. *See* 샹품.

*호걸 s. 豪傑 (호걸) (호걸) A hero; a brave man; a magnanimous person. *See* 영걸.

*호경골 t. 虎脛骨 (범) (무리) (뼈) The bones of the lower fore-leg of the tiger—used for making medicine.

*호로 s. 胡老 (오랑캐) (샹로) An old man full of years. (R. O.)

*호곡지성 s. 呼哭之聲 (부를) (울) 갈 (소리) The sound of crying or wailing.

*호곡하다 s. 呼哭 (부를) (울) To groan; to bemoan; to wail.

*호골 l. 虎骨 (범) (뼈) Tiger bones—used as medicine.

*호교하다 l. 虎咬 (범) (물) To be wounded by a tiger.

*호구 l. 戶口 (집) (입) The census or number of houses. The "house"—a place of danger on a draught-board (장기).

*호구표사 l. 戶口調査 (지게) (입) (표로) (사실홀) Census; record of houses and inmates. *See* 인구표사.

*호구 l. 虎口 (범) (입) A tiger's mouth; a perilous place; danger.

*호구발성 l. 戶口發星 (집) (입) (피울) (별) The spirit of smallpox. *See* 손님마마.

*호구지방 s. 糊口之方 (풀) (입) (갈) (모) Means of filling one's mouth; a livelihood. *See* 생활지계.

*호구지책 s. 糊口之策 (풀) (입) (갈) (묘책) Plans for filling one's mouth; a livelihood. *See* 묘과지도.

*호국 s. 胡國 (오랑캐) (나라) Foreign country, a barbarous nation.

*호군하다 l. 犒軍 (호군홀) (군소) To regale soldiers; to treat soldiers to a feast. *See* 호궤하다.

*호기 l. 好機 (묘홀) (과골) A good opportunity; favourable occasion.

*호기 s. 豪氣 (호걸) (기운) Heroism; magnanimity. (부리다).

*호기롭다 s. 豪氣 (호걸) (기운) 로와; 온 To be heroic; to be brave.

*호기만발하다 s. 豪氣滿發 (호걸) (기운) (홀) 날 To live in splendour and a display of gallantry.

*호객 s. 豪客 (호걸) (손) A distinguished guest.

*호과 s. 胡瓜 (오랑캐) (외) Cucumber, *Cucumis sativus*.

*호관역 l. 好觀的 (묘홀) (볼) (역실) Beauty; a fine appearance.

*호궤하다 l. 犒饋 (호군홀) (먹일) To regale soldiers; to treat soldiers to a feast. *See* 호군하다.

*호남 s. 湖南 (물) (남) Hoo-nan in China.

*호남자 l. 好男子 (묘홀) (사나회) (아들) A handsome man.

호다 s. 縫 (홀—*봄) 아; 혼 To sew.

*호뎝 s. 蝴蝶 (나뷔) (나뷔) Butterflies.

*호뎍 s. 胡笛 (오랑캐) (뎌) A short trumpet or bugle. *See* 라발.

*호뎝화 s. 蝴蝶花 (나뷔) (나뷔) (꼿) Fleur de lis, *Iris*.

*호뎡 l. 戶庭 (집) (뜰) A front yard, a square before a house. *See* 뜰

*호뎡출입 l. 戶庭出入 (집) (뜰) (날) (들) A walk in the court; a walk.

*호도 s. (두) 胡桃 (오랑캐) (복송아) Walnuts. *See* 추조.

호도독호도독하다 s. To crackle. To be quick-tempered.

*호도리 l. 好道理 (묘홀) (길) (리치) Good fortune; good luck.

호되다 s. 되여; 된 To be violent; to be strong; to be terrific.

*호동류 s. 胡桐淚 (오랑캐) (오동) (눈물) Resin from the *Populus euphratica*.

*호디 s. 胡地 (오랑캐) (짜) China; Manchuria.

*호라복 s. 胡蘿蔔 (오랑캐) (청여투) (무) A carrot.

*호란 s. 胡亂 (오랑캐) (어지러울) The Manchu War (A.D 1627).

호랑나뷔 l. A large spotted butterfly.

*호랑요 l. (——뇨) A blanket, stamped with the figure of a tiger. *See* 호랑조.

*호랑이 l. 虎狼 (범) (일히) A tiger, a leopard; tiger and wolf. *See* 범.

*호랑지심 l. 虎狼之心 (범) (일히) (갈) (무옴) An avaricious heart; a brutal mind.

*호련도 l. 護輦徒 (호위) (련) (무리) The king's sedan-chair.

*호렬즈 l. 虎列剌 (범) (벌) (씨틀) Cholera. *See* 괴질, 휘병.

*호렬즈질부스 l. 虎列剌窒扶斯 (범) (벌) (씨틀) (막을 (붓틀) (이) Cholera-typhus.

*호렬즈종 l. 虎列剌證 (범) (벌) (씨틀) (버레) Choleraides.

*호령 l. 號令 (일홈) (호여곰) An order; a command. *See* 명령.

*호령하다 l. 號令 (일홈) (호여곰) To call loudly and in an imposing manner.

*호로 s. 胡蘆 (오랑캐) (갈) A gourd.

*호로병 s. 葫蘆瓶 (박) (갈) (병) Coat-string ornaments worn by children.

호르롤 s. Flying softly.

*호리 s. 毫釐 (털 (여) 리) A single hair; the slightest shade. *See* 호말.

*호리 s. 狐狸 (여호) (즘) A fox and a badger.

호리다 s. 려; 린 To whip.

호리다 s. 誘惑 (꾀일—*유) (혹홀 *혹) 려, 린 To deceive to trick; to delude. *See* 꾀이다.

호리질ᄒᆞ다 s. 鎖鑿 (칼—*오) (보잡—*라) To clean hollow drills with a plough-shaped implement.

*호마 s. 胡馬 (오랑캐) (물) A Chinese horse.

*호마 s. 胡麻 (오랑캐) (삼) Black sesamum—used as a medicine.

호만선 s A sLooner. *See* 궁님선.

*호말 s. 毫末 (털 역) (끗) A hair's breadth; the smallest shade. *See* 호리.

*호망 s. 狐網 (여호) (그물) A net for catching foxes.

*호면 s 胡麵 (오랑캐) (국슈) Chinese vermicelli. *See* 당면.

*호명ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼名 (부를) (일홈) To call by name.

*호모ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼母 (부를) (어미) To call another one's mother.

호무거리 s. A trip up—in wrestling. *See* 안에기. A water-bag; a water scorpion. (Prov.).

호미 s. 鋤 (*서) A weeding hoe.

*호미 l. 好味 (됴흘) (맛) Good taste, excellent flavour; delicious food; dainties.

*호미난방 l. 虎尾難放 (범) (꼬리) (어려울) (노흘) It is dangerous to let go of a tiger's tail.

*호박 l. 琥珀 (호박) (호박) Red amber. *See* 붉호박.

호박 l. 南瓜 (남녁—*남) (외—*과) The pumpkin. *Cucurbita pepo.*

*호박감자 l. 琥珀甘蔗 (호박) (단) (사탕수수) The name of a sorghum; the amber sugar-cane.

*호박개 s. 胡狗 (오랑캐) (개 *구) A large species of Chinese dog. *See* 호박이.

*호박산 l. 琥珀酸 (호박) (호박) (실) Succinic acid.

호박이 s. A large species of Chinese dog. *See* 호박개.

*호박풍잠 l. 琥珀風簪 (호박) (호박) (바람) (비녀) A piece of amber worn on the front of the head-band.

호반 s. 武 (*무) The military nobility. *See* 무변.

호반급뎨 s. 武及第 (호반—*무) (밋칠—*급) (급뎨—*뎨) A military graduate—in archery. *See* 션달.

호반새 s. A kind of bird—whose note resembles the flight of an arrow.

*호반석 l. 虎斑石 (범) (아루럭) (돌) A black stone marked with white spots.

*호발 s. 毫髮 (털 역) (털 역) A hair's breadth; a single iota. *See* 호말.

*호방 l. 戶房 (집) (방) Writers, yamen clerks who collect taxes etc.

*호번ᄒᆞ다 s. 浩繁 (너를) (번거) To be numerous; to be overwhelming; to be overburdening—of work. *See* 번다ᄒᆞ다

*호변ᄒᆞ다 l. 好辯 (됴흘) (말) (손) An orator; an eloquent speaker. *See* 변소.

*호변ᄒᆞ다 l. 好辯 (됴흘) (말) To talk well; to be eloquent.

*호복 s. 胡服 (오랑캐) (옷) Clothes worn by foreign barbarians. A Chinese dress.

*호봉 s. 胡蜂 (오랑캐) (벌) *Vespa mandarinia.*

*호부 s. 豪富 (호걸) (부쟈) A rich person; a wealthy family; the opulent; a millionaire.

*호부 l. 好否 (됴흠) (아닐) The good and the bad; good or bad. *See* 호불호.

*호부ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼父 (부를) (아비) To call another one's father.

*호북 s. 湖北 (호슈) (북녁) Hoo-pe in China.

*호빅구 s. 狐白裘 (여흐) (흰) (갓옷) A coat made of the white fur of the fox.

*호산 s. 胡算 (오랑캐) (산놀) Chinese price marks—of goods; a merchant's private marks.

*호상 l. 護喪 (호위) (상소) An overseer of a funeral.

*호상 l. 好喪 (됴흘) (상소) A propitious mourning—as of those dying late in life. *Opp.* 번상.

*호샤ᄒᆞ다 s. 豪奢 (호걸) (샤치) To dress well. *See* 샤치ᄒᆞ다.

*호상전결ᄒᆞ다 s. 互相聯結 (서로) (서로) (니을) (미질) To unite together.

*호서 s. 湖西 (호슈) (셔녁) A district in Chung-chong province.

*호서 s. 瓠犀 (박) (물소) Gourd seeds—used of white teeth. (B. O.).

*호선 s. 弧線 (활) (실) Arc of a circle; a curve.

*호선 s. 胡船 (오랑캐) (비) A Chinese boat. *See* 당선.

*호선초 *l.* 虎耳草 (법) (붓처) (풀) The name of a medicinal herb.

*호소호다 *s.* 呼訴 (부를) (알일) To make known to, to announce to. *See* 원정호다.

*호소무처 *s.* 呼訴無處 (부를) (알일) (없을) (곳) No place to air one's grievances. *See* 신원무로.

*호송호다 *l.* 護送 (두호) (보낼) To send as an escort.

*호수 *s.* 號數 (일홈) (두어) Number; amount.

*호수 *l.* (一쑤) *l.* 戶數 (지게) (두어) The number of houses. *See* 가구.

*호슈 *s.* 湖水 (*호슈) (물) A lake.

*호슈 *l.* 虎鬚 (법) (슈염) A tiger's moustache—as worn on a hat. (달다).

*호슈림 *l.* 虎鬚笠 (법) (슈영) (갓) An official hat ornamented with tiger moustache bristles.

*호승지벽 *l.* 好勝之癖 (됴흘) (이길) (갈) (영벽) Headstrongness; a desire to conquer. *See* 영벽.

*호승호다 *l.* 好勝 (됴흘) (이길) To love to conquer; to like to win; to be headstrong.

*호시호다 *s.* 虎視 (법) (볼) To glare like a tiger; to look fiercely at; to stare.

*호시 *s* 弧矢 (활) (살) Bows and arrows.

*호신부 *l.* 護身符 (두호) (몸) (부작) A body-protector—as a tablet worn at the neck.

*호심경 *l.* 護心鏡 (두호) (무옴) (거울) A plaque of metal worn by soldiers for defence.

*호소다마 *l.* 好事多魔 (됴흘) (일) (만흘) (귀신) Good works have many devils —to prevent them.

*호소자 *l.* 好事者 (됴흘) (일) (놈) A meddler; an intriguing person.

*호식호다 *l.* 好色 (됴흘) (빗) To be fond of women. *See* 량식호다

*호싱지덕 *l.* 好生之德 (됴흘) (날) (갈) (큰) The favor of life; the grace of salvation. *See* 싱싱지덕.

*호안 *l.* 好顏 (됴흘) 얼픈) A handsome face; a lovely countenance.

*호언 *s.* 胡言 (오랑캐) (말솜) Manchurian —Chinese colloquial. *See* 한어.

*호언 *l.* 好言 (됴흘) (말솜) Good words.

*호역 *l.* 戶役 (집) (역亽) House taxes. (물다). *See* 호포.

*호연지 *s.* 胡胭脂 (오랑캐) 연지) (기름) The name of a paint.

*호연지긔 *l.* 浩然之氣 (넓을) (그럴) (갈) 긔운) The inspiration of the universe. (M.)

*호외 *l.* 號外 (일홈) (밧) A supplement —to a newspaper.

*호외 *l.* 戶外 (집) (밧) Outdoor; open air.

*호위 *s.* 胡荽 (오랑캐) (나물) Coriander.

*호위 *l.* 虎威 (법) (위엄) Tiger's influence.

*호위군 *l.* 護衛軍 (두호) (모실) (군亽) The Royal Body guards.

*호위군관 *l.* 扈衛軍官 (호종홀) (모실) (군亽) (벼슬) An officer of the Royal Body-guards. *See* 호위청.

*호위대장 *l.* 扈衛大將 (호종홀) (모실) (큰) (장亽) The General of the Royal Body-guards.

*호위병 *l.* 護衛兵 (두호) (모실) (군亽) Escort; guard. Some as 호위군.

*호위영 *l.* 扈衛營 (호종홀) (모실) (영문) The headquarters of the Royal Guard

*호위청 *l.* 扈衛廳 (호종홀 모실) (마을) The Office of the Royal Body guards.

*호위호다 *l.* 護衛 (두호) (모실) To surround with honor; to escort; to guard.

*호읍호다 *s.* 號泣 (부르지질) (울) To shriek and cry; to groan.

*호의 *s.* 狐疑 (여호) (의심) Suspicion; doubt, hesitation.

*호의 *l.* 好意 (됴흘) (뜻) Good thoughts; right intentions.

*호의호식호다 *l.* 好衣好食 (됴흘) (옷) (됴흘) (밥) To dress well and fare richly; to live well. *Opp.* 악의악식호다.

*호의호다 *s.* 狐疑 (여호) (의심) To doubt; to suspect. (Comp.) *See* 의혹호다.

*호이초 *l.* 虎耳草 (법) (귀) (풀) *Saxifraga sarmentosa.*

*호인 *s.* 胡人 (오랑캐) (사롬) A Chinaman.

*호인 *l.* 好人 (됴흘) (사롬) A good man.

*호원호다 *s.* 呼寃 (부를) (원통홀) To protest to an official; to lay a case at law.

호장 *s.* A woman's coat with sleeves and edges of another coat. *See* 반호장.

*호장 *l.* 戶長 (집) (어룬) The highest class of yamen writers, clerks etc.

*호장 s. 壺醬 (병) (장) Soy in a bottle. (M.)

호장지 l. Paper paid in to the Board of Finance.

*호적 l. 戶籍 (집) (호적) A census; a registration of houses etc.

*호적가ᄭᅥ l. 戶籍價米 (집) (호적) (갑) (쌀) The price of registration paper.

*호적빛 l. 戶籍色 (집) (호적) (빗—*색) The clerks in charge of official registration.

*호적지 l. 戶籍紙 (집) (호적) (조히) Census paper; paper used in taking the census.

호젓 ᄒᆞ다 s. To be solitary; to be lonely; to be desolate. *See* 유ᄌᆞᆨ지다.

*호조 l. 戶曹 (집) (마을) The Board of Finance. *See* 탁지.

*호조판서 l. 戶曹判書 (집) (마을) (관단) (글) The President of the Board of Finance—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree.

*호종 l. 怙終 (믓을) (믓쳠) A wilful sin. (B. H.)

*호종ᄒᆞ다 l. 扈從 (호종호) (좇을) To attend the king—as runners. *See* 시종ᄒᆞ다.

*호종공신 l. 扈從功臣 (호종호) (좇을) (공) (신하) Faithful courtiers; followers in adversity

*호쥬 s. 濠洲 (물) (물가) Australasia.

*호쥬 s. 胡酒 (오랑캐) (술) Chinese spirit.

*호쟝 l. 戶主 (집) (님금) A worker in earthenware dishes. One who supplies feed for government horses. The first house of a group registered together; the master or head of a house.

*호쥬ᄭᅡᆨ l. 好酒客 (됴흘) (술) (손) A lover of strong drink.

*호죽 s. 胡竹 (오랑캐) (대) Chinese pipes or pipe bowls.

*호즁 s. 湖中 (호슈) (가온ᄃᆡ) A name given to Ch'ungch'ong province. *See* 남즁.

호진잡역 l. Various contributions of grain etc. made by the people to the government. *See* 연호잡역.

*호창ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼唱 (부를) (부를) To urge on by shouts; to stimulate or encourage by cries.

*호쵸 (一츄) s. 胡椒 (오랑캐) (호쵸) Black pepper.

*호치단슌 s. 皓齒丹脣 (흴) (니) (붉을) (입시ᄉᆞᆯ) White teeth and red lips—a woman.

호피조 s. A black blanket marked with the figure of a tiger. *See* 호랑요.

*호ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 l. 浩嘆 (넓을) (한식) To grieve greatly; to mourn deeply.

*호탕ᄒᆞ다 s. 浩蕩 (너를) (너를) To be lavish; to be dissolute; to be fast To be vast.

*호텬 s. 昊天 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) Heaven; the sky. (B. O.; B. H.)

*호텬망극ᄒᆞ다 s. 昊天罔極 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (업슬) (극ᄒᆞᆯ) To be boundless as heaven—as grief over the death of parents etc.

호통ᄒᆞ다 l. To threaten loudly; to scold fiercely. *See* 호령.

*호판 l. 戶判 (집) (관단) The President of the Board of Finance—an officer of the front rank, 2nd degree.

*호패 l. 號牌 (일홈) (패) A small tablet originally intended to be carried by every Korean, bearing the name, birth year etc.

*호포 l. 戶布 (집) (뵈) A house tax. (물다). *See* 과ᄒᆞ전; 호역.

*호표 l. 虎豹 (범) 표범) Tiger and leopard.

*호표ᄉᆡ랑ᄉᆡ육 l. 虎豹豺狼之屬 (범) (표범) (승양이) (일ᄉᆡ) (ᄀᆞᆯ) (ᄇᆞᆫᄉᆞᆼ) A pack of tigers, leopards, wolves and jackals.

*호풍 s. 胡風 (오랑캐) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) Chinese or Manchurian customs. A wind from China.

*호풍환우ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼風喚雨 부를) (바ᄅᆞᆯ) (부를) (비) To summon wind and call for rain—as magicians. *See* 둔갑장신ᄒᆞ다.

*호품 l. 好品 (됴흘) (품수) What is good; first class. *See* 상품.

*호피 l. 虎皮 (범) (가ᄑᆞᆨ) A tiger-skin.

*호피방석 l. 虎皮方席 (범) (가ᄑᆞᆨ) (모) (자리) A tiger-skin mat.

*호하돈 l. 虎河豚 (범) (돌) (도야지) A species of globe-fish. *Tetraodon rumpes.*

*호학ᄒᆞ다 l. 好學 (됴흘) (비홀) To be studious; to be fond of study.

*호한 l. 好漢 (됴흘) (놈) Fine fellows, a jolly chap.

*호혈 l. 虎穴 (범) (구멍) A tiger's den.

*호협ᄒᆞ다 s. 豪俠 (호걸) (협ᄉᆞ) To lead a fast life; to be extravagant. *See* 호장ᄒᆞ다.

*호혜 s. 胡鞋 (오랑캐) (신) Chinese shoes.

*호형호뎨 s. 呼兄呼弟 (부를) (맛) (부를) (아오) As a brother—of intimate friends. *See* 결의형뎨ᄒᆞ다.

*호형ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼兄 (부를) (맛) To call "elder brother"; to be intimate with.

*호형호뎨ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼兄呼弟 (부를) (맛) (부를) (아오) To treat as brothers.

*호호 l. 戶戶 (집) (집) House by house; everyhouse. *See* 가가.

호호불다 l. To blow on, as with the breath.

*호호양양ᄒᆞ다 l. 浩浩瀁瀁 (너를) (너를) (너를) (너를) To be vast; to be immense; to be boundless; to be grand.

*호호ᄒᆞ다 l. To be very old. To breathe; to snore.

*호흡 s. 呼吸 (부를) (마실) Expiration and inspiration; breathing; breath; impulse.

*호흡불통ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼吸不通 (부를) (마실) (아닐) (통ᄒᆞ) To be unable to get breath.

*호흡ᄒᆞ다 s. 呼吸 (부를) (마실) To breathe; to whiff.

*호힌 s. 胡亥 (오랑캐) (도야지) A son of Chin-si, Chin, who caused the destruction of his country.

*호사ᄒᆞ다 s. 豪華 호걸) (빗날) 로와ᄒᆞ 온 To be at ease; to be well off.

*호화자뎨 s. 豪華子弟 (호걸) (빗날) (아들) (아오) Sons of a wealthy man.

*호환 l. 戶還 (집) (도라올) An official distribution of rice among families.

*호환 l. 虎患 (범) (근심) Tiger raids; ravages of tigers.

*호환 s. 糊丸 (풀) (한조) Paste pills.

*호황련 s. 胡黃連 (오랑캐) (누루) (련) The rhizomes of *Coptis teeta.*

*호황모 s. 胡黃毛 (오랑캐) (누루) (털억) Tail hair of the Chinese weasle—used for making pens. *See* 당황모.

*혹 s. 或 (혹) Perhaps; sometimes. *See* 혹시.

혹 s. 疣 (*우) Goitre; a tumor; an abscess. (돋다).

*혹간 s 或間 (혹) (소이) From time to time; sometimes. *See* 왕왕이.

*혹독ᄒᆞ다 s. 酷毒 (사오나올) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) To be atrocious; to be extreme; to be cruel. *See* 밍렬ᄒᆞ다.

*혹리 s. 酷吏 (사오나올) (아젼) A cruel or tyrannical official.

혹부리 s. 癭 (혹—*류) One who has an abscess or tumor.

*혹서 s. 酷暑 (사오나올) (더울) Severe summer; intense heat. *See* 염뎐.

*혹세 s. 酷稅 (사오나올) (부세) Severe or heavy tax; excessive taxation.

*혹세무민ᄒᆞ다 s. 惑世誣民 (혹ᄒᆞᆯ (인간) (속일) (빅셩) To delude the world and deceive the people.

*혹시 s. 或是 (혹) (이) Sometimes from time to time. *See* 혹자.

*혹열 s. 酷熱 (사오나올) (더울) Extreme or oppressive heat.

*혹염 s. 酷炎 (사오나올) (불꼿) Extreme heat. *Also* 혹열.

*혹이 s. 或者 (혹) (놈) *자 Some people; certain ones. Sometimes. *See* 혹.

*혹자 s. 或者 (혹) (놈) A certain person; some one. Perhaps; may be. *See* 혹이.

*혹장 s. 酷杖 (사오나올) (막대) A severe beating.

*혹한 s. 酷寒 (사오나올) (찰) Extreme cold; severe cold; rigorous winter; the cold season. *See* 극한.

*혹형 s. 酷刑 (사오나올) (형벌) Extreme or cruel punishment. *See* 악형.

*혹ᄒᆞ다 s. 惑 (혹ᄒᆞᆯ) To delude; to lead into error; to fascinate. *See* 침혹ᄒᆞ다.

*혹화 s. 酷禍 (사오나올) (지앙) A terrible disaster.

*혼 s. 魂 (혼) The soul; the mind. The one part of the soul supposed to ascend to heaven. Fear. (쓰다) (누다). *See* 혼뵉.

*혼가 l. 渾家 (다) (집) A whole family; all the household. *See* 혼솔.

*혼가 s. 婚家 (혼인) (집) A family in which there is a marriage. *See* 혼쳐.

*혼간 s. 婚間 (혼인) (편지) Letters relating to plans for marriage.

*혼겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 魂怯 (혼) (겁ᄒᆞᆯ) To be frightened out of one's wits. *See* 황겁ᄒᆞ다.

*혼곤ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏困 (어두올) (곤ᄒᆞᆯ) To be drowsy; to be dull; to be weary. *See* 혼미ᄒᆞ다.

*혼교 s. 魂轎 (혼) (보교) A two-man chair in which the spirit of the dead returns from a funeral.

*혼구 s. 婚具 (혼인) (긔구) The wedding outfit.

*혼군 s. 昏君 (어두울) (인군) An unenlightened king. *See* 암쥬.

*혼금ᄒᆞ다 s. 閽禁 (문금) (금ᄒᆞᆯ) To forbid entrance to official quarters.

*혼권 l. 渾眷 (다) (도라올) All the family.

*혼나다 s. 혼나; 난 To be frightened out of one's wits; to be scared. *See* 놀나다.

*혼뎐 s. 魂殿 (혼) (대궐) The spirit palace—where the soul of a dead king resides. *See* 재청.

*혼도ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏倒 (어두울) (거구러질) To fall down in a faint.

*혼돈세계 l. 混沌世界 (호릴) (호릴) (인간) (디경) Chaos. *See* 혼돈턴디.

*혼돈씨 l. 混沌氏 (호릴) (호릴) (각씨—*시) The man of Chaos—the first mortal king.

*혼돈턴디 l. 混沌天地 (호릴) (호릴) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) (짜) Chaos. *See* 홍몽세계.

*혼돈ᄒᆞ다 l. 混沌 (호릴) (호릴) To be confused; to be chaotic; to be unintelligible.

*혼동ᄒᆞ다 l. 混同 (호릴) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) To be mixed; to be confused. *See* 혼잡ᄒᆞ다.

*혼동작ᄒᆞᆫ다 l. 混同作執 (호릴) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (지을) (박회굴대) To gather as a rabble.

*혼ᄃᆞᆫ다 s. 魂浮 (혼) (쓸—*부) 써; 뜬 To be frightened out of one's wits; to be scared to death. *See* 혼노다.

*혼란ᄒᆞ다 l. 混亂 (호릴) (어지러울) To be confused; to be disordered. To be in confusion; to be mixed. *See* 활홀ᄒᆞ다.

*혼련 s. 魂輦 (혼) (수레) The car on which the royal tablet is brought back from the funeral. *See* 혼교.

*혼례 s. 婚禮 (혼인) (례도) A wedding ceremony. (지내다). *See* 길례.

*혼례식 s. 婚禮式 (혼인) (례도) (법) Marriage ceremony; nuptial rites.

*혼령 s. 魂靈 (혼) (신령) The soul. *See* 영혼.

*혼망ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏忘 (어두울) (니질) To be stupid; to be childish; to be addle-headed. *See* 건망ᄒᆞ다.

*혼모ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏耗 (어두울) (쇠ᄒᆞᆯ) To be unconscious; to be confused. *See* 혼미ᄒᆞ다.

*혼모ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏暮 (어두울) (져물) To settle as twilight.

*혼미ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏迷 (어두울) (아득ᄒᆞᆯ) To be indistinct; to be half conscious; to lose intelligence. *See* 혼몬ᄒᆞ다.

*혼반 s. 婚班 (혼인) (반렬) Marriage. Rank—as regards marriage.

*혼불부체ᄒᆞ다 s. 魂不附體 (혼) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (몸) To be outside of the body—as the soul in time of fear etc.

*혼불실시ᄒᆞ다 s. 婚不失時 (혼) (아ᄂᆞᆯ) (일ᄒᆞᆯ) 때 To [illegible] in the proper time for marriage.

*혼비빅산 s. 魂飛魄散 (혼) (놀) (넉) (흣ᄐᆞᆯ) The 혼 flies up, the 빅 dissipates.

*혼비ᄒᆞ다 s. 婚配 (혼인) (짝) To marry; to be married. *See* 혼인ᄒᆞ다.

*혼빅 s. 魂魄 (혼) (넉) The soul—supposed to be in two parts, the 혼 and 빅, the 혼 ascending to heaven, the 빅 descending into the lower earth. *See* 령혼.

*혼빅상조 s. 魂帛箱子 (혼) (비단) (샹조) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) The covered table or box in which the soul returns from the burial.

*혼상 s. 婚喪 (혼인) (상ᄉᆞ Marriage and burial. (치ᄅᆞ다).

*혼서지 s. 婚書紙 (혼인) (글) (조희) Marriage contract papers.

*혼서지보 s. 婚書紙褓 (혼인) (글) (조희) (복조) The case enclosing a marriage letter.

*혼솔 l. 渾率 (다) (거ᄂᆞ릴) All the members of a family. *See* 혼집.

*혼솔 s. 緄 (혼—*봉) A seam -in sewing.

*혼슈 s. 婚需 (혼인) (쓸) Articles needed in a marriage ceremony.

*혼슈빙 s. 昏睡病 (어두울) (조ᄅᆞᆷ) (병ᄅᆞᆷ) Coma; lethargy.

*혼슈흥정 s. 婚需興成 (혼인) (쓸) (ᄉᆞᆷ, (살ᄆᆞᆯ *성) Purchasing of articles necessary for marriage.

*혼승빅강 s. 魂升魄降 (혼) (오ᄅᆞᆷ) (넉, (ᄂᆞ[illegible] ᄀᆞᆫ ascends, the 빅 descends. *See* 혼비빅산.

*혼신 l. 渾身 (다) (몸) All the body; the whole person. *See* 전신; 편신.

*혼실 l. 渾室 (다) (집) The whole household; all the family. *See* 전가.

*혼ᄉᆞ s. 婚事 (혼인) (일) Marriage. *See* 대ᄉᆞ.

*혼ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 s. 婚事 (혼인) (일) To marry. *See* 혼취ᄒᆞ다.

*혼암ᄒᆞ다 s. 昏暗 (어두울) (어두울) To be dark; to be confused; to be stupid. *See* 암암ᄒᆞ다.

*혼약 s. 婚約 (혼인) (언약) Contract or vow of marriage.

*혼연ᄒᆞ다 l. 渾然 (혼연) (그럴) To be faultless; to be without defect.

*혼인 s 婚姻 (혼인, (혼인 Marriage (자내다). See 혼소.

*혼인도레 s 婚姻條例 (혼인) (혼인) (가지) (절례) Marriage law.

*혼인약도 s 婚姻約條 (혼인) (혼인) (언약 (가지) Contract or vow of marriage.

*혼인증서 s. 婚姻証書 (혼인) (혼인) (증거) (글) A written contract of marriage.

*혼인ᄒᆞ다 s. 婚姻 (혼인) (혼인) To marry. See 혼소ᄒᆞ다.

*혼일 s. 婚日 (혼인) (날) Marriage day.

혼자 s. 獨 (혼노—*독) Alone; by oneself. See 홀노; 홀차.

*혼잡ᄒᆞ다 l. 混雜 (호릴) (석길) To be mixed; to be in confusion; to be jumbled up.

혼쭐 s. A cause for fear; dread. (나다). A telegraph wire—because regarded with superstitions dread.

혼쭐나다 s. 나서; 난 To have lost one's wits—from joy or fear. See 과구녁막히다.

혼차 s. 獨 (홀노—*독) Alone; by oneself.

*혼처 s. 婚處 (혼인) (곳) A marriageable place; a suitable clan with which to unite in marriage.

*혼취ᄒᆞ다 s. 婚娶 (혼인) (장가갈) To marry. (v.t.) See 혼인ᄒᆞ다; 가취ᄒᆞ다.

*혼탁ᄒᆞ다 l. 混濁 (호릴) (호릴) To be turbid; to be confused; to be dirty

*혼현의 s. 渾天儀 (호둘) (하돌) (거동) A celestial globe, orrery of the solar system

*혼례 s. 婚禮 (혼인) (가릴) Choice of the marriage day.

*혼합물 l. 混合物 (석길) (모들) (물건) A mixture; a compound. An alloy; amalgam.

*혼합ᄒᆞ다 l. 混合 (호릴) (모들) To be mixed; to be confused; to be assorted.

*혼혼ᄒᆞ다 s 昏昏 (어두울) (어두울) To be thick; to be dark; to be misty; to be confused. See 정신ᄒᆞ다.

*혼후ᄒᆞ다 s. 渾厚 (혼연) (둣터울) To be liberal; to be free; to be refreshing.

*혼흑ᄒᆞ다 l. 昏黑 (어두울) (검을) To be dark.

*혼힝 s. 婚行 (혼인) (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) A marriage procession

*혼화법 l. 混和法 (호릴) (고로) (법) Allegation.

*혼화제 l. 混和劑 (호릴) (고로) (약지을) Mistura

홀 s. 笏 (*홀) A tablet about a foot long made of jade, bamboo etc., held before the breast at an audience with the king.

홀가분ᄒᆞ다 s. To be light and easy to be free—as from care. See 정신ᄒᆞ다.

*홀긔 s. 笏記 (홀) (긔록) Written directions of the details of a ceremony. See 홀.

*홀긔 s. 笏旗 (홀) (긔) A small flag worn at the quiver by military officials.

홀난스럽다 l. 러워; 운 To be brilliant; to be dazzling; to be exaggerated.

홀노 s. 獨 (*독) Alone; by oneself. See 혼자.

홀너다 s. 被惑 (넘을 *피 혹할 -*혹) 홀녀; 넘 To be deceived; to be deluded; to be tricked. See 속ᄒᆞ다.

홀써 s. 러; 른 To smooth; to rub back and forth; to strip off—as grain.

홀닥 s. With a start; of a sudden. See 홀썩; 발썩.

홀닥홀닥ᄒᆞ다 s. To shake back and forth.

*홀디 s. 忽地 (문득) (짜) Suddenly; all at once, in a moment. See 홀연이.

*홀디풍과 s. 忽地風波 (문득) (짜) (바람) (물결) A sudden uproar.

*홀대ᄒᆞ다 s. 忽待 (문득) (디접) To treat inhospitably; to show a lack of respect to. See 랄시ᄒᆞ다.

*홀리 s. 鑽錐 (소리—*오) (보삼—*라) An implement drawn by an ox, for cleaning a drill.

홀짝홀짝ᄒᆞ다 s. To rise repeatedly; to be tall. (Dim.).

*홀시ᄒᆞ다 s. 忽視 (문득) (볼) To despise, to treat with indifference; to disdain; See 압시ᄒᆞ다.

홀아비 s. 鰥夫 (홀아비—*환) (지아비—*부) A widower. See 환부.

홀약홀약ᄒᆞ다 s. To be feeble; to be without strength, to be frail See 란란ᄒᆞ다.

홀양홀양ᄒᆞ다 s. To be tall and slender; to be thin.

홀어미 *s.* 寡婦 (과부—*과) (어느리—*부) A wid w. *See* 과부. *Opp.* 홀어미.

홀에주식 *s.* A widow's offspring—an abusive term. *See* 홀에주식.

*홀연히 *s.* 忽然 (문득) (그럴) Suddenly; all at once; unexpectedly. *See* 문득.

홀작홀작 *s.* A word expressive of the sound of crying, laughing, flapping etc. *See* 홀적홀적.

홀쭉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be thin; to be narrow; to be pinched. *See* 홀쭉ᄒᆞ다.

*홀치다 *s.* 져; 천 To smooth down; to make thin.

홀목이 *s.* A deep valley; a narrow passage between hills.

홀치 *s.* A kind of herring without spawn. A piece of notched wood used to smooth thread or strip grain from the ear.

홀태부리 *s.* Skin-tight trousers.

홀태질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To strip off—as grain from the ear; to smooth as thread.

홀태다 *s.* 패여; 팬 To yield poorly—of grain.

홀홀 *l.* In waving motion; sweeping down. *See* 활활ᄂᆞᆯ다.

*홀홀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 忽忽 (문득) (문득) To be weak; to lack; to be little. To be careless. (Prov.)

*홀ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 忽 (문득) To be thin; to be fine; to be small. *See* 경ᄒᆞ다.

홈부다 *s.* 부러; 분 To blow with a puff.

홈 *s.* 槽 (물홈—*전) A water-trough; a groove. (치다).

홈질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To sew loosely.

홈착홈착ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To loiter; to be slow. *See* 곰작곰작ᄒᆞ다.

홈츄리 *s.* A trick; a game, a stratagem.

홈츄리바르다 *s.* 발나; 바 To oil the hair. To trick another.

홈 *s.* 合 (모들—*합) A handful; one tenth of a ᄃᆡ.

홈사 *s.* 合士 (모들—*산) (저녁—*석) One tenth of a ᄃᆡ. *See* 사 홈.

홈이다 *s.* 陷 (라올—*파) (팔—*차) 이여; 인 To scoop out; to dig out. (Dim.) *See* 홈이다

홋 *s* One-ply—of dress.

홋것 *s.* 單衣 (홋—*단) (옷 —*의) One-ply clothes. *See* 홋옷.

홋겹 *s.* One-ply—of clothes.

홋니블 *s.* 單衾 (홋—*단) (니블—*금) A one-ply quilt.

홋벌 *s.* 單件 (홋—*단) (벌—*건) A single ply. *See* 단벌. *Opp.* 맛벌.

홋옷 *s.* 單衣 (홋—*단) (옷 —*의) One-ply clothes. *See* 홋것.

홋조로 *s.* Of one ply. Lightly; without consideration.

홋홋ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be few; to be a small company. To be warm; to be pleasant.

*회 *s.* 灰 (지) Lime.

회 *s.* 蛔 (*회) Intestinal worms. *See* 거회.

회 *l.* 膾 (*회) Food prepared from raw flesh; minced meat. (치다).

*회 *l.* 會 (모들) An assembly; a guild; a society.

*회갑 *s.* 回甲 (도라올) (갑) The 60th anniversary; the return of the same year in the cycle. *See* 환갑.

*회벽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 灰壁 (회) (박을) To plaster with lime and mud—of a grave.

*회견ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 會見 (모들) (볼) To meet.

*회계 *l.* 會計 (모들) (계교) An account; a summing up. (박다) (다다). *See* 헴.

*회계검사관 *l.* 會計檢查官 (모들) (계교) (상고ᄒᆞᆯ) (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (버슬) The auditors of the Public accounts; an auditor.

*회계검사원 *l.* 會計檢查院 (모들) (계교) (상고ᄒᆞᆯ) (사실ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) The Board of Audit.

*회계국 *l.* 會計局 (모들) (계교) (관) A Bureau of Finance.

*회계국장 *l.* 會計局長 (모들) (계교 관) 어ᄅᆞᆫ Chief of the Bureau of Finance.

*회계과 *l.* 會計課 (모들) (계교 ᄀᆞᆫ과, Sections of the Office of Finance.

*회계과장 *l.* 會計課長 (모들) (계교) (ᄒᆞᆨ과) 어ᄅᆞᆫ Head of a section of the Office of Finance.

*회계법 *l.* 會計法 (모들) (계교) (법) Computation.

*회계장 *l.* 會計帳 (모들) (계교) (장막) An account book. A account; a bill.

*회계ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 會計 (모들) (계교) To account; to reckon; to calculate. *See* 헴ᄒᆞ다.

*회고시 *s.* 懷古詩 (싱각) (녜) (글) A poem that celebrates past deeds of note.

*회고ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回顧 (도라올) (도라볼) To look back; to contemplate things past; to make a retrospect.

*회고ᄒᆞ다 s. 懷古 (싱각) (네) To dwell on the past; to think over past events.

*회골ᄒᆞ다 s. 回骨 (도라올) (쎄) 아; 회끈 To have blood-poisoning; to be spoiled.

*회공도다 s. 回孔 (도라올) (구멍) 물라; 돈 To come to a head and have an opening. To have the capacity.

*회공도다 s. 回公 (도라올) (귀인) 라; 돈 To send an official circular letter.

*회공소령 s. 回公使令 (도라올) (귀인) (ᄒᆞ여곰) (ᄒᆞ여곰) The yamen runner in charge of an official circular letter —used of one hurrying about needlessly.

*회교 s. 回敎 (도라올) (구룬칠) Mahomedanism. *See* 회회교.

*회구ㅣ s. 膾炙 회 구울 Literally 'minced meat and cooked fish'

*회국ᄒᆞ다 s. 回國 (도라올) (나라) To return to one's own country.

*회군ᄒᆞ다 s. 回軍 (도라올) (군소) To disband soldiers. *Opp.* 출쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*회귀션 s. 回歸線 (도라올) (도라갈) (실) The tropic—of Cancer or of Capricorn.

*회규 ㅣ. 會規 (모돌) (법) By-laws or rules for an assembly.

*회금 ㅣ. 會金 (모돌) (쇠) Fees; regular payments.

*회긔 ㅣ. 會期 (모돌) (긔약) The date at which an assembly or meeting opens for business; the period during which Parliament sits.

*회기ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 悔改 (뉘웃칠) (곳칠) To repent; to reform; to mend one's ways. *See* 기과ᄒᆞ다.

*회과조쳑ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 悔過自責 (뉘웃칠) (허물) (스스로) (구지질) To repent of one's sins and blame oneself. *See* 회과쳑션ᄒᆞ다.

*회과쳑션ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 悔過遷善 뉘웃칠, (허물) (옴길) (착ᄒᆞᆯ) To repent of one's sins and work righteousness.

*회과ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 悔過 뉘웃칠) (허물) To repent of one's sins. *See* 회기ᄒᆞ다

*회관 ㅣ. 會館 (모돌 ,집 An assembly house; a building used for meetings.

*회나무 s. 檜木 (회나무) (나무) The cypress tree.

*회남ᄌᆞ s. 淮南子 (물 ,남ᄃᆡ) 아ᄃᆞᆯ D.B.C. 122. The literary pseudonym of Liu Ngan, (Prince of Hwei-nan) China.

*회납 s. 回納 (도라올) (드릴) "Please return to" as written on the envelope of an answer. *Opp.* 압납.

*회녕 ㅣ. (—령) 會寧 (모돌) (편안) A prefect in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 42.29 Long. 129.29.

*회답 s. 回答 (도라올) (디답) An answer; a reply letter. *See* 답장.

*회답ᄒᆞ다 s. 回答 (도라올) 디답 To answer by letter; to reply. *See* 답장ᄒᆞ다.

*회당 ㅣ. 會堂 (모돌) (집) A meeting-house; a church.

*회당ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 會黨 ,모돌) 무리 To band together; to meet in gangs.

*회덕 s. 懷德 (품을) (큰) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.25. Long. 127.37.

*회뎨 s. 回題 (도라올) (글뎨) The twelfth stanza of a composition in verse—the completion of the theme. *See* 회ᄎᆞ.

*회뎐 s. 回電 (도라올) (번기) A reply telegram. *See* 답뎐.

*회뎝 s. 灰蝶 (저) (나뷔) *Lycaena orgiolus.*

회똑회똑ᄒᆞ다 s. To put on airs; to make a show.

*회동박긔 ㅣ. 會同博開 (모돌) ,ᄒᆞᆫ가지) (얀즐) (열—*긔) The variety fair—held at New Year when there is liberty to everyone to sell.

*회동ᄒᆞ다 ㅣ. 會同 (모돌) (ᄒᆞᆫ가지) To assemble; to meet together; to combine; to act in concert.

*회두ᄒᆞ다 s. 回頭 (도라올) (머리) To turn the head, to look back *See* 도라보다.

*회똑회똑ᄒᆞ다 s. *See* 회똑회똑ᄒᆞ다.

*회랑 s. 回廊 (도라올) (힝랑) A verandah; a corridor, a gallery.

*회로 s. 懷爐 (품을) (화로) The bosom or pocket stove.

*회로 s 回路 (도라올) (길) The return; a return-trip. *See* 회뎐.

*싀록 s 回祿 (도라올) 록 A fire; a conflagration. (되다).

*회록 s. 灰綠 (저) (그을) Alkali.

회리바람 ㅣ. A cyclone; a typhoon; a whirlwind. *See* 회오리바람

*회마 s. 回馬 (도라올) (물) A return pony.

*회목 s. 回項 (도라올) (목 —*항) The wrist and ankle.

*회목 s. 檜木 (젓나무) (나무) A kind of cypress.

*회무 *l.* 會務 (모둠) (힘쓸) Affairs of an assembly or society.

*회문 *s.* 回文 (돌) (글) A circular letter.

*회밍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 會盟 (모둠) (밍세) To league together for the attainment of a common object; to form a league; to enter into a covenant.

*회반 *s.* 灰磐 (회) (돌—*반) Lumps of Lme—as used in burial.

*회벽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 灰壁 (회) (바람) To plaster a wall with lime plaster.

*회보 *l.* 會報 (모둠) (갑흠) Association notes.

*회보ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回步 (도라올) (거름) To retrace one's steps; to return

*회보ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回報 (도라올) (갑흠) To send a reply; to wire an answer. *See* 회답ᄒᆞ다.

*회복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回復 (도라올) (회복) To be reestablished; to regain former power; to be restored. To send a reply.

*회복중 *s.* 蛔腹痛 (회충) (비 앓흠) Worms; a disease caused by worms in the intestine.

*회비 *l.* 會費 (모둠) (허비) Expense of a society

*회빈작주 *l.* 會賓作主 모ᄃᆞᆫ ᄉᆞᆷ 손이 ᄃᆞᆫ (주) The guests become host. ᄂᆞᆨ 권위ᄅᆞᆯ

*회사뱍 *s.* 灰沙壁 (회) (모래) (바람) Mortar of lime and sand.

*회삭 *l.* 晦朔 (그믐) (초하로) The first and last days of a month; a full month.

*회삼물 *s.* 灰三物 회 석 ᄆᆞᆫᄃᆞᆯ Mortar made of three ingredients. *See* 삼물교합.

*회사 *l.* 會社 (모둠) (회사) A mercantile company; a guild.

*회사계약 *l.* 會社契約 모ᄃᆞᆷ 회사 ᄀᆞᆯ (언약) A contract between commercial corporations.

*회사도례 *l.* 會社條例 모ᄃᆞᆷ 회사 ᄀᆞ지 (졀례) Laws relating to merchantile corporations.

*호사례 *s.* 回謝禮 도라올) (사례) 례도 The entertainment or present offered in return.

*회사세 *l.* 會社稅 (모둠) (회사) (구실) Company tax.

회사ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be delicate; to be thin. (Prov.).

*회샤ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回謝 (도라올) (사례) To offer congratulations in return.

*회상 *l.* 繪像 (그림) (형상) A portrait; likeness; image.

*회상됴 *s.* 回翔調 (도라올) (놀기) (곡됴) A tune.

*회상ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回想 (도라올) (성각) To recollect; to contemplate upon things past; to make a retrospect.

*회셕 *l.* 會席 (모둠) (자리) The hall or room in which a meeting is held.

*회석 *s.* 灰石 (지) (돌) Lime stone.

*회션긔긔 *s.* 回旋機機 도라올) (돌) (긼) (틀) Rotary engine.

*회션포 *s.* 回旋砲 (도라올) (도라올) (총) A gatling gun.

*회션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回船 (도라올) (비) To return —of a boat.

*호 셩석ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 灰成石 회) (일올 돌) To become stone—of morter

*회소 *s.* 會所 (모둠) (바) A me ting house; a public hall; town-house.

*회슈소젼 *s.* 回收訴願 도라올 거둘) 알인 ᄌᆞ세 Writ of restitution

*ᄀᆞ ᄉᆞ 슈ᄉᆞ모ᄃᆞᆫ 시ᄉᆞᆫ ᄂᆞ ᄃᆞ 소 tan examination following the *Ch'oei* (보다).

*회시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回示 도라올 보일) To ask for a reply to a letter. ᄂᆞ 회답ᄒᆞ다.

*회시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 灰矢 지 살 To wrinkle a criminal's face with lime and pierce his ears with arrows—before execution

*회신 *s.* 灰燼 (지) (사ᄅᆞᆯ) Ashes and burnt timbers, left after the burning of a building.

*회심곡 *s.* 回心曲 (도라올) (무ᄋᆞᆷ) (곱을) A Buddhist song sung at the execution of a criminal—to wish his soul well on its journey.

*회심ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 會審 (모둠) (솔필) To investigate jointly.

*회심ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回心 (도라올) (무ᄋᆞᆷ) To repent; to change in feelings toward. *See* 감찬ᄒᆞ다.

*회색 *s.* 灰色 (지) (빗) Drab color; ash color.

*호 션산 *s.* 回生散 도라올 날 흐흘) A kind of medicine given to women during hard labor.

*회생ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 回生 도라올 날 ᄂᆞ return to life; to live again. *See* 회춘ᄒᆞ다

*회약 *s.* 蛔藥 (회) (약) Vermifuge.

회양목 *s.* 黃楊木 (누ᄅᆞᆨ—*황) (버들) (나무) Boxwood.

*회양 s. 淮陽 (물)(볕) A prefect in Kang-won do. Lat. 38.29. Long. 127.41.

*회연 l. 會宴 (모둘)(잔치) A banquet; a council gathering.

*회연ᄒᆞ다 l. 會宴 (모둘)(잔치) To take part in a banquet.

*회오ᄒᆞ다 l. 會晤 (모둘)(말숨) To meet; to encounter.

*회의소 l. 會議所 (모둘)(의론)(곳) A place of meeting.

*회의실 l. 會議室 (모둘)(의론)(집) A room for meeting.

*회의원 l. 會議院 (모둘)(의론)(마을) The Council Office of the Ministers; the Senate Chamber. *See* 내각.

*회의ᄒᆞ다 l. 會議 (모둘)(의론) To hold a council of Ministers.

*회인 s. 懷仁 (품을)(어질) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ung-do. Lat. 36.27. Long. 127.45.

*회일 l. 會日 (모둘)(날) The date at which a meeting or assembly opens for the transaction of business.

*회일 l. 晦日 (그믐)(날) The last day of the moon. *See* 그믐날.

*회잉ᄒᆞ다 s. 懷孕 (품을)(애밸) To become pregnant; to conceive.

*회원 l. 會員 (모둘)(인원) The members of a meeting.

*회장 l. 會葬 (모둘)(장소) A funeral.

*회장 s. 回狀 (도라올)(글장) A circular letter. *See* 돌림 ; 회문.

*회장ᄒᆞ다 l. 會葬 (모둘)(장소) To attend a funeral.

*회장 l. 會長 (모둘)(어른) Church elders — of the Roman Catholics. Chairman of a meeting; president.

*회장 l. 會場 (모둘)(마당) The place or building where a meeting is held.

*회적 s. 蛔積 (회츄)(싸흘) Stone in the bladder; gravel.

*회전계 s. 迴轉計 (도라올)(굴)(계교) Trochometer.

*회전능 s. 迴轉能 (도라올)(굴)(능할) Rotatory power.

*회전로 s 迴轉爐 (도라올)(굴)(화로) A revolving furnace.

*회전반경 s. 迴轉半徑 (도라올)(굴)(절반)(길) Radius of gyration.

*회전의 s. 迴轉儀 (도라올)(굴)(거동) Gyroscope.

*회전심 s. 迴轉心 (도라올)(굴)(ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ) Centre of rotation.

*회전축 s. 迴轉軸 (도라올)(굴)(굴대) Axis of revolution.

*회전ᄒᆞ다 s. 迴轉 (도라올)(굴) To revolve; to rotate.

*회정ᄒᆞ다 s. 回程 (도라올)(길) To retrace one's steps; to return *See* 회환ᄒᆞ다.

*회주 l. 會主 (모둘)(쥬인) The chairman of a church; president of an association.

*회중 l. 會衆 (모둘)(무리) A congregation or assemblage of persons. An assembly of persons, a congregation.

*회중 s. 懷中 (품을)(가온ᄃᆡ) The bosom or breast-pocket.

*회중시계 s. 懷中時計 (품을)(가온ᄃᆡ)(때)(계교) A watch.

*회즙 s. 灰汁 (지)(즙낼) The liquor obtained by steeping certain vegetables, such as egg-plant, bamboo sprouts, etc.

*회즙 s. 檜 (나무—*회) The juniper tree.

*회지무급 l. 悔之無及 (뉘우칠)(갈)(업슬)(밋칠) No room for repentance. *See* 후회막급.

*회집ᄒᆞ다 l. 會集 (모둘)(모둘) To assemble; to collect together.

회청회청ᄒᆞ다 s. To be flexible; to be pliant; to be elastic.

*회청 s. 回廳 (돈)(청마) The inner angle of a roof. *See* 추녀.

*회초간에 l. 晦初間 (그믐)(처음)(스이) About the end of the month or the beginning of the next. *See* 그믐초승.

회츄리 s. A small switch. *See* 회쵸리.

*회춘ᄒᆞ다 s. 回春 (도라올)(봄) To be restored to health; to be well again. *See* 회생ᄒᆞ다.

회쵸 s. A dish made of herbs.

회쵸 s. 屈鞘 (집—*옥) (모둥이—*우) The water-course or inner angle of a roof. A corner.

*회충 s. 蛔虫 (회)(벌레) Intestinal worms. *See* 회.

*회충약 s. 蛔虫藥 (회)(벌레)(약) Vermifuge. *See* 회약.

회쳐다 l. 切膾 (쎌—*절)(회—*회) 쳐; 천 To mince meat; to slice up meat.

회초리 s. A rod; a switch.

*획칙 s. 畫策 (그을) (셰) A plan; a scheme.

*회천ᄒᆞ다 s. 回天 (도라올) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To revolve; of heaven—to change of the King's mind.

*회톄 *l*. 會體 (모돌) (몸) The body of an [illegible] assembled members of a society.

*회토ᄉᆞ s. 灰土國 (ᄌᆡ) (흙) (ᄯᅡ흙) Alkoline earth.

*회통 s. 回痛 (도라올) (압흠) An epidemic —[illegible] typhus etc. See 륜징.

*회통 s. 回通 (도라올) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) A reply despatch—as from an assembly or company. See 답통.

*회통 s. 蛔痛 (회) (압흘) Sickness from worms.

*회편 s. 回便 (도라올) (편) A return-courier; a return-post a return-messenger. See 회보.

*회포 s. 懷抱 (품을 안을) Sadness [illegible] heart; feeling. See 심회.

*회하 s. 回下 (도라올 아래) An official reply—from a superior or the king. A name given to all beyond the 12th verse in literary compositions; extra verses. See 포두.

*회향 s. 茴香 (풀) (향긔) Star-aniseed; *Illicium verum.*

*회향ᄒᆞ다 s. 回向 (도라올) (향ᄒᆞᆯ) To pray for blessings upon the dead.

회호리바람 s. 旋風 (돌—*선 바람—*풍) A whirlwind; a typhoon; a cyclone. See 회리바람.

*회혼례 s. 回婚禮 (도라올) (혼인) (례도) A golden wedding festival—the 60th anniversary.

*회회 s. [illegible] (도라올 도라올) Round and round. (Dim.) [illegible]

*회회교 s. 回回教 (도라올 도라올) (フ르칠) Mahomedanism. See 회교.

*회회ᄒᆞ다 [illegible] (넓을, 넓을) [illegible] to be vast; to be immense; to be stupendous.

*회해 s. 詼諧 (롱담) (화ᄒᆞᆯ) A joke; a jest; a pleasantry.

*회화 *l*. 會話 (모돌) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) Conversation; dialogues.

회화나무 s. 槐 (느티 *괴) A variety of the *Sophora Japonica.*

*획연대도 s. 恢廓大度 (넓을 넓을 [illegible]) (법도) [illegible] principles, [illegible] energy.

*회환ᄒᆞ다 s. 回還 (도라올 도라올) To return; to come back. See 환ᄒᆞ다

[illegible] s. 畫 (그을) [illegible] a dash.

*획감ᄒᆞ다 s. 畫減 (그을) (덜) Allowances for expenses, etc, subtracted by officials from contributions sent to the capital.

*획급ᄒᆞ다 s. 劃給 (그을) (줄) To apportion to; to pay off.

*획뎡ᄒᆞ다 s. 畫定 (그을) (뎡ᄒᆞᆯ) To settle; to determine; to define; to mark.

*획디위옥외불입 s. 劃地爲獄畏不入 (그을) (ᄯᅡ) (ᄒᆞ) (옥) (외심) (아니) (들) Even ground marked "prison" scares people away.

*획력 s. 畫力 (그을) (힘) One's style of writing.

*획리ᄒᆞ다 s. 獲利 (엇을) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) To gain a profit.

*획수 s. 劃數 (그을) (두어) Strokes—of the character.

*획칙ᄒᆞ다 s. 劃策 (그을) (꾀칙) To plan, scheme, etc.

*획하ᄒᆞ다 s. 劃下 (그을) (아레) To set apart for.

*횡 s. 橫 (빗길) Awry; askew; wrongly; obliquely.

*횡간 s. 橫看 (빗길) (볼) The Whale Island in Chŏl-la-do. Lat. 34.00. Long. 126.21.

*횡단ᄒᆞ다 s. 橫斷 (빗길) (ᄭᅳᆫ흘) To cut across; to divide crosswise.

*횡대 s. 橫板 (빗길) (판ᄌᆞ *판) Boards placed crosswise over a coffin before filling in the grave. (M.) 횡벽.

*횡도 [illegible] knavish ways, unprincipled; knavish unjust, dishonest.

*횡듯다 s. 橫聞 (빗길) (드를—*문) 러; 르 To hear wrongly; to misunderstand [illegible] 못듯다.

[illegible] (외) Misfortune; disaster. See 지앙.

*횡목 s. 橫木 (빗길) (나무) Cross-beams before a gate signifying—"no admittance." A horizontal pole.

*횡문 s. 橫文 (빗길) (글) Foreign writing. See 횡서.

*횡보다 s. 橫視 (빗길) (볼—*시) 보아, 본 [illegible] mistaken. See 빗보다.

*횡빈 s. 橫濱 (빗길) (물가) Yokohama.

*횡산 s. 橫産 (빗길) (낳) An abnormal childbirth.

*횡서 s. 橫書 (빗길) (글) Foreign writing. *See* 횡문.

*횡선 s. 橫線 (빗길) (실) Line.

*횡설 s. 橫說 (빗길) (말숨) Untrustworthy speeches; lies.

*횡설수설 s. 橫說竪說 (빗길) (말숨) (며 뵘며리) (말숨) Contradictory speeches; groundless stories.

*횡성 s. 橫城 (빗길) (재) A prefect in Kang-won-do. Lat 37.26. Long. 127.49.

*횡수 s. 橫數 (빗길) (두어) Unlooked for misfortune. *See* 횡설.

*횡십자 s. 橫十字 (빗길) (열) (글조) The letter *X*.

*횡사하다 s. 橫死 (빗길) (죽을) To die a violent death; to die an untimely death. *See* 오사하다.

*횡액 s. 橫厄 (빗길) (액) Unexpected bad luck; misfortune.

*횡지 s. 橫紙 (빗길) (조희) Paper written upon across the lines. *See* 가로지.

*횡징하다 s. 橫徵 (빗길) (부를) To make a mistake in receiving payment; to receive money from the wrong man.

*횡재하다 s. 橫財 (빗길) (지물) To become unexpectedly rich; to fall heir to a fortune. *Opp.* 실물하다.

*횡침 s. 橫侵 (빗길) (침로) A complication that wrongly involves one in trouble.

*횡축 s. 橫軸 (빗길) (받침굴대) Characters written horizontally instead of vertically.

*횡판 s. 橫板 (빗길) (판조) A bulletin board.

*횡행하다 s. 橫行 (빗길) (힘흘) 힘쳐; 천 To act with impunity; to be supreme—as a general.

*횡행하다 s. 橫行 (빗길) (힘흘) To act with impunity; to be supreme—as a general.

*홍 s. 紅 (붉을) Red color. *See* 적색.

*홍고랑 s. 紅拷 (붉을) (고랑—*고) A red cord by which criminals are bound. (Prov.)

*홍곡 s. 鴻鵠 (기럭이) (따옥이) Geese and ibises.

*홍곡 s. 紅曲 (붉을) (곡을) Red dyed rice—used in coloring spirit.

홍딱지 s. A kite with a red spot on it.

*홍구레 s. 紅鞚 (붉을) (구레—*코) Red bridle-reins—on government horses.

*홍국영 s. 洪國榮 (넓을) (나라 (영화) A.D. 1709. F.S. 캘山. The first founder of *Se to*, a noted minister of the reign of Chung-jong.

*홍귀달 s. 洪貴達 (넓을) (귀할) (통달) F.S. 南陽. N.P. 漁盧堂. A noted minister of the time of *Yon-san*, who died a suicide.

*홍달손 s. 洪達孫 (넓을) (통달) (손조) F.S. 南陽. A minister of the time of Se-jo.

*홍대하다 s. 鴻大 (클) (큰) To be great; to be enormous; to be bountiful.

*홍당 s. 紅糖 (붉을) (엿) Brown sugar.

*홍당목 s. 紅唐木 (붉을) (나라) (나무) Red cotton goods.

홍당무 s. Red radishes.

*홍도 s. 鴻圖 (기럭이) (그림) A great scheme; a vast plan.

*홍도 s. 紅桃 (붉을) (복숭아) The red peach flower. *See* 홍도화.

*홍도화 s. 紅桃花 (붉을) (복숭아) (꽃) The red peach flower. *See* 홍도.

*홍동이치다 s. 鴻洞 (숨은) (고을) 이쳐; 천 To splash about.

홍두깨 s. A wooden roller used in smoothing cotton.

*홍락성 s. 洪樂性 (넓을) (즐길) (성품) A.D. 1778. F.S. 풍山. N.P. 恩齋. A prime minister of the time of Chung-jong.

*홍락순 s. 洪樂純 (넓을) (즐길) (순전) A.D. 1783. F.S. 풍山. A noted literary minister of the time of Chung-jong.

*홍람화 s. 紅藍花 (붉을) (쪽) (꽃) Saffron flower.

*홍량호 s. 洪良浩 (넓을) (어질) (넓을) F.S. 풍山. N.P. 耳溪. A noted literateur of the time of Chung jong.

*홍련화 s. 紅蓮花 (붉을) (련꽃) (꽃) The nasturtium.

*홍렴석 s. 紅簾石 (붉을) (발) (돌) Piedmontite.

*홍로점설 s. 洪爐點雪 (넓을) (화로) (점) (눈) One flake of snow in a wide brazier.

*홍문목 s. 紅門木 (붉을) (문) (나무) Red bars for the gates of official buildings. (지르다).

*홍막 s. 紅膜 (붉을) (껍질) Bloodshot eyes; ulcers.

*홍명주 s. 紅明紬 (붉을) (밝을) (깁) Red Korean silk.

*홍명하 s. 洪命夏 (넓을) (목숨) (여름) A.D. 1667. F.S. 南陽. N.P. 沂川. A noted minister of the time of Hy onjong.

*홍몽도어 s. 紅鰒(붉을—*복)(경험어—*장) A red club—used in Yamen prisons. *See* 유장대.

*홍몽세계 s. 鴻濛世界 (글)(초림)(인간)(대경) Chaos. *See* 혼돈세계

*홍문 s. 紅門 (붉을) (문) A red gate erected as a mark of honor. *See* 정문.

*홍문관 s. 弘文館 (글) (글월) (벼슬) The Office of the Royal Manuscripts.

*홍문박사 s. 弘文博士 (글) (글월) (벼슬) (선비) An officer in charge of the 홍문관

*홍문예제 s. 弘文提學 (글) (글월) (벼슬) (벼슬) The chief officer of the 홍문관.

*홍매 s. 紅梅 (붉을) (매화) The red plum.

*홍범 s. 洪範 (넓을) (법) The Great Plan of King *Mu*.

*홍보 s. 紅褓 (붉을) (보자—*복) A red cloth wrap.

*홍보석 s. 紅寶石 (붉을) (보배) (돌) Ruby.

*홍보옥 s. 紅寶玉 (붉을) (보배) (옥) Jade.

*홍복 s. 洪福 (넓을) (복) Great luck or fortune.

*홍봉한 s. 洪鳳漢 넓을 새 한수 A.D. 1713. F.S. 豐山. N.P. 翼翼. A noted minister of the time of Yŏng-jong.

*홍백 s 紅白 (붉을) (흰) Red and white.

*홍산 s. 鴻山 (기럭이) (외) A prefect in Chungch'ŏng-do. Lat. 36°13. Long. 127°04

*홍살문 s. 紅箭門 (붉을) (살 —*전) (문) A tall red gate with spiked top erected before official buildings or places of honor.

*홍상 s. 紅裳 (붉을) (치마) A red skirt—worn by women.

*홍서봉 s. 洪瑞鳳 넓을 상서 A.D. 1612. F.S. 南陽. N.P. 延谷. A literary minister of the time of Injo.

*홍석주 s. 洪奭周 넓을 (큰) 두루 A.D. 1834. F.S. 豐山. N.P. 淵泉. A noted minister of the time of Sun-jo.

*홍섬 s. 洪暹 (넓을) (햇돋을) F.S. 南陽. A noted minister of the time of Sŏn-jo.

*홍성민 s. 洪聖民 넓을 (성인) 백성. F.S. 南陽. N.P. 拙翁. A noted literary minister of the time of Sŏn-jo.

*홍소주 s. 紅燒酒 붉을 불살을 (술) Red distilled spirit.

*홍수 s. 洪水 (넓을) (물) The Great Flood of King Yo's day, 2349 B.C. The Noahic Deluge.

*홍수 s. 紅袖 (붉을) (소매) A red-sleeved military coat.

*홍시 s. 紅柿 (붉을) (감) Red persimmons. *See* 연시.

*홍사 s. 紅絲 (붉을) (실) A red cord—used in binding criminals. *See* 오라.

*홍삼 s. 紅蔘 (붉을) (삼) Cultivated ginseng, steamed red. 인삼.

*홍색 s. 紅色 (붉을 빛) Red color. *See* 홍.

*홍안 s. 紅顔 (붉을 얼굴) Red face, a rosy face.

*홍안 s. 鴻雁 (기럭이) (기럭이) Wild geese.

*홍안백발 s. 紅顔白髮 (붉을) (얼굴) (흰) (머리) A florid face and white hair—of vigorous old age.

*홍양산 s. 紅陽傘 (붉을) 볕 (일산) A red banner umbrella carried before the king. *See* 청양산

*홍어 s. 洪魚 (넓을) (고기) The smooth skate; *Raia laevis*.

*홍언필 s. 洪彦弼 넓을, 선비, 도울 F.S. 南陽. N.P. 默齋. A noted minister of the time of Chung-jong.

*홍업 s. 洪業 (넓을) (업) A great work; vast enterprise; big undertaking.

*홍업 s. 鴻業 (큰) (업) A great work; vast enterprise; big undertaking.

*홍역 s. 紅疫 (붉을) (역질) Measles. *See* 홍진.

*홍염 s. 紅焰 (붉을) (불꽃) Red flame.

*홍엽 s. 紅葉 (붉을) (닢) Red leaves; maple foliage in autumn.

*홍예 s. 虹霓 (무지개) (무지개) A rainbow. The arch of a gateway. (돌다).

홍예돌다 s. 돌어; 돈 To build an arch-way.

*홍운국 s. 紅雲菊 (붉을) (구름) (국화) Varieties of the red chrysanthemum.

*홍유 s. 鴻儒 (큰) (선비) An eminent scholar; one versed in Chinese classics.

*홍유 s. 弘儒 (큰) (선비) Noted scholars.

*홍은 s. 鴻恩 (큰) (은혜) Great favour or benevolence

*홍의 s. 紅衣 (붉을) (옷) Red coats—of the *Ryolgam*.

*홍의동자 s. 紅衣童子 붉은 옷 아이 (아들) A red-coated boy.

*홍의쥬교 s. 紅衣主教 (붉을) (옷) (쥬장홀) (구루쳘) A cardinal in the Roman Catholic Church. *See* 대쥬교

*홍응 s. 洪應 (넓을) (응홀) F.S. 南陽. N.P. 休休堂. A minister of the time of Song jong

*홍인죵 s. 紅人種 (붉을) (사롬) (씨) The red Indian race.

*홍원 s. 洪原 (넓을) (언덕) A prefect in Ham-kyong do. Lat. 40.02. Long 127.55.

*홍전 s. 弘前 (클) (압) Hirosaki in Japan.

*홍줄 s. 紅線 (붉을) (실—*소) A red cord for binding criminals. *See* 오라.

*홍쥬 s. 紅酒 (붉을) (술) Red wine.

*홍쥬 s. 洪州 (넓을) (고을) A prefect in Ch'ung-chŏng-do. Lat. 36.32. Long. 126.56.

*홍쥰보 s. 洪濬輔 (넓을) (무거울) (돕을) A.D. 1672. F.S. 南陽. N.P. 梨川. A noted minister of the time of Hyon-jong.

*홍지 s. 紅紙 (붉을) (조히) Red paper.

*홍젼문 s. 紅箭門 (붉을) (살) (문) A red arrow gate—before official buildings. *See* 홍살문.

*홍진 s. 紅疹 (붉을) (멍) Measles. *See* 홍역.

*홍진셰계 s. 紅塵世界 (붉을) (틔끌) (인간) (디경) The red dusty world—this life. *See* 풍진셰계.

*홍직동 s. 洪在鼎 (넓을 (잇슬) (졍) A.D. 1814. F.S. 南陽. A prince of the time of Hon-jong.

*홍쳔 s. 洪川 (넓을) (내) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Lat. 37.37. Long. 127.45.

*홍초 s. 紅蕉 (붉을) (파초) Red bananas. A red kite.

*홍치마 s. 紅裳 (붉을) (치마 *상) A red skirt—worn by women. *See* 홍상

*홍치즁 s. 洪致中 (넓을 (일울) (가온딕) A.D. 172. F.S. 南陽. N.P. 北谷. A noted minister of the time of Yong-jong.

*홍칠 s. 紅漆 (붉을) (옷칠) Red paint.

*홍패 s. 紅牌 (붉을) (패) A red diploma —given to graduates for office. (등데). *Opp.* 빅패.

*홍포 s. 紅袍 (붉을) (도포) The red royal robe.

*홍학 s. 紅鶴 (붉을) (학) Ibis nippon.

*홍합 s. 紅蛤 (붉을) (조기) Red clams.

홍홍 s. Neighing. Blowing —as a trumpet.

*홍화 s. 紅花 (붉을) (쏫) The *Hibiscus rosa sinensis*—from which red dye is prepared. Dyer's saffron. *See* 잇.

*홍황호다 s. 洪荒 (넓을) (거칠) To be remote antiquity.

*효 l. 孝 (효도) Filiety. *See* 효도.

*효경 l. 孝經 (효도) (글) A book on filial piety by Confucius.

*효경부모호다 l. 孝敬父母 (효도) (공경) (아비) (어미) To honor one's parents. *See* 효도호다.

*효녀 l. 孝女 (효도) (계집) A faithful daughter. *See* 효부

*효대충신 / 孝悌忠信 (효도) (공경) (충셩) (믹을) Love—for parents, respect—for elder brothers, fidelity—to the king, confidence—among friends. *See* 인의 례지.

*효도 / 孝道 (효도) (길) Reverence for parents; piety. *See* 효슌.

*효도호다 l. 孝道 (효도) (길) To honor one's parents.

*효됴 l. 孝鳥 (효도) (새) Another name of the crow or raven.

*효두 / 曉頭 (새벽) (머리) Dawn; daylight.

*효득호다 l. 曉得 (새벽) (엇을) To understand thoroughly; to know clearly.

*효란호다 s. 淆亂 (어지러울) (어지러울) To be confused; to be mixed

*효려 l. 孝閭 (효도) (집) "One in sorrow" —as addressed in a letter to a mourner.

*효력 l. 効力 (효험) (힘) Effect; efficacy; merit. *See* 효험.

*효무 l. 曉霧 (새벽) (안기) Morning haze or fog.

*효부 l. 孝婦 (효도) (며느리) A faithful daughter-in-law. *See* 효녀.

*효빈호다 s. 效顰 (본밧을) (찡글) To take as example; to copy.

*효상 s. 爻象 (육효) (형상) Appearance and style.

*효셩 / 孝誠 (효도) (졍셩) Filial piety. *See* 효도.

*효슈경즁호다 s. 梟首警衆 (올빔이) (머리) (일어울) (무리) To hang up criminals' heads to warn the people.

*효슈호다 s. 梟首 (올빔이) (머리) To fix the head of a criminal to a pole. *See* 쳐참호다.

*효순 n. 孝順 효도 (순홀) Filial piety, faithfulness to parents. *See* 효심.

*효순ᄒᆞ다 v. 孝順 (효도) (순홀) To obey parents.

*효시 s. 嚆矢 (부르지짇) (살) Being the first in doing anything; a pioneer.

*효심 n. 孝心 (효도) (무음) A filial heart. *See* 효힘.

*효요ᄒᆞ다 s. 騷擾 (떠들) 요란홀) To be tumultuous; to be uproarious; to be confusing.

*효용ᄒᆞ다 v. 驍勇 (날랠) 용맹 ᄒᆞᆯ) To be active; to be agile. *See* 날낼ᄒᆞ다.

*효위 s. 驍衛 (날낼) 호위 (경쉬) The Palace of the country; paddlers; runners. (Prov.).

*효유ᄒᆞ다 s. 曉諭 (새도를) (알욤) To instruct; to make known exactly. *See* 가유ᄒᆞ다.

*효잡ᄒᆞ다 s. 淆雜 (어지러울) 섞길) To be confused; to be mixed. *See* 난잡ᄒᆞ다.

*효장 n. 驍將 (날낼) 장슈 A brave general; an undaunted warrior.

*효종 n. 曉鍾 (새벽) (쇠북) The morning bell.

*효중 n. 孝中 (효도) 가온ᄃᆡ) The period of mourning.

*효즈 n. 孝子 (효도) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A faithful son. *See* 효셩.

*효즈문 n. 孝子門 (효도) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (문) A gate erected in honor of a faithful son. *See* 정문.

*효험 n. 效驗 (본밧을) (증험) Efficacy; good results from a medicine. 보다.

*효힝 n. 孝行 (효도) (힝실) Filial acts. *See* 효셩.

*후 n. 後 (뒤) Afterwards. *See* 뒤. *Opp.* 젼.

*후가 n. 後家 (뒤) (집) A widow.

*후가ᄒᆞ다 v. 後嫁 뒤) (싀집갈) To marry a second time—of a woman. *See* 기가ᄒᆞ다.

*후거리 n. 後騎 (뒤) (구레—*거) A saddle breeching.

*후고ᄒᆞ다 v. 後考 (뒤) (샹고 To be useful later on; to be serviceable later.

*후곤 n. 後昆 (뒤) (ᄆᆞᆺ) Posterity. (B. H.) *See* 조손.

*후군 n. 後軍 (뒤) (군ᄉᆞ) The rear of an army.

*후궁 n. 後宮 (뒤 집 A royal concubine, palace ladies—in waiting. *See* 나인.

*후긔 n. 後期 (뒤) (긔약) The last or second of the terms into which a period of time is divided; trial term—academic. A time fixed for the future. (두다).

*후긔 n. 後氣 (뒤) (긔운) Strength to continue at work; endurance.

*후년 n. 後年 (뒤) (히) Next year; the year after. *See* 히년; 명년.

*후닥닥 s. With a start, suddenly. *See* 화닥닥.

*후담 s. 喉痰 (목구멍) (가릐) Phlegm from the throat.

*후당 n. 後堂 (뒤) (집) Rear parlour.

*후덕 n. 厚德 (두터올) (큰) Liberal favor.

*후덕군즈 n. 厚德君子 (두터올) (큰) (인군 (아ᄃᆞᆯ) A virtuous gentleman.

후덥지근ᄒᆞ다 s. To be warmish; to be sultry. *See* 후덥은ᄒᆞ다.

후덥은ᄒᆞ다 s. To be warm; to be sultry. *See* 후덥지근ᄒᆞ다.

*후뎐 n. 後殿 (뒤) (대궐) A rear palace.

*후뎡화 n. 後庭花 (뒤) (ᄯᅳᆯ) (꼿) A second round—of drink or dissipation.

*후도 n. 厚島 (두터올) (셤) An island in Kang-won-do. Lat. 38.42. Long. 128.09.

*후뎌 n. 後代 (뒤) (ᄃᆡ신) After ages.

*후뎐 n. 後隊 (뒤) (ᄃᆡ) The rear ranks of an army.

*후뎌ᄒᆞ다 v. 厚待 (두터올) (ᄃᆡ졉홀) To be hospitable, to be liberal. *See* 관ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다. *Opp.* 박ᄃᆡᄒᆞ다.

후락ᄒᆞ다 s. To be faded; to be worn out. *See* 후밧ᄒᆞ다.

*후량 s. 餱糧 (밥) (량식) Dried food. (B. O.).

*후려 n. 後慮 (뒤) (싱각) Fears for the future.

*후렬 n. 後列 뒤 (버ᄅᆞᆯ) The rear ranks (as of an army). *See* 젼렬.

*후렴 n. 後斂 뒤) (거ᄃᆞᆯ A second collection—to make up a deficit.

후록 n. 後錄 스ᄉᆞ긔 *See* (뒤—*후) A postscript—added to an official document. Afterwards; later.

*후록 n. 後錄 뒤 긔록 A postscript to a document.

*후록 n. 厚祿 (두터올) (록) Liberal salary.

*후록고ᄐᆞ 명ᄉᆞᆨ감 (두터올, 록) (네) (젼례) A frock-coat. (Taken from the English sound).

*후료 *l.* 厚料 (두허울) (됴) A liberal salary. (드다).

후루루 *s.* Flapping; flying; running; flashing. *See* 홰르르.

후리 揮網 (두를—*휘) (걸닙—*리) A large drag-net.

후리다 *s.* 려; 린 To allure; to lead away; to trick; to seduce. *See* 쎄이다.

후리질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To do fishing with a large net.

후릴쎄 *s.* A trick; a ruse; a stratagem. *See* 느릴서.

후림불 *s.* What is outside of the regular design or plan—a chance shot; a stray bullet.

*후리션비 *l.* 後來先盃 (뒤 (올) 몬서 (잔) Late comers are first to be treated—to drink.

*후면 *l.* 後面 (뒤) (낫) The back side; the rear.

*후모 *l.* 後母 (뒤) (어미) A step-mother. *See* 계모.

*후미 *l.* 後味 (뒤) (맛) The taste or flavor left in one's mouth.

*후박 *l.* 厚朴 (두허울) (갑질) The *Magnolia hypoleuca*—the bark of which used as a medicine.

*후박 *l.* 厚薄 (두허울) (엷을) Thick and thin; dense or rare. Liberal and stingy; much and little.

후박ᄒᆞ다 *l.* To be thick. *See* 두텁다.

*후보 *s.* 候補 (때) (기을) A candidate.

*후보관 *s.* 候補官 (때) (기을) (벼슬) A candidate for office.

*후보생 *l.* 候補生 (때) (기을) (날) A candidate for scholarship.

*후보자 *s.* 候補者 (때) (기을) (놈) A candidate.

*후복증 *l.* 後腹痛 (뒤) (빼) (압흘) A disease of women—following confinement. *See* 포비알이.

*후부 *l.* 後夫 (뒤) (지아비) A second husband. (가다). *See* 후실이.

*후비 *s.* 喉痺 (목구멍) (병) Throat and nose disease—syphilis. *See* 후비창.

*후비 *l.* 後陪 (뒤) (모실) A noble's retinue. *See* 별비.

*후비 *l.* 後裨 (뒤) (도울), After comers; future generations; followers.

*후빅 *s.* 侯伯 (제후) (맛) A marquis and a count

*후산 *l.* 後産 (뒤) (날) The after-birth.

*후살이 *l.* 後嫁 (뒤) (시집갈—*가) A woman who marries a second time.

후살이가다 *l.* 가; 간 To marry a second time—of a woman. *See* 더가ᄒᆞ다.

*후샤ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 厚謝 (두허울) (사례) To love freely or greatly.

*후상진 *l.* 後上陣 (뒤) (오) (진칠) The second squadron following in a royal procession. *Opp.* 선상진.

*후세 *l.* 後世 (뒤) (인간) The world to come. Posterity. *See* 후손.

*후세안락 *l.* 後世安樂 (뒤) (인간) (편안, (즐거울) The joys of the future life.

*후손 *l.* 後孫 (뒤) (손주) Posterity; descendants. *See* 주손.

후손이 *s.* 猿 (잣나비—*원) A monkey. *See* 잣나비.

*후송 *l.* 後誦 (뒤) (외일) The name of a Buddhist book.

*후슈단 *l.* 後手段 (뒤) (손) (조각) The expedient resorted to, or a design planned, in order to prevent anything disagreeable following an incident.

*후신 *l.* 後身 (뒤) (몸) One's future being or state of existence.

*후실 *l.* 後室 (뒤) (집) A second wife after the death of the first. *See* 후처.

*후ᄉᆞ *l.* 後嗣 (뒤) (니을) Posterity; an heir. (닛다). A postposition. *See* 주손.

*후ᄉᆞ *l.* 後事 (뒤) (일) Future events. *Opp.* 전ᄉᆞ.

*후성 *l.* 後生 (뒤) (날) Literary successors. The life to come.

*후성(이)가외 *l.* 後生可畏 (뒤) (날) (올흘) (두려울) Fear inspired by superior skill or goodness in one's successors.

*후안 *l.* 厚顔 (두허울) (얼골) Brazen face.

후억지다 *s.* 저; 진 To be great; to be magnificent.

*후에 *l.* 後 (뒤) Afterwards; behind hand. *See* 장리에. *Opp.* 전에.

*후엔 *l.* 後 (뒤) Afterwards; behind-hand. *Opp.* 전에.

*후염ᄒᆞ다 *l.* (一경, 後染 뒤 물드릴) To dye a second time.

*후예 / 後裔 (뒤, 옷진 Descendants; posterity. *See* 자손; 후손.

*후영 / 後營 (뒤, 영문) The rear barracks—of the capital.

*후욕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 詬辱 (욕될) (욕될) To insult; to abuse.

*후은 *l.* 厚恩 (둣허울) (은혜) Great favour; innumerable blessings.

*후음 *s.* 喉音 (목구멍) (소리) A throat sound. *See* 칠성.

*후인 *l.* 後人 (뒤) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) Future generations.

*후임 *l.* 後任 (뒤) (맛길 A successor to an official post.

*후임ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 後任ᄒᆞ다 (뒤) (맛길 ᄂᆞᆷ Succeeding one in office.

*후일 *l.* 後日 (뒤) (날) A later day. The second day of examinations. *See* 일후.

*후원 *l.* 後援 (뒤) (구원) Assistance given in the rear; help.

*후원 *l.* 後園 (뒤) (동산) A back garden.

*후원별당 *l.* 後園別堂 뒤 동ᄂᆞᆫ 다ᄅᆞᆯ (집) A special house in the rear garden.

*후작 *s.* 侯爵 (제후) (벼슬) Marquis.

*후작부인 *s.* 侯爵夫人 (제후) (벼슬) ᄀᆞᆫ다비) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) The wife of a marquis, a marchioness

*후제 *l.* 後日 (뒤 —*후) (날 —*일) Later on; in future.

*후졀 *l.* 後節 (뒤) (마ᄃᆡ) Second ratio of a proportion.

*후정 / 厚情 (둣허울) ᄆᆞᄋᆞᆷ (great kindness. Kind feeling; conviviality; heartiness; great kindness; liberal favours.

*후주 / 後酒 ᄒᆞᆫ 술, Weak spirit made from a second distillation.

*후주 厚州 후허울 교울 ᄂᆞᆫ prefecture in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 40.56. Long. 127.10.

*후죽잡기 *s.* 酗酒雜技 후주ᄒᆞᆯ 술 잡질 ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ, Drink and gambling

*후주ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 酗酒 후주ᄒᆞᆯ, 술) To be mad with drink. *See* 쥬정ᄒᆞ다.

*후줄ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 後疌 (뒤) (무거울) To be constipated.

후지근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be tired; to be wearied. *See* 고단ᄒᆞ다

*후직 *l.* 后稷 (님금) (ᄯᅴ) The founder of the *Chu* Kingdom, China.

*후진 *l.* 後進 (뒤) (나아갈) Those who come after into the world; a person less advanced in knowledge than one's self. *Opp.* 션진.

*후진 *l.* 後陣 (뒤) (진) Rear regiments.

*후처 / 後妻 (뒤) 안ᄒᆡ) ᄂᆞ second wife—after the death of the first. *See* 후실.

*후츌 *l.* 後出 (뒤) (ᄂᆞᆷ) The horizon.

*후치령 *l.* 厚致嶺 (둣허울) (일월) (고ᄀᆡ) A large mountain pass in Ham-kyong-do. Lat. 40.45 Long. 128.09.

*후텬 *l.* 後天 (뒤) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The Eight Diagrams as arranged by *Manwang.* *Opp.* 션텬.

*후토 *l.* 后土 (뒤) (흙) God of the earth.

후투새 *s.* A small dark colored wren. *See* 굴뚝새.

*후패ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 朽敗 (썩을) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) To be decayed; to fall into decay.

*후편 *l.* 後便 (뒤) (편ᄒᆞᆯ) A future opportunity; a subsequent occasion.

*후학 *l.* 後學 (뒤) (비홀) Future instruction or lesson a pupil, or follower.

*후항 *l.* 後項 (뒤) (목) Consequent of a Prop.

*후회막급 *l.* 後悔莫及 (뒤) (뉘우칠) (밀) (밋칠) Overlate repentance.

*후회ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 後悔 (뒤) (뉘우칠) To repent later on; to repent afterwards.

*후후 *l.* With a long breath—exhaling. *See* 호호.

*후후년 / 後後年 뒤, 뒤) (ᄒᆡ Two years hence; year after next. *See* 후년.

*후후ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 厚 (둣허울) To be thick. To be substantial. To be generous; to be liberal; to be kind. *See* 돗탑다. *Opp.* 박후ᄒᆞ다.

*후힝 *l.* 後行 (뒤) (ᄂᆞᆯ) A "best man." A companion. (가다).

*후환 後患 뒤 근심 Future calamity, future trouble or difficulty; future disaster ahead. *See* 후탈.

훅 *s.* With a puff; with a start—as in blowing. *See* 후.

훅근훅근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be warm; to be heated up. *See* 확근확근ᄒᆞ다.

훅불다 *s.* 어; 분 To blow with a puff.

훅훅코 *s.* With a gulp; with a spring.

훈 *l.* Form of speech; correctness of expression. A kind of medicine the smoke from which is inhaled.

*훈 *s.* 暈 (무리) A circle about the sun or moon. An inflamed surface.

훈갑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be to one's taste. To be warm.

*훈계ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓戒 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (경계) To exhort; to recommend; to instruct. *See* 계칙ᄒᆞ다.

*훈공 *s.* 勳功 (공) (공) Merit; meritorious deeds; great achievements; lasting services.

*훈긔 *s.* 薰氣 (더울) (긔운) Warm air; heat. (덜다). *See* 온긔.

*훈뎐 *l.* 訓電 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (번기) A official order sent by telegraph.

*훈도 *l.* 訓導 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (인도) Instruction.

*훈도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 薰陶 (더울) (질그릇) To instruct; to teach; to lead in the right way; to inculcate moral principles.

*훈도ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓導 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (인도) To teach and guide; to teach; to lead.

*훈련대장 / 訓鍊大將 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (련단홀) (쟝) (장슈) The General of the 훈련ᄃᆡ장.

*훈련도감 / 訓鍊都監 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (련단홀) (도모지) (볼) The former Military Office—of Seoul.

*훈련원 *l.* 訓鍊院 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (련단홀) (집) The barracks—of Seoul

*훈령 *l.* 訓令 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) Order; command.

*훈로 *s.* 勳勞 (공) (슈고로울) Meritorious labour; merit; exploits

*훈로 *s.* 薰爐 (더울) (화로) A fumigating furnace.

*훈록 *l.* 馴鹿 (길드릴) (ᄉᆞ슴) Reindeer.

*훈문 *s.* 薰門 (더울) (문) A home of the wealthy.

*훈샹 *s.* 勳賞 (공) (샹줄) Reward of merit.

*훈수ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓敷 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (두어) To teach; to instruct.

*훈시ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓示 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (보일) To order or give instructions—as the central authorities to the local officials.

*훈신 *s.* 勳臣 (공) (신하) A patriot; one who has rendered important service to the state.

*훈약 *s.* 薰藥 (더울 (약) A fumigating medicine; errhine. *See* 훈.

*훈위 *s.* 勳位 (공) (벼슬) Rank or order conferred on account of some meritorious deeds; an Order of Merit.

*훈유 *s.* 薰莸 (ᄅᆞᆯ) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Fragrance and malodour; of persons and things. Goodness and badness.

*훈육 *s.* 薰鬻 (오랑캐) (ᄆᆞᆯ) Barbarians of the 12th century B.C.

*훈쟝 *l.* 訓將 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (장슈) The General of the former Military Offices. (Seoul). *See* 훈련ᄃᆡ장.

*훈쟝 *s.* 勳章 (공) (글장) A mark of honour; a decoration; a medal.

*훈장 / 訓長 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (어ᄅᆞᆫ) A teacher; a schoolmaster. *See* 지장.

*훈증 *s.* 薰蒸 (더울) (찔) Heat; hot air.

*훈ᄎᆡ *s.* 勳牌 (공) (패) Decorations; orders; stars. *See* 훈장.

*훈풍 *s.* 薰風 (더울) ᄇᆞ람) Southerly winds. *See* 남풍.

*훈학ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓學 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (비홀) To teach; to carry on teaching. (Prov.) *See* 권학ᄒᆞ다.

*훈회ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 訓誨 (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) (ᄆᆞᆫ칠) To counsel; to advise; to admonish.

*훈훈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 薰薰 (더울) (더울) To be warm; to be slightly heated. *See* 다ᄉᆞᆺᄒᆞ다.

*훈흑ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 曛黑 (어두울) (검을) To be dark; to be dusk; to be in the gloaming.

훈ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 薰 (더울) To disinfect; to fumigate.

훌넝훌넝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To fit loosely; to rattle.

훌륭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be fine; to be surpassing; to be great.

훌다 *s.* 허; 흔 To rub; to smooth back and forth—as cord.

훌젹 *s.* Suddenly; immediately. Rattling. (벗다).

훌젹훌젹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To fit loosely, to rattle; to shake back and forth.

훌부시다 *s.* 시여; 신 To use up; to dispose of entirely.

훌젹훌젹ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To fit loosely; to rattle; to shake back and forth. To be high. *See* 훌쩍훌쩍ᄒᆞ다.

훌쩐 *s.* Quickly; with a spring.

홀에조식 s. A widow's offspring—consequently uncultured; untrained fellows. *See* 홀에조식.

홀연ᄒᆞ다 s. To go down—as food; to get relief—from indigestion.

홀쩍 s. Quickly; with a spring.

홀쩍홀쩍 s. Rattling; shaking. Sniffling; whimpering. (울다).

홀쭉ᄒᆞ다 s. To be emaciated; to be thin. *See* 홀쭉ᄒᆞ다.

홀홀 l. Flying; sweeping by. *See* 훨훨.

*홀홀히 s. 忽忽 (문득) (문득) Quickly; sweeping by. *See* 총총이.

홈이 s. A bend—in a stream or in the hills.

훔쳐다 s. 훔 쳐; 친 To wipe off. To strike. To steal.

훔이다 s. 여; 인 To scoop out; to clean out. *See* 흠이다.

훗 l. 後 (뒤—*후) Later; next; in future. *Also* 후에.

훗길 l. 來頭 (올—*래) (머리 *두) The future; results. (보다).

훗비앙이 s. A disease of women following confinement. *See* 후복증.

훗훗ᄒᆞ다 s. To be warm; to be slightly heated. *See* 뜻뜻ᄒᆞ다.

*휘 s. 諱 (휘할) A tabooed name—as that of the king or one's father.

휘 s. 斛 (*곡) A dry measure—equal to fifteen *mal.* (5)다).

*휘갑치다 s. 揮匝 (두를) (갑) 갑 치; 친 To finish off; to put on the finishing touches.

*휘갑ᄒᆞ다 s. 揮匝 두ᄅᆞ 갑 ᄒᆞ다 up; to settle; to put on the finishing touches. *See* 추엉ᄒᆞ다.

*휘건 s. 揮巾 (두를) (슈건) A napkin. The cloth of a stand for a burial altar.

휘느리지다 s. 垂 (드리울—*슈) 러지; 진 To hang down; to dangle. *See* 드리우다.

휘다 s. 揮 휘일—*유 여, 인 ᄀᆞ 다 to bend; to crook; to be crooked.

휘달리다 s. 달려, 린 To run rapidly, to 다 to scold, to nag.

휘두루 s. Round about; everywhere. *See* 두루두루.

휘두루다 s. 돌너; 두른 To whirl round; to swing round and round. To scold; to rate.

*휘대 s. 揮帶 (두를) (자로) A bag or long sack.

휘모다 s. 라; 믄 To hasten; to hurry. *See* 깃모다.

휘몰다 s. 아; 믄 To hasten; to hurry. *See* 깃몰다.

*휘발ᄒᆞ다 s. 揮發 (두를 (필) To be volatile.

*휘발유 s. 揮發油 (두를) (필) (기름) A volatile oil; an essential oil.

*휘분석 s. 輝沸石 (빗날) (끓 소슨) (돌) Stilbite.

*휘양 s. 揮項 (두를) (목—*항) A fur head-dress—worn by men. (쓰다).

휘우다 s. 揉 (휘일—*유) 여; 운 To curve; to bend; to crook. *Also* 휘이다.

휘움ᄒᆞ다 s. To be bent; to be curved. *See* 굽웃ᄒᆞ다.

*휘음 s. 徽音 (아름다울) (소리) Glad news.

휘이다 s. 揉 (휘일 *유) 여; 인 To curve; to bend; to crook. *Also* 휘우다.

*휘장 s. 揮帳 (두를) (장막) Curtains—as on a chair or bed. (치다).

*휘장 s. 徽章 (아름다울 글장) A badge. *See* 기호.

휘장걸이 s. 揮帳 두ᄅᆞ 장 (옷들) (걸) A specially fine composition—hung up for model at a kwago.

휘죽ᄒᆞ다 s. To be soft; to be limp; to be weak.

휘지다 s. 휘져; 진 To be thin and weak.

휘지르다 s. 질너; 지른 To be spoiled; to be rendered useless.

*휘지부지ᄒᆞ다 s. 諱之秘之 (휘할) (갈) (감출—*비) (갈) To be wasteful; to be lavish. *See* 허산바산ᄒᆞ다.

*휘조 s. 諱字 (휘할) (글조) A tabooed character.

* 一ᄌᆞ슈 s. 子 ᄒᆞ 아들 An executioner. *See* 망난이.

휘쥬리 s. 鐵 (*쥬) A switch; a rod.

*휘하 s. 麾下 (지휘ᄒᆞᆯ) (아래) Beneath the banner under military orders. *See* 막하.

*휘호 s. 徽號 (아름다울) (일홈) The head of a person killed.

휘휘 l. Round and round. *See* 회회.

휘휘ᄒᆞ다 s. To be fearful; to inspire fear or anxiety.

*휘호다 *s.* 諱(휘홀) To conceal; to hide; to do in secret; to shun; to be under taboo.

*휘황호다 *s.* 煇煌 (빗날) (빗날) To be blazing; to be glowing; to be brilliant. To be vacillating. *See* 황홀호다.

*휘황찬란호다 *s.* 煇煌燦爛 (빗날) (빗날) (빗날) (무르닉을) To be glorious and bright.

휙 *s.* With a blow; with a spring. *See* 휘.

휙휙 *s.* Swiftly; speedily. *See* 휙휙.

*훙호다 *l.* 薨 (죽을) To die—of the king. (Comp.). *See* 승하호다.

*흥흥호다 *l.* 蕃蕃 (성홀) (성홀) To be numerous—of offspring. (B. O.)

흑 *s.* Gulping.

흑흑 *s.* Gulping; greedily.

*휴가 *s.* 休暇 (쉬일) (겨를) A vacation; a holiday; leisure.

*휴간호다 *s.* 休刊 (쉬일) (삭일) To cease publishing or printing—for a rest.

*휴게소 *s.* 休憩所 (쉬일) (쉬일) (바) A resting place; a tea pavilion.

*휴판 *s.* 休官 쉬일 (벼슬) A rest from of office for a time. 하다)

*휴대호다 *s.* 携帶 (잇쇼을) (띄 To carry along with; to take with.

*휴병호다 *s.* 休兵 (쉬일) (군소) To suspend fighting; to put up the sword, or cease from making war.

*휴슈동귀호다 *s.* 携手同歸 (잇쇼을) (손) (홈가지) (도라갈) To take by the hand and enter together.

*휴식소 *s.* 休息所 (쉬일) (쉬일) (바) A resting place.

*휴식호다 *s.* 休息 (쉬일 쉬일) To take breath; to rest from work; to take recess; to take refreshment.

*휴업호다 *s.* 休業 (쉬일) (업) To rest from one's work

*휴전호다 *s.* 休戰 (쉬일) (싸홈) To temporarily cease from fighting.

*휴지 *s.* 休紙 (쉬일) (조히) Waste paper; used up paper. *Also* 슈지. *Opp.* 빅지.

*휴직 *s.* 休職 (쉬일) (직업) Temporarily resting from office.

*휴직호다 *s.* 休職 (쉬일) (벼슬) To rest temporarily from office.

*휴징 *s.* 休徵 (아름다올) (징조) A good omen; lucky sign.

*휴학 *s.* 休學 (쉬일) (비홀) A vacation from study.

*휴학호다 *s.* 休學 (쉬일) (비홀) To cease temporarily from study.

*흘계 *s.* 譎計 (속일) (계교) A deceitful scheme.

*흘금 *s.* 恤金 (싱각) (쇠) Alms given by the government.

*흘면 *s.* 恤典 (불샹히넉일) (법) The law of charity relief.

*흠 *s.* 欠 (흠홀) Fault; defect; wrong. (보다) (잡다). *See* 흠.

*흉가 *s.* 凶家 (흉홀) (집) A haunted house

*흉격 *s.* 胸膈 (가슴) (가슴) The breast; the chest. *See* 복장.

*흉계 *s.* 凶計 (흉홀) 계교) A villainous scheme, a hateful plot. *See* 계술.

*흉골 *s.* 胸骨 (가슴) (뼈) The breast-bone.

*흉괴호다 *s.* 凶怪 (흉홀) (괴이홀) To be uncanny; to be fearful; to be abominable. *See* 흉악호다.

*흉긔 *s.* 兇器 (흉홀) (그릇 A 'fearful weapon'—as used in assassination.

흉내 *s.* Mimicry; mockery. (내다). *See* 입내.

흉내내다 *s.* 내여; 낸 To mock; to mimic. *See* 입내내다.

*흉년 *s.* 凶年 (흉홀) (히) A year of famine. (지다) (들다) *See* 겁년.

*흉년들다 *s.* 凶年 (흉홀) (히) 드러; 든 To be a year of famine.

*흉녕호다 *s.* 凶獰 (흉홀) (사오나올) To be wicked; to be malignant; to be savage; to be cruel. *See* 흉악호다.

*흉당 *s.* 胸膛 (가슴) (가슴) The breast; the chest. *See* 흉복.

*흉도 *s.* 兇徒 (흉홀) (무리) A band of robbers; insurgents; traitors.

*흉막 *s.* 胸膜 (가슴) (껍질) Pleura.

*흉몽 *s.* 凶夢 (흉홀) (꿈) An evil dream a nightmare. *See* 악몽.

*흉몽여길 *s.* 凶夢大吉 (흉홀) (꿈) (큰) (길홀) An evil dream is a propitious omen

*흉물 *s.* 凶物 (흉홀) (만물) A horrible thing, a despicable object. *See* 마물.

*흉변 *s.* 凶變 (흉홀) (변홀) An evil or disastrous occurrence; calamity.

*흉보 *s.* 凶報 (흉홀) (갑홀) Bad news evil tidings.

흉보다 *s.* 아; 본 To treat with contempt; to see faults in; to speak evil of. *See* 비웃다.

*흉복 s. 胸腹 (가슴) (배) The chest; the breast. *See* 흉격.

*흉복통 s. 胸腹痛 가슴, (배) 앓음 A pain in the chest.

*흉배 s. 胸背 (가슴) (등) The embroidered square worn on the breast by officials.

*흉산 s. 胸算 (가슴) (잔꾀) Calculating in the mind; planning; mental arithmetic. *See* 심산; 휴먹구구.

*흉살 s. 凶殺 (흉할) (죽일) Murder.

*흉상 s. 凶像 (흉할) (얼굴) An evil appearance. hateful looks. *See* 궁상.

*흉상부리다 s. 凶像 (흉할) (얼굴) 부려; 린 To act in an uncanny way; to be baleful; to be evil-omened.

*흉상스럽다 s. 凶像 (흉할) (얼굴) 스러워; 운 To be uncanny, to be baleful, to be ill-omened.

*흉서 s. (슈) 休書 (쉬일) (글—*셔) A writing of divorcement. (버혀주다).

*흉사 s. 凶事 (흉할) (일) Ill-omened events; baleful affairs. Death. *Opp.* 길사.

*흉아리 s. 匈牙利 (오랑캐) (어금니) (리할) Hungary.

*흉악하다 s. 凶惡 (흉할) (모질) To be wicked; to be malignant; to be savage to be cruel; to be violent. *See* 흉하다.

*흉용하다 s. 洶湧 (물형세) (물소슬 To dash—of waves.

*흉조 s. (ᄌᆞᆫ 凶兆 (흉할 징조) A bad omen. *Opp.* 길조.

*흉중에 s. 胸中 (가슴 가운ᄃᆡ In the breast. *See* 심중에.

*흉참하다 s. 凶慘 (흉할 (참할) To be wicked; to be ugly; to be cruel.

*흉측하다 凶惻 (흉할) (측할) To be terrible, to be sad. *See* 흉악하다

*흉패하다 s. 凶悖 (흉할 패역할) To be wicked; to be insulting, to be malignant. *See* 흉녕하다.

*흉포하다 s. 兇暴 (흉할 (사오나올) To be wicked; to be lawless; to be ferocious; to be violent.

*흉풍 s. 凶豐 (흉할) (풍년) Famine and plenty. (업다).

*흉황지년 s. 凶荒之年 흉할, 거칠 (업) A year of famine.

*흉한 s. 凶漢 (흉할 놈, \ horrible fellow; a treacherous character.

흉하다 s. To be ugly; to be abominable; to be hateful.

*흉흉하다 s. 洶洶 (파도) (파도) To gurgle; to clamour.

*흉하다 s. 凶 흉할) To be unlucky, to be ill omened; to be ugly. *See* 흉악하다. *Opp.* 길하다.

흐드러지다 s. 러져; 진 To be taking, to be showy.

흐들갑스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be gossipy, to be given to exaggeration.

흐러흐러하다 s. To be frail; to be shaky; to be yielding.

흐레맛다 s. 맛아; 은 To go into heat—of animals.

흐레붓치다 s. 붓쳐; 친 To mate animals. (v.t.)

흐레하다 s. To copulate.

흐려지다 s. 濁 (흐릴—*학) 려 져; 진 To be cloudy; to be indistinct; to be obscure.

흐르르하다 s. To be weak; to be worn out.

흐리다 s. 濁 (흐릴—*학) 흐려; 린 To be mixed; to be turbid. *Opp.* 몰다 To efface.

흐리마리하다 s. To be undecided; to be uncertain; to be indefinite. *See* 그렁미렁하다

흐리우다 s. 濁, 진흙 도 흐릿—*알 려워. 운 To make turbid; to blot out; to efface.

흐리터분하다 s. To be unintelligible; to be obscure; to be cloudy. *See* 흐리멍덩하다

흐르다 s. 流 (흐를—*류) 흘너; 흐른 To flow; to glide; to run—as water.

흐르다 s. (—르—) 孳尾 (흐레할—*조) (교리—*비) 흐러; 른 To copulate. (v.t.)

*흑 s. 黑 (검을) Black.

*흑각 s. 黑角 (검을) (뿔) Black horn.

*흑고약 s. 黑膏藥 (검을) (기름) (약) A kind of salve—for boils, etc

*흑국 s. 黑國 검을 나라 the Negro kingdoms—from which negroes come.

*흑귀조 s. (—구— 黑鬼子 검을 귀신) 아들 Negro children. *See* 흑인.

*흑귀 s. 黑鬼 (검을) (귀신) A black or dark spirit.

*흑노 s. 黑奴 (검을) (종) A negro; a black slave.

*흑노전쟁 s. 黑奴戰爭 검을 종 (싸홈) 다툼 the war of the North and South. United States. *See* 남북전쟁

*흑단 s. 黑檀 (검을) (박달) Ebony, *Maba Ebenus.*

*흑달 s. 黑疸 (검을) (병) Black jaundice. *See* 황달.

*흑당 s. 黑糖 (검을) (수수) Brown sugar.

*흑멍 s. 黑點 (검을) (점) A black spot.

*흑제 s. 黑帝 (검을) (님금) The spirit of the north or winter.

*흑두 s. 黑豆 (검을) (팟) Black soy bean.

흑뒤 s. The back of the heel. *See* 뒤굼치.

흑뒤꾼다 s. 꾼허; 혼 To break the heel —an old form of punishment.

*흑딘모 s. 黑玳瑁 (검을) (딘모) (딘모) Black tortoise-shell.

*흑라융 s. 黑羅絨 (검을) (바단) (깁) Black woollen cloth.

*흑렴석 s. 黑簾石 (검을) (발) (돌) Allanite.

*흑룡 s. 黑龍 (검을) (룡) A black dragon.

*흑룡강 s. 黑龍江 (검을) (룡) (물) Helung-kiang (River) in China.

*흑립 s. 黑笠 (검을) (갓) The black hat worn commonly by the natives. *See* 칠립.

*흑마포 s. 黑麻布 (검을) (삼) (베) Black linen.

*흑모반 s. 黑牡丹 (검을) (숫컷) (붉을—*단) Black cattle.

*흑반 s. 黑礬 (검을, 빛반 A kind of black dye. *See* 감금. Sulphate of iron.

*흑발 s. 黑髮 (검을) (털억) Black hair.

흑발되다 s. 되여; 된 To become food for worms—to die ignominiously.

*흑빅 s. 黑白 (검을) (흰) Black and white.

*흑산도 s. 黑山島 (검을) (뫼 (섬) The Ross Island in Chöl la do. Lat. 34 03. Long. 125.07.

*흑산호 s. 黑珊瑚 (검을) (구슬) (구슬) Black coral.

*흑샤 s. 黑蛇 (검을) (비암) A black snake. *See* 억구렁이.

*흑서 s. 黑黍 (검을) (기장) Black millet.

*흑석영 s. 黑石英 (검을) (돌) (뭇알리) Black quartz.

*흑선 s. 黑線 (검을) (실) A black line.

흑소 s. 土牛 (흙—*도) (소—*우) An earthen image of a calf—used formerly in the ceremony celebrating the opening of spring.

*흑송 s. 黑松 (검을) (소나무) Pinus Thunbergii.

*흑슈은세졔 s. 黑水銀洗劑 (검을) (물) (은) (씨슬) (약지을) Lotio Hydrorgyri Nigra.

*흑슈정 s. 黑水晶 (검을) 물) (슈정) Morion

*흑심 s. 黑心 (검을) (모음) An evil heart; dark designs. *See* 적심.

*흑색 s. 黑色 (검을) (빗) Black color.

*흑색인 s. 黑色人 (검을) (빗) (사롬) Black man; negro.

*흑안티모니업 s. 黑 . ....(검을) ... ... Black Antimony. Antimonium Nigrum.

*흑암대쥬 s. 黑暗大洲 (검을) 어두울) (물가 The dark continent -- Africa.

*흑암세계 s. 黑暗世界 (검을 (어두울) (인간) (디경) The dark ages. An undeveloped world.

*흑야 s. 黑夜 (검을) (밤) A dark night.

*흑어 s. 黑魚 (검을) (고기) The snake-fish, *Ophiocephalus argus*

*흑연 s. 黑烟 (검을) (연긔) Black smoke.

*흑연 s. 黑鉛 (검을) (납) Black-lead.

*흑연앙 s. 黑鉛鑛 (검을) (납) (쇠돌) Cerussite.

*흑연색 s. 黑鳶色 (검을) (솔기) (빗) Black brown colour.

*흑요석 s. 黑曜石 (검을) (빗날) (돌) Obsidian.

*흑우 s. 黑牛 (검을) (소) Black cattle. *See* 검억소.

*흑운 s. 黑雲 (검을) (구름) A black cloud.

*흑운초 s. 黑雲草 (검을) (구름) (풀) *Saxifraga fusca.*

*흑의 s. 黑衣 (검을) (옷) A black coat—worn by chairmen and official servants. *See* 군복.

*흑인 s. 黑人 (검을) (사롬) A negro; an African.

*흑인죵 s. 黑人種 (검을) (사롬) (씨) The black race—negroes.

*흑임 s. 黑荏 (검을) (깨) Black sesamum.

*흑임즈 s. 黑荏子 (검을 (씨) (아들) Black sesamum. *See* 흑임.

*흑자류석 s. 黑柘榴石 (검을) (산뽕나무) (석류) (돌) Melanochroite.

*흑자석 s. 黑磁石 (검을) (붉을) (돌) Manganochre.

*흑질석 s. 黑質石 (검을) (바탕) (돌) Rhætolite.

*흑질백장 s. 黑質白章 (검을) (바탕) (흰) (글장) Black body with white belly—of a serpent used for food.

*흑청 s. 黑睛 (검을 눈 The iris and pupil of the eye.

*흑칠 s. 黑漆 (검을) (옻칠) Black lacquer. *See* 검칠; 옥칠; 칠.

*흑태 s. 黑太 (검을, 콩) Black pulse. *See* 서목태.

*흑편두 s. 黑扁豆 (검을) (작을) (팥) Black flat beans.

*흑포도 s. 黑葡萄 (검을) (포도 (포도) A wild grape, black grape.

*흑호박 s. 黑琥珀 (검을) (호박) (호박) Black amber.

*흑해 s. 黑海 (검을) (바다) The Black Sea.

흔갑스럽다 s. 러워; 운 To be false; to be gossipy; to be given to exaggeration. *See* 흐들갑스럽다.

*흔구덕하다 s. 掀口德 (흔들) (허물) (큰) To speak evil of; to slander.

*흔구 s. 釁隙 (흠) (흠) A cause of quarrel; a ground of offence; a breach of friendship; a discord

*흔단 s. 釁端 (흠) (끗) Slander; evil speaking; cause; reason. (나다).

흔덕이다 s. 搖 (흔들—*요) 덕여; 인 To be shaky; to be rickety.

흔덩거리다 s. 搖搖 (흔들 *요) (흔들 -*요) 거려; 린 To be loose; to be shaky. *See* 흔들거리다.

흔덩흔덩하다 s. 搖搖 (흔들—*요) (흔들—*요) To be loose; to be shaky. *See* 흔들흔들하다.

흔드적흔드적하다 s. 搖搖 (흔들—*요) (흔들 *요 To rock backwards and forwards.

흔들나다 s. 搖搖 (흔들—*요) (흔들—*요) 들녀; 닌 To be shaken; to be moved; to be agitated.

흔들다 s. 搖 (흔들—*요) 들녀; 닌 To shake; to move; to agitate.

흔들흔들하다 s. To rock backwards and forwards. *See* 한들한들하다.

*흔연악수하다 s. 欣然握手 (깃불) (그릴) (잡을) (손) Clasping hands in delight; shaking hands. *See* 악수흔연

*흔연히 s. 欣然 (깃불) (그릴) Gladly; happily.

*흔연하다 s. 欣然 깃불) (그릴) To be happy; to be glad; to be cheerful; to be merry.

*흔연접대하다 s. 欣然接待 (깃불) (그릴) (붓들) (대접홀 To treat a guest generously.

흔들흔들하다 s. To be tender, to be soft To be shaky.

흔히 多 (만흘—*다, Commonly, frequently; often. *See* 만히.

*흔적 s. 痕迹 (흉터 (발자취 A scar; a mark in the skin. *See* 자최.

흔전흔전하다 s. To be numerous; to be plentiful *See* 흔전흔전하다.

흔전히 s. In great quantity; greatly *See* 흔전히.

흔전하다 s. To be numerous; to be great in number. *See* 흔전하다.

*흔천동지하다 s. 掀天動地 (흔들) (하늘) (움직일) (짱 To shake heaven and earth.

흔허지다 s. 墟 (문허질—*괴) 허져; 진 To fall down; to tumble in ruins. *See* 허러지다.

*흔희하다 s. 欣喜 (깃불) (깃불) To rejoice; to be glad; to delight or take pleasure in.

흗하다 s. 多 (만흘—*다) To be common; to be many; to be frequent. *See* 만하.

흘게 l. A joint; a hinge. Character; disposition. (되다) (노다). *See* 고동.

흘게눈이 s. 横目 (빗길—*최) (눈 -*목) A squint-eyed person.

흘게되다 l. 되여; 된 To be stiff—in the joint; to be persistent. *Opp.* 흘게놋다.

흘겨보다 s. 보아; 본 To look at sideways; to regard with contempt. *See* 흘기다.

흘게놋다 l. 느저; 진 To be loose-jointed; to be lax. *Opp.* 흘게되다.

*흘공하다 s. 訖工 (못칠) (장인) To finish a work. *See* 필공하다.

흘근흘근하다 s. To be insecure; to lack solidity. To be overbearing. *See* 렴빙이다.

흘끔흘끔 l. (Glancing at; staring at. *See* 흘깃흘깃

흘기다 s. 흘겨; 린 To look at askance; to regard with contempt. To go slow; to loiter. (Prov.)

흘깃흘깃하다 s. To treat with contempt; to look at askance. *See* 흘겨보다.

흘너보다 s. 보아; 본 To try odds with; to test—as strength.

흘넝흘넝하다 s. To be loose; to be shaky; to be unstable.

흘니다 *s.* 흘녀; 닌 To pour out; to let run out; to drop. *See* 쏫다.

흘딕이 *s.* A cross-eyed person. *See* 흘게눈이.

*흘립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 屹立 (놀흘)(셜) To stand up pre-eminent; to be above the clouds—as a mountain.

*흘수 *s.* 吃水 (먹을) (물) The part of a ship's hull immersed in the water; ballast.

*흘역ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 訖役 (못칠) (역亽) To finish a work; to complete an undertaking. *See* 필역ᄒᆞ다; 순제다.

*흘연독립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 屹然獨立 (놀흘)(그럴) (홀로)(셜) To stand out clearly independent.

흠으다 *s.* 흘너; 는 To try and see; to test To copulate.

흘흘ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be weak; to be worn out. *See* 흐르르ᄒᆞ다.

흙 *s.* 土 (*토) Earth; clay. *See* 땅.

흙덩이 *s.* A lump of clay; a handful of mortar.

흙밥되다 *s.* 여; 된 To die; to crumble to dust.

흙비 *s.* 土雨 (흙—*토) (비—*우) Muddy rain. *See* 토우.

흙손 *s.* 鏝 (*만) A trowel (짐ᄒᆞ다).

흙손질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To plaster with a trowel.

흙질ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To plaster with mud. *See* 벽질ᄒᆞ다.

흙탕 *s.* What is turbid; anything mixed with mud. A stew of sprouted barley —from which candy is made.

흙투셩이ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be covered with mud; to be besmeared with mud.

흙흙 *s.* Shuddering—as from cold (놋기다).

흙흙놋기다 *s.* 겨; 긴 To gasp; to shudder.

흠 *l.* 欠 (*흠) A fault; a defect; a stain (잡다)(지다). *See* 흠.

흠그러지다 *s.* 러져; 진 To be worn into shreds. *See* 녹으러지다.

*흠뎐 *l.* 欠典 (흠될) (법) What is lacking —in law.

*흠뎜 *l.* 欠點 (흠될) (뎜) A speck; a blot.

*흠명 *s.* 欽命 (공경) 명홀) An imperial order or decree. *See* 흠차.

*흠모ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽慕 (공경) (소모) To regard with desire; to lust after. *See* 앙모ᄒᆞ다.

흠뻑 *s.* Much; greatly—used as an intensive. *See* 흠젹.

흠빡흠빡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to yield to the touch. *See* 흠젹흠젹ᄒᆞ다.

*흠복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽服 (공경) (복종홀) To reverence; to worship.

*흠봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽奉 (공경) (밧들) To obey or observe with respect—as an Imperial decree.

흠젹 *s.* Greatly; enormously; monstrously—an intensive. *See* 흠뻑.

*흠션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽羨 (공경) (부러울) To desire; to wish for; to think highly of.

*흠숭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽崇 (공경) (놉흘, To Honor; to reverence, to adore. (B. H.)

흠신 *a.* Sufficiently; greatly—an intensive. *See* 흠젹.

*흠신답례ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欠身答禮 (흠될) (몸) (답) (례도) To bow in response to another's salutation.

*흠신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欠身 (흠될) (몸) To bow assent as when saluted.

흠실흠실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be yielding—to the touch.

*흠앙ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽仰 (공경) (우럴) To look up to with reverence; to esteem highly. *See* 흠모ᄒᆞ다.

*흠약ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽若 (공경) (슌홀) To soothe; to calm; to pacify. (B. H.)

흠울흠울ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be soft; to be tender; to congregate—in a soft lump.

흠웃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sanguine: to be hopeful of success. *See* 느긋ᄒᆞ다.

흠잡다 *l.* 瑕疵 (차질—*뎍) (희—*조) 잡아; 은 To find fault; to pick flaws.

흠졀 *l.* 欠節 (흠될) (마듸) A defect; a flaw; a blot. *See* 흠.

흠지다 *l.* 疵 (흠—*조) 질 져; 진 To leave a scar, to be a defect.

*흠체 *l.* 欠處 (흠될) (곳) A fault; a defect. *See* 흠; 단쳐.

흠치르르ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be sleek; to be smooth. *See* 반지르르ᄒᆞ다.

*흠차 *s.* 欽差 (공경) (초멸홀) An Imperial Commissioner. *See* 흠차대신.

*흠차대신 *s.* 欽差大臣 (공경) (초멸홀 큰) (신하) Commissioner or envoy of the Emperor. Ambassador or envoy to a foreign court. *See* 소신.

*흠탄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 欽歎 (공경) (한식) To honor highly; to a regard with great respect.

*흠포 *l.* 欠逋 (흠될) (포흠질) Embezzlement of public funds. *See* 포흠.

*흠향하다 s. 歆享(흠향홀)(누릴) To scent the odor of food—as spirits in sacrifice *See* 운감하다

*흡공능 s. 吸收能 (마실) (칠) (능히) Absorbing power.

*흡구 s. 吸口 (마실) (입) The mouthpiece of a tobacco pipe.

*흡기하다 s. 吸氣 (마실) (기운) To breathe in; to inhale.

*흡묵지 s. 吸墨紙 (마실) (먹) (조히) Blotting paper. *See* 압지.

*흡상주공 s. 吸上喞筒 (마실) (옷) (물) (통) Suction pump.

*흡상하다 s. 吸上 (마실) (옷) To suck up. *Opp.* 흡하하다.

*흡수관 s. 吸收管 (마실) (거둘) (대쪽) Absorption tube.

*흡수띠 s. 吸收帶 (마실) (거둘) (띠) Absorption band.

*흡수력 s. 吸收力 (마실) (거둘) (힘) Gravitation. *See* 흡인력.

*흡수력계 s. 吸收力計 (마실) (거둘) (헬 계교) Absorbing gravity meter.

*흡수제 s. 吸收劑 (마실) (거둘) (약지을) Absorbent.

*흡수하다 s. 吸收 (마실) (거둘) To absorb.

*흡사하다 s. 恰似 (흡족홀) (같홀) To be alike, to be about the same. *See* 어금지금하다.

*흡연하다 s. 洽然 (저질) (그럴) To be imbued with; to be tinctured with.

*흡연하다 s. 吸烟 (마실) (연괴) To inhale; to breathe in as tobacco smoke.

*흡족하다 s. 恰足 (흡족홀) (족홀) To be strong, to be thick, to suffice.

*흡출하다 s. 吸出 (마실) (날) To draw out by sucking; to suck out.

*흡흡하다 s. 洽洽 (저질) (저질) To laugh ha! ha!

흣허지다 s. 散 (흣허질—*산) 지 진 To disappear; to vanish; to scatter.

*희경 s. 喜慶 (깃불) (경소) A joyful event; lucky accident; rejoicing; joy

*희괴하다 s. 稀怪 (드물) (괴이홀) To be curious; to be rare—in a bad sense.

*희구 s. 戲具 (희롱) (갖출) A plaything toy.

*희귀하다 s. 稀貴 (드물) (귀홀) To be rare; to be curious—in a good sense. *See* 희한하다

희끗희끗하다 s. To be spotted or speckled with white. *See* 희엇희엇하다.

*희과류산염 s. 稀過硫酸液 (드물) (지날) (류황) (산) (즙) Liquor Ferri Persulphatis Dilutus.

*희과염화철액 s. 稀過鹽化鐵液 (드물) (지날) (소금) (쇠) (즙) Liquor Ferri Perchloridi Dilutus.

사형수 s. (네 죽을 벌) (죄 아홀 *수) An executioner. *See* 망난이.

*희년 s. 禧年 (복) (히) The year of jubilee.

*희년 s. 稀年 (드물) (히) A man seventy years of age. *See* 칠십.

*희노 s. (로) 喜怒 (깃불) (노홀) Joy and anger.

*희노(를)불형어색하다 s. 喜怒不形於色 (깃불 노홀 아니) 형상 빛 To not show joy or anger in the face.

*희노애락 s. (로) 喜怒哀樂 (깃불) (노홀) (슬플) (즐거울) Gladness and anger, grief and joy.

희다 s. 白 (흴 *백) 여; 퍼 To be white.

*희담 s. 戲談 (희롱) (말슴) Jesting; joking. *See* 롱담.

*희락 s. 喜樂 (깃불) (즐거울) Joy and pleasure; jollity; delight; felicity.

*희락부리다 s. 喜樂 (깃불) (즐거울) 부려; 린 To rejoice; to be glad; to delight

*희락질산 s. 稀 .... 酸 (드물) ..... (실) Acidum Lacticum Dilutum.

*희락하다 s. 喜樂 (깃불) (즐거울) To rejoice; to be glad; to delight.

*희랍교 s. 希臘敎 (바랄) (땅짱) (구룩칠) The Greek Church. *See* 동교.

*희롱하다 s. 戲弄 (희롱) (희롱) To jest with; to poke fun at; to joke. *See* 롱하다

*희류산 s. 稀硫酸 (드물) (류황) (실) Acidum Sulphuricum Dilutum.

*희린산 s. 稀燐酸 (드물) (귀화) (실) Acidum Phosphoricum Dilutum

*희망 s. 希望 (바랄) (바랄) Wish; desire; request; hope.

*희망점 s. 希望點 (바랄) (바랄) (점) Object of hope, ... hope's end

*희망봉 s. 喜望峯 (깃불) (바랄) (봉아히) The Cape of Good Hope.

*희망하다 s. 希望 (바랄) (바랄) To desire; to wish; to hope.

희묽다 s. 묽어; 은 To be watery; to be insipid; to be lacking—in sense.

*희미하다 s. 稀微 (드물) (적을) To be obscure; to be indistinct; to be dim.

*희박ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 稀薄 (드물) (얇을) To be thin; to be rare; to be rarified; to be diluted.

*희불조승ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 喜不自勝 (깃불) (아닐) (스스리) (이길) To be overcome with joy.

*희살 *l.* 戲殺 (희롱) (죽일) Accidental homicide. Baleful influences that mock one's efforts at success (도깨).

*희세영웅 *s.* 稀世英雄 (드물) (인간) (뛰날리) (수컷) Uncommon bravery. A special hero.

*희세지지 *s.* 稀世之才 (드물) (인간) (갈) (지조) Uncommon ability.

*희소ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 稀疎 (드물) (성길) To be scarce; to be sparse; to be scattered. *See* 담은담은ᄒᆞ다.

*희쇼식 *l.* 喜消息 (깃불) (살아질) (쉬일) Good news.

희속희속ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be weak; to be insecure.

*희ᄉᆞ *l.* 喜事 (깃불) (일) A happy accident; a joyful event; a matter of congratulation.

*희식 *l.* 喜色 (깃불) (빛) The appearance of joy; happy looks. *Opp.* 노긔.

*슈식(이)만안ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 喜色滿顔 (깃불) (빛) (찰) (얼골) To look happy; to appear joyful.

*희싱 *s.* 犧牲 (소) (소) Victims for sacrifice.

*희암모나아익 *s.* 稀..... ..液 (드물)..... (진) Liquor Ammonii.

*희언 *l.* 戲言 (희롱) (말숨) A joke; a jest; a pleasantry.

희얼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pale; to be sickly looking; to be dazed.

*희열 *l.* 喜悅 (깃불) (깃불) Joy; gladness; gratitude.

*희열ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 喜悅 (깃불) (깃불) To be glad; to rejoice at

*희염화슈소산 *s.* 稀鹽化水素酸 (드물) (소곰) (뎔) (물) (뎔) (실) *Acidum Hydrochloricum Dilutum.*

*희옥화슈소산 *s.* 稀沃化水素酸 (드물) (기름질) (뎔) (물) (뎔) (실) *Acidum Hydriodicum dilutum.*

희잇희잇ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be speckled with white. *See* 희치희치ᄒᆞ다.

*희작ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 戲作 (희롱) (지을) To hinder; to delay *See* 희방ᄒᆞ다.

*희잘화슈소산 *s.* 稀硫化水素酸 (드물) (돔) (뎔) (물) (뎔) (실) *Acidum Hydrocyanicum Dilutum.*

*희종ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 稀種 (드물) (씨) To be scarce; to be scattered—of grain.

*희쥬졍 *s.* 稀酒精 (드물) (술) (정밀) *Alcohol dilutum.*

희쥭 *s.* Grinning.

희쥭희쥭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To wobble; to pull sideways. (Prov.)

*희지다 *l.* 戲作 (희롱) (지을—*작) 지여; 은 To hinder; to delay; to cause misfortune to befall. *See* 작희ᄒᆞ다.

*희즈 *l.* 戲子 (희롱) (아들) A comedian; an actor.

*희쳔 *s.* 熙川 (몸을) (내) A prefect in Pyong-an-do. Lat. 40.18. Long. 126 34

*희쳠 *s.* 稀簽 (풀) (풀) The *Siegesbeckia Orientalis*—a medicinal plant. *See* 진득찰.

*희초산 *s.* 稀硝酸 (드물) (염초) (실) *Acidum Nitricum Dilutum.*

*희초산슈은유고 *s.* 稀硝酸水銀油膏 (드물) (염초) (실) (물) (은) (기름) (기름) *Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis Dilutum.*

*희초염산 *s.* 稀硝鹽酸 (드물) (염초) (소곰) (실) Diluted nitro-hydrochloric acid.

*희초염화슈소산 *s.* 稀硝塩化水素酸 (드물) (염초) (소곰) (뎔, (물) (뎔, (실) *Acidum Nitrohydrochloricum Dilutum.*

*희츄화슈소산 *s.* 稀臭化水素酸 (드물) (내암새) (뎔) (물) (뎔) (실) *Acidum Hydrobromicum Dilutum.*

*희초초산연익 *s* 稀次醋酸鉛液 (드물) (버금) 초) (실) (납) (즙) *Liquor Paumbi Subacetatis Dilutum*

희치희치ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be mixed, to be spotted.

*희학질ᄒᆞ다 *s* 戲謔 (희롱) (희롱) To make fun of; to jest with; to indulge in lewd sport. *See* 가되약질ᄒᆞ다.

*희한ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 稀罕 (드물) (드물) To be scarce; to be rare; to be curious. *See* 희귀ᄒᆞ다.

*희호세계 *s.* 熙皞世界 (몸을) (집) (인간) (디경) An enlightened age.

*희희락락ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 喜喜樂樂 (깃불) (깃불) (즐거울) (즐거울) To rejoice; to have a jubilee.

흔그루 *s.* A fallow year for fields—when millet or light grain is sown. *Opp.* 감은그루.

흰떡 *s.* Rice-bread.

흰무리 *s.* Steamed bread made of rice-flour.

흰조위 *s.* 白眸 (흰—*뷕) (눈조위—*모) The white of the eye.

흰죽 *s.* 白粥 (흰—*뷕) (죽—*쥭) Thin rice soup.

흴수물ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be grayish; to be mixed with white. *See* 흿금ᄒᆞ다.

흿금ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be whitish. *See* 흴수물ᄒᆞ다.

흿숫흿숫ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be speckled white. *See* 흿득흿득ᄒᆞ다.

흿덩다 *s.* 더워; 운 To be jolly; to be reckless; to be wasteful.

흿득 *s.* Grayish.

흿득더룸 *s.* A wasteful person; a spendthrift.

흿득흿득ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be gray; to be speckled with white.

흿보기 *s.* A cross-eyed person. *See* 즘게눈이.

흿흿 *s.* Speckled—with white.

흿휭ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To pe empty; to be vacant; to be waste. To whirl.

흿ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To have a ringing in the ears; to have a headache. *See* 휭ᄒᆞ다. To be whirling.

*흠 *l.* 興 (흥) Pleasure; joy. (나다). *See* 흥치.

흠쿨흠쿨ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To loiter; to loaf about.

*흠긔 *l.* 興氣 (흥) (긔운) Gladness; joy; delight; interest in.

*흠긔식히다 *s.* 興起 (흥, 닐, 식히; 힌 To give rise; to arise; to originate; to be newly established or founded.

*흠긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興起 (흥, 닐) To arise; to occur; to be produced; to make; to excite; to create; to stimulate, to stir up; to foment—as an insurrection.

흠나다 *l.* 發興 (펄—*발) (흥—*흠) 흥나; 난 To take pleasure in; to delight in.

*흠덕 *s.* 興德 (흥 ᄃᆞᆨ) A prefecture (ᄃᆡ) in Chöl-la-do. Lat. 35.29. Long. 126.44.

흠덩이치다 *s.* 이겨; 친 To make turbid; to disturb.

흠덩흠덩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To splash with water, to do carelessly.

*흥둉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興隆 (흥, 늉) To prosper; to be in a flourishing state.

*흠리ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興利 (흥) (리) To engage in business; to trade. *See* 쟝ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*흥망 *s.* 興亡 (흥 망) Prosperity and adversity; success and failure.

*흥망셩쇠 *s.* 興亡盛衰 (흥) (망) (셩) (쇠) Prosperity and adversity, vigor and decay.

*흠미 *l.* 興味 (흥치) (맛) Pleasure; mirth; delight; interest. *See* 흥치.

*흥발ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興發 (흥) (펄) To distribute grain from the government storehouses.

*흥병ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興兵 (흥) (군ᄉᆞ) To mobilize troops; to commence warlike operations.

*흥복 *s.* 興復 (흥) (회복) Restoration.

*흥복ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興復 (흥) (회복) To restore that which has once fallen into decay; to recover; to be revived.

*흥셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興盛 (흥) (셩) To be prosperous; to be flourishing.

*흥셩흥셩ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興盛興盛 (흥) (셩) (흥) (셩) To be numerous; to be plentiful; to be prosperous. *See* 흔젼ᄒᆞ다.

*흥양 *s.* 興陽 (흥) (볃) A prefect in Chöl-la-do.

*흥업ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興業 (흥) (업) To promote industries; to start on business.

*흥와주션ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興訛做訕 (흥) (거ᄌᆡ말) (자을) (비방ᄒᆞᆯ) To circulate slanderous reports about.

*흥왕ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 興旺 (흥) (왕셩ᄒᆞᆯ) To be abundant; to be prosperous, to be flourishing. *See* 흥셩ᄒᆞ다.

*흥정군 *s.* (一군) 興成軍 (흥) (일을—*셩) (군ᄉᆞ) One sent to make purchases; a buyer.

*흥진비릭 *l.* 興盡悲來 (흥ᄉᆞ) (다ᄒᆞᆯ) (슯ᄒᆞᆯ) 오) After success comes adversity; after joy come tears. *See* 고진감릭.

흥청거리다 *s.* 거려; 린 To move up and down under one—as a board supported at the ends. To saunter about; to put on airs. *See* 흥청흥청ᄒᆞ다.

흥청흥청ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To swing up and down—as a weight on a board supported at the ends. To saunter about.

*흥치 *l.* 興致 (흥치) (일월) Joy; gladness; pleasure. *See* 흠미.

*흥패 *s.* 興敗 (흥) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) Victory and defeat; success and failure.

*흥패 *s.* 興廢 (흥) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) Rise and fall (as of an empire); prosperity and decay.

*흥패존망 *s.* 興廢存亡 (흥) (패ᄒᆞᆯ) (잇슬) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) Rise or fall; existence or ruin.

흥흥거리다 *v.* 거렁; 린 To express assent to; to take pleasure in. To pout; to grumble.

*흥ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 興 (닝) To prosper; to increase; to flourish; to succeed *Opp.* 망ᄒᆞ다.

*흥쉬 ᄉᆞ 興海 (닝) (마다) A prefect in Kyŏng-sang-do. Lat. 36.04. Long. 129.05.

히히ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To laugh hi! hi! *See* 설설웃다.

*힐거ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 詰拒 (힐뀨) (막을) To argue; to contend; to strive.

*힐난ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 詰難 (힐뉜) (어려울) To dispute; to wrangle; to interrogate. *See* 언힐ᄒᆞ다.

*힐문ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 詰問 (힐뭔) (무를) To cross-examine; to question; to enquire authoritatively.

*힐조에 *n.* 詰朝 (힐죠) (아침) Next morning; the following morning.

힘 *n.* 力 (*력) Strength; vigor; energy (쓰다) (들다). *See* 력력.

힘껏 *n.* 極力 (다긐—*녁) (힘—*력) All one's strength.

힘넘다 *v.* 過力 (힘넘을—*력) 어, 은 To do through, to depend on; to confide in; to be by means.

힘들다 *v.* 드러; 든 To require strength; to need force.

힘쓰다 *v.* 用力 (쓩—*용)(힘—*력) 힘 써; 쓴 To put forth strength; to apply oneself; to make an effort.

힘줄 *n.* 筋 (*근) A tendon; a nerve.

ᄒᆞ고만다 *v.* 數多 (주어—*수) (만흘—*다) 만하; 흘 To be numerous; to be many; to be common.

ᄒᆞ고시브다 *v.* 欲 (ᄒᆞ고져흘 *욕) 시버; 분 To desire to do, to wish. *See* ᄒᆞ고져ᄒᆞ다.

ᄒᆞ고져ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 欲 (ᄒᆞ고져흘—*욕) To wish to do; to desire to make. *See* ᄒᆞ고시브다.

ᄒᆞ나 *n.* 一 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) One—a noun.

ᄒᆞ논체ᄒᆞ다 To pretend to do; to make believe that one is doing.

ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 爲 (ᄒᆞ—*위) ᄒᆞ야; ᄒᆞ To do; to make. *See* 힘ᄒᆞ다. To say—used with 말.

ᄒᆞ다 *s.* A verbal ending.

ᄒᆞ다못ᄒᆞ여 *v.* Having failed in; not having done; what one would not do; unworthy of being done. *See* 부득이ᄒᆞ여.

ᄒᆞ다십히ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To do the same as; to do what equals another.

ᄒᆞ로 *n.* 一日 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (날—*일) One day; the first of the moon. *See* 초ᄒᆞ로.

ᄒᆞ로갈이 *n.* 一日耕 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (날—*일) (밭갈 *경 ᄉᆞ lay s plough.ng -the ordinary way of measuring fields. *See* 일일경.

ᄒᆞ로거리 *n.* -日瘧 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (날—*일) (학질—*학) Intermittent fever. *See* 초학.

ᄒᆞ로밧비 *v.* Quickly; in a hurry; at once.

ᄒᆞ로살이 *n.* 蜉蝣 (*부) (*유) A kind of black fly. *See* 부유.

ᄒᆞ룸 *n.* A yearling. *Also* ᄒᆞ룹. One wearing—of cotton padding.

ᄒᆞ르틀ᄒᆞ다 *v.* To be thin; to be worn.

ᄒᆞ룹 *n.* A yearling.

ᄒᆞ룹강아지 A puppy.

ᄒᆞ믈며 *v.* 況 (*황) Rather; so much; the more; *a fortiori.* *See* 황ᄒᆞ.

ᄒᆞ여곰 *s.* 使 (*ᄉᆞ) A ending of the 석음 added to the instrumental case—so that; by means of; through.

ᄒᆞ여보다 *v.* 보아; 본 To try; to attempt.

ᄒᆞ여주다 *v.* 주어; 준 To do for; to assist.

ᄒᆞ염념시 *v.* 無爲 (업슨—*무) (ᄒᆞ—*위) As a consequence; hence. *See* 조연히.

ᄒᆞ ᄂᆞ — (*일) One—an adjective. *See* 군.

ᄒᆞᆫ가지 *v.* 同 (*동) Together; one and the same. *See* 맛ᄎᆞᆫ가지.

ᄒᆞᆫ가지로 *v.* 同 (ᄒᆞᆫ가지—*동) Together; at one time; as one.

ᄒᆞᆫ갈ᄀᆞ치 *v.* 如一 (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆫ *여) (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) All alike; of a kind, consistently. *See* 여일히.

ᄒᆞᆫ갓 *v.* 徒 (*도) Only; that alone—an introductory word. *See* 다만. Uselessly; to no purpose.

ᄒᆞᆫ겁에 *v.* 一齊 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (가지ᄒᆞᆯ—*제) At the same time; together; in unison. *See* 일시에.

ᄒᆞᆫ겻 *n.* 半日 (절반 *반, (날—*일) Half a day. Noon. *See* 낮나절.

ᄒᆞᆫ결ᄀᆞ다 *v.* 如一 (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ—*여) (ᄒᆞᆫ —*일) 하; 혼 To be uniform; to be consistent. *See* 여일ᄒᆞ다.

ᄒᆞᆫ결ᄀᆞ치 *v.* 如一 (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ—*여) (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) Consistently; uniformly; all alike. *Also* ᄒᆞᆫ갈ᄀᆞ치.

ᄒᆞᆫ군ᄃᆡ *v.* 一處 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (곳—*처) In one place; in a certain place.

ᄒᆞᆫᄌᆞ s. 半級 (절반—*반) (두름—*급) One string—as fish.

ᄒᆞᆫ나절 s. 當午 (맛당—*당) (낮—*오) Noon; midday. Half a day. *See* ᄒᆞᆫ것.

ᄒᆞᆫ두 s. 一二 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (두—*이) One or two—an adjective.

ᄒᆞᆫ두룸 s. 一級 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (두룸—*급) One string—as of herrings.

ᄒᆞᆫ둘 s. 一二 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (두—*이) One or two—a noun.

ᄒᆞᆫ마음ᄉᆞ s. 一意之公決 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (맛ᄎᆞᆷ—*언) (갈—*지) (공번될—*공) (일—*ᄉᆞ) The same word; a like verdict.

ᄒᆞᆫ모 s. One corner; one part in a work. One square of bean-curd.

ᄒᆞᆫ목 s. One card. One corner; one part; one share—in an undertaking.

ᄒᆞᆫ바탕 s. 一場 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (마당—*장) One setting; one round—of dancing wrestling etc.

ᄒᆞᆫ쌈 s. 一包 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (쌀—*포) One package—of needles, etc.

ᄒᆞᆫ손 s. A numerative of two rolls of pieces as of linen, bunches of celery radishes, etc.

ᄒᆞᆫ손놓다 s. 노하; ᄒᆞᆫ To pay no attention to; to ignore.

ᄒᆞᆫ숨에 s. In a breath; at once; quickly. *See* 단숨에.

ᄒᆞᆫ순비 s. 一巡杯 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (슌힐—*슌) (잔—*배) One round—of drink.

*ᄒᆞᆫ업곤슈ᄒᆞ다 v. 恨入骨髓 (ᄒᆞᆫ) 들, 뼈 (ᄲᅢ) To be deeply impressed with a sense of resentment.

ᄒᆞᆫ적 s. 一時 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (때—*시) Once; one time.

ᄒᆞᆫ참 s. 一站 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (참—*참) A little; a short time; an interval. A season; a round; a turn. *See* 일참.

ᄒᆞᆫ창 s. In time; in with and vigor. Extravagantly; vigorously; luxuriantly.

ᄒᆞᆫ치 s. 一寸 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (마듸—*촌) One native inch the tenth of a Korean foot

ᄒᆞᆫ치 s. 一次 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (버금—*ᄎᆞ) Thirty blows on the shins a method of punishment.

ᄒᆞᆫ가래슌 s. 三人 (석—*삼) (사ᄅᆞᆷ—*인) Three hands; three coolies.

*ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞ다 v. 恨嘆 (ᄒᆞᆫᄒᆞᆫ) (탄식) (To regret; to be sorry for; to mourn over; to repine over. *See* 한식ᄒᆞ다.

ᄒᆞᆯ럭 s. 一ᄇᆞᆨ (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (ᄂᆞᆷᄋᆞᆯ—*락) One plate or dish—as offered to a guest.

ᄒᆞᆯᄐᆞ s. A lump; a ball—as of thread, etc.

ᄒᆞᆯᄐᆞᆷ s. One group; a single company.

ᄒᆞᆯ터 s. A post-position used as 에게 with nouns of personality—from; to.

ᄒᆞᆫ판 s. 一枰 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (판—*평) One game—as of chess etc.; one time; one trial etc. *See* ᄒᆞᆫ바탕.

ᄒᆞᆯ폰기 s. 一束 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (ᄆᆞᆯ기—*락) One bunch—of cabbages, flowers, etc.

ᄒᆞᆯ풀쉬기 다 s. 쓰거; 긴 To be humbled.

ᄒᆞᆯ풀죽다 s. 죽어; 은 To loosen out to become less stiff. To have a fall—of pride.

*ᄒᆞᆷᄒᆞ다 v. 恨 (ᄒᆞᆷᄒᆞᆷ) To hate, to feel remorse for. *See* 한탄ᄒᆞ다.

ᄒᆞᆯ대 s. 一日 (ᄒᆞᆫ—*일) (날—*일) In a day.

ᄒᆞᆯ딱ᄒᆞᆯ딱ᄒᆞ다 s. 喘息 (ᄒᆞᆯ딱기릴 *전) (쉬일—*시) To pant; to gasp; to breathe heavily (Dim.). *See* 헐떡헐떡ᄒᆞ다.

ᄒᆞᆯ만ᄒᆞ다 s. 可爲 (올ᄒᆞᆯ—*가) (ᄒᆞᆫ—*위) To be worth doing; to be possible.

ᄒᆞᆯ수부르다 s. 놀너; 부른 To be able to do; to be sufficient for.

ᄒᆞᆯ양으로 s Intention to do; mind to attempt.

ᄒᆞᆯ일업다 v. 無可奈何 (업슨—*무) (올ᄒᆞᆯ—*가, 엇지—*내 ,엇지—*하) 서; 슨 To be necessarily so; to be without help.

ᄒᆞᆷ께 s 偕 (*히) Together; at the same time; at once. *See* ᄒᆞᆫ처.

ᄒᆞᆷ께 s. All; every one. *See* 죄.

ᄒᆞᆷ부로 s. Rashly, recklessly; heedlessly. *See* 아모러케.

히 s. 年 (*년) A year.

히 s. 件 (물건—*건) Thing; object; possession. *See* 것.

히 s. 日 (날—*일) The sun. (ᄯᅩ다) (지다). *See* 태양; 볏; 날.

*히 s. 垓 (셔ᄋᆞᆺ) One hundred millions.

*히각 n. 海角 (바다) (ᄲᅳᆺ) A promontory.

*히각ᄒᆞ다 v. 解角 (ᄲᅮᆯ) (ᄲᅳᆺ) To shed horns

*히갈ᄒᆞ다 v. 解渴 (ᄲᅮᆯ) (목ᄆᆞᆯᄅᆞᆯ) To quench thirst; to slake one's thirst.

히갑 s. Dregs; sediment.

*히거 s. 駭擧 (놀날) (ᄒᆞᆯ) Disgrace; shameful behaviour.

*허거ᄒᆞ다 s. 駭擧 (놀날) (들) To be a disgrace, to be rude and shameless in behaviour. *See* 망신ᄒᆞ다.

허멋 s. 盡日 (다ᄒᆞᆫ—*젓) (날—*일) All day; until sunset. *See* 종일; 진일.

*허정 l. 海鏡 (바다) (거울) A jelly-fish.

*허고 l. 海姑 (바다) (할미) A woman who gathers sea-shells.

*허고 l. 解雇 (풀) (품팔) Dismissal.

*허고ᄒᆞ다 l. 解雇 (풀) (품팔) To dismiss from engagement—as hired servants.

*허골 s. 骸骨 (뼈) (뼈) The skull. A skeleton; human bones.

*허괴ᄒᆞ다 s. 駭怪 (놀날) (괴이ᄒᆞᆯ) To be strange; to be horrid; to be uncanny. *See* 망측ᄒᆞ다.

*허구 l. 海狗 (바다) (개) A seal.

*허구 l. 海口 (바다) (입) The entrance to a harbour, bay, or channel.

*허구 l. 海龜 (바다) (거북) Sea-turtle.

*허구신 l. 海狗腎 (바다) (개) (콩팟) The penis of the seal—used as a medicine.

*허군 l. 海軍 (바다) (군소) Marines; bluejackets. The Navy; naval force. *See* 슈군.

*허군 s. 該郡 (그) (고을) Said country; that district.

*허군교슈 l. 海軍敎授 (바다) (군소) (ᄀᆞᄅᆞ칠) (줄) A professor in the Naval College.

*허군군법회의 l. 海軍軍法會議 (바다) (군소) (군소) (법) (모둘) (의론) Naval Court Martial.

*허군군악ᄃᆡ l. 海軍軍樂隊 (바다) (군소) (군악) (풍류) (떼) The Naval Musical Band.

*허군군의 l. 海軍軍醫 (바다) (군소) (군소 (의원) A Navy Surgeon

*허군군의대감 l. 海軍軍醫大監 (바다) (군소 (군소) (의원) (큰) (볼) A Naval Surgeon whose rank corresponds with that of a captain.

*허군군의쇼감 l. 海軍軍醫少監 (바다) (군소) (군소) (의원) (적을) (볼) A Naval Surgeon whose rank corresponds with that of a Commander.

*허군군의총감 l. 海軍軍醫總監 (바다) (군소) (군소) (의원) (거느릴) (볼) The Naval Surgeon in Chief.

*허군군의학교 l. 海軍軍醫學校 (바다) (군소) (군소) (의원) (비홀) (학교) The Naval Medical College.

*허군긔관학교 l. 海軍機關學校 (바다) (군소) (긔관) (집) (비홀) (학교) The Naval Engineering School.

*허군너 s. 該郡內 (그) (고을) (안) Within said country; within that province.

*허군대군의 l. 海軍大軍醫 (바다) (군소) (큰) (군소) (의원) A Naval Surgeon whose rank corresponds with that of a First Lieutenant.

*허군대긔감 l. 海軍大技監 (바다) (군소) (큰) (지조) (볼 A Naval Engineer whose rank corresponds with that of a Captain.

*허군대긔수 l. 海軍大技士 (바다) (군소) (큰) (지조) (선비) A Naval Engineer whose rank corresponds with that of a First Lieutenant.

*허군대신 l. 海軍大臣 (바다) (군소) (큰) (신하) The Minister of State for the Navy.

*허군대신전령ᄉᆞ l. 海軍大臣傳令使 (바다) (군소) (큰) (신하) (전ᄒᆞᆯ 、ᄒᆞᆫ어름) (ᄒᆞᆫ어름) *Aide de Camp* to the Minister of State for the Navy.

*허군대연습 l. 海軍大演習 (바다) (군소) (큰) (부릴) (닉힐) Naval manoeuvres.

*허군대위 l. 海軍大尉 (바다) (군소) (큰) (점위) A first Lieutenant of the Navy.

*허군대장 l. 海軍大將 (바다) (군소) (큰) (장슈) An Admiral.

*허군대쥬계 l. 海軍大主計 (바다) (군소) (큰) (님군) (계교) Paymaster whose rank corresponds with that of a First Lieutenant.

*허군대좌 l. 海軍大佐 (바다) (군소) (큰) (도울) A captain of the Navy.

*허군대학교 l. 海軍大學校 (바다) (군소) (큰) (비홀) (학교) A Naval University.

*허군대학교장 l. 海軍大學校長 (바다) (군소) (큰) (비홀) (학교) (어른) A Director of a Naval University.

*허군병원 l. 海軍病院 (바다) 군소) (병들) (집) A Naval Hospital.

*허군병학교 l. 海軍兵學校 (바다) (군소) (군소) (비홀) (학교) A Naval School.

*허군션장ᄉᆞ l. 海軍船匠師 (바다) (군소) (비) (장인) (스승) A Naval Architect.

*허군셩 l. 海軍省 (바다) (군소) (마을) The Department of State for the Navy.

*히군쇼쟝감 l. 海軍小校監 (바다)(군소)(적을)(학교)(볼) A Naval Engineer whose rank corresponds with that of a commander.

*히군쇼군의 l. 海軍小軍醫 (바다)(군소)(적을 (군소, 의원) A Naval Surgeon whose rank corresponds with that of a Second Lieutenant.

*히군쇼긔감 l. 海軍少技監 (바다)(군소)(적을)(재조) (볼) A Naval Engineer whose rank corresponds with that of a commander.

*히군쇼위 l. 海軍少尉 (바다)(군소)(적을)(벼슬) A Second Lieutenant of the Navy.

*히군쇼쟝 l. 海軍少將 (바다)(군소)(적을)(장수) A Rear Admiral.

*히군쇼쥬계 l. 海軍少主計 (바다)(군소)(젊을)(쥬장할)(계교) A Naval Paymaster of the lowest rank corresponding with that of a Second Lieutenant.

*히군쇼쟈 l. 海軍少佐 (바다)(군소)(젊을)(도울) A Commander of the Navy.

*히군슈로부 l. 海軍水路部 (바다)(군소)(물)(길)(부) The Naval Hydrographical Bureau.

*히군일등군조 l. 海軍一等軍曹 (바다)(군소)(한 (무리) 군소, (무리)) A naval sub-officer of the first grade.

*히군일등병조 l. 軍海一等兵曹 (바다)(군소)(한) (무리) (군소) (무리) A naval sub-officer of the first grade.

*히군장관회의 l. 海軍將官會議 (바다)(군소)(장수)(벼슬)(모들)(의론) The Admiral's conference.

*히군조병창 l. 海軍造兵廠 (바다)(군소 (지을) (군소, 교ㅗ The naval arsenal.

*히군쥬계대감 l. 海軍主計大監 (바다)(군소)(쥬장할)(계교)(큰)(볼) A Paymaster whose rank corresponds with that of a Captain.

*히군쥬계쇼감 l. 海軍主計少監 (바다)(군소)(쥬장할)(계교)(젊을)(볼) A naval paymaster whose rank corresponds with that of a Commander.

*히군쥬계총감 l. 海軍主計總監 (바다)(군소)(쥬장할)(계교) (거느릴) (볼) The Paymaster General of the Navy.

*히군쥬계학교 l. 海軍主計學校 (바다)(군소)(쥬장할) 계교 (배울) (학교) The naval Paymaster's College.

*히군중쟝 l. 海軍中將 (바다)(군소 가온 (뒤 장수 A Vice Admiral.

*히군참모부 l. 海軍參謀部 (바다)(군소) (참예) (꾀) (부) The naval staff office.

*히군처죄법 l. 海軍治罪法 (바다 (군소) (다스릴) (허물) (법) Naval code of criminal procedure.

*히군차관 l. 海軍次官 (바다) (군소) (버금) (벼슬) The Vice Minister of State for the Navy.

*히군편슈 l. 海軍編修 (바다) (군소) (엮을) (닥글) An officer in the Navy, whose duty is to compile memories and keep records.

*히군화약공창 l. 海軍火藥工廠 (바다) 군소 (불) (약 장) 교장 The Naval Gun Powder Factory.

*히군확장 l. 海軍擴張 (바다) (군소) (넓힐) (베풀) To strengthen the naval force of a country.

*히군호다 l. 解斥 (풀) (근) To sell by retail; to sell in small quantities.

*히금 s. 稽琴 (히 가) (거문고) A small kind of violin with two strings.

*히금사 l. 海金沙 (바다) (쇠) (모래) *Lygodium, japonicum.*

히뭇히뭇ᄒᆞ다 a. To be speckled with white.

히쳐 s. 日氣 (날—*열) (긔운 —*긔) Daylight; the sun's rays.

*히긔 l. 海氣 (바다) (긔운) Vapour rising from the sea; a mirage.

*히칵 l. 海藿 (바다) (미역) A kind of seaweed used for soup.

*히관 l. 海關 (바다) (집) A Custom House. *See* 세관.

*히관세 l. 海關稅 (바다) (집) (부세) Custom duty, tariff.

*히관세측 l. 海關稅則 (바다) (집) (부세) (법) The tariff.

*히남 l. 海南 (바다) (남녁) A prefect in Cochin-China. *Lat* 34°27. *Long* 12°34.

*히남도 l. 海南島 (바다) (남녁)- (셤) Hainan Island in China.

*히내 l. (—리) 海內 (바다) (안) Within the four seas—the world. *See* 현하.

*히달 l. 海獺 (바다) (슈달) The sea-otter.

*히당화 l. 海棠花 (바다) (아가위) (꼿) The wild rose. *Pyrus spectabilis.*

*히뎌 l. 海底 (바다) (밋) The bottom of the sea; the bed of the ocean.

*히뎌뎐션 l. 海底電線 (바다 밋 (번기) (줄) Submarine telegraph cable.

*히뎌셕 l. 海底石 (바다) (밋) (돌) Rocks in the bottom of the sea.

*히뎌션 l. 海底線 (바다) (밋) (셤) Submarine telegraph cable. *See* 히뎌뎐션.

*허며측량 l. 海底測量 (바다)(밑)(헤아림) (헤아릴) Soundings—of the depth of the sea.

*허도 l. 海島 (바다) (섬) An island in the sea.

*허도 s. 該道 (그 (길 One's own province (officially).

*허도너 s. 該道內 (그) (길) (안) In said province; in that province.

*허도신 s. 該道臣 (그) (길) (신하) The governor of one's own province.

*허도듕 l. 海島中 (바다) (섬) (가온데) Islands in the sea.

*허독졔 l. 解毒劑 (풀) (독홀) (약지을) An antidote of poison.

*허독ᄒᆞ다 l. 解毒 (풀) (독홀) To prevent evil effects; to use an antidote; to neutralize the strength of a poison.

*허돈 l. 海豚 (바다) (도야지) Porpoise.

*허동 s. 該洞 (그) (고을) Said village.

*허동뎌 l. 海桐樗 (바다) (오동) (뎌화) *Pittosporum Tobira.*

*허동청 l. 海東靑 (바다) (동녁) (푸를) A purple colored falcon. *See* 보라미.

*허동피 l. 海桐皮 (바다) (오동) (가죽) The bark of the prickly ash.

*허동ᄒᆞ다 l. 解凍 (풀) (얼) To thaw; to break up—of ice and snow. *See* 헤빙ᄒᆞ다.

*허득ᄒᆞ다 l. 解得 (풀) (엇을) To see through, to think out. *See* 투득ᄒᆞ다.

*허듕화 l. 海棠花 (바다) (듕) (못) The flower of the *Pyrus spectabilis.*

*허디 s. 該地 (그) (짜) Said land.

*허딕 l. 海帶 (바다) (띄) Sea-weed. *See* 다시마.

*허라 l. 海螺 (바다) (소라) A shell-fish.

*허락ᄒᆞ다 s. 偕樂 (홈께) (즐거울) To rejoice together. *See* 동락ᄒᆞ다.

*허란 s. 蟹卵 (게) (알) Crab's eggs.

*허랑ᄒᆞ다 l. 解纜 (풀) (닷줄) To weigh anchor; to sail away from.

*허랑젹 l. 海梁賊 (바다 (물길) (도적) Pirates; sea-robbers. *See* 허젹.

*허려 l. 海驢 (바다) (나귀) A species of seal, *Otaria.*

*허로 l. 海路 바다 '길, Journey by sea; a sea-route.

*허로 l. 海老 (바다) (늙을) A shrimp; a lobster.

*허로ᄒᆞ다 s. 偕老 (홈께) (늙을) To grow old together.

*허록 l. 海鹿 (바다) (사슴) A seal.

*허룡피 l. 海龍皮 (바다) (룡) (가죽) The skin of a sea otter.

*허륙간 l. 海陸間 (바다 (뭍, (소이 Between sea and land.

*허류도 l. 海流圖 (바다, (흐를) (그림) Ocean current.

*허륙 l. 海陸 (바다) (뭍) Sea and land; naval and military.

*허륙군 l. 海陸軍 (바다) 뭍) (군소) Nava, and military service; marine and land forces. *See* 륙허군.

*허륙ᄒᆞ다 l. 解陸 (풀) (뭍) To land goods; to unload from a ship.

*허률 l. 海律 (바다) (법) Marine law.

*허리 l. 海狸 (바다) (짐) A beaver.

*허리 l. 海里 (바다) (마을) A nautical mile.

허리 l. A marine plant.

*허리ᄒᆞ다 l. 解理 (풀) (다스릴) To interpret; to make known mysteries.

*허마 l. 海馬 (바다) (말) Sea horse; the walrus. *Hippocampus.*

*허만 l. 海灣 (바다) (물구뷔) An arm of the sea; inlet; gulf; bay; ford.

*허말 l. 亥末 (돗) (끗) From 10.30 to 11 o'clock P.M.

*허면 l. 海綿 (바다) (솜) A sponge. *See* 면융.

*허면 s. 該面 (그) (낫) Said district; that county.

*허면 l. 海面 (바다) (낫) The surface of the sea; sea-level.

*허몽군 l. 解蒙者 (풀) (어림) (놈—*쟈, A schoolmaster. *See* 훈장.

*허몽서 l. 解夢書 (풀) (꿈) (글) A book for interpreting dreams.

*허몽장이 l. 解夢者 (풀) (꿈) (놈—*쟈) An interpreter of dreams.

*허몽ᄒᆞ다 l. 解夢 (풀) (꿈) To interpret dreams.

*허몽ᄒᆞ다 l. 解蒙 (풀) (어림) To awaken a child to a knowledge of the character; to teach.

*허무 l. 海霧 (바다 (안기) Haze, mist.

*허무리 s. 日暈 (날—*월) (허들우리—*훈) A circle around the sun.

*허물 l. 海物 (바다) (물건) Sea fish.

허어 l. Haze, mist Meerschaum.

*허여 l. 海美 (바다) (아름다울) A prefect in Ch'ung-chong-do Lat. 36.59. Long. 126.44.

히발 *s.* (발) 日力 (날—*힘) (힘—*력) The sun's rays.

***히방** *s.* 該坊 (그) (동네) Said village. *See* 히동.

***히방** *l.* 海防 (바다) (막을) Coast defences.

***히방비** 海防費 바다 막을 (허비할) The expense required for coast defences.

***히방함** *l.* 海防艦 (바다) (막을) (군함) A coast defence ship.

***히방호다** *l.* 解放 (풀) (노흘) To set free—as slaves; to liberate; to emancipate.

***히변** *l.* 海邊 (바다) (가) The sea-shore; the beach. *See* 포변.

히볏 *s.* (—셋) Sunshine. *See* 히긔.

***히병호다** *l.* 解兵 (풀) (군소) To disband troops; to withdraw an army.

***히복호다** *l.* 解腹 (풀) (비) To be confined; to give birth to. *See* 몸풀다.

***히부** *l.* 海夫 (바다) (지아비) Fishermen—or those living on the seashore. *See* 어부.

***히부** *l.* 解剖 (풀) (쪽일) Anatomy; dissection.

***히부** *s.* 該部 (그) (떼) Said arrondissement; that section—of a city.

***히부대신** *s.* 該部大臣 (그) (떼) (큰) (신하) Said minister; minister of that department.

***히부학** *l.* 解剖學 (풀) (쪽일) (비홀) Anatomy.

***히부호다** *l.* 解剖 (풀) (쪽일) To dissect; to analyze.

***히빈** *l.* 海濱 바다 물가 Sea-coast, seashore; beach.

히빗 *s.* (—삧) 日光 (날—*일) (빗—*광) Sunshine. *See* 히볏.

***히빙** *l.* 解氷 (풀) (어름) To thaw; to break up—of snow and ice.

히뵉라긔 向日花 (향홀 *날—*일 쏫 *화) The sunflower. *Helianthus annuus.* *See* 향일화.

***히뷕관** *l.* 解配館 풀 쏙 (글 *Announcement of recall from exile.

***히비호다** *l.* 解配 (풀) (뎍) To recall from exile.

***히빅히** *s.* 該白 법 (그) Clearly; distinctly; through and through.

***히빅호다** *s.* 該白 (법) (흰) To understand, to be clear. *See* 분명호다.

***히빗** *l.* 海伯 (바다) (맛) The governor of Whanghai. Neptune; the spirit of the sea.

히사호다 *s.* To be neat; to be pretty; to be clear. *See* 셕굿호다.

***히산** *l.* 海産 (바다) (날) The production of the sea; marine products.

***히산** *l.* 解散 (풀) (흣흘) The breaking up of a meeting.

***히산물** *l.* 海産物 (바다) (날) (만물) The production of the sea; marine products.

***히산식히다** *l.* 解散 (풀) (흣흘) 식혀; 헌 To disperse; to break up; to dismiss.

***히산호다** *l.* 解散 (풀) (흣흘) To disperse—as an assembly; to dissolve.

***히산호다** *l.* 解産 (풀) (날) To be confined; to give birth to. *See* 순산호다.

***히상호다** *l.* 解喪 (풀) 상소 To put off mourning. *See* 결복호다.

***히샤** *l.* 海蛇 바다, 비암 Sea-serpent.

***히샤호다** *l.* 解社 (풀) (회샤) To dissolve a company.

***히상** *l.* 海商 (바다) (장소) A merchant who trades on the sea; one who sails from one country to another to carry on trade

***히상에** *l.* 海上 (바다) (웃) On the sea. *See* 히즁에.

***히상보험** *l.* 海上保險 바다 웃 보존 (험홀) Marine insurance.

***히상보험계약** *l.* 海上保險契約 바다 (웃) 보존 (험홀) 글 언약 Marine insurance policy.

***히상보험회샤** *l.* 海上保險會社 (바다) (웃) (보존) (험홀) (모힐) (회샤) Marine insurance company.

***히셔** *s.* 楷書 (법) (글) The square style of writing Chinese characters. Vertical writings. *See* 히즈.

***히셔** *l.* 海鼠 (바다) (쥐) Bêche de-mer.

***히셕** *l.* 解釋 (풀) (노흘) Interpretation; explanation; definition; solution.

***히셕강도** *l.* 解釋講道 (풀) (노흘) (외일) (길) Expository preaching.

***히셕긱하학** *l.* 解析幾何學 (풀) (갈를) (셜) (몸) (엇) (엇지) (비홀) Analytical geometry of three dimensions.

***히셕호다** 解釋 풀 노흘 To interpret; to make clear, to explain

***히설** *l.* 解說 (풀) (말숨) Making clear and intelligible, explanation. *See* 설명.

*허설ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解說 (풀) (말슴) To explain; to expound. *See* 설명ᄒᆞ다.

*허소 *s.* 咳嗽 (기침) (기침—*수) A cough; consumption.

*허소뎌 *s.* 該小隊 (그) (작을) (떼) One's own company; this division.

*허소병 *s.* 咳嗽病 (기침 (기침—*수) 、병) Consumption; a cough.

*허쇼 *l.* 海嘯 (바다) (쉬파람) A large rolling wave which inundates the land.

*허숑즈 *l.* 海松子 (바다) (소나무) (우들) Sea-pines. A species of pine. *Pinus koraiensis.*

*허숑판 *l.* 海松板 (바다) (소나무) (판ᄌᆞ) Boards cut from the sea-pine—used in making coffins.

*허슈 *l.* 海水 (바다) (물) Sea-water; salt-water. *Opp.* 듼물.

*허슈 *l.* 海獸 (바다) (즘승) Marine animals.

*허슈샹믁 *l.* 海水相通 (바다) (물) (서로) (통ᄒᆞᆯ) To rise and fall—of the tides. *See* 조슈샹통ᄒᆞ다.

*허슈욕 *l.* 海水浴 (바다) (물) (멱역감을) Sea water bath. *See* 허슈탕.

*허슈탕 *l.* 海水湯 (바다) (물) (목욕) Sea bathing.

*허시 *l.* 亥時 (돗) (때) From 9 to 11 o'clock P.M.

*허씨 *s.* 該氏 (그) (각시) Said person; that individual.

*허식 *l.* 解式 (풀) (법) The mode of solving a problem; solution.

*허ᄉᆞ건 *s.* 該事件 (그) (일) (물건) That case; the said affair.

*허ᄉᆞ안 *s.* 該事案 (그) (일) (칙상) That affair, said matter.

*허ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解事 (알) (일) To understand matters; to see through a thing. *See* 지ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*허숨 *l.* 海蔘 (바다) (숨) Sea-slugs; *bêche-de-mer.*

*허숨위 *l.* 海蔘威 (바다) (숨) (위엄) Vladivostok. *See* 하숨허; 포셑ᄉᆞ덕.

*허식 *l.* 海色 (바다) (빗) The color of the sea.

*허쉭 *s.* 該色 (그 ᄌᆞ) (빗) An office filled by the writer (아젼) class.

*허악ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 駭愕 (놀날) (놀날) To be startled; to be frightened; to be astonished.

*허안 *l.* 海岸 (바다) (언덕) Sea-coast; sea-shore; beach.

허얏ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be pale; to be sallow; to look sick. *See* 함쑥ᄒᆞ다.

*허에 *s.* 海艾 (바다) (쑥) Moxapunk from *Artemisia vulgaris.*

*허약ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解約 (풀) (언약) To free one's self from a contract; to disengage; to resign.

*허어 *l.* 海魚 (바다) (고기) Sea fish. (Comp.) *See* 허믈.

*허연 *l.* 海燕 (바다) (제비) Sea-star, *Asterias.*

*허연ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 駭然 (놀날) (그럴) To be depressing; to be startling. *See* 망ᄉᆞᄒᆞ다.

*허열젼 *l.* 解熱劑 (풀) (더움) (젼ᄌᆞ) Febrifuge. An antipyretic.

*허오라비 *s.* 白鷺 (흰—*빅) (빅로—*로) The egret; the paddy bird. (Prov.) *See* 빅로.

*허영 *s.* 該營 (ᄀᆞᄌᆞᆫᄒᆞᆯ) (진) A government headquarters—belonging to the district.

*허영 *l.* 海營 (바다) 진) The official quarters of Whanghai, (황쥬) Hăju.

*허오ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解悟 (ᄭᆞᆯ) (어두울) To comprehend or perceive thoroughly; to discern clearly.

*허외 *l.* 海外 (바다) (밧) Beyond the sea; abroad; foreign countries.

*허외지국 *l.* 海外之國 (바다 (밧) (갈) (나라) The Kingdoms beyond the seas—barbarian lands.

*허요어 *l.* 海鷂魚 (바다) (새ᄆᆡ) 、고기) A ray, *Myiobatis cornuta.*

*허우 *l.* 海牛 (바다) (소) A manatee.

*허우 *l.* 解憂 (풀) (근심) The price of a prostitute. (치다).

*허우 *l.* 海芋 (바다) (토란) A water plantain.

*허우 *l.* 海宇 (바다) (집) The world; the earth.

*허우 *l.* 海隅 (바다) (모퉁이) The remotest corner of the sea.

*허우ᄂᆡᆼ민 *l.* 海隅氓生 (바다 、모퉁이) (무들) (날) People from the remotest corner of the sea.

*허융 *l.* 海絨 (바다) (갑) A sponge.

*허융 *s.* 該戎 (그) (고을) All the district; one's district.

*허융 *l.* 海戎 (바다) (고을) An official district on the sea shore.

*허융약 *l.* 解溶藥 (풀) (영글) (약) Solvent.

*허의 *l.* 海衣 (바다, 옷, A seaweed from which food is made. *See* 김.

*히이ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解弛 (플) (부리울) To fall into disuse; to decline.

*히인소 *l.* 海印寺 (바다) (인칠) (졀) A large monastery in Kyŏng-sang.

*히일ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 海溢 (바다) (넘칠) To overflow—of the sea; to inundate the land.

*히임ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解任 (플) (맛길) To dismiss from an office; to resign an official post.

*히ᄋᆞ *s.* 孩兒 (어릴) (히ᄋᆞ) An infant; a baby.

*히왕 *l.* 海王 (바다) (님금) A sea-king or ruler of the ocean.

*히왕셩 *l.* 海王星 (바다) (님금) (별) The planet Neptune.

*히원ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解寃 (플) (원ᄒᆞᆯ) To rid oneself of a grievance; to obtain redress.

*히월 *l.* 海月 (바다) (둘) A medusa or jellyfish.

*히월 *l.* 亥月 (돗) (둘) The 10th moon.

*히자 *l.* 海雀 (바다) (새) *Brachyamphus antiquus.*

*히작 *l.* 海作 (바다) (지ᄋᆞᆯ) A fisher of oysters, clams, seaweeds etc.

*히장 *s.* 該掌 (그) (맛흘) Said official; said office holder.

*히장너 *s.* 該掌內 (그) (ᄂᆞᆨ지흘) (안) While in office.

*히적 *l.* 海賊 (바다) (도젹) A pirate; a freebooter; a buccaneer. *See* 도랑젹.

*히저 *l.* 海猪 (바다) (도야지) The sea-hog.

*히전 *l.* 海戰 (바다) (싸흘) A naval engagement; a sea-fight. *See* 슈젼.

*히젼ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 海戰 (바다) (싸흘) To fight on the sea.

*히졍 *l.* 亥正 (돗) (바를) 10 o'clock P.M.

*히졍 *l.* 海程 (바다) (길) Distance by sea.

*히졍쥬 *l.* 解醒酒 (플) (찌흘) (술) The glass of spirit given as a medicine—to one recovering from a fit of drunkenness.

*히졍ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解醒 (플) (찌흘) To relieve from the effects of drunkenness—by means of spirit and gruel.

*히조 *l.* 海藻 (바다) (마ᄅᆞᆷ) A kind of seaweed.

*히조 *l.* 海租 (바다) (부세) Taxes on marine products, also, harbour duty.

*히쥬 *l.* 海州 (바다) (고ᄋᆞᆯ) A prefect in Whang-hai do. Lat. 38 00. Long. 125.40.

히죽히죽ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To simper; to giggle. *See* 히히ᄒᆞ다. To swing along—in walking (Dim.).

*히즁 *l.* 海中 (바다) (가온ᄃᆡ) In the sea or ocean.

*히직ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解職 (플) (직업) To dismiss from an office; to resign an official post.

*히조 *s.* 楷字 (법) (글ᄌᆞ) Clearly written characters; distinct writing. *See* 진셔.

히조 *s.* 壕 (*호) A moat; a ditch around fortifications.

*히조장이 *l.* 解字 (플) (글) A diviner who works by means of characters.

*히조ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解字 (플) (글) To divine by means of characters. *See* 파조ᄒᆞ다.

*히좌소향 *l.* 亥坐巳向 (도야지) (안ᄌᆞᆷ) (ᄇᆡ얌) (향ᄒᆞᆯ) One of the points of the compass in geomancy.

*히좌 *l.* 海左 (바다) (왼) The left side of the Sea—Korea.

*히챵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 駭愴 (놀날) (슬흘) To be horrible; to be startling; to be heart-breaking.

*히쳐 *s.* 該處 (그) (곳) Said place.

*히쳑ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解尺 (플) (자) To sell by the yard. *See* 히근ᄒᆞ다. To receipt taxes.

*히쳔 *s.* 咳喘 (기침) (헐덕일) A cough. *See* 히소.

*히초 *l.* 海草 (바다) (플) Tobacco from Ch'ungch'ungdo.

*히초 *l.* 亥初 (돗) (처음) 9 o'clock P.M.

*히총 *l.* 海葱 (바다) (파) *Scilla maritima.*

*히총초 *l.* 海葱醋 (바다) (파) (초) *Acetum Scillae.*

*히츈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解春 (플) (봄) To open—of spring. *See* 히동ᄒᆞ다.

*히타 *l.* 獬豸 (히타) (히타—*치) Stone lions (fire eaters) before the Palace gate—as guards.

*히타ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懈惰 (게오ᄅᆞᆯ) (게오ᄅᆞᆯ) To be idle, to be lazy, to be indolent; to be slothful; to be neglectful.

*히탄ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 駭嘆 (놀날) (탄식) To fear and sigh.

*히탈ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解脫 (플) (버슬) To dissolve; to dismiss.

*히토ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解土 (플) (흙) To thaw—of the ground. *See* 히츈ᄒᆞ다.

*히틱 *l.* 海苔 (바다) (의가) Moss; lichen.

*허렁ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 懈怠 (게으를) (게으를) To be careless; to neglect; to be lazy; to be idle.

*허파리 *l.* 海蜇 (바다) (파리—*승) Jelly-fish.

*허판 *l.* 解版 (풀) (조각) Redistributing type.

*허판ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解版 (풀) (조각) To redistribute type; to break up a page.

*허펀셕 *l.* 海泡石 (바다) (거품) (돌) Meerschaum.

*허표 *l.* 海標 (바다) (표) A buoy.

*허표 *l.* 海豹 (바다) (표범) The sea leopard. *Phoca vitulina.*

*허표호 *l.* 海螵蛸 바다) (부레) (버레—*쇼) Cuttle-fish bone. (Comp.).

*허풍 *l.* 海風 (바다 바람 A sea breeze

*허협 *l.* 海峽 (바다) (산골짝이) A strait; a channel.

*헉혹ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 解惑 (풀) (혹ᄒᆞᆯ) To remove suspicion or false impressions.

*헌회 *s.* 獻會 (그) (모ᄃᆞᆯ) Said assembly.

*헌후상봉ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 邂逅相逢 (맛날) (맛날) (서로, (맛날) To meet unexpectedly; to meet by chance. *See* 불긔이회ᄒᆞ다.

헐헐ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To laugh ha! ha!

*헐화셕 *l.* 海花石 (바다) (꽃) (돌) A kind of stone.

*헐판 *s.* 獻官 (헐실) (벼슬) An official sent to inquire into difficulties or matters of public dispute.

*헐변ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 獻辨 (헐실) (분별) To decide a lawsuit; to examine judicially.

*헐실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 獻實 (헐실) (실상) To examine into an affair; to investigate. *See* 헐변ᄒᆞ다.

헛것 *s.* 新件 (새—*신) (물건—*건) New supplies; fresh things.

헛ᄃᆞᆨ헛ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be slightly mixed with gray. (Dim.) *See* 희ᄃᆞᆨ희ᄃᆞᆨᄒᆞ다.

*헛쌀 *s.* 新米 (새—*신) (쌀—*미) New rice; this year's rice.

헛스ᄇᆞᆯᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be whitish; to be pale.

*헛ᄌᆞᆨ헛ᄌᆞᆨ *s.* Showing off; mincing. *See* 히ᄌᆞᆨ히ᄌᆞᆨᄒᆞ다.

헝 *s.* The name of the character ㅎ of the native alphabet.

*헝 *l.* 幸 (다힝) Happiness; luck; good fortune. *See* 복.

*헝뫃ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行公 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (귀인) To take part in the government.

*힝군라팔 *s.* 行軍喇叭 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (군사) (라팔) (라팔) The bugle call to advance.

*힝군령 *s.* 行軍令 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (군사) (ᄒᆞ여ᄅᆞᆷ) An order to march.

*힝군ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行軍 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (군사) To advance; to march forward—as an army.

*힝궁 *s.* 行宮 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (집) A place where the Emperor stays during a progress; a temporary Imperial residence.

*힝긔ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行氣 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (긔운) To take a constitutional; to go for a walk. *See* 운동ᄒᆞ다.

힝길 *s.* 大路 (큰—*대) (길—*로) The main road; the king's highway. *See* 힝로.

*힝긱 *s.* 行客 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (손) A traveler; a lodger. *See* 나그내; 힝인.

*힝관ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行關 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (ᄃᆞᆯ을) To send a circular letter to a magistrate.

*힝년 *s.* 行年 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (년) One's age at his death. Last year.

*힝년졈 *s.* 行年占 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (년) (졈ᄎᆞᆯ) Fortune telling for the year. (치다).

*힝담 *s.* 行擔 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (메ᄎᆞᆯ) An oblong basket with a cover. *See* 상ᄌᆞ.

*힝도ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行道 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (길) To circulate—as a doctrine.

*힝동 *s.* 行動 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) Conduct; behaviour; actions. *See* 힝지.

*힝동거지 *s.* 行動擧止 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (움직일) (ᄃᆞᆯ) (ᄂᆞᆺ칠) Conduct and behaviour; all one's actions. *See* 힝동.

*힝등 *s.* 行燈 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (등) A kind of lamp with paper shades very generally used in former times.

*힝락 *s.* 行樂 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (즐거울) Dissipation; pleasure.

*힝랑 *s.* 行廊 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (힝랑) Servants' quarters; outhouses.

힝랑것 *s.* 廊屬 (힝랑—*랑) (ᄇᆞᆨᄉᆞᆨ—*속) Servants; slaves; menials. *See* 랑속.

*힝려 *s.* 行旅 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (나그내) A sojourner; a guest. Journey; travelling; tour. *See* 힝인.

*힝례ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行禮 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (례도) To salute ceremonially—as bridegroom and bride at a wedding. *See* 초례지내다.

*힝로 *s.* 行路 (힝ᄒᆞᆯ) (장마) Pools on the road. (M).

*힝로 *n.* 行路 (힝로) (길) A journey. The road. *See* 힝길.

*힝로난 *n.* 行路難 (힝로) (날) 어려움) Hardships of a journey. This world's trials.

*힝리 *n.* 行李 (힝로) (오얏) Baggage; luggage. *See* 힝장.

*ᄒᆞᆫ 다 *v.* 行馬 (힝로) ᄆᆞ) To move—in chess.

*힝문 *n.* 行文 (힝로) (글) A smattering of the character; a knowledge of Chinese. *See* 슉문.

*힝보 *n.* 行步 (힝로) (거름) Walking; travelling. *See* 힝역.

*힝보석 *n.* 行步席 (힝로) (거름) (돗) Mats laid before the door, for the reception of an official or bridegroom.

*힝보ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 行步 (힝로) (거름) To walk, to go on foot. *See* 도보ᄒᆞ다.

*힝복 *l.* 幸福 (다힝) (복) Good fortune; happiness.

*힝비 *n.* 行費 (힝로) (허비) Travelling expenses. Bribes given to obtain rank. *See* 로비.

*힝비ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 行盃 (힝로) (잔) To pass round the glass—in drinking.

*힝상 *n.* 行喪 (힝로) (상소) A bier. *See* 상여.

*힝상ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行喪 (힝로) (상소) To go in procession—of a funeral.

*힝상 *n.* 行商 (힝로) (장소) A travelling trader; peddler; hawker.

*힝션긔 *n.* 行船旗 (힝로) (비) (긔) A departure flag; a blue peter.

*힝션ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行船 (힝로) (비) To set sail; to put to sea.

*힝셰 *n.* 行世 (힝로) (인간) Behaviour; conduct -before the world. *See* 힝셰 ᄇᆞᆫ.

힝셰경 *n.* Torture inflicted because of bad action. (치다).

*힝셰ᄇᆞᆫ *n.* (쎤) 行世本 (힝로) (인간) (ᄇᆞᆫ) Behaviour; conduct. *See* 힝슙.

*힝셰ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行世 (힝로) (인간) To act; to behave. *See* 출입ᄒᆞ다.

*힝셩 *n.* 行星 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (별) The planets in contrast to the fixed star. *Opp* 항셩.

*힝셩대쇼비교도 *n.* 行星大小比較圖 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (별) (큰) (적을) (견ᄌᆞ) (비교) (그림) Comparative sizes of the planets.

*힝슌ᄒᆞ다 *n.* 行巡 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (슌힝) To go the rounds—as police, etc.

*힝술ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行術 (힝로) (술법) To practise a profession.

*힝슙 *n.* 行習 (힝로) (너흘) Habit; practice; exercise; vice. *See* 버릇.

*힝슙ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行習 ᄒᆞ다 To contract a habit; to practise.

*힝시 *n.* 行詩 (힝로) (글) Verses written with reference to high and low characters.

*힝신 *n.* 行身 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (몸) Actions; behaviour; conduct. *See* 힝실.

*힝신ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行身 (힝로) (몸) To act; to behave; to conduct oneself.

*힝실 *n.* 行實 (힝로) (실상) Behaviour; sincerity of purpose; uprightness of action. *See* 힝동거지.

*힝실심판 *n.* 行實審判 (힝로 실상 ᄉᆞᆷ길) (판단) Judgement of works. (Bible).

*힝심 / 幸甚 다힝, 심ᄒᆞ, (treat fortune exceeding great luck.

*힝ᄉᆞ *n.* 行事 (힝로 일) Actions; behaviour; conduct. *See* 힝식 One's work. (M.).

*힝식 *n.* 行色 (힝로) (빗) Appearance exterior; demeanour. *See* 힝셰.

*힝악ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行惡 (힝로 ᄒᆞᆯ (모질) To practise wickedness, to do violence. To have fits of violence. *See* 힝패ᄒᆞ다.

*힝어ᄉᆞ *n.* 行語事 (힝로) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (일) Words and actions; behaviour. *See* 힝실.

*힝역 *n.* 行役 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (역ᄉᆞ) Travelling; journeying. *See* 힝보.

*힝역ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行役 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐, 역ᄉᆞ, To carry out orders; to do one's duty—of underlings. To go on a journey.

*힝용 *n.* 幸茸 (다힝) (무셩ᄒᆞᆯ) A kind of hard fungus, supposed to be felicitous from its durability.

*힝운 *l.* 幸運 (다힝) (옴길) Favorable issue; luck; good fortune.

*힝운류슈 *n.* 行雲流水 (힝로) (구름) (흐를) (물) Shifting clouds and flowing water.

*힝위 *n.* 行爲 (힝로) (ᄒᆞ) Actions; doings; conduct; behavior. *See* 힝슙.

*힝위졈 *n.* 行爲點 (힝로) (ᄒᆞ) (뎜) Marks for behaviour.

*힝위부정ᄒᆞ다 - 行爲不正 (힝로) (ᄒᆞ) (아닐 바를) To ... actions.

*힝음ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行淫 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (음란) To commit fornication or adultery.

*힝의 *l.* 行衣 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (옷) The outer coat of a graduate (진사).

*힝의ᄒᆞ다 *v.* 行醫 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (의원) To practise medicine.

*힝인 *n.* 行人 (ᄃᆞᆫ닐) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) A traveller; one making a journey. *See* 나그내.

*힝인 *l.* 杏仁 (살구) (씨) Apricot seed-kernels; bitter almonds.

*힝장 *l.* 行狀 (힝호) (글) A life or biography.

*힝장 *s.* 行裝 (힝호) (힝장) Baggage for a journey. *See* 짐.

*힝젹 *s.* 行跡 (도닐) (자최) Acts; deeds performed during life. *See* 힝실.

*힝젼 *s.* 行纏 (힝호) (얽을) Leggings.

*힝젼ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行錢 (힝호) (돈) To circulate—of money. *See* 힝화ᄒᆞ다.

*힝정정찰 *s.* 行政警察 (힝정) (경소) (일히올) (살칠) Inspection public office.

*힝정 *s.* 行政 (힝호) (정소) An administration.

*힝정관 *s.* 行政官 (힝호) (정소) (버슬) Officials holding office.

*힝정권 *s.* 行政權 (힝호) (정소) (권세) Power of administration.

*힝정상 *s.* 行政上 (힝호) (정소) (상) In administration.

힝쥬 *s.* A dish-cloth; a dish-towel.

힝쥬치마 *s.* An apron; a short skirt. *See* 몽당치마.

*힝즁에 *s.* 行中 (도닐) (가온ᄃᆡ) When travelling; on the way.

*힝지 *s.* 行止 (힝호) (긋칠) Conduct; behaviour; actions. *See* 힝지거동.

*힝지거동 *s.* 行止擧動 (힝호) (긋칠) (들) (동ᄒᆞᆯ) Conduct; behaviour; actions. *See* 힝ᄉᆞ.

*힝진 *s.* 行陣 (힝호) (진칠) Advance—of troops (ᄒᆞ다). To march forward.

*힝즈 *s.* A dish-cloth or towel. (Prov.). *See* 힝쥬.

힝즈곡비 *l.* 哭婢 (울—*곡) (죵—*비) The attending female slave—at funeral ceremonies.

*힝즈목 *l.* 杏子木 (살구) (아ᄃᆞᆯ) (나무) Wood of the *Sassburia adiantifolia.*

힝즈치마 *s.* A kitchen apron; a short skirt. *See* 도랑치마.

*힝지소 *s.* 行在所 (힝호) (잇슬) (바) The temporary quarters—of the king. *See* 항궁

*힝찬 *s.* 行饌 (힝호) (반찬) Provisions for a journey.

*힝챠모시ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行且謀之 (힝호, (쪼) (쇠) (갈) To plan as one goes along.

*힝챵ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行娼 (힝호) (계집) To play the prostitute; to act the harlot. *See* 외입ᄒᆞ다.

*힝초 *s.* 行草 (힝호) (풀) Tobacco for a journey.

*힝초소 *s.* 行次所 (힝호) (버금) (바) The stopping places of an official on a journey.

*힝츠갈 *s.* 行次枷 (힝호) (버금) (칼—*가) A wooden collar worn by prisoners; a cangue.

*힝츠ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行次 (힝호) (버금) To make a journey. (Respect).

*힝쳐 *s.* 荇菜 (마ᄃᆞᆯ) (나물) Duck-weed. *Lemna minor.*

*힝패ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行悖 (힝호) (어그러질) To practise wickedness; to do violence. *See* 힝악ᄒᆞ다.

*힝포ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行暴 (힝호) (사오나올) To do wickedly; to commit lawless acts.

*힝하 *s.* 行下 (힝호) (아래) A gift from a superior or employer. *See* 상급.

*힝하ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行下 (힝호 (아래) To tip; to bestow a douceur upon. *See* 상급주다.

*힝허 *l.* 倖 (요힝) Perchance; luckily—introducing a sentence. *See* 혹서. Take care; beware.

*힝형ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行刑 (힝호) (형벌) To execute; to decapitate. *See* 처참ᄒᆞ다.

*힝호령ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行號令 (힝호) (일홈) (호여곰) To give orders in a loud and commanding way.

*힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行 (힝호) To act; to do. *See* ᄒᆞ다. To make a journey; to travel. *See* 도니다.

*힝힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行幸 (힝호) (ᄉᆞᆫ힝) To go; to travel (used only of the Emperor); an Imperial progress. *See* 거동.

*힝힝ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 悻悻 (곳올) (곳올) To be determined, to be steadfast.

*힝화 *l.* 杏花 (살구) (곳) Apricot blossoms.

*힝화ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 行貨 (도닐) (치물) To circulate—as money, goods etc. *See* 힝젼ᄒᆞ다.

*흔다반 *s.* 恒茶飯 (흥상) (자) (밥) What is in common use—common as tea and rice. *See* 젼례젼.

*흥방졍식 *s.* 恒方程式 (흥상) (모) (갈) (법) Identical equation.

*흥산 *s.* 恒産 (흥상) (낳) Occupation; means of living (M.) *See* 산업.

*흥상 *s.* 恒常 (흥상) (썻썻) Always; never ending. *See* 항상.

*흥식 *s.* 恒式 (흥상) (법) Identity.

*흥심 s. 恒心 (항상) (무음) Constancy; perseverance. *See* 집심.

*흥성 s. 恒星 (항상) (별) A fixed star. *See* 항성.

*흥습 s. 恒習 (항상) (닉힐) A practice; a habit; a vice. *See* 습습.

*흥업 s. 恒業 (항상) (업) Employment; trade; profession. *See* 흥산.

*흥용 s. 恒用 (항상) (쓸) Constantly; frequently.

*흥용건 s. (힌—*제) 恒用件 (항상) (쓸) (별) A common article. *See* 전례건.

*흥용하다 s. 恒用 (항상) (쓸) To be in constant use. *See* 흥용.

*화 l. 化 (될) The royal influence. Development; evolution.

*화 l. 禍 (지화) Misfortune. *See* 지앙.

*화 s. 和 (화할) Sum.

*화 l. 火 (불) Fever; heat—in sickness. One of the five natural elements—denoting south, red, summer, bitter.

*화가 l. 畵家 (그림) (집) A painter; an artist.

*화가 s. 和歌 (화할) (노래) Japanese poetry.

화가래 s. A large shovel worked by ropes attached to each side.

*화가산 s. 和歌山 (화할) (노래) (뫼) Wakayama in Japan.

*화가여섭 l. 禍家餘生 (지화) (집) (농을) (남) The after effects of misfortune.

*화각 l. 火角 (불)"(뿔) Horn softened by fire—when being cut. *Opp.* 생각.

*화각 l. 畵閣 (그림) (집) A building beautiful like a picture; a magnificent palace.

*화간 s. 華翰 (빛날) (편지) A flowery, beautiful, or elegant letter; your letter.

*화간 s. 花間 (꽃) (소이) Among the flowers.

*화간 s. 和姦 (화할) (간악) Adultery on the part of a wife which is connived at by the husband *Opp.* 강간.

*화갑 s. 花甲 (꽃) (갑) The sixtieth anniversary; the completed cycle—of age. *See* 회갑.

*화강석 s. 花崗石 (꽃) (강호) (돌) Granite.

*화거 l. 火車 (불) (수레) A car of fire in which the souls of the wicked are supposed to be taken to be tormented in the Buddhist hell; the state to being extremely; poor; poverty; privation.

*화계 s. 花階 (꽃) (섬돌) A raised flower bed; a flower terrace. (모다) (쌘).

*화계 l. 火械 (불) (기계) Instruments for putting out fires; the accoutrements of a fire brigade.

*화경 s. 花莖 (꽃) (줄기) The stalk of a vegetable gone to seed.

*화경 l. 火鏡 (불) (거울) A sun-glass—which serves to set objects on fire. An electric search-light.

*화경 s. 花景 (꽃) (경치) A view of trees in blossom.

*화경 s. 花徑 (꽃) (길) A path bordered by flowers.

*화경 l. 畵境 (그릴) (디경) What is like a picture; a picture shape.

*화고 l. 畵稿 (그릴) (집) An artist's sketch-book.

*화고 l. 禾藁 (베) (집) Straw.

*화공 l. 畵工 (그릴) (장인) An artist; a painter. *See* 환장이.

*화공 l. 火攻 (불) (칠) Fighting by means of fire in warfare.

*화공하다 l. 火攻 (불) (칠) To make use of fire in conducting an assault.

*화교법 s. 和較法 (고로) (비교) (법) Allegation.

*화구 l. 火具 (불) (그릇) Fire articles or implements as matches, torches etc.

*화구 s. 和煦 (고로) (힉빗) Bright sunlight. (Comp.)

*화구 s. 花畦 (꽃) (이랑) A flower bed.

*화근 l. 禍根 (지화) (뿌리) The cause or source of misfortune. *See* 화식.

*화금령 l. 火禁令 (불) (금할) (명령) An official order to be careful of fires.

*화금서 s. 花金鼠 (꽃) (쇠) (쥐) *Tamias striatus.*

*화기 s. 花期 (꽃) (기약) The flower seasons.

*화기 s. 花氣 (꽃) (기운) The scent of flowers.

*화기 l. 化機 (될) (기틀) The transforming influences of nature; appliances used in transforming the character of any substance; chemical appliances.

*화기 l. 火氣 (불) (기운) Heat. Fever. Fame; blaze. (드다). *See* 화.

*화기 s. 和氣 (고로) (기운) Bloom and beauty; freshness. Peace. (돌다). *Opp.* 살기.

*화기 l. 畵器 (그림) (그릇) A dish with painted designs; painted porcelain.

*화긔국 s. 花旗國 (꼿) (긔) (나라) The land of the flowery flag—the United States. *See* 미국.

*화관 s. 花冠 (꼿) (갓) A wreath of flowers—as worn by exorcist women.

*화관 l. 火管 (불) (관꼭지) A fuse for firing a gun or for blasting.

*화광 l. 火光 (불) (빗) Flame color; light from fires. *See* 화염

*화광(이)충텬ᄒᆞ다 l. 火光衝天 (불) (빗) (찌를) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) To light up the sky—of flames.

*화답ᄒᆞ다 l. 和答 (고로) (디답) To respond—in singing, writing etc. *See* 문답ᄒᆞ다.

화덕 l. A fireplace; a stove. *See* 난로.

*화덕진군 l. 火德眞君 (불) (덕) (참) (임군) The god of thunder.

*화뎐 s. 花田 (꼿) (밧) A flower-bed. A cotton field. *See* 면뎐.

*화뎐 l. 火田 (불) (밧) Grounds burnt off for cultivation. *See* 뜨긔밧.

*화뎐군 l. 火田軍 (불) (밧) (군ᄉᆞ) A settler—who clears fields for agriculture.

*화뎐츄화 s. 花田衝火 (꼿) (밧) (찌를) (불) Putting fire in a flower-bed—slandering a young person.

*화뎜 s. 花店 (꼿) (잡ᄉᆞ집) A flower shop.

*화뎜ᄒᆞ다 l. 火點 (불) (뎜) To test by fire—as metal; to assay.

*화뎨 s. 藥劑 (약날) (뎨목) A medical prescription. (내다). *See* 약방문.

*화뎨 l. 畵題 (그림) (뎨목) A note explaining a picture.

*화도 l. 化導 (될) (인도) Leading into the way of salvation; conversion.

*화도ᄒᆞ다 l. 化度 (될) (도수) To bring into the way of virtue; to convert.

*화독 l. 火毒 (불) (독ᄒᆞᆯ) Inflammation—in a burn. (들다).

*화동정음 s. 華東正音 (빗날) (동녁) (바를) (소리) A Book of Chinese and Korean readings of characters.

*화동ᄒᆞ다 s. 和同 (고로) (한가지) To unite in one; to work together.

*화됴 s. 花鳥 (꼿) (새) Flowers and birds.

*화두 s. 話頭 (말ᄉᆞᆷ) (머리) An introduction; a beginning.

화드득화드득ᄒᆞ다 s. To sparkle; to snap.

*화뎌 s. 花㮇 (꼿) (ᄎᆞᆨ) A table on which flower-vases are placed.

*화뎌모 s. 花玳瑁 (꼿) (뎌모) 뎌모) Bright colored tortoise-shell.

화ᄃᆞ지 s. 樹枝 (나무—*슈) (가지—*지) Branches; limbs.

화ᄃᆞ지 s. A raised place to walk on around the deck of a junk.

*화락ᄒᆞ다 s. 和樂 (고로) (즐길) To be in accord; to be at peace with one another; to dwell in unity.

*화란 s. 和蘭 (고로) (란초) Holland.

*화란 l. 禍亂 (저화) (어지러울) Civil troubles; war either domestic or foreign; a disturbed condition of affairs; state of hostilities.

*화랑년 s. 花娘女 (꼿) (계집) (계집—*녀) A prostitute—an abusive name. *See* 갈보.

화랑이 s. 覡 (*격) A sorcerer; an exorcist.

*화려ᄒᆞ다 s. 華麗 (빗날) (고울) To be brilliant; to be beautiful; to be bright.

*화렴 l. 火殮 (불) (염렴) The disturbing of an ancestral grave by fire atmospheres. (ᄃᆞ다) *See* 슈렴.

*화로 s. 火爐 (불) (화로) A brazier; a fire-box.

*화로슈 s. 花露水 (꼿) (이슬) (물) Perfume; liquid scent.

*화룡쵸뎌 l. 畵龍燭臺 (그림) (룡) (촉불—*촉) (집) A candlestick worked in designs.

*화루 l. 畵樓 (그림) (다락) A picturesque upper story.

*화류 s. 樺榴 (화류) (화류) A kind of rose-wood.

*화류 s. 花柳 (꼿) (버들) The flowers and willows—of spring time.

*화류 s. 華留 (빗날) (머믈) The governor of Su-wŏn. *See* 슈원류슈.

*화륜거 l. 火輪車 (불) (박회) (수레) A locomotive; a railway-train. *See* 긔차.

*화륜션 l. 火輪船 (불) (박회) (비) A steam-boat. *See* 긔션.

*화륜차 l. 火輪車 (불) (박회) (수레) A locomotive; a car; a railway-train. *See* 화륜거.

화르르 s. Whirling about; with a rush.

화리 l. A brazier; a fire-box. (Prov.) *See* 화로.

*화리 s. 花利 (꼿) (리ᄒᆞᆯ) Standing corn or grain. (ᄒᆞ다).

*화림 s. 花林 (꼿)(수플) A grove of trees in flower.

*화매ᄒᆞ다 s. 和賣 (교로) (팔) To do business with; to trade together; to buy and sell. *See* 미매ᄒᆞ다.

*화명 s. 花名 (꼿) (일홈) Name of a flower.

*화목 s. 樺木 (나무)(나무) A birch tree.

*화목 l. 火木 (불) (나무) Fire-wood. *See* 식초.

*화목 s. 花木 (꼿)(나무) Flower plants.

*화목ᄒᆞ다 s. 和睦 (화흘) (화목) To be at peace; to be in harmony; to agree. *See* 화슌ᄒᆞ다.

*화문 s. 花紋 (꼿) (문치) Figures of flowers in woven good.

*화문 l. 火門 (불) (문) The touch hole of a matchlock or muzzle loader. The pan of a Korean gun.

*화문석 s. 花紋席 (꼿) (문치) (자리) A mat worked with flower designs.

*화목 s. 華墨 (빗날) (먹) Your letter—a respectful term.

*화미ᄒᆞ다 s. 華美 (빗날) (아름다울) To be gay; to be showy; to be fine.

화반 s. The hollow part of an animal's foot.

*화반석 s. 花斑石 (꼿) (아롱질) (돌) Red marble—used for seals, boxes etc.

*화방 s. 花房 (꼿) (방) A house of prostitution. *See* 청루.

*화방 l. 火房 (불) (방) The stone foundations—of a house. A furnace room.

*화방 l. 火防 (불) (막을) The stone outer coating of a Korean wall. *See* 고막이.

*화방 l. 畵舫 (그림) (비) A pleasure-boat.

화방슈 l. 漩渦 (물도라올) (물도라올) A whirlpool; an eddy.

*화법 s. 和法 (교로) (법) Reduction descending.

*화법긔하학 l. 畵法幾何學 (그림) (법) (긧) (엇지) (배홀) Descriptive geometry.

*화병 s. 花甁 (꼿) (병) A flower vase.

*화병 l. 畵甁 (그림) (병) A painted vase.

*화병 l. 畵屛 (그림) (병풍) A painted screen.

*화병 l. 畵餠 (그림) (떡) Painted cakes—that cannot appease hunger; a worthless thing. *See* 화즁지병.

*화병 l. 火兵 (불) (군소) A fire soldier—one in every six who carries matches, acts as cook etc.

*화병군 l. 火兵軍 (불) (군소) (군소) Camp-fire soldiers; military cooks.

*화보 l. 畵譜 (그림) (족보) A picture book.

*화보 s. 花譜 (꼿) (족보) A catalogue of flowers.

*화복 s. 華服 (빗날) (옷) The dress put on after the period of mourning is ended; a wedding dress. *Opp.* 소복.

*화복 l. 禍福 (지화) (복) Happiness and misery; prosperity and adversity. *See* 길흉.

*화본 l. 畵本 (그림) (밋) A copy of a picture; an outline. (내다).

*화본초 s. 花草草 (꼿) (잔풀오리) (풀) Roll tobacco that is smoked out of the pipe-bowl.

*화분 s. 花盆 (꼿) (동히) A flower-pot. *See* 꼿분.

*화분 s. 花粉 (꼿) (가로) The pollen of flowers.

*화분수 l. 化分數 (될) (논홀) (두어) Reduction to fractions.

*화산 l. 火山 (불) (뫼) A volcano.

화살 s. 弓箭 (활—*궁) (살—*젼) A bow and arrow; a shaft. *See* 궁시.

*화샤 s. 花蛇 (꼿) (비암) A red snake—very poisonous. *See* 홍목이.

*화샹 l. 畵像 (그림) (형상) A portrait; a picture; a photograph. *See* 샤진.

*화샹 s. 華商 (빗날) (장소) Chinese merchants.

*화샹 l. 火傷 (불) (샹홀) A burn.

*화샹ᄒᆞ다 l. 火傷 (불) (샹홀) To be burned.

*화셕 s. 化石 (될) (돌) Petrified wood; a fossil

화셕 l. 火石 (불) (돌) A flint—for striking fire.

*화션 l. 火扇 (불) (붓칠) A candleshade fan

*화셜 s. 話說 (말숨) (말숨) "It is said"—used as the opening words of a story. *See* 각셜.

*화셩 l. 火姓 (불) (셩) A clan character belonging to the "fire" classifier.

*화셩 l. 火聲 (불) (소리) The "fire" tone—a high note.

*화셩 l. 火星 (불) (별) The planet Mars.

*화셩 s. 華城 (빗날) (재) A name given to the fortifications of Suwon.

*화셩돈 s. 華盛頓 (빗날) (셩홀) (돈타올) Washington.

*화쇼수 l. 化小數 (될) (젹을) (두어) Reduction to decimals.

*화속 l. 火贖 (불)(속뭇칠) Taxes said for lands not registered in official books. (풀다). A country lout. (Prov.)

*화수 s. 和數 (고로)(두어) Amount.

*화슈 s. 花樹 (꽃)(나무) A flowering tree.

*화슈분 s. 貨水盆 (보화)(물)(동화) A dish or pocket from which one can draw inexhaustible treasures.

*화슌 s. 和順 (고로)(슌홀) A prefect in Chol-la-do. Lat. 34 55. Long 127.03.

*화슌수 s. 和順數 (고로)(슌홀)(두어) Amicable number.

*화슌ᄒᆞ다 s. 和順 (고로)(슌홀) To be complaisant; to be obliging. *See* 화목ᄒᆞ다.

*화승 l. 火繩 (불)(노) A fuse of a gun.

*화시 s. 花時 (꽃)(때) The flower seasons.

*화식 l. 火食 (불)(밥) Cooked food.

*화식 l. 貨殖 (보화)(부를) Money making.

*화식ᄒᆞ다 l. 貨殖 (보화)(부를) To make money; to amass wealth.

*화신 s. 花神 (꽃)(귀신) The god of flowers.

*화신 s. 花信 (꽃)(밋을) News of plants or trees being in blossom.

*화신 l. 化身 (될)(몸) An incarnation.

*화신풍 s. 花信風 (꽃)(밋을)(바람) Spring breezes. *See* 이십스번풍.

*화심 l. 禍心 (지화)(무옴) A rebellious mind; treachery.

*화스 l. 畵師 (그릴)(스승) A teacher of drawing.

*화숩 l. 火鍤 (불)(가래) A fire shovel.

*화식 s. 和色 (고로)(빗) A ruddy countenance; a healthy expression. (돌다). *See* 화긔.

*화식 l. 禍色 (지화)(빗) Calamity; disaster. *See* 화근.

*화식(이,발)ᄃᆞ다 s. 禍色迫頭 (지화)(빗)(갓가올)(머리) To be impending—of disaster.

*화싱 l. 化生 (될)(날) A transformed being.

*화싱ᄒᆞ다 s. 化生 (될)(날) To metamorphose; to transform; to change. *See* 변싱ᄒᆞ다.

*화안 s. 花顔 (꽃)(얼골) A beautiful face; a rosy cheek.

*화안 s. 和顔 (화홀)(얼골) A pleasing countenance; pleasant face.

*화약 l. 火藥 (불)(약) Gunpowder. (굽다)(고다).

*화약고 l. 火藥庫 (불)(약)(창고) A powder magazine.

화약고다 s. 고아; 곤 To make gun powder.

화약곱다 s. 구어; 군 To make gunpowder.

*화어 l. 火魚 (불)(고기) Fish of genus. *Lepidotrigla.*

*화연 s. 花筵 (꽃)(자리) A beautiful place

*화연 s. 花宴 (꽃)(잔치) A flower banquet, such as is given when the cherries, plums, or chrysanthemums are in blossom.

화열ᄒᆞ다 s. 和悅 (화홀)(깃불 To be in accord; to be at peace with one another, to dwell in unity.

*화염 l. (—렴) 火焰 (불)(불꼿) A flame. *See* 불길. Danger.

*화염산 l. 火鹽山 (불)(소금, 쇠)(뫼) A mountain of salt—said to be somewhere in the sea. A distant mountain with fires upon it.

*화예 s. 花蕊 (꽃)(꼿술) The pollen of flowers.

*화영조뎐 s. 和英字典 (고로)(꼿부리)(글ᄌᆞ)(법) A Japanese-English dictionary.

*화영ᄌᆞ뎐 s. 華英字典 (빗날)(꼿부리)(글ᄌᆞ)(법) A Chinese-English dictionary.

*화영 s. 花影 (꽃)(그림ᄌᆞ) The reflection of flowers in water.

*화오 s. 花塢 (꽃)(언덕) The banks of rivers or canals planted with flowering trees which are in blossom.

*화옥 s. 華屋 (빗날)(집) A beautiful house; a splendid building.

*화외 l. 化外 (될)(밧) Beyond the jurisdiction of the state; beyond the sphere of influence.

*화외지민 l. 化外之民 (될)(밧)(갈)(빅성) People beyond the royal influence—outlaws.

*화외지밍 l. 化外之氓 (될)(밧 갈)(빅성) The depraved masses; people beyond the royal influence. *See* 난화지밍.

*화요일 l. 火曜日 (불)(빗날 ᄉᆞᆯ) Tuesday. *See* 레비잇흘.

*화요셩 l. 火曜星 (불)(빗날 별) The planet Mars.

*화용월틱 s. 花容月態 (꽃)(얼골)(ᄃᆞᆯ)(틱도) A flower-like face and moonlight appearance—of female beauty

*화위호다 s. 和慰 (화홀) (위로) To conciliate; to come to an agreement; to be reconciled.

*화육중물 / 化育中物 (될, (기를) (가온디) (물건) A creature growing up under the grace God or the King.

*화융 l. 火絨 (불) (깁) A kind of silk.

*화음 s. 花陰 (꼿) (그늘) Underneath the blossoms; the space underneath trees in blossom.

*화음 s. 華音 (빗날) (소리) The Chinese reading of the character—in contrast to the Korean reading.

*화의 s. 和議 (교로) (의론) Peace-making, arbitration; peace negotiations.

*화인 l. 火印 (불) 인친) A metal stamp—heated red-hot when used for marking. A stamped grain-measure. (맛치다) (치다) *See* 박인.

*화왕 s. 花王 (꼿) (남금) Literally 'the flower king', a gardener.

*화원 l. 禍源 (지화) (근원) The origin of misfortune; cause of calamity.

*화원 s. 花園 (꼿) (동산) A flower garden. *See* 화계.

*화원 l. 畵員 (그림) (관원) An artist; a painter—in the employ of the government. *See* 화공.

*화장 l. 火葬 (불) (장소) Cremation.

*화장터 s. 火葬所 (불) (장소) (바) A cremation ground.

*화자 l. 化者 (될) (놈) A changed person—one deceased. (Comp.)

*화장 l. 火掌 (불) (소지홀) A ship's cook.

화장 s. The length of a sleeve; a measure of length. (자다).

화장거름 s. A jog-trot pace.

화장하다 s. 차; 찬 To be long; to be of great length.

*화적 l. 火賊 (불) (도적) Incendiaries; robbers—who pillage and burn. *See* 불한당; 명화적.

*화저 l. 火箸 (불) (적) Fire-chop-sticks; a tongs. *See* 화저가락.

화저가락 l. Fire-chop-sticks; tongs. *See* 화저.

*화전 l. 火箭 (불) (살) Fireworks; rockets. *See* 승긔전.

*화전 s. 花煎 (꼿) (지질) A cake mixed with flowers and baked in oil. (붓치다).

*화전노리 s. 花煎 (꼿) (지질) A *Whajŏn* festival.

*화전지 s. 花箋紙 (꼿) (죨) (조희) Ornamental ruled note-paper.

*화제동수 l. 化諸等數 (될) (모돌) (무리) (두어) Reduction to compound.

*화제어 s. 華鯖魚 (빗날) (비쌍) (고기) (물건) A fine fish. *Lophius setigerus.* genus.

*화족 s. 華族 (빗날) (겨레) A noble; the nobility (of Japan).

*화조월석 s. 花朝月夕 (꼿) (아침) (둘) (저녁) Flowery mornings and moonlight nights.

*화종 s. 花種 (꼿) (씨) Flower seeds. Grain sown along the furrows of a crop just harvested. *See* 뒤우.

*화쥬 l. 火珠 (불) (구슬) A kind of crystal.

*화쥬 l. 火酒 (불) (술) The spirit of wine.

*화쥬 l. 貸主 (지물) (쥬장) A creditor a money lender. *See* 젼쥬.

*화쥬력 l. 禍周曆 (그릴) (쥬루) (밧골) A book of divination based on the cyclical years.

*화쥬쟉이 / 禍周曆 (그릴, 두루) (밧골) A fortune teller who predicts events by means of the cycle years.

*화즁 l. 火中 (불) (가온디) Into the fire.

*화즁지병 / 畵中之餠 (그림, 가온디) (갈) (떡) Pictures of bread—useless for food. *See* 화병.

*화즁 l. 火症 (불) (즁세) Anger; passion. (나다

*화지 l. 火紙 (불) (조희) Touch-paper.

*화직 s. 華職 (빗날) (직업) An illustrious rank or office. *See* 청환.

*화지 l. 火災 (불) (지앙) Calumity—by fire

*화지 l. 貨財 (보화) (지물) Wealth; riches.

*화지보험 l. 火災保險 (불) (지앙, 보전) (홀 Fire insurance.

*화지보험회샤 l. 火災保險會社 (불) (지앙) (보즌) (모돌) (샤직) A fire insurance company.

*화채 s. 花債 (꼿) (빗) The price of a prostitute.

*화차 l. 火車 (불) (수레) A railway car. *See* 화륜차.

*화창호다 s. 和暢 (교로) (화창홀) To be bright; to be balmy; to be sunny; to be delightful—as spring weather.

*화쳔 s. 華川 (빗날) (내) A prefect in Kang-wŏn-do. Formerly 량쳔.

*화청호다 s. 和淸 (교로) (몰을) To mix spirit with honey. To be clear; to be fine—of the weather.

*화초 s. 花草 (꽃) (풀) Flowers; flowering plants.

*화초장 s. 花草欌 (꽃) (풀) (곱) A conservatory for flowers.

*화초학 s. 花草學 (꽃) (풀) (비홀) Botany.

*화촉 s. 華燭 (빛날) (촛불) Lanterns on which flowers are painted.

*화충 s. 華蟲 (빛날) (버레) A pheasant. (B. H.)

화치다 s. 화쳐; 친 To tack—with the wind.

*화친ᄒᆞ다 s. 和親 (고로) (친홀) To be reconciled; to be friendly; to make peace. *See* 강화ᄒᆞ다.

*화쳐 s. 花菜 (꽃) (나물) Honey water mixed with fruit etc.

*화침 s. 火針 (불) (바늘) A red-hot needle —used in acupuncture. (주다).

*화타 s. 華佗 (빛날) (다를) The name of a celebrated physician. *See* 편작.

*화판 s. 花瓣 (꽃) (꽃뽓침) The calyx of a flower.

*화폅 l. 畵帖 (그림) (책) A picture book.

화토불 s. (—불) A fire in the open air; a bonfire. (노다).

*화통 l. 火筒 (불) (통) A funnel; a stove pipe. *See* 연통.

*화투 s. 花鬪 (꽃) (싸홈) Japanese playing cards. Japanese poker.

*화투ᄒᆞ다 s. 花鬪 (꽃) (싸홈) To play cards (Japanese).

*화파 l. 火把 (불) (잡을) A poker.

*화판 s. 花板 (꽃) (판지) A wooden plate on which are carved pictures of flowers. The disc of a flower.

*화판 s. 花瓣 (꽃) (외씨) The petals of a flower.

*화편 s. 花編 (꽃) (엮을) Songs that deal with and explain flowers.

*화편 s. 花片 (꽃) (조각) The petal of a flower.

*화폐 l. 貨幣 (보화) (폐백) Paper money; bank bills.

*화폐국 s. 貨幣局 (보화) (폐백) (판) The mint.

*화평ᄒᆞ다 s. 和平 (화홀) (평홀) To be harmonious; to be peaceful; to be contented. *See* 평안ᄒᆞ다.

*화포 s. 花布 (꽃) (베) Fancy cotton cloth; figured calicoes. Calico chintz.

*화포 l. 火砲 (불) (총) A shell; fireworks and crackers. *See* 총.

*화포 s. 花包 (꽃) (쌀) The calyx.

*화포 s. 花砲 (꽃) (총) Fireworks. *See* 화포.

*화폭 l. 畵幅 (그림) (폭) A picture or drawing made to be being in the above for ornament.

*화풍 s. 和風 (고로) (바람) A gentle wind; a pleasant breeze.

*화풍병 s. 花風病 (꽃) (바람) (병들) Nymphomania.

*화품 s. 花品 (꽃) (품수) Flowers.

*화필 l. 畵筆 (그림) (붓) A drawing pencil; a painter's brush.

*화하 s. 花下 (꽃) (아래) Under the flowers, or flowering trees.

*화학 l. 化學 (될) (비홀) Chemistry; natural philosophy.

*화학공업 l. 化學工業 (될) (비홀) (장인) (업) Chemical industry.

*화학공예학 l. 化學工藝學 (될) (비홀) (장인) (지조) (비홀) Chemical technology.

*화학긔형 l. 化學基形 (될) (비홀) (터) (형상) Chemical type.

*화학긔호 l. 化學記號 (될) (비홀) (긔록) (일홈) A chemical symbol.

*화학긔호법 l. 化學記號法 (될) (비홀) (긔록) (일홈) (법) Chemical notation.

*화학광선 l. 化學光線 (될) (비홀) (빗) (실) Chemical rays.

*화학력 반응 l. 化學的反應 (될) (비홀) (력량) (도라올) (응홀) Chemical reaction.

*화학방정식 s. 化學方正式 (될) (비홀) (모) (바를) (법) Chemical equation.

*화학력변화 l. 化學的變化 (될) (비홀) (력량) (변홀) (될) Chemical action.

*화학력작용 l. 化學的作用 (될) (비홀) (력량) (지을) (쓸) Chemical action.

*화학리론 l. 化學理論 (될) (비홀) (리치) (의론) Chemical philosophy.

*화학명명법 l. 化學命名法 (될) (비홀) (명홀) (일홈) (법) Chemical nomenclature.

*화학분석 l. 化學分析 (될) (비홀) (논홀) (가를) Chemical analysis.

*화학슈공 l. 化學手工 (될) (비홀) (손) (장인) Chemical manipulation.

*화학시약 l. 化學試藥 (될) (비홀) (시험) (약) Chemical reagent.

*화학식 l. 化學式 (될) (비홀) (법) Chemical formula.

*화한 s. 華翰 빛날) (놀긔) Flowery pen; your letter—a honorific term.

*화합력 *l.* 化合力 (될) (모풀) (힘) Combinating power; chemical affinity.

*화합물 *l.* 化合物 (될) (모풀) (만물) A Chemical compound.

*화합ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 和合 (오로) (모풀) To agree; to be in harmony; to have unity. *See* 상합ᄒᆞ다. To mix; to compound.

*화해일 *l.* 禍害日 (지화) (해로올) (날) The "day of calamity"—an unpropitious day in the calendar.

*화형 *s.* 花缸 (꼿) (항아리) A flower vase. *See* 화분.

*화향 *s.* 花香 (꼿) (향긔) The scent of flowers.

*화호불성 *l.* 畵虎不成 (그림) (범) (아닐) (될 줄) A failure in an attempt to paint a tiger—mismanagement of affairs; a fizzle.

*화호ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 和好 (오로) (됴흘) To make peace.

*화회ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 和會 (화홀) (모풀) To come to an agreement; to come to an understanding; to be reconciled. *See* 화친ᄒᆞ다.

*화훈 *s.* 華勳 (빗날) (공) A deed of renown; a glorious achievement; exploits.

*화ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 化 (될) To change; to be transformed; to metamorphose; to develop. *See* 되다, 변ᄒᆞ다.

*화ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 和 (오로) To be mild; to be harmonious; to be peaceful.

화히보치다 *s.* (—위) 보ᄎᆡ; 천 To restore a patient to health. To bring about a reconciliation; to make friends.

*화히ᄒᆞ다 *s.* (—위) 和解 (오로) (플) To conciliate; to come to an agreement.

*화환 *l.* 禍患 (지화) (근심) Misfortune; calamity; disaster.

*화환이닙지ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 禍患互至 (지화, (근심) (될, 니를) To follow as misfortune.

*확 *s.* 臼 (*쿠) A hollow—as in a grain mortar, a hat crown etc.

확 *s.* With a burst—as of flame.

*확거 *s.* 確據 (확실홀) (징거) An infallible proof. *See* 확증.

확근확근ᄒᆞ다 *s.* To be hot; to throb with heat. *See* 욱근욱근ᄒᆞ다.

*확뎡ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確定 (확실홀) (뎡홀) To settle upon; to determine; to confirm or ratify; to be fixed or decided.

*확론 *s.* 確論 (확실홀) (의론) A self-evident proposition; correct view; an axiom.

*확론ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確論 (확실홀) (의론) To consult specially; to decide definitely.

*확립ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確立 (확실홀) (셜) To stand firm; to be solid;—of a country, to be independent.

*확보 *s.* 確報 (확실홀) (긔별) A sure report; a reliable communication; trustworthy news.

*확설 *s.* 確說 (확실홀) (말솜) A trustworthy report; true information; reliable news.

*확신ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確信 (확실홀) (믜을) To believe firmly; to be convinced; to trust; to have faith in.

*확실ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確實 (확실홀) (실홀) To be strong; to be active. To be true; to be indisputable. *See* 역실ᄒᆞ다.

*확언 *s.* 確言 (확실홀) (말솜) A convincing statement, an affirmation; an assurance; an assertion.

*확연ᄒᆞ, *s.* 確然 (확실홀) (그럴) Positively; surely; certainly, assuredly.

*확이충지ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擴而充之 (넓힐) (말아) (치일) (갈) To be full; to be saturated with.

*확인ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確認 (확실홀) (알) To be convinced of; to be certain; to have no doubt about; to certify or authenticate—as a document.

*확장 *s.* 擴張 (넓힐) (베풀) Increase of growth.

*확장ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擴張 (넓힐) (베풀) To increase; to strengthen.

*확증 *s.* 確證 (확실홀) (증거) A sure proof.

*확증ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 確證 (확실홀) (증거) To make sure of; to ascertain.

*확취ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擭取 (움킬) (가질) To grasp; to clutch; to seize.

*확충ᄒᆞ다 *s.* 擴充 (넓힐) (치일) To develop; to expand; to diffuse.

*확호불발 *s.* 確乎不拔 (확실홀) (언호) (아닐 셜 Firm and immovable; positive and certain.

확확 *s.* Flashing; bursting out—as fire.

*환 *s.* 丸 (단조) A pill—the numerative of pills.

환 *s.* A rasp; a file. (쓸다).

*환 *l.* 畫 (그릴—*화) A design; a painting. (치다).

*환 *s.* 環 (고리) A ring—as used on the finger, wrist etc.

*환 *s.* 圜 (둥글) A dollar. *See* 원.

*환 1. 患 (근심) Misfortune; evil; calamity.

*환 1. 換 (밧꿀) A note of exchange. (잡다).

*환가ᄒᆞ다 1. 換家 (밧꿀)(집) To exchange houses.

*환가ᄒᆞ다 s. 還家 (도라옴)(집) To return home.

*환각ᄒᆞ다 s. 還却 (도라옴)(물너칠) To pay back; to return.

*환간 1 換簡 (밧꿀)(편지) A note of exchange; a letter—for money. (붓치다). *See* 음직.

*환갑 s. 還甲 (도라옴)(갑옷) A complete cycle (60 years)—of age; the 60th anniversary. *See* 화갑.

*환긔ᄒᆞ다 1. 喚起 (부를)(닐) To call and wake up; to arouse.

*환거ᄒᆞ다 s. 鰥居 (홀아비)(살) To live alone; to be a bachelor.

*환곡 s. 還穀 (도라옴)(곡식) Rice and grain supplied to the people in spring and collected again in autumn. *See* 환조.

*환골탈퇴ᄒᆞ다 1. 換骨脫胎 (밧꿀)(뼈)(벗슬)(퇴도) To change altogether; to be reformed.

*환골ᄒᆞ다 1 換骨 (밧꿀)(뼈) To be greatly changed, to be wholly different.

*환공 s. 桓公 (굿셀)(귀인) A king of the 제 Chinese dynasty—3rd century. B. C.

*환귀교국ᄒᆞ다 s. 還歸故國 (도라옴)(도라갈)(녜)(나라) To return to one's native land.

*환구 s 丸戲 (환조)(거복) Marugame in Japan.

*환국 1. 換局 (밧꿀)(판) A change of dynasty.

*환국ᄒᆞ다 s. 還國 (도라옴)(나라) To return home—of the king or royal family.

*환군ᄒᆞ다 s. 還軍 (도라옴)(군ᄉᆞ) To withdraw an army.

*환궁ᄒᆞ다 s. 還宮 (도라옴)(집) To return to the palace—from a royal procession.

*환귀교향ᄒᆞ다 s. 還歸故鄕 (도라옴)(도라갈)(녜)(시골) To return to one's native district.

*환귀본처ᄒᆞ다 s. 還歸本處 (도라옴)(도라갈)(근본)(곳) To return to one's native place. To restore stolen goods.

*환긔ᄒᆞ다 1. 喚起 (부를)(닐) To wake up; to rouse.

*환과 s. 鰥寡 (홀아비)(과부) An aged widow and widower.

*환과고독 s. 鰥寡孤獨 (홀아비)(과부)(외로올)(홀로) Widowers, widows, orphans and those who are childless.

*환관 1. 宦官 (고조)(벼슬) A palace eunuch. *See* 고조.

*환관ᄒᆞ다 s. 還官 (도라옴)(벼슬) To return home or to the yamen—of officials.

*환난 1. 患難 (근심)(어려울) Trouble; misfortune; distress.

*환난상구 1. 患難相救 (근심)(어려울)(서로)(구원) Saving each other in trouble. (ᄒᆞ다).

*환난상고 1. 患難相顧 (근심)(어려울)(서로)(도라볼) Helping each other in misfortune. (ᄒᆞ다).

*환납ᄒᆞ다 s. (一락) 還納 (도라옴)(드릴) To return public goods. (Comp.)

*환뇌 1 寰內 (동닐)(안) The whole world; the visible universe. *Opp.* 환외.

*환뇌ᄒᆞ다 s. 還第 (도라옴)(집) To return home.

*환도 s. 環刀 (고리)(칼) A sword; a sabre. *See* 군도.

환도뼈 s. 髖骨 (엄덩이—"둔")(뼈—"골") The hip-bone.

*환등 1. 幻燈 (환롱)(등) Magic lantern.

*환락ᄒᆞ다 s. 歡樂 (즐거울)(즐거울) To be happy; to rejoice.

*환란 1. 患亂 (근심)(어지러울) Troubles; calamities; misfortunes. *See* 지앙.

*환란상구 1. 患亂相救 (근심)(어지러울)(서로)(구완홀) Aid in misfortune; assistance in trouble. *See* 소선통고.

*환로 1. 宦路 (벼슬)(길) Rank; the way to promotion. *See* 소로.

*환롱ᄒᆞ다 1. 幻弄 (환롱)(희롱) To use power or influence in some other than the proper way; to abuse one's power. *See* 별환ᄒᆞ다.

*환률 1. 換率 (밧꿀)(법) Rate of exchange.

*환립ᄒᆞ다 s. 環立 (고리)(설) To stand round in a circle; to form a ring.

*환립ᄒᆞ다 1. 換買 (밧꿀)(살) To purchase by exchange of goods, to barter. *See* 밧고다.

*환방ᄒᆞ다 1. 換方 (밧꿀)(모) To change provincial officials; to redistribute provincial offices.

*환복 l. 宦福 (버슬) (복) Official luck.

*환부 s. 鰥夫 (홀아비) (지아비) A widower. *See* 홀아비; *Opp.* 과부.

*환부역조하다 l. 換父易祖 (밧골) (아비) (밧골) 한아비, to claim other than one's ancestors—as does a substitute on examination etc.

*환부하다 s. 還付 (도라올) (붓칠) To send back; to return.

*환비 l. 換費 (밧골) (허비) Commission paid for carrying a note of exchange.

*환산하다 s. 渙散 (푸러질) (흣흘) To be scattered away; to disperse.

*환상 s. 還上 (도라올) (웃) Rice and grain supplied by government to the people in spring and collected again in autumn. *See* 환조.

*환세하다 l. 換歲 (밧골) (히) To pass the new year; to spend New-year's. *See* 과세하다.

*환성하다 l. 喚醒 (부를) (찔) To wake up; to rouse

*환성 s. 歡聲 (깃붐) (소리) A shout of joy.

*환송하다 s. 還送 (도라올) (보낼) To return; to send back.

*환쇼쥬 s. 還燒酒 (도라올) (살아질) (술) A strong spirit, double-distilled.

*환속하다 s. 還屬 (도라올) (붓흘) To be restored to office—of underlings. *See* 복속하다.

*환수 l. 宦數 (버슬) (두어) Official luck. *See* 환복.

*환슈하다 l. 換手 (밧골) (손) To aid; to exchange work.

*환슈하다 s. 還收 (도라올) (거둘) To gather up again; to call in.

*환술 l. 幻術 (헌물) 슐법) Magical arts; sorcery; legerdemain. *See* 재슐.

*환술자 l. 幻術者 (환롱) (슐법) (놈) One versed in magic arts; a witch or wizard.

*환시하다 s. 環視 (고리) (볼) To look round.

*환심 s. 歡心 (깃붐) (무음) Good will; affections, the heart.

*환쇠하다 l. 換色 (밧골) (빗) To exchange goods—in merchandise.

*환성하다 s. 幻生 (환롱) (날) To revive; to metamorphose; to be changed in form. *See* 환퇴인심하다.

*환약 s. 丸藥 (환조) (약) Pills.

*환양하다 l. 換樣 (밧골) (모양) To be changed in appearance.

*환어하다 s. 還御 (도라올) (뫼실) To return to the Palace from a journey or from a visit paid to a place close by—as an Emperor.

*환열하다 s. 歡悅 (깃붐) (깃붐) To be pleased; to be glad; to be happy.

*환영 s. 歡迎 (깃붐) (마질) A welcome; a reception

*환영회 s. 歡迎會 (깃붐) (마질) (모들) A meeting of welcome.

*환영하다 s. 歡迎 (깃붐) (마질) To meet and welcome.

*환옥 s. 環玉 (고리) (구슬) A bracelet.

*환옥하다 s. 還玉 (도라올) (구슬) To return to the same rank buttons but of a higher degree; to advance in rank.

*환요하다 s. 環繞 (고리) (둘닐) To surround; to environ; to encompass.

*환용하다 l. 換用 (밧골) (쓸) To use in the place of something else; to make shift with; to use as a substitute.

*환위하다 s. 環圍 (고리) (두를) To surround; to encompass; to environ; to encircle.

*환음하다 s. 歡飮 (깃붐) (마실) To revel; to drink with jollity; to act the bacchanalian.

*환원딜 s. 還元鐵 (도라올) (웃듬) (쇠) *Ferrum Redactum.*

*환원딜뎡졔 s. 還元鐵錠劑 (도라올) (웃듬) (쇠) (즁울쇠) (약지을) *Trochiscum Ferri Redocti.*

*환자 l. 患者 (근심) (놈) A sick person; a patient.

*환자 l. 宦者 (고즈) (놈) A eunuch. *See* 니시.

환쟝이 l. 畵工 (그림—*화) (장인—*공) An artist; a painter. *See* 화공.

*환장하다 l. 換腸 (밧골) (챵주) To be changed—in disposition; to have a new heart. To become accustomed to.

*환전 l. 換錢 (밧골) (돈) Cash for a note of exchange (찰다) (대다).

*환전하다 l. 換錢 (밧골) (돈) To exchange money—by note.

*환절 l. 換節 (밧골) (절긔) A change of seasons. A question of anxiety as sickness in the family. *See* 환후.

*환제·ᄉ 丸劑 (환조) (약지을) Pilula.

*환증하다 s. 還贈 (도라올) (줄) To send back; to return.

*환지 s. 還紙 (도라올) (조희) Pap made from refuse paper.

환짓다 s. 作丸 (지울—*작) (탄조—*환) 지어; 은 To make medical pills. See 작환ᄒᆞ다.

*환즈 s. 還上 (도라올) (ᄎᆞ—*상) Rice and grain distributed among the people in spring by the government to be collected in autumn. See 환곡.

환치다 l. 畫 (그림—*화) 환쳐; 친 To paint, to take a portrait.

환치다 l. 쳐; 친 To cash a note of exchange. Opp. 환대다.

*환퇴문서 s. 還退文書 (도라올) (물너갈) (글) (글) A deed of property subject to restrictions by which it may be returned after a certain time.

*환퇴인싱ᄒᆞ다 s. 幻退人生 (환롱) (물너갈) (사람) (날) To return in the form of man after death. (Buddhism).

*환퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 幻退 (환롱) (물너갈) To metamorphose; to change. See 환싱ᄒᆞ다.

*환퇴ᄒᆞ다 s. 還退 (도라올) (물너갈) To demand a return of the article or the price after purchase or sale.

*환턱ᄒᆞ다 s. 還宅 (도라올) (집) To return home (Hon.) See 환가ᄒᆞ다.

*환판 l. 換板 (밧골) (판) A change of condition; a new order of things. See 환국.

*환표 l. 換標 (밧골) (표) A bill of exchange; a letter of credit. See 환

*환채ᄒᆞ다 s. 還債 (도라올) (빗) To repay a debt.

*환향ᄒᆞ다 s. 還鄕 (도라올) (싀골) To return to one's native country.

*환형ᄒᆞ다 l. 換形 (밧골) (얼골) To be changed—in appearance; to be transformed. See 환양ᄒᆞ다.

*환호ᄒᆞ다 s. 歡呼 (깃븜) (부를) To shout with joy.

*환후 l. 患候 (근심) (씨) Sickness; condition of health—of the king.

*환후평복 l. 患候平復 (근심) (씨) (평홀) (회복) Recovery from sickness. (Hon.) (되다).

*환희ᄒᆞ다 s. 歡喜 (깃븜) (깃블) To be pleased; to be glad; to be happy.

*환ᄒᆞ다 l. 煥 (빗날) To be clear; to be bright; to be brilliant. See 분명ᄒᆞ다.

*환ᄒᆞ다 l. 換 (밧골) To exchange—as money, goods etc., to change.

*환헌풍파 l. 宦海風波 (벼슬) (바다) (바람) (물결) The waves and winds of official duty. See 경헌풍파.

*활 s. 弓 (*궁) A bow—in archery. (쏘다).

*활거 s. 滑車 (밋그러울) (수레) Gin block; a pulley.

*활계 s. 活計 (살) (계교) The means of subsistence; a livelihood; a living.

활고자이 s. The ends of a bow to which the string is fastened.

활딱 s. With a flash; with a burst.

*활달ᄒᆞ다 s. 濶達 (넓을) (통달) To be liberal; to be indulgent; to be free. See 활여ᄒᆞ다.

활대 s. Sail yards.

*활동력 s. 活動力 (살) (움직일) (힘) Activity; moving power.

*활동물 s. 活動物 (살) (움직일) (만물) A moving object.

*활동사진 s. 活動寫眞 (살) (움직일) (쏠) (참) Moving pictures.

*활동ᄒᆞ다 s. 活動 (살) (움직일) To be lifelike, to be movable; to be active. See 활발ᄒᆞ다.

활등곳다 s. 곳하; 흔 To be like a bow; to be bent.

활량 s. 閑良 (한가—*한) (어질—*량) An archer The unofficial masses.

*활로 s. 活路 (살) (길) Way or means of living; subsistence, livelihood.

*활물 s. 活物 (살) (물건) Living things.

*활발ᄒᆞ다 s. 活潑 (살) (활발홀) To be liberal; to be free; to be fine. See 활여ᄒᆞ다.

*활변 s. 滑便 (밋그러울) (똥) Severe diarrhoea; watery stools. (보다). See 설사.

활부비 s. 弓錐 (활—*궁) (송곳—*추) A bow-string drill—for boring holes.

*활빈당 s. 活貧黨 (살) (간난) (무리) Outlaws who rob in order to feed the poor.

활삭 s. Quickly; all at once.

*활석 s. 滑石 (밋그러울) (돌) Steatite.

활쏘다 s. 射 (쏠—*사) 쏘아; 쏜 To shoot with a bow. See 춘놋다.

*활슈 s. 濶手 (넓을) (손) A liberal hand; an extravagant person.

활시위 s. 弓絃 (활—*궁) (시위—*현) A bow-string.

*활여ᄒᆞ다 s. 豁如 (넓을) (ᄀᆞᆺᄒᆞᆯ) To be liberal-minded, to be open-hearted. *See* 활달ᄒᆞ다.

*활옷 s. A female sorcerer's embroidered coat.

*활용ᄒᆞ다 s. 活用 (살) (쓸) To be serviceable; to employ; to use; to utilize.

*활인소 s. 活人所 (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (바) A public house for the distribution of help.

*활인지방 s. 活人之方 (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) (갈, 모) A work of benefaction; giving life.

*활인ᄒᆞ다 s. 活人 (살) (사ᄅᆞᆷ) To be a benefactor; to save life; to succor. *See* 구제ᄒᆞ다.

활격 s. With a start; of a sudden.

*활전 s. 活栓 (살) (나무) Faucet.

활집 s. A bow case.

*활ᄌᆞ s. 活字 (살) (글ᄌᆞ) Movable type—of printing.

*활판 s. 活版 (살) (조각) Printing by means of movable type.

*활판소 s. 活版所 (살) (조각) (곳) A printing office; a printing establishment.

*활협ᄒᆞ다 s. 闊狹 (넓을) (좁을) To be kind, to be charitable, to be tender.

*활ᄒᆞ다 s. 滑 (밋그러울) To be loose; to be smooth.

*활계 s. 滑稽 (밋그러울) (샹고ᄒᆞᆯ—*계) Eloquence. *See* 구변.

*활화 s. 活畫 (살) (그림) A painting; a life like-picture.

활활놀다 l. 아; 논 To fly flapping way. *See* 훨훨.

활활풀다 l. 풀어; 푼 To undo hurriedly.

홱 s. Suddenly; quickly.

홱부다 l. 부러; 분 To blow with a gust or burst.

홱홱ᄒᆞ다 l. [illegible]어; [illegible] To undo hurriedly.

홰 s. 椸 (홰대 —*이) A pole on which clothes are hung. *See* 홰대.

홰 s. 塒 (*시) A hen-roost; a perch for fowls (ᄯᅳ다).

홰 s. 炬 (*거) A torch. (민다).

홰군 s. [illegible] 炬軍 (홰—*거) (군ᄉᆞ—*군) A torch-bearer. (내다) (나다) (서다).

홰군나다 s. 나; 난 To accompany—as a torch-bearer.

홰군내다 s. 내여; 낸 To provide a torch-bearer.

홰대 s. (홰 椸 *이) A horizontal pole used as a clothes rack. *See* 홰.

홰불나다 s. (—불) 나; 난 To scatter sparks—as from a blow. To carry torches.

홰서다 s. 서; 선 To accompany—as a torch-bearer. *See* 홰군나다.

홰ᄌᆞᆨ홰ᄌᆞᆨ l. Swinging the arms—as in walking.

홰홰 l. Round and round. *See* 휘휘.

홱 s. With a jerk; with a snap (ᄯᅢ리다). *See* 휙.

홱홱 s. and l. With a jerk; blow after blow. *See* 휙휙.

횅뎅그렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To go round and round. To be vacant; to be waste; to be empty.

횅횅 l. Round and round. Vacant.

횅ᄒᆞ다 l. 空 (뷜—*공) To be empty; to be deserted; to be vacant. *See* 뷔이다.

황 s. A number of dominoes that do not match—things that are inconvenient, unsuitable.

*황 s. 磺 (류황) Sulphur; brimstone. *See* 류황

*황 s. 黃 (누루) Yellow.

*황각 s. 黃藿 (누루) (메역—*곽) Yellow seaweed.

*황간 s. 黃澗 (누루) (시내) A prefect in Ch'ung-ch'ung-do. Lat. 36.08. Long. 127.55.

*황갈색 s. 黃褐色 (누루) (갈방어) (빗) Yellowish brown colour.

*황갈후 s. 黃褐鴿 (누루) (갈방이 [illegible]) A yellow brown pigeon.

*황감 s. 黃柑 (누루) (감ᄌᆞ) The loose-jacket or mandarin orange *Citrus nobilis*. A special examination held each autumn.

*황강슈 s. 磺鏹水 (류황) (황강수) (물) Sulphuric acid.

*황건력ᄉᆞ s. 黃巾力士 (누루) (슈건) (힘) (션비) The chief of spirits as invoked by exorcists. *See* 신장.

*황건적 s. 黃巾賊 (누루) (슈건) (도적) The Yellow Cap Rebels—whose rebellion (A.D. 184) led to the fall of the Han dynasty (China). A mourner.

*황겁ᄒᆞ다 s. 惶㤼 (두려울) (겁낼) To be afraid; to be fearful; to be in terror. *See* 황공ᄒᆞ다.

*황견 s. 黃繭 (누루) (고치) A silkworm's cocoon of yellow colour.

*황계 s. 黃鷄 (누루) (닭) A yellow cock.

*황계사 s. 黃鷄詞 (누루) (닭) (글) The yellow cock song

*황경 s. 荒徑 (것칠) (길) A narrow path.

*황경헌 s. 黃景憲 (누루) (볕) (근원) F.S. 長水. N.P. 江陵. A noted courtier of the reign of king Yŏng-jong.

*황경피 s. 黃桂皮 (누루) (계—*빅) (가죽) The yellow back of the *Phellodendron amurense*.

*황골되다 s. 黃骨 (누루) (뼈) 됴저; 진 To become yellow—of the bones in an ancestral grave.

*황공근언 s. 惶恐謹言 (두려울) (두려울) (삼갈) (말숨) Respectfully addressed; respectfully yours; your obedient servant.

*황공ᄒᆞ다 s. 惶恐 (두려울) (두려울) To fear; to dread. *See* 황겁ᄒᆞ다.

*황구링이 s. 黃蛇 (누루) (비암 -*샤) A variety of serpent. *See* 황구리.

*황구리 s. 黃蛇 (누루) (비암—*샤) A variety of serpent. *See* 산망어.

*황구신 s. 黃狗腎 (누루) (개) (신) The penis of a yellow dog—used as medicine.

*황구피 s. 黃狗皮 (누루) (개) (가죽) Yellow dogskins.

*황국 s. 皇國 (님금) (나라) The Emperor's country.

*황국 s. 黃菊 (누루) (국화) The yellow chrysanthemum. *See* 황화.

*황국 s. 皇國 (님금) (나라) An Empire.

*황궁 s. 皇宮 (님금) (집) The Imperial palace.

*황궁경부 s. 皇宮警部 (님금) (집) (날혀올) (ᄉᆡ) A Police Sergeant of the Palace.

*황궁경찰셔 s. 皇宮警察署 (님금) (집) (날혀올) (ᄉᆞᆯ집) (마을) The Police Station of the Palace.

*황극면 s. 皇極殿 (황뎨) (구장) (집) The Imperial quarters in the palace at Peking.

*황근 黃蓳 (누루) (나물) *Corydalis pallida*.

*황금 s. 黃金 (누루) (쇠) Yellow gold; gold. *See* 별은.

*황금 s. 黃芩 (누루) (풀) A yellow root from which medicine is made; *Berberis repalensis*.

*황금세계 s. 黃金世界 (누루) (쇠) (인간) (디경) The money-world, or the world where money is the only object; also in the sense of the Golden Age.

*황기 s. 黃芪 (누루) (풀) The root of the *Pharmica sibirica*.

*황녀 s. 皇女 (님금) (계집) A daughter of the Emperor.

*황년 s. 荒年 (것칠) (히) A year of famine. *See* 흉년.

*황다 s. 黃茶 (누루) (차) A kind of medicinal plant.

*황단 s. 黃丹 (누루) (붉을) Yellow lead.

*황단 s. 皇壇 (님금) (단) The imperial memorial—a pagoda erected in memory of the imperial line.

황단ᄒᆞ다 s To be dangerous, to be disastrous. (Prov.) *See* 위태ᄒᆞ다.

*황답 s. 荒畓 (것칠) (논) Barren paddy-fields. *See* 박답.

*황달 s. 黃疸 (누루) (병) Jaundice. *See* 옥달.

*황당지셜 s. 荒唐之說 (것칠) (나라) (갈) (말숨) Wild stories; incoherent talk; lies. *See* 허황지셜.

*황당ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒唐 (것칠) (나라) To be wild; to be incoherent; to be untrustworthy. *See* 맹랑ᄒᆞ다.

*황덕 s. 皇德 (황뎨) (큰) The Imperial beneficence of favour.

황덕이 s. A brazier; a fire-pot. (Prov) *See* 화로.

*황뎐 s. 荒田 (것칠) (밧) Barren fields. *See* 박뎐.

*황뎝 s. 黃蝶 (누루) (나뷔) A yellow butterfly

*황뎨 s. 皇帝 (님금) (님금) An emperor. *See* 황상.

*황뎨 s. 黃帝 (누루) (님금) The Yellow Emperor—B. C. 2697. The spirit of the ground or the centre of the cardinal points.

*황뎨지관졍 s. 皇帝直判廳 (님금) (님금) (마르칠) (마을) The court of King's Bench.

*황뎡욱 s. 黃廷彧 누루) (조뎡) (ᄉᆡᆼ날) F.S. 長水 N.P. 丰川. A general of the time of *Sŏn-jo*.

*황도 s. 皇都 (님금) (도읍) The Imperial capital.

*황도 s. 黃道 (누루) (길) The ecliptic the orbit of the sun.

*황동 s. 黃銅 (누루) (구리) Brass. *See* 쥬석.

*황동젼 s. 黃銅錢 (누루) (구리) (돈) Bronze coins—of the new mint. *See* 황젼.

*황두 s. 黃豆 (누루) (팟) A kind of yellow bean.

*황디 s. 荒地 (것칠) (짜) Barren land; a desert. *See* 황무디

*황디개발 s. 荒地開發 (거칠) (짜) (헐) (필) To break up waste land—for cultivation.

*황락ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒落 (것칠) (떠러질) A deserted village.

*황량ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒凉 (것칠) (서늘) To be wild and solitary; to be lonesome; to be lonely. To be desolate; to be deserted; to be ruined.

*황려 s. 黃鸝 (누루) (꼬리) A singing bird the *Oriolus cruentus*.

*황력 s. 皇曆 (황뎨) (칙력) The Imperial calendar.

*황련 s. 黃連 (누루) (련) Rhizomes of the *Coptis teeta*.

*황령제 s. 皇靈祭 (님금) (신령) (제소) A day for the worship of the Imperial Ancestors. (Japan).

*황령제일 s. 皇靈祭日 (님금) (신령) (제소) (날) One of the national holidays of Japan. A day for the worship of imperial ancestors.

*황로 s. 荒路 (것칠) (길) A deserted road.

*황룡 s. 黃龍 (누루) (룡) The yellow dragon. *See* 청룡.

*황률 s. 黃栗 (누루) (밤) Dried yellow chestnuts. *See* 황밤.

*황릉 s. 荒陵 (것칠) (언덕) A ruined sepulchre.

*황릉 s. 皇陵 (님군) (언덕) An Imperial sepulchre.

*황리 s. 黃梨 (누루) (비) A yellow variety of pear. *Opp.* 청리. *See* 황실.

*황막ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒漠 (거칠) (아득ᄒᆞᆯ) To be waste and indistinct.

*황망 s. 黃虹 (누루) (버레) A goat.

*황망ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒亡 (것칠) (망ᄒᆞᆯ) To indulge in sporting and drinking; to love the chase and wine. (M.)

*황망ᄒᆞ다 s. 慌忙 (어지러울) (세ᄆᆞᆯ) To be hurried; to be agitated; to be flustered. *See* 분쥬ᄒᆞ다.

*황명 s. 皇命 (황뎨) (명ᄒᆞᆯ) Imperial commands.

*황모 s. 黃毛 (누루) (털억) Hair from the weasle's tail used for making pens.

*황무 s. 荒蕪 (누루) (것칠) Fine grain. (B.O.)

*황무디 s. 荒蕪地 (거칠) (거칠) (짜) Wilderness; an uncultivated piece of land; desolate region.

*황무ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒蕪 (거칠) (거칠) To be laid waste.

*황문이 s. 肛門 (창문이—*창) (문—*문) The anus; the rectum. *See* 똥문이.

*황민 s. 黃梅 (누루) (민화) The yellow plum-tree.

황발이 s. A crab—with two long feelers behind.

*황밤 s. 黃栗 (누루) (밤—*률) Dried shelled chestnuts. *See* 황률

*황벽 s. 黃蘗 (누루) (나무) *Phellodendron amurense*.

*황보인 s. 皇甫仁 (님금) (겨우) (어질) F.S. 永川. N.P. 芝峯 A noted minister of the time of king Tan-jong.

*황봉 s. 黃蜂 (누루) (벌) A wasp.

*황비 s. 皇妃 (님금) (계집) The Empress; the Queen.

*황빅 s. 黃栢 (누루) (잣) The yellow bark of the *Phellodendron amurense*.

*황빅 s. 黃白 (누루) (흰) Yellow and white; gold and silver.

*황빅피 s. 黃栢皮 (누루) (잣) (가죽) The bark of the *phellodendron amurense*.

*황산화슈은 s. 黃酸化水銀 (누루) (실) (질) (물) (은) Yellow Oxide of Mercury.

황서 s. 鸛 (*관) A heron.

*황상 s. 皇上 (황뎨) (웃) An emperor. The Emperor; His Majesty. *See* 현조.

*황상폐하 s. 皇上陛下 (님금) (웃) (섬들) (아릭) His Majesty our Emperor.

*황석공 s. 黃石公 (누루) (돌) (리인) The yellow stone elder, a legendary being of China.

황석어 s. A small sea fish.

*황설 s. 謊說 (거짓말) (말ᄉᆞᆷ) A falsehood; a lie. *See* 망설.

*황성 s. 皇城 (황뎨) (재) The walls of the Imperial City; the fortifications of Peking. The imperial city; the capital.

황소 s. 牡牛 (슈컷—*모) (소—*우) A bull. *See* 황요. *Opp.* 암소.

*황손 s. 皇孫 (황손) (손자) The Descendant of Amaterasu-Omikami—a title of the Emperor.

*황송하에 s. 惶悚中 (두려울) (두려울) (가운데) In fear; in dread—before majesty or in the presence of officials. *See* 죄송하에.

*황송하다 s. 惶悚 (두려울) (두려울) To fear; to dread; to stand in awe of. *See* 죄송하다.

*황쇼쥬 s. 黃燒酒 (누루) (불살을) (술) Yellow distilled spirit.

*황수신 s. 黃守身 (누루) (지킬) (몸) A.D. 1467. F.S. 良木. A noted minister of the time king of Se-jo.

*황수은제 s. 黃水銀劑 (누루) (물) (은) (약지을) Yellow metal wash.

*황슐네 s. 黃梨 (누루) (비—*ri*) A yellow variety of pear. *Opp.* 청슐네. *See* 황리.

*황신흑영 s. 黃身黑點 (누루) (몸) (검을) (점) A yellow serpent spotted black—used as an article of food.

*황실 s. 皇室 (황제) (집) The Imperial House or Dynasty; the Emperor's House.

*황실경비 s. 皇室經費 (님금) (집) (지날) (허비) The Imperial House expenditure. *Also* 황실비.

*황실뎐범 s. 皇室典範 (님금) (집) (법) (법) The Imperial House Law.

*황실범 s. 皇室犯 (님금) (집) (범홀) Treason. *See* 국소범.

*황실비 s. 皇室費 (님금) (집) (허비) The Emperor's Household expenditures.

*황실지산 s. 皇室財産 (님금) (집) (지물) (날) Imperial property or possessions.

*황소 s. 黃絲 (누루) (실) Yellow thread.

*황식 s. 黃色 (누루) (빗) Yellow colour.

*황어어 s. 黃魚魚 (누루) (거둘) (고기) *Latylus argentatus.*

*황인인 s. 黃色人 (누루) (빗) (사롬) Yellow people or Mongolians.

*황인죵 s. 黃色人種 (누루) (빗) (사롬) (씨) Yellow or Mongolian race.

*황야 s. 荒野 (거칠) (들) A wilderness or desert; waste land.

*황양 s. 黃楊 (누루) (버들) The yellow-willow.

*황양목 s. 黃楊木 (누루) (버들) (나무) Yellow willow wood. *Buxus.*

*황양산 s. 黃陽傘 (누루) (볏) (일산) The yellow umbrella banner—carried before the Emperor. *See* 홍양산.

*황어 s. 黃魚 (누루) (고기) The dace.

*황언 s. 謊言 (거짓말) (말솜) Falsehood.

*황역스 s. 皇曆使 (황뎨) (칙력) (보내실) The envoy who brings the Imperial calendar from China.

*황연대각하다 / 恍然大覺 (황연홀) (그럴) (굳) (세도를) To understand perfectly; to see through clearly.

*황연하다 / 恍然 (황연홀) (그럴) To be clear; to be manifest. *See* 요연하다.

황오리 s. 雄鴨 (슈컷—*ŏ*) (오리—*ari*) A yellow duck.

*황옥 s. 黃玉 (누루) (구슬) Yellow jade.

*황옥석 s. 黃玉石 (누루) (구슬) (돌) Topaz.

*황요 s. 黃牛 (슈컷—*ŏ*) (소—*ŏ*) A bull. *Also* 황소.

*황우 s. 黃牛 (누루) (소) Yellow cattle; a chestnut coloured cow or ox.

황우장ᄉᆞᆫ L A knickknack peddler.

*황운뎍 s. 黃雲敵 (누루) (구름) (뎍긔) The yellow chrysanthemum. *See* 국운뎍.

*황위 s. 皇位 (님금) (벼슬) The Imperial Throne.

*황위 s. 皇威 (님금) (위엄) The influence or dignity of the Emperor; the Imperial authority.

*황육 s. 黃肉 (누루) (고기) Beef. *See* 쇠고기.

*황은 s. 皇恩 (님금) (은혜) Blessings conferred by the Emperor; Imperial favours.

*황의 s. 黃衣 (누루) (옷) Yellow clothing. A yellow cover—of a book. *See* 황장.

*황인 s. 黃人 (누루) (사롬) The yellow race or Mongolians. *See* 황인죵.

*황인죵 s. 黃人種 (누루) (사롬) (씨) The yellow race.

*황장 s. 黃粧 (누루) (쏫일) A yellow cover—of a book.

*황원 s. 荒原 (것칠) (언덕) A wilderness or desert; a waste moorland; a wild heath; waste land.

*황장력 s. 黃粧曆 (누루 (쏫일) (칙력) A yellow covered calendar.

*황작 s. 黃雀 (누루) (새) A gold-finch.

*황저 s. 皇儲 (님금) (저축) The Imperial successor; the Heir-apparent to the Throne.

*황전 s. 黃錢 (누루) (돈) Bronze money. *See* 황동전.

*황정 s. 黃精 (누루) (정밀) A kind of medicine—supposed to restore youth etc. *See* 무릇.

*황저포 s. 黃苧布 (누루) (모시) (베) A kind of yellow grass cloth.

*황조 s. 皇祚 (님금) (복조) The Imperial Throne.

*황족 s. 皇族 (님금) (겨레) The Imperial Family, or a Member of the Imperial Family; person of the Blood Royal; relation of the Emperor.

*황죠 s. 皇朝 (님금) (아청) The Imperial Court; the Imperial Dynasity.

*황조 s. 黃鳥 (누루) (새) A singing bird; *the Attira cantans*; oriole.

*황주 s. 黃鐘 (누루) (쇠북) One of the 12 notes of Chinese music.

*황쥬 s. 黃州 (누루) (고을) A prefect in Whang hai do. Lat. 38.55 Long. 125.42.

*황지 s. 黃紙 (누루) (조희) Yellow paper —made from oatstraw.

*황조 s. 皇子 (황뎨) (은둉) A son or child of the Emperor; a Prince of Blood

*황지 s. 蝗災 (눗) (지앙) A plague of locusts. *See* 즁지.

*황차 s. 黃茶 (누루) (차) Yellow tea. *See* 황다.

*황차 *l.* 況且 (또) (또) Moreover, besides; much more or much less. *See* 우황.

*황천 s. 黃泉 (누루) (심) The yellow springs—Hades; the next world. *See* 디하.

*황천직 s. 黃泉客 (누루) (심) (손) A lodger in Hades—one dead and buried.

*황촌 s. 荒村 (것칠) (마을) A deserted village.

*황초 s. 黃燭 (누루) (촛불 *촉) Yellow wax candles—used specially in sacrificial services. *See* 밀초. 황촉.

*황충이 s. 蝗虫 (눗) (버레) Locusts. *See* 황지.

*황칙 s. 皇勅 (님금) (칙서) An imperial decree, or written command.

*황칠 s. 黃漆 (누루) (옷칠) Yellow paint.

*황크로믹산포타시엄 s. 黃 酸 (누루) ..... (심) .. Yellow Chromate of Potassium.

*황탄무계ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒誕無稽 거짓 (허탄홀) (업슬) (샹고홀) To be false through and through with no possible excuse.

*황탄ᄒᆞ다 s. 謊誕 (거짓) (허탄홀) To be an absurdity, fallacy, sophism. To be absurd, fallacious, sophistical, or unfounded.

*황태조 s. 皇太子 (황뎨) (큰) (아들) The heir apparent to the throne of China.

*황태조뎐하 s. 皇太子殿下 (님금) (큰) (아들) (집) 아ᄒᆞ His Highness the Prince Imperial

*황태후 s. 皇太后 (님금) (큰) (님금) The Empress Dowager.

*황텬 s. 皇天 (황뎨) (하ᄂᆞᆯ) The sky, heaven.

*황텬후토 s. 皇天后土 님금 (하ᄂᆞᆯ) 님금 (ᄯᅡᆼ) Heaven and earth. *See* 텬디.

*황동 s. 黃銅 (누루) (쇠) Brass.

*황뎡광 s. 黃鐵礦 (누루) (쇠) (쇠돌) Iron pyrites.

*황호 s. 荒土 (것칠) (ᄯᅡ) Waste land; vacated ground.

*황토 s. 黃土 (누루) (흙) Yellow earth; clay; loess. A kind of yellow paint.

*황토슈 s. 黃土水 (누루) (흙) (물) Yellow clay water—a decoction made from a mixture of yellow earth and human excrement.

*황통 s. 皇統 (황뎨) (거ᄂᆞᆯ) The Imperial genealogy or pedigree.

*황폐ᄒᆞ다 s. 荒廢 (것칠) (폐홀 To become waste; to be desolated.

*황포 s. 黃袍 누루 도포, The yellow Imperial robe.

*황하 s. 黃河 (누루) (하슈) The Yellow River.

*황하슈 s. 黃河水 누루 (하슈) (물 The Yellow River.

*황학령 黃鶴翎 (누루) (학) (깃) A kind of yellow chrysanthemum.

*황헌 s. 黃憲 (누루, 법) A.D. 150' F.S. 紹州. A chief minister of the reign of Myong-jong.

*황혼 s. 黃昏 누루 (어두울) Twilight; dusk. *See* 초져녁.

*황홀난측 *l.* 恍惚難測 황홀홀 (황홀홀) (어려울) (측량홀 Confusion worse confounded

*황홀ᄒᆞ다 *l.* 恍惚 (황홀홀) (황홀홀) To be confused, To be dim, to be blurred. *See* 혼란ᄒᆞ다.

*황후 s. 皇后 (황후) (님금) The Empress.

*황후궁 s. 皇后宮 (님금) (님금) (집) Office of the Empress' Affairs.

*황후폐하 s. 皇后陛下 (님금) (님금) (셤들) (아래) Her Majesty the Empress.

*황희 s. 黃喜 (누루) (깃불) A.D. 1389-1392. A courtier of four Kings F.S. Chan su (C.I.) N.P Pang-ch'on (陂村).

*황히 s. 黃海 (누루) (바다) The Yellow Sea.

*황히도 s. 黃海道 (누루) (바다) (길) One of the western provinces of Korea.

*황화 s. 皇化 (님금) (될) The beneficient influence of the Emperor.

*황화 s. 黃華 (누루) (꼿) The yellow chrysanthemum. *See* 황국.

*황화치 s. 黃花菜 (누루) (꼿) (나물) *Iseris Thunbergii.*

*황황ᄒᆞ다 s. 遑遑 (거를) (거를) To be fearful; to be dangerous; to be startling.

*황황ᄒᆞ다 s. 皇皇 (님금) (님금) To be agitated; to be anxious. (M.)

*회당 s. (헌) 堂屋 (집) A mother's house; mother. (Epist.)

*회자ᄒᆞ다 s. 膾炙 (짓거릴) (구을) To be spread abroad, to be in the air. *See* 랑자ᄒᆞ다.

*회초근 s. 萱草根 (쏫) (풀) (뿌리) A kind of day lily *Hemerocallis graminea.*

*회창ᄒᆞ다 s. To be well developed; to be wide; to be superior.

*회석 s. Very; exceedingly—of what is large, great etc. *See* 활석.

*회신 s. Very; exceedingly—of what is large, wide etc. *See* 활신.

*회연 s. With a jump; with a spring. Very; exceedingly. *See* 활연.

*회활 l. Flying; speeding. (ᄃᆞᆫ다). Wide; vast. *See* 활활.

*훼가출ᄉᆞᆨᄒᆞ다 l. 毁家出洞 (집) (집) (날) (고을) To destroy the house and drive the occupants from the village.

*훼방ᄒᆞ다 l. 毁謗 (헐) (ᄆᆞᆯ) To slander, to backbite; to vilify. *See* 비방ᄒᆞ다.

*훼ᄉᆡᆨ히다 l. 毁辱 (헐) 비방 – *방) 쑤려, 린 To scold; to tongue-lash.

*훼상ᄒᆞ다 l. 毁傷 (헐) (샹ᄒᆞᆯ) To hurt, damage; to injure.

*훼예 l. 毁譽 (헐) (기릴) Censure and praise.

*훼절ᄒᆞ다 l. 毁節 (헐) (마듸) To break proper form; to fail in right custom.

*훼철ᄒᆞ다 l. 毁撤 (헐) (것을) To clear away; to close up business; to close.

훵뎡그렁ᄒᆞ다 s. To be waste; to be vast and empty.

훵ᄒᆞ다 s. To be vacant; to be waste. *See* 훵뎡그렁ᄒᆞ다.

END.

諸國年代表

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C.
[五帝 오제]					
太昊伏羲氏 (태호복희씨)	.....	.....	Enoch, Noah	己丑 (기축)	2852
炎帝神農氏 (염제신농씨)	... ..	.....	... ..	甲申 (갑신)	2737
黃帝軒轅氏 (황제헌원씨)	. ....	.... .	.....	甲辰 (갑진)	2697
少昊金天氏 (쇼호금천씨)	.. ...	.....	.....	甲申 (갑신)	2597
顓頊高陽氏 (전욱고양씨)	.....	.....	.....	戊辰 (무진)	2513
帝嚳高辛氏 (제곡고신씨)	... ..	.....	.. ...	丙戌 (병술)	2435
帝摯 (제지)	...	... ..	.. .	丙申 (병신)	2365
唐帝堯陶唐氏 (당제요도당씨)	...	..	(Deluge)	乙巳 (을사)	2356
	檀君 (단군)	.... .	....	甲申 (갑신)	2317
虞帝舜有虞氏 (우제순유우씨)		.. .	(Babel)	丙戌 (병술)	2255
[夏禹 하우]					
大禹 (대우) (夏后 하후)	.... .	....	.....	丙子 (병자)	2205
啓 (계)	.. ...	. ...	.....	甲申 (갑신)	2197
太康 (태강)	. ..	.....	Egypt founded	癸巳 (계사)	2188
仲康 (중강)	.....	.....	.. ...	壬戌 (임술)	2159

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C.
相(상)	..	.....	. ....	乙亥(을해)	2146
(왕위가문히짐)	... .	..	....	癸卯(계묘)	2118
少康(쇼강)	.....	. .	.....	壬午(임오)	2079
杼(저)	...	. .	(Assyria founded)	壬寅(임인)	2059
槐(괴)	..	.....	.	辛酉(신유)	2040
芒(망)	....	.....	. .	丁亥(정해)	2014
泄(설)	. ..	... .	.....	乙酉(을유)	1996
不降(불강)	....	.....	.....	辛丑(신축)	1980
扃(경)	....	.	Abraham	庚申(경신)	1921
厪(근)	.....	.. ..		辛巳(신사)	1900
孔甲(공갑)	.	. . ..	(Sodom destroyed)	壬寅(임인)	1879
皐(고)	. ..	.....	Isaac	癸酉(계유)	1848
發(발)	. ..	.....	.	甲申(갑신)	1837
桀癸(걸계)	. ..	.....	Jacob	癸卯(계묘)	1818
[商紀 상기]					
成湯(성탕)	... ..	.....	... .	乙未(을미)	1766
太甲(태갑)	. .	..	Job	戊申(무신)	1753
沃丁(옥정)	.	... ..	(Joseph sold into Egypt)	辛巳(신사)	1720
太庚(태경)	..	.....	. ..	庚寅(경인)	1691
小甲(쇼갑)	...	.	... .	乙亥(을해)	1666
雍己(옹긔)	.....	.	... ..	壬辰(임진)	1649
太戊(태무)	.....	.. .	. ..	甲辰(갑진)	1637

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C.
仲丁(중명)	.... .	... .	Moses	己未(기미)	1562
外壬(외임)	.. ..	. ....	Joshua	壬申(임신)	1549
河亶甲(하단갑)	..	.....	.....	丁亥(정해)	1534
祖乙(조을)	.. .	.....	.. ...	丙申(병신)	1525
祖辛(조신)	.	.....	.....	乙卯(을묘)	1506
沃甲(옥갑)	.....	. ....	.....	辛亥(신해)	1490
祖丁(조명)	. .	.....	.. .	丙申(병신)	1465
南庚(남경)	... ..	.....	... .	戊辰(무진)	1433
陽甲(양갑)	. ..	... ..	. .	癸巳(계사)	1408
[殷紀 은기]					
盤庚(반경)	. ....	. . .	.....	庚子(경자)	1401
小辛(소신)	.. ..	.....	.....	戊申(무신)	1373
小乙(소을)	..	.....	.....	己丑(기축)	1352
武丁(무명)	.....	.....	.... .	丁巳(명사)	1324
祖庚(조경)	. ...	. ....	.....	丙辰(병진)	1265
祖甲(조갑)	. ...	.. .	.....	癸亥(계해)	1258
廩辛(름신)	.....	.....	Gideon	丙申(병신)	1225
庚丁(경명)	.....	. ...	. .. .	壬寅(임인)	1219
武乙(무을)	....	.....	. .	癸卯(계묘)	1198
太丁(태명)	.... .	.....	.....	丁未(명미)	1194
帝乙(뎨을)	.....	.....	(Troy taken)	庚戌(경술)	1191
紂辛(쥬신)	.....	.....	Eli	丁未(명미)	1154

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C.
[周紀 元年]			Aceras		
武王(무왕)	箕子(기자)	...	.	己卯(기묘)	1122
成王(성왕)	.	.....	Samson	丙戌(병술)	1115
康王(강왕)	. .	....	Samuel	癸卯(계묘)	1078
昭王(쇼왕)	.. .	..	Saul, David	己巳(기사)	1052
穆王(목왕)	... .	.....	Solomon (First Temple)	庚辰(경진)	1001
共王(공왕)	.. .	. .	... .	乙亥(을히)	946
懿王(의왕)	.....	.. ...	.. ...	丁亥(정히)	934
孝王(효왕)	... .	. .	Elijah, Homer	壬子(임자)	909
夷王(이왕)	.. ...	.... .	.....	丁卯(정묘)	894
厲王(여왕)	. ....	.... .	. ....	癸未(계미)	878
宣王(선왕)	.....	.... .	Amos	甲戌(갑술)	827
幽王(유왕)	.....	... ..	Isaiah	庚子(경자)	781
平王(평왕)	.. ..		Hosea, Micah	庚戌(경술)	771
桓王(환왕)	.	. .	(Rome founded) Hezekiah	辛卯(신묘) 壬戌(임술)	750 719
莊王(장왕)	..	. ...	(Ten tribes taken) Joel	丁卯(정묘) 乙酉(을유)	714 696
僖王(희왕)	.	. ....	. . .	庚子(경자)	681
惠王(혜왕)	. .			乙巳(을사)	676
襄王(양왕)	. .	神武天皇(신무천황)	.	辛酉(신유) 庚午(경오)	660 651

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES;	干支	B.C.
頃王(경왕)	.....	.....	.....	癸卯(계묘)	618
匡王(광왕)	.....	.....	Solon, Zephaniah	己酉(기유)	612
定王(정왕)	....	.....	Jeremiah, Aesop	乙卯(을묘)	606
簡王(간왕)	.....	.....	Ezekiel, Daniel	丙子(병자)	585
		綏靖天皇(유정천황)	Nebuchadnezzar	庚辰(경진)	581
靈王(령왕)	..	..	Darius, Cyrus	庚寅(경인)	571
		安寧天皇(안녕천황)	.....	癸丑(계축)	548
景王(경왕)	.....	.....	.....	丁巳(정사)	544
敬王(경왕)	.....	.....	..	壬午(임오)	519
		懿德天皇(의덕천황)	Herodotus, Confucius	辛卯(신묘)	510
元王(원왕)	.....	孝照天皇(효소천황)	Socrates	丙寅(병인)	475
貞定王(정정왕)	.....	.....	Artaxerxes, Malachi	癸酉(계유)	468
考王(고왕)	.....	.....	Nehemiah	辛丑(신축)	440
威烈王(위렬왕)	.....	.....	Plato	丙辰(병신)	425
安王(안왕)	....	....	Aristotle	庚辰(경진)	401
		孝安天皇(효안천황)	Diogenes	己丑(기축)	392
烈王(렬왕)	....	.....	Demosthenes	丙午(병오)	375
顯王(현왕)	.....	.....	.....	癸丑(계축)	368
			Alexander	戊戌(무술)	323
愼靚王(신정왕)	.....	.....	.....	辛丑(신축)	320
赧王(난왕)	.....	.....	Euclid	丁未(정미)	314
		孝靈天皇(효령천황)	.....	辛未(신미)	290
東周君(동주군)	....	.....	.....	丙午(병오)	255

支那	朝鮮	日本	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C
[秦紀 진기]					
昭襄王 (소양왕)				丙午 (병오)	255
孝文王 (효문왕)				辛亥 (신해)	250
莊襄王 (장양왕)				壬子 (임자)	249
政王 (정왕)				乙卯 (을묘)	246
始皇帝 (시황제)	準 (준) (기자 삼십일대손)		Hannibal	己巳 기사	232
			Antiochus the Great	庚辰 경진	221
		孝元天皇 (효원천황)		丁亥 (정해)	214
二世皇帝 (이세황제)	衛滿 (위만) (연나라사람)			壬辰 (임진)	209
[西漢 서한]					
高祖 (고조)				乙未 (을미)	206
惠帝 (혜제)				丁亥 (정해)	194
高后 (고후)				甲寅 (갑인)	187
呂氏 (려씨)				甲午 (갑오)	187
文帝 (문제)				庚寅 (경인)	179
		開化天皇 (개화천황)		甲申 (갑신)	157
景帝 (경제)				乙酉 (을유)	156
武帝 (무제)				辛丑 (신축)	140
		崇神天皇 (숭신천황)	Julius Caesar, Cicero	甲子 (갑자)	97
昭帝 (소제)				乙未 (을미)	86
		垂仁天皇 (수인천황)		壬辰 (임진)	29

新羅		高句麗		百濟		日本		支那			CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	B.C.
國王	年紀	國王	年紀	國王	年紀	天皇	年紀	皇帝	年號				
朴赫居世 (박혁거세)	1	.....	...	.....	...	崇神 (숭신)	41	漢宣帝 (한선제)	五鳳 (오봉)		Caesar in Britain	甲子 (갑자)	57
	21	琉明王 (유명왕)	1	.....	...	... ..	61	元帝 (원제)	建昭 (건소)	2	.....	甲申 (갑신)	37
	39	琉璃王 (류리왕)	1	.....	...	垂仁 (수인)	11	成帝 (성제)	鴻嘉 (홍가)	2	.....	壬寅 (임인)	19
	40	.....	2	扶餘通辭王 (부여온조왕)	1	.... .	12	.		3	.....	癸卯 (계묘)	18
								哀帝 (애제)	建平 (건평)	1	.....	乙卯 (을묘)	6
朴南解 (박남해)	1	.....	23	.....	22	.. ...	23	平帝 (평제)	元始 (원시)	4	.....	甲子 (갑자)	A.D. 1
								孺子嬰 (유자영)	居攝 (거섭)	6	.....	丙寅 (병인)	6
朴儒理 (박유리)	15	武神王 (무신왕)	1	.....	36	.....	47	王莽 (왕망)	地皇 (지황)	3	.....	戊寅 (무인)	18
	1	.....	7	... ..	42	.....	53	淮陽王 (회양왕)	更始 (경시)	2	.....	甲申 (갑신)	21
	2	.....	8	.....	43	.....	54	帝 玄 (제 현)		3	.....	甲申 (갑신)	24
	5	.....	11	多婁王 (다루왕)	1	... .	57	光武 (광무)	建武 (건무)	4	. ...	戊子 (무자)	28
	21	閔中王 (민중왕)	1	.....	17	....	73	.....		29		甲辰 (갑진)	44
	25	慕本王 (모본왕)	1	.....	21	... ..	77	.....		34	Curiatacus	戊申 (무신)	48

諸國年代表

A.D.	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	支那 帝號	年紀	日本 天皇	年紀	百濟 國王	年紀	高勾麗 國王	年紀	新羅 國王	年紀
53	癸丑 (계축)	.....		29		82	.. ..					30
57	丁巳 (정사)	.....	中元 (중원)	2	.. ..						昔脫解 (석탈해)	1
59	己未 (기미)	.....	永平 (영평)	1	明帝 (명제)	88	.. ..		.. ..	7		3
77	丁丑 (정축)	... ..	建初 (건초)	2	章帝 (장제)	7	景行 (경행)	1	...	25		21
83	庚辰 (경진)	...		5	.	10	.	1	.. ..	28	朴婆娑 (박파사)	1
89	己丑 (기축)	..	永元 (영원)	1	和帝 (화제)							
106	丙午 (병오)	.. ..	延平 (연평)	1	殤帝 (상제)							
112	壬辰 (임진)	.	永初 (영초)	6	安帝 (안제)	42	.	36		60	朴婆娑 (박파사)	1
125	戊辰 (무진)	Hadrian visits Britain (121)	永建 (영건)	3	順帝 (순제)	58	.....	4		76		17
131	辛未 (갑인)	....	陽嘉 (양가)	3			成務 (성무)	7	.....	82		1
135	乙酉 (을유)	....	永嘉 (영가)	1	沖帝 (충제)							
146	丙戌 (병술)	. ..	本初 (본초)	1	質帝 (질제)	16	.....	19	次大王 (차대왕)	1		19
154	甲午 (갑오)	.....	永興 (영흥)	2	桓帝 (환제)	24	.....	27	.. .	9	朴阿達羅 (박아달라)	1

新羅 國王	年紀	高勾麗 國王	年紀	百濟 國王	年紀	日本 天皇	年紀	支那 皇帝	年號	Contemporaries.	干支	A.D.
	12	新大王 (신대왕)	1	.....	38	.....	35	.....	延熹 8 (연희)	.....	乙巳 (을사)	165
	18	.....	2	肖古王 (초고왕)	1	.....	36	.....	9	...	丙午 (병오)	166
	26	故國川王 (고국천왕)	1	.....	14	.....	49	靈帝 (령 제)	光和 2 (광화)	.....	己未 (기미)	179
昔伐休 (석벌휴)	1	.....	6	.....	19	.....	64	.....	中平 1 (중평)	... ..	甲子 (갑자)	184
昔奈解 (석나히)	1	.....	18	. . ..	31	仲哀 (중 애)	6	獻帝 (헌 제)	建安 1 (건안)	.....	丙子 (병자)	196
	3	山上王 (산상왕)	1	.....	33	.....	7	.....	3	.....	戊寅 (무인)	198
	10	.... .	17	仇首王 (구수왕)	1	神功皇后 (신공황후)	14	. ..	19	Severus in Britain (208)	甲午 (갑오)	214
								(魏)昭烈帝 (쇼렐메)	章武 1 (장무)	.....	辛丑 (신축)	221
								後主 (후 쥬)	建興 1 (건흥)	.....	癸卯 (계묘)	223
								(魏)文帝 (문 메)	黃初 1 (황초)	.....	庚丁 (경정)	220
								明 帝 (명 메)	太和 1 (태화)	.....	丁未 (정미)	227
								殤 帝 (샹 메)	正始 1 (정시)	.....	庚申 (경신)	240
								少 帝 (쇼 메)	嘉平 1 (가평)	.....	己巳 (기사)	249

羅	新羅	高句麗	百濟	日本	支那	CONTEMPORARIES.	A.D.
國王	年紀	國王 年紀	國王 年紀	天皇 年紀	皇帝 年號	年號	干支	
					元帝(建安) 1	表元(建安) 1	庚辰(建安)	200
	82	故國川王 1		14	27	獻帝(延康) 6	丁未(黃初)	227
奈勿尼師今(奈勿王)	1	4	古尒王(古爾王) 17		30	明帝(青龍) 2	戊申(青龍)	228
	5	9		1	34	齊王(嘉平) 3	壬戌(嘉平)	231
訖解尼師今(訖解王)	1	23	11		47	高貴鄕公(正元) 19	丁卯(正元)	247
	5	仲川王(中川王) 1		15	48	元帝(咸熙) 11	戊辰(咸熙)	248
					晉帝(武帝) 1	建興(泰始) 1	己巳(泰始) 265	252
奈解尼師今(奈解王)	1	15	29		52	永安(泰始) 2	乙酉(泰始)	262
		西川王(西川王) 1		27	1	咸寧(泰始) 5	己丑(泰始)	269
助賁尼師今(助賁王)	1	15	51		15	太康(泰始) 10	庚寅(泰始)	274
	3	17	古爾王(近仇首王) 1		17	惠帝(永熙) 1	甲午(永熙)	298
	9	行上王(烽上王) 1	7		25	光熙(永熙) 1	丁丑(永熙)	302
奈解尼師今(奈解王)	1	7	肖古王(肖西王) 1		29	永嘉(永熙) 6	丙午(永嘉)	306

新羅 國王	年紀	高句麗 國王	年紀	百濟 國王	年紀	日本 天皇	年紀	支那 皇帝	年號		CONTEMPORARIES	干支	A.D.
	3	美川王 (미천왕)	1	……	3	……	31	……	永興 (영흥)	1	……	庚子 (경자)	300
	7	……	5	比流王 (비류왕)	1	……	35	……	永興 (영흥)	1	……	甲辰 (갑진)	304
昔訖解 (석흘해)	1	……	11	……	7	……	41	惠帝 (혜 제)	永興 (영흥)	4	……	庚戌 (경술)	310
								愍帝 (민 제)	建興 (건흥)	1	……	癸酉 (계유)	313
								(東晉)元帝 (원 제)	建武 (건무)	1	……	戊子 (무자)	318
								明帝 (명 제)	太寧 (태녕)	1	……	丙戌 (병술)	326
	22	故國原王 (고국원왕)	1	……	28	仁德 (인 덕)	19	成帝 (성 제)	咸和 (함화)	6	……	辛卯 (신묘)	331
	35	……	14	契王 (계 왕)	1	……	32	康帝 (강 제)	建元 (건원)	2	……	甲辰 (갑진)	344
	37	……	16	近肖古王 (근초고왕)	1	……	34	穆帝 (목 제)	永和 (영화)	2	……	丙午 (병오)	346
金奈勿 (금나물)	1	……	26	……	11	……	44	……		12	……	丙辰 (병진)	356
								哀帝 (애 제)	隆和 (융화)	1	……	壬戌 (임술)	362
						……		帝奕 (혁 제)	太和 (태화)	1	……	丙寅 (병인)	366
	16	小獸林王 (소수림왕)	1	……	26	……	59	簡文帝 (간문제)	咸安 (함안)	1	……	辛未 (신미)	371

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A.D	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那	支	日本		百濟		麗		羅	
			號 年	帝皇	年紀	皇天	年紀	王國	年紀	王國	年紀	王國
379	己卯	...	興隆 3	孝武帝	63	.....	1	近仇首王	5		20	
384	甲申	..	太元 9	...	72	.....	1	枕流王	1	故國壤王	29	
385	乙酉	.....	10	...	73	... ..	1	辰斯王	2	...	30	
392	壬辰	..	17	.....	80	.....	1	阿華王	1	廣國壤王	37	
402	壬寅	Saint Augustine	元興 1	安帝	3	履中	11	. ..	11	.	1	金奈解
405	乙巳	..	義熙 1	.	6	...	1	腆支王	14	...	4	
406	丙午	..	.....	...	1	反正						
413	癸酉		9	.	2	允恭	9	.....	1	長壽王	12	
417	丁巳	... ..	13	..	5	.	17	.	5	.	1	訥祇王
420	庚申	..	元熙 2	恭帝	1				8	久爾辛王	4	
420	庚申		永初 1	宋武帝								
423	癸亥		景平 1	少帝								
424	甲子	...	2	文陽王								

新羅		高句麗		百濟		日本		支那					
國王	年紀	國王	年紀	國王	年紀	天皇	年紀	皇帝	年號	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	A.D.
	11	. . ..	15	肖古王 (비유왕)	1	. .	16	文帝 (문 제)	元嘉 (원가) 4	.....	丁卯 (정묘)	427
	39	.....	43	蓋鹵王 (개로왕)	1	安康 (안 강)	2	孝武帝 (효무제)	孝建 (효건) 2	Romans leave Britain (446)	乙未 (을미)	455
金慕漆 (김모칠)	1	.. ...	46	.	4	雄略 (웅 략)	2	.....	大明 (대명) 2	English land in Britain (449)	戊戌 (무술)	458
								廢帝 (폐 제)	景和 (경화) 1	.....	乙巳 (을사)	465
								明帝 (명 제)	泰始 (태시) 1	.....	乙巳 (을사)	465
	18	...	63	文周王 (문주왕)	...	. ..	19	蒼梧王 (창오왕)	元徽 (원휘) 3	.....	乙卯 (을묘)	475
								主 昱 (주 욱)	.	.....	乙卯 (을묘)	475
	20	.....	65	文斤王 (문근왕)	1	.....	21	順 帝 (순 제)	昇明 (승명) 1	.....	丁巳 (정사)	477
金姐智 (김쇼지)	1	.. ...	67	東城王 (동성왕)	1	. ...	23	. .	3	.....	己未 (기미)	479
								(齊)高帝 (고 제)	建元 (건원) 1	.....	己未 (기미)	479
						濟寧 (제녕)	1	.....	.....	.....	庚申 (경신)	480
						顯宗 (현 종)	1	.....	.....	.....	乙丑 (을축)	485
	13	文咨明王 (문조명왕)	1	.....	13	仁賢 (인 현)	4	武帝 (무 제)	永明 (영명) 9	.....	辛未 (신미)	491

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A.D	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那 年號	那 帝皇	日本 紀年	日本 天皇	濟 紀年	濟 王國	羅 紀年	羅 王國	勿高 王國	羅 紀年	新羅 王國
404	甲戌 (갑술)	.	隆昌 1 (융창)	工林 (울림왕)									
404	甲戌 (갑술)	.....	延興 1 (연흥)	王敦 (희롱왕)									
404	甲戌 (갑술)	.....	建武 1 (건무)	帝 明 (명 제)									
500	庚辰 (경진)	....	永元 2 (영원)	侯昏 (후혼)	2	武烈 (무 렬)	22	.. ..	10	.		1	金智證王 (김지정왕)
501	辛巳 (신사)	.	中興 1 (중흥)	帝 和 (화 제)	3		1	武寧王 (무녕왕)	11	.		2	
513	癸巳 (계사)	(CONTD)	天監 12 (천감)	帝武 (무 제)	7	繼体 (계 体)	13	. . .	23			1	王興法 (법흥왕)
519	己亥 (기해)	.....	18	. .	13		19		1		安藏王 (안장왕)	7	
523	癸卯 (계묘)	.....	普通 4 (보통)	...	17		1	聖王 (성 왕)	5	.		11	
531	辛亥 (신해)	.....	大通 3 (대통)	...	25	安閑 (안 한)	9	. ..	1		安藏王 (안장왕)	19	
536	丙辰 (병진)	....	..	.	1	宣化 (선 화)							
540	庚申 (경신)	. . .	大同 6 (대동)	.	1	欽明 (흠 명)	1	.	10			1	眞興王 (진흥왕)
545	乙丑 (을축)	..	11		6	....	23	. ....	1		陽原王 (양원왕)	6	
550	庚午 (경오)	.....	大寶 1 (대보)	帝文 (문제)									

新羅		高勾麗		百濟		日本		支那			Contemporaries	干支	A.D.
王國	年紀	王國	年紀	王國	年紀	天皇	年紀	皇帝	年號				
								頊帝王(혜장왕)	天正(천정)	1	.....	辛未(신미)	551
	15	.....	10	威德王(위덕왕)	1	.....	15	元帝(원 제)	承聖(승성)	3	.....	甲戌(갑술)	554
								貞陽侯(정양후)	天成(천성)	1	.....	乙亥(을해)	555
								敬帝(경 제)	紹泰(소태)	1	.....	乙亥(을해)	555
	20	平原王(평원왕)	1	.....	6	.....	20	(陳)武帝(무 제)	永定(영정)	9		己卯(기묘)	559
								文帝(문 제)	天嘉(천가)	1	.....	庚辰(경진)	560
								臨海王(임해왕)	光大(광대)	1	.....	丁亥(정해)	567
眞智王(진지왕)	1	.....	18	.....	23	敏達(민 달)	5	宣帝(선 제)	大建(대건)	8	.....	丙申(병신)	576
眞平王(진평왕)	1	.....	21	.....	26	.....	8	.....		11	.....	己亥(기해)	579
								後主(후 주)	至德(지덕)	1	.....	癸卯(계묘)	583
						用明(용 명)	1	.. ..	....		.....	丙午(병오)	586
	12	嬰陽王(영양왕)	1	.....	37	崇峻(숭 준)	3	(隋)高祖(고 조)	開皇(개황)	10	Mahomet	庚戌(경술)	590
	20	.....	9	惠王(혜 왕)	1	推古(추 고)	6	.....		18	.. ..	戊午(무오)	598

諸國年代表

A.D	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那		支		日本		百濟		高句麗		新羅	
			號	年	帝	年紀	天皇	年紀	王	年紀	王	年紀	王	年紀
500	己未 (기미)	.....	永元 (영원)	10	....	7	....		法王 (법왕)	1	.....	10	.....	21
600	庚申 (경신)	. .		20	.....	8	.....		武王 (무왕)	1	.. ...	11	.. ...	22
605	乙丑 (을축)	. ...	大業 (대업)	1	煬帝 (양 제)									
617	丁丑 (정축)	.....	義寧 (의녕)	1	恭帝楊侑 (공제양유)									
618	戊寅 (무인)	.....	皇泰 (황태)	1	恭帝侗 (공제동)									
618	戊寅 (무인)	.....	武德 (무덕)	1	唐高祖 (당 고조)	26	. ...				榮留王 (영류왕)	40		
622	壬辰 (임진)	.....	貞觀 (정관)	6	太宗 (태 종)	1	舒明 (서 명)				... .	1	善德女王 (선덕녀왕)	
641	辛丑 (신축)	.. ...			....	13	. ...		義慈王 (의자왕)	1	.....	24		10
642	壬寅 (임인)	..		16	.... .	1	皇極 (황 극)		寶藏王 (보장왕)	1	.....	1		11
647	丁未 (정미)	...		21	...	3	孝德 (효 덕)	大化 (대화)		2	.....	6	眞德女王 (진덕녀왕)	1
654	甲寅 (갑인)	.....	永徽 (영휘)	5	高宗 (고 종)	5	. . .	白雉 (백치)		7	.....	13	太宗武烈王 (태종무열왕)	1
655	乙卯 (을묘)	.....	.....		.....		.....	齊明 (제 명)		14	... ..			
661	辛酉 (신유)	..	龍朔 (룡삭)	1	.....		. ...	天智 (현 지)		21	.. ...	20	文武王 (문무왕)	1

新羅		高句麗		百濟		日本		支那		CONTEMPORARIES	干支	A.D.
國王	年紀	國王	年紀	國王	年紀	天皇	年號	皇帝	年號			
神文王(신문왕)	1	……	…	……	…	天武(천무)	白鳳(백봉) 9	……	開耀 1	……	辛巳(신사)	681
								中宗(중종)	嗣聖(소성) 1	……	癸未(계미)	683
								睿宗(예종)	文明(문명) 1	……	甲申(갑신)	684
						持統(지통)	朱雀(주작) 3	武后(무후)	永定 1	……	己丑(기축)	689
孝昭王(효소왕)	1	……	…	……	…	……	6	……	3	……	壬辰(임진)	692
聖德王(성덕왕)	1	……	…	……	…	文武(문무)	2	……	10	……	壬寅(임인)	702
								中宗(중종)	神龍(신룡) 1	……	乙巳(을사)	705
		渤海						睿宗(예종)	景雲(경운) 1	……	庚戌(경술)	710
	12	高王大祚榮(고왕대조영)	1	……	…	元明(원명)	和銅(화동) 6	玄宗(현종)	開元 1	……	癸丑(계축)	713
	18	武王(무왕)	仁安(인안) 1	……	…	元正(원정)	養老(양로) 6	……	7	Charles Martel	己未(기미)	719
		高麗		渤海								
孝成王(효성왕)	1	……	…	文王(문왕)	天興(천흥) 1	聖武(성무)	天平(천평) 9	……	25	Battle of Tours	丁丑(정축)	737
景德王(경덕왕)	1	……	…	……	6	……	14	……	天寶(천보) 1	……	壬午(임오)	742

A.D.	支	那 年號	那 皇帝	支	本 年號	本 天皇	日	海 年紀	海 王國	勿 年紀	勿 王國	麗 年紀	麗 王國	高 年紀	高 王國	羅 年紀	羅 王國	CONTEMPORARIES.
749	己丑(기축)	.....			1 天平勝寶(천평승보)	孝謙(효겸)												.
756	丙申(병신)	至德(지덕) 1	肅宗(숙종)															.....
770	己亥(기해)	...	...															..
796	丙午(병오)	大曆(대력) 1	代宗(대종)		1 天平寶字(천평보자) 2 天平神護(천평신호)	仁孝(인효) 德(덕)		30	.....					.		1		王嘉祚(왕가조)
779	庚戌(경술)	.....			1 天應(천응)	仁(인) 光(광)												
781	辛酉(신유)	建中(건중) 2	德宗(덕종)		1	武(무) 桓(환)		45	.....			.		.....		1		王德周(왕덕주)
785	乙丑(을축)	貞元(정원) 2			5 延曆(연력)			70	.....			..		.....		1		王彝震(왕이진)
793	癸酉(계유)	.....			13			1 正曆(정력)	中興(중흥)	1 成王(성왕)		..		.....		9		
794	甲戌(갑술)	... .			14			1 正曆(정력)	.....		康王(강왕)			.....		10		
795	乙亥(을해)	... .			15			6	.	.		..		.....		1		王明(왕명)
801	辛丑(신축)	... ..			20			7	.	... ..		...		... ..		1		王建(왕건)
805	乙酉(을유)	... ..	順宗(순종)		1 永貞(영정)													
806	丙戌(병술)	.....			1 大同(대동)	平城(평성)												

新羅 國王	新羅 年紀	高麗 國王	高麗 年紀	渤海 國王	渤海 年紀	日本 天皇	日本 年號	支那 帝王	支那 年號	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	A.D.
	Ⅱ	.....	...	定王(정왕)	永德(영덕) 1	嵯峨(사가)	大同(대동) 4	憲宗(헌종)	元和(원화) 4	..	己丑(기축)	809
惠德王(혜덕왕)	1	.....	..	.....	2	.....	弘仁(홍인) 1	...	5	.	庚寅(경인)	810
	5	.....	...	僖王(희왕)	朱雀(주작) 1	.....	5		9	... .	甲午(갑오)	814
	10	.....	...	簡王(간왕)	太始(태시) 1	.....	10	.....	14	.....	己亥(기해)	819
	11	.....	...	宣王(선왕)	建興(건흥) 1	.....	11	.	15	... .	庚子(경자)	820
								穆宗(목종)	長慶(장경) 1	....	辛丑(신축)	821
								敬宗(경종)	寶歷(보력) 1	...	乙巳(을사)	825
興德王(흥덕왕)	1	.....	.	.....	8	淳和(순화)	天長(천경) 4	文宗(문종)	太和(태화) 1	Egbert (England)	丁未(정미)	827
	5	.....	...	榮留(이진)	咸和(함화) 1	.	8		5	... ..	辛亥(신해)	831
僖康王(희강왕)	1	.....		.....	7	仁明(인명)	承和(승화) 4	...	開成(개성) 2	Ethelwulf	乙巳(을사)	837
閔哀王(민애왕)	1	.....		.....	9	...	6	..	4	...	己未(기미)	839
文聖王(문성왕)	1	.....			10	.....	7		5	. ...	庚申(경신)	840
								武宗(무종)	會昌(회창) 1	... .	辛酉(신유)	841
						文德(문덕)	仁壽(인수) 1	.	.	....	辛未(신미)	851

A.D.	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那 年號	那 帝	日本 年號	日本 天皇	渤海 紀年	渤海 王國	高麗 紀年	高麗 王國	羅 紀年	新羅 王國
858	戊寅(무인)	Ethelbald	大中(대중) 12	宣宗(선종)	天安(천안) 2	淸和(청화)	28	.. ..	.	.. ..	1	王安(왕안)
859	己卯(기묘)	. .	13	..	貞觀(정관) 1	..	1	貞孝(정효)	.	.....	2	
862	壬午(임오)	Ethelbert	咸通(함통) 3	懿宗(의종)	4	.....	4	...	.	.....	1	王文(왕문)
871	辛卯(신묘)	Alfred	12	..	13	.. ...	1	景王(경왕)	..	..	10	
876	丙申(병신)	.....	乾符(건부) 3	僖宗(희종)	18	陽成(양성)	6		.	.	1	王憲(왕헌)
885	乙巳(을소)	.....	. ....	.	仁和(인화) 1	光孝(광효)						
887	丁未(정미)	.....	光啓(광계) 3	....	3	宇多(우다)	17	..	..	..	1	王晸(왕경)
888	戊申(무신)	.....	文德(문덕) 1	.	4		18	..	..		1	王女嘉興(왕녀가흥)
898	戊午(무오)		光化(광화) 1	昭宗(소종)	昌泰(창태) 1	醍醐(제호)	28	..	..		1	王孝(왕효)
902	壬戌(임술)	Edward I	天復(천부) 2	昭宗(소종)	延喜(연희) 2		1	王嵬(왕외)	.	..	5	
913	癸酉(계유)	..	天祐(천우) 10	昭宣帝(소선제)	13		12	.....	..	..	1	王卓(왕탁)
918	戊寅(무인)	...	15		18		17	...	..	太祖(태조)	1	王昇(왕승)
925	乙酉(을유)	Athelstan	同光(동광) 3	莊宗(장종)(後唐)	延長(연장) 3		24	.. ...	.	.....	1	王哀(왕애)
928	戊子(무자)	.. ...	天成(천성) 3	明宗(명종)	6		...	.....	11	.....	1	王順(왕순)

朝鮮（高麗）			日本			支那			Contemporaries.	干支	A.D.
國王	年紀	天皇	號	年	皇帝	號	年				
					閔帝（민제）	曆順（응순）	1			甲午（갑오）	934
					廢帝（폐제）	清泰（청태）	1			甲午（갑오）	934
					高祖（고조）（後晉）	天福（현복）	1			丙申（병신）	936
恭愍宗義王（공민왕의종）	1	朱雀（주작）	天慶（현경）	7	王（왕）（제）	開運（개운）	1	Edmund (940)		甲辰（갑진）	944
定宗文明王（정종문명왕）	1	村上（촌상）	.....	9	..	.	3	Edred		丙午（병오）	946
					高祖（고조）（後漢）	天福（현복）	11	.....		丁未（정미）	947
光宗大成王（광종대성왕）	1	.....	天曆（현력）	4	隱帝（은제）	乾祐（건우）	3	.....		戊戌（경술）	950
					太祖（태조）（後周）	廣順（광순）	1	.....		辛亥（신해）	951
					世宗（세종）	顯德（현덕）	1	Edwy (955)		甲寅（갑인）	954
					恭帝（공제）	.....	6	Edgar (959)		庚申（경신）	960
					太祖（태조）（宋）	建德（건덕）	1	.....		庚申（경신）	960
		冷泉（랭천）	安和（안화）	1	.....	...		.. ...		戊辰（무진）	968
景宗獻和王（경종헌화왕）	1	圓融（원융）	貞元（정원）	1	太宗（태종）	太平興國（태평흥국）	1	Edward II (975)		丙子（병자）	976

高麗 朝鮮 國王	年紀	日本 天皇	日本 年號	支那 皇帝	支那 年號	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	A.D.
成宗文懿王 (성종문의왕)	1	....	天元 (덴겐) 5	.....	 7	Ethelred II (979)	壬午 (임오)	982
		花山 (화산)	寬和 (간나) 1	.....	.....	.....	乙酉 (을유)	985
穆宗寬惠王 (목종관혜왕)	1	一條 (일조)	長德 (쵸토쿠) 4	眞宗 (진종)	咸平 (함평) 1	.....	戊戌 (무술)	998
顯宗元文王 (현종현문왕)	1	.....	寬弘 (간코) 7	大中 (대중)	祥符 (샹부) 3	.....	庚戌 (경술)	1010
		三條 (삼조)	長和 (쵸와) 1	.....	.....	.....	壬子 (임자)	1012
		後一條 (후일조)	寬仁 (간닌) 1		..	Edmund Ironside (1016)	丁巳 (정사)	1017
德宗敬康王 (덕종경강왕)	1	後朱雀 (후쥬작)	長元 (쵸겐) 7	仁宗 (인종)	明道 (명도) 1	Canute	壬申 (임신)	1032
靖宗宣惠王 (정종선혜왕)	1	.	.. 8	.	景祐 (경우) 2	Harold I	乙亥 (을해)	1035
文宗仁孝王 (문종인효왕)	1	後冷泉 (후레이센)	永承 (에이쇼) 2		慶曆 (경력) 7	Hardicanute (1040)	丁亥 (정해)	1047
				英宗 (영종)	皇祐 (황우) 1	Edward Confessor (1042)	甲辰 (갑진)	1064
		後三條 (후삼조)	延久 (엔큐) 1	....	.....	Harold II (1066)	己酉 (기유)	1069
順宗宣孝王 (순종선효왕)	1	白河 (시라카와)	永保 (에이호)	神宗 (신종)	元豐 (원풍)	William I (1066)	丙寅 (병인)	1086
宣宗思孝王 (선종사효왕)	1	.....	應德 (오토쿠) 1	.....	 7	.....	甲子 (갑)	1084

朝鮮(高麗) 王國	年紀	日本 皇天	日本 年號	支那 皇帝	支那 年號	CONTEMPORARIES.	干支	A.D.
獻宗恭愍王(헌종공민왕)	1	堀河(굴하)	嘉保(가보) 2	哲宗(철종)	紹聖(요성) 2	William II (1087)	乙亥(을해)	1095
肅宗明孝王(숙종명효왕)	1	……	永長(영장) 1	……	…… 3	Henry I (1100)	丙子(병자)	1096
睿宗文孝王(예종문효왕)	1	……	嘉承(가승) 1	徽宗(휘종)	崇寧(숭녕) 5	……	丙戌(병술)	1106
		鳥羽(도우)	天仁(천인)	……	……	……	戊子(무자)	1108
仁宗恭孝王(인종공효왕)	1	崇德(숭덕)	保安(보안) 4	……	宣和(선화) 5	……	癸卯(계묘)	1123
				欽宗(흠종)	靖康(정강) 1	……	丙午(병오)	1126
毅宗莊孝王(의종장효왕)	1	近衛(근위)	久安(구안) 3	高宗(고종)(南宋)	紹興(요흥) 17	Stephen (1135)	丁卯(정묘)	1147
		後白河(후백하)	保元(보원) 1	……	……	Henry II (1154)	丙子(병자)	1156
		二條(이조)	平治(평치) 1	……	……	……	己卯(기묘)	1159
				孝宗(효종)	隆興(융흥) 1	……	癸未(계미)	1163
		六條(육조)	仁安(인안) 1	……	……	……	丙戌(병술)	1166
明宗光孝王(명종광효왕)	1	高倉(고창)	承安(승안) 1	孝宗(효종)	乾道(건도) 7	……	辛卯(신묘)	1171
		安德(안덕)	養和(양화) 1	……	……	……	辛丑(신축)	1181

A.D	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那 年號	那 帝號	支 皇帝	日本 年號	日本 皇天	紀年	朝鮮(高麗) 國王
1186	丙午(병오)	....	...		.	文治(문치)	後鳥羽(후조우)		
1190	庚戌(경술)	Richard I (1189)	....		光宗(광종)				
1198	戊午(무오)	John (1199)	慶元(경원) 1	寧宗(녕종)		建久(건구) 9	土御門(토어미문)	1	神宗崩 王(신종붕 왕)
1205	乙丑(을축)	.....	開禧(개희) 1			元久(원구) 2		1	熙宗成 王(희종성 왕)
1212	壬申(임신)	..	嘉定(가정) 5			建暦(건력) 2	順徳(순덕)	1	康宗元 王(강종원 왕)
1217	丁酉(정유)	H. IV III (1216)	7		.....	建保(건보) 2		1	高宗薨 王(고종훙 왕)
1221	辛巳(신사)	.....	.....		.....	承久(승구) 1	仲恭(중공)		
1222	壬午(임오)		3	理宗(리종)	寶慶(보경) 1	貞應(정응) 1	後堀河(후호리카와)		
1233	癸巳(계사)		2		端平(단평) 2	天福(천복) 1	後四条(후시죠)		
1240	庚申(경신)		1		寶祐(보우) 1	元仁(원인) 1	後堀河(후호리카와)		
1247	丁未(정미)		1		寶慶(보경) 3	寛喜(관희) 3	後嵯峨(후사가)		
1260	庚申(경신)		1	度宗(도종)	景定(경정) 1	文応(문응) 1	亀山(구산)	1	元宗薨 王(원종훙 왕)
1265	乙丑(을축)		1		咸淳(함순) 1				

諸國年代表

A.D.	干支	CONTEMPORARIES.	那	支	日本		高麗	
			號 年	帝 皇	號 年	皇 天	年紀	王 國
1275	乙亥 (을해)	Edward I (1272)	1 統武 (통무)	宗恭 (공종)	建治 (건치) 1	後宇多 (후우다)	1	忠烈王 (충렬왕)
1276	丙子 (병자)	.....	1 景炎 (경염)	端宗 (단종)				
1278	戊寅 (무인)	.....	1 祥興 (상흥)	帝昺 (제병)				
1288	戊子 (무자)	.....	.....	.....	正應 (정응) 1	伏見 (복견)		
1295	乙未 (을미)	.....	1 元貞 (원정)	宗成 (성종) (元)				
1299	己亥 (기해)	.....	.....	.....	正安 (정안) 1	後伏見 (후복견)		
1302	壬寅 (임인)	.....	.....	.....	乾元 (건원) 1	後二條 (후이조)		
1309	己酉 (기유)	Edward II (1307)	2 大德 (지대)	武宗 (무종)	延慶 (연경) 2	花園 (화원)	1	忠宣王 (충선왕)
1314	甲寅 (갑인)	.....	1 皇慶 (연우)	仁宗 (인종)	正和 (정화) 3	.....	1	忠肅王 (충숙왕)
1321	辛酉 (신유)	.....	1 至治 (지치)	英宗 (영종)				
1324	甲子 (갑자)	.....	.....	帝定泰 (제정태)				
1331	辛未 (신미)	Edward III (1327)	2 順至 (지순)	明宗 (명종)	元弘 (원홍) 1	光厳 (광엄)	1	忠惠王 (충혜왕)
1332	壬申 (임신)	.....	3 寧元 (영원)	文宗 (문종)	 2	.....	1	忠惠王復位 (충혜왕복위)

諸國年代表

A.D	干支	Contemporaries.	那		支		日本			朝鮮（高麗）		
			皇帝	年號	皇帝	年號	皇統	年紀		王國	年紀	
1340	庚辰（경진）	.....	至元（지원）	6	順宗（순종）	1	後村上（후무라카미）	1		忠惠王復位（충혜왕복위）	1	
1345	乙酉（을유）	.....	至正（지정）	5	...	6	.....	1		忠穆王（충목왕）	1	
1349	己丑（기축）	.....	..	9	..	4	光嚴（광엄）	1		忠定王（충정왕）	1	
1352	壬辰（임진）	.....	.....	12	.....	7	光明（광명）	1		恭愍王（공민왕）	1	
1375	乙酉（을유）	Richard II 1377)	洪武（홍무）	8	太祖（태조）	1	後光嚴（후광엄）	1		辛禑（신우）	1	
1389	己巳（기사）	..	.....	22	.....	6	後小松（후고마쓰）	1		恭讓王（공양왕）	1	
1392	壬申（임신）	.....	.....	25	.....	9	.....	1		太祖（태조）	1	李朝
1393	癸酉（계유）	..	.....	26	.....	4	後龜山（후가메야마）	1				
1399	己卯（기묘）	Henry IV	建文（건문）	1	惠帝（혜제）	6	後小松（후고마쓰）	1		定宗（정종）	1	8
1401	辛巳（신사）	.....	.....	3	.....	8	.....	1		太宗（태종）	1	10
1419	己亥（기해）	Henry V 1413)	永樂（영락）	17	成宗（성종）	20	稱光（칭광）	1		世宗（세종）	1	28
1422	乙巳（을사）	Henry VI (1422)	洪熙（홍희）	1	仁宗（인종）	2	...	7				
1428	戊申（무신）	..	宣德（선덕）	3	宣宗（선종）	1	後花園（후하나조노）	10				
						正長（정장）						

朝鮮			日本		支那		Contemporaries	干支	A.D.
李朝	王國	年紀	天皇	年號	皇帝	年號			
		18	.....	永享(영향) 8	英宗(영종)	正統(정통) 1	.....	丙辰(병진)	1436
60	文宗恭順王(문종공순왕)	1	.....	寶德(보덕) 3	代宗(대종)	景泰(경태) 2	Columbus	辛未(신미)	1451
62	端宗恭莊王(단종공장왕)	1	.....	享德(향덕) 2	... ..	 4	, ...	癸酉(계유)	1453
66	世祖惠莊王(세조혜장왕)	2	..	長祿(장록) 1	英宗(영종)	天順(천순) 1	Copernicus (1473)	丁丑(정축)	1457
78	睿宗襄悼王(예종양도왕)	1	後土御門(후토어문)	文明(문명) 1	憲宗(헌종)	成化(성화) 5	Edward IV (1461)	己丑(기축)	1469
97	成宗康靖王(성종강정왕)	19	... .	長享(장향) 2	孝宗(효종)	弘治(홍치) 1	Luther (1483)	戊申(무신)	1488
104	燕山君(연산군)	1	...	明應(명응) 4	..	 8	Edward V (1483) Raphael	乙卯(을묘)	1495
116	中宗恭僖王(중종공희왕)	1	後柏原(후백원)	永正(영정) 4	武宗(무종)	正德(정덕) 2	Richard III (1483)	丁卯(정묘)	1507
		20	後奈良(후내량)	大永(대영) 6	世宗(세종)	嘉靖(가정) 5	Henry VII (1485)	丙戌(병술)	1526
154	仁宗榮靖王(인종영정왕)	1	... ..	天文(천문) 14	.. ...	 24	Henry VIII (1509)	乙巳(을사)	1545
167	明宗恭憲王(명종공헌왕)	13	正親町(정친명)	永祿(영록) 1	.....	 37	Edward VI (1547)	戊午(무오)	1558
176	宣祖昭敬王(선조소경왕)	1	....	 10	穆宗(목종)	隆慶(융경) 1	Mary (1553)	丁卯(정묘)	1567
217	光海君(광해군)	1	後陽成(후양성)	慶長(경장) 13	神宗(신종)	萬曆(만력) 36	Elizabeth (1558) Shakespeare	戊申(무신)	1608

諸國年代表

朝鮮 李朝	國王	紀元	日本 天皇	年號	紀元	支那 帝王	年號	紀元	西曆 A.D.	干支	事項	CONTEMPORARIES.
		12	後水尾	元和	1	神宗	萬曆	48	1620	庚申		
272	仁祖弘文王	1		寬永	1	光宗	泰昌	1	1621	辛酉		
		7	明正		7	熹宗	天啓	7	1627	丁卯		James I (1603)
279	孝宗睿文王	1	後光明	慶安	4	毅宗	崇禎	1	1628	戊辰		Charles I (1625)
280	顯宗昭休王	1	後西院	承應	3	清	順治	1	1644	甲申		Galileo
284	肅宗顯王	1	靈元	萬治	1			11	1648	戊子		Romwell (1649)
				寬文	1			21	1660	庚子		Charles II
				延寶	8			14	1675	乙卯		Sir Isaac Newton
				天和	1			7	1688	戊辰		James II (1685) Succeeding
	景宗德文王	1	中御門	貞享	4				1702	壬寅		William and Mary 1689
294	英祖敬文王	1		元祿	17	清	康熙	61	1722	壬寅		Anne (1702)
			櫻町	享保	1		雍正	13	1725	乙丑		
			桃園	寬延	1		乾隆	1	1736	丙辰		George I (1714)
			後櫻町	明和	1				1760	庚辰		George II (1727)
306	正宗文成王	1	後桃園	安永	6			9	1764	甲辰		George III (1760)
								12	1777	丁酉		Beethaven

朝鮮			日本		支那		Contemporaries.	干支	A.D.
李朝	國王	年紀	天皇	年號	皇帝	年號			
410	純祖淵陵王 (순조연릉왕)	1	光格 (광격)	享和 1 (향화)	仁宗 (인종)	嘉慶 6 (가경)	G	辛酉 (신유)	1801
444	憲宗毓健王 (헌종육건왕)	1	仁孝 (인효)	文保 6 (문보)	宣宗 (선종)	道光 15 (도광)	Gorge IV (1825)	乙未 (을미)	1835
459	哲宗熙倫王 (철종희륜왕)	2	孝明 (효명)	嘉永 4 (가영)	文宗 (문종)	咸豐 1 (함풍)	William IV (1830)	辛亥 (신해)	1851
473	李太王 (리태왕)	1	. .	元始 1 (원시)	穆宗 (목종)	同治 3 (동치)	(Victoria 1837)	甲子 (갑자)	1864
505	..	純陽 1 (순양)	明治 (명치)	明治 29 (명치)	光帝 (광제)	光緒 22 (광서)	...	丙口 (병신)	1896
506	. ..	光武 1 (광무)	.	30	.	.. 23	.. .	丁酉 (정유)	1897
516	李王 (리왕)	隆熙 1 (융희)	...	.. 40	...	... 33	Edward VII (1901)	丁未 (정미)	1907
			.....	 43	. ....	.....	George V	庚戌 (경술)	1910

	57	297	237	177	117
	357	597	537	477	417
B.C.	657	897	837	777	717
	957	1197	1137	1077	1017
	1257	1497	1437	1377	1317
2157	1557	1797	1737	1677	1617
2457	1857	2097	2037	1977	1917
甲子 (갑자)	57	97	37	77	17
乙丑 (을축)	56	96	36	76	16
丙寅 (병인)	55	95	35	75	15
丁卯 (정묘)	54	94	34	74	14
戊辰 (무진)	53	93	33	73	13
己巳 (기사)	52	92	32	72	12
庚午 (경오)	51	91	31	71	11
辛未 (신미)	50	90	30	70	10
壬申 (임신)	49	89	29	69	09
癸酉 (계유)	48	88	28	68	08
甲戌 (갑술)	47	87	27	67	07
乙亥 (을해)	46	86	26	66	06
丙子 (병자)	45	85	25	65	05
丁丑 (정축)	44	84	24	64	04
戊寅 (무인)	43	83	23	63	03
己卯 (기묘)	42	82	22	62	02
庚辰 (경진)	41	81	21	61	01
辛巳 (신사)	40	80	20	60	00
壬午 (임오)	39	79	19	59	99
癸未 (계미)	38	78	18	58	98
甲申 (갑신)	37	77	17	57	97
乙酉 (을유)	36	76	16	56	96
丙戌 (병술)	35	75	15	55	95
丁亥 (정해)	34	74	14	54	94
戊子 (무자)	33	73	13	53	93
己丑 (기축)	32	72	12	52	92
庚寅 (경인)	31	71	11	51	91
辛卯 (신묘)	30	70	10	50	90
壬辰 (임진)	29	69	09	49	89
癸巳 (계사)	28	68	08	48	88

EXPLANATION.

Each of the individual cycles of two years in the first column above is given in the order we use it, the cycle of sixty numbers and dates following each other in regular succession. The above would not be too hard to understand in the case of two or three periods of sixty years in succession, as for instance 1857 to the cycle commencing A.D. 1917. But if we desire to ascertain the date corresponding to a certain year in the case of one of the many dynasties we find in connection with the history, it is clear that the reign of [illegible] commenced A.D. 936, and, turning to the cycle [illegible] we find that

甲午 (갑오)	27	67	07	47	87
乙未 (을미)	26	66	06	46	86
丙申 (병신)	25	65	05	45	85
丁酉 (정유)	24	64	04	44	84
戊戌 (무술)	23	63	03	43	83
己亥 (기해)	22	62	02	42	82
庚子 (경자)	21	61	01	41	81
辛丑 (신축)	20	60	00	40	80
壬寅 (임인)	19	59	99	39	79
癸卯 (계묘)	18	58	98	38	78
甲辰 (갑진)	17	57	97	37	77
乙巳 (을사)	16	56	96	36	76
丙午 (병오)	15	55	95	35	75
丁未 (정미)	14	54	94	34	74
戊申 (무신)	13	53	93	33	73
己酉 (기유)	12	52	92	32	72
庚戌 (경술)	11	51	91	31	71
辛亥 (신해)	10	50	90	30	70
壬子 (임자)	09	49	89	29	69
癸丑 (계축)	08	48	88	28	68
甲寅 (갑인)	07	47	87	27	67
乙卯 (을묘)	06	46	86	26	66
丙辰 (병진)	05	45	85	25	65
丁巳 (정사)	04	44	84	24	64
戊午 (무오)	03	43	83	23	63
己未 (기미)	02	42	82	22	62
庚申 (경신)	01	41	81	21	61
辛酉 (신유)	00	40	80	20	60
壬戌 (임술)	99	39	79	19	59
癸亥 (계해)	98	38	78	18	58

A.D.	4	64	124	184	244
	304	364	424	484	544
	604	664	724	784	844
	904	964	1024	1084	1144
	1204	1264	1324	1384	1444
	1504	1564	1624	1684	1744
	1804	1864	1924	1984	2044
甲子 (갑자)	04	64	24	84	44
乙丑 (을축)	05	65	25	85	45
丙寅 (병인)	06	66	26	86	46
丁卯 (정묘)	07	67	27	87	47
戊辰 (무진)	08	68	28	88	48
己巳 (기사)	09	69	29	89	49
庚午 (경오)	10	70	30	90	50
辛未 (신미)	11	71	31	91	51
壬申 (임신)	12	72	32	92	52
癸酉 (계유)	13	73	33	93	53
甲戌 (갑술)	14	74	34	94	54
乙亥 (을해)	15	75	35	95	55
丙子 (병자)	16	76	36	96	56
丁丑 (정축)	17	77	37	97	57
戊寅 (무인)	18	78	38	98	58
己卯 (기묘)	19	79	39	99	59
庚辰 (경진)	20	80	40	00	60
辛巳 (신사)	21	81	41	01	61
壬午 (임오)	22	82	42	02	62
癸未 (계미)	23	83	43	03	63
甲申 (갑신)	24	84	44	04	64
乙酉 (을유)	25	85	45	05	65
丙戌 (병술)	26	86	46	06	66
丁亥 (정해)	27	87	47	07	67
戊子 (무자)	28	88	48	08	68
己丑 (기축)	29	89	49	09	69
庚寅 (경인)	30	90	50	10	70
辛卯 (신묘)	31	91	51	11	71
壬辰 (임진)	32	92	52	12	72
癸巳 (계사)	33	93	53	13	73
甲午 (갑오)	34	94	54	14	74
乙未 (을미)	35	95	55	15	75
丙申 (병신)	36	96	56	16	76
丁酉 (정유)	37	97	57	17	77
戊戌 (무술)	38	98	58	18	78
己亥 (기해)	39	99	59	19	79
庚子 (경자)	40	00	60	20	80
辛丑 (신축)	41	01	61	21	81
壬寅 (임인)	42	02	62	22	82
癸卯 (계묘)	43	03	63	23	83
甲辰 (갑진)	44	04	64	24	84
乙巳 (을사)	45	05	65	25	85
丙午 (병오)	46	06	66	26	86
丁未 (정미)	47	07	67	27	87
戊申 (무신)	48	08	68	28	88
己酉 (기유)	49	09	69	29	89
庚戌 (경술)	50	10	70	30	90
辛亥 (신해)	51	11	71	31	91
壬子 (임자)	52	12	72	32	92
癸丑 (계축)	53	13	73	33	93
甲寅 (갑인)	54	14	74	34	94
乙卯 (을묘)	55	15	75	35	95
丙辰 (병진)	56	16	76	36	96
丁巳 (정사)	57	17	77	37	97
戊午 (무오)	58	18	78	38	98
己未 (기미)	59	19	79	39	99
庚申 (경신)	60	20	80	40	00
辛酉 (신유)	61	21	81	41	01
壬戌 (임술)	62	22	82	42	02
癸亥 (계해)	63	23	83	43	03

the period commenced A.D. 24 and must therefore embrace in its course the reign of 光武. Fixing A.D. 25 the first of his reign as the year 乙酉 of the cycle we follow the column down till we reach 丁亥 and at once identify this as 87 A.D. and so on given a starting point of title or name of dynasty we can always find the exact year.

EXPLANATION OF THE HUNDRED YEAR CARENDAR.

The accompanying Calendar is arranged so that anyone at will may find the Eastern year, month, and day of birth, can find the corresponding day in the Western or New Calendar. At the top of each column is the name of the Eastern Year with the corresponding Western Year below it. On the left hand side of the page are the first days of the different months of the Eastern Year, which apply to the Western Calendar month, day, and day of week.

For example, a person born on the 19th day of the 2nd Moon of the last Kei-myo (己卯) year, would seek first in the Calendar for the year Kei-myo. On finding it, there would be seen written below it 1879, marking that as the year of birth. Examining the Table, the 2nd Moon 1st Day (二月一日) of this year Kei-myo has written opposite to it — 22, which means Feb 22nd. That is Feb. 22nd is the first day of the 2nd Moon or month of the year Kei-myo, and the birthday to be found is on the 19th of this 2nd Moon. Feb 22nd being the first day of the 2nd Moon, eighteen days must be added to arrive at the nineteenth or day of birth. In 1879 February has twenty-eight days only, so that February would include seven days of the nineteen leaving twelve for March, so that the birthday sought for would be March 12th 1879. A person examining the Table there would be seen written opposite the 2nd Moon 1st Day (二月一日) of this Kei-myo year the character 土, which stands for *Tsuchi* or Saturday. Feb 22nd 1879 was Saturday. Watching this as a starting point it would be found that Mar 12th 1879 was Wednesday, (水曜日), the year and birth month of the Kei-myo 2nd Moon, 19th, day was born, according to the Western Calendar on Wednesday March 12th 1879.

In the Table for ascertaining the Western months are each told by 1, 2, 3, 4, etc instead of Jan Feb Mar Apr etc and also instead of writing Sat Mon Tue Wed Thur Fri Sat we have written the Chinese characters 日, 月, 火, 水, 木, 金, 土.

For convenience the number that gets the 1st day of the 1st moon are placed at the bottom of each year column to which they belong. They can easily be found by the name and date, the month for example the year 1879 is written opposite to the column opposite the ordinary moon 閏月 — 日 3/2. This means that the intercalary month of this year is on May 2nd

(EASTERN AND WESTERN)

Eastern Year.	乙未 1835	丙申 1836	丁酉 1837	戊戌 1838	己亥 1839	庚子 1840	辛丑 1841
正月一日	1 30 金	2 18 月	2. 6 日	1 27 土	2 15 金	2: 4 火	1 24 日
二月一日	2 28 土	3 18 金	3 8 水	2 25 日	3 16 土	3. 5 木	2 22 月
三月一日	3 30 月	4 17 日	4: 6 木	3 27 火	4 15 月	4: 3 金	3 22 月
四月一日	4 29 水	5 16 月	5 6 土	4 25 水	5 14 火	5. 3 日	5 22 土
五月一日	5 28 木	6 15 水	6 4 日	5 23 土	6 12 水	6 1 月	6 20 日
六月一日	6 27 土	7 15 金	7: 4 火	7 22 日	7 12 金	6 30 火	7 19 月
七月一日	8 27 木	8 13 土	8. 2 水	8 21 火	8 10 土	7 30 木	8 18 水
八月一日	9 25 水	9 12 月	9 1 金	9 20 木	9 9 月	8 28 金	9 16 木
九月一日	10 23 金	10 11 火	10 1 日	10 19 金	10. 8 火	9 27 日	10 16 土
十月一日	11 21 土	11 10 木	10 30 月	11 18 日	11: 7 木	10 26 月	11 14 日
十一月一日	12 21 月 (1836)	12 9 金 (1837)	11 29 水	12 18 火 (1839)	12: 7 土 (1840)	11 25 水	12 14 火 (1842)
十二月一日	1 19 火	1 8 日	12 28 木	1 19 水	1 6 月	12 25 金	1 12 水
閏月一日	7 29 土			5 25 金			4 24 土

Eastern Year.	壬寅 1842	癸卯 1843	甲辰 1844	乙巳 1845	丙午 1846	丁未 1847	戊申 1848
正月一日	2 11 金	1 31 火	2 19 月	2. 8 土	1 28 水	2 16 火	2 6 日
二月一日	3 13 日	3. 2 木	3 20 土	3. 9 日	2 27 金	3 18 木	3: 6 月
三月一日	4 12 火	4. 1 土	4 19 金	4: 8 火	3 28 土	4 16 金	4. 5 水
四月一日	5 11 木	5. 1 月	5 18 土	5. 7 水	4 27 月	5 15 土	5: 1 木
五月一日	6 10 金	5 30 火	6 17 月	6: 6 金	5 26 火	6 14 月	6 2 金
六月一日	7 9 土	6 29 木	7 16 火	7. 6 日	7 24 金	7 13 火	7. 2 日
七月一日	8: 7 日	7 28 金	8 15 木	8: 4 月	8 23 日	8 12 木	7 31 月
八月一日	9 6 火	9 25 月	9 13 金	9. 3 水	9 21 月	9 10 金	8 30 水
九月一日	10. 5 水	10 24 火	10 13 日	10. 2 木	10 21 水	10 10 日	9 28 木
十月一日	11 4 金	11 23 木	11 11 月	11 1 土	11 20 金	11: 9 火	10 28 土
十一月一日	12. 3 土 (1843)	12 22 金 1844	12 11 水 (1845)	11 30 日	12 19 土 (1847)	12 9 木 (1848)	11 27 月
十二月一日	1. 2 月	1 21 日	1 9 木	12 30 火	1 18 月	1. 7 金	12 27 水
閏月一日		8 26 土			6 25 水		

Eastern Year.	己酉 1849		庚戌 1850		辛亥 1851		壬子 1852		癸丑 1853		甲寅 1854		乙卯 1855	
正月一日	1 25	木	2:13	水	2 2	日	2 21	土	2 9	水	1 30	月	2 18	日
二月一日	2 24	土	3.15	金	3 4	火	3 23	火	3 11	金	2 28	火	3 19	月
三月一日	3 25	日	4.13	土	4 3	木	4 25	火	4 9	土	3 30	木	4 17	火
四月一日	4 24	火	5.13	月	5 2	金	5 20	木	5 9	月	4 28	金	5 17	木
五月一日	6 24	木	6.11	火	6 1	日	6 19	土	6 8	水	5 28	日	6 15	金
六月一日	7 24	土	7.10	水	6 30	月	7 18	日	7 7	木	6 26	月	7 14	土
七月一日	8 19	日	8: 9	金	7 29	火	8 16	月	8 6	土	7 26	水	8 12	日
八月一日	9 18	火	9: 7	土	8 28	木	9.15	水	9 4	日	9 23	土	9 12	水
九月一日	10.17	水	10: 6	日	10.25	土	10.14	木	10 4	火	10 23	月	10.11	木
十月一日	11 16	金	11: 5	火	11 24	月	11.13	土	11. 2	水	11 21	火	11 10	土
十一月一日	12 15 (1850)	土	12: 5 (1851)	木	12.23 1852)	火	12.12 1853)	日	12. 2	金	12 21 (1855	木	12. 9 (1856)	日
十二月一日	1 14	月	1: 3	金	1 22	木	1 10	月	12.31	土	1 19	火	1. 7	月
四月一日	3 23	水			3 26	金					3 25	金		

Eastern Year	丙辰 1856		丁巳 1857		戊午 1858		己未 1859		庚申 1860		辛酉 1861		壬戌 1862	
正月一日	2 7	木	1 27	火	2 15	月	2 4	金	1 24	火	2 11	月	1 31	金
二月一日	3. 8	土	2 25	水	3 16	火	3. 6	日	2 23	木	3 12	火	3 2	日
三月一日	4 6	日	3.27	金	4 15	木	4 4	月	3 23	金	4 11	木	3.31	月
四月一日	5 5	月	4 25	土	5 14	金	5 4	水	4 22	火	5 11	土	4 30	水
五月一日	6 4	水	5 24	日	6 13	土	6 3	水	5 22	水	6 9	日	5 29	木
六月一日	7 3	木	7 22	水	7 12	月	7 1	金	7 19	土	7 9	火	6 28	土
七月一日	8 2	土	8 21	金	8 10	火	7 31	日	8 18	土	8 9	金	7 28	月
八月一日	8 31	日	9 19	土	9 8	水	8 29	月	9 17	日	9 6	金	8 26	火
九月一日	9 30	火	10:19	月	10: 8	金	9:27	火	10:15	月	10: 5	土	10:24	金
十月一日	10 29	水	11 17	火	11 7	日	10:19	水	11:14	水	11 4	月	11 23	日
十一月一日	11 28	金	12.17 (1857	木	12. 6 1859	月	11.25	金	12:13 1861)	木	12 3 (1862	火	12 22 1863	月
十二月一日	12 27	土	1 16	土	1 5	水	12 25	日	1 13	土	1 1	水	1 20	火
四月一日			3 26	火					4 29	日			3 25	水

Eastern Year.	癸亥 1863	甲子 1864	乙丑 1865	丙寅 1866	丁卯 1867	戊辰 1868	己巳 1869
正月一日	2 19 木	2 8 火	1 28 土	2 16 金	2 6 木	1 26 日	2 12 金
二月一日	3 20 金	3 9 水	2 27 月	3 18 日	3 7 木	2 24 月	3 14 日
三月一日	4 19 日	4 7 木	3 28 火	4 16 月	4 6 土	3 25 水	4 13 火
四月一日	5 19 火	5 7 土	4 26 水	5 16 水	5 5 日	4 24 金	5 13 木
五月一日	6 17 水	6 5 日	5 26 金	6 14 木	6 3 月	6 21 日	6 11 金
六月一日	7 17 金	7 5 火	7 24 月	7 13 金	7 3 水	7 17 金	7 10 土
七月一日	8 15 土	8 3 水	8 22 火	8 11 土	8 1 木	8 19 水	8 9 月
八月一日	9 14 月	9 2 金	9 21 木	9 10 月	8 30 金	9 7 木	9 7 火
九月一日	10 14 水	10 2 日	10 21 土	10 10 水	9 29 日	10 17 土	10 6 水
十月一日	11 12 水	10 31 月	11 19 日	11 8 木	10 28 月	11 15 日	11 5 金
十一月一日	12 12 (1864) 土	11 30 水	12 19 火 (1866)	12 8 土 (1867)	11 27 水	12 15 火 (1869)	12 4 土 (1870)
十二月一日	1 10 日	12 30 金	1 18 水	1 7 月	12 27 金	1 14 水	1 3 月
閏月一日			6 24 土			5 23 土	

Eastern Year.	庚午 1870	辛未 1871	壬申 1872	癸酉 1873	甲戌 1874	乙亥 1875	丙子 1876
正月一日	2 1 火	2 20 月	2 10 土	1 30 木	2 18 水	2 7 日	1 27 木
二月一日	3 3 木	3 22 水	3 10 日	2 28 金	3 19 木	3 9 火	2 25 金
三月一日	4 2 土	4 21 金	4 9 火	3 29 土	4 17 金	4 7 水	3 27 月
四月一日	5 2 月	5 20 土	5 8 水	4 28 月	5 17 日	5 6 木	4 25 火
五月一日	5 31 火	6 19 月	6 7 金	5 27 火	6 15 月	6 5 土	5 24 水
六月一日	6 30 木	7 19 水	7 7 日	6 26 木	7 15 木	7 4 日	7 22 土
七月一日	7 29 金	8 17 木	8 5 月	8 24 日	8 13 木	8 2 月	8 20 日
八月一日	8 28 日	9 16 土	9 4 水	9 23 火	9 12 土	9 1 水	9 19 火
九月一日	9 26 月	10 15 日	10 3 木	10 22 水	10 11 日	9 30 木	10 18 水
十月一日	10 25 火	11 14 火	11 2 土	11 21 金	11 10 火	10 30 土	11 17 金
十一月一日	12 23 1871 金	12 13 水 (1872)	12 2 月	12 21 日 (1874)	12 10 木 (1875)	11 29 月	12 17 日 (1877)
十二月一日	1 22 日	1 11 木	12 31 火	1 19 月	1 9 土	12 29 水	1 15 月
閏月一日	11 24 木			7 25 金			6 23 金

Eastern Year.	丁丑 1877		戊寅 1878		己卯 1879		庚辰 1880		辛巳 1881		壬午 1882		癸未 1883	
正月一日	2 14	水	2 3	日	1 23	土	2 11	水	1 31	月	2 19	日	2 9	金
二月一日	3 16	金	3 5	火	2 22	十	3 12	金	3 1	火	3 20	月	3 10	土
三月一日	4 15	日	4 4	木	3 24	月	4 10	土	3 31	木	4 19	水	4 8	日
四月一日	5 14	月	5 3	金	4 22	木	5 10	月	4 29	金	5 18	木	5 8	火
五月一日	6 12	火	6 2	日	6 21	土	6 9	水	5 29	日	6 17	土	6 6	水
六月一日	7 12	木	7 1	月	7 20	日	7 8	木	6 27	月	7 16	日	7 5	木
七月一日	8 10	金	7 31	水	8 19	火	8 7	土	7 27	水	8 15	火	8 4	土
八月一日	9 8	土	8 29	木	9 17	水	9 6	月	8 26	水	9 13	木	9 2	日
九月一日	10 8	月	9 27	金	10 16	木	10 5	火	10 24	月	10 12	金	10 2	火
十月一日	11 6	火	10 27	日	11 15	土	11 4	木	11 23	水	11 12	日	11 1	木
十一月一日	12 6 (1878)	木	11 25	月	12 14 (1880)	日	12 3 (1881)	金	12 22 (1882)	木	12 11 (1883)	月	12 1	土
十二月一日	1 4	金	12 25	水	1 13	火	1 2	日	1 21	十	1 10	水	12 30	日
閏月一日					1 2	火			9 26	月				

Eastern Year.	甲申 1884		乙酉 1885		丙戌 1886		丁亥 1887		戊子 1888		己丑 1889		庚寅 1890	
正月一日	1 28	月	2 15	日	2 4	木	1 24	月	2 12	日	1 31	木	1 21	火
二月一日	2 26	火	3 17	火	3 6	土	2 23	水	3 13	火	3 2	土	2 19	水
三月一日	3 27	木	4 15	水	4 4	日	3 25	金	4 11	水	3 31	日	4 19	土
四月一日	4 25	金	5 14	木	5 4	火	4 23	十	5 11	金	4 30	火	5 19	月
五月一日	5 25	日	6 13	土	6 2	木	6 21	火	6 10	日	5 30	木	6 17	火
六月一日	7 22	火	7 12	日	7 2	金	7 21	木	7 9	月	6 28	金	7 17	木
七月一日	8 21	木	8 10	月	7 31	土	8 19	金	8 8	水	7 28	日	8 15	金
八月一日	9 20	土	9 9	水	8 29	日	9 17	土	9 6	木	8 26	月	9 14	日
九月一日	10 19	日	10 8	木	9 28	火	10 17	日	10 5	金	9 25	水	10 14	火
十月一日	11 18	火	11 7	土	10 27	水	11 15	火	11 4	日	10 24	木	11 12	水
十一月一日	12 17 (1885)	水	12 6 (1886)	日	11 26	金	12 15 (1888)	木	12 3 (1889)	月	11 23	土	12 12 (1891)	金
十二月一日	1 16	金	1 5	水	12 26	土	1 13	金	1 2	水	12 22	日	1 10	七
閏月一日	6 5	月					5 24	月					3 21	金

Eastern Year.	辛卯 1891		壬辰 1892		癸巳 1893		甲午 1894		乙未 1895		丙申 1896		乙酉 1897	
正月一日	2 9	月	1:30	土	2.17	金	2 6	火	1:26	土	2.14	金	2 2	火
二月一日	3 10	火	2:28	日	3:18	土	3: 7	水	2:25	月	3.14	土	3: 3	水
三月一日	4. 9	木	3:28	月	4:16	日	4. 6	金	3:26	火	4.13	月	4 2	金
四月一日	5: 8	金	4:27	水	5:16	火	5: 5	土	4:25	木	5.13	水	5: 2	日
五月一日	6. 7	日	5.26	木	6:14	木	6 4	月	5:24	金	6.11	木	5:31	月
六月一日	7. 6	月	6 24	金	7:13	木	7. 3	火	7:22	月	7.10	金	6:30	木
七月一日	8. 5	水	8.22	月	8:12	土	8: 1	水	8.20	火	8. 9	日	7:29	木
八月一日	9. 3	木	9:21	木	9.10	日	8:31	金	9:19	木	9. 7	月	8:28	土
九月一日	10. 3	土	10:21	金	10.10	火	9:29	土	10:18	金	10: 7	水	9:26	日
十月一日	11: 2	月	11:19	土	11:08	水	10:29	月	11:17	日	11. 5	木	10:26	火
十一月一日	12: 1	火	12.19 (1893)	月	12: 8 (1894)	金	11:27	火	12.16 (1896)	月	12: 5 (1897)	土	11:24	木
十二月一日	12:31	木	1 18	水	1: 7	日	12:27	木	1:15	水	1: 3	日	12:24	金
閏月一日			7 24	日					6 27	日				

Eastern Year.	戊戌 1898		己亥 1899		庚子 1900		辛丑 1901		壬寅 1902		癸卯 1903		甲辰 1904	
正月一日	1 22	土	2:10	金	1:30	水	2:19	火	2: 8	土	1:29	木	2:16	火
二月一日	2.21	月	3.12	日	3. 1	木	3:20	水	3:10	月	2:27	金	3.17	木
三月一日	4:22	金	4 10	月	3:31	土	4.19	金	4. 8	火	3.29	日	4 16	土
四月一日	5:20	金	5.10	水	4 29	日	5:18	土	5: 8	木	4:27	月	5:15	日
五月一日	6:19	日	6 8	木	5:28	月	6:16	日	6: 8	金	5:27	水	6.14	火
六月一日	7:19	火	7. 8	土	6:27	水	7.16	火	7: 5	土	7.24	金	7:13	水
七月一日	8.17	水	8 6	日	7:26	木	8:41	水	8. 4	月	8.23	日	8:11	木
八月一日	9:16	金	9. 5	火	8:25	土	9:13	金	9: 2	火	9:21	月	9.10	土
九月一日	10:15	土	10: 5	木	10:23	火	10:12	土	10. 2	木	10:20	火	10: 9	日
十月一日	11:14	月	11: 3	金	11:22	木	11:11	月	10.31	金	11.19	木	11 7	月
十一月一日	12:13 1899	火	12: 3 (1900)	日	12:22 (1901)	土	12.11 (1902)	水	11:30	日	12:19 (1904)	土	12: 7 (1905)	水
十二月一日	1 12	木	1. 1	月	1.20	日	1:10	金	12.30	火	1:17	月	1 6	金
閏月一日	3:21	月			9:21	月					6:25	木		

Eastern Year.	乙巳 1905	丙午 1906	丁未 1907	戊申 1908	己酉 1909	庚戌 1910	辛亥 1911
正月一日	2 4 土	1 25 木	2 13 水	2 2 日	1 22 金	2 10 木	1 30 月
二月一日	3 6 月	2 23 金	3 14 木	3 3 火	2 20 土	3 11 金	3 1 水
三月一日	4 5 火	3 25 日	4 13 土	4 1 水	4 20 火	4 10 日	3 30 木
四月一日	5 6 木	4 24 火	5 12 日	4 30 木	5 19 水	5 9 月	4 29 土
五月一日	6 3 土	5 22 金	6 11 火	5 31 日	6 18 金	6 7 火	5 28 日
六月一日	7 3 月	7:21 土	7:10 水	6 29 月	7:17 土	7: 7 木	6:26 月
七月一日	8 1 火	8 20 月	8 9 金	7 28 火	8 16 月	8 5 金	8 24 木
八月一日	8:30 水	9:18 火	9: 8 日	8:27 木	9:14 火	9: 4 日	9:22 金
九月一日	9:29 金	10 18 木	10 7 月	9 25 金	10 11 木	10 3 月	1,22 日
十月一日	1 28 土	1,16 金	11 6 水	10 27 日	11 13 土	11 2 水	11 21 火
十一月一日	1,27 月	12:16 日 (1907)	12: 5 木 (1908)	11:24 火	12:13 月 (1909)	12: 2 金 (1,11)	12:20 水 (1912)
十二月一日	1,29 火	1 4 月	1 4 土	12 23 水	1 11 火	1 1 日	1 19 金
閏月一日		5:23 水				3:22 月	7:26 水

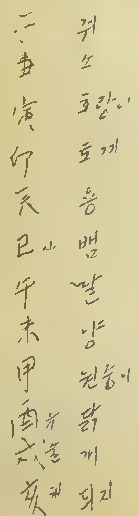
Eastern Year.	壬子 1912	癸丑 1913	甲寅 1914	乙卯 1915	丙辰 1916	丁巳 1917	戊午 1918
正月一日	2 18 日	2 6 木	1 26 月	2 14 日	2 4 金	1 23 火	2 11 月
二月一日	3 19 火	3 8 土	2 25 水	3 16 火	3 4 土	2 22 木	3 13 水
三月一日	4 17 水	4 7 月	3 27 金	4 14 水	4 3 月	4:21 土	4:11 木
四月一日	5 17 金	5 6 火	4 25 土	5 14 金	5 2 火	5:21 月	5.10 金
五月一日	6 15 土	6 5 木	5 25 月	6 13 日	6 1 木	6:19 火	6: 9 日
六月一日	7.14 日	7 4 金	7 23 木	7 12 月	6 30 金	7.19 木	7: 8 月
七月一日	8 13 火	8 2 土	8 21 金	8 11 水	7 30 日	8 18 土	8: 7 水
八月一日	9 11 水	9 1 月	9 20 日	9 9 木	8 29 火	9:16 日	9: 5 木
九月一日	10 10 木	9 30 火	10 19 月	10 9 土	9 27 水	10:16 火	10: 5 土
十月一日	11. 9 土	10 29 水	11 17 火	11 7 月	10 27 金	11:15 木	11: 4 月
十一月一日	12 9 月 (1913)	11 28 金	12 17 木 (1915)	12 7 火 (1916)	11 25 土	12:14 金 (1918)	12: 3 火 (1919)
十二月一日	1 7 火	12:27 土	1 15 金	1 15 水	12 25 月	1:13 日	1: 2 木
閏月一日			6 23 火			3:23 金	

Eastern Year.	己未 1919	庚申 1920	辛酉 1921	壬戌 1922	癸亥 1923	甲子 1924	乙丑 1925
正月一日	2 4 土	2 20 金	2 8 火	1.28 土	2.16 金	2. 5 火	1 25 日
二月一日	3 2 日	3 20 土	3.10 木	2.27 月	3.17 土	3 5 水	2 24 火
三月一日	4 1 火	4 19 月	4: 8 金	3.28 火	4 16 月	4 4 金	3 25 水
四月一日	4 30 水	5.18 火	5 8 日	4 27 木	5 16 水	5 4 日	4 24 金
五月一日	5 29 木	6 16 水	6 6 月	5.27 土	6 14 木	6 2 月	6 22 月
六月一日	6 28 土	7.16 金	7 5 火	7.24 月	7 14 土	7 2 水	7.22 水
七月一日	7.27 日	8.14 土	8 4 木	8 23 水	8.12 日	8 1 金	8 20 木
八月一日	9 24 水	9 12 日	9. 2 金	9 21 木	9.11 火	8 30 土	9 19 土
九月一日	10 24 金	10 12 火	10. 1 土	10 20 金	10 10 木	9.29 月	10 18 日
十月一日	11.22 土	11.10 水	10.31 月	11 19 日	11: 8 木	10 28 火	11 17 火
十一月一日	12 12 月 1920	12 10 金 (1921)	11.29 火	12 18 月 (1923)	12: 8 土 (1924)	11 27 木	12 16 水 (1926)
十二月一日	1 21 水	1: 9 日	12 29 木	1 17 水	1: 6 日	12 27 土	1 14 木
閏月一日	8 25 月			6 2 日			5 23 土

Eastern Year.	丙寅 1926	丁卯 1927	戊辰 1928	己巳 1929	庚午 1930	辛未 1931	壬申 1932
正月一日	2 13 土	2 2 水	1 23 月	2 10 日	1 30 木	2.17 火	2. 6 土
二月一日	3 14 日	3: 4 金	2 21 火	3.11 月	2 28 金	3 17 月	3. 7 月
三月一日	4.12 月	4: 2 土	4 20 金	4.10 水	3 30 日	4 18 土	4. 6 水
四月一日	5 12 水	5. 1 日	5.19 土	5: 9 木	4 29 火	5.17 日	5 5 金
五月一日	6 10 木	5 31 火	6 18 月	6. 7 金	5 28 水	6 16 火	6. 4 土
六月一日	7 10 土	6 29 水	7 17 火	7: 7 日	6 26 木	7 16 水	7: 4 月
七月一日	8: 8 日	7 29 金	8.15 水	8: 5 月	8 24 日	8.14 金	8: 2 火
八月一日	9: 7 火	8 27 土	9 14 金	9 3 火	9 22 月	9.12 土	9. 1 土
九月一日	10: 7 木	9 26 月	10 13 土	10. 3 木	10 22 水	10 11 日	9 30 金
十月一日	11. 5 金	10 25 火	11 12 月	11: 1 金	11 20 木	11 10 火	10 29 土
十一月一日	12: 5 日 (1927)	11 24 木	12 12 水 (1929)	12 1 日	12 20 土 (1931)	12. 9 水 (1932)	11 28 月
十二月一日	1 4 火	12 24 土	1 11 金	12 31 火	1 19 月	1. 8 金	12 27 火
閏月一日			3 22 木		7 26 土		

Eastern Year	癸酉 1933		甲戌 1934	
正月一日	1.26	木	2.14	水
二月一日	2.24	金	3.15	木
三月一日	3.26	日	4.14	土
四月一日	4.25	火	5.13	日
五月一日	5.24	木	6.12	火
六月一日	7.22	土	7.12	木
七月一日	8.21	月	8.10	金
八月一日	9.20	水	9. 9	日
九月一日	10.19	木	10. 8	月
十月一日	11.18	土	11. 7	木
十一月一日	12.17	日	12. 7 (1935)	金
十二月一日	1.15 (1934)	月	1. 5	土
閏月一日	6.23	金		

NOTE:—In ascertaining whether February or the Second Month of the Western year has twenty-eight days or twenty-nine, it is simply necessary to see if the year in question is divisible by 4. If it is divisible by 4 the Second Month has 29 days, if not it has 28 only. This is true of all years but the hundreds; 1900, for example, has only 28 days in the Second Month even though divisible by 4.



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